

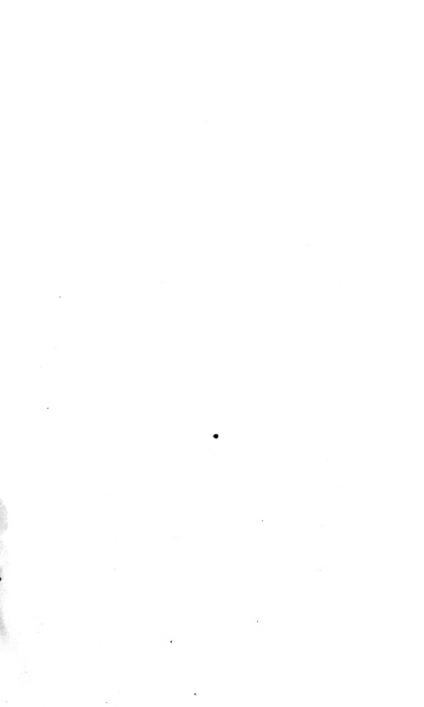
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Emphatic diaglott: containing the original Greek text of what is commonly styled the New Testament (according to the recension of J.J.











THE

# EMPHATIC DIAGLOTT

CONTAINING THE

## Griginal Greek Text

OF WHAT IS COMMONLY STYLED THR

# NEW TESTAMENT

(According to the Recension of Dr. J. J. Griesbach)

WITH AN

## INTERLINEARY WORD FOR WORD ENGLISH TRANSLATION

## A NEW EMPHATIC VERSION

BASED ON THE INTERLINEARY TRANSLATION, ON THE RENDERINGS OF EMINENT CRITICS, AND ON THE VARIOUS READINGS OF

## THE VATICAN MANUSCRIPT

No. 1209 in the Vatican Library

TOGETHER WITH ILLUSTRATIVE AND EXPLANATORY FOOT NOTES, AND A COPIOUS SELECTION OF REFERENCES

TO THE WHOLE OF WHICH IS ADDED

A VALUABLE ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

By BENJAMIN WILSON

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### A FRIENDLY CRITICISM.

This work we regard as a very valuable help to all Bible students, whether conversant with the Greek language or not. We esteem it (as a whole) the most valuable translation of the New Testament extant.

We call special attention to the "word for word" translation, found.immediatly under the Greek text, in the left hand column. It will be found valuable, especially for a critical examination of any particular text. A little study will enable you to appreciate it.

Like all things made and done by imperfect mortals, we think this valuable work not without its faults. It would seem to us that the author must have held the view that Jesus had no prehuman existence, and that there is no personal devil; i.e., that when the word "devil" is used evil principle is meant; also that Jesus is still a man and flesh, in glory.

In commending this work to you as a whole so highly as we have done, we deem it but a duty to draw your attention to a very slight *bias* which we think pervades the work in the direction named.

As some pointed illustrations of what we have remarked, we suggest an examination and comparison between the right and left columns of the work, in the following scriptures, viz: John 1:10, Rev. 13:8; Jude 9; Heb. 10:20.

Editor of "Zion's Watch Tower."

## PREFACE.

To trouble the reader with any lengthy remarks on the important advantages to be derived from a new translation of the Sacred Writings is deemed altogether unnecessary. Much information on this point has been given by others who have published modern Versions of the New Testament, with the reasons which have induced them to do so. Those reasons will serve in a great measure also for this. It is generally admitted by all critics that the Authorized or Common version of the Scriptures absolutely needs revision. Obsolete words, uncouth phrases, bad grammar and punctuation, etc., all require alteration. But this is not all. There are errors of a more serious nature which need correction. translators of the Common version were circumscribed and trammeled by royal mandate; they were required to retain certain old ecclesiastical words which, accordingly, were left untranslated. Thus the minds of many who had no means of knowing the meaning of the original words have been misled and confused. Biblical criticism, however, during the last two hundred years, has done much to open up and elucidate the Word of God, by discovering many things which were unknown to the old translators, making great improvements in the text, detecting numerous interpolations and errors, and suggesting far better renderings of many passages. Many modern versions have availed themselves of this valuable assistance, and it is believed they have thereby been enabled to give the English reader a better understanding of what was originally written.

Without presuming to claim any superiority for this, as a translation of the New Testament, over any other modern version, it is thought that the present Work presents certain valuable features, not to be found elsewhere, and which will be of real practical utility to every one who wishes to read the books of the Evangelists and Apostles, as they were written under the guidance and inspiration of the Holy Spirit. These features are; -An approved Greek text, with the various Readings of the Vatican Manuscript, No. 1200; an Interlineary literal Word for Word English translation; a New Version, with the Signs of Emphasis; a copious selection of References; many appropriate, illustrative, and exegetical Foot-notes; and a valuable Alphabetical Appendix. This combination of important items cannot be found in any other book. The reader will find further remarks on this subject, on the page headed, "Plan of the Work;" and he is also invited to read the pages with the respective captions;-"To the Reader;" "History of the Greek Text;" and "History of English Versions." Also, on another page will be found the "Letters and Pronunciation of the Greek Alphabet," for the special benefit of those who may wish to obtain a rudimentary knowledge of that language.

The intelligent reader will at once perceive the utility and importance of this arrangement. Readers who are familiar with the original tongue obtain in this Work one of the best Greek Testaments, with important ancient Readings, well worthy of their attention; and, it is presumed, that there are even few Greek

scholars who are so far advanced but may derive some help from the translation given. Those who have only a little or no knowledge of the Greek may, by careful reading and a little attention to the Interlineary translation, soon become familiar with it. This work, in fact, places in the hands of the intelligent English reader the means of knowing and appropriating for his own benefit, with but little labor on his part, what has cost others years of study and severe toil to acquire.

Scrupulous fidelity has been maintained throughout this version in giving the true rendering of the original text into English; no regard whatever being paid to the prevailing doctrines or prejudices of sects, or the peculiar tenets of theologians. To the Divine authority of the original Scriptures alone has there been the most humble and unbiased submission.

In the preparation of this Work for the press, all available help to be derived from the labors of great and learned men has been obtained and appropriated. Lexicons, Grammars, ancient and modern Versions, Commentaries, critical and explanatory, Cyclopedias, Bible and other Dictionaries, etc., have been consulted and culled from. Also, the suggestions, opinions and criticism of friends, on words, phrases and passages, have been duly considered, and sometimes adopted. It is not presumed that this Work is free from faults or errors. Infallibility is left for others to claim. Great care, however, has been exercised to make it as correct as possible.

The Work is now sent forth to the public, to stand or fall on its own merits. True, it cannot boast of being the production of a council of learned men as King James' version; but let it be remembered that Tyndale alone, under very disadvantageous circumstances, did far more for the English Bible than that learned body, for they only followed in the wake of his labors.

This Volume, principally designed for the instruction and advantage of others, is now reverently committed to the blessing of our Father in the heavens, with an earnest and sincere desire that many of those who peruse its pages may be led by the knowledge, faith and obedience inculcated therein to obtain an inheritance in the aionian kingdom of Jesus the Anointed One.

B. WILSON.

# ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS IN THE YEAR 1864, By BENJAMIN WILSON,

IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.

## HISTORY OF THE GREEK TEXT.

count of the different editions of the Greek New Testament, by will introduce the reader to the by Bishop Fell, at Oxford, in 1675, history of the Greek Text, and the va-

rious steps taken by learned men for the purpose of editing it with greater critical accuracy. The history will commence with the first printed editions.

The first printed edition of the whole of the Greek New Testament was that contained in the Complutensian Poly glot; published by Francis Ximenes de CISNEROS. The principal editor of the work was Lopez de Stunica. It was printed in Greek and Latin, and com-pleted January 10th, 1514. In consepleted January 10th, 1514. quence of the delay as to the publication of this edition (from 1514 to 1520) that of Erasmus was commenced and completed, and was published in 1516, being the first edition published of the Greek New Testament. Like the Complutensian edition, this was also in Greek and Latin. The latter part of the book of Revelation being wanting in his MS. he supplied the same by translating the Latin Vulgate into Greek.

The Greek Manuscripts used for these two editions were few in number, of lit tle critical value, and therefore do not possess much real authority. In 1535, Erasmus published his fifth edition, which is the basis of the common Text.\*

In 1546, and again in 1549, ROBERT STEPHENS printed, at Paris, two beautiful small editions of the Greek New Testament; and in 1550 his folio edition with various readings from several Manuscripts-he collated some 15 MSS., but chiefly followed the Complutensian

BEZA published five editions of the Greek Testament; the first in 1565, the last in 1598.

In 1624, the ELZEVIR, printers at Leyden, published a small and beautiful Greek Testament, the editor of which is wholly unknown. It differs little from Stephens' folio edition. The printers gave to this Text the name of "Textus Receptus."

In Walton's Polyglor of 1657, the Greek New Testament was given according to the Test of Stephens; and in the last volume there was a collection of various Readings from such MSS, as

• Erasmas, in his third edition of 1523, in-serted, the text, 1 John v. 7, on the authority of a MS. now in Dublin. Tyndale used this edition to revise his English version.

MHE following condensed ac- were ther known. These various Read-

In 1707, Dr. MILL's Greek Testament appeared. His Text is simply taken from Stephens' as given in Walton's Polyglot; his collection of various Readings was extensive, and these were made the ground for a critical amendment of the Text.

Dr. EDWARD WELLS published the first critical revision in parts at Oxford, between 1709 and 1719, with a translation and paraphrase.

BENGEL followed on in the same work and published his edition in 1734, and in his "Apparatus Criticus" he enlarged the stock of various Readings,

WETSTEIN published his Greek Testament in 1751-2, but only indicates in his inner margin, the few Readings which he preserred to those of the Elzevir edition. But in the collection of critical materials he did more than all his predecessors put together.

GRIESBACH, in critical labors, excels by far any who preceded him. He used the materials others had gathered. His first edition was commenced in 1775; his last completed in 1806. bined the results of the collations of Birch, Matthæi and others, with those of Wetstein. In his Revision he often preferred the testimony of the older MSS, to the mass of modern copies.

Since the publication of Griesbach's Text, three or four other critical editions have been published, and have received the examination and approval of scholars. Of these, the edition of Scholz, has passed through numerous editions. His fundamental principle of criticism was, that the great majority of copies decide as to the correctness of the Text: hence, those who prefer the more ancient documents, will consider the Text of Griesbach preferable; while those whose judgment would favor the mass of testimonies, would prefer that of Scholz.

In addition to Scholz's collation, Lachmann, Tichendorf, Tregelles, &c., have given to the world the result of their critical labors, and which are acknow ledged to be of the highest authority.

The number of MSS, now known, and which have been examined, is nearly 700; thus affording now a far better chance, to obtain a correct Greek Text, than when the authorized version was at first published.

## HISTORY OF ENGLISH VERSIONS.

HE first English version of the New Testament was that made by John Wiclip, or Wiclippe, about the year 1367. It was

translated from the Latin Bible, verbatim, without any regard to the idiom of the languages. Though this version was first in point of time, no part of it

was printed before the year 1731.

Tyndale's translation was published in 1526, either at Antwerp or Hamburg. It is commonly said that Tyndale translated from the Greek, but he never published it to be so on any title. page of his Testament. One edition, not published by him, has this title—"The Newe Testament, dylygently corrected and compared with the Greke, by Willyam Tyndale, and fynesshed in the yere of oure Lorde God, A. M. D. and xxxiiij. in the moneth of Nouember." It is evident he only translated from the Vulgate Latin.

COVERDALE published the whole Bible in English, in the year 1535. He "followed his interpreters," and adopted Tyndale's version, with the exception

of a few alterations.

MATTHEW'S BIBLE was only Tyndale and Coverdale's, published under the feigned name of Thomas Matthews.

HOLLYBUSHE'S NEW TESTAMENT Was printed in 1538, "both in Latin and English, after the Vulgate text," to which Coverdale prefixed a dedication

to Henry VIII.

THE GREAT BIBLE, published in 1539, purported to be "translated after the veryte of the Hebrue and Greke textes," but it is certain that it was only a revision of Matthew's, with a few small alterations. It was named "the Great Bible," because of its large size.

CRANMER'S BIBLE, published in 1540, was essentially the same as the Great Bible, but took his name on account of a few correction which he made in it.

THE GENEVA BIBLE was published at Geneva in 1560. The New Testament in 1557. Coverdale was one of the Geneva brethren who issued it.

THE BISHOPS' BIBLE was a revisal of the English Bible, made by the bishops, and compared with the originals. It was published in 1568.

THE DOWAY BIBLE appeared in 1609, and was translated from the authentical

Latin, or Vulgate.

KING JAMES' BIBLE, or the Authorized Nersion, was published in 1611. In the year 1604, forty-seven persons learned in the languages, were appointed to re-

vise the translation then in use. Thev were ordered to use the Bishops' Bible as the basis of the new version, and to alter it as little as the original would allow; but if the prior translations of Tyndale, Coverdale, Matthew, Cranmer or Whitchurch, and the Geneva editors agreed better with the text, to adopt the same. This translation was perhaps the best that could be made at the time, and if it had not been published by kingly authority. it would not now be venerated by Euglish and American protestants, as though it had come direct from It has been convicted of containing over 20,000 errors. Nearly 700 Greek MSS. are now known, and some of them very ancient; whereas the translators of the common version had only the advantage of some 8 MSS., none of which were earlier than the tenth century.

Since 1611, many translations of both Old and New Testaments, and portions of the same, have been published. The following are some of the most noted.

The Family Expositor: or a Paraphrase and Version of the New Testament, with Critical Notes. By Philip Doddridge. 1755.

Notes. By Philip Doddridge. 1755. The Four Gospels translated from the Greek. By George Campbell. 1790. A New Literal Translation, from the Origi-

A New Literal Translation, from the Original Greek, of the Apostolical Epistles. By James Macknight. 1795.
A Translation of the New Testament. By Gilbert Wakefield. 1795.
A Translation of the New Testament, from the original Greek. Humbly attempted by Nathaniel Scarlett, assisted by men of piety and literature. 1796.

and literature. 1798.

The New Testament in an Improved Version, upon the basis of Archbishop Newcome's New Translation, with a corrected Text. 1808.

The New Testament in Greek and English; the Greek according to Griesbach; the Eng-lish upon the basis of the fourth London edition of the Improved Version, with an attempt to further improvement from the translations of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, Macknight,

of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, Macknight, and Thomson. By Abner Kneeland. 1822.

A New Family Bible, and improved Version, from corrected Texts of the Originals, with Notes Critical, &c. By B. Boothroyd. 1823.

The Sacred Writings of the Apostles and Evangelists, translated from the Original, by Campbell, Macknight, and Doddridge, with various Emendations by A. Campbell. 1833.

A New and Corrected Version of the New Testament. By R. Dickinson. 1833.

The Book of the New Covenant, a Critical Revision of the Text and Translation of Common Version, with the sid of most ancient

mon Version, with the aid of most ancient

mon Version, with the and of most ancient MSS. By Granville Penn. 1836.

The Holy Bible, with 20,000 emendations. By J. T. Conquest. 1841.

The Good Nevs of our Load Jesus, the Anointed; from the Critical Greek of Titman. By N. N. Whiting. 1849.

A Translation of the New Testament, from the Syriac. By James Murdock. 1852.

Translation of Paul's Epistles. By Joseph

Translation of Paul's Epistles. By Joseph

Turnbull. 1854. The New Testament, translated from Griesbach's Text. By Samuel Sharpe. 1856.

## TO THE READER.

THAT "All Scripture, divincly inspired, is profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Instruction which is in Righteousness," is the truthful testimony of the Sacred Writings about themselves. We rejoice to express our conviction that the Word of God was perfect and infallible as it emanated from those holy men of old, the Prophets and Apostles, who "spoke, being moved by the Holy Spirit." As a revelation of Jehovah's will to the human race, it was requisite that it should be an uncrring guide. Amid the ever conflicting strife of human opinions, and the endless diversity of thought, we needed such a standard, to lead us safely through the perplexing problems of life, to counsel us under all circumstances, to reveal the will of our Heavenly Parent, and to lift on high a celestial light, which streaming through the thick darkness that broods around, shall guide the feet of his erring and bewildered children to their loving Father's home. We needed therefore a testimony upon which to repose our faith and hope, free from all error, immutable, and harmomous in all its details—something to tell us how to escape from the evils of the present, and attain to a glorious future. With reverence and joy we acknowledge the Sacred Writings to be such, as they were originally dictated by the Holy Spirit. How important then that they should be correctly read and understood!

But can it be fairly said that such is the case with our present English Version? We opine not. Though freely acknowledging that it is sufficiently plain to teach men the social and religious duties of life, and the path to Immortality, yet it is a notable fact that King James' Translation is far from being a faithful reflection of the mind of the Spirit, as contained in the Original Greek in which the books of the New Testament were written. There are some thousands of words which are either mistranslated, or too obscurely rendered; besides others which are now obsolete, through improvement in the language. Besides this, it has been too highly colored in many places with the party ideas and opinions of those who made it, to be worthy of full and implicit confidence being placed in it as a genuine record. In the words of Dr. Macknight, "it was made a little too complaisant to the "King, in favoring his notions of predes-King, in favoring his notions of preues-tination, election, witcheraft, familiar cases of doubt. However imperfect the Translation may be considered by the Crit-"spirits, and kingly rights, and these it ie t cannot adulterate the Original.

"is probable were also the translators' "opinions. That their translation is par-"tial, speaking the language of, and giv-"ing authority to one sect." according to Dr. Gell, it was wrested and partial, "and only adapted to one sect;" but he imputes this, not to the translators, but to those who employed them, for even some of the translators complained that they could not follow their own judgment in the matter, but were restrained by "reasons of state."

The Version in common use will appear more imperfect still, when the fact is known, that it was not a translation from the Original, but merely a revision of the Versions then in use. This is evident from the following directions given by King James to the translators, viz.: "The Bishops' Bible to be "followed, and aitered as little as the Original will be unit. And these translators to "nal will permit. And these translations to
"be used when they agree better with the
"text than the Bishops' Bible—namely, Tyn"dal's, Matthew's, Coverdule's, Whitchurch's, "Geneva." None of these were made from the Original Greek, but only compared with it—being all translated from the Vulgate Latin. Hence it follows, that the authorized version is simply a revision of the Vulgate. And the Greek Text, with which it was compared, was compiled from Eight MSS, only, all of which were written since the tenth century, and are now considered of compara-tively slight authority. The "Textus Recep-tus," or Received Greek Text, was made from tus," or Received Greek Text, was made from these MSS., and is now proved to be the very worst Greek Text extant, in a printed form. And there was only one MS. for the Book of Revelation, and part of that wanting, which was supplied by translating the Latin of the Vulgate into Greek! Since the publication of the "Textus Receptus," and the Common Version. some 600 MSS. have been discovered. Version, some 660 MSS. have been discovered, some of which are very ancient, and very valuable. The best and oldest of these is one variance. The Dest and OICSS of these is one marked B., Cod. Vaticanus, No. 1209, of the fourth and fifth centuries. The second marked A., Cod. Alexandrinus, of the fifth century. The third marked C., Cod. Ephrem., about the fifth century, and the fourth, marked D., Cod. Cantabuseus of the secont pentury. Cantabujiensis, of the seventh century.

Besides valuable assistance from ancient Besides valuable assistance from ancient MSS., the Diaglott has obtained material aid from the labors of many eminent Biblical Critics and Translators. Among these may be mentioned,—Mill, Wetstein, Griebach, Scholz, Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tittman, Tregelles, Doddridge. Mackinght, Campbell, Horne, Middleton, Clark, Wakefield, Bloomfield, Thompson, Murdock. Kneeland Boothroyd, Conquest, Sharpe, Gaussen, Turnbull, Trench. &c.. &c. Trench, &e., &e.

Should any person doubt the propriety of the Translation, in any particular part, let him not hastily censure or condemn till he has compared it carefully with the various authorities on which it is based; and even should he see reason to differ in some respects, a correct Greek Text is given, so that the Original may be always appealed to in cases of doubt. However imperfect the

## PLAN OF THE WORK.

Translation.—The left hand column contains the GREEK TEXT according to Dr. J. J. Griesbach, and interlined with it a LITERAL WORD-FOR-WORD TRANSLA-TION, wherein the corresponding English is placed directly under each Greek word.

The Sectional Divisions are those of the Vatican and Alexandrian MSS. Greek Words enclosed in brackets [thus,] though authorized by Griesbach, are omitted by the Vat. MS.

The advantages to be derived from such an arrangement must be apparent to the Bible Student. The learned have a Greek Text acknowledged to be one of the best extant, while the unlearned have almost an equal chance with those acquainted with the Original, by having the meaning and grammatical construction given to each word. This part of the work will be a desideratum by many, but more adapted for criticism than reading. Although by adhering to the arrangement of the Original, the Translation may appear uncouth, yet the strength and beauty of many passages are thereby preserved.

The frequent recurrence of the Greek arti-

cle of emphasis, and an occasional ellipsis, often interfere with the sense and elegance of a sentence, but this cannot well be avoided in a word-for-word Translation. The advan-tages, however, accruing to the diligent inves-tigator of the Divine Word by persuing this plan are many, and will be duly appreciated.

2. New Version.—The column on the right hand side of the page is a NEW VERSION for general reading. This rendering is based upon that in the left hand Column, and the labors of many talented Critics and Translators of the Scriptures. The Readings of the oldest Manuscripts now known are sometimes incorporated, and always referred to. In this Column the EMPHATIC SIGNS are introduced, by which the Greek Words of Emphasis are designated. For the use and beauty of this arrangement, the reader is requested to examine the annexed remarks on Signs of Emphasis.

The Chapters and Verses of the Common Version have been retained, principally for convenience of reference. The reader however, by following the paragraphs in the opposite column, need not be governed by these arbitrary divisions. Chapters and Verses were not introduced till the middle of the 16th cen-

tury.

3. Foot Notes and References. -The various Readings of the Vatican MS., Notes for the elucidation of the text, and References, are introduced at the hottom of the page. The Notes are critical, illustrative, explanatory, and suggestive. Old Testament quotations are always referred to, and copious parallel passages in

4. Appendix.—It is intended to add an Appendix to the Work, containing all the Geographical and Proper Names found in the New Testament, with Words

1. Greek Text and Interlineary and Phrases intimately connected with doctrinal subjects, alphabetically arranged. These will be critically examined, and the light of Biblical science thrown upon such as have given rise to sectarian disputes, and the cavils of infidels.

#### SIGNS OF EMPHASIS.

The Greek article often finds its equivalent in the English definite article the, but in the m one ring is in definite arrives the, but in the majority of cases it is evidently only a mark of emphasis. It frequently precedes a substantive, an adjective, a verb, an adverb, a participle or a particle, thus pointing out the emphatic words. The Greek article and Emphasic phatic Pronouns exercise a most important influence on the meaning of words, and some. times throw light on doctrines of the highest The sacred penmen of the New interest Testament were, in the opinion of many eminent persons, guided by Divine inspiration in the choice of their words; and in the use of the Greek article there was clearly a remarkable discretion displayed. In fact, the Signs of Emphasis are incorporated with the words in such a manner, that the latter cannot be stated without conveying at the same time to the intelligent mind an idea of the very intonation with which the sentence was spoken when it was written down. This peculi-arity of the Greek language cannot be pro-perly expressed in English except by the use of typographical signs: such as, Initial Capital letters, italics, SMALL CAPITALS, and CAPITALS.

The Common Version of the New Testa-

ment fails to give the reader a full conception of the meaning designed to be conveyed by

the Greek original, in regard— 1st. To those Words which are connected

with the Greek Article;
2d. To those Pronouns Substantive which are intended to carry in themselves a peculiar

emphasis; and, 3d. To those Adjectives and Pronouns which obtain a comparative importance, by reason of the position which they occupy in the Greek Text, with reference to some other words.

To remedy these deficiencies, the following System of Noattion is employed in the Eng-

lish column of the DIAGLOTT.

1. Those Words rendered positively emphatic by the presence of the Greek article, are printed in Small Capitals: as, "The LIFE was the LIGHT of MEN."

Those Pronouns Substantive which, in the Greek, are intended to be positively emphatic are printed in Black Letter: as, "De

must increase, but I must decrease."

3. Those Adjectives and Pronouns which in the Greek are comparatively emphatic, as indicated by their position, are printed with an Initial Capital Letter: as, "One Body, and One Spirit, even as ye are called in One Hope of your calling."

4. All Greek Substanting.

4. All Greek Substantives, as being of more importance than other words, are also com-

importance than other words, are also commenced with a Capital Letter.

By adopting these Signs of Emphasis, it is believed certainty and intensity are given to passages where they occur, as well as wiracity and earnestness to the discourses in which they are found; thus rendering the reader, henrer, as it were, of the life-words of than "who spoke as never man spoke," or which were appreciated to the life words of the lif were enunciated by His inspired apostles.

## LETTERS AND PRONUNCIATION OF THE GREEK ALPHABET.

FIGURE.	NAME.	SOUND, OR POWER.
Αα	$\mathbf{Alpha}$	a
Вβ	$\mathbf{Beta}$	b
Γγ	Gamma	g hard, as in begin
Δδ	Delta	$\mathbf{d}$
Ε ε .	Epsilon	e short, as in met
Zζ	Zeta	z
Ηη	Eta	e long, as in keen
$\Theta$ $\theta$	Theta	th
I i	Iota	i
Kκ	Kappa	k
Λλ	Lambda	1
Мμ	Mu	$\mathbf{m}$
Nν	Nu	n
ΞĘ	Xi	x
0 0	Omicron	o short, as in lot
Π π	$\mathbf{Pi}$	p
Ρρ	$\operatorname{Rho}$	r
Σσ, final s	Sigma	s
Ττ	Tau	t
Υι	Upsilon	u
Φφ	${f P}$ ĥi	ph
$\mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\chi}$ ,	$\operatorname{Chi}$	ch hard, as in chord
$\Psi \hat{\psi}$	$\mathbf{P}\mathbf{si}$	ps
Ωώ	Omega	o long, as in throne.

#### REMARKS.

\*.\* ACCENTS are said to sometimes assist the reader to discriminate between words which are alike in form, but different in meaning; but as they are by no means necessary, other for the pronouncing or understanding of the Greek language, and as the earliest of all the manuscripts of the Greek Testament is without accents, it has been thought best to omit them in the Diagnory, leaving the sense, in doubtful cases, to be determined by the context. If accents favor a particular sense, it may be an erroneous one, and then they are injurious; and if they do not favor any particular sense, then they are unnecessary.

Pronunciation.—Considerable discrepancy of opinion prevails among the learned concerning the proper sound of some of these letters, and as it is impossible at this distance of time to ascertain the mode of pronunciation among the ancient Greeks, the simplest plan is to consider each Greek letter as corresponding in sound to its correlative letter in our own alphabet, as shown in the Table.

The Letters are divided into seven vowels and seventeen consonants.

The Vowels are  $\epsilon$ , o, short;  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ , long; and  $\alpha$ ,  $\iota$ , v, doubtful. Directions are formed of two vowels joined together, and are twelve in number; six proper,  $\alpha\iota$ ,  $\alpha v$ ,  $\epsilon\iota$ ,  $\epsilon v$ ,  $o\iota$ , ov and six improper,  $\alpha$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\varphi$ ,  $\eta v$ ,  $\omega v$ ,  $\upsilon \iota$ . The little stroke under  $\alpha$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\varphi$ , standing for Iota, called Iota subscript, is not sounded, but merely serves to show the derivation.

The Labials,  $(\pi, \beta, \phi)$  the Palatals,  $(\kappa, \gamma, \chi)$  and the Dentals,  $(\tau, \delta, \theta)$  are named according to the organs of articulation employed in pronouncing them. To each of these classes belongs a double letter, so called because combining the sound of s with that of another consonant; thus, the Labials,  $\pi s$ ,  $\beta s$ ,  $\phi s$ , are equal to  $\psi$ , the Palatals,  $\kappa s$ ,  $\gamma s$ ,  $\chi s$ , to  $\xi$  and the Dentals,  $\tau s$ ,  $\delta s$ , to  $\zeta$ .

The letter  $\nu$  can stand only before Dentals; before Labials it becomes  $\mu$  before the liquids,  $(\lambda, \mu, \nu, \rho_{\tau})$  assimilation takes place, so that before  $\lambda$  it becomes  $\lambda$ , before  $\rho$  it becomes  $\rho$ . &c. Before Palatals  $\nu$  is converted into  $\gamma$  but observe, that whenever  $\gamma$  is found before another  $\gamma$ , or either of the other Palatals, it is always pronounced like n; thus  $\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda$  os (angel) is pronounced  $\alpha\iota$  gelos, not aggelos.

1米

Every word having a vowel or diphthong for the first letter 1s, in most printed books, marked at the beginning either with an aspirate, or rough breathing, ('), as  $\dot{\eta}\lambda \iota\sigma$ , (sun,) pronounced as if written helios; or with a smooth one, ('), as  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ , (upon,) simply read epi. The former one of these breathings is only of necessary use, and may be considered as having the force of the English letter h. The aspirate is placed over  $\rho$  and  $\nu$  when they stand at the beginning of a word; thus  $\dot{\rho}o\delta o\nu$ , (a rose,) pronounced rhodon. In diphthongs the breathing is placed over the second vowel; thus  $\nu i\sigma$ , (a son,) pronounced why-os. When  $\rho$  is doubled, the last one takes the aspirate, as  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\rho}\dot{\rho}\omega\sigma\sigma$ , pronounced errhoso.

Words in Greek arc of eight kinds, called Parts of Speech; viz., Article, Noun, Pronoun, Verb, Participle, Adverb, Preposition,

and Conjunction.

The Article, Noun, Pronoun, and Participle, are declined with

Gender, Number, and Case.

There are three Genders; the Masculine, Feminine and Neuter. There are two Numbers; the Singular, which speaks of one, as λογος, a word; and the Piural, which speaks of more than one, as λογοι, words.

To these the Greeks added a third number, called the Dual, which only sp softwo, but this number was not much used, and is not found either in the Septuagint, or New Testament.

There are five Cases; the Nominative, Genitive, Dative, Accusative, and Vocative.

The Article  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\tau o$ , generally answers to the definite article the in English. When no article is expressed in Greek, the English indefinite article a is signified. Thus  $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$  means a man, or man in general; and  $\delta$   $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$ , the man. It is thus declined:

SINGULAR. PLURAL. Masc. Masc. Fem. Fem. Nom. Jom. the. ó. η,  $\tau o$ οì, αi, the. τa, Gen. of the. Gen. του,  $\tau\omega\nu$ , of the.  $\tau\omega\nu$ , to the. Dat. Dat. τψ,  $\tau\eta$ , τω, TOIS, Tais, Tois, to the. Acc. the. Acc.  $\tau \eta \nu$ ,  $\tau o$ , Tous, Tas.

The Article has no vocative;  $\omega$ , which sometimes procedes a noun in the vocative, is an Interjection.

The Article takes the consonant  $\tau$  in every Case, except in the nom. sin. masc. and fem.  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , and in the nom. pl. masc. and fem.  $\delta$ , ai, where the  $\tau$  is superseded by the aspirate (').

The gen. pl. in all genders and in every declension, ends in  $\omega\nu$ . The Personal or Primitive Pronouns are three;  $\epsilon\gamma\omega$ , I, plural  $\hbar\mu\epsilon$ is, we, of the first person;  $\sigma\nu$ , thou, plural  $\delta\mu\epsilon$ is, you, of the second; Gen. ob, he or she, plural  $\sigma\phi\epsilon$ is, they, of the third.

The Relative Pronouns are  $\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\delta$ , who, which, and auros, aur $\eta$ ,

аито, he, she, it, &c., &c., &c.

To those wholly unacquainted with Greek, the foregoing remarks will give some, though perhaps but little satisfaction. If a further knowledge is desired, the reader had better procure a Grammar. A very good book to commence with has been published by Bagster & Sons, London, entitled, "A Practical dunde to the first Study of the Greek Testament," designed for those who have no knowledge of the Greek language.

#### ACCORDING TO MATTHEW.

## КЕФ. à. 1.

1 BiBhos Ιησου γεννεσεως Χριστου, υξου of descent of Jesus Christ. A record son of <sup>2</sup> Αβρασμ εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ, υίου Αβρααμ. David, son of Abream. Abraam begot the Ισαακ· Ισαακ δε εγεννησε τον Ιακωβ· Ιακωβ begot Jacob; Isaac and the Jacob δε εγεννησε τον Ιουδαν και τους αδελφους begot Judas the and the brothers 3 Ιουδας δε εγεννησε τον Φαρες και τον αυτου. of him. Judas and begot the Phares and the Φαρες δε εγεννησε τον Ζαρα εκ της Θαμαρ. Thamar. Phares and begot Zara by the the Εσρωμ: Εσρωμ δε εγεννησε τον Αραμ: 4 Αραμ Esrom and Esroin; beget the Aram; Aram Αμιναδαβ. Αμιναδαβ ôε εγεννησε τον and begot the Aminadab; Aminadab and εγεννησε τον Ναασσων. Ναασσων δε εγεννησε Nausson; Naasson begot the and τον Σαλμων 5 Σαλμων δε εγεννησε τον Βοοζ Salmon: Salmon and Booz begot the βοο(δε εγεννησε τον Ωβηδ εκBooz and begot the Obed by εκ της 'Paχaβ. της 'Ρουθ. Ωβηδ δε εγεννησε τον Ιεσσαι. Ruth. Obed and begot the

6 Ιεσσαι δε εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ τον βασιλεα. begot the David the Jesse and

Δαυιδ δε \*[ δ βασιλευς] εγεννησε τον Σολομωνα David and [the king] begot the Solomou εκ της του Ουριου. 7 Σολομων δε εγεννησε the of the Urias. Solomon and begot τον 'Ροβοαμ 'Ροβοαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αβια· Roboam; Roboam and begot the Abia: 8 Ασα δε εγεννησε Αβια δε εγεννησε τον Ασα· Asa; Abia and begot the Asa and begot τον Ιωσαφατ. Ιωσαφατ δε εγεννησε τον Ιωραμ. the Josaphat; Josaphat and begot the Joram; Ιωραμ δε εγεννησε τον Οίαν Οίας δε εγεν-Jorano and begot the Ozias; Ozias and begot νησε τον Ιωαθαμ. Ιωαθαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αγαζ.

the Jotham; Jotham and begot the Acnaz; Aχας δε εγεννησε τον Ειεκίαν. 10 Ειεκίας δε Achaz and begot the Ezekias; Ελεκίας εγεννησε τον Μανασση. Μανασσης δε εγεννησε the Manasses: Манаьяея and τον Αμων· Αμων δε εγεννησε τον Ιωσιαν· 11 Ιωσιας the Amon; Amon and begot the Josias; δε εγεννησε τον Ιεχονιαν και τους αδελφους the Jechonias begot and the brothers αυτου, επι της μετοικέσε. Βαβυλωνος. of him, near the removal Babylonian.

#### CHAPTER 1.

- I A Register of the Lineage of Jesus Christ, Son of David, Son of Abraham.
- 2 From ‡ Abraham proceeded ISAAC; from !lsaac, JACOB; from #Jacob, JUDAH and his BRO-THERS:
- 3 from Judah, Pharez and ZARAH, by TAMAR; from Pharez, HEZRON, from Ilezron, RAM;
- 4 from Ram. AMMINA-DAB; from Amminadab, Nahshon; from Nahshon, Salmon;
- 5 from Salmon, Boaz, by RAHAB; from Boaz, OBED, by RUTH; from Obed, JESSE;
- 6 and from #Jesse, DAVID the KING. David had ‡ Solomon by the [WIDOW] of URIAH;
- 7 Solomon had ‡REноволм; Rehoboam had ABIJAH; Abijah had Asa:
- 8 Asa had Jehosha-PHAT; Jehoshaphat had † Jehoram; Jehoram had Uzziah;
- 9 Uzziah had JOTHAM: Jotham had AHAZ; Ahaz had HEZEKIAH:
- 10 Hezekiah had Ma-NASSEH; Manesseh had AMON: Amon had Jo-SIAH:
- 11 and † Josiah had JECHONIAH and his BRO-THERS, near the time of the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-Title-According to Matthew.

<sup>.</sup> the KING-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> By reference to 2 Chron. xxii., and following chapters, it will be seen that the names of Ahaziah, Joash, and Amaziah, the immediate descendants of Jehoram, are omitted in the text. † 11. Some MSS. read, "Josiah begot Jehoriakim, and Jehorakim begot Jechoniah," probably inserted to make up fourteen gener, to us, as mer toned in verse 17. Doddridge, Macknight, Clarke, and some others, adopt this reading. It is not found in the oldest MSS.

<sup>1.</sup> Luke iii. 23. Sam. xii. 24.

<sup>1 6. 1</sup> Sam. xvi. 1: xvii. 12.

12 Μεταδε την μετοικεσιαν Βαβυλωνος, 1εχονιας removal Babylonian, After and the εγεννησε τον Σαλαθιηλ. Σαλαθιηλ δε εγεννησε begot Salathiel. Salathiel and begot the τον Ζοροβαβελ. 13 Ζοροβαβελ δε εγεννησε τον Zorobakel and begot Zorobabel; Αβιουδ. Αβιουδ δε εγεννησε τον Ελιακειμ. Ελια-Abjud and begot the Eliakim; Abind: κειμ δε εγεννησε τον Αζωρ. 14 Αζωρ δε εγεννησε begot the Azor; Azor and kim and του Ζαδωκ. Σαδωκ δε εγεννησε τον Αχειμ. Αχειμ begot the Achim; Achim Sadok; Sadok and δε εγεννησε τον Ελιουδ· 15 Ελιουδ δε εγεννησε Eliud and the Eliud; τον Ελεαζαρ. Ελεαζαρ δε εγεννησε τον Ματθαν. begot the Matthan, Eleazar and Eleazar, Ματθαν δε εγεννησε τον Ιακω $oldsymbol{eta}^{\circ}$   $^{16}$  Ιακω $oldsymbol{eta}$  δε and begot the Jacob; Jacob and εγεννησε τον Ιωσηφ, τον ανδρα Μαριας, εκ ής the Joseph, the husband of Mary, εγεννηθη Ιησους, ὁ λεγομενος Χριστος. Christ. was born Jesus, that being named

17 Πασαι ουν αί γεννεαι απο Αβρααμ έως Δαυιδ, All then the generations from Abraam till David, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες και απο Δαυίδ έως της generations fourteen; and from David till the μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες. generations fourteen; Babylonian,

και απο της μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος έως του the removal Babylonian

Χριστου, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες. fourteen.

generations 18 Του δε Ιησου Χριστου ή γενεσις ούτως ην.
Of the now Jesus Christ the birth thus was. Of the now Jesus Μνηστευθεισης γαρ της μητρος αυτου Μαριας τφ for the mother of him Mary to the Iωσηφ, πριν η συνελθειν αυτους, Joseph, before either came together them, εύρεθη εν she was found in γαστρι εχουσα εκ πνευματος άγιου. <sup>19</sup>Ιωσηφ δε Joseph and having by a spirit holy. ό ανηρ αυτης, δικαιος ων και μη θελων αυτην the husband of her, a just man being and not willing παραδειγματισαι, εβουληθη λαθρα απολυσαι was inclined secretly to release to publicly expose,

20 Ταυτα δε αυτου ενθυμηθεντος, ιδου, αυτην. her. These but of him thinking on, lo, αγγελος κυριου κατ' οναρ εφανη αυτφ, λεγων a messengor of a lord in a dream appeared to him, saying; Ιωσηφ, υίος Δαυιδ, μη φοβηθης παραλαβειν Μα-Joseph, son of David, not thoushouldst fear to take οιαμ την γυναικα σου το γαρ εν αυτη γεννηθεν, ry the wife of thee; that for in her being formed, εκ πνευματος εστιν άγιου. <sup>21</sup>τεξεται δε υίον, και is

holy; she shall bear and a son, and καλεσεις το ονομα αυτου Ιησουν· αυτος γαρ σωσει thou shalt call the name of him Jesus; hе for shall save

12 And after the CAR-EXING-AWAY to Babylon, from Jeconiah descended SALATHIEL; from Salathiel, ZERUBBABEL;

13 from Zerubbabel, A-BIUD : from Abiud, ELIA-KIM; from Eliakim, Azor; 15 from Azor, Zadoc:

from Zadoc, Achim; from Achim, Eliud; 15 from Eliud, Elea-

ZAR; from Eleazar, MAT-THAN; from Matthan. JACOB;

16 and from Jacob. Joseph, the husband of Mary, of whom v as born THAT Jesus, who is NA-

MED Christ.

17 † [All the GENERA-TIONS, then, from Abraham to David, are fourteen Generations: from David till the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon, fourteen Generations;  $_{
m the}$ CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon till the MESSIAH, fourteen Generations.

18 Now the ! NATIVITY of the \*Christ Jesus was thus: Mary his MOTHER had been pledged to Jo-SEPH; but before they united, she was discovered to be pregnant by the holy Spirit.

19 Then Joseph, her affianced HUSBAND, being a just man, and unwilling to expose her, purposed to ‡ divorce her privately.

20 But while he was reflecting on these things, behold! an Angel of the Lord appeared to him in a Dream, saying, "Joseph, Son of David, fear not to take Mary, thy affianced WIFE; for THAT BEING FORMED in her is by the holy Spirit :

21 she will bear a Son. and thou shalt ‡ call his NAME † Jesus; for he will

Vatican Manuscript—18. the Christ Jesus.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Penn omits this verse; Newcome, Pearce, and others regard it as a marginal gloss. † 18. Fifth year before the common Anno Domini. † 21. Jesus—Heb. Yanva-Sura, i. c., I oh. shua, or Joshua. Yan, or Jah, I shall be; and Shua, Powerful—hence the name signifies, I shall be the Powerful. "Thou shalt call his name Jesus," for this reason, "Because !!! will save his people from their sins." See Acts vii. 45, Heb. iv. 8, and Appendix, word Jesus.

<sup>‡ 21.</sup> Luke i. 31; ii. 21. 1 18. Luke i. 27. 1 19. Deut. xxiv. 1,

τον λαον αύτου αποτων άμαρτιων αυτων 🕮 (Τουτο the people of him from the sins of them; This δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα πληρωθη το ρηθεν ύπο was done, so that might be fulfilled the word spoken by του κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος: 33, 1δου. the lord through the prophet, saying; ή παρθενος εν γαστρι έξει, και τεξεται υίον, και in womb shall have, and shall bear a son, and καλεσουσι το ονομα αυτου Εμμανουηλ '' δ εστι of him Emmanuel;" which is thee shall call the name μεθερμηνευομενον, μεθ ήμων  $\frac{\pi}{2}[\delta]$  cos.) being translated, with us [the] God.

<sup>24</sup>Διεγερθεις δε όΙωσηφ απο του ύπνου, εποιησεν Being aroused and the Joseph from the sleep, ὧς προσεταξεν αυτφ ὁ αγγελος κυριου∙ και παρε∽ commanded to him the messenger of alord; and took λαβε την γυναικα αύτου, <sup>25</sup>και ουκ εγινωσκεν but the wife of him, not he knew ωs ο  $\dot{v}$  ετεκε  $\ddot{}$  [τον] vίον  $\ddot{}$   $[α\dot{v}τηs$  τον  $\dot{}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$  αυτην έως ού ετεκε πρωτοτοκον Γκαι εκαλεσε το ονομααυτου Ιησουν. first-born; I and called the name of him Jesus.

## KE $\Phi$ B'.

1Του δε Ιησου γεννηθεντος εν Βηθλεεμ της being born in Bethleem of the The and Jesus Ιουδαιας, εν ήμεραις Ήρωδου του βαπιλεως, ιδου, in days of Herod the kings μαγοι απο ανατολων παρεγενοντο εις Ίερου 🚉 🗝 wise-men from an east country came into Jerusale..., μα, λεγοντες: <sup>2</sup>Που εστιν δ τεχθεις βασιλευς των Where is the new-born saying king of the Ιουδαιων; ειδομεν γαρ αυτου τον αστερα εν τη we saw for of hun the star in the ανατολη, και ηλθομεν προσκυνησαι αυτ ω. <sup>3</sup>Ακουand are come to do homize to him. Having σας δε Ήρωδης ό βασιλευς εταραχθη, και πασα τοις αρχιερεις και γραμματεις του λαου, επυνthe chief-priests and scribes of the people, he inθανετο παρ' αυτων, που δ Χριστος γενναται. 50ί them, where the Anointed should be born. They quired of δε ειπον αυτώ. Εν Βηθλεεμ της Ιουδαιας. ούτω and said to him; In Bethleem of the Judea; γαρ γεγραπται δια του προφητου. 6 "Και συ Βηθfor it is written by the prophet "And thou Bethλεεμ, γη Ιουδα, ουδαμως ελαχιστη ει εν τοις leem, land of Juda, by no means least art among the ήγεμοσιν Ιουδα΄ εκ σου γαρεξελευσεται ήγουμεprinces of Juda; out of thee for shall come forth a prince, νος, δστις ποιμανει τον λαον μου, τον Ισραηλ.
who shallgovers the people of me, the Israel." <sup>7</sup>Τοτε "Ηρωδης λαθρα καλεσας τους μαγους,

Then

Herod

privately having called the wise-men, VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—23. a God. 25. a Son. 25. of her the first-born. -om.; so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 3. the KING Herod.

† 23. Heb. Imma, with; nu, us; and el., God—the future name of Jesus; showing that he will be "a God with us." It is not emphatically "Goo" who will be with his people under the name of Immanuel; but "God," in the same sense in which it is gaid "The word was God."—John i. 1. (See Dr. Middleton on the Greek Article.) 1. A Sect of Philosophers. 1 21. Isa. lix. 20; Rom. xi. 26, 27. 1 23. Isa. vii. 14. 1 25. Luke ii 7. 1 6. Micah v. 2.

t save his PEOPLE from their sins."

22 (All this occurred, that the WORD SPOKEN by the Lord through the PROPHET, might be verified, saying :

23 ‡" Behold! the vir-"GIN shall conceive, and "bear a Son, and his "NAME shall be called "† Imma-nu-el;" which significs, God with us.)

24 And Joseph, being raised from SLEEP did as the angel of the Lord had commanded him, and took his wife;

25 but he knew her not, till tshe brought forth a Son, and called his NAME Jesus.

### CHAPTER II.

1 And Jesus being born in Bethlehem of Judæa, in the Davs of Herod, the KING, behold, † Magians from the East, came into Jerusalem; saying:

2 "Where is the NEW-BORN KING of the JEWS? for we saw his STAR at its RISING, and are come to do him homage."

Now \* Herod, KING, having heard, was alarmed, and All Jerusalem with him.

4 And having assembled

All the CHIEF-PRIESTS and Scribes of the People, he inquired of them where the Messiah should be born.

5 And THEY answered, "In Bethlehem, of Ju-DEA;" for thus it is written by the Propher: 6 1 "And thou Bethlehem, " Land of Judan, art by "no means least as to the "PRINCES of Judah; for our " of thee shall come forth "a Prince, who shall rule "my PEOPLE ISRAEL."

7 Then Herod, having secretly called the MAGIANS,

πκριβωσε παρ' αυτων τον χρονον του φαινομένου learned exactly from them the time of the appearing learned exactly from them <sup>8</sup> και  $\pi \in \mu \psi$  as autous  $\epsilon$  is  $B\eta \theta \lambda \epsilon \in \mu$ , αστερος. into Bethleem, a star, aud sending thera ειπι: Πορευθεντες, ακριβως εξετασατε περι του he said; Passing on your way, exactly inquire about the παιδιου επαν δε εύρητε, απαγγειλατε μοι, όπως infant; assoon as and you have found, bring word to me, that κάγω ελθων προσκυνησω αυτω. Ot δε ακουσαντες I also going pay homage to him. They and having heard του βασιλεως επορευθησαν. Και ιδου, ὁ αστης, lo, the king departed. And ofthe ειδον εν τη ανατολη, προηγεν αυτους, έως δν which they saw in the rising, went before themελθων εστη επανω ού ην το παιδιον. 10 Ιδοντες over where was the infant. going it stood δε τον αστερα, εχαρησαν χαραν μεγαλην σφοδρα: and the star, they rejoiced a joy very great; 11και ελθοντες εις τηνοικιαν, ειδοντο παιδιον μετα and being come into the house, they saw the infant Μαριας της μητρος αυτου, και πεσαντες †προσεκυmother of it, and falling down didhomage the Mary νησαν αυτώ, και ανοιξαντες τους θησαυρους αυτών. to it, and opening the reasuries προσηνεγκαν αυτώ δωρα, χρυσον και λιβανον και to it gifts gold and frankincense and they offered σμυρναν. 32 Και χρηματισθεντες κατ' οναρ, μη being warned in a dream not And myrrh. ανακαμψαι προς 'Ηρωδην, δι' αλλης όδου ανεχωby another way Herod, to return 10 οησαν εις την χωραν αύτων. withdrew into the country of them.

13 'Αναγωρησαντων δε αυτων, ιδου, αγγελος but of them, lo, a messenger Having withdrawn κυριου φαινεται κατ' οναρ τω Ιωσηφ, λεγων in a dream to the Joseph, of a lord appears eaying; Εγερθεις παραλαβε το παιδιον και την μητερα take the infant and the αυτου, και φευγε εις Αιγυπτον, και ισθι εκει, and be thou there, fiee into Egypt, έως αν ειπω σοι μελλει γαρ 'Ηρωδης ζητειν το I speak to thee; is about for Herod to seek the 14 'Ο δε εγερθεις παιδιον, του απολεσαι αυτο. to kill it. He then arrsing παρελαβετο παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου νυκτος, and the mother took the infant of it by night, και ανεχωρησεν εις Αιγυπτον. 15 Και ην εκει έως Egypt; and he was there till into της τελευτης 'Ηρωδου' ίνα πληρωθη το ρηθεν of Herod; that might be fulfilled the word spoken the ύπο που κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος. by the ford through the prophet, " Εξ Αιγυπτου εκαλεσα τον υίον μου." the son of me." "Out of Egypt I called 16 Τοτε 'Ηρωδης ιδων ότι ενεπαιχθη ύπο των

seeing that he was mocked by

ascertained exactly from them the TIME of the STAR'S APPEARING:

8 and sending them to Bethlehem, he said, "Go search strictly for the CHILD; and as soon as you have found him, bring me Word, that I also may go and pay him reverence.

And THEY, having heard the KING, departed; and behold! the STAR which they saw at its RIsing, preceded them, till it came and stood over the place where the CHILD was.

10 And seeing the STAR, they rejoiced with very

great Joy.

11 And coming into the HOUSE, they saw the CHILD with Mary his Mo-THER; and prostrating, they honored him. Then opening their CASKETS, they offered, as Presents to him, Gold, Frankincense, and Myrrh.

12 And being warned in a Dream not to return to Herod, they went HOME

by Another Way.

13 But they having \*retired into their own coun-TRY, behold! an Angel of the Lord \* appeared to Jo-SEPH in a Dream, saying: "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and fly to Egypt; and remain there. till I speak to thee; for Herod is about to seek the CHILD to DESTROY him."

14 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, by night, and withdrew to Egypt;

15 and remained there till the DECEASE of Herod: so that the WORD SPOKEN by the \*Lord through the PROPHET might be verified, saying: #"From Egypt I have called back my son."

16 Then Herod, perceiving That he had been de-

<sup>15.</sup> Lord. Vatican Manuscrift—13. retired into their own country. 13. appeared. + 11. The homage of prostration, which is signified by this Greek word, in sacred authors as well as in profane, was throughout all Asia, commonly paid to kings and other superiors, botheby Jews and by Pagans. It was paid by Moses to his father-in-law, Exod xviii. 7, called at the L. T. "obeisance."—Campbell.

<sup>15.</sup> Hoshea xi. 1.

μαγων, εθυμωθη λιαν και αποστειλας ανειλε was enraged sending forth much: and παντας τους †παιδας τους εν Βηθλεεμ και εν the Bethleem boys the in and in πασα τοις όριοις αυτης, απο διετους και κατωthe borders of her, from two years and τερω, κατα τον χρονον όν ηκριβωσε παρατων time which he exactly learnt from the according to the μαγων. <sup>17</sup>Τοτε επληρωθη το δηθεν ύπο Ίερεμιου Then was fulfilled the wordspoken by Jeremiah vise-meo. του προφητου, λεγοντος, 18 " Φωνή εν 'Ραμα ine prophet, saying, "A voice in Rama ηκουσθη, \*[θρηνος και] κλαυθμος και οδυρμος was heard, [lamentation and] weeping and mourning πολυς. 'Ραχηλ κλαιουσα τα τεκνα αύτης' και Rachel hewailing the children of her; ουκ ηθελε παρακληθηναι, ότι ουκ εισι." not is willing to be comforted because not they are."

 $^{19}\,\mathrm{T}$   $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\upsilon\tau\eta\sigma\alpha\nu\tau$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\tau$   $\epsilon\upsilon$  'H  $\rho\omega\delta\upsilon$ ,  $\iota\delta\upsilon$ ,  $\alpha\gamma$ llerod, Having died and of the γελος κυριου κατ' οναρ φαινεται τω Ιωσηφ εν messenger of a lord in a dream appears to the Joseph in  $^{20}$  Eyep $\theta$ eis  $\pi$ apa $\lambda$ a $\beta$ e  $A_{i\gamma u\pi\tau\omega}$ ,  $\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu$  $\tau_0$ saying; Arising παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου, και πορευου εις infant and the mother of it, and gothou into γην Ισραηλ· τεθνηκασι γαρ of ζητουντες την land larael; they are dead for the seeking the ψυχην του παιδιου. 21 'Ο δε εγερθεις παρελαβε of the infant. He and arising το παιδιου και την μητερα αυτου, και ηλθεν εις infant and the of it, came into mother and <sup>22</sup> **Ακουσας** δτι Αρχελαος δε, γην Ισραηλ. that land Israel. Hearing and, Archelaus βασιλευει επι της Ιουδαίας αντι 'Ηρωδου του was reigning over the Juden instead of Herod the πατρος αυτου, εφοβηθη εκει απελθειν χρημαof him, he was afraid there to go; father δε κατ'  $\tau\iota\sigma\theta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ οναρ, ανεχωρησεν ELS TO and in he withdrew a dream, into the  $^{23}$  Και ελθων κατφκησεν μερη της Γαλιλαίας. And coming region of the Galilce. he dwelt εις πολιν λεγομενην Ναζαρετ' όπως  $\pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \theta \eta$ Nazareth; into a city named that might be fulfilled δια των προφητων, ότι Ναζωραιος the wordspoken throngs the prophets, that a Nazarite  $\kappa\lambda n\theta n\sigma\epsilon \tau \alpha i$ . he will be called.

ceived by the MAGIANS, was greatly enraged; and despatching emissaries he slew all true male chil-DREN in Bethlehem and in All its VICINITY, from the age of Two-years and under, according to the TIME which he accurately learnt from the Magians.

17 Then was verified the WORD SPOKEN \* through Jeremiah the PROPHET.

saying, 18 ‡ " A Voice was "heard tin Ramah, Weep-"ing and great Mourning; "Rachel bemoaning her "CHILDREN, and unwil-"ling to be comforted, Be-"cause they are no more."

19 When HEROD was dead, behold! an Angel of the Lord appears in a Dream to Joseph in Egypt, saying:

20 "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and go into the Land of Israel; for THEY are dead who sought the child's LIFE."

21 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, and \* entered into the Land of Israel;

22 but hearing That Archelaus was reigning over JUDÆA instead of his FA-THER Herod, he was afraid to return there; and being warned in a Dream, retired into the DISTRICT of GALILEE;

23 and coming into a City named †Nazareth, he abode; that the WORD SPOKEN through the PRO-PHETS might be verified. "That he will be called "†a Nazarite."

<sup>\* 17.</sup> through Jeremiah-Lachmann & Tischendorf. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-18. lamentation and-omit. 21. entered into.

<sup>† 16.</sup> THE MALE-CHILDREN. The Greek article being masculine, it defines the sex. In nine †16. THE MALE-CHILDREN. The Greek article being masculine, it defines the sex. In nine other places in this chapter, infant is in the neuter gender.

18. in Ramah, A city not far from Bethlehem in Judea, on the confines of the territory of Benjamin. Origen and Jerome say that the Hebrew term rendered in Ramah, by the LXX, should be translated, on Aigh. Matthew, or his translator, followed the Septuagint.

23. Nazareth—a small city of the Zebulonites, in Galilee, about 75 miles north of the city of Jerusalem.

23. a Nazarite. Matthew evidently understood this the same as a Nazarene, or a native of Nazareth. A Nazarite was one under a vow of self-denial. In Judges xiii. 5, Samson is called a Nazarite. The apostle Paul was accused by Turtulus, before Felix, as being a ringleader of the sect of the Nazarites," Acts xxiv. 5. Seme derive the name from Isa xi. I, where the promised Messiah is called a Nazar, or branch.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Jer. xxxi. 15.

#### КΕФ. γ. 3.

1 Εν δε ταις ήμεταις εκειναις παραγινετα. ln now the days those comes Iwanuns  $\delta$  baptistys, khronisov et the direct, proclaiming in the desert [και] 2 Μετανοειτε· Ιουδαιας, λεγων. T775 Judea, [and] saying; Reform yo; of the ηγγικε γαρ ή †βασιλεια των ουρανων. 3 Ουτος has come nigh for the majesty of the heavens This γαρ εστιν δ δηθεις ύπο 'Ησαιου του προφητου, for is he spoken of by Esains the prophet, "Φωνη βοωντος  $\tau \eta$  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau o s$  $\epsilon \nu$ "A voice crying out in the desert; saying;

σρημώο έτοιμασατε την όδον κυριου, ευ $\theta$ ειας ποιειτι the make ye ready way of a lord, straight make ye τας τριβους αυτου."

the beaten tracks of him."

<sup>4</sup> Αυτος δε δ Ιωαννης ειχε το ένδυμα αύτου had the outer garment of him and the John ζωνην δερματινην απο τριχων καμηλου, και and a belt made of skin of a camel, περι την οσφυν αύτου ή δε τροφη αυτου ην of hun; the and around the loins food of him was 5 Τοτε εξεπορευετο ακριδες και μελι αγριον. and honey wild. 'allen προς αυτον Ίεροσολυμα, και πασα ή Ιουδαια, Jerusalem, and all the Judea, to. him και πασα ή Ιορής νου<sup>6</sup> και περιχωρος  $\tau ov$ country about of the Jordan; the εβαπτιζοντο εν τω Ιορδανη ύπ' αυτου, εξομολοby in to the Jordan him, were dipped γουμενοι τας αμαρτιας αύτων.

of f the sins 7 Ιδων δε τολλους των Φαρισαιων και ≳αδδου-Sadducees Seeing and many of the and Pharisees καιων ερχομενους επι το βαπτισμα αύτου, ειπεν dipping to the of him, he saul εχιδυων, τις ύπεδειξεν αυτοις.  $\Gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \mu a \tau a$ pointed out O broods of venomous serpents, who to them; φυγειν μελλουσης ນຸ່ນ.ເ*ນ* απο TIS cpyns; wrath? to you 10 flee from the coming 8 Ποιησατε ουν καρπον αξιον της μετανοιας, Bring forth then fruit worthy of the reformation, 9 και μη δοξητε λεγειν εν έαυτοις» Πατερα to say in yourselves , A lather think  $\epsilon \chi_{OM} \epsilon \nu \tau_{OV} A \beta \rho \alpha \alpha \mu$   $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \gamma \alpha \rho \dot{\nu} \mu \nu \nu$ ,  $o\tau \iota \delta \nu \nu \alpha \tau \alpha \iota$  we have the Abraam, I say for to you, that is able δ θεος εκ των λιθων τουτων εγειραι τεκνα τφ the God out of the these to raise up children to the stones

#### CHAPTER III.

1 Now the these days appeared John the IM-MERSER, in the tDESERT of JUDEA, publicly announcing,

2 †" Reform! because the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has ap-

proached."

3 For this is HE of whom Isaiah the PROPHET SPOKE, saying: ‡"A Voice "proclaiming in the DES-"ERT, 'Prepare the WAY " 'for the Lord, make the "'HIGHWAYS straight for "'lim."

4 Now John wore a MANTLE of Camel's Hair, with a leathern Girdle encircling his Waist; and his FOOD was Locusts and

wild Honey.

5 Then resorted to him Jerusalem, and All Ju-DEA, and All the coun-TRY along the JORDAN;

6 and were immersed by him in the \* River JORDAN, confessing their

SINS

7 But seeing many of the Pharises and Sadducces coming to \* the IMMERSION, he said to them; ‡"O Progeny of Vipers! who has admonished you to fly from the APPROACHING VEN-GEANCE ?

8 Produce, then, Fruit worthy of REFORMATION:

9 and presume not to say to yourselves, 'We have a Father, ABRA-HAM; for I assure you, That God is able out of these stones to raise up Children to ABRAHAM.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-6. the River JORDAN. 7. the immersion.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Desert. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively barren, with a sparse population. See Joshua xv. 61, 62, where mention is made of "six cities with their villages," in the wilderness.

2. Reform. The word "repent" does not express the force of the original; which signifies a change of character, a permanent alteration of the dispositions and habits. The same remark may be applied to the noun of the same meaning in verse 8.—Gannett.

2. Basileia means kingly power, authority, royal dignity, majesty, &c., as well as kingdom, realm, or reign. The prophet Daniel uses kings and kingdoms synonymously, (Dan. ii. 44); so also the evangelists. See Matt. xi. 9, yi Mark xi. 9, 10; Luke xix. 38; and Zech. ix. 9. John's mission was "to go before the face of the Lord, to prepare his ways," (Luke i. 70; and to point out the Messiah. See John i. 6–8, 22—31, 44; Acts xiii. 24, 25. Therefore he called on the people to "Reform, because the Majesty of the heavens (God's Anointed) has come." † 1. Desert. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively

<sup>‡ 7</sup> Luke iii. 7-0. 1 3. Isa, xl. 3.

10 Hon δε \*[και] ή αξινη προς τηι
Now and [even] the axe to the АВраац. Abraam. διζαν των δενδρων κειται· παν ουν δενδρον μπ root of the lies; every therefore tree not ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται, και εις πυρ fruit good, is cut down, and into a fire 11 Εγω μεν βαπτιζω ύμας εν ύδατ:, Εαλλεται. i indeed dip le cast. you in water, δ δε οπισω μου ερχομενος, εις μετανοιαν. he but 847 243 reformati n; after of me comm z, «σχυροτερος μου εστιν, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος τα is, of whom not I am or me worths the ύποδηματα βαστασαι· αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν sandals to carry; he you will dip τνευματι άγιω και πυρι, <sup>12</sup>Ου το πτυον EV fire. Of whom the winnowing shovel in ho.y and trice διακαθαριει  $\tau \eta \nu$ τη χειρι αυτου, και the hand of him, and he will thoroughly cleanse the threshing floor αύτους και συναξει τον σιτον αύτου εις την wheat of him; and he will gather the of him into the αποθηκην, 70 δe αχυρον καυσει πυρι storehouse, the but chaff he will burn up in fire ασβεστω. inextinguishable.

13 Τοτε παραγινεται δ Ιησους απο της Γαλι-Then comes the Jesus from the λαια**ς επι το**ν Ιορδανην προς τον Ιωαννην, του to the Jordan to the John, βοπτ. εθηναι ύπ' αυτοι: 14'Ο δε Ιωαννης διεκωλυεν to be dipped by him; The but Joha αυτον, λεγων Εγω χρειαν εχω ύπο σου βαπτισ-him eaying; I need to have by thee to be ueed to have by thee θηναι, και συ ερχη προς με; 15 Αποκριθεις δε δ dipped, and thou comest to me? ering and the 1ησους ειπε προς αυτον' Αφες αρτι ούτω γας said to him; Permit now; thus for πρεπον εστιν ήμιν, πληρωσαι πασανδικαιοσυνην. ecoming it is to us, to fulfil all righteousness. Τοτε αφιησιν αυτον. 16 Και βαπτισθεις δ Ιησους Then he suffered hun. And having been dipped the ανεβη ευθυς απο του ύδατος και ιδου, ανεωχwent up immediately from the water and θησαν \*[αυτφ] οί ουρανοι, και είδε το πνευμα opened [to him] the heavens, and was seen the spirit του θεου καταβαινον ώσει περιστεραν; каг of the God descending like a dove. [and] <sup>17</sup> Και ιδου, φωνη εκ των ερχομενον επ' αυτον. And lo, a voice out of the coming oα bim. Ούτος εστιν δ υίος μου δ «υραιων, λεγουσα· heave is. Thus is the son of me the sayıı gı αγαπητος, εν ω ευδοκησα. in whom I delight. bcloved.

10 Even now the AXE lies at the ROOT of the TREES; Every Tree, therefore, not producing good Fruit, is ent down, and cast into a Fire.

11 £, indeed, † immerse you in Water in order to Reformation; but he who is COMING after me, is more powerful than I, † Whose SANDALS I am not worthy to carry; ‡ he will immerse you in holy Spirit and in Fire.

12 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL is in his HAND, and he will effectually cleanse his THRESHING-FLOOR, he will gather his WHEAT into \* his GRANARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with Fire inextinguishable."

13 Then comes Jesus from Galilee to the Jordan, to be immersed by John.

14 But \*HE refused him, saying; "I have Need to be immersed by thee, and thou comest to me!"

15 But Jesus answering, said to him; "Permit it now; for thus it is becoming us to establish Every Ordinance." Then John suffered him.

16 And Jesus being immersed, went up from the water; and, behold! instantly the Heavens were opened, and \*the Spirit of God appeared, descending, like a Dove, and ‡ resting on him.

17 And, behold I a Voice from the HEAVENS, saying, ‡ "This is my Son the BELOVED, in whom I delight."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-10. even-omit. 12. his SNANABY. 14. HR refused. 16. to him-omit. 16. the Spirit of God. 16. and-omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> immerse you in Water. Baptizo, and its root Bapto, signify to dip, to plunge, to immerse, and was rendered by Tertullian, tingere, the term used for dyeing clock, which was by immersion. It is always construed suitably to this meaning. Thus it is en huddree to lordance.—Campbell. 11. Whose sanuals, &c. The office alluded to, though of a servile description, was performed by disciples for their instructors, as it appears from the Talmudists and Eusebius. 12. The allusion in this passage is to an ancient process in agriculture, by which the chaff was driven towards a fire prepared for burning it, in order that it might not be blown back and mixed again with the wheat.

<sup>\* 11.</sup> Acts j. 5; ii. 2-4 xi. 16. 2 14 18a. xi. 2; lxi L 2 17. Iso viii. 1 : Lake x 25.

## КЕФ. δ'. 4.

· Τοτε δ Ιησους ανηχθη εις την ερημον ύπο Jesus Then the was led into the desert του πνευματος, πειρασθηναι ύπο του διαβολου. by the spirit, to be tempted <sup>2</sup>Κα**ι νηστ**ευ**σας ήμ**ερας τεσσαρακοντα και νυκτας And fasting days forty and nights <sup>3</sup> Και προστεσσαρακοντα, ύστερον επεινασε. And forty. after he was hungry. coming ελθων αυτώ δ πειραζων, ειπεν· Ει υίος EL TOU to him the tempter, said; If a son thou be of the θεου, ειπε, ίνα οἱ λιθοι ούτοι αρτοι γενωνται. God, speak, that the stones these loaves may become. 4 Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε Γεγραπται "Ουκ επ' "Not hy answering said; It is written; αρτφ μονφ ζησεται ανθρωπος αλλ' επι παντι bread alone shall live a man, but by every δηματι εκπορευομενω δια στοματος θεου." proceeding from mouth

<sup>5</sup> Τοτ ε παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις την takes him the accuser into the άγιαν πολιν, και ίστησιν αυτον επι το π**τ**ερυγιον city, and places him on the holy wing του ίερου. 6 και λεγει αυτώ. Ει υίος ει του θεου, of the temple; and says to him; If a son thou be of the God, βαλε σεαυτον κατω γεγραπται γαρ "'Οτ: τοις cast thyself down; it is written for; "That to the αγγελοις αύτου εντελειται περισου και επι messengers of him he will give charge of thee; and on χειρων αρουσι σε, μηποτε προσκοψης προς hands they shall raise thee, lest thou strike against <sup>7</sup> Εφη αυτώ δ Ιησους. λιθον τον ποδα σου. a stone the foot of thee." Said to him the Jesus: Παλιν γεγραπται. "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον Again it is written; "Not thou shait put to the proof Lord τον θεον σου."

the God of thee." <sup>8</sup>Παλιν παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις him the accuser takes ορο**ς ύψηλον λιαν, και δεικνυσιν αυτφπασα**ς a mountain high exceedingly, and shows to him τας βασιλειας του κοσμου και την δοξαν αυτων, the kingdoms of the world and the glory of them, και λεγει αυτφ. Ταυτα παντα σοι δωσω, εαν and says to him: These all to thee I will give, if 10 Τοτε λεγει αυτω πεσων προσκυνησης μοι. falling down thou wilt do homage to me. Then to him says ό Ιησους. Υπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα. γεγραπ-Go thou behind of me, adversary: it is written ται γαρ. " Κυριον τον θεον σου προσκυνησεις, for 1 "Lord the God of thee thou shalt worship, και αυτό μονώ λατρευσεις." 11 Τοτε αφιησιν and to him only thou shalt render service." Then reaves αυτον δ διαβολος και ιδου, αγγελοι προσηλθον him the accusers and lo, messengers came **ααι διπκονουν αυτω.** ministered to him.

1 Then JESUS was conducted by the SPIRIT inte the DESERT, to be tempted by the ENEMY.

2 And after fasting forty Days and forty Nights,

he was hungry.

3 Then the TEMPTER approaching him, said; "If thou be a Son of Gop, command that these STONES become Loaves."

4 But HE answering, said; "It is written, i " 'MAN shall not live by 'Bread only, but by Every 'Word proceeding from the Mouth of God.'"

5 Then the ENEMY conducts him into the HOLY City, and places him on the BATTLEMENT of the

TEMPLE,

6 and says to him, "It thou be a Son of Gov, cast thyself down; for it is written, ‡ 'He will give 'his ANGELS charge of 'thee; they shall uphold 'thee on their Hands, lest 'thou strike thy roor 'against a Stone.'"

7 JESUS answered; "Again, it is written, t 'Thou shalt not try the

Lord thy GoD."

8 Again, the ENEMY takes him to a very high Mountain, and shows him All the KINGDOMS of the tworld, and the GLORY of them;

9 and says to him; "All these will I give thee, if prostrating thou wilt worship me."

10 Then Jesus says to him; "Get thee behind me, Adversary; for it is written, t'Thou shalt 'worship the Lord thy 'Gon, and him only shalt thou serve."

11 Then the ENEMY leaves him; and behold! Angels came and minis-

tered to him.

CHAP. IV.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-4. MAN.

<sup>7</sup> S. WORLD. Kosmos, here translated world, may be restricted to the Land of Palestine, es it is in Rom. iv. 13; though in Luke iv. 5, hee oikoumenee is found, which may possibly belude the Roman empire, in which acceptation it is frequently used.

<sup>\* 4</sup> Deut. viii, 3. \$ 6 Psa, sci. 11 12. 1 7. Deut. 31. 16. 1 10. Deut. vi 13.

 $^{12}$ Ακουσας δε ό Ιησους, ότι Ιωαννης παρεδοθη, Hearing now the Jesus, that John was delivered up, <sup>13</sup> Και καταανεχωρησεν εις την Γαλιλαιαν. he withdrew into the Galilee. And having λιπων την Ναζαρετ, ελθων κατφκησεν εις the Nazareth, coming dwelt Καπερναουμ  $\tau \eta \nu \quad \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \theta \alpha \lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \iota \alpha \nu, \quad \epsilon \nu$ δριοις by the sea-side, Capernaum the in borders  $\mathbb{Z}$ αβουλων και  $\mathbb{N}$ ε $\phi$ θαλειμ $^{-14}$ ίνα πληρωθη that might be fulfilled the of Zabulon and Nephthalim; δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying;  $^{15}$   $\Gamma\eta$  Ζαβουλων και  $\gamma\gamma$  Νεφθαλειμ όδον "Land of Zabulon and land Nephthalim way

θαλασσης περαν του Ιορδανου, Γαλιλαια των of the sea Ьy the Jordan, Galilee of the εθνων. 16' Ο λαος δ καθημένος εν σκοτει είδε φως nations. The people who are sitting in darkness saw a light μεγα· και τοις καθημενοις εν χωρά και σκιά great; and to those sitting in a region even a shade θανατου, φως ανετειλεν αυτοις."

of death, alight has arisen to them."

17 Απο τοτε ηρξατο ό Ιησους κηρυσσειν, και From that time began the Jesus to proclaim, and λεγειν Μετανοειτε ηγγικε γαρ ή βασιλεια Reform; has come nigh for the royal dignity to say; των ουρανων. of the heavens.

 $^{18}\,\Pi\epsilon\rho\iota\pi\alpha\tau\omega\nu$  δε παρα  $\tau\eta\nu$  θαλασσαν TMS Walking and by the sea of the Γαλιλαιας, ειδε δυο αδελφους, Σιμωνα τον Galilee, he saw two brothers, Staton the λεγομενον Πετρον, και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον Peter, and Andrew the brother αυτου, βαλλοντας αμφιβληστρον εις την θαλασof him, casting a fishing-net into the 19 Και λεγει αυτοις· σαν· ησαν γαρ άλιεις.
they were for fishers. And he says to them; Δευτε οπισω μου, και ποιησω ύμας άλιεις Come behind of me, and I will make you ανθρωπων. 20 Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα, They and immediately leaving the nets, ηκολουθησαν αυτω.  $^{21}$  Και προβας εκειθεν, ειδεν followed him. And going on from thence, he saw αλλους δυο αδελφους, Ιακωβυν τον του Ζεβεbrothers, two James the of the δαίου και Ιωαννην τον αδελφων αυτου, εν τω dee and John the brother of him, in the πί.οιφ μετα Ζεβεδαιου του πατρος αυτων, καταρship with Zebedee of the father of them, mendτιζοντας τα δικτυα αυτων· και εκαλεσεν αυτους. the nets of them; and he called <sup>22</sup>Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες το πλοιον και τον πατερα They and forthwith leaving the ship and the father αυτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτω

him. <sup>23</sup> Και περιηγεν όλην την Γαλιλαιαν ό Ιησους, And went about all the Galilee the Jesus, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, και κηρυσteaching in the synagogues of them, and preach-

12 Now Jesus, hearing That John was imprisoned, retired into GALILEE;

13 and, having left NAZARETH, resided at THAT Capernaum, by the lake, in the Confines of Zebulon and Naphtali;

14 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah the PROPHET, might be

verified, saying :

15 t"Land of Zebulon" and Land of Naphtali, "situate near the lake, on "the JORDAN, Galilee of "the NATIONS;

16 "THAT PEOPLE, "dwelling in Darkness, "saw a great Light; and "to those inhabiting " a Region, even a Shadow "of Death, a Light arose."

17 From that time JEsus began to proclaim, and to say; "Reform; for the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has ap-

proached."

18 And walking by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Two Brothers, THAT Simon who is SURNAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER, casting a Drag into the LAKE; for they were Fishermen.

19 And he says to them, "Follow me; and I will make you Fishers of Men."

20 And THEY, immediately leaving the NETS, todowed him.

21 And going forward from thence, he saw Other Two Brothers, James the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his BROTHER, in the BOAT with Zebedee their FA-THER, repairing their NETS; and he called them.

22 And THEY, instantly leaving the BOAT and their FATHER, followed him.

23 And \*Jesus journeved throughout All GA-LILEE, teaching in their SYNAGOGUES, and proclaiming the GLAD TI-DINGS of the KINGDOM,

followed

of them,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript-23 he went about throughout All.

<sup>1 15.</sup> Isa. iz. 1. 2.

Jerusalem.

σων το ευαγγελιον της βασιλειας, και θεραπευων glad tidings of the kingdom, and πασαν νοσον και πασαν μαλακιαν εν τφ λαφ. disease and every malady among the people.

<sup>24</sup> Και απηλθεν ή ακοη αυτου εις όλην την the report of him into went all the Συριαν• και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους Syria; and they brought to him κακως εχοντας, ποικιλαις νοσοις και βασανοις having various diseases and συνεχομενους,\*[και] δαιμονιζομενους, και σελη-[and] demoniacs, ναζομενους, και παραλυτικους· και εθεραπευσεν natics. and paralytics, and <sup>25</sup> Και ηκολουθησαν αυτφ οχλοι πολλοι aurous. them. And followed to him crowds creat *μπο της* Γαλιλαίας, και Δεκαπολέως, και Ίεροfrom the Galilee, and Decapolis, and

## KEΦ. €. 5.

Judea,

and

πολυμων, και Ιουδαίας, και περαν του Ιορδανου.

and beyond of the

Jordan.

<sup>1</sup> Ιδων δε τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος<sup>,</sup> και Seeing and the multitudes, he went up to the mountain; and ται αυτου<sup>, 2</sup> και ανοιζας το στομα αύτου, εδιand opening the mouth ples of him; of him, δασκεν αυτους, λεγων' <sup>3</sup> Μακαριοι οί πτωχοι τω Blessed the poor to the them, saying; δτι αυτων εστιν ή βασιλεια των πνευματι. because of them is the kingdom spirit; <sup>4</sup> Μακαριοι οἱ πενθουντες· ότι αυτοι ουρανων. the mourners; heavens. Blessed for they παρακληθησονται, 5 Μακαριοι οί πράεις· δτι Blessed the meck; shall be comforted. for <sup>6</sup> Макаріоі оі αυτοι κληρονομησουσι την γην. the earth. shall inherit the πεινωντες και διψωντες την δικαιοσυνην ότι thirsting the righteousness; and for hungering 7 Μακαριοι οί ελεημομυτοι χορτασθησονται. shall be satisfied. Blessed the merciful: they νες οτι αυτοι ελεηθησονται. they shall obtain mercy.

8 Μακαριοι οί καθαροι τη καρδια· ότι αυτοι the elean to the heart; Blessed for they 9 Μακαριοι οί ειρηνοποιοι.  $\tau \circ \nu \quad \theta \in \circ \nu \quad \circ \psi \circ \nu \tau \alpha i$ . Blessed the God shall see. the peace-makers, <sup>10</sup> Μακαριοι οί ότι αυτοι νίοι θεου κληθησονται. sons of God shall be called. Blessed those

and healing Every kind of Disease and Infirmity among the PEOPLE.

24 And his fame spread through All Syria: and they brought to him All the sick, having Various Disorders, and arrested by Severe Complaints;demoniacs, and lunatics, and paralytics; -and he healed them.

25 And great Crowds followed him from GALI-LEE, and Decapolis, and Jerusalem, and Judæa, and from the vicinity of the Jordan.

### CHAPTER V.

1 And beholding the crowds, he ascended the tmountain, and having sat down, his DISCIPLES \*came up :

2 And opening his MOUTH, he taught them,

saying:

3 "Happy the poon (in spirit); for theirs is the KINGDOM of the HEA-VENS!

4 Happy the # mourn-ERS; seeing that then will

be consoled!

5 Happy the ‡MEEK; because then will possess the LAND!

6 Happy they who HUNGER and THIRST (for righteousness); since they will be satisfied!

7 Happy the MERCI-FUL; because then will receive mercies!

8 Happy the PURE (in

heart); for they will behold God!

9 Happy the PEACE-MAKERS; because then will be called Sons of God

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24, and-omit.

<sup>1.</sup> came up.

<sup>1.</sup> to him-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Some particular mountain in the neighborhood of Capernaum is generally supposed to be here intended, probably Mount Tabor, or an elevation well known in that viemity. † 3. Wetstein thinks this phrase ought to be construed—"Happy in the Spirit's account are the poor;" and Geo. Campbell renders it—"Happy the poor who repine not." Both do violence to the original. The former interferes with the arrangement of the words, and the latter paraphrases rather than translates. In Luke vi. 20, we have the sentence just as our Lord uttered it; but here it seems Matthew explains the metaphor, purenthetically, by adding "in spirit." So in verses 6 and 8. For a further illustration, see James ii. 5. The article and norm is in the dative case and convex the same nearing as our pressition in. and noun is in the dative case, and conveys the same meaning as our preposition in.

<sup>3.</sup> Luke vi. 20; James ii. 5. 1 4. Isa. lxi. 2, 3. 1 5. Psa, xxxvii. 11, 29.

<sup>1 8. 1</sup> John iii. 2, 3. 1 6. Isa. lv 1.

δεδιωγμενοι ένεκεν δικαιοσυνης, ότι αυτων εστιν being persecuted on account of righteousness: for of them is 11 Μακαριοι εστε, ή βασιλεια των ουρανων. kingdom of the heavens. Blessed the are ye, ταν ονειδισωσιν ύμας και διωξωσι, και ειπωσι whenever they reproach you and persecute, and παν πονηρον δημα καθ' ύμων, ψευδομενοι, ενεκεν evil word against you, speaking faisely, because 12 Χαιρετε και αγαλλιασθε· ότι δ μισθος εμου. of me. Rejoice ye and exult ye, for the reward ύμων πολυς εν τοις ουρανοις· ούτω γαρ  $\epsilon \delta \iota \omega \dot{\epsilon} \alpha \nu$ great in the heavens; in this way for they persecuted of you 13 'Υμεις εστε τους προφητας τους προ ύμων. those before you. prophets το άλας της γης. Εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη,  $\epsilon \nu$ If but the sait become tasteless, with the salt of the earth. τινιάλισθησεται; εις ουδεν ισχυει ετι, ει μη what shall it be salted? for nothing is it of service any more, except βληθηναι εξω, και καταπατεισθαι ύπο  $\tau\omega\nu$ and to be cast out, trodden under foot ανθρωπων. men.

14 Υμεις εστε το φως του κοσμου. Ου δυναται are the light of the world. Not possible πολις κρυβηναι επανω ορους κειμενη.  $^{15}$  ov $\delta\epsilon$ a hill being situated; a eity to hide upon nor καιουσι λυχνον, και τιθεασιν αυτον ύπο τον and place him they light a lamp, under the μοδιον, αλλ' επι την λυχνιαν και λαμπει πασι meastr., but on the lamp-stand; and it gives light to all <sup>16</sup> Ούτω λαμψατω το φως TOIS EV τη οικια. Thus those in the house. let it shine the ιδωσιν ύμων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, όπως of you in the presence of the that they may see men. ύμων τα καλα εργα, και δυλισωσι τον πατερα of you the good works, and may course ύμων τον εν τοις ουρανοις. of you that in the

 $^{17}\,\mathrm{M}\eta$  νομισητε, ότι ηλθον καταλυσαι τ $_{2}$ ν that I have come think ye, to destroy νομον η τους προφητας ουκ ηλθον καταλυσαι, not I have come to destroy law or the prophets; αλλ' πληρωσαι. 18 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, έως for I say to fulfil. Indeed to you, till αν παρελθη δ ουρανος και ή  $\gamma \eta$ , ιωτα έν η μια pass away the heaven and the earth, iota one or one κεραια ου μη παρελθη απο του νομου, έως αν fine point in no wise from the pass law. <sup>19</sup> 'Ος εαν ουν λυση μιαν των παντα γενηται. be fulfilled. Whoever therefore breaks

10 Happy the \$PERSECUTED on account of Righteousness; for theirs is the Kingdom of the Heavens!

11 Happy are you, when they revile and persecute you, and, on my account, falsely allege, Every kind of Evil against you.

12 Rejoice and exult, Because your ‡REWARD will be great in the HEAVENS; for thus THOSE PROPHETS who preceded you were persecuted.

13 Dou are the \$ SALT of the EARTH. But if the \$ SALT become insipid, how shall it recover its savor? It is then worthless, except to be cast out and trodden down by MEN.

14 Pou are the ‡ LIGHT of the WORLD. A city being situated on a hill cannot be concealed:

15 nor is a Lamp lighted to be placed under the tCORN MEASURE, but on the LAMP-STAND; and it gives light to ALL the FAMILY.

16 Thus, let your light shine before MEN, that they may see your GOOD works, and glorify that Father of yours in the HEAVENS.

17 Think not, That I have come to subvert the LAW, or the PROPHETS: I have come not to subvert, but to establish.

18 For, indeed, I say to you, Till Heaven and Earth pass away, one lota or One Tip of a letter shall by no means pass from the LAW, till all be accomplished.

19 Therefore, whoever

<sup>† 13.</sup> Perhaps allusion is here made to a bituminous and fragrant species of salt, found at the Lake Asphalities; great quantities of which were thrown by the priests over the sacrifices, to counteract the smell of the burning flesh, and to hasten its consumption. This substance, however, was easily damaged by exposure to the atmosphere; and the portion of it thus rendered unfit for the purpose to which it was ordinarily applied, was strewed upon the pavement of the temple, to prevent slipping in wet weather. Maundrell, in his travels, states that he tasted some that had entirely lost its savor.—Trolloge. † 15. The modins was a measure, both among the Greeks and Romans, containing a little less than a peck; but it is clear that nothing here depends upon the capacity of the measure.

ελαχιστων, και διδαξη ούτω τους ανθρωπους, thus the semen, teach least. and εν τη βασιλεια των **ε**λαχιστος κληθησεται he shall be called in the kingdom of the least ουρανων ός δ' αν ποιηση και διδαξη, ούτος who but ever shall deteach, the same and heas na . μεγας κληθηθεται εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων. great shall be called in the Lugdom of the heavens. 20 Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι εαν μη περισσευση ή for to you, that 1 suy except abound the δικαιοσυνη ύμων πλειον των γραμματεων και scribes and righteousness of you more ofthe

Φαρισαίων, ου μη εισελθητε είς την βασιλείαν Pharisees, by no means you may enter into the kingdom -

ιτων ουρανων. of the heavens.

" Ou 21 Ηκουσατε, ότι ερρεθη τοις αρχαιοις. You have heard, that it was said to the ancients; "Not φονευσεις ός δ' αν φονευση, ενοχος εσται τη shou shalt kill, who and ever shall kill, tiable shall be to the κρισει." 22 Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας ό οργιtribunal" με I but say to you, that all the being ζομενος τφ αδελφφ αύτου \*[εικη,]ενοχος εσται tribunal " angry to the brother of him; [without cause,] liable shall be τη κρισει ός δ' αν ειπητφ αδελφω αυτου to the tribunal; who and ever shall say to the brother of him; βακα, ενοχος εσται τω συνεδριω ός δ' αν ειπη. of him; vile fellow, liable shall be to the sanhedrim; who and ever shall say; μωρε, . ενοχος εσται εις την γεενναν του πυρος. O fool, liable shall be to the Gehenna of the fire. 23 Eav ουν προσφερης το δωρον δου επι το If therefore thou bring the gift of thee to the

Ουσιαστηριον, κακει μνησθης, ότι δ αδελφος altar, and there remember, that the brother

σου εχει τι κατα σου 24 αφες εκει το δωρον of thee has somewhat against thee; leave there the gift σου εμπροσθεν του θυσιαστηριου, και ύπαγε, altar, of thee before the and **πρωτον διαλλαγηθι τω αδελφω σου, και τοτε** be thou reconciled to the brother of thee, and lhen ελθων προσφερε το δωρον σου. <sup>25</sup> Ισθι ευνοων gift of thee. Be thou willing to sharee coming offer the τω αντιδικωσου ταχύ, έως ύτου ει εν τη όδω with the opponent of thee quickly, while thou art in the way μετ' αυτου μηποτε σε παραδώ δ αυτιδικος το with him; lest thee deliverup the opponent to the κριτη, και δ κριτης [σε παραδφ] τω ύπηρετη, judge, and the judge [thee deliver up] to the officer, 26 Αμην λεγω σοι, και εις φυλακην βληθηση. and into prison thou shalt be cast. Indeed I say to thee, εκειθεν, έως αν αποδως τον  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta s$ by no means thou wilt come out thence, till, thou hast paid the €σχατον κοδραντην. farthing.

shall violate one of the LEAST of these COM-MANDS, and shall teach MEN so, will be called little in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, but whoever shall practise and teach them, will be called great in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS

20 For I tell you, that unless your RIGHTEOUS-NESS excel that of the SCRIBES and Pharisees, you shall never enter into the KINGDOM of the

HEAVENS.

21 You have heard That it was said to the AN-CIENTS, ! Thou shalt not 'kill; and whoever shall 'kill, will be †amenable 'to the JUDGES'

22 But I say to you, That every one BEING ANGRY WITH his BROTH-ER, shall be amenable to the JUDGES: and whoever shall say to his BROTHER, Fool! will be subject to the HIGH COUNCIL; but whoever shall say. Apostate wretch! will be obnoxious to the BURNING of GEHENNA.

23 If therefore, thou bring thy GIFT to the AL-TAR, and there recollect That thy BROTHER has ought against thee,

there 24 leave GIFT before the altar, and go, first be reconciled to thy BROTHER, then come, and present

thy gift

25 Agree quickly with thy PROSECUTOR, While thou art on the ROAD with him : lest the PROS-ECUTOR deliver thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE to the OFFICER. and thou be cast into Prison.

26 Indeed, I say to thee, Thou wilt by no means be released, till thou hast paid the LAST

Farthing.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—22. without cause—omit.

<sup>25.</sup> deliver thee-omit.

<sup>+ 21.</sup> The Jews had a Common Court consisting of twenty-three men, which had power to sentence criminals to death, by beheading or strangling; this was called the Judgment, of Court of Judges. The Sanhedrim or High Council consisted of seventy-two men, being the Court of the Jews, before which the highest crimes were tried. This Court alone had power to punish with death by stoning. This was thought a more terrible death than the former.

 $^{27}$  Ηκουσατ $\epsilon$ , ότι  $\epsilon$ ρ $\delta\epsilon\theta$ η $\cdot$ "Ou μοιχευ-You have heard, that it was said; " Not thou shall commit <sup>28</sup> Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας ό βλεπων σειs." adultery. but say to you, that all who looking at γυναικα προς το  $\epsilon$ πιθυμησαι αυτης, ηδη εμοιher, a woman in order to lust after already has χευσεν αυτην εν τη καρδιά αυτου. - <sup>29</sup> Ει δε δ in the heart debauched her of him. If and the οφθαλμος σου δ δεξιος σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε ensnare of thee the right thee, tear out αυτον, και βαλε απο σου συμφερει γαρ σοι, it, and castit from thee; it is profitable for to thee, for to thee, ίνα αποληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον that should periah one of the members of thee, and not whole To own of the should be east into General.  $^{30}Kat$  et  $\eta$  the body of thee should be east into General. And if the δεξια σου χειρ σκανδαλιζει σε, εκκοψον αυτην, right of thee hand ensnare . thee, cut off και βαλε απο σου συμφερει γαρ σοι iva απο-and cast from thee; it is profitable for to thee that should ληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον το σωμα perish one of the members of thee, and not whole the body σου βληθη εις γεενναν: of thee should be cast into Gehenna.

 $^{31}$ Ερδεθη δε, "ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναιγα lt was said and, "that who ever shall release the wife αύτου, δοτω αυτη αποστασίον."  $^{32}$ Εγω δε of him, let him give her a bill of divorce." I but λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναικα αύ-say to you, that who ever may release the wife of του, παρεκτος λογου πορυείας, ποιεί αυτην him, except on account of for incation, makes her μοιχασθαι και ός εαν απολελυμένην γαμηση, to commit adultery; and who ever her being divorced may marry, μοιχαται.

27 You have heard That it was said, ‡ Thou shalt 'not commit adultery;'

28 but I say to you, That every man GAZING AT a Woman, in order to CHERISH IMPURE DE-SIRE, has already committed lewdness with her in his HEART.

29 Therefore, if thy RIGHT EYE insnare thee, pluck it out, and throw it away: it is better for thee to lose one of thy MEM BERS, than that thy Whole BODY should be cast into Gehenna.

30 And if thy bight Hand insnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away: it is better for thee to loso one of thy MEMPERS, than that thy Whole BODY should \*be cast into Gehenna.

31 And it was said, t'Whoever shall dismiss 'his WIFE, let him give 'her a Writ of Divorce.'

32 But X say to you, That \*EVERY-ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, except on account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and \*HE who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery.

33 † Again, you have heard That it was said to the ANCIENTS; † Thou 'shalt not perjure thyself, 'but shalt perform to the 'LORD thine OATHS;'

34 but I say to you, ‡Swear not at all; neither by the HEAVEN, for it is GOD's Throne:

35 nor by the EARTH, because it is a Footstool for his feet; neither shalt thou swear by Jerusalem.

Varican Manuschift—30. go away.
 32. eveny-one who divorces.
 32. hm

<sup>† 33.</sup> The morality of the Jews in regard to oaths was truly execrable. They maintained that a man might swear with his lips, and annul it at the same moment in his heart. They also held that oaths are binding only according to the nature of the thing by which a man swears; asserting that the law, which our Savon here cites, referred to those oaths only which were of a binding nature. Instances of this distinction, which they made between oaths that were and were not binding, are expressly cited and condemned by our Lord in Matt. xxiii. 18—22; and the injunction here given against swearing by Heaven, by Jerusalem, &c., is in relation to a variety of frivolous adjurations which were constantly in their mouths.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Exod. xx. 14. † 31. Deut. xxiv. 1; Matt. xix. 3-9; Mark x. 2-12, - \* 23. Deut xiii. 21-23; Nun. xxx. 2, † 34. James v. 12.

κεφαλη σου ομοσης, ότιου δυνασαι μιαν τριχα head of thee shalt thou swear, for not thou artable one λευκην η μελαιναν ποιησαι. <sup>37</sup> Εστω δε δ λογος Let be but the word to make. or black ύμων ναι ναι ου ου το δε περισσον τουτων, of you; y - yes; no no; that for over and above of these, εκ του πονηρου εστιν.

of the evil is.

Hκουπατε, ότι ερβεθη:
You have heard, that it was said; " Οφθαλμον αντι for οφθαλμου, και οδοντα αντι οδοντος." 3) Εγω δε a tooth." an eye, and a tooth for λεγω ύμιν, μη αντιστηναι τφ πονηρφ· αλλ' **ό**στις say to you, not resist the evil, but whoever σε βαπισει επι την δεξιαν σου σιαγονα, στρεψον thee shall slap upon the right of thee cheek, αυτω και την αλλην. <sup>40</sup> και τω θελοντι σοι κριto him also the other; and to the purposing thee to sue θηναι, και τον χιτωνα σου λαβειν, αφες αυτφ and the tunic of thee to take, give up to him και το ίματιον<sup>. 41</sup> και όστις σε αγγαρευσει μιλιον also the mantle; and whoever thee shall force to go mile  $^{42}$  Tω αιτουντι σε έν, ύπαγε μετ' αυτου δυο. one, go with him To the asking thee two. και τον θελοντα απο σου δανεισασθαι. do thou give; and the wishing from thee to borrow money, μη αποστραφης.

do than repulse.

 $^{43}$  Ηκουσατε,  $\delta \tau \iota$  ερδεθη· You have heard, that it was said; " Αγαπησεις το " Thou shalt love the <sup>4‡</sup>Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, αγαπατε τους εχθρους ύμων, love the enemnes of you, but say te you, \*[ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας, καλως those cursing you, ποιείτε τοις μισουσιν ύμας,] και προσευχεσθε to those hating and you,] ύπερ των [επηρεαζοντων ύμας και] διωκοντων and persecuting for those injuring you ύμας· 45 όπως γενησθε υίοι του πατρος ύμων, that you may be sons of the father of you, του εν ουρανοις ότι τον ήλιον αύτου ανατελλει of the in heavens: for the sun of him επι πονηρους και αγαθους, και βρεχει επι δικαιand itrains evil and good, 46 Εαν γαρ αγαπησητε τους ους και αδικους. Ħſ for you love unjust. αγαπωντας ύμας, τινα μισθον εχετε; ουχι και reward bave you? not even what you. εί τελωναι το αυτο ποιουσι; <sup>47</sup> και *εαν ασπα*do? and if the tax-gatherers the same you

σησθε τους αδελφους ύμων μονον, τι περισσον

brothers

of you only,

for it is the #city of the GREAT KING;

36 nor by thy head, because thou canst not make One Hair white or black.

37 But let your Yes be yes; and your No, no: for whatever exceeds these, proceeds from EVIL.

38 You have heard That it was said, ‡ Eye for Eye, and Tooth for 'Tooth;

39 but # say to you, toppose not the injurious person; but if any one strike thee on thy RIGHT Cheek, turn to him also the LEFT;

40 and WHOEVER WILL sue thee for thy coat, let him have the MANTLE

41 And if a man t press thee to go one † Mile with

him, go two. 42 # Give to HIM who solicits thee; and nim, who WOULD borrow from thee, do not reject.

43 You have heard That it was said, ‡ 'Thou shalt 'love thy NEIGHBOR, and 'hate thine ENEMY;

44 but I say to you, Love your enemies, and pray for THOSE PERSECUTE VOU;

45 that you may resemble that father of yours in the heavens. who makes his sun arise on Bad and Good, and sends rain on Just and Uniust.

46 For if you love THEM only who LOVE you, What Reward can you expect? Do not even the TAX-GATHERERS the SAME?

47 And if you salute your BRETHREN only, in what do you excel? Do

what \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-44. bless THESE Who CURSE you, do good to THOSE Who HATE 44. PERSECUTE you. you-omit.

<sup>+ 41.</sup> An allusion to the Angari, or couriers of the Persians, who had authority to impress into their service men, horses, and ships, or any thing that came in their way, and which might serve to accelerate their journey. From the Persians this custom passed to the Romans, and it is still retained in the East.

† 41. The Roman milion, or mile, measured a thousand paces.

<sup>‡ 35.</sup> Psa. xlviii. 2. 29; Rom. xii. 17-19.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Exod. xxi. 24; Pent x'x. 21. † 30. Prov. xx. 22. † 42. Deut. xv. 7-11. † 43. Lov. xix. 18: Deut. xxiii 6-1 39. Prov. yx. 22; xxiv,

ουχι και οἱ εθνικοι οὑτω ποιουσιν; ποιειτε; do you? not even the Gentiles 90  $^{48}$  E $\sigma\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon$ ovvύμεις τελειοι, ώσπερ δ πατηρ Shall be therefore you perfect, 28 the father ύμων, ὁ εν τοις ουρανοις, τελειος εστι. of you, who in the heavens. perfect

### КЕФ. s. 6.

Ι Προσεχετε την δικαιοσυνην, ύμων μη ποιειν Take heed the righteousness, of you not to do εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, προς το θεαθηναι in the presence of the men, so as to be exhibited αυτοις: ει δε μηγε, μισθου ουκ εχετε παρα τω if but otherwise, reward not you have with to the <sup>2</sup> Όταν ουν πατρι ύμων, τφ εν τοις ουρανοις. of you, to the in then heavens.  $\pi o i \eta s \in \lambda \in \eta \mu o \sigma v \nu \eta \nu$ , μη σαλπισης εμπροσθεν not sound a trumpet in the presence thou doest alms, σου, ώσπερ οἱ ὑποκριται ποιουσιν εν ταις συναof thee, like the hypocrites do the synain δοξασθωσιν γωγαις και εν ταις δυμαις, δπως and in the streets, that they may have praise ύπο των ανθρωπων. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, απεχουσι Indeed I say to you, they obtain men. <sup>3</sup> Σου δε ποιουντος ελεημοτον μισθον αύτων. reward of them. Of thee but doing almsσυνην, μη γνωτω ή αριστερα σου, τι ποιει ή not let it know the left of thee, what does the δεξια σου· <sup>4</sup>όπως η σου ή ελεημοσυνη εν τφ right of thee; that may be of thee the alus-giving in the και δ πατηρ σου, δ βλεπων εν τφ κρυπτω: and the father of thee, who seeing the κρυπτώ, \*[αυτος] αποδωσει σοι \*[εν τω φανερώ.] [himself] will give back to thee [in the clear light.) secret

δ Και δταν προσευχη, ουκ ώσπ∈ρ  $\epsilon \sigma \eta$ not thou shalt be like And when thou prayest, ύποκριται• ότι φιλουσιν εν ταις συναγωγαις και the hypocrites; for they love in synagogues and εν ταις γωνιαις των πλατειων έστωτες προσευthe corners of the wide places standing γχεσθαι, δπως αν φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις. Αμηι they may appear to the men. λεγω ύμιν, ότι απεχουσι τον μισθον αύτων. I say to you, that they have in full the reward of them. δε, όταν προσευχη, εισελθε εις το ταμιenter Thou but, when thou prayest, into the retired ειον σου, και κλεισας την θυραν σου, προσευξαι door of thee, place of thee, and locking the pray tneu τφ πατρι σου, τφ εν τφ κρυπτφ· και ὁ πατηρ to the father of thee, to the in the secret; and the father σου, δ βλεπων εν τω κρυπτω, αποδωσει σοι in the secret place, will give to thee

Τροσευχομενοι δε μη βατof thee who seeing \* [εν τω φανερω.] (in the clear light.)

Praying but not τολογησητε, ώσπερ οί εθνικοι δοκουσι γαρ ότι the Gentiles; they imagine for

not even the GENTILES \*the SAME.

48 : Be Dou therefore perfect, even as \*your HEAVENLY FATHER IS perfect.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Beware, that you perform not your RELIGIous duties before MEN, in order to be OBSERVED by them; otherwise, you will obtain no Reward from THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS. 2 When, therefore, thou givest Alms, proclaim it not by †sound of trumpet, as the HYPO-CRITES do, in the AS-SEMBLIES and in the STREETS, that they may be extolled by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their WARD.

thou, will not 3 But giving Alms, thy LEFT hand know what thy RIGHT hand

does;

4 so that Thine ALMS may be PRIVATE; and THAT FATHER Of thine, who sees in SECRET, will recompense thee.

5 And when TOIL pray, you shall not im-itate the HYPOCRITES, are fond of for they standing up in the Asand at the SEMBLIES CORNERS of the OPEN SQUARES to pray, SO as to be OESERVED by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

6 But thou, when thou wouldst pray enter into thy PRIVATE ROOM, and having closed the Door, pray to THAT FATHER of thine who is invisi-BLE; and THAT FATHER of thine, who sees in SECRET. will recompense thee.

7 And in prayer, tuse not foolish repetitions, as the \* HYPOCRITES: for

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-47. the SAME.

<sup>48.</sup> your heavenly pather is perfect. 5. you pray, you shall not. 7. HYPOCRITES. † 2. The phrase of sounding a trumpet before them seems only a figurative expression to

represent their doing it in a noisy, estentatious way.—Doddridge. Erasmus and Beza justly observe, that theathanai in verse 1 is a theatrical word; that hypokritai signifies disguised players in masks; and that sounding a trumpet may allude to the music of the stage.

<sup>1 48.</sup> Luke vi. 36 . Eph. v. 1.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Rom. xii, 8.

πολυλογια αθτων εισακουσθησονται. ev Th they shall be heard. an the wordiness of them 🖰 Μη ουν όμοιωθητε αυτοις οιδε γαρ ό πατηρ Not therefore you may be like to them; knows for the father ύμων, ών χρειαν εχετε, προ του ύμας of you, of what thiogs need you have, before of the you αιτησαι αυτον. Ούτως ουν προσευχεσθε ύμεις. him. In this way then pray Πατερ ήμων, δ εν ποις ουρανοις, άγιασθητω το tather of us, who is the neavens, reverenced the substance over 10 ed exherts  $\dot{\eta}$  basiles our gentlement who in the neavens, reverenced the name of thee; let come the kingdom of thee; let be done το θελημα σου, ώς εν ουρανώ, και επί της γης. the will of thee, as in heaven, also on the earth; 11 του αρτου ήμων του επιουσιου δος ήμιυ the bread of us the sufficient give thou to us σημερον' 12 και αφες ήμιν τα οφειληματα ήμων, and discharge to us the debts ώς και ήμεις αφιεμέν τοις οφειλεταις ήμων. even we discharge to the '... debtors 13 και μη εισενεγκης ήμας είς πειρασμον, αλλα and not bring us into temptation, but ρυσαι ήμας απο του πουηρου. 14 Εαν γαρ αφητε save us from the evil. If for you for give τοις  $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi$ οις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, αφησει to the men the faults of them, will forgive και ύμιν δ πατηρ ύμων δ ουρανιος. 15 εαν δε μη if but not \*lso to you the father of you the heavenly; αφητε τοις ανθρωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, forgive to the men the faults within of them, ουδε δ πατηρ υμών αφησει τα παραπτωματα neit er the lather of you will forgive the ύμων. of you.

16 'Οταν δε νηστευητε, μη γινεσθε, ώσπερ οί When and you fast, not be, AP like the υποκριται, σκυθρωποι· αφανίζουσι γαρ τα προσhypocrites, of a salface, they disfigure for the ωπα αύτων, όπως φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις cos of them, so that they may seem to the () men P81 νηστευοντες. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι απεχουσι to be fasting. Indeed I say to you, that they obtain τον μισθον α των. 17 Συ δε νηστευων, αλειψαι the reward of them. Thou but fasting, anoint σου πην κεφαλην. σου την κεφαλην, και το προσωπον σου νιψαι. of thee the bead, and the of thee wash; face 13 όπως μη φανης τοις ανθρωποις νηστευων, so that not thou may est seem to the inen

αλλα τφ πατρισου, τφ εν τφ κρυπτφ~ και δ παbut to the father of thee, that in the secret; and the faτηρ σου, δ βλεπων εν τφ κρυπτφ, αποδωσει σοι. of thee, who seeing in the secret, will give to thee.

<sup>19</sup>Μη θησαυριζετε ύμιν θησαυρους επι της γης, ray up - to you treasures on the earth, δπου σης και βρωσις αφανιζει, και όπου κλεπται where moth and rust destroys, and where thieves διορυσσουσι και κλεπτουσι: 20 θησαυριζετε δε dig through and steal :

they think that by using MANY WORDS that they will be accepted.

8 Therefore, do not imitate them; for \*Gon your FATHER knows your Necessities, before you ask

9 Thus, then, pray you: 10ur Father, THOU in the HEAVENS, Revered be thy

NAME !,

10 let thy # KINGDOM come; thy WILL be done upon EARTH, even as in Heaven.

11 Give us This-day OUT NECESSARY FOOD:

12 and # forgive us our DEBTS, as \* we have forgiven our DERTORS;

13 and ‡abandon us not to Trial, but ‡ preserve us from EVIL,

14 For if you t forgive MEN their OFFENCES, YOUR HEAVENLY FATHER will also forgive you;

15 but if you # forgive not MEN their OFFENCES. neither will your father forgive your offences.

16 Moreover, when you I fast, be not as the HYPO-CRITES, of a melancholy aspect; for they distort their FEATURES, that they may seem fasting to MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

· 17 But thou, when fasting, anoint thy head, and wash thy face : .

18 that thy fasting may not appear to MEN, but to THAT FATHER of thine who is invisible; and that father of thine who sees in secret, will recompense thec.

19 Do not accumulate for yourselves I Treasures upon the EARTH, where Moth and Rust consume, and where Thieves break through and steal;

20 but deposit for yourbut | selves Treasures in Hea-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. GOD YOUR FATHER.

<sup>12.</sup> we have forgiven.

<sup>1 0.</sup> Luke xi. 2. 1 10. Dan. ii. 44. 1 12. Matt. xviii. 21—35. 13. John xvii. i6. 14. Mirk xi. 25, 26. 16. James ii. 13. 10. Prov. xxiii. 4; 1 Tira. vi. 10, 17—19. 1 13. 1 Cor. x. 13 1 9. Luke xl. 2. 1 16. Isa, lvini. 5

ημι**ν θη**σαυρους ≂ν ουρανώ, δπου ουτε σης ουτε 4n heaven, where neither moth nor ∌o you βρω**σις α**φανιζες και όπου κλεπται ου διορυσand where thieves not 21 Oπου γαρ εστιν δ destroys, σουσιν ουδε κλεπτουσιν. for through nor steal. Where θησαυρος ύμων, εκει εσται και ή καρδια ύμων. treasure of you, there will be also the heart

<sup>22</sup> 'Ο λυχνος του σωματος εστιν δ οφθαλμος. The lamp of the body is tine eye. Εαν ουν δ οφθαλμος άπλους σου η, δλον if therefore the of thee sound eye may be, whole το σωμα σου φωτεινον εσται. 23 Εαν δε δ οφθαλthe body of thee ralightened will be, If but the μος σου πονηρως η, όλον το σωμα σου σκοτειof thee evil may be, whole the body of thee darkness Ει ουν το φως, το εν σοι, σκοτος νον εσται. If then the light, that in thee, darkness will be.

εστι, το σκοτος ποσον;

the darkness how great?  $^{24}$ Ουδεις Βυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευειν $\cdot$  η No one is able two lords to serve; either γαρ τον ένα μισησει, και τον έτερον αγαπησει· for the one he will hate, and the other he will love η ένος άνθεξεται, και του έτερου καταφρονησει. or one he will cling to, and the other he will slight. Ου δυνασθε ιεω δουλευειν και μαμωνα. <sup>25</sup> Δια Not you are able God to serve and mammon. For τουτο λεγω ύμιν Μη μεριμνατε τη ψυκη ύμων, this I say to you; Not be over careful the life of you, **τι φαγητε,** και τι πιητε· μηδε τφ σωματι what you may eat, and what you may drink; nor to the ύμω**ν, τι ε**ιδυσησθε. Ουχι ή ψυχη πλειον εστι of you, what you may put on. Not the lite more της τροφης, και το σωμα του ενδυματος; <sup>26</sup> Εμand the body clothing P food. the Look βλεψατε εις τα πετεινα του ουρανου, δτι ου birds of the at the heaven, attentively. for not σπειρουσιν, ουδε θεριζουσιν, ουδε συναγουσιν εις reap, they sow, nor nor gather into αποθηκας και δ πατηρ ύμων δ υρανιος τρεφει and the father of you the heavenly barns; feeds Ουχ ύμεις μαλλον διαφερετε αυτων; αυτα. you Not greatly excel them? them. <sup>27</sup> Τις δε εξ ύμων μεριμνων δυναται προσθειναι Which and by of you being over careful is able to add  $^{28}$  Kai  $\pi\epsilon\rho$ i επι την ὴλικιαν αύτου πηχυν ένα; of him span one? to the age And about ενδυματος τι μεριμνατε; Καταμαθετε τα κρινα clothing why he over careful? Consider the lilies

ven where neither Moth nor Rust can consume, and where Thieves break not through, nor steal.

21 For where \* thy TREASURE is, there \* thy HEART will also be.

22 \$\text{Tne LAMP of the BODY is \*thine EYE; if, therefore, thine EYE be clear, thy Whole BODY will be enlightened;

23 but if thine EYE be dim, thy Whole BODY will be darkened. If, then, THAT LIGHT which is in thee be Darkness, how great is that DARKNESS!

24 † No man can serve Two Masters; for either Le will hate ONE, and love the OTHER; or, at least, he will attend to One, and neglect the OTHER. You cannot serve God and † Mammon.

25 Therefore, I charge you, ‡ Be not anxious about your LIFE, what you shall drink; nor about your BODY, what you shall wear. Is not the LIFE of more value than FOOD, and the BODY than R4I-MENT?

26 Observe the BIRDS of HEAVEN; they sow not, nor reap, nor gather into Store -houses; ‡ but your HEAVENLY FATHER feeds them. Are not nou of greater value than they?

27 Besides, which of you, by being anxious, can prolong his LIFE one

Monient?

28 And why are you anxious about Raiment? Mark the † LILIES of the FIELD. How do they grow? They neither labor nor spin;

τη | 29 yet I tell you, That the not even Solomon in Ail

22, thine KYK

του αγρου πως αυξανει· ου κοπια,

<sup>29</sup> Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ουδε Σολομων

I say but to you, that not even Solomon

of the field how it grows;

not it labors,

ουδε νηθει.

εν παση τη

, spins;

21. thy heart.

nor

in all

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-21, thy TREASURE.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Mammon is a Syriac word for riches, which our Lord beautifully represents as a person whom the folly of men had deided.
† 28. Syriac—wild lilies, or lilies of the desert. Supposed by Kitto and Sir J. E. Smith to be the anaryllis lutea, a golden lilacous flower, which grows wild in the Levant, and blooms in Autumn. Dr. Bowring thinks it is the Martagnon lily, which grows profusely in Galilee, and is of a brilliant red color.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Luke xi. 34. † 24. Luke xvi. 13. † 25. Luke xii. 22; Phil. iv. 6; 1 Pet. v Z † 26. Job xxxviii. 41, Psa. cxlvii. 9

δοξη αύτου περιεβαλετο ώς ϵν τουτων. glory of him was clothed like one of these. 30 E. Ιf δε τον χορτον του αγρου, σημερον οντα και grass of the field, then the to-day existing and αυριον εις κλιβανον βαλλομενον,  $\delta$  θεος ούτως to-morrow into an oven is being cast, the God so αμφιεννυσιν, ου πολλώ μαλλον ύμας, ολιγοπισyou, O you of weak not much clothes, more 31 Μη ουν μεριμνησητε, λεγοντες· Τι What Not therefore you may be over careful, saying; φαγωμεν, η τι πιωμεν, η τι περιβαλωμεθα; may we cat, or what may we drink, or what may we put on? <sup>32</sup> Παντα γαρ ταυτα τα εθνη επιζητει· οιδε γαρ for these the Gentiles seeks; knows δ πατηρ ύμων δ ουρανιος, ότι χρηζετε τουτων the father of you the heavenly, that you have need of these άπαντων. <sup>33</sup> Ζητειτε δε πρωτον την βασιλειαν all. Seek you but first the kingdom

all. Seek you but first the kingdom  $\tau$  ou  $\theta \in \mathcal{O}$  kai  $\tau\eta\nu$  dikaio $\sigma\nu\eta\nu$  autou. Kai  $\tau\alpha\nu\tau\alpha$  of the God and the righteousness of him; and these  $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha$   $\pi\rho\sigma\tau\epsilon\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha$  if  $\mu\nu$ . All shall be superadded to you. Not therefore be over  $\nu\eta\sigma\eta\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon$  is  $\tau\eta\nu$  auriou.  $\eta$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$  auriou  $\mu\epsilon\rho\mu\mu$ -

νησητε εις την αυριον ή γαρ αυριον μεριμ-careful for the morrow; the for morrow will be over νησει \*[τα] έαυτης. Αρκετον τη ήμερα ή κακια careful [the] of herself. Enough to the day the trouble αυτης.

of her.

## КЕΦ. ζ.′ 7.

<sup>1</sup> Μη κρινετε, ίνα μη κριθητε. <sup>2</sup> Εν <sup>\*</sup>ψ γαρ Not do you judge, that not you may be judged. In what for κριματι κρ.νετε, κριθεσεσθε και εν  $\dot{\phi}$  μετρ $\dot{\phi}$  judgment you judge, you shall be judged; and in what measure μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται ύμιν. 3Τι δε βλεπεις you measure, it shall be measured to you. Why and seest thou το καρφος, το  $\epsilon \nu$  τ $\omega$  οφθαλμ $\omega$  του αδελφου the splinter, that in the eye of the brother σου, την δε εν τω σω οφθαλμω δοκον ου καταof thee, that but in thing-own eye beam not perνοεις; <sup>4</sup> η πως ερεις τω αδελφωσου Αφες, or how wilt thou say to the brother of thee; Allow me, εκβαλω το καρφος απο του οφθαλμου σου και I can pull the splinter from the of thee; and eye ιδου,  $\hat{\eta}$  δοκος εν τω οφθαλμω σου;  $^5$  Υποκριτα, lo, the beam in the eye of thee? O Hypocrite, εκβαλε πρωτον την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου,

pull first the beam out of the eye of thee,  $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\tau o \tau \epsilon \delta\iota\alpha\beta\lambda\epsilon\psi\epsilon\iota s$   $\epsilon\kappa\beta\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iota\nu$   $\tau o$   $\kappa\alpha\rho\phi o s$   $\epsilon\kappa$   $\tau o u$  and then thou shalt see clearly to pull the splinter out of the

οφθαλμου του αδελφου σου.eye of the brother of thee.

6 Μη δωτε το αγιον τοις κυσι, μηδε βαλητε Not you may give the holy to the dogs, neither cast τους μαργαριτας ύμων εμπροσθεν των χοιρων

For μαργαρίτας υμων εμπροσύεν των χοιρών the pearls of you before the swine;

his splendor, was arrayed like one of these.

30 If, then, God so decorate the Here of the Field, (which flourishes To-day, and To-morrow will be east into a Furnace,) how much more you, O you distrustful!

31 Therefore, be not anxious, saying, What shall we eat? or, What shall we drink? or, With what shall we be clothed?

32 for all the nations require these things; and your HEAVENLY FATHER knows That you have need of all these things.

33 But tseek you first his righteousness and kingdom; and all those things shall be superadded

to you.

34 Be not anxious, then, about the MORROW; for the MORROW will claim anxiety for itself. Sufficient for each DAY is its OWN TROUBLE.

### CHAPTER VII.

1 ‡Judge not, that you may not be judged;

2 for as you Judge, you will be judged; and ‡ by the Measure you dispense, it will be measured to you.

3 ‡ And why observest thou THAT SPLINTER in thy BROTHER'S EYE, and perceivest not the THORN in THINE-OWN Eye?

4 or, how wilt thou say to thy BROTHER, Let me take the SPLINTER from thine EYE; and, behold, a THORN in thine-own EYE?

5 Hypocrite! first extract the Thorn from thine-own EVE, and then thou wilt see clearly to take the Splinter from thy Brother's EYE.

6 ‡ Give not sacred things to dogs, nor throw your pearls before swine; lest they tread

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—33. his bighteousness and kingdom. f—omit.

<sup>34.</sup> the things

<sup>† 33.</sup> Luke xii. 31. † 2. Mark iv. 24. † 3. Luke vi. 37; Rom. ii. 1; xiv. 4; 1 Cor. iv. 5; James iv. 11, 12 † 3. Luke vi. \$1. † 6. Prov. ix. 7, 8; xxiii. 9.

μηποτε καταπατησωσιν αυτους εν τοις ποσιν them under the fcet they should trample ρηξωσιν ύμας. αύτων, και στραφεντες of them, and turning they should rend you.

7 Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν ζητειτε και and it shall be given to you: seek, εύρησετε· κρουετε, και ανοιγησεται ύμιν. 8 Πας and it shall be opened to you. you shall find; knock, γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει· και δ ζητων εδρισκει· and the seeking finds;  $\epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ . 9 H  $\tau \iota$ s \*  $\left[\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu\right]$  pened. Or what [is there] receives; for the asking και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. and to the knocking it shall be opened. εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν εαν αιτηση ό υίος αυτου a man, who if ask the son of him αρτον, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτφ; 10 και εαν ιχθυν bread, not astone will give to him? or if a fish ειτηση, μη οφιν επιδωσει αυτω; 11 Ει ουν υμεις, heasks, not a serpent will give to him? If then you, πονηροι οντες, οιδατε δοματα αγαθα διδοναι τοις being. know gifts good to give to the τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον δ πατηρ ύμων, δ children of you, how much more the father of you, that εν τοις ουρανοις, δωσει αγαθα τοις αιτουσιν heavens. give good to those in the asking <sup>12</sup> Παντα ουν, αυτον: δσα  $\alpha \nu$ θελητε ίνα him? All therefore, as much soever you may will that ποιωσιν ύμιν οί ανθρωποι, ούτω και ύμεις ποιειτι even so also you should do to you the men, αυτοις ούτος γαρ εστιν ὁ νομος και οί προφηται. to them; this for is the law and the prophets.

 $^{13}$  E $\iota\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\tau\epsilon$   $\delta\iota\alpha$   $\tau\eta$ s  $\sigma\tau\epsilon\nu\eta$ s πυλης ότι Enter you in through the strait gate;  $\pi\lambda\alpha\tau\epsilon\iota\alpha$  ή  $\pi\nu\lambda\eta$ , ή όδος ή και ευρυχωρος the broad the road that gate, and απαγουσα εις την απωλειαν. και πολλοι εισιν leading into the perdition; οἱ εισερχομενοι δὶ αυτης. and many  $^{14}$  Ti  $\sigma \tau \epsilon \nu \eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi \nu \lambda \eta$ , entering through her. How strait those the gate, και τεθλιμμενη ή όδος ή απαγουσα εις την the road that and leading into the ζωην· και ολιγοι εισιν οί ευρισκοντες αυτην. are they finding and few

15 Προσεχετε δε απο των ψευδοπροφητων, and the Beware ye of false prophets. οίτινες ερχονται προς ύμας εν ενδυμασι προβαclothing who come to you in of sheep,  $^{16}\,\mathrm{A}\pi o$ των, εσωθεν δε εισι λυκοι άρπαγες.

Ву but they are wolves ravenous. των καρπων αυτων επιγνωσεσθε αυτους.  $M\eta\tau\iota$ fruite of them you shall know What συλλεγουσιν απο ακανθων σταφυλην, η απο do they gather from thorns a cluster of grapes, or, from from a cluster of grapes, or , from τριβολων συκα; 17 Ούτω παν δενδρον αγαθον thistles figs ? So every tree good δενδρον καρπους καλους ποιει· το δε σαπρον bears; the but fruits good corrupt tree

<sup>18</sup> Ου δυναται δενδρον καρπους πονηρους ποιει. evil bears. Not is possible tree

or turning again they tear you. 7 ‡ Ask, and it will be

given you; seek, and you will find; knock, and it will be opened to you:

them under their FEET.

8 for TEVERY-ONE who ASKS, receives; and every one who seeks, finds; and to HIM who KNOCKS, the door \* is opened.

9 Indeed, † What Man among you, who, if his son request Bread, will offer him a Stone?

10 or, if he ask for a Fish, will give him a Serpent?

11 If gou, then, being evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHIL-DREN, how much more will THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS give Good things to THOSE who ask him?

12 ‡ Whatever you wish that MEN should do to you, do nou the same to them; for this is the LAW and the PROPHETS.

13 # Enter in through the NARROW Gate: for wide is the GATE of DE-STRUCTION, and broad THAT WAY LEADING thither; and MANY are they who enter through it.

14 How narrow is the GATE of LIFE! how difficult THAT WAY LEADING thither! and how FEW are they who find it.

15 ! Beware of FALSE TEACHERS, who come to you in the Garb of Sheep, while inwardly they are ravenous Wolves.

16 tBy their FRUITS you will discover them. AreGrapesgathered from Thorns, or Figs from Thistles?

17 tEvery good Tree yields good Fruit; but the BAD tree produces bad Fruit.

18 A good Tree cannot

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. is opened.

<sup>9.</sup> is there-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> Matt. xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 9; John xv. 24; James i. 5. 17; Jer. xxix. 12, 13. 19. Luke xi. 11-13. 15. 2 Pet. ii. 1 3; 1 John iv. 1; Acts xx. 28-30. ‡ 12 Luke v1. 31, 116. Luke vi 43.

<sup>18.</sup> Prov. viii 1 13. Luke xiii. 24 117. Matt. xii 33

αγαθον καρπους πονηρους ποιειν, ουδε δενδρον γαθον καρπους πυνηρους ... to bear, neither tree good fruits evil to bear, neither tree ποιείν. 19 Παν δενδρον, συπρού καρπους καλούς ποιείν. Every coscupt fruits good to bear. tree. μη ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται και εις πυρ good not bearing fruit is cut down and into a fire-Βαλλεται. 20 Αραγε απο των καρπων αυτων is cast. Therefore by the fruits €πιγνωσεσθε αυτους: —

you shall know them.

21 Ου πας δ λεγων μοι Κυριε, κυριε, εισελευNot all who saying to me; O Lord, O Lord, shall enter σεται εις την βασιλειαν των ουρανων αλλ' ό iuto the kingdom of the heavens; but be ποιων το θελημα του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. doing the will of the father of me, of that in heavens, 💯 Πολλοί ερουσι μοι εν εκεινη τη ήμερα. Κυριε,

Many shall say to me in that the day O Lord, κυρίε, ου τφ σφ ονοματι προεφητευσαμέν, και O Lord, not to the thy name have we prophesied, τφ. σφονοματι δαιμονια εξεβαλομεν, και τφ demons have we cast out, and to the to the thy name σω ονοματι δυναμεις πολλας εποιησαμεν; <sup>23</sup> Και thy name wonders many have we done? τοτε όμολογησω αυτοις 'Οτι' ουδεποτε εγνων then I will declare to them; Because never Iknew ύμας αποχωρειτε απ' εμου οί εργαζομενοι την depart from me those working ανομιαν.

.lawlessness.

24 Πας ουν δότις ακουεί μου τους λογους All therefore whoever hears of me the words

σουτους, και ποιει αυτους, όμοιωσω αυτον ανδρι and dees them, I will compare him to a man Φρονιμώς δοτις ωκοδομησε την οικιαν αύτου επι οί ποταμοι, και επνεύσαν οί ανεμοι, και προσεthe floods, and blew the winds, and πεσον τη οικιά εκεινή, και ουκ επεσε, τεθεμελιagainst the house that; and not it fell; it was founded ωτο γαρ επι την πετραν.

rock. for on the

126 Και πας δ άκουων μου τους λόγους τουτους, And all who-hearing of me the words και μη ποιων αυτους, δμοιωθησεται ανδριμωρφ, shall be compared to a man foolish, and not doing them; όστις φκοδομησετην οικιαν αύτου επι την αμμον who built the house of him upon the sand; 27 και κατεβη ή βροχη, και ηλθον οί ποταμοι. fell down the

rain, and came the floods, και επνευσαν οί ανεμοι, και προσεκοψαν τη and dashed against the the winds, οικια-εκεινη, και επεσε και ην ή πτωσις αυτης thense that, and it fell; and was the fall μεγαλη.

great.

yield bad Fruit; nor a bad Tree, good Fruit.

19 ‡ (Every Tree not producing good fruit, is cut down, and cast into a Fire.)

20 Therefore, by their FRUITS you will discover them.

21 Not every-one who says to me, # Master, Master, will enter intothe KINGDOM of the HEAvens; but he who per-FORMS the WILL of THAT FATHER of mine in \* the HEAVENS.

22 Many will say to me in That DAY, Master, Master, have we not taught in THY Name? and in THY Name expelled Demons? and in ThY Name performed many Wonders?

23 And then I will plainly declare to them, # I never approved of you. Depart from me, you who PRACTISE INIQUITY.

24 Therefore, whoever hears these precepts of Mine, and obeys them, \* he will be compared to a prudent Man, who built mis House on the Rock;

25 for though the RAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the winds blew, and rushed upon that nouse, it fell not, because it was founded on the ROCK.

26 But EVERY-ONE who HEARS these PRECEPTS of Mine, and disobeys them, will be compared to a foolish Man, who built \*HIS House on the SAND;

27 for when the RAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the WINDS blew, and dashed against that nouse, it fell, and great was its RUIN."

<sup>-</sup> VATICAN: MANUSCRIPT-21. DICHEAVENS. 24 he will be compared 26. mrs House.

<sup>1710</sup> Matt. iil. 10. 1-21. Matt. xxv. 11; Luke vi. 40, xiii. 25; Lom. il. 18; James i. 22 23. Luke xiii, 27. 1 24. Lukg vi. 47-11

S Και εγενετο, ότε συνετελεσεν ό Ιησους And it came to pass, when had finished the τους λογους τουτους, εξεπλησσοντο οί οχλοι were astounded words these. the crowds the 29 Ην γαρ διδασκων τη διδαχη αυτου.  $\in \pi \iota$ of him. for teaching teaching He was the αυτους ώς εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς οί γραμauthority having, and not scribes. ματεις.

## КЕФ. ή. 8.

¹ Καταβαντι δε αυτφ απο του ορους, ηκολου-Coming down and to him from the mountain, <sup>2</sup> Και ιδου, λεπρος θησαν αυτφ οχλοι πολλοι. after him crowds And lo, a leper ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ Κυριε,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ prostrated to him, O'sır, if enming saying; <sup>3</sup> Και εκτεινας  $\theta \in \lambda \eta s$ ,  $\delta u \nu a \sigma a \iota \mu \in \kappa a \theta a \rho \iota \sigma a \iota$ . to cleanse. And putting forth την χειρα, ήψατο αυτου ὁ Ιησους, λεγων. Θελω, band, he touched him the Jesus, saying; Και ευθεως εκαθαρισθη αυτου ή καθαρισθητι. be thou cleansed. And immediately was cleansed of him the λεπρα. <sup>4</sup> Και λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους· Όρα μηδενι See And says to him the Jesus; ειπης αλλα ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, show to the priest, thyself thou tell; but go, και προσενεγκε το δωρον, ό προσεταξε Μωσης, gift, which commanded and the εις μαρτυριον αυτοις. a witness to them.

<sup>5</sup> Εισελθοντι δε αυτφ εις Καπερναουμ, προσ-Having entered and to him into Capernaum, ηλ $\theta \epsilon \nu$  αυτ $\omega$   $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατονταρχος, παρακαλ $\omega \nu$  αυτον, to him addressing him, a centurion,  $^6$  και λεγων $^\cdot$  Κυριε, δ παις μου βεβληται εν τη Osir, the boy of me is laid in the and saying, οικια παραλυτικος, δεινως βασανιζομενος. <sup>7</sup> Και greatly being afflicted. a paralytic, λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εγω ελθων θεραπευσω to him the Jesus; will heal says coming <sup>8</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ έκατονταρχος εφη· αυτον. answering And the centurion said; Κυριε, ουκ ειμι ίκανος ίνα μου ύπο την στεγην that of me under the not Iam fit roof εισελθης• αλλα μονον  $\epsilon$ ιπ $\epsilon$  λογ $\omega$ , και ιαθηthou shouldst enter; but will be only speak a word, and  $^9$  Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος ειμι σεται δ παις μου. healed the boy of me. Even for am

28 And it happened, when Jesus had finished this discourse, that the PEOPLE were struck with awe at his mode of instruction;

29 for he taught them as possessing Authority, and not as \*their scribes.

### CHAPTER VIII.

1 Being come down from the MOUNTAIN, followed by great Crowds,

2 behold, ‡a Leper coming, prostrated himself, saying, "Sir, if thou wilt, thou caust cleanse me."

3 And Jesus extending his Hand, touched him, saying, "I will; be thou clean:" and instantly he was † purified from His Leprosy.

4 Then JESUS says to him, "See that thou tell no one; but go, ‡ show thyself to the PRIEST, and present the † OBLATION enjoined by Moses, for † Notifying [the cure] to the people."

5 ‡ And having entered Capernaum, a † Centurion came to him, earnestly

accosting him,

6 and saying, "Sir, my SERVANT is laid in the HOUSE, seized with palsy, being greatly afflicted."

being greatly afflicted."

7 \* He says to him, " # am coming, and will cure

him."

8 \*And the CENTURION answered, "Sir, I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my ROOF; but only command by word, and my SERVANT will be cured:

9 for even I am a man

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript-29, their scribes. 7. He says. 8. And the centurion.

<sup>+ 3.</sup> By such a sign did Moses convince the house of Israel that God had sent him; and the Jews themselves confess that leprosy is the finger of God, a disease peculiarly of his sending and removing; and that it is not lawful for the physician, or any but the priest directly appointed in his course, so much as to attempt the cure of it.—Tourson. † 4. A sinoffering, and a burnt-offering with the meat-offering, and the priest shall make atonement for him.—Lev. xiv. 31. † 4. for notifying [the cure] to the people—so Geo. Campbell translates. The oblation could not be an evidence to the priest, as he had the privilege to inspect the man in private, before he was permitted to enter the temple to make an oblation. The ceremony consequent upon obtaining this permission, was the testimony of the priest to the people, that the man's leprosy was removed, and that he was no longer excluded from society. † 5. A Roman officer, who had the command of one hundred soldiers.

<sup>1 28.</sup> Mark i. 22; Luke iv. 32. xiv 3-32. 25. Luke vi. 1-19.

ύπο εξουσιαν, εχων ύπ' εμαυτον στρατιωτας· having under myself soldiers; και λεγω τουτφ· Πορευθητι, και πορευεται· και I say to this; Go, and he goes; and αλλώ. Ερχου, και ερχεται. και τφ δουλώ μου. to another; Come, and he comes; and to the slave of me; Ποιησον τουτο, και ποιει. <sup>10</sup> Ακουσας δε δ Do this, aud he docs. Hearing and the Ιησους, εθαυμασε, και ειπε τοις ακολουθουσιν. was astonished, and said to those following; 11 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι πολλοι απο πιστιν εύρον. faith I have found. I say but to you, that many ανατολων και δυσμων ήξουσι, και ανακλιθησονται and west will come, and will lie down μετα Αβρααμ και Ισαακ και Ιακωβ εν τη βασιλ-Abraam and Isaac and Jacob in the kingdom 12 Οι δε υίοι της βασιλειας εια των ουρανων. lieavens. The but sons of the kingdom εκβληθησονται εις το σκοτος το εξωτερον· εκει shall be cast out into the darkness the outer; εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδοντων. will be the weeping and the guashing of the teeth. 13 Και ειπεν δ Ιησους τω έκατονταρχη.  $\Upsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \epsilon$ , And said the Jesus to the centurion; Go, \*[και] ώς επιστευσας γενηθητω σοι. Και ιαθη [and] as thou hast believed let it be done to thee. And was healed ό παις αυτου εν τη ώρα εκεινη.

14 Και ελθων ὁ Ιησους εις την οικιαν Πετρου, And coming the Jesus into the house of Peter, ειδε την πενθεραν αυτου βεβλημενην και πυρεσthe mother-in-law of him being laid down and burning 15 Και ήψατο της χειρος αυτης, και σουσαν. with fever. And he touched the hand of her, and αφηκεν αυτην δ πυρετος· και ηγερθη, και διηfever; left her the and arose, and minis-16Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηνεγκονει αυτοις. to them. Evening now being come, they brought καν αυτώ δαιμονιζομένους πολλους και έξεβαλέ being possessed many; aud he cast out τα πνευματα λογφ, και παντας τους κακως spirits by a word, and all those sickness  $^{17}\delta\pi\omega s$   $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\omega\theta\eta$   $\tau o$ εχοντας εθεραπευσενhe healed; that might be fulfilled the δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος· δηθ∈ν word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying;

the boy of him in the hour

"Himself the weaknesses of us hetookaway, and the voodous  $\epsilon \beta \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \epsilon \nu$ ."

diseases he removed."

18 Ιδων δε δ Ιησους πολλους οχλους περι Seeing and the Jesus great muliitudes about

\*appointed under Authority, having soldiers under me, say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; to another, 'Come,' and he comes; and to my servant, 'Do this,' and he does it."

10 And Jesus listening, was astonished, and said to Those WALKING with him, "Indeed, I say to you, I have not found So-great Faith \* among

any in Israel:

11 and I assure you, †That many will come from the East and from the West, and will recline with Abraham and Isaac and Jacob, in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS:

12 that the sons of the kingdom will be riven into the touten darkness, where will be Weeping and gnashing

of TEETH."

13 Then Jesus said to the Centurion, "Go; be it done to thee as thou hast believed." And \*the SERVANT was IMMEDI-ATELY restored.

14 ‡ Then Jesus entering into Peter's House, saw his WIFE'S MOTHER lying sick of a fever:

15 and he touched her HAND, and the FEVER left her; and she arose, and entertained \*him.

16 ‡ Now, in the evening, they brought to him namy demoniaes; and he expelled the SPIRITS with a Word, and cured All the sick;

17 that the word spo-KEN through Isaiah the PROPHET might be verified, saying, ‡+"He has "himself carried off our "INFIRMITIES, and borne "our DISTRESSES."

18 And Jesus seeing

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT-9. appointed under. 13. the SERVANT. 15. him.

<sup>10.</sup> among any in.

<sup>13.</sup> and—omit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Our Lord continues the image of a feast; the banqueting room was in the night illumated with many lamps. He who is driven out of it and the house, is in darkness, and the further he is removed, the grosser the darkness.—Wetstein. † 17. "This man beareth away our sins, and for us he is in sorrow."—Thomson's Septuagint translation of Isa. Ilii. 4.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Luke xiii. 29. † 16. Mark i. 32; Luke iv. 40. † 17. Isa, liii, 4.

<sup>19</sup> Kaı αύτον, εκελευσεν απελθειν εις το περαν. he gave orders to depart to the otherside. And προσελθων είς γραμματευς, ειπεν αυτφ· Διδασcoming one scribc, said to him; Oteacher, 20 Kai καλε, ακολουθησω σοι, δπου εαν απερχη. And I will follow thee, where ever thou goest. λεγει αυτώ ὁ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους to him the Jesus; The foxes εχουσι, και τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωand the birds of the heaven σεις. ὁ δε υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την man the but son of the not he has, where the <sup>21</sup> Έτερος δε των μαθητων κεφαλην κλινη. Another he may rest. and of the autov  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu$  aut $\phi^*$  Kupi $\epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \pi i\tau \rho \epsilon \psi$ ov  $\mu$ oi  $\pi \rho \omega \tau$ ov of him said to him; O master, permit thou me first 22 'Ο δε απελθειν, και θαψαι τον πατερα μου. and to bury the father of me. The but Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Ακολουθει μοι, και αφες to him; Follow τους νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων νεκρους. dead ones to bury the of themselves dead ones.

καλυπτεσθαι ύπο των κυματων· αυτος δε εκαby the waves; 25 Και προσελθοντες οι μαθηται ηγειραν θευδε. coming asleep. the disciples αυτον, λεγοντες· Κυριε, σωσον  $[\eta \mu \alpha s,]$ απολhim, saying; O master, do thou save [us.] λυμεθα. 26 Και λεγει αυτοις. Τι δειλοι εστε, perish. And he says to them: How timid you are, ολιγοπιστοι; Τοτε εγερθεις  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \iota \mu n \sigma \epsilon$ TOIS O you of weak faith? Then arising he rebuked the

ανεμοις και τη θαλλαση και εγενετο γαληνη winds and the sea; and there was a calm μεγαλη. <sup>27</sup>Οί δε ανθρωποι εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες great. The and men were astonished, saying;

Ποταπις εστιν ούτος, ότι και οἱ ανεμοι και  $\hat{\eta}$ What 12 this, that even the winds and the

θαλασσα ὑπακουουσιν αυτω;
sea hearken to him?

The state of the common to him to the other side, into the country of the Gergesenes, the country of the country of

\*a Crowd about him, gave orders to pass to the †OP-POSITE-SIDE.

19 And a certain Scribe approaching, said to him, ‡"Rabbi, I will follow thee wherever thou goest."

20 And Jesus says to him, "The fores have Holes, and the birds of Heaven places of shelter, but the son of Man has not where he may recline his head."

21 And another, one of \*th disciples said to him, 1"Master, permit me first tc go and bury my father."

22 But Jesus \*says to him, "Follow me; and leave the DEAD ONES to inter THEIR own Dead."

23 Then going on board \*a Boat, his DISCIPLES

followed him.

24 ‡ And behold, there arose a violent Tempest in the LAKE, so that the BOAT was being covered by the BILLOWS; but he was asle p.

25 And \*they came and awoke him, saying, "Save, Master; we perish!"

26 And he says to them, "Why are you afraid, O you distrustful?" Then arising, he rebuked the WINDS and there was a great Calm.

27 And the MEN were astonished, saying, "How great is this man! for even the WINDS and the SEA obey him."

28 ‡ And coming to the opposite-side, into the region of the \*GADARENES, there met him two Demoniacs, coming forth from the MONUMENTS, so very furious, that no one was able to pass along for that ROAD.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—18. a Crowd. 21. the disciples. 22. says. 20. a Boat—so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 25. they came. 25. us—omit. 28. ULA-BENES—so Tischendorf; but Lachmann reads Gerasenes.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Opposite side or shore of the Lake Gennesareth. Crossing this lake does not always denote sailing from the east side to the west, or inversely; though the river Jordan, b th above and below the lake, ran southwards. The lake was of such a form, that, without any impropriety, it might be said to be crossed in other directions, even by those who kept on the same side of the Jordan.—Campbell.

<sup>1 19</sup> Luke ix. 57. 28. Mark v 1; Luke viii. 26.

<sup>29</sup> Kaı δδου εκεινης. ιδου, εκραξαν the that. And lo, they cried out wav λεγοντες. Τι ήμιν και σοι, υίε του θεου; Ηλ-What to us and to thec, O son of the God? Comest saying; θες ώδε προ καιρου βασανισαι ήμας;  $^{30}\,{
m H}\nu$  δε There was now thou here before a destined time to tormeut us?  $\alpha \pi'$ αντων αγελη χοιρων πολλων at some distance from them a herd of swine βοσκομένη. 31 Οί δε δαιμονές παρεκαλουν αυτον, implored feeding. The and demons him. λεγοντες· Ει εκβαλλεις ἡμας, αποστειλο*ι* ἡμας If thou cast out saving: us, εις την αγελην των χοιρων. 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις· herd ofthe swine. the And he said to them; Υπαγε $\tau \epsilon$ . Οί δε εξελθοντες απηλθον εις τους Go: They and coming out they wen! Και ιδου, ώρμησε πασα ή αγελη κατα χοιρους. And lo, rushed whole the herd του κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν, και απεθανον εν steep place into the lake, died and in 33 Οί δε βοπκοντες εφυγον, τοις ύδασιν. кал They and feeding them fied, απελθοντες εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν παντα, related arriving at the city, <sup>34</sup> Και ιδου, πασα και τα των δαιμονιζομενων. and that of those being demonized. And lo. whole ή πολις εξηλθεν εις συναντησιν τω Ιησου· και went out to a meeting to the Jesus; ιδοντες αυτον, παρεκαλεσαν, όπως μεταβη seeing him. they entreated, that he would depart απο των όριων αυτων. the coasts of them.

# KE $\phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

ι Και εμβας εις το πλοιον,  $\delta \iota \epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho \alpha \sigma \epsilon$ , And stepping into the boat, he passed over, ηλθεν εις την ιδιαν πολιν. 2Και ιδου, προσεφερον came to the own city. And lo, they brought αυτω, παραλυτικον, επι κλινης βεβλημενον. to him, a paralytic, upon a bed lving. Και ιδων ό Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, ειπε τω And seeing the Jesus the faith of them, he said to the παραλυτικώ. Θαρσει, τεκνον. αφεωνται \*[σοι] Take courage, son; are forgiven [thee] paralytic;

29 And, behold, they cried out, saying, "What hast thou to do with us, O Son of God? Comesí thou hither before the appointed Time, to torment ns?"

30 Now there was at some distance from them a great Herd of Swine feeding.

31 And the Demons implored him, saying, " If thou dismiss us, send us away to the HERD of SWINE."

32 And he said to them, "Go." And THEY, going forth, went away to the swine; and behold, the Whole HERD rushed down t the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and perished in the WATERS.

33 Then the swine-HERDS fled, and reaching the CITY, related all this, and the THINGS concerning the DEMONIACS.

34 And presently the Whole CITY came forth to meet Jesus, and seeing him, they entreated that he would retire from their VICINITY.

### CHAPTER IX.

Then stepping on board \*a Boat, he crossed the lake, and came to his ‡own City.

2 And they brought to him a paralytic, lying on a Bed: and JESUS perceiving their FAITH, said to the PARALYTIC, "Son,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-1. a Boat. 2. thee-omit

<sup>† 32.</sup> The following extract from "Hackett's Tour in the Holy Land," will serve as an illustration:—"Country of the Gadarenes.—I spent a night, and part of two days, in the vicinity of the Lake of Tiberias. My tent was pitched near the Hot Baths, about a mile south cinity of the Lake of Tiberias. My tent was pitched near the Hot Baths, about a mile south of the town of Tiberias, and, consequently, near the south end of the lake. In looking across the water to the other side, I had before me the country of the Gadarenes, where the swine, impelled by an evil spirit, plunged into the sea. I was struck with a mark of accuracy in the sacred writers, which had never occurred to me till then. They state that 'the swine ran violently down the steep place or precipice,' (the article being required by the Greek,) 'and were choked in the waters.' It is implied here, first, the hills in that region approach near the water; and, secondly, that they fall off so abruptly along the shore, that it would be natural for a writer, familiar with that fact, to refer to it as well known. Both these implications are correct. A mass of rocky hills overlook the sea on that side, so near the water, that one sees their dark outline reflected from its surface, while their sides, in general, are so steep, that a person familiar with the scenery would hardly think of speaking of a steep place or precipice, where so much of the coast forms but one continuous precipice. Our translators omit the definite article, and show, by this inadvertence, how naturally the more exact knowledge of the Evangelists influenced their language."

<sup>1 1.</sup> Matt iv. 13. ‡ 2. Mark ii. 3; Luke v. 18.

αι άμαρτιαι σου. <sup>3</sup> Και ιδου, τινες των γραμμα-the sios ofthee. And lo, some of the scribes τεων ειπον εν έαυτοις. Ούτος βλασφημει. 4 Kaı said among themselves; This blasphemes. And  $\delta$  In  $\sigma$  us  $\tau$  as  $\epsilon \nu \theta \nu \mu \eta \sigma \epsilon is$  au  $\tau \eta \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ the knowing the Jesus thoughts says; 'Ι ατι ύμεις ενθυμεισθε πονηρα εν ταις καρδιαις evil think 2 m the hearts  $^{5}$  Τι γαρ εστιν ευκοπωτερον: Which for is easier? μων;  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \iota \nu$ you? to say, Αφεωνται σου αί άμαρτιαι; η ειπειν Εγειραι sins? Are forgiven of thee the or to say: Arise και περιπατει; 6 Ίνα δε ειδητε ότι εξουσιαν That but you may know that authority walk? εχει δ υίος του ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι has the son of the man on the earth to forgive άμαρτιας· (τοτε λεγει τω παραλυτικώ·) Εγερ-(then he says to the paralytic;) θεις αρού σου την κλινήν, και ύπαγε εις τον take up of thee the bed, and go οικον σου. ΤΚαι εγερθεις απηλθεν εις τον οικον house of thee. And arising he went to the 8 Ιδοντες δε οί οχλοι εθαυμασαν, και αύτου. and the crowds wondered. of kim. Seerog εδοξασαν τον θεον, τον δοντα εξουσιαν τοιαυτην the God, that having given authority so great τοις ανθρωποις.

to the 9 Και παραγων ὁ Ιησους εκειθεν, ειδεν ανθρω-And passing on the Jesus from thence, he saw επι το τελωνιον, Ματθαιον πον καθημενον sitting at the custom-house, λεγομενον· και λεγει αυτω· Ακολουθει μοι. and he says to him; Follow being named; Και αναστας ηκολουθησεν αυτφ. <sup>10</sup>Και εγενετο, And it happened, he followed him. rising up αυτου ανακειμενου εν τη οικια, και ιδου, πολλοι of him reclining at table in the house, and lo. τελωναι και άμαρτωλοι ελθοντες συνανεκε.ντο publicans and sinners coming reclined 11 Kaı τω Ιησου και τοις μαθηταις αυτου. and with the Jesus the disciples of him. ιδοντες οί Φαρισαιοι ειπον τοις μαθηταις αυτου· seeing th Pharisees said to the disciples of him; Διατι μετα των τελωνων και ὰμαρτωλων εσθιει and the publicans sinners eats 12 'Ο οε Ιησους ακουσας, δ διδασκαλος ύμων ; teacher of you? The and Jesus  $\begin{array}{cccc} \epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu*[\alpha\upsilon\tau \cap \iota s^*] & \text{O}\upsilon\;\chi\rho\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu\;\epsilon\chi\upsilon\upsilon\sigma\iota\nu\;\sigma\iota\;\iota\sigma\chi\upsilon\upsilon\nu\tau\epsilons\\ \text{says} & \text{[to them,]} & \text{No} & \text{need} & \text{have} & \text{those heing well} \end{array}$ <sup>13</sup> Πορευθεντες ίατρου, αλλ' οί κακως ενοντες. of a physician, but those sick being. You are going " Ελεον  $\delta \epsilon \mu \alpha \theta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\tau \iota \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$  $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ , και ου learn what is: Mercy I wish, and not take courage; Thy sins are forgiven."

3 And behold, some of the SCRIBES said among themselves, "This man blasphemes."

4 But Jesus discerning their THOUGHTS, said, "Why do you think evil [things] in your HEARTS?

5 For, which is easier? to say, \*Thy sins are forgiven; or to say, [with effect,] Arise, and walk?

6 But that you may know that the son of MAN has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (then he says to the PARALYTIC,) "Arise, take up Thy BED, and go to thy HOUSE."

7 And arising, he went

to his House.

8 And the PEOPLE seeing it, \*feared and praised THAT GOD who had GIVEN such Authority to MEN.

9 ‡And Jesus, passing on from thence, sar a Man, named Matthew, sitting at the †TAX-OF-FICE; and he says to him, "Foilow me." And he arose, and followed him.

10 And it came to pass, as he was reclining at table in his house, behold, ‡ Many Tribute-takers and † Sinners coming, reclined with Jesus and his disciples.

11 And the Pharisees observing it, said to his disciples, ‡" Why does your teacher and with tribute takers and Sinners."

12 But \* He hearing it, says, "THEY who are in HEALTH have no need of a Physician, but THEY who are SICK.

13 But go, and learn what that is, ‡'I desire

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—5. Thy sins. hearing. 12. to them—omit.

<sup>8.</sup> feared—so Lach. and Tisch.

<sup>12.</sup> HE

<sup>† 9.</sup> Probably an office erected on the side of the lake for collecting toll of passengers, and receiving the customs for goods carried by water. † 10. The word hamartoolos, sinner, is generally used in the Gospels, and indeed throughout the N. T., either to signify Gentile, or such of the Jews who, from their illicit practices, were looked upon in the same light with the Gentiles. See Gal. ii, 15.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Mark ii. 14; Luke v. 27. :13, Hos. vi. 6; Matt. xii. 7.

θυσιαν." Ου γαρ ηλθον καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλ'  $_{a}$  sacrifice." Not for I  $_{a}$  come to call just persons, but  $_{a}$   $_{b}$   $_{a}$   $_{b}$   $_{a}$   $_{b}$   $_{a}$   $_{b}$   $_{a}$   $_{b}$   $_{b}$ 

sinners.

15 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Μη δυνανται οί υίοι And says to them the Jesus Not are able the sons  $\tau$ ou  $\nu$ u $\mu$  $\phi$  $\omega$  $\nu$ os  $\pi$  $\epsilon$  $\nu$ 0 $\epsilon$  $\nu$ 0,  $\epsilon$  $\phi$ 0 or  $\epsilon$ 0 $\epsilon$ 0 u $\epsilon$  $\tau$ 0 au $\tau$  $\omega$  $\nu$ of the bridal chamber to mourn, in asmuch with εστιν δ νυμφιος: Ελευσυνται δε ήμεραι, δταν but days, the bridegroom? Shall come απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, και τοτε νηστευmay be taken from them the bridegroom, and then they shall σουσιν. 16 Ουδεις δε επιβαλλει επιβλημα ρακους No one now puts a patch αγναφου επι ίματιω παλαιω· αιρει γαρ το πληunfulled on to a mantle old; takes away for the patch ρωμα αυτου απο του ίματιου, και χειρον σχισμα from the mantle, and worse a rent 17 Ουδε βαλλουσιν OLVOV VEOV ELS γινεται. wine new into do they put. ασκους παλαιους. ει δε μηγε, ρηγνυνται οί ασκοι, if but not, burst bottles old; και δ οινος εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται: and the bottles are destroyed; and the wine is spilled, αλλα βαλλουσιν οινον νεον εις ασκους καινους, new anto bottles wine they put και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται. both are preserved together.

18 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, αυτοις, ιδου, αρχων lo, to them, a ruler of him speaking, ' Οτι ή ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων. eis prostrated to him, saying, That the certam coming αλλα ελθων θυγατηρ μου αρτι ετελευτησεν. coming daughter of me now is dead; but επιθες την χειρα σου επ' αυτην, και ζησεται.
lay the hand of thee spon her, and she shall two <sup>19</sup> Και εγερθεις δ Ιησους ηκολουθησεν αυτ $\psi$ , went after him, And arising the Jesus <sup>20</sup> Και ιδου, γυνη **α**ίμορκαι οί μαθηται αυτου. ≟ar**d** lo, a voman having a and the disciples of him. προσελθουσα  $o\pi\iota\sigma\theta\in\nu$ , δυουσα δωδεκα  $\epsilon \tau \eta$ , flow of blood twelve years, approaching behind, ήψατο του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου. <sup>21</sup>Ελtouched the She tuft ofthe mantle εγε γαρ εν έαυτη. Εαν μονον άψωμαι τυ ίματιου only I can touch the said for within herself; If mantle <sup>22</sup> Ο δε Ιησους επιστραφεις **αυτου,** σωθησομαι. of him, I shall be hesled. The but Jesus turning

'Compassion, † and not 'a Sacrifice;' for I came not to call Righteous men, but Sinners."

14 Then John's DISCI-PLES accosting him, said, ‡" TORe and the PHARI-SEES fast, why not also thy DISCIPLES?"

15 And Jesus says to them, ‡ "Can the BRIDE. MEN mourn, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them? But the Time will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, † and then they will fast.

16 No one puts a Piece of undressed Cloth on an old Garment; because the PATCH itself would tear the GARMENT, and a worse Rent be made.

17 Neither do persons put new Wine into old †Shine; for if they do, the SKI burst, and the WINE is spilled, and the SKINS are destroyed: but they put new Wine into new Skins, and both are preserved."

18 ‡ While he was thus speaking to them, a certain Ruler coming, prostrated to him, saying, "My DAUGHTER IS by this time dead; but come, lay thy HAND on her, and she will revive."

19 And JESUS arising, with his DISCIPLES, followed him.

20 † And, behold, a Woman, having been afflicted with an hemorrhage for Twelve Years, coming behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE;

21 for she said within herself, "If I can only touch his mantle, I shall be cured."

22 Jesus turning, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-14. much-omit.

<sup>† 13. &</sup>quot;I desire mercy, rather than sacrifice."—Septuagint. † 15. The force of our Lord's answer will appear more appropriate from the fact that John was now in prison, so that his followers were fasting in consequence of their master's removal from them. † 17. Skins of the kid were very much used by the ancients for their wine. They were used whole, and the openings for the legs and head were tied up with strings. They were not strong enough to be used a second time for the same purpose.—Samuel Sharpe.

Θαρσει, θυγατερ·  $\mathring{\eta}$ Take courage, daughter; the και ιδων αυτην, ειπε: and seeing her, said; Και εσωθη ή γυνη απο  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota \varsigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \kappa \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$ . faith of thee has saved thee. And was well the woman from <sup>23</sup> Και ελθων δ Ιησους εις της ώρας εκεινης. And coming the hour of that. Jesus την οικιαν του αρχοντος, και ιδων τους αυλητας, house of the ruler, aud seeing the flute-players, και τον οχλον θορυβουμενον, 24 λεγει \*[αυτοις·] and the crowd making a noise, says [to them;] Αναχωρειτε· ου γαρ απεθανε το κορασιον, αλλα Withdraw; not for 18 dead the girl, but <sup>25</sup> Ότε δε καθευδει. Και κατεγελων αυτου. When but And they derided hım. sleeps.  $\xi \xi \in \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$   $\delta$   $o \chi \lambda o s$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$   $\epsilon \kappa \rho \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon$ they put out the crowd, he entering took hold of the <sup>26</sup> Kaı χειρος αυτης και ηγερθη το κορασιον. other: and was raised the girl. εξηλθεν ή φημη αύτη εις όλην την γην εκεινην. the went forth the report this into all

<sup>27</sup> Και παραγοντι εκειθεν τφ Ιησου, ηκολου-And passing on from there the  $\theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu * [\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega]$   $\delta \upsilon \sigma \tau \upsilon \phi \lambda \sigma \upsilon$ , Jesus, δυο τυφλοι, κρα ζοντες και after [him] two blind mea, crying out and λεγοντες Ελεησον ήμας, νίε Δαυιδ. 28 Ελθοντι Have pity ou us, O son of David. Being come δε εις την οικιαν, προσηλθον αυτφ οί τυφλοι, and into the house, to him the blind men, came και λεγει αυτοις ό Ιησους· Πιστευετε, ότι δυνα-and says to them the Jesus; Do you believe, that I am μαι τουτο ποιησαι; Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Ναι κυριε. They say to him; Yes O master; able this to do? <sup>23</sup>Τοτε ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων, λεγων· of them, saying Then he touched the eyes Κατα την πιστιν ύμων  $\gamma$ ενηθητω ύμιν.  $^{30}$  Και According to the faith of you be it done to you. ανεωγθησαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι. Και ενεβριμηwere pened of them the eyes. And strictly λεγων 'Ορατε, μηδεις σατο αυτοις δ Ιησους, See, charaed them the Jesus. saying; no one 31 Οί δε εξελθοντες διεφημισαν γινωσκετω. They but having gone published knows. <sup>32</sup> Αυτων δε εξεραυτον εν όλη τη γη εκεινη. These and going αυτώ ανθρωπον χομενων, ιδου, προσηνεγκαν lo, they brought to him a man κωφον, δοιμονιζομένον. 33 Και εκβληθέντος του being demonized.  $\Lambda nd$ having cast out the δαιμονιου, ελαλησε δ κωφος. Και εθαυμασαν spoke the dumb. And were astonished Ουδεποτε εφανη ούτως εν οί οχλοι, λεγουτες. the crowds, saying; was it seeu thus

seeing her, said, "Taka courage, Daughter; thy FAITH has cured thee." And the WOMAN was Welfrom that HOUR.

23 ‡ Jesus being come into the BULER'S HOUSE, and seeing the † FLUTE-PLAYERS and the CROWD making lamentation.

24 says to them, "Leave the place; for the GIRL is not dead, but sleeps." And they derided him.

25 But when the COM-PANY was excluded, he entering in, grasped her HAND, and the GIRL was raised.

26 And the REPORT of this [miracle] went forth through All that REGION.

27 And Jesus passing from thence, Two Blind men followed, exclaiming, "O Son of David, have compassion on us!"

28 And being come into the HOUSE, the BLIND men came to him; and JESUS says to them, "Do you believe That I can do this?" They reply to him, "You Meeter?"

"Yes, Master."
29 Then he touched their EYES, saying, "Be it done to you according to

your faith."

30 And Their EYES were opened; and JESUS strictly charged them, saying, "See that you inform no one."

31 But they, having departed, spread his fame through All that LAND.

32 Now, as these men were going out, behold, there was brought to him a Durab man, being demonized.

33 And the DEMON having been expelled, the DUMB man spoke, and the PEOPLE were astonished, saying, "Never was it thus seen in ISRAEL!"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24. to them-omit. 27. him-omit.

t 23. Servius on Virgil says, "The funerals of the elder sort with the trumpet, and those of the younger with the flute." Lightfoot remarks, "On the death of his wife even the poorest Jew will afford not less than two pipes (or flutes,) and one woman to make lamentation." See 2 Chron. xxxv. 25; Eccles. xii. 5; Jer. ix. 17; xlviii. 30.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Mark v. 38; Luke viii. 51.

<sup>1 32.</sup> Matt. xii. 22 ; Luke xi. 14.

to cast out

35 Και περιηγεν δ Ιησους τας πολεις πασας And went about the Jesus the cities all και τας κωμας, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις and the villages, teaching in the synagogies αυτων, και κηρυσσων το ευαγγελιον της βασιλofthem, and publishing the glad tidings of the kingdom, ειας, και δεραπευων πασαν νοσον και πασαν μαλακιαν.

malady.  $\frac{36}{5}$   $\frac{15\omega\nu}{\text{Seeing and}}$   $\frac{\delta\epsilon}{\text{the crowds}}$ ,  $\frac{\epsilon\sigma\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma\chi\nu_1\sigma\theta\eta}{\text{he was invoved with pity}}$  for ότι η ταν εσκυλμενοι και ερβιμμενοι,  $\alpha v \tau \omega v$ , them, because they were jaded and scattered, ώσει προβανα μη εχουτα ποιμενα. <sup>37</sup> Τοτε λεγει like sheep not having a snepherd. Then he says τοις μαθηταις αύτου 'Ο μεν δερισμος πολυς, οί to the disciples of him; The indeed barrest plenteons, the  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \tau \epsilon u \ \epsilon \lambda i \gamma o i$ .  $^{38} \Delta \epsilon \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon \ o u v \tau o u \kappa u \rho i o u$ then the but laborers few. Implore του θεριώμου, όπως εκβαλη εργατας εις τον of the harvest, that he would send out laborers into the  $\theta \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \mu \rho \nu$  autou. KEP. i. 10. Kai prosharvest of him. And having καλεσαμενος τους δωδεκα μαθητας αύτου, εδωtwelve disciples of him, κεν αυτοις εξουσιαν πνευματων ακαθαρτων, ώστε gave to them authority spirits unclean, so as

και πασαν μαλακιαν.

2 Των δε δωδεκα αποστολων τα ονοματα of the now twelve apostles the names forth ταυτα πρωτος, Σίμων δ λεγομενος are these; first, Simon that being called neether, and Andrew the brother of him; James βος δ του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννης δ αδελφος αυτου του του του δηματος, και Βασθολομαιος. Θωμας, και συτου δηλιπτος, και Βασθολομαιος. Θωμας, και συτου δηλιπτος, και Βασθολομαιος.

εκβαλλειν αυτα, και θεραπευειν πασαν νοσον

to heal

every disease

them, and

That of the Zebedee, and John the brother  $\alpha \nu \tau \sigma v^{-3}\Phi i\lambda i\pi \pi \sigma s$ , kat  $B\alpha \rho \theta c\lambda o\mu \alpha \iota \sigma s$ .  $\Theta \omega \mu \alpha s$ , kat of him; Philip, and Bartholomew; Thomas, and  $M\alpha \tau \theta \alpha \iota \sigma s$   $\delta$   $\tau \epsilon \lambda \omega \nu \eta s$ :  $I\alpha \kappa \omega \beta \sigma s$   $\delta$   $\tau \sigma \nu \Delta \lambda \Phi \alpha \iota \sigma \nu$ . Matthew the tax-gatherer; James that of the Alpheus, kat  $\pi \left[\Lambda \epsilon \beta \beta \alpha \iota \sigma s$   $\delta$   $\epsilon \pi \iota \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \epsilon \iota s$ ]  $\Theta \alpha \delta \delta \alpha \iota \sigma s$   $\Delta \iota \mu \omega \nu$  and [Lebbeus that surnamed] Thaddeus; Simon  $\delta$   $\kappa \alpha \nu \alpha \nu \iota \tau \eta s$ , kat  $I\sigma \nu \delta \alpha s$   $\delta$   $I\sigma \kappa \alpha \rho \iota \omega \tau \eta s$ ,  $\delta$   $\kappa \alpha \iota$  the Canaanite, and Judas that Iscariot, who even  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \delta \sigma \sigma \sigma \tau \sigma \nu s$ .

5 Τουτους τους δωδεκα απεστείλεν δ Ιησους,
These the twelve sent forth the Jesus
παραγγείλας αυτοις, λεγων Εις όδον εθνων μη
commanding them, saying; Into avoad of Gentiles not
απελθητε, και εις πολιν Σαμαρείτων μη εισελyou may go, and into acity of Samaritans not you may

34 But the PHARISEES said, ‡"He expels the DEMONS by the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

35 ‡And Jesus went through all the CITIES and VILLAGES teaching in their SYNAGOCUES, and announcing the GLAD TIDINGS of the KINGDOM, and curing Every Disease and Every Malady.

36 ‡ And beholding the CROWDS, he deeply pitied them, Because they were being harassed and dispersed, as Sheep having no Shepherd.

no onephera.

37 Then he says to his DISCIPLES, ‡"The HAR-VEST indeed is great, but the REAPERS are few;

38 beseech, therefore, the LORD of the HAR-VEST, that he would send Laborers to REAP it."

### CHAPTER X.

1 And having summoned his TWELVE Disciples. the gave them Authority to expel impure Spirits, and to cure Diseases and Maladies of Every kind.

- 2 Now these are the NAMES of the TWELVE Apostles; The first, THAT Simon, NAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER; THAT James, son of Zebedee, and John his BROTHER;
- 3 Philip and Bartholomew; Thomas, and Matthew the TRIBUTE TAKER; THAT James, son of ALPHÆUS; and Thaddeus;
- 4 Simon the Canaanite; and THAT Judas Iscariot, who even delivered him up.
- 5 These TWELVE JESUS commissioned, instructing them, saying, "Go not Away to the Gentiles, and enter not any city of the Samaritans;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-3. THAT Lebbæus, surnamed-omit.

<sup>1 36.</sup> Mark vi. 34; Ezek. 1 1. Mark iii. 13; ix. 1-

6 Πορευεσθε δε μαλλον προς τα ποοβατα  $\theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ . to enter. G you but rather tne sheep 7 Πορευομέν ιδε! τα μπηλωλοτα οικου Ισραηλ. perishing house f Israel. Passing on you. Way and κηρυσσετε, λεγοντες 'Οτι ηγγικεν η βασιλεια preach you, saying; That has come nigh the kingdom <sup>8</sup> Α Γεν υντας θεραπευέτε, νέκτων ουρανων. of the heavens. Those being sick heal. ρους εγειρετε, λεπρους καθαριζετε, δαιμονια lepers cleanse, demons εκβαλλετε· δωρεαν ελαβετε, δωρεαν δοτε. freely you have received, freely cast out;

 $^9\,\mathrm{M}$ η κτυσησθ $\epsilon$  χρυσον, μηδ $\epsilon$  αργυρον, μηδ $\epsilon$ provide gold silver. nor χαλκον εις τας ζωνας ύμων  $^{10}$ μη πηραν εις όδον, belts of you; copper in the not a bag for a journey, μηδε δυο χιτωνας, μηδε ύποδηματα, μηδε ραβδον. tunies, sandals, nor nor

Αξιος γαρ δ εργατης της τροφης αύτου εστιν. for the laborer of the food 11 Εις ήν δ' αν πολιν η κωμην εισελθητε. Into what and ever or country-town you may enter, city εξετασατε, τις εν αυτη αξιος εστι· κακει μεινατε, worthy is; and there abide, search out, who in her  $^{12}$ Εισερχομενοι δε εις την έως αν εξελθητε.

and into you go thence. Entering <sup>13</sup> Και εαν μεν οικιαν, ασπασασθε αυτην. salute ber. And if indeed may be ή οικια άξια, ελθετω ή ειρηνη ύμων επ' αυτην. the house worthy, let come the peace of you on 14 Και ός εαν μη δεξηται ύμας, And who if not may receive you,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \rho \alpha \phi \eta \tau \omega$ . let it turn.

μηδε ακουση τους λογους ύμων, εξερχομενοι της the words hear of you, coming out οικιας η της πολεως εκεινης, εκτιναξατε τον or of the that, city shake off the  $^{15}$ Αμην λεγω υμιν, κονιορτον των ποδων ύμων. of the feet of you. Indeed l say to you,

ανεκτοτερον έσται γη Σοδομων και Γομορόων εν will be land of Sodom more tolerable and Gomorrah in  $^{16}$ Ιδου,  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ ημερα κρισεως, η τη πολει εκεινη. of trial, than the city La,

αποστελλω ύμας ώς προβατα εν μεσω λυκων.
send you as sheep in midst of wolves. Γινεσθο ουν φρονιμοι ώς οἱ οφεις, και ακεραιοι Be ye therefore wise as the serpents, and ċs αί **π**εριστεραι.

as the doves.

<sup>17</sup> Προσεχετε δε απο των ανθρ**ωπων.** Παρα-Take heed and of the men. They will συνεδρια, και 😥 ταις δωσουσι γαρ ύμας εις hand over sanhedrins, and in the

6 # But go rather to the PERISHING SHEEP of the Stock of Israel.

7 ‡ And as you go, pro-claim, saying, The KING-DOM of the EAVENS has approached.

8 Heal tr. Sick, †[raise

the Lead, 'cleanse Lepers. expe. Demons; freely you have received, freely give.

9 Provide neither Gold, nor Silver, nor Copper, in your † GIRDLES;

10 carry no Traveling Bag, no spare Clothes, Shoes, or Staff; # for the WORKMAN is Worthy of his MAINTENANCE.

11 And whatever City or Village you enter, inquire what worthy person resides there; and remain with him till you leave the place.

12 When you enter the HOUSE, salute the family.

13 And if the FAMILY be worthy, let the PEACE you wish come upon them; but if thworthy, let your PEASF return \* upon yourselves.

14 And whoever will not receive you, nor hear your words, in departing from that HOUSE or CITY,

shake the Dust off your

FEET.

15 Indeed, I say to you, tit will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom and Gomorrah, in a Day of Judgment, than for that city.

16 # Behold! # send you forth as Sheep \*into the Midst of Wolves; be, therefore, sagacious as SERPENTS, and innocent as DOVES.

17 But beware of these MEN; ‡ for they will de-liver you up to High

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-13, upon you. 16. into

<sup>† 8. [</sup>Raise the Dead.] This clarge, though found in the Vatican, is wanting in a great number of MSS. Griesbach excluded it from his first edition of the Greek text, but inserted it in subsequent editions, marked as doubtful. Campbell, Wetstein, and Wakefield reject it. Mackinght, Whitby, and Doddridge think it better to retain the clause, as it is evident some passages in this discourse refer to events which did not immediately take place. See verses 18 21 22 4 0 Their runses were comproplied in their girdler. † 9. Their purses were commonly in their girdles. 18, 21, 23.

<sup>15.</sup> Matt. xi. 22, 24. 15. Luke v. 3. 17. Mark v. 6; Luke ix. 3; E. 7. 15. Matt. xi. 22, 24. 15. Luke v. 3. 17. Matt. xxiv. 9. : 10. Tim. v. 18.

συναγωγαις αὐτων μαστιγωσουσιν ύμας.  $^{18}$  και synagogues of them they shall scourge you; and επι ήγεμονας δε και βασιλεις αχθησεσθε ένεκεν before governors and also kings you shall be lead on account εμου, εις μαρι υριον αυτοις και τοις εθνεσιν. οί της, for a witness to them and to the nations,  $^{19}$ : Όταν δε παραδιδωσιν ύμας, μη μεριμνησητε,

When but they shall deliver up you, not you may be anxious, πως η τι λαλησητε δοθησεται γαρ ύμιν εν how or what you must speak; it shall be given for to you in how or what you must speak, εκεινή τη ώρα, τι λαλησετε. Ου γαρ ύμεις ha hour, what you shall speak Not for you εστε οί λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα του πατρος but the spirit of the father are the speaking,  $^{21}$ Παραδωσει δε ύμων, το λαλουν εν ύμιν. of you, that is speaking in Will give up you. and αδελφος αδελφον εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον· a brother a brother to death, and a father a child; και επαναστησονται τεκνα επι γονεις, και θανα-παντων δια το ονομα μου. 'Ο δε ύπομεινας εις for the name of me. The but persevering τελος, ούτος σωθησεται the same shall be saved.

23 Όταν δε διωκωσιν ύμας εν τη πολει ταυτη, When but they persecute you in the φευγετε εις την έτεραν· καν εκ ταυτης διωκωσιν into the other, and if out of this they persecute  $A\mu\eta\nu$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$  Indeed for I say ύμας, φευγετε εις την αλλην. flee into the other. ύμιν, ου μη · ελεσητε τας πολεις του Ισραηλ, to you, in no wise on may finish the cities of the έως αν ελθη δυίος του ανθρωπου.  $^{24}$  Ουκ εστι till may come the son of the man. μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον, ουδε δουλος ύπερ above the a disciple teacher, nor a slave ahove  $^{25}$  Αρκετον τω μαθητη ίνα τον κυριον αύτου. of him. Sufficient to the the lord disciple γενηται ώς ό διδασκαλος αυτου, και ό δουλος ώς teacher of hun, and the ό κυριος αυτου Ειτον οικοδεσποτην Βεελζεβουλ of him. If the master of the house the lord επεκαλεσαν, ποσφ μαλλον τους οικιακους αυτου; they have named, how much more the domestics <sup>26</sup> Μη ουν φοβηθητε αυτους.  $Ov\delta \in V$   $\gamma a \rho \in \sigma \tau \iota$ Nothing for is Not therefore you may fear them. κεκαλυμμενον, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεται. кал naving been covered, which not shall be uncovered; and Councils, and scourge you in their SYNAGOGUES;

18 and they will bring you before Governors and Kings, on my account, to bear Testimony to them and the GENTILES.

19 ‡ But when they deliver you up, be not anxious how, or what you shall speak, because what you should say shall be suggested to you in That MOMENT.

20 For it is not nou that shall speak; but the spirit of your father is that which speaks by you.

21 †Then Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

22 And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME. But HE Who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the End, will be saved.

23 But when they persecute you in this ciry, fly to the other; †[and from that, if they persecute you, take refuge in another;] for indeed I declare to you, you will not have gone through the ciries of \*Israel, till the son of man be come.

24 ‡ A Disciple is not above his TEACHER, no. a Servant above his MASTER.

25. It is sufficient for the disciple that he be as his teacher, and the servant as his master. If they have called the householder Beclzebul, how much more those of his household?

26 ‡ Therefore, fear them not; for there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. Israel.

<sup>† 23.</sup> This sentence is not found in the Vatican MS., though it is approved by Griesbach. Clarke says—"This clause is found in MSS D L, and eight others; the Armenian, Saxon, all the Itala except three; Athan, Theodor., Tertul., August, Ambr., Hilar., and Juvencus. Bengel in his gnomon, approves of this reading. On the above authorities, Griesbach has inserted it in his text. It probably made a portion of this gospel as written by Matthew."

<sup>† 19.</sup> Mark xiii. 11; Luke xii. 11. † 21. Luke xxi. 16. John xiii 16; xv. 20. † 26. Mark iv. 22; Luke viii. 17; xii. 2.

κρυπτον, δ ου γνωσθηπεται. <sup>27</sup> Ο λεγα υμιν εν secret, which not shall be known: What I say to you in τη σκοτια, ειπατε εν τφ φωτι και δ εις το ous the darkness, speak in the light; and what in the ear ακουετε, κηρυξατε επι των δωματων <sup>28</sup>Και μη you hear, preach you on the house-tops. Φοβεισθε απο των αποκτενοντων το σωμα, την killing hody, be afraid of those the the δε ψυχην μη δυναμενων αποκτειναι· φοβηθητε life not being able to kill; be afraid δε μαλλον τον δυναμενον και ψυχην και σωμα rather that being able hoth life and body 29 Ουχι δυο απολεσαι  $\epsilon \nu$  $\gamma \epsilon \epsilon \nu \nu \eta$ . στρουθια Gehenna. Not two to destroy 111 sparrows ασσαριου πωλειται; και έν εξ αυτων ου πεσειan assarius are sold? and one of them not ται επι την γην ανευ του πατρος ύμων. 30 Υμων fall upon the earth without the father of you. Of you δε και αί τριχες της κεφαλης πασαι ηριθμημεναι and even the hairs of the head all being numbered Eig.  $^{31}$  M $\eta$  our φοβηθητε πολλων στρουθίων are. Not therefore tearyon; many sparrows διαφερετε ύμεις. are better

 $^{32}$  Γ!ας ουν δσauις δμολογησει εν εμοι εμπροσ-All therefore whoever shall confess to me in presence θεν των ανθρωπων, δμολογησω καγω εν αυτώ I will confess even I men. εμπροσθεν του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. of the father of me, of that in ir. presence  $^{83}$  Όστις δ' αν αρνησηται με εμπροσθεν των Whoever but if may deny me in presence ανθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω εμπροσθεν I will deny him eveu I in presence του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. of the father of me, of that in heavens.

<sup>34</sup> Μη νομισητε, ότι ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην επι peace Not you must suppose that I am come to send την γην ουκ ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην, αλλα the earth; not I am come to send peace, but μαχαιραν. <sup>35</sup> Ηλθον γαρ διχασαι ανθρωπον κατα I am come for a sword. to set a man against του πατρος αύτου, και θυγατερα κατα της μηthe father of him, and a daughter against the τρος αύτης, και νυμφην κατα της πενθερας ther ofher, and a daughter-in-law against the mother-in-law αυτης·  $^{36}$  και εχθροι του ανθρωπου, οἱ οικιακοι and enemies of the of her; man, αυτου. of him.

 $^{37}$  Ο φιλων πατερα η μητερα ὑπερ εμε, ουκ He loving father or mother above me, not εστι μου αξιος. και ὁ φιλων υίον η θυγατερα is of me worthy; and he loving son or daughter

and hid, which will not be made known.

27 What I tell you in the DARK, publish in the LIGHT; and what is whispered in your EAR, proclaim from the † HOUSE-TOPS

28 Be not afraid of THOSE who KILL the BODY, but cannot destroy the [future] † LIFE; but rather fear HIM who CAN utterly destroy both Life and Body in † Gehenna.

29 Are not Two Sparrows sold for an †Assarius? Yet neither of them shall fall on the GROUND without †Your FATHER.

30 And even the HAIRS of Your HEAD are all

numbered.

31 Fear not, then; nou are of more value than Many Sparrows.

32 †Whoever, therefore, shall acknowledge me before MEN, # also will acknowledge him before

THAT FATHER OF mine in \* the HEAVENS.

33 But whoever shall renounce me before MEN, # also will renounce him before THAT FATHER of mine in \* the HEAVENS.

34 ‡ Think not That I am come to send forth Peace on this LAND; I am come not to send Peace, but War.

Peace, but War.

35 For my coming will set ‡a Man against his father, and a Daughter against her MOTHER, and a Daughter-in-law;

36 so that a MAN'S Enemies will be found in his

OWN FAMILY.

37 ‡He who LOVES Father or Mother more than me, is not worthy of me; and HE who LOVES Son or Daughter more than me, is not worthy of me.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-32. the HEAVENS.

<sup>33.</sup> the HEAVENS.

<sup>† 27.</sup> The houses were flat-roofed. Compare Deut. xxii. 8, Josh. ii. 6, Neh. viii. 16, Isa. xv. 3. Jer. xxxii. 29, Acts x. 9. † 28. See Appendix and verse 38 in value about one cent and five mills, or three farthings sterling. † 29. Some Greek copies read in this place tees boulees—the will of.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Luke xii. 8: ix. 26; Mark viii. 38; Rom. x. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 12. † 35. Micah vii. 6. † 37. Luke xiv. 26.

 $i\pi\epsilon$ ρ  $\epsilon\mu\epsilon$ , ουκ  $\epsilon\sigma$ τι μου αξιος $^{-38}$  και  $\delta$ ς ου λαμabove me, not is of me worthy; and who not takes . Ευσε τον σταυρου αύτου, και ακολουθει οπισω the cross of himself, and follows after cloud ouk esti mou axios.  $^{39}$  O eurom the uzhu huzhu He finding the me, not is of me worthy. life αύτου, απολεσει αυτην· και δ απολεσας την of himself, shall lose her; and he having lost the 40 'O ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, εύρησει αυτην. life of himself on account of me, shall find her. Нe δεχομενος ύμας, εμε δεχεται· και ό εμε δεχομreceiving you, me receives; and he me receiv-41 °O ενος, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. ing, receives him He sending δεχομενος προφητην εις ονομα προφητου, μισreceiving a prophet in a name of a prophet, a reθον προφητου ληψεται και δ δεχομενος ward of a prophet he shall obtain; and receiving δικαιον εις ονομα δικαιου, μισθον δικαιου in a name of a just man, a reward of a just man a just man in 42 Και δε εαν ποτιση ένα των μικρων ληψεται. And whoever may give to one of the little-ones τουτων ποτηριον ψυχρου μονον, εις ονομα μαthese a cup of cold only, in a name of a θητου, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη απολεση τον disciple, indeed I say to you, not not may lose the μισθον αύτου. reward of himself.

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

<sup>1</sup> Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους διατασ-And it happened, when had finished the Jesus σων τοις δωδεκα μαθηταις αύτου,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \beta n$ disciples of himself, he departed twelve εκειθεν, του διδασκειν και κηρυσσειν εν ταις in thence, of the to teach and to preach 2 Ο δε Ιωαννης ακουσας εν τω πολεσιν αυτων. cities of them. The and John having heard in the δεσμωτηριφ τα εργα του Χριστου, πεμψας δυο prison the works of the Anointed, having sent two μαθητων αύτου,  $^3$  ειπεν αυτω· Συ ει δερχομενος, disciples of himself, said to him; Thouartthe coming one, η έτερον προσδοκωμεν: <sup>4</sup> Και αποκριθείς ό or another arewetolookfor? And answering the answering the Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις: Πορευθεντες απαγγειλατε said to them; Going away relate Iωαννη  $\dot{a}$  ακουετε και βλεπετε $^{5}$  τυφλοι αναto John what you hear and see; blind ones και χωλοι περιπατουσι, λεπροι βλεπουσι, and lame ones are walking about, lepers again, καθαριζοντι, και κωφοι ακουουσι, νεκροι εγει-are cleansed, and desiones are hearing, dead ones are ρονται, και πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται. 6 και μακraised up, and poor ones are addressed with joyful news; and blessed αριος εστιν, ός εαν μη σκανδαλισθη εν εμοι. whoever not may be offended in

7 Τουτων δε πορευομενων, ηρξατο δ Ιησους
These and going away, began the Jesus

38 ‡ And he who does not take his cross, and follow me, is not worthy of me.

39 He who preserves his life shall lose it; but ne who loses his life, on my account, will preserve it.

40 ‡He who receives you, receives me, and he who receives me, receives him who sent me.

41 HE who ENTER TAINS a Prophet, because he is a Prophet, will obtain a Prophet's Reward; and HE who ENTERTAINS a Righteous man, because he is a Righteous man, will obtain a Righteous man's Reward.

42 † And whoever shall give a single Cup of Cold water, to refresh one of these LOWLY ONES, because he is my Disciple, I assure you, that by no means will he lose his REWARD."

### CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred when JESUS had concluded instructing his TWELVE Disciples, he departed thence to TEACH and to proclaim in their citles.

2 † Now John, having heard in Prison of the Works of the Messiah; sending \*by his Disciples.

3 said to him, ‡"Art thou the COMING ONE, or are we to expect another?"

4 And Jesus answering, said to them, "Go, tell John what you have heard and seen;

5 the Blind are made to see, and the Lame to walk; Lepers are cleansed; the Deaf hear; the Dead are raised; and glad tidings are announced to the Poor;

6 And happy is he, who shall not stumble at me."
7 And as they were

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. by his disciples.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xvii. 33; John xii. 25. x. 16; John xiii. 20. † 42. Mark xi. 41. † 2. Luke vii. 18. 49; Dan. ix. 24. † 5. 1sa. xxxv. 5; lxi. 1.

λεγειν τοις οχλοις περι Ιωαννου. Τι εξηλθετε to say to the crowds concerning John; What went you out εις την ερημον θεασασθαι; καλαμον ύπο ανεμου a reed we by wind w Lu see? into the desert σαλευομενου; 8Αλλα τι εξηλθετε ιδειν; ανθρω-But what went you out to see? A, a man heing sluken? πον εν μαλακοις ίματιοις ημφιεσμενον; Ιδου, is soft garments having been clothed; Lo, \*\* io , oi τα μάλακα φορουντές, εν τοις οίκοις των those the soft (garments) wearing, win the houses of the  $^{9}$  Αλλα, τι εξηλθετε ιδειν; But what went you out to see? βασιλεων εισιν. προφητην; Ναι, λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον Yes, I say to you, and much more xou 10 Oυτος \*[γαρ] εστι, περι κού τος \*[γαρ] εστι, περι κού τος whom a prophet? προφητου. is, concerning whom of a propnet. γεγραπται "Ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον "Lo, I it is written , send for the messenger μου προ προσωπου σου, δε κατασκευασει την of the before the face of thee, who shall prepare with the δδον σου εμπροσθέν σου." 11 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, way of these in presence of thee." Indeed 1 say : to you, ουκ εγηγεριαι εν γεννητοις γυναικων μειζων, not castisen among, born of woman greater, ... of woman ; greater, ... Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου· δ δε μικροτερος εν τη dipper; of Jone the the but loss a in the βασιλεία των ουρανων, μείζων αυτου εστιν. kingdom crine heavens greater of him is gr <sup>42</sup> Απο δε των ήμερων Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου έως From and the days of John the dipper v till αρτι, η βασιλεια των ουραναν μιως ...., now, the kingdom of the beavens has been invaded, and βιασται άρπαζουσιν αυτην. 13 Παντες γαρ οί invaders seize on her. ) All for the αρτι, ή βασιλεια των ουρανών βιαζεται, και προφηται και δ νομος έως Ιωαννου, προεφητευand the law till John, prophes al. And if you are willing to receive, this is

Hλιας, δ μελλων ερχοσθαι. Is Ο εχων ωτα

Elias, that being about to come. He having care

[[arouety,]] ακουετω.

[[to hear]] [to hear,] - let him hear...

16 Τινι δε δμοιωσω την γενεαν ταυτην; 'Ομοια Το what but shall compare the generation this? Like εστι παιδιοις εν αγοραις καθημενοις, και προστίτ is bops in markets sitting, and cell-фωνουσι τοις έταιροις αύτων, 'Ψ' και λεγουίng to the companions of them, [and] saying; σιν Ηυλησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθε We have pisyed on the flute to you, and not you have danced; εθρηνησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ εκοψασθε. <sup>18</sup> Ηλθε we have mourned to you, and not you have lamented. Came

departing, \$\delta \text{JESUS} proceeded to say to the CROWDS concerning John, \*" Why went you out into the DESERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? 8 But why went you; out? To see a man robed in Soft Raiment? Behold! THOSE .. WEARING FINE clothing are, in ROYAL PALACES. > out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one more excellent than a 10 This is he concerning whom it is written, I Behold! I send my MES. SENGER before thy Face, 'who will prepare thy WAY

'before theef'

11 Indeed, I say to you,
Among those born of Women, there has not arisen
a greater than John the
IMMERSER; yet the LEAST
in the KINGDOM of the
HEAVENS is superior to
him.

12 And from the DAYS of John the IMMFESER till now, the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS has been forcibly ussailed, and the violent serze it.

13 † For Alt the eno-PHETS and the LAW instructed till John.

14 And if you are disposed to receive it he is THAT ‡ Elijah who is to come.

15 He HAVING Fars. let him hear.

16 But to what shall I compare this generation? It is like Boys sitting in Public Places, and calling to \*Others.

and calling to \*OFHERS; 17 saying. We have played to you on the flute, but you have not danced: we have sung mournitul songs to you, but you have not lamented

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. Why went you out into the DEBER? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? 8. But why went you out? To see a Man, &c 9. But why went you out? To see a Prophet? 10. For—omit. 15. to hear—omit. 16. OIHERS. 17. And—omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> It was a common saying with the Jews before the birth of Christ, that the prophets prophesied only till the times of the Messiah.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Luke vii. 24. † 10. Mal. iii. 1; Mark i. 2; Luke i. 76. † 14. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. xvii. 11. † 16. Luke vii. 31.

children of her.

γαρ Ιωαννης, μητε εσθιων μητε πινων και λεγneither enting nor market  $\theta$  H $\lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\theta$  the nor drinking; and they ουσι. Δαιμονιον εχει. υίος του A demon he has. Came the sen of the ανθρωπου, επθιων και πινων· και λεγουσιν· Ιδου, man, and drinking; and they say; eating πυθρωπος φαγος και οινοποτης, τελωνων φιλος glutton and a wine drinker, of tax-gatherers a friend και άμαρτωλων. Και εδικαιωθη ἡ σοφια απο των sinners. But is justified the wisdom by τεκνων αύτης.

20 Τοτε ηρξατο ονειδιζειν τας πολεις, εν αίς he began to reproach the in which εγενοντο αί πλεισται δυναμεις αυτου, ότι ου mighty works of him, because not most <sup>21</sup> Ουαι σοι, Χοραζιν, ουαι σοι, Woe to thee, Chorazin, woe to thee, μετενοησαν. they reformed; Βηθσαιδαν· ότι ει εν Τυρφ και Σιδωνι  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu o \nu \tau o$ Bethsaida, for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done αὶ δυναμεις, αὶ γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν the mighty works, those being performed in you, long ago would  $^{22}\Pi\lambda\eta\nu$ σακκφ και σποδφ μετενοησαυ. sackcloth and in ashes they have reformed. But Τυρφ και Σιδωνι ενεκτοτερον λεγω ύμιν I say to you: Tyre and Sidon more tolerable <sup>23</sup> Και συ, εσται εν ήμερα κρισεως, η ύμιν. a day of trial, than you. And thou, Καπερναουμ, ή έως του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, Capernaum, which even to the heaven art being exalted, 'αδου καταβιβασθηση· ότι ει εν Σοδομοις èωs to invisibility shalt be brought down; for if in έγενοντο αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν σοι, ad been done the mighty works, those being done in thee, επείναν αν μεχρί της σημέρον.  $^{24}$  Πλην λεγω it had remained till this day. Isav ύμιν, ότι γη Σοδομων ανεκτοτερον εσται εν to you, that land of Sodom more tolerable will be ἡμερα κρισεως, η σοι, aday of trial, than thee.

 $^{25}$  Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ αποκριθεις δ 1ησους the occasion answering the Jesus ειπεν. Εξομολογουμαι σοι, πατερ, κυριε του said: I adore thee, O father, O lord of the ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας ταυτα απο and of the earth, because thou hast hid these from απεκαλυψας σοφων και συνετων, και discerning men, and αυτα rise men and thou hast revealed them  $^{26}$  Ναι, ὁ πατηρ, ότι ούτως εγενετο νηπιοις. Yes, the father, for even so <sup>27</sup> Παντα μοι παρεδοθη to babes. ευδοκια εμπροσθεν σου. in presence of thee.

18 For John came abstaining from meat and drink, and they say, He has a Demon;

19 the son of man came partaking of meat and drink, and they say, Behold, a Glutton and a Wine drinker! an Associate of Tribute-takers and Sinners? But wisdom is vindicated by her CHILDREN.

20 ‡Then he began to censure the CITIES in which MOST of his MIRA-CLES had been performed, Because they did not reform.

21 Wee to thee Chorazin! woe to thee, Bethsaida! For if THOSE MIRACLES which are BEING PERFORMED in you, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would long since have reformed in Sackcloth and Ashes.

22 Therefore, I say to you, it will be more endurable for Tyre and Sidou, in a Day of Judgment, than for you.

23 And thou, Capernaum, THOU which art BE-ING EXALTED to HEAVEN, t wilt be brought down to t Hades; for if THOSE MIRACLES which are BE-ING PERFORMED in thee, had been done in Sodom, it had remained till THIS-DAY.

24 But I say to you, That it will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom, in a Day of Judgment, than for thee."

25 ‡On That occasion, Jesus said, "I adore thee O Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes.

26 Yes, FATHER, For thus it was well pleasing in thy sight."

<sup>† 23.</sup> Hades—from a, not, and ideia, to see; and literally means hidden, obscure invisible. It is found eleven times in the New Testament. In the Common Version, it is rendered grave in I cor. xv. 55, and in all other places hell; but the latter is now universally admitted to be an incorrect translation. See Appendix—word hades.

ύπο του πατρος μου και ουδεις επιγινωσκει τον by the father of me, and no one knows ισίου, ει μη δ πατηρο ουδε του πατερα τις επιson, if not the father, neither the . father any one γινωσκει, ει μη δ υίος, και 'φ εαν βουληται ι που the son, and townom μος παντές οί καλυψαι. 

Δευτε προς με παντές οί the ό υίος αποκαλυψαι. the aon to reveal Come to me all the κοπιωντές και πεφορτισμένοι, κάγω αναπαυσω and being burdened, and t will cause to rest <sup>29</sup> Αρατε τον ζυγυν μον εφ' ύμας, και υμας... Take the yoke of me upon you, μαθετε απ' εμου· ότι πραος ειμι, και ταπεινος lain, and kumble be to connect by nie; for meek τη καρδια και εύρησετε αναπαυσιν ταις ψυχαις to the boat; and you shall find a result for the boat; and you shall find a result for the form of you. The tor yoke of the easy, and the Φορτιον μου ελαφρον εστιν. burden of me light

ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ επορεύθη δ Ιησους τοις A: that the season passed the Jeeus to the «ταββασι δια των σποριμών οί δε μαθηται αυτου sabbath through the corn-fields; the and disciples of him επεινασαν, και ηρξαντο τιλλειν σταχυας, και were hongry, and began to pure. επον αυτω εσυμείν. 2 Οί δε Φαρισαιοι ιδοντες, είπον αυτω said to him; EGÜLELY. said to him; 1δου, οι μηθηται σου ποιουσιν, δ ουκ εξεστι Lo, the disciples of thee are doing, that not is lawful ποιειν εν σαββατω.  $^3$ Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ He but said to them; Not to do on a subbath. ανεγνωτε, τι εποιησε Δανιδ, ότε επεινασε, και bave you known, what did David, when he was hungry, and οί μετ' αυτου: \*πως εισηλθεν εις τον οικον those with him? how be entered into the του θεου, και τους αρτους της προθεσεως εφαγεν, of the God, and the loaves of the presence . did eat, ous ouk εξον ην αυτφ φαγείν, ουδε τοις μετ' which not lawful was to him to cat, perther to those with αυτου, ει μη τοις ίερευσι μονοις: 5Η ουκ him, except the priests alone? Or not  $\alpha \nu \in \gamma \nu \omega \tau \in \nu \tau \phi \nu o \mu \omega$ , oti tots  $\sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \sigma \iota \nu$  of the solution the have you read in the law, that to the sabbaths the ίερεις εν τφ ίερφ το σαββατον βεβηλουσι, και priests in the temple the sabbath violate. αναιτιοι εισι; 6 Δεγω δε ύμιν, ότι του ίερου leay but to you, that of the temple blamelass are?

27 ‡ All things are imparted to me by my patier; and no one, but the patier, knows the son; nor does any one know the patier, except the son, and he to whom the son is pleased to reveal him.

28 Come to me, All you LABORING and burdened ones, and I will cause

you to rest.

29 Take my Yoke on you, and be taught by me; for I am meek and lowly in HEART; and your LIVES will find ‡a Resting-place.

30 ‡ For my Yoke is easy, and my BURDEN is bight.

## CHAPTER XII.

I At That TIME JESUS on the †SABBATH went through the FIELDS OF GRAIN; and his DISCIPLES were hungry, and began to pluck off Ears of Grain, and to eat.

2 Now the Phabistes, observing, said to him, "Behold, thy DISCIPLES are doing what is not lawful to do on a Sabbath."

3 But HE said to them, that e you not read what David did, when \*he was hungry, and THOSE who

were with him?-

4 how he tentered into the TABERNACLE of GOD and ate the LOAVES of the PRESENCE, which were not lawful for him to eat, nor for THOSE who were with him, but for the PRIESTS alone?

5 tor, have you not read in the LAW, that the PRIESTS in the TEMPLE profane the REST to be observed on the SABATHS and are blameless?
6 But 1 say to you,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. he was.

<sup>† 1.</sup> SABDATH—with us, Saturday, or rather Friday at sun-set to Saturday at sun-set, for so the Jews reckoned.

† 4. By comparing 1 Sam. xxi.1—6, and Lev. xxiv.5—9, it will appear that this also transpired on a Sabbath.

† 5. From Num. xxviii. 9, it appears that two additional lambs were sacrificed on the Sabbath, by which the ordinary work of the week was doubled. Compare Exod. xxix. 28.

<sup>1 27.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 18; John iii. 25; vi. 46; x. 15. 1 29. John xiv. 3; Heb. iv 9-11. 30. 7 John vi. 3. 11. Mark ii. 23; Luke vi. ; Deut. xxiii. 25. 10. xxiv. 5; Num. xxviii. 9. 5. Lev. xxiv. 5; Num. xxviii. 9.

<sup>7</sup> Ει δε εγνωκειτε, τι εστιν· εςι ων εστιν ώδε. If but you had known, what The Acr here. 66 Ελεον θελω, και ου θυσιαν." ουκ αν κατε-I desire, and not a sacrince," not would ercy you દા∷ σατε τους αναιτιους. <sup>ε</sup> Κυριος γαρ εστι have condemned the blameless. A lord for του Γαββατου 5 υίος του συθρωπου. of the cabbath the con of the

Kai  $\mu \in \tau \alpha \beta \alpha s$   $\epsilon_{\kappa} \in \iota \ell \in \nu_{3}$  ijk  $\ell \in \nu$   $\epsilon_{\ell} s$   $\tau \eta \nu$   $\sigma \nu \nu \alpha$ And ij rising on from thence, he came into the syna-<sup>10</sup> Και ιδου, ανθρωπος ην γωγην αυτων.  $\tau \eta \nu$ of thera. Anc lo, a man there was the gogue χειρα εχων ξηραν. Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, having withered. hand And they asked him, λ*εγοντες*• Ει εξεστι τοις σαββασι θεραπευειν; If it is lawful to the sabbaths 11 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις: ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. that they might accuse him. He but said to them · Τις εσται εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, 🗽 έξει προβατον What shall be among you a man, wh∪ shall have èν, και εαν εμπεση τουτο τοις παββασιν εις one, and if should fall this €C the sabbath mto αυτο, βυθυνον, ουχι κρατησει και EYEDEL: not seize it, and raise it up? 12 Ποσω ουν διαφερει ανθρωπος προβατου; 'Ωστε How much then is superior a man or a sheep? So that  $^{13}$  To $au\epsilon$ εξεστι τοις σαββασι καλως ποιειν. it is lawful to the sabbath good to do. λεγει τω ανθρωπω. Εκτεινον την χειρα σου. he says to the Stretch ont man: the hand of thee. αποκατεσταθη ύγιης, ως Και εξετεινε· και whole, And he stretched it out; and it was restored ή αλλη. the other.

<sup>14</sup> Οί δε Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον ελαβον κατ' a council The then Pharisees heid against αυτου εξελθοντες, όπως αυτον απολεσωσιν. him going out, how him they might destroy. 15 'Ο δε Ιησους γνους ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν· και The but Jesus knowing withdrew from thence; and ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι. και εθεραfollowed him crowds great; and he αυτους παντας,  $^{1ar{6}}$   $\kappa$ a $\iota$ πευσεν επετιμησεν healed all. and them charged αυτοις, ίνα μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσιν·  $^{17}$ όπως that not known him they should make; το βηθεν δια Ήσαιου του προπληρωθη it might be fulfilled the word spoken through Esaias the proφητου, λεγοντος 18" Ιδου, δ παις μου, δv phet saving. "Lo, the servant of me, whom

That one greater than the TEMPLE is here.

7 If, then, you had known what this is; ‡ 'I 'desire Compassion, and 'not a Sacrifice,' you would not have condemned the innocent;

8 for the son of man is Master of the SABBATH."

9 ‡ And having left that place, he went into their SYNAGOGUE;

10 and behold, there was a Man who had \*a withered Hand. They asked Jesus, with a design to accuse him, ‡" Is it lawful to heal on the SABBATH?"

11 And HE answered them, "What Manis here among you, who, having one Sheep, tif it fall into a nit on the SABBATH, will not lay hold on it, and lift it out?

12 Does not a Man greatly surpass a Sheep? Therefore, it is lawful to do good on the sab-bath."

13 Then he says to the MAN, "Stretch out Thine HAND." And he stretched it out; and it was restored to soundness, like the other.

14 Then the PHARI-SEES, departing, held a Council concerning him, how they might destroy him.

15 But Jesus knowing it, withdrew from them, and \* many followed him, and he healed them all;
16 and charged them

not to make him known: 17 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah

the PROPHET might be verified, saying;
18 ‡ † "Behold, my ser-

15. many followed.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 10. a withered Hand.

t 18. The following is from the Septuagint version of Isa. xlii. 1, translated by Th'.mpson:—"Jacob 18 my servant, I will uphold him; Israel 18 my chosen one, my soul hath enbraced him. I have put my spirit upon him; he will publish judgment to file nations: he will not cry aloud, nor urge with vehemence, nor will his voice be heard abroad. A bruised reed he will not break, nor will he quench smoking flax, but will br'ag forth judgment unto truth,—and in his name shall the nations trust (or hope) "I he words Jacob and Israel, added by the authors of the Septuagint, have obscured this proplecy.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Hos. vi. 6; Matt. ix. 13. † 9. Mark iii. 1; Luke vi. 6. xiv. 3; John ix. 16. † 11. Exod. xxiii. 4, 5, Deut. rxii. 4.

<sup>† 10.</sup> l ake xiil. 14; † 18. isa. chi 1..

ηρετισα, δ αγαπητος μου, εις δυ ευδοκησευ ή beloved of me, in whom takes delight the have chosen, the ψυχη μου θησω το πνειμα μου επ' αυτον, of me; I will put tho spirit of me upon him, soul 19 Ove KAL KPIGIV TOIS EBVEGIV απαγγελει. and judgment to the nations he shall declare. Not ουδε κραυγασει, ουδε ακουσει τις εν EDLOEL, nor shall hear any one in he shall strive, nor cry out, <sup>20</sup> καλαμον ταις πλατειαις την φωνην αυτου. the of bim; the wide places voice arecd συντετροιμμενον ου κατεαξει, και λινον τυφομnot be shall break, and flax smoking having been brutsed *σβεσει*· éws av €κβαλη €VOV OU ELS VIKOS be bring furth to avictory not heshall quench, till <sup>21</sup> Και τφ ονοματι αυτου εθνη την κρισιν. And to the of him nations the judgment. name €λπιουπι." will hope."

22 Τοτε προσηνεχθη autw δαιμονιζομενος, Then was brought to him a demoniac, **τ**υφλος και κωφος· και εθεραπευσεν αυτον, ώστε and dumb; and he healed him, τον τυφλον και κωφον και λαλειν και βλεπειν. and dumb both to speak and blind to see. <sup>23</sup> Και εξισταντο παντες οἱ οχλοι, και ελεγον· all said; And were amazed the crowds, and <sup>24</sup> Οί δε ούτος εστιν ό ψίος Δαυιδ Μητι ís the son David? The and Not Ούτος ουκ εκ-Φαρισαιοι ακουσαντες, ειπον• hearing, said ; This not. βαλλει τα δαιμονια, ει μη εν τω  $\mathbf{B}$  εελζεβουλ, easts out the demone, if not by the Beekcoul, αρχοντι των δαιμονιων.  $\mathbf{^{25}}\mathbf{E}$ ιδως δε δ Ιησους of the demons. Knowing but the Jesus a prince τας ενθυμησεις αυτων, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βαof them, thoughts said to them Every σιλεια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ερημουται και kingdom being divided against steelf, is laid waste; and πασα πολις η οικια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ου house being divided against Itself, city or every <sup>26</sup> Και ει δ σατανας τον σαταναν σταθησέται. And if the adversary the adversary will stand. εκβαλλει, εφ' έαυτον εμερισθη' πως ουν σταwith himself he is at variance, how then θησεται ή βασιλεια αυτου: 27 Kai ei eyw ev willstand the kingdom of him? And if Βεελζεβουλ εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, οί υίοι ύμων cast out the demune, the sons of you εν τινι εκβαλλουςι; Δια τουτο αυτοι ύμων by whom do they cast out? they In this of you 28 Ει δε εν πνευματι θεου εγω εσονται κριται. judges. ahall be If but by spirit of God εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα €φ' εφθασεν the gast out demons, then has suddenly come amuag

"VANT, whom I have cho"sen, my BELOVED, in
"whom I take delight: I
"will put my spirit upon
"him, and he shall pro"claim Justice to the NA"TIONS.

19 "He will not strive "nor cry out, nor will any "one hear his voice in "the open squares.

20 "He will not break
"a brused Reed, and a
"dimly burning Taper he
"will not extinguish, till
"he send forth the JUDG"MENT to victory.

21 "The nations also "will hope in his name"

22 †Then \*they brought to him a demoniac, blind and dumb; and he cured him, so that \*the DVMB man spake and saw.

23 And All the PEOPLE with amazement, asked, "Is this the son of Da-

vid?"

24 But the PHARISEES hearing them, said, "This man could not expel DEMONS, except through Beelzebul, the Prince of the DEMONS."

25 And \*he knowing their thoughts, said unto them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself, is desolated; and No City or House being divided against itself, can stand.

26 Now if the Adversary expel the Adversary, he is at variance with himself; how then will his kingdom stand?

27 Besides, if I through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, through whom do your sons expel them? Therefore, then will be Your Judges.

28 But, if it be by Divine co-operation that it cast out DEMONS, then † GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTE

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. they brought.
 25. he knowing.

<sup>22.</sup> the DUMB man spake and saw.

<sup>† 28.</sup> See note on Basileia, Matt. iii. 2. It is not according to fact, to make Jesus say, that "the kingdom of God has come unto you," as rendered in the Common Version, and followed by modern translators. The context shows that our Lord is speaking of himself. These miracles were proofs of his Messiahship. See John iii. 2; v. 36; vii. 31.

<sup>2 32.</sup> Luke xi. 14 24. Mark iii. 22.

καταδικασθηση.

thou shalt be cond

<sup>29</sup> Η πως δυναται ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. you the majesty of the God. Or how is able εισελθειν εις την οικιαν του ισχυρου, και TIS into the house of the strong man, and any one to enter αυτου διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον of him to plunder, if not first TKEVY the household stuff of him τον ισχυρον; και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου he should bind the strong man? and then the source of him  $\delta \iota \alpha \rho \pi \alpha \sigma \epsilon \iota$ . 30 O  $\mu \eta$   $\omega \nu$   $\mu \epsilon \tau$   $\epsilon \mu o \nu$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \tau$   $\epsilon \mu o \nu$ he shall plunder. He not being with me, against me μη συναγων μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. έστι και δ and he not gathering with is; me, scatters. 🕯 Δια τουτο λεγω ύμιν• Πασα άμαρτια και All I say to you; Therefore this sìn βλασφημια αφεθησεται τοις ανθρωποις ή δε shall be forgiven to the evil-speaking men; the but του πνευμ**ατος β**λασφημι**α ουκ αφεθησε**ται of the spirit evil-speaking not shall be forgiven \*[ $\tau$ ois  $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi$ ois·]  $^{32}$ και δς αν  $\epsilon$ ι $\pi$ η λογον and who ever may speak a word to the men; κατα του υίου του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ. against of the son of the man, it shall be forgiven to him; ός δ' αν ειπη κατα του πνευματος του άγιου, who but ever may speak against of the spirit of the holy, ουκ αφεθησεται αυτώ, ουτε εν τουτώ τω αιώνι, not it shall be forgiven to him, neither in this the age, 33 Η ποιησατε το δενουτε εν τφ μελλοντι. nor in the Either make you coming. δρον καλον, και τον καρπον αυτου καλον η the fruits of him good; and or ποιησατε το δενδρον σαπρον, και τον καρπον and the fruits make you the tree corrupt, εκ γαρ του καρπου το δενδρον αυτου σαπρου° by for 34 Γεννηματα corrupt: fruit the tree εχιδνων, γινωσκεται. of venomous serpents, how is known. δυνασθε αγαθα λαλειν, πονηροι οντες; εκ γαρ are you able good (things) to speak, evil (men) being; out of for του περισσευμανος της καρδ.ας το στομα λαλει. of the heart the mouth speaks. fulness 35 'Ο αγαθος ανθρωπες εκ του αγαθου θησαυρου The good man out of the good εκβαλλει τα αγαθα° και δ πονηρος ανθρωπος brings forth the good (things); and the evil εκ του πονηρου θησαυρου εκβαλλει πονηρα. out of the evil treasure brings forth evil (things).  $^{36}\Lambda$ e $\gamma\omega$  de  $\dot{\nu}\mu\nu$ , de  $\pi\omega$   $\dot{\rho}\eta\mu\alpha$   $\alpha\rho\gamma\sigma\nu$ , de  $\alpha\nu$  leavy but to you, that every word idle, which if λαλησωσιν οί ανθρωποι, αποδωσουσι,  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ may speak the men, they shall give account, concerning 37 EK Yap TWV αυτοι λογοι εν ημερα κρισεως this word in a day of trial. By for the λογων σου δικαιωθηση, και εκ των λογων σου words of thee thou shalt be acquitted, and by the words of thee

has unexpectedly appeared among you.

29 Moreover, how can any one enter the STRONG one's HOUSE, and plunder his GOODS, unless he first bind the STRONG one? and then indeed he may plunder his HOUSE.

30 HE who is not with me, is against me; and HE who GATHERS not with

me, scatters.

31 ‡ Therefore, I say to you, Though every other Sin and Blaspheray will be forgiven \*to You Men; yet the BLASPHEMY of the SPIRIT will not be forgiven.

32 For whoever may speak a Word against the son of MAN, it \* † will be forgiven him; but he who may speak against the HOLY SPIRIT, \* it will in no wise be forgiven him, neither in this nor in the coming AGE.

coming AGE.

33 iEither call the TREE good, and its FRUIT good; or call the TREE bad, and its FRUIT bad; for we know the TREE by the FRUIT.

34 O Progeny of Vipers! thow can you, being evil, speak good things? for out of the EXUBERANCE of the HEART the mouth speaks.

35 ‡ The good Man out of his good Treasure produces \* good things; and the EVIL Man out of his BAD Treasure produces evil things.

36 But I say to you, That for Every pernicious Word which MEN may utter, they shall be Responsible, on a Day of Judgment.

37 For by thy words thou wilt be acquitted; and by thy words thou wilt be condemned."

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Lanuschipt.—31. to you men. 31. to men—omit. 32. not be forgiven im. 32. in no wise be forgiven him. 35. of the IELET—cmit. 35. good things.

<sup>† 32.</sup> The Vct. MSS, here reads, "it shall not be forgiven him," which is contrary to what is stated in verse 31, and the parallel passage in Luke xii. 10. Probably it is an error of the transcriber. For this reason it has not been inserted in the text.

38 Τοτε ωπεκριθησαν τινες των γραμματεων answer rome of the scribes \*[και Φαρισαιων,] λεγαντες: Διδασκαλε, θελ-Pharisees,] O teacher, [and saying; 39 °C δε αποκριθεις ομεν απο σου σημειον ιδειν. from thee a sign to see. He but answering Γενεα πονηρα και μοιχαλις ση-ELITER QUITOIS' A generation evil to them; and adulterous μειον επιζητει και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, demands; shall be given to her, and a sign not 40 'Ωσπερ ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα του προφητου. of Jonas, the prophet. Like as if not the sign γαρ ην Ιωνας εν τη κοιλια του κητους τρεις in th of the belly three for was Jonas fish ημερας και τρεις νυκτας· ούτως εσται δ υίος shall be the son days and three nights; 80 του ανθρωπου εν τη καρδια της γης τρεις ήμερας heart of the earth three of the ın the days 41 Ανδρες Νινευιται ιχνιιστη~ και τρεις νυκτας. nights. Men Ninevites shall arand and three σονται εν τη κρισει μετα της γενεα: ταυτης, in the judgment against the generative of this, up αυτην ότι μωι ενοησαν ĸaı κατακρινουσιν they reformed and shall give judgment against her; for εις το κηρυγμα Ιωνα· και ιδου πλειον Ιωνα ώδε. at the preaching of Jonas; and lo a greater of Jours here.  $^{42}$  Βασιλισσα νοτου εγερhetaησεται εν τη κρισει of south shall rise up in the judgment μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και κανακρινει against the generation of this, and shall give judgment against αυτην ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατων της γης her, for she came from the code of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος∙ και ιδου, πλειον of Solomon. and lo, a greater the wisdom <sup>43</sup> Όταν δε Συλομωνος ώδε.  $\tau o$ ακ**α**θαρτον When but the unclean of Solomon here. πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται it wanders about spirit mny come out from the man, δι, ανυδρων τοπων ζητουν αναπαυσιν, και ουχ places a resting-place, and not through dry seeking. 41 Tote  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ Επιστρεψω εις τον €ὑρισκει. I will return into the it finds. Then it says; οικον μου, δθεν εξηλθον. Και ελθον εύρισκει And coming it finds house of me, whence I came. σχολαζοντα, σεσαρωμενον, και κεκοσμημενον. having been swept, and having been set in order. it being empty, 45 Τοτε πορευεται, και παραλαμβανει μεθ' έαυτου and takes with itself Then it goes, έπτα έτερα πνευματα, πονηροτερα έαυτου, και and more wicked of itself, other spirits, ekel. εισελθοντα κατοικει Kal γινεται  $\tau \alpha$ and becomes the they entering finds an abode there:

38 ‡Then some of the SCRIBES \* answered him. saying, "Teacher, we desire to witness ta Sign from thee."

39 But HE answering said to them, ‡"A wicked and faithless Generation demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the sign of Jonah the prophet.

40 ‡ For as Jonah was Three Days and Three Nights in the STOMACH of the GREAT FISH; so will the son of man be Three Days and Three Nights † in the HEAP of the EARTH.

41 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDG-MENT against this GEN-ERATION, and cause it to be condemned; #For they

reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, something greater than Jonah is here.

42 The Queen of the † South will rise up at the JUDGMENT against this GENERATION, and cause it to be condemned; for she came from a distant LAND to hear the WIS-DOM of Solomon; and behold, something greater than Solomon in here.

43 ‡ When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, seeking a Place of Rest, and finds

it not.

44 Then it says, I will return to my House, whence I came. coming, it finds it empty, swept, and furnished.

45 It then departs, and takes with itself Seven Other Spirits, more wicked

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—38. and Pharisees—omit.

<sup>28.</sup> answered him, saying.

<sup>† 38.</sup> This was a demand often made—see Matt. xvi. 1; Mark viii. 11; Luke xi. 16—and probably founded on the prophecy of Dan. vii. 13, which describes the Son of Man as coming in the clouds of heaven. It was almost a characteristic of the Jews to ask a sign. See 1 Cor. i. 22. They demanded one from heaven—some celestial phenomeno—which would be the strongest test of Jesus' pretensions.—Bloomfield. † 40. That is, simply, in the earth. So Tyre is said to be in the heart of the sea, Ezek. xxviii. 2, although it was so near the continent, that, when Alexander besiged it, he carried a causeway from the land to the city.—Trollope. † 42. In the Old Testament—Sheba.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt. xvi. 4. † 40. 50 † 43. Luke xi. 24 ‡ 40. Jonah i. 17. At 38. Luke xi-29. 1 39. 1 39. 1 4. 1 Kings x. 1; 2 Chron. ix. 1.

<sup>1 41.</sup> Jonah ili a

 $\epsilon\sigma\chi$ ατα του ανθρωπου εκείνου χείρονα των that worse of the πρωτων. Οὐτως εσται και τη γενεα ταυτη, τη πονηρα, the wisked.

 $^{46}$  Ετι δε αυτου λαλουντος τοις οχλοις, ιδου, to the crowds, While and he is talking ή μητηρ και οί αδελφοι αυτου είστηκεισαν εξω. the mother and the brothers of him stoad without, \*[47 Ειπε δε τις ζητουντες αυτφ λαλησαι [Said then one συτω Ιδου, η μητηρ σου και οι αδελφοι σου to him, Lo. the mother of these and the handless to him to speak εξω έστηκασι, ζητουντες σοι λαλήται.] seeking to thee to speak.] without stand. δε αποκριθεις είπε τω είποντι αυτώ Tis εστιν but answering said to the man informing him; Who is η μητηρ μου; και τινες είσιν οί αδελφοι μου; are the brothers of me? the mother of me? and who <sup>49</sup> Και εκτεινας την χειρα αύτου επι And stretching out the hand . fhim towards the

And stretching out the hand chiun towards the  $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha s$   $\alpha\nu\tau\sigma\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$  Idou,  $\eta$   $\mu\eta\tau\eta\rho$   $\mu\sigma\nu$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\iota$  disciples of him, said: Lo, the mother of me, and of  $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma\iota$   $\mu\sigma\nu$ . Wheever for may do the  $\theta\epsilon\lambda\eta\mu\alpha$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$  will of the father of me, that in heavens, the same  $\mu\sigma\nu$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\eta$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\mu\eta\tau\eta\rho$   $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$ .

of me a brother and a sister and a mother is

# ΚΕΦ. ιγ'. 13.

1 Εν δε τη ήμερα εκεινη εξελθων ό Ιηπους απο In but the day that departing the Jesus from ² και της οικιας, εκαθητο παρα την θαλασσαν. bу the sea, and house, he sat συνηχθησαν προς αυτον οχλοι πολλοι, ὧστε were gathered to him crowds great, so that αυτον εις το πλοιον εμβαντα καθησθαι και πας he into the ship entering to be seated; and all 3 Kaı οχλος επι τον αιγιαλον ειστηκει. the crowd on the shore And ελαλησεν αυτοις πολλα εν παραβολαις, λεγων. saying: he spake to them much in parables, <sup>4</sup> Kaı Ιδου, εξηλθεν δ σπειρων του σπειρειν. of the (seed) to sow. went out the sower And εν τω σπειρείν αυτον, α μεν επεσε παρα την some indeed fell in the sowing it, on the δδον· και ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτα. path; and came the birds, and ate them.

than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN 18 worse than the FIRST. Thus will it also be with this EVIL GENE-BATION.

46 While he was yet talking to the CROWDS, ‡behold, his MOTHER and his BROTHERS stood without, desiring to speak to him.

47 \*[And one said to him, "Behold, thy MOTH-ER and thy BROTHERS are standing without, wishing to speak to thee."]

48 But he answering, said to the Person Informing him, t"Who is my mother? and who are my drothers?"

49 And extending his HAND towards his DISCI-PLES, he said, "Behold my MOTHER, and my BROTHERS I

50 ‡ For whoever shall do the WILL of THAT FATHER of mine in the HEAVENS, that one is my Brother, or Sister, or Mother."

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 On that DAY, JESUS, having gone out of the House, ‡ sat by the SIDE, of the LAKE;

2 but so many People gathered around him, that he entered \*a Boat, and sat down; and All the PEO-FLE stood on the SHORE.

3 Then he discoursed much to them in Parables, saying; ‡"Behold, the sower went forth to sow.

4 And in sowing, some seeds fell t by the ROAD; and the BIRDs came and picked them up.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—47. And one said to him, "Behold, thy mother and thy brothers are standing without, wishing to speak to thee"—omit. 2. a Boat. 5. Babth.

<sup>† 48.</sup> To suppose that our Lord here intends to put any slight on his mother would be very absurd; he only took the opportunity of expressing his affection to his obedient disciples in a peculiarly endearing manner; which could not but be a great comfort to them, it appears from Luke viii. 2. Susanna, Joanna, Mary Magdalene, and others were then with him.

† 4. The ordinary roads or paths in the East lead often along the edge of the fields, which are unenclosed. Hence, as the sower scatters his seed, some of it is liable to fall beyond the ploughed portion, on the hard beaten ground, which forms the way-side.—Hackett.

<sup>† 45.</sup> Heb. vi. 4; x. 20; 2 Peter il. 20-22. † 43. Mark iii. 31; Luke viii. 12. John xv. 14; Gal. iii. 23; Heb. ii. 11. † 1. Mark iv. 1. † 3. Luke viii. 5.

δΑλλα δε επεσεν επι τα πετρωδη δπου ουκ fell the racky ground, where not on ειχε γην πολλην και ευθεως εξανετειλε, and immediately apring up, through it had earth much; το μη εχειν βαθος γης , δήλιου δε ανατειthe not to have a depth of earth; aus and **λαντος,** εκαυματισθη· και δια το μη εχειν it was scorehed. and through the not to have 7 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι τας ριζαν, εξηρανθη. was dried up. Others and fell ακανθας: και ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και απεπνιξαν and sprung up the thorns, and choked 8 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι την γην την αυτα. Others and them. fell OB. the ground the καλην και εδιδου καρπον, δ μεν έκατον, δ good, and bore fruit the one a hundred, the a hundred, the δε έξηκοντα, δ δε τριακοντα.  $^9$  Ο εχων ωτα the other He having ears sixty. thirty.  $^{10}$  Kai  $\cdot \pi \rho o \sigma \in \lambda \theta o \nu \tau \in s$ akovely, ακούετω. οì the to hear, let him hear. And coming Διατι εν παραβολαις μαθηταί ειπον αυτφ. said to him; Why in parables 11 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυλαλεις άυτοις, speakest thou to them'P He and answering τοις: Τ΄ Οτι ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα μυστηρια them; Because to you it is given to know the secrets της βασιλειας των ουρανων εκεινοις δε ου of the ; heavens; \_\_ to them kingdom hut not 12 Όστις γαρ εχει, δοθησεται αυτώ, δεδοται. Whnever for has, it shall be given to him, περίσσευθησεται όστις δε ουκ εχει, και and he will be gifted with abundance ; whoever but not has even απ' αυτου. Α 13 Δια τουτο εχει, αρθησεται what he has, shall he taken Therefore this from him. εν παραβολαις αυτοις λαλω, ότι βλεποντες ου parables to them I speak, for βλεπουσι, και ακουοντες ουκ ακουουσιν, ουδε hearing onot they hear, and neither <sup>14</sup> Και αναπληρουται αυτοις ή προdo they understand. And is fulfilled to them the " Ακοη ακουσετε, φητεια Ήσαιου, ή λεγουσα· prophecy d of Esaias, that saying; "By hearing you shall hear, Kal ou un συνητει και βλεποντες βλεψετε, and not not you may understand; and seeing you will see, και ου μη ιδητε. <sup>15</sup>Επαχυνθη γαρ ή καρδια του and not not you may see. Has grown fat for the beart, of the

5 And others fell on ROCKY GROUND, where they had not much Soil: and immediately vegeta-ted through not having a Depth of \* farth; 6 fand when the Sur had risen, they were

scorched, and HAVING DO Root, they withered. 7 And others fell among

truorns; and the thorns choked them.

8 But others fell on GOOD GROUND, and yield. ed Increase; ONE a hundred, one sixty, and one thirty.

9 HE HAVING Ears to.

hear, let him hear.

10 then the Disci-PLES approaching, said to him, "Why dost thou speak to them in Para-

bles?"

11 HE answering, said to them, "Because You are permitted to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM: of the HEAVENS; but to them this privilege is not given.

12 For whoever has, to him more will be given, and he shall abound; but whoever has not, from hım will be taken even that which he has.

13 For this reason I I speak to them in Parables; Because seeing, they do not perceive; and hearing, they do not under-

stand; nor do they regard 14 And in them is fulfilled THAT PROPHECY OF Isaiah, which says; 1'By 'Hearing you will hear, 'though you may not un-'derstand; and seeing, you 'will see, though you may. 'not perceive. ,

15 For the UNDER-'STANDING of this Pro-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. BARTH.

<sup>† 6.</sup> In Palestine, during the sced time, (which is in November,) the sky is generally everspread with clouds. The seed then springs up even in stony ground; but when the sun dissipates the clouds, having outgrown its strength, it is quickly dried away.—Rosenmuller, † 7. among THOANS—OF TAILER, "upon thorny ground." The field sown may be considered to consist of the different varieties of soil specified; viz., the rocky, the thorny, and the good ground.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Mark iv. 10; Luke viii. 9. Rom. xi. 8.

<sup>1 14</sup> Isa. vi. 9; .John xii. 59; Acts xxviii. 26;

λαου τουτου, και κοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, και and with the ears eople. heavily they hear. and οφθαλμους αύτως εκαμμυσαν, FOLS μηποτ€ the of them they shut, ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουthey should see with the and with the ears they should eyes, σωσι, και τη καρδια συνωσι, και επιστρεand with the heart should understand, and bear, they should αυτους." <sup>16</sup> Υμων δε ψωσι. ιασωμαι turn, I should heal 8DU then. Ofyou but μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι ότι βλεπουσι και τα ωτα eyes for they see; and the ears 17 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, \*[ $\nu \mu \omega \nu$ ,]  $\delta \tau \iota$   $\alpha \kappa o \nu \epsilon \iota$ . [of you,] for they hear. Indeed for I say to you, δτι πολλο**ι π**ροφηται και δικαιοι επεθυμ**ησαν** that many prophets and righteous men have desired ιδειν, ά βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον και ακουσαι, aud not to see what you see, saw; and to hear, ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν. what you hear, and not heard <sup>18</sup> Υμεις ουν ακουσατε την παραβολην του You therefore hear the Larabie of the 19 Παντος ακουοντος τον λογον σπειροντος. power. Any one hearing the word της βασιλειας, και μη συνιεντος, ερχεται δ of the kingdom, and not understanding, comes the πονηρος, και άρπαζει το εσπαρμενον εν τη καρδια wicked (one,) and snatches that having been sown in the heart αυτου· ούτος εστιν, ό παρα την όδον σπαρεις. that on the path ceing sown. <sup>20</sup> 'Ο δε επιτα πετρωδη σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, That hut on the rocky ground being sown. this τον λογον ακουων και ευθυς μετα χαρας and forthwith with word hearing joy λαμβανων αυτον· 21 ουκ εχει δε ριζαν εν έαυτω, not he has but a root in minseli, αλλα προσκαιρος εστι γενομένης δε θλιψέως η arising διωγμου δια τον λογον, ευθυς σκανδαλιζεται. persecution through the word, immediately he is offended. 😂 Ο δε εις τας ακανθας σπώρεις, ούτος εστιν, That but into the thorns being sown. this τον λογον ακουων, και ή μεριμνα του αιωνος who the word hearing, and the care of the

τουτου, και  $\dot{\eta}$  απατη του πλουτου συμπνι $\gamma \epsilon \iota$ and the delusion of the riches chokes <sup>23</sup> 'Ο δε επι τον λογον και ακαρπος γινεται. the word; and unfruitful becomes. That but on την γην την καλην σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, ό τον the ground the good being sown, this is, who the λογον ακουων, και συνιων ός δη καρποφορει, and understanding; who really hears fruit, word hearing,

'FLE 18 stupified; they 'hear heavily with their 'EARS, and their EYES 'they close; lest seeing with their EYES, and heaving with their EARS, and comprehending with 'their MIND, they should 'retrace their steps, and I should restore them.'

16 ‡But blessed are Your EYES, because they see; and EARS, because

they hear.

17 For indeed I say to you, That Many Prophets and Righteous men have desired to see what you behold, but have not seen; and to hear what you hear, but have not heard.

18 ‡ Understand pou, therefore the PARABLE of

the sower.

19 When any one hears the tword of the kingdom, but considers it not, the Evil one comes and snatches away That having been sown in his neart. This explains That which was sown by the ROAD.

20 THAT which was sown on ROCKY GROUND, denotes him, WHO HEAR-ING the WORD, receives timmediately with Joy.

it immediately with Joy; 21 yet, it having no Root in his mind, he retains it only a short time; for when Affliction or Persecution arises, on account of the WORD, he instantly stumbles.

22 THAT which was sown among THORNS, denotes THAT HEARER, in whom the CARES of \*the AGE and the DECEPTIVE NESS of BICHES, chok the WORD, and render unproductive.

23 But that which was sown on GOOD SOIL, and produced fruit, one a hundred, one sixty, and one thirty, denotes him, who not only hears and

22. the AGE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. your-omit.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Luke r. 23.

<sup>1 17. 1</sup> Peter i. 10, 11.

και ποιει,  $\delta$   $\mu \in \nu$   $\epsilon$ κατον, and yields, the one a hundred, δ δε έξηκοντα, a hundred, the other silty, the τριακοντα.

other thirty.

 $^{24}$ Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων parable he proposed to them, saying; 'Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των αυρανων ανθρωπφ May be compared the kingdom ofthe heavens to a man σπειροντι καλον σπερμα εν τφ αγρφ αύτου. good in the field of him. seed  $^{25}$  Eν δε τ $\omega$  καθευδειν τους ανθρωπους, ηλθεν In and the to sleep the men, came αυτου ό εχθρος, και εσπειρε ζιζανια ανα μεσον and darnel through midst of him the enemy, sowed <sup>26</sup> Ότε δε εβλαστησεν του σιτου· και απηλ $\theta \in \nu$ . When and was sprung up of the wheat; and went forth. χορτος και καρπον εποιησε, τοτε εφανη και blade fruit and yielded, then appeared also the 27 Προσελθοντες δε οίδουλοι του τα ζιζανια. Coming and the slaves of the darnel. οικοδεσποτου, ειπον αυτώ. Κυριε, ουχι καλον to him; bouseholder, said Olord, not good σπερμα εσπειρας εν τφ σφ αγρφ; ποθενουν εχει seed didst thou sow in the thy field? whence then has it <sup>28</sup> O  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \phi \eta$  autois. Ex $\theta \rho os$  av $\theta \rho \omega \pi os$ ζιζανια; He and said to them; An enemy a man ησεν. Οί δε δουλοι ειπον αυτώ. darnel? τουτο εποιησεν. has done. The and slaves said to him; this συλλεξωμε**ν** ουν απελθοντες αυτα: we should gather Dost thou wish then going forth them? 29 Ο δε εφη. Ου. μηποτε, συλλεγοντες τα ζιζανια, He and said; No. lest, gathering the darnel,  $^{30}\,\mathrm{A}\phi\epsilon au\epsilon$ **ε**κριζωσητε άμα αυτοις τον σιτον. you should root up with them the wheat. Leave them συναυξανεσθαι αμφοτερα μεχρι του θερισμου• to grow together both till the harvest, και εν καιρώ του θερισμού ερω τοις θερισταις. of the harvest I will say to the harvesters; and in time Συλλεξατε πρωτον τα ζιζανια, και δησατε αυτα and bindyou them Gather you first the darnel,  $\epsilon$ ις  $\delta$  $\epsilon$ σμας,  $\pi$ ρος το κατακαυσαι αυτα $\cdot$  τον  $\delta\epsilon$ bundles, for the to burn them; the but

wheat bring together into the barn <sup>31</sup> Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων· parable to them, saying; Another he proposed 'Ομοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων κοκκώ kingdom of the heavens to a grain Like the σιναπεως, όν λαβων ανθρωπος εσπειρεν εν το of mustard, which taking a man the in

σιτον συναγαγετε εις την αποθηκην μου.

considers, but obeys the WORD.

24 He proposed to them another Parable saying, The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to the FIELD in which the Owner sowed Good Grain:

25 but while the MEN SLEPT, His ENEMY came and sowed † Darnel among the WHEAT, and went away.

26 When the BLADE shot\_up, and put forth the Ear, then appeared also the DARNEL

27 And the SERVANTS of the HOUSEHOLDER. coming said to him, Master, thou didst sow Good Seed in THY Field; whence, then, has it Darnel?

28 He replied, an Enemy has done this. \*And THEY say to him, Dost thou wish then, that we should weed them out?

29 And HE said, No; lest in weeding out the DARMEL, you also tear up the WHEAT.

30 Let both grow together till the HARVEST: and in the TIME of HAR-VEST, I will say to the REAPERS, First gather the DARNEL, and bind it in Bundles for BURN-ING; then bring together the wheat into my granary."

31 ‡ Another Parable he proposed to them, saying; The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is like to a Grain of Mustard, which a Man planted in his FIELD:

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. And THEY say to him.

<sup>† 25.</sup> A plant which bears a striking resemblance to wheat. The following remarks by H. B. Hackett, will fully illustrate this:—"In passing through the fertile country of the ancient Philistines, on the south of Palestine. I asked the guide, one day, a native Syrian, it he knew of a plant which was apt to make its appearance among the wheat, and which resembled it so much that it could hardly be distinguished from it. He replied that it was sembled it so much that it could harmly be distinguished from it. He replied that it was very common, and that he would soon show me a specimen of it. Soon after this he pointed out to me some of this grass, growing near our path; and afterwards, having once seen it, I found it in almost every field where I searched for it. Except that the stalk was not shigh, it appeared otherwise preciscly like wheat, just as the ears begin to show themselves, and the kernels are swelling out into shape. I collected some specimens of this decrifting and the kernels are swelling out into shape. I collected some specimens of this descriful weed and have found, on showing them to friends, that they have mistaken them quite invariably for some species of grain, such as wheat or barley.

<sup>1 31.</sup> Mark 1v. 30; Luke xiil. 19. 80. Matt. iii, 12.

32 Ο μικροτέρον μεν έστι παντων εγρω αδτου. Which less indeed to . \ fiela of him, of all των σπερματων όταν δε αυξηθη, μειζον των when but it may be grown, a greater of the seeds: λαχανων εστι, και γινεται δενδρον, ώστε ελθειν herbs is, and becomes in tree, so that to come τα πετεινα του συρανου, και κατασκηνουν εν the birds of the leaven, and to make nests in τοις κλαδοις αυτου.

branches <sup>35</sup> Αλλην παραβολην ελαλησεν αυτοίς. Όμοια parable he spake to them; Like Another ιστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ζυμη, ήν λαβουσα is the kingdom of the heavens to leaven, which taking γυνη ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού of meal measures three, till of it n woman mixed in <sup>84</sup>Ταυτα παντα ελαλησεν δ εζυμωθη όλον. all spake 18 the These Ιησους εν παραβολαις τοις οχλοις, και χωρις to the crowds, and without in parables <sup>35</sup> 'οπως παραβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτοις.  $\pi\lambda\eta$ not he spake to them; so that it might ρωθη το βηθεν δια του προφητιου to Guillied the word spoken through the prophet, το δηθεν δια του προφητου, λεγοντος: saying, 🦑 " Ανοιξω εν παραβολαις το στυμα μου ερευ-'Aνοιςω
'I will open; in paraois
κεκρυμμενα mouth of me. I will the απο καταβολης Eomai a beginning spenly declare things having been hid - from \*[кобщой."] lof the world."

of the world. ]

36 Tote aφεις τους οχλους, ηλθεν εις την
Than leaving the crowds, went into the Kai προσηλθον αυτώ of to the House; and his σικιαν δ Ιησους. house the Jesus. And beams to him the disciples approached him, saying, "Explain to us the parable of the dancer to appear to us the parable of the dancer to appear to us the parable of the dancer to appear to us the parable of the dancer to appear to us the parable of the dancer to appear to us the parable of the dancer to the parable of the parable of the dancer to the parable of the para field. of the darnels of the He and \*[autois.] αποκρίθεις ειπεν answeri. z said καλον σπερμα, εοτιν δ vios του ανθρωπου good seed, is the son of the man; δ δε αγρος, εστιν ο κοσμος το δε καλον are the sons of the the and feld, is the world; the and good KINGDOM; the DARNEL the and σπερμα, ούτοι εισιν οί υίοι της βασιλειας τα are the sons of the EVIL seed, they are the sons of the Lingdom; the one; δε ζιζανια, εισιν οι υίοι του πονπρου. 39 δ δε 39 the sone of the wicked (one); are exθρος, δ σπειρας αυτα, εστιν δ διαβολος δ δε VERSARY; the HARenemy, he having sown them, by is the adversary; the and VEST is the End of the Geρισμος, συντελείο, του αίωνος εστίν of δε \*Age; and the REAP-harvest, end of the age is; the and ERS are Messengers.

32 which indeed is one of the †least of All SEEDS; but when grown it is larger than any HERB, † and becomes a Tree, so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN come and build their nests on its BRANCHES.

33 f Another Parable he spake to them; "The KINGDOM of the HEAV-ENS resembles Leaven. which a Woman taking, mingled in three + Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

34 All these things JEsus communicated to the CROWDS in Parables, and without a Comparison he taught them not:

35 so that the WORD SPOKEN through the PROPHET might be verified, saying; †; "I will "open my mouth in "parables, I will openly "declare things having "been hid from the be-"ginning."

36 Then \*Jesus leaving the PEOPLE, retired

37 He answering, said, O UTTELPEN TO "He who sows the GOOD He sowing the Seed is the son of MAN ;

> 38 the FIELD is the WORLD; the GOOD Seed

39 THAT ENEMY Who the and sowed them is the AD-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. of the World-omit. S6. he left. 87. to them-out. 39. Age.

<sup>† 32.</sup> That is, of all those seeds with which the people of Judea were then acquainted. Our Lord's words are to be interpreted by popular use. And we learn from Matt. xvii. 30, that like a grain of mustard seed was become proverbial for expressing a very small quantity.—Geo. Campbell. † 32. And becomes a tree. It attains a large size in Judea. Lightfoot says, R. Simeon Ben Chalaphta mentions one "into which he was wont to climb, as men are wont to climb into a fig-tree." Trench quotes a traveler in Chili who had ridden a mention of the says a mention of the says and a half words a says a mention of the says and a half words. under one. † 33. A measure containing about a peck and a half, wanting a little more than a pint. Three of them made an ephah. † 35. "I will open my mouth in parables; I will utter dark sayings which have been from the beginning. "Sir L. C. L. Brenton's Scattage gunt translation of Psa. Ixxviii. 2.

<sup>83.</sup> Luke xiii. 20.

40 Ωσπερ ουν συλ-Ιερισται, αγγελοι εισιν., ٨s therefore messengers reapers, λεγεται τα ζιζανια, και πυρι καιεται· ούτως and in a hire are burned; gatherel dainel, the του αιωνος τουτου. εσται «εν τη συντελεια ofthe this will it be in the end age Αποστελει ὁ υίος του ανθρώπου τους αγγελους

the son of the min the messengers **πύτου, και συλλεξουσιν εκ της βασιλειας αυτου** of him, and they will gather out of the . kingdom of him παντα τα πκανδαλα και τους ποιουντας την ανο-

seducers and those working the the μιαν, 42 και βαλουσιν αυτους εις την καμινον lessness, and they will cast, them into the furnace του πυροξή εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος the fire, there shall be the weeping and the gnashing 43 Τυτε οί δικαιοι εκλαμψουσιν, των οδοντών. Then the righteous of the ; teeth. shall shine. ώς δ ήλιος, εν τη βασιλεια του πατρος αύτων. as the a sun, ( in the & kingdom of the father . of them. 

like the [Again] is kingdom of the ουρανων θησαυρώ κεκρυμμενώ εν τω αγρώ, όν , heavens - to a treasure , having been hid in the field, which ευρων ανθρωπος εκρυψε, και απο ·της χαρας lie hiles, n man finding and from the joy αυτου ύπαγει, και παντα όσα εχει πωλει, και of him he gues, and all as much as he has sells, **αγ**οραζει τον αγρον εκεινον.

Timys the field that. 45 Παλιν όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανών Again like is the kingdom of the heavens  $m{st}[lpha 
u 0 
ho \omega m{ au} m{\phi}]$  εμπορ $m{\phi}$ , ζητουντι καλους μαραγρι-(to a man) seeking a merchani, choice

46 Εύρων δε ένα πολυτίμον μαργαριτην, Finding and one costly όσα ειχε, και ηγορααπελθων πεπρακε παντα going bought

he sold all as much as he had, and σεν αυτον.

47 Παλιν δμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων, Again like is the kingdom of the heavens βληθειση εις την θαλασσαν, και εκσαγηνη, to a drag-net, being cast into the and . of sea,  $^{48}$   $\dot{\eta}\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon\pi\lambda\eta$ παντος γενους συναγαγουση. every kind bringing together: which, when it is ρωθη, άναβιβασαντές έπι τον αιγιαλον, και full. drawing to .- the ·and καθισαντες συνελεξαν τα καλα εις αγγεια, τα they collected the good into vessels, the 49 Ούτως εσται εν τη δε σαπρα εξω εβαλον. but bad away they cast. it will be in the

40 As therefore the DARNEL is gathered and burned in a Fire, so will it be in the END of "the

41 The son of man will send forth his messen. GERS, who will gather ont of his kingdom All sr-DUCERS and INIOUITOUS PERSONS:

42 t and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH.

43 Then will the Ergn. TEOUS be resplendent as the sun in the kinggom of their Father. Ήк who has ears, let him hear.

44 The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is like a hidden Treasure in a FIELD. which, a Man finding, he covers up, and, from his Joy, he goes and sells all that he has, and buys that TIELD.

45 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS is like a Pearl of Great value;

46 which ta Merchant, who was seeking Choice Pearls, having found, went and sold all that he had, and bought it.

47 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS rescribles a Drag-net, being cast into the SEA, and enclosing 'fishes of Every Kind:

48 which, when it is full, they draw to the SHORE, and sitting down, gather the GOOD into vessels, but throw the USE-LESS away.

49 So will it he at the

VATICAN MANUBCRIPT .- 40. the AGE. 45. Mau-omit.

<sup>43.</sup> to hear-omit.

<sup>41.</sup> Again-omit.

t 40. To translate aioon, by the word world, has a tendency to lead the reader astray. No less than thirteen different meanings are attached to this word, in the Common Version. The meaning is age, and this rendering can always be understood. The context will determine, generally, what age is referred to—the Jewish, Christian, Messianic, or the endless succession of ages. For further remarks, see Appendix. 4 46. Such as those found is the East, who travel about buying or exchanging jewels, pearls, or other valuables.

<sup>1 41.</sup> Matt. zxii 7. - 1 42. Matt. iii, 12. -- 1 43. Dan. xii. 3.

συντελεια του αιωνος. : Εξελευσονται οί αγγε-Shall co forth the messenof the are. λοι, και αφοριουσ: τους πουηρους σκ μεσου των gers, and sunli separate the Ciched from among the <sup>50</sup>και βαλουτιν αυτως εις την καμινον δικαιων, and shall cast them into the του πυρος· εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος of the fire; there will be the weeping and the gnashing 51 \* [Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους.]των υδοντων. to them the Says Jesus.] of the teeth. Συνηκατε ταυτα παντα; Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Have you understood these things all? They say to him; <sup>52</sup> 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις· Δια τουτο Ναι [κυριε.] [Olord.] He then said to them; Therefore this πας γραμματευς, μαθητευθεις τη βασιλεια των being instructed to the kingdom of the scribe, ουρανών, δμοίος επτιν ανθρωπώ οικοδεσποτή, like je. to a man an householder. heavens ύστις εκβαλλει εκ του θησαυρου αύτου καινα of him out of the tressury wal manaia. old. a- d

58 Και εγενετο, ότο ετολεσεν δ Ιησους τας And it came to pass, when had concluded the Jesus the 54 K.24 ταραβολας ταυτας, μετηρεν εκειθεν. he departed thence. ελθων 🗫 την παπριδα αύτου, οδιδασκεν αυτους coming into the country 'te taught of him, συναγωγη αυτων, ώστε εκπληττεσθα EU Tr ofthem, so as to autonish in the eynagogue Μοθεν τουτφ ή σοφια αυτους, και λεγειν. Whenc€ this the wisdom and to say. αύτη, και αί δυναμεις; <sup>55</sup> Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ and these powers? Not this του τοκτονος υίος: ουχε ή μητηρ αυτου λεγεται not the mother of him is called of the carpenter som's Μαριαμ: και οί αδελφο αυτου Ιακωβος, και c " hims and the brothers James, and ίωσης, και Σιμων, και ίουβας; 56 και αί αδελφαι and the sisters and Simon, and Judas? αυτου ουχι παιας προς ήμας εισι; ωοθεν ουν with arc f whence then all not 221 ζαι εσκανδαλιζοντο εν τουτώ ταυτα παντα; these all? And they found a difficulty in this 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ εστι The and Jesus said Not to them; προφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αύτου, aprophet unhonored, if not in the country of hun, <sup>58</sup> Kaı ουκ εποιησει και εν τη οικια αύτου. and in the house of him. And not he did do δ:.. δυναμεις πολλας.  $\tau\eta v$ απιστιαν Dec ... 188 05 the unbelief of there mighty works many, QUTWV. hem.

END of the AGE. The MESSENGERS will go forth, and will separate the WICKED from among the BIGHTEOUS;

50 and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING of TEETH.

51 Have you understood all these things?" They answered, "Yes."

52 Then HE said to them, "Every Scribe therefore, being instructed \*in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS, is like a Householder, who produces from his TREASURY, new things and old."

53 And it occurred when JESUS had concluded these PARABLES, he departed thence.

54 And coming into this own city he so taught the inhabitants in their synagogue, that they were astonished, and said, "Whence has this man, this wisdom, and these Miraculous powers?

55 \$ Is not this the CARPENTER'S SON? is not his MOTHER called Mary? and do not his BROTHERS, James, and \$ Joses, and Simon, and Judas,

56 and all his †srs-TERS, live with us? Whence, then, has he all these things."

57 And they tstumbled at him. But Jesus said to them, "A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and in his own family."

58 ‡ And he did not perform many Miracles there, because of their UNBELIEF.

VITICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. JESUS Says to them -omit.

<sup>51.</sup> Lord-omit. 52. 1n.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;f 54. That is, Nazareth, where he had been brought up; Luke iv. 16, 23. † 55. Joeph—so read Lachmann, Tischendorf, and Tittman. † 56. According to Theophylact, the names of the sisters of Jesus were Mary and Salome.

<sup>† 52.</sup> Matt. ii. 23; Mark vi. 1-6m. ix. 32, 33; 4 Peter ii. 8. † 55. John vi. 42. 58. Mark vi. 5, 3.

<sup>† 57.</sup> Hatt. xi. 6; Isa. viii. 14;

# ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

1Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ ηκουσεν Ήρωδης δ Herod the Αt that the time heard  $^2$  και  $\epsilon$ ι $\pi$  $\epsilon$  τοις τετραρχης την ακοην Ιησου, of Jesus, tetrarch the fame and said to the παισιν αύτου. Ούτος εστιν Ιωαννης ὁ βαπτιστης. This is John the αυτος ηγερθη απο των νεκρων, και δια τουτο αί is raised from the dead, and therefore this the 3 'Ο γαρ 'Ηρωδης, δυναμεις ενεργουσιν εν αυτώ. The for Herod, mighty powers work in him. κρατησας τον Ιωαννην, εδησεν αυτον, και εθετο had hound him, John, and put 'Ηρωδιαδα την γυναικα Φιλη, δια πρωσων on account of Herodias the wife ν αδελφου αυτου.  $^4$  Ελεγε γαρ αυτψ δ of him. Had said for to him the  $^5$  Και δια εν φυλακη, prison, ιππου του αδελφου αυτου. 5 Kaı Ιωαννης. Ουκ εξεστι σοι εχειν αυτην. Not it is lawful to thee to have her.  $\theta \in \lambda \omega \nu$  αυτον αποκτειναι, εφοβηθη τον οχλον, wishing the people, him to destroy, hefeared  $^6$  Γενεσιων δε δτι ώς προφητην αυτον  $\epsilon\iota\chi o\nu$ . a prophet him they esteemed. Birth-day of but αγομενων του Ήρωδου, ωρχησατο ή θυγατηρ was being held of the Herod, danced the daughter της  $\dot{H}$ ρωδιαδος  $\epsilon \nu$  τω  $\mu \epsilon \sigma \omega$  of the  $\dot{H}$ erodias in the  $\dot{H}$ erodias in the  $\dot{H}$ erodias in the  $\dot{H}$ erodias  $\dot{H$ και ηρέσε τω pleased the 7 όθεν μεθ' όρκου ώμολογησεν αυτη 'Ηρωδη· whereupon with an oath Herod; he promised to her δουναι, δ <sup>8</sup> Η δε, προβιεαν αιτησηται. to give, what soever she might ask. She and, being Βασθεισα ύπο της μητρος αυτης,  $\Delta os \mu o \iota$ , incited bу the mother of her, Give to me, φησιν, ώδε επι πινακι την κεφαλην Ιωαννου του she said, here upon a plate the head of John the 9 Και ελυπηθη δ βασιλευς· δια δε βαπτιστου. And was sorry the king, because of but dipper. τους δρκους και τους συνανακειμενους, εκεreclining at table, thc oaths and those he com-<sup>10</sup> Και πεμψας απεκεφαλισε δοθηναι. λευσε And sending he cut off the head of manded it to be giveu. 11 Και ηνεχθη ή τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη. in the prison. And was brought the κεφαλη αυτου επι πινακι, και εδοθη τω κοραa plate, and it was given to the little head of him on σιώ και ηνεγκε τη μητριαύτης. 12Και προσgirl; and she brought it to the mother of her. And coming  $\epsilon \lambda \theta o \nu \tau \epsilon s$  of μαθηται αυτου ηραν το σωμα, και  $\epsilon \theta$ the disciples of him took the body, and they

αψαν αυτο· και ελθοντες απηγγειλαν τω Ιησου.

departing they told it

and

buried

### CHAPTER XIV.

1 At That TIME, ‡ Herod the † TETRARCH, hearing of the FAME of Jesus.

2 said to his SERVANTS, "This is John the IM-MERSER; he is raised from the DEAD; and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

3 For \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Herod}\$ \*then had caused John to be seized, bound, and put in \$\frac{1}{2}\text{PRISON}\$, on account of \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Herodias}\$, his Brother Philip's wife;

4 for John had said to him, ‡"It is not lawful for thee to have her."

5 And wishing to kill him, he feared the PEO-PLE, ‡ Because they esteemed him as a Prophet.

6 But when HEROD'S Birth-day was kept, the † DAUGHTER of HERODIAS danced in the MIDST, and pleased HEROD;

7 whereon he promised with an Oath to give her whatever she might request.

8 And she, being instigated by her mother, said, "Give me here, on a Platter, the head of John the immerser."

9 And the \*KING, being sorry on account of the OATHS and the GUESTS, commanded that it should be given her.

10 Accordingly, by his order, John was beheaded in the PRISON.

11 And his HEAD was brought on a Platter, and presented to the GIRL; and she carried it to her MOTHER.

12 And his disciples coming, carried off \* the DEAD-BODY, and buried

to the Jesus.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—3. then had. 3. frison. 9. king, being sorry on account of the daths and the guests, commanded. 12. the dead-body.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Properly, the governor of the fourth part of a country; commonly used as a title inferior to a king, and denoting chief ruler. The person here spoken of was Antipas, a son of Herod the Great. The name king is sometimes given to tetrarchs. See verse 9.—Geo. Campbell. † 3. He had married a daughter of Aretas, an Arabian prince, whom he put away, after he had induced Herodias to quit her husband; this occasioned a war between Herod and Aretas. † 6. Named Salome, daughter of Herodias by her former husband.—Josephus, Ant. xviii. v. 4.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 7. † 3. Mark vi. 17; Luke iii. 19, 20. † 4. Luke xx. 21. † 5. Mart. xxi. 26; Luke xx. 6.

13 Και ακουσας δ Ιησους, ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν And haring heard the Jesus, withdrew from thence εν πλοιώ εις ερημον τοπον κατ' ιδιαν και ακουin a ship into a desert place by himself; and having σαντες οί οχλοι, ηκολουθησαν αυτώ πεζη απο the crowds, they followed the crowds,  $14 \text{ Ka} = \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$  of Involve eide  $\lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$ . των πολεων. cities. πολυν οχλον· και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτοις, a crowd; and he was moved with pity towards them; και εθεραπευσε τους αρδωστους αυτων. the sick and

15 Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηλθον αυτφ οί Evening and having come, came to him the μαθηται αυτου, λεγοντες· Ερημος εστιν δ τοπος, A desert is the place, of him, disciples saying; ή ώρα ηδη παρηλθεν. απολυσον and the hour already has passed by; dismiss the οχλους, ένα απελθοντες εις τας κωμας, αγυtbat going into the they villages, 16 O δε Ιησους ρασωσιν έαυτοις βρωματα. themselves victuals. The but ειπεν αυτοις. Ου χρειαν εχουσιν απελθειν<br/>. δοτε they have to go away; give 17 Οί δε λεγουσιν αυτώ. said to them; No need αυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. to eat; They and to them you say to him; Ουκ εχομεν ώδε, ει μη πεντε αρτους και δυο we have here, except five loaves  $^{18}$  O δε ειπε· Φερετε μοι αυτους ώδε.  $\iota \chi \theta \nu \alpha s$ . He and said; Bring to me them here. fishes.  $^{19}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι κελευσας τους οχλους ανακλιθηναι επι And directing the crowds to recline upon τους χορτους, λαβων τους πεντε αυτους και grass, five the taking the oaves and τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, looking up to the heaven, και κλασας, εδωκε τοις μαθηταις and breaking, he gave to the disciples ευλογησε. he gave praise; τους αρτους, οί δε μαθηται τοις οχλοις. <sup>20</sup> Kaı leaves, the and disciples to the crowds. And εφαγον παντες, και εχορτασθησαν και ηραν and were filled; and they took up το περισσευον των κλασματων, δωδεκα κοφινους that over and above of the fragments, twelve baskets 21 Οί δε εσθιοντες ησαν ανδρες ώσει  $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\epsilon\iota s.$ Those and eating were πεντακισχιλιοι, χωρις γυναικων και παιδιων. five-thousand, hesides women andchildren.  $^{22}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι ευθεως ηναγκασεν τους μαθητας εμβηναι And immediately be urged the disciples to enter

it; and departing, tole Jesus.

13 ‡ And Jesus having heard, privately withdrew from thence, by Boat, into a Desert Place; of which the PEOPLE being informed, followed him by Land from the CITIES.

14 And \*coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he had compassion on them, and healed their SICK.

15 ‡ And † Evening having arrived, \* the DISCIPLES came to him, saying, "The PLACE is a Desert, and the HOUR is now past; dismiss the crowds, that they may go to the VILLAGES, and buy themselves Provisions."

16 But Jesus said to them, "They need not depart: "nou supply them."

part; nou supply them."
17 They, however, replied to him, "We have here only Five Loaves and Two Fishes."

18 And HE said, "Bring them here to me."

19 And commanding the PEOPLE to recline on the grass, he took the FIVE Loaves and the TWO Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, ‡ praised God; then † breaking the LOAVES, he gave them to the DISCIPLES, and the disciples distributed to the CROWDS.

20 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered † Twelve Baskets full.

21 Now they who had EATEN, were about five thousand men, besides wo-

men and children.

22 And immediately \*he constrained the DIS-CIPLES to enter \*a Boat,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—14. he went. strained. 22. a Boat.

<sup>15.</sup> the disciples.

<sup>22.</sup> he con-

<sup>† 15.</sup> The first evening, which commenced at three o'clock. The second evening, which began at sunset, is that mentioned in verse 23. † 19. The Jewish loaves were broad, thin, and brittle; so that a knife was not required for dividing them. † 20. These were small wicker baskets, which the Jews carried their victuals in, when from home; and by the number here particularized, it would seem that each apostle filled his own basket.—Pearce.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Mark vi. 32; Luke ix. 10; John vi. 1, 2. John vi. 5. 9. Matt. zv. 36.

<sup>‡ 15.</sup> Mark vi. 35; Luke ix 12

τις το πλοιον, και προαγειν αυτον εις το περαν, and to go before him to the other side, into the ship, <sup>23</sup> Και ξαποέως ού απολυση τους οχλους. while he should dismiss the crowds. And having λυσας τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το opos κατ crowds, the went up into the mountain by centaway the ιδιαν προσευξασθαι. Οψιας δε γενομενης, μονος bimself to pray. Evening and having come, alone 24 Το δε πλοιον ηδη μεσον της eket. עני now in the midst of the be was there. The and ship θαλασσης ην, βασανιζομενον ύπο των κυματων was, having been tossed by the waves : : : 25 Τεταρτη δε φυλακη ην γαρ εναντιος δ ανεμος. In fourth and contrary the wind. watch της νυκτος απηλθε προς αυτους, περιπατων επι them, of the night he went to walking upon <sup>26</sup> Και ιδοντες αυτον οί μαθηται της θαλασσης. sea. And accing him the disciples . επι την θαλασσαν περιπατουντα, εταραχθησαν, sea walking, they were terrified. Ότι φαντασμα εστι και απο του That an apparition is; and from the λεγοντες. saying; 27 Ευθεως δε ελαλησεν αυτοις φοβου εκραξαν. fear they cried aloud. Immediately but spake to them δ Ιησους, λεγων Θαρσειτε, εγω ειμι μη φο-`t√ Take courage, am; not be the Jesus, saying. 28 Αποκριθεις δε αυτφ δ Πετρος ειπε. βεισθε. Answering and him the Peter ; said; afraid. Κυριε, ει συ ει, κελευσον με προς σε ελθειν επι Olord, if thouart, bid me to thee to come upon τα ύδατα. ' <sup>29</sup> 'Ο δε ειπεν· Ελθε. Και καταβας Come. And descending He and said; απο του πλοιου δ Πετρος, περιεπατησεν επι τα boat the Peter, he walked from the upon the υδατα, ελθειν προς τον Ιησουν,
water, to come to the Jenus, 30 Βλεπων δε Seeing but τον ανεμον ισχυρον, εφοβηθη και αρξαμενος etrong, the was afraid; and beginning καταποντιζεσθαι, εκραξε, λεγων Κυριε, σωσον to sink, he cried, & saying; O lord. BAVE <sup>31</sup> Ευθεως δε ό Ιησους εκτεινας την χειρα, με. Immediately and the Jesus stretching out the me. επελαβετο αυτου, και λεγει αυτω. Ολιγοπιστε, of him, and says to him; O distrustful man, <sup>32</sup> Και εμβαντων αυτων εις εις τι εδιστασας: for why didst thou doubt? ], And entering of them into <sup>33</sup> Οί δε εν τφ το πλοιον, εκοπασεν δ ανεμος.

and precede him to the other side, while he dis. missed the crowds.

23 ‡ And having dis, missed the CROWDS, he privately ascended the MOUNTAIN to pray; and remained there alone till it was Late.

24 By this time the BOAT \*was many Furlongs distant from the LAND, tossed by the WAVES; for the WIND was contrary.

25 And in the † Fourth Watch of the NIGHT, he went towards them, walk, ing on the LAKE.

26 And when the DIS, CIPLES saw him twalk, ing on the LAKE, they were terrified, and extelaimed, "It is an Apparition!" and they cried aloud, through fear.

27 But Jesus immediately spoke to them, say, ing, "Take courage, it is II; be not afraid."

28 And PETER answering, said to him, "Master, if it be thou, bid me come to thee on the WATER."

29 And Jesus said, "Come." Then \*Peter descending from the BOAT, walked on the WATER, \*and came to Jesus.

30 But perceiving the WIND strong, he was afraid; and beginning to sink, he exclaimed, "Master, save me?"

31 And Jesus instantly extending his HAND, took hold of him, and said to him, "O distrustful man! why didst thou doubt?"

32 And \*going up into the BOAT, the WIND subsided.

33 Then THOSE in the

They and in the

cessed the wind.

the ship,

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -24. many Furlongs distant from the LAND, tossed. 29. Peter. 29. and came to. 32. going up into.

t 25. Between the hours of three and six in the morning. Grotius observes, that this was the Roman division of the night, taken by them from the Greeks; and that the Jews from the time of Pompey, after they were become a dependent people, had adopted this mode of reckoning, instead of their own; which originally consisted of three wat hes only. 128. In Jobix, 3, this is a prerogative ascribed to God, and which is freely rendered by the LXX, thus; "Walking upon the sea, as upon a parement." An Egyptian hieroglyphic for expressing impossibility was, a picture of two feet walking on the sea.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Mark vi. 36; John vi. 16.

**π**λοιω, \*[ελθοντεs] προσεκυνησαν αυτω, λε $\gamma$ prostrated to him, [coming] say-34 Και διαπεovtes  $A\lambda\eta\theta\omega s$   $\theta\in ov$  vios  $\epsilon t$ . ing; Certainly of a God a son thou art. having And <sup>35</sup> Kaı ρασαντες, ηλθον εις την γην Γεννησαρετ. passed over, they came to the land Gennesaret. And επιγνοντες αυτον οί ανδρες του τοπου εκεινου, him the men ofthe place απεστειλαν εις όλην την περιχωρον **εκεινην**° the country round about they sent into all that: και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους κακως they brought to him all those disease <sup>36</sup>και παρεκαλουν αυτον ίνα μονον εχοντας, and besought him that only having, άψωνται του κρασπεδου του ξματιου αυτου. tuft ೦೭೮೬೦ mantle of him; they might touch the και δσοι ήψαντο, διεσωθησαν. and as many as touched, were made whole.

### КЕФ。 с€. 15.

ΙΤοτε προσερχονται τερ Ιησου οι απο 'Ιεροto the Jesus those from Then came σολυμων γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, λεγυνες. scribes and Pharisees, paying: salem <sup>2</sup> Διατι οί μαθηται σου παραβαινουσι την ≃αρα~ the Why the disciples of thee o ansgress Cadi~ δοσιν των πρεσβυτερων. υυ γαρ μιπτουται τας elders? not for of the they Oach χειρας αύτων, όταν αρτον εσθιωσιν. hands of them, whenever bread they may eat. 3°O δ= He but αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις. Διατι και ύμεις παραsaid to them; Why also you transβαινετε την εντολην του θεου, δια την παραthe commandment of the God, through the gress 4 O γαρ θεος ενετειλατο, λεγων·
The for Cod has commanded, saying; δοσιν ύμων; of you? 66 0 " Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα·" ccat. inother;" and the and; ce Hc "Honor the father κακολογων πατερα 😗 μητερα, θανατώ τελευreviling inthor OK. mother, death let him °Ος αν ειπη τατω." <sup>5</sup> Υμεις δε λεγετο die." Whoever may say to the You but say; δ εαν εξ εμου Cupous μητριο πατρέ η  $\tau\eta$ A gift, whatever out of me father or the mother. παι ου μη τιμηση τον πατερα  $\omega \phi \in \lambda \eta \theta \eta s^{\circ}$ thou mightest he profited: then not not may honor the father αύτου \* [η την μητερα αύτου.] β Και ηκυρωσατε or the nother of him.] And you annul την εντολην του θεου δια την παραδοσιν ύμων. the commandment of the Godthrough the tradition of you. Υποκριται, καλως προεφητευσε περι ύμων prophesied O hypocrites, well concerning you

BOAT, did homage to him. saying, ‡"Assuredly, thou art God's Son."

34 And having passed over they came \* to LAND at Gennesaret.

35 And the MEN of that PLACE recognizing him, sent through All that COUNTRY, and brought to him ALL the diseased:

36 and implored him, that they might only touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched, were cured.

### CHAPTER XV.

1 Then came to Jesus \* Pharisees and Scribes from Jerusalem, saying,

2 "Why do thy Discr-PLES violate the † TRADI-TIONARY PRECEPT of the ELDERS? for they do not wash \*their HANDS before Meals."

3 But HE answering, said to them, "Why do You also violate the com-MANDMENT of GOD by vour tradition?

4 For Goр \*said, ‡'Но-'nor father and moth-'ER;' and \$ 'HE who RE-'VILES Father or Mother, 'shall be punished with 'Death.'

5 But pou assert, 'If any one say to FATHER or MOTHER, An Offering is that by which thou mightest derive assistance from me;

6 then \*he shall by no means honor his FATHER. Thus, by your TRADI-TION, you annul the word of God.

7 #Hypocrites! well did Isaiah prophesy concerning you, saying, 8 **‡**'This people †[draw

1. Pharisees and Scribes from 6. He shall by no means

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—34. to LAND at Gennesaret. rusalem. 2. the hands. 4. said, 'Honor 4. HER. 2. the HANDS. Thus. Jerusalem. 6. or his MOTHER-omit. 6. word.

<sup>2.</sup> He that eateth with unwashed hands is guilty of death.-Rabbi Abiba. words in brackets are found in the prophecy from which they are taken, both in the Hebrew and Septuagint. They are omitted by the Vatican and several other excellent MSS, and ty some ancient versions. Erasmus, Mill, Drucius, and Bengel, approve of the omission; and Griesbach has left it out of the text. But as they are found in the place from which they are quoted, it has been thought best to insert them in the text.

<sup>1 33.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 54. Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2. 17. Mark vii. 6. 18. Isa. xxix. 13.

ει τοις χειλεσι Ήσαιας, λεγων• "The people this with the lips saying; με τιμα: ή δε καρδια αυτων πορρω απεχει απ' me honor; the but heart of them far off is removed from  $^{9}$  Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες εμου. Without profit but they reverence me, me. διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." commandments of men." doctrines, προσκαλεσαμενος τον οχλον, ειπενhaving called the crowd, he said QUTOIS' 11 Ου το εισερχομενον εις Ακουετε και συνιετε. Hear you and he instructed. Not that entering το στομα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον· αλλα το εκπορthe mouth pollutes the but that proceedman; ευομενον εκ του στοματος τουτο κοινοι τον ing ont of the mouth this pollutes the  $^{12}$  Τοτε προσελθοντες οἱ μαθηται ανθρωπον. man. Then having come the disciples αυτου, ειπον αυτω. Οιδας, ότι οἱ Φαρισαιοι, said to him; Knowest thou, that the Pharisees, ακουσαντες τον λογον, εσκανδαλισθησαν; 13'Ο hearing that saying, found a difficulty? δε αποκριθεις ειπε. Πασα φυτεια, ήν ουκ εφυ-but answering said; Every pantation, which not has τευσεν ὁ πατηρ μου ὁ ουρανιος, εκριζωθησεται. planted the father of mc . heavenly, shall be rooted up. 14 Αφετε αυτους· όδηγοι εισι τυφλοι \* [τυφλων.] Let alone them; suides they are blind [of blind.] Τυφλος δε τυφλον εαν όδηγη, αμφοτεροι εις Blind and blind if may lead, both  $^{15}$  Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος  $\beta \circ \theta \circ \nu \circ \nu \pi \in \sigma \circ \nu \tau \alpha i$ . will fall. Answering and the Peter ειπεν αυτώ. Φρασον ήμιν την Παραβολην ταυτηυ.

said to him; Explain to us the comparison 16 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Ακμην και ύμεις ασυνετοι The and Jesus said; Yet also you unintelligent  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ; 17 Ou\*  $[\pi \omega]$  voeite,  $\delta \tau \iota \pi \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \epsilon \iota \sigma \omega \sigma \rho \epsilon \upsilon$ are? Not [yet] perceive you, that all that ομένον εις το στομα, εις την κοιλιαν χωρεί, into the mouth, into the passes, bell v και εις αφεδρωνα εκβαλλεται; 18 Τα δε εκπορευ-Those but proceedand into a privy is cast; ομενα εκ του στοματος, εκτης καρδιας εξερ-ing out of the mouth, from the heart issues <sup>19</sup> Εκ γαρ χεται, κακεινα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον.and they pollute the man. From for της καρδιας εξερχονται διαλογισμοι πονηροι. heart comes forth purposes evil; φονοι, μοιχειαι, πορνειαι, κλοπαι, ψευδομαρτυmurders, adulteries, formications, thefts, false testimoριαι,  $\beta$ λασφημιαι.  $^{20}$ Ταυτα  $\epsilon$ στι  $\tau$ α κοινουντα These is the (things) polluting nies, evil speakings. τον ανθρωπον το δε ανιπτοις χερσι φαγείν ου the man; that but with unwashed bands to eat not κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. pollutes the man.

'nigh to ME with their 'MOUTH, and] honor Me 'with their LIPS; but 'their heart is far remov-'ed from me.

9 'But in vain do they 'worship me, teaching as 'Doctrines, the Precepts

10 And having called the CROWD, he said to them, "Hear, and be instructed:

IL Not THAT ENTER-INC the MOUTH, pollutes the man, but THAT PRO-CEEDING from the MOUTH,

pollutes the MAN."

12 Then \*the DISCIPLES approaching, say to him, "Didst thou observe That the Pharisees were offended, when they heard that saying?"

13 But HE answering, said, "Every Plantation, which my HEAVENLY FA-THER has not planted, shall be extirpated.

14 Leave them; ‡they are blind Guides; and it the Blind lead the Blind, both will fall into the Pit."

15 Then Peter replying, said to him, "Explain to us \*that saying."

16 And \*HE said, "Are nou also yet without understanding?

17 Do you not perceive, That WHATEVER ENTERS the mouth, passes into the BELLY, and is ejected?

18 But #those THINGS PROCEEDING out of the MOUTH, issue from the HEART; and then pollute the MAN.

19 ‡ For out of the HEART proceed iriquitous Designs; - Marders, Adulteries, Fornications, Thefts, false Testimonies. Calumnies.

20 These are the THINGS which POLLUTE the MAN: but to EAT with Unwashed Hands pollutes not the MAN."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. the DISCIPLES approaching, say. 14. of the Blind, -omit. 5. that saving. 16. HE said. 17. yet-omit.

ark vii. 14. ‡ 14. Isa. ix. 10; Mal. ii. 8; Matt. xxtii. 16; Luke vi. 39. ‡ 18. James iii. 6. ‡ 19. Mark vii. 21. 1 10. Mark vii. 14. 1 15. Mark

ີ Και εξελθων εκειθεν ό Ιησους ανεχωρησεν thence the Jesus departing withdrew 22 Κα. ιδου, εις τα μερη Τυρου και Σιδωνος. And hito the confines of Tyre and Silon. ko, γυνη Χαναναια, απο των όριων εκεινων εξελθουparts coming woman Canaanitish, of the 51.080 · λεγουσα° Ελεησον με, εκοαυγασεν αυ cried out to him, saying; Pit: me, out\_ μου κακως δαι ιονικυριε, υίε Δαυιδ. ή Olord Oson David; the daughter sadly mo 23 'Ο δε ουκ απεκριθη αυτη λογον. (∈ται. -a& He but now answered ?icr a -ord. Aud ized. προσελθοντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου, ηρωτων αυτου, celim, him, the disciples besongl; λεγοντες Απολυσου αυτηυ, δτι κραζει οπισθευ her, for she cries at t' a back Send away 24 'O δε αποκριθεις είπεν. Ουα απεστα-He but auswering said, Not Jam ἡμων. of us. λην, ει μη εις τα προβατα τα απολωλοτα οικου sheep Incuse of to the the perishing except  $^{25}$  Ή δε ελθουσα  $\pi$ ρησεκυνει αυ $_{29}$ Ισραηλ. to las, prostrated İsrael. She then coming <sup>26</sup> Ο δε αποκριθει: **λε**γουσα· Κυριε, βοηθει μοι. Olord, give aid to me. He but answ saying: ειπεν. Ουκ εστι καλον λαβειν το bread ofth right Not it is 'o take Sin said; <sup>27</sup> Ή δε Baless Tois Kuvapiois. και  $\tau \in \kappa_{\nu} \omega_{\nu}$ , She but to throw to the dogs. children, and Ναι, κυριε· και γαρ τα κυναρια εσθιει ειπε. dogs Olord; com for the estroit said: ...το **των** ψιχιων των π:πτοντων απο *ሞη*ς τραπε» crumbs of the falling from the table the <sup>28</sup>Τοτε αποκριθεις δ των κυριων αύτων. of the masters of them. Then answering the Ιησους ειπεν αυτ.. Ω γυναι, μεγαλη σου ή 0 of thee the said to her: woman. great πιστις γωνηθητω τοι, ώς θελεις. Και ιαθη to thee, as thou wilt. And was healed let it be ή θυγατηρ αυτης απο της ώρας εκεινης. of her from the daughter honr

29 Και μεταβας εκειίεν ὁ Ιησους, ηλθε παρα thence the Jesus, departing came την θαλασταν της Γαλιλαιας. και αναβας εις of the Galilee: and ascending into <sup>30</sup> Και προσηλθον αυτω το ορος, εκαθητο εκει. the mountain, he sat down there. And came to him οχλοι πολλοι, εχοντες μεθ' έαυτων χωλους, great, having with them lame. τυφλους, κωφους, κυλλους, και έτερους πολλους· blind. deaf. maimed, and others many; και ερδιψαν αυτους παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου, they laid them at the feet of the Jesus, 31 ώστε τους οχλους και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. them: so that the crowds and θαυμασαι, βλεποντας κωφους λαλουντας, κυλbeholding speaking. to wonder,

21 ‡And Jesus departing thence, withdrew into the CONFINES of Tyre and Sidon.

Tyre and Sidon.

22 And behold, a Canaanitish Woman coming from those Parts, cried out to him, saying, "Have compassion on me! Master, Son of David! my DAUGHTER is sadly demonized."

23 But he answered her not a Word. And his disciples coming, entreated him, saying, "Dismiss her; For she cries after us."

24 But HE answering, said, t"I am only sent to the PERISHING SHEEP of the Stock of Israel."

25 Yet advancing, SHE prostrated to him, saying, "O Master, help me!"

26 But HE answering, said, "It is not proper to take the CHILDREN'S BREAD, and throw it to + the pogs."

† the dogs."
27 But she said, "I beseech thee, Sir; for even the dogs eat THOSE CRUMBS which FALL from their MASTERS' TABLE."

28 Then Jesus answering, said to her, "O Woman! great is Thy FAITH; be it to thee as thou desirest." And her DAUGHTER was cured from that very MOMENT.

29 iAnd Jesus, having left that place, came to the LAKE of GALI-LEE; and ascending the MOUNTAIN sat down there.

30 And great Crowds came to him, bringing with them the lame, \*the tcrippled, the blind, the deaf, and many others, and laid them at \*his feet, and he cured them:

χλους
31 so that the crowds
beheld, with wonder, the
Deaf \*hearing, the Cripmaimed pled restored, the Lame

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-30. crippled, blind, deaf, and. 30. his feet. 31. hearing.

<sup>† 23.</sup> The Jews likened the heathen nations to dogs.—Lightfoot. † 30. The original word kullos, properly signifies, one whose hand or arm has been cut off; (see Mark ix. 43.) but it is sometimes applied to those who were only disabled in those parts. To supply a lost timb was a creation, and therefore an astonishing miracle.

λους δγιεις, χωλους περιπατουντας, και τυφλους and sound. walking, blind βλεποντας· και εδοξασαν τον θεον Ισραηλ. 32 'Ο The and they glorified the God of Israel. δε Ιησους, προσκαλεσαμενος τους μαθητας αύhaving called the disciples then Jesus, Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον, ότι του, ειπε. on the crowd, for him, said; I have compassion \*[ηδη] ήμεραι τρεις, προσμενουσι μοι, και ουκ [already] days three, they have remained with me, and not εχουσι τι φαγωσι και απολυσαι αυτουs they have any thing they may ext; and to send away them νης τεις ου θελω, μηποτε εκλυθωσιν εν τη όδφ. lest they may faint in the way. not I will, 33 Κα: λεγουσιν αυτφ οί μαθηται αύτου. Ποθεν to him the disciples And they say of him; ήμιν εν ερημια αρτοι τοσουτοι, ώστε χορτασαι to us in a desert place loaves so many, so as to satisfy 34 Και λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους· οχλου τοσουτον; a crowd And says to them the Jesus; so great? Οί δε ειπον Έπτα, και Ποσους αρτους εχετε;How many loaves have you? They and said; Seven, and 35 Και εκελευσε τοις οχλοις ολιγα ιχθυδια. he directed And a few small fishes. the crowds 35 Και λαβωυ τους σναπεσειν επι την γην. to recline upon the ground. And taking έπτα αρτους και τους ιχθυας, ευχαριστησας and the fishes. giving thanks εκλασε και εδωκε τοις μαθηταις αύτου, οί δε hr broke and he gave to the disciples of him, the and of him, the and <sup>37</sup> Και εφαγον παντες, και μαθηται τφ οχλφ. disciples to the crowd. And they ate all, εχορτασθησαν και ηραν το περισσευον των and they took up that over and above of the were filled; **κλα**σματων, έπτα σπυριδας πληρεις. 38 O ί δ€ seven large baskets full. fragments, εσθιοντες ησαν τετρακισχιλιοι ανδρες, χωρις were four thousand besides γυναικών και παιδιών. and children. women

 $^{39}$  Kai amodugas tous oxdous, he went into And having sent away the crowds, το πλοιον, και ηλθεν εις τα όρια Μαγδαλα. and came to the coasts of Magdala. КЕФ. 15. 16. 1 Και προσελθοντες 🤉 Φαρισαιοι And coming the Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιοι, πειραζοντες επηρωτησαν αυτον, tempting they asked and Sadducees, him. σημειον εκ του ουρανου επιδειξαι αυτοις. to them. asign from the heaven toshow

walking, and the Blind seeing; and they glorified the God of Israel.

32 †Then JESUS having called his DISCIPLES, said. "I have compassion on the CROWD, because they have continued with mo three Days, and have nothing to eat; and I do not wish to dismiss them fast. ing, lest they should faint on the ROAD."

33 And his disciples say to him, I"How can we get so many Loaves in a Desert-place, to satisfy

such a Crowd?"

34 And JESUS says to then, "How many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven, and a Few Small fishes."

35 Then he commanded the PEOPLE to recline on

the ground:

36 and taking the sev-ON Loaves and the Fish. is, the offered thanks, and broke them, and gave to his DISCIPLES, and the DISCIPLES distributed to the crown.

37 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered Seven large † Baskets full.

38 Now they who had EATEN were \* about Four thousand Men, besides Women and Children.

39 ‡ And having dis-missed the crowds, he went into the BOAT, and came to the tcoast of \* Magdala.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 Then the PHARIsees and Sadducees drew near, and tempting asked him to show them a Sign from Heaven.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. already-omit.

<sup>38.</sup> about.

<sup>39.</sup> Magadan-so also

Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Baskets of larger capacity than the wicker baskets mentioned in Chap. xiv. 20—large enough to contain a man's body. See Acts ix. 25. † 39 The modern name is Ard el-Mendel, field or coast of Mejdel, Mejdel, from which the plain takes its name, is a paltry village, about an hour from Tiberias, near where a line of high rocks overhangs the lake. This as the ancient Magdala, called in Mark viii. 10, Dalmanutha; the birth place of that Yary, out of whom were expelled seven demons.

<sup>1 32.</sup> Mark viii. 1. 1 86. Mark viii. 10.

ε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις: \*[Οψιας γενομενης, said to them, \*["In the said to them: Evening coming, 3 Kaı λεγετε· Ευδια· πυρβαζει γαρ δ ουρανος. you say; Fair weather; reddens for the heaven. And Σημερον χειμων πυρραζει γαρ στυγin the morning; To-day a storm; is red for low-Υποκριται, το μεν προσωπον ναζων δ ουρανος. the heaven. llypocrites, the truly face του ουρανου γινωσκετε διακρινειν, τα δε σημεια you know to judge, the but signs  $^4$  Γενεα πονηρα και των καιρων ου δυνασθ∈; not can you?] A generation evil and ...οιχαλις σημειον επιζητει· και σημειον ου δοand a sign not shal \*[70v θησεται αυτη, ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα to her, except the sigu of Jonas [the  $\mathbf{K}$ ωε καταλιπων αυτους, απηλ $\mathcal{C}$ ε. προφητου. And leaving them, he went away. prophet.] 5 Και ελθοντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου εις το περαν. coming of him to the other side the disciples 6'Ο δε Ιησους ειπει επελαθοντο αρτους λαβειν. The and Jesus had forgotten loaves to take. said αυτοις. 'Ορατε και προσεχετε απο της (υμης take heed of the leaven to them; Look  $\mathbf{a}$ των Φαρισαιων και Ζαδδουκαιων. 7 Οί δε διελο-Sadducees. They and of the Pharisees an C 20**a**γιζοντο εν έαυτοις, λεγοντες. 'Οτι αρτους ουκ Because loaves among themselves, saving; not 8 Trous δε δ Inσους ειπεν. Τι διαελαβομεν. we have brought. Knowing and the Jesus said; Why reaλογιζεσθε εν έαυτοις, αλιγοπιστοι, ότι αρτους son you among your ». O you of weak faith, because loaved η Ουπω νοειτε, ουδε μνημονουκ \*[ελαβετε;] [you have bougher] Not yet perceive you, nor romemευέτε τους πεντε άρτους των πεντακισχιλιών. ioaves of the the five five-thousand ber you <sup>10</sup> Ουδε τους ποσους κοφινους ελαβετε; how many baskets you took up? Nor the έπτα αρτους των τετρακισχιλιών, και ποσας loaves of the four thousand, 11 Πως ου νοειτε, ότι ου σπυριδας ελαβετε; Why not do you perceive, that not do large baskets you took up? περι αρτου ειπον ύμιν προσεχειν απο της ζυμης That I spoke not to you about bread I spoke to you to take heed of the lcaven 12 Toτε συτων φαρισαιων και Σαδδουκαιων; of the Pharisees and Sadducees? Then **νη**καν, δτι ουκ ειπε προσεχειν απο της ζυμης understood, that not he did say beware of the leaven του αρτου, αλλ' απο της διδαχης των Φαρισαιων of the doctrine of the or the bread, but Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιων.

2 But he answering, Evening, you say, 'It will be Fair weather, for the sky is red;'

3 and in the Morning, 'There will be a Storm To-day, for the sky is red and lowering.' Hypocrites! you can correctly judge as to the APPEARANCE  $\mathbf{of}$ the sky, but cannot discern

the signs of the TIMES. 4 ‡ A wicked and faith-Generation less mands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it. except the SIGN Jonah." And leav And leaving them, he went away.

5 : Now, \*the Disci-PLES passing to the OTH-ER SIDE, had forgotten to take Loaves with them.

6 And Jesus said to them, t"Observe, and beware of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and Sadducees."

7 And THEY reasoned among themselves, saying, "Because we have brought no Loaves."

8 But Jesus knowing it, said, "O you distrustfúl! Why do you reason among yourselves, Beyou have cause Bread.

9 Do you not yet perceive, or recollect the FIVE-THOUSAND, How many Baskets you took up?

10 nor the SEVEN Loaves of the FOUR THOUSAND, and How και ποσας THOUSAND, and How many large Baskets you

took up.

11 How is it that you comprehend. not about Bread, \*but beware you of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and they Sadducees ?"

12 Then they understood That he did not tell them to beware of the LEAVEN of BREAD but of the DOCTRINE of the \*Sadduckes and Pharisees.

Sadducees.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2 and 3-omit. 8. brought-omit. 11. but beware you of.

<sup>4.</sup> the PROPHET-omit. 5. the DISCIP\_ES. 12. SADDUCKES and Pharisees.

<sup>1 4.</sup> Matt. xii. 39.

<sup>\$ 5.</sup> Mark viii. 14.

13 Ελθων δε 🕽 Ιησους εις τα μερη Καισαρειας Coming and the Jesus into the parts της Φιλιππου, ηρωτα τους μαθητας αύτου, λεof the Philip, asked the disciples of him, sayγων Τινα με λεγουσιν οξ ανθρώποι ειναι, τον ing; Who me sav tne men to be, 14 Οί δε ειπον. Οί μεν, υίο**ν τ**ου ανθρωπου; of the man? They and said; **Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην· αλλοι δε, Ηλιαν· έτεροι** dipper; others and, Elias; others  $^{15}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$ 'Ιερεμιαν, η ένα των προφητων. Jerennas, or one of the prophets. Hesays αυτοις. Ύμεις δε τινα με λεγετε ειναι; 16 Aποκ-You but who me to be? say ριθεις δε Σιμων Πετρος ειπε. Συ ει δ Χριστος, the Simon Peter said; Thou art the Anointed, δ υίος τον θεου του ζωντος. <sup>17</sup> Και αποκριθεις the son of the God the living. Aud answering ει, Σιμων βαρ δ Ιησους ε πεν αυτώ. Μακαριος said to him, Blessed art thou, Simon son the Jesus Ιωνα· ότι σαρξ και αίμα ουκ  $a\pi\epsilon\kappa a\lambda \nu\psi\epsilon$   $\sigma oi.$ it has revealed to thee, of Jonas; for flesh and blood not  $^{18}\,\mathrm{Ka}\gamma\omega$ αλλ' ό πατηρ μου, ό εν τοις ουρανοις. but the father of me, that in the heavens. Also I δε σοι λεγω, ότι συ ε. Πετρος, και επι ταυτη and to thee say, that thos at a rock, and upon τη πετρά οικοδομησώ μου την εκκλησιάν, και I will build •he rock of me the church, and  $^{19}\,\mathrm{Ka}\,\iota$ πυλαι 'αδου ου κατισχυσουοιν αυτης. gates of hades not shall prevail against δωσω σοι τας κλεις της βασιλειας των ου-[ will give to thee the keys of the kingdom ρανων• και δ εαν εκι της γης, εσται δησης and whatever thou mayest bing upon the earth, shall be vens; **δεδεμενον εν τ**οις ουρανοις· και ὁ εαν λυσης in the heavens; and whatever thou mayest loose επι της γης, εσται λελυμενον εν τοις ουρανοις. upon the earth, shall be in the loosed  $^{20}$  Τοτε  $\delta$ ιεστειλατο τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα Then he charged the disciples of him.

 $^{21}$  A $\pi$ o τοτε ηρξατο δ Ιησους δεικνυειν τοις to the

13 And Jesus coming into the Parts of † Cesarea Phillppi, questioned his DISCIPLES, saying, t"Who do ren say that \*the son of MAN is?"

14 And THEY replied, "Some, John the immerser; \*some, Elijah; and others, Jeremiah, or one of the PROPHETS."

15 He says to them, "But who do nou say that I am?"

16 Simon Peter answer. ing, said, t"Thou art the CHRIST, the son of the LIVING God."

17 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Happy art thou, Simon, son of Jonah; for Flesh and Blood has not revealed this to thee, but THAT FATHER of mine in the \* Heavens.

18 Moreover, E also say to thee, That thou art ta Rock, and on this BOCK I will build My CHURCH, and tthe Gates of Hades shall not triumph over it.

19 And I will give thee the KEYS . the KING. DOM of the HEAVENS; i and whatever th u shalt bind on the EARTH, shall be bound in the HEAV-ENS; and whatever thou shalt loose on the EARTH, shall be loosed in the HEAVENS."

20 ‡Then he commanded \* the DISCIPLES that they should tell no one, that he is the Messian.

21 From that time, JEsus began to disclose to

μη ενι ειπωσιν ότι αυτος εστιν ό Χριστος.

no one they should tell that he

the DISCIPLES.

is the Anointed.

113. Mark viii. 27; Luke ix. 18. 1. 27. 18. John i. 42. 18. Eph. 30. Matt. vvii. 9: Nam. Hi. 30; Luke ix. 21. † 16. Mark viii. 29; Luke ix 20; John i. 40; vi. 69; † 18. Eph. ii. 20. † 19. Matt. Lift. 19; John **x.** 22

From that time began the Jesus toshow \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. the son of man is?

<sup>14.</sup> SOME.

<sup>17.</sup> Heavens.

<sup>† 13.</sup> This town was near to the spring-head of the Jordan, and was built by Philip, tetrarch of Galilee, in honor of Tiberius Casar; and to distinguish it from the sea-port town of Cesarea, mentioned frequently in the Acts of the Apostles, it was called Cesarea Philippi. See Josephus, Ant. xviii. 2, 1, and xx. 8, 4. † 18. Parkhurst says, "This expression seems allusive to the form of the Jewish sepulchres, which were large subterraneous caves, with a narrow mouth or entrance, many of which are to be found in Judea, to this day. The LXX render the corresponding phrase from the Heb. of Isa, xxxviii. 10, the gates of the sepulchre. The full meaning of our Lord's promise seems to be, that his church on earth, however persecuted and distressed, should never fail till the consummation of all things, and should then, at the resurrection of the just, finally trumph over death and the grave." Compared Cor. xv. 54, 55. † 19. It is said, that when the Jews made a man a doctor of the law, they used to put into his hands the key of the closet in the temple, where che sacred books were deposited, and also tablets to write upon; signifying that they gave him authority to teach and to explain the scriptures and law of God to the people.

μαθηταις αύτου, ότι δει αυτον απελθειν εις 'Ιεροof him, that must he Jeruto ge to disciples σολυμα, και πολλα παθειν απο των πρεσβυτεand many (things) to suffer from the ealem, ρων και αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκand high-priests and scribes, and to he <sup>22</sup> Kaı τανθηναι, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι. to be raised. and the third day And προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πετρος, ηρξατο επιτιμαν him the Peter, began taking aside Be it far from thee, O lord; not not shall be αυτφ, λεγων saying; Be it far from thee, 0.0.0.5, 0.0.0.5, 0.0.0.5 0.0σοι τουτο. He but to thee this σκανδαλον σατανα. "!παγε οπισω μου, μου adversary; a stumbling-block of me of me, Go thou behind του θεου, αλλα τα τα er. ότιου Φρυν€ις thou art; for not thou regardest the (things) of the God, but those των ανθοωπων. 24 Τοτε ο Ιησους ειπε τοις μα-Then the Jesus said to the men.  $\theta \eta \tau \alpha is$   $\alpha \dot{v} \tau o v$ .  $Ei \tau is <math>\theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon i$   $o \pi i \sigma \omega$   $\mu o v$   $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon i v$ , me after to come, othin; If any one wish ciples απαρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον and let him bear the hımself, let him deny 25 'Os γαρ αν αύτου, και ακολουθειτω μοι. Whoever for follow me, of him, and θελη την ψυχην αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην. her; life of him to saw, shalllose may wish the δ' αν απολεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν δs life the of him on account may lose whoever and <sup>26</sup> Tι γαρ ωφελειται αν-What for is profited a εμου, εύρησει αυτην. shall find her. βρωπος, εαν τον κοσμον όλον κερδηση, την δε the whole he may win, the and ıſ world nau. υνχην αύτου ζημιωθη; η τι δωσει ανθρωπος of him he may forfeit? or what shall give a man <sup>27</sup> Μελλει γαρ ανταλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου; in exchange for the life of him? ls about δ vios του ανθρωπου ερχεσθαι εν τη δοξη του in the glory of the the son of the man to come πατρος αύτου, μετα των αγγελων αύτου, και with the messengers of him, and of him, **έ**καστω κατα την πραξιν αποδωσει  $\tau o \tau \epsilon$ he will render to each one according to the behavior then αυτου.

<sup>28</sup> Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εισι τινες των ώδε έστω-Indeed I say to you, there are some of those here των, οίτινες ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν stood, who not not shall taste of death, till τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν τη coming in the they may see the son of the man KΕΦ. ιζ. 17. ΙΚαι μεθ' βασιλεια αύτου. And royal majesty of him. after ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει δ Ιησους τον Πετρον,

of him.

takes the Jesus the Peter, six και Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου. and

of him; the brother and

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. rebuking him, said. 28. That there are.

† 21. Matt xvii. 22; xx. 17; Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22, 44; xviii. 31; xxiv. 6, 7; 24. Matt. x. 38; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xiv. 27. † 25. Luke xvii 33; John xii. 25. † 26. Psa. xlix. 7, 8. † 27. Matt. xxv. 31—46; Mark viii. 38; Luke ix. 26. † 28. Mark ix. 1; Luke ix. 27. † 1. Mark ix. 2; Luke ix. 28.

his disciples, #That be must go to Jerusalem, and suffer much from the EL. DERS, and High-priests, and Scribes, and be killed. and that on the THIRD Day he must be raised up.

22 And Peter taking him aside, and \* rebuking him, said, "Be this far from thee, Master; this shall not be to thee."

23 But HE turning, said to PETER, "Get thee behind me, Adversary; thou art a Stumbling-block to me; for thou regardest not the THINGS of GOD, but those of men."

24 Then Jesus said to his disciples, ‡"If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his CROSS, and follow me.

25 I For whoever would save his LIFE, shall lose it; and whoever loses his LIFE on my account, shall find it.

26 For what is a Man profited, if he should gain the whole world, and forfeit his LIFE? or what will ‡a man give in Ransom for his LIFE?

27 ‡ For the son of MAN is about to come in the GLORY of his FATHER, with his ANGELS; and then he will recompense o each one according to his conduct.

28 #Indeed I :ay to you, \* That there are SOME of those STANDIN here, who will not taste of Peath, till they see the on of MAN coming in his ROYAL MA-JESTY."

### CHAPTER XVII.

1 t And after six days. Jesus took Peter. James, and John the BROTHER of James, and privately con-

και αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ' ιδιαν. and leads up them into a monotain high privately. ε Και μετεμορφωθη  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  autwv, kai And he was transfigured in the presence of them, ελαμψε το προσωπον αυτου ώς ό ήλιος τα δε shone the face of him as the sun; the and ίματια αυτου εγενετο λευκα ώς το φως. garments of him became watte as the light, ιδου, ωφθησαν αυτοις Μωσης και Ηλιας, μετ' appeared to them Moses and Elias, 4 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος αυτου συλλαλουντες. talking. Aussering and in Peter  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon$   $\tau\omega$  In  $\sigma\sigma\upsilon$  Kupi $\epsilon$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\lambda\sigma\nu$   $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$   $\acute{\eta}\mu\alpha$ s  $\acute{\omega}\delta\epsilon$  said to the Jesus; Olord, good it is us here ειναι ει θελεις, ποιησωμεν ώδε τρεις σκηνας. to be; if thou wit, we may make nere three tents, <sup>5</sup> Ετι σοι μιαν, και Μωση μιαν, και μιαν Ηλιά. to thee one, and Moses one, and one Elias. Soid αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, νεφελη φωτος επεσlo, a cloud ·peaking, of light κιαπεν αυτους και ιδου, φωνη εκ της νεφελης, shadowed them and in, a once out of the λεγουσα "Ούτος εστιν δ υίος μου δ αγαπητος, saying, "Inis is the son of ine the beloved,  $\epsilon \nu$  ' $\psi$   $\epsilon \nu \delta ο κησα$  αυτου ακουετε."  $^6$  Και ακουin whom I designt. of him hearyou." And having σαντες οί μαθηται, επεσον επι προσωπον αύτων, the disciples, they lell upon face και εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα. <sup>7</sup> Και προσελθων δ and were trigatened greatly. And coming near the Ιησους, ήψατο αυτων, και ειπεν· Εγερθητε, και touched them, and said; Be you raised, and μη φοβεισθε.  $^8$  Επαραντες δε τους οφθαλμους then the Lifting up αύτων, ουδενα ειδον, ει μη τον Ιησουν μονον. of them, no one they saw, except the Jesus 9 Και καταβαινοντων αυτων, εκ του ορους, of them, from the mountain, descending ενετειλατο αυτοις ό Ιησους, λεγων Μηδενι ειthem the Jesus, saying; To no one you πητε το δραμα, έως ού δ υίος του ανθρωπου εκ the son of the may tell the vision, till νεκρων αναστη. dead (ones) should be raised.

10 Και επηρωτησαν αυτον οι μαθηται αυτον, And asked him the disciples of him, λεγοντες. Τι ουν οί γραμματεις λεγουσιν, ότι Why then toe scribes say, 11 O de Invous Ηλιαν δει ελθειν πρωτον; must to come The but Elias first ? Jesus είτας must to come αποκριθείς είπεν \*[αυτοις:] Ηλίας μεν ερχεται answering said [to them;] Elias truly comes 12 λεγω δε πρωτον, και αποκαταστησει παντα all things; I say but shall restore ύμιν, ότι Ηλιας ηδη ηλθε, και ουκ επεγνωσαν they knew to you, that Ehas just now came, and not  $\alpha υ το \nu$ ,  $\alpha λλ'$   $\epsilon ποιησαν εν αυτω όσα ηθελησαν him, but bave done to him as much as they wished,$ 

ducted them up a lofty Mountain;

2 and he was transformed in their presence his face shone as the SUN, and his GARMENTS became white as the LIGHT.

3 And behold, Moses and Elijah appeared to them, conversing with him.

4 Then PETER addressing JESUS, said, "Master, it is good for us to be here; if thou wilt, \*I will make here three Booths; one for thee, one for Moses, and one for Eighh."

5 While he was speaking, behold, ‡a Cloud of light covered them; and behold, a Voice from the CLOUD, declaring, ‡"This is my son, the BELOVED, in whom I delight; hear him!"

6 And the DISCIPLES having heard it, tell on their Faces, and were greatly trightened.

7 And JESUS approaching, ‡touched them, and said, "Arise, and be not afraid."

8 Then raising their EYES, they saw no one, except Jesus.

9 ‡ And as they were descending the MOUNTAIN, JESUS commanded them, saying Lell the VISION to no one. till the SON of MAN be risen from the Dead.

10 And the DISCIPLES asked fum, saving t'Why then do the SCRIBES so That Ehjah must firs come?"

11 \*HE answering, said, "Elijah indeed \*comes, and will restore all things.

12 But I say to you, 1 That Ehjah has already come, and they did not recognize him, but have done to him whatever they wished. Thus also

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. I will make here three Booths. 11. comes, and will restore.

<sup>11.</sup> He answering

ούτω και δ vios του αντρωπου μελλει πασχειν is about to suffer thus also the son of the man ύπ' αυτων. 13 Τοτε συνηκαν οί μαθηται, ότι understood the them. Then disciples, Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου ειπεν αυτοις. πεσι concerning John the dipper he spoke to them.

<sup>14</sup> Και ελθοντων αυτών προς τον οχλον, προσ-Aud having come of them to the crowd, <sup>15</sup>και ηλθεν αυτφ ανθρωπος, γονυπετων αυτον, to him a man, knee-falling him. and λεγων Κυριε, ελεησον μου τον υίον ότι σελη-Olord, have pity on of mc the son; for he is saying; νια(εται, και κακως πασχει. πολλακις γαρ and sadly suffers; often for moou-struck, πιπτει εις το πυρ, και πολλακις εις το ύδωρ. fire, often into the water. he falls into the and 16 Και προσηνεγκα αυτον τοις μαθηταις σου, και

I brought <sup>17</sup> Αποκριουκ ηδυνηθησαν αυτον θεραπευσαι. not they were able him to heal. Answer-CEIS DE D' INTOUS EIMEN.  $\Omega$   $\gamma \in \nu \in a$   $a\pi \iota \sigma \tau \circ s$   $\kappa \circ \iota$ ing and the Jesus eaid: O generation unfaithful and ποτε εσομαι μεθ' ύμων: διεστραμμενη. έως having been perverted; till shall lhe with you? when έως ποτε ανεξομαι ύμων; φερετε μοι αυτον ώδε. till when shall I bear you? bring you to me him  $^{18}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι επετιμησεν αυτ $\wp$  δ  $^{1}$ ησους, και εξηλθεν,

him

to the disciples

of thee, and

rehuked and came out And him the Jesus, αυτου το δαιμονιον· και εθεραπευθη δ παις  $\alpha \pi^2$ and was cured the hoy the demon: him 19 Τοτε προσελθοντες απο της ώρας εκεινης. Then coming from the hour οί μαθηται τφ Ιησου κατ' ιδιαν, ειπον. Διατι  $Wh\boldsymbol{y}$ the disciples to the Jesus bу himself, said; <sup>20</sup> °O δε ήμεις ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; The and were able it? not to cast out την απιστιαν ύμων. Δια Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. said to them; On account of the unbelief of you. Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, εαν εχητε πιστινώς κοκ-Indeed for Isay to you, if you have faith as a κον σιναπεως, ερειτε τω ορει τουτω. Μεταgrain of mustard, you will say to the mountain ; this βηθι εντευθεν εκει, man it will remove; removed from here there, and it will remove the following from here there, and it will remove the following from here there, and it will remove the following from here there, and it will remove the following from here there is a following from here the following from here the following from here the following βηθι εντευθεν εκει, και μεταβησεται και ουδεν εκπορένεται, ει μη εν προσευχή και νήστεια.

if not in and prayer goes out, 22 Αναστρεφομενων δε αυτων εν τη Γαλιλαια,
Were traveling and of them in the Galilee, Were traveling ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Μελλει δ υίος του αν-Is about the son of the is  $\chi \in i\rho as$  and  $\rho \omega \pi \omega \nu$ , to them the Jesus; θρωπού παραδιδοσθαι €LS hands of men. to be delivered up into 🛂 και αποκτενουσιν αυτον και τη τριτη ήμερα they will kill third hlm: and the and Και ελυπηθησαν σφοδρα. εγερθησεται.

And

he will be raised.

the son of man is abrea to suffer by them."

13 Then the DISCIPLES understood That he spoke to them concerning John the immerser.

14 # And they having come to the CROWD, a Man came to him. kneel-

ing and saying,

15 "O Sir, have compassion on My son; for he is a lunatic, and \*sickly; for he frequently falls into the FILE, and frequently into the WATER.

16 And I brought him to thy DISCIPLES, but they could not cure Him."

17 Then JESUS answering said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I endure you? bring him here to me."

18 And Jesus rebuked him, and the DEMON came out of him; and the BOY was restored from that

19 Then the DISCIPLES coming to JESUS privately, said, "Why were toe not able to cast it out?"

20 And \* HE says to them, "On account of your \*LITTLE-FAITH; For indeed I say to you, ‡If you have Faith, as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this MOUNTAIN, Remove there from here, and it would remove; and nothing would be impossible to you.

21 \*†[This KIND, how] ever, goes not out but by Prayer and Fasting."]

22 1 Now while they were traveling in Gali-LEE, JESUS said to them, "The son of man is about to be delivered up into the Hands of Men;

23 and they will kill him, and the THIRD Day he will \*rise. And they were exceedingly gricved.

they were grieved exceedingly.

<sup>21. -</sup>omit. 20. LITTLE-FAITH. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. sickly. 20. HE says. 23. rise.

<sup>† 21.</sup> This verse is wanting in the Coptic, Ethiopic, Syriac hieros, and in one Itala MSS. 1 20. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xi. 23; Luke xvii. 6; 1 Cor 1 14. Mark ix. 14; Luke ix. 37. t 22. Matt. xvi. 21; xx. 18; Mark ix. 30, 31; Luke ix. 44.

24 Ελθοντων Καπερναουμ, δε αυτων ELS Having arrived and of them a t Capernaum, προσηλθον οί τα διδραχμα λαμβανοντες  $\tau \omega$ receiving to the those the didrachmas Πετρφ, και ειπον. Ο διδασκαλος ύμων ου τελει και ε... and said; The 25 Λεγει Ναι. Yes. Peter, of you not pays τα διδραχμα, Και ότε εισηλthe didrachmas? And whea θεν εις την οικιαν, προεφθασεν αυτον δ Ιησους, him the Jesus, come into the house, anticipated λεγων Τι λεγων Τι σοι δοκει, Σιμων; saying; Which to thee seems right, Simon? Οί βασιλεις The kings της γης απο τινων λαμβανουσι τελη η κηνσον ; of the earth from whom do they take taxes or απο των υίων αύτων, η απο των αλλοτριων; from the sons of them, or from the aliens?  $^{26}$  Λεγει αυτφ ὁ Πετρος $\cdot$  Απο των αλλοτριων. to him the Peter, From the aliens.

Αραγε ελευθεροι εισιν οί Εφη αυτώ δ Ιησους. Says to him the Jesus, Then exempt are the 27 Ίνα δε μη σκανδαλισωμεν αυτους, That but not sons. we may offend them. πορευθεις εις την θαλασσαν, βαλε αγκιστρον, to the sea, cast thou και τον αναβαντα πρωτον ιχθυν αρον και ανοιascending first fish take up, and openξας το στομα αυτου, εύρησεις στατηρα· εκεινον ing the mouth of him, thou wilt find a stater; λαβων, δος αυτοις αντι εμου και σου. give to them for une and thee. taking,

# ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.

Τυ εκεινη τη ώρα προσηλθον οἱ μαθηται τφ the hour the disciples to the that came Ιησου, λεγοντες. Τις αρα μειζων εστιν εν τη Who then greater in the Jesus. 18 saying; βασιλεια των ουρανων; <sup>2</sup>Και προσκαλεσαμενος kingdom of the heavens? And having called

24 ‡ And having arrived at Capernaum, the COLLECTORS of † DIDRACHMS came to PETER, and said, "Does not your TEACHEE pay the DIDRACHMS?"

25 He says, "Yes." And when \*they were come into the House, Jesus anticipated him, saying, "What is thy opinion, Simon? From whom do the Kings of the Earth take Tax or Census? from their own sons, or from others?"

26 \*And when he said, "Of others," Jesus says, "The sons then are ex-

empt.

27 But lest we should offend them, go to the LAKE, throw a Hook, and take the first FISH COMING UP, and opening its MOUTH, thou wilt find ta Stater; take That, and give it to them, for me and thee."

### CHAPTER XVIII.

1 \* And at That TIME the DISCIPLES came to JESUS, saying, ‡"Who then is greatest in the KINGDOM of the HELV-ENS?"

2 And \*he having called a Little child, placed him in the Midst of them,

3 and said, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ Unless you be changed, and become as LITTLE CHILDREN, you will never enter the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS.

4 Whoever, therefore,

<sup>©</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. they were come. 26. And when he said, "Of отневs," Jesus says. 1. And at. 2. he having called.

<sup>† 24.</sup> A half shekel, in value about 30 cents, or 1s. 3d. It appears from Exodus xxx. 13, 14, that every male among the Jews, of twenty years old and upwards, was commanded to give a certain sum every year, as an offering to the Lord, for the service of the temple at Jerusalem. Scott refers to Jos. Ant. xviii. 9, 1, to show that the Jews continued to send the same sum every year, wherever they lived; which Philo too particularly mentions, de Monarch. ii. 635, ed. col. "Sums of money, on account of the Jews, were carried every year out of Italy and all your provinces to Jerusalem." Cic. pro Flac. 8. "Every Jew, despising the religion of the country in which he lived, sent his donations and tribute to Jerusalem and the temple." Tac. Hist. lib. 5. Josephus (B. J. vii. 27) says, "the Roman emperor Vespasian imposed upon every Jew the same contribution for the Capitol, as they had before paid to the Temple." "Titus imposed on them a yearly tribute of a didrachm to Capitoline Jupiter." Xiphil. Dion. lib. lxvi. These tribute gatherers must have been sent by the superintendents of the Temple, and have acted by the authority of the high priest; for the force of our Lord's argument depends upon this particular.— Wakefield. † 27. A shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value about 60 cents, or 2s. 6d., at 5s. per ounce.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Mark ix. 53. † 1. Mark ix. 33; Luke ix. 46; xxii. 24. \* † 3. Matt. xix. 145

\*\*Each & 15: Luke xvii 17: 1 Cor. xiv 20; 1 Peter ii. 2.

ταπεινωση έαυτον ώς το παιδιον τουτο, οίτος may humble himself as the little child this, he εστιν δ μειζων εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων. of the kingdom is the greater in the <sup>ξ</sup>Και ός εαν δεξηται παιδιον τοιουτον έν επ; τω such And whoever may receive a little child one on the 6 'Os δ' αν σκανδαονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται. Who but ever name of me, me receives. λιση ένα των μικρων τουτων, των πιστευοντων one of the little-ones these, of the εις εμε, συμφερει αυτω, ίνα κρεμασθη μυλος into me, it is appropriate to him, that should be bung a millstone ονικος επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και καταπονhe should be of hun, and on the neck upper τισθη εν τω πελαγει της θαλασσης. depth ofthe sea. in the

sank 7 Ουαι τφ κοσμφ απο των σκανδαλων.  $A\nu\alpha\gamma$ -Woe to the world from the Necessnares. κη γαρ εστιν ελθειν τα σκανδαλα πλην ουαι snares; but woe to come the sary for it is εκεινφ δι' σκανδαλον 70 ανθρωπφ ού  $\tau \omega$ to that through whom the snare tothe map Et  $\delta \epsilon$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\chi \epsilon \rho$   $\sigma ov$   $\eta$   $\dot{\delta}$   $\pi ovs$   $\sigma ov$  If therefore the hand of thee or the foot of thee 8 E t ερχεται. comes. σκανδαλιζει σε, εκκοψον αυτα, και βαλε απο them, and cast from , thee, eut off σου° καλον σοι εστιν εισελθειν εις ζωην  $\tau \eta \nu$ into she life to enter good to thee 1t 19 thee;  $\chi \omega \lambda o \nu \eta \kappa u \lambda \lambda o \nu$ ,  $\eta \delta u o \chi \epsilon \iota \rho a s \eta$ δυο ποδας a cripple, than two hands two feet 07 lame εχοντα βληθηναι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον. into the fire the age-lasting. And to be east having ει ὁ οφθαλμος σου σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε αυτον, thee, tear out it, of thee insuares και βαλε απο σου· καλον σοι εστι μονοφθαλμον good to thee it is one-eyed from thee, εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα to enter, than two eyes having into the 10 'Ορατε, βληθηναι εις την γεενναν του πυρος. into the Gebenna of the fire. See, μη καταφρονησητε ένος των μικρων not you may despise one of the little-ones τουτων. you may despise these; not λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι οι αγγελοι αυτων εν l say for to you, that the messengers of them in ουραheaνοις διαπαντος βλεπουσι 70 προσωπον TOV face of the perpetually the vens \*Γ<sup>11</sup>Hλθε γαρ δπατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. father of me, that in heavens. [Is come vios του ανθρωπου σωσαι το απολωλος.] for the 12 Tt to save the having been lost.] son of the man

may humble himself like this LITTLE CHILD, he will be the GREATEST in the KINGDOM of the HEA-VENS.

5 ‡ And whoever may receive one such Little child in my NAME, re-

ceives Me.

6 ‡ But whoever shall insnare one of the LEAST of THESE who BELIEVE in me, it would be better for him that an † upper Millstone were hanged about his NECK, and that he were sunk in the DEPTH of the SEA.

7 Alas for the WORLD, because of SNARES! for it must be that SNARES come; but alas for that MAN through whom the

SNARE comes.

8 ‡ If, then, thy HAND or thy FOOT insnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away; it is better for thee to enter LIFE\*crippled or lime, than having Two Hands or Two Feet, to be east into the †AIONIAN FIRE.

9 And if thine EYE insare thee, pluck it out, and throw it away; it is better to enter LIFE one-eyed, than having Two Eyes to be cast into the BURNING of GEHENNA.

10 Take care, that you do not despise one of the LEAST of these; for I assure you, that their angels in \* the heavens continually behold the FACE of THAT FATHER of mine in the Heavens.

r the 11 \* † ; [For the son of MAN is come to save THAT What which was LOST.]

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—8. erippled or lame. See also Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>10.</sup> the HEAVENS. 11.—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> A mill-stone turned by an ass, and consequently much larger than one turned by the hand. The punishment of death by drowning, though not in use by the Jews, was so among the surrounding nations. It seems to have grown into a proverb for dreadful and inevitable ruin. † 8. Aloomion. This word is the adjective of aloon, age, and as we have no word in English which exactly conveys the idea attached to it in the original, it has been left untranslated. The adjective form of the word, however, cannot rise higher in meaning than the noun from which it is derived, and must always be governed by it. See Note on Matt. xiii. 40, and Appendix. † 11. This verse is omitted in the Vatican and several other MSS, and marked as doubtful by Griesbach. In Boothroyd's translation it is appended to the fourteenth verse, as making a better connection.

υτιν δοκει 1.4 εαν γενηται τινι ανθρωπώ έκατον byon seems right! it should have any the man a hundred προβατα, και πλανηθη έν εξ αυτων ουχιαφεις and should go astray one from them; not leaving πα εννενηκονταεννεα επι τα ορη, πορευθεις (ηupon the mountains, going the minety-nine τει το πλανωμενον: 13 Και εαν γενηται εύρειν seeks that having strayed? And if he should happen to find αυτος αμην λεγω υμιν, ότι χαιρει επ' αυτω ht, indeed I say to you, that he rejoiced over to the μαλλον, η επι τοις εννενηκονταεννεα, τοις μη more than over the pinety-ping. Sthose not .14 Ούτως - QUK \* εστι θελημα
Thus not little will TETTAQVTHEVOIS. not litle taving been led astray. εμπροσθεν του πατρος υμων, του εν ουρανοίς, in the presence of the father y of you, of that in heavens, ίνα αποληται είς των μικρων τουτών. 15 Εαν shot should perish one of the little-ones of them. It  $\delta \epsilon$  αμαρτηση \*[εις σε]  $\delta$  αδελφος σου, υπαγε, and should be in error [against thee,] the brother a of thee, go, wa ελεγξον αυτον μεταξυ σου και αυτου μονου. Ear σου ακουση, εκερδησας τον αδελφον σου the bemay hear, thou hast won the brother of thee; εάν δε μη ακουση, παραλαβε μετα σου if but not he may hear, taka with ! thee besides ένα η δυο that by mouth two of witnesses for 17 Εαν δε πασταθη παν **ρημα:** of three may be proved every If and be word. αυτων, ειπε τη εκκλησια εαν δε ρακουση should diaregard them, tell thou to the congregation ; If ,, and και της εκκλησιας παρακουση, πεστω siso of the congregation be should disregard, let him he to thee 18 Αμην ώσπερ δ εθνικός και ὁ τελωνης... as the Gentile and the tax-gatherer. Indeed λεγω ύμιν, όσα εαν δησητε επι της γης, leay to you, whatever you may bind on the carth, εσται δεδεμενα εν τφ ουρανφ και όσα eav λυσητε επι της γης, εσται λελθμενα you may loose on the earth, shall be having boon loosed in τφ ουρανφ. the heaven.

19 Παλιν λεγω υμίν, ότι εαν δυο υμων συμφω-Again I say to you, that if two of you νησωσιν επι της γπς, περι παντος πραγματος, agree upon the earth, about any matter, ού εαν αιτησωνται, γενησεται αυτοις παρα του It shall be to them from whatever, they may ask, matros μου, του εν ουρανοις. 20 Ου γαρ 20 Οδ γαρ εισι δυο η τρεις συνηγμενοι εις το εμονονομα, εκει two or three having come together in the my name, there ειμι εν μεσφ αυτων. 31 Τοτε προσελθων αυτω Τhan coming to him fam is the midst of them. Thes coming to him

12 What do you think? Haman have a Hundred Sheep, and one of them go astray, \*will he not leave the NINETY NINE Sheep on the MOUNTAINS, and go and seek the STRAY ONE?

13 And if he happen to find it indeed I say to you, that he rejoices more over it, than over those nine-TY-NINE which WENT NOT

14 Thus it is not the Will \*of that father of mine in the Heavens, that in his presence one of the LEAST of these should be

15 ‡ Now, if thy BRO-THER be in error, go, convict him, between thee and him alone. If he hear thee, thou hast gained thy BROTHER.

16 But if he hear thee not, take with thee one or two more; that by the Testimony of Two or three Witnesses, Every Thing may be proved.

17 But if he disregard them, inform the congregation; and if he disregard the congrega-TION also, tlet him be to thee as a PAGAN and a TRIBUTE-TAKER.

18 Indeed, I say to you t Whatever you may bind on EARTH, will be as having been bound in \*Heaven; and whatever you may loose on EARTH, will be as having been loosed in \*Heaven.

19 \* Again, indeed, I say to you, That if two of you on EARTH may agree, about any thing which they may ask, it will be done for them, by THAT FATHER of mine in the Heavens.

20 For where two or three are assembled in MY Name, I am there in the Midst of them."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. will he not leave the MINETY-NINE Sheep on the MOUN-15, against thee-omit, TAINS, and go and seek. 14. of THAT FATHER of mine. 19. Again, indeed, I say. 18. Heaven. 18. Heaven.

<sup>1 15.</sup> James v. 19, 20. 1 15. Lev. xix. 17; Luke xvii. 3. ‡ Luke xv. 4. 10. Deut. xix. 15; John viii. 17; 2 Cor. xiii. 1. 1 17. Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14. 18. Matt. xvi. 19; John xx. 23.

δ Πετρος, ειπε· Κυριε, ποσακις άμαρτησει εις the Peter, said; Olord, how often shall sin against εμε δ αδελφος μου, και αφησω αυτώ; έως and I shall forgive him? brother of me, me the  $^{22}$  Λεγει αυτ $\omega$  δ Ιησους. Ου, λεγ $\omega$ èπτακις : seven times? Says to him the Jesus; Not, I say αλλ' έως εβδομηκοντακις σοι, έως έπτακις, to thee, till seven times, but till seventy times  $^{23}\Delta$ ια τουτο ώμοιωθη έπτα. ή βασιλεια kıngdom seven. Therefore this has been compared the των ουρανων ανθρωπω βασιλει, ός ηθελησε συof the heavens to a man king, who wished <sup>24</sup> Αρξαναραι λογον μετα των δουλων αύτου. settle an account with the slaves of him. Having μενου δε αυτου συναιρειν, προσηνεχθη αυτφ ει**s** and of him to settle, they brought to him one <sup>25</sup> Μη εχοντος δε οφειλετης μυριων ταλαντων. a debtor of ten thonsand talents. Not having but αυτου αποδουναι, εκελευσεν αυτου δ κυριος αυordered him the lord of του πραθηναι, και την γυναικα αυτου, και τα the of him, to be sold, and wife and the τεκνα, και παντα όσα ειχε, και αποδοθηναι. children, and all as much as he had, and payment to be made.  $^{26}\Pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$ ουν δ δουλος προσεκυνει αυτω, Falling down therefore the slave he prostrated to him, λεγων· \*[Κυριε,] μακροθυμησον επ' εμοι, και [Olord,] have patience saying; with me, and  $27 \sum \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu i \sigma \theta \epsilon i s \delta \epsilon \delta$ παντα σοι αποδωσω. Being moved with pity then the to thee I will pay. κυριος του δουλου εκεινου, απελυπεν αυτον, και lord of the slave of that, loosed him,  $^{28}$  E $\xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu \delta \epsilon \delta$ δανειον αφηκεν αύτω. the debt remitted to him. Going out but the δουλος \*[εκεινος,] εύρεν ένα των συνδουλων one of the [that,] found fellow-slaves αύτου, ός ωφειλεν αυτφ έκατον δηναρια και of him, who owed to him a hundred denarii; and κρατησας αυτον επνιγε, λεγων Αποδος μοι ει him he choked him, saying; Pay to me if  $^{29}\,\Pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$ οφειλεις. ovvδ συνδουλος any thing thou owest. Falling down therefore the fellow-slave αυτου, παρεκαλει αυτον, λεγων Μακροθυμησον of him, besought him, sayiog; Have patience εμοι, και \*[παντα] αποδωσω σοι. <sup>30</sup> 'Ο δε [all] me, and I will pay to thee. He and αλλ' απελθων εβαλεν αυτον εις ουκ ηθελεν. he would; but going away he cast into φυλακην, έως ού αποδώ το οφειλομενον. <sup>31</sup>Ιδονtill he should pay that he was owing. τες δε οί συνδουλοι αυτου τα γενομενα, ελυπηing and the fellow-slaves of him that having been done, were θησαν σφοδρα· και ελθοντες διεσαφησαν τω grieved much: and to the they related going

21 Then Peter coming \*said to him, ‡"Lord, how often shall I forgive my BROTHER, if he repeatedly trespass against me? till seven times?"

22 JESUS says to him, "I say to thee, Not till seven times only, but till seventy times seven.

23 In this, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS has been compared to a King, who determined to settle Accounts with his SEE-

24 And having begun to settle, they brought to him one Debtor of Ten thousand † Talents.

25 But he not having means to refund, \*the MASTER, to obtain † payment, ordered that he, and his WIFE and CHILDREN, and all that he had, should be sold.

26 The SERVANT, then, falling down, prostrated to him, saying, 'Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.'

27 And the MASTER of \*the SERVANT, being compassionate, loosed him, and remitted the DEBT.

28 But the SERVANT going out, found one of his FELLOW-SERVANTS, who owed him a Hundred † Denarii; and seizing him he choked him, saying, 'Pay \* whatever thou owest.'

29 And his FELLOW-SERVANT falling down, entreated him, saying, 'Have patience with me and I will pay thee.'

30 But He would not; and departing, committed him to Prison, till he should pay the DEBT.

31 \*When, therefore, His FELLOW-SERVANTS seeing WHAT was DONE, they were indignant; and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. said to him, "Lord." 25. the MASTER. 26. Q lord—omit. 27. the SERVANT. 28. that—omit. 28. whatever thou owest 29. all—omit. 31. When, therefore, His fellow-servants.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Of silver; gold is never to be supposed, unless mentioned.—Bloomfield. † 25. In susual among the Jews for the family of the debtor to be sold for the benefit of the creditor. See 2 Kings iv. 1; Neh. v.8. This bondage, however, only extended to six years † 28. This was a Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

<sup>1 21.</sup> Luke xvii. 3. 4.

32 Tore κυριφ αύτων παντα τα γενομενα.
ford of them all that having been done. Then προσκαλεσαμενος αυτον δ κυριος αυτου, λεγει having called him the lord of him, αυτώ· Δουλε πονηρε, πασαν την οφειλην εκεινην to him; O slave wicked, all the debt αφηκα σοι, επειπαρεκαλεσας με· <math>33ουκ not was it binding I remitted to thee, because thou besought me; και σε ελεησαι τον συνδουλον σου, ώς και εγω also thee to have pitied the fellow-slave of thee, as also  $^{34}$  Και οργισθεις ὁ κυριος αυτου σε ηλεησα; pitied? And being provoked the lord of him παρεδωκεν αυτον τοις βασανισταις, έως ού αποδφ till he may pay <sup>35</sup> Ούτω και ό all that owing also the [to him.] So πατηρ μου ό επουρανιος ποιησει ύμιν, εαν μη father of me the heavenly will do to you, 11 not αφητες έκαστος τω αδελφω αύτου απο των you for give each one this brother of him from the καρδιων ύμων. hearts of you.

# KE $\Phi_{c}$ $\iota\theta'_{c}$ 19.

<sup>1</sup> Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους τους ended the Jesus And it came to pass, when λογους τουτους, μετηρεν απο της Γαλιλαιας. he departed from the these, Galilee. και ηλθεν εις τα όρια της Ιουδαιας, περαν του and came into the confines of he Judea, beyond the Ιορδανου. <sup>2</sup> Και ηκολουθησαν αυτφ οχλοι Jordan. And followed him erowd. πολλοι και εθεραπευσεν αυτους εκει.

great; and he healed them <sup>3</sup> Και προσηλθον αυτφ οἱ Φαρισαιοι, πειραto him the Pharisees came ζοντες αυτον, και λεγοντες \* [αυτω·] Ει εξεστιν ing him, and saying [to him.] If it is lawful If it is lawful ανθρωπφ απολυσαι την γυναικα αυτου κατα to a man to release the wife of him nyon 4 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις· πασαν αιτιαν: He and answering said to them: cause; Ουκ ανεγνωτε, ότι δ ποιησας απ' αρχης αρσεν Not have you read, that the Creator from a beginning a male και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους, <sup>5</sup>και ειπεν. "Ένεκεν and says; "On account and a female he made them? τουτου καταλειψει ανθρωπος τον πατερα και shall leave a man the father την μητερα, και προσκολληθησεται τη γυναικι αύτου και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." ahall he the two into flesh • Ωστε ουκετι εισι δυο, αλλα σαρξ μια. So that no longer they are two, but flesh one. ουν ό θεος συνεζευξεν, ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. then the God has joined together, a man not disunites. Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Τι ουν Μωσης ενετειλατο

going to their MASTER, they related ALL that had OCCURRED.

32 Then his MASTER having called him, said to him, 'O wicked SERVANT! All that DEBT I forgave thee, because thou didst entreat me;

33 was it not binding on thee also to have had pity on thy fellow-ser-VANT, as # also had pity on thee?'

34 And his master being provoked, delivered him to the JAILORS, till he should discharge the DEBT.

35 Thus also will my HEAVENLY FATHER treat you, unless you from your HEART, each one I forgive his brother."

#### CHAPTER XIX.

1 # And it happened, when JESUS ended these words, he departed from Galilee, and came into the CONFINES of JUDEA, beyond the JORDAN.

2 And great Crowds followed him, and he cured their sick.

3 And the \*Pharisees came to him, trying him, and saying, ‡" Is it lawful for a man to dismiss his WIFE for Any Cause?"

4 And He answering, said to them, "Have you not read. That the CREA-TOR, at the first, I made a male and a female;

5 and said, ‡'On account of this a man shall leave father and moth-ER, and adhere to his WIFE; and they TWO shall become one Flesh?'

6 So that they are no longer Two, but one Flesh. What God, then, has united, let no man sever."

7 They say to him, t" Why then did Moses command to give a Writ

did enjoin

Moses

They say

to him; Why then · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. to him-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> Pharisees. 3. to him-omit.

<sup>1. 27;</sup> Mal it. 15.

δουναι βιβλιον αποστασιου, και απολυσαι αυτην; ....oll of separation, and her? to release to give 'Οτι Μωσης προς την σκλη- $^{B}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  autois. the hardness for He says to the ....: That Moses ροκαρδιαν ύμων επετρεψεν ύμιν απολυσαι τας you to release suffered of you γυναικας ύμων απ' αρχης δε ου γεγονεν ούτω. of you; from a beginning but not it was 80. <sup>9</sup> Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την **γ**υναικα I say but to you, that whoever may release the πορνεια, και γαμηση αλλην, fornication, and may marry another, αυτου, μη επι of him, except for και δ απολελυμενην γαμησας, μοιμοιχαται. marrying, and he her bring released commits adultery ; 10 Λεγουσιν αυτώ οί μαθηται αυτου. χαται. They say to him the disciples mits adultery. Ει ούτως εστιν ή αιτια του ανθρωπου μετα της with the the case of the man is 11 'Ο δε ειπεν γυναικος, ου συμφερει γαμησαι. He but said not it is profitable to marry. αυτοις. Ου παντες χωρουσι τον λογον τουτον, to them; Not the word all admit 12 Εισι γαρ ευνουχοι, αλλ' δεδοται. ois There are for euuuchs, but to whom it has been given. οίτινες εκ κοιλιας μητρος εγεννηθησαν ούτω. so; of mother were boin womb και εισιν εθνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουχισθησαν ύπο were made ennuchs and there are eunuchs, who των ανθρωπων• και εισιν ευνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουand there are eunuchs, δια την βασιλειαν των ουραχισαν ξαυτους kingdom of the heaveunuchs themselves on account of the 'Ο δυναμενος χωρειν, χωρειτω. He being able to admit, let him admit.  $\nu\omega\nu$ . ens.

13 Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτώ παιδια, ίνα τας to him little children, that the Then were brought αυτοις, και προσευξηται· **οί**  $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \eta$ χειρας he might pray; the them, aud he might lay on 14 O Se Invovs δε μαθηται επετιμησαν αυτοις. The and Jesus rehuked them. out disciples ειπεν. Αφετε τα παιδια, και μη κωλυετε αυτα Suffer the little children, and not said: των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν ή ελθειν προς με. the of the for such like me; to come ίo 15 Kai  $\epsilon \pi i \theta \epsilon i s$ **autois** βασιλεια των ουρανων. And laying on them kingdom of the heavens. τας χειρας, επορευθη εκειθεν. he departed thence. hands,

 $^{16}$  Kai ιδου, είς προσελθων, είπεν αυτψ.  $^{\circ}$  Δι-And lo, one coming, said to him;  $^{\circ}$  δασκαλε αγαθε, τι αγαθον ποιησω, ίνα εχω kacher good, what good must I do, that I may have

of Divorce, ....d dismiss her?"

6 He says to them, "Moses, indeed, permitted you to divorce your wives, on account of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION; but from the Beginning it was not so.

9 ‡ But I say to you, Whoever dismisses his wife, except \*on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and HE who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery."

10 \*The DISCIPLES say to him, "If the CASE of the HUSBAND with his WIFE be thus, it is not good to marry."

11 But HE answered, ‡"None can admit \*the word, but those to whom it is given.

12 For there are some Eunuchs, by natural constitution; others have been made Eunuchs by Men; and † tothers have madethemselves Eunuchs on account of the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS. ILE who is ABLE to Co this, let him do it."

13 Then they brought to him Little children, that he might place his HANDS on them, and ray; and the DISCIPLES rebuked them.

14 But Jesus said, "Let the LITTLE CHILDREN alone, and forbid them not to come to me; †because to such as these belongs the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS."

15 And having laid his hands on them, he depar-

ted thence.

16 ‡ And behold, one approaching, said \*to him,

\* Varican Manuscript.—9. on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and he who marries.

10. The disciples.

11. the word.

16. to him, said, "O Teacher!"

<sup>† 12.</sup> A highly figurative mode of expression, similar to what is found in Matt. v. 29, 30; tviii. 8, 9. The amputation of the desire, not of the member, is here intended, as is evident xviii. 8, 9. The amputation of the desire, not of the member, is here intended, as is evident from the two species of eunuchism previously mentioned. It was so understood by Justin from the two species of eunuchism previously mentioned. It was so understood by Justin Marriyr, Chrysostom, Tertullian, &c., except Origen, who not only interpreted the words laterally, but is said to have exemplified them upon himself.—See Analecta Theologica.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Mark x. 17; Luke xviii. 18.

του θεου εισελθειν.

ta enter.

were amazed

of the God

17 'Ο δε ειπεν ζωην αιωνιον; Τι με αυτω. Why me He and hesaid to him; life age-lasting? ερωτας περι του αγαθου; είς εστιν ό αγαθος. goodf good. askestthou concerning the one is the ζωην, τηρησον Ει δε θελεις εισελθειν εις την into the life, keep strictly If but thou wishest to enter 18 Λεγει αυτώ. Ό δε Ποιας ; τας εντολας. to enter that LIFE, keep the commandments. He says to him; Which o The and ξησους ειπε. Το. "Ου φονευσεις. Ου μoι-Not thou shalt kill; Not thou shalt eaid; This; X EVOEIS. OU KYENEIS. Oυ ψευδο, αρτυρηcommit adultery; Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shart testify σεις· 19 Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα." Kai. mother;" the father and the Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ως σεαυτον." "Thou shalt love the neighbor of thee as thyself."  $^{20}$  Λεγει αυτ $\phi$   $\delta$  νεανισκος $\cdot$  Παντα ταυτα εφυ-Ali to him the young man; these λαξαμην <sup>\*</sup>[εκ νευτητος μου·] τι ετι ύστερω ; kept [from childhood of me:] what more do I want? <sup>21</sup> Εφη αυτώ δ Ei Bexeis Inσous τελειος to him the Jesus: If thou wishest perfect ειναι, ύπαγε, πωλησον σου τα ύπαρχοντα, και possessions. to be. of thee the go, ÉEELS θησαυρον εν ουραδος πτωχοις. και and thou shalt have treasure to poor: ia hea-<sup>22</sup> Ακουσας δε δ νω· και δευρο, ακολουθει μοι. and hither, follow Having heard and the νεανισκος τοι λογον, απηλθε λυπουμηνος.  $n\nu$ the young man word, went away sorrowing: he was 23 'Ο δε πολλα. Ιησους γαρ εχων κτηματα The and having possessions Jesus many. ειπε τοις μαθηταις αύτου. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι disciples of himself: Indeed I say to you, that δυσκολως πλουσιος εισελευσονται εις την βασιshall enter with difficulty a rich man into the king-24 Παλιν δε λεγω ύμιν. λειαν των ουρανων. Again and dom of the heavens. I say to you. ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια τρυπηματος βαa camel through itis a hole of a  $\phi$ iδος εισελθείν, η πλουσίον είς την βασιλείαν than a rich man into the kingdom 25 Ακουσαντες δε οί μαθη-

"Good Teacher! what good thing must I do, that I may obtain aionian Life?" 17 And HE said to him, \* †"Why dost thou call Me GOOD? GOD alone is good. If, however, thou desirest

the commandments." 18 He says to him, "Which?" JESUS answered, "These; ; 'Thou shalt not commit murder; 'Thou shalt not commit 'adultery; Thou shalt not 'steal; Thou shalt not 'steal;

testify falsely; 19 'Honor thy father 'and thy MOTHER;' and I'Thou shalt love thy NEIGHBOR as thyself."

20 The Young MAN says to him, "All these have I kept; what want I

21 Jesus replied, "If thou desirest to be perfect, go. sell thy Possessions, and give to the \* POOR; and thou shalt have Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."

22 But the Young man having heard this word, went away sorrowing; for he had great \* Riches.

23 Then JESUS said to his DISCIPLES, ‡"Indeed I say to you, That it will be difficult for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS.

24 And again I say to you, † It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM † of God."

25 And the DISCIPLES hearing, were greatly as-

saying:

and the

disci\_

Who then

Having heard

ται, εξεπλησσοντο σφοδρα, λεγοντες. Τις αρα

exceedingly.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—17. "Why askest thou Me concerning that which is Good? One is the Good: but if thou wilt," 20. from my childhood—omit. 21. FOOR. 21. POOR. 22. this wond. 22. Riches.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The Common reading has been preferred to either Griesbach's text, or the Vatican 17. The Common reading has been preferred to either Grieshacks text, or the Vatican MS. George Campbell regards the evidence for it from the majority of MSS, to be vastly superior. The versions on both sides nearly balance each other; but the internal evidence arising from the connection of the thoughts, is decisive on the point. Besides it corresponds with both Mark and Luke, who record the same conversation, in nearly the same words, and no different reading is noted.

† 24. Rubbins, as well as Arabs, were accustomed, in describing an impossibility, or a high degree of improbability, to say, "It will not happen before a camel, or an elephant, has crept through the eye of a needle."—Marsh's Translation of Michalis.

† 24. Of HEAVEN.—Lachmann & Tischendorf.

<sup>18.</sup> Exod. xx. 18; Deut. v. 17. I 19. Lev. xix. 18. I 23. Mark x. 24: Luke zrin. 24; 1 Tim. vi. 9, 10.

inherit.

δυναται σωθηναι;  $^{26}$  Εμβλεψας δε δ Ιησους is able to be saved? Looking but the Jesus είπεν αυτοις. Παρα ανθρωποις τουτο αδυνατον said to him: With man this impossible εστι παρα δε θεω παντα δυνατα. is: with buz God all possible.

27 Τοτε αποκριθεις δ Πετρος ειπεν αυτώ. Ιδου, answering the Peter said to him: ήμεις αφηκαμεν παντα, και ηκολουθησαμεν σοιand followed thee: all, 28 °Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυαρα εσται ήμιν; The and Jesus what then shall be to us? τοις Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ύμεις οί ακολουθηthem; Indeed I say to you, that you the having folσαντες μοι, εν τη παλιγγενεσια όταν καθιση ό me, in the new birth day when may sit the υίος του ανθρωπου επι θρονου δοξης αύτου, npon athrone of glory of him, man of the son καθισεσθε και ύμεις επι δωδεκα θρονους, κρινονalso you upon twelve thrones, judg-<sup>29</sup> Каг жаѕ τες τας δωδεκα φυλας του Ισραηλ. Israel. tribes of the And all twelve ός αφηκεν οικιας, η αδελφους, η αδελφας, η brothers, houses, ou or sisters, left πατερα, η μητερα, \*[η γυναικα,] η τεκνα, η father, or mother, [or wife,] or children, orfather, ένεκεν του ονοματος μου, έκατοντααγρους, on account of the name of me. πλασιονα ληψεται, και ζωην αιωνιον κληροshall receive, and life age-lasting fold νομησει.

30 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχατοι. KOL shall be first, last: but КЕФ. к'. 20. <sup>1</sup> 'Ομοια γαρ εσχατοι, πρωτοι. Like for first. last, εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ανθρωπώ οικοδεσis the kingdom of the heavens to a man δστις εξηλθεν άμα πρωι μισθωσασθαι with morning to hire went out  $^2$   $\Sigma v \mu \phi \omega$ εργατας εις τον αμπελωνα αύτου. vineyard of him. Having into the μετα των εργατων εκ δηναριου την νησας δε agreed and with the for a denarius laborers ήμεραν, απεστειλεν αυτους εις τον αμπελωνα them into the vineyard day, 3 Και εξελθων περι τριτην ώραν, ειδεν αύτου. going out about third hesaw hour, And of him. αλλους έστωτας εν τη αγορά αργους. 4 κακειstanding in the market-place idle: νοις ειπεν. Ύπαγετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα. you into the vineyard: Go also them he said:

tonished, saying, "Whathen can be saved?"

26 Jesus looking at them, answered, "With Men this is impossible; but with God everything is possible."

27 ‡Then PETER replying, said to him, "Behold, ‡ we have forsaken all, and followed thee; what, therefore, shall we obtain?"

28 And Jesus said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, That in the BENOVATION, twhen the son of MAN shall sit on the throne of his Glory, typou, my followers, shall also sit on Twelve Thrones, judging the TWELVE Tribes of ISBAEL.

29 ‡ And wheever has forsaken, \* on account of my Name, Houses, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, or Wife, or Children, or Lands, shall receive \* Manfold, and shall inherit aionian Life.

30 ‡ But many shall be first, that are last; and last, that are first.

#### CHAPTER XX.

I For the KINGDOM of the MEAVENS resembles a Householder, who went out early in the Morning, to hire Laborers for his VINEYARD.

2 And having agreed with some LABORERS for a † Denarius a DAY, he sent them into his VINE-

YARD.

3 And going out about the † Third Hour, he saw others standing unemployed in the marketplace;

4 and he said to THEM, 'Go YOU also into the

<sup>\*</sup> YATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. on account of MY Name. Manifold.

<sup>29.</sup> or Wife-amit.

<sup>29.</sup> 

<sup>† 28.</sup> That glorious moral, social, political, religious, and physical change which will be introduced by the Messiah, who says, "Behold, I make all things new," Rev. xxi. 5. † 2. A fenarius is the eighth part of an ounce—value 14 cents, or 7d. † 3. Nine in the morning.

† 27. Mark x. 28; Luke xviii, 28. † 27. Matt. iv. 20; Luke v. 11. † 28. Luke xiii. 30 † 29. Mark x. 29, 30; Luke xviii. 29, 30. 1 30. Matt. xx. 16; Luke xiii. 30 † 30. Matt. xx.

Of  $\delta \epsilon$ δικαιον, δωσω ύμιν. Fal I will give to vou. whatever may be just, They and 5 Παλιν εξελθων περι έκτην και απηλθον. Again going out about sixth and went away. εννατην ώραν, εποιησεν ώσαυτως. 6 Περι δε he did in like manner. About and hour, την ένδεκατην  $*[\dot{\omega}\rho\alpha\nu]$  εξελθων, εύρεν αλλους the elevent. [hour] going out, he found others έστωτας, και λεγει αυτοις Τι ώδε έστηκατε standing, and besays to them: Why here stood you λεγουσιν αύτω 'Ότι <sup>€</sup>λην την ἡμεραν αργοι; the day adle? They say to him: Because Λεγει αυτοις "Υπα**ουδεις** ήμας εμισθωσατο. He says to them: hired. \* Kai & Eav γετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα° also you into the and whatever vineyard: S OVIAS DE YEVOδικαιον, ληψεσθε. you shall receive.] Evening and having ASSE. μενης, λεγει ό κυριος του αμπελωνος  $\tau \omega$ of the vineyard the lord to the says €πιτροπω αύτου• Καλεσον τους εργατας, και of him; Call the steward laborers, aud αποδος αυτοις τον μισθον, αρξαμενος απο των to them the hire. beginning from the 9 Kas 3λθουτες of εσχατων, έως των πρωτων. And having come those till the first. περι την ένδεκατην ώραν, ελαβου απα δηναριον. hour, received cach adenarius. about the eleventh 10 Ελθοντες δε οί πρωτοι, ενομισαν, ότι πλειονα Having come then those first, supposed, that more ληψονται και ελαβον και αυτος ανα δηναριον. they shall receive, and received also they cach odenarius. 11 Λαβοντες δε εγογγυζον κατα του οικοδεσποτου, Having received but they marmared against the householder, 12 λεγοντες. Ότι ούτοι οί εσχαποι μιας έραν That these the last 0:10 hour εποιησαν, και ισους ήμιν ωυτους εποιησας, τοις and equal to us them thou hast made, to the βαστασασι το βαρος της ήμερας, και τον καυhaving endured the burdon of the day, and he burn-13 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν ένι αυτων. σωνα. He but answering said to me of them; Έταιρε, ουκ αδικω σεο ουχι δηναριου συνεφωnot I wrong thee; not of a denarius Friend, didst thou  $^{14}$ Apov to  $\sigma$ ov, kai  $\tilde{\nu}\pi\alpha\gamma\epsilon$ . Yake the thine, and go. νησας μοι; Θελω agrec to me? I wish δε τουτφ τφ εσχατφ δουναι ώς και σοι. and to this the Ínst to rive as also to theer ουκ εξεστι μοι ποιησαι δ θελω εν τοις εμοις; What I will with the my own? not is it lawful to me to do

VINEYARD, and whatever is reasonable, I will give you.' And THEY went.

5 Again having gone out about the †sixth hour. and about the † ninth, he did in like manner.

6 And about the TELEV-ENTH, going out, he found others standing, and says to them, 'Why stood you here All the day unemploved?

? They say to him, 'Because ne one has hired us." He says to them, 'Go you also into the

VINEYARD.

8 And Evening having come on, the OWNER of the VINEYARD says to his STEWARD, 'Call the LA-BORERS, and give them their WAGES, beginning with the LAST, and ending with the FIRST.

S And THOSE who came about the ELEVENTH hour, received, each one,

a Denarius.

10 Then THOSE who came First, expected that they should receive more: and then also received, each one, a Denarius.

11 But having received it, they murmured against

the HOUSEHOLDER,

12 saying, 'These LAST have worked One Hour, and thou hast made them equal to us, who have EN-DURED the BURDEN and the SCORCHING HEAT of the DAL

13 HB answering said to one at them, 'Friend, I do not injure thee; didst not thou agree with me

for a Denarius?

14 Take THAT which is THINE, and go thy way; \* i will give to This LAST, even as to thee.

15 Is it not lawful for me to do what I please with MY OWN? Is thine EYE envious, Because T am liberal?'

16 Thus the LAST shall

ofthee

Thus

cvil

σου πονηρος εστιν, ότι εγω

16 Ούτως εσονται οί εσχατοι,

shall be

is,

the

because

last,

or the

pood

η δ οφθαλμος

αγαθος ειμι;

eye

am?

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. hour-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> and whatever may be right, you shall

i 5. Three o'clock in the afternoon. th. Noon.

\* Πολλοι και οί πρωτοι, εσχατοι. ROWTOR Many and the first, first; γαρ εισι κλητι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι. but chosen. for are called, few

17 Και αναβαινων δ Ιησους εις Ίεροσολυμα, going up the Jesus to Jerusalem, παρελαβε τους δωδεκα μαθητας κατ' διαν εν he took the t∵elve disciples privately 18 1δου, αναραινομεν τη όδω, και ειπευ αυτοις. the way, and said to them; Lo, we go up εις Έρροσολυμα, και ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου παραand the son of the man will be Jerusalera, δοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι ισαι γραμματευσι και delivered up to the high-prieste and corres; and KATAKPIV) BOW GUTO! \* [OUTIFO] <sup>10</sup> κα, παρα-Dit. [to death,] and they will they will condern δωσινο: κυνος τους εθευτίν ευς νο εμπαίξαι, ning could Gentiles 302 130 13 mock, deliver 📆 RES MISTRACOCKS, 1866 OF COLUMNOS SEE THE TRAIN AND SEE THE THE ημερφ αν ισπισπει.

he will stack. ........ 20 Tote upocyller curve ຄື ພາສາງຄ ແພນ ບໂພນ Then can to him the mother of the some Ζεβεδαιου, μετ ι των είων είντης, προσκυνουσα, prostrating, with the some of ter, alt σσα τι παρ αυτουο asking something from him. ∹ 'Ο δε ειπεν | nim. | Ho and said |
| Λείγες \* [αυτφ°] | Είπε, ένα |
| She novs | τω hi. :| Say. : hor |
| νο νίοι | και αιτουσα τι αυτη. Τι θελεις; to her: What wilt thou. καθισωσιν αύτοι ι υσ νίοι μυ, είς εκ δεξιων those the two some of me, one at right σου, και είς εξευωνυμων σου, εν τη βασιλεια of thee, and one a left fthee, in the kingdom of thee, and one a left σου. 22 Αποκριθεις δε λ Ιησυνς αιπενο Ουκ οι-Answering but the Joset said: Not zou of thee. Δυνασθε πιειν πο ⊊οτηριον, δατε, τι αιτειπώ. anow, what you ask. Are you able to drink the ∴εγουσιν ευτφ∘ Δυδ εγω μελλω πινειν. am about . . drink ? Thor so: thim; We which 23 \* [Kai] λεγοι αυτιώ: Το μεν πο. ναμεθα. [And] he says o thom; he indeed are able. τηριον μου πιεσθε το δε κα σα επ δεξιων cup of me you shall drink; the but t si at right μου και εξ ευωνυμων μου, υκ εστι ι τρον δουναι, of me, not is mine togive, 1cft of me and at αλλ' ύπο τ ν πακρος μου. ήτοιμασται ois but to whom it has been prepared by the lather of mc. 24 Και ακουσαντες οξ δεκα, ηγανακτη ταν

And having heard the ten, were angry on account of των δυο αδελφων. 25 Ο δε Ιησους, προσκαλεwere angry on account of The but having Jesus, brothers.

be tfirst; and the FIRST. last."

17 ‡And \* when Josus was about to go up to Jerusalem, he took tho TWELVE Disciples privatery. \* and said to them on the way,

15 ‡"Behold, we go up to Jerusalem; and tho son of man will be deto the High-PRIESTS and Scribes, and they will condemn him;

19 and will deliver him to the GENTILES, to be MOCKED, and scourged, and crucified, and on the THIRD Day he will rise.

20 Then the MOTHER of Zebedee's CHILDREN came to him with her cons, prostrating, and requesting something from

21 And HE said to her, "What dost thou wish?" \*And SHE said, "Command, that in thy KING-DOM, one of These my Two Sons may sit at thy Right hand, and the other at thy Left."
22 But Jesus answer-

ing, said, "You know not what you request. Car you drink of the cup, of which I am about to drink?" They say to

him, "We can."
23 He says to them, "You will, indeed, drink of my cup; but to sit at my Right hand, and at the Left, is not mine to give, except for whom it has been prepared by my FATHER."

34 ‡ And the TEN, having heard, were indignant against the Two Brothers.

25 But Jesus, having called thom, said, "You

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUGCRIST.—16. For many are called, but few chosen—omit. 17. when the way, the state of the control Jesus was about to 30 up to Jerusaiem, he took.

18. to Death—omit.

21. And SHE said. 21. to him—omit. 23. And-out. 23. the Left.

<sup>† 23.</sup> This was fulfilled, when "Herod killed James, the brother of John, with a sword," Acts xii. 2; and when John was banished to "that isle which is called Patmos, for the word of God, and for the testimony of Jesus Christ," Rev. i. 9.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Mett. xix. 30. † 17. Matt. xvi. 21; Mark x. 32; Luke xviii. 31; John xii. 12, † 20. Matt. iv. 21; Mark x. 35. † 22. Matt. xxvi. 39, 42; Mark xiv. 36; Luke xxii. 32; John xviii. 11. † 23. Acts xii. 2; Rom. viii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; Rev. i. 9. † 24. Mark 8. 41; Luk xxii. 24.

experos autous, επεν Cidate, δο οι αρχοντες You know, that the called ther., said; rulers τ ν εθνων κατακυριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι of the nations domineer over them, and the great <sup>26</sup> Ουκ ούτως κατεξουσιαζουσιν αυτων.  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha \iota$ exercise authority over them. Not hus it shall be εν ύμιν αλλ' ός εαν θελη εν ύμιν μεγας among you; but whoever may wish smong you great γενεσθαι, εστω ύμων διακονος. <sup>27</sup> και δς εαν to become, let him be of you a scrvant; and whoever and whoever  $\theta \in \lambda \eta$ ύμιν ειναι πρωτος, εστω ύμων  $\epsilon \nu$ may wish among you to be first, let him be of you δουλος. <sup>28</sup> ωσπερ ύ υίος του ανθρωποι ουκ ηλθε even as the son of the man not came διακονηθηναι αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την but to be served and to give the to serve, ψυχην αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων. of him, a ransom for many. <sup>29</sup> Και εκπορευομενων αυτων απο Ίεριχω, from And departing of them Jericho <sup>30</sup> Και ιδου, ηκολουθησεν αυτώ οχλος πολυς.
followed him a crowd great. And lo. δυο τυφλοι, καθημενοι παρα την δόον, ακουσαν-

τες ότι Ιησηυς παραγεί, εκραξαν, λεγοντες ing that Jour passes by, cried out, saying; Ελεησον ήμας, κυσιε, υίος  $\Delta$ αυιδ. 31  $^{\circ}$ Ο δε σχλος The and crowd 11 rd, son of David. us, Oi ie επετιμησεν αυτοις, ίνα σιωπησωσιν Of the reproved them, that they might be silent. They but μειζον εκραζον, λεγοντες Ελεησον ήμας, κυριε more did cry out, saying; Pity ios Δαυιδ. 32 Και στας us, Dird, δ Ιησους ε ωυίος Δαυιδ. son of David. And having stopped the Jesus 'nе νησεν αυτους, και ειπε Τι θ λετε ποιησω What do you wish I should do and raid, <sup>32</sup>Λεγουσιν αυτφ. Κυρ:ε, ίνα ανοιχθασιν ύμιν; to you? They say to him; O ord, that may be opened  $^{34} \Sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu i \sigma \theta \epsilon i s$   $\delta \epsilon \delta$  Being moved with picy and the ήμων οί οφθαλμοι. ofus the eyes. Ιησους, ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων και υ Jesus, he touched the eyee of them; n. mθεως ανεβλεψαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι κα ηκοmediately saw again ofthem the eyes: and hey

two blind (men,) sitting by the

КГФ. « 21.

Και ότε ηγωι υ ... Ιει ολυμα, και ηλθον And when the w resides · malem, and had come tr Bethphag by the mountain of the olive-trees, then the **Ι**ησους απεστειλε δυο μαθητας, λεγων αυτοις· Jesus sentaway two disciples, saying to them: <sup>2</sup> Πορευθητε εις την κωμην την απεναντι ύμων, You may go to the village the over against you, και ευθεως εύρησετε ονον δεδεμενην, και πωλον and unmediately you will find an ass having been bound, and a foal

know That the PRINCES. of the NATIONS rule imper. iously over them: and the GREAT exercise authority over

26 ‡It \*is not so among you · but whoever may desire to become grea. among you, let him be Your Servant;

27 tand whoever ma. desire to be chief, let him be Your Slave :

28 teven as the son of MAN came not to be served, but to serve, and tto give his life a Ransom for many."

29 ‡And departing from Jericho, great Crowd followed him.

30 And behold. Two blind men sitting by the BOAD, hearing That Jesus passed by, cried out, saying, "G Master, Son of David, have pity on us!"

31 And the PEOPLE reproved them, that they might be silent, but THEY cried the louder, saying "O Master, Son of David,

nave pity on us !"

32 And JESUS stopping, called them, and said, "What do you wish I should do for you?"

33 They say to him, "Sin that "our Exes may

be opened "

34 And Jesus being m ved with compassion. touched \*Their EYEs , and \*they received sight, and followed him.

# CHAPTER XZI.

1 ‡And when they were nigh to Jerusal m, and had come to Bethphage near to the MOUNT of OLIVES, then JESUS sent Two Disciples, saying to them,

2 "Go to THAT VIL-LAGE which is OVER-A-GAINST you, and you will immediately find an Ass

λουθησαν αυτώ.

him.

followed

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 26. is not so. 34. they received eight.

<sup>33.</sup> our eyes.

<sup>34.</sup> Their EYES.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Matt. xxiu. 11; 1 Pet. v 8. † 27. Matt. xviii. 4; Mark ix. 85; x. 43. † 28. Luke xxii. 27; John xiii. 4, 14; Phil ii > † 28. Jasa liii 10, 11; Dan. ix. 24, 24; Matt. xxvi. 24. † 15. Mark xi. 1. Luke 2/x. 24. 1 28. Luk4

<sup>3</sup> Και *ϵαν* λυσαντες αγαγετε μοι. HET' GUTHS' bring to me. And if having loosed 74, EDELTE' 'Οτι ύμιν  $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta$ any (one) to you should say any (thing,) you shall say; That the κυριος αυτων χρειαν εχει.  $\epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \omega s$ δε αποσneed has; immediately and he will of them <sup>4</sup>Τουτο δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα τελλει αυτους. all has been done, that send them. δηθ∈ν δια του προφητου. πληρωθη might be fulfilled the word spoken through the prophet, 5 "Ειπατε τη θυγατρι Σιων Ιδου, λεγοντος. to the daughter of Zion; saying; δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται σοι πραυς, και cπιetaecomes to thee meek, and having of thec ύποζυγιου." βηκως επι ονον, και πωλον υίον a foal a son of a beast of burden." an ass, even μαθηται, και ποιησαντες <sup>6</sup> Πορευθεντες δε οί and the Having gone disciples, and. having done καθως προσεταξεν αυτοις δ Ιησους, <sup>7</sup> ηγαγον commanded to them the Jesus, they lcd την ονον και τον πωλον, και επεθηκαν επανω and the foal, αυτων τα ίματια αυτων· και επεκαθισεν επανω them the mantles of them; and they caused to ait on (one) 8 'Ο δε πλειστος οχλος εστρωσαν έαυ∼ αυτων. The and greater crowd spread of themof them. των τα ίματια εν τη όδω. αλλοι δε εκοπτον mantles in the selves the way; others and κλαδους απο των δενδρων, και εστρωννυον εν and scattered branches from the trees, 9 Οίδε οχλοι οί προαγοντες και οί τη όδω. The and crowds those going before the way. ακολουθουντες εκραζον, λεγοντες. 'Ωσαννα τω did cry, sayingi Hosanna to the following υίω Δαυιδ. ευλογημενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι son of David; worthy of blessing he coming in name <sup>10</sup>Και εισελκυριου· ὧσαννα εν τοις ὑψιστοις. highest. And in having 'Ιεροσολυμα, εσεισθη πασα autou EIS  $\theta o \nu \tau o s$ of them into Jerusalem, was moved all 11 Of λεγουσα. Tis  $\epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu$ ούτος : ή πολις. saying: Who is this ? The the δε οχλοι ελεγον. Ούτος εστιν Ιησους ό προφη-

tied, and a Colt with her; loose them, and bring them to me.

3 And if any one questions you, reply, 'That the MASTER wants them;' and he will send them promptly."

4 Now all this was performed, that the WORD SPOKEN through the PRO-PHET might be verified, saving

saying,
5 ± "Say to the DAUGH"TER of Zion, Behold thy
"KING comes to thee,
"lowly, † being seated on
"an Ass, even \*on a Colt
"of a Laboring Beast."

6 ‡ And the DISCIPLES went, and having done as JESUS directed them,

7 they led the Ass, and the COLT, and put their MANTLES over them, and made him ride.

8 And a GREAT PART of the Crowd spread \*Their own GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut Branches from the TREES, and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE CROWDS \*PRECEDING him, and THOSE that FOLLOWED, shouted, saying, †"Hosanna to the son of David! ‡'Blessed be HE who 'COMFS in the Name of 'Jehovah.' Hosanna in the Highest heaven!"

10 ‡ And having entered Jerusalem, the Whole CITY was in commotion, asking, "Who is this?"

11 And the crowds answered, "This is Jesus, that prophet who

and crowds

prophet,

Jesus the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—5. on a Colt. CEDING him, and.

<sup>8.</sup> Their-own GARMENTS.

<sup>9.</sup> PRE-

<sup>† 5.</sup> Christ's triumphant entry into Jerusalem riding on an ass, has been objected to as mean and ridiculous, but it ought to be remembered that this circumstance was an exact fulfillment of Ezek. ix. 9, and exemplified at the same time his strict observance of the divine law. Eastern asses are much larger and more beautiful than ours, and kings and patriarchs did not disdain to ride on them. Compare Gen. xxii. 3; Exod. iv. 20; Num. xxii. 21; Judges v. 10; x. 4; 2 Sam. xvi. 2; xvii. 23; xix. 26; 1 Kings i. 33, 34. When Solomon and succeeding princes multiplied horses they were rebuked by the prophets, and chastised by God for it. See Isa. ii. 6, 7; xxxi. 1; Hos. xiv. 3. Compare also Hos. i. 7; Micah v. 10, 11; Zech. ix. 10, 49. Hossanna, is a Hebrew word, signifying, "Sex, we beseech thee!" and in this place is similar to the French "rive levo"," or the English "God save the king." "Hosanna to the son of David," is equivalent to "God preserve the son of David."

<sup>† 5.</sup> Isa. lxii, 11; Zech ix. 9; John xii. 15. † 9. Psa. cxviii. 26. † 10. Mark xi. 15.

<sup>1 6.</sup> Mark xi. 4.

απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας. that from Nazareth of the Galilee. And εισηλθεν δ Ιησους εις το ίερον \* του θεου,] into the temple the Jesus of the God, και εξεβαλε παντας τους πωλουντας και αγοραand cast out all the selling buyand ζον**τας εν τ**φ ίερφ, και τας τραπεζας των κολλυ~ in the temple, and the tables ing of the money Βιστων κατεστρεψε, και τας καθεδρας των of the changers overtuined and the seats 13 και λεγει αυπωλουντων τας περιστερας. the doves: and he says to τοις: Γεγραπται: "Ο οικος μου, οικος προσευχης "The house of me, a house thein: It is written: of prayer κληθησεται· ύμεις δε αυτον εποιησατε σπηλαιον shall be called: you but it have made a den ληστων."  $^{14}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι προσηλθον αυτ $\omega$  τυφλοι και of robbers." And came to him blind and χωλοι εν τφ ίερφ, και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. he healed lame the temple, and them. 15 Ιδοντες δε οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις τα PRIESTS and SCRIBES Having seen but the high-priests and the scribes the saw the WOODERS which ά εποιησε, και τους παιδας κραθαυμασια, which he did, and the boys cıy. ζοντας εν τφ ίερφ, και λεγοντας. in the temple, and saying; 1112 16 και ειπον αυτφ asperated, Δαυιδ: ηγανακτησαν, they were angry, to him; and said τι ούτοι λεγουσιν; AKOVEIS The and Hearest thou what these are saying? Jesus γει αυτοις. Ναι· ουδεποτε ανεγνωτε· "'Οτι Jesus says to them. ys to them; Yes; never have you read; "That στοματος νηπιων και θηλαζοντων κατηρ- read; 'Out of the Mouth λεγει αυτοις. says vut of of babes and 17 Kaı αινον :" καταλιπων αυτους, τισω praise?" perfected And having left them, εξηλθεν εξω της πολεως Βηθανιαν, και eis or the city into Bethany, out and ηυλισθη εκει:

he lodged there, 18 Πρωιας δε, επαναγων εις την πολιν, επει-Early ball returning into the 19 Kai ιδων συκην μίαν επί της όδου, And seeing afig-tree one by the way, νασε. hungry. ηλθεν επ' αυτην, και ουδεν εύρεν εν αυτη ει μη her, herame to and nothing found in her except φυλλα μονον· και λεγει αυτη· Μηκετι εκ σου Leaves alone; and he says to her; No more by thee καρπος γενηται εις τον αιωνα, Και εξηage. And 20 Kai idoptes of may be produced fruit to the ρανθη παραχρημα ἡ συκη. immediately the fig-tree. μαθηται εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες. Πως παράχρημα ed, saying, " How soon wondered, How disciples saying: soon 21 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ered!" εξηρανθη ή συκη; the fig-tree? Answering and the Jesus

12 Ket is from Nazareth in GALILEE."

12 † And JESUS went into tthe TEMPLE, and Allexpelled THOSE and buying, SELLING and overturned the TA-BLES of the BANKERS, and the SEATS of the SELLERS OF DOVES;

13 and said to them. "It is written, ' HOUSE shall be called a 'House of Prayer,' but pou \*make it a Den of Robbers."

14 And the Blind and Lame came to him in the TEMPLE, and he healed them.

15 But when the HIGHperformed. he \*THOSE BOYS Who were CRYING in the TEMPLE. Ωσαννα τω "Hosanna to the son of Hosanna to the David!" they were ex-

16 and said to him, 'O de Invovs "Dost thou hear what these are saying?" And of sucking (ones) thou hast of Infants and Nurselings thou hast perfected Praise."

> 17 And having left them, he went out of the CITY, to Bethany; and passed the night there.

18 † Returning to the CITY, in the Morning, he he was was hungry;

19 and seeing a single Fig-tree by the ROAD, he went to it; but finding on it, nothing except Leaves, he said, no fruit grow on thee to the AGE!" And the FIG-TREE instantly with-

20 # And the DISCIPLES seeing the seeing it, were astonishis the FIG-TREE with-

21 Jesus answering,

ered.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT:-12. of God-omit. who were caying.

<sup>13.</sup> make it.

<sup>15.</sup> THOSE BOYS

<sup>† 12.</sup> The TEMPLE-to hieron. This was not the naos, house, or Temple strictly so called, including only the vestibule, the sanctuary, and the holy of holies. To this our Lord him-self had not access, because not of the posterity of Aaron. The traffic was carried on in the outer courts. These courts the Pharisees did not account holy.

<sup>1 12.</sup> Luke xix. 45; John ii. 15. t 13, Isa, lvi. 7. 1 16. Psa. viii 2. John xi. 18. 1 18. Mark ix. 1 20. Mark xi. 20.

ειπεν αυτοις.  $A\mu\eta\nu$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $b\mu\iota\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\alpha\nu$  $\epsilon \chi \eta \tau \epsilon$ Indeed I say to you, if you may have to them:  $\pi$ ιστιν, και μη διακριθητε, ου μονον should doubt, not only the (miracle) and not της συκης ποιησετε, αλλα καν τφ ορει τουτφ of the fig-tree you shall do, but also if to the mountain this βληθητι €LS Αρθητι, και you should say; Be thou lifted up, and be cast <sup>22</sup> Και παντα, όσα αν γενησεται. θαλασσαν: And all, whatever it shall be done. sea: προσευχη, πιστευοντες,  $\alpha$ i $\tau$  $\eta$  $\sigma$  $\eta$  $\tau$  $\epsilon$  $\epsilon \nu$  $\tau\eta$ believing, you shall ask in the prayer,  $\lambda \eta \psi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ . you shall receive.

<sup>23</sup> Kai  $\epsilon \lambda \theta o \nu \tau i$  aut  $\phi \epsilon is$  to  $i \epsilon \rho o \nu$ ,  $\pi \rho o \sigma \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$ And having come to him into the temple, came

That having come to aim into the temple, came autim  $3 \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \rho \nu \tau i$  of a  $\rho \chi i \epsilon \rho \epsilon i s$  kai of  $\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \nu \tau \epsilon \rho o i$  to him teaching the high-priests and the elders  $\tau \sigma \nu \lambda \alpha \sigma \nu$ ,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \sigma \nu \tau \epsilon s$ . Ev  $\pi \sigma i \alpha \epsilon \delta \sigma \sigma i \sigma \tau \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$  of the people, saying; By what authority these (things)  $\pi \sigma i \epsilon i s$ :  $\kappa \alpha i \tau i s$   $\sigma \sigma i \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \tau \tau \nu \epsilon \delta \sigma \sigma i \sigma \nu \tau \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \nu \tau \sigma i s$  does thou and who to thee gave the authority this?  $2^4 A \pi \sigma \kappa \rho i \theta \epsilon i s$   $\delta \epsilon \delta I \eta \sigma \sigma \nu s \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu \alpha \nu \tau \sigma i s$ . Epw $\tau \eta \sigma \omega \nu \sigma i s$ 

Answering and the Jesus said to them, [ will ask ύμας καγω λογον ένα. όν εαν  $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta \tau \epsilon$ you may say to me, one; which if you also l word εξουσια καγω ύμιν ερω, εν ποια ταυτα also I to you will tell, by what authority these (things) <sup>25</sup> το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου ποθεν ην; εξ  $\pi \alpha \omega$ dipping of John whence was? from ουρανου, η εξ ανθρωπων; Οίδε διελογιζοντο They and heaven, or from men? reasoued παρ' έαυτοις, λεγοντες Εαν ειπωμεν, εξ ουρα-If we should say, from among themselves, saying; heaερει ημιν. Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε he will say to us: Why then not did you believe ven,  $^{26}$ Eav  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon i\pi \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \omega \nu$   $\phi \circ \beta \circ \upsilon$ αυτω; If but we should say, from men: μεθα τον οχλον· παντες γαρ εχουσι τον Ιωαννην tear the crowd: all for hold the  $^{27}$  Και αποκριθέντες τω Ιησου ώς προφητην. And they answering to the Jesus a prophet:  $\epsilon \iota \pi o \nu$  · Ouk oiba $\mu \epsilon \nu$ . Εφη αυτοις και αυτος. Said to them and we know. Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα say to you by what authority these (things) Neither <sup>28</sup> Τι δε ύμιν δοκει; Aνθρωπος ειχεποιω, What but to you seems right? A man had I do. και προσελθων τω πρωτω,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon^{\bullet}$ τεκνα coming to the first, two: Τεκνον, ὑπαγε, σημερον εργαζου εν τφ αμπελωνι work in the vineyard to-day Son, <sup>29</sup> Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν· Ου θελω' μου. I will: He and answering said: Not of me. <sup>30</sup> Kaı μεταμεληθεις,  $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ . δε but having changed his mind, he went. And Ο δε προσελθων τω έτερω, ειπεν ώσαυτως. to the other, he said just the same. He and

said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, ‡ If you have an unshaken Faith, you will not only do THIS miracle of the FIG-TREE, but also, if you should say to this MOUNTAIN, 'Be thou lifted up, and thrown into the SEA,' it will be done."

22 ‡ And whatever you shall ask in Prayer, beheving, you will receive."
23 ‡ And having entered the Temple, the High-priests and Elders of the People, came near, as he was teaching, and said, "By What Authority dost thou perform these things and who empowered thee."

24 Jesus replying, said to them, "E will also ask you one Question, which if you answer me, E also will inform you by What Authority 1 do these things.

25 Whence was \*THAT IMMERSION which was of John? From Heaven, or from Men?" And THEY reasoned thus among themselves, "If we say, From Heaven, be will retort, Why then did you not believe him?

26 And if we say, From Men, we dread the crown; for they all regard John as a Prophet."

27 They, therefore, said to Jesus, in reply, "We cannot tell." And he said to them, "Neither do I tell you by What Authority I perform these things.

28 But what is your opinion of this? A Man had \*I'wo Sons; and coning to the FIRST, he said, 'Son, go work To-day in my VINEYARD.'

29 HE answered, \*' E will, sir,' but went not.

30 And coming to the SECOND, he said the same.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. THAT IMMERSION which was of John. 28. Two Sons 20. \* I will, sir;' but went not. 80. And coming to the second, he said the same. And by answering, said, 'I will not;' but afterwards he repented and went.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Matt. xvii. 20; Luke xvii. 6; James i. 6; 1 Cor. xiii. 2. † 22. Matt vii. 8; Mark xi. 24; James v. 16; 1 John iii. 22; v. 14. † 23. Mark xi. 27; Luke xx. 1.

Beir

αποκριθεις ειπεν• Εγω κυριε, και ουκ απηλθε. said; answering lord, and not went. <sup>31</sup> Τις εκ των δυο εποιησε το θελημα του πατρος; Who of the two did the will of the father? Λεγουσιν \*[αυτω·] Ο πρωτος.
They say [to him;] The first.  $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \alpha \upsilon \tau o \iota s \delta$ Says to them the Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι οί τελωναι και Inσous. I say to you, that the tax-gatherers and Jeans: Indeed αί πορναι προαγουσιν ύμας εις την βασιλειαν go before you into the kinguous  $^{32}$  Ηλθε γαρ προς ύμας 1ωαννης εν harlots του θεου. of the God. Came for to you John ın όδφ δικαιοσυνης, και ουκ επιστευσατε αυτφ: οì a way of righteousness, and not you believed him; the και αἱ πορναι επιστευσαν αυτφ. τελωναι out tax-gatherers and the harlots him; believed ύμεις δε ιδοντες ου μετεμεληθητε ύστερον, του you and seeing not repented afterwards, of the πιστευσαι αυτω.

to believe bim. <sup>33</sup> Αλλην παραβολην ακουσατε· \*[Ανθρωπος] parable hear you;

ην οικοδεσποτης, όστις εφυτευσεν αμπελωνα, a householder, who planted a vineyard, was και φραγμον αυτφ περιεθηκε, και ωρυξεν εν to it placed around, and digged in and a hedge αυτφ ληνον, και φκοδομησε πυργον. και ∈ξit a wine-press, and built a tower; aod let <sup>34</sup> Ότε εδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδημησεν. it to husbandmen, and When out went abroad. δε ηγγισεν ό καιρος των καρπων, απεστειλε drew near the of the fruits, time be sent τους δουλους αύτου, προς τους γεωργους, λαof him, husbandmen, to the 35 Και λαβοντες οί

the fruits of it. And having taken the γεωργοι τους δουλους αυτου, όν μεν εδειραν, of him, him indeed they flayed, the slaves husbandmen όν δε απεκτειναν, όν δε ελιθοβολησαν.  $^{36}\Pi \alpha \lambda i \nu$ they killed, him and they pelted with stones. Again αλλους δουλους, απεστειλεν πλειονας  $\tau \omega \nu$ slaves, the

τους καρπους αυτου.

<sup>37</sup> Υσπρωτων• και εποιησαν αυτοις ώσαυτως. and they did to them in like manner. Afterτερον δε απεστειλε προς αυτους τον υίον αύτου, wards and he sent ta them the son of him, 38 Of Εντραπησονται τον υίον μου. λεγων. They will regard the san of me. saying; δε γεωργοι, ιδουτες τον υίον, ειπον εν έαυτοις. seeing the son, said among themselves; but husbandmen, δ κληρονομος. δευτε, αποκτει-Ούτος  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ the heir: come, we may νωμεν αυτον, και κατασχωμεν την κληρονομιαν

may retain

And HE answering, said, 'I will not;' but after-

wards repenting, he went. 31 Which of the Two performed the Father's will?" They say, "The \* LATTER." JESUS said to them, ‡"Indeed, I say to you, That the TRI-BUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS precede von into the KINGDOM of God.

32 For ‡John came to you in a Way of Righteousness, and you be-lieved him not; but the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS believed him; yet nou, having seen it, did not afterwards repent, so as TO BELIEVE him.

33 Hear Another Para-There was a Householder, ‡who planted a Vinevard, and enclosed it with a Hedge, and digged † a Wine-press in it, and built a Tower, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country.

34 And when the VIN-TAGE approached, he sent his SERVANTS to the CUL-TIVATORS, to receive the FRUITS.

35 But the #cultive. TORS having seized ' s SERVANTS, severely leat one, and murdered another, and stoned another.

36 Again, he sent Other Servants, more honorable than the FIRST, and they treated them in a similar manner.

37 Finally, the sent his son to them, saying, 'They will respect my

38 But the CULTIVA-TORS seeing the son, said among themselves, 'This is the HEIR; I come, let us kill him, and forcibly hold the INHERITANCE.

inheritance

the

and

him,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. to him-omit.

<sup>31.</sup> LATTER.

<sup>33.</sup> A man—omit.

t 33. Leenon, wine-press, is the word used by Matthew, while hupoleenion, wine-vat, is used by Mark, ch. xii. 1. Dr. Robinson saw a wine-press at Hebleh, which was bewn out of a rock, and divided into two parts. The upper and nore shallew part was the place where the grapes were put, the lower and deeper one was the place for receiving the liquid pressed out of them. These two places served for both wine-press and wine-rul. This fact will serve to illustrate the words of Jesus as recorded by the two historians.

<sup>\$31.</sup> Luke vii. 29. ‡ 32. Matt. xi. 18; Luke vii. 33. Mark xii. 1; Luke xx. 9. 1 38. Matt. xxvi. 2-4; John xi. 53. 1 35. Heb. xi. 36, 37.

<sup>133,</sup> Cant riii. 11; Isa v 1 1 37. Heb. 1, 2; 1 John iv. @

<sup>39</sup> Και λαβοντες αυτον, εξεβαλον εξω QUTOU. they cast out him, of him. And having taken <sup>40</sup> 'Οταν  $0 \nu \nu$ του αμπελωνος, και απεκτειναν. When therefore killed. vineyard, and  $\pi o \iota \eta \sigma \in \iota$ δ κυριος του αμπελωνος,  $\tau_L$ will he do vineyard, what may come the lord of the  $^{41}$   $\Lambda\epsilon\gamma$ ουσιν αυτω. EKELVOIS: τοις γεωργοις They say to the husbandmen to those? και τον αμπε-Κακους κακως απολεσει αυτους. and the vine-Wretches wretchedly destroy them; λωνα εκδωσεται αλλοις γεωργοις, οίτινες αποto other husbandmen, who will let out vard δωσουσιν αυτφ τους καρπους εν τοις καιροις the seasons fruits in to him the 42 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους· Ουδεποτε αυτων. Never He says to them the Jesus; of them. "Λιθον δ: απεδοκιανεγνωτε εν ταις γραφαις. have you read in the "A stone which rejecwritings: οικοδομουντες, ούτος εγενηθη ELS oί building, the same was made into they κεφαλην γωνιας παρα κυριου εγενετο αύτη, Lord was from of a corner; και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμοις ήμων;" <sup>43</sup> Δια of us?" On account of -Yes wonderful in τουτο λεγω ύμιν, ότι αρθησεται αφ' ύμων ή I say to you, that shart be taken from you the βασιλεια του θεου, και δοθησεται εθνει ποιουντι kingdom of the God, and shall be given to a nation making 44 Και δ πεσων έπι τον τους καρπους αυτης. ediling on the  $\epsilon \phi'$   $\delta \nu$   $\delta'$   $\alpha \nu$ And he failing on of her. fruits λιθον τουτον, συνθλα**σθ**ησεται· on whom but shall be broken: αυτου. λικμησει it shall fall, it will crush to pieces him.

45 Και ακουσαντες οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριhaving heard the high-priests and the Phariσαιοι τας παραβολας αυτου, εγνωσαν, ότι περι knew, that about the parables of him, <sup>46</sup>Και ζητουντες αυτον κρατησαι, αυτων λεγει. him to seize, And seeking them he says. εφοβηθησαν τους οχλους: επειδη ώς προφητην since as a prophet crowds: they feared KΕΦ,  $\kappa \beta'$ . Και αποκριθεις αυτον ειχον. And answering him they held. δ Ιησους παλιν ειπεν αυτοις εν παραβολαις, parables, the Jesus again said to them in 2 Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των ουρανων  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ of the Has been likened the kıngdom saying: ανθρωπώ βασιλει, όστις εποιησε γαμους marriage-feasts to the made a king. who to a man 3 και απεστειλε τους δουλους αύτου, υίω αύτου. of him, he sent son of him,

39 Then seizing him, they ‡thrust him out of the VINEYARD and killed him.

40 When, therefore, the OWNER of the VINEYARD comes, what will he do to those OCCUPANTS?"

41 They reply to him, to He will put those wretches to a wretched death, and will lease the vineyard to Other Cultivators, who will render him the FRUITS in their SEASONS."

42 Jesus says to them, "Have you never read in the scriptures, †‡' A 'Stone, which the Build'ers rejected, the same 'is made the Head-stone 'of the Corner; this Jehovah has effected, and 'it is wonderful in our 'Eyes?'

43 Because of this, I tell you, † That the KING-DOM of GOD will be taken from you, and given to a People who will produce its proper fruits.

44 And HE who FALLS on this STONE, will be bruised; and him, on whom it shall fall, it will crush to pieces."

45 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISEES having heard his PARA-BLES, knew that he was speaking about them.

46 And seeking to apprehend him, they feared the CROWDS, for they esteemed him as a Prophet.

# CHAPTER XXII.

1 And JESUS continuing to discourse to them in Parables, said,

2 "The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to a Royal Person, who prepared a Marriage festival for his son,

3 and he sent his SER-

<sup>† 42. &</sup>quot;A Stone, which the BUILDERS rejected." An expression borrowed from masons, who, finding a stone, which being tried in a particular place, and appearing improper for it, is thrown aside, and another taken: however, at last, it may happen that the rery stone which had been before rejected, may be found the most suitable as the head stone of the

corner.—Clarke.

1.30, John xix. 17, 18; Heb. xii. 11—13.

1.41. Mark xii. 9; Luke xx. 16.

2.2; Acts iv. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 7.

43. Matt. viii. 12; Luke xiii. 28, 29.

viii. 14, 15; Dan. ii. 34, 44, 45.

t 42. Psa.

καλε-α τους κεκλημενους εις τους γαμους. the having been invited to the marriage-feasts <sup>4</sup> Παλιν απεστειλεν και ουκ η $\theta \in \lambda$ ον  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \in \iota \nu$ . and not they would to come. Again hesent Ειπατε τοις κεκλημεallous boulous,  $\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu$ slaves, Say to the saying; having been νοις. Ιδου, το αριστον μου ήτοιμασα οί ταυροι Lo, the dinner of me I prepared; the bullocks μου και τα σιτιστα τεθυμενα, και παντα έτοιμα· of me and the fatlings having been killed, and all (things) ready, 5 Οί δε αμελησαντες, δευτε εις τους γαμους. the marriage-feasts. They but neglecting, to απηλθον. ό μεν εις τον ιδιον αγρον, ό δε εις he indeed to the own field. he and to went away; <sup>6</sup>Οἱ δε λοιποι κρατητην εμποριαν αύτου. The and remainder traffic of him. σαντες τους δουλους αυτου, ύβρισαν και απεκτειof him, insulted and serzed the slaves 7 Ακουσας δε δ βασιλευς, ωργισθη. ναν. και Having heard and the king, was wroth: and πεμψας τα στρατευματα αύτου, απωλεσε τους having sent the armies of him, destroyed Φονεις εκεινους, και την πολιν αυτων ενεπρησε. murderers those, and the city of them humed 8 Τοτε λεγει τοις δουλους αυτου 'Ο μεν Then he says to the slaves of him: The indeed έτοιμος εστιν, οί δε κεκλημενοι ουκ γαμος marriage-feast ready is, they but having been called not  $^{9}$  Πορευεσθε ουν επι τας διεξοδους ησαν αξιοι. were worthy. therefore to the Go you outlets των όδων, και όσους αν ευρητε, καλεσατε εις of the ways, and whoever you may find, call you  $^{10}\,\mathrm{Ka}\,\imath$   $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\lambda\theta o\nu au\epsilon s$  of δουλοι TOUS γαμους. marriage-feasts. And having gone forth the τας όδους, εκεινοι συνηγαγον παντας, those the ways, they brought together δσους ευρον, πονηρους τε και αγαθους· και as many as they found, bad ones both and good ones: and 11 Εισελθων επλησθη δ γαμος ανακειμενων. was filled the marriage-feast of reclining ones. Having entered δ βασιλευς θεασασθαι τους ανακειμενους, and the king to see the reclining ones, ειδεν εκει ανθρωπον ουκ ενδεδυμενον ενδυμα saw not having been clothed a garment a man <sup>12</sup> και Έταιρε, γαμου. λεγει αυτω. πως or marriage: and he says to him: Friend, how O.  $\dot{\omega}\delta\epsilon$ , μη  $\epsilon\chi\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\nu\delta\upsilon\mu\alpha$   $\gamma\alpha\mu\upsilon\upsilon$ ; here, not having a garment of marriage: εισηλθες didst thou enter here, He  $^{13}$  To $\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$ δ εφιμωθη. βασιλευς but was struck speechless. said the king Then τοις διακονοις. Δησαντες αυτου ποδας και to the servants: Having bound of him and χειρας, αρατε αυτον, και εκβαλετε εις το σκοτος him, and cast into the darkness εκει εσται δ κλανθμος και δ το εξωτερον

VANTS to call THOSE who had been invited to the FESTIVITIES; and they refused to come.

4 Again, he sent Other Servants, saying, 'Inform

THOSE who are INVITED, #Behold, I have prepared MY ENTERTAINMENT; MY OXEN and FATLINGS are killed, and all is ready: come to the FESTIVAL.

5 But THEY, disregarding it, went away, one to his ( wn Farm, and one to his merchandise;

6 and the REST seizing his servants, insulted,

and killed them.

7 \*And the KING was indignant; and having sent this MILITARY FOR-CES, destroyed those MUR-DERERS, and burned their

8 He then says to his SERVANTS, 'The ENTER-TAINMENT indeed is ready, but THOSE who have been invited, were 1 unworthy.

9 Go, therefore, into the PUBLIC ROADS, and whoever you may find, invite to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS.

10 And those SERVANTS went out into the ROADS. and brought together all that they met, Good and Bad; and the FEAST was well supplied with guests.

11 Now the KING having entered to view the GUESTS, saw there a Man # not clothed with a Wedding Garment;

12 and he says to him, 'Friend, how camest thou here, not having a Wedding Garment?' And HE was struck speechless.

13 The KING then said to the SERVANTS, 'Bind his Hands and Feet; take him, and thrust \*him into the outer Dark-NESS;' there will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH.

there

onter:

and the

weeping

shall he the · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. And the KING was indignant.

Rev. iii. 4; xvi. 15; xix. 8. 7. Dan. ix. 26.

<sup>1 8.</sup> Acts x1ii. 46.

βρυγμος των οδοντων.  $^{14}$  Πολλοι γαρ εισι gnashing of the teeth. Many for are κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι\*

called, few but picked out.

15 Τοτε πορευθεντες οί Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον
Then having gone the Pharisees counsel

λαβον, όπως αυτον παγιδευσωσιν εν λογω. took, how him they might insuare in word.

<sup>16</sup>Και αποστελλουσιν αυτώ τους μαθητας αύτων And they sent away to him the disciples of them Ήρωδιανων, λεγοντες. μετα των  $\Delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ , Oteacher, the Herodians, with saying, και την όδον του ριδαμεν, ότι αληθης ei, thou art, and ofthe we know, that true the way  $\theta$ eou ev aλη $\theta$ eia διδασκείς, και ου μελει  $\sigma o \iota$ truth and Jot there is care to thee God ,n thou teachest, περι ουδίνος. ου γαρ βλεπεις εις προσωπον not no one; for thou lookest into lace 17 Ειπε ουν ήμιν, τι σοι δοκει; ανθρωπων. Say therefore to us, what to thee seems right? oi men. 18 rvovs εξεστι δουναι κηνσον Καισαρι, η ου;

Knowing is it lawful to give tribute te Cesar, or not?  $T\iota \mu \epsilon$ δε δ Ιησους την πονηριαν αυτων, ειπε• but the Jesus the wickedness orthem, said; Why me  $^{19}\,\mathrm{E}\pi\imath\delta\epsilon\imath\xi\alpha au\epsilon$ πειραζετε ὑποκριται; μοι το Show you to me the tempt you hypocrates? νομισμα του κηνσου, Οί δε προσηνεγκαν αυτφ They and of the tribute. brought to him <sup>20</sup> Και λεγει αυτοις· Τινος ή εικων δηναριον. And he cays to them, Of whom the likeness a denarius. 21 Λεγουσιν \*[αυτω·] **ι**ύτη και ή επιγραφη; and the inscription? They say to him,]

Τυτε λεγει αυτοις. Αποδοτε ουν Kaivapos. Give you back then Then he says to them; Καισαρος Καισαρι και του θεου  $\tau a$ and the (things) of the God the (things) of Cesar to Cesar; <sup>22</sup> Και ακουσαντες εθαυμασαν·  $\tau \omega \theta \epsilon \omega$ . και to the God. And having heard they wondered; and αφεντες αυτον απηλθον.

leaving him they departed.

<sup>23</sup> Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα προιηλθον αυτφ Σαδday that the came to him δουκαιοι, οί λεγοντες, μη ειναι αναστασιν και ducees, they saying, not to be a resurrection; and  $^{24}$   $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau : :$  $\Delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ , επηρωτηταν αυτον, they asked him, saying; O teacher, "Εαν τις αποθωνη μη εχων  $M\omega\sigma\eta s \in \iota\pi \in \nu$ "If any one should the not having  $\tau \in \kappa \nu \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \pi i \gamma \alpha u \beta \rho \epsilon v \sigma \epsilon i \delta$  $a\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi os$   $av\tau ov$  $\tau \eta \nu$ children, shall marry the brother of him the

14 For there are Many invited, but Few selected.

15 ‡Then the Pharisees having withdrawn, consulted how they might entrap him in Conversation.

16 And they sent to him their disciples with the Herodians, saying, "Teacher, we know That thou art sincere, and teachest the way of Godin Truth, neither earest thou for any one, for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Mcn.

17 Tell us, therefore, thy opinion; Is it lawful to pay Tax to Cesar, or

not?"

18 But Jesus knowing their WICKEDNESS, said, "Hypocrites! why do you try me?

19 Show me the TAX-COIN." And THEY handed

him a Denarius.

20 And he says to them, † "Whose likeness and INSCRIPTION is this?"

21 They say, "Cesar's." Then he replies to them, \$"Render, therefore, the THINGS of Cesar, to Ccsar; and the THINGS of God, to God."

22 And having heard this, they wondered; and leaving him, they went away.

23 ton that day, \*Sadducees came to him, who say there is no † Resurrection, and asked him,

24 saying, "Teacher, Moses said, † If a man die, having no Children, his BROTHER shall marry his WIDOW, and raise up

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. to him-omit.

<sup>23.</sup> Sadducees came to him, who say.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Dr. Lightfoot tells us that the Jews have a tradition among them, that to admit of the t.t.e of any prince on their current co.n. was an asknowledgment of subjection to him. Their acceptance of this coin when offered to then, in payment, was in effect a confession that they were conquered by the Romans, and that the emperor had a right to their tribute.

† 23. This is rendered future life by some modern translators; which is, as Dr. Bloomfield very justly observes, "no version at all, but merely an explanation." Anastasis can only mean future life, by implication; its primary signification being a standing or rising up. If a future life be understood by the term, then it evidently depends upon, an follows a resurrection.

† 24. The words of the Law are not quoted verbatim, but cording to their sense. The intention was that children by the second marriage shoul reckoned in the genealogy of the deceased brother, and inherit his property.

ψυναικα αυτου, και αναστησει σπερμα τφ wife of him, αδελφω αύτου." and shall raise seed to the 25 Ησαν δε παρ' ημιν έπτα of him." There were now with us seven αδελφοι· και ό πρωτος, γαμησας, ετελευτησε· brothers: and the first, having married, και μη εχων σπερμα, αφηκε την γυναικα αύτου and not having seed, left the wife 26 'Ομοιως και ό δευτερος, τω αδελφω αύτου. Likewise also the second, to the brother of him. 27 'Υστερον δε και δ τριτος, έως των έπτα. After and the third, till the seven. and  $^{28}\,\mathrm{E}
u$   $au\eta$ παντων απεθανε και ή γυνη.  $0 \nu \nu$ also the woman. In the therefore died αναστασει, τινος των έπτα εσται γυνη; παντες resurrection, of whom of the seven shall be a wife? all γαρ εσχον αυτην. <sup>29</sup> Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους for had her. Appendix and the Jesus her. Answering and the Jesus Πλανασθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραειπεν αυτοις. said to them; You go astray, not knowing the writφας, μηδε την δυναμιν του θεου.  $^{30}$  E $\nu$   $\gamma \alpha \rho$ In neither the power of the God. for τη αναστασει the resurrection \* $[\tau o \upsilon \quad \theta \epsilon o \upsilon] \quad \epsilon \nu$ ζονται, αλλ' ώς αγγελοι as messengers of the marriage, but God] 31 Περι δε της αναστασεως των ουρανω εισι. About but the resurrection of the νεκρων ουκ ανεγνωτε το δηθεν ύμιν ύπο dead (ones) not have you read that having been spoken to you by του  $\theta$ εου, λεγοντος 32 "Εγω ειμι  $\delta$   $\theta$ εος the God, saying: ľ am the God Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και δ θεος Ιακωβ;" of Abraam, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob?" Ουκ εστιν δ θεος, θεος - νεκρων, αλλα -(ωντων. Not is the God, a God of dead (ones,) but of living (ones.) <sup>33</sup> Και ακουσαντες οἱ οχλοι, εξεπλησσοντο επι And having heard the crowds, were astonished τη διδαχη αυτου. the teaching of him.

 $^{34}\,\mathrm{O}$ ί δε Φαρισαιοι, ακουσαντες ότι εφιμωσε The and Pharisees, hearing that he silenced τους Σαδδουκαιους, συνηχθησαν  $\epsilon \pi \iota$  το αυτο· Sadducees, were assembled on the same; 30 και επηρωτησεν είς εξ αυτων, νομικος, πειραand asked one out of them, a lawyer, temptζων αυτων \*[και λεγων·]  $^{36} Διδασκαλε,$ ing him [and saying;] 37 'O δε Ιησους The and 'Jesus εφη αυτώ "Αγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου said to him; "Thou shalt love Lord the God of thee εν όλη τη καρδια σου, και εν όλη τη ψυχη σου, in whole the heart of thee, and in whole the soul of thee, και εν όλη τη διανοια σου." <sup>38</sup>Αύτη εστι πρωτη and in whole the mind of thee." This

Offspring to his BRO-THER.

25 Now, there were with us Seven Brothers: and the FIRST, having married, died; and having no issue, left his wife to his BROTHER.

26 Thus also the SEC-OND, and the THIRD, even to the SEVENTH.

27 And last of all, the WOMAN also died.

28 At the RESURREC-TION, therefore, To which of the SEVEN will she be a WIFE? for they all married her."

29 Jesus answering, said to them, "You err, not knowing the scrip-TURES, nor the POWER of

30 for in the RESUR-RECTION [state], they neither marry, nor are given in marriage, but are as ANGELS IN \* HEAVEN.

31 But concerning the RESURRECTION of the DEAD, Have you not read the word spoken to you by God, saying,

32 t' Ham the God of 'Abraham, and the God 'of Isaac, and the God of 'Jacob?' \* He is not the God of the Dead, but of the Living."

33 And the crowds hearing this, were amazed at his TEACHING.

34 ‡ Now the Pharisees hearing That he had silenced the SADDUCEES, flocked about Him.

35 And one of them, ‡a Lawyer, trying him, proposed this question;

36 "Teacher, which is the great Commandment

in the LAW?"

37 \* And HE said to him, t"'Thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with 'All thy HEART, and with 'All thy sour, and with 'All thy MIND.

38 This is \* the GREAT and First Commandment

37. Deut. vi. 5; Luke x. 27.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. of God-omit. 30. HEAVEN. 32. He is not the God 35. and saying-omit. 37. And не said. 88. the GREAT and First Commandment. † 32. Exod. iii. 6; Mark xii. 26; Luke xx. 37; Acts vii. 32; Heb. xi. 16. 28. † 35. Luke x. 25. † 37. Deut, vi. 5; Luke x. 27. 1 34. Mark

ROW METALAM EV TORM.

AND TOWN TOWN TOWN.

AND TOWN TOWN TOWN.

Second and like to it:

"Them that here the printer of the and the town."

"Them that here the printer of the and the town."

"The matter seas South everthans does of voucs in these two commandments whole the law each of wροφητα κρεμανται.

and the prophets are hung.

Συνηγμενων δε των Φαρισαιων, επηρωτησεν saked

αυτους δ Ιησους, 42 λεγων. Τι ύμιν δοκει περι saying; What to you thinks about them the Jesus, του Χριστου; τινος υίος εστι;  $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \sigma \iota \nu$ Anointed? of whom a son is he? They say  $^{43}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$ ι αυτοις $^{\circ}$ αυτώ· Του Δαυιδ.  $\Pi \omega s$  ouv He says to them; Of the David, How then to him; Δαυιδ εν πνευματι κυριον αυτον καλει; λεγων. saying; David in spirit Lord of him calls?

44 "Είπεν δ κυρίος τω κυρίω μου Καθου εκ "Said the Lord to the Lord of the; Sitthou at δεξίων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδίον των ποδων σου." <sup>45</sup> Ει ουν Δαυίδ καλεί stool of the feet of thee." If then David calls αυτον κυρίον, πως νίος αυτου εστι; him Lord, how a son of him is he; And no one εδυνατο αυτω αποκρίθηναι λογον ουδε ετολμησε was able to him to answer α ωςς; nor dared τις απ' εκείνης της ήμερας επερωτησαι αυτον

bay one from that the day to ask him

any more.

# КЕФ. κγ². 23.

¹Τοτε δ Ιησους αλαλησε τοις οχλοις και Then the Jesus spoke to the crowds Then the Joseph 2 λεγων Επιτης Μασεως the disciples of him, anying; Upon the Magazine. καθεδρας εκαθέσαν οι γραμματείς και οι Φαριsit δ Παντα ουν, δσα αν ειπωσιι' ່ນແນ σαιοι. therefor, whatever they say to you \*[τηρειν] τηρειτε και ποιειτε κατα δε τα [to observe] observe you and do you; according to but the εγγα αυτων μη ποιειτε λεγουσι γαρ, και ου works of them not do you; they say for, and not ποιουσι. <sup>5</sup> Δεσμευουσι γαρ φορτια βαρεα και por burdens heavy and They bind δυσβωστακτα, και επιτιθεασιυ επι τους ωμους upon the shoulders and place oppressive, ∽ων ανθρωπων∘ τφ δ∈ δακτυλφ αυτων ου of them not of the and finger of the <sup>3</sup> Παντα δε τα εργα πινησαι αυτα. JeA.0**vG**i All to move thera. but the works αύτων ποιουσε προς το θεαθηναι τοις ανθρωποις. to the to be seen to the men. of thera they de

39 \*The Second is similar; ‡'Thou shalt love 'thy NEIGHBOR as thy-

40 ‡ On These Two Commandments \* depend the Whole LAW and the PROPHETS."

41 ‡ And while the PHARISEES were assembled, JESUS asked them,

42 saying, "What is your opinion about the MESSIAH? Whose Son is he?" They say to him, "DAVID'S."

43 He says to them, "How then does David, by Inspiration, call him his Lord? saying,

44 T JEHOVAH said to my Lord, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, uil 1 \* put 'thine ENEMIES under-'neath thy FEET?'

45 If, therefore, David call him Lord, how is he

his Son?"

46 And no one was able to answer him a Word; nor did any one from That DAY presume to question him any more.

#### CHAPTER XXIII.

1 Then JESUS spoke to the CROWDS, and to his DISCIPLES,

2 saying, "The scribes and Pharisees sit in the Chair of Moses;

3 therefore ...ll things whatever they command you, \*do and observe; but do not according to their works; for they say and do not perform.

4 \*And they prepare heavy and oppressive Burdens, for other MEN'S SHOULDERS, but \*then with their finger.

5 And they perform all their works to be observed by men; \* for this

ENDMINS uni erneath thy feet. 3. observe—omit. 2. do and observe. 4. they will not move them with their finoun. 5. for loy. 5. for loy.

<sup>† 30.</sup> Lev. xix. 18; Mark xii. 31; Luke x. 27; Itora, r. 9; Gal. v. 26; Jas. ii. c. † 30. Matk. vii. 12; 1 Trm i 5. † 31. Mark xii. 35; Lum xx. 31. † Ira. cx. 1; Arts . 34; Heb. i. 13. † 4. Luke xi. 46; Acta xv. 10.

αύτων, Πλατυνουσι δε φυλακτηρια  $\tau \alpha$ και of them, They widen and phylacteries and the μεγαλυνουσι τα κρασπεδα \* [των ίματιων αύthey enlarge the ofthe mantles tufts 6 φιλουσι τε την πρωτοκλισιαν εν τοις  $\tau\omega\nu$ them;] they love and the upper couch the δειπνοις, και τας πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναand the first seats 10 the <sup>7</sup> και τους ασπασμους εν ταις αγοραις, ywyais, gogues, and the satutations in the markets, των ανθρωπων **ραββι,** και καλεισθαι ύπο rabbi, and to be called by the men \*[ $\beta\alpha\beta\beta\iota$ .] 8 Theis  $\delta\epsilon$   $\mu\eta$   $\kappa\lambda\eta\theta\eta\tau\epsilon$   $\beta\alpha\beta\beta\iota$  els [rabbi.] You but not may be called rabbi; one γαρ εστιν ύμων ό καθηγητης: παντες δε ύμεις for of you the leader; all you 9 Και πατερα μη καλεσητε ύμων αδελφοι εστι. father not you may call of you brethren are: And είς γαρ εστιν ό πατηρ ύμων, ό επιτης γης. ou the earth: one for is the father of you, he  $^{10}$  Μηδε κληθητε καθηγηται· εν τοις ουρανοις. heavens: Neither be ye called leaders:  $\epsilon$ is γαρ  $\delta$ μων  $\epsilon$ στιν  $\delta$  καθηγητης,  $\delta$  χριστος. one for of you is the leader, the anointed: 11 °O δε μειζων ύμων, εσται ύνων διακονος. The but of you, shall be of you greater a servant. <sup>2</sup> Όστις δε ύψωσει έαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται· and shall exalt himself. shall be humbled . δστις έαυτον, ύψωθησεται. ταπεινωσει **Kal** ard shall humble hımself, shall be exalted. <sup>ι3</sup> Ουαι δε ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκand Pharisees, hypo-Woe but to you, scribes ότι κατεσθιετε τας οικιας των χηρων, because you devour the houses of the widows, because και προφασει μακρα προσευχομενοι. δια τουτο through this and for a show long are praying: ληψεσθε περισσοτερον κριμα.

you shall receive heavier judgment. 14 \* [Oval ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, [Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, ότι κλειετε την βασιλειαν των **νποκριται**· because you shut of he the kingdom ουρανων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων. ύμεις γαρ in presence of the men: for you ουκ εισερχεσθε, ουδε τους εισερχομενους αφιετε entering nor the enter, you permit εισελθειν.] <sup>15</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρι-Woe to you, scribes to enter. and Phariσαιος, ύποκριται ότι περιαγετε την θαλασσαν hypocrites: because you go about the sea. και την ξηραν, ποιησαι ένα προσηλυτον. και and the dry, to make one proselyte: and

they widen their their their their their tufts.

6 ‡ and love the UPPER COUCH at FEASTS, and the PRINCIPAL SEATS in the SYNAGOGUES,

7 and SALUTATIONS in the FUBLIC PLACES; and to be called by MEN, 'Rabbi.'

8 ‡ But you should not be called Rabbi; because one is Your \*TFACHER, and all YOU are Brethren.

9 And style no man on the EARTH your Father; for one \*is Your HEA-VENLY FATHER.

10 Nor assume the title of Leaders; because one is Your LEADER, the MESSIAH.

11 # But let the GREAT-EST of you, become Your Servant

12 ‡And he who shall exalt himself, will be humbled; and he who shall humble himself, will be exalted.

13 † Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you plunder the FAMILIES of WIDOWS, and for a Disguise make long Prayers; therefore, you will receive a Heavier Judgment.

14\*[Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you shut the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS against MEN; pounether enter yourselves, nor permit THOSE APPROACHING to enter.]

15 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you traverse SEA and LAND to make One † Proselyte, and when he is gained, you

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—5. of their MANTLES—omit. 7. Rabbi—omit. 8. TEACHER. 9. is Your heavenly father. 14.—omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> These were small slips of parchment or vellum, on which certain portions of the law were written. The Jews tied them about their foreheads and arms, for three purposes,—
1. To put them in mind of those precepts which they should constantly observe.
2. To procure them reverence and respect in the sight of the heathen. And 3. To act as amulets or charms to drive away evil spirits.—Clarke.
† 13. Lachmann and Tischendorf omit this verse.
† 15. A convert to Judaism.

<sup>† \$5.</sup> Num. xv. 38; Deut. vi. 8; xxii. 12. † 8. James iii. 1. † 11. Matt. xx. 26, 27. † Peter v. 5.

<sup>\$ 6.</sup> Mark xii. 38, 39; Luke xi. 43; xx. 40, \$ 12. Luke xiv. 11; xviii. 14, James iv. 6;

δταν γενηται, ποιειτε αυτον vior γεεννης of Gehenna when he becomes, you make him a son 16 Ουαι ύμιν, έδηγοι τυφλοι, διπλοτερον ύμων. oi you Woe to you, guides οί λογουτες° \*Os αν ομοση εν τω νωφ, ουδε.
Whoever may swear by the emple, ω thing the saying. sotive so δ αν ομοση εν τω χρυσω τ υ ναου, it is: who but ever may swear by the gold of the temple, 1. Μωρο, και τυφλοι τις γαρ μειζων οφειλει. which for greater ne is bound. Ofools and blind, εστιν: δ χρυσος, η δ ναος, δ αγιαζων σου or the temple, that sanctifying tho he gold, <sup>18</sup> Και· "Ος εων ομοση εν τω θυσιασχρυσον: gold? Also; Whoever may swear by the .ltar, τηριώ, ουδεν εστιν· ός δ' αν ομοση εν το nothing it is; who but ever may swear hy he <sup>19</sup> Μωροι και δωρφ τφ επανω αυτου, οφειλει. he is bound. O fools that upon and it, τι γαρ μειζον; το δωρον, which for greater? the gift, rυφλοι°  $\tau o$ gift, the or 20 °O 00v θυσιαστηριον, το άγιαζον το δωρον; that sanctifying the gift; Ho then ομοσας εν τφ θυσιαστηριφ, υμνυει εν αυτφ και swearing by the altar, swears by it <sup>21</sup> και δ ομοσας εν πασι τοις επανω αυτου. and he swearing oy all the (things) upon it; εν τφ ναω, ομνυει εν αυτς και εν τφ κατοιby it and by the (one) having by the temple, swears 22 και δ ομοσας εν τω ουρανω, κησαντι αυτον it, and he swearing by the heaven; ομνυει εν τω θρονω του θεου και εν τω καθηswears by the throne of the God and by the (one) site μηνω επανω αυτου. .:pon

<sup>23</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και & αρεσωιοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scr bes ...nd Pharisees. h; poριται δτέ αποδεκατουτε το ήδυοσμους και το because you tithe and the the mint, ανηθον, και το κυμινον και αφηκατε τα βαρυand the cummin; and part by the weightier τερα του τομους την κρισιν, και τον ελεον, και (things) of the Lavy, the justice, and the Ταυτα δε εδει ποιησαι, κακεινα την πιστιν. Those but it is binding to do, faitb.  $2^{2}$  Oδηγοι τυφλοι οί διυλιζντες μη αφιεναι. not to omit. bliud; the straining out Guides σον κωνωπα την δε καμηλον καταπινοντες. the but camel swallowing down.

🛎 Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκscribes and Pharisees, Wae to you, lypoδτι καθαριζετε το εξωθεν του πονηριου ηιται· because you cleanso the outside of the mites;

make him a Son of Gohenna. doubly more than

yourse.v.3.

10 Woe to you, # blind Guides, you who hay. To swear by the TEMPLE, it il acthing; out to swear by the gold of he tum-PLE, it is binding.

27 Foolish and Blinds for which is more sacrad, -the GOLD, I or THAT TEMPLE W. ich CONST-CRATED the GOLD

1° And, to awear by the ALTAR, tis nothing; but to swear by That Offer ing which is upor it i. binding.

19 Foolish and Blind! for which is more sacred, —the offering tor THAT ALT. R whic. CON-SECRATES the OFFERING?

20 HE therefore who EWEARS by the LTAR, makes oath by it, and by all things on it;

21 and HE who SWEARS by the TEMPLE, makes oata by it, and by HIM who DWELT in it:

22 and he who swears by HEAVEN, makes oath by the THRONE of GOD,

and by HIM who sits on it. 23 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypo-crites Because on par tithe of MINT, and DILL and CUMMIN, but neglect the MORE INCORT ANT matters of the LAW, -JUSTICE, COMPASSION, and FAITH. These things you ought to practise and not to omit those.

24 Blind Guides! twho filter out the GNAT, yet swallow the CAMEL.

25 Woo to ou, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites | Because you purify the ourside of the cur and the DISH, but

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MINUSCRIPT .- 17. which consecuated.

<sup>† 24.</sup> An allusion to the custon of the Jews (also Greeks and Romans) of passing their vines, through a strainer. The Jews did it from religious reruples, the Gentiles from cleanliness.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Matt. xv. 14. († 17. Exod. xxx. 29. v. 34. † 28. Luke xi. 42. † 23. 1 Saw Mark vii. 4: Luke xi. 20. t 19. Exod. xzix. V. ‡ 23. 1 Saw xv. 22; Micah vi. 5; Matt. xii. 7.

κοι της παροψιδος, εσωθεν δε γεμουσιν εξ άρwithin but they are full of radish,  $^{26}$ Φαρισαιε τυφλε, καθαρισον παγης και αδικιας. O Pharisee bliud, and injustice. cleause πρωτον το εντος του ποτηριου και της παροψιδος, and of the first the inside of the cup ίνα γενηται και το εκτος αυτων καθαρον. that may become also the outside of them

 $^{27}$  Ουαι ὑμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ὑποκ-Pharisees, scribes and Woe to you, ριται ότι παρομδιαζετε ταφοις κεκονιαμενοις, crites; because you are like to tombs having been whitened, οίτινες εξωθεν μεν φαινονται ώραιοι, εσωθεν δε which without indeed appear beautiful, γεμουσιν οστεων νεκρων και πασης ακαθαρσιας. of bones of dead and of all uneleanness. are full  $^{28}$  Oύτω και ύμεις εξωθεν μεν φαινεσθε τοις so also you without indeed appear to the ανθρωποις δικαιοι, εσωθεν δε μεστοι εσπε ὑποκjust, within but full ρισεως και ανομιας.

pocrisy and of lawlessness.

· <sup>29</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκseribes and Pharisees, Woe to you, ριται· ότι οικοδομειτε τους ταφους των πρυφη~ crites; because you build the tombs of the prophets, των, και κοσμειτ $oldsymbol{\epsilon}$  τα μνημεια των δικαιω $oldsymbol{arphi}_{\gamma}$ adorn the monuments of the 30 και λεγετε Ει ημεθα ενταις ήμεραις των and say; If we had been in the days of the πατερων ήμων, ουκ αν η μεθα κοινωνοι αυτων fathers of us, not we had been partakers of them  $\rho \eta \tau \omega \nu$ . 31  $\Omega \sigma \tau \in \mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu$ εν τω αίματι των προφητων. in the blood of the prophets: So that ρειτε ξαυτοις, ότι υίοι εστε των φονευσαντων testify to yourselves, that sons you are of the having killed  $\tau o u s \pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \alpha s$ . So Kai  $\delta u \epsilon i s \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon \tau o$  the prophets. And you fillyou the μετρον των πατερων ύμων. 33 Οφεις, γεννηματα measure of the fachers of you. O serpents, O broods εχιδνων πως φυγητε απο της κρισεως της how can you flee from the judgment of the of vipers; <sup>34</sup> Δια τουτο, ιδου, εγω αποστελλω γε εννης; Gchenna? Because of this, lo, προς ύμας προφητας, και σοφους, και γραμμαto you prophets, and wise mer, and scribes. και εξ αυτων αποκτενειτε και σταυρωand out of them , on will kill and σετε, και εξ αυτων μαστιγωσετε EV Tais and out of them you will scourge in the συναγωναις ύμων και διωξετε απο πολεως εις synagogues of you and particle  $\delta \delta \pi \omega s = \delta \delta \eta = \epsilon \phi^2$ fram city πολιν. ύμας  $\pi \alpha \nu$ αιμα so that may come upon you all δικαιον, εκχυνομένον επι της γης απο του upon the earth being shed righteous, from the αίματος Αβελ του δικαιου έως του αίματος of Abel the just blood to the bload

within, they are full of Rapine and Injustice.

26 Blind Pharisee! first purify the INSIDE of the CUP and the DISH, that the ourside of them may also become clean.

27 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! #Because you re-semble whitened Sepulchres, which indeed, outwardly, appear beautiful; but within, are full of the Bones of the Dead, and of All Impurity.

28 Thus also nou, indeed, outwardly appear righteous to MEN; but inwardly you are full of Hypocrisy and Iniquity.

29 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! | Because you build the SEPULCHRES of the PROPHETS, and ornament the MONUMENTS of th just,

30 and say, If we had lived in the DAYS of our FATHERS, we would not have been Participators with them in the MUR-DER of the PROPHETS.

31 Thus you testify against yourselves, ! That you are the sons of THOSE who MURDERED the PROPHETS.

32 1 Pou also will fill up the MEASURE of your FATHERS.

33 Serpents, ‡Progeny of vipers! how can you escape the JUDGMENT of the Genenna.

34 On account of this, Behold, E send to you Prophets, and Wise men, and Instructors; and some of them you will kill and crucify; and others you will scourge in your SYN-AGOGUES, and persecute from City to City; 35 so that All the in-

nocent Blood being shed upon the LAND, may come upon you, from the BLOOD of Abel the Just,

t 27. Luke xi. 44; Acts xxiii. 3. 1 29. Luke xi. 47. 2 31. Acts vii. 51, 52 I Thess. ii. 15. 232. 1 Thess. ii 16. 4xi. 34, 35; Luke xi. 49. 1 33. Matt. iii. 7; xii. 34.

Ζαχαριου υίου Βαραχιου, όν εφονευσατε μεταξυ you killed of Zecharias a son of Barachias, whom between  $^{36} A\mu\eta\nu \lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ του ναου και του θυσιαστηριου. the temple and the Indeed I say ύμιν, ότι ηξει ταυτα παντα επι την γενεαν to you, that shall come these (things) all upon the generation  $\tau \alpha \nu \tau \eta \nu$ . 37 (I  $\epsilon \rho o \nu \sigma \alpha \lambda \eta \mu$ , 1  $\epsilon \rho o \nu \sigma \alpha \lambda \eta \mu$ ,  $\eta \alpha \pi o \kappa \tau \tau \lambda \tau \mu$ ), the kill-Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the killτεινουσα τους προφητας, και λιθοβολουσα τους the prophets, and stoning the απεσταλμενους προς αύτην· ποσακις η $\theta \in \lambda$ ησα having been sent to her; how often I desired επισυναγαγειν τα τεκνα σου, δν τροπον επισυthe children of thee, what manner to gather gathers ναγει ορνις τα νοσσια έαυτης ύπο τας πτερυγας; a bird the brood or herself under the wings? <sup>38</sup> Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. not you were willing. is left Lo, to you the **ρ**ικος ύμων \*[ερημος.]  $^{39}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\delta\mu\iota\nu$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ I say house of you [a desert.] for to you; Not μη με ιδητε απ' αρτι, έως αν ειπητε. Ευλογηyou may say; Having been not me you may see from now, till μενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι κυριου. blessed he coming in name of Lord.

# ΚΕΦ. κδ'. 24.

 $^{1}$ Και εξελθων  $\delta$  Ιησους επορευετο απο του And being come out the Jesus was going from the ίερου∘ και προσηλθον οί μαθηται αυτ*ο*υ επιδειξαι temple: and the disciples of him to point out αυτώ τας οικοδομας του ίερου. 2'O de Invous to him the buildings of the temple. The and Jesus ειπον αυτοις. Ου βλεπετε παυτα ταυτα; αμην to them; Not ali said see you those; indeed ώδ€ αφεθη λιθος πι Region ύμιν<sub>ς</sub> ου μη to you, not not should be left boro Satone upon ξ sci'. λιθον, δε ου καταλυθησεται. notone, which not abal be thrown down.

🖁 Καθημενου δο CIUTOU ETI TO8 opous Twv Sitting ລກເ.ີ of him nogr the mountain of the to the BLOOD of I Zechariah, † Son of Barachiah, whom you will murder between the SANCTUARY and the ALTAR.

36 Indeed, I say to you, That all these things will come upon this GENE-

RATION.

37 ‡O Jerusalem, Jerusalem! DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee, how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILD-REN, as a Bird collects her Zoung under her WINGS! but you would not.

38 Behold, your HABI-TATION is left to you;

39 for I tell you, You shall not see me from this time, till you shall say, t'Blessed be HE who 'COMES in the Name of 'Jchovah.'"

### CHAPTER XXIV.

1 # And JESUS being come out was going from the TEMPLE; and his DISCIPLES came to show him the buildings of the TEMPLE.

And \*HE answering, said to them, "Do you not see all these things? I assure you, ‡There shall not be left here a Stone upon a Stone; all will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on the MOUNT of OLIVES.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. a desert-omit. 2. HE answering, said.

<sup>\*\*</sup>YATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—38, a desert—omit. 2. HR answering, said.

\*\*\footnote{385}. There are a variety of opinions among critics, as to the is here meant. Some think it is the Zechariah, son of Jehoiadah, mentioned in 2 Chron. xxiv. 20, 21; but this leaves that Jews innocent of the blood shed during nearly nine centuries of the most scandalous years of their history. Others think reference is here made to "Zechariah, the son of Berechiah and the grandson of Iddo," Zech. i. 1; of whose murder mention is made in the Targum, or Chaldee paraphrace of Jonathan Ben-Uziel, (said to be a cotemporary of Jesus Christ.) In reply to this complaint of Joremiah, (Lam. ii. 20.) "Shall the priest and the prophet be slain in the sanctuary of the Lord?" he says, "Was it well in you to slay a prophet as you did Zechariah, the son of Hiddo, in the House of the Lord's sanctuary, because he endeavored to withdraw you from your crit ways?" This Zechariah lived some 320 years after the one previously mentioned, yet a period of over 500 years of Jewish history is left out. Were not the Jews more asponsible Carimocent blood shed during the last preceding five centuries of their history, than they could be for blood abed before the deluge? Others are of opinion that Jesus spoly three years before the final destruction of Jerusalem. Of him, Josephus cays, he was a just man. Thus Abel was the first, and this Zechariah, the last just person, whose blood being spilt upon the land, should be required of that generation. This view acrees with the context, and recorded facts; and in agreement with the same, ephoneusate, a word in the first acrist tense, has been thrown into the future, instead of the past.

1 \*\* 4.85. 2. Chron. xxiv. 20. 21. 

1. \*\* 1.50. Psa. cxviii. 20. \*\* Matt. xxi. 20. \*\* Psa. cxviii. 20. \*\* Matt. x

<sup>‡ 35. 2</sup> Chron. xxiv. 20, 21. 2 1. Mark xiii. 1; Luke xxi. 5.

<sup>1 37.</sup> Luke xiii. 34. 1 2. Luke xix. 44.

<sup>1 30.</sup> Psa. exviii. 20; Matt. xxi 9.

ελαιων, προσηλθον αυτφ οί μαθηται κατ' ιδιαν, etive trees, came in to him the disciples privately, λεγουτες Ειπε ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται: και saying; Tell to us, when these (things) shall be? and τι το σημείον της σης παρουσίας και της what the sign of the thy presence and of the συντελείας του αιωνος; 4 Και αποκριθείς δ · And of the age? answering the Ιησους επεν αυτοις Βλεπετε, μη τις ύμας

Jesus eaid to them; Τακ heed, not any one you

πλανηση Πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τφ
may deceive. Many for shall come in the ανοματι μου, λεγοντες Εγω ειμι δ Χριστος and the Anointed, και πολλους πλανησουσι. Μελλησετε δε they shall deceive. You shall be about, and ακουείν επολεμους, και ακοας πολεμων όρατε, to hear ware, and reports of ware; εεε, μη θροείσθε δει γαρ \*[παντα] γενεσθαι ποι you be disturbed; it behaves for [all] to take place; but not yet is the end. Shall be raised up. for αλλ' ουπω εστι το τελος. εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιλειαν· και mation against nation, and kingdom against kingdom; and εσονται λιμοι, \*[και λοιμοι,] και σεισμοι κατα there shall be famines, [and plagues,] and earthquakes in 8 Παντα δε ταυτα αρχη ωδινων.
All but these a beginning of corrows. TOTOUS. these a beginning of sorrows. places, / \*Τοτε παραδωσουσιν ύμας εις θλιψιν, και αποκ-Then they shall deliver up you' to' affliction, and τενουσιν ύμας: και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο aill you and you shall be being hated by παντων των εθνων δια το ονομα μου all of the nations on account of the name of me., 10 Και τοτε σκανδαλισθησονται πολλοι Kal many; end And then shall be caused to stumble αλληλους παραδωσουσι, και μισησουσιν αλλη-each other shall deliver up, and shall hate each λο ... 11 Και πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εγερθη-And many false-prophets shall be σονται, και πλανησουσι πυλλους. 13 και δια Faised up, and shall deceive many: and because of ΤΓ πληθυνθην την ανομίαν, ψυγησεται η the lawiessoes, shall be cooled flie GYANT Των ΠΊλλων. 13 O δε ύπομεινας εις tove of the many. 7 He but building out to τελος, εύτος εωθησεται 14 Και κηρυχθησεται the same hall be saved. And shall be published τουτό το ευαγγελίον της βασιλείας εν όλη τη this the gladidings of the kingdom in whois the patitable, for a testimony to all the nationer and TOTE ηξεί το τελος. 15 Όταν ουν εδητε το then shall come the end.

When therefore you may see the βδελυγμα της ερημωσεως, το βηθεν holy Ground, That De-ebomination of the desolutios, the word having been spoken STEUCTIVE \$ ABOMINA-

the disciples came to him privately, saying, "Tell us, when theso things will be?" and "What will be the sign of THY presence, and of the CONSUMMATION of the AGE?"

4 And Jesus replying to them, said, !"Beware, that no one deceive you;

5 for many will assume my NAME, saying, ' E am' the MESSIAH; and will deceive many.

6 And you will soon hear of Conflicts, and Reports of Battles; but take care that you be not alarmed; for these things must occur; but the END is not yet.
7 For Nation will rise

against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; and there will be in various places, Famines and Earthquakes. . . :

8 Yet these are only a Beginning of Surrows.

9 Then they will doliver you up to affliction, and will destroy you; and you will be detested by All the NATIONS, on account of my NAME.

10 And then I Many

will be insnared, and will betray their associates, and abhor them.

11 And 1 Many False Prophets will arise, and will deceive Many;

-12 and because VICE will abound, the LOVE of the MANY will coot. .

13 | But HE who PA-TIENTLY ENDUKES to the End, will be saved.

14 And These t GLAD TIDINGS of the KINGDOM we be published in the Whole HABITABLE, for a testimony to all the NA-TIONS; and then will the END come. ..

15 When, therefore, you shall sec, stationed on holy Ground, THAT DE-

7. and plagues-omit. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- C. all-omit. 14. Eph. v. 6; I John iv. 1. 19. Mark ziii. 9; Luke xzl. 19; John xv. 20. 110.
Tim. 1. 15. 11. Acts xx. 29; 2 Pet. il. 1. 13. Matt. x. 22. 14. Matt. iv. 23;
Rom. x. 18; ix. 35; Col. L. 6 23. 12. Dan. ix. 27; xil. 11.

Δανιηλ του προφητου, έστως εν τοπω Daniel the prophet, having stood in place δια through 16 τοτε οί εν άγιω (δ αναγινωσκων νοειτω) then they in iet him think:) holy: (he reading 17 6 ορη° τη Ιουδαια, φευγετωσαν επι τα the mountains: Judea, let them flee to επι του δωματος, μη καταβαινετω, αραι τα  $\epsilon \kappa$ iet him go down, not to take the out of roof, 18 και δ έν τω αγρω, μη της οικιας αύτου. and he in the field, house of him; επιστρεψατω οπισω, .,.ι τα ίματια αύτου. to take the mantle of him. let nim turn back.  $^{19}\mathrm{O}$ υχι δε ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις having Woe and to the in womb and to the 20 Προσ- $\theta\eta\lambda\alpha(0\upsilon\sigma\alpha\iota s)$   $\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu\alpha\iota s$   $\tau\alpha\iota s$   $\eta\mu\epsilon\rho\alpha\iota s$ . days. Pray those the giving .ock in  $\epsilon v \chi \in \sigma \theta \in \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon v \alpha \mu \eta$  $\gamma \in \nu \eta \tau \alpha \iota \dot{\eta}$  $\phi v \gamma \eta$ ύμων may be the flight of you 21 Εσται γαρ τοτε χειμωνος, μηδε σαββατω. in sabbath. Shall be of wu.ter, nor  $θλιψις μεγαλη, οία ου γεγονεν <math>απ^2$ αρχης has been from a beginning great, such as not <sup>22</sup> Kaı κοσμου έως του νυν, ουδ' ου μη γενηται. ofworld till the now, nor not not may be. And ει μη εκολο $\beta \omega \theta$ ησαν αξ ήμεραι εκειναι, ουκ  $\alpha \nu$ those, not should were shortened the days excep: εσωθη πασα σαρξο δια δε τους εκλεκτους flesh; on account of but the chosen all  $^{23}$  To $au\epsilon$   $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ κολοβωθηπονται αι ήμεραι εκειναι. Then shall be shortened the days τις ύμιν ειπης 'Ιδου, ώδε ό χριστος, η ώδε μη any to you should cay; Lo, here the anounted, or here; not πιστευσητε. <sup>24</sup>Εγερθησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι for false anointed ones beheve you. Shall be raised και ψευδοπροφηται, και δωσουσι σημεια μεγαλα and shall give signs great false prophets, και τερατα, ώστε πλανησαι, ει δυνατον και possibie so as to deceive, if even τους εκλεκτους. 25 Ιδου, προειρηκα ύμιν.  $^{26}$ E $\alpha\nu$ Lo, I have foretold to you. ουν ειπωσιν ύμιν Ιδου, εν τη ερημώ εστι μη then they should say to you; Lo, in the desert not Ιδου, εν τοις ταμειεις μη πιστευyou should go out. Lo, in the retired places, not you should 27 Ωσπερ γαρ ή αστραπη εξερχεται απο  $\sigma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ for the lightning Αq comes out believe. και φαινεται έως δυσμων, ουτως ανατελων,

and

shines

TION, which is SPOKEN of through Daniel the PROPHET," (READER attend!)

16 †"then let THOSE in JUDEA escape to the

MOUNTAINS;

17 let not him who is on the Roof descend to take the things from his HOUSE:

18 and let not HIM who is in the FIELD, return to take his MANTLE.

19 # But alas for the PREGNANT and the NURS-ING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

20 Pray, therefore, that vour flight be not in the Winter, nor on a Sab-

bath;

21 for then there will be great Distress, such as never happened from the beginning of the world till NOW, no, nor ever will be. 22 I And unless those

DAYS were cut short, No One could survive; but on account of the CHO-SEN, those DAYS will be limited.

23 #If any one should say to you then, 'Behold ! here is the MESSIAH,' or 'there;' believe it not;

24 because False Messiahs and False Prophets will arise, who will propose great Signs and Prodigies; so as to delude, if possible, even the CHOSEN.

25 Remember, I have forewarned you.

26 If, therefore, they say to you, 'Behold. he is in the DESERT!' go not forth; or, 'Behold, he is in secret apartments!' believe it not.

27 ‡ For as the LIGHT~ NING emerges from the East, and shines to the

west.

80

<sup>† 16.</sup> Not only the temple, and the mountain on which it stood, but the whole city of Jerusalem, and several furlongs of land round about it, were accounted holy. salem, and several lutiongs of land round about it, were accounted holy. It is, Josephus and Eusebius inform us that when the Romans under Crstius Gallus made their first advance towards Jerusalem, they suddenly withdrew again, in a most unexpected and indeed impolitic manner; at which Josephus testifies his surprise, since the city might then have been easily taken. By this means they gave as it were a signal to the Christians to reture; which, in regard to this admonition, they did, some to Pella, and others to Mount Libanus, and thereby preserved their lives.—Doddridge.

<sup>1 19.</sup> Luke xxiii, 29. xiii, 21; Luke xvii, 23; xxi. 9. 21. Dan. ix. 26. 22. Isa, lxvi. 8, 9.

Estat kat  $\eta$  marrowsia tou utou tou audrowsou. That has also the presence of the son of the man. The solution  $\pi[\gamma \alpha \rho] \in \alpha \nu \eta$  to  $\pi \tau \omega \mu \alpha$ , exet  $\sigma \nu \nu \alpha \chi$ . Where  $\{for\}$  ever may be the carease, there will to

Opposite of actor. The boson of the engles and the engles are stated but after the affliction των ήμερων εκεινων, δ ήλιος σκοτισθησεται, of the days those, the day shall be darkened, και ή σεληνη ου δωσει το φεγγος αύτης, και and the moon not shall give the light of her, and εί αστερες πετουνται επο του ουρανου, και αί the starr shall fall from the heaven, and the δυναμεις των ουρανων σαλευθησονται. powers of the heavens shall be shaken, τοτε φανησετα) το σημείον του υίου του-then shall appear the sign of the εομ of the ανθρωπου εν τω ουρανω και τοτε καψονται. πασαι αί φυλαι της γης, και οψονται τον υίου ail the tribes of the earth, and they shall see the son του ανθρωπου ερχομενον επι των νεφελων του coming upon the clouds of the man ουρανου, μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολλης. heaven, with power and glory much; <sup>31</sup> και αποστελει τους αγγελους αύτου μετα and howill send the messengers of him σαλπιγγος φωνης μεγαλης και επισυναξουσι.
of trumpet a voice great; and they shall gather τους εκλεκτους αυτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, the chosen (ones) of him from the four winds,  $\alpha\pi^2$  akrow ouranov éws akrow auton.  $^{32}\,\mathrm{A}\pi$ 32 Aπο from extremities of heavens to extremities of them. From δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην όταν but the fig-tree learn you the parable; when ηδη ό κλαδος αυτης γενηται άπαλος, και τα already the branch of her may be tender, and the φυλλα εκφυη, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς το leaves may put lorth, you know, that near the θερος: <sup>33</sup> Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ιδητε παντα

So also you, when you may see all eummer; σαυτα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν επι θυραις. these, knowyou, that near it is at 34 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα Indeed I say to you, not not may pass away the generation αύτη, έως αν παντα ταυτα γενηται.
this, till all these may be done.

ουρανος και ή γη παρελευσεται οί δε λογοι heaves and the carth shall pass away; the but 'words μου ου μη παρελθωσι.

of me not not may pass away.

<sup>33</sup> Περι δε της ήμερας εκείνης και ώρας ουδείς About and the day that and hour no one οιδεν, ουδε οί αγγελοι των ουρανων, ει μη δ nor the messengers of the heavens, 37 'Ωσπερ δε αι ήμεραι του Νωε, πατηρ μονος. father alone. As and the days of the Nos, West; so will be the PRESENCE of the son of

28 Wherever the DEAD CARCASS may be, there the TEAGLES will be col-

29 And speedily after the affliction of those DAYS, I the SUN will be obscured, and the Mcon will withhold her light, and the STARS will falk from HEAVEN, and the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

30 And the sign of the son of MAN will then appear in " Heaven; ‡and then All the TRIBES of the LAND will lament; and they will see the son of MAN coming on the CLOUDS of HEAVEN, with great Majesty and Power.
31 ‡ And he will send

his messengers with a loud-sounding Trumpet, and they will assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds,-from one Extremity of Heaven to the other.

32 Now learn a PARA-BLE from the FIG-TREE. When its BRANCH is vet tender, and puts forth leaves, you know that summen is near.

33 Thus also, when nou shall see All these things, know, That the is night at the Doors.

34 Indeed, I say to you. \*That this #GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

35 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail; but my words cannot fail.

36 ‡ But no one knows concerning that DAY and "Hour; no, not the AN-GELS of the HEAVENS, "nor the son, but the FATHER only. 37 \* For as the DAYS

that near the-

† 22. Dest. xxviii. 49. † 29. Mark xiii. 24; Luke xxi. 25; Acts il. 20. Rev. L.7. † 31. Matt. xiii. 41; 1 Cor. xv. 52; 1 Thess. iv. 16. † 34. Matt. xxiii 36; Mark xiii. 50; Luke xxi. 32. † 36. Acts L.7. 1 33, James v. 1

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28 for-omit. 30. Heaven. 34. That this. - 26 Hour. 36. nor the son, but the father only. 37. For as. 1.20

ερχεται.

comes.

ούτως εσται \*[και] ή παρουσια του υίου του even so will be [also] the presence of the son of the 38 · Ωσπερ γαρ ησαν εν ται**ς** ήμεραις ανθρωπου. man. for they were in the ταις προ του κατακλυσμου πρωγοντές και the before flood eating the πινοντες, γαμουντες και εκγαμιζοντες, drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, αχρι till ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον, entered Noe into the of which day ark, 39 και ουκ εγνωσαν, έως ηλθεν δ κατακλυσμος and not they knew, till came the \*[Kal] \$\delta\$ the ούτως εσται και ηρεν άπαντας. even so will be and took away all; <sup>40</sup> **Τ**οτε δυο παρουσια του υίου του ανθρωπου. presence of the son of the Then man. δ είς παραλαμβανεται, εσονται εν τφ αγρφ. shall be in the field: the one is taken away, 41 Δυο αληθουσαι εν τφ και ό είς αφιεται. in the is left. Two grinding and the one μυλωνι μια παραλαμβανεται, και μια αφιεται. one and one is left. is taken away, 42 Γρηγορείτε ουν, ότι ουκ οιδατε, ποια ώρα Watch you therefore, because not you know, in what hour ¢ κυριος ύμων ερχεται. 43 Εκεινο δε γινωσκετε, κλεπτης ερχεται, εγρηγορησεν αν, και ουκ he would have watched, and thief διορυγηναι την οικιαν αύτου. he would have allowed to be dug-through the hous**e** 44 Δια τουτο και ύμεις γινεσθε έτοιμοι· ότι, because, be ready; On account of this also you ώρα ου δοκειτε, δ υίος του ανθρωπου in which hour not youthink, the son of the

45 Τις αρα εστιν δ πιστος δουλος και φρενιμος, Who hen is the aithful slave and prudent, δυ κατεστησεν δ κυριος αυτου επι της θερσlord of him over of the domesplaced he πειας αύτου, του δουναι αυτοις την τροφην εν of him, of the to give to them the 46 Μακαριος δ δουλος εκεινος, όν ελθων raiow: Blessed the slave that, whom coming δ κυριος αυτου ευρησει ποιουντα ούτως. <sup>47</sup>Αμην the lord of him shall find doing 80. λεγω ύμιν, ότι επι πασι τοις ύπαρχουσιν αυτου laay to you, that over all the possessions καταστησει αυτον, 48 Εαν δε ειπη δ κακος If but should say the ba he will place him. δουλος εκείνος εν τη καρδια αυτου Χρονίζει δ heart of him; that in the heart of him; Delays the  $\mathbf{κ}$ υριος μου  $*[\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu^*]^{49}$ και αρξηται τυπτειν τους Delays the ord of me [to come;] and should begin to strike

of Noah, thus will be the PRESENCE of the son of

38 ‡ For as in those days, those before the deluge, they were eating and drinking, marrying, and pledging in marriage; till the Day that Noah entered the ARK.

39 and understood not, till the DELUGE came, and swept them all away; thus will be the PRESENCE of the SON of MAN.

40 Two men shall then be in the FIELD; \* one will be taken, and the \* other left.

41 Two women shall be grinding at the MILL; one will be taken, and the other teft.

42 \* Watch, therefore, Because, you do not know at what \* B y your MASTER will come.

43 But you know this, that if the HOUSEHOLDER knew at What Hour of the night the Thier would come, he would watch, and not suffer him to break into his HOUSE.

to break into his HOUSE.

44 Therefore, be gou also prepared; Because the son of MAN will come at an Hour, when you do not expect him.

45 ‡ Who then is the FAITHFUL and prudent Servant, whom his MASTER has placed over his HOUSEHOLD, to GIVE them FOOD in due Season?

46 Happy that SER-VANT, whom his MASTER, on coming, shall find thus employed!

47 ‡ Indeed, I say to you, That he will appoint him over All his PossEssIONS.

48 But if that Servant should wickedly say in his heart, 'My master delays;'

49 and sh ald begin to

<sup>•</sup> VAT'CAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. also—omit. 30. also—mit. 40. one. 40. other

συνδουολος, εσθιη δε και πινη μετα τ**ων μ**εθυυνfellow-slaves, may eat and also may drink with these getting των δήξει δ κυριος του δουλου εκεινου εν drunk; shall come the lord of the μερα, η ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα, aday, in which not he expects, and is an hour, ημερα, oυ and in an hour, in which not  $^{51}$ και διχοτομησει αυτον, γινωσκει. ha knows; bas shall cut asunder the μερος αυτου μετα των υποκριτωυ θησει· εκει of him with the hypocritics will place; there εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδοντ∞ν. will be the weeping and the guashing of the

### KE $\Phi_a$ $\kappa \epsilon'$ , 25.

1 Τοτε εμοιωθησεται ή βασιλεια των ουρανων will be compared the kingdom of the heavens δεκα παρθενοις, αίτινες, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας virgins, who, having taken the lamps αύτων, εξηλθον εις απαντησιν του νυμφιου ofthem, went out to a meeting of the bridegroom 2 Πεντε δε ησαν εξ αυτων φρονιμοι, και πεντε Five and wero of them prudent. and μωραι. 3 Αίτινες μωραι, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας foolish, having taken the lamps foolish. Who αύτων, ουκ ελαβον μεθ' έαυτων ελαιον. The took with themselves not δε φρονιμοι ελαβον ελαιον εν τοις αγγειλις prudent took oil in the veniels <sup>5</sup> Χρονι-\*[αύτων] μετα των λαμπαδων αύτων. ofthem] with the lamps of them. Delayζοντος δε του νυμφιου, ενυσταξαν πασαι, κα and the bridegroom, nodded all, **₽**7. <sup>6</sup>Μεσης δε νυκτος κραυγη εκαθευδον. γεγονεν Of middle and night a cry did sleep. was raised; Iδου, δ νυμφιος \*[ερχεται·] εξερχεσθε εις απαν-Lo, the bridegwom [com. 3] go out to a meetto a meetτησιν αυτου. <sup>7</sup>Τοτε ηγερθησαν πασαι αί παρθενοι and \*meet him!' all the virgina of him. Then Arose εκειναι, και εκοσμησαν τας λαμπαδας αύτων. the and pat in order lamps

beat his FELLOW-SER-VANTS, and should eat and drink with the IN-TEMPERATE;

50 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware,

51 and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the HYPO-CRITES; I there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING OF TEETH.

#### CHAPTER XXV.

1 The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, at that time. may be compared to Ten † Virgins, who, having taken their LAMPS, went out tto meet tthe BRIDE-GROOM.

2 Now five of them were \* foolish, and five

were prudent.

3 \*For the FOOLISH took their LAMPS, but carried no Oil with them.

- 4 The PRUDENT, however, besides \* their own LAMPS, took Oil in the VESSELS.
- 5 While the BRIDE-GROOM delayed, they all became drowsy, and fell asleep.
- 6 And at Midnight a Cry was raised, 'Behold, the BRIDEGROOM; go out
- 7 Then All those VIRgins arose, ‡ and put of them. I their LAMPS in order.

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. foolish, and five were prudent. 4. their own. 6. comes-omit. 6. to the Meeting.

<sup>3.</sup> For the FOOLISH.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Virgin signifies a chaste or pure person, and is applied to both sexes in the sucred It has been thought best to retain the word here. writings. See Rev. xiv. eye-witness of a Hindoo marriage, gives the following striking illustration of this custom:—"The bride lived at Serampore, to which place the bridegroom was to come by water, After waiting two or three hours, at length, near midnight, it was announced in the very words of Scripture, 'Behold, the bridegroom cometh; go ye out to meet him.' All the persons employed now lighted their lamps, and ran with them in their hands to fill up their stations in the procession; some of them bad lost their lights, and were unprepared, but it was then to late to seek them, and the cavalcade moved forward to the house of the bride; at which place the company entered a large and splendidly illuminated area, before the house, covered with an awning, where a great mu'titude of friends, dressed in their best apparel, were seated upon mats. The bridegroom was carried in the arms of a friend, and placed in a superb seat in the midst of the company, where he sat a short time, and then went into the house, the door of which was immediately shut, and guarded by sepoys. I and others expostniated with the door-keepers, but in vain. Never was I so struck with our Lord's beautiful parable as at this moment-'And the door was shut.'

<sup>\$ 51.</sup> Matt. viii. 12; xiii. 42; xxv. 30.

<sup>‡ 5. 1</sup> Thess. v. 6. 17. Luke xii. 35.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Eph. v. 29, 30; Rev. xix. 7; xxi. 2, 9.

Αι δε μωραι ταις φρονιμεις ειπον Δοτε ήμιν The bill coolish to the prudent said; Give to us εκ του ελαιου ύμων, ότι αι λαμπαδες ήμων out of the in group, because the lamps of us <sup>9</sup> Aπεκριθησαν \*[δε]αί φρονιμοι,Answered [but] the prudent, σβενυντα3. are extinguished.  $\mathbf{\hat{\Lambda}} \epsilon \gamma$ ουσαι $\circ$  Μη $m{\pi}$  $\circ m{ au} \epsilon$  ουκ αρκ $\epsilon$ ση ύμι $m{v}$  και ύμι $m{v}$  $\circ$ Lest not it might suffice to us and to you; πορευεσθε μαλλον προς τους πωλουντας, και the rather to selling, GO VOU <sup>10</sup> Απερχομενων δε αυτων  $a\gamma \cap \rho \alpha \sigma \alpha \tau \in \dot{\epsilon} \alpha \nu \tau \alpha \iota s$ . Going away and of them buy to yourselves. ay  $\rho$  parai,  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\delta$   $\nu\nu\mu\phi$  is  $\epsilon$  kai at  $\epsilon$  to  $\mu$  or  $\epsilon$  to buy,  $\epsilon$  came the bridegroom; and the prepared ones μσηλθον μετ' αυτου εις τους γαμους και εκinto the nuptial-feasts; and was entered with him into the nuptial-feasts; and was  $\lambda \in \partial \eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\theta u \rho a_o$  18  $\dot{\eta}$   $\dot{\tau}$   $\dot{$ Air wards and came the door. αί λοιπαι παρθενοι, λεγουσαίο Κυριε, κυριε, aying, he remaining rireins, O lord, O lord. ανωξον ήμιν 12 Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπενο Αμην open to une answering said; Indeed λεγω ύμιν, ουκ οιδώ ύμας 14 Γρηγορειτε Watch you therefore, .. ccs to you n t w / u. ότι ουκ οιδατε την ήμεραν, ουδε την ώραν. because not you know the day, nor the hour. Ωσπερ γαρ ανθρωπος αποδημων εκαλεσε τους for -man going abroad called ·h. ιδίους δουλους, και παρεδωκεν αυτοις τα ὑπαρto them the goods slaves, and delivered <sup>15</sup> και 'ω χοντα αύτου° μεν εδωκε πεντε and to him indeed he gave Of him. δυο, 'ω ·ω  $\delta \epsilon$ παλαντω, δε έν° έκαστω to him and tw . to him and šalents, one; to each την ιδιαν δυναμιν $^{\circ}$  και απ $\in$ δημησ $\in$ ν Kata seconding the own power;  $\epsilon v \theta \epsilon \omega s$ .

15  $\Pi o \rho \epsilon v \theta \epsilon \iota s$   $\star \begin{bmatrix} \delta \epsilon \end{bmatrix}$   $\delta$   $\tau \alpha$ Going [and] he the went abroad τα πεντε λαβων, ταλαντα ειργασατο εν αυτοις, και talents having received, traded with them,  $\epsilon \pi o i \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$  all  $\alpha \pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$   $\tau \alpha \lambda \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ . and 17 'Ωσαυmade other five [talents.] τως \*[και ό] τα δυο, εκερδησε και αυτος αλλα wise [also he] the two, gained also he other <sup>18</sup> Ό δε το έν λαβων απελθων ωρυξ:: He but the one having received having retired digged two. \* $[\epsilon \nu]$  τη γη, και απεκρυψε το αργυριον του the earth, and hid the silver κυρ**ιου α**ύτου。 ord of him. δουλων εκεινων,και συναιοει KUDIOS TWP those, and adjusts tho lord ofthe slaves **μετ' αυτων** <sup>20</sup> Και προσελθων δ τα  $\lambda o \gamma o \nu$ . with an account. And coming he the

8 And the POOLISH said to the PEUDENT, 'Give us of your OIL; for our LAMPS are going out.

9 But the PRUDENT replied, saying, 'Lest there le not enough for us and you, go Eather to THOSE who SELL, and buy for yourselves!'

10 And while they were going away to buy, the BRIDEGROOM came; and THEY, who were PREPARED, entered with him to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS; 1 and the DOOR was shut.

11 Afterwards came also the OTHER Virgins, saying, 1 Master, Master, open it for us!

12 But HE arswering, said, 'Indeed, I say to you, I recognize you not.'

13 ‡ Watch, therefore, because you know neither the DAY nor the HOUR.

14 ‡ Again, [it is] like a Man, who, intending to travel, called his own Servants, and delivered to them his goods.

15 And to ONE he gave Five † Talents, to ANO-THER two, and to ANO-THER one; ‡ to each according to his respec-TIVE Capacity; and immediately departed.

16 He who had RECIEVED the FIVE Talents, went and traded with them, and \* gained Other five.

17 And in like manner HE who had received the Two, gained Other two.

TWO, gained Other two.

18 But HE who had received the ONE, went and digged the EARTH, and hid his MASTER'S MONEY.

19 After a long Time the MASTER of those SERVANTS returned, and reckoned with them.

20 Then HE, who had

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. but—omit. 16. And—omit. 16. gained Other five. 16. Talents—omit. 17. he also—omit. 18. in—omit.

<sup>† 15.</sup> A talent is estimated by different writers to be in value somewhere between 700 and 2,250 dollars, or £140 and £560.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Luke xiii. 25. † 12. Matt. vii. 21., 22. † 13. Matt. xxiv. 42, 44; Mark xiii. 28, 35. † 14. Luke xix. 12. † 15. Rom. xii. 6: 1 Cor. xii, 7, 11, 29; Eph. iv. 11.

λαβων, προσηνεγκεν αλλα *Ψεντε ταλαρτα* other five talents having received, brought *τεντε ταλαντα, λεγων* Κυριε, πεντε ταλαντα saying; Olord, five talents talents, uoi παρεδωκας ιδε, αλλα πεντε ταλαντα to me thou deliveredst; see, other five talents  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \rho \delta \eta \sigma \alpha * [\epsilon \pi^* \alpha \nu \tau o \iota s.]$ <sup>21</sup> Εφη αυτφ δ κυριος Said to him the lord I gained [upon them.] αυτου. Ευ, δουλε αγαθε και πιστε. επι ολιγα of him; Well, O slave good and faithful; overa few (things) πιστος, ∈πι πολλων σε καταστησω° thou wast faithful, over many thee I will place:  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon$ την χαραν του κυριου σου. ELS lord inte the joy of the of thee. <sup>22</sup> Προσελθων δε και δ τα δυο ταλαντα \*[λα-Coming and also he the two talents [having  $\beta\omega\nu$ ,  $\epsilon i\pi\epsilon$  kupie,  $\delta vo$  talants to me thou deliveredst: ιδε, αλλα δυο ταλαντα εκερδησα \*[επ' αυτοις·] lo, other two Igained them:] talents [upon Eφη αυτω δ κυριος αυτου Ευ, δουλε αγαθε Said to him the lord of him: Well, Oslave good και πιστε επι ολιγα ης πιστος,  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ a few (things) thou wast faithful; over faithful πολλων σε καταστησω. εισελθε εις την χαραν into the thee I will place; enter joy  $^{24}$  Προσελθων δε και δ το έν του κυριου σου. and also he the one of the lord of thee. Coming

 $\tau$ αλαντον ειληφως, ειπε· κυριε, εγνων σε, δτι talent having taken, said; Olord, I knew thee, that  $\sigma$ κληρος ει ανθρωπος, θεριζων δπου ουκ εσπει-

hard thou art a man, reaping where not thou sowρας, και συναγων δθεν ου διέσκορπισας. 25 και
edst, and gathering whence not thou scatteredst; and

φοβηθειs, απελθων εκρυψα το ταλαντον σου εν being afraid, going away <math>l hid the talent of thee in

τη γη° ιδε, εχειs το σον. Δε Αποκριθεις δε the earth; Io, thou hast the thine. Answering and δ κυριος αυτου ειπεν αυτω. Πουηρε δουλε και tord of him said to him: O weeked slave and κκνηρε, ηδειs, δτι θεριζω όπου ουκ εσπειρα, islothful, didst thou know, that I reap where not I sowed,

και συναγω όθεν ου διεσκορπισα; <sup>27</sup> Εδει ουν and gather whence not I scattered? It behaved then

και  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$   $\epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\epsilon \kappa \omega \mu \sigma \omega \mu \nu$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \nu \sigma \nu \nu$  and coming I might have received the mine with

τοκ $\varphi$ .  $^{28}$  Αρατε ουν απ' ρυτου το ταλαντον, interest. Take you therefore from him the taleut,

kal dute two exoutl ta deka talanta. To the and give to him having the ten talents. To the

RECEIVED the FIVE Talents, came and presented Five Talents more, saying, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Five Talents; see, I have gained Five other Talents.'

21 His master said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in a Few things, ‡ I will appoint thee over Many; partake of thy master's Joy.'

22 HE also who had the Two Talents, coming, said, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Two Talents; see, I have gained Two Other Talents.'

23 His MASTER said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in 2. Few things, I will appoint thee over Many; partake of thy MASTER'S JOY.'

24 Then HE who had RECEIVED the SINLGE Talent, approaching, said, 'Sir, I knew thee that thou art a Severe Man, reaping where thou hast not sown, and gathering where thou hast not seattered;

25 and being afraid, I went and hid thy TALENT in the EARTH; see, thou hast THINE own.'

26 His master answering, said to him, 'Wicked and indolent Servant, didst thou know That I reap where I have not sown, and gather where I have not scattered?

27 Thou oughtest then to have given my Money to the Bankers, that at my return, I might have received mine own with Interest.

28 Take from him, therefore, the TALENT, and give it to HIM who has the TEN Talents;

29 # for to EVERY ONE

<sup>\*</sup> VATIGAR MANUSCRIFT.—20. upon them—omit.
22. upon them—omit.

† 21. Matt. vviv. 47. Luke vii. 44. viv. 17. vvii. 29.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 47; Luke xii. 44; xix. 17; xxii. 29, 30, iv. 25; Luke viii. 18; xix. 23.

<sup>22.</sup> having received—omit.

1 29. Matt. xiii. 12; Mark

γαρ εχοντι παντι δοθησεται, και περισσευfor having Шa chall be given, and le shall  $\theta$ ησεται· απο  $\delta$ ε του μη εχοντας, και  $\delta$  εχει, from but the not having, even what he has, 30 Και τον αχρειον  $\alpha \pi^{2}$  $apen\sigmaetai$ αυτου. hc hall be taken away from him. And useless δουλον εκβαλετε εις το σκότος το εξωτερονο cast you into the darkner. he 4 εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος каі BOUYHOS TWY there shall be the twoeping තුප J**b**o na hing of the οδοντων.

teeth. <sup>31</sup> Όταν δε ελθη δυίος του ωνθρωπου εν τη When and may come the son of the an in the δοξη αύτου, και παντες οί αγγελοι μετ' αυτου, all the messengers with of him, and him. 32 <u>za</u>ı τοτε καθισει επι θρονου δοξης αυτου, shall he sit on athrone of glory of him, συναχθησεται εμπροσθεν αυτου παντα τα είνη· in presence of him all the ations; will be gathered and he will separate them from each other, ποιμην αφοριζει τα προ $oldsymbol{eta}$ ατα απο των εριφων $^{oldsymbol{\epsilon}}$ shepherd separates the from the goats; sheep <sup>33</sup> και σκησει τα μεν προβατα εκ δεξιων αύτου, and he will place the indeed sheep

king to the by right of him; Come the ευλογημενοι του πατρος μου, κληρονομηθατε bering been blessed of the father of me, ipherit

την ήτοιμασμενην ύμιν βασιλειαν απο καταhaving been prepared to you kingdom from c loun- $^{35}$  Επιενασα γαρ, και εδ $\odot$ κατε Βολης κοσμου. of world. I hungered for, and you gave dation  $\epsilon \delta i \psi \eta \sigma \alpha$ , μοι φαγειν. και  $\epsilon\pi o\tau\iota\sigma\alpha\tau\epsilon$ I thirsted, and. you gave drink to to me to eat; 36 γυμνος, EEVOS και συνηγαγετε με.  $\eta \mu \eta \nu_{\circ}$ I was, and you entertained me; a stranger

και περιεβαλετε με $^{\circ}$  ησθενησα, και επεσκεψασθε and you clothed me; I was sick, and you visited

7es° Κυριε, ποτε σε ειδομεν πεινωντα, και εθρεψαμεν; η διψωντα, και εποτισαμεν; 38 Ποτε nourished? or thirsting, and we gave drink? When

nourished? or thirsting, and we gave drink? When  $\delta \epsilon \sigma \epsilon \in \epsilon \delta \delta \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\xi \epsilon \nu o \nu$ ,  $\kappa \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \nu o \nu$  a stranger, and we content aimed? or  $\gamma \nu \mu \nu o \nu$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda o \mu \epsilon \nu$ ;  $\frac{39}{100 \tau \epsilon} \delta \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$  naked, and we clothed? When and thee

ειδομεν ασθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ηλθομεν προs we saw sick, or in prison, and we came to

who HAS, more shall be given, and he shall abound; but from HIM who HAS not, even that which he has shall be taken away.

30 And thrust the Un-PROFITABLE Servant into the OUTEE DARKNESS; there shall be the WEEP-ING and the SNASHING

of TEETH.

31 ‡Now when the son of MAN shall come in his GLORY, and All the ANGELS with him, then will he sit upon his Glorious Throne:

32 ‡ and All the NATIONS will be assembled before him; and he will separate them from each other, as a shepherd from the goats;

33 and he will place the SHEEP at his Right hand, but the GOATS at his Left.

34 Then will the KING sey to Those at his Right hand, 'Come, you blessing ones of my father, inherit the KINGDOM prepared for you from the Formation of the World;

35 for I was hungry, and you gave me food; I was thirsty, and you gave me drink; I was a Stranger, and you entertained me:

36 I was naked, and you clothed me; I was sick, and you assisted me; I was in Prison, and you visited me.

37 The RIGHTEOUS will then reply, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungry, and feed thee? or thirsty, and give thee drink?

38 And when did we see thee a Stranger, and entertain thee? or naked, and clothe thee?

39 And when did we see thee sick, or in Prison, and came to thee?

<sup>† 31.</sup> Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xvi. 27; xix. 28; Mark vř.i. 38; l Thess. iv. 16; 2 Thess. i. 7; Jude 14; Rev. i. 7; 1 32. Rom. xiv. 10; 2 Cor, v. 10; Rev. xx. 12. † 34. Matt. xx. 23; Mark x. 40; l Cor. il. 9; Heb. xi. 16.

<sup>40</sup> Και **α**ποκριθεις ὁ βασιλευς ερει αυτοις· **#€**: thee? And answering the king will say to them; €φ' Αμην λεγω ύμιν, όσον εποιησατε èνι Isay to you, Indeed whatever you did in to one τουτων των αδελφων μου των ελαχιστων, εμοι ofthese of the brothers of me of the εποιησατε.

you did.

<sup>41</sup>Τοτε ερε: και τοις εξευωνυμων· Πορευεσθε Then he will say also to the of left: απ' εμου ο κατηραμενοι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον, me the having been cursed into the fire the age-lasting, το ητοιμασμενον τφ διαβολφ και τοις αγγελοις that having been prepared to the accuser and to the messengers 42 Επεινασα γαρ, και ουκ εδωκατε μοι or him. I hungere' for, and not you gave to me φαγεινο εδιψησα. και ουκ εποτισατε με· thirsted, to eat; and not you gave drink to me; 33 ξενος ημην, και ου συνηγαγετε με γυμνος, και attanger I was, and not you entertained ine; naked, and ου περιεβαλετε με ασθενης, και εν φυλακη, and in you clothed me; cick, και ουκ επεσκεψασθε με. and not you visited me. Then will answer Kupie, Tal Kal αυτοι, λεγοντες.  $\pi o \tau \epsilon \quad \sigma \epsilon$ and saying; O lord. they, πεινωντα, η διψωντα, Eενον, η ειδομεν η or a stranger, or we saw hungering, or thirsting,  $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \rho \nu$ ,  $\eta \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu \eta$ η εν φυλακη, και ου διηsıck. or or in prison, and not we 45 Τοτε αποκριθησεται αυτοις, κονησαμέν σοι; thee; Then he will answer Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εφο όσον ουκ εποιη-Leywr ladeed I say to you, in as much not you eaving: σατε ενι τουτων των ελαχιστων, ουδε εμοι to one of these ofthe least, neither to ma <sup>46</sup> Και απελευσονται ούτοι εποιησατε. ELS And shall go away these into you did. οi  $\delta \epsilon$ δικαιοι ζωην κολασιν αιωνιον. €LS a cutting-off age-lasting: the and life just ones αιωνιον. age-lasting.

#### КЕФ. кѕ'. 26.

1 Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους παντας And it happened, when had finished the Jesus all τους λογους τουτους, ειπε τοις μαθηταις αυτους the words these, he said to the disciples of him: Οιδατε, ότι μετα δυο ήμερας το πασχα γινεταις Υου know, that after two days the passover comes on: και ό υίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται εις το and the son of the man is delivered into the

40 And the KING answering, will say to them. ‡'Indeed, I say to you, That since you have done it to one of These the LEAST of my BRETHREN, you have done it to me.'

41 He will then also say to Those at his Left hand, ‡'Depart from me, you cursed ones, into THAT AIONIAN FIRE, which is PREPARED for the ADVERSARY, and his MESSENGERS;

42 for I was hungry, but you gave me no food; I was thirsty, but you gave me no drink;

43 I was a Stranger, but you did not entertain me; naked, but you did not clothe me; sick, and in Prison, but you did not relieve me.

44 Then will THEY also answer, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungering, or thirsting, or a Stranger, or naked, or sick, or in Prison, and did not assist thee?'

45 Then he will reply to them, saying, 'Indeed, I say to you, That since you did it not to one of the LEAST of These, you did it not to me.'

46 ‡ And these shall go forth to the aionian † cutting-off; but the RIGHTEOUS to aionian Life."

#### CHAPTER XXVI.

1 ‡ And it happened, when Jesus had finished this discourse, he said to his disciples,

2 "You know That Two Days hence comes the PASSOVER; then the SON Of MAN will be delivered up to be CRUCIFIED."

<sup>+ 48.</sup> That is, in the fire mentioned in verse 41. The Common Version, and many modern ones, render kolasin aionioon, everlasting punishment, conveying the idea, as generally interpreted, of basinos, torment. Kolasia in its various forms only occurs in three other places in the New Testament,—Acts iv. 21; 2 Peter ii. 9; 1 John iv. 18. It is derived from kolasoo, which signifies, 1. The cut off; as lopping off branches of trees, to prune. 2. To restrain, to repress. The Greeks write,—"The charioteer (kalazzi) restrains his fiery steeds." 3. To chastise, to punish. To cut off an individual from life, or society, or even to restrain, is esteemed as punishment;—hence has arisen this third metaphorical use of the word. The primary signification has been adopted, because it agrees better with the second member of the sentence, thus preserving the force and beauty of the antithesis. The righteous go to life the wicked to the cutting off from life, or death. See 2 Thess. i. 9.

there should be among the people.

3 Τοτε συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις, σταυρωθηναι. to be cracified. Then were assembled the high-priests, και οί γραμματεις, και οί πρεσβυτεροι του λαου, and the scribes, elders of the people, εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως, του λεγομενου nto the court of the high-priest that being called  $^4$   $\kappa \alpha \iota$ Καιαφα συνεβουλευσαντο, Eva  $\tau o \nu$ Kaiaphase and they consulted, that the Ιησουν 80Ac κρατησωσι και αποκτεινωσεν. with deceit they might seize and might kill. 5 Ελεγον δε Μη εν τη έρρτη, ίνα μη θορυβος They said but; Not in the feast, that not a tumult γενηπαι  $\epsilon \nu$ τω λαω.

6 Του δε Ιησου γενομενου εν βηθανια, εν οικια The and Jesus having arrived in Bethany, in a house Σιμωνος του λεπρου, τροσηλθεν αύτφ γυνη, er Simon the lepez, to him a woman, eame. αλαβαστρον MUDOU εχουσα βαρυτιμου, reat an alabaster box of balacm having great value, and πατεχεεν επι την κεφαλην αυτου ανακειμενου. she poured upon the of him head Ίδοντες δε οί μαθηται αυτου, ηγανακτησαν, and the disciples of him, were displeased, redr es. Eis τι ή απωλεια αύτη: saying; On account of that the loss thus? She was νατο γαρ τουτο πραθηναι πολλου, και δοθηναι for to have sold of much, and to have given 10 Frovs δε δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. TTWXOLS. Knowing and the said to poor. Jesus to them: Τι κοπουν παρεχετε τη γυναικ.; εργαν γαρ Why troubles present you to the woman? a work 11 Παντοτε γαρ τους καλον ειργασατο εις εμε. good she has wrought for mc. Always for the πτωχους εχετε μεθ' έαυτων εμε δε ου παι τοτε you have with yourselves: me but not book 12 Βαλουσα γαρ αύτη το μυρο: τουτο  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ . Having cast for she the balsama επι του σωματος μου, προς το ενταφιασαι με upon the body of me, to the to prepare for burial me <sup>13</sup> Αμην λεγω ύμιν, όπου εαν κη-Indeed I say to you, wherever may be εποιησεν. she did. ρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο, εν ολω τω κοσμω, published the gladtidings this, in whole the λαληθησεται και δ εποιησεν αύτη, εις μνημοshall be spoken also what dic she, lor συνον αυτης. Jeir of her.

14 Τοτε πορευθεις είς των δωδεκα δ λεγομενος going one of the twelv "e being named Ioυδας Ισκαριωτης, προς τους αρχιερείς, Judas Iscariot, to the high-priests, 15 ειπε· θελετε μοι δουσαι, καγω ύμιν παραδωσω What are you willing to me to give, and I to you will deliver up αυτον, Οί δε εστησαν αυτώ τριακονια αρbam? They and to him paid thirty pieces 3 About this time, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, were convened in the PALACE of THAT HIGH-PRIEST, NAMED Caiaphas.

4 where they consuited how they might seize JEsus by Stratagem and

de troy him.

5 But they said, "Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Tumult among the FEOPLE."

6 Now while Jesus was at Bethany, in the House of Simon the

LEPER,

7 a Weman same to him, having an Alabaster box of Balsam, very valuable, which she poured on his MEAD while reclining at table.

8 ‡ And \* the Disci-FLES seeing it, were displeased, saying, "Why this EXTRAVAGANCE'

9 For This might have, been sold at a great price, and given to the POOR."

10 JESUS knowing it, said to them, "Wh; do you trouble the womin? She has rendered me a kind office.

Il For you have the room always among you but Me you have not always.

12 For in pouring this BALSAM on my BODY, the did it to EMBALM me.

13 Indeed, I say to you, Wherever these GLAD FIDINGS may be proclaimed in the whole WORLD, what she has done will also be spoken of to her Remembrance."

14 Then that one of the twelve named Judas Iscarios, proceeding to the high-priests,

Is said, "What are you willing to give me, and F will deliver him mp to you?" And THEY paid him Thirty Shekels.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. the DISCIPLES.

jupia. If Kai apo τοτε εξητεί ευκαιρίαν, ίνα of silver. And from then he did seek opportunity, that auton papada.

him he might deliver up.

17 Τη δε πρωτη των α(υμων προσηλθον The and first of the feasts of unleavened bread came οί μαθηται τω Ιησου, λεγοντες \*[αυτω·] Που to him; the disciples to the Jesus, saying Where θελεις ετοιμασωμεν σοι φαγειν το πασχα; wilt thou we make ready to thee to eat the passover? He  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu$  '  $\Upsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \eta \tau \epsilon \epsilon i s \tau \eta \nu \pi o \lambda i \nu \pi \rho o s$  $\tau o \nu$ into the the said: Go you city to 'Ο διδασκαλος λεγει∘ και ειπατε αυτώ: δεινα, certain one, and to him; teacher say Ο καιρος μου εγγυς εστι.  $\pi \rho os \sigma \epsilon$ ποιω  $\tau o$ thee I will make the The season of me nigh is; to <sup>19</sup>Και εποιησαν πασχα μετα των μαθητων μου. passover with the dssciples of me. And didοί μαθηται ώς συνεταξεν αυτοις δ Ίησους και the disciples as commanded to them the Jesms; ήτοιματαν το πασχα. they prepared the passover.

 $\tau\omega\nu$ the δωδεκα. 🗓 Και εσθιοντων πυτων, ειπεν•  $A\mu\eta\nu$ Indeed twelve. And of eating of them, he said; <sup>22</sup> Kaı λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. I say to you, that one of you will deliver up me. And σμοδρα, ηρξαντο λεγειν αυτω λυπουμενοι exceedingly, they began to him being grieved to sav **εκαστος** \*[αυτων·] Μητι εγω ειμι, KUPLE; Í Olord? each one [afthem;] Not am, 'O εμβαψας  $\mu \epsilon \tau$ <sup>23</sup> 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν· He but with Нe answering said; dipping εμου εν τω τρυβλιώ την χειρα, ούτος με παραbowl will deme in the the hand, this me 24 °Ο μεν υίος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, δωσει. goes, liver up. The indeed son ofthe man ουαι δε γεγραπται περι αυτου. καθως as it has been written about him; woe but to the ανθρωπφ εκεινφ, δι' ου δ υίος του ανθρωπου man that, through whom the son of the man παραδιδοται· καλον ην αυτφ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη was born good it was to him, if not  $^{25}$  Αποκριθεις δε Ιουδας, δ ανθρωπος εκεινος. Answering the man that.  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon^{\circ}$ Μητι εγω ειμι, παραδιδους αυτον, Not delivering up him, said: am, δαββι; Συ ειπας. Λεγει αυτώ. He says to him: Thou hast said.

26 Εσθιοντων δε αυτων, λαβων δ Ιησους τον Eating and of them, having taken the Jesus the

16 And from that time he sought a fit Occasion to deliver him up.

17 ‡ Now on the first day of the †UNLEAVENED BREAD, the DISCIPLES came to Jesus, saying, "Where dost thou wish that we prepare for thee

the PASCHAL SUPPER?"

18 HE answered, "Go into the CITY to a CEPTAIN person, and say to him, The TEACHER Says, 'My TIME is near; I will celebrate the PASSOVER at thy house, with my DISCIPLES."

19 And the DISCIPLES did as JESUS had ordered them; and they prepared the PASSOVER.

20 ‡ Now Evening being come, he reclined at table with the TWELVE;

21 and as they were eating, he said, "Indeed, I tell you, That one of you will deliver me up."
22 And being extremely sorrowful, they began, each one, to ask him, "Master, is it \( \mathbb{E} ?" \)

23 And HE answering, said, ‡"HE who has men DIPPING his HAND with mine in the DISH, this one will deliver me up.

24 The son of Man indeed goes away [to death], ‡ as it has been written concerning him; but alas for that Man through whom the son of Man is delivered up! ‡Good were it for that Man if he were not born."

25 Then THAT Judas who delivered him up, inquired, "Rabbi, is it F?" He says to him, "Thou hast said."

26 ‡And as they were eating, Jesus taking \*a

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. to him-omit. 22. of them-omit. 26. a Loaf

<sup>† 17.</sup> The Passover feast began yearly on the fourteenth day of the first moon in the Jewish month Nisan, and it lasted only one day; but it was immediately followed by the days of unleavened bread, which were seven. See Josephus, Ant. iii. 10, 5. So that the whole lasted eight days, and a!! the eight days are sometimes called, "the feast of the passover," and sometimes "the feast (or days) of unleavened bread." See Luke xxii. 1, 7.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Exod. xii. 6, 18; Mark xiv. 12; Luke xxii. 7. † 20. Mark xiv. 17—21; Luke xxii. 14; John xiii. 21. † 23. Psa. xii. 9, Luke xxii. 21; John xiii. 18. † 24. Psa. xxii; 1sa. liii; Dan. ix. 26; Mark ix. 12; Luke xxiv. 25, 26, 46; Acts xvii. 3; xxvi. 22. 23-40 or. xv. 3. † 24. John xvii. 12. † 26 Mark xiv. 22, Luke xxii. 19

αρτον, και συλογησας, ≤πλασε, και εδιδου τοις loaf, and having biessed, broke, and didgive to the μαθηταις, κως είπες Λαβετε, φαγετε τουτο said: disciples, 8:1G fake you, cat you: this <sup>27</sup> Και λαβων το ποτηριον, εστι το σωμα μου. is the body of me. And having taken the cup, και ευχαρισνησι, , οδωκεν αυτοις, λε w Iliet and having given thanks, he gave to thern, saying; Drink you <sup>28</sup> τουτο γαρ εστι το αιμα εξ αυτου παντες° out of it is the blood this or μου, το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλων of me, that of the new covenant, that about many <sup>29</sup> Λεγω δε εκχυνομένου εις αφεσίν άμαρτιων. for forgiveness of sins; I say but  $\alpha\pi$ ,  $\alpha$ δμιν, ότι ου μη 15:W αρτι εκ τουτου του to you, that not not ! will drink from now of this υμπελου, έως της ήμερας YEVVILLATOS TIS of the vine, tilî thcday εκεινης, όταν αυτο πινω μεθ' ύμων ιςαινου εν τη that, when it I drink with you new in the in the <sup>30</sup> Και δμυησαντες, βασιλεια του πατρος μου. kingdom of the father of mc. And having sung a hymn, εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive-trees.

<sup>31</sup> Τοτε λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους<sup>,</sup> Παντες ύμεις Then he says to them the Jesus; All 70u σκανδαλισθησεσθε εν εμοι εν τη υυκτι ταυτη» at me in the night will be stumbled this; " Παταξω τον ποιμένα, και γεγραπτα: γαρ° "1 will smite the it is written tor: shepherd, and διασκορπισθησετας τα προβατα της ποιμνης." fold. will be scattered the sheep ofthe

32 Μετα δε το εγερθηναι με, προαξω υμας cis
After but the toberaised inc. I will go before you to <sup>33</sup> Αποκριθείς δε δ Πετρος τηι Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee. Asswering and the ειπου αυτω. Ει παντες σκανδαλισθησονται εν al: said to him: If chall be stumbled aú  $^{34}$  E $\phi\eta$ σοι, εγω ουδεποτο σκανδαλισθησομαι. never will be stumbled. Saic. αυτω δ Ιησους Αμην αεγω σοι, ότι εν ταυτη .udee. .. say to thee, that in this to him the Jesus: τη υυκτι, πριε Αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνηbefore cock 50 have crowed, thrice thou wilt the night, 35 Λεγει ωυτφ δ Πετρος Καν δεη Says to him the Peter: And if it may behove or Le. δεη με συν σοι αποθανείν, ου μη σε απαρνησομαί. mc with thee to die, not thee I will deny.  $^{36}$  To $au\epsilon$ και παντες οἱ μαθηται ειπον. said. Elic disciples In like manner also

Loaf, and giving praise, he broke, and gave it to the DISCIPLES, and said, "Take, eat; this is my BODY.

27 Then taking \*a Cup, and giving thanks, he gave it to them, saying, t "Drin't all of you out of it.

28 for \*this is my BLOOD of the COVENANT, THAT which is POURED OUT I for Many, for For. giveness of Sins.

20 TBut I tell you, That I will not henceforth frink of This PRe-DUCT of the VINE, till that BAY when I drin. it now with "ou in my TATHER'S KINGDOM.

30 and having ung, they departed to the

mount of olives.
31 Then JESUS says to them, " You will All stumble or in account, this withing for it is written, in will smite 'the :HEPHERD, and the 'SHE'D OF THE FLOCK WILL 'be lisperseal'

32 But after a am RAISED, A will precede you to GALILEE."

33 And Peter answering, said to him, "If all should stumble with re spect to thee, I never will be made to stumble."

34 Jesus said to him, "Indeed, I say to thee, That This NIGHT, before the Cock . crow, thou wilt thrice disown me "

35 Peter says to him, "Though doomed to die with thee, I will not disown Thee." And All th, DISCIPLES said the came.

<sup>\*</sup> V.TICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. a Cup. which is POURED OUT.

<sup>28.</sup> this is my blood of the covenant, ve. r

<sup>\*\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$. That is, "before a watch trumpet will cound," ctc. It is well known that no cocks were allowed to remain in Jerusalem during the passover feast. The Romans, who had a strong guard in the castle of Antonia, which overlooked the temple, divided the night infour watches, beginning assix, nine, twelve, and three. Mark Xii. 33, alludes to this division of time. The two last watches were both called cock-crowings. The Romans relieved guard a each watch by sound of trumpet: the trumpet of the third watch was called the first, and that of the fourth the second cock. And when it was said the cock crow, the maching is, that the trumpet of the third watch was happened at midnight.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Mark xiv. 23. † 28. Exodexiv. 8; Lev. xvii. 17; Matt † 26. Mark xiv. 25, Luko xii. 10. † 30. Latt, xi. 6; Mark † 30. Zech. xiii. 7 † 32. Matt. xxviii. 7, 10; Mark: 22/ † 26. 2 Cor. x. 16. x:: 20; Heb. ix. 22. iv. 27; John xvi. 32. xvi. 32. † 31. Zech. xiii. 7. † 32. † 4. Mark xiv. 30: Luke xxii. 6e; John ziii. 38.

the but flesh

weak.

ερχεται μετ' αυτων ὁ Ιησους εις χωριον λεγο-coinca with them the Jesus into a place being μενον Γεθσημανη, και λεγει τοις μαθηταις. he says to the Gethsemane, and disciples: Καθισατε αυτου, έως ού απελθων προσευξωμαι Sit you h€re, while going away I shall pray  $^{37}$  Και παραλαetaων τον Πετρον και τους ekel. there. And having taken the Peter and the δυο υίους Ζεβεδαιου, ηρξατο λυπεισθαι και αδηtwo sons of Zebedee, he began to he sorrowful and to be <sup>38</sup> Τοτε λεγει αυτοίς: Περιλυπος LOVELV. in anguish. Then he says to them; Extremely sorrowful εστιν ή ψυχη μου έως θανατου· μεινατε ώξε is the soul of mc to death; remain you here <sup>39</sup> Και προελθων μετ' εμου. και γρηγορειτε watch you with me. And going forward ιμκρον, επεσεν επι προσωπον αύτου, προσευhc fell on face of him, χομενος, και λεγων· Πατερ μου, ει δυνατον ing, and saying; Ofather of the εστι, παρελθετω απ' εμου το ποτηριον τουτο: let pass from mc the cup this; πλην ουχ ως εγω θελω, αλλ, ως συ. <sup>40</sup> Kaı as thou. ερχεται προς τους μαθητας, και ευρισκει αυτους the disciples, and finds he comes to καθευδοντας, και λεγει τφ Πετρφ. Ούτως ουκ and he says to the Peter, ισχυσατε μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι μετ' €µov; could you one hon: to watch with me? δι Γρηγορειτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελthat not you may Watch you and pray you, θητε εις πειρασμον το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, enter into temptation; the indeed spirit ready, ή δε σαρξ ασθενης.

 $^{42}$  Παλιν, εκ δευτερου απελθων, προσηυξατο, a second time going away, \* $[\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu \cdot]$ cup] to pass from me,] except <sup>43</sup> Kaı auto  $\pi_i \omega$ ,  $\gamma \in \nu \eta \theta \eta \tau \omega$  to it I drink, be done the  $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \sigma o v$ . will of thee. ∈λθων ευρισκει αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. coming he finds them again sleeping; (ησαν γαρ αυτων οί δφθαλμοι βεβαρημενοι.) of them the (were for cyes weighed down;) 🥰 και αφεις αυτους, απελθων παλιν, προσηυξατο and leaving them, going away again, he prayed <sup>45</sup> Τοτ ε εκ τριτου, τον αυτον λογον ειπων. same word speaking; ερχεται προς τους μαθητας αύτου, και λεγει the of him, he comes to disciples and says Καθευδετε το λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε; auteis. the remainder and to them; Sleep you rest you? ιδου, ηγγικεν ή ώρα, και ό υίος του ανθρωπου has come nigh the hour, and the son of the man

36 ‡Then comes Jesus with them into a Place called Gethsemane, and says to his disciples, "Remain here, while I go there and pray."

37 And taking with him Peter, and the two Sons of Zebedee, he began to be filled with sorrow and anguish.

38 Then he says to them, 1"My sour is surrounded with a deadly anguish; stay here, and watch with me."

39 And going forward a little, he fell on his Face, ‡ supplicating and saying, "O my Father, if it be possible, ‡ let this CUP be removed from me! yet not as £ will, but as thou wilt."

40 And he returns to the disciples, and finds them sleeping, and says to Peter, "It is so, then, that you could not keep awake with me a Single Hour?

41 ‡ Watch and pray, that you enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

42 A second time retirny, he supplicated, "O my Father, if it cannot be that This be removed; if I must drink it,—thy will be done."

43 And returning, he finds them still sleeping; (for Their EYES were overpowered.)

44 Again, leaving them, he went and prayed a third time, using \*again the CAME Words.

45 He then comes to \*the disciples, and says to them, "Do you Sleep Now, and take your rest? \* for behold, the hour is arrived, and the son of

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN HANGERIPT.—42. saying—omit. 42. cup—omit. 43. from me—omit. 44. again the same Words. 45. the disciples. 45. for behold.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Mark xiv. 32-35; Luke xxii. 39; John xviii. 1. † 37. Matt. iv. 21. † 38. John xii. 27. † 39. Mark xiv. 36; Luke xxii. 42; Heb. v. 7. † 39. John x. 62; vi. 38; Phil t 41. Mark xiii. 33; ziv. 38; Luke xxii. 40, 46; Eph. vi. 18.

παραδίδοται εις χειρας αμαονωλων.  $^{40}$  Εγειρεσθε, is delivered up into hands of sinners. Arise, aγωμεν ιδου, ηγγικεν δ παραδίδους με. lct us go; lo, has come nighthe delivering up me.

<sup>47</sup> Και ετι αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, Ιουδας, είς And while of him speaking, 10, Judas, των δωδεκα, ηλθε, και μετ' αυτου οχλος πολυς came, and with him acrowd great of the twelve, μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, απο των ερχιερεων clubs, from the high-priests swords and 48 °Ο δε παραδιδους και ωρεσβυτερων του λαου. He and delivering up elders of the people. 'Ον αν ευτοι, εθωκεν αυτοις σημειον, λεγων° gave to them a sign, saying; Who ever <sup>49</sup> Και φιλησώ, αυτος εστι κρατησατε αυτον. it is: веize hım. And I may kiss, he ουθεως προσελθων το Ιησου, ειπε Χαιρε βαββι. immediately approaching 50 the Jesus, he said; hail και κατεφιλησεν ωυτον. 50 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπευ him. The but Jesus kissed αυτφ. Έταιρε, εφ' δ παρει, Τοτε προσελto him; Companion, for what art thou present? Then θοντες επεβαλον τας χειρας επί τον 1ησουν, they laid the hands on the Jesus, <sup>51</sup> Και ιδου, είς των και εκρατησαν αυτον. lo, And one of the they seized him. μετα Ίησου, εκτεινας την χει[α, απεσπασε την] with Jesus, stretching the hand drew out the μαχαιραν αύτου και παταξας τον δουλον του sword of him: and striking the slave of the 52 Toτ~ αρχειρεως, αφειλεν αυτου το ωτιον. high-priest, cut off of him the Then λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους» Αποσπρεψον σου την mays to him the Jesus: Detuin thee the μαχαιραν εις τον τοπον ωντης παντες γαροί swo.d into the place o. her. al. for the λαβουτες μαχαιραν, εν μαχαιρω απολουνται.
taking asword, by συνοτικέ hallperish.  $^{53}$ Η δοκεις, ότι ου δυναμαι  $\star$  [αρτι] παρακα-Or thinkest thou, that not I am able [wow] to enλεσαι τον πατερα μου, και πωραστησει μοι father of me, and will furnish to me the weat τλειους η δωδεκα λεγεωνας αγγελων; than twelve legious of messengers? ουν πληρωθωσιν αί γραφαι, ότι ούτω then rould be fulfilled the writings, and thus it thus it must γενεσθαι.

55 Ε, εκείνη τη ώρα αιπαν ό Ιησους τοις In that the hour said the Jesus to the οχλοις 'Ως επιληστην εξηλθετα μετα μαχαιρων

crowds. As upon arobber came you out with swords και ξυλων, συλλαβειν με καθ ημεραν [προς and calca totaks mot every day [with bits] εκαθεζομ ην δίδασκων εν τω ίερφ, και ουκ you! I didsit teaching in the temple, and not

you] I did sit teaching in the temple, and not εκρατησατε με· οδ Τουτο δε όλου γεγονεν, ινα

κρατησατε με το Τουτο δε δλου γεγονεν, ινα , on seized mo. This but all has been done, that

MAN is delivered into the Hands of Sinners.

46 Arise, let us go: behold: HE, who BETRAYS

me, has come."

47 Now ‡ while Jesus

was speaking, behold, Judas, one of the TWELVE, came, accompanied with a great Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs. from the HIGH-PRIESTS and Elders of the PEOPLE.

48 And HE, who DE-LIVERED him up, had given them a Sign, saying, "He it is, whom I may kiss; hold him fast."

40 And immediately approaching Jesus, he said, "Hail, Rabbi!" and repeatedly kissed him.

50 But Jesus said to him, "Companion, for what purpose art thon present?" Then coming, they laid HANDS on Jesus, and secured him.

51 And behold, tone of those who were \*with him, laying his hand on his sword, drew it, and striking the servant of the high-priest, cut off His mar.

58 Then Jesus seys to him, "Return Thy sword to its PLACE: I for All WHO have RECOURSE to the Sword, shall perish by the Sword.

53 Or, dost thou think That I cannot entreat my FATHLIR, and he will send to my relief more than Twelve Legions of Angels?

54 But, in that case, how could the SCRIP-TURES be verified, ‡ That thus it must be ?"

55 Jesus at the same TIME said to the CRC FDS, "As in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me? I sat teaching in the TEMPLE every day, and you did not arrest me.

56 All this, however, has been done, that the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPR. 51. with hir 53. now-om.

<sup>† 47.</sup> Mark riv. 43; Luke axii. 47. John sviii. 2. Lets \; 16. † 51. John xviii 10. 52. Gen. in. 66. Rev. xiii. 10. † 54. Isn. 1\; 10. L. ke zxiv. 25. 44, 46.

Tore πληρωθωσιν αί γραφαι των προφητων.

unghr be fulfilled the writings of the prophets. Then οί μαθηται παντες, αφεντες αυτον, εφυγοι . leaving the disciples all, him. they fled. 57 Οί δε κρατησαντές τον Ιησουν, αντηγαγου Jesus, the they led They and seein g προς Καιαφων τον αρχιερεα, όπου οί γοαμματεις Calauhas the high-priest, where the scribes <sup>58</sup> 'Ο δε και οί πρεσβυτεροι συνηχθησαν. The but were assembled. and the eldere Πετρος ηκολουθει αυτώ απο μακροθεν, έως της a distance, followed him et ta the αυλης του αρχιερεως και εισελθων εσω, εκαθητο palace of the high-priest; and having gone μετα των ύπηρετων, ιδειν το τελυς. to see the the attendants.

59 **Οἱ δε α**ρχιερει**ς \***[και οἱ πρεσβυτεροι] και fand the The and high-priests elders] and το συνεδριον όλον εζητουν ψευδομαρτυριαν κατα the high-council whole sought false testimony against 60 Ka1 θανατωσωσι. του Ιησου, όπως αυτον Jesus, so that him they might deliver to death. And ψευδομαρτυρων ποοσελ-

oux ευρον, πολλων not they found, many false-witnesses having "Υστερον δε προσελθοντες δυο \*[ψευ- $\theta o \nu \tau \omega \nu_{c}$ Afterwards but falsecoming tro δομαρτυρες, ] <sup>61</sup> ειπου~ Ούτος εφη. Δυναμαι witnesses,] This affirmed; I am able said;

καταλυσαι του ναον του θεου, και δια τριων to destroy the temple of the .red. and in ε Και αναστας δ άμερων οικοδομησαι αυτον. to build And rising up the

to him;

**Σρχιερευς ειπεν αυτω**. said

high-priest

63 ℃ δε Ιησους φύτοι σου καταμαρτυρουσιν, The but o. thee testify against? Jesus Και \*[αποκριθεις] δ αρχιερευς ειπεν ETIWTU. [answering] the high-priest Cas al ent. And card Εξορκιζω σε κατα του θεου του ζωντος, the God of the Ladjure thee by living, ina ημιν ειπης, ει συ ει ὁ Χριστος ὁ υίος του the to us thou tell, if thou art the Ausented, the son of the  $\Sigma u \in \iota \pi \alpha s.$ GEOU.

64 Λεγει αυτω δ Ιη ous:
Gaye to him the Jesus; Thou hast said. God. Πλην λεγω ύμιν απ' αρτι οψεσθε τον υίον του Besides I say to you, from now you shall see the son of the ανέρωπου καθημει ν κ εξιων της δυναμεως, men sitting at righ. oithe power.

και ερχομένον επι των νεφελων του ουρανου. rpon the clouds of the coming heaven. 65 Τοτε ό αρχιερευ**ς δι**ερρηξε α έματια αύτου, LLO Then the high-priest 1.00 1 LOUIS of him,

WRITINGS of the PRO-PHETS might be verified."
Then all \*his DISCIPLES deserting him, fled.

57 I And Those who AP-PREHENDED JESUS, Jon ducted him to Caiaphas the HIGH-PRIEST, where the SCRIBES and ELDERS were assembled.

58 But PETER followed him at a distance, to the PALACE of the HIGHe PRIEST: and having entered, sat with the AT-TENDANTS to see the RESULT.

59 Now the HIGH-PRIESTS and the whole SANHEDRIM sought Falsetestimony against Jesus, so that they might deliver him to death.

60 and they did not find it, though # Many False-But at witnesses came. last, Two approaching,

61 said, "This man declared, i'I can destroy the TEMPLE of GOD, and in Three Days rebuild it."

62 And the HIGH-PRIEST answering, said to him, "Answerest thou sothing to what these testify against thee?"

63 I But Jesus was si-. .... the HIGH. PRIEST said to him, +"I adjure thee by the LIVING Gop, that thou inform us, whether thou art the MEs-

SIAH, the son of God."
64 Jesus says to him. "Thou hast said; moreover I declare to you, t Hereafter you shall see the son of MAN sitting on the Right hand of POWER, and coming on the ctoups of HEAVEN.

Then the HIGH. PRIEST rent his CLOTHES.

Ουδεν αποκρινη;

Nothing answerest thou? what

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 56. his disciples deserting. so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 60. false-witnesses-omit.

<sup>59.</sup> and the elders-omit; 6). unswering-omit

<sup>† 63.</sup> A solemn adjuration, which a Jew was bound to answer. Lev. v. 1. After such an adjuration by magistrate or superior, the answer returned was an answer w on oath; \* false answer was perjury and even the silence of the person adjured was not deemed innocent. Hence it was that the high-priest had recourse to this measure upon our Lord's disdaining to answer the unfounded accusations which were brought against him, from the conviction that his judges were predetermined, and that every thing be could say would be of no avail.

<sup>† 57.</sup> Mark xiv.53; Luke xxii.54; John xviu.12 13, 26 † 60. Mark xiv 56—57. oi Matt. xxvii. 40; John ii 19—22. † 63. Isa. 1ii. 7. Matt. xxvii. 12, 14. † 64. Dag sii 1°; Matt. xvii. 27; xxiv. 30; xxv. 2. Luke xxi. 27 John i. 51: 1 Chess. iv 13: Lev

YELMAR. 'θπι **εβ**λασφημησε• TI ETI XPEIQU what further saying; That he blaspnemes; oced εχομεν μαρτυρων; ιδε, νυν ηκουσατε Tny have we of witnesses? see. now you heard the 65 Tι ύμιν δοκει; οί δε Βλασφημιαν αυτου. What to you thinks? they and hlasphemy of him. **απ**οκριθε**ντες**  $\epsilon \iota \pi o \nu^{\bullet}$ Eνοχος θανατου €στι. answering said: Liable to death he is. <sup>67</sup> Τοτε ενεπτυσαν εις το προσωπον αυτου, και they apat into the face of him, and εκολαφισαν αυτον οί δε ερβαπισαν, eat with the fist him; they and struck with palms of their hands, <sup>68</sup> λεγοντες• Προφητενσον ήμιν, χριστε, saying; Prophra O anointed, who to us,  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \delta \pi \alpha \iota \sigma \alpha s \sigma \epsilon$ , he striking thee?

69°Ο δε Πετρος εξω εκαθητο εν τη αυλη. Peter in the court-yard. The and without sat Και προσηλθεν αυτφ μια παιδισκη, λεγουσα· And came to him one maid-servant, saying; saying: Και συ ησθα μετα Ιησου του Γαλιλαιου. Нe Also thou wast with Jesus of the Califee. δε ηρνησατο εμπροσθεν αυτων παντων, λεγων denied Ουκ οιδα, τι λεγεις. Not I know, what thou sayest. τον πυλωνα, ειδεν αυτον αλλη, και λεγει τοις saw him another, and the portico, says tothose εκει Και ούτος ην μετα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου. there; Also this was with Janua of the Nazareth. Και παλιν ηρνησατο μεθ' δοκου. Ότι ουκ οιδα he denied with noath; That not I know again <sup>73</sup> Μετα μ.προν δε προσελθοντες τον ανθρωπον. After alittle and the man. approaching οi ειπον τος Πετρώ Αληθης και εστωτες, those having stood by, said totus Peter: Certainly συ  $\epsilon \xi$  αυτων  $\epsilon i$  και γαρ ή λαλια σου δηλον σε thou of them art: even for the speech of thee manifest thee thou of 74 Τοτε ηρξατο καταθεματιζειν, TOLES. και makes Then he began and Οτι ουκ οίδα τον ανθρωπον. ομνυειν. Kαι That not I know the to swear. man. And <sup>75</sup> Και εμνησθη δ ευθεως αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. instantly a cock czew. And remembered the **δημαγος του** Πετρος του Ιησου, ειρηκοτος Peter ofthe word of the Jesus, declaring \*[avTw.] 'Οτι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις ita him: ] That before a cock crovis, thrice Και εξελθων εξω,  $\alpha\pi\alpha\rho\nu\eta\sigma\eta$   $\mu\epsilon$ . **εκ**λαυσε thou will deny me. And going out he wept

saying, "He has speken blasphemy; what further. Need have we of Witnesses? behold, now you have heard \*the BLAS-PHEMY.

66 t What is your oping ion?" And THEY answer ing, said, "He deserves to Die."

67 † Then they spat in his face, and beat him with their fists; and some struck him on the cheek with the open hand.

68 saying, † "Divine to us, O Messiah, Who is HE STRIKING thee?"

69 Now Peter sat without in the COURTYARD; and a Maid-servant came to him, saying, "Thou also wast with Jesus the Galilean."

70 But HE denied it before them all, saying, "I know not what thou sayest."

71 And passing out inte the portico, another saw him, and says to them, "This person was also there with Jesus the Na-ZARITE."

72 And again he denied with an Oath, "I know not the MAN."

73 And after a while, THOSE who STOOD BY, approaching, said to PETER.

proaching, said to Petter, "Certainly, that also art one of them; for even thy DIALECT makes Thee known.

74 Then he began to

74 Then he began to surse and to swear, "1 know not the MAN" And instantly to Cock erew.

75 And Peter reco lected the DECLARATION of Jrsus, 4"That beso e a Cock crows, thou wut three disown me." And going out, he wept bitter y.

πικρως.
bitterly.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 65. the BLASPHEMY.

<sup>75.</sup> to him-omit.

<sup>† 68.</sup> In this insulting taunt there seems to be an indirect sneer at the popular belief in our Lord's Messiahship, which is rendered still more apparent by the sarcastic use o. the word propheteuein. This word is sometimes used generally in relation to things unknown, so as to correspond with the English guess. It should be remembered that Christ was now blindfolded, as appears from Mark xiv. 65; Luke xxii. 64—Kuinoel. † 74. See Note on verse 54.

<sup>† 66.</sup> Mark xiv. 64. † 57. Isa. l. 6; liii. 3; Luke xxii. 63, 64. † 60; Mark xiv. 66; Luke xxii. 55; John xviii. 21–18, 25–27. † 75. See verse 34; Mark xiv. 86; Luke xxii. 61, 62; John xiii. 38.

# КЕФ. κζ. 27.

Πρωιας δε γενομενης, συμβουλιον ελαβον Morning and having come, acouncil held **παντες** ο**ί** αρχειρεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι του

the high-priests and the of the λαου κατα του Ιησου, ώστε θανατωσαι αυτον. people against the so as te deliver to death kim. Jesus,

<sup>2</sup> Κα**ι δη**σαντες αυτο**ν, α**πηγαγον, και παρεδωκαν kim. they led,

αυτον \* [Ποντιώ] Πιλατώ τω ήγεμονι. Pilate the governor. him [to Pontius]

3 Τοτ ε ιδων Ιουδας, δ παραδιδους αυτον, δτι Then seeing Judae, that betraying κατεκριθη, μεταμεληθεις απεστρεψε τα τριαhe was condemned, repenting he returned thirty

κοντα αργυρια τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσβυpieces of silver to the high-priests and to the elders,

τεροις, <sup>4</sup> λεγων. 'Ημαρτον, παραδους αίμα I sinned, having delivered up blood

αθωον. Oi  $\delta \in \epsilon \iota \pi \circ \nu$ Τι προς ήμας; Συ οψει. What to mnocent. They but said; Thou wilt see us? Και διψας τα αργυρια εν τω ναω, ανεχωρησε.

And hurling the pieces of silver in the temple, he withdrew; 6 Οι δε αρχιερεις, και απελθων απηγξατο.

and having gone forth strangled himself. The and high-priests. λαβοντες τα αργυρια, ειπον. Ουκ εξεστι βαλειν

the pieces of silver, said; Not it is lawful to put αυτα εις τον κορβαναν, επει τιμη αιματος εστι. since price them into the treasury, of blood it is.

🛚 Συμβουλιον δε λαβοντες, ηγορασαν εξ αυτων they nought with taking,

τον αγρον του κεραμεως, εις ταφην τοις ξηνοις. to bury field of the potter, the strangers. 8 Διο εκληθη δ αγρος εκεινος, αγρος αίματος,

Therefore is called the field that, of blood. <sup>9</sup> Τοτε επληρωθη το δηθεν έως της σημερον. was fulfilled the word spoken Theu the day. to

#### CHAPTER XXVII.

1 ‡Now, at the Dawn of day, All the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, held a Council against Jesus, in order to deliver him to death.

2 And binding him, they led and delivered him uz to Pilate, the GOVERNOR.

3 ! Then THAT Judas who DELIVERED him up, perceiving That he was condemned, repented; and returned the THIRTY Shekels to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELBERS.

4 saying, "I have sinned in betraying innocent Blood." But THEY said, "What is that to us? Thou wilt see to that."

5 And hurling the SHE-KELS in the TEMPLE, he withdrew, ‡ and having gone away, strangled him self.

6 And the high-priests taking the MONEY, said, "It is not lawful to put it into the † Corbanan, seeing it is the Price of Blood.

7 And taking Counsel they bought with it the † POTTER'S FIELD, as a burial-place for † STRAN-

8 Therefore that FIELD is called, # The field of Blood, even to THIS-DAY. 9 Then was verified the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. Pontius-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—2. Pontius—omit.

† G. The sacred treasury for the gifts which had been vowed to the temple. It was senamed from Corban, a gift. See Mark vii. 11. It was a large chest with a hole in the lid, and it stood in the court of the altar, on the right side as you face the house of the Lord. See 2 Kings xii. 9. This chest was out of the reach of those who brought their money to it. They delivered their money to the priest, who placed it in the chest. Hence Judas, when his money was refused, had to throw it on to the ground. The Corbanan, or chest in the court of the altar, must be distinguished from the grauphulakion, the treasury, mentioned in Mark xii. 41, and John viii. 20. This was a name given to the court of the women, because therein were placed chests for voluntary gifts to the temple. They were there placed because the crowd was greatest in that court; and it was into these chests that a Jew could drop a gift so privately that his left hand should not know what his right did.—S. Sharpe, † 7. It was just without the wall of Jerusalem, south of mount Zion, and was originally called the potter's field, because it furnished a sort of clay suitable for potter's ware. Accidama, as late as the seventeenth century, was used as a burying-place by the Armenian Christians in Jerusalem. But according to Robinson, it has long been abandoned for sepulchral purposes. It is not kenced in, and the charnel house, now a ruin, is all that remains to point out the site.

† 7. The article is significant in the original, though our language will not bear it. For it shows that strangers in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger in general, p

<sup>† 1.</sup> Mark xv. 1; Luke xxil. 66; John xviii, 28. • 18. dets 1, 19.

even as directed

Ίερεμιου του προφητου, λεγοντος " Και δ.α through Jeremiah the prophet, saying; την τιμην του  $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta o \nu \tau \alpha \tau \rho \iota \alpha \kappa o \nu \tau \alpha \alpha \rho \gamma \nu \rho \iota \alpha$ the price of the pieces of silver, thirty τετιμημενου, δυ ετιμησαντο απο υίων Ισραηλ, having been valued, whom they almed from sons of Israel, 10 και εδωκαν αυτα εις τον αγρον του κεραμεως. and gave them for the field of the potter; καθα συνεταξε μοι κυριος."

me

11 Ο δε Ιησους εστη εμπροσθεν του ἡγεμονος. The and Jesus stood in presence of the governor; και επηρωτησεν αυτον ὁ ήγεμων, λεγων Συ saying; Thou asked him the governor, Ο δε Ιησους δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; €1 The and art the of the Jews? 12 Και εν τφ κατηγο- $\epsilon \phi \eta$  aut  $\omega$  ·  $\Sigma v$   $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon is$ . said to him; Thou sayest. And in the to he acρεισθαι αυτον ύπο των αρχιερεων και των him by the high-priests and the πρεσβυτερων, ουδεν απεκρινατο. 13 Τοτε λεγει nothing he answered. says αυτω ό Πιλατος. Ουκ ακουεις, ποσα  $\sigma o v$ to him the Pilate; Not thou hearest, how many things of thee 14 Και ουκ απεκριθη αυτφ καταμαρτυρουσι; And not he answered him they bear witness against? προς ουδε έν βημα· ώστε θαυμαζειν τον ήγεto astonish to not even one word; 80 88 μονα λιαν, ernor greatly.

15 Κατα δε έορτην ειωθει At and a feast was accustomed the governor λυειν ένα τω οχλω δεσμιον, δν  $\eta\theta\in\lambda o\nu$ . one to the crowd prisoner, whom they wished. 16Ειχον δε τοτε δεσμιον επισημον, λεγομενον They had and then oprisoner noted, being called 17 Συνηγμενων ουν αυτων, ειπεν Βαραββαν. Having being assembled then of them, said αυτοις δ Πιλατος Τινα θελετε απολυσω ύμιν; to them the Pilate; Which wish you I release

WORD SPOKEN through I Jeremiah the PROPHET, saying, # "And I took "the THIRTY Shekels, (the "price at which they val-"ued the PRECIOUS ONE,) "from the Sons of Israel,

10 "and gave them "for the POTTER'S FIELD, "even as the Lord directed "me."

11 And Jesus stood before the GOVERNOR; and HE asked him, saying, t"Art thou the king of the Jews?" And Jesus replied, "Thou sayest."

12 But he made no reply to the accusations of the HIGH-PRIESTS and the

13 Then PILATE says to him, "Dost thou not hear how many things they testify against thee?"

14 And he gave him no answer, not even one Word; so that the cov-ERNOR was greatly surprised.

15 # And at each Feast the GOVERNOR was accustomed to release to the CROWD one Prisoner, whom they wished.

16 And they had then a well-known Prisoner, named † Barabbas.

17 Therefore, being assembled, PILATE said to them, "Which do you to you? | wish that I release to you?

δ ήγεμων απο-

<sup>† 9.</sup> This quotation from the prophet has greatly puzzled the critics. The passage is not found in Jeremiah; and only something very like it in Zechariah. Several solutions of the difficulty have been offered. 1. A corruption of the names arising from MS. abbreviations; e.g., some copyist mistaking Zon, Zechariah, for Ion, Jeremiah. 2. That Matthew simply wrote, through the prophet, omitting, as he often did, the name of the prophet. The ancient Syrian and Persian versions omit the name, and some Greek MSS, but a large majority of MSS, insertit. 3. Mede and Kidder suppose that Jeremiah in the first instance wrote the chapter from which these words are taken, as well as the two former, and that the Evangelist was influenced by this opinion. 4. Whithy says, "We know, from Jerome, that there was still extant in his time, an apocryphal book of the prophet Jeremiah, in which was found every letter of the words quoted by Matthew." Dr. Gaussen, remarks on this:—"We know also that the Second Book of Maccabees (ii. 1—9) relates many of the actions and words of Jeremiah, which are taken from another book than that of its canonical prophecies, Why, then, might not the words quoted by the evangelist have been pronounced really by Jeremiah, and have remained in the memory of the Church to the days of Zechariah, who might then have again given; them a place theopneustically in holy Scripture, (as is the case by Jeremiah, and have remained in the memory of the Church to the days of Zechariah, who might then have again given them a place theopneustically in holy Scripture, (as is the case with the unwritten words of Enoch, quoted in the Epistle of Jude, (verses 14 and 15,) or the unwritten words of Jesus Christ, quoted by St. Paul in the Book of Acts? (xx. 35.) What confirms this supposition is, that part only of the words quoted by St. Matthew are found in Zechariah. Besides, it is known that this prophet was ford of recalling the words of Jeremiah. (See Zech. i. 4, and Jer. xviii. 11; Zech. iii. 8, and Jer. xxiii. 5.) † 16. Some very ancient authorities cited by Origen, read "Jesus, the son of Abbas;" which Michelis says is undoubtedly the original reading. The word "Jesus" was omitted in later copies. in honor to the name.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Zech. xi. 12, 13. † 11. Mark xv. 2; Luke xxiii. 3; John xviii 83. Mark xv. 6 Luke xxiii. 17; John xviii. 30.

Βαραββαν, η Ιησου, τον λεγομενον Χριστου; βαταβραν στι Jesus, the being called Christ? <sup>8</sup> Ηιδει γαρ, ότι δια φθονον παρεδωκαν αυτον. Πε κιαν τος, that through envy they had delivered up him. <sup>19</sup> Καθημενου δε αυτου επι τοιν βηματος, απεσ-

Being seated and of him upon the tribunal. τειλε προς αυτον ή γυνη αυτου, λεγουσα. to him the wife of hum. saying, Μηδεν σοι και τφ δικαιφ εκεινφ. πολλα γαρ Nothing to thee and to the just one that; many things for 20 Of επαθον σημερον κατ' οναρ δı αυτον. in a dream because of him. l suffered this day δε αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι επεισαν τους but high-priests and the elders persuaded the οχλους, ίνα αιτησωνται τον Βαραββαν, τον δε crowds, that they should ask the Barabbas, the and 21 Αποκριθεις δε δ ήγεμων Ιησουν απολεσωσιν.

Answering and the governor they might destroy. ειπεν αυτοις: Τινα θελετε απο των δυο απολυσω said to them; Which wish you of the two I shall release υμιν; Οί δε ειπον: Βαραββαν.  $^{22}$  Λεγει αυ-They and said; to you? Barabbas. Hesays τοις δ Πιλατος Τι ουν ποιησω Ιησουν, τον What then shall I do Pilate; them the Jesus. the λεγομενον Χριστον; Λεγουσιν \*[αυτω] παντες· They say [to him] being called Christ? all; 23 'Ο δε ήγεμων εφη. Τι γαρ Σταυρωθητω.

Let him be crucified. The and governor said; What for κακον εποιησεν; Οί δε περισσως εκραζον, evil has be done? They but wehemently cried,

λεγοντες, Σταυρωθητω. saying, Let him be crusified.

 $24 \text{ Id} \omega \nu \delta \epsilon \delta \Pi : \lambda \alpha \tau o s \delta \tau i$ ουδεν ωφελει, Seeing and the Pilate that nothing protits, αλλα μαλλον θορυβος γινεται, λαβων ύδωρ, water, rather a tumult is made, taking απενιψατο τας χειρας απεναντι  $\tau o v$ οχλου, crowd, he washed the hands before the \*[του λεγων. Αθωος ειμι απο του αίματος Innocent I am from the blood ofthe saying : <sup>25</sup> Και **απ**οκριδικαιου] τουτου• ύμεις οψεσθε. of this : shall see. you And answerθεις πας δ λαος ειπε. Το αίμα αυτου εφ ημαs, all the people said: The blood of him upon 118, <sup>26</sup> Τοτε απελυσεν και επι τα τεκνα ήμων.

and upon the caildren of us. Then he released κυτοις τον Βαραββαν, τον δε Ιησουν φραγελto them the Barahbaa, the and Jesus having λωσας παρεδωκεν, ένα σταυρωθη.
scourged he delivered up, that he might be crucified.

wourged he delivered up, that he might be crucified.

<sup>27</sup> Τοτε οί στρατιωται του ήγεμονος παραλα-

10τε οι στρατιωται του ηγεμονος παραλα-Then the soldiers of the governor taking Barabbas? or THAT Jesus who is named Christ?"

18 For he knew That they had delizered him up

through Envy.

19 And while he was sitting on the TRIBUNAL, his WIFE sent to him, saying, "Have nothing to do with that JUST Person; for I have suffered much this-day, in a Dream, because of him."

20 ‡ But the High-PRIESTS and the ELDERS persuaded the CROWDS to ask for BARABBAS, and to

destroy Jesus.

21 And the GOVERNOR anwering, said to them, "Which of the Two do you wish me to release to you?" And they said, \*"BARABBAS."

22 PILATE says to them, "What then shall I do to THAT Jesus, who is named Christ?" They all say, "Let him be crucified."

23 And \*HE said, (No;)
"for what Evil has he
done?" But THEY vehemently cried, saying, "Let
him be crucified."

24 And Pilate, perceiving that he had no influence, but rather a Tumult was made, ‡taking Water, he washed his hands before the CROWD, saying, "I am innocent of \*this BLOOD; see nou to it."

25 And All the PEOPLE

answering, said, ‡"His BLOOD rest on us, and on

our CHILDREN."

26 He then released to them BARABBAS; and having scourged Jesus, he delivered him up to be crucified.

aha- 27 Then the SOLDIERS taking of the GOVERNOR having

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-21. BARABBAS. 24. JUST-omif. 24. this blood; see.

<sup>22.</sup> to him-omit.

<sup>23.</sup> нв ваід.

<sup>† 19.</sup> It is to be observed, that by this day is meant this night. This may seem a strange interpretation, till it is considered, that the day, according to the reckoning in Judea, began on the evening before Pilate's wife sent this message to ber husband; and that therefore the night in which she had her dream, was a constituent part of what she meant by this day. This is agreeable to what we read in Gen. i. 5; "the evening and the morning were the first day."—Bishop Pearce.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18; John xviii. 40; Acts iii. !4. † 25. Deut. xix. 10; Acts v. 28

βοντες τον Ιησουν ει**ς το** πραι-ωριον, συνηγαinto the judgment hall, they gathered Jesus <sup>28</sup>Και εκδυεπ' αυτον όλην την σπειραν. And having COMPANY. him whole the company. σαντες αυτον, περιεθηκαν αυτφ χλαμυδα κοκκιto him a soldier's cloak stripped him, they put on 29 Και πλεξαντες στεφανον εξ ακανθων, vnv. let. And braiding & Crown of thorns, επεθηκαν επιτην κεφαλην αυτου, και καλαμον placed upon the head of him, and a reed  $\epsilon \pi \iota \ \tau \eta \nu \ \delta \epsilon \xi \iota \alpha \nu \ \alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon^{\bullet}$ και γονυπετησαντες the right of him; and bending the knee εμπροσθεν αυτου, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, λεγοντες. in presence of him, mocked him, eaying; . <sup>30</sup>Και εμπτυ-Χαιρε, δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. the ofthe Jews. And spitking σαντές εις αυτον, ελαβον τον καλαμον, και him. they took the reed, and 31 Kaι δτε ετυπτον εις την κεφαλην αυτιυ. head the of him. And when ενεπαιξαν αυτφ, εξεδυσ**αν αυτον την** χλαμυδα, they had mocked him, they took off him the soldier a cloak, και ενεδυσ**αν α**υτο**ν τα ί**μα**τια αυτου·** και απηhim the garments of him; and put on γαγον αυτον εις το σταυρωσαι. 32 Εξερχομενοι into the to be crucified. Going out him δε, εύρον ανθρωπον Κυρηναιον, ονοματι Σιμωνα· a Cyrenian, and, they met a nian by name Simon: τουτον ηγγαρευ**σαν, ίνα** ąρŋ τον σταυρον that he might carry the they compelled,  $^{33}\,\mathrm{Ka}$ ι ελθοντες εις τοπον λεγομενον αυτου. of him. And coming into a place being called Γολγοθα, δ εστι λεγομενον κρανιου τοπος, Golgotha, which of a skull is being called e place,  $^{34}$ εδωκαν αυτφ  $m{\pi}$ ιειν οξος μετ $m{\alpha}$  χολης μεμι $m{\gamma}$ they gave to him to drink vinegar with gall having been ηθελε πιειν. μενον. γευσαμενος, και OUK mixed; and having tasted, he would drink. not <sup>\$5</sup> Σταυρωσαντες δε αυτον. διεμερισαντο Cruclfying him. they divided the 36 Κ*ωι* καθηίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον.

led Jesus into the † PRAS-TORIUM, gathered together against him the Whole COMPANY.

28 And \*clothing him, they put on him a soldier's † scarlet Cloak.

29 \$\(^2\) And wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, they placed it on his HEAD, and put a Reed in his RIGHT hand; and kneeling before him, they mocked him, saying, "Hail, \* King of the Jews!"

30 ‡ And spitting on him, they took the REED, and struck him on the HEAD.

31 And when they had insulted him, they divested him of the SOLDIER'S CLOAK, and clothed him with his own RAIMENT, and led him away to be CRUCIFIED.

32 ‡And going out, they met a Cyrenian, named Simon; him they compelled to carry his cross.

33 And having arrived at a Place called Golgotha, which is called, a Place of a Skull,

34 they gave him \*Wine to drink, mixed with Gall; which, having tasted, he would not drink.

35 ‡And after nailing him to the cross, they distributed his GARMENTS by Lot. †

36 And sitting down, they watched him there.

37 And over his HEAD

there.

37 Kai

casting

μενοι ετηρουν αυτον εκει.

garments of him,

seated they watched

And

And being

 $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha \nu$ 

they placed

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-28. clothing him, they put on him. JEWS. 34. Wine.

<sup>29.</sup> King of the

<sup>† 27.</sup> The palace of the Roman governor was so called. But here the court-yard in front of the Prætorium seems meant. The Roman Prætorium had been Herod's palace. It stood to the west of the temple. The road from the Prætorium entered the temple by a bridge over the valley at the south-west corner.

† 28. The color distinguished it as suitable for a man of high rank in the army; but in shape the clamys was the same for the emperor and for the common soldier. This was put on him to ridicule his pretensions to the title of a king.

† 29. It does not appear, that this crown was intended to torture his head, but rather to mock his claim to royalty. Dr. Clarkes ys, "Mark, chap. xv. 17; and John, chap. xix. 5, term it stephanon akanthinon, which may very well be translated an acanthine crown, or wreath formed out of the branches of the herb acanthus, or bear's foot. This, however, is a prickly plant, though nothing like thorns, in the common meaning of that word." † 35. The clause found in the Common Version, "that it might be fulfilled which was spoked by the prophet, "They parted my garments among them, and upon my vesture did they cast lots," is found in comparatively few MSS., and has no place in the ancient versions.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Mark xv. 16; John xiz. 2. † 28. Luke xxiii. 11. † 29. Psa. lxiz. 19 † 30. Isa 1. 6. † 32. Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii. 26. † 34. Psa. lxiz. 21. † 36 Psa/xxii. 18: John xiz. 23.

€TCLV CO της κεφαλης αυτου την αιτιαν αυτου above the head of him the accusation of him "Ουτος εστιν Ιησους δ βασιλευς γεγραμμενην "This having been written; the των Ιουξαιων. ofthe Jews."

33 Τοτε σταυρουνται συν αυτφ δυο λησται were crucified with him two robbers; εκ δεξιων, και eis eξ 39 Oi ενωνυμων. 4.5 Those right and one left. one by ε 3.λασφημουν δε αυτον, παραπορευομενοι and passing along reviled hım, <sup>40</sup>και λεγονκινουντες τας κεφαλας αύτων, shaking the neada of them. and 887-'Ο καταλυων τον ναον, και εν TES. τρισιν He overthrowing the temp'e, and in three ing; ήμεραι**ς ο**ικοδομων**, σ**ωσον σεαυτον. υίος EL building, save thyself; aron του θεου, καταβηθι απο του σταυρου. thou art of the God, come down from the cross. 41 'Ομοιως δε και οί αρχιερεις, εμπαιζοντες μετα Likewise and also the high-priests, mocking with και πρεσβυτερων, ε εγον. των γραμματεων the elders. said; scribes and

<sup>62</sup> Αλλους ησωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι· ει he saved, himself not is able Others to save βασιλευς Ισραηλ εστι, καταβατω νυν απο του he is, let him come down now of Israel from the a king ι: Πεποιθεν σταυρου, και πιστευσομέν αυτω. and we will give credit to him. επι τον θεον. φυσασθω νυν αυτον, ει θελει God; let him rescue now the him, of he wistes 'Ότι θεου ειμι υίος. him; he said for; Tuat of God Lam a son. That αυτο και οί λησται, οί συσταυρωθεντες those chrough it also the robbers, being crucified αυτφ, ωνειδιζον αυτον. with him, reproached

<sup>45</sup> Απο δε ίκτης ώρας σκοτος εγενετο €TL From now SIZER bour darkness <sup>46</sup> Περι δε πασαν την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. the land, .1: till hour ninth. About and την εννατην ώραν ανεβοησεν ό Ιησους φωνη cried out the Jesus with a voice tne μεγαλη, λεγων Ηλι, ηλι. λαμα σαβαχθανι; great Eli, lama saying; Eli; saba 'thani? εστι. Θεε μου, θεε μου ίνατι με εγκατε-5019 O God of me, O God of me: why me that hast thou 4 Τινες δε των εκει έστωτων, ακου- $\lambda \iota \pi \epsilon s$ . forsaken? Some and of those there standing, having σαντες, ελεγον 'Οτι Ηλιαν φωνει ούτος. <sup>48</sup> Kaı said: For Elias he cries heard. this And €ξ δραμων eis. αυτων, λαβων ευθεως Kal immediately running οĬ one shem. and taking **π**εριθεις πλησας  $\tau \epsilon$ οξους, σπογγυν, Kaı filling of vinegar, and atteching a aponge, and

they placed his accusation in writing, "This is Jesus, the KING of the JEWS."

38 ‡At the same time, Two Robbers were crucified with him, one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

39 ‡ Now those passing by, reviled him, shaking their heads,

40 and saying, "Des-TROYER of the TEMPLE! and Builder of it in Three Days, save thyself. If thou art a Son of \*God come down from the CROSS."

41 In like manner also, the HIGH-PRIESTS with the SCRIBES and Elders, deriding, said,

42 "He saved Others; Himself he cannot save. \*Is he the King of Israelf let him now descend from the CROSS, and we will believe \*on him.

He confided in God; let him rescue now, if he delights in him; for he said, 'I am God's Son.'"

44 THOSE ROBBERS also, who were CRUCIFIED with him, reproached him.

45 ‡ Now from the Sixth Hour there was † Darkness on All the LAND till the ninth Hour.

46 And about the NINTH Hour, Jesus exclaimed, with a loud Voice, saying, "Eh, Eh, Iama sabachthani?" that is, "My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me?"

47 And some of THOSE STANDING there, hearing him, said, "He calls for Elijah."

48 ‡ And immediately one of them ran, and taking a Sponge filled it with Vinegar, and putting it

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. God.

<sup>42.</sup> Is he the King of largel?

<sup>42.</sup> on him.

<sup>† 45.</sup> The darkness which occurred at this time was noticed as a prodigy by the heathens themselves. Tertullian appeals in Apol. c. 21, to the record of it in the Roman archives, it is highly improbable that it extended any further than the land of Judea.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Mark xv. 26. Luke xxiii. 38; John xix. 19. † 38. Isa, liii. 12. † 30. Psa. xxv. 7; 61x. 25. † 48. Psa. lxix. 21.

49 Oi δε λοιποι καλαμω, εποτιζεν αυτον. gave to drink The but others to a reed, him. HAias, ιδωμεν, ει ερχεται ελεγον. A¢es. Elias. if said: Leave alone we may see, comes <sup>50</sup> 'Ο δε Ιησους, παλιν κραξας αυτον. σωσων will be saving him. The then Jesus, again crying μεγαλη, αφηκε το πνευμα. Φωνη with a voice great, resigned the breath.

<sup>51</sup> Και ιδου, το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη curtain And lo, the of the temple was rent εις δυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω και ή γη εσinto two, from to above below; and the earth was <sup>52</sup>και τα εισθη, και αί πετραι εσχισθησαν, and and the rocks were rent, μνημεια ανεφχθησαν και πολλα σωματα των bodies were apened; and many κεκοιμημενων άγιων ηγερθη, 53 και εξελθοντες having been asleep holy ones were raised, and coming forth των μνημειων, μετα την εγερσιν αυτου resurrection of him tomos, after the from the εισηλθον εις την άγιαν πολιν, και ενεφανισθησαν went into the holy city, and

πολλοις. to many.

εκατουταρχος και οί μετ' <sup>54</sup> 'Ο δε and those with centurion him The and του Ιησουν, ιδοντες τον σεισμον τηρουντες the earthquake seeing watching the Jesus, σφοδρα, εφοβηθησαν γενομενα, και  $\tau a$ they were afraid much. and the things being done, θεου  $A\lambda\eta\theta\omega s$ ούτος. λεγοντες. vios  $\eta \nu$ this. saying; Truly of God a son was <sup>55</sup> Ησαν δε εκει γυναικες πολλαι απο μακfrom a dis-Were and there women many ροθεν θεωρουσαι· αίτινες ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου beholding; who followed the Jesus απο της Γαλιλαίας, διακονούσαι αυτώ $^{-56}$   $\epsilon \nu$ Galilee, ministering to him; among from the αίς ην Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του whomwas Mary the Magdalene, and Mary theofthe Ιακωβου και Ιωση μητηρ, και ή μητηρ των mother, and the mother of the and James υίων Ζεβεδαιου. of Zebedee. sons

ανθρωπος 57 Otias  $\delta\epsilon$  $n\lambda\theta \in \nu$ γενομενης, being came, came a man Evening and πλουσιος απο Αριμαθαιας, τουνομα Ιωσηφ, δς Joseph, who by name rich Arimathea.

on a Reed, gave him to drink.

49 But others said. "Let him alone; let us see whether Elijah will come to save \* him."

50 Then JESUS crying out again with a loud Voice, expired.

51 # And, behold, +the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom; and the EARTH trembled, and the ROCKS were rent:

52 and the TOMBS were opened; and Many Bodies of the SLEEPING SAINTS were raised;

and coming forth from the TOMBS, after his RESURRECTION went into the HOLY City, and appeared to Many.

αυτου

54 I Now the CENTU-RION and THOSE WITH him WATCHING JESUS, sceing the EARTHQUAKE. and the EVENTS occurring, were greatly afraid, saying, "This was certainly a Son of God."

And many Women were there, + beholding at a distance; these had followed JESUS from GALI-LEE, ministering to him;

56 among them were Mary of Magdala, and Mary the MOTHER JAMES and Joses, and the MOTHER of the sons of Zebedee.

57 And Evening being come, a rich Man came from Arimathea, named

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 49. him. And another took a spear, and pierced his side and there came out Blood and Water.

<sup>† 51.</sup> In Solomon's Temple the sanctuary was divided from the holy of holies by a wall, beyond which the veil fell; but in Herod's Temple, as Maimonides relates, a second veil, at the distance of a cubit from the first, supplied the place of the wall. That it was the interior veil, belonging to the holy of holies, which was rent at the crucifixion is clearly intermated in Heb. ix. 8; x. 10, as well as by the term which the Evangelist has employed to designate it.

† 55. So Mark and Luke; nor are they inconsistent with John xiv. 25, where our Lord's mother and the other two women are said to have stood beside the cross. They kept at a distance for a while; and afterwards as the darkness came over, gathered courage, and came so near that Jesus had an opportunity to speak to them before he expired .- Macknight

Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 47. 2 51. Exod. xxvi. 31; 2 Chron. iii. 14.

εμαθητευσε τω Ιησου. 68 Ούτος kal autos himself was discipled to the Jesus. . He προσελθων τω Πιλατω ητησατο το σωμα του requested the coming to the Pilate body of the Τοτε δ Πιλατος εκελευσεν αποδοθηναι Inσov. Jesus. Then the Pilate ordered to be given 59 Και λαβων το σωμα δ Ιωσηφ, το σωμα And the body the body. taking Joseph, σινδονι καθαρά. 60 και εθηκεν ενετυλιξεν αυτο it fine linen cloth clean : and αυτο εν τφ καινφ αύτου μνημειφ, 3 ελατομη-it in the new of himself tomb, which he had σεν εν τη πετρα• και προσκυλισας λιθον μεγαν hewn in the rock; and having rolled a stone great 61 Hv δ€ τη θυρά του μνημείου, απηλθέν. of the door of the tomb, he went tway. he went tway. Was and εκει Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και ή αλλη Μαρια, and the other there Mary the Magdalene, Mary, καθημεναι απεναντι του ταφου. over against the sepulchre.

62 Τη δε επαυριον, ήτις εστι μετα την παρα-The now next day, which is after the prepaprepaσκευην, συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριwere assembled the high-priests and the Phari-63 λεγοντες. προς Πιλατον, Κυριε, σαιοι Pilate, sees to saying; O sir, εμνησθημεν, δτι εκεινος δ πλανος ειπεν ετι we remember. that that the deceiver eaid while 64 K∈-(ων. Μετα τρεις ημερας εγειρομαι. three days I will arise.  $\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{o}}$ ουν ασφαλισθηναι τον ταφον έως thou command therefore to be made fast the tomb till **της τ**ριτη**ς ή**μερας, μεποτε **ε**λθοντες οί μαθηthe third coming day, lest the disciται αυτου, κλεψωσιν αυτον, και ειπωσι τω him, and might say to the ples of him, might steal  $H\gamma \in \rho\theta\eta$ απο των νεκρων και εσται people: He has been raised from dead; the aud will be <sup>65</sup> Εφη ή εσχατη πλανη χειρων της πρωτης. fraud worse of the first. Said αυτοις δ Πιλατος Εχετε κουστωδιαν ύπαγετε, Pilate; You have to them the a guard; go you, 66 Οί δε πορευθεντες ασφαλισασθε, ώς οιδατε. make fast, as you know. They and going ησφαλισαντο τον ταφον, σφραγισαντές τον made fast the tomb. having sealed the λιθον, μετα της κουστωδιας.

‡ Joseph, who also himself was discipled to Jesus.

58 Me going to PILATE requested the BODY of JE-sus. Then PILATE ordered \* it to be given.

59 And Joseph, taking the BODY, wrapped it in pure, fine Linen,

60 tand laid it in his own NEW Tomb, which he had excavated in the ROCK; and having rolled a great Stone to the DOOR of the TOMB, he departed.

61 And MARY of MAG-DALA was there, and the OTHER Mary, sitting opposite the TOMB.

62 Now on the MORrow, which is after † the PREPARATION, the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISEES convened before Pilate.

63 se ing, "Sir, we recollect that that imposter said, while living, 1'After Three Days I will arise.'

64 Command, therefore, the TOMB be made secure till the THIRD Day, lest \* the DISCIPLES come and steal him, and say to the PEOPLE, 'He is raised from the dead; and so the Last Error would be worse than the FIRST."

65 PILATE said to them. †" You have a Guard; go, make it as secure as you know how."

66 And departing, THEY secured the TOMB with the GUARD, 1 having sealed the STONE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 58. it to be given. 64. the DISCIPLES.

<sup>† 62.</sup> Paraskeee denoted the day preceding any sabbath or festival, as being that on which the preparation for its celebration was to be made.

† 65. The Jews had a Roman guard appointed them for the security of the temple. It was usually stationed in the castle of Antonio, but removed during festivals to the outer court of the temple, to quell any tumult that might arise in the city. Pilate gave them leave to employ this guard for their present purpose.

† 66. A mode of security in use from the earliest times, and which supplied the place of locks. See Dan. vi.17. It was usuall to affix the action the terremities of a cord or leathern band, passing over the stone. But how futile were the machination of his enemies in order to prove him to be an impostor! Letit be remembered that the tomb was new, and excavated out of the rock—was continuous to Jerusalem—a great stone was was new, and excavated out of the rock—was contiguous to Jerusalem—a great stone was placed at the entrance, and was scaled to prevent deception—and a guard to protect the body All these facts are strong presumptive proofs of the reality of the resurrection.

xvi. 21: xvii. 23: xx. 19; xxvi. 61: Mark viii. 31; x. 34: Luke ix. 22; xviii. 33; xxiv. 6, 7
John ii. 19. 166. Dan. vi. 17. t 63. Matt

## KE $\Phi$ . $\kappa \eta'$ . 28.

1 Οψε δε σαββατων, τη επιφωσκουση ELS dawning After now sabbath, to the into  $\mu$ ι  $\lambda$ ν σαββατων, ηλ $\theta$ ε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, first of week, came Mary the Magdalene, 2 Kai και ή αλλη Μαρια, θεωρησαι τον ταφον. and the other Mary, to see the tomb. And ιδου, σεισμος εγενετο μεγας. αγγελος γαρ ashaking occurred great; a messenger for κυριου, καταβας εξ ουρανου, προσελθων απεκυof a lord, descending from heaven, approaching rolled λισε τον λιθον \* [απο της θυρας,] και εκαθητο awsy the stone [from the door,] and sat 3 Ην δε ή ίδεα αυτου ώς αστραεπανω αυτου. Was and the aspect of him like lightπη, και το ενδυμα αυτου λευκον ώσει χιων. of him white anow. ming, and the garments 28  $^4$  A $\pi o$   $\delta \epsilon$ του φοβου αυτου εσεισθησαν οί of him the and the fear shook <sup>5</sup> Αποκτηρουντες, και εγενοντο ώσει νεκροι. Anand became as dead (men.) Mn $\rho i\theta \epsilon is \delta \epsilon \delta \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda os \epsilon i\pi \epsilon \tau \alpha is \gamma \nu \nu \alpha i \xi \eta^*$ sworing and the messeuger Not said to the women; φοβεισθε ύμεις. οιδα γαρ, δτι Ιησουν τυν you; I know for, that Jesus that <sup>6</sup> Ουκ ώδε.  $\{\eta\tau\epsilon_1\tau\epsilon.$  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ εσταυρωμενον you seek. ηγερυη γαρ, καθως ειπε. be has been raised for, even having been crucified Not he is here:  $\Delta \epsilon v \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\iota \delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ he said. Come, see 7 Και ταχυ τον τοπον, όπου εκειτο ὁ κυριος. quickly lay the Lord. And where place, πορευθεισαι ειπατε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ότι the disciples of him, going απο των νεκρων και ιδου, προαγει ηγερθη he has been raised from the lo, he goes before dead; and ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν' εκει αυτον οψεσθε him you will see; you into the Galilee; there ιδου, ειπον ύμιν. I told you.  $^8\,\mathrm{K}$ αι εξελθουσαι ταχυ απο  $\tau o v$ μνημειου the tomb coming out quickly from μετα φοβου και χαρας μεγαλης, εδραμον απαγ-

fear and joy great, they ran to in-9 \* ['Ως δε εποργειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου. [As and they the disciples of him. ευοντο απαγγειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου, και to inform the disciples went. õ In  $\sigma o u s$  a  $\pi \eta \nu \tau \eta \sigma \in \nu$  autais,  $\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu$ ιδου, the Jesus met them. saying; Αί δε προσελθουσαι εκρατησαν αυτου Χαιρετε. They and having approached laid hold of him <sup>10</sup> Τοτ ϵ τους ποδας, και προσεκυνησαν αυτφ. Then andprostrated to him. λεγει αυταις δ Ιησους. Μη φοβεισθε ύπαγετε, says to them the Jesus; Not be afraid; go you, απαγγειλατε τοις αδελφοις μου, ίνα απελθωσιν inform to the brethren of me, so that they may go εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κακει με οψονται.

Galilee,

- 1 1 Now after the Sabbath, as it was dawning to the first day of the Week, Mary of Magdala, and the OTHER Mary, went to see the TOMB.
- 2 And, behold, a great Shaking occurred; for an Angel of the Lord descending from Heaven, came and rolled back the STONE; and sat upon it.
- 3 ‡ And his APPEAR. ANCE was like Lightning, and his vestments white as Snow;
- 4 and from FEAR of him the GUARDS trembled, and became as Dead men.
- 5 And the ANGEL answering, said to the wo-MEN, "Be not nou afraid; for I know That you seek THAT Jesus who was CRU-CIFIED.
- 6 He is not here; for he has been raised, even as he said. Come, see the PLACE where \* he lay.
- 7 And immediately go and tell his DISCIPLES That he has been raised from the DEAD; and, behold, the precedes you to GALILEE; there you will see Him; behold, I have told you."
- 8 And coming out immediately from the TOMB. with Fear and great Jov, they ran to tell his DIS. CIPLES.
- 9 # And, behold, Jesus met them, saying, "Rejoice!" And THEY having approached, clasped his FERT, and prostrated to
- 10 Then Jesus says to them, "Be not afraid; go tinform my brethren, scthat they may go to GALI-LEE, and there they will see Me."

Mark xvi. 7.

and there me they shall see.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. from the DOOR—omit.

6. he lay; so Tischendorf.

7. as they were going to tell his disciples—omit: so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 3. Dan x. 6. ‡ 7. Matt. xxvi. 32 ‡ 19. John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 29. 1 3. Dan x. 6.

Πορευομενων δε αυτων, ιδου, τινες της Going away and of them, lo, some of the πουστωδιας, ελθοντες εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν. into the city, toming told  $oldsymbol{ au}$ οις αρχιερευσιν απαντα  $oldsymbol{ au}$ α  $oldsymbol{ au}$   $oldsymbol{ au}$  ενομενα.  $^{12}$  Καί $^{12}$ all the (things) having been done. And HAPPENED. high priests συναχθεντες μετα των πρεσβυτερων, συμβουwirb' the being assembled etders, counsel λιον τε λαβοντες, αργυρια ίκανα εδωκαν τοις taking, pieces of silver sufficient they gave to the 13 Ειπατε, 'OT! of SOLDIERS, στρατιωταις, λεγοντες. saying; 'soldiers, Say you, That the мавитая автов, νυκτος ελθοντές, disciples of him by night coming, stole αυτον, ήμων κοιμωμενων. 14 Και εαν ακουσθη And if should be reported olus being asleep. τουτο επι του ήγεμονος, ήμεις πεισομέν αυτον, reported to the Governon, to the governor, we will persuade him, 15 Oi δε λαβκαι ύμας αμεριμνους ποιησομεν. and you free from care we will make. They and having ουτες τα αργυρια, εποιησαν ως εδιδαχθησαν. received the pieces of silver, did as they were taught. Και διεφημισθη δ λογος ούτος παρα Ιουδαιοις. And is spread abroad the word, this \_ among ,

μεχρι της σημερον. the day. 16 Οι δε ένδεκα μαθηται επορευθησαν ers την ciples went to Galilee. The and eleven disciples went to the Γαλιλαιαν, εις το ορας, δυ εταξατο αυτοις δ to, the mountain, where had appointed them the 17 Και ιδοντες αυτον, προσεκυησαν Invous. And him. they, prostrated sccing' 18 Και προσελθων δ αυτω· οί δε εδιστασαν. to him: they but doubted. approaching the Lnd Εδοθη μος Ιησους, ελαλεσεν αυτοις, λεγων to them, saying; Has been given to me spoke. Jesus, 19 Пореиπασα εξουσια εν ουρανφικαι επι γης. authority in heaven and on earth. Going θεντες μαθητευσατε πάντα τα εθνη, βαπτιζονall the nations, disciple you immera-TES AUTOUS ELS TO OVOMA TOU MATPOS KAL TOU INTO the NAME Of the FA-23 διχασκοντες. φίου και του αγιου πνευματος. son and of the boly spirit: teaching αυτους τηρειν παντα, όσα ενετειλαμην ύμιν. observe-all things which whatever I have charged you. them to observe all, Kat toov, εγω μεθ' υμων ειμιπαπας τας ήμερας;
And to I with you am all the care, έως της συντειλείας του αιώνος. ofthe

11 And as they were going away, some of the GUARD, entering the CITY, told to the High-Priests All the THINGS which had

19 And being assembled with the ELDERS, and taking Counsel, they gave a good many Shekels to the

13 saying, "Say you, εκλεψαν that His DISCIPLES came by Night, and stole him, while-we-slept;

> 14 and if this should be we will persuade-him, and make you safe."

15 And then having received the SHEKELS, did as they were instructed; and this saving is curently reported among the Jews to \*THIS day.

16 And the BLEVEN DISto the MOUNTAIN where JESUS had ordered them.

17 And secing him, they (indeed) prostrated to him; hut some doubted.

18 And JESUS approaching, spoke to them, saying, it"All Authority has been imparted to me, in Heaven and on Earth.

19 1 Go, disciple All the NATIONS, immersing them into the NAME of the FAof the HOLY Spirit;

20 Iteaching them to I have -enjoined upon you; and, behold I am with you all the DAYS. till the consumnation of the AGE:"

# \* ACCORDING TO MATTHEW

<sup>†13.</sup> Matt zi. 77: John iii. 35: v. 22; ziii. 3; zvil. 2; Rom. ziv: 0; 1 · Cor. zv. 27; Eph. 5 10, 21; Philair 0 10: 1 Pet. iii. 22. 1012. Mark zvi. 15; Luke zzvi. 47; Rom. z. 180 1012. 23. 400. Actail 42. "VATICAR MANUSCRIPT .- 15. THIS Day. Subscription-According to Matthew.

# \*[EYAI FEAAICN] KATA MAPKON. [GLAD TIDINGS] BY MARK.

# \*ACCORDING TO MARK.

#### КΕФ. α'. 1.

<sup>1</sup>Αρχη του αυννηγελιου Ιησου Χριστου, υίου A beginning of the Mad tidings of Jesus Chra. L. a son 2° ως γεγρ πταιεν Ησαια τω προ-∞ου θευυ. i is written in Esaias of the God. ,ne proε Ιδου, εγω αποστελω τον αγγελεν  $\phi \eta \tau \eta$ ۴Lo, send the messenger phet; μου προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκευασει την face or thee, who wilt prepare the 3 Φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημφ. Έτοιόδον σου. way of thee. A voice rying out in the desert; Make μασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ποιειτε τας you ready the way of a lord, straight make you τριβους αυτου." 4 Εγενετο Ιωαννης βαπτιζων beaten ways of him;" Was John dipping εν τη ερημω, και κη υσσων βαπτισμα μεταin the desert and publishing a dipping of refor-5 Και εξεπορευετο νοιας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. mation into forgiveness of sins. And went out προς αυτον πασα ή Ιουδαια χωρα, και οί 'Ιερο-Judea all the country, and the Jeruκαι εβαπτιζοντο εν τω σολυμιται παντες. all; and were dipped Ιορδανη ποταμφ ύπ' αυτου, εξομολογουμενοι hу him, confessing Jordan river 6 Hv δε Ιωαννης ενδεδυτας ζμαρτιας αύτων. sins having been of them. Was now John μενος τριχας καμηλου, και ζωνην δερματινην and of a came. a beit eloth hairs made of skin περι την οσφυν αύτου, και εσθιων ακριδας και around the loins of Lim, and eating locusts and - Και εκηρυσσε λεγων Ερχεται μελι αγριον. wild. And he cried out honey saying; Comes δ ισχυροτερος μου **ο**πισω \*[μου,] oΰ mightier of me after of whom not the [me,] κυψας τον ίμαντα των €1µ1 ίκανος λυσαι worthy bowed down to loose the string  $^8$  E $\gamma\omega$ \*[μεν] εβαπτισα αυτου. ύποδηματω**ν** sandals of him. [indeed] dipped αυτος δε ύμας εν ύδατι βαπτισει ύμας εν in but will dip you **φ**νευματι άγιω. spirit holy.

9 \* [Kai] εγενετο εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, [And] it came to pass in those the days, ηλθεν Ιησους απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας, και came Jesus from Nazareth of the Galilee, and

#### CHAPTER I.

- 1 The Beginning of the GLAD TIDINGS of Jesus Christ, the Son of \*God;
- 2 as it is written \* † in the prophets, ‡ "Behold, "\* I send my Messenger "before thy Face, who will "prepare thy WAY.
- 3 ‡ "A Voice proclaim-"ing in the DESERT, 'Pre-"pare the WAY for the "Lord, make the HIGH-"WAYS straight for him."
- 4 ‡John was immersing in the DESERT, and publishing an Immersion of Reformation for Forgiveness of Sins.
- 5 ‡ And resorted to him All the COUNTRY of JU-DEA, and all THOSE of Jerusalem, and were immersed by him in the RIVER JORDAN, confessing their SINS.
- 6 the Now John was cloth ed in Camel's Hair, with a Leathern Girdle encurcling his WAIST; and eating Locusts and Wild Honey.
- 7 And he proclaimed, saying, ‡"The POWELFUL ONE comes after me; for whom I am not worthy to stoep down and untie the STRINGS of his SANDALS.
- 8 # immerse you in Water, but he will immerse you in holy Spirit."
- 9 ‡ And it occurred, in Those DAYS, that Jesus came from Nazareth of GALILEE, and was im-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—Title-According to Mark. 1. God. the prophet. 2. I send. 7. me-omit. 8. indeed-omit. 9. And-omit.

<sup>7 2.</sup> As the common reading has an immense majority in its favor, and some noted versions; as the quotation is from two different prophecies, Mal.iii. 1, and Isa.x1, 2, 3, of which the nearest is not from Isaiah, but from Malachi; and as the Jews often say, "As it is written in the Prophets," yet it is never said in the N. T. written in a prophet, but by him; there seems to be no just ground for departing from the received text.—Campbell, Whitby, Lightfoot.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Mal. iji. 1; Matt. xi. 10; Luke vii. 27. † 3. Isa, xl. 3; Matt. iii. 3; I uke iii. 4; John i. 23. † 5 Matt. iii. 5. † 6 Matt. iii. 4; † 7. Matt. iii. 11; John i. 27; Acts xiii. 25. † 8. Acts i. 5; ii. 2-4; xi. 16; xix. 4; 1 Cor. xii. 13. † 9. Matt. iii. 13; Luke iii. 21.

«βαπτισθη ύπο Ιωαννου els τον Ιορδανην. 10 Και mersed by John in the wardipped by John into the Jordan. And JOEDAN. was dipped by John into the Jordan. ευθεως αναβαινων απο του ύδατος, ειδε σχιζοimmediately ascending from the water, he saw rend-μενους τους ουρανους, και το πνεσμα, ως heavens, and the spirit,
καταβαίνου επ' αυτου.
descending upon him. the 8.6 11 Ka1 περιστεραν, descending And φωνη εγενετο εκ των ουρανων "Συ ει ό avoics came out of the heavens; "Thou art the

υίος μου δ αγαπητος, εν φ ευδοκησα."

son of me thu beloved, 'in whom I delight."

12 Και ευθυς το πνευμα αυτον εκβαλλει εις And immediately the spirit him casts ... into Kai ην εν τη ερημω ήμερας
And he was in the desert days. την ερημον. desert. 1 τεσσαρακοντα, πειραζομενος ύπο του σατανα, furty, being tempted by the severency, και ην μετα των θηριων και οι αγγελοι διη-and was with the wild beaute; and the messengon man-κονουν αυτω. Intered to him.

14 Μετα δε το παραδοθηναι τον Ιωαννην, After now the to be delivered up the John, ... came the Jesus into the Galilee, preaching το ευαγγελιον \*[της βασιλείας] του βεου, the glad tidings [of the kingdom] στο εναγων 'Οτι πεπληρωται δ καιρος, και and caying; That has been fulfilled the season, and ηγγικεν ή βασιλεία του θεου μετανοείτε, και has come nighthe majesty of the God; reform you, and πιστευετε ενντω ευαγγελίω. 16 Περιπατων δε believe you in the good message. Walking & and παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλοίτε ηλθεν δ Ιησους εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κηρυσσων παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαιας; ειδε Σιμωνα by the oca of the Galilee, he saw Simon και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον αυτου, αμφιβαλλοντας and Andrew the brother of him, easting αμφιβληστρον εν τη θαλασση ησαν a fiching net in the sea; they we noav yap 17 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Δευτε ermen. àlieis. boa enid to them the Jesus; Come

οπισω μου, και ποιησω ύμας γενεσθαι άλιεις after me, and I will make you to be fishers 18 Και ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα And immediately leaving the new ApoBas ανθρωπων. of men. συτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτφ.

SUTWY, ηκυλουσησε him. And bring them, they followed him. And βετισμένη εκειθεν] ολιγον, ειδεν Ιακωβον τον του βallele, he saw James the of the same autou.

Zeβeδαιου, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου, Zebedee, and John the brother of him. και αυτούς εν τω πλοιω καταρτιζοντας τα BROTHER; they also were and themselves in the chip were mending the in the BOAT repairing the δικτυα 20 και ευθεως εκαλεσεν αυτους.

them. and immediately he called And neta;

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. thee I delight. 14. of the Kingpow-omit. And as he was passing along by. 16. the BROTHER of Simon, casting.

10 1 And ascending from the WATER, instantly he saw the HEAVENS open-ing, and the SPIRIT, like a Dove descending upon  $him. = \pi$ 

11 And a Voice cams from the HEAVENS, saying, I" Thou art my son, the BELOVED; in thee I delight."

12 1 And immediately the spirit sent Him forth into the DESERT.

13 And he was in the DESERT forty Days, being tempted by the ADVER-SARY; and was among the WILD BEASTS; and the angels served him .

14 I Now after John was imprisoned, Jesus came into GALILEE, publishing the GLAD TIDINGS of GoD,

15 and saying, 1"The TIME has been accomplished, and God's BOYAL MAJESTY has approached: TReform, and beheve in the good message."

16 t\* And as he was passing along by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Simon, and Andrew the BROTHER of Simon, casting a Drag into the LAKE: for they were Fish-

17 And Jesus said to them, "Come, follow me, and I will make you Fishers of Men.

18 And instantly !leaving "the NETS, they followed him.

19 ‡ And going forward a little, he saw THAT James who is the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his Kai NETS; 20 and he immediately

> 16, 18. tho

αύτων τον πατερα αΦεντες Zebedee leaving father ofthem in απηλθον μετα.  $\tau \omega \nu$ μισθωτων, πλοιω they went with the hirelings, ship οπισω αυτου.

him. after

 $^{21}\,\mathrm{Ka}$ ı εισπορευονται εις  $\mathrm{Ka}$ περναουμ $^{ullet}$ Kal Capernaum; into and And they went τοις σαββασιν εισελθων εις την συναευθεως going into the immediately to the sabbath ayna-22 Και εξεπλησσοντο γωγην, εδιδασκε.  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ And they were amazed gogne, he taught. at τη διδαχη αυτου ην γαρ διδασκων αυτους ώς he teaching of him; he was for teaching them 23 εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς οι γραμματεις.
authority baving, and not as the scribes. 23 Και ην εν τη συναγωγη αντων ανθρωπος εν a man And was in the synagogue of them in  $^{24} \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ πνευματι ακαθαρτφ, και ανεκραξε, spirit nuclean, and he cried out, saying, τι ήμιν και σοι, Ιησου Να(αρηνε, ] what to us and to thee, Jesus O Nazarene, \*[Εα,] [Let alone,] what to us  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon s$   $\alpha\pi o\lambda\epsilon\sigma\alpha i$   $\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha s$ ;  $oi\delta\alpha$   $\sigma\epsilon$   $\tau is$   $\epsilon i$ , comest thou to destroy us; I know thee who thou art, the  $^{25}$  Και  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \iota \mu \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$  αυτ $\omega$  δ  $\dot{a}_{\gamma ios}$   $\tau ov \theta \in ov$ .

him the of the God. And rebuked Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητι, κα εξελθε εξ αυτου. saying; Be silent, id come out of him. № Και σπαραξαν αυτον το πνευμα το ακαθαρτον, And convulsing him the spirit the unclean.

και κραξαν φωνη μεγαλη, εξηλθεν εξ αυτου. great, came out of him. and crying avoice <sup>27</sup> Και εθαμβηθησαν παντες, ώστε συζητειν

And they were astonished all, ao as to reason προς αύτους, λεγοντες Τι εστιτουτο, τις ή among themselves, saying; What is this? what the διδαχη ή καινη αυτη; ότι κατ' εξουσιαν και teaching the new this; that with anthority even teaching the new τοις πνευμασι τοις ακαθαρτοις επιτασσει και he enjoins to the to the unclean 28 Εξηλθε ή δε **α**κοη ύπακουουσιν αυτω. Went out and the to him. report they hearken ευθυς εις όλην την περιχωρον  $\tau\eta s$ forthwith into whole the country of the

Γαλιλαιας.

Galilee. <sup>29</sup> Και ευθεως, εκ της συναγωγης εξελθοντε**ς,** And instantly, out of the synagogue being come, ηλθον εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος και Ανδρεου, he went into the house of Simon and Andrew, <sup>30</sup> 'H δε μετα Ιακωβου και Ιωαννου.  $\pi \in \nu \theta \in \rho \alpha$  | John. John. The and mother-in-law James and Σιμωνος κατεκειτο πυρεσσουσα και ενθεως having a fever; of Simon was laid down and 1mmediately 31 Kai  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$  spoke to him about her. And coming 31 And approaching, λεγουσιν αυτώ περι αυτης. to him about her coming they spoke

 $Z \in \beta \in \delta \alpha_{10} \nu \in \nu$  called them; and leaving their FATHER Zebedee in the BOAT with the HIRED SERVANTS, they followed him.

> 21 # And they went to Capernaum; and on the sabbath, entering the SYNAGOGUE, he taught

the people;

22 and they were struck with awe at his mode of INSTRUCTION; for he taught them, as possessing Authority, and not as the SCRIBES.

23 ‡ Now there was in their synagogue, a Man with an impure Spirit; and he exclaimed,

24 saying, "What hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art, the HOLY ONE of God."

25 And Jesus rebuked it, saying, t"Be silent, and come out of him."

20 And the IMPURE SPIRIT, I having convulsed him, and having cried with a loud Voice, came out of him.

27 And they were all so astonished, as to reason \*with themselves, saying, "What is this? \*A new Doctrine? With Authority he commands even the IMPURE SPIRITS, and they obey him."

28 And his FAME soon spread abroad \* everywhere throughout the Entire REGION of GALILEE.

29 ‡ And being come out of the SYNAGOGUE, he immediately went into the House of Simon and Andrew with James and

30 Now Simon's MOTH-ER-IN-LAW lay sick of a fever, and forthwith they

31 And approaching, he

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPS .- 24. Let alone -omit. 27. with themselves. new Doctrine? With Authority. 28. everywhere throughout,

I 21. Matt. iv. 13; Luke iv. 31. 1 22. Matt. vii. 28. ‡ 23. ... nke iv. 33. 1 25. ver. 34; Mark iii. 12. 1 26. Mark ix. 20. Matt. viii. 29. viii. 14: Luke iv. 38.

ηγειρεν αυτην, κρατησας της χειρος αυτης heraised her, having laid hold of the hand of her; και αφηκεν αυτην  $\delta$  πυρετος \*[ευθεως] και ληκονε. αυτοις.

ministered to them.

cteansed.

32 Οψιας δε γενομενης, ότε εδυ ό ήλιος, Evening and being come. when set the εφερον προς αυτον παντας τους κακως εχοντας, they brought to him all those sickness having, δαιμονι ζομενους. 33 και ή πολις KAI TOUS and the and those being demonized, city <sup>34</sup> Kaı δλη επισυνηγμενη ην προς την θυραν**.** whole having been assembled was at the door. And εθεραπευσε πυλλους κακως εχοντας ποικιλαις

naving he healed many sick variona νοσοις· και δαιμονια πολλα εξεβαλε, και ουκ demons many he cast out, and not discases; and ηφιε λαλειν τα δαιμον.α, ότι ηδεισαν αυτον. because they knew allowed to speak the demons, 35 και πρωι, εννυχον λιαν, αναστας εξηλθε, much, having arisen he went ont, And

prayed. And eagerly rottowed him the Simon και οί μετ' αυτου. <sup>37</sup> Και εύροντες αυτον, and those with him. And having found him,

λεγουσιν αυτφ' Ότι παντες (ητουσι σε. they say to him; That all seek thee.

 $^{38}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι λεγει αυτοις. Αγωμεν εις τας εχομ-And he says to them; We must go into the neighενας κωμοπολεις, ίνα και εκει κηρυξω. there I may preach; for that also 39 Και ην κηρυσοων τουτο γαρ εξεληλυθα. because I have come out. And he was proclaiming εις τας συναγωγας αυτων, εις όλην την Γαλιwhole the in the synagogues of them, in Gali-40 K.αι λαιαν, και τα δαιμονια εκβαλλων. and the demons casting out. And ερχεται προς αυτον λεπρος, παρακαλων αυτον. beseeching to him a leper, hita, comes \*[και γονυπετων αυτον, και] λεγων av: 7º to bard, kneeling him, and saying and 44 17 'Οτι εαν θελης, δυνασαι με καθαρισαι. thou wilt, thou art able me 1870 C to cleanse. δε Ιησους σπλαγχνισθεις, εκτεινας την χειρα, and Jesus being moved with pity, stretching out the hand, ηψατο αυτου, και λεγει αυτώ. Θελω, καθαsays to him: I will, be known  $*[\epsilon \iota \pi o \nu \tau o s \ \alpha \nu \tau o \nu,] \ \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \omega s$ touched of him, and 42 Kaı ρισθητι.

 $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$  an autou  $\eta$   $\lambda\epsilon\pi\rho\alpha$ , kai akabapith. departed from him the leprosy, and be was cleansed. And  $\epsilon\mu\beta\rho\mu\eta\sigma\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma$  aut $\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon\nu\theta\epsilon\omega s$   $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\beta\alpha\lambda\epsilon\nu$ . And baying strictly charged him. immediately be sent forth

[having said

And

And having strictly charged him, immediately he sent forth sent him away,

took hold of her HAND, raised her up, and the FEVER left her, and she served them.

32 ‡ And Evening being come, when the sun was set, they brought to him ALL the SICK, and the DEMONIACS:

33 and the whole CITY assembled at the DOOR.

34 And he cured Many sick of Various Disorders, and expelled many Demons; ‡ and permitted not the DEMONS to speak, because they knew \* him to be the Christ.

35 ‡And having arisen very early in the Morning, he went out into a Desert Place, and there prayed.

36 And \*Simon and THOSE with him eagerly followed him.

37 And having found him, they say to him, "All

seek thee."

38 And he says to them, the must go \*elsewhere, into the ADJA-CENT Towns, that I may proclaim there also; for this I have come forth."

39 ‡ And \* he were and proclaimed to them in their SYNAGOGUES throughout All GALILEE, and cast out the DF-MONS.

40 ‡ And a Leper comes to him, beseeching him, saying, "If thou wilt, thou canst cleanse Me."

41 And \*he, being move? with pity, extending \*his HAND, touched him, and says to hum, "I will; be thou cleansed."

42 And immediately the LEPROSY departed from him, and he was cleansed.

43 And having strictly charged him, he forthwith sent him away,

of him, | immediately

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. immediately—omit. 34. him to be the Christ. 55. and departed—omit. 36. Simon. 38. elsewhere, into. 39. he went and proclaimed to them in. 40. and kneeling down to him, and—omit. being moved. 41. his hand.

44 και λεγει αυτφ· 'Ορα, μηδενι μηδεν and says to him; See, to no one anything αυτον. him, ειπης αλλ' ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, thyself worla to the priest Lou tell; but 30, και προσενεγκε περι του καθαρισμου σου the purification of thee what for 45 'O προσεταξε Μωσης, εις μαρτυριον αυτοις. Moses, for a witness to them. δε εξελθων ηρξατο κηρυσσειν πολλα και διαφηbut going out began to publish many (things) and apread μιζειν τον λογον, ώστε μηκετι αυτον δυνασθαι abroad the word, so as no longer him to be abla αλλ' πολιν εισελθειν. φανερως  $\epsilon\iota s$ εξω without in publicly into a city to enter: but ερημοις τοποις ην, και ηρχοντο προς αυτον desert piaces he was, and they went to him πανταχοθεν. from all parts.

#### КЕФ. β'. 2.

Καπερναουμ δι' 1 Και παλιν εισηλθεν €LS And again he went into Capernaum after ηκουπθη, €στι. δτι ELS OLKOV ημερων• Kal and it was reported, that into a house he is. days:  $^2\,\mathrm{Ka}\iota$ \*[ $\epsilon v\theta \epsilon \omega s$ ]  $\sigma v \nu \eta \chi \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu \pi \sigma \lambda \lambda \sigma \iota$ , ὧστ€ [immediately] were gathered together many, 80 as And μηκετι χωρειν μηδε τα προς την θυραν• και no longer to contain not even the places near the door; and 3 Και ερχονται προς ελαλει αυτοις τον λογον. he spake to them the word. And they come to ύπο αυτον παραλυτικον φεροντες, αιρομενον bringing, heing carried a paralytic by  $^4$ Και μη δυναμενοι προσεγγισαι τεσσαρων. being able And not to come nigh four. δια οχλον, απεστεγασαν την αυτω  $\tau o \nu$ crowd, they uncovered the to him through the και εξορυξαντες δπου ην• χαλωσι and having dug through they let down where he was; τον κραββατον, εφ' ΄ω ὁ παραλυτικος κατεupon which the bed. paralytic the <sup>5</sup> Ιδων δε ὁ Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, κειτο. Seeing and the Jesus the faith of them, λεγει τφ παραλυτικφ. Τεκνον, αφεωνται σου says to the paralytic: Son, are forgiven of thee 6 Ησαν δε τινες των γραμματεων αί άμαρτιαι. scribes Were but some of the the sins. και διαλογιζομενοι Tais  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$ καθημενοι €₽ in and reasoning the there sitting <sup>7</sup>Τι ούτος ούτω λαλει βλασκαρδιαις αύτων• Why this thus speaks blashearts of them; τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη is able to forgive sins, if phemy? who not 8 Και ευθεως επιγνους δ Ιησους είς ὁ θεος; And immediately knowing the Jesus one the God?

44 and says to him, 1"See, that thou say nothing to any one; but go, show Thyself to the PRIEST, and present for thy PURIFICATION, those things which Moses commanded, † for Notifying (the cure) to the people."

45 ‡ But HE going out, began to publicly pro-

began to publicly proclaim and divulge the THING, so that he could no longer openly enter a City, but was without in Desert Places; and they resorted to him from all parts.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 And after some Days, the again entered Capernaum; and it was reported That he was in a House.

2 And Many were gathered together; so that (the house) could not contain them, nor the Parts at the DOOR; and he spake the WORD to them.

3 And they come \* bringing to him a Paralytic,

carried by Four.

4 And being unable to approach him, because of the CROWD, they uncovered the ROOF where he was; and having dug through, they lowered the touch on which the PARALYTIC was laid.

5 Now Jesus perceiving their faith, says to the paralytic, "Son, thy sins are forgiven."

6 But there were some of the SCRIBES sitting, and reasoning in their HEARTS.

THEARTS,

7 \* "Why thus speaks this man? He blasphemes!
Who can forgive Sins, but the One God?"

8 And Jesus, immedi-

3: bringing to him. 7. That

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—2. immediately—omit. this man thus speaks? He blasphemes! Who can.

<sup>† 44.</sup> See Notes on Matt. viii, 3, 4. † 4. Eastern beds are light and moveable, constituted from the floor, and over this a sheet, (in winter a carpet, or some such wooler covering,) the other sheet being sewed to the quilt. A divan cushion often serves for a pillow.

<sup>† 44.</sup> Lev. xiv. 3, 4, 10; Matt. viii. 4; Luke v. 14 ix. 1; Luke v. 18.

το ::πνευματι αύτου, ότι \*[ούτως] αυτοι διαλο-to the spirit of himself, that [thus] they reaγιζονται εν ξαυτοις, ειπεν αυτοις Τι ταυτα ioned among themselves, said to them; Why these (things) ταυτα διαλογιζεσθε εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων; HCBPLE Which reason yun in the ofyouP εστιν ευκοπωτερον; **ειπειν τφ παραλυτικφ**. easier? to say to the paralytic; Αφεωνται σου αί άμαρτικ: η ειπειν Areforgiven of thee the sins: or to say; Eyeipe, Arise, ασον σου τον κραββατον, και περιπατει; take up of thee the bed, walk? and 10 Ίνα δε είδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχει ό vios του That but you may know, that authority has the son of the ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι άμαρτιας (λεγει on the earth to forgive sins; (be says τω παραλυτικώ.) 11 Σοι λελω. Σγειρε, αρον To thee I say :take up paralytic;) Arise, τον κραββατον σου, και ύπαγε εις τον οικον of thee, and iato the the bed go house 13 Και ηγερθη ευθεως, και αρας τον And he was raised immediately, and taking up the σου. χραββατον, εξηλθεν εναντιον παντων ώστε went out in presence of all; 86 OS

That never saying; . thus 13 Και εξηλθε παλίν παρα την θαλασσαν. And he went out again by the 878. και πας διοχλος ηρχετο προς αυτον, και εδιand all the crowd came to .....,

14 Και παραγων είδε Λευίν τον

habour Levi the δασκέν αυτους. And passing on he sew Levi the sitting at the custom house, and Ακολουθεί μοι. Και σ.... του Αλφαιου, καθημένυν επι το τελωνιον, και of the Alpheus, sitting λεγει αυτω: me. to him:

and to glorify the

εξιστασθαι παντας, και δοξαζειν τον

λεγοντας. Ότι ουδεποτε ούτως ειδομεν.

all,

ν,κολουθησεν αυτω.
he followed bim.

15 Και εχενετο εν τφ κατακεισθαι αυτον εν And it happened in the o recline at table him in τη οικια αυτου, και πολλοι τελωναι και άμαρthe house of him, and many pub.icans and τωλοι συνανεκειντο τφ Ιησου και τοις μαθηταις with the Jesus and the disciples ησαν γαρ πολλοι, και ηκολουθησαν they were for many, and they followed αυτου. of him 16 Και οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι
And the scribes and the Pharisees CUTO. ι Σοντες αυτον εσθιοντα μετα των τελωνων και eating with the publicans bos. αμαρτωλων, ελεγον τοις μαθηταις αυτου· \*[Ti] said to the disciples of him: [Why] ότι μετα των τελώνων και αμαρτώλων εσθιει with of the publicans 'and, be este | ners!" sinners

ately perceiving in his SPIRIT, that they reasoned among themselves, the says to them, "Why do you reason thus in your HEARTS?

9 † Which is easier? to say to the PARALYTIC, 'Thy SINS are forgiven;' or to say (with effect,) 'Arise, take Thy couch,

and walk?

10 But that you may know That the son of MAN has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PARALLYTIC,)

11 "I say to thee, Arise, take up thy соиси, and

go to thy nouse."

12 And he was raised immediately, and taking up the COUCH, went out in presence of all; so that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, "We never say anything like this!"

13 And he went cut again by the LAKE; and All the CROWD resort d to him, and he taught

them.

θεον,

God,

14 ‡ And passing along, he saw that Levi who is the son of Alpheus, sitting at the TAX-OFFICE, and says to him, "Follow me." And arising, he followed him.

15 ‡ And it occurred; while he RECLINED AT TABLE in his HOUSE, Many Tribute-takers and Sinners also reclined with JESUS and his DISCIPLES: for they were Many, and they followed him.

16 And the scribes of the Pharisers observing him eating with the Triff UTF-TAKERS and † Sinners, said to his disciples, "He eats with TRIBUTE-TAXERS and Sinners!"

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-6. thus-omit. Phanishes saw him est, 16. Why-omit.

<sup>8.</sup> he says to them.

<sup>16,</sup> of the

<sup>† 16.</sup> By amartooloi, sinners, the Gentiles or heathen are generally understood in the Gespels, for this was a term the Jewe never applied to any of themselves.—Clarke.

<sup>1 9.</sup> Matt. ix. 5. 1 14. Matt. iz. 9; Luke v. 27.

17 Kai akovoas & Injous Level 17 And Jesus having \*[ Kai # 12 El ; ] And hearing the Jesus and drinks?] Ou xpetar exousiv of isxusures to They being in health have no Need of a Physi-EUTOIS\* Bo them; αλλ' οἱ κακως εχοντες. Ουκ ηλθον ιατρου, heing. Ma physician, but those sick Not I came καλεσαι δικαιους αλλα αμαρτωλους.

to.call just (ones) but sinners. 18 Και ησαν οί μαθηται Ιωαννού και οί Φαριwere the disciples of John and the Phari-Bot fast? And & said of to them the Jesus; Μη δυνανται οί είοι του νυμφωνος, εν ω το Bot ' Not ere able the cons of the bride-chamber, in which the νυμφιος μετ αυτων εστι, νηστευειν δοσον bildegroom with them. γ is, γ to fast το αυτων εχουσι τον νυμφιον, ου atime with themselves they have the bridegroom, 1 not δυνανται νηστευέιν. Εθ Ελευσονται δε ημεραι, will come in but days, >. are able of to fast, of are and απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, και when may be taken away from them the bridgroom, and τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκεινη τη ήμερα. <sup>21</sup>Ουδεις then they will fast in that the day.

No one in they will fast in that the day.

No one in the party σακους αγναφου επιρλαπτει επί αριτο ο of cloth unfulled in sews in the interior παλαιω. εί δε μη, αιρεί το πληρωμα ο mantle old, if but not, takes nway the patch arrow το καινον του παλαιου, και χειρον σχίσμα γινεται.

Σ Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον αταλαιους και χειρον ο fithe old, and wone σχίσμα γινεται.

Σ Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον areat becomes, And no one γ puts wine veov ets ασκους παλαίους: et δε μη, ρησσει δ new into bottles old; if but net, bursts the olvos δ \*[νεος] τους ασκους, teat δ qiνος wine the [new] the bottles, and the wine εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται αλλα οινον and the bottles is are lost; νεον εις ασκους καινους βλητεον.

new | must be put. nem into battles 23 Και εγενετο παραπορευεσβαι αυτον εν τοις και εγενετο παραπορευεσμαι αυτον εν τοις Από it came to pass to go him in the sabbath through the corn-fields, and began the μαθηται αυτου όδον ποτειν τιλλοντες τους duciples of him away to make it placking the σταχυας. <sup>24</sup> Και οί Φαρισαιοι ελεγον αυτου και τους οι βαλικ. <sup>24</sup> Από the Pharisees said to him, said to him, "See, why do they on the sabbath, what not is not lawful?"

says . heard it, says to them, cian, but THEY who are sick. I came not to call the Righteous, but Sinners."

18 ! Now the DISCIPLES of John and the PHARIsees were fasting; and they come and say to him, "Why do the DIS-CIPLES of John, "and the DISCIPLES of the PHAR-ISEES fast, but THINE fast not f"

19 And JESUS replied. "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the bridgedoom is with them? During the time they have the BRIDEgroom with them, they cannot fast.

20 But the Days will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, and then they will fast in That DAY.

21 No one sews a Piece of undressed Cloth on toan old Garment; if so, the NEW PIECE of itself takes away from the old, and & worse Rent is made.

22 And no one puts new Wine into told Skins; if so, the WINE \* will hurst the skins; and the wine will be lost, and the skins ; but new Wine into new Skins.'

23 # And it happened, that he was passing through the FIELDS OF

<sup>18.</sup> and the precipies of the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. and drinks -- omit. Pharisels fast, bit tuing lost not? 22. New-omit. 22. Mill and the will and the wine will be lost, and the skirs; but new Wine into new Skins, passing through. 23, made their way, to pluck. 22. will burst the sxive

<sup># 22.</sup> See Note in Matt. ix. 17.

<sup>1 17</sup> Matt ix. 12, 13; Luke v. 31. 82. Matk xit 1; Luke vi. 1.

 $^{25}$  Kai aυτος ελεγεν αυτοις $^{\circ}$  Ουδεποτε $^{\circ}$ εξεστι; said to them: Never is lawful? And he τι εποιησε Δαυιδ, δτε χρειαν εσχε, what did David, when need he had, ανεγνωτε, have you known, what aυτου; hungry, with him?  $\mu \epsilon \tau^2$ οî και επεινασεν, αυτος και he and those with hand was hungry,  $26 + \Pi \omega s$   $\epsilon \iota \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \iota s$  τον οικον του  $\theta \epsilon \sigma \upsilon$ , into the house of the God, επ. Αβιαθαρ του αρχιερεως, και τους αρτους to Abiathar (son) of the high-priest, and the loaves little-Priest, and at the sης προθεσεως εφαγεν, ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν! dideat, which not is lawful of the presence μη τοις ἱερευσι, και εδωκε και τοις συν eat; and he gave also to those with the priests, and he gave also to those with  $^{27}$  Και ελεγεν αυτοις. Το σαβ-1 27 He also said to them. if not αυτφ ουσι; he said being? And to them; The δια τον ανθρωπον because of the man  $^{28}\Omega\sigma\tau\epsilon$  kupios ανθοωπος δια το σαββατον. hecause of the sabbath. Sp that εστιν δ vios του ανθρωπου και του σαββατου. SABBATH." the son of the man even of the sabbath.

# КЕФ. γ'. 3.

Rai εισηλθε παλιν εις την συναγωγην·
And he entered again into the aynagogue; και ην εκει ανθρωπος εξηραμμενην εχων **τ**ην having been withered having and was there a man the <sup>2</sup> και παρετηρουν αυτον, ει τοις σαβ- cure him on the sabbath; and they closely watched him, if to the sab- that they might accuse χειρα hand: Βασι θεραπευσει αυτον, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν him. bath he will heal him. that they mig' t accuse <sup>3</sup> Και λεγει τφ ανθρωπφ τφ εξηραμ- MAN HAVING the Withαυτου. And he says to the  $\mu \in \nu \eta \nu \in \chi_0 \nu \tau_1 \tau \eta \nu \chi \in \iota \rho \alpha^*$ withered having the hand; Εγειρε εις το μεσον. MIDST." Arise in the midst. Εξεστι τοις σαββασιν "Is it lawful to do good <sup>4</sup> Και λεγει auteis. Is it lawful to the to them; sabbath And hesaye η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, evil? to save Life, or to or to destroy?" But THEY were αγαθοποιησαι to do good δ Και περιβλε- | silent. Οί δε εσιωπων. η αποκτειναι; ψαμενος αυτους μετ' οργης, συλλυπουμενος επι with Indignation, being grieved τη πωρωσει της καρδιας αυτων, λεγει τω of their HEARTS, he says of them, of the hearts hardness χειρα σου. Εκτεινον την Και ανθρωπφ• man; Stretch out the hand of thee. και απεκατεσταθη ή χειρ αυτου. HAND was restored. and was restored the hand of him. 6 ‡ And the PHAI εξετεινε• he stretched it out; and 6 Και εξελθοντες οί Φαρισαιοι, ευθεως μετα των going out, immediately and coming out the Pharisees, immediately with the held a Council with the

25 And \* he said to them, ‡" Have you never read what David did, when he had Need, and was hungry, he, and THOSE

26 How the went into the TABERNACLE of GOD, to eat PRIESTS could lawfully

27 He also said to them, "The SABBATH was made εγενετο, συχ ο for MAN, and not MAN for was made, not the the SARBATH. the SABBATH;

28 ts that the son of \_alord | MAN is Lord even of the

#### CHAPTER III.

1 # And again he entered into the SYNAGOGUE. where was a Man who had a Withered HAND.

2 And they watched him closely, (to see) if he would that they might accuse

3 And he says to THAT man to that having been | ered HAND, "Arise in the

> 4 And he says to them, on the SABBATH, or to do

he says to the to the MAN, "Stretch out \*thine HAND." And stretched it out, and his

6 ‡ And the PHABISEES \* held a Council with the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. he said. & gave Counsel.

<sup>26.</sup> How-omit.

<sup>5.</sup> the HAND.

<sup>† 26.</sup> David went to the house of Ahimelech at Nob, with whom the tabernacle then was and the ephod, and other holy things. See I Sam. xxi.
† 26. These loaves were placed on a table on the north side, and at the right hand of him who entered the factor at the control of the work of the control of the work of the control 
<sup>1 25 1</sup> Sam. xx1.0.

<sup>1 20</sup> Exod. xxix. 32, 33. 1 6. Matt. x11. 14.

Ηρωδιανων συμβουλιον εποιουν κατ' αυτου, him, held against Herodians a council δπως αυτο**ν** απολεσωσι.

how hım they might destroy.

7 Και δ Ιησους μετα των μαθητων αύτου LAKE; and a Great Mul-And the Jesus with the disciples ανεχωρησεν εις την θαλασσαν· και πολυ πλη- Galilee, ‡ and from Juand a great multi- DEA, to the seo; withdrew θος απο της Γαλιλαιας ηκολουθησαν αυτώ και him; tude from the Galilee followed απο της Ιουδαιας, και απο Ιεροσολυμων, and from Jerusalem. **i**na Judea, απο της Ιδουμαιος, και περαν του Ιορδανου, και Jordan, and heyond the from the Idumea, \*[oι]  $\pi \in \rho$ ι Τυρον και Σιδωνα,  $\pi \lambda \eta \theta$ ος πολυ, [those] about Tyre and Sidon, a multitude great, εποιει, ηλθον προς αυτον. δσα ακουσαντ∈ς having heard what things he did, came to him.

<sup>3</sup> Και ειπε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ίνα πλοιαριον And he spake to the disciples of him, that a small vessel αυτω, δια τον οχλον, ίνα μη σκαρτ∈ρη hecause of the should attend him, crowd, that not αυτον.  $^{10}$ Πολλους γαρ εθεραπευσεν, θλιβωσιν they might throng him. Many for he cured, ώστε επιπιπτειν αυτφ, ίνα αυτου άψωνται, to him, that him they might touch, 11 Και τα πνευματα τα ειχον μαστιγας. δσοι And the spirits as many as had scourges. ακαθαρτα, όταν αυτον εθεωρει, προσεπιπτεν him gazing on, fell before when unclean,

Ότι συ ει ὁ νίος αυτφ, και εκραζε, λεγ-ντα That thou art the son saying; and cried. 12 Και πολλα επετιμα αυτοις, ίνα του θεου. of the God. And many times he charged them, that μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσι. 13 Kai avaßaihim they should make. And he goes known opos, και προσκαλειται ούς  $\eta\theta$ ελεν VEL ELS TO up into the mountain, and calls whom would αυτος και απηλθον προς αυτον.

and they came to he:

ωσι μετ' αυτου, <sup>14</sup>Και εποιησε δωδεκα, ίνα And he appointed twelve, that they should be with him, <sup>15</sup>και και \*[ίνα] αποστελλη αυτους κηρυσσειν, and [that] he might send them to preach, and  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu \epsilon \xi o \nu \sigma \iota \alpha \nu \star [\theta \epsilon \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \nu \tau \alpha s \nu \sigma \sigma \sigma \nu s, \kappa \alpha \iota]$ to cure the diseases, and to have authority 16 Και επεθηκε τφ εκβαλλειν τα δαιμονια. And he put on to the the demons. Σιμωνι ονομα Πετρον. 17 και Ιακωβον τον του and James that of the Peter; Simon a name Ιωαννην τον αδελφον  $\tau ov$ Ζεβεδαιου. και of the the brother and John Ιακωβου και επεθηκεν αυτοις ονοματα Βοανand he put on them names Boan-18 και  $A\nu\theta\rho\epsilon\alpha\nu$ , of Thunder; εργες, δ εστιν, υίοι βροντης. and Andrew, sons ofthunder; that is,

Herodians, against him. how they might destroy him.

7 But Jesus with his DISCIPLES retired to the of him titude followed him from

8 and from Jerusalem, and and from IDUMEA, and 8 Kat from beyond the JORDAN; also a great Company from about Tyre and Sidon, havand ing heard what \*he had done, came to him.

> 9 And he spake to his DISCIPLES, that \*a Small boat should attend him because of the CROWD, that they might not press upon him.

> 10 For he had cured Many; so that as many as had Diseases rushed towards him in order to touch him.

11 ‡ And the IMPURE SPIRITS, when they beheld him, fell before him, and cried, saving, "Thou art the son of God."

12 And he repeatedly charged them, that they should not make Him known.

13 # And he ascended the mountain, and called whom he would; and they went to him.

14 And he appointed \*twelve, that they should accompany him, and that he might send them forth to proclaim,

15 and to have Authority to exper demons.

16 \* Now the TWELVE he appointed, were ISI-MON, to whom he gave the Name of PETER:

17 and THAT James, son of ZEBEDEE, and John the brother of JAMES; to whom he gave the Names of Boanerges, that is, Sons

18 and Andrew, and

<sup>14.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—S. THOSE—omit. 8. he does. 9. Small vessels, twelve, whom also he named Apostles, that. 14. that—omit. 15. to cure piseases, and—omit. 10. And he appointed Twelve; both Simon whom he surnamed PETER.

<sup>1 11.</sup> Mark i. 32, 34; Luke iv. 41. † 7. Luke vi. 17. † 11. : 1x. 1. 15. John i. 42. 12; 1x. 1.

και Φιλιππον, και Βαρθολομαιον, και Ματθαιον, Philip, and Isartholomew and Matthew, and Matthew, and Thoκαι Θωμαν, και Ιακωβον τον του Αλφαιου, και mas, and That James, son and Thomas, and James that of the Alphens, Θαδδαιον, και Σιμωνα τον κανανιτην, Thaddeus, and Simon the Canaanite, Ιουδαν Ισκαριωτην, δς και παρεδωκεν αυτον. Judas Iscariot, delivered up who even him. <sup>20</sup> Και ερχονται εις οικον. Και συνερχεται And they come into a house. And came together παλιν οχλος, ώστε μη δυνασθαι αυτους μητε agaia a crowd, so as not to be able them not even 21 Ka1 οĺ **α**κουσαντες αρτον  $\phi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu$ . παρ bread And having heard those with to eat. εξηλθον κρατησαι αυτον: ελεγον γαρι αυτου. they said for; hım, ...ent out to restrain him;  $^{\circ}$  $\Omega au \iota$ 🗠 Και οἱ γραμματεις, οἱ απο εξεστη. And the That he is out of place. scribes, those from Ίεροσολυμων καταβαντες, ελεγον. Ότι Βεελhaving come down, aaid; That Jerusalem Beel-'Οτι εν τω That by the (εβουλ εχει και. αρχοντι των sebul he has; also; chief of the <sup>23</sup> Και προσδαιμονιών εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. be casts out the demons. And having καλεσαμενος αυτους, εν παραβολαις  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu$ cslled them, in parables he said αυτοις. Πως δυναται σατανας σαταναν εκβαλ-How to them; How is able an adversary an adversary  $\lambda \epsilon_i \nu$ ; 24 Και εαν βασιλεια εφ' έαυτην to cast μερισ-

θη, ου δυναται σταθηναι ή βασιλεια εκεινη· vided, not is able to stand the kingdom that; <sup>25</sup> και εαν οικια εφ' έαυτην μερισθη, ου δυναται if a house against herself should be divided, not is able σταθηναι ή οικια εκεινη $^{26}$  και ει δ σατανας the house that; and if the adversary ανεστη εφ' έαυτον και μεμερισται, ου δυναται has risen up against hunself and have been divided, not is able <sup>27</sup> Ουδεις δυναται σταθηναι, αλλα τελος εχει. an end he has. to stand, No one 18 able  $\tau \alpha$ σκευη του ισχυρου, εισελθων εις την the household goods of the strong man, entering into the οικιαν αυτου, διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον του of him. to plunder, ıf not first the ισχυρον δηση. και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου atrong man he should bind; and then the house of bim 28 Αμην λεγω διαρπασει. ύμιν, ότι παντα he will plunder. Indeed l say to you, that Ila αφεθησεται τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων τα άμαρτηwill be forgiven to the sons of the men the sins, ματα, και αί βλασφημιαι, όσας αν βλασφημηand the evil speakings, whatever they may

a kingdom against herself should be di-

And if

and of Alpheus, and Thad-19 kai deus, and Simon, the Caand | NNANITE,

19 and Judas Iscariot. who even delivered him up.

20 # And they went into a House. And the Crowd assembled again, so that they could not even eat Bread.

21 And THOSE with him having heard, went out to restrain him; for they said. † "He is transported too far."

22 And THOSE SCRIBES who had come down from Jerusalem said, ‡"He has Beelzebul," and, "By the RULER of the DEMONS, he expels the demons."

23 ‡And having called them, he said to them, "How can an Adversary expel an Adversary?

24 And it a Kingdom is divided against itself, that KINGDOM cannot stand;

25 and if a House is divided against itself, that HOUSE cannot stand:

26 and if the ADVER-SARY rises up against himself, and is divided, he cannot stand, but has an end.

27 \* But no one can enter the strong man's HOUSE, and plunder his goods, unless he first bind the STRONG man; and then he may plunder lns House.

28 Indeed, I say to you, That All sins will be forgiven the sons of men, and the BLASPHEMIES with which they may revile;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. but no one.

<sup>7. 21.</sup> Doddridge remarks, "Our manner of rendering these words, He is besides himself, or He is mad, is very offensive. One can hardly think Christ's friends would speak so contemptibly and impiously of him; and if that sense must necessarily be retained, it would be much more decent to render the clause, It (that is, the multitude,) is mad, thus unseasonably to break in upon him." Schotengen contends, that the multitude, and not Christ is here intended. Christ was in the house, the multitude above the recombination that the tender of the content is the result of the content of the co tended. Christ was in the house; the multitude, ochlos, verse 20, went out, krateenai auton, to restrain it, (viz. ochlon, the multitude.) to prevent them from rushing into the house and disturbing their Master, who was taking some refreshment. This conjecture should not be lightly regarded.—Clarke.

<sup>1 20.</sup> Mark vi. 31. k vi. 31. † 22. Matt. ix. 34; x. 25; Luke xi. 15; John vii. 20; viii 48, 52 † 23. Matt. xii. 25. K. 22.

<sup>29</sup> 5s 8, ELS TO σωσιν• ar βλασφημηση may speak evil to the who but eves εχει αφεσιν εις TOV πνευμα το άγιον, ουκ spirit the holy. αιωνα, αλλ' ενο the has to no Lorgivness ενοχος εστιν αιωνιου κρισεως. judgment. Eable of age-lasting 6ء Lat <sup>30</sup> 'Οτι ελεγον' Πνευμα ακαθαρτον εχει. Because they said; A spirit unclean he has. χονται ουν ή μητηρ αυτου και οί Comes then the mother of him and the αδελφοι brothers αυτου και εξω εστωτες απεστειλαν προς αυτον, of him; and without standing they sent to him. 32 Και εκαθητο οχλος περι φωνουντες αυτον. bun callin g sat a crowd about Ιδου, ή  $\epsilon \iota \pi \circ \nu$   $\delta \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \omega$ μητηρ σου αυτον• the mother and to him; Lo, of thee hım: said 33 Kaı και οἱ αδελφοι σου εξω ζητουσι σε. brothers of thee without are seeking thee. and the And απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων Τις εστιν ή μητηρ Who is the he answered to them, saying; mother 34 \* [ Και ] περιβλεμου, η οί αδελφοι μυυ; looking of me or the brothers of me? [And] ψαμενος κυκλφ τους περι αυτον καθημενους, about round those about him sitting, λεγει· Ιδε ή μητηρ μου, και οί αδελφοι μου. Lo the mother of me, and the brothers of me. 35 Os \*  $[\gamma \alpha \rho]$   $\alpha \nu$  ποιηοη το θελημα του θεου, \*[μου,] [A1] ever may do the will ούτ s αδελφος μου, και αδελφη this a brother of me, and a sister και [of me,] and μητηρ εστι. a mother 18.

### КΕΦ. δ'. 4.

- Και παλιν ηρξατο διδασκειν παρα THY And again he hegar to teach υy the  $\theta$ αλασσαν· και συνηχ $\theta$ η προς αυτον οχλος πολυς, and was assemble; to him a crowd great, ώστε αυτον εμβαντα εις το πλοιον, καθησθαι entering lute the ship, o sit hım εν τη θαλασση και πας δ οχλος προς την Ьy ail the and the crowd in the <sup>2</sup> Και εδιδασκεν θαλασσαν επι της γης ην. the land was. And he taught on αυτους εν παραβολαις πολλα, και ελεγεν αυτοις parables many, and said to them 'n 🤅 Ακουέτ 💀 Ιόου, εξηλθεν εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Hearyou: Lo, wentous <sup>4</sup> Και εγενετο εν τω in the teaching of him: δ σπειρων του σπειραι. tle nower of the (seed) to sow. And it happened in the

29 tbut whoever may blaspheme against the HOLY SPIRIT, has no Forgiveness to the AGE, but is exposed to Aionian \* † Judgment."

30 Because they said, "He has an impure Spi-

31 His MOTHER and BROTHERS then came, and standing without, sent to him, calling him.

32 And a Crowd sat round him, and they said to him, "Behold, thy Mo-THER and thy BROTHERS are without seeking thee."

33 And he answered them, saying, "Who is my MOTHER, or my BRO-THERS?"

34 And looking about on THOSE sitting round him, he said, "Behold my MOTHER, and my BRO-THERS.

35 Whoever shall do the WILL of GoD, this is my Brother, and Sister, and Mother."

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 ‡ And again he began to teach by the LAKE; and so \*very great a Crowd gathered about him, that entering the BOAT, he sat on the LAKE; and All the CROWD was by the LAKE on the LAND.

2 And he taught them many things in Parables, and said to them, in his

TEACHING;

3 "Hearken! Behold, the sower went forth to \* sow.

4 And it happened, in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Transgression. 34. And-omit. 35. For-omit. 8. sow. 35. my-omit. 1. very.

<sup>† 29.</sup> The Vat. MSS, reads Transgression, and Griesbach has placed the word amarteematos, sin, or transgression, in the margin, with his mark of strong probability. Grotius, Mill, and Bengel prefer this reading. It is also the reading of the Coptic, Armenian, Gothic, Vulgate, and all the Itala but two. It is a Hebraism for punishment, the effect of sin. The sin against the Holy Spirit is plainly stated to be, ascribing the miracles of Christ and his apostles to demoniacal agency. They who acted thus, could not be converted to the Christian faith, because they resisted the strongest possible evidence. They remained therefore in the same forlorn state in which Christianity found them; which is expressed by the phrase, "he has not forgiveness."

<sup>1 99</sup> Matt xii 31, 32 . Luke zii, 10; 1 John v. 18. 1]. Matt xiii, 1 : Luke viil. 4.

<sup>1 31</sup> Matt zii. 40 : Luke vii. 14

σπειρείν, δ μεν επεσε παρα την όδον. και on the path: sowing, this indeed and fell 5 Αλλο ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτο. lt. Another came the and birds, ate δε επεσεν επι το πετρωδες, όπου ουκ ειχε γην on the rocky ground, where not it had earth και ευθεως εξανετειλε, δια το μη and immediately it sprung up, through the not πολλην εχειν βαθος γης. 6 Ηλιου δε ανατειλαντος, to have a depth of earth. Sun and having arisen, εκαυματισθη, και δια το μη εχειν βιζαν, εξηis was scorched, and through the not to have a rnot, was  $\rho \alpha \nu \theta \eta$ . <sup>7</sup> Και αλλο επεσεν ειз ακανθας· και And another fell into thorna; and ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και συνεπνιξαν αυτο, και eprung up the thorus, and choked it. and  $^8$  Και αλλο  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota s \tau \eta \nu$ **καρπον ουκ εδω**κε. And another fell not it gave. into the γην την καλην και εδιδου καρπον αναβαινοντα ground the gnod; and it bore fruit apringing up και αυξανοντα· και εφερεν έν τριακοντα, και and increasing, and bore one thirty, and 9 Και ελεγεν 'Ο έν έξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. And he said; and one a hundred. He sixty, εχων ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω. having were to hear, let him hear.

<sup>νη</sup> 'Οτ ε δε εγενετο καταμονας, ηρωτησαν When and he was alone. **α**υτον οί περι αυτον, συν τοις δωδεκα, την those about him, with the twelve, the 11 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. Ύμιν δεδοπαραβολην. he said to them; parables, baA To you it is ται γνωναι το μυστηριον της βασιλειας του given to know the secret of the kingdom of the θεου· εκεινοις δε τοις εξω εν παραβολαι**ς** τα Ged, to them but to those without in parables <sup>12</sup>ίνα βλεποντε**ς** βλεπωσι, γινεται. Fαντα that are done; seeing they may see, all (things) και μη ιδωσι και ακουοντες ακουωσι, και μη they may hear, and not and not they may see: and hearing συνιωσι· μηποτε επιστρεψωσι, και αφεθη they should turn, and should be forgiven they may hear: lest 13 Και λεγει αυτοις. αυτοις τα αμαρτηματα. he says to them the sins. And to them: Ουκ οιδατε την παραβολην ταυτην: και πως Not knowyou the parable n.d how πασας τας παραβολας γνωσεσθε; 14'Ο σπειρων, parables will you know? all the He sowing. 15 Ουτοι δε εισιν οί παρα τον λογον σπειρει. the word sows. and are they by These την όδον, όπου σπειρεται ό λογος, και όταν is sown the word, the path, where and when ακουσωσιν, ευθεως ερχεται δ σατανας, και they may hear, immediately comes the adversary, and !

SOWING, some seed felt by the ROAD and the BIRDS came and picked it up.

5 And some fell on the ROCKY GROUND, where it had not much Soil; and immediately it vegetated, because it had no Depth of Soil:

6 \* and the sun having arisen, it was scorched; and because it HAD no Root, it withered.

7 And some fell among Thorus; and the THORNS grew up, and choked it, and it bore no Fruit.

8 And some fell on GOOD GROUND, and yielded Fruit, springing up and increasing; and one bore thirty, and one sixty, and one a hundred."

9 And he said, \*"He HAVING Ears to hear, let

him hear."

10 ‡ And when he had retired, THOSE about him, with the TWELVE, asked him concerning the \*PAR-ABLE.

11 And he said to them,
\*"To you is given the
SECRET of the KINGDOM
of God; but to those
WITHOUT, ALL things are
done in Parables;

12 ‡ that seeing, they may see, and not perceive; and hearing, they may hear, and not understand; lest they should turn, and \*it should be forgiven them."

13 And he says to them, "Do you not understand this parable? How then will you know All the parables?

14 ‡ The sower sows the word.

15 And these are THOSE where the WORD is sown by the ROAD; and when they have heard, the ADVERSARY comes immediately, and takes away

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. and the sun having arisen. C. Who has ears. 11. is given the SECRET. 12. it should be.

**α**ιρει του λογον τον εσπαρμενον εν ταις καρδιαις word that having been sown in  $^{16}$  Και ούτοι εισιν όμοιως οί επι τα αυτωι. those on like of them And these are οί, δταν ακουσωσι τον **π**ετρωδη σπειρομενοι, who, when they may hear rocky ground being sown, λογον, ευθεως μετα χαρας λαμβανουσιν αυτον word, immediately with they receive joy 17 και ουκ εχουσι βιζαν εν ἕαυτοις, αλλα προσand not they have a root in themselves, καιροι εισιν ειτα γενομενης θλιψεως η διωγμου they are; then trial or persecution occurring

τον λογον, ευθεως σκανδαλ:ζονται. <sup>18</sup> Και word, immediately they are offended. through the αλλοι εισιν οί εις τας ακανθά: σπειρομενοι. bein - sown; are those into the thorns others. τον λογον ακουοντες, 17 και αί ούτοι εισιν οì and the the word bearing. those μεριμναι του αιωνος, και ή απατη του πλουτου, and the delusion of the wealth, cares age,

και αξ περ. τα λοιπα επιθυμιαι εισπορευομεναι and the about the otal. (things) strong desires entering in

συμπνιγουσί τον λογον και ακαρπος γινεται.

και ούτοι είσιν οἱ επ. την γην την καλην
λο these are those upon the ground the good

στωρεντες, οἱτινες ακουουσι τον λογον, και
hot στωρι, who hear the word, and

παραδεχονται και καρποφορουσιν, έν τριακοντα, accept; and bear fruit, one thirty,

<sup>21</sup> Και ελεγεν και έν εξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. sixty, and one a hundred. And he said and one Μητι δ λυχνος ερχεται, ίνα ύπο θον αυτοις° that under the Neither the lamp comes, to them: η δπο την κλινην; ουχ' ίνα  $\tau \in \theta \eta$ , u Sion measure it may be placed, or under the couch ? not that <sup>22</sup> Ου γαρ εστι  $encit \eta \theta \eta$ ; την λυχνιαν Emp-stand it may be placed? Not for οa ουδε κρυπεου, δ εαν μη φανερωθη• any town hidden, which if not it may be disclosed; εγενετο αποκρυφον, αλλ' ίνα εις φανερον  $\epsilon \lambda \theta n$ . but that into light it may come. stored away,

23 Ει τις εχει ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω. 24 Και If any one has ears to hear, let him bear. And ελεγεν αυτοις. Βλεπετε, τι ακουετε. Εν φ

ελεγεν αυτοις. Βλεπετε, τι ακουετε. Εν φ he said to them: Consider you, what you hear. In what μετοω μετρείτε, μετρηθησεται ύμιν. 25 'Os γαρ

μετρω μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται ύμιν. 25 'Os γαρ measure you measure, it shall be measured to you. Who for

THAT WORD which was sown \* upon them.

16 And these in like manner are THOSE SOWN on the ROCKY GROUND; who, when they hear the word, receive it immediately with Joy;

17 And having no Root in themselves, they are but temporary; then Trial or Persecution occurring on account of the WORD, they instantly fall away.

18 And others are THOSE who are sown among the THORNS; \* these are THE. who have HEARD the

WORD;

19 and the CARES of th;
AGE, † and the DECETTFULNESS of RICHES, and
the STRONG DESIRES for
OTHER things entering in,
choke the WORD, and render it unproductive.

20 And \*those are THEY, who are sown on the GOOD GROUND, who hear the WORD, and accept it, and bear fruit; one thirty, one sixty, and one a hundred."

21 And he said to them, the Is a lamp brought, to be put under the CORN-MEASURE, or under the COUCH? so that it may not be placed on the LAMP-STAND?

22 ‡ For \* nothing was hidden, except that it should be manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light.

23 If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear."

25 ffor whoever has, to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. upon them. 18. these are they who have BEARD the word. 20. those are they. 22. nothing was hidden, except that it should be manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light. 24. you, and shall be added to you.

<sup>† 21.</sup> By kinners must be understood the couch, (like our sofa,) which, as Grotius observes, had such a cavity as to admit of a candelabrum being put under it; nay, it seems, anything much larger; indeed, by the citations adduced by Wetstein, it appears to have been used by the ancients as a common hiding place.—Bloomfield.

<sup>† 19. 1</sup> Tim. vi. 9, 17. † 21. Matt. v. 15; Luke viii. 16; xi. 33. † 22. Matt. x. 26; Luke xii. 2. † 24. Matt. vii. 2, I uke vi. 38. † 25. Matt xiii. 12; xxv 29; Luke vii. 19; xix. 26.

αν' εχτ, δοθησεται αυτώ και δε ουκ εχει, και ever ... have it shall be given to him and who not has, even δ εχιαρθησεται απ' αυτου 26 Και ελεγεν. Aud what he has will be taken from he said: nim. Ούτως εστιν ή βασιλε.α του θεου, ώς εαν ας⊷ the kingdom of the God, <sup>27</sup> κα:  $\theta \rho \omega \pi cs$   $\beta \gtrsim \lambda \eta$   $\tau \sim \rho \sigma^2 \rho \nu \in \pi \iota \tau \eta s \gamma \eta s$ , should cast the seed on the earth, and καθευδη και εγειρη αι νυπτα και ήμεραν, και δ day, and Two should sleep an: wake night and σπορος Ελαστανή και μηκυνηται, 🐷 ο👓 οιδεν seed should germinate an i grow v p, 84 not knows QUT'S.

Σ Αυτοματη \*[γαρ] ή γ :αρπο τουει, [fcr] the earth Of its own accord bears frag. he. πρωτον, χορτον, ειτα σταχυν, ειτα πληρη σι≃ον a pant, then an ear, then full 29 'Οταν δε παραδώ δ καρπος, εν τφ σταχιι When bu may be rive he in the ar.

ευθεως απι στελλειτοις :πανον, ετιπαριώτηκεν immediately hescales the sickle, for ∞Και ελ γ. Τινι όμ ιωσωμεδ θερισμος.

the harvest. And h said; To hat m we compare την βασιλειαν τιν ετου; η εν τοια πα πβολη of.h God? arab. or by what

31 'Ωs κοκκον σιναθεως, παραβαλωμεν αυτιχν; may we compare her A۵ a grait.

δες διών - σπώρη - «ΕΕσης γιες μικροπερο**ς παν-**which, when it rucy ... o n on this parting των των σπερ, ανών εστι των επι της γης.

oft's i is of hose on se ds th. earth . 32 και έττυ σπο , αναβείνει και γίνετωι παν-and when it may be sown 1.8 migrup and becomes of των λαχτρων μειζών, και ποιει κλαδους μεγα-

and produces branches all preater great, herbs ...ους, ώστε δινασξαι ύπ την "...ουκ αυτου τα **₽** b under the shadow of it the

33 Kai τοι. יי אני טע. πετεινα του συτανο. .:ατ birds of the haven to buid nests. And such

αυταις παραβολαις πίλλαις  $\epsilon$  .αλ $\epsilon$ QUTOIS TOV parab.es many hespoke to the the λογον, παιως η νε ντο ακουείν. 34 Xwpis Se

erman they wer ble Without : to hear. KIT' ISIMU BE παραβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτοις a parable BOS he spoke to them; privately but

τοις μαθηταις αύτο επελυε παντα. to the disciples of himself he explained

35 Και λεγει αυτοις εν εκενη τη ήμερα, οψιας n' he says % them in that th Jay, even.r 36 Ka! γενομενης. Διελθωμεν εις το περ ν. being come; W may pass ov r to the other side. And

αφεντες τον οχλον παραλαμβανουσιν αυτον, ώς having left the crcwd they took him.

90. in What Comparison shall we place

"Vatican Manuscritt.-28. For-omit. It? 34. And without.

him will be given; and he who has not, even what he has will be taken from him."

26 And he said, 1" The

KINGDOM of GOD is, as though a Man should cast STEL on the GROUND; 27 and should sleep by

Night, and wake by Day, and the SEED should germinate, and grow up, he knows not how.

28 The EARTH produces spontaneously; first the Plant, then the Ear, afterwards the Perfect Grain in

the EAR.

29 But when the GRAIN ıs matured, immediately he sends the Sickle, Be, cause the HARVEST is ready."

30 And he said, # To what may wa compare the KINGDOM of GOD? or \*by What Parable may we il-

lustrate it

31 It resembles a Grain of Mustard, which when sown on the EARTH, fis the meast of All Thorn TERDS that are on the EARTH S

32 but when it is sown, is grows up, and becomes greater than All other HERBS, and produces great BRANCHES; so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN can build their nests under the SHADOW of it."

33 ‡ And with many Such Parables he spoke the word to them, even as they were able to under-

stand.

34 \*And without a Parable he did not address them; but privately he explained all things to his OWN Disciples.

35 I And on That DAY. Evening having come, he says to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE."

36 And having left the as | CR(WD, they took him as

1 33. Matt. x ii 34,

<sup>† 81.</sup> See Note on Matt. xiii. 39.

<sup>1 26.</sup> Matt. xiil. 24. 4. † 80. Matt. xiii. 31; Luke xiii. 18, 1 86. Matt. viii. 18, 28; Luke viii. 24. John xvi. 15.

\*  $[\kappa \alpha i]$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \delta \in \pi \lambda o i \alpha \eta \nu$  he was in the BOAT. ην εν τω πλοιω. he was in the ship; other and ships also ₩as μετ' αυτον. <sup>37</sup> Και γινεται λαιλαψ ανεμου μεγα-with him. And arose asquall of wind great; λη· τα δε κυματα επεβαλλεν εις το πλοιον, darhed into the ship, the and Waves <sup>38</sup> Και ην αυτος εν ώστε αυτο ηδη γεμιζεσθαι. to fill. And was πη πρυμνη, επι το προσκεφαλαιον καθευδων on the stern, pillow sleeping; και διεγειρουσιν αυτον, και λεγουσιν αυτώ. and they awoke him, and they said to him; μελει σοι, ότι απολλυμεθα; Διδασκαλε, ου O teacher, not it concerns thee, that we perish?

<sup>39</sup> Και διεγερθεις επετιμησε τφ ανεμφ, και ειπε And having arisen he rebuked the wind, and τη θαλασση. Σιωπα, πεφιμωσο. Και εκοπασεν ≈ silent, to the sea; Le still. And ceased <sup>40</sup> Kaı ανεμος, και εγενετο γωληνη μεγαλη. the wind and Was great. And a calm ειπεν αυτοις. Τι δειλυ. εστε [ούτω;]  $\pi\omega s$ to them; Why timid how ar you [90?] 41 Κως εφοβηθήσαν φοβον OUK EXETE TISTIV; not you have faith ! Am hey feared a fear Tis apa μεγαν, και ελεγον τρ. «λληλους» to great, and aaid on another; Who then ούτος εστιν, ότι και ο ω εμος και ή θαλασσα **≠ind** is, even the and the **ὑ**πακου**σιν** αυτω. to Lim.

КЕФ. ♂ б.

½ Και ηλθών εις το περον της θαλασσης, εις And they came to the other side of the sea, into ? Kaı THE COUNTY OF LE GA THEY -ξελθοντι the country of a Garages. And having come αυτφ εκ του πλ ιου, \*[ ς s] απηντησεν αυπφ [immedia\_ly] to him out of the chap, met εκ των μνημειων ανθραπος εν πνευματι ακαθαρουt of the tombs a man in spirit weeken τω, 3 δ. την κατοικησιν ειχεν εν τοις μνημασι. who the dweding Lad in the tombes **και ουτε άλυσεσιν ουδεις ηδυνατο αυτον δησαι,** and not even with chains no one was able to bind, <sup>4</sup> δια το αυτον πολλακι**ς** πεδαις κα**ι** άλυσεσι him many time, with fetters and for the chains **δ**εδεσθαι, ύπ' διεσπασθαι autou tas και to have been bound, and to have been burst Ьy bim the άλυσεις, και τας πεδας συντετριφθαι και ουδεις chains, and the fetters to have been broken; and no one

And Other Boats were with him.

37 And there arose a great Gale of Wind, and the WAVES dashed into the BOAT, so that \* the BOAT was now full.

38 And he was in the STERN, asleep on the PIL-Low; and they awoke him, and said to him. "Teacher. does it not concern thee That we perish?"

39 And arising, he rebuked the WIND, and said to the SEA, "Be silent! be still!" And the WIND ccased, and there was a great

Calm.

40 And he said to them. "Why are you afraid? How distrustful you are!"

41 And they were exceedingly afraid, and said to one another, "Who then is this, That even the WIND and the SEA obey him?"

#### CHAPTER V.

1 t And they came to the other side of the LAKE, into the region of the \* GERASENES.

2 And having come out of the BOAT, ther, met him out of the † monu-MENTS, a Man with an impure Spirit,

3 who had his HABITA-TION in the TOMBS; and no one could bind \*him any longer with Chains;

4 for many times he had been BOUND with Fetters and Chains, and the CHAINS had been wrenched off by him, and the FETTERS broken; and no

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -36. also-omit. 2. immediately-omit. A GERASENES.

<sup>37.</sup> the BOAT was. 40. so-omit. 3. him any longer with.

<sup>† 2.</sup> The sepulchres of the Jews were formerly amongst rocks, mountains, and other unfrequented places, in order that there might be as little danger as possible of that pollution which touching any thing dead produced. They were often as large as a commodious room, and are now often resorted to as places of shelter for the night. Sometimes the wandering Arabs, during the winter season, take up their permanentabode in them. It appears that at a very early period, some of these tombs were used for suc ha purpose; as Isaiah speaks of some, "who remain among the graves, and lodge in the monuments," chap. Lvv. 4. Burchhardt reports, that he found many sepulchres in the rocks, at Um Keis, (supposed to be the ancient Gadara,) showing how a turally the conditions of this narrative could have been fulfilled in that region.

Chap. 5: 5.] MARK. αυτον ισχυε δαμασαι. 5 και διαπαντος, νυκτος one was able to subdue him was able to tame; and always, night him. και ήμερας, εν τοις μνημασι και εν τοις ορεσιν day, in the tombs and in the mountains: ην κραζων, και κατακοπτων έαυτον λιθοις. he was crying out, and cutting himself with stones. himself with stones,  $^6$  Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν απο μακροθεν, εδραμε, και Seeing and the Jesus from a distance, he ran, and προσεκυνησεν αυτώ. ίκαι κραξας φωνη μεγαλη, to him; and crying out with a voice great, ειπε, τι εμοι και σοι, Ιησου, υίε του θεου του said, what to me and to thee, Jesus, O son of the God of the ύψιστου; δρκιζω σε τον θεον, μη με βασανιhighest? I will adjure thee the God, not me thou mayst σης.  $^8$  (Ελεγε γαρ αυτω· Εξελθε το πνευμα το torment. (He had said for to him; Come out the spirit the ακαθαρτον εκ τον ανθρωπου.)  $^9$  Και επηρωτα unclean out of the man.) And he asked αυτον Τι σοι ονομα; και λεγει αυτώ.  $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \omega \nu$ him: What thy name? and be says to him; Legion ονομα μοι· ότι πολλοι ετμεν. 10 Και παρεκαλει name to me; for many we are. And he besonght αυτον πολλα, ίνα μη αυτους αποστειλη εξω him many times, that not them be would send out της χωρας. 11 Ην δε εκει προς τω ορει αγελη Was and there near to the mountain a herd of the country. χοιρων μεγαλη βοσκομενη. 12 Και παρεκαλεσαν ofswine great feeding. And αυτον οί δαιμονες, λεγοντες. Πεμψον ήμας εις him the demons, saying; Dismiss us into τους χοιρους, ένα εις αυτους εισελθωμεν. 13 Και swine, that into them we may go. επετρεψεν αυτοις ευθεως δ Ιησους. Και εξελgave leave to them immediately the Jesus. θοντα τα πνευματα τα ακαθαρτα εισηλθον εις come out the spirits the uncleau entered into τους χοιρους και ώρμησεν ή αγελη κατα του rushed the herd and swine: down the κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν. \* [ησαν δε ώς δισprecipice into the sea; [they were and about 1wo 14 Oí χιλιοι και  $\epsilon \pi \nu$ ιγοντο  $\epsilon \nu$  τη θαλασση. thousand; and were choked in the sea. Those δε βοσκοντες αυτους εφυγον, και απηγγειλαν fled, and feeding them reported ει**ς την π**ολιν, και εις τους αγρους. Και εξηλand to the villages. And they came to the city, 15 Και ερχονται θον ίδειν, τι εστι το γεγονος. out to see, what is that having been done. And they come

προς τον Ιησουν, και θεωρουσι τον δαιμονιζομεthe Jenns, and they behold the being demonized

νον καθημενον \*[και] ίματισμενον, και σωφροsitting [and] having been clothed, and being of

νουντα, τον εσχηκοτα τον λεγεωνα same mud, the having been possessed by the legion; τον λεγεωνα• και and εφοβηθησαν. 16 Και διηγησαντο αυτοις οί ιδονthey were atraid. And related to them those baving it, related to them what

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. says. 12. they beso we. 13. and they were about Two Thousand—omit. 12. they besought.

15. and-omit.

5 And he was always, Night and Day, in the SEPULCHRES and in the MOUNTAINS, crying out, and cutting himself with Stones.

6 And seeing Jesus at a distance, he ran and

prostrated to him, 7 and crying out with a loud Voice, \* said, "What hast thou to do with me, Jesus,—O Son of God the HIGHEST? I implore thee-God,-torment Me not."

8 (For he had said to him, "IMPURE SPIRIT. Come out of the MAN.")

9 And he asked him "What is thy Name?" And he says to him, "My Name is Legion; For we are Many."

10 And he earnestly entreated him, that he would not send them out of the COUNTRY.

11 Now there was by the MOUNTAIN, a great Herd of Swine feeding.

12 And \*the DEMONS besought him, saying, "Dismiss us to the SWINE, that we may go into them.

13 And \* he gave them leave. And the IMPURE SPIRITS having come out went into the swine: and the HERD rushed down the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were drowned in the LAKE.

14 Then the swing-HERDS fled, and reported it in the CITY, and in the villages. And they came out to see what THAT was which had been DONE.

15 And they came to JESUS, and beheld the DE-MONIAC, HIM HAVING HAD the LEGION, sitting down, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

16 And THOSE SEEING

13. he gave them

<sup>† 13.</sup> See Note on Matt. viii. 32.

 $\tau$ es, πως εγενετο τ $\varphi$  δαιμονιζομεν $\varphi$ , και  $\pi$ ερι seen, how it happened to the one being demonized, and about 17 Και ηρξαντο παρακαλειν αυτον των χοιρων. swine. And they began to entreat him <sup>18</sup> Και εμβαναπελθειν απο των όριων αυτων. And entering of them. to depart from the coasts τος αυτου εις το πλοιον, παρεκάλει αυτον δ he into the ship, besonght him  $\mu\epsilon\tau^*$  autov. <sup>19</sup> Kaı ίνα δαιμονισθεις, 77 Aud having been demonized, that he might be with him. 'Υπαγε ουκ αφηκέν αυτον, αλλα λέγει αυτφ. hut he says to him; Go not be auffered him,  $\epsilon$ ις τον οικον σου προς τους σους, και αναγγ $\epsilon$ ιinto the house of thee to the friends, and λον αυτοις, δσα σοι δ κυριος πεποιηκε to them, how much to thee the Lord has done, δσα σοι δ κυριος πεποιηκε, και  $^{20}$  Και απηλθε, και ηρξατο κηρυσηλεησε σε. has pitted thee. And he went, and began to pubσειν εν τφ Δεκαπυλει, όσα εποιησεν αυτφ δ to him the in the Decapolis, how much had done Ιησους· και παντες εθαυλαζον. and all were astonished. 🛂 Και διαπετρασαντος του Ιησου εν τφ πλοιφ And having passed over the Jesus in the παλιν εις το περαν, συνηχθη οχλος πολυς επ' to again to the other side, were gathered a crowd great <sup>22</sup> Kaı αυτον και ην παρα την θαλασσαν. and he was by the \*[ιδου,] ερχεται είς των αρχισυναγωγων, ονοsynagogue-rulers, comes one of the ματι Ιαειρος· και ιδων αυτον, πιπτει προς τους Jairus; and seeing him, he fell to the ποδας αυτου, 23 και περεκαλει αυτον πολλα, of him, and besought him much, λεγων 'Οτι το θυγατριον μου εσχατως εχει' saying; That the little-daughter of me last end is; ίνα ελθων επιθης αυτη τας χειρας, δπως that coming thon mayest put to her the hands, ao that 24 Και απηλθε μετ και ζησεται.  $\sigma \omega \theta \eta$ And he went she may be saved; and she shall live. with αυτου· και ηκολουθει αυτώ οχλος πολυς, και him a crowd great, and followed him; 25 Και γυνη \*[τις] ουσα And a woman {certain} being συνεθλιβον αυτον. hım. pressed oa  $\epsilon \nu$  ρυσει αίματος  $\epsilon \tau \eta$  δωδεκα,  $^{26}$ και πολλα and many things of blood years twelve, παθουσα ύπο πολλων ιατρων, και δαπανησασα

had happened to the DEMO-NIAC, and concerning the SWINE.

17 \$\pm\$ And they began to entreat him to depart from their BORDERS.

18 And he having entered the BOAT, \$\pm\$ HE who had been a DEMONIAC, entreated him that he might be with him;

19 And yet he did not permit him, but says to him, "Go HOME to thy FRIENDS, and tell them how much the LORD has done for thee, and has had pity on thee."

20 And he went away, and began to proclaim in DECAPOLIS, how much Jesus had done for him; and

all were astonished.
21 ‡ And Jesus having again passed over in \*a Boat to the other side, a great Crowd gathered to him, and he was by the

22 ‡ And one of the SYN-AGOGUE-RULERS. named Jairus, came, and seeing him, he fell at his FEET,

23 and earnestly entreated him, saying, "My LITTLE DAUGHTEE is at the point of death; come, and put thy HANDS on her that she may he restored, and she will live."

24 And he went with him, and a great Crowd followed him, and pressed on him.

25 And a Woman, ‡ having had a Hemorrhage for twelve Years,

26 and having suffered much under Many Physicians, and having expended ALL her property, and not being benefited, but had rather become worse,

27 having heard \*the things concerning Jesus, came in the CROWD be.

having suffered under many

having heard about the

 $\tau \alpha$ 

the things of

henefited, but

the

having come in

baving spent

and nothing having been

physicians, and

rather into the worse state having come,

παρ' αυτης παντα, και μηδεν ωφελη-

Jesus,

alI,

θεισα, αλλα μαλλον εις το χειρον ελθουσα,

💯 ακουσασα περι του Ιησου, ελθουσα εν τώ

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-21. a Boat-omit 27. the things concerning Jesus.

<sup>22</sup> lo-omit

<sup>25.</sup> certain-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> the things contenning 2500s.
1. 17. Matt. viii. 34; Acts xvi. 39
1. 18. Luke viii. 38
1. 125. Lev. xv. 25; Matt. ix. 18; Luke viii. 41.
1. 125. Lev. xv. 25; Matt. ix. 20.

οπισθεν, ήψατο οχλφ του ὶματιου . αυτου. crowd behind, touched the mantle or him.  $^{28}(E\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$ 'Οτι καν των γαρ• ίματιων αυτου She said for; That even if the clothes of him  $^{29}$  Και ευθεως εξηρανθη άψωμαι, σωθησομαι.). I may touch, I shall be saved.) And immediately was dried up πηγη του αίματος αυτης. και εγνω τω the source of the knew to the blood of her; and σωματι, ότι ιαται απο της μαστιγος. 30 Και that was saved from the And scourge. δ Ιησους επιγνους εν έαυτω την εξ in himself the out of immediately the Jeans knowing αύτου δυναμιν εξελθουσαν, επιστραφεις εν τω himself power having gone out, having turned round in the Τις μου ήψατο των ίματιων; οχλφ, ελεγε crowd, soid; Who of me touched the <sup>31</sup> Και ελεγον αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου· Βλεπεις

31 Και ελεγον αυτφ οἱ μαθηται αυτου· Βλεπεις And said to him the disciples of him; Thou seest τον οχλον συνθλιβοντα σε· και λεγεις· Τις μου the crowd pressing on thee; and sayest thou; Who me ήψατο; 32 Και περιεβλεπετο ιδειν την τουτο tonched? And he was looking round to see the (woman) this ποιησασαν. 33 'Η δε γυνη, φοβηθεισα και τρεμhaving done. The but woman, fearing and trem-

οι  $\sigma$ α, είδυια ὁ γενονεν επ' αυτη, ηλθε και bling, having known what was done on her, came and

προσεπεσεν αυτώ, και ειπεν αυτώ πασαν την fell down to him, and told to him all the αληθείαν.  $^{34}$   $^{\circ}$ O δε ειπεν αυτή  $^{\circ}$  Θυγατερ,  $\dot{\eta}$ 

Θυγατερ, He but truth said to her; Daughter, the πιστις σου σεσωκε σει ύπαγε εις ειρηνην, και faith of thee has saved thee; in go peace, and  $^{35}$  Ετι αυτου ισθι ύγιης απο της μαστιγος σου. b. thou well from the scourge of thee. While of him

λαλουντος, ερχονται απο του αρχισυναγωγου, speaking, they came from the synagogue-ruler's,

λεγοντες: Ότι  $\dot{\eta}$  θυγατηρ σου απεθανε: τι saying; That the daughter of thee is dead; why ετι σκυλλεις τον διδασκαλον;  $^{36}$   $^{\circ}$ Ο δε Ιησους ret troublest thou the teacher? The but Jesuc ευθεως, ακουσας τον λογον λαλουμενον, λεγει immediately having heard the word heing  $z_{ij}$  oken, says

τφ αρχισυναγωγφ' Μη φοβου, μονον πιστευε. to the synagogue-ruler: Not fear, only believe thou. 

Ται ουκ αφηκεν ουδενα αυτφ συνακολουθησαι,

And not he suffered no one him to follow,

ει μη Πετρον, και Ιακαβον, και Ιωαννην τον
except Peter, and James, and John the

zδελφον Ιακωβου. <sup>38</sup> Και ερχεται εις τον οικον brether of James. And becomes into the house του αρχισυναγωγου, και θεωρει θορυβον, και of the aynagogue-ruler, and be sees a tumult, and

κλαιοντας και αλαλαζοντας πολλα. 39 Και weeping and wailing much. And

εισελθων λεγει αυτοις. Τι θορυβεισθε και axing entered he says to them: Why are you troubled and

hind, and touched his MANTLE.

28 For she said, "If I can but touch his GAR-MENTS, I shall be cured."

29 And immediately her FLOW of BLOOD was dried up; and she felt in her Body That she was cured of that SCOURGE.

30 And immediately, JESUS knowing in himself the POWER proceeding from him, having turned round in the CROWD, said, "Who touched My GARMENTS?"

31 And his disciples said to him, "Thou seest the crowd pressing on thee, and dost thou say, 'Who touched Me?"

32 And he was looking round to see HER who had

DONE this.

33 Then the woman's being conscious of what was wrought upon her, fearing and trembling, came and fell down before hin, and told him All the TRUTH.

34 And HE said to her, "Daughter, thy FAITH has cured thee; go in peace, and be entirely free from thy DISEASE."

35 While he was still speaking, some came from the SYNAGOGUE-BULER's house, who said, "Thy DAUGHTER is dead; why trouble the TEACHER?"

36 \* But Jesus, having heard the word that was spoken, immediately said to the synagogue-ruler."
37 And he permitted no one to accompany \* him, except Peter, and James, and John the Brother of James.

38 And \*they come to the HOUSE of the SYNA-GOGUE-RULER, and he sees the Confusion, and much weeping and lamenting.

and he says to them, "Why do

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. But Jesus, neglecting to hear the word which was apo ken, says. 37. with him. 38. they come to.

<sup>1 30.</sup> Luke vi. 19; viii. 46. 1 34. Matt. ix. 22; Mark x. 52; Acts xiv. 2

And

TOUTO'

Kαι and

**κ**λαιετε; το παιδιον ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα καθευδει. do you weep? the child not is dead, but <sup>40</sup> Και κατεγελων αυτου. ΄Ο δε, εκβαλων παντα**ς,** He hut, having sent out all, And they derided him. παραλαμβανει τον πατερα του παιδιου, και την and the the father of the child, μητερα, και τους μετ' αυτου, και εισπορευεται, and those with him, and <sup>41</sup> Και κρατησας της χειρος όπου ην το παιδιον. where was the child. And baving grasped the του παιδίου, λεγει αυτη: Ταλιθα, κουμι: δ εστι otthe. child. besays to her: Talitha, cumi, which is Το κορασιον, σοι λεγω, μεθεραηνευομενον. to thee leay, being translated; girl,  $^{42}\,\mathrm{K}$ ai ευθεως ανέστη το κορασιον, και €YELDE. And immediately arose the arise. girl, · and περιεπατει ην γαρ ετων δωδεκα. Kai eleowalked about; she was for years twelve. And they were εκστασει μεγαλη.: 43 Και διεστειλατο

# KEΦ. s'. 6.

αυτοις πολλα, έκα μηδεις γυω τουτο

astonished with an astonishment great.

ειπε δοθηναι αυτη φαγειν.

spake to havegiven to her \_ to eat. /

Και εξηλθεν εκειθεν, και ηλθεν εις την πατ-And he went out thence, and came into the country ρίδα αυτου και ακολουθούσιν αυτώ οἱ μαθηται follow him the disciples of himself; and **α**υτου· <sup>2</sup> Και γενομενου σαββατου, ηρξατο εν And being come sabbath, he began τη συναγωγηδιδασκειν. Και πολλοι ακουοντες the eynagogue to teach. And many εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες. Ποθεν τουτώ ταυτα; saying . Whence to this these things? were astonished, και τις ή σοφια ή δοθεισα αυτώ; και δυναμεις and what the wisdom that being given to him? and miracles τοιαυται δια των χειρω αυτου γινονται.
so great through the bands of him are done. <sup>8</sup> Ουχ ουτος εστιν δ τεκτων, δ vios Μαριας, is the carpenter, the son of Mary, αδελφος δε Ιακωβου, και Ιωση, και Ιουδα, και and of James, and Joses, and Juda, brother

you weep and make confusion? the CHILU is not dead, but I sleeps."

40 And they acrided him. But putting t them all out, " he takes the FA-THER and the MOTHER of the CHILD, and THOSE with him, and goes in where the CHILD was.

41 And having grasped the HAND of the CHILD. he says to her, "Talithacumi, which, being trans-lated, signifies, Young MAIDEN, I say to thee, arise.".

42 And immediately the YOUNG MAIDEN arose and walked about, for she was twelve years old. And they were exceedingly astonished. The strictly

charged them that no one should know this thing: and directed to give her food.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 And the departed thence, and \* comes into his OWN COUNTRY; and his DISCIPLES follow him.

2 And the Sabbath having come, he began to teach in the SYNAGOGUE. and \* MANY hearing, were astonished, and I" Whence has this man, these things? and What is THAT WISDOM which 19 imparted \* to him? and how are such MIRACLES. performed through his HANDS?

3 Is not this the CAR-PENTER? the son of \* Maky, and ‡ Brother of and James, and Joses, and Ju-

VATICAR MANUSCRIPT.—40. If takes. 1. comes in and such minacles. 3. Mary, and Brother of. 1. comes into. 2. MANT. him? and such MIBACLES.

<sup>† 40</sup> The persons or crowd here spoken of, were probably a set of people usually hired on these occasions to attend the funeral, and follow the procession with their lamentations. This custom prevailed East. These are the mouraing women mentioned by Jeremiah, chapter [x.17-21; and by Amos, chapter v. 16. They were called Prafice by the Romans, because they presided over, and began, the funeral darge. But menseem to have attended amongs them, as well as women. Dr. Shaw mentions this custom to be still continued in the East; each, as well as women. Dr. Snaw mentions this cistom to be still continued in the East; and observes, that the women employed on these occasions, perform their parts with such proper sounds, gestures, and motions, that they rarely fail to work up the assembly to an extraordinary pitch of thoughtfulness and sorrow.—Wakefield.

2.30. John xi. 11.

3. Matt. xii. 12. Luke v 14.

3. Matt. xiii. 51, Luke v 14.

3. Matt. xiii. 54, Gal. r. 19.

Σιμωνος: και ουκ εισιν αί αδελφαι αυτου ώδε of him bere Simon and not are the sisters Και εσκανδαλιζοντο, εν αυτφ. TOOS ήμαs: D 8 P LoA they were stumbled in him. With 4 Ελέγε δε αυτοις δ Ιησους. 'Οτι ουκ εστι προ-Said but to them the Jesus; That not ia a proφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αὐτου, phet without honor, except in the country of himself, και εν τη οικία αὐτου. and among the relatives, and in the house of himself. 6 Και ουκ ηδυνατο εκει ουδεμιαν δυναμιν ποιη-And not was able there no one miracle ισαι, ει μη ολιγοις αρρωστοις επιθεις τας χειρας, hands, do, except a few sick having put on the εθεραπευσε. 6 Και εθαυμαζε δια την απιστιαν were cured. And he wondered because of the unbelief QUTWV. of them.

Και περιηγε τας κωμας κυκλφ, διδασκών. And hewentround the villages gound shout, teaching. 7 Και προσκαλειται τους δωδεκα, κα ηρέατο And be callo the medie, and lie began αυτους αποστελλειν δυο δυο και εδιδου αυτοις to send two two; and he gave to them εξουσιαν των πνεμματως των ακαθαρτων, δ και outlivity of the spirits of the unclean, with and παρηγγείλεν αυτοις, ίνα μηδεν αιρωσίν εις becharged them, that nothing they should take for δδου, ει μη βαβδυν μονον. μη πηραν, μη αρτον, away, except staff only; no bag, no bread, μη είξ ετην (ωνην χαλκον- αλλ' υποδεδεμενους out into the bett copper money; but baving deen abod σανδαλία κοι μη ενδυσησθε δυο χιτωνας. 10 Kai endale. and not you may put on two coats. And ελεγεν αυτοις. Όπου εαν εισελθητε εις οικιαν, besaid to them; Where if you may enter into a house, εκει μενετε έως αν εξελθητε εκειθεν. 11 Και here remain till you may go away from the ace. 2. And όσοι αν μη δεξωνται ύμας, μηδι ακουσωσιν ύμων, hear you, whoover not may receive you, nor εκπορευομενοι εκειθεν, εκτινάξατε τον χουν τον going awa. from thence, shake out the dust "that υποκατω των ποδων υμων, εις μαρτυρίον αυτοις.
under the feet ofyou, for writness to them.

12 Και εξελθοντες εκηρυσσον, iνα μιτανοησωσι.
And having gone out they published, that they should reform; 13 και δαιμονία πολλα εξεβαλλον, και ηλειφον and demons many they east out, and anointed (ελαιφ πυλλους άρβωστους, και εθεραπευον, sick ones, and they were cured. with oil many

14 Kai ηκουσεν δ βασιλευς 'Ηρωδης, (φανερον 14 ‡ And Herod the And heard the king Herod, (well-known KING heard, (for JESUS

γαρ εγενετο το ονομα αυτου,) και ελεγεν 'Οτι had become well-known,) for was the name of him.) and bessid; That and he said, "John the

them, ‡"A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and among his BELATIVES. and in his own FAMILY "

plexed with him.

das, and Simon? and are

not his sistens here with us?" And they were per-

· 4 But Jesus said to

5 1 And he was unwilling to do any MIRACLES there, except a Few Sick persons he cured by lay ing his HANDS on them.

6 And he was surprised on account of their UN-BELIEP. And he went round the VILLAGES teach-

ing. -1 And he called the TWELVE, and sent Them forth in pairs; and gave them Authority over the IMPURE SPIRITS;

·8 and he charged them, that they should take Nothing for the Journey, except a single Staff; \*no Bread, no Traveling Bug, no Copper in the GIRDLE;

9 but to wear sandals, and not put on Two Coats. 10 And he said to them, "Whatever house you enter, there remain, till you leave the place. . .

11 And whatever Place will not receive you, nor hear you, in departing thence, + # shake off that DUST which is UNDER your TEXT, for a Testimony to them.

12 And having gono forth, they proclaimed that men should reform.

13 And they expelled many Demons, and I anointed many sick persons with Oil, and cured them.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MARUSCRIPT .- 8. no Bread, no traveling Bag. 14. they sald.

<sup>11.</sup> whatever Placo

<sup>† 11.</sup> An emblematical action, signifying a renunciation of all further concern with them. It was very usual among the people of the East to express their intentions by cx-ternal signs. Many singular examples of this species of language occur both in Old and New Testaments. See I Kings xi. 29; xxii, 11; 2 Kings xiii. 15.

<sup>1 6</sup> Mart.

him

to destroy;

Ιωαννης δ βαπτιζων εκ νεκρων ηγερθη, και
John has baptizing out of dead has been raised, and και τουτο ενεργουσιν αί δυναμεις εν αυτω. δια through this work the mighty powers in

ιδ Αλλοι ελεγον Ότι Ηλιας εστιν Αλλοι δε he is ; Others said: That Elias Others and Ότι προφητης εστιν, ώς είς των προ-That a prophet he is, like one of the pro- $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu$ 16 Ακουσας δε δ Ηρωδης, ειπεν 'Οτι φητων. Having heard but the Herod, said; That phets. όν εγω απεκεφαλισα Ιωαννην, ούτος ηγερθη whom I beheaded John, he

is raised 17 Aυτος γαρ ὁ Ἡρωδης αποσ-Himself for the Herod send-\*[εκ νεκρων.] [from dead.] τειλας εκρατησε τον Ιωαννην, και εδησεν αυτον seized :he John and bound him εν φυλακη, δια 'Ηρωδιαδα, την γυναικα Φιλιπthrough Herodias, th wife of Philip που του αδελφου αύτου, ότι αυτην εγαμησεν.

of the brother of himself, for her he had married. of the brother of number, 100 20.

18 Ελεγε γαρ ὁ Ιωαννης τω Ἡρωδη· Ὁτι ουκ εξεστι σοι εχειν την γυναικα του αδελφου σου. lawful to thee to have the wife of the brother of thee. 19 'H δε 'Ηρωδιας ενειχεν αυτφ και ηθελεν The and Herodias had a grudge against him and wished <sup>20</sup> 'Ο γαρ The for αυτον αποκτειναι και ουκ ηδυνατο.

'Ηρωδης εφοβείτο τον Ιωαννην, είδως αυτον αν-Herod feared the John, knowing him a δρα δικαιον και άγιον· και συνετηρει αυτον· και and holy; and protected him; and ακουσας αυτου, πολλα εποιει, και ήδεως αυτου hearing him, manythings he did, and gladly  $^{21}$  Και γενομενης ήμερας ευκαιρου, ότε  $\eta \kappa o \nu \epsilon$ . he heard. And having come a day convenient, when

and not was able.

'Ηρωδης τοις γενεσιοις αύτου δειπνον εποιει Herod to the birthday of himself a feast he made τοις μεγιστασιν αύτου, και τοις χιλιαρχοις, και of himself, and to the commanders, nobles τοις πρωτοις της Γαλιλαιας. 22 και εισελθουσης to the chiefs of the Galilee; and having entered της θυγατρος αυτης της Ἡρωδιαδος, και ορχηof the daughter Herodias, and of her of the dancσαμενης, και αρεσασης τω 'Ηρωδη και τοις and having pleased the Herod and συνανακειμενοις, ειπεν ο βασιλευς τφ κορασιώ. reclining at table, said the king to the little girl;

Αιτησον με, δ εαν και δωσω σοι.  $\theta \in \lambda \eta s$ , and I will give to thee. whatever thou wilt, Ask Και ωυοσεν αυτη· 'Οτι δ εαν με αιτησης,

And he swore to her; That whatever me thou mayst ask, δωσω σοι, έως ήμισους της βασιλείας μου.
I will give to thee, till half of the kingdom of me. of me.

IMMERSER \* has . isen from the Dead, and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

15 Others said, "He is Elijah;" and others said. "He is a Prophet, like on. of the PROPHETS.

16 ‡But Herop having heard, said, "That John, whom I beheared; he is raised."

17 For HERCO himself had sent and seized John, and bound him in Prison, on account of Herodias, the WIFE of Philip his BROTHER; for he nad married Her.

18 For Jонм had said to Herod, ‡"it is not lawful for thee to have thy BROTHER'S WIFE."

19 Therefore L ERODIAS was incensed against hīm. and wished to kill him. and could not.

20 For Hero. #feared JOHN, knowing that he was a just and holy Man : and protected him; and having heard him, he \*did many things, and heard Him gladly.

And a convenient Day having come, when Herod, on his BIRTH-DAY, made a Fcast for his No-BLES, and for the COM-MANDERS and CHIEF men of GALILEE;

22 \*the DAUGHTER of this Herodias having entered, and danced, \*she pleased HEROD and the GUESTS, \* and the KING said to the GIRL, "Ask me whatever thou wilt, and I will give it to thee.

23 And he swore to her, t"Whatever thou mayst ask Me, I will give to tnee, even to the Half of my KINGDOM."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. has arisen. 16. from the dead-omit. 20. was 22. she pleased, much perplexed, and heard. 22. and the KING. · 22. his DAUGHTER Herodias.

<sup>† 21.</sup> The custom of celebrating stated solemnities, and the anniversary of the birth-day in particular, was very general in the East, and might be transferred from them to the Greeks and Romans. The solemnization of the birth-day by a festival is frequently men-Greeks and Romans. The solemnization of the birth tioned, or alluded to, in ancient authors.—Wakefield.

<sup>28.</sup> Esther v. 3, 6; vii. 2. 1 15 Matt. xvi. 14; Mark viii. 28. 16. Matt. xiv. 2; Luke ini. 10. zviii. 16; xx. 21. 1 20. Matt. xiv. 5; xxi 6.

24 'Η δε εξελθουσα, ειπε τη μητρι αύτης. Τι The and going out, said to the mother of herself; What αιτησομαι; 'Η δε ειπε. Την κεφαλην Ιωαννου She and said; shall lask? The head Και εισελθουσα ευθεως μετα του βαπτιστου. And coming in immediately with σπουδης προς τον βασιλεα, ητησατο, λεγουσα· king, she asked, to the saying; Θελω ίνα μοι δφς εξαυτης επι πινακι την θέλω ίνα μοι σως τζωντής .... I will that to me thou would strive instantly on a plate the κεφαλην Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου. of John the And dipper. very λυπος γενομενος δ βασιλευς, δια τους όρκους sorry having become the king, because of the oaths και τους συνανακειμενους ουκ ηθελησεν αυτην and those reclining at table not he would her <sup>27</sup> Και ευθεως αποστειλας δ βασιλαθετηται. reject. And immediately sending the king ευς σπεκουλατωρα, επεταξεν ενεχθηναι  $\tau n \nu$ a guardsman, he ordered to be brought Ο δε απελθων απεκεφαλισεν κεφαλην αυτου. of him. He and going forth cut off the head of head αυτον εν τη φυλακη. 3 και ηνεγκε την κεφαλην in the prison; and brought the head αυτου επ. πινακι, και εδωκεν αυτην τω κορασιω• of him on a plate, and gave her to the little girl; και το κορασιον εδωκεν αυτην τη μητρι αύτης. and the little girl her to the mother of herself. gave <sup>29</sup> Και ακουσαντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου, ηλθον, και And having heard the disciples of him, came, ηραν το πτωμα αυτου, και εθηκαν αυτο εν μνηtook the dead body of him, and placed iı in MELO. tomb.

30 Και συναγονται οί αποστολοι προς τον and related to him all were assembled the apostles to Ίησουν, και απηγγειλαν αυτφ παντα, και όσα had done, and what the and reported to him all, εποιησαν, και όσα εδιδαξαν. 31 Kai ειπεν αυτοις 31 And he \*said to them, they did. and what they taught. Δευτε ύμεις αυτοι κατ' ιδιαν εις ερημον τοπον, yourselves into a Desert Come you yourselves privately into a desert place, Place, and rest a little;" και αναπαυεσθε ολιγον. Ησαν γαρ οί ερχομενοι | t for many were those and rest you a little; Were for those coming

24 And SHE going out. said to her MOTHER, "What shall I ask?" And she said. "The HEAD of John the IMMERSER."

25 And coming in immediately with Haste to the KING, she asked, saying "I desire that thou wouldst give me instantly, on a Platter, the HEAD of John the immerser."

26 ‡ And the KING, being extremely sorry on account of the OATHS and the guests, would not refuse her.

27 And the KING, immediately sending one of this Guards, ordered his HEAD to be brought. And HE having gone forth beheaded him in the PRISON;

28 † and brought his HEAD on a Platter, and gave it to the GIRL; and the GIRL gave it to her MOTHER.

And his disciples having heard, came and carried off the DEAD-BODY, and placed it in a Tomb.

30 \$ And the APOSTLES were assembled to Jesus, the things, both what they and what had taught.

And he said to them; ‡ "Come nou, retire by who were coming and go-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. Says.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—31. says.

† 27. The term, \*pekoulatora\* from the Latin \*peculator\*, denotes one of the body-guards, \*pto were so called, because their principal duty was that of \*sentinels\*. They had, however, \*ther confidental duties, and among these, that of acting, like Turkish soldiers of the present lay, as executioners. † 28. Note here, that very remarkable seems the providence of fold, in avenging the death of this holy man upon Herod, Herodias, and her daughter. For 1st, As the war betwixt Herod and Arctas king of Petrea was caused by Herod's wicked contract with Herodias at or eject the daughter of Arctas, his lawful wife, and to marry with Herodias, his brother Philip's wife; so Josephus declares that the Jews looked upon the putting John to death, as the cause of the miscarriage of Herod's army; "fod being angry with him for the death of John the Baptist." 2dly, Herodias envying the glory of king Agrippa, who had that honour given him by Caus, prevailed with her husband to go to Rome and accuse Agrippa; whereupon Caus deprived Herod of his government, and her of her money; and gave them both to Agrippa, banishing Herod and Herodias to Lyons in France "which (says Josephus) was done in punishment of her envy, and of his readiness to hear ken to her solicitations." And 3dly, of her daughter it is related, that she going over the ic4 in winter, the ice broke, and she slipped in to the head, which at last was severed from her body by the sharpness of the ice, God requiring her head for that of the Baptist's she desired; which, if true, was a woncerful providence.—Whitby. red; which, if true, was a wonderful providence. - Whitby.

<sup>23.</sup> Matt. xiv. 9. 1 31 Mark 111. 20.

MARK. Chap. 6: 32.] και οἱ ὑπαγοντες πολλοι· και ουδε φαγειν ηυκαιand not even to eat they had and those going many; 32 Και απηλθον εις ερημον τοπον τω And they went into a desert place to the ρουν. leisure. πλοιφ κατ' ιδιαν. 33 Και ειδον αυτους υπαγοντας. And they saw them going away; privately. και επεγνωσαν πολλοι και πεζη απο πασων and on foot from all many; knew των πολεων συνεδραμον εκει. <sup>34</sup> Και εξελθων And coming out cities they ran together there. ειδεν πολυν οχλον, και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' great was moved with pity towards a crowd, and αυτοις, ότι ησαν ώς προβατα, μη εχοντα ποιsheep, not having for they were as και ηρξατο διδασκειν αυτους πολλα. shepherd; and he began to teach them many things. 35 Και ηδη ώρας πολλης γενομενης, προσελθυν-And already time much having gone, coming τες αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου, λεγουσιν. 'Οτι ερηto him the disciples of him, they say; μος εστιν ό τοπος, και ηδη ώρα πολλη· 36 αποdesert is the place, and already time much: dismiss λυσον αυτους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τους κυκλφ going into the surrounding them, that αγρους και κωμας, αγορασωσιν έαυτοις αρτους. they may huy themselves loaves; country and villages, <sup>37</sup> 'Ο δε αποκριτι γαρ φαγωσιν ουκ εχουσιν. He hut answering any for they might eat not they have. θεις ειπεν αυτοις. Δοτε αυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. Give to them you said to them; Και λεγουσιν αυτφ. Απελθοντες αγορασωμεν they say to him; Going may we buy two hundred loaves, and give εχετε;

δηναριων διακοσιων αρτους, και δωμεν αυτοις to them φαγειν; 38 Ο δε λεγει αυτοις. Ποσους αρτους to eat? He but says to them: How many loaves γνοντες, ύπαγετε και ιδετε. Και γνοντες, go you and see you. And having ascertained, have you? λεγουσι Πεντε, και δυο ιχθυας. Five, and two fishes. they say: συνποσια παντας, ανακλιναι ταξεν αυτοις to make recline all, company dered them 40 Και ανεσυνποσια, επι τω χλωρω χορτω. the green grass. And they on

πεσον πρασιαι πρασιαι, ανα έκατον, και ανα by a hundred. squares squares, reclined 41 Και λαβων τους πεντε αρτους πεντηκοντα.

And taking the five loaves by fifty.

και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, looking up to the heaven, and the two fishes, κατεκλασε τους αρτους, και ευλογησε, και the loaves, and he gave praise, and broke εδιδου τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα παραθωσιν of him, that they might set before disciples gave to the

the two fishes he divided ING, and they had no les sure, not even to eat.

32 And they went away, by the BOAT, into a Descri Place, I to be by themselves.

33 But they saw them departing, and many knew hem; and they ran together there on foot from Al the CITIES.

34 And coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he deeply pitied them, Be-eause they were like Sheep having no Shepherd; and the taught them many things.

35 And much Time having already gone, his DISCIPLES coming to him, say, \* "The PLACE is a Desert, and now much Time has passed;

36 dismiss them, that they may go to the adjacent FARMS and Villages, and buy themselves \* what they should eat."

37 But HE answering said to them, "Dou supply them." And they say to him, "Should we go and for Two hundred Denarii buy Loaves, and give them to eat?"

38 And HE says to them, "How Many Loaves have you? Go and see." And 39 Και επε- having ascertained, they And heor- Say, ‡ "Five, and Two Fishes."

39 And he commanded them to make all recline in Companies on the GREEN Grass.

40 And they lay down in Squares, by Hundreds and by Fifties.

41 And taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, he praised God, and broke the LOAVES, and gave to \* the DISCI-PLES to set before them; και τους δυο ιχθυας εμερισε πασι. and the Two Fishes he to all. distributed to all.

autois.

± 35.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. The PLACE is a Desert. 41, the pisciples.

<sup>36.</sup> what they should eat.

12 Kat εφαγον παντές, και εχορτασθησαν. And they are all. and were filled.

Και ηραν κλασματων δωδεκα κοφινους πλη-And they took up of fragments twelve baskets 44 Και ησαν οί φαρεις, και απο των ιχθυων. of the fishes. And were those having

γοντες τους αρτους, πεντακισχιλιοι ανδρες. loaves, five thousand

<sup>45</sup> Και ευθεως ημαγκασε τους μαθητας αύτου And immediately he urged the disciples of himself εμβηναι εις το πλοιον, και προαγείν εις το πεto step into the ship, and to go before to the other ραν προς Βηθσαιδαν, έως αυτος απολυση τον Bethsaida, while he should dismiss the  $^{46}$  Kai αποταξαμένος αυτοίς, απηλθέν οχλον. And having sent away them, erowd. he went 47 Kai ofias yevoεις το ορος προσευξασθαι. And evening having into the mountain to pray. μενης, ην το πλοιον εν μεσφ της θαλασσης come, was the ship in middle of the sea; <sup>48</sup> Και ειδεν και αυτος μονος επι της γης. alone upon the land. And he saw he αυτους βασανιζομενους εν τω ελαυνειν. ην γαρ in the rowing; was for tormented S arevos eravtios autois. Και περι τεταρτην And about opposite to them. fourth φυλακην της νυκτος ερχεται προς αυτους, περιof the night comes towards them, walkπατων επι της θαλασσης και ηθελε παρελθείν the sea; and wished 49 Οί δε, ιδοντες αυτον περιπατουντα autous. They but, seeing him walking επι της θαλασσης, εδοξαν φαντασμα ειναι, και they thought a phantoni to be, and on the 50 Παντες γαρ αυτον ειδον, και ανεκραζαν. they cried out. for him saw, All εταραχθησαν. Και ευθεως ελαλησε μετ' αυτων, And immediately he spoke with were terrified. και λεγει αυτοις. Θαρσειτε: εγω ειμι, μη φοand says to them; Take courage; I am, not be βεισθε. <sup>51</sup> Και ανεβη προς αυτους εις το πλοιον· them into the a Smid. And be went up to boat: Kaι λιαν \* [εκ πεκαι εκοπασεν δ ανεμος. and ceased the wind. And greatly [out of mea-ρισσου] εν έαυτοις εξισταντο, \*[και εθαυμαζον.] sure] in themselves they were amazed [and wondered.]

53 Και διαπερασαντες ηλθον επι την γην Γεν-And having passed over they came to the land Genνησαρετ· και προσωρμισθησαν. 54 Και εξελθονdrew to the shore. And coming out των αυτων εκ του πλοιου, ευθεως επιγνοντες of them out of the ship, immediately knowing αυτον, <sup>55</sup> περιδραμοντες όλην την περιχωρου the adjacent country him. running about whole

53 Ου γαρ συνηκαν επί τοις αρτοις ην γαρ ή Not for they understood about the loaves, was for the

42 And they all ate and were satisfied.

43 And they took up Twelve Baskets full of Fragments [of the Bread, and of the FISHES.

44 Now those who ate of the LOAVES were Five thousand Men.

45 ‡ And immediately he constrained his disci-PLES to go into the BOAT. OTHER SIDE,

and precede him to the towards Bethsaida, while he should send away the CROWD. 46 And having dismissed

them, he retired to the MOUNTAIN to pray.

47 And Evening having come, the BOAT was in the Midst of the LAKE, and he was alone on the LAND.

48 And he saw them toiling at the OAR; for the WIND was against them; and about the + Fourth Watch of the Night, he comes towards them walk. ing on the LAKE, and wished to pass by them.

But seeing him walking on the LAKE, they thought it was an Apparition, and they cried out;

50 for they all saw him, and were terrified. And im**mediately he spoke with** them, saying, "Take courage, it is I; be not afraid."

51 And he went up to them into the BOAT; and the WIND ceased; and they were exceedingly amazed in themselves.

52 For they understood not about the LOAVES; was for the because their HEART was stupified.

> 53 And having passed over, they came to the LAND of Gennessaret, and put to the shore.

> 54 And coming out of the BOAT, immediately they recognized him,

55 and running through that Whole SURROUNDING

51 and wondered -omit

καρδια αυτων πεπωρωμενη.

heart of them having been stupified.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. out of measure-omit.

<sup>† 48.</sup> See Notes on Matt. xiv. 25, 26

<sup>1 45.</sup> Matt. xiv. 22; John vi. 17.

κραββατοις τους ηρξαν**το** ETL TOIS EKELVAU. that, they began **en** the couches those κακως εχοντας περιφερειν, δπου ηκουον, δ~ι aickness. having to carry about, where they heard, that <sup>δ6</sup> Και όπου αν ELGEHODEVETO ELS EKEL EGTL. he is. And wherever be entered into  $\kappa\omega\mu\alpha s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi o\lambda\epsilon\iota s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ aypous, EV Tais ayopais cowns, cities, 01 villages, m the markets er.  $a\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\sigma\nu\tau\alpha s.$ παρεκαλουν TOUS και the; placed those being sick, and they besough. αυτον, ίνα καν του κρασπεδου του ίματιου that if even the tuft of the mantle και όσοι αν ήπτοντο αυτου, άψωνται αυτου of him they might touch; and **whoever** touched him, εσα (οντο. were saved

## КЕФ. C. 7.

Και συναγονται προς αυτον οι Φαρισαιοι, were gathered ં him the Pharisees, αι τινες των γραμματεων, ελθοντε; απο Ίεροand some of the er.bes, having come from Jeru-2 Kal id vtes Tivas Twv μαθητων **σ**ολιμων and exing 80 ILE of the disciples autou κοινχις χερτί, τουτ΄ εστιν ανιπτοις, efhim with common hands, that is unwashed, eθιοντας αρτους (οί γαρ Φαρισαιοι και πανeating Ioaves, (the for Pharisees and all τες οί Ιουδαιοι, εαν μη πυγμη νιψωνται τας if not with et they may wash the the χειρας, ουκ εσθιουσι, κρωτουντές την παραδοσιν they eat, nolding the tradition not ικα: απο αγορας, των πρεσβυτερων  $\epsilon a \nu$ μη and from o. the elderst a market. r-f not βαπτισωνται, ουκ εσθιουσ: και αλλα πολλα they est; and other many things they might dip. not εστιν, α παρελαβον κρατειν, βαπτισμους ποτηis, which they received to hold, ριων, και ξεστων, και χαλκιων, \*[και πλινων])
cups, and otpots, and ofcopper vessels. [and ofcouches.]) <sup>5</sup> επειτα ε**περωτωσιν αυτον** οί Φαρισαιοι και οί Phansees asked him the and the γραμματεις' Διατι οἱ μαθηται σου ου περιπα-Why the disciples of thee not κατα την παραδοσιν των πρεσβυτερων, TOUGL according to the tradition of the elder, 6 °O αλλα κοιναις χερσιν εσθιουσι τον αρτον; hut with common hands they eat the 1021 He \*[δε αποκριθεις] ειπεν αυτοις: 'Οτι καλως προεproanswering said to them 1 That well φητευσεν Ήσαιας περι ύμων των ύποκριτων, ώς Eccles. about you the hypocrites. "This the people with the lips me γεγρα**πται** it is written:

REGION, carried about the SICK on couches, to where they heard he was.

56 And wherever he entered, into Towns, or Cities, or Villages, they placed the SICK in the MARKETS, and implored him, that they might but touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched him were cured.

#### CHAPTER VII.

- 1 And the Pharisers, and some of the scribes, having come from Jerusalem, resorted to him.
- 2 And observing some of his disciples eating BREAD with common, the is, with Unwashed Hands;
- 3 (for the Pharisees, and All the Jews holding the Tradition of the Elders, eat not, unless they wash their Hands with the Fist;
- 4 and coming from a Market, unless they \* immerse themselves, they eat not. And many other things there are which they have received to maintain,—Immersions of Cups, and of Pots, and of Copper vessels;)
- 5 \* both the Pharisees and the scribes asked him, "Why do not thy discipler walk according to the TRADITION of the ELDERS, but eat BREAD with common Hands?"
- 6 Hes.1d to them, "Well that Isahah prophesy concerning you, HYPOCRITES, as it is written, 1 "This "PEOPLE honor me with 'their lips, but their

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. besprinkle themselves, they eat not. 6. and of couches-omit. 5. both the Pharisees. 6. but answering-omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> The Pharisees, (says Josephus,) delivered many doctrines of the people as belonging to the law, which were handed down by the fathers, but not written in the law of Moses; and for this reason, the sect of the Sadducees rejects them; maintaining that those thingwhich are written, ought to be accounted parts of the law, and that such as are only received by tradition from the fathers ought not to be observed.—Ant. ziii 18.

<sup>1 56.</sup> Matt. 1x. 20; Mark v. 27, 28; Acts aix. 12. 1 1. Matt. xv. 1. 1 6. Isa. xxix. 12.

δε καςδια αυτων πορόω απεχει απ' τιμα, ἡ is ramoved from norer, the but heart of them far off <sup>7</sup> Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες me. In vain but they worship me, teaching διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." 8 Αφεντες commandments of men." teachings. Leaving [γαρ] την εντολην του θεου, κρατε:τε την [for] the commandment of the God, founded the παραδυσιν των ανθρωπων, \*[βαππισμους ξεστων]ou hold the tradition of the men, [dippings of pots και πυτηριων - και αλλα παρομεια το ιαυτα πυλλα of cups; and other similar such like many things <sup>9</sup>Και ελεγεν αυτοις πυιειτε.] Καλως αθετειτε you do. And be said to them. Well you set aside την εντολην του θεου, ίνα την παραδοσιν ύμων the commanament of he God, that the tradition of you 10 Μωσης γαρ ειπε Moses for said; " Τιμα τον τηρησητ€. " Honor the you may keep "'o πατερα ουυ και την μητερα σου." και· the rat'e of thee," " He father of thee and and; κακολογου πατερα η μητερα, θανατώ τελευnother, father cursing τατω," or a death let hım 11 Υμεις δε λεγετε Εαν ειπη ανθρω-If should say You but 8:-5 ; a man πος τω πατρι ή τη μητρι·
to the father or the mother; εστι, Κορβαν (δ Corban (which is, <sup>12</sup> [κα:] δωρον,) ε εαν εξ εμου ωφεληθης. [and] whatever out of me thou mightest be profited; ουκετι απιετε αυτον ουδεν ποιησαι τω πατρι no more ye suffer him anything to do for he fa aer \* [αὐτου,] ἡ τη μητρι \* [αὐτου,] <sup>13</sup> ακυρουν · · s [of himself,] making vo. · ή τον λογ ν του θειυ τη παραδοσει ύμων, word of the God or the tradition of you, which παρεδ..κα 'ε' και παρυμοια τυιαυτα πολλα πο you ecvered; and similar such like many thines ou 14 Kai 3: . . . . προσκαλεσαμ...... παντα TOV And having called the ελεγεν αυτοις. Ακ υετε μοι ταντες, εχλης, er.wd, he said to them: He::: me all, 15 Ουδεν εσ. ιο εξωθεν του ανθρωta: Curiete. and a instructed. Nothing ion'i' o & man πον, εισπηρευομενον ειз χυτυν δ υνο: ... α τ ν ontering into him, "is able him κοινωσαι αλλα τα εκπορευομένα ππ αυτιυ, o make common; but the things proceeding fcom him. εκείνα εστι τα κοινουντα την ανθρωπον. 15\* Ει POLLUTE him.

is "bethings making common the

those

HEART is far removed from me.

7 But in vain do they 'wors ip me, teaching as 'Doctrines, the Precepts

'of Men.'

Laying aside the COMMANDMENT of GOD, you retain the TRADICION of MEN"

9 And he said to them, "Well do you annul he COMMANDMENT Of GCD, that you may keep your

OWN TRADITION.

10 For Moses said, ‡'Ho-'nor thy father and thy 'MOTHER,' and THE who 'REVILES Father or Mo-'ther, let him be punished 'with Death.'

11 But pou assert, 'If a man say to FATHER OF MO-THER, ‡Be that Corban, that is, an Offering, † by which thou mightest derive assistance from me;

12 you no more permit him to do any thing for FA-THER OF MOTHER:

13 making void the word of God by your tra-DITION, which you have delivered; and many such like Things you do."

14 \$And having \*again called All of the CROWD, he said to them, "Let all listen to me, and be instructed.

15 There is nothing from without the MAN, which entering in \*POLLUTES him; but the THINGS proceeding from \* the MAN, are the THINGS which

16 \*‡[If any one has

man.

[1f

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. For-omit. 8. dippings of Pots and or Cups; and many other such like things you do—omit.

12. his—omit

14. again 4alled. 12. And-omit. 15. POLLUTES him. 15. the MAN, are the THINGS which POLLUTE him. 16. If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear-omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> A piece of history, delivered in the Talmud, will illustrate this subject, and at the same time exhibit in a clear light the profligacy, superstition, and casuistry of the Jews. A man of Beth-Horon had made a vow, and declared that his father should reap no benefit from his property. Afterwards, on the occasion of his son's marriage, he wished to invite his father to the entertainment; and, to evade the obligation of his vow, he transferred his right and property in the room and feast to a friend, who was engaged to invite his father. This, however, war judged to be unlawful, unless he had transferred entirely and truly this part o his property to his friend, without interposing any condition with respect to the invitation of his father, whom he was bound by all means not to profit. How can we be surprised the severity with which our Savior rebuked such vile casuistry, such want of natural affection, and such abominable hypocrisy?—Wakefield.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v 16 Matt. xv. 4. xx. 20. † 11. Matt. xv. 1 xxiii. 18. 1 10. Exed. xxi. 17; Lev. xx. 11 Matt xv. 16. 1 16. Matt 1 16. Matt xi. 15.

<sup>17</sup> Kaı ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω.  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$ to hear, let him hear. 1 And any one has ears οχλου, εισηλθεν eis οικον απο του ÒΤΕ he entered into a house from the crowd, when επηρωτων αυτον οί μαθηται αυτου περι της bim the disciples of him concerning the 18 Και λεγει αυτοις. Ούτω και παραβολης. And he says to them; also parable. Ου νοειτε, ότι παν το ύμεις ασυνετοι εστε; you without understanding are? Not know you, that all that εξωθεν, εισπορευομενον εις τον ανθρωπον, entering into the man, without. <sup>19</sup> δτι ουκ δυναται αυτον κοινωσαι; εισπορhim to make common? that not ευεται αυτου εις την καρδιαν, αλλ' εις την κοιheart, but into the belly; ofit into the αφεδρωνα τον εκπυρευεται, λιαν Kal EIS the goes out, and into priss 20 Ελεγε δε· καθαριζον παντα τα βρωματα. toods He said and, ail the 'Οτι το εκ του ανθρωπου εκπορευομενον, εκεινο proceeding forth. Tant the own of the man that  $^{21}$   $E\sigma\omega\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\gamma\sigma\rho$   $\epsilon\kappa$   $\tau\eta s$ τον ανθρωπον.

Within ma .es common the man; ior out or the καυδιας των ανθρωπων οί διαλογισμοι οι κακοι of the men the purposes the evil εκπυρευονται\* μοιχειαι, πυρνειαι, DOVOL. proceeds: adulteries, fornications,  $^{22}$ κλοπαι, πλεονεξιαι, πονηριαι, δολος, απελγεια, thefts, covetousnesses, villanies. deceit, Intemperance, οφθαλμος πονημος,  $\beta$ λασφημια, ύπερηφανια,

evil. evil speakings, pride, <sup>23</sup> παντα ταυτα τα πονηρα εσωθεν αφροσυνη. all these thethings evil withm

εκπορευεται, και κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. comes forth. an i makes common the

<sup>24</sup> Και εκειθεν αναστας, απηλθεν εις τα μεθ-And thence into the arising, he wen ορια Τυρου και Σιδωνος και εισελθων εις την and of Tyre and Sidon; entering 'b'o the οικιαν, ουδενα ηθελε γνωναι και ουκ ηδυνηθη he wished to know. and not he was able house, по опе λαθειν. <sup>25</sup> Ακουσασα γαρ γυνη περι αυτου, ής In De concealed. Having heard for a woman about him, of whom ειχε το θυγατριον αύτης πνευμα ακαθαρτον, had the little daughter of herself a spirit unclean, ελθουσα προσεπεσε προς τους ποδας αυτου. fell down to the feet of him havingcome

26 (ην δε ή γυνη Έλληνις, Συροφοινικισσα τω a Syrophenician (was now the woman a Greek, to the γενει) και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα το δαιμονιον εκbirth:) and she besought him, that the demon εκ της θυγατρος αύτης. 27 'Ο δε Ιησους Baan daughter of hersetl. The hut would cast out of the ειπεναυτη. Αφες πρωτον χορτασθηναι τα τεκνα. said to her; Le alone to be filled first ου γαρ καλον εστι, λαβειν τον αρτον των τεκnot for good itis, totake the bread of the chil-38 . H δε νων, και βαλειν τοις κυναριοις. but and to cast to she dogs. She

Ears to hear, let him hear."]

17 ‡ And when he went from the CROWD into a llouse, his DISCIPLES asked him concerning the PARABLE.

18 And he says to them, " Are you also so destitute of understanding? Do you not perceive, that nothing from without, ENTERING INTO the MAN, can pollute Hım ?

19 because it enters not into the HEART, but into the BELLY, and passes into he sink, purifying All the FOOD."

20 And he said, "THAT which PROCEEDS OUT OF the MAN, that pollutes the MAN.

21 ‡ For from within, out of the HEART of MEN, emanate EVIL PURPOSES; –Adulteries, Fornications, Murders,

22 Thefts, Covetousness, Villanies, Deceit, Intemperance, Envy, Calumnies. Pride, and Folly.

23 All These EVILthings emanate from within, and pollute the MAN."

24 # And arising thence, he retired into the con-FINES of Tyre and Siden; and having entered into the HOUSE, he desired no one to know it; but he could not be concealed.

25 For a Woman, whose LITTLE DAUGHTER had an unclean Spirit, \* immediately heard of him; and having come fell down at his FEET;

26 (now the WOMAN was †an Hellenist, a NA-TIVE of Syrophenicia.) and she entreated him to expet the DEMON from her DAUGHTER.

27 \* And he said to her. "Let the CHILDREN first be satisfied; for it is not proper to take the CHIL-DREN'S BREAD, and throw it to the pogs."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. immediately heard.

<sup>27.</sup> And he said.

<sup>† 26.</sup> One who spoke the Greek language.
1)7 Matt. xv. 15 | † 21. Gen. vi. 5; viii. 21; Matt. xv. 19. 1 17 Matt. xv. 15

απεκριθη, και λεγει αυτφ. Ναι, κυριε και γαρ to him, Yes, sir; even for answered, and says τα κυναρια ύποκατω της τραπεζης εσθιει απο the table eatest dogs under 29 Και ειπεν αυτη· των ψιχιων των παιδιων. And he said to beat of the crumbs othe children. εξεληλυθε το Δια τουτον τον λογον ύπαγε. word the Turough this the go; has come out 30 Kaι απελδαιμονιον εκ της θυγατρος σου. demon from the daughter of thee. And θουσα εις τον οικον αύτης, εύρε το δαιμονίαν gone into the house of her, she found the demom εξεληλυθος, και την θυγατερα βεβλημενην επι having gone out, and the daughter having been laid της κλινης. bed. 31 Και παλιν εξελθων εκ των δριων Τυρου και And again coming out from the borders of Tyre and

Σιδωνος, ηλθεν εις την θαλασσαν της Γαγιλαιας, ofthe Gahlee became to the sea ανα μεσον των δριων Δεκαπολεως. 32 Και φερthrough midst of the borders or Decapolus. ουσιν αυτφ κωφον μογιλαλον, και παρακαλουbring to him a deat man a stammerer, and they entreat 33 Kaı σιν αυτον ίνα  $\epsilon$ πιθη αυτ $\varphi$  την  $\chi$  $\epsilon$ ιρα. him that le might place to him the hand. And απολαβομενος αυτον απο του οχλου κατ' ιδιαν, from the crowd privately, having taken him εβαλε τους δακτυλους αύτου εις τα ωτα αυτου, fingers of himself into the ears of him. και πτυσας ήψατο της γλωσσης αυτ υ· 34 και and spitting he touched the and tongue of him: αναβλεψας εις του ουρανον, εστεναξε, και lookiag pp to the heaven, he groaued, an 1 Εφφαθα, δ εστι, διανοιχθητι. λεγει αυτώ. Ephphatha, that is, bo opened. ays to im: 35 Και \*[ευθεως] διηνοιχθησαν αυτου αί ακοαι· And [immediately] were opened of him the care kal  $\epsilon \lambda v \theta \eta$   $\delta$   $\delta \epsilon \sigma \mu os$   $\tau \eta s$   $\gamma \lambda \omega \sigma \sigma \eta s$  autov, kal and was loosed the bond of the tongue thim, and

μηδενι ειπωσιν όσαν δε αυτος αυτοις διεστελno one the should tell, what but he charged 37 Ka! λετο, μαλλον περισσοτερον εκηρυσσον they published. And ahundanti . ύπερπερισσως εξεπλησσωντο, λεγοντες· Καλως they were astor ished, saying; Well hevond measure παντα πεποιηκε και τους κωφους ποιει ακουall (things) be bas done; and the deafones he makes ειν, και τους αλαλους λαλειν.

And

dumb ones to speak.

<sup>36</sup> Και διεστειλατο αυτεις,

he charged

28 But she answered, and says to him, "True, Sir; yet even the DOGS under the TABLE eat of the CHILDREN'S CRUMBS."

29 And he said to her, "For This REMARK, go; the DEMON has departed from thy DAUGHTER."

30 And departing to her HOUSE, she found \* her DAUGHTER laid upon the BED, and the DEMON expelled.

81 ‡ And again leaving the CONFINES of Tyre, \*he came by Sidon to the LAKE of GALILEE, through the Midst of the BORDERS of Decapolis.

32 ‡ And they bring to him a deaf man who stammered, and they entreat him to place his HAND on him.

83 And having privately takenhim from the erows, the put his fingers into his ears, and spitting, touched his tongue;

34 and looking up to HEAVEN, he groaned, and says to him, "Ephphatha," that is, Be opened.

35 And His EARS were opened, and the CORD of his TONGUE was loosed, and he spoke plainly.

36 ‡ And he charged them that they should tell no one; but the more whe charged them, the more abundantly \* they published it.

ίνα

test

them.

37 And they were astonished beyond measure, saying, "He has done all things well; he makes both the DEAF to hear, and the \* Dumb to speak.

αλαλειορθως.

he poke plainly.

hear, and the

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—30. her daughter laid upon the med, and the demon expelled.

31. he came by Sidon to.

35. immediately—omit.

36. he charged.

36 they published.

<sup>† 33.</sup> Doddridge well observes about this miracle, "fany should ask Why our Lord use these actions, when a word alone would have been sufficient; and such means (if they can be called means) could in themselves do nothing at all to answer the end,—I frankly confess I cannot tell, nor am I at all concerned to know. \*\* \* \* Had Christ's patients, like Naamın, (2 Kingsv. 11, 12,) been too nice in their exceptions on these occasions, I fear they would have lost their cure, and the indulgence of a curious, or a petulant mind, would have been but a poor equivalent for such a loss."

autous.

КΕΦ. η'. 8.

1 Εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, παμπολλου οχλου thosa the days, very great crowd και μη εχουτων τι φαγωσι, προσ-and not having anything they could eat, having OVTOS , and καλεσπμενος τους μαθητας αίτου λεγει αυτοις. the disciples of himself be says to them;

2 Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον· ότι ηδη ήμεραι on the crowd; because now I have pity τρεις, προσμενουσι \*[μοι,] και ουκ εχουσι they continue [with me,] and not they have anything  $^3$  Και εαν απολυσω αυτους νηστεις φαγωσι. Aud., if I dismiss them Lacy can eat. εις οικον αύτων, εκλυθητονται εν τη όδφο τινες into house of themselves, they will faint on the way; some γαρ αυτων μακροθεν ήκουπι. 4 Και απεκριθηπαν of them a great distance have coule. And αυτφ οξ μαθηται αυτου. Πυθεν τουτους δυνησεof bin; Whence to hun the disciples these ται τις ώδε χορτασαι αρτων επ³ ερημιας; 5 Και any one here to satisfy of loaves in a desert place? επηρωτα αυτους. Ποσους εχετε αρτους; Οί δε They and How many have you loaves? hoasked them; 6 Και παρηγγειλε τψοχλψ ανα-€ιπου• 'Επτα. And he gave orders to the crowd Seven. πεσειν επι της γης και λαβων τους έπτα upon the | ground; and taking the αρτους, ευχαριστησας εκλασε, και εδιδου τοις loaves, giving thanks be broke, and gave to the μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα παραθωσι και παρεθηκαν disciples of himself, that they might set before : and they set before ΤΚαι ειχον ιχθυδια ολιγα και ευλοτφ οχλφ. And they had sm-liftshes a few: and triving the crowd. γησας, ειπε παραθειναι και αυτα. <sup>8</sup> E $\phi$ a $\gamma$ o $\nu$   $\delta$  $\epsilon$ , p-aise, he said place before elso them. They ate and, και ηραν περισσευματα και έχορτασθησαν. and they took up over and above we ve filled: κλασματων, έπτα σπυριδας.
offragments, seven large baskets, 9 Hoar de ol da-Were and those havof fragments, ώς τετρακισχιλιοι. Kat απελυσεν YOUTES, and he dismissed four thousand ; ing eaten, about

them. , 10 Και ευθεως εμβας εις το πλοιον μετα των And immediately entering into the ship with μαθητων αὐτου, ηλθεν εις τα μερη Δαλμανουθα. disciples of himself, he came into the parts of Dalmanutha, 11 Και εξηλθον οί Φαρισαιοι, και ηρξαντο συζη. an 4 And same forth the Pharmees, τειν αυτφ, ζητουντες παρ' αυτου σημειον απο him asign argue with him, seeking υl

CHAPTER VIII.

1 ! In Those DAYS the Crowd \* again being great, and having nothing to eat, calling his Disciples, he says to them,

2 "I have compassion on the crowd, Because now they have continued three Days, and have nothing to eat;

3 and if I dismiss them fasting to their Homes. they will faint on the ROAD; for some of them have come from a great distance."

4 And his DISCIPLES answered him, "Whence will any one be able to satisfy These with Bread here in a Desert place?"

5 1 And he asked them, "How Many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven"

6 And he commanded the crowd to recline on the GROUND; and taking the seven Loaves, ; and having given thanks, he broke them, and gave them to his disciples for distribution, and they placed them before the CROWD.

7 And they had a few Small fishes; and having offered praise for them, he said, "Place \* These also before them."

8 Thus they ate, and were satisfied; and they took up of the remaining Fragments Seven large Baskets full.

9 And \* they were about Four thousand; and he dismissed them.

10 # And immediately \*he entered into the BOAR with his Disciples, and came into the REGION of; † Dalmanutha.

11 tAnd the PHARISEES came forth, and began to from argue with him, seeking

9. And they

L. These.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. again being great. 10. he entered. were about.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The same as Magdala; see Matt. xv. 30.

xv. 32. † 5. Matt. xv. 34; Mark vi. 38. † 6. Matf. xvv. 10; Mark, 10. Matt. xv. 39. † 11. Matt. xii. 38, xvi. 1; John vi. 30. 1: Matt. xv. 32.

12 Kai avaτου ουρανου, πειραζοντες αυτον. tempting him. And groanστεναξας τφ πνευματι αύτου, λεγει Τ ή γενεα spirit o himself, he says: Why the generation ing deeply in the εύτη σημειον επιζητει; Αμην λεγω \*[ύμιν] ει asign secks? Indeed I say [to you,] if δοθησεται τη γενεα. αυτη σημειον. rhall be given to the generation th:s

18 Και αφεις αυτους, εμβας παλιν \* Γοις το the a ontering again. Tirto the <sup>14</sup>Κ. επελα- $\pi$ λοιον, ]  $\alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon = \epsilon_0 s \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon_{\mu} \alpha \nu$ . he departed  $\omega$  the startion. Ana they θοντο λαβειν αρτους, και ει η ένα αρτον ουκ 1ca.
25 Και διεσforgot to take loa.es, .nc 'xcept ειχον μεθ' έαυτ∙ν εν τω πλοιφ. they had with thems lives in the ship. fr.3 τε λετο αυτοις, λεγων 'Ορατε, βλεπετε απο saying ; Loo! jou, Leware von της ζυμης των Φαρισαίων, και της ζυμης Ήρωthe leaven of the Pharmees, ως of the leaven of Heδ ...  $^{16}$  Και διελογιζοντο προς αλληλους, \*[λε-71 d. And they reasoned with on another, Sayγονεες ! Ότι αρτους ουκ εχεμεν. 1. Kai yvous Because loaves not %3 hivs Ard knowing 'n+;] Τι διαλ γιζεσθε, ότι δ Ιησους, λεγει αυ™οις° he says to them; why because 6 Jesus, reason von,  $Cv\pi\omega$ ROTLUS OUR EXETE: 20€12€ ລນຽ∈ you have? Not get perceive von, neither \*[ετι] πεπωρε μενην εχετε την καρanderstand ou? [yet] having been stupified have you the διαν υμων; 13 Cφθαλμυυς εχοντές υ βλεπετέ; of you? E~. a naving pot 140 1008 κα: ωτα εχοντες ουκ ακουετε; και ου μνημονand not remember and ears having act lew you? 19 Ότε τους πεν ε αρτους εκλαιτα εις EVETE: When the five I troke you? losves τους πεντακισχιλιους, ποσους κ.φινους πληfive chousand, how many hasters full **Δεγουσίν** κλασματων ηρατε: QUTW 2130 took you ap F 10 5 m; of fragments They Lay  $^{20}$  Ote de tous ètra es tous terpa-Δωδεκα. Twelve. When and zhseven the fonr κισχιλιους, ποσων σπυριδων πλημοματα κλασthousand, how many large haskets rill. of 21 Kai ιατων ηρατε; Οί δε ειπον.  $E\pi\tau$ :

ου nesaid to them; How is it not you and leretand?  $^{22}$  Και ερχεται εις Βηhetaσαιδαν $_{\circ}$ Και φερουσιν And he comes to Bethsaida. And they bring

 $\Pi \omega s$ 

-aid:

agements took you up? They and

, λεγεν αυτοις.

of him a Sign from FEA-VEN, trying him.

12 And grouning deeply in his spirit, he says, "Why does this GENERA. TION seek a Sign? Indeed, I say to you, no Sign shak be given to this GENERA. TION."

13 And leaving them, re-embarking, he passed to the OTHER SIDE.

14 ‡ Now they forgot to take Bread, and had but One Loaf with them in the BOAT.

15 ‡ And he charged them, saying, "Obs rve ! Beware of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and of the

LEA EN of Horod."
16 And they reasoned with one another, Because they had no Bread.

17 And he knew it, and says to them, " Why do you reason, Bicause you have no Bread? ‡ Do you not yet perceive, not understand? Is your HEAR1 stupified 🕈

18 Having E, x. do you net see? and baving Ears, do vou not hea... and de you not recollect?

19 t When I broke the five Loaves among the FIVE THOUSAND, How many Baskets full of Fragments took you up?" They say to him, "Twelve."

20 t" And when the SEVEN among the FOUL THOUSAND, How many large Baskets full of Fragments took you up?" And \* they say to him, "Seven."

21 And he said to them. "How is it you co not understand?"

22 And \*they come to Bethsaida; and they bring

Seven.

CUPLETE;

And

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. to you-omit, 13. into the BOAT-omit. 16. say-17. he knew it, and says. 16. Because they had no Bread. ing-omit. yet—omit. 20. they say to him. 2 . they come.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Matthew joins the Sadduces with the Pharisees, and makes no mention of Herod. But there is no real discrepancy, since Herod and the Herodians fi. e. his adherents and courtiers) were, no doubt, Sadducees, and there is every reason to think that their doctrines and morals were such as to justify the caution of our Lord. Zunce, by a striking metaphor. denotes the infection of false doctrines, (so Matt. xvi. 12,) as well as corrupt morals .- Bloom. fiela.

<sup>14.</sup> Matt. xvi. 5. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Matt. xvi. 6; Luke xii. 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 17. Mark vi. 52 10. Matt. xiv. \$\frac{1}{2}\$; Mark vi. 43; Luke xi. 17; John vi. 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Matt. xv. 37; Mark vii. 5

αυ~ω τυφλον και παρακαλουσιν αυτον, to him him. that a blind m n and beseech 25 Kai επιλαβομενος αυτου άψηναι. THS the he would touch. And having taken χειρος του τυφλου, εξηγαγεν αυτον εξω της hand of the blind man, he led him outside of the  $\kappa\omega\mu\eta s$  Kal  $\pi\tau v\sigma\alpha s$  els  $\tau\alpha$  o $\mu\mu\alpha\tau\alpha$  a $v\tau ov$ ,  $\epsilon\pi villare$ ; and having spit into the cyes of him, having village; and having spit into the θεις τας χειρας αυτω, επηρωτα αυτον, €L placed the hands to him, he ask.d him. if βλεπει. 24 Και αν βλεψας ελεγε Βλεπω TΙ anything he sees. And looking up he says; τους ανθρωπους, ώς δενδρα, περεπατ υντας. men, like trees, walking.  $^{95}$ Ειτα παλιν επεθηκε τας χειρας επι TOUS again he placed the uands u, on the Then  $o\phi\theta$ allious autou, και εποιησεν αυτον αναhe made him look eyea and αποκατεσταθη, και ενεβλεψε βλεψαι° και a.d he saw aud he was restored, up; 26 Και επεστειλεν αυτον τηλαυγως απαντας. plain y every one. And he sent him Μηδε εις την κωμην εις ο.κον αυτου, λεγων house of him, saying, Neither into the village εισελθης, \*[μηδε ειπης τινι εν τη κωμη.]
Lyga thou enter, [nor mayest thou tell any one in the village.] 27 Και εξηλθεν δ Ιησους και οί μαθηται αυτου And departed the Jesus and the disciples of him εις τας κωμας Καισαρείας της Πιλιππου. Και into the villages of Cesarea of the Philip. εν τη όδφ επηρωτα τους μαθητας αύτου, λεγων n the way he asked the disciples of himself, saying αυτοι: Τινα με λεγουσιν οί ανθρωποι ειναι; men Wh me they say the ⋆Ο δε απεκριθησαν° Ιωαννην του βοπτιστην John answered; th-Th g and ται αλι.οι, Ηλιαν· αλλοι δε, ένα των προήητων. and others, EE235 cthers and, an of the prophete.

<sup>9</sup> Και αυτος λεγει αυτοις 'ζμι: δε τινα με You be who me to lem; 8:578

herete einal: Amorpides &: à Timpos heyel Asswering an the Peter Bays to be? you s∵• Σι .ι δ Χριστος. 30 Και επετιμημεν αυτωο And he strictly charged o im; Thou art the Anounted. υτοις, ίνα μηδευι λεγωσι περι αυτου. 31 Και that no one they should tell a out him And ηρξα ο διδασκειν αυτους, ότι δει τον υίον του them, that mus: tho aon of the nebegan to teach πυθρωπου πολλα παθείν, και αποδοκιμασθηναι man many thinga to suffer, and to be rejected απο των πρεσβυτερων και των αρχιερεων και and of the high-priests and elders των γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, και μετα and o be killed. and after acri. en τρως ήμερας αναστηνα: 32 και παρόησια τον plainly the days lo stand .....: and

iva a Blind man to him, and that beseech him to touch Him.

23 And taking the HAND of the BLIND man, he conducted him out of the VILLAGE; ‡and having spit on his EYES, and placed his HANDS on him, he asked him whether he saw any thing.

24 And looking up, he said, "I see MEN as Trees, walking."

25 Then he placed his HANDS on his EYES again, nd \*he s\_w plannly, and was restored, and saw every object clearly.

26 And he sent him away to his \* House, saying, "Go not into the VIL-LAGE."

27 \$\(\perp\) And Jesus and his disciples went out to the VILLAGES of Cesarea Philippi; and, on the ROAD, he asked his disciples, saying to them, "Who do MEN say that I ami?"

28 And THEY \*spoke to him, saying, 1"John the IMMERSER; and others, Elijah; and others, One of the PROPHETS."

2# And he \*asked them,
"Who say nou that I am?"
And Peter answering,
says to him, t "Thou art
he Christ."

30 ‡ And he strictly charged them that they should tell no one concerning him.

31 And the began to inform them That the son of MAN must suffer many things, and oe rejected by the ELDERS, and the HICH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and be put to death, and after Three Days to rise up

32 And ne spoke this

VATICAL MANUSCRIPT.—25. he saw plainly, and was restored, and saw every object the arrived. Ab. House, saving, "Go not into." 26. nor mayest thou tell any one in he village—conit. 28 spoke to him, saying, "John the immerser." 29. asked them, saying, "Who say."

<sup>† 23</sup> Mark vii, 33. † 29 Mart xvi. 6; John vi. 69; xi. 37. † 30. Mart xvi. 20. \*xvi. 59; Lukeix. 32.

λογον ελαλει. Και προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πε-word he spoke. And taking awide him the Pe-33 'Ο δε επιστρα**τ**ρος, ηρξατο επιτιμάν αυτφ. he began to rebuke him. Ile but turning φεις, και ίδων τους μαθητας αύτου, επετιμησε round, and seeing the disciples of himself, he rebuked round, and seeing the τφ Πετρω, λεγαν· Υπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα· the Peter, saying; Go thou behind me, adversary;  $\delta \tau \iota$  ov  $\phi \rho \circ \nu \epsilon \iota s$ τα του θεου, αλλα  $\tau \alpha$ because not thou thinkest the things of the God, but the things των ανθρωπων. <sup>34</sup> Και προσκαλεσαμενος τον men. And having called οχλον συν τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις·
crowd with the disciples of himself, he said to them; 'Οστις θελει οπισφ μου ακολουθειν, απαρνησασ-Whoever wishes after me to follow, let him deny θω έαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον αύτου, και himself, and let him bear the cross of himself, and ακολουθειτω μοι. <sup>35</sup> Os γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην let him follow mc. Who for ever may wish the life αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην ός δ' αν απολεση her; who but ever may lose of himself to save, shall lose την έαυτου ψυχην ένεκεν εμου και του ευαγ-the of himself life on account of me and of the glad glad 36 (Τι γαρ ωφελησει (What for will it profit γελιου, σωσει αυτην. shall save her. ανθρωπον, εαν κερδηση τον κοσμον όλον, και aman, if he should win the world whole, and την ψυχη**ν α**ύτου; <sup>37</sup> η τι δωσει ζημιωθη life of himself? or what shall give . should forfeit the ανθρωπος ανταλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου;) the a man in exchange for life 35 'Os γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και τους εμους Who for ever may be ashamed me and the my

Who for ever may be ashaused me and the my λογους εν τη γενεα ταυτη τη μοιχαλίδι και words in the generation this the adulterous and αμαρτωλω, και δ υίος του ανθρωπου επαισχυνsincul, also the son of the man will be θησεται αυτου. όταν ελθη εν τη δοξη του

ύμιν, ότι εισι τινες των ώδε έστηκοτων, οίτινες το you, that are some of those here having stood, who ou μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι την not not shall taste of death. till they may see the βασιλείαν του θεου εληλυθυιαν εν δυναμεί, royal majesty of the God having come in power.

 $^2$  Και μεθ' ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει δ Ιησους And after days six takes the Jesus τον Πετρον, και τον Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην, και the Peter, and the James, and John, and αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ' ιδιαν leads up them into a mountain high privately

WORD so plainly, that Proter, taking him aside, began to remonstrate with him.

33 But HE, turning round and looking on his DISCIPLES, rebuked \* Peter, and says, "Get behind me, Adversary; for thou regardest not the THINGS of GOD, but THOSE of MEN."

34 And having called the CROWD with his DISCI-PLES, he said, \*‡" If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his CROSS, and

follow me.

35 For twhoever would save his life shall lose it; but whoever may lose his life on my account, and that of the GLAD TIDINGS, shall save it.

36 For what \* does it profit a Man to gain the whole WORLD, and forfeit his LIFE?

37 \* For what could a MAN give to Redeem his LIFE?

38 ‡If, therefore, any one shall be ashamed of me, and of these MY Words, among this ADULTEROUS and sinful GENERATION; the SON of MAN will also be ashamed of him, when he comes in the GLORY of his FATHER, with the HOLY ANGELS."

### CHAPTER IX.

1 And he said to them, t"Indeed I say to you, That there are some of THOSE STANDING here, who will nottaste of Death, till they see God's ROYAL MAJESTY having come with power.

2 ‡And after six Days, JESUS takes PETER, and JAMES, and John, and pravately conducts them, by themselves, to a lofty

36. does

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—33. Peter, and savs. 34 If any one wish, it profit a Man to gain. 37. For what could a Man give.

<sup>† 34.</sup> Matt. x. 38 xvi. 24; Luke ix 23; xiv. 27. † 35. John xii. 25. † 28. Matt. x. 33; Luke ix. 26; xii. 9; Rom. 1 16 2 Tim 1. 8; ii. 12. † 1. Matt. xvi. 28; Luke ix. † 2. Matt xvii. 1; Luke is 28.

και μεταμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων. and he was transfigured in the presence of them. μονους. alone: <sup>3</sup>Και τα ίματια αυτου εγενετο στιλβο**ντα, λ**ευ**κα** white And the garments of him became glittering, \*[ως χιων,] οία γναχευς επι της γης ου [as snow,] such as a fuller upon the earth not extremely <sup>4</sup> Και ωφθη αυτοις Ηλιας **δ**υνατ**αι** λευκαναι. And appeared to them to make white. Elias i-abe συν Μωσει και ησαν συλλαλουντες τω Ιησου. with the Jesus. Moses: and were talking <sup>5</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ Πετρος λεγει τω Ιησου· answering Peter And the says to the Jesus. 'Ραββι, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι· και ποιηto be; and good itis นะ her**e** σωμεν σκηνας τρεις, σοι μιαι, και Μωσει μιαν, make tents three, to thee one, and Moses one, 6 Ου γαρ ηδει και Ηλια μιαν. τι λαληση. Not for he knew any thing he might sav. and Eliza one. 7 Και εγενετο νεφελη επιησαν γαρ εκφοβοι. they were ter terribed. And there came a cloud σκια(ουσα αυτοις· και ηλθεφωνη εκ της νεφελης· them; and came a voice out of the shadowing Ούτος εστιν δ υίος μου δ αγαπητος. αυτου is the son of rie the beloved 8 Και εξαπινα περιβλεψαμενοι, ουκετι ακουέτε. And suddenly looking round, hear yo. no longer ουδενα ειδον, αλλα τον Ιησουν μονον μεθ' έαυno one the saw but th Jeb. 18 8.0 C with th mτων. 9 Κεταβαινοντων δε αυτων απο του opous, ee ves. Cumine down and of them from the mountain, διεστειλατο αυτοις, ίνα μηδενι διηγησωνται α them, that to no one they should relate what ειδον, ει μη όταν ό υίος του ανθρωπου εκ νεκρων e s. w excer v. en the son of the man out of dead ones <sup>10</sup> Και τον λογον εκρατησαν προς αναστη. Ard the word should be raised. έαυτοις, συζητουντες, τι εστι το εκ νικρων arguing. what is that out of dead ... themselves, 11 Και ετηρωτων αυτον, **λ**εγοντ.ς. αναστηνωι. they asked him, ן זכ ועיפה to be reis .. An † Ότι λεγουσιν οί γραμματεις, ότι Ηλισκ 🕾 Thet :he acribes, that Elias sav 100.300 ελθειν πρωτον; 12'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτωις. He and answering • come fire.; Ελιας μεν ελθων πρωτον, αποκαθιστα παντα. all things; khas indeed coming first, restores και πως γεγραπται επι τον υίον του ανθρωπου, it is written about the and how son of the man,

Mountain; and he was transformed in their presence.

3 And his GARMENTS became glittering, exceedingly white; such as no Fuller on the EARTH, is able \* thus to make white.

4 And there appeared to them Elijah, with Moses: and they were conversing

with JESUS.

5 And Feter answering says to Jesus, "Rabbi, it is good for us to be here; and lot us make \*Three Booths; one for thee, and one for Moses, an 'one for Elijah."

6 For he knew not what to \*say; for they were

terrified.

7 And there came a Cloud, covering them; and \*there was a Voice came out of the CLOUD, "This is my BELOVED son; hear him."

L And suddenly looking round, they saw no one any longer with themselves, except Jesus only.

9 1 And as they were descending from MOUNTAIN, he commanded them that they should relate to no one what they had seen, till the son of man should have risen trom the Dead.

10 And they kept the EATER to themselves, auxiously inquiring, what THE RISING FROM THE DEAD could mean.

... I And they asked him saying, "Why do the SCRIBES say, That Elijah

rust first come ?"

12 And HE \* said to them, "Elijah, indeed, is coming first \* to restore all things: † and (as it is written of the son

<sup>5.</sup> Three ow—omit.

ihere was a Voice.

12. to restore. thus to make white. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. AS SDOW-omit. 8. any longer with them-Booths. 6. answer; for. selves, except Jesus only 12. said to them.

<sup>† 11.</sup> It is conjectured by Bloomfield that hot: ought to be separated, and to read ho ti He has thus edited his text. † 12. There is considerable ambiguity about the reading of this and sollowing verse, as it stands in the Greek. The critics have all been puzzled, and come have suggested an amendment of the text. If read, however, with the parenthetical clauses, and the transposition of the last clause of verse 18, the passage makes good sense, and the transposition of the last clause of verse 18, the passage makes good sense. and agrees with the account in Matthew xvn.

<sup>13</sup> Αλλα και εξουδενωθη. ίνα πολλα  $\pi \alpha \theta \eta$ , that many things he should suffer, and should be despised. But  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\delta \mu \iota \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$  και  $H \lambda \iota \alpha s$   $\epsilon \lambda \eta \lambda \upsilon \theta \epsilon$ , και  $\epsilon \pi \iota \iota \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ I say to you, that both Elias has come, and they have done αυτφ όσα ηθελησαν, καθως to him whatever they wished, even as γεγραπται επ' it is written troda 14 Και ελθων προς τους μαθητας, ειδεν αυτον. And coming to the disciples, Le saw him. οχλον πολυν περι αυτους, και γραμματεις συζηand great about them, scribes dis-15 Kai  $\epsilon v\theta \epsilon \omega s$  mas  $\delta$  ox $\lambda o \nu$ , τουντας αυτοις. And immediately all the with them; crowd, puting ιδων αυτον, εξεθαμβηθη, και προστρεχοντες were awe-struck, and seeing hım, running to  $^{16}$  Kai  $\epsilon\pi\eta\rho\omega\tau\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$  autous. ησπαζοντο αυτον. sainted And he asked him. Τι συζητειτε προς αυτους; 17 Και αποκριθεις είς And What dispute you with them? answering one Διδασκαλε, ηνεγκα τον του οχλου ειπε. crowd O Teacher, I brought the out of the said; υίον μου προς σε, εχοντα πιευμα αλαλον. <sup>18</sup> Και son of me to thee, having & spirit dumb. And αυτον καταλαβη, δησσει α τενο him it may seize, i' convelses hir.; δπου αν ται wherever baa RΦ, I(EL. και τριζει τους οδώντας αύτου, και grinds of um, he.oams. and Lhe \*ceth and Και ειπον τοις μαθηταις σου, ίνα ξημαινεται. And I spoke to me pines away. 1 Acin.es of thee, that 19 °O δε αυτο εκβαλωσι, και ουκ ισχυσαν. it they might cast out, and He an net e, ad power. αποκριθεις αντοις λεγει: Δι γενεα απιστος, έως O generation without fairle, till sosweriog says: ποτε προς ύμας εσομαι; έως ποτε ανεξ μαι you till when shall I bear with shall oer 🌣 Και ηνεγκαν ύμων; φερετα αυτον προς με. Bring you him And they brought me Και ιδων αυτυν, ε. θεως το αυτον προς αυτον. immediately the him. him t a And seeing him, **π**νευμα εσπαραξεν αυτοι∞ και πεσων επι της contribed him: an 1 faling upon the 21 Και επηρωτησε τον γης, εκυλιετο, αφριζων. ground, he rolled, And foaming. Le asked πατέρα αυτου. Ποσος χρονες εστ , &s τουτο How long a cm. ici, since this father of him; Ό δε €:75€° Παιδιοθεν. γεγονεν αυτω; και to him? happened He and saic; From a child: and πολλακις αυτον και εις πυρ εβαλε κωι εις ύδατα,

MAN,) that he must suffer much, and be despised.

13 But I say to you, ‡That Elijah has even come, (as it is written of him,) and they have done to him whatever they pleased."

14 ‡ And \* coming to the DISCIPLES, \* they saw a great Crowd about them, an 1 the Scribes disputing

with them
15 And immediately All
the CROWD seeing him,
were struck with awe, and
running to him, saluted
him.

16 And he asked them, "About what are you disputing with them?"

17 And one of the CROWD \* answered him, "Teacher, I have brought to thee my son, who has ta dumb Spirit.

18 And wherever it seizes Him it convulses him; and he foams, and grinds \* his Teeth, and becomes emaciated. And I spoke to thy D'sciples to expel it, and they could not."

19 And HE answering, says to them, "O unbelieving Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I endury you? bring him to me."

20 And they brought him to him; and seeing him, the spirit immediately convulsed him; and falling on the GROUND, he rolled about, foaming.

rolled about, foaming.
21 And he asked his
FATHER, "How long a
time is it since this befell
him?" And HE said,
"From childhood.

22 And often it has thrown Him into Fire and into Waters to destroy him; but if thou caust do any thing, nave pity on us, and help us."

him,

απολεση αυτον

ήμιν,

to us.

ίνα

hat it might destroy

Βοηθησον

give aid

 $\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha s$ .

δυνασαι,

 $\tau\iota$ 

of any thing thou canst do,

 $\epsilon \phi$ 

о'n

both into fire has cast and into waters,

αλλ', ει

bu t

σπλαγχνισθεις

having pity

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—14. they came. \*Teacher." 18. the TEETH.

<sup>14.</sup> they saw.

<sup>17.</sup> answered him.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The child was subject to epileptic fits, which were supposed to be brought on by the power of demons.—See Farmer on Demonology, p. 107. The particulars described in verses 18, 20 and 22, are, indeed, all symptons of epilepsy. But if we even should suppose the man wa an epileptic; it would not follow that the disorder was not induced by demoniacal influence.

23 O δε Ιησους ειπι» αυτφ. To, ει δυνασαι That, if thou art able The and Jesus ≢id 40 him; τω πιστευοντι. δυνατα πιστευσαι. παντα to believe; all things are possible to the believing.

24 \* [Και] ευθεως κραξας ό πατηρ του παιδιου, [And] immediately crying out the father of the child, \*[μετα δακρυων] ελεγε. Πισπευω. βοηθει μου tears] he said; i beneve;  $\alpha$ .  $2^5 \text{ I}\delta\omega\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\text{ I}\eta\sigma\sigma\upsilon s$ ,  $\delta\tau\iota$   $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\upsilon\nu$ -that runs tohe said; I believe; help thou of me [with τη απιστια. Seeing and the Jesus, the unbelief. τρεχει οχλος, επετιμησε τφ πνευματι τφ ακαa crowd, he rebuked the spirit the θαρτφ, λεγων αυτφ. Το πνευμα το αλαλον Kal saying to it; The spirit the dumb and κωφον, εγω σοι επιτασσω. Εξελθε εξ αυτου, I to thee command; Come out of και μηκετι εισελθης εις αυτον.  $^{26}$  Και κραξαν, into him. And crying out, and no more enter και πολλα σπαραξας, εξηλθε. Και εγενετο he became i. came out. And and many times convulsing, ώσει νεκρος, ώστε πολλους λεγειν, ότι απεθανεν. to say, that he is dead. dead, so that man 🗸 27 'Ο δε Ιησους κρατησας αυτον της χειρος, of the hand. The hut Jesus taking him ηγειρεν αυτον και ανεστη. hım; and he stood up. raised up

 $^{28}$  Και εισελθοντα αυτον εις οικον, οἱ μαθηται him into a house, the disciples And having come αυτου επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν. Ότι ήμεις privately; asked him That <sup>29</sup> Και ειπεν ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; And he said to cast out it? were able αυτοις. Τουτο το γενος εν ουδενι δυναται εξελkind by nothing is able σευχη \*[και νηστεια.] This the to go to them; θειν, ει μη εν προσευχη and fasting.

<sup>30</sup> Και εκειθεν εξελθοντες, παρεπορευοντο δια departug, he passed through thence της Γαλιλαίας και ουκ ηθέλεν, ίνα τις γνω. and not was willing, that any one should know. Galilee: the 31 Εδιδασκε γαρ τους μαθητας αύτου, και ελεγ-

prayer

if not in

He taught for disciples of himself, and said the Fermina ( $\epsilon_F$  \* [αυτοις:] 'Οτι δ υίος του ανθρωπου παρα[to them; That the son of the man is deliδιδοται εις χειρας ανθρωπων, και αποκτενουσιν they will kill vered up into hands of men, and αυτον· και αποκτανθεις, τη τριτη ἡμερα ανα-him; and having been killed the third day he 32 Oi δε και ηγνοουν το δημα, στησεται. They but did not understand the and word. will rise. εφοβουντο αυτον επερωτησαι. to ask. were afraid him

<sup>33</sup> Και ηλθεν εις Καπερναουμ· και εν τη οικια and in the house And he came to Capernaum;

23 And Jesus said to him. \* " IF THOU CANST ? # All things can for the BELIEVING."

24 The father of the CHILD immediately exclaiming, said, "I do believe; help My UNEK-LIEF."

25 And Jesus perceining That the Crowd war running together, he rebuked the impure spirit saying to it, " DUMB and \* DEAF SPIRIT, # command thee; come out of him, and enter him no more."

26 And crying out, and greatly convulsing him, it came out; and he became like one dead, so that many said, " He is dead."

27 But Jesus taking \* his HAND, raised hum, and he stood up.

28 # And having entered a House, his DISCIPLES asked him privately, "Why could not we cast it out ?"

29 And he said to them. "This KIND can go out by nothing, except by Prayer."

30 And departing from that place, they passed through GALILEE, and he desired that no one should know it;

for he taught his 31 DISCIPLES; and he said to them, ‡" The son of MAN is † being delivered into the Hands of Men. and they will kill him; and having been put to death, \* after Three Days he will rise."

32 But THEY did not understand the WORD and were afraid to ask Him.

33 And he came to Capernaum; and being in the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. "IF THOU CANST? All things." 25. and DEAF. 27. his hand. 24. with tears-omit. 31 after Three Days he will rise. 31. to him-omit.

<sup>24.</sup> And-omit. 29. and Fasting .- omit.

<sup>† 31.</sup> The parallel passage in Matt. xvii. 22, reads—"The sow of man is about to be delivered into the Hands of Mer.."

<sup>23.</sup> Matt. xvii, 20; Mark vi. 23. Luke xvii 6; John xi. 40. t 31. Matt. xvii, 22; Lukeix 44.

<sup>1 28</sup> Matt xvii. 19

γενομενος, επηρωτα αυτους Τι εν τη δδφ being, heasked them; What on the way \*  $[\pi\rho os \ \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau o \nu s]$   $\delta \iota \epsilon \lambda o \gamma \iota (\epsilon \sigma \delta \epsilon ; 34 \ Oi \ \delta \epsilon \ \epsilon \sigma \iota \iota \omega$ \*  $[\pi\rho os \ \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau o \nu s]$  were you disputing? They but were πων προς αλληλους γαρ διελεχθησαν εν τη silent; with one another for they had disputed on the silent: **λδφ, τις μειζων**. 35 Και καθισας, εφωνησε way, who greater. And sitting down, he called τους δωδεκα, και λεγει αυτοις. Ει τις θελει the twelve, and says to them; If any one desirea πρωτος ειναι, εσται παντων εσχατος, και πανfirst to be, he will be of all last,  $^{36}$  Και λαβων παιδιον,  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$ των διακονος. And taking a little child, he placed a servant. αυτο εν μεσφ αυτων, και εναγκαλισαμενος in midst of them, and embracing in hisarms αυτο, ειπεν αυτοις: <sup>37</sup> 'Os εαν έν των τοιουτων it, he said to them; Whoever one of the such παιδιων δεξηται επι τω ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεlittle children may receive in the name of me, me receives. ται και δς εαν εμε δεξηται, ουκ εμε δεχεται, και δς εαν εμε σες  $\eta$ , ..., and whoever me may receive, not me receives, -200 αυτα με. 38 Απεκριθη δε αλλα τον αποστειλαντα με. having sent me. Answered and αυτφ Ιωαννης, λεγων. Διδασκαλε, ειδομεν τινα to him John, saying: O teacher, I saw τω ονοματι σου εκβαλλοντα δαιμονια και εκωto the name of thee casting out demons: and 39 'O λυσαμεν αυτον, ότι ουκ ακολουθει ήμιν. forbad him, because not he follows us. him, He δε Ιησους ειπε· Μη κωλυετε αυτον. Ουδεις γαρ but Jesus said: Not do you forbid him. No one for εστιν, δς ποιησει δυναμιν επι τφ ονοματι μου, who will do a mighty work in the name of me, 40 °Os και δυνησεται ταχυ κακολογησαι με. readily to speak evil of will be able me. γαρ ουκ εστι καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν.  $^{41}$ Os Who for not is against you, for you ποτιση ύμας ποτηριον ύδατος, εν γαρ αν for ever may give drink to you a cup of water, in ονοματι, ότι χριστου εστε, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου name, because of Anointed you are, indeed I say to you, not <sup>42</sup> Και δς αν μη απολεση τον μισθον αύτου. not be may lose the reward of himself. And whoever σκανδαλιση ένα των μικρων, των πιστευοντων one of the little ones, of the εις εμε, καλον εστιν αυτφ μαλλον, ει περικειται into me, good it is to him rather, if

 $\lambda \iota heta$ os μυλικος περι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και astone of a mill around the veck of him, , and 43 Και εαν σκανβεβληται εις την θαλασσαν. has been cast into the sea. And if δαλιζη σε ή χειρ σου, αποκοψον αυτην· καλον inspare thee the hand of thee, cut thou off her: good

HOUSE, he asked there, ‡" What did you dispute about on the ROAD?"

34 But THEY were silent; for they had disputed with each other, on the ROAD, as to who would be greatest.

35 And sitting down, he called the TWELVE, and says to them; # If any one desires to be first, he will be last of all, and a Servant of all."

36 And ‡ taking a little Child, he placed it in the Midst of them, and embracing it in his arms, he said to them,

37 "Whoever may receive one such little Child in my NAME, receives Me; ‡and whoever \*receives Me, receives not Me, but HIM who SENT me."

38 ‡ And John \* spoke to him, saying, "Teacher, we saw one expelling Demons in thy NAME, and we forbad him, Because he does not follow us."

39 But Jesus said, "Do not forbid him; #for there is no one who will do a Miracle in my NAME, and be able rashly to reproach

40 For he who is not

against you, is for you.

41 ‡ For whoever may give you a Cup of Water to drink in \* the NAME, That you are CHRIST'S, indeed I say to you, He shall by no means lose his REWARD.

42 1 And whoever may insnare one of \* THESE LITTLE-ONES BELIEVING in me, it would be better for him if a Millstone should be fastened to his NECK, and he should be thrown into the SEA.

43 ‡ And if thy HAND insnare thee, cut it off; it

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. among themselves -onit, 38. spoke to him. 41. the NAME, That you are CHRIST'S.

<sup>37.</sup> receives Mo 42. THESE LITTLE-ONES.

<sup>† 33.</sup> Matt. xviil. 1; Luke ix. 46; xxii. 24. † 35. Matt. ; 36. M-tt. xviii. 2; Mark x. 16. † 37. Matt. x. 40; Luke ix. 48. † 31. 1 Cor. xii. 3. † 41. Matt. x. 42. † 42. Mat 1 35. Matt. xx. 26, 27; Mark x. 43 uke ix. 48. 28. Luke ix. 49 1 3 '. 1 Cor. xii. 3. 1 41. Mat 1 45. Deut. xii 6; Matt. v. 29; xviii. & 1 42. Matt. xviii. 6; Luke xvii. 1

σοι εστι κυλλον εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η τας to thee it is crippled into the life to enter, than the δυο χειρας εχοντα απελθειν εις την γεενναν, two hands having to go into the Gebenna, εις το πυρ το ασβεστον,  $44 \times [\sigma \pi \sigma v \delta \sigma \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \xi]$  into the fire the inextinguishable, [where the worm autwo ou τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται.] of them not dies, and the fire not is quenched.]

 $^{45}\,{
m K}$ αι εαν δ πους σου σκανδαλιζ $\eta$  σε, αποκοψον And if the foot of thee may insnare thee, cut thou off αυτον καλον εστι σοι εισελθειν εις την ζωην to enter into the good it is to thee life χωλον, ή τους δυο ποδας εχοντα βληθηναι εις laine, than the two feet having to be cast into την γεωναν, \*[εις το πυρ το ασβεστον, 46 οπου the Gehenna, [into the fire theinextinguishable, where ό σκωληξ αυτων ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου of them not dies, and the fire 47 Και εαν δ οφθαλμος σου σκανσβεννυται.] And if the is quenched.] eye ofthee δαλιζη σε, εκβαλε αυτον καλον σοι εστι μονοinsuare thee, cast thou out him; good to thee it is φθαλμον εισελθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου, to enter into the kingdom of the God, eyed ή δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα βληθηναι εις την γεhaving to be cast into the Gethantwo eyes  $\epsilon \nu \nu \alpha \nu \ * [\tau o \upsilon \pi \nu \rho o s,]^{48} \delta \pi o \upsilon \delta \sigma \kappa \omega \lambda \eta \xi$ αυτων of them [of the fire,] where the worm <sup>49</sup> Паs ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται. and the fire not not is quenched. Every one \*[каі γαρ πυρι άλισθησεται. θυσια πασα for with fire shall be salted; and every sacrifice άλι αλισθησεται.] <sup>50</sup> Καλον το άλας· εαν δε with salt shall he salted.] Good the salt; ıf but το άλας αναλον γενεται, εν τινι αυτο αρπυsalt without tast may become, with what it will you σετε; Εχετε εν έαυτοις άλας, και ειρηνευετε season? Have you in yourselves salt, and be you at peace  $\epsilon \nu$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda n \lambda o i s_{\alpha}$ with one another.

# кеф. г. 10.

1 Και εκειθεν αναστας ερχεται εις τα δρια And from thence arising he comes into the borders της Ιουδαιας, δια του περαν του Ιορδανου· και by the otherside of the Jordan; and συμπορευονται παλιν οχλοι προς αυτον. ĸai, again and, crowds to him: come together 2 Kat | ειωθει, παλιν εδιδασκεν αυτους. And as he had been accustomed, again hetaught then. προσελθοντες Φαρισαιοι επηρωτησαν αυτον Ει If Pharisees asked bim; approaching εξεστιν ανδρι γυναικα απολυσαι; πειραζοντες tis lawful for a man a wife to release? trying

is better for thee to enter LIFE crippled, than having TWO Hands to depart to GEHENNA, into THAT IN-EXTINGUISHABLE FIRE;

44 †[ where the WORM dies not, and the FIRE is, not quenched.]

45 And if thy foot insare thee, cut it off; it is better for thee to enter lame into LIFE, than having two Feet, to he east into Gehenna, †[into the UNQUENCHABLE FIRE;

46 where the worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched.]

47 And if thine EVE insare thee, pluck it out; it is better for thee to enter one-eyed into the Kingdom of God, than having Two Eyes to be cast into \* Gehenna;

48 ‡ where their worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched.

49 For every one shall be salted with fire: †[and every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt.]

50 \$ SALT is good; but if the SALT become tasteless, how will you restore Its saltness? Have Salt in yourselves, and be at peace with one another."

#### CHAPTER X.

1 ‡ And arising from thence, he comes into the CONFINES of JUDEA, \*even beyond the JORDAN; and again Crowds come together to him, and again, as he had been accustomed, he taught them.

2 ‡And Pharisees approaching, asked him, to try him, "Is it lawful for a Man to dismiss his

Wife?"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. where the worm dies not, and the firm is not quenched—omit. 45 & 46. into the inextinguishalls fire; where their worm dies not, and the firm is not quenched—omit. 47. Gehenna. 49. and every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt—omit. 1. even beyond the JORDAF.

<sup>† 43.</sup> A Hobrew term, meaning the valley of the son of Hinnom. For futner remarks see Appendix. † 44, 45, 46, 43. The clauses bracketed in these verses, are not found in the varican. They are marked as doubtful by Griesbach, and are expunsed by Fischendorf

<sup>1 48.</sup> Isa. lxvi. 24. 1 50. Matt. v. 13; Luke xiv. 84. 1 1. Matt. xix. 1; John x 40; 1.7 1 2. Matt. xix

3 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις αυτον.  $T\iota$ him. He and answering said to them; What 4 Οί δε ειπον Μωσης ύμιν ενετειλατο Μωσης; did enjoin Moses? They and aaid: επετρεψε βιβλιον αποστασιου γραψαι, και απο-allowed λυσαι. And [answering] the Jesus aaid mase. αυτοις· Προς την σκληροκαρδιαν ύμων εγραψεν hardness of heart of you For the he wrote ύμιν την εντολην ταυτην. 6 Aπο δε αρχης to you the commandment this. From but a beginning κτισεως αρσεν και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους δ θεος. of creation a male and a female he made them the God. 7  $^{\epsilon\epsilon}$  Ένεκεν τουτου καταλειψει ανθρω $\pi$ ος τον "On account of thia ahall leave a man the \*[και προσκολπατερα αύτου και την μητερα, and shall be closely father of himself and the mother. 8 Kaı ληθησεται προς την γυναικα αύτου]of himself, united to the wife and εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." 'Ωστε ουκετι shall be the two into flesh one." So that no longer 9 'Ο ουν & θεος συνεεισι δυο, αλλα μια σαρξ. What then the God has jointhey aretwo, but one flesh. 10 Και εν τη ζευξεν, ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. ed together, a man not disunites. And in the παλιν οί μαθηται αυτου περι οικια TOU house again the disciplea of him concerning of the 11 Ka4 αυτου  $\epsilon \pi \eta \rho \omega \tau \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ αυτον. λεγει hım asked htm. And he say" 'Os εαν απολυση την γυναικα αύτου, αυτοις to them: Whoever may release the Lisua o αλλην,  $\mu o i \chi \alpha \tau \alpha i \epsilon \pi'$ Kal yaunon αυτην. and may marry another, commits adultery with <sup>12</sup> Και εας γυνη απολυση τον ανδρα αύτης, και And if a woman may release the husband of herself, and 13 Και προσεφερον γαμηθη αλλφ, μοιχαται. may be married to another, commits adultery. And they brought αυτφ παιδια, ίνα άψηται αυτων· οί δε μαθηται to him little children that he might touch them; the but disciples 14 Ιδων δε δ επετιμών τοις προσφερουσιν. rebuked those ringing. Seeing but the Ιησους ηγανακτησε, και ειπεν αυτοις. Αφετε was disrleased. and said to them: Allow τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, μη κωλυετε αυτα· he little children to come to me, not hinder them: των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου.

3 And HE answering said to them, "What did Moses command You?"

4 And THEY said, 1" Moses permitted a Writ of Divorce to be written, and

to dismiss her." 5 And Jesus said to them, "Because of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION he wrote you this com-

MAND. 6 But from the Beginning of Creation, \* he made them Male and Female.

7 # On account of this a Man shall leave his FA-THER and MOTHER, \* and adhere to his wiff;

8 and the Two shall become one Flesh: so that they are no longer Two, but One Flesh.

9 What God, then, has united, let no Man sever.

10 And, in the nouse, \* the Disciples again asked him \* concerning this.

11 And he says to them, t" Whoever shall dismiss his wife, and marry another, commits adultery with her.

12 And if \*she who tdismisses her husband. shall marry another, she commits adultery.

13 ‡ And they brought little Children to him, that he might touch them; and the DISCIPLES rebuked \* them.

14 But JESUS seeing it, was displeased, and said to them, "Allow the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to SUCH LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of GOD.

15 Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive king- the KINGDOM of GOD, like

Indeed I say to you, whoever not may receive the

is the

15 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός εαν μη δεξηται την βασι-

of the for such like

kingdom of the

God.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. answering-omit. adhere to his wire-omit. 10. the DISCIPLES. who dismisses her HUSBAND, shall marry another.

<sup>7.</sup> and 6. he made them. 12. Sh & 10, concerning this. 13. them. But.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Strictly speaking, a Jewish wife could not divorce her husband therefore, appluses may be considered as used with some license, and perhaps, too, with reference to the customs of the Gentiles rather than the Jews, and intended as a rule to the Apostles for general application, and which should put both sexes on the same footing.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Gen. il. 24: 1 Cor. vi 16: Eph v 31.; 1 Cor. vii. 10, 11, † 13. Mait xix. 1 4. Deut. xxiv. 1; Matt. v. 31; xix. 7. 17. Gen. il. 24; 11. Matt. v. 82; xix. 9; Luke xvi. 18; Rom. vii. 3; 1 Cor. vii. 10, 11. 13. Luke zviii. 15.

17 Και εκπορευομενου αυτου εις όδον, προσof him into a way, going out δραμων είς, και γονυπετησας αυτον, επηρωτα ning up oue, and kneeling before him, he asked αυτον· Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησω, ίνα ζωην Oteacher good, what must up, some server is all αιωνιον κληρονομησω; age-lasting I may inherit? αυτώ: Τι με λεγεις αγαθον; ουδεις αγαθος, ει to him; Why me callest thon good? no one good, if μη είς,  $\delta$  θεος. <sup>19</sup> Τας εντυλας οιδας. "Μη The commandments thou knowest; "Not; not one, the God. Μη φονευσης. Μη κλεψης. μοιχευσης. thou must commit adultery, Not thou must kill; Not thou must steal; Μη ψευδομαρτυρησης: \*[Μη αποστερησης:] [Not thou must delrand I Not thou must testify falsely; Τιμα τον πατερα σου, και την μητερα."  $^{20}$  Ο Honor the father of thee, and the mother." He  $\delta\epsilon$  \* [αποκριθεις] ειπεν αι των Διδασκαλε, ταυτα said tolum, O teacher, these [answering] <sup>21</sup> Ο δε παντα εφυλαξαμην εκ νεστητος μου. from childhood of me. He but I kept Ιησους εμβλεψας αυτώ, ηγαπησεν αυτον, και him, and looking on loved him. ειπεν αυτω· Έν σοι ύστερει· δσα go, whatever εχεις πωλησον, και δος τοις πτωχοις. και give to the sell, and poor: and thou hast θησαυρον εν ουρανώ, και δευρο, ακολthou shalt have treasure in heaven; and hither, ουθει μοι, \*[αρας τον σταυρον.] 22 Ο δε στυγme, [taking up the cross.] He but looking low νασας επι τφ λογφ, απηλθε λυπουμηνος. eπι τω Λυγω, wentaway sorrowing:

at the word, wentaway sorrowing:

πολλα. <sup>23</sup> Και περιβλεψα- $\eta \nu$ γαρ εχων κτηματα πολλα. for having possessions many. And looking μενος δ Ιησους, λεγει τοις μαθηταις αύτου round the Jesus, says to the disciples of himself: Πως δυσκολως οί τα χρηματα εχοντες εις την hardly those the riches having into the 24 Oi δε βασιλειαν του θεου εισελευσονται. God They and shall enter. of the 'O μαθηται εθαμβουντο επι τοις λυγοις αυτου. disciples were astonished at the words of him. δε Ιησους παλιν αποκριθεις λεγει αυτοις. Τεκνα, 1... Jesus again answering say to them : Children, - 's δυσκολον εστι \* [τους πεποιθοτας επιτοις how difficult it is [those having confidence in the χρημασιν,] εις την βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. into the kingdom of the God to enter. riches,]

a little Child, he will by no means enter it."

16 And taking them in his arms, and placing his HANDS on them, he blessed them.

17 ‡ And going out into the Road, one running up, and kneeling before him, asked him, "Good Teacher! what must I do, that I may inherit aionian Life."

18 And JESUS said to him, Why dost thou call Me good? No one is good, except one, God.

19 Thou knowest the COMMANDMENTS; ‡\*Do not commit murder; Do not commit adultery; Do not steal; Do not testify falsely Honor thy father and MOTHER."

20 And HE said to him, "Teacher, all these have I kept from my Chine hood."

21 And JESUS looking on him, loved him, and said to him, "One thing thou lackest; go, sell whatever thou hast, and give to the \*Poor, and thou shalt have ‡ Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."

22 But HE was grieved at the WORD, and went away sorrowing; for he had great Possessions."

23 Then Jesus looking round, says to his discleres, 1" With what difficulty will those having riches enter the Kingdom of God."

24 And the DISCIPLES were astonished at his words. But Jesus again answering, says to them, the Children, how difficult it is to enter the KINGDOM of GOD.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—19. Do not commit murder; Do not commit adultery. 1\$ Do not defraud—omit. 20. answerine—omit. 21. Poor. 21. taking up the cross—omit. 24. those having confidence in BICHES—omit.

<sup>325</sup> Ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια της τρυμαit is a camel through the hole λιας της βαφιδος διελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την to pass, than a rich man into the needle 26 Οί δε περισ-Βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. kingdom of the God greatly to enter. They and σως εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες προς ξαυτους among themselves; were amazed, saying Και τις δυναται σωθηναι; <sup>27</sup> Εμβλεψας δεLooking on is able to be saved? and autois & Indous,  $\lambda \in \gamma \in \mathcal{C}$  . Παρα ανθρωποίς αδυναthem the Jesus, says; With men impossiτον αλλ' ου παρα τω θεω· παντα γαρ δυνατα not with the all ble but God: for possible <sup>28</sup> Ηρξατο δ Πετρος λεγειν εστι παρα τω θεω. with the God. Begsn the Peter to say ήμεις αφηκαμεν παντα, και ηκολαυτφ. Ιδου to him: Lo, all, we left and fol- $^{20}$  \*[A $\pi$ o $\kappa$ p $i\theta$  $\epsilon$ is] δ Ιησους ουθησαμεν TOI. the lowed. thee. [Answering] Jesus ειπεν Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουδεις εστιν, ός αφη-Indeed I say to you, no one is, who has κεν οικιαν, η αδελφος, η αδελφας, η πατερα, η ένεκεν εμου και ένεκεν του ευγγελιου, <sup>30</sup> εαν on account of me and on account of the glad tidings, if λαβη έκατονταπλασιονα, νυν εν τφ now in the not he may receive a hundred fold, καιρ $\omega$  τουτ $\omega$ , οικιας, και αδελφους, και αδελseason this, houses, and brothers, and sisφας, και μητερας, και τεκνα, και αγρους, μετα fields, ters, and mothers, and children, and with διωγμων, και εν τω αιωνι τφ ερχομενφ ζωην persecutions, and in the to come, life age 31 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχααιωνιον. Many first, last; age-lasting. but shall be 32 Ησαν δε εν τη τοι και εσχατοι, πρωτοι. last, They were and in and first. the όδω αναβαινοντες εις Ίεροσολυμα. ĸaı going up to Jerusalem: andπροαγων αυτους δ Ιησους και εθαμβουντο, they were amazed, them the Jesus: and going before Και παραλαβων και ακολουθοντες εφοβουντο. they were a fraid. And taking aside following παλιν τους δωδεκα, ηρξατο αυτοις λεγειν twelve, he hegan to them to tell the things μελλοντα αύτφ συμβαινειν. 33 Ότι ιδου, ανα-For being about to him to happen: lo, βαινομεν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και δ υίος του ανθρωand the son of the , man to Jerusalem, που παραδοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις will be delivered up to the high-priests and to the γραμματευσι· και κατακρινουσιν αυτον θανατώ, | they will condemn him to death, and και παραδωσουσιν αυτον τοις εθνεσι, him to the Gentiles, and they will deliver up

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through the NEEDLE'S EYE, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of God."

26 And they were exceedingly astonished, saying \*to him, "Who then

can be saved?"

27 And Jesus looking on them, says, " With Men it may be impossible, but not with GoD; for with \* God everything is possible."

28 PETER began to say to him, "Behold, we have forsaken all, and followed

thee."

29 Jesus said, "Indeed I say to you, There is no one who has left House, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, \* or Wife. or Children, or Lands, on my account, and on account of the GLAD TIDINGS,

30 who will not receive ta hundred-fold, now, in this TIME,-Houses, and Brothers, and Sisters, and Mothers, and Children, and Lands,-but with Persecutions; and in the AGE to COME, aionian Life.

31 ‡ But many will be first, who are last; and last, who are first."

32 ‡And they were on the ROAD going up to Jerusalem; and Jesus was preceding them; and they were \* amazed. And THEY who followed him were afraid as the took aside again the TWELVE, and began to tell them the THINGS BEING ABOUT to befall him.

33 "Behold, we are going up to Jerusalem, and the son of MAN will be delivered up to the HIGH-PRIESTS, and to the SCRIBES; and they will condemn him to death, 34 Kat and will deliver him up to

and the GENTILES;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. to him, "Who." 27. God. 29. answering-omit. 29. or Wife-omit. 32. amazed. And THEY Who FOILOWED him were afraid, as he took † 28. Matt. xix. 27; Luke xviii. 28. I 30. Luke Luke xiii. 30. I 32. Matt. xx. 17; Luke xviii. 30. Luke 1x. 22: xviii. 31. I 30. Luke xviii. 30. 1 31. Matt. xix. 30; 1 32. Mark viii. 31; ix. 31;

εμπαιξουσιν αυτώ, και μαστιγωσουσιν αυτον, they will mock and they will scourge him, him, και εμπτυσουσιν αυτώ, και αποκτενουσιν αυτον. and they will spit upon him nn d they will kin' <sup>35</sup> Και το οσκαι τη τριτη ήμερα αναστησεται. day he will stand up. And come and the third πορευονται αυτώ Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, οί υίοι an' the sone Jamec John, to him Ζεβεδαίου, λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, θελομέν, ένα we wish, #hat of Zebedee. caring-O teacher. 36 'Ο δε ειπεν ό ξαν αιτησωμεν, τουςση ήμιν. whatever we may ask, thou may it do for us. He but --id αυτοις. Τι θελετε ποιησοι με ύμιν, Οί δε me for ou? They and to them; What do you wish to do ειπον αυτ $\psi^*$  Δος  $\dot{\eta}μ:\nu$ , ίνα είς εκ δεξιων σου, said to him; Give to us, that enc at right of thee right of thee και είς εξ ευωνυμων σου καθισωμεν εν τη δοξη of thee we may sit in the glory aud one at left <sup>38</sup> 'Ο δε 'Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· Ουκ οιδατε, σου. The and Jesus 3aid so them; Not you know  $\Delta v \nu \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon \iota \nu \tau \sigma \pi \sigma \tau \eta \rho \iota \sigma \nu$ , δ  $\tau \iota \quad \alpha \iota \tau \epsilon \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$ . Are you able to drink the cup. which what you ask. εγω πινω, και το Βαπτισμα, δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, diopin which I drink, and the am dipped. βαπτισθηναι: 39 Οί δε ειπον αυτώ. Δυναμεθα. They and said to him : We are able. to be dipped? O  $\delta \in I\eta \sigma \sigma \sigma s$   $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$   $\alpha \sigma \sigma \sigma s$  To  $\star [\mu \epsilon \nu] \tau \sigma \sigma \tau$ The and Jesus said to them: The indeed  $\sigma \sigma \sigma \tau$ ριον, δ εγω πινω, πιεσθε και τη βαπτισμα, which I drink, you will drink; and the dipping, 40 το δε δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, βαπτισθησεσθε Tut ect am dipped, you millied nod: which I καθισαι εκ δεξιων μου και εξ ευωνυμων, ουκ εσleft, right of me and at αλλ' ois ήτοιμασται.
but to whom it has been prepared. τιν εμον δουναι. to give, 41 Και ακουσαντες οί δεκα, ηρξαντο αγανακτειν And having heard the ten, they began to be angry 42 'O δε Ιησους περι Ιακωβου και Ιωαννοι. and John. The best James bout προσκαλεσαμενος αυτους, λεγει αυτους· Οιδαthem, he says to them; You know, τε, ότι οί δοκουντες αρχειν των εθνων, κατακυthat those presuming torule the nations. ριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι αυτων κατεξουand the great of them. exercise <sup>43</sup> Ουχ ούτω δε εσται σια (ουσιν αυτων.  $\in V$ authority over them. Not ` 6.3 but it shall be among υμιν αλλ' δς εαν θελη γενεσθαι μεγας
γου, but whoever may wish to become great $\in \nu$ among ύμιν, εσται ύμων διακονος 44 και ός εαν θελη 44 and whoever among you may desire to become

34 and they will mock him, and \*spit on him. and scourge him, and put him to death, and \*after Three Days he will rise."

35 And James and John. the \* Two Sons of Zebedee, come to him, \*saving to him, "O Teacher, we wish that thou wouldst do for us whatever we may \* ask thee."

36 And HE said to them, "What do you desire me

to do for you?"

37 And THEY said to him. "Grant to us that we may sit, one at \*thy Right hand, and the other at \* thy Left, in thy GLORY."

38 But JESUS said to them. "You know not what vou ask. Can you drink the CUP which # drink? \*or undergo the IMMERSION with which I am being overwhelmed!"

39 And THEY said to him, "We can." And JEsus said to them, You wil! drink the cup which H drink, and undergo the IM-MERSION with which am being overwhelmed;

40 but to SIT at my Right hand, or at the Left, 12 not mine to give, except for whom it is prepared."

41 ‡ And the TEN, having heard, were indignant

against James and John. 42 \* And Jesus, having called them, he says to them, ‡"You know That THOSE presuming to rule the nations domineer over them, and their GREAT ones exercise authority over them.

43 #But "it is not so among you; but whoever may desire to become great among you, shall be Your Servant:

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. spit on him, and scourge him. 39. indeed—omit, 34, after Three Days 35. saying to him, "O Teacher." he. 35. Two Sons. 37. the Left. 40. or at the Left. Right. 38. or. 42. And JESUS. 43. t is not so among you.

<sup>‡ 41.</sup> Matt. xx. 24. t 35. Matt. xx. 20,

<sup>1 42.</sup> Luke xxii. 25.

ύμων γενεσθαι

ύμων γενεσθαι πρωτος, εσται παντων δουλος· ofyou to become first, shall be of all a slave; <sup>45</sup> και γαρ ό υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ ηλθε διακον-

and for the soa of the man not came to be ηθηναι, αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την ψυχην served, but to serve, and to give the life αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων. of himself a ransom for many.

46 Και ερχονται εις 'Ιεριχω' και εκπορευομενου And they come into Jericho; and going out αυτου απο 'Ιεριχω, και των μαθητων αυτου, και οτhim from Jericho, and the disciples ofhim, and οχλου ίκανου, υίος Τιμαιου, Βαρτιμαιος δ τυφαιουν αυτον 
by the way ακουσας, ότι Ιησους ό Ναζωραιος εστιν, ηρξατο hearing, that Jesus the Nazarite it is, he began κραζειν και λεγειν. 'Ο υίος Δαυιδ, Ιησου, ελεηto cry out and to say; The son of David, Jesus, have pity 48 Και επετιμων αυτω πολλοι, ίνα And rebuked him many, so that nie. ό δε πολλω μαλλον εκραζειν Υιε σιωπηση. he might be silent; he but much more cried out: Oson <sup>49</sup> Και στας δ Ιησους,  $\Delta \alpha \nu i \delta$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma o \nu \mu \epsilon$ . of David, have pity on me. And stopping the ειπεν αυτον φωνηθηναι και φωνουσι τον τυφthey called the told him. to be called; and blind, Θαρσει, εγειρε φωνει λον, λεγοντες αυτώ. saying to him; Take courage, rise up; he calls 50 Ο δε αποβαλων το ίματιον αύτου, ανασσε. thee. He and throwing off the mantle of himself, arising τας ηλθε προς τον Ιησουν. 51 Και αποκριθεις Jesus. And came to the answering λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Τι θελεις ποιησω σοι; says to him the Jesus; What dost thou wish I may do to thee? Ο δε τυφλος ειπεν αυτφ. 'Ραββουνι, ίνα αναblind said to him; Rabboni, The and that I may βλεψω. 52 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Υπαγε. ή The and Jesus said to him; Go: the Και ευθεως ανεβλεψε, πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. faith of thee has saved thee. And immediately he saw again, και ηκολουθει αυτφ εν τή έδφ. him in the way.

# ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Και ότε εγγιζουσιν εις Ίερουσαλημ, εις And when they drew near to Jerusalem, to Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν, προς το ορος των ελαι-Bethphage and Bethany, to the mountain of the olive ων, αποστελλει δυο των μαθητων αύτου, και trees, he sends two of the disciples of himself, and

Chief, shall be the Slave of

45 ‡ For even the son of MAN came not to be served, but to serve, and to give his LIFE a Ransom for many."

46 ‡ And they came to Jericho. And as he was departing from Jericho with his DISCIPLES, and a great Crowd, \* a Blind Beggar, † Bartimeus, (the son of Timeus,) sat by the BOAD.

47 And hearing That it was Jesus the Nazarite, he began to cry out, and say, \*"Jesus, son of David, have pity on me!"

48 And many charged him to be silent; but HE cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

49 And Jesus stopping, \*said, "Call him." And they called the BLIND man, saying to him, "Take courage, arise; he calls thee."

50 And HE, throwing off his † MANTLE, \* leaping up, came to Jesus.

51 And Jesus addressing him, said, "What dost thou wish I may do for thee?" The BLIND man said to him, †"Rabbonit that I may receive my sight."

52 And Jesus said to him, ‡"Go; thy faith has restored thee." And he immediately received sight, and followed \*him on the road.

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 And twhen they drew near to Jerusalem, to Bethphage, and Bethany, near \* the MOUNT of OLIVES, he sends Two of his DISCI-PLES,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—46. Bartimeus, a Blind Beggar, the son of Timeus, sat by the ROAD. And. 47. Son of David, Jesus, have. 49. said, "Call him." And. 50. leaping up. came. 52. him on the BOAD. 1. THAT MOUNT Which is.

<sup>† 46.</sup> Bartimeus, is considered by many to be a real name, and not an explication of ho whyos Timaton. † 50. Or upper garment. This was of considerable dimensions, and enveloped the whole body. In those hot countries, they threw it aside when they were at work, or ploughing in the field.—Wakefield. † 51. Rabboni, an intensified signification of Rabbi, nearing My Master; the highest title of honor in the Jewish schools. It is only used in one other passage in the New Testament—John xx. 16.

λεγει αυτοις· <sup>2</sup> Υπαγετε εις την κωμην την to them: savs Go you into the town that και ευθεως εισπορευομενοι κατεναντι ύμων entering you; and immediately εις αυτην, εύρησετε πωλον δεδεμενον, εφ you will find a colt having been tied, upon which ουδεις ανθρωπων κεκαθικε. λυσαντές αυτον of men has sat; having loosed him 3 Και εαν τις δμιν ειπη. Το ποιαγαγετε. lead you. And if any one to you should say; Why \*['Oτι]; δ κυριος αυτου ELTE TOUTO; ειπατε: gay you; [That] the master χρειαν ωχει. και ευθεως αυτον αποστελλει need and immediately him he will send ώδ€. ί. ηλθον δε, και εύρον πωλον δεδεμενον a ev went and, and found a colt having been tied hero. προς του Ο ριν εξω επι του αμφοδου. dorr without in the atreet; λυουσιν αυτον. 5 Και τινές των έκει εστηκοthey loose him. And some of those there standτων ελεγον αυτοις. Τι ποιειτε λυοντες τον ing said to them; What do you loosing the πωλον; 6 Οί δε ειπον αυτοις καθως ενετειλατο commanded They and said to them even as 7 Και ηγαγον δ Ιησους και αφηκαν αυτους. the Jesus; and they uffered them. And they lad τον πωλον προς τον Ιησουν, και επιβαλλουσιν to the and they threw upon Jesus, αυτφ τα ίματια αύτων και εκαθισεν επ' αυτφ. upon him. him the mantles of themselves; and he wat <sup>8</sup> Πολλοι δε τα ίματια αύτων εστρωσαν ει**ς τ**ην apread in Many and the mantles of themselves αλλοι δε στοιβαδας εκοπτον εκ των δδον• others and branches cut off from the \*[ και εστρωννυον εις and scattered in δδον.] δενδρων, την Łhu trees, <sup>9</sup> Και οἱ προαγοντες και οἱ ακολουθουντες \* Kat of πρωη.

And those going hefore and those eκραζον, \* [λεγοντες.] 'Ωσαννα' Hosanna; following **ε**υλογημενος worthy of blessing δ ερχομενος \*[εν ονοματι κυριου·] 10 ευλογη-[in name of Lord; ] coming worthy of μενη ή ερχομενη βασιλεια του πατρος ήμων father blessing the coming kingdom of the ofus 11 Και εισηλ-Δαυιδ· ὧσαννα εν τοις ὑψιστοις. David; Hosanna in the highest. And en-\*[Kai] EIS TO θεν εις Ίεροσολυμα ό Ιησους, [and] into the tered into Jerusalem the Jesus, ίερον και περιβλεψαμενος παντα, οψιας ηδη temple; and having looked round ce all, evening now ουσης της  $\dot{\omega}$ ρας, εξηλθεν εις  $\mathbf{B}$ ηθανιαν μετα being the hour, hewentont to Bethany with

2 and says to them, "Ge to THAT VILLAGE which is OVER AGAINST you, and as soon as you enter it, you will find a Colt tied, ou which no Man has \*yet sat: loose him, and bring him.

3 And if any one should say to you, 'Why do you this?' say, The MASTER needs it; and he will instantly send it hither."

4 And they went and found a Colt fastened at the Door outside, in t " STREET; and they loosed

5 And some of THCSE STANDING there, said c them, "Why do you untie the COLT?"

8 And THEY said to them. as JESUS had \*directed; and they allowed them.

7 And they \*led the COLT to JESUS, and threw on it their MANTLES; and he sat on it.

8 ‡And many spread their GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut \* Branches, from TREES, and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE PRECED-ING and THOSE FOLLOW-ING, shouted, "Hosanna!" ‡"Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name o" 'Jehovah!""

10 "Blessed be the coming KINGDOM of our FA-THER David!" 1"Hosanna in the Highest heaven!"

11 #And \*JESUS went into Jerusalem, and into the TEMPLE. And having looked round on all things, it now being Evening, 30 went out to Bethany, with the TWELVE.

12 # And the NEXT DAY, as they were coming from of them from Bothany, he was hungry:

αυτων απο

12 Και τη επαυριον εξελθοντων

των δωδεκα.

twelve.

She

And the next day coming out \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2, yet sat.

N MANUSCRIPT.-2. yet sat. 2. That-omit. 8. Branches, cut down out of the FIELDS. And THEY, 6. said; and. 8. and scattered In the WAY-omit. 9. saying-omit. 9. in the name of the Lord-omit, 11. and-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Matt. xxi. 8. † 9. Psa. cxviii. 56. i. 12. † 12. Matt.

13 και ιδων συκην μακρο-By  $\theta$  avias,  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon i \nu a \sigma \epsilon$ . he was hungry; and seeing a fig tree at a dis-Bethany, θεν, εχουσών φυλλα, ηλθεν, ει αρα εύρησει if perhaps he will find having leaves. he went, tance. και ελθων επ' εν αυτη. αυτην, ουδεν her; and coming to her nothing ου γαρ ην καιρος συκων. εύρεν ει∷η φυλλα• not for it was season he found except leaves: of tigs.  $^{14}$  Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτη $^{ullet}$  Μηκετι εullet σου be said answering to ber: No more thee εις τον αιωνα μηδεις καρπον φαγοι. . Και fruit the a,e no one may eat. And <sup>15</sup> Και ερχονται εις ηκουον οί μαθηται αυτου. heard the disciples of him. And they come to 'Ιεροσολυμα· και εισελθων ε**ις το ί**ερον ηρξατο Jerusalem: and going into the temple he began εκβαλλειν τους πωλουντας και αγοραζοντας εν to cast out those selling and buying τφ ίερφο και τας τραπεζας των κολλυβιστων, the temple: and the tables the money-changers, και τας καθεδρας των πωλουντων τας περιστεof those and the seats selling the <sup>16</sup> και ρας κατεστρεψε. ouk  $\eta \phi_{i} \in V$ ,  $i V \alpha \tau_{i} s$ suffered, that ao one he overturned: and not διενεγκή σκευος δια του ίερου. 17 αι εδιδασshould carry an article through the temple. And he taught, re, λεγων \*[αυτοις·]
saying [tc them:] " 'Οτι Ου γεγραπται. Not is it written :

προσευχης OLKOS μου, ULKOS κληθησεται ofme, ahouse ol prayer shall be called the house πασι τοις εθυεσιν; ύμεις δε εποιησατε αυτον you bat have made nationsi the σπηλαιον λιιστων." Και ηκουσαν οί γραμof robbers." a den And beard the scribes και οί , ζίετεις, και εζητουν πως αυτον and the high-priets, and they sought how him ματεις και οί απολεσουσιν εφορ υντο γαρ αυτον, ότι πας δ they might destroy: they fared for him, because all the οχλος εξεπληστετο επι τη διδαχη αυτου. 19 Και was amazed at the teaching of him. ότε οψε εγενετο, εξεπορευετο εξω της πολεως.

he went πρωι παραπορευομενοι, ειδον την And in the morning passing along, they saw the

13 and observing a Figtree, at a distance, having Leaves, he went to search for †fruit on it, (for it was not yet † the \*SEASON for Figs.) And having come to it, he found nothing but Leaves.

14 Then he said to it t" Let no one cat Frui of thee to the AGE1" An . his DISCIPLES heard him.

15 # And they came to Jerusalem; and going into the TEMPLE, he drove out THOSE SELLING and buying, and overturned the TABLES of the BANKERS, and the SEATS of THOSE SELLING DOVES;

16 and would not permit any one to carry an Article through the TEMPLE.

17 He also taught \* and said "Is it not written, t'My House shall be called a House of Prayer for All NALICIS? but nou .. ve made it a Den of Robbers."

18 ±And the \*нісн. PRIESTS and the SCRIB 3 heard, a..d sought ho . they might destroy him; for they feared him, B cause All the CROWD was astonished at his TEACH-

19 And when it was Evening, he went out of the CITY.

20 1 And passing along in the Morning, they saw

city.

out of the

when evening it became,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. SEASON. 17. and said, "Is it not." 17. to them 18. HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES.

<sup>† 13.</sup> That Jesus had a right to gather figs from this tree, if there had been any upon it, appears from the law of Moses, mentioned in Deut. xxiii. 24, 25. Josephus alluding to this haw, mentions ripe fruits in general, not grapes and corn only. His words are—"Let not passengers, (whether natives or strangers,) be hindered from touching the ripe fruits. Let them be permitted to fill themselves with them, but not to carry any away." That some ripe them be permitted to fill themselves with them, but not to carry any awky." That some ripe figs might be expected on fig-trees at that time of the year will appear, says Pearce, from the following considerations;—"Jesus went up to this fig-tree on the 11th day of the morth Nisan, i. e. three days before the Passover, which was always on the 14th day of it. "On the morrow after the Sabbath' which followed the Passover, the first-fruits were to be offered to God in the temple." Lev. xxiii. 11. The leaves on the tree indicated that summer was nigh. Matt. xxiv. 32, and that fruit might be reasonably expected, especially as the fig-tree shoots for thits fruit before the leaves. If, therefore, the tree bore figs, now was the period to find and eat them.

† 13. That is, the season for gathering them.

† 14. Some cavillers object to this miracle of our Savior, and ask, What right had he to destroy this fig-tree! In answer, observe, that the tree was evidently barren, and therefore of no use to any one; that it could hardly be private property, for it was on the public road; and that it was made the means of inculcating a great moral truth on the minds of his disciples.

<sup>‡ 13.</sup> Matt. xxi. 19. . xxi. 19. ‡ 15. Matt. xxi. 12; Luke xix. 45; John il. 14. 1 18. Matt. xxi. 45, 48: Luke xix. 47. ‡ 20. Matt. xxi. 19.

ποια εξουσια

ταυτα

authority these things

ποιω.

21 Kai avau- the FIG-TREE συκην **εξηραμμενην** €Κ διζων• having been withered from roots; fig-tree νησθεις δ Πετρος, λεγει αυτώ ' Ραββι, ιδε, ή the Peter, says to him; Rabbi, bermg 22 Kat ท์ท κατηρασω, εξηρανται. fig-tree, which thou didst on se, has been withered. And αποκριθεις δ Ιησους λεγει αυτοις Εχετε πισ-Jesus says to them Have you answering the <sup>23</sup> Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν TIV BEOU. I say to you, that whoever Indeed for of God. Αρθητι, και βληυητι ειπη τω ορει τουτω. may say to the mountain this; Be lifted up, and cast εις την θαλασσαν. και μη διακριθη  $\epsilon \nu$  τη and not should doubt in the εν τη the sea; καρδια αύτου, αλλα πιστευση ότι α λεγει of himself, but should believe that what he says γινεται· εσται αυτω δ εαν ειπη. 24 Δια τουτο comes to pass; it shall be to him whatever he may say. Through λεγω ύμιν**, παντα ό**σα α**ν π**ροσευχομεν**οι αιτεισ**you d I say to you. all things whatever praying θε, πιστευετε ότι λαμβανετε, και εσται ύμιν. hetieve you that you receive, and tah.il be you. <sup>25</sup> Και όταν στηκητε προσευχομενοι, αφιετε, ει forgive, if And when you stand praying, εχετε κατα τινος. ίνα και δ πατηρ any thing you have against any one; that also the ύμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφρύμιν τα παραπof you, that in the heavens, may for give you the faults <sup>26</sup> Ει δε ύμεις ουκ αφιετε, τωματα ύμων. ουδ∈ If but you not forgive, neither of you. δ πατηρ ύμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφησει τα of you, that in the heavens, will forgive the 27 Και ερχονται παλιν παραπτωματα ύμων. of you. And they come a rain Και εν τω ίερω περιπατουνεις Ίεροσολυμα. And in the temple to τος αυτου, ερχονται προς αυτον οί αρχιερεις come to him the high-priests of him, <sup>28</sup> και και οί γραμματεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι, and the scribes elders. and **λ**εγουσιν αυτφ· Εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις: they say to him; By what authority these things does thou.' και τις σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην εδωκεν, ίνα and who to thee the authority this that ποιης;  $^{29}$  'Ο δε Ιησους \*[αποιεριθεις] Tauta thesethingsthou mayest do. The but Jesus [auswering] ειπεν αυτοις. Επερωτησω ύμας \*[καγω] ένα to them; I will ask you [aloo I] one λογον και αποκριθητε μοι, και €ρω ύμιν, €ν answer you to me, and I will tell to you, by word; and

withered And remem- away from the Roots.

21 And PETER rememthe bering, says to him, " Rabbi, behold, the FIG-TREE which thou didst curse, is withered away."

22 And Jesus answering says to them, "Have Faith

in God.

23 For indeed 1 say to you, # That whoever should say to this mountain, 'Be raised up, and thrown into the SEA; and should not doubt in his HEART, but believe that \* what he says is being done; he shall have it.

24 For this reason I say to you, ‡ All things whatever you \* pray for, and desire, believe That you will receive, and you

shall have them.

25 ‡ And when you stan praying, forgive, if ou have any thing against any one; that also THAT FA-THER of yours 1. the HEAVENS may forgive you your OFFENCES.

26 † [But ‡ ir you do not forgive, neit, r will THAS HEAVENS forgive your or-

FENCES."]

27 ‡ And they came again to Jerusalem. And as he Vas walking about in the TEMPLE, the HIGH. PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS, came to him,

28 and \*they said to him, "By What Authority doest thou these things? \* or who EMPOWERED the

to do them?"

29 And Jesus said to them, "I will ask you One Question; and if you answer me, I also will inform you by What Authority I <sup>30</sup> Το βαπτισμα do these things.

dipping

The

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. what he says is being done; he shall have it. For this. 24. pray for, and desire, believe you That you did receive. who:

29. answering—omit.

29. also I—omit. 28. they said.

<sup>† 26.</sup> This verse is wanting in Dr. Birch's collation of the Vat. MS., and is omitted by sev eral MSS. and Versions.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Matt. xvii. 20; xxi. 2: Luke xvii. 6. † 24. Matt. vii. 7; Luke xi. 9; Jonn xiv 13; James i. 5, 6. † 25. Matt. vi. 14; Col. iii. 13. † 26. Matt. xviii. 35 † 27. Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xx.

Ιωαννού εξ ουρανού ην, ή εξ ανθρώπων: αποκmen? of John from heaven was, or from answer 31 Και ελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, ριθητε μοι. to me. And they reasoned among themselves, λεγοντες Εαν ειπωμεν Εξ ουρανου, he will say; If we should say; I'rom heaven, Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε αυτω; 32 Αλλ' εαν Why then not did you believe him; But if ειπωμεν. Εξ ανθρωπων εφοβουντα τον λαον. we should say; From men; they feared the people, απαντες γαρ ειχον τον Ιωαννην, ότι οντως for held the John, that really προφητης ην. <sup>33</sup> Και αποκριθεντες λεγουσι τφ they say to the a prophet was. And answering Και δ Ιησους \* [αποκρι-Ιησου. Ουκ οιδαμεν. Not we know. Jesus. And the Jesus [auswer-Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν, εν θεις | λεγει αυτοις. he says to them; Neither say to you, by ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω. what authority these things I do.

## КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

1 Και ηρξατο αυτο ς εν παραβυλαις λεγειν.
And he began to them in parables to talk; Αμπελωνα εφυτευσαν ανθρωπος, και περιεθηκε planted A vineyard a man, and placed around φραγμον, και ωρυξεν ύποληνιον, και φκοδομησε a hedge, and dug a wine-vat, and πυργον· και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδηa tower; and let out it to husbandmen and  $^2$  Και απεστειλε προς τους γεωργους τ $\varphi$ μασε. abroad. And he sent to the husbaudmen in the καιρφ δουλον, ίνα παρα των γεωργων a slave, that from the husbandmen, he might receive απο του παρπου του αμπελωνος. 3 Οί δε λαβονfruit of the They but taking of the vineyard. 4 Kaı τες αυτον, εδειραν, και απεστειλαν κενον. they flayed, and Bent away empty. And παλιν απεστειλε προς αυτους αλλον δουλον. to he sent them another λιθοβολησαντες εκεφαλαιωσαν, και KAKELVOV and this pelting with stone .hay wounded on the head, and \*[ $\alpha\pi\epsilon\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota\lambda\alpha\nu$ ]  $\eta\tau\iota\mu\omega\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma\nu$ . <sup>5</sup> Και αλλον απεharing dis ronored. And auother [sent away] στειλε κακεινον απεκτειναν και πολλους sent, they killed : and عني ب manv αλλους, τους μεν δεροντες, τους δε αποκτενsome indeed some hut flaying, 6 Ετι \* [ ουν ] ένα υίον εχων, αγαπητον VOVTES. Yet [therefore] one son having, heloved \*[αύτου,] απεστειλε \*[και] αυτον προς αυτους (of himself,) he sent [and] him to them εσχατον, λεγων 'Οτι εντραπησονται τον υίον last, saying; That they will more seautous.

9 Επείνοι δε έγεωργοι είπον προς έαυτους.

to themselves: That μου. of me. themselves:

30 Was the IMMERSION of \*John from Heaven, or from Men? Answerme."

31 And they reasoned among themselves, saying, "If we should say, From Heaven; he will say, Why then did you not believe him?

82 But \* should we say, From Men;"—they feared the PEOPLE • for all maintain that ‡ John was really

a Prophet.

33 And answering they say to Jesus, "We do not know." And Jesus says to them, "neither do Fiell you by What Anthority I do these things."

## CHAPTER XIL.

1 ‡ And he began to address them in Parables, "A Man planted a Vineyard, and placed a Hedge aboutit, and duga + Wineyat, and builts Tower, and leased it to CULTIVATORS, and left the country.

2 And he sent a Servant to the CULTIVATORS, at the SEASON, that he might receive from the CULTIVATORS of the \*FRUITS of the VINEYARD.

3 But \* seizing him, they beat Him, and sent him away empty.

4 And again he sent to them another Servant; and \*him they wounded in the head, and disgracefully treated.

5 And he sent Another, and him they killed; and Many Others, beating \*some, and killing \*some.

6 \* Having yet One beloved Son, he sen him last to them. saying, They will respect my on?

7 But Those CULTIVA-TORS said among them-

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. JOHN.

32. should we say.

33. answering—

omit.

2. FRUITS of.

4. him they wounded in the head.

5. some.

6. therefore—omit.

6. of himself—omit.

6. also—omit.

6. also—omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxi. 33.

<sup>‡ 32.</sup> Matt. iii. 5; xiv. 5; Mark vi. 20. Isa. v. 1—7.

<sup>‡ 1.</sup> Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xxii. 9; See

Ότι ούτος εστιν ό κληρονομος δευτε, αποκhe this is come, heir; we may τεινωμεν αυτον, και ήμων εσται ή κληρονομια. k1!! him and of us shall te the inheritance 🤻 Και λαβοντες αυτον, απεκτειναν, και εξεβαthey killed, and And having taken him. 9 Τ: \*[ουν] ποιησει λον εξω του αμπελωνος. out of the What [therefore] willdo vineyard. ό κυριος του αμπελωνος; Ελευσεται και απολεthe ford of the vineyard? He will come and σει τους γεωργους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα husbandmen, and will give the vineyard 10 Ουδε την γραφην ταυτην ανεγνωτε. αλλοις. Not even the have you read; to others. writing this · Λιθον δε απεδοκιμασον οί οικοδομουντες, ούτος "A stone which rejected those building. this <sup>11</sup> παρ**α κ**υριου  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \theta \eta \epsilon is \kappa \epsilon \phi a \lambda \eta \nu \gamma \omega \nu i a s$ by was made into a head of a corner. a Lord εγενετο αύτη, και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμαις this, was done and it is wonderful ήμων ;''  $^{12}$  Και  $\epsilon$ ζητουν αυτον κρατησαι, και of us?" And they sought him to seize, but εφοβηθησαν τον οχλον. εγνωσαν γαρ, δτι προς they feared the crowd; they knew for, that to αυτους την παραβολην ειπε. Kat αφεντες them the parable he spoke. And leaving αυτον, απηλθον. they went away.

<sup>13</sup> Και αποστελλουσι προ**ς α**υτο**ν τ**ινας **τ**ων they send to him some of the Φαρισαιων και των Ήρωδιανων, ίνα αυτων εγρευ-Pharisees. and of the Herodians, that him they might 14 Οί δε ελθοντις λεγουσιν αυτφ. σωσι λογω. atch in word. They and having come they say to him:  $\Delta i\delta a\sigma \kappa a\lambda \epsilon$ ,  $\delta i\delta a\mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau i\delta a\lambda \eta \theta \eta s\delta \epsilon i$ , Kal ov U teacher. we know, that true thou art, and not μελει σοι περι ουδενος ου γαρ βλεπεις εις cares thee about po one not for thoulookert into προσωπον ανθρωπων, αλλ' επ' αληθειας την όδον of men, but in the face truth διδασκεις. του θεου εξεστι κνησον Καισαρι of the God thou teachest: is it lawful tribute to Cesar δωμεν, δουναι, η ου; ίουναι, η ου; δωμεν, η μη δωμεν; to give, or not? should we give or not should we give? He δε ειδως αυτων την ύποκρισιν, ειπεν αυτοις• but knowing of them the hypocrisy, said to them: με πειραζετ ; φερετε μοι δηναριον, ίνα ιδω. me do you tempt? bring you to me a denarius, that I may see. <sup>16</sup>Oi  $\delta \epsilon$   $\eta \nu \epsilon \gamma \kappa \alpha \nu$ . Tivos n Kai λεγει aυτοις· They and brought. And he says to them: Of whom the one. And he says to them.

selves; 'This is the HEIR: come, let us kill : m. and the inheritance will be ours.'

8 Then seizing him, they killed him, and cast him out of the VINTYARD

What will the LORD of the VINEYARD do? He will come and destroy those cultivators, and giv the VINEYARD to others.

10 Have you not even read this SCRIPTURE?t'A Stone which BUILDERS rejected, has become the Head of the Corner:

11 this was performed by Jehovah, and it is wonderful in our Eyes."

12 \$ And they sought to apprehend Him, but they feared the CROWD; for they knew that he had spoken the PARABLE respecting them; and leaving him. they went away.

13 I Then they send to him some of the PHARI-SEES, and of the Herodians, that they might ensnare Him ir Conversation.

14 And having come, THEY say to him, "Teacher. we know that thou art sincer:, and carest for no one; for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Men, but teachest the WAY of GOD in Truth. † Is it lawful to pay "ax to Cesar, or not?

15 Should we pay, or should we not pay?" But HE, knowing their HYPOC-RISY, said to them, "Why do you try Me? Bring me a Denarius, that I may see it."

16 And THEY brought

<sup>\* .</sup> TICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. therefore -- omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> The Jews, whose religious system was theocracy, were of opinion, that they could not, consistently with their allegance to God their king, comply with paying an acknowledgment of subordination to an earthly sovereign. Judas of Galiee was the first who endeavored to persuade the Jews of the unlawfulness of paying tribute to a foreign potentate. See Josephus Ant. xviii.1. and B. J. ii. 12. The primitive Christians also held a similar opinion, and fondly thought, that their subjection to Jesus Christ exempted them from all allegiance to the power of the magistrate. This idea is the proper clue to lead us to a right understanding of all those passages in the epistolary writings of the New Testament, which relate to civil government—Wakefeld government .- Wakefield.

<sup>1 10</sup> Psa. cxviii. 22. 1 12. Matt. xxi, 45, 46; Mark xi, 18; John vii. 25, 30, 44 1 13. Matt xxii, 15; Luke xx. 20.

εικων αυτη, και ή επιγραφη; Οί δε ειπον αυτφ· likeness this, and the inscription? They and said to him; ikeness this, and the inscription? They amount of Kαισαρος. 17 Και \* [αποκριθείς] ὁ Ιησους είπεν And [answering] the Jesus said \*[αυτοις·] Αποδοτε τα Καισαρος Καισαρι, [to them ;] Give you hack the things of Cesar to Cesar, και τα του  $\theta$ εου, τ $\varphi$   $\theta$ ε $\varphi$ . Και ε $\theta$ αυμασεν and the things of the God, to the God. And they wondered 18 Και ερχονται Σαδδουκαιοι προς αυτω. him. And come Sadducees αυτον, οίτινες λεγουσιν αναστασιν μη ειναι who say a resurrection not to be; και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες· 19 Διδασκαλε, and they saked him. saving: O teacher. and they saked him, saying; and they asked him, "έτι εαν τινος αδελφος Moses wrote for us, "that if any brother αποθανή, και καταλιπή γυναικα, και τεκνα μή should die, and should leave behind a wife, and children not ίνα λαβη ό αδελφος αυτου την γυναιshould leave, that should take the brother of him the κα αυτου, και εξαναστηση σπερμα, τφ αδελφφ and should raise up seed, to the brother of him, and should raise up seed, to the brother autov."  $^{20}$  Epita adelpoi  $\eta\sigma$ au και δ πρωτος of himself." Seven brothers were; and the first ελαβε γυναικα, και αποθνησκων ουκ αφηκε and dying not left 21 Kai 6 δευτερος ελαβέν αυτην, σπερμα. And the second her, took και απεθανε, και ουδε αυτος αφηκε σπερμα· και and neither by left seed: and 22 .Σ.αι \*[ελαβον αυτην] δ τριτος ώσαυτως. and took third in like manner. her] οί έπτα, και ουκ αφηκαν σπερμα. Ĺast the secon, and not sted. left 23 Εν τη \*[ουν] παντων απεθανε και ή γυνη.
of all died sho the woman. otali died also the woman. In the (therefore) aναστασεί, \*[όταν αναστωσί,] τίνος αυτων resurrection, [when they shall rise,] of whom of them εσται γυνη: οἱ γορ ἐπος. εσται γυνη ; οί γαρ έπτα ασχον αυτην γυναιshall be a wife? the for seven had her  $^{24}$  Kai amokribeis & Invovs eimen autois. And answering the Jesus said to them; Ου δια τουτο πλανασθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραφας, Not through this do you err, not knowing the writings, μηδε την δαναμιν του θεου; 25 Όταν γαρ εκ neither tha . power of the God? When for out of νεκρών αναστώσιν, γαμουσιν,  $out \in$ dead (ones) they may rise, neither they marry.

γαμισκονται, αλλ' εισιν ως αγγελος εν

are given in marriage, but are as onessengers in εισιν ώς αγγελοι εν τοις ουρανοις. <sup>26</sup> Περι δε των νεκρων, ότι εγειρον-heavens. Concerning but the dead (ones,) that they rise ται, ουκ ανεγνωτε εν τη βιβλω Μωσεως, επι not have you read in the book of Moses, του βατου ώς ειπεν αυτφ ό θεος, λεγων bush as to him the God, said saying: " Εγω δ θεος Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και I the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and

"Whose LIKENESS and IN-SCRIPTION is this?" And THEY said to him, "Cesar's."

17 And Jesus said, "Render the things of Cesar, to Cesar; and the things of God, to God." And they \*wondered at him.

18 ‡Then the Sadducees, who say there is no Resurrection, came to him, and asked him, saying,

19 "Teacher," Moses wrote for us, 'That if one's 'Brother should die, and 'leave a Wife behind, and 'leave no Children, that his brother should take his wife, and raise up Off-'spring for his brother.'

20 There were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST took a Wife, and dying, left no Child.

21 And the SECOND took her, and died, \*leaving to Child; and the THIRD in like manner.

aυτην 22 And the seven left no Offspring. Last of all Εσχατη the woman also died.

23 At the RESURREC-TION, Whose Wife will she be of them? for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

24 And Jesus answering said to them, "Do you not err through this,—not knowing the SCRIPTURES, nor the POWER of GOD?

25 For when they shall rise from the Dead, they will neither marry, nor be given in marriage: ‡ but be as \*THOSE ANGELS in the HEAVENS.

26 But concerning the DEAD, that they will rise, have you not read in the BOOK of Moses, at the BUSH, how God spoke to him, saying, ‡'£ am the 'God of Abraham, and the \*'God of Isaac, and the \*'God of Jacob?'

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschiff. — 17. answering — omit. 17. to them—omit. 17. greatly wondered at him. 21. leaving no Child, 22. took her—omit. 23. therefore. omit. 23. when they shall rise—omit. 25. THOSE ANGELS. 26. God. 26. God.

ό θεος Ιακωβ." 27 Ουκ εστιν ὁ θεος νεκρων, of Jacob." is the God ofdead (ones,) Not Υμεις \*[ουν] πολυ πλανασθε. αλλα ζωντων. You [therefore] greatly but of living (ones.) <sup>28</sup> Και προσελθων είς των γραμματεων, ακουσα**ς** 

having heard And approaching one of the scribes, αυτων συζητουντων, είδως ότι καλως αυτοις them disputing, knowing that well to them απεκριθη, επηρωτησεν αυτον Ποια εστι πρωτη he answered, asked him; Which is first

he answered, asked him: Which is first  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu \in \nu \tau o \lambda \eta$ ; 29 O  $\frac{1}{\pi} [\delta \epsilon]$  In  $\sigma o \omega s \alpha \pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta$  of all commandment; The [and] Jesus replied αυτω 'Οτι πρωτη \* [παντων εντολη\*] \*6 Ακουε [of all commandment; ] "Hearthou Ισραηλ, κυριος, δ θεος ήμων, κυριος είς εστι-Israel, a Lord, the God of us, Lord one 30 και αγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου εξ δλης and thou shalt love a Lord that God of thee out of whole

της καρδιας σου, και εξ όλης της ψυχης σου, of the heart of thee, and out of whole of the sout of thee, και εξ όλης της διανοιας σου, και εξ όλης and out of whole of the mind of thee, and cut of whole and out of whole of the THS IOXUGS GOU." \*[Αυτη πρωτη εντολη.] This aret commandment;

3t Kas δευτερα \*[δμοια,] αὐτη. \* Αγαπησεις

And second [like,] this: Thou had 'ove this: [like,]

τον πλησιον σου ώς σεαυτον." Μειζων τουτων the neighbor of thee as thyself." Greater of these 32 \* [ Και ] ειπεν αυτω αλλη εντολη ουκ εστι. another commandment not is. [And] said to him ό γραμματευς. Καλως, διδασκαλε, επ' αληθειας ir scribe: Well. O teacher. ότι είς εστι, και ουκ εστιν αλλος πλην thouspeakest, that one he is, and not is another besides αυτου 33 και το αγαπαν αυτον εξ όλης της him: and the tolose him outo whole of the καρδίας, και εξ όλης της συνεσεως, και εξ heart, and eut of whole of the understanding, and out of whole of the understanding, whole of the soul, and out of whole of the strength, και το αγαπαν τον πλησιον ώς ξαυτον, πλειον and the to love the neighbor as himsel., εστι παντων των όλοκαυτωματων και θυσιων. of all of the whole burnt offerings and sacrifices. is

34 Και ό Ιησους, ιδων αυτον, ότι νουνεχως απεκ-And the Jesus, seeing him, that discreetly ριθη, ειπεν αυτώ. Ου μακραν ει απο της βαsaid to him: Not far thouart from the king-Και ουδεις ουκετι ετολμα

σιλειας του θεου. of the God. And no one no longer presumed 35 Και αποκριθει**ς ὁ 1η**σους αυτον επερωτησαι.

to ask. And answering the Jesus ελεγε, δεδασκων εν τφ ίερφ Πως λεγουσιν οί said, teaching in the temple: How say the

27 He is not the \* God of the dead, but of the Living; \* you do greatly err."

28 #And one of the scribes, having heard them disputing, and per-ceiving That he had ably answered them, asked him, "Which is the Chief Commandment of all?"

29 Jesus replied to him, "The first \*is,- t' Hear-'ken, Israel; Jehovah our 'GoD is one Jehovah;

30 'and thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with All thy \* Heart, and with All 'thy \*Soul, and with All 'thy \* Mind, and with All 'thy STRENGTH.'

31 And the second, this, -1°Thou shalt love thy NEIGHBOR EE thyself? There is no Other Commandment greater than these."

32 The SCRIBE said to him, "Of a truth, Teacher. thou hast spoken well: for he is One, ‡ and besides him there is no other:

53 and to Love him with All the UNDERSTANDing, and with All the STRENGTH, and to LOVE one's NEIGHBOR as one's self, tis \* abundantly more than All the WHOLE BURNT offerings and \*Sacrifices."

\$4 And Jesus perceiving That he had answered wisely, said to him, "Thou art not far from the KING-DOM of GOD." ‡ And no one presumed to question him any further.

35 # And Jesus said, while teaching in the TEMthe PLE, "Why dothe SCRIBES

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. God. 27. you do greatly is. 30. Heart. 27. therefore-omit. 29. Commandment of all—omit. 29. is 30. This the First Commandment—omit. 33. and with All the sout—omit. 29. is. 29. And—omit. 30. Mind. err. \_\_ 30. Soul. 32. And—omit. 33. Sacrifices. 33. abundantly omit. more.

<sup>† 28.</sup> Matt. xxii. 35. † 20. Deut. vi. 4; Luke x. 27. † 31. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 9; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 3. † 32. Deut. iv. 39: Isa, xiv. 6, 14: xivi. 9. † 33. 1 Sam. xv. 22; Hoshea vi. 6: Micah vi. 6—8. † 34. Matt. xxii. 46. 2 35. Matt. xxii, 41; Luke xx. 41.

γραμματεις, ότι δ Χριστος υίος εστι Δαυιδ; is that the Appinted a son of David? Αυτος γαρ Δαυιδ ειπεν εν πνευματι άγιω. Himself for David said bу a spirit holy; Λεγει δ κυριος τφ κυριφ μου. Καθου εκ δεξι-Says the Lord to the Lord of me; Sitthou at right ων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον of me, till I may place the enemies of thee e footstool των ποδων σου." 37 Αυτος ουν Δαυιδ λεγει of thee." Himself therefore David αυτον κυριον· και ποθεν υίος αυτου εστι; Και is he? Au. 38 Kai and whence a son of him πολυς οχλος ηκουεν αυτου ήδεως. the great crowd heard him gladly. ελεγεν \*[αυτοις] εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Βλεπετε (to them] in the teaching of himself; Beware you απο των γραμματεων, των θελοντων εν στολαις scribea, those desiring in long robes of the περιπατείν, και ασπασμούς εν ταις αγοραίς, to walk about, and calutations in the markets.  $^{39}$  και πρωτοκαhetaεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, και the ín first .eats synagogues. πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις. 40 οί κατ εσθιονσεν upper couches at the feasta: those devouring τας οικιας των χηρων, και προφασει μακρα προσ-the houses of the widows. and for a how 'ong are ευχομενοι ούτοι ληψονται περισσοτερον κριμα. Ocayings these will receive heavier Judgment. 41 Και καθισας \* [δ ίησους] KATEVAVTI TOU ( ne Jesus sitting over against the γαζοφυλακιου, εθεωρει πως δ οχλος βαλλει be belie d how the treasury, crowd casts γαλκον εις το γαζοφιιλακιον. Και πολλοι treasury. copper into the And many  $^{42}$  Και ελθουσα μια **π**λουσ**ιοι εβ**αλλον πολλα. cast much. And coming one χηρα πτωχη, εβαλε λεπτα δυο, δ εστι κοδ-two, which woh • ραντης. αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ή Indeed I say to you. that the of himself, he said to them; χηρα αύτη ή πτωχη πλειον παντων βεβληκε widow this the poor more of all has cast βαλοντων εις το γαζοφυλακιον. <sup>44</sup> Παν- $\tau \omega \nu$ into the of those casting treasury. τες γαρ εκ του περισσευοντος αυτοις εβαλον. for out of the abounding fulness to them have cast; αύτη δε εκ της ύστερησεως αύτης παντα but out of the poverty of herself all as much as

say, That the MESSIAH is a Son of David?

36 For David himself said, by the Holy Spirit, \$\pmu^{\pmu}\$ Lord, Sit thou at my 'Lord, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, till I put 'thine ENEMIES 'neath thy FEET.'

37 David himself, therefore, calls him Lord, and how then is he \* His Son? And the GREAT Crowd heard him with pleasure.

38 And he said in his TEACHING, ‡"Beware of THOSE SCRIBES Who DESIRE to walk about in † Long robes, and ‡love Salutations in the MARKETS,

39 and the Principal seats in the SYNAGOGUES, and the Upper couch at FEASIS;

40 1 those PLUNDERING the FAMILIES of WIDOWS, and for a Show make long Prayers; these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

41 ‡ And sitting opposite to the TREASURY, he beheld how the CROWD cast Money into ‡the TREASURY; and Many Rich men cast in much.

42 And a poor Widow approaching, cast in two Lepta, that is, a †Farthing.

43 And having called to him his disciples, he said to them, "Indeed I say to you, † That this toor widow has cast in more than All of those Casting into the treasury:

44 for they All cast in out of their superfluity, but she out of her poversty cast in all that she had,—her Whole Living."

she had

ειχεν εβαλεν, όλον τον βιον αύτης.

whole the living of herselt,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. His Son.

<sup>38.</sup> to them-omit.

<sup>41.</sup> JESUS-omit.

<sup>†36.</sup> In the original (Psa. cx.1) it is Jehovah. But the Evangelist has adopted the version of the LXX, who, I suppose, could not venture to translate that word which every Jew reparded with the profoundest reverence, and could not pronounce it without danger of foreiting his claim to a future state.—Wakefield.

†38. The stolee was an Oriental garment descending to the arcies, and worn by persons of distinction, as Kings, Priests and nonorable persons, and were affected by the Jurists of the Pharisaical sect.—Bloomfield, †42. Or rather three-fourths of a farthing, or four mills. A kodrantees (Laquadrans,) was a Roman copper coin. equivalent to the fourth part of an assaron, or two Lepta.

<sup>1 36.</sup> Psa. cx. 1. 1 38. Matt. xxiii. 1; Luke xx. 46. 1 38. Luke xt. 43. 1 40. Matt. xxiii. 14. 2 Kings xii. 9. 7 43, 2 Cor. viii. 13

# КЕФ. ιγ'. 13.

1 Και εκπορευομένου αυτου εκ του Ιερου, of him ont of the departing temple, λεγει αυτφ είς των μαθητων αυτου. Διδασκαλε, says to him one of the disciples of him; O teacher, ποταποι οικοδομαι. ιδε, ποταποι λιθοι και and what buildings. what stones  $*[\alpha\pi\circ\kappa\rho\iota\theta\epsilon\iotas]$ Kaı δ Ιησους  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ αυτω. the Jesus answering said to him; And Βλεπεις ταυτας τας μεγαλας οικοδομας; ου μη buildings? these great not not απφελη λιθος επι λιθώ, ός ου μη καταλυθη. may be left a stone upon a stone, which not not may be thrown down. <sup>3</sup> Και κυθημενου αυτου εις το ορυς των ελαιων, of him on the mountain of the olive trees, And sitting κατεναντι του ίερου, επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν asked over against the temple, him privately Πετρος, και Ιακωβος, και Ιωαννης, και Ανδρεας. James, and John, and ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται, και τι το 4 Ειπε Say to us, when these things shall be, and what the σημειον, όταν μελλη παντα τ υτα συντελεισwhen are about all th set...ngs to he ended? θαι. 5'Ο δε Ιησους \*[αποκριθε:ς αυτοις,] ηρξατο The and Jesus answering .. em,] began Bλεπετε μηTL บ็แฉร πλανηση. λεγειν. Take heed not asyone gou may deceive to say; <sup>6</sup> Πολλοι \*[γαρ] ελευσονται **~ι~φ ο**νοματι μου, [for] shall come n the name Ότι εγω ειμι και πολλους πλανηλεγοντες. That am: and many they will saying; 'Οταν δε ακουσητε TOXELOUS Kal ουσιν. When and ye all hear and dereive. \*Γγαρ] δει θροεισθε• ακοας πολεμων.  $\mu\eta$ be disturbed; is behoves [for] not reports of wars, γενεσθαι αλλ' ουπω το τελος. 8 Εγερθησεται to take place; but not yet the end. Shall h raised up γαρ εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιnation egainst nation, and kingdom against king-\*[και] εσονται σεισμοι κατα τοπους. λιαν. [and] shall be earthquakes places, dom: \*[και] εσυνται λιμοι \*[και ταραχαι.] Aρχαι (and commotions.) Beginnings shalt be famines

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 1 And as he was going out of the TEMPLE, one of his DISCIPLES says to him, "Teacher, see; † What Stones! and What Build ings!"

2 And Jesus said to him, "Seest thou These GREAT Buildings? Ithere shall not be \* left here a Stone upon a Stone; tall will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on t the MOUN !! of OLIVES opposite the TIMPLE. Peter, and James, and John, and Andrew asked him privately,

4 "Tell us, when these things will be?" and "What will t the sign when all these things are about to be accomplished?"

5 And Jesus began to \* say to them, I" Beware. tha. no one deceive You.

6 Many will come a my NAME, saving, I am be:

an' will deceive Many.
7 And when you shall hear or Conflicts, and Reporte o Battles, he not alarmed; for these things n.us" occur. but the END is not yet.

8 For Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; there will be Earthquakes in various places, and there will be Famines; these are the \*Beginnings of Sorrows.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. answering-omit. 2. le.t here.
6. for—omit. 5. answering 5. say to them, "Beware." 8. and onit. 8. and 0 7. for-omit. them-omit. B. and-omit. 8. a Beginning of. 8. and commotions-omit.

<sup>8.</sup> and—omit.
8. and—omit.
8. and commotions—omit.
8. a Reginning of.
1. Josephus says that the stones with which Herod built the temple, were "of a white
and firm substance," and that "every one of them was about twenty-five cubits in length,
eight in heighth, and twelve in breadth." A cubit was nearly twenty-two inches of our
measure.
12. How exactly this prediction was fulfilled may be known from Josephus.
He says, Cosar ordered the soldiers to dig up the whole city and the temple; but to leave
three of the highest turrets standing; and a part of the wall, as a security to the garrison.
But they so entirely dug up and levelled all the rest of the city, that none who saw it, would
chink it to have ever been inhabited." Eleazar, in his animated speech to his countrymen,
thus exclaims: "Where is that great city, the metropolis of the Jewish people, defended by
God? It is torn up from its foundations; and the only memorial that remains of it, is
the camp of its destroyers, which is stationed in the ruins." It is also related in the Taanith
of Maimonides, that according to Roman custom, the very foundations of the temple were
dug up, and that T. Rufus, a Roman commander, carried a plough overthem.

13. From
this spotthe whole of Jerusalem was spread before the eye; and its situation. form, buildtness, coundaries, and different parts, distinctly and individually seen; more especially
Mount A oriah and Solomon's Temple, together with its spacious area.

13. Every v.v. 1; Luke xxi. 5.

12. Luke xix. 44

15. Jer. xxix. 8:

9 Βλεπετε δε ύμεις ξαυτους. ωδινωι ταυτα. of sorrows these. Take beed but you yourselves: παραδωσουσι \*[γαρ] ύμας εις συνεδρια, και εις you to sauhedrims, and tutn they will deliver up [for] συναγωγας δαρησεσθε, και επι ήγεμονων και you will be beaten, and before synagogues governors βασιλεων σταθησεσθε, ένεκεν εμου, εις μαρτυριον kings you will stand, on account of me, for a testimony 10 Kaı αυτοις. εις παντα τα  $\epsilon \theta \nu n$ δει, to them. And among all the nations it behoves. 11 'Οταν δε πρωτον κηρυχθηναι το ευαγγελιον. to be published the glad tidings. αγωσιν ύμας παραδιδοντες, μη προμεριμνατε delivering up, they may lead you not be anxious before and  $*\begin{bmatrix} \mu\eta\delta\epsilon & \mu\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\tau\alpha\tau\epsilon \cdot \\ \text{[nor be concerned;]} & \text{a}\lambda\lambda'$ δ εαν τι λαλησετε, what you should speak, wbstever ύμιν εν εκεινή τη ώρα, τουτο λαλειτε• the hour, may be given to you in that this spear you; ου γαρ εστε ύμεις οἱ λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα you the speaking, but the spirit  $12 \text{ }\Pi\alpha\rho\alpha\delta\omega\sigma\epsilon\iota$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma\sigma$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma\nu$ not for are άγιον. holy. Will deliver up and a brother a brother the εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον' και επαναστηand father and they shall death. a child; τεκνα επι γονεις, και θανατωσουσιν children against parents, and deliver to death σονται rise up 13 Kai  $\epsilon \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$  missing hated by all, αυτους. them. 'Ο δε ὑπομεινας εις τελυς, δια το ονομα μου. through the name of me. He hut persevering to end,  $^{14}$  Όταν δε  $\iota$ δητε το βδεούτος σωθησεται. will be saved. When but you may see the abomiλυγμα της ερημωσεως έστως όπου ου δει 🥻 desolation having stood where notitought; (he nation of the αναγινωσκων νοειτω.) τοτε οί εν τη Ίουδαια, reading let him think;) then those in the  $\phi \epsilon \nu \gamma \epsilon \tau \omega \sigma \alpha \nu$   $\epsilon \iota s$   $\tau \alpha$   $o \rho \eta$ .  $^{15} \delta$   $\star [\delta \epsilon]$ Judea. ETI TOU [and] let them fee to the mountains, he  $\mathbf{on}$ th. δωματος, μη κατωβατω \*[εις τηνοικίαν,]μη<math>εε not let him go down linto the house,] DOF εκ της οικιας εισελθετω, αραι TI αύτυυ∘ to take any thing out of the house of himself; 16 και δ εις τον αγρον ων, μη επιστρεψατω εις and he in the field being, not lethim turn acto τα οπισω, αραι το ίματιον αυτου. 17 Oval 3e to take the mantle of him. Woe but ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις to the to the in womb having and giving suci.

9 But take heed to yourselves. They will deliver you up to High Councils and to Synagogues; and you will be beaten, and will stand before Governors and Kings on my account, for a Testimony to them.

it behoves. 10 ‡ And the GLAD TI-Οταν δε DINGS must first be pub-When but lished among All the NA-

TIONS.

11 ‡ But when they conduct you to deliver you up, be not anxious beforehand what you should speak; but whatever may be given you in That HOUR, this speak; for it is not you who will speak, but the HOLY SPIRIT.

12 And ‡ Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

13 ‡ And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME; but HE, who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the Eng, he will be saved.

14 ‡ But when you shall see THAT DESTRUCTIVE ABOMINATION, Standing where it ought not"—(READER, attend!)—"then let THOSE in Judea ESCAPE to the MOUNTAINS;

15 t let not HIM who is on the ROOF descend, nor enter his HOUSE, to take Anything out of it:

16 and let not him who is in the field return back to take his mantle.

17 ‡ But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

18 But pray that \*it may not be in Winter;

ύμων

ofyou

18 Προσευχεσθε **ό**ε,

but.

χειμωνος.

of winter

Pray you

εν εκειναις ταις ἡμεραις.

γενηται

may be

the

days.

φυλη

flight

ή

the

those

μη

ίνα

that not

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. for—omit, 11. nor be concerned—omit. 15. an it may not be.

<sup>† 15.</sup> The peculiar construction of Eastern houses is here referred to. They were all of the same heighth, so that a person could walk at the top of a range of buildings, without inconvenience, from one end to the other. In Palestine they are still build built on this plan. A staircase is carried on the outside from the top of the house to the bottom. The injunction in this verse is delivered in a figure, expressive of great eagerness and expedition; so that if a man was walking on the roof, he was directed to go straight forwards, till he got out of the city; and not to delay even to go down into the house to take the most necessary articles of food and raiment for his flight.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Matt. x. 17, 18; xxiv. 9; Rev. ii. 10. † 10. Luke xxiv. 14. † 11. Matt. x. 19; Luke xii. 11: xxi. 14. † 12. Matt. x. 21; xxiv. 10; Luke xxi. 16. † 13. Matt. x. 9: Luke xxi. 17 † 14. Dan. ix. 27; Matt. xxiv. 12; Luke xxi. 20. † 17. Luke xxiii. 29

 $\theta \lambda i \psi is$ , <sup>19</sup> Εσονται γαρ αί ήμεραι εκειναι οία for the affliction, ench as Shall be days those κτισεως, ής ου γεγονε τοιαυτη απ'  $\alpha \rho \chi \eta s$ from a beginning of creation, which not has been so great εκτισεν δ θεος, έως του νυν, και ου μη γενηται. created the God, till the now, and not not may be. <sup>20</sup> Και ει μη κυριος εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας, ουκ And if net a Lord shortened the days, αν εσωθη πασα σαρξο αλλα δια TOUS EKflesh; all but on account of the choshould be saved λεκτους, ούς εξελεξατο, εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας. sen (ones,) whom he has chosen, he has shortened the days. <sup>21</sup> Kai  $\tau \circ \tau \in \epsilon \alpha \nu$   $\tau \circ \iota \circ \iota \mu \circ \nu$   $\epsilon \circ \iota \pi \eta \circ I \delta \circ \iota \circ$ ώδε δ if any one to you should say; Lo, here the χριστος η Ιδου, εκει μη πιστευετε. 22 ΕγερAnointed; or; Lo, here; not believe yon. Shall θησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι και ψευδοπροφηται, for false anointed ones and false prophets και δωσουσι σημεια και τερατα, προς το αποand shall give signs and wonders, to the to de-\*[και] τους εκλεκτους. δυνατον, πλαναν, ει ceive, if possible, [even] the chosen.

<sup>23</sup> Υμεις δε βλεπετε \* [ιδου,] προειρηκα ύμιν [lo,] I have foretold to you You but take heed; 24 Αλλ' εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, μετα παντα. all. But in those the days. after την θλιψιν εκεινην, δ ήλισς σκοτισθησεται, the shall be darkened, affliction that, sun δωσει τοφεγγος  $\sigma \in \lambda \eta \nu \eta$ ου αύτης. και not shall give the light and the moon of herself; <sup>25</sup> και οί αστερος του ουρανου εσονται εκπιπτονand the stars of the heaven shall be falκαι αί δυναμεις, αί er rois ouparois, τes, ling, and the powers, those in the beavens, <sup>26</sup> Και τοτε οψονται τον υίον σαλευθησονται. shall he shaken. And then they shall see the BOD ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελαις, μετα του coming ao clouds, with of the man <sup>27</sup> Και τοτε αποσδυναμεως πολλης και δοξης. much and glory. And then he will τελει τους αγγελους αὐτου, και επισυναξει τους send the messengers of himself, and he will gather the εκλεκτους αύτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, chosen (ones) of himself from the four winds. <sup>25</sup> Απο έως ακρου ουρανου. ακρου γης to an extremity of heaven. From from an extremity of earth

δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην.

κλαδος

the

you know,

tender

τα φυλλα, γινωσκετε, δτι εγγυς το

learn you

branch

leaves,

fig-tree

δ

the

the

εκφυη

αυτης ηδη

may put forth the

19 for in those DAYS will be Distress, ‡ such as has not been from the Beginning of the Creation, which God created, till Now, nor ever will be.

20 And except the Lord cut short the DAYS, No Person could survive; but on account of the chosen. whom he has selected, he has cut short the DAYS.

21 And then if any one should say to you, ' Behold, the Messian is here!' or 'Behold,-there!' believe it not;

22 because False Messiahs and False Prophets will arise, and exhibit Signs and Wonders, to DE-CEIVE, if possible, the CHO-

23 ‡ But be gou on your guard; I have forewarned you.

24 But in Those DAYS, after that AFFLICTION, the tthe sun will be obscured. and the Moon will withhold her Light.

25 and \* the STARS will fall out of HEAVEN, and THOSE POWERS in the HEAVENS will be shaken.

26 # And then they will see the son of man coming in Clouds, with great Power and Glory.

27 And then he will send forth \*the MESSENGERS, and assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds, from the Extremity of Earth to the utmost bound of Hea-

28 Now learn a PARABLE from the fig-tree, When its BRANCH now becomes tender, and puts forth LEAVES, \*itisknown That SUMMER is near.

parable:

may become,

near

**άπαλος γενηται**,

δταν

when

και

and

the

that \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. even—omit. 23. 10—omit. 27. the messengers. 25, the STARS will 28. it is known That. fall out of HEAVEN, and THOSE POWERS.

<sup>+ 24.</sup> In Isaiah xiii. 9, 10, 13, when the destruction of Babylon is threatened, it is thus expressed, "the stars of heaven and the constellations thereof shall not give their light; the sun shall be darkened in his going forth, and the moon shall not cause her light to shine. I will shake the heavens, &c." And the reader may find the same eastern manner of speaking in the following places of scripture:—Job xxx. 28; Eccl. xii. 1, 2; Isa. xxiv. 23; xxxiv. 4; Ix. 20; Jer. v. 23; xv. 9; Ezek. xxii. 7, 8; Dan. viii. 10; Joel ii. 10, 30, 31; iii. 15; Amos v. 20; viii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 10, 12; Rev. vi. 12—14.

<sup>1 19.</sup> Dan. xii. 1; Matt. xxiv. 21. 1 24. Matt. xxiv. 29; Luke Kxi. 25.

<sup>29</sup> Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ταυτα θερος εστιν. you, when these things summer Se alse ιδητε γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν youmaysecomingtopass, knowyou, that near heis 30 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ου μη Indeed I say to you, that not not ∈πι θυραις. doers. nt. αύτη, μεχρις ού παντα παρελθη ή YEVER till of whom n ld may pass away the generation this, 31 Ο ουρανος και ή γη παρεπαυτα γενηται these may be done. The heaven and theearth shall λευσεται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελθωσι. the but words of me not not may pass away.

32 Περι δε της ήμερας εκεινης η της ώρας or the day that Concerning but the hour ουδεις οιδεν, ουδε οί αγγελοι, οί εν ουρανφ, nor the messengers, those in heaven, ει μη δ πατηρ. <sup>33</sup> Βλεπετε, αγknows, ao one ουδε δ υίσς, ει μη δ πατηρ. nor the son, if not the father. Take heed, watch ρυπνειτε \*[και προσευχεσθε ] ουκ οιδατε γαρ pray you; ] not you know for ιν. 34 Os ανθρωπος αποδηand ποτε δ καιρος εστιν. when the season is. As a man \$205 αφεις την οικιαν αύτου, και δους τοις abroad leaving the house of nimself, and having given to the \*[και] **έ**καστφ δουλοις αύτον την εξουσιαν, slaves of himself the authority, [aud] to each one το εργον αύτου και τφ θυρωρφ ενετειλατο ίνα the work of himself and to the porter he commanded that 35 Γρηγορειτε ουν ουκ οιδατε γαρ, h. Watch you therefore; not you know for, γρηγορη. the should watch. ποτε δ κυριος της οικιας ερχεται, οψε, η when the lord of the house comes, evening. μεσονυκτιου, η αλεκτοροφωναις, η πρωι· 36 μη lest midnight, cock-crowing, or morning : ελθων εξαιφναις, ευρη ύμας coming suddenly, be may find you καθευδοντας. 39 Α δε ύμιν λεγω, πασι λεγω. Γρηγορειτε. What and to you I say, to all I say: Watch you.

# ΚΕΦ. αδ'. 14.

1 Ην δε το πασχα και τα αζυμα μετα δυο Was now the passover and the unleavened cakes after two ήμερας και εζητουν οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμdays: and sought the high-priests and the scribes. ματεις, πως αυτον εν δολφ κρατησαντες αποκhim by deceit how seizing <sup>2</sup> E $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$ or  $\delta\epsilon$ · Mη εν τη έορτη, Not in the feast, TEIVEGIV. They said but; might kill. μηποτε θορυβος εσται του λαου. atumult shall be of the people.

 $^3$  Και οντος αυτου εν Βηθανι $\mathbf{a}$  εν τη  $\mathbf{e}$ ικι $\mathbf{a}$ Bethany being of him in in the house Σιμωνος του λεπρου, κατακειμενου αυτου, ηλ $\theta$ ε leper, reclining of him, came

lest.

29 Thus also, when you skall see these things transpiring, know That he is near at the Doors.

30 Indeed, I say to you, That this GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

31 The HEAVEN and EARTH will fail; but 1 my words cannot fail.

32 But concerning that DAY, \*or HOUR, knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven, nor the son, but the FATHER.

33 Take heed, watch; for you know not when the

SEASON IS.

34 ‡ As a Man going abroad, leaving his HOUSE, and having given the AU-THORITY to his SERVANTS, to each his work, he also commanded the PORTER to watch.

35 Watch, therefore; for you know not when the MASTER of the HOUSE comes; \*whether at Evening, or at Midnight, or at Cock-crowing, or in the Morning;

36 lest comingunexpectedly he should find you sleeping.

37 And what I say to you, I say to all, Watch."

### CHAPTER XIV.

1 1 Now after Two Days was the PASSOVER and the feast of unleavened BREAD; and the HIGH-PRIESTS and SCRIBFS sought him how they might take him by Deception, and kill him.

2 \* For they said, " Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Tumult of the

PEOPLE."

3 # And he being at Bethany, in the House of Simon the LEPER, while he was reclining at table, \$

<sup>\*</sup> Vatical Manuscript.—32. or hour knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven 35. whether at Evening. 33. and pray-omit. 34. and-omit. said.

<sup>; 31.</sup> Isa xl. 6. # Thess. v. 6. John xi. 55; xiii. 1. † 33. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Luke xii. 40; xxl. 31; Rom. xiii. 11; † 34. Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 14. † 1. Matt. xxvi. 2; Luke xxii. 12; † 3. Matt. xxiv. 65 domn xii. 1, 3; See Luke viii. 37.

αλαβαστρον μυρου, ναρδου  $\gamma u \nu \eta$  $\epsilon \chi o \nu \sigma \alpha$ having an alabaster bos of balsani, of spikenard a woman πιστικης πολυτελους· \*[και] συντριψασα το very costly: [and] breaking αλαβαστρον, κατεχεεν αυτου κατα της κεφαλης. alabaster box, she poured of it down on the Ησαν δε τινες αγανακτουντες προς ξαυτους, Were and some being angry to themselves, \*[και λεγοντες:] Εις τι ή απωλεια αύτη του fand saying;] For what the loss this of the μυρου γεγονεν; 5 Ηδυνατο γαρ τουτο το μυρον for balsam has been made? Could this the balsam δηναριων,  $\pi \rho \alpha \theta \eta \nu \alpha i \in \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ τριακοσιων three hundred đenarii, and more Kai ενεβριμωντο αυτη. δοθηναι τοις πτωχοις. And they censured to be given to the poor. 6 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Αφετε αυτην τι αυτη said; The but Jesus Let alone her; why to her κοπους παρεχετε; καλον εργον ειργασατο εν a work she has wrought in present you? good 7 Παντοτε γαρ τους πτωχους εχετε μεθ' εμοι. Always for the poor you have with me. έαυτων, και, όταν θελητε, δυνασθε αυτους ευ yourselves, and, when you will, you can them good <sup>8</sup> ΄Ο εσχεν ποιησαι· εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε. you have. to do; me but not always iba aaving αύτη, εποιησε προελαβε μυρισαι μου το σωμα this, she has done; beforehand to anoist of me the body εις τον ενταφιασμον. 9 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, δπου Indeed I say to you, wherever for the burial. αν κηρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο εις όλον τον may be published the glad tidings this in κοσμον, και δ εποιησεν αύτη λαληθησεται, εις she did this shall be spoken, also what μνημοσυνον αυτης.

a memorial of her.

<sup>10</sup> Και δ Ιουδας δ Ισκαριωτης, €is  $\tau\omega\nu$ Judas And the the lscariot. one of the ίνα δωδεκα,  $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ TOOS TOUS αρχιέρεις, twelve, to the high-priests, that <sup>11</sup> Οἱ δε ακουσαντες αυτον αυτοις. he might deliver up him to them: They and hearing και επηγγειλαντο αυτφ αργυριον εχαρησαν. were glad; promised silver Και εζητει, δουναι.  $\pi\omega s$ ευκαιρως αυτον And he sought, to give. how conveniently him 12 Kaı παραδώ.  $\tau \eta$ πρωτη ήμεραι  $\tau\omega\nu$ first day of the he might deliver up. And πασχα εθυον, λεγουδτ∈ το unisavened cakes, when the paschallamb were sacrificed, they σιν αυτώ οι μαθηται αυτου.  $\Pi o v \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon is a \pi \epsilon \lambda$ to him the where wilt thou having disc ples o' him; θοντες έτοιμασωμεν, ίνα φαγης το πασχα; that thou mayest eat the passover? | the PASSOVER ?" we make ready.

Woman came, having an Alabaster box of Balsani of genuine Spikenard, very costly: and breaking the BOX, she poured it on his HEAD.

4 And some were displeased, saving among themselves, "Why has this Loss of the Balsam taken place?

5 For \* This BALSAM could have been sold for more than † Three hundred Denarii, and given to the POOR." And they censured her.

6 But Jesus said, "Let her alone; why do you trouble the WOMAN? She has done a Good Work for me.

7 ‡ For you have the POOR always among you, and when you will, you can \* do Them good; but Me you have not always.

8 Possessing This (Balsam.) she has done it, to anoint my BODY beforehand for the BURIAL.

9 \* And indeed 1 say to you, Wherever these GLAD TIDINGS may be proclaimed in the Whole WORLD, this also which she has done shall be spoken of in Memory of her."

10 ‡And \*THAT Judas Iscariot, who was one of the TWELVE, went to the HIGH-PRIESTS, to deliver Him up to them.

11 And hearing it they rejoiced, and promised to give him Money. And he sought how he might conveniently deliver Him up.

12 I Now on the First. of UNLEAVENED BREAD, when the PAS-CHAL LAMBS Were sacrificed, his DISCIPLES say to him, "Where dost thou wish that we go and prepare that thou mayest eat

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. and -omit. 4. and saying—omit. 5. This BALSAM ndeed. 10. THAT Judas Iscariot. 9. And indeed. 7. always do them.

<sup>† 5.</sup> A Denarius being in value about 14 cents, or 7d. English, the value of the box of balsam would be forty-two dollars, or £8. 15s.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 14; Luke xxii. 3, 4. † 12. Matt. xxvi. 14; 17. Deut. xv. 11. Luke xxii. 7.

13 Και ηνοστελλει διο των μαθητων αύτου, και disciples of humself, and he sends two of the Ύπαγετε εις την πολιν. λεγει auteis. και he says to them; Goyou into the city; and απαντησει ύμων ανθρωπος κεραμιον ύδατος will meet a pitcher you a man of water βασταζων· ακολουθησατε αυτω· 14 και όπου εαν carrying; follow him; and wherever εισελθη, ειπανε τφ οικοδεσποτη. 'Οτι δ to the he may enter, say honseholder; Που εστι το καταλυμα, διδασκαλος λε∼ει• Where the says: is guest-chamber, δπου το πασχα μετα των μαθηνων μου φαγω; where the passover with the disciples of me I may eat? 15 Και αυτος ύμιν δειζει αναγαιον μεγα εστρωbe to you will show an upper room large having μενον €TOLLLOV' ÇKEL έτηιμασα**τ**€ ήμιν. been turnished ready; there prepare you for ne 16 Και εξηλθον οί μαθηται αυτου, και ηλθον εις And went forth the disciples of him, and came into την πολιν, και εύρον καθως ειπεν αυτοις και and found even as besa to them; and the 17 Και οψιας γενομένης, ήτοιμασαν το πασχα. they prepared the passover. And evenue being come. 13 Και α- κειμενων ερχεται μετα των δωδεκα. he comes with the twelve. And toclining αυτων και εσθιοντων, ειπεν δ Ιησους. Αμην eating, of them and said the Jesus; Indeed λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με, ό I say to you, that one of you will deliver u with  $e\sigma\theta$  two  $\mu \in \tau'$   $\epsilon \mu$ ou. If u is u if u is u in u is u in uεσθιων μετ' εμου. is eating with θαι, και λεγειν αυτφ είς καθ' είς. Μητι εγω; τοντίι), and to say to him one by one; Not '{\frac{17}{Kαι αλλυς. Μητι εγω;} 20 'Ο δε \*[αποκρι-[?] He but [and aoother; Not answ gr-Eis ek των δωδεκα, δ  $\theta \epsilon is$ ]  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu$   $\alpha \nu \tau o is$ . twelve, that said to them; One of the togl εμβαπτομένος μετ' εμου εις το τρυβλιον. dippingin with me into the bowl. The μεν υίος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, καθως γεγραπindeed son of the man goes away, even as it has been ται περι αυτου ουαι δε τω ανθρωπω εκεινω, written concerning him; woe but to the man thatού δ νίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται. through whom the son of the man is delivered up. καλον ην αυτώ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη δ ανθρωπος good it was to him, if not was born the man  $^{22}$  Kai  $\epsilon\sigma\theta$ 10 $\nu\tau\omega\nu$  a $\nu\tau\omega\nu$ , EKELVOS. λαβων δ that. And eating of them, taking the Ίηπους αρτον, ευλογηπας εκλαπε, και εδωκεν

13 And he sends two of his DISCIPLES, and says to them, "Go into the CITY, and a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you; follow him;

14 and wherever he may enter, say to the HOUSE-HOLDER, The TEACHER says, Where is \*the GUEST-CHAMBER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCIPLES?

15 And he will show you a large Upper-room

turnished ready; \*there prepare for us."

16 And \* the disciples went forth, and came into the CITY, and found every thing even as he had said to them: and they prepared the PASSOVER.

17 ‡ And Evening being come, he comes with the

TWELVE.

18 And as they were reclining at table, and eating, JESUS said, "Indeed I say to you, That \*one of You who are EATING with me will deliver me up."

19 And \*they began to be sorrowful, and to say to him, one by one, "Is it E?"

20 And HE said to them, "It is THAT ONE of the TWELVE DIPPING in with me into the DISH.

91 \*The son of MAN indeed tgoes away [to death,] even as it has been written concerning him; but woe to that MAN through whom the son of MAN is delivered up! Good were it for that MAN if he had not been born."

22 ‡And as they were eating, \*he took a Loaf, and having given praise, he broke it, and gave to them, and said, "Take; this is my Body."

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αυτοις, και ειπε. Λαβετε. τουτο εστι το σωμα

Take.

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscrift.—14. my guest-chamber. 15. and there prepare: 16. the disciples. 18. one of you who are eating with me. 19. and—ome. 19. they. 19. and another; not 1?—omit. 20. answering—omit. 21. Because the son. 22. he took.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Furnished ready, probably alludes to the manner of making the room ready for the celebration of the passover; which was examined in every hole and corner by the light of wax candles, and cleared from the smallest crumb of leaven with a scrupulous nicety.—

Ausworth.

<sup>23</sup> Και λαβων το ποτηριον, ευχαριστησας uov. And taking the eup, having given thanks of me. και επιου εξ αυτου παντες. εδωκεν αυτοις. and they drank out of it to them; he gave <sup>24</sup>Και ειπεν \* [αυτοις. [ Τουτο εστι το αίμα μου, is the blood of me, And he said [to them.] This πολλων το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι that of the new covenant, that concerning many  $^{25}$  Amy legw vmin, oti ouketi εκχυνομενον. being shed. Indeed heay to you, that ao more ου μη πιω εκτου γεννηματος της αμπελου, έως hill not not I will drink of the product the vine, της ημερας εκεινης, δταν αυτο πινω καινον εν new that, when it I drink day 36 Και ύμνησαντεs, τη βασιλεια του θεου. of the God. And having sung a hymn, kingdom εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive trees. 27 Και λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους· 'Οτι παντες says to them the Jesus; That aM σκανδαλισθησεσθε \*[εν εμοι εν τη γυκτι ταυτη.]
will be stumbled [at me in the night this.] " Παταξω τον ποιμενα, και ότι γεγραπται I wi!samite the shepherd, for it is written. τα προβατα." <sup>29</sup> Αλλα διασκορπισθησεται But sheep." will be scattered the μετα το εγερθηναι με, προαξω ύμας εις την the toberased me, I will go before you into Γαλιλαιαν. 29° Ο δε Πετρος εφη αυτφ. Και ει fne hns teter said to him; Even if Gaules. καντες σκανδαλισθησονται, αλλ' OUK EYWnot shall be stumbled, yet 30 Kat heyet aut of Intous. Aunv heyw oil, And says to him the Jesus; ότι συ σημερον εν τη νυκτι ταυτη, πριν η that thou this-day in the night this, before αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνηση με. to have erowed, thrice thou wilt deny me. a cock Ο δε εκ περισσου ελεγε μαλλον Εαν με 1 f me He but with vehemence apoke more; δεη συναποθανειν σοι, ου μη σε απαρνησομαι. I wu! deny. with thee, not not thee to die <sup>32</sup> Και ερχον-'Ωσαυτως δε και παντές ελέγον. And they In like manner and also they said. ται εις χωριον, ού το ονομα Γεθσημανη και came to a place, of which the name Gethsemane; ώδε, λεγει τοις μαθηταις αύτου.
he says to the disciples of himself; Καθισατε

of himself;

And

Πετρον και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην μεθ' έαυτου

and

began to be greatly amazed and to be in anguish.

και ηρξατο εκθαμβεισθαι και αδημονειν.

έως προσευξωμαι.

and

I shall pray.

James

33 Και παραλαμβανει

John

23 And taking \*a Cup, having given thanks, he gave it to them: and they all drank out of it.

24 And he said, ‡"This is that blood of mine which is of the COVENANT. THAT which is POURED our for many.

25 Indeed I say to you, \* That I will drink of the PRODUCT of the VINE no more, till that DAY when I drink It new in the KING-DOM of GOD."

26 ‡And having sung, they went out to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

27 And Jesus says te them, "You will all be stumbled; because it is written, I'I will smite the 'SHEPHERD, and 'SHEEF will be dispersed.'

28 #But after I am RAISED, I will precede you to GALILEE."

29 ‡ And Perer said to him, "Even if all shall be stumbled, yet # will not."

30 And JESUS says to him, "Indeed I say to thee, That thou This-day, in This NIGHT, before a Cock crows twice, wilt disown Me thrice."

31 But HE spoke with more vehemence, "If I must die with thee, I will by no means disown Thee." And they all said the same.

32 # And they came to a Place named Gethsamane, and he says to his DISCI-PLES, "Sit here, while I go away and pray."

33 And he takes with him PETER, and \* JAMES. and John, and began to be greatly amazed and full of Anguish.

34 And he says to them, t" My soul is encomλεγει αυτοις. Περιλυπος εστιν ή ψυχη μου εως he says to them; Extremely sorrowful is the soul of me evento soul of me evento passed with a deadly An-

24. THAT BLOOD OF 24. to them-omit. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. a Cup, 24. to them-mine, which is of the covenant, that which is poured out. 27. at me in this NIGHE 33. James, and John. 32. go away and pray.

Sit you

wish

he takes

here,

TOP

himself:

34 Kaı

And

the

<sup>† 24.</sup> Luke xxii. 20; 1 Cor: xi. 25. † 26. Matt. xxvi. 30. † 27. Zech. xiil. 7. † 28. Matt. xvi. 7. † 20. Matt. xxvi. 33, 34: Luke xxii. 33, 34. John xiii. 87, 85. † 32. Matt. xxvi. 36; Luke xxii. 39: John xvii. 1. † 34. John xii. 27.

35 Kai | Ιανατου μεινατε ώδε, και γρηγορειτε. remain you here, and watch. Aad προελθων μικρον, επεσεν επι της γης. και going forward a little, he fell on the ground; προσηυχετο, ίνα, ει δυνατον εστι, παρελθη απ' that, if possible it is, might pass from <sup>36</sup> Και ελεγεν Αββα δ πατηρ, αυτου ή ώρα. the hour. And he said; Abha the father, παντα δυνατα σοι· παρενεγκε το ποτηριον απ' ill (things) possible to thee; take the cup εμου τουτο. Αλλ' ου, τι εγω θελω, αλλα τι this. But not, what I will, but what <sup>37</sup> Και ερχεται, και εύρισκει αυτους καθευσυ. And he comes, and finds them δοντας· και λεγει τφ Πετρφ· Σιμων, καθευδεις ; and he says to the Peter: Simon, sleepest thou? ουκ ισχυσας μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι; <sup>38</sup> Γρηγορ-not coulds thou one hour to watch? Watch νου and pray you, that not you enter into το μεν πνευμα προθυμον,  $\hat{\eta}$  the indeed spirit ready, the δε πειρασμον' temptation: the but 39 Και παλιν απελθων προσηυσαρξ ασθενης. And again going away he prayed, 40 Και δποστρεξατο, τον αυτον λυγον ειπων. the same words saying. And having returned ψας, εύρεν αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. ησαν he found them again sleeping: were γαρ οί οφθαλμοι αυτων βεβαρημενοι και ουκ for the eyes of them weighed down and not 41 Και ερχεται ηδεισαν, τι αυτφ αποκριθωσι. they knew, what to him they might answer. And he comes Καθευδετε το το τριτον, και λεγει αυτοις·
the third, and hesays to them: Do you aleep λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε; απεχει, ηλθεν ή  $\dot{\omega}$ ρα· rest you? It is enough, is come the hour: now and ιδου, παραδιδοται ό υίος του ανθρωπου εις τας is delivered up the son of the man into the 42 Εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν. χειρας των άμαρτωλων. hands of the sianers. Arise, let us go: ιδου, ο παραδιδους με ηγγικε.

he delivering up me has come near.  $^{43}$  Και ευθεως, ετι αυτου λαλουντος, παραγι-And immediate y, while of him speaking, νεται Ιουδας, είς ων των δωδεκα, και μετ' αυτου Judas, one being of the twelve, and with him υχλος \*[πολυς] μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, rruwd [great] with swords aud clubs, παρα των αρχιερεων και των γραμματεων και from the high-priests and the scribes των πρεσβυτερων. <sup>44</sup> Δεδωκει δε δ παραδιδους Had given and he delivering up is, λεγων 'Ον αν φιelders. αυτον συσσημον αυτοις, λεγων asignal to them, eaying: Whoever 1 κρατησατε autos €otiº λησω, QUTOV και he itis: seize him and 45 Και ελθων, ευθεως απαγαγετε ασφαλως. safely. coming, immediately

guish; stay here and watch."

35 And going forward a little, he fell on the GROUND, and prayed, that if possible the HOUR might pass from him.

36 And he said, "Abba, FATHER, all things are possible with thee; remove this CUP from me; ‡ yet not what £ will, but what thou wilt."

37 And he comes and finds them sleeping; and he says to Peter, "Simon, sleepest thou? couldst thou

not keep awake a Single Hour?

38 Watch and pray, that you \*enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

39 And going again, he prayed, speaking the SAME Words.

40 And \* again he came and found them sleeping; (for Their EYES were over-powered;) and they knew not what to answer him.

41 And he comes the THIRD time, and says to them, "Do you sleep Now, and take your rest? It is enough, the HOUR is come; behold the son of MAN 18 delivered up into the HANDS of SINNERS.

42 ‡Arise, let us go; hehold! HE, who DELIVERS me up, has come."

43 † And immediately, while he was yet speaking, comes \*JUDAS, being one of the TWELVE, and with him a Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs, from the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the SCRIBES, and the SCRIBES, and the

44 And the BETRAYER had given them a Signal, saying, "Be it is, whom I may kiss; seize him, and lead him away safely."

45 And coming, and immediately approaching

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—38. come into. 40. again he came. 43. Judas, being one of the twelve. 43. great—omit.

<sup>† 36.</sup> John v. 30; vi. 38. † 41. John xiii. 1. † 42. Matt. xxvi. 46; John xviii. 1. 2. 43. Matt. xxvi. 47; Luke xzii. 47: John xviii. 3.

'Ραββι, \*[ραββι·] προσελθων αυτώ, λεγει. to him, ne sers: Rabbi, approaching [rabbi:] 46 Οι δε επεβαλον επ' και κατεφιλησεν αυτοί. They then kissed Lim. laid αυτον τας χειρας \*[αὐτων,] και εκρατησαν him the bands [ofthem,] and seized 47 Eis δε των παρεστηκοτων, αυτον.  $\tau\iota s$ One and a certain of those standing, σπασαμενος την μαχωιραν, επαισε τον δουλον the sword, struck the slave drawing του αρχιερεως, και αφειλεν αυτου το ωτιον. of the high-priest, and cut off of him ear. cΩs <sup>48</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· answering the sesus said. to them: As  $\lambda \eta \tau \tau \eta \nu \epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \tau \epsilon \mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$ μαχαιρων και arobber came you out with swords and <sup>49</sup> Καθ' ξυλων, συλλαβειν με. ήμεραν ημην to take nic. Every day I was διδασκων,  $\pi \rho \cup s$   $\delta \mu \alpha s \in \nu \tau \phi$ ὶ€ρω και ουκ you in the temple teaching, with and not εκρατησατε με αλλ, ίνα πληρωθωσιν αί γραyou seized me ; but, that must be fulfilled the  $^{50}$  Και αφοντες αυτον παντες εφυγον. φαι. lim And leaving all they fied. ings. <sup>51</sup> Και είς τις νεανισκος ηκολουθει αυτώ, περι-And one a certain young man rollowed wraphım, βεβλημενος σινδανα επι γυμνου· και κρατουσιν ped about a linen cloth on naked; and they seized αυτον \*[οι νεανισκοι.] 52°() δε καταλιπων την [the young men.] He bu leaving  $*\Gamma_{\alpha\pi}$ σινδονα,  $av \tau \omega v$ . γυμνος CXUYIV from linen cloth, naked he fled them.]

<sup>53</sup> Και απηγαγου του Ιησουυ προς τεν αρχιεthey ed the Tesus to the highρεα· και συνε χ νεκι αυτφ παντες οί αρχιερεις, priest; and came together ohim all the high-priests, και οί πρεσφυτεροις και : γραμματεις. and the olders, and the scribes. And δ Πετρος απο μακροθεν τκολουθησεν αυτφ έως at a listan Collowed him εσω εις την αυλην του ... χιερεως και ην συγ-to into the palace of the high-priest; and was sitsitκαθημενος μετα των υπηρετων, και θερμαινο-ting in company with the actendants, and warming 55 Ot δε αρχιέρεις και  $\mu \in \nu os \pi \rho os \tau o \phi \omega s$ .

himself to the light. The and high priests and όλον το συνεδριον εζητουν κατα του 1ησου high council sought against the μαρτυρίαν είς το θανατωσας αυτον. *icai* for the onu to death and not testimony him ; 56 Поддог угр εψευδημαρτυρουν €ὑρισκον. Many they !onud. ior .o tified falsely המד' מטדסט, המו וסמו מו µמף דיף וכו סטה חסמי. against but consistent the testimonies hım, not 57 Και πινες απασταντες, εψποδομαρτυρουν κατ' And some havingstood up, tes ified fulsely against αυτου, λεγοντες. 58 'Οτι ήμεις ηκουσαμον αυτου

That

we

saying;

him, he says, "Rabbi," and repeatedly kissed him.
46 Then THEY laid

HANDS on him, and seized him.

47 And one of those STANDING by drew a SWOED, and struck a SER-VANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off His \*EAR-TIP.

48 ‡ And Jesus answering said to them, ".s in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

49 I was with you every day in the TEMPLE teaching, and you did not arrest me. ‡ But the SCELPTURES must be verified."

50 And leaving him, they all fied.

51 And a certain Youth followed him, with a Linen cloth wrapped about his naked body; and they seized him;

52 but leaving the LINEN CLOTH, he fled maked.

53 ‡ And the, conducted Jesus to the High-PRIEST; and all the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES, came together to him.

54 And Peter followed him at a distance, even into the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST; and sat in company with the ATTENDANTS, warming himself before the FIRE.

55 ‡And the HIGH-PRIESTS and the Whole SANHEDRIM SOUGHT testimony against JESUS, in order TO KILL him; but they found none.

56 For many testified falsely against him, but their TESTIMONIES were insufficient.

57 And some standing up, testified falsely against him, saying,

58 "UHe heard him de-

heard

him

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. 45. rabbi—omit. 46. of them—omit. 47. EAB-TIE 51. the young men—omit.

λεγοντος 'Οτι εγω καταλυσω τον ναον τουτον saying; That I will destroy the temple this τον χειροποιητον, και δια τριων ήμερων αλλον the made with hands, and in three days another 59 Και ουδε ούτως αχειροποιητον οικοδομησω. I will build. And not even thus made without hands <sup>60</sup> Και αναστας ην ή μαρτυρια αυτων. And consistent was the testimony of them. δ αρχιερευς εις μεσον, επηρωτησε τον Ιησουν, the high priest in midst, he asked the Jeaus,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ . Ουκ αποκρινή ουδ $\epsilon \nu$ ; τι ούτοι σου saying; Not answerest thou nothing? what these of thee καταμαρτυρουσιν;  $^{61}$  Ο δε εσιωπα, και ουδεν He but was silent, testify against? and nothing Παλιν δ αρχιερευς επηρωτα αυτον απεκρινατο. Again the high-priest he answered. asked και λεγει αυτώ. Συ ει δ Χριστος, δ υίος του and says to him; Thou art the Anointed, the son of the ευλογητου; 62 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Εγω ειμι The and Jesus said, I am , biessed? και οψεσθε τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων and you shall see the son of the man at καθημενον της δυναμεως, και ερχομενον μετα sitting of the power, and eoming with 63 'Ο δε αρχιερευς των νεφελων του ουρανου. the clouds of the heaven. The and high-priest. διάρδηξας τους χιτωνας αύτου, λεγει Τι having rent the clothes of himself, says, What further <sup>64</sup> Ηκουσ**α**τε χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυρων; THS have we of witnesses? You have heard βλασφημίας τι ύμιν φαινεται; Οί δε παντες biasphemy; what to you appears? They but all <sup>65</sup> Και κατεκριναν αυτον ειναι ενοχον θανατου. condemned him to be deserving of death. And ηρξαντο τινες εμπτυειν αυτφ, και περικαλυπτειν to cover began some to spit upon him, and το προσωπον αυτου, και κολαφιζειν αυτον, and to beat with the fist him, faee of him, και λεγειν αυτφ. Προφητευσον. Και οἱ ὑπηand to say to him; Prophesy. And the υεται βαπισμασιν αυτον εβαλλον. <sup>66</sup> Και οντος tendants with open hands hira beat. And being του Πετρου εν τη αυλη κατω, ερχεται μια in the court-yard below, the Peter comes oge των παιδισκων του αρχιερεως. 67 και ιδουσα of the maid-servants of the high priest: and seeing τον Πετρον θερμαινομενον, εμβλεψασα αυτφ Peter warming himself, she looking λεγει. Και συ μετα του Ναζαρηνου Ιησου ησθα. And thou with the \$3Y8; Nazarene Jesus 68 Ο δε ηρνησατο, λεγων. Ουκ οιδα, Not I know, ουδε He but denied, saying Dor επισταμαι τι συ λεγεις. Και εξηλθεν εξω εις comprehend what thon asyest. And he went out into \*[ Kal το προαυλιον αλεκτωρ εφωνησει.

clare, ‡ ' will destroy THIS TEMPLE MADE WITH HANDS, and in Three Days, I will build Another made without hands.'"

59 But not even thus was their TESTIMONY suf-

ficient.

60 And the HIGH-PRILEST standing up in the MIDST, asked JESUS, saying, "Answerest thou nothing \*16 what these testify against thee?"

61 ‡ But HE was silent, and answered nothing. And the HIGH PRIEST asked him, and says to him; "Art thou the MESSIAH, the son of the BLESSED One?"

62 And Jesus said, "£ am; and you shall see the son of MAN sitting at the Right hand of the MIGHTY One, and coming with the CLOUDS of HEAVEN."

63 And the HIGH-PRIEST having rent his GARMENTS, says, "What further need have we of Witnesses?

64 You have heard the BLASPHEMY; What is your opinion?" And they ALL condemned him as worthy of Death.

65 And some began to spit upon him, and to ever His face, and to beat him with the fist, and to say to him, "Divine to us" and the ATTENDANTS struck Him on the cheek with the Open Hand.

66 ‡ And PETER being below in the COURT. TARD, there comes one of the MAID-SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST;

67 and seeing PETER warming himself, earnestly looking at him, she says, "Thou also wast with the NAZARENE. \* JESUS."

68 But HE denied, saying, "I \* neither know nor understand what thou sayest." And he went out into the OUTER COURT:

[and

the

crew.]

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—60. Because these, nor understand. 68. and a Cock crew—omit.

<sup>67.</sup> JESUS.

<sup>67</sup> neither know

<sup>1 58.</sup> Mark xv. 29: John il. 19. 1 60. Matt. xxvi. 62. 1 21. Matt. xxvi 80' Matt. xxvi. 64; Luke xxii. 69. 1 60' Matt. xxvi. 58, 60: Luke xxii t5: John xviii 16.

 $^{69}$  Και  $\dot{\eta}$  παιδισκη ιδουσα αυτον  $^*$ [παλιν] ηρξατο And the maid-servant seeing him [again] began λεγειν τοις παρεστηκοσιν. 'Οτι ούτος εξ αυτων them to say to those having stood by; That this of 70 'Ο δε παλιν ηρνειτο. εστιν. Και μετα He and again is. denied. And after μικρον παλιν οί παρεστωτες ελεγον τφ Πετρφ• said to the Peter; again those having stood by  $A\lambda\eta\theta\omega s$   $\epsilon\xi$   $av\tau\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\iota$   $\epsilon$   $\kappa$   $a\iota$   $\gamma$   $a\rho$   $\Gamma$   $a\lambda\iota\lambda a\iota os$ of them thouart; also for a Galileau thou art, 71 'Ο δε ηρξατο \*[και ή λαλια σου δμοια(ει.] [and the speech of thee is like. He then began αναθεματιζειν και ομνυναι. Ότι ουκ οιδα τον That not I know the and to curse swear; ανθρωπον τουτον, όν λεγετε. this, of whom you say. And of secτερου αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. Και ανεμνησθη δ remembered the cock crew. And Πετρος του βηματος, ού ειπεν αυτφ δ Ιησους. word. of which said to him the Jesus. the <sup>6</sup>Οτι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι δις, απαρνηση με That before a cock to have crowed twice, thou wilt deny me τρις. Και επιβαλων εκλαιε. And reflecting

# ΚΕΦ. ιε'. 15.

 $^{1}$  Και ευθεως επι το πρωι συμβουλιον ποιη-And immediately on the morning a council having σαντες οί αρχιερεις μετα των πρεσβυτερων και been held the high-priests with the elders and γραμματεων, και όλον το συνεδριον, δησαντες even whole the aanhedrim, binding scribes, τον Ιησουν, απηνεγκαν και παρεδωκαν τω Πιcarried and delivered up to the Piλατω.  $^2$  Και επηρωτησεν αυτον δ  $\Pi$ ιλατος: acke? him the Pilate; late. And Συ ει δ Γασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; Ο δε αποκρι-Thou art the king of the Jews? He and answer-Thou art the 3 Και κατηγορουν  $\theta \epsilon is \epsilon i\pi \epsilon r$  aut  $\omega$ . Zu  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon is$ . tc him; Thou sayest. said And accused 4 'Ο δε Πιλατο**s** αυτου εί αρχιερεις πολλα. the high-priest; many things. The and Pilate παλιν επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων Ουκ αποκρινη again asked him. sayiog: Not answerest thou ουδεν: ιδε, ποσα  $\sigma o \nu$ καταμωρτυρουσιν. nothing? see, how many things of thee they testify against. 5 'Ο δε Ιησους ουκετι ουδεν απεκριθη• ώστε The but Jesus no longer nothing answered: 80 20 Κατα δε έορτην θαυμαξειν τον Πιλατον. to surprise Pilate. At now feast autois ένα δεσμίον δν $\pi$ ερ ητουντο. editothem one prisoner whoever they asked. απελυεν be used to released to them one

69 Tand the MAID-SEE-VANT seeing him, \* said to THOSE STANDING BY, This is one of them."

70 And HE denied it again. And after a little. THOSE STANDING BY said again to PETER, "Certainly, thou art one of them; for thou art also a Gahlean."

71 Then HE began to curse and swear, "I know not this MAN of whom you

speak."

72 # And \*immediately for a second time †a Cock crew. And PETER recol-lected the WORD which JESUS spoke to him, "That before a Cock crows twice, thou wilt disown me thrice." And reflecting on it, he wept.

### CHAPTER XV.

1 And immediately in the \* Morning, the HIGH-PRIESTS, with the ELDERS and Scribes, even the Whole SANHEDRIM, held a Council; and having bound Jesus, they carried and delivered him up to \* Pilate.

2 ‡ And PILATE asked him, "Art thou the KING of the Jews?" And HE answering, \* says to him. "Thou savest it."

3 And the HIGH-PRIESTS accused him of many

things.

4 I Then PILATE asked him again, saying, "Answerest thou nothing? See how many things they \*accuse thee of."

5 1 But Jesus answered no more, so that PILATE was astonished.

6 ! Now at each Feast he used to release to them. One Prisoner, whoeverthey asked.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—69. again—omit. 69. said to T 7 SPEECH is like it—omit. 72. immediately for a second. thy speech is like it—omit.

1. Pilate.

2. says to 2. says to him. 4. accuse thee of.

<sup>69.</sup> said to THOSE.

<sup>70.</sup> and 1. Morning.

<sup>† 72.</sup> or a watch-trumpet sounded. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34.

<sup>† 69.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 71, 73; Luke xxii. 58, 59; John xviii. 25, 26. † 72. Matt. xxvl. 75, † 1. Psa. ii. 2; Matt. xxvii. 1; Luke xxii. 66: xxiii. 1; John xviii. 28; Acts iii. 13; iv. 26, † 2. Matt. xxvii. 11. † 4. Matt. xxvii. 13. † 5. Isa. liii. 7; John xix. 9. † 6. Matt. xxvii. 15; Luke xxiii. 17; John xviii. 39.

 $\sigma$   $\tau$   $\alpha$   $\nu$   $\rho$   $\omega$   $\theta$   $\eta$ .

we might he crucified.

**7** Ην δε ὁ λεγομενος Βαραββας μετα των συσταwith the Was and he being named Barabbas insurσιαστων δεδεμενος, οίτινες εν τη στασει φονον having been bound, who in the sedition murder 8 Και αναβοησας δ οχλος πεποιηκεισαν. the crowd And crying out had committed. αει έποιει αυτοις. ηρξατο αιτεισθαι, καθως always to demand, he did to them. began 23 9 'Ο δε Πιλατος απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων' Θελε-The but Pilate answered them. maying, Do you τε απολυσω ύμιν τον βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων. wish I shall release to you the Bing oftha lewat 10 Εγινωσκε γαρ, ότι δια φθονον παραδεδωκεισαν for, that through envy had delivered up αυτον οί αρχιερεις. 11 Οί δε αρχιερεις ανεσει-The and high-prests the high-priest. stiried οχλον, ίνα μαλλον τον Βαραββαν σαν τον crowd, that rather the Barabbas the  $^{12}$  O δε Πιλατος αποκμιθεις απολυση autois. The but Pila\*e he should release to them.  $\pi$ ally  $\epsilon$ i $\pi$  $\epsilon$ v autois. Ti our  $\theta$  $\epsilon$ l $\epsilon$ τ $\epsilon$   $\pi$ oi $\eta$ σ $\omega$  ov eaid to them; What then do you wish I shall do whom λεγετε βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων; 13 Οί δε παλιν aking of the They but you call Jews? 14 °C ιε Πιλατος εκραξαν. Σταυρωσον αυτον. him. The and cried out: Crucify ελεγεν αυτοις: Τι γαρ κακον εποιησεν: Οί δε said to them; What for evil has be done? They but 15 'O περισσως εκραξαν. Σταυρωσον αυτον. The vehemently cried out; Crucify him. δε Πιλατος, βουλομενος τφ οχλφ το κανον being willing to the crowd •he catisfaction Pilate, ποιησαι, απελυσεν αυτοις τον Βαραββαν, και released to make. to them the Barabbas, and φραγελλωσα., įνα **π**αρεδωκ**ε** TOV Ιησουν, having scourged, the that delivered up Jesus,

<sup>16</sup> Οί δε στρατιωται **απηγαγον αυτον εσω τη**ς \*oldiers led away him within the αυλης, δ εστι πραιτωριον. και συγκαλουσιν court, which is a judgment hall; and they call togetuer <sup>17</sup> Και ενδυουσιν αυτον δλην την σπειραν. bαA they clothed whole the company. him πορφυραν, και περιτιθεασιν αυτφ πλεξαντες placed it around hım bga braiding 18 Και ηρξαντο ασπαζεσακανθινον στεφανον. an acanthine wreath. And they began to salute Χαιρε δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. θαι αυτον. the king Hari ofthe

19 Και ετυπτον αυτου την κεφαλην καλαμφ, of him the bead with a reed, And they struck και ενεπτυον αυτώ, και τι $\theta$ εντες τα γονατα and spit upon him, basplacing the knees

7 And there was HE who was NAMED Barabbas, having been imprisoned the insurgents, who had committed Murder in the insurrection.

8 And the CROWD \*go. ing up began to demand what he was accustomed to

grant them.

9 But PILATE answered them, saying, "Do you wish me to release to you the KING of the JEWS ?"

10 For he knew That they had delivered him

up from Envy.

11 1 But the HIGH. PRIESTS Stirred up the CROWD, that he should rather release BARABBAS to them.

12 And PILATE answering again, said to them, "What \* then shall I do to him you call the KING of the Jews?"

13 And THEY again cried out, "Crucify him."
14 And PILATE said to them, "For what? Has he done Evil?" But they vehemently cried out, saying, "Crneify him."

15 Then PILATE, being willing to GRATIFY the CROWD, released BARAB-BAS to them; and having scourged Jesus, delivered him up to be crucified.

16 And the soldiers led him away into the COURT, which is the Prætorium; and they called together the Whole com-PANY.

17 And they arraved him in a Purple garment, and intertwining an Acanthine Wreath, placed it around his head,

18 and began to salute him,-" Hail, KING of the JEW2!"

16 And they struck his HEAD with a Reed, and spit on him, and KNEEL. ING, did homage to him.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. going up began. I do to him you call the King of the Jews?

<sup>10.</sup> they had:

<sup>12.</sup> then shall

<sup>‡ 11.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 20: Acts in 14. I 15. Matt. xxvii. 26: John 212. 1. 16. 1 16. Mats

20 And when they had

mocked him, they stripped

him of the PURPLE gar-

ment, and put on him \* his

own CLOTHES, and led him

Cyrenian, the FATHER of

21 \$ And One Simon, a

<sup>20</sup> Και ότε ενεπαιξαν αυτφ, προσεκυνουν αυτω. did homage to him. And when they mocked πορφυραν, και ενεδυσαν εξεδυσαν αυτον την and they took off him the purple, out on αυτον τα ίματια τα ιδια και εξαγουσι αυτον, him the clockes the own; and they led out him, \*[ίνα σταυρωσωσιν αυτον.] <sup>21</sup> Και αγγαρευουσι And they compel that they might crucify him.] παραγοντα τινα Σιμωνα Κυρηναιον, ερχομενον Simon a Cyrenian, coming passing by one απ' αγρου, (τον πατερα Αλεξανδρου και 'Ρουfather of Alexander Rufrom country, (the and 22 Kai τον σταυρον αυτου. φυυ,) ίνα  $\alpha \rho \eta$ of him. And that he might bear the Jr oss φερουσιν αυτον επι Γολγοθα τοπον. δ εστι place; which is Golgotha hun to they bring μεθερμηνευομενον, κρανιου τοπος. 23 Και εδιδουν And they gave otaskuil apiace being translated, αυυω \* [πιειν]εσμυρνισμενον  $oivov. \delta \delta\epsilon$ [to drink] having been mixed with myrrh wine; he but ουκ ελαβε. not received. 24 Και σταυρωσαντες αυτον, διαμεριζονται τα they divide crucitying aim, ίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον επ αυτα, τις casting lots on clathes of him, <sup>25</sup> Ην δε ώρα τριτη, και εσταυρωσαν what should take. It was and hour third, and they crucified 26 Και ην ή επιγραφη της αιτιας αυτου aJTOV. And was the inscription of the accusation of him επιγεγραμμενη " "Ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." of the The kiug was written over;

<sup>27</sup> Και συν αυτώ σταυρουσι δυο ληστας· ένα εκ δεξιων, και ένα εξ ευωνυμων αυτου. right lett of him. and one at " Και επληρωθη ή γραφη ή λεγουσα· was fulfilled the writing that saying; μετα And with ανομων ελογισθη."] <sup>29</sup> Και οἱ παραπορευομενοι sawless ones he was numbered."] and those passing along  $\epsilon \beta \lambda \alpha \sigma \phi \eta \mu o \nu \nu \alpha \nu \tau o \nu$ , κινουντες Tas κεφαλας him, bua-ing the heads δ αύτων, και λεγοντες. Ουα· καταλυων τον and

Ah; he destroying of them, saying; τρισιν ἡμεραις οικοδομων.  $\nu x_0 \nu_s$ και  $\in V$ and in three days building; tempie, <sup>34</sup> σωσον σεαυτον, και καταβα απο του σταυρ**ου.** 

and came down from the tuyself, cross. save 31 Ομοιως και οί αρχιερεις, εμπαιξοντες προς In like manner also the high-priests, mocking to

μετα  $\tau\omega\nu$ γραμματεων,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu$ αλληλους with the scribes. said; one another

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. his clothes. it. 22. Golgotha. 23. to drink— 20. that they might crucify him— 23. HE. 24 they nail him 23. to drink—omit. 27. crucified. to the Cross, and part his GARMENTS. 28. -omit.

† 21. Persons probably we'l known, and then living at Rome; since Paul, Rom. xvi. 13, salutes Rufus there. † 28. Fritz. and Tischendorf cancel this verse, and Griesbach marks it for omission; yet Bloomfield thinks injudiciously, as it is a remarkable fulfilment of prophecy, and is omitted only by a ew MSS.

† 21. Matt. xxvii. 82; Luke xziii. 26. † 22. John xix. 17. Luke xxiii. 34; John xix. 23.

† Alexander and Rufus, coming from the Country, was passing by, and they compel him to carry his

CROSS.

out.

22 ‡ And they bring him to \* Golgotha, which, being translated, is, a Place of a Skull.

23 And they presented him Wine mingled with Myrrh; but \* HE did not

receiv**e** it.

24 And \*they nail him to the Cross, ‡ and part his GARMENTS, casting Lots for them, waat each should

25 And it was the third Hour when they nailed

him to the Cross. 26 And the Inscription of his Accusation was

written over him, "The KING of the Jews." 27 And with him they \* crucified Two Robbers ; one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

28 \* + And THAT SCRIP-TURE was verified, which says, ‡" He was numbered "with LAW-BREAKERS."

29 And those passing ALONG reviled him, ‡shaking their HEADS, and saying, "Ah! THOU DE-STROYER of the TEMPLE, and Builder of it in Three Days,-

30 save thyself, and ceme down from the

CROSS !"

31 In like manner also. the HIGH-PRIESTS deriding him, with the Scribes, said

1 24. Faa. xxii. !8: 1 29. Fea. xxii.7

to each other, "He saved

others; cannot he save

KING of \* Israel! let him come down now from the

cross, that we may see and believe." Even those,

twho were crucified with

33 And the sixth Hour

him, reproached him.

32 The Messian! the

himself?

Αλλους εσωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι; himself not to save? Others he saved, is able

<sup>3</sup> Ο Χριστος, δ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ, καταlarael, The Auointed, the of the let him king βατω νυν απο του σταυρου, ίνα ιδωμεν και that we may see and the cross, Και οἱ συνεπταυρωμενοι αυτφ πιστευσωμεν.

And those having been crucified with him may believe. 33 Γενομενης δε ώρας έκτης, ωνειδι(ον αυτον. Being come and hour sixth, reproached him. σκυτος εγενετο εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας Cokness was on whole the land, till bour <sup>54</sup> Και τη ώρα τη εννατη εβοησεν δ εννατης. And the hour the ninth cried the ninth.

inith. And the hour harmonic form  $\mu \in \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta$ ,  $\star \begin{bmatrix} \lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu \\ saying \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{\text{Eloi}} \epsilon_{\text{oloi}}$ ,  $\epsilon_{\text{loi}}$ ,  $\epsilon_{\text{loi}}$ . λαμμα σαβαχθανι; δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον. sabachthani? which is being translated; O  $\theta$ eos  $\mu$ ov, \* [ $\delta$   $\theta$ eos  $\mu$ ov] els  $\tau$ l  $\mu$ e  $\varepsilon$  $\gamma$  $\kappa$ a $\tau$  $\epsilon$ The God of me, [the God of me,] to what me has thou

λιπες; 35 Και τινες των παρεστηκοτων ακου-<sup>36</sup> Δραμων And some of those ο αντες, ελεγον· Ιδου, Ηλιαν φωνει. said: Lo, Running Elias he calls.  $\delta\epsilon$  ets, kai  $\gamma\epsilon\mu$ ioas  $\sigma\pi\circ\gamma\gamma$ io  $\nu$  ofous,  $\pi\epsilon$ oi $\theta\epsilon$ is  $\tau\epsilon$  and one, and filling a sponge of vinegar, attaching and a sponge of vinegar, attaching and καλαμώ, εποτιζεν αυτον, λεγων Αφετε ιδωμεν, saying: Let alone : we may see, to a reed, gave to drink him, ει ερχεται Ηλιας καθελειν αυτον. 37 'Ο δε Elias to take down him. The then Ιησους, αφεις φωνην μεγαλην, εξεπνευσε.

loud Jesus, uttering a voice breathed out.  $^{28}$  Και το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη εις And the curtain of the temple was rent into <sup>39</sup> Ιδων δε δ κεντυδυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω. two, from above to below. Seeing but the centu-

ριων, δ παρεστηκως εξ εναντιας αυτου, δτι that having stood by over against him, that rion, ούτω \*[κραξας] εξεπνευσεν, ειπεν°  $A\lambda\eta\theta\omega s$  δ thus | baving cried | he breathed out, said: Truly the <sup>40</sup> Ησαν δε και ανθρωπος ούτος υίος :,ν θεου.

γυναικες απο μακροθεν θεωρουσαι· εν αίς ην και from a distance beholding: among whom was also Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου Magdalene, Mary the and Mary the of the τον μικρου και Ιωση μητηρ, και Σαλωμη· 41 αί

αυτώ, και διηκονουν αυτώ και αλλαι πολλαι, served him: and others many. αί συναναβασαι αυτώ εις 'Ιεροσολυμα,

those having come up with him to Jerusalem.

lx'x. 21.

₹ii . 2, 8.

 VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—32. Israel. 34. NINTH Hour. 34. my Gop—omit. 39. 39. having cried-omit. 39. This MAN.

1 36. Psa, 1 41. Lube

man 40 ‡And Women also

little and Joses mother, and Salome: who

this ason was of a god. Were and also

\*[και,] δτε ην εντη Γαλιλαια, ηκολουθουν when he was in the Galilee, [also,] followed

41 who when he was in GALILEE, I followed him, and ministered to him; and MANY Others, who Jerusalem.

40. the mo-

being come. there was Darkness over the Whole LAND, till the ninta Hour. 34 And at the \*NINTH Hour Jesus cried with

a loud Voice, ‡" Eloi, Eloi, lamma sabachtham r" which, being translated, is, "My God I to what hast thou surrendered me?"

35 And some of THOSE STANDING BY, hearing this, said, "Behold, he calls Elijah."

36 ‡ And one ran, and filled a Sponge with Vinegar, and putting it on a Reed, gave him to drink, saying, "Let him alone; let us see whether Elijah will come to take him down."

37 Then Jesus uttering a loud Voice, expired.

38 # And the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom.

39 And THAT CENTU-RION who STOOD BY over against him, seeing that thus he expired, said, "Certainly, \*This MAN was a Son of God."

were beholding from a distance; among whom was Mary of MAGDALA, and Mary the MOTHER of JAMES the YOUNGER, and \* of Joses, and Salome;

CAME UP with him to 34. saving-omit,

42 Και ηδη οψιας γενομενης, (επει ην παρα Λαι now evening being come, (since it was prepaσκευη, δ εστε προσαββατον,) 43 ηλθεν Ιωσηφ that is before sabbath,) δ απο Αριμάθαιας, ευσχημων βουλευτης, ός Arimathea, ofrank who that from a senator, και αυτος ην προσδέχομενος την βασίλειαν του also himself-was. expecting the kingdom of the θεου, πολμησας εισηλθε προς Πιλατον, και assuming courage went in 10 Pilate, and 44 'Ο δε Πίλατος ητησατο το σώμα του Ιησου. asked for the body of the Jesus. The and Pilate εθαυμάσεν, ει ηδη τεθνηκε και προσκαλεσαif already he was dead; and μενος τον κεντυριώνα, επηρωτήσεν αυτον, ει centurion, he asked him, if the 45 Και γνους απο του κεντυσταλαι απεθάνε. And knowing from the already he had died. centu-46.Kar ριωνος, εδωρησατό το σωμα τφ Ιωσηφ. the body to Joseph. Le gave And \*[και] καθελών αυτον, αγορασας σινδονα, [and] having taken down him, dinen, having bought «νειλησε τη σινδονι· και κατεθηκεν αυτον εν Le wrapped the dinen; and laid μνημειώ, δ ην λελατομημενον εκ πετρας και atomb, which was having been bewn out of a rock; προσεκύλισε λιθον επι την θυραν του μνημειου... a stone against the door of the tomb. 47 'Η δε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη και Μαρια Ιωση The but Mary the Magdalene and Mary of Joses. **εθεωρουν, που τιθέται.** beheld, \_ where he was laid.

### KEP. 16. 16.

Και διαγενομένου του σαββατου, Μαρια ή And being past the sabbath, Mary the Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου, και Mary that of the James, Magdalene, and Σαλωμη ηγορασαν αρωματα, ένα ελθουσαι that they might come and coming # that Salome bonght aromatics, 2 Kai λίαν πρωί της μίας 2 And very early on the And very. early of the first day of the WEEK, αλειψωσιν -αυτον. they might anoist .him. σαββατων ερχονται επι το μνημειον, ανατει (about surrise,) they came of neek they came to the tomb, having to the TOMB.

λαντος του ήλιου. 3 Και ελεγον προς ξαυτας 3 And they said to them-And they said to themselves; sclvcs, "Who will roll the sun. Τις αποκυλισει ήμιν-τον λιθον εκ της θυρας του Who will collaway dorus the stone from the door of the from the ENTRANCE of the μυημείου; <sup>4</sup> Κατ. αναβλεψασαι θεωρουσιν, ότι ΤΟΜΒ?" tomb. And looking up they saw, that 4 (for αποκεκυλισται δ λιθως ην γαρ μεγας σφοδρα. And looking up, they saw that been rolled away the stone; it was for great very. that the STONE had been δ Και εισελθουσαι εις το μνημειον, ειδον νε- rolled away. And having entered into the tomb. they saw -1

42 TAnd Evening being now come, (since it was the Preparation, that is, the Day before the Sab-

43 THAT Joseph came. who was of Ariniathea, an honorable Senator, who himselfalso was texpecting the KINGDOM of GOD, taking courage, went to \* PILATE, and asked for the BODY of JESUS:

44 And PILATE WON→ dered that he was already dead; and having called the CENTURION; he inquired of him \*if he was

aircady dead.

45 And having ascertained from the CENTU-RION, he gave the DEAD-BODY to JOSEPH.

46 And having bought Linen, taking him down, he wrapped him in the tinen, and \* put him in a Tomb which was hewn out of the Rock, and rolled a Stone to the ENTRANCE of the TOMB.

47 And Mary of MAGthe mother of Joses, saw where he was laid.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 ‡And the SABBATH being past, Mary of Mag-DALA, and THAT Mary the mother of JAMES, and Saand lome, I bought Aromatics. anoint him.

away the STONE for us

4 (for it was very large.)

5 ‡ And \* coming to the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-43. PILATE, 44. if 44. if he was already dead. 40. and—omit.
5. coming to. BODT. 47. THAT Mary the mother. 2. ifirst day of the WEEK.

<sup># 43.</sup> Luke ji: 25, 33. † 1. Matt. xxiii. 50. 4.5. Luke xxiv. 84 † 42. Matt. xxvii. 57; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 88. xxviii. 1; Luke xxiv.1; John xx.1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1.1. Luke - Luke xxiii. 50. Hohn xx. 11, 12.

ανισκον καθημένον εν τοις δέξιοις, περιβέβληyouth aittin ? ou the right, having been και εξεθαμβηθησαν. μενον στολην λευκην. white; and they were awe-struck. clothed a robe 6 O δε λεγει αυταις. Μη εκθαμβεισθε. Ιησουν He but says to them; Not be you amazed; Jesus (ητειτε Ναζαρηνον, τον  $\tau o \nu$ εσταυρωμενον. the having been crucified; you seek Nazarene, the εστιν ώδε. ι ε δ τοπος, δπου ηγερθη,  $ou\kappa$ he is here; see the place, he has been raised, not 9 Αλλ' ύπαγετε, ειπατε τοις  $\epsilon\theta$ nkay autov. they laid him. Put to the go, say μαθηταις αυτου, και τφ Πετρφ, ύτι προαγει and to the Peter, that he goes before of him. εκει αυτον οψεσθε, ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee; there bim you will see, 8 Και εξελθουσαι, εφυγον καθως ειπεν ύμιν. he said to you. And having gone out, they fled απο του μνημειου ειχε δε αυτας τρομος και had seized and from the tomb; them trembling and εκστατις, και ουδενι ουδεν ειπον εφοβουντο astonishment, and to no one nothing they said; they were afraid γαρ. for.

 $^{9}$   $\times$  [ Αναστας δε πρωι πρωτη σαββατου :φανη Having risen and early first of week he appeared πρωτον Μαρια τη Μαγδαληνη, αφ' ής εκβεβfirst to Mary the Magdalene, from whom hehad 10 Εκεινη πορευθει α ληκει έπτα δαιμονια. seven demons. She τοις μετ' απηγγειλε αυτου γενομεν ι., πενbrought back word to those with him \_.ournhaving been, 11 Κακεινοι ακουσαντες θυυσι και κλαιουπι. And those ing and weeping. having heard και εθεαθη ύπ' ότι ζη αυτης, ἡπιστησ: that he was alive and had been seen by her, they did not believe. 12 Μετα δε ταυτα δυσιν εξ αυτων περιπατυσιν After but these things to two of them

εφανερωθη εν έτερα μορφη, πορευ μενοι. €: in another he appeared aspect, going into 10 Κακεινοι απελθοντες αγρον. απηγγ:ιλαν country. having gone And those brought na k word ουδε TOIS λοιποις° **EKELVOIS** επιστευσαν. to the rest; neither to them did they give credit. 14 'Υστερον, ανακειμενοις αυτοις τοις ένδεκα

Afterwards, reclining with the to the eleven και ωνειδισε την απιπτιαν αυτων **ε**φανερωθη• he appeared; and reproached the unbelief o'them και σκληροκαρδίαν, ότι τοι Θεασκμενώι αυτον hardness of heart, because to those having seen him 15 Kaı εγηγερμενον ουκ επιστευσαν.  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ having been raised not they gave credit. And said

TOMB, they saw a Youth sitting at the RIGHT side, clothed with a white Robe; and they were awe-struck.

6 ‡ And He says to them;
"Be not alarmed; you seek Jesus, Thart NAZA-RENE who was CRUCIFIED. He has been raised; he is not here. See the PLACE where they laid him!

7 But go, say to his DISCIPLES, and to PETER, That he precedes you to GALILEE; there you will see Him, ‡as he said to

And coming out, they fled from the TOMB; for trembling and astonishment had seized them; and they said nothing to any one, for they were afraid.

one, for they were afraid.

9 \*[And having risen early on the first day of the Week, the appeared first to Mary of MAGDALA, from whom he had expelled Seven Demons.

10 # She went and told THOSE who had BELN with him, as they were mourning and weeping.

Il And then, having heard that he was alive, and had been seen by her, did not believe it.

12 And after THESE things, he appeared in Another Aspect ‡ to two of them, as they were walk ing, going into the country.

13 And then returning announced it to the OTHER disciples; neither to THEM did they give credit.

14 ‡Afterwards he appeared to the ELEVEN, as they were reclining, and censured their UNBELIFI and OBSTINACY, Because they believed not THOSE who had SEEN him after hit resurrection,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3-20-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> From this verse to the end of the chapter is wanting in the Vat. MS., and in many other ancient copies. Griesbach marks the whole passage of very doubtful authenticity, but retains it in the text. Tischendorf rejects the whole clause. But judging from the evidence with regard to this passage, it is probably an authentic fragment, placed as a completion of the Gospel in very early times; and therefore coming to us with strong claims on our reception and reverence.

<sup>† 9.</sup> John mx. 14 † 14. Luke mxiv. %

αυτοις· Πορευθεντες εις τον κοσμον άπαντα, to them; Having gone into the world all.

κηρυξατε το ευαγγελιον παση τη κτισει. 16 °O publish the glad tidings to all the creation. He

πιστευσας και βαπτισθείς, σωθησεται:  $\delta$  δε having believed and having bene dipped, shall be saved; he but  $\alpha$ πιστησας, κατακριθησεται. <sup>17</sup> Σημεια δε τοις Signs and to those

πιστευσασι ταυτα παρακολευθησει Εν τω having believed these shall attend; In the

θανασιμον τι πιωσιν, ου μη αυτοις βλαψει·
deadly thing they may drink, not not them it may hurt:

επι αρρωστους χειρας επιθησουσι, και καλως hands upon sick ones they shall place, and well 19 'Ο μεν ουν κυριος, μετα το λαληέξουσιν. The indeed then they will be. Lord. after the tohave σαι αυτοις,  $αν \in ληΦθη$  εις τον ουρανον, και spoken to them, Le was taken up into the heaven, and εκαθισεν εκ δεξιων του θεου· <sup>20</sup> εκεινοι δε σξελat righ of the God: those and having θοντες εκηρυξαν πανταχου, του κυριου συνερ-

gone forth published everywhere, the Lord working γουντος, και τον λογον βεβαιουντος δια των with, and the word ratifying through the

επακολουθουντων σημειων.]

15 ‡ And he said to them, "Go into all the WORLD, and proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION.

16 HE who BELIEVES and is immersed will be saved; but HE who BELIEVES NOT will be con-

demned.

17 And these Signs will accompany the BELIEV-ERS; ‡in my NAME they will expel Demons; ‡they will speak in new Lan-

guages;

18 they will take up Serpents; and if they should drink any deadly poison, it will not injure Them; they will lay Hands on Sick persons, and they will be well."

19 Then, indeed, after the Lord had spoken to them, the was taken up into Heaven, and sat down at the Right hand of

GOD.

20 And THOSE having gone forth, proclaimed everywhere, the Lord co-operating, and ratifying the WORD through the ACCOMPANYING Signs.

## \* ACCORDING TO MARK.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Subscription - According to Mark.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Matt. xxviii, 19; Rom. x. 15—18; Col. i 23. † 16. Acts ii. 38; viii. 12; xvi. 31—33. † 17. Acts v. 16; viii. 7; xv. 18 † 17. Acts ii. 4; x. 46; xix. 6. † 18. Acts xxviii. 5. † 18. Acts xviii. 8, James v. 14; 15 † 19. Luke xxiv. 51; Acts : 6; ii. 84, 85. † 20. Acts v. 12; xiv. 3; 1 Cor. 1. 4, 5; Heb. ii. 4.

# ACCORDING TO LUKE.

### КΕΦ. α'. 1.

΄ Επειδηπερ πολλοι επεχειρησαν αναταξασθαι have undertaken διηγησιν περι των πεπληροφορημενων εν ήμιν a narrative about those having been fully established among us,  $^2$   $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s$ παρεδοσαν ήμιν οί απ' πραγματων, facts. delivered to us those from even as αρχης αυτοπται και ύπηρεται γενομενοι του a beginning eye-witnesses and ministera having been of the λογου  $3 \epsilon \delta o \xi \epsilon \kappa \alpha u o i, \pi \alpha \rho \eta κολουθηκοτι ανωθ εν$ word; it seemed right also to me, having traced from the first πασιν ακριθως, ακριθως, καθεξης σοι γραψαι, κρα-accurately, in an orderly manner to thee to write, O most 4 [va Θεοφιλε, ών  $\tau \iota \tau \tau \epsilon$ επιγνως περι

excellent Theophilus, that thou mayest know concerning which κατηχηθης λογων την ασφαλειαν. thou hast been taught of words the <sup>5</sup> Εγενετο εν ταις ἡμεραις 'Ηρωδου**, του** βασιthe days of Herod, the hews της Ιουδαίας, ίερευς τις ονοματί Ζαχαρίας, a priest certain name 'Jews, Zacharias,  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \phi \eta \mu \epsilon 
ho i lpha S A eta i lpha \ kai \ \ \ g \ \ \ g \ \ g \ \ g \ \ i \ \ o f \ \ i he \ o f \ i he \ \ i \ \ i \ \ o f \ i he \ \ i \ \ i \ \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ i \ o f \ o f \ i \ o f \$ θυγατερων Ααρων, και το υνομα αυτης Ελισαβετ. of her daughters of Aaron, and the name ' Ησαν δε δικαιοι αμφοτεροι ενωπιον του θεου, They were and righteous both in presence of the God. πορενομενοι εν πασαις ταις εντολαις και δικαιall the commandments and <sup>7</sup> Και ουκ ην **α**υτοις ωμασι του κυριου αμεμπτοι. nances of the Lord blameless. And not was to them Ελισαβετ ην στειρα, τεκνού, καθοτι ή και a child. because the Elisabeth Was αμφοτεροι προβεβη τοτες εν ταις ήμεραις αύτων both having been advanced in the days of them ησαν. <sup>8</sup>Εγενετο δε εν τφ *ὶ ερατ ευειν* It happened now in the to perform sacred rites him were. τη ταξει της εφημεριας αυτου εναντι του the order of the before of the θεου, <sup>9</sup> κατα το εθος της ίερατειας ελαχε according to the custom of the priesthood it fell to his lo

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Since many have undertaken to prepare a History of those facts, which have been fully established among us,

2 ‡ even as THOSE, who WERE from the Beginning Eye-witnesses and Dispensers of the WORD, delivered

them to us;

3 it seemed proper for me also, having accurately traced all things from the first, to write to Thee in consecutive order, ‡† Most excellent Theophilus,

4 that thou may est know the CERTAINTY of the Words, concerning which thou hast been taught.

5 ‡ In the DAYS of Herod, \* King of JUDEA, there was a certain Priest named Zachariah, ‡ of the Course of Abijah; and his \* Wife was of the DAUGH-TERS of Aaron, and her NAME was Elizabeth.

6 And they were both rightcous in the sight of God, walking in all the COMMANDMENTS and Institutions of the LORD

blameless.

7 And they had no Child, because \* Elizabeth was barren, and both were far advanced in YEARS.

8 Now it occurred, while he was PERFORMING THE PRIEST'S OFFICE before GOD, in the ORDER of his CLASS.

9 † that it fell to him by lot, according to the cus-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—According to LUKE. F. Elizabeth.

<sup>5.</sup> King. 5. Wife.

<sup>† 3.</sup> This epithet proves that Theophilus was a man of Senatorian rank; probably a prefect, or governor; the same Greek title being applied to the Romang governor Felix, in Acts xxiii, 26, and elsewhere. It was equivalent to the Latin title optimus, bestowed by the Romans on their principal senators. † 9. Prideaux, referring to Lightfoot's Temple Service, says, that the priests, according to David's institution, were divided into twenty-four courses, that each course attended at Jerusalem its week; and every course being divided into seven classes, each class served its day at the temple; and each priest of that class had his part in the service appointed by lot. And Josephns gives much the same account, adding that the priests entered upon their office on the sabbath-day at noon, and left it at the same time on the sabbath-day following; and that this practice, first settled by David, continued to his own days.—Pearce.

<sup>‡ 2.</sup> Heb. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 1; 2 Pet. i. 16; 1 John i. 1; Mark i. 1; John xv. 27. ‡ 3. Acts ii. 1. ‡ 5. 1 Chron xxiv. 10, 10; Neh. xii. 4, 17.

του θυμιασαι, εισελθων εις τον ναον του κυριου of the to hurn incense, entering into the temple of the Lord; 10 και παν το πληθος ην του λαου προσευχομενον

θυσιαστηριου του θυμιαματος.  $^{12}$  Και εταραχθη alter of the incense. And was troubled 2αχαριας ιδων, και φοβος επεπεσεν επ' αυτον.  $^{2}$ αντον.  $^{2}$ αντον.  $^{2}$ αντον fear fell upon him.

Zacharias seeing, and fear fell upon him.

13 Ειπε δε προς αυτον ὁ αγγελος. Μη φοβου,
Said but to him the messenger, Not fear,

Ζαχαρια: διοτι εισηκουσθη ή δεησις σου, και ή Zacharias; because has been heard the prayer of thee, and the

γυνη σου Ελισαβετ γεννησει ύιον σοι και καλεσεις το ονομα αυτου Ιωανην. 14 Και thoushaltcall the name of him John. Και πολοι

γαρ μεγας ενωπιον κυριου. και οινον και σικερα for great in sight of a lord; and wine and strong drink ou up  $\pi$  in. και πνευματος άγιου πλησθησεται

ου μη πιη· και πνευματος άγιου πλησθησεται not not he may drink; and a spirit of holy shall be filled ετι εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου. 16 Και πολλους

yet out o womb of mother of himself. And many  $\tau \omega \nu$  viw  $\nu$  I  $\sigma \rho \alpha \eta \lambda$   $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \rho \epsilon \psi \epsilon \iota$   $\epsilon \pi \iota$   $\epsilon \nu \rho \iota \sigma \nu$  of the sons of Israel shall be turn to a lord the  $\theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega \nu$ . The  $\kappa \iota \sigma \nu$   $\kappa \iota \sigma \nu$ 

God of them. And he shall precede in the sight αυτου εν πνευματι και δυναμει Ηλίου, επιστρεof him in spirit and power of Elias, to

of him in spirit and power of Elias, to  $\psi \alpha \iota$   $\kappa \alpha \rho \delta \iota \alpha s$   $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \omega \nu$   $\epsilon \pi \iota$   $\tau \epsilon \kappa \nu \alpha$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\alpha \pi \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \iota s$   $\epsilon \nu$  turn hearts of fathers to children, and disobedient by

φρονησει δικαιων, έτοιμασαι κυριώ λαον κατεwindom of just (ones,) to make ready for a lord a people having σκευασμενον. <sup>18</sup> Και ειπε Ζαχαριας προς τον

been prepared. And said Zacharias to the αγγελου. Κατα τι γνωσομαι τουτο; εγω γαρ

messenger; By what shall know this? 1 for ειμι πρεσβυτης, και ή γυνη μου προβεβηκυια

 $\epsilon_{l}\mu_{l}$  πρεσβυτης, και η γυνη μου προβεβηκυια am anold man, and the wife of me far advanced  $\epsilon_{l}$  ταις ἡμεραις αύτης. <sup>19</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ in the days of herself. And answering the

in the days of herself. And answering t αγγελος ειπεν αυτφ. Εγω ειμι Γαβριηλ, am Gabriel, t

messenger said to him, I am Gabriel, the

TOM of the PRIESTHOOD, to go into the † SANCTU-ARY of the LORD to burn INCENSE.

10 ‡ And the Whole MULTITUDE of the PEOPLE was praying without, at the HOUR of the INCENSE BURNING.

11 And there appeared to him an Angel of the Lord, standing at the righ side of the ALTAR of IN CENSE.

12 And Zachariah seeing him, ‡ was agitated, and Fear fell on him.

13 But the ANGEL said to him, "Fear not, Zachariah; because thy prayer has been heard; and thy wife Elizabeth will bear thee a Son, ‡ and thou shalt call his NAME John.

14 And he will be to thee a Joy and Exultation; and many will rejoice on account of his BIRTH.

15 For he will be great in the sight of the Lond; and ‡ will not partake of Wine and † Strong drink; but he will be filled with holy Spirit, even from his Birth.

16 And many of the sons of Israel will he turn to the Lord their God.

17 ‡ And he will come first into his sight in the Spirit and Power of Elijah, to turn the Hearts of Fathers to Children, and the Disobedient, by the Wisdom of the Righteous; to make ready for the Lord a prepared People.

18 And Zachariah said to the ANGEL, 1" By what shall I know this? for H am old, and my wife is far advanced in YEARS."

19 And the ANGEL answering, said to him, ‡" # am THAT Gabriel, ATTEND-

δ

<sup>† 9.</sup> The holy place where the altar of incense stood, before the veil. Exod. xxx.1, 8-8; xl. 28. † 15. The original word is derived from a root which signifies to inebriate; and denotes wine made from fruits, and particularly from the palm. John was to be a Nazarite. Jerome says, "Any inebriating liquor is called sicera, whether made of torn, apples, honey, dates, or any other fruits." The English word cider comes from the same word.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Exod. xxx. 7, 8; 1 Sam. ii. 28; 1 Chron. xxiii. 13; 2 Chron. xxix. 11. † 10. Lev. xvi. 17. † 11. Dan. x. 8; Luke i. 29; ii. 9: Acts x. 4; Rev. i. 17. † 18. ver. 60, 63. † 15. Num. vi. 3; Judges xiii. 4; Mark vii. 33. † 17. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. xi. 14; Mark ix. 12. † 18. Gen. xvii. 17. † 19. Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21—23; Matt. xviii. 10.

παρεστηκως ενωπιον -, ου θεου· και απεσταλην having attended in presence of the God; and I am sent και ευαγγελισασθαι  $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \sigma \alpha \iota \pi \rho o s \sigma \epsilon$ , σοι thee, to tell glad tidings to thee to speak to and Και ιδου, ταυτα.  $\epsilon \sigma \eta$  $\sigma\iota\omega\pi\omega\nu$ , και μη lo, thou shalt be having been dumb, and not δυναμενος λαλησαι, αχρι ής ήμερας γενηται heing able to speak, till of which day may be done ανθ' ών ουκ επιστευσας τοις λογοις hecause of which not thou hast believed the words οίτινες πληρωθησονται εις καιρον of me, which shall be fulfilled into the season <sup>21</sup> Και ην ό λαος προσδοκων τον Ζαχααύτων. of them. And was the people waiting for the Zachaριαν· και εθαυμαζον εν τω χρονιζειν αυτον εν rias; and wondering in the todelay him in  $^{22}$  Εξελθων δε ουκ ηδυνατο λαλησαι τω ναω. the temple. Coming out but not he was able to speak αυτοις και επεγνωσαν, ότι οπτασιαν έωρακεν and they perceived, that a vision he has seen εν τφ ναφ. και αυτος ην διανευων αυτοις, και in the temple; and he was making signa to them, <sup>23</sup> Και εγενετο ώς επλησθησαν διεμενε κωφος. remained dumb. And it happened as were filled αί ήμεραι της λειτουργιας αυτου, απηλθεν εις days of the ministration of him he went  $^{24}$  Μετα δε ταυτας τας ἡμερας τον οικον αύτου. house of himself. After and these the days συνελαβεν Ελισαβετ ή γυνη αυτου και περι-conceived Elisabeth the wife of him; and hid εκρυβεν έαυτην μηνας πεντε, λεγουσα· 25 Ότι herself That months five, saying: ούτω μοι πεποιηκεν δ κυριος εν ημεραις, αίς to me has done the Lord days, in αφελειν το ονειδος μου εν ανθρωποις. he luoked on to take away the reproach of me among μηνι έκτφ απεσταλη δ  $\tau \omega$  $\tau \varphi$ now the month the siath the was sent αγγελος Γαβριηλ ύπο του θεου εις πολιν της

messenger Gabriel bу the God a city of the to 27 προς παρ-Γαλιλαιας, ονομα Ναζαρετ, to which a name Galilee, Nazareth, to θενον μεμνηστευμενην ανδρι, 'ω ονομα Ιωσηφ, having been betrothed to a man, to whom a name Joseph, οικου Δαυιδ· και το ονομα της παρθένου, of David: and the of house name of the <sup>28</sup> Και εισελθων δ Mapiau. αγγελος προς coming the messenger Mary. And to Χαιρε, κεχαριτωμενη  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ δ κυριος having been favored: the said: Hail, Lord \*[ $\epsilon \nu \lambda o \gamma \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$   $\sigma \nu$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\gamma \nu \nu \alpha i \xi i \nu$ .] [having been blessed thou among women,] μετα σου. thee: with  $^{29}$ 'Η δε ε $\pi$ ι τ $\varphi$  λογ $\varphi$  διεταραχ $\theta$ η, και διελογι-

She but at the word was greatly agitated, and

could be the salutation

ING in the presence of God; and I am sent to speak with thee, and to tell thee these glad tidings.

20 And behold, thou shalt be silent, and unable to speak, till the Day when these things are accomplished; because thou hast not believed my words, which will be fulfilled in their SEASON."

21 And the PEOPLE were waiting for Zachariah, and wondered at his continuing so long in the sanctuary.

22 And coming out, he could not speak to them; and they perceived That he had seen a Vision in the SANCTUARY; for he made Signs to them, and continued † speechless.

23 Anditocourred, when the days of his public service were completed, he returned to his own house.

24 And after These DAYS Elizabeth his WIFE conceived, and concealed herself five Months, saying,

25 "Thus has the LORD done for me, in the Days when he regarded me, ‡ to take away my REPROACH among Men."

26 Now, in the SIXTH MONTH, the ANGEL Gabriel was sent by God to a City of Galilee, named Nazareth.

27 to a Virgin thetrothed to a Man whose name was Joseph, of the House of David; and the VIRGIN'S NAME was Mary.

28 And coming in to her, he said, ‡"Hail, favored one! the LORD is with thee!"

29 But she was greatly agitated at the word; and she pondered what this salutation could mean.

ειη ό ασπασμος ούτος.

ζετο, ποταπος

what

ďered.

30 Kai

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. blessed art thou among women-omit.

<sup>† 22.</sup> or deaf and dumb, for the original word has this double meaning. That Zachariah was deprived for a time of both these senses is evident from verse 62, where it is said, "they made signs to the father."

<sup>1 23. 2</sup> Kings xi. 5; 1 Chron. ix. 25.

Μη φοβου, Mapiau.  $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu$   $\delta$   $\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda o \alpha \alpha \nu \tau \gamma$ . fear, Mary; said the messenger to her; Not 31 Και ιδου, And lo,  $\tau \epsilon \xi \eta$ συλληψη εν γαστρι, Ka. νίον, και thou shalt conceive in womb, and shalt bear a son, and <sup>32</sup> Ούτος καλεσεις το δνομα αυτου Ιησουν. This thou shalt call the name of him εσται μεγας, και υίος ύψιστου κληθησεται• και shall be word, and a son of highest he shall he called; and δωσει αυτώ κυριος ό θεος τον θρονον Δαυιδ του shall give to him alord the God the throne of David the πατρος αυτου· 33 και βασιλευσει επι τον οικον of him; and he shall reign over the father Ιακωβ εις τους αιωνας, και της βασιλειας αυτου ages, and of the kingdom of Jacob to the  $^{34}\,\mathrm{E}\,\mathrm{i}\pi\epsilon$  δε Μαριαμ προς τον ουκ εσται τελος. not shall he an end. Said but Mair to αγγελον. Πως εσται τουτο, επει ανδρα ου γι-How shall he since a man not this, messenger; νωσκω; 35 Και αποκριθεις δ αγγελος ειπεν αυτη· And answering the messenger said to her; know? Πνευμα άγιον επελευσεται επι σε, και δυναμις upon thee, and a power holy shall come A spirit ύψιστου επισκιασει σοι· διο και το γεννωμενον of highest shall overshadow thoo; therefore and the heing begotten <sup>36</sup> Και ιδου, άγιον, κληθησεται υίος  $\theta \epsilon o v$ . shall be called ason of God. And Ελισαβετ ή συγγενης σου, και αυτη συνειλη-Elisaheth the kinswoman oithee, even she having φυια ινίον εν γηρει αυτης και ούτος μην έκτος this month sixth conceived a son in old age of her: and 37 'Οτι ουκ εστιν αυτη τη καλουμενη στειρα. being called barren. For to her the not <sup>38</sup> Ειπε δε αδυνατησει παρα τφ θεφ παν δημα.

shall he impossible with the God every word. Μαριαμ. Ιδου, ή δουλη κυριου γενοιτο μοι Μαγι lo, the handmaid of alord: may it be done to me Και απελθεν απ' αυτης δ κατα το δημα σου. according to the word of thee. And went from her the αγγελος.

messenger.

39 Αναστασα δε Μαριαμ ήμεραις  $\in \nu$ Tais Mary days and in the μετα επορευθη €1S την ορεινην ταυταις, into the hilly country she went those. <sup>40</sup> Και εισηλθεν εις σπουδης, εις πολιν Ιουδα. of Juda. And into into a city entered τον οικον Ζαχαριου, και ησπασατο την Ελισαthe house of Zacharias, and saluted the Elisaβετ. 41 Και εγενετο, ώς ηκουσεν ή Ελισαβετ And it happened, as heard the Elisabeth beth.

30 And the ANGEL said to her, "Fear not, Mary; for thou hast found Favor with God.

31 \$And beheld, thou wilt conceive, and bear a Son, and \$\pm\$thou shalt call his NAME † Jesus.

32 He will be great, and will be called a Son of the Most High; and the Lord GOD will give him the THRONE of David his FA-THEE;

33 and the will reign over the House of Jacob to the AGES; and of his KING-DOM there will be no End."

34 Then Mary said to the ANGEL, "How can this be, since I know not a Man?"

35 And the ANGEL an. swering, said to her. 1" Holy Spirit will come upon thee, and Power from the Most High will overshadow thee; and thereforethat BEGOTTEN, BEING HOLY, will be called a Son of God.

36 And behold, Eliza. beth, thy Kinswoman, even she has conceived a Son in her Old age; and this is the sixth Month with HER who is CALLED barren.

37 # For \* No Dcclara. tion is impossible with GoD."

38 And Mary said, "Behold, the HANDMAID of the Lord! May it be done to me according to thy word." And the ANGEL departed from her.

39 And Mary arising in those DAYS, went to #the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY with haste, to a City of Ju-

dah;

40 and entered into the HOUSE of Zachariah, and saluted ELIZABETH.

41 And when ELIZA-

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. of God No Declaration is.

<sup>† 31.</sup> See Note on Matt. i. 21.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Isa. vii.14; Matt. i. 21. † 31. Luke ii. 21. exxxii. 11; Isa. ix. 6; xvi. 5; Jer. xxiii 5; Acts ii. 20. † 83. vii. 14, 27; Micah iv. 7; Heb. i. 8. † 53. Matt. i. 20. xxii. 17; Matt. xix. 26; Mark x. 27; Luke xvii. 27; Rom. iv. 21. † 32. 2 Sam. vii. 11, 12: Psa † 33. Isa, xxiv. 23: Dan. ii. 44: † 37. Gen. xviii 14: Jer. I 39. Josh. xx. 7; xxi.9-11.

τον ασπασμον της Μαριας, εσκιρτησε το βρεsalutation of the Mary, leaped the babe φος εν τη κοιλια αυτης· και πλησθη πνευματος in the womb ofher; and was filled 2 spirit άγιου ή Ελισαβετ, και ανεφωνησε φωνη μεγαλη of holy the Elisabeth, and she cried out with a voice και ειπεν. 42 Ευλογημενη συ εν γυναιξι. και Having been blessed thou among women, and ευλογημενος ό καρπος της κοιλιας σου. Και having been blessed the fruit of the womb of thee. ποθεν μοι τουτο, ίνα ελθη ή μητηρ του κυριου whence to me this, that should came the mother of the Lord μου προς με; 44 Ιδου γαρ, ως εγενετο ή φωνη ofme to me? Lo for, the 8.5 came voice του ασπασμού σου εις τα ωτα μου, εσκιρτησε of the salutation of thee into the ears of me, leaped το βρέφος εν αγαλλιασει εν τη κοιλια μου. habe in exultation in the womb of me. 45 Και μακαρια ή πιστευσασα, ότι εσται τελειωbappy she having believed, that shall be a fultillσις τοις Λελαλημενοις αυτη παρα κυριου.

ment to those having been told to her from  $^{46}$  Και ειπε Μαριαμ $^{\cdot}$  Μεγαλυνει  $\mathring{\eta}$  ψυχ $\pmb{\eta}$  μου And said Mary; magnines the soul of me τον κυριον, 47 και ηγαλλιασε το πνευμα μου επι the and has exulted the aptrit of me in Lord, θεφ τφ σωτηρι μου 48 ότι επεβλεψεν επι God the of me; assior for he looked upon την ταπεινωσιν της δουλης αύτου. Ιδου γαρ, of the handmaid of himself. for, απο του νυν μακαριουσι με πασαι αί γενεαι from the now will call happy me all the generations. 49 **ότι εποιησε μοι μεγ**αλεια ό δυνατος: και has done to me great things the mighty ona, άγιον το ονομα αυτου, <sup>50</sup> και το ελεος αυτου the of um, and the mercy bolv name of nim γενεας γενεων τοις φοβουμενοις αυτον. generations of generations to those fearing bim. 51 Εποιησε κρατος εν βραχιονι αύτου· διεσκορ-He has showed strength with arm of himself: he has διανοια **π**ισεν ύπερηφανους καρδιας αυτων. dispersed arrugant ones in thought of hearts of them. <sup>52</sup> Καθειλε δυναστας απο θρονων, και ύψωσε He has east down mighty ones from tbrones, and lifted up  $^{53}$   $\Pi \epsilon i \nu \omega \nu \tau \alpha s \epsilon \nu \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$ ταπεινους. αγαθων, he filled of good things, humble ones. Hungering onea **και πλουτουντας εξ**απεστειλε κενους. 54 Αντεbeing rich hesentaway empty. λαβετο Ισραηλ παιδος αύτου, μνησθηναι ελεους, sided Israel a child of himself, to remember mercy, 55 (καθως ελαλησε προς τους πατερας  $\mathring{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$ ,) (as hespoke to the fathers afus.)

BETH heard the SALUTATION of MARY, the BABE leaped in her WOMB; and ELIZABETH was filled with holy Sp rit.

42 And she exclaimed with a loud \*Voice, and said, "Blessed art thou among Women! and blessed is the FRUIT of thy W MB!

43 But how happens this to me, that the Mo-THER of my LORD should

come to me?

44 For behold, when the VOICE of thy SALUTATION came to my EARS, the BABE leaped in my WOMB for Jov.

45 And happyshe hav-ING BELIEVED that there will be a Fulfillment of the WORDS SPOLEN to her by the Lord."

46 And Mary said, #"My sour eviols the Lord,

47 and my spirit exults in God my Savior; 48 because he kind.

48 because he kind. viewed the HUMBLE CON-DITION of HIS HANDAID; for, behold! from this TIME ‡ All GENERATIONS will pronounce me happy.

49 for the MIGHTY One has done Wonders for me: 1 and holv is his NAME.

50 ‡ and his MERCY extends to Generations of Generations of THOSE who FEAR him.

51 ‡ He shows Strength twith his Arm; he disperses those Proud in the Thought of their Learts.

52 ‡ He casts down Potentates from Thrones, and raises up the owly.

53 He fills the Hungry with good things, and the Rich he sends away empty.

54 He supports Israel, his own Child, remembering Mercy,

55 (‡as he spoke to our

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. Cry.

<sup>51.</sup> Grotius observes, that God's efficacy is represented by his finger, his great power by his fand, and his omnipotence by his arm. The plague of lice was the inner of God. Exod. vii. ix The plagues in general were wrought by his Aand, Exod. iii. 30. And the destruction of Pharoah's host in the Red Sea, is called the act of his arm, Exod. vv. 16.

<sup>2 50.</sup> Psa, cm 1 55. Gen. zvn

τω Αβρααμ και τω σπερματι αυτου έως αιωνος. of him even to an age. to the Abraam and to the seed 56 Εμεινε δε Μαριαμ συν αυτη ώσει μηνας τρεις: Mary with her about months three: Abode and και υπεστρεψεν εις τον οικον αυτης. the house returned to  $^{57}$  Tη  $\delta\epsilon$  Ελισα $\beta\epsilon au$   $\epsilon\pi\lambda\eta\sigma heta\eta$   $\delta$ χρονος του was fulfilled the Elisabeth time ofthe To the now <sup>58</sup> Και ηκουτεκειν αυτην και εγεννησεν υίον. and she brought forth a son. And heard to bear αυτης, ότι σαν οί περιοικοι και οί συγγενεις and the kindred of her, that neighbors εμεγαλυνε κυριος το ελεος αύτου μετ' αυτης. had magnified alord the mercy of himself towards her; <sup>59</sup> Και εγενετο, εν τη και συνεχαιρον αυτη. And it came to pass, in and they rejoiced with her. the ογδοη ήμερα ηλθον περιτεμειν το παιδιον και eighth they came to circumcise the little child; day εκαλουν αυτο, επιτφ ονοματιτου πατρος αυτου, after the name of the father of him. i١,  $^{60}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι αποκριθεισα ή μητηρ αυτου Ζαχαριαν. Zacharias. And answering the mother of him 61 Ka1 ειπεν· Ουχι· αλλα κληθησεται Ιωαννης. but he shall be called John. ειπον προς αυτην. 'Οτι ευδεις εστιν εν τη her; That no one among the 'ta they said συγγενεια σου, ός καλειται τφ ονοματι τουτφ. kindred of thee, who is called to the name this. 62 Ενενευον δε τφ πατρι αυτου, το τι αν θελοι They made signs then to the father of him, the wnathe would desire καλεισθαι αυτον. 63 Και αιτησας πινακιδιον, to be called And having requested him. a tablet, εγραψε, λεγων Ιωαννης εστι το ονομα αυτου. John the name of h:m. he wrote, saying: is  $^{64}$  A $\nu\epsilon\omega\chi\theta\eta$ δε το Kai  $\epsilon \theta$ avµaσαν  $\pi$ aν $\tau \epsilon s$ . they wondered all. Was opened and the στομα αυτου παραχρημα, και ή γλωσσα αυτου. aud the tongue of him; immediately, mouth και ελαλει ευλογων τον θεον. <sup>65</sup> Και εγενετο the God. blessing and he spoke επι παντας φοβος τους περιοικουντας αυτους. a lear those dwelling around ail on και εν όλη τη ορεινη της Ιουδαιας διελαλειτο and in whole the hilly-country of the Judea talked of throughout <sup>66</sup> Και εθεντο παντες παντα τα ἡηματα ταυτα.

these.

οί ακουσαντες εν τη καρδια αύτων, λεγοντες.

FATHERS,) to ABBAHAM, and to his POSTERITY, even to the Age."

56 And Mary remained with her about three Months, and returned to her HOUSE.

57 Now ELIZABETH'S TIME to be DELIVERED was fulfilled; and she brought forth a Son.

58 And her NEIGHBORS and RELATIVES heard That the Lord had magnified his MERCY towards her; and they rejoiced with her.

59 And, on the fighth Day, t when they came to circumcise the CHILD, they were about to call him Zachariah, after the NAME of his FATHER;

60 but his MOTHER interposing, said, "No; but the shall be called John."

61 And they said to her, "There is no one among thy RELATIVES, who is called by this NAME."

62 Then they asked his FATHER, by Signs, WHAT HE WISHED HIM TO BE CALLED.

63 And requesting † a TABLET, he wrote, saying, ‡ "llis NAME is John." And they all wondered,

64 ‡ for his mouth was instantly opened, and his tongue loosed; and he spoke, praising God.

65 And Fear came on ALL their NEIGHBORS. And All these THINGS WERE talked of through All the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY of JUDEA.

66 And All THOSE HEARING, pondered them in their HEARTS, saying,

placed

ail

And

hearts of themselves, saying;

things

in the

the

those having heard

<sup>† 53.</sup> Not before that day, because the mother was unclean seven days, Lev. xii.1,2; and so was the chill, by touching her, and therefore he was not then fit to be admitted into covenant. The law appointed no certain place in which circumcision was to be done, nor any certain person to perform it, and therefore it was sometimes done by women. Exod. iv.25, and here in the house of Elizabeth, as appears by her presence at it, verse 60. The Jews did it sometimes in their schools, for the sake of the number of the witnesses. Then also they named the infant; because, when God instituted circumcision, he changed the names of Abraham and Sarah.—Whitly. Among the Jews, the child was named when it was circumcised, and ordinarily the name of the father was given to the first-born son.—A. Clarke. † 63. A thin board, made out of the pine-tree, smeared over with wax, was used among the ancients, as a writing-tablet.

t 59. Gen. xvii. 12; Lev. xii. 3. 1 65. ver. 89.

παιδιον τουτο εσται; Και χειρ  $\tau o$ What then the child this will he? And hand κυριου ην μετ' αυτου.

of Lord was with

<sup>67</sup> Και Ζαχαριας δ  $\pi$ ar $\eta$  $\rho$  au $\tau$ ou  $\epsilon$  $\pi$  $\lambda$  $\eta$  $\sigma$  $\theta$  $\eta$ Zacharias the father ofuim was filled

πνευματος αγιου, Kal προεφητευσε, λεγων. a spirit of holy, and prophesied, saying;

Ευλογητος κυριος, δ θεos του Ισραηλ. δτι Blessed Lord. the God of the israel; for

επεσκεψατο και  $\epsilon \pi o \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon$ λυτρωσιν τω λαω be has visited redemption to the people and wrought αύτου, 69 και ηγειρε κερας σωτηριας ήμιν εν τω

of himself, and raised up a horn of salvation to us in the οικφ Δαυιδ του παιδος αύτου· <sup>70</sup> (καθως ελαλησε

house of David the servant of himself; (even as he spoke των απ' δια στοματος των άγιων, alwvos,

of the holy ones, of those from through mouth an age. προφητων αύτου·) 71 σωτηριαν εξ εχθρων ήμων, a salvation from enemies of prophets of himself;)

και εκ χειρος παντων των μισουντων ήμας· of all and from hand those hating

<sup>72</sup> ποιησαι ελεος μετα των πατερων ήμων, και to perform mercy with the fathers ofus, and

μνησθηναι διαθηκης άγιας αύτου, 73 όρκον, όν to remember covenant holy of himself, an oath, which

ωμοσε προς Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων. του he swore to Abraam the father of us, δουναι  $\eta$ μιν,  $^{74}$ αφοβως, εκ χειρος των εχθρων to give to us, without fear, from hand of the enemies

ήμων ρυσθεντας, λατρευειν αυτφ<sup>75</sup> εν δσιοτητι of us having been rescued, to worship him holiness in

δικαιοσυνη ενωπιον αυτου, πασας Tas and righteouspess in presence of him, all the

 $^{76}$  Και συ, παιδιον, προφητης ἡμερας ἡμων. And thou, little child, of us. days a prophet

ύψιστου κληθηση∙ προπορευση γαρ προ \*[προof highest shalt be called; thou shalt go for hefore [face]

σωπου | κυριου, έτοιμασαι όδους αυτου, 77 του of a lord, to prepare ways of him, of the

δουναι γνωσιν σωτηριας τφ λαφ αυτου, εν αφεto give knowledge of salvation to the people of him, in forgive.  $\sigma$ ει άμαρτιων αυτων,  $^{78}$  δια  $\sigma$ πλαγχνα ελεους

of them, on account of tender θεου ήμων, εν οίς επεσκεψατο ήμας ανατολη εξ

of God of us, by which he has visited arising from us ύψους, <sup>79</sup> επιφαναι τοις εν σκοτει και σκια on high, to shine to those in darkness and shade

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 66. For also the Hand.

"What then will this CHILD be?" \* And the Hand of the Lord was with him.

67 And Zachariah, his FATHER, was filled with holy Spirit, and prophesied,

saying, 68 "Blessed be the Lord, the God of Israel, because he has visited and wrought Redemption for his PEOPLE:

69 and thas raised up ta Horn of Salvation for us, in the \* House of Da-

vid, his servant:

70 (teven as he spoke by the Mouth of THOSE HOLY ones, his Prophets of the Age;)

71 a Salvation from our Enemies, and from the Hand of ALL who HATE us;

72 to perform his Mercy with our FATHERS; and to remember his holy Covenant;

73 the Oath which he swore to Abraham, our

FATHER,-

74 to permit us, being resened from the Hand of our ENEMIES, fearlessly to worship him,

75 by Holiness and Righteousness in his sight,

All our days.

76 And thou, Child, wilt be called a Prophet of the Most High; for thou shalt go thefore the Lord to prepare his Ways;

77 to impart a Knowledge of Salvation to his PEOPLE in the forgiveness

of their Sins,

78 on account of the tender Compassions of our God, by which he has visited ns; a Day-dawn from on high,

79 to Illuminate THOSE SITTING in Darkness and Death-shade: to DIRECT

<sup>69.</sup> the House of David. 76. face -omit.

<sup>† 69.</sup> A horn in Scripture is frequently a symbol of power or principality, and hence this expression will signify, a mighty Sarior, or Prince of Salvation.

<sup>1 69.</sup> Psa. xviii. 2; cxxxii. 17. xviii. 4; xxii. 16, 17; Heb. vi. 13, 17. 2 70. Acts iii. 21; Rom. i. 2. 2 73. Gen. xii. 3. 176. Isa. xl. 3; Mal. iii. 1; iv. 5; Matt. xi. 10; ver, 17.

θανατου καθημενοις, του κατευθυναι τους ποδας of death sitting, of the 10 guide the feet 80 Το δε παιδιον ηυξανε, ήμων εις όδον ειρηνης. ofus into away ofpeace. The now little child grew, και εκραταιουτο πνευματι. και ην εν ταις ερηand became strong ia spirit; and was in the desμοις, έως ήμερας αναδειξεως αυτου Troos  $\tau o \nu$ till day of manifestation of him the Ισραηλ. Israel.

# КЕФ. β'. 2.

1Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, εξηλθε It came to pass and in the days those, went forth δογμα παμα Καισαμος Αυγουστου, απογραφεσa decree from Cesar Augustus, toregister  $^{2}(\mathrm{A}$ ύτη  $\dot{m{\eta}}$   $m{a}m{\pi}m{o}\gamma
hom{a}m{\phi}m{\eta}$ θαι πασαν την οικουμενην. a l l habitable. the (This the registry πρωτη ήγεμονευοντος  $\tau\eta s$  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$ Συριας first was made being govenor of the Syria <sup>3</sup> Και επορευοντο παντες Κυρηνιου.) απογρα-And they went φεσθαι, έκαστος εις την ιδιαν πολιν.  $^{4}$  A $\nu \epsilon \beta \eta$ into the his own city. each Went up δε και Ιωσηφ απο της Γαλιλαιας, εκ πολεως Joseph from the Galılee, out of city Ναζαρετ, εις την Ιουδαιαν, εις πολιν Δαυιδ, Nazareth, into the Judea, into a city of David, ήτις καλειται  $\mathbf{B}$ ηθλεεμ, (δια το ειναι αυτον εξ Bethleem, (hecause the to be οικου και πατριας Δαυιδ,) 5 απογραψασθαι συν house and family of David,) to be registered Μαριαμ τη μεμνηστευμενη αυτφ \*[γύναικι,] Mary the having been espoused to him [a wife,] <sup>6</sup>Εγενετο δε εν τφ ειναι αυτους ουση εγκυω. being with child. It happened but in the to be εκει, επλησθησαν αί ήμεραι του τεκειν αυτην. were fulfilled days of the to bear there the her. <sup>7</sup> Και τον υίον αύτης του πρωτοτοκον,  $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \kappa \epsilon$ And she broughtforth the son of her the first-born, και εσπαργανωσεν αυτον, και ανεκλινεν αυτον and swathed him, and laid him εν τη φατνη· διοτι ουκ ην αυτοις τοπος εν τω in the manger; because not was to them a place in the καταλυματι. gnest-chamber.

our feet into the Way of Peace."

80 Now the CHILD grew, and acquired strength of Mind; and he was in the DESERTS till the Day of his public appearance to Is-RAEL.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 Now it occurred in those DAYS, that an Edict went forth from Cesar Augustus, to register All the † HABITABLE.

2 ( This \* was the first Registry of Quirinus, Governor of Syria.)

3 And they all went to be registered, each into his own City.

4 And Joseph also went up from GALILEE, out of the City of Nazareth, into JUDEA, into the ‡ City of David, which is called Bethlehem, (‡because he WAS of the House and Family of David,)

5 to be registered with Mary, 1 his BETROTHED, being pregnant.

6 And it came to pass while they WERE there, the DAYS of her DELIVERY were accomplished.

7 I And she brought forth her FIRST-BORN SON and swathed him, and laid him in \* †a Manger; because there was no Place for them in the GUEST-CHAMBER.

\* Vatican Mss.—2. This was the first Registry.

1. Oikoumenee literally means the inhabited earth, and is applied in this place, by some recent translators, to the Roman Empire. But as no historian mentions a general census at this time, the meaning of the word must be restricted to the land of Judea, where this enrollment took place. Oikoumenee is used by Lukein chap. Xxi. 28, and Acts Xi. 28, and applied in this restricted sense.

† 7. Wetsein has shown from a multitude of instances, that phatnee means not merely the manger, but the whole stable. The room for guests being already full, Joseph and Mary retired to a more homely receptacle, called a stablum, the middle of which afforded room for cattle, and the sides accommodation for persons. It was not properly a stable, but was formed for the convenient lodging of both men and cattle. Bishop Pearce, however, has a note on this verse, which is worthy of consideration. He says, "Upon the whole, it seems to me probable, that Mary was delivered in guest-chamber, or lodging-room, (whether it were in a public house, or that of some friend, is not said,) in some chamber of a house, and not of a stable; and that then, for wanto fa bed in that guest-chamber, wherein to lay her Son Jesus, she made use of one of the Eastern mangers, made of coarse cloth, and fastened, like our seamen's hammocks, to some part of the chamber where she was; and there laid him, as having no other placefor him. This afforded a circumstance by which the shepherds were directed to find him out, and distinguish this holy babe from all others. See verses 12, 18."

1. Acts v. 37. 1. 4.1 Sam. xvi. 1, 4; John vii. 42. Vatican Mss.—2. This was the first Registry. 5. Wife-omit. 7. a Manger.

‡ 2. Acts v. 37. ‡ 4. 1 Sam. xvi. 1, 4; John vii. 42. ‡ 5. Matt. i. 18; Luke i. 27. ‡ 7. Matt. i. 28 1 7. Matt. i. 25. 1 4. Matt. i. 16; Luke i

8 Και ποιμενες ησαν εν τη χωρα τη αυτη And shepherds were in the country the this αγραυλουντες, και φυλασσοντες φυλακας της abiding in the fields, and keeping watches ofthe 9 Και \*[ιδου,] νυκτος επι την ποιμνην αυτων. [lo,] over the flock of them. And αγγελος κυριου επεστη αυτοις, και δοξα κυριου a messenger of a lord stood near to them, and glory of a lord και εφοβηθησαν Φοβον περιελαμψεν αυτους. shone round them: and they feared a fear 10 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ αγγελος· Mη μεγαν. said the messenger; Not And to them great. φοβεισθε ιδου γαρ, ευαγγελιζομαι ύμιν χαραν for, I bring glad tidings to you fear you; lo a joy 11 ότι ήτις εσται παντι τφ λαφ. μεγαλην, which to all the people: that shall he ετεχθη ύμιν σημερον σωτηρ, ός εστι Χριστος was born to you to-day a savior, who is anoin ed 12 Και τουτο ύμιν το κυριος, εν πολει Δαυιδ. And this to you the city of David. Lord, in Εύρησετε βρεφος εσπαργανωμενον σημειον· You shall find a babe having been swathed <sup>13</sup> Και εξαιφνης εγενετο κειμενον εν φατνη. in a manger. And suddenly  $\sigma \nu \nu$  τ $\omega$   $\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \omega$   $\pi \lambda \eta \theta os$   $\sigma \tau \rho \alpha \tau \iota \alpha s$   $\sigma \iota \rho \alpha \nu \iota \sigma \upsilon$ , with the messenger a multitude of host of heaven, <sup>14</sup> " Δοξα αινουντων τον θεον, και λεγοντων. the God, and saying; εν ύψιστοις θεφ, και επι γης ειρηνη· εν ανθρωin highest heavens to God, and on earth peace; among ποις ευδοκια." good will."

15 Και εγενετο, ώς απηλθον απ' αυτων εις τον Anditcame to pass, when went from them into the ουρανου οί αγγελοι, και οί ανθρωποι, οί ποιμεheaven the messengers, and the men, the shepνες, ειπον προς αλληλους· Διελθωμεν δη έως to one another; We should go now herds, said βηθλεεμ, και ιδωμεν το βημα τουτο το γεγονος, Bethleem, and see the thing this the having been done, <sup>16</sup> Και ηλθον ό κυριος εγνωρισεν ήμιν. which the Lord has made known to us. And they came σπευσαντες, και ανευρον την τε Μαριαμ και τον having made haste, and they found the hoth Mary and the Ιωσηφ, και το βρεφος κειμενον εν τη φατνη. and the lying in the manger. babe 1 1δοντες δε, διεγνωρισαν \* περι] του δηματος
Having seen and, they published [around] the declaration του λαληθεντος αυτοις περι του παιδιου τουτου. that having been told to them concerning the little child 18 Και παντές οἱ ακουσαντές εθαυματάν περι all wondered

And παντες οι ακοισαντες εσαυματαν περι And all those having heard wondered about  $\tau \omega \nu \lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \epsilon \nu \tau \omega \nu \dot{\nu} \pi \sigma \tau \omega \nu \pi \sigma \iota \mu \epsilon \nu \omega \nu \pi \rho \sigma s \alpha \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon s$ . those having been told by the shepherds to them. 19 H δε Μαριαμ παντα συνετηρει τα δηματα

The but Mary all kept the words  $*[\tau a \nu \tau a, ] \sigma \nu \mu \beta a \lambda \lambda 0 \nu \sigma \alpha \epsilon \nu \tau \eta \kappa \alpha \rho \delta i \alpha \alpha \nu \tau \eta s.$ [these,] pondering in the heart of herself.

8 And there were Shepherds in THAT COUNTRY, residing in the fields, and keeping over their Flock the Watches of the NIGHT.

9 And an Angel of the Lord stood by them, and the Glory of the Lord shone round them; and they

were greatly afraid.

10 And the ANGEL said to them, "Fear not; for behold, I bring you glad tidings, ‡which will be a great Joy to All the PEO-PLE;

11 ‡ because To-day was born for you, in David's City, a Savior, who is the

Lord Messiah.

12 And this will be a \*Sign to you; you will find a Babe swathed, lying in a Manger."

13 And suddenly there was with the ANGEL a Multitude of the heavenly Host, praising God, and

saying, 14 "Glory to God in the highest heavens, on Earth Peace, and among Men Good will."

15 Now it occurred, when the angels departed from them to heaven, the Men, the shepherds, said to one another, "Let us go now to Bethlehem, and see this thing which has transpired, which the Lord has made known to us."

16 And they came in haste, and found both MARY and JOSEPH, and the BABE lying in the MANGER.

17 And having seen it, they published THAT DECLARATION which had been SPOKEN to them about this CHILD.

18 And All those having heard, wondered at the things related to them by the shepherbs.

19 But Mary kept All these words, pondering them in her HEART.

17. around-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. 10-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> Sign.

20 Και ὑπεστρεψαν οἱ ποιμενες δοξαζοντες και Απα returned the shepherds glorilying and αινουντες τον θεον επι πασιν οἱς ηκουσαν και praising the God for all which they had heard and ειδον, καθως ελαληθη προς αυτους. even as it had been told to them.

even as it had been told to 21 Ka: δτ€  $\epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \sigma \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ ήμεραι οκτω του days And when were fulfilled eight of the  $\pi$ εριτεμειν αυτον, και εκληθη το ονομα αυτου him, and be was called the name **Ιησους, το κληθεν ύπο του αγγελου προ του** messenger before of the that being called by the συλληφθηναι αυτον εν τη κοιλια.

was conceived him in the woush.

 $^{22}$ Και ότε επλησθησαν αἱ ἡμεραι του καθαρισ-And when were fulfilled the days ofthe μου αυτων, κατα τον νομον Μωσεως, ανηγαγον tion of them, according to the law of Moses, they brought αυτον εις Ιεροσυλυμα, παραστησαι τφ κυριφ, to Jerusalem, to present to the Lord, " 'Οτι <sup>23</sup> (καθως γεγραπται εν νομφ κυριου. it is written in law of Lord; That παν αρσεν διανοιγον μητραν, άγιον τω κυριω  $\kappa\lambda\eta\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota^{**}$ ) epening a womb, holy to  $\iota$   $\kappa\lambda\eta\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota^{**}$ )  $^{24}$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\tau$ ou δουναι θυσιαν, shall be called,") and of the  $\iota$ 0.000holy to the Lord and of the to offer a sacrifice, according to το ειρημενού εν νομφ κυρίου "Ζευγος τρυγοthat having been said in law of Lord: "A pair νων, η δυο νεοσσους περιστερων." pigeons." doves, or two young

25 Και ίδου, ην ανθρωπος εν Ίερου αλημ, And lo, was a man in Jerusalem, to whom ονομα Συμεων. και δ ανθρωπος ούτος δικαιος a name of Simeon; and the man this και ευλαβης, προσδεχομενος παρακλησιν του waiting for pious, consolation of the Και πνευμα ην άγιον επ' αυτον. 26 και Ισραηλ. aspirit was holy upon him; And ην αυτφ κεχρηματισμένον ύπο του πνευματος by it was to him having been informed the του άγιου, μη ιδειν θανατον, πριν η ιδη to see death, before he should see of the holy, not <sup>27</sup> Και ηλθεν εν τφ πνευτον Χριστον κυριου. And he came by the anointed of Lord. spirit ματι εις το ίερον και εν τω εισαγαγειν τους into the temple; and in the to bring the γυνεις το παιδιον Ιησουν, του ποιησαι αυτους the little child of the Jesus, to do them ειθισμενον  $\tau 0$ TOU νομου  $\pi \in \rho \iota$ according to that baving been instituted of the law concerning αυτου 28 και αυτος εδεξατο αυτο εις τας αγκαhim; also he took iŧ into the arms λας αύτου, και ευλογησε τον θεον, και ειπε· and ot himself. and blessed the God, said:

20 And the SHEPHERDS returned, glorifying and praising GoD for all which they had heard and seen, even as it had been declared to them.

21 ‡And when eight Days were ended, the [time] to CIRCUMCISE him, his NAME was called Jesus, THAT NAME given him by the ANGEL before his CONCEPTION.

22 ‡ And when † the \* Days of her Purification were completed, according to the LAW of Moses, they carried him up to Jerusalem, to present him to the LORD:—

23 (even as it is written in the Law of the Lord, that ‡ "Every Male, being a first-born, shall be called holy to the Lord,")

24 and to OFFER a Sacrifice, according to what is enjoined in \*the LAW of the Lord,—‡†" A Pair of Turtle-doves, or Two Young Pigeons."

25 And behold, there was a Man in Jerusalem, whose Name was Simeon; and he was a righteous and pious MAN, expecting the Consolation of ISRAEL; and the holy Spirit was on him.

26 And he was divinely informed by the HOLY SPIRIT, that he would not die, till he should see the Lord's MESSIAH.

27 And he came by the SPIRIT into the TEMPLE; and when the PARENTS BROUGHT IN the CHILD Jesus, tto do according to the CUSTOM of the LAW concerning him,

28 he also took him in his ARMS, and praised God, and said,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. Days of her Purification.

<sup>24.</sup> the LAW of.

<sup>† 22.</sup> That is, thirty-three days after what was termed the seven days of her uncleanness—forty days in all; the time appointed by the law, after the birth of a male child. See Lev, xii. 2, 8. † 24. One for a burnt-offering, and the other for a sin-offering; See Lev. xii. 8. These were the offerings of the poorer Jewish mothers. † 27. To present him to the Lord, and then redeem him by paying five shekels, Num. xviii. 15, 16.

<sup>1 21.</sup> Luke 1. 59. † 21. Matt. i. 25; Luke i. 31. † 22. Lev. xii. 2-6, † 23. f. xod. xiii. 2; xxii. 29: xxxiv. 19: Num. iii. 13; viii. 17; xviii. 15. † 24. Lev. xii. 8.

29 Νυν απολυεις τον δουλον σου, δεσποτα, of thee, O sovereign, Now dost thou dismiss the servant Now dost thou discuss the κατα το βημα σου, εν ειρηνη 30 ότι ειδον οί react of thee. in peace; for have seen the  $^{31}$   $\delta$   $\dot{\eta}\tau$   $_{0}$   $_{\mu}$   $\alpha$ οφθαλμοι μου το σωτηριον σου, of me the salvation of thee, which thou hast σας κατα προσωπον παντων των λαων<sup>, 32</sup> φως of all prepared before face the people; alight εις αποκαλυψιν εθνων, και δοξαν λαου σου a revelation of nations, and a glory of people of thee <sup>33</sup> Και ην δ πατηρ αυτου και ή μητηρ Ισραηλ. Israel. And was the father of him and the mother θαυμαζοντες επι τοις λαλουμενοις περι αυτου. wondering at those being spoken about 34 Και ευλογησεν αυτους Συμεων, και ειπε προς Aud blessed them Simeon. and said Μαριαμ την μητερα αυτου· Ιδου, ούτος κειται Mary the mother of him; Lo, this is placed  $\epsilon \nu \tau \omega$ εις πτωσιν και αναστασιν πολλων the and rising of many ín <sup>35</sup> (και Ισραηλ, και εις σημειον αντιλεγομενον. a sign being spoken against; and for (also σου δε αυτης την ψυχην διελευσεται ρομφαια.) soul shall pierce through a sword;) ofthee and of thyself the ύπως αν αποκαλυφθωσιν εκ πολλων καρδιων may be disclosed of many hearts διαλογισμοι.

reasonings.

36 Και ην Αννα προφητις, θυγατηρ Φανουηλ, And was Anna a prophetess, a daughter of Phanuel, εκ φυλης Ασηρ αύτη προβεβηκυια εν ήμεραις she having been advanced in of Aser; days πολλαις, ζησασα ετη μετα ανδρος έπτα απο many, having lived years with a husband seven from της παρθενίας αυτης. <sup>37</sup> και αυτη χηρα ως ετων virginity of herself; also she a widow about years ογδοηκοντα τεσσαρων, ή ουκ αφιστατο απο του eighty four, who not withdrew from ίερου, νηστειαις και δεησεσι λατρευουσα νυκτα temple, fastings and prayera serving night 38 Και αύτη, αυτη τη ώρα επισκαι ήμεραν. day. this the hour And she, and τασα, ανθωμολογειτο τω κυριω, και ελαλει περι acknowledged the Lord, and spoke about αυτου πασι τοις προσδεχομενοις λυτρωσιν εν hun to all those looking for redemption Ίερουσαλημ.

Jerusalem.

<sup>39</sup> Και ώς ετελεσαν άπαντα τα κατα τον And when they finished all the things according to the νομον κυριου, ύπεπτρεψαν εις την Γαλιλαιαν, they returned into the of Lord, Galilee, εις την πολιν αύτων, Ναζαρετ. 40 Το δε παιδιον The and little child into the city of themselves, Nazareth. ηυξανε, και εκραταιουτο \*[πνευματι,] πληρουand was atrengthened [in spirit,] being μενον σοφιας. και χαρις θεου ην επ' αυτο. with wisdom; and of God was favor οn ıt.

29 "Now, O sovereign Lord, dismiss thy SERVANT according to thy WORD, in Peace:

30 because my EYES have seen thy SALVATION.

31 which thou hast made ready in the Presence of All the PEOPLE;

32 ‡ a Light of Nations for enlightenment, and a Glory of thy People Israel."

33 And his father and MOTHER were wondering at the WORDS SPOKEN COncerning him.

34 And Simeon blessed them, and said to Mary his MOTHER, "Behold, this child is destined for the ‡ Fall and Rising of many in ISRAEL; and for ‡a Mark of contradiction;—

35 (and indeed, a Sword will pierce through the soull of Thee Thyself.) that the Reasonings of Many Hearts may be disclosed."

36 There was also a Prophetess, Anna, Daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Asher; sije was far advanced in Age, having lived with \*a Husband seven Years from her virginity;

37 she was also a Widow \*abont eighty-four Years, who departed not from the TEMPLE, but serving God ± Night and Day with Fastings and Prayers.

38 And she standing by at that very time, praised \*God, and spoke of him to All those expecting †Deliverance in Jerusalem.

39 And when they had finished all things according to the Law of the Lord, they returned to Galilee, to their own City Nazareth.

40 ‡And the CHILD grew, and became strong, filled with Wisdom, and the Favor of God was on him.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—36, a husband. spoke. 40. in Spirit—omit.

<sup>37.</sup> till eighty four.

<sup>38.</sup> God, and

<sup>† 32.</sup> Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; lx. 1; Acts xiii. 47; xxviii. 28. † 34. Isa. viii. 14; Matt, xxi. 44; Rom. ix. 32; 1 Cor. i. 23, 24; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 8. † 34. Heb. vii. 3. † 37. Acts xxv. 7; 1 Tim. v. 5 † 38. Luke xxiv. 21. † 40. Luke i. 80, ver. 52.

11 Και επορευοντο οί γονεις αυτου κατ' ετος εις
And went the parents of him every year to
'Ιερουσαλημ τη έορτη του πασχα.

Jerusalem of the feast of the passover.

42 Και ότε εγενετο ετων δωδεκα, αναβαντων twelve, he was years And when αυτων \*[εις 'Ιεροσολυμα] κατα το εθος της according to the custom of the Jerusalem] ofthem 43 και τελειωσαντων τας ημερας, εν ξορτης. in having ended the days, feast; and Ιησους δ τφ ύποστρεφειν αυτους, ύπεμεινεν the remained Jesus them. to return παις εν 'Ιερουσαλημ' και ουκ εγνω Ιωσηφ και and not knew Joseph Jerusalem; <sup>44</sup> Νομισαντές δε αυτον εν μητηρ αυτου. Having supposed and him in the mother δδον, και ηλθου ημερας συνοδια ειναι, they went of a day a journey, and to be, company the ενείητουν αυτον εν τοις συγγενεσι και τοις and kinsmen they sought him among the υπεστρεψαν 45 Kaı  $\mu n$ εύροντες, γνωοτοις. they returned And finding, acquaintances. DO: <sup>46</sup> Και Ί ερουσαλημ, (ητουντες αυτον. ELS And him. seeking εγενετο, μεθ' ήμερας τρεις εύρον αυτον εν τω Jerusalem, three they found him in the it happened, after days μεσφ των διδασκαλων, ίερω καθεζομενον εν teachers. in midale of the sitting και ακουοντα αυτων, και επερωτωντα αυτους. asking them. and of them, and hearing 47 Εξισταντο δε παντες \* [οί ακουοντες αυτου,] him,] [those hearing Were amazed and all επι τη συνεσει και ταις αποκρισεσιν αυτου. of him. npon the understanding and answers the και προς 48 Και ιδοντες αυτον, εξεπλαγησαν. they were amazed; andhim, αυτον ή μητηρ αυτου ειπε. Τεκνον, τι εποιηwhy hast thou O child, of him said; him the mother

πατηρ σου καγω ιδου, δ σας ήμιν ούτως; and I of thee the father tons thus? lo, <sup>49</sup> Και ειπε προς οδυνωμενοι εζητουμεν σε. And he said to have sought thee. being in distress ηδειτε,  $T\iota$ OUK δτι ε (ητειτε με;αυτους. know you, me? not Why for did you seek them;

δτι εν τοις του πατρος μου δει ειναι με;  $^{50}$  Kai that in the oithe father of me must to be me? And αυτοι ου συνηκαν το  $\dot{\rho}$ ημα,  $\dot{\delta}$  ελαλησεν αυτοις. they not understood the word, which he spoke to them.  $^{51}$  Και κατεβη μετ' αυτων, και ηλθεν εις Ναζα-

And he went down with them, and came into Nazaρετ και ην ύποτασσομενος αυτοις. Και ή reth; and was being subject to them. And the

41 And his PARENTS went yearly to Jerusalem to the ‡ FEAST of the PASSOVER.

42 And when he was twelve Years old, 7 they went up according to the

CUSTOM of the FEAST.

43 And having † completed the DAYS, on their RETUEN, Jesus, the YOUTH, remained in Jerusalem. And \* his PARENTS knew it not.

44 And supposing him to be in the COMPANY, they went a Day's Journey; and they sought him, among their RELATIVES and ACQUAINTANCES.

45 But not finding him, they returned to Jerusa-

lem, seeking him.

46 And it happened, after three Days they found him in the TEMPLE, sitting in the Midst of the TEACHERS, both hearing them, and asking them questions.

47 And ALL were astonished at his INTELLI-GENCE and REPLIES.

48 And seeing him, they were amazed; and his Mo-THER said to him, "Child, why hast thou done thus to us? behold thy FATHER and I \*seek thee sorrowing."

49 And he said to them, "Why did you seek me?, Did you not know that I must be in † the [COURTS] of my FATHER?".

50 And then did not understand the WORD which he spoke to them.

Nαζα-Naza-With them, and came to Nazareth, and was subject to them. And his MOTHER

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—42. to Jerusalem—omit. 43. his parents knew, 47. those hearing him—omit. 48. seek thec.

<sup>† 42.</sup> All the males were required to attend at the three festivals at Jerusalem; and females, though not commanded, yet used often to attend, especially at the Passover. Children were excused; but the Rabbinical writers say, that the above obligation was thought binding at twelve years of age. † 43. That is, been there eight days, of which the feast of the Passover was one, and the rest were the seven days of unleavened bread. † 46. They sat on benches in a half circle, and their scholars at their feet, Acts xxii. 3. † 49. In the courts or house of my Father, is now generally admitted as correct. A similar ellipsically in Mark v. 35, and Acts xxi. 40.

t 41. Exod. xxiii. 15, 17; xxxiv. 23; Deut. xvi. 1. 16.

men-

μητηρ αυτου διετηρει καντα τα ρηματα ταυτα mother of him these treasured all the words 52 Και Ιησους προεκοπτε εν τη καρδια αύτης. in the beart of herself. And. Jesus advanced σοφιά, και ήλικια, και χαριτι παρα θεφ και windom, and invigor, and invigor, with God and ανθρωποις.

# KEФ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

Εν ετει δε πεντεκαιδεκατώ της ήγεμονίας In year now fifteenth of the government year no≪ Υιβεριου Καισαρος, ήγεμονευοντος Ποντιου Πιbeing governor Pontins Cesar, λατου της Ιουδαιας, και τετραρχουντος της Judea, of the and being tetrarch , of the Γαλιλαίας Ήρωδου, Φιλιππου δε του αδελφου Herod. Philip and the brother Galilee αυτου τετραρχουντος της Ιτουραίας και Τραχωof him , being tetrarch Trachoof the Ituria and. χωρας, και Λυσανίου της Αβιληνης νιτιδος region, and Lysanias of the Abilene τετραρχουντος, <sup>2</sup> επι αρχιερεως Αννα και Καιbeine tetrarch, under high priests Annas and Caiαφα, εγενετο δημα θεου επι Ιωαννήν, JOV came aword of God to John. 3 Και ηλθεν «ις Ζαχαριου υίον, εν-τη ερημφ. of Zacharias gou, in the And be went into desert. πασαν την περιχωρον του Ιορδανου, κηρυσσαν the country about the Jordan preaching βαπτισμα μετανοιας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. 4 ώς a dipping of reformation into aforgiveness Of wors; γεγραπται εν βιβλω λωγων Ήσαιου του προ-it is written in a book of words of Esais the po-φητου, \*[λεγοντες] "Φωνη βοωντος εν τη "A voice crying in the phet, [saying.] Ετοιμασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ερημφ. Make you ready the way desert: of a lord, atraight 5 Πασά φαραγξ ποιειτε τας τριβους αυτου. the beaten tracks of him; make you E. ery ravine πληρωθησεται, και παν ορος και βουνος ταπειshall be filled up, and every mountain and hill shall be νωθησεται: και εσται τα σκολια εις ευθειαν, unade low; and shalt be the crooked into atraight, και αί τραχειαι εις όδους λειας. 6 και οψεται ways smooth; rough Joto and shallsee πασα σαρξ το σωτηριον του  $\theta$ εου." all fiesh the salvation of the God."  $7 E \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu$ Hesaid ουν τοις εκπορευομενοις οχλοις βαπτισθηναι ύπ' tuen to those coming out of crowds. to be dipped by αυτου Γεννηματα εχίδνων, τις υπεδειξεν ύμιν O broods bivenomous serpents, who pointed out to you

kept All \*these THINGS in her HEABT.

52 ‡ And Jesus advanced in WISDOM, and in Manliness, and in Favor with God and Men.

#### CHAPTER'III.

1 Now in the fifteenth Year of the GOVERNMENT of Tiberius Cesar, Pontius Pilate being Governor of Judea, and Herod tetrarch of Galilee, and Philip his brother temuch of Iturea, and the Province of Trachonitis, and Lysanias, the tetrarch of Abilene.

of ABILENE,
2 in the "High-priesthood of t Annas, and Caiaphas, a Command from
God came to John, the
son of Zachariah, in the

DESERT.

S \$ And he went into All
the adjacent \* Country of
the Jondan, publishing an
Impersion of Reformation
for Forgiveness of Sins.
4 As it is written in the
Book of the Words of
Isaiah, the PROPHET; 1"A
"Voice proclaiming in the
"DESERT Prepare the WAX
"for the Lord, make the
"HIGHWAYS straight for

"him.
5 "Every Ravine shall
be filled up, and Every
"Mountain and Hill shall
"be made low; and the
"CROOKED roads shall be"come straight, and the
"ROUGH Ways smooth;

6 1"and All Flesh shall "see the SALVATION of

"Gop."

7 Then he said to the CROWDS COMING PORTIL to be immersed by him, t"O Progeny of Vipers who admonished you to fly

Varican Manuscript.—51. the savings. priest. 3. Country. 4. saying—omit.

<sup>52.</sup> in wiscom and.

<sup>2.</sup> High-

<sup>† 2.</sup> Doddridge says, "I cannot suppose, as some have done, that Annas was high-priest the former part of this year, and Caiaphas the latter; much less that Luke knew so little of the Jewish constitution, as to suppose there could be two high-priests properly so called. The easiest solution is, that one was the high-priest, and the other his sagan or deputy, so that the title might, with a very pardonable liberty, be applied to both."

φυγειν απο της μελλουσης οργης; 8 Ποιησατε coming wrath? to flee from the Bring forth ουν καρπους αξιους της μετανοιας. και μη worthy of the reformation; and αρξησθε λεγειν εν έαυτοις. Πατερα εχομεν τον you should begin to say in yourselves; A father we have the εκ των λιθων τουτων εγειραι τεκνα τω Αβρααμ. out of the stones of these to raise up children to the Abraam. Η Ηδη δε και ή αξινη προς την ριζαν των δενδρων Now and even the axe to the root of the trees

κειται παν ουν δενδρον μη ποιουν παρπον is placed, every therefore tree not bearing fruit καλον, εκκοπτεται, και εις πυρ βαλλεται. is cut down, and into a fire good, is cast. Και επηρωτων αυτον οί οχλοι, λεγοντες Τι

him the crowds, saying; ουν ποιησομέν: 11 Αποκριθείς δε λέγει αυτοίς then should we do? Answering and he says to them; O  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$  duo  $\chi \iota \tau \omega \nu \alpha s$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \delta \sigma \tau \omega \tau \omega \mu \eta \epsilon \chi \sigma \tau \iota$ He having two tunics, ethomshare with the not having; και δ εχων βρωματα, δμοιως ποιειτω.

and he having meats, in like manner let him do.

12 Ηλθον δε και τελωναι βαπτισθηναι, και Came and also tax-gatherers to be dipped, Came and also bases......

ειπον προς αυτον Διδασκαλε, τι ποιησομεν:

O teacher, what should we do: 13 'Ο δε ειπε προς αυτους. Μηδεν πλεον παρα 'O δε είπε προς αυτου.

He and said to them; Nothing more from

14 Επηρωτων το διαπεταγμενον ύμιν πρασσετε. that having been appointed ovon collect you. δε αυτον και στρατευομένοι, λεγοντές. Και and him also soldiers, saying;  $\dot{\eta}_{\mu}$ εις τι ποιησομεν; Και ειπε προς αυτους·
we what should we do? And he said to them: Μηδενα διασεισητε, μηδε συκοφαντησητε και No one may you mtort from, neither may you accuse wrougfully: and αρκεισθε τοις οψωνιοις ύμων.

peyou content with the wages of you. 15 Πρυσδοκωντος δε του λαου, και διαλογιζο-Expecting and of the people, and reasonμενων παντων εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων περι του all in the hearts of them about the Ιωαννου, μηποτε αυτος ειη δ Χριστος, 16 απεκwhether he were the Anointed, ρινατο δ Ιωαννης άπασι, λεγων. Εγω μεν swered the John to all, saying: indeed 'δατι βαπτιζω ύμας· ερχεται δε δισχυροτερος dip you: comes but the mightier μου, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος λυσαι τον ίμαντα των of me, of whom not I am worthy to loose the strap of the ύποδηματων αυτου· αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν you sandals of him: he will dip <sup>17</sup> Ου το πνευματι αγιώ και πυρι. 11 Ου το πτυον spirit holy and fire. Of whom the winnowing shovel  $\epsilon \nu$  $\tau\eta$ χειρι αυτου, και διακαθαριει  $\tau n \nu$ 

from the APPROACHING VENGEANCE?

8 Produce, therefore, Fruits worthy of REFORM-ATION; and begin not to say among yourselves, 'We have a Father-ABRA-HAM; for I assure you, That God is able from these STONES to raise up CHILDREN to ABRAHAM.

9 And even now the AXE lies at the Roor of the TREES; ‡ Every therefore, not bearing good Fruit is cut down, and cast

into the Fire."

10 And the crowds asked him, saying, "What then should we do?"

11 He \*answered and said to them, ‡"Let нім who наs Two Coats give to HIM who HAS none; and let HIM who HAS Food do the same."

12 #And Tribute-takers, also, came to be immersed, and said to him, "Teacher. what should we do?"

13 And HE said to them. "Collect nothing more than WHAT IS APPOINTED for

14 And Soldiers, also. asked him, \*" What also should we do?" And he said to them, "Oppress, and falsely accuse, No one; and be satisfied with your WAGES."

15 And the PEOPLE were waiting, and all were reasoning in their HEARTS concerning JOHN, whether he were not the Messiah:

16 JOHN answered all, saying, I" I indeed immerse you in Water; but a MIGHTIFR than I is coming, for whom I am not fit to untie the STRAP of his SANDALS; he willimmerse you in holy Spirit and Fire.

17 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL in his HAND will effectually cleanse his

of him,

the

hand

and he will thoroughly cleanse the

Vatican Manuscript.—11. answered and said.

<sup>14.</sup> What also should we do

<sup>‡ 9.</sup> Matt. vii. 19. 1 12. N vii. 19. ‡ 11. Luke xi. 41; 2 Cor. viii. 14; James ii. 15, 16; 1 John iii. 17 ‡ 12. Matt. xxi. 32; Luke vii. 29. ‡ 16. Matt. iii. 11; Mark i. 7, 8.

shut up

άλωνα αύτου. και συναξει τον σιτον εις την of him: and he will gather the wheat into foor αποθηκην αύτου, το δε αχυρον κατακαυσει πυρι storehouse of himself, the but chaff he will burn up in fire <sup>18</sup> Πολλα  $\mu \in \nu$ ασβεστω.  $0 \nu \nu$ και έτερα indeed then inextinguishable. Many also other things 19 'O δε παρακαλων ευηγγελιζετο τον λαον. exhorting he preached glad tidings the people. The but 'Ηρωδης δ τετραρχης, ελεγχομενος ὑπ' αυτου tetrarch, Herod the being reproved bу him Ήρωδιαδος της γυναικος του αδελφου Herodias ofthe wife ofthe brother αυτου, και περι παντων ών εποιησε πονηρων δ ot him, and about all of which had done evils Ήρωδης,  $^{20}$  προσεθηκε και τουτο επι πασι, και added also this all,

κατεκλεισε τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη.

John

the

 $^{21}$  Εγενετο δε εν τ $\omega$   $\beta$ απτισθηναι  $\dot{\alpha}$ παντα τον It occurred and in the to have been dipped λαον, και Ιησου βαπτισθέντος και προσευχοpeople, and Jesus having been dipped and prayμενου, ανε $\alpha\chi$ θηναι τον ουρανον,  $^{22}$ και καταβη- $_{
m ing}$ , to have been opened the heaven, and to desναι το πνευμα το άγιον σωματικώ ειδει, ώσει cend the \*pirit the holy in a hodily form, like  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi'$  αυτον, και φωνην  $\epsilon \xi$  ουρανου and a voice out of heaven upon him, γενεσθαι, \*[λεγουσαν·] "Συ ει δ υίος μου δ "Thou art the son of me the to have come, [saying; ] αγαπητος, εν σοι ηυδοκησα." beloved. in thee I delight.

in the

prison.

<sup>23</sup>Και αυτος ην δ 1ησους ὧσει ετων τριακον**τα,** was the Jesus about years αρχομενος, ων, &ς ενομιζετο, vios Ιωσηφ, του beginning, being, as was allowed, a son of Joseph, of the Ήλι, 24 του Ματθατ, του Λευι, του Μελχι, of the Matthat, of the Levi, of the Melchi Helt. του Ιαννα, του Ιωσηφ,  $^{25}$ του Ματταθιου, του of the Janna, of the Joseph, ofthe Mattathias, Aμως, του Ναουμ, του Εσλι, του Ναγγαι, 26 του Amot, of the Naoum, of the Es.i, of the Naggai, Μααθ, του Ματταθιου, του Σεμει, του Ιωσηφ, Maath, of the Mattathias, of the Seulei, of the Joseph, του Ιουδα, 27 του Ιωαννα, του 'Ρητα, του Ζόροof the Joanna, of the Chesa, of the Zoroof the Juda, Βοβελ, babel,

\*THRESHING-FLOOR; ‡he will gather the WHEAT into his GRANARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with an inextinguishable Fire."

18 And exhorting many other things, he proclaimed glad tidings to the PEOPLE.

19 #But HEROD the TETRARCH being reproved by him on account of Herodias. his BROTHER'S WIFE, and about all the Crimes which Herod had done,

20 added also this to all, -he shut up John in

\* Prison.

21 Anditoccurred, when All the PEOPLE were IM-MERSED, ‡ Jesus also having been immersed, and praying, the HEAVEN was opened.

22 and the HOLY SPIRIT, in a Bodily Form like a Dove, descended upon him, and there came a Voice from Heaven, saying, "Thou art my son, the BELOVED; in thee I delight."

23 And he, Jesus was about thirty years old, when he began [his work, being, I as was allowed, a \*Son of Joseph, the †son of ELI,

24 the son of MATTHAT. the son of LEVI, the son of MELCHI, the son of JAN. NAI, the son of JOSEPH,

25 the son of MATTA THIAH, the son of Amos the son of NAHUM, the son of Esli, the son of NAG.

26 the son of MAATH. the son of MATTATHIAH, the son of SHIMEI, the son of Joseph, the son of Ju-

27 the son of JOHANAH. the son of RESA, the son of ZERUBBABEL, the son

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—17. to thoroughly cleanse his thresuing-flood, and to gather. Prison 22. saying—omit. 23. a Son (as was allowed) of Joseph. 20. Prison

<sup>† 23</sup> or son-in-law of Eli, the father of Mary. Luke gives Mary's ancestry, and Matthew that of Joseph. See Appendix.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Micah vi. 12; Matt. xiii. 30. † 19. Matt. xiv. 3; Mark vi. 17. iii. 13; Mark 1. 9; John i. 32. † 23. See Num. iv. 3 35 39, 43, 47. † 21. Matt 55; John vi 42-

του Σαλαθιηλ, του Νηρι, 28 του Μελχι, του of the Salathiel, of the Neri, of the Melchi,

**Α**δδι, του Κωσαμ, του Ελμωδαμ, του Ηρ,  $^{29}$ του Addi, of the Cosam, of the Elmodam, of the Er,

Ιωση, του Ελιεζερ, του Ιωρειμ, του Ματθατ, of the Jorem, of the Matthat, of the Eliezer,

του Λευι, 30 του Συμεων, του Ιουδα, του Ιωσηφ, of the Simeon, of the Juda, of the Joseph, of the Levi,

του Ιωναν, του Ελιακειμ, 31 του Μελεα, του of the Jonan, of the of the Melea. Eliakim,

Μαιναν, του Ματταθα, Mainan, of the Mattatha,

του Nαθαν, του Δαυιδ,  $^{32}$  του Iεσσαι, του of the Nathan, of the David, of the Jesse, of the

Ωβηδ, του Βοοζ, του Σαλμων, του Ναασσων, Obed, of the Booz, of the Salmon, of the Naasson,

 $^{33}$  του  $^{23}$  Αμιναδαβ, του  $^{23}$  Αραμ, του  $^{23}$  Εσρωμ, του of the  $^{23}$  Aminadab, of the  $^{23}$  Aminadab, of the  $^{23}$  Aminadab, of the  $^{23}$ 

Φαρες, του Ιουδα,  $^{3}$  του Ιακωβ, του Ισαακ, Phares, of the Juda, of the Jacob, of the Israel,

του Αβρααμ, του Θιρα, του Ναχωρ, 35 του of the Abraam, of the Thua, of the Nachor, Σερουχ, του 'Ραγαυ, του Φαλεκ, του Εβερ, του of the Ragau, of the Phalec, of the Eber, of the Σαλα,  $^{36}$  του Καιναν, του Αρφαξαδ, του Σημ, of the Cainan, of the Arphaxad, of the Sem, του Νωε, του Λαμεχ, 37 του Μαθουσαλα, του of the Mathusala, of the Noe, of the Lamech, Ενωχ, του Ιαρεδ, του Μαλελεηλ, του Καιναν, Enoch, of the Jared, of the Maleleel, of the Cainan.  $33 \tau$ ou Evws,  $\tau$ ou  $\Sigma \eta \theta$ ,  $\tau$ ou  $A\delta \alpha \mu$ ,  $\tau$ ou  $\theta \epsilon$ ou. of the Enos, or the Seth, of the Adam, of the God.

# КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Ιησους δε πνευματος άγιου πληρης ύπεσ-Jesus and spirit of holy full τρεψεν απο του Ιορδανου και ηγετο εν τω from the Jordan ; and was led about by the πνευματιεις την ερημον, <math>2 ημερας τεσσαρακονταdays into the desert, forty διαβολου. Kaı πειρα(ομενος ύπο του ουκ the accuser. being tempted bу And not εφαγεν ουδεν εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις. και nothing in days the those: and \*[ύστερον] επεινασε. they were cowas hungry.  $\sigma \nu \nu \tau \in \lambda \in \sigma \theta \in \sigma \omega \nu$  autwv. being ended

of SALATHIEL, the son of NERI,

28 the son of MALCHI, the son of ADDI, the son of Kosam, the son of Almo. DAM, the son of ER,

29 the son of Joses, the son of ELIEZER, the son of Joram, the son of Mat-TATH, the son of LEVI,

30 the son of SIMEON, the son of JUDAH, the son of Joseph, the son of Jo-NAN, the son of ELIAKIM.

31 the son of Melian. the son of MAINAN, the son of Mattathan, the son of NATHAN, the son of DAVID.

32 the son of Jesse, the son of OBED, the son of BOAZ, the son of SALMON, the son of NAHSHON,

33 the son of AMMINA-DAB, the son of RAM, the son of HEZRON, the son of Pharez, the son of Ju-DAH,

34 the son of JACOB, the son of Isaac, the son of ABRAHAM, the son of TE-RAH, the son of NAHOR,

35 the son of SERUG, the son of REU, the son of PE-LIG, the son of EBER, the son of SALAH,

36 the son of CAINAN, the son of ARPHAXAD, the son of SHEM, the son of NOAH, the son of LAMECH,

37 the son of Methuse-LAH, the con of ENOCH, the son of JAREL. the son of MAHALALEEY, the son of CAINAN,

38 the son or Enos, the son of SETH, the son of ADAM, the son of Gop.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 And ‡Jesus, full of holy Spirit. returned from the JORDAN, and was car. ried about by the SPIRIT \* in the desert

forty Days, being tempted by the ENEMY. # And he ate nothing in those DAYS; and when they were completed, he

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. in the DESERT.

<sup>2.</sup> afterwards-omit. 1. Matt. iv. 1 Mark i. 12. 1 2. Exod. xxxiv. 28; 1 Kings xix. 8.

Kai ειπεν αυτφ δ διαβολος. Ει υίος ει
And said to him the scenser. If asonthonart του If a son thon art of the θεου, ειπε τω λιθω τουτω, ίνα γενηται αρτος. say to the stone this, that it may become a loaf. <sup>4</sup> Και απεκριθη Ιησους προς αυτον,  $*[\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu]$ And answered Jesus to him, [saying;] Γεγραπται· " Ότι ουκ επ' αρτω μονω ζησεται Itis written; That not on bread alone shall live δ ανθρωπος, \*[αλλ' επι παντι δηματι θεου." the man, [but on every word of God,"]

5 Και αναγαγων αυτον δ διαβολος εις opos And having led up him the accuser into monntain ύψηλον, εδειξεν αυτφ πασας τας βασιλειας της he showed to him all the kingdoma of the 6 Και ειπεν οικουμενης εν στιγμη χρονου. in amoment of time. And said αυτω δ διαβολος. Σοι δωσω την εξουσιαν ταυto him the accuser; To thee I will give the authority την άπασαν, και την δοξαν αυτων ότι εμοι of them; all, and the glory that to me ΄ω εαν θελω, διδωμι αυτην· παραδεδοται, και it has been prepared, and to whoever I will, I give <sup>7</sup> συ ουν εαν προσκυνησης ενωπιον, μου, εσται thou then if thou wilt do homage before me. 8 Και αποκριθεις αυτώ ειπεν δ σου πασα. tothee all. And answering to him λησους. Γεγραπται. "Προσκυνησεις κυριον τον Jesns; It is written; "Thou shalt worship a lord θεον σου, και αυτφ μονφ λατρευσεις." Sod of thee, und to him alone thou shalt render service."

9 Και ηγαγεν αυτον εις Ίερουσαλημ, και And he brought him to Jerusalem, and εστησεν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον του ίερου. και him on the wing of the temple; ειπε**ν α**υτφ. Ει υίος ει του θεου, βαλε σεαυτον said to him; If ason thou art of the God, cast thyself εντευθεν κατω. 10 γεγραπται γαρ. "Οτι τοις it is written That to the crom this place down;  $\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda ois$   $\alpha$   $5\tau ov$   $\epsilon\nu\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon i\tau\alpha i$   $\pi\epsilon\rho i$   $\sigma ov$ ,  $\tau ov$   $\delta i\alpha$ -messengers of himselfhewill give charge concerning thee, of the to φυλαξαι σε· 11 και ότι επι χειρων αρουσι σε, quard thee; and that on hands they shall bear thee, μηποτε προσκοψης προς λιθον τον ποδα σου." lest thou shouldst strike against a stone the foot of thee." 12 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτώ δ Ιησους. Ότι said to him the answering Jesus; That ειρηται· "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον τον θεον itiassid; "Not thou shalt tempt a lord the God σου." ofthee."

13 Και συντελεσας παντα πειρασμον δ διαβοAnd having ended every temptation the accuλος, απεστη απ' αυτου αχρι καιρου.

14 Και
ser, departed from him for a season. And

3 And the ENEMY sa. 4 to him, "It thou art a Son of God, command this stone to become Bread."

4 And \*JESUS answered him, "It is written, I'MAN 'shall not live on Bread 'only."

5 And \*taking him up he showed him A' ne KINGDOMS of the MASISTABLE in a Mon nt Sa Time.

6 And the ENEMY said to him, "I will give Thea All this AUTHORITY, and the GLORY of these; ‡ For it has been delivered to me, and I give it to whom I please.

7 If, then, thou wilt render homage before me, all shall be thine."

8 And \*Jesus answering said, to him, t"It is written, 'Thou shalt worten, 'Thou shalt wording the Lord thy Gon, 'and Him only shalt thou 'serve.'"

9 ‡ And he brought him to Jerusalem, and placed him on the † BAT-TLEMENT of the TEMPLE, and said to him, "If thou art a Son of God, cast thyself down from this place;

10 for it is written, I'He 'will give his angels 'charge concerning thee, 'to Protect thee;

11 'and they will up-'hold thee on their Hands, 'lest thou strike thy roor 'against a Stone.'"

12 And JESUS answering, said to him, "It is 'said, ‡'Thou shalt not 'try the Lord thy God."

13 And the ENEMY having finished every Temptation, departed from him for a Season.

14 ‡And Jesus returned

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.-4. Jesus. 4. saying-omit. 4. but on every word of God-omit. 5. bringing him onward, he showed. 8. Jesus.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Probably the middle part of the royal portico, the highest part of the temple, and which could be seen at a distance of many rullongs. Josephus says. "That the pillars ot that portico were a hundred cubits high, and the valley below four hundred deep."

<sup>† 4.</sup> Deut. vii, 3. † 6. John xii, 31; xiv, 30. † 8. Deut. vi. 13; x. 20. † 9. Matt. iv. 5. † 10. Psa. xei, 11. † 12. Deut. vi. 16. † 14. Matt. iv. 12; John iv, 48; Acts x. 37.

ὑπεστρεψεν ὁ Ιησους εν τη δυναμει του πνευiu the power of the returned the Jesus spirit ματος εις την Γαλιλαιαν. και φημη  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ into the Galilee: and a report went out 15 Kaı καθ' όλης της περιχωρού περι αυτου.

καθ ολης της περιχωρου περι αυτου. Το Και through whole the surrunding region about him. And αυτος εδιδασκεν εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, he the surrunding region about him.

he tau in the synagogues of them, δοξαζομενο ύπο παντων.

being glorified by all,

<sup>16</sup> Kaı Ναζαρετ,  $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota s$  $\tau n \nu$ ού  $\eta v$ Aug he came into the Nazareth, where he was και εισηλθε, τεθραμμενος. κατα το ειωθος having been brought up and entered, according to the custom αυτω εν τη ήμερα των σαββατων. ELS TY:V in the to him day of the sabbaths, iuto the 17 Και συναγωγην. και ανεστη αναγνωναι. synagogue: and stood up to read. επεδοθη αυτώ βιβλιον 'Ησαιου του προφητου· was delivered to him a rol1 of Esaias the prophet: και αναπτυξας το βιβλιον, εύρε τον τοπον, and having unrolled the roll, he found the place, ην γεγραμμενον. 18 " Πνευμα κυριου επ' where it was having been written: "A spirit of a lord upon είνεκεν αχρισε με ευαγγελισασθαι me: of which on account of he has an ointed me to publish glad tidings απεσταλκε με κηρυξαι αιχμαλωτοις πτωχοις, to poor ones, he has sent me to publish to captives και τυφλοις αναβλεψιν, αποστειλαι αφεσιν, a deliverance, and to blind ones recovery of sight, to send away εν αφεσει, <sup>19</sup> κηρυξαι ενιαυτον τεθραυσμενους those having been crushed in freedom, to publish a year 20 Ka: κυριου δεκτον." το βιβλιον, πτυξας acceptable." oralord And having rolled up the roll,

απόδους τω ύπηρετη, εκαθισε και παντων having given hack to the attendant, be eat down: and of all  $\epsilon \nu$  τη συναγωγη οἱ οφθαλμοι ησαν ατενιζοντες in the synagogue the eyes were looking steadily αυτω. <sup>21</sup> Ηρξατο δε λεγειν προς αυτους Ότι to him. He began and to say to them: That

σημερον πεπληρωται ή γραφη αύτη εν τοις to-day is fulfilled the writing this in to the  $\omega \sigma \iota \nu$  ύμων.  $^{22}$  Και παντες εμαρτυρουν αυτφ,

ears of you. And all bore testimony to him, και εθαυμαζον επι τοις λογοις της χαριτος, τοις and wondered at the words of the graciousness, those

and wondered at the words of the graciousness, those εκπορευομενοις εκ του στοματος αυτου, και proceeding out of the month of him, and

ελεγον' Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ υίος  $I\omega\sigma\eta\phi$ ; <sup>23</sup>  $K\alpha\iota$  said: Not this is the son Joseph? And

in the POWER of the SPIRIT into GALILLE; and a Report concerning him went out through the Whole ADJACENT COUNTRY.

15 And he taught in their synagogues, being

applauded by all.

16 And he came to ‡NAZARETH, wherehe had been brought up; and according to his CUSTOM on the SABBATH-DAY, ‡ he entered the SYNAGOGUE, and †stood up to read.

17 And the Book of Isaiah the PROPHET was given to him; † and having unrolled the BOOK, he found the PLACE where it was written,

18 ‡ "The Spirit of the "Lord is on me, because "he has anointed me to "proclaim glad tidings to "the Poor; he has sent "me †to publish a Release "to the Captives, and Recovery of sight to the "Blind; to dispense Freedom to the oppressed;"

19 "to proclaim an Era "of acceptance with the "Lord."

20 And having rolled up the BOOK, he returned it to the ATTENDANT, and sat down. And the EYES of all who were in the SYNAGOGUE were attentively fixed on him.

21 And he began to say to them, "To-day, this SCRIPTURE, which is now in your EARS, is fulfilled."

22 And all bore testimony to him, and wondered at \$\pm\$THOSE WORDS OF GRACE PROCEEDING from his MOUTH. And they said, "Is not this the son of Joseph?"

<sup>† 16.</sup> The Jewish doctors, in honor of the law and the prophets, invariably stood up while they read them; but sat down while they taught or commented on them. This was our Lord's custom, as we learn from Matt. xxvi. 55—"I sat teaching in the Tenfle every day." † 17. The Sacred Writings used to this day, in all Jewish Synagogues, are written on skins of basil, parchment, or vellum, pasted end to end, and rolled on two rollers beginning at each end; so that in reading from right to left, they roll off with the left, while they roll on with the right. The place that he opened was probably the section for the day.—Clarke. † 18. "To heal the broken in heart," is omitted both by the Vatican MS. and Griesbach, but Bloomfield thinks without sufficient warrant, as it is found in Isa. Ixi. 1.

ειπε προς αυτους. Παντως ερειτε μοι την παρα-Surely you will say to me the them: illushe said to βολην ταυτην "Ιατρε, θεραπευσον σεαυτον" thyself;" " Physician, this: beal ηκουσαμεν γενομενα εις Καπερναουμ, what things we have heard having been done in Capernaum, 24 Ειπε δε· ποιησον και ώδε εν τη πατριδι σου. also here in the country of thes. He said and: Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις προφητης δεκτος Indeed I say to you, that no one a prophet acceptable  $^{25}$  E $\pi$ ,  $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon$ ias  $\delta\epsilon$ εστιν εν τη πατριδι αύτου. in the country of himself. In truth  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$  ύμιν, πολλαι χηραι ησαν  $\epsilon \nu$  ταις ήμεραις many widows were in the lany to you, days Ηλιου εν τφ Ισραηλ, ότε εκλεισθη δ ουμανος of Elias in the Israel, when was shut up the heaven επι ετη τρια και μηνας έξ, ώς εγενετο λιμος for years three and months six, so that came a tamine μεγας επι πασαν την γην. 26 και προς ουδεμιαν great over all the land; and to noonαυτων επεμφθη Ηλιας, ει μη εις Σαρεπτα της of them wassent Elias, if not into Suripia of the Υ. αι πολλοι Σιδωνος προς γυναικα χηραν. a widow to a woman λεπροι ησαν επι Ελισσαιου του προφητου εν τω in lepers were of Elisha the prophet in the και ουδεις αυτων εκαθαρισθη, 1σοαηλ. ει μη Israel; and no one ofthem were cleansed, if not <sup>28</sup> Και επλησθησαν παντες  $N \in \mathcal{L} uav \delta \Sigma upos.$ the Syrian. And they were filled all Naaman θυμου  $\in V$  $\tau\eta$ συναγωγη, ακουοντες ταυτα. of wrath having heard these things. in the synagogue, <sup>29</sup> Kaı ανασταντες εξεβαλον αυτον εξω THS outside of the And rising up they cast out him  $\pi o \lambda \epsilon \omega s$ και ηγαγον αυτον έως οφρυος του they led him even to a brow ofthe ορους, εφ' ού ή πολις αυτων ωκοδομητο, ώστε mountain, on which the city ofther was built, κατακρημνισαι αυτον. 30 αι το; δε διελθων δια to cast down him; he but passing through

 $\mu \in \sigma o \nu$   $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi o \rho \in \nu \in \tau o$ .

midst of them, went away.

 $^{31}$  Και κατηλ $heta\epsilon
u$  εις Κ $\epsilon\pi\epsilon$ ρναουμ,  $\pi$ ολιν της And he came down int , Capernaum, a city ofthe και ην διδασκων αυτους εν τοις Γαλιλαιας. and he was teaching Galilee: them in the 32 Και εξεπλησσοντο επι τη σαββασι. διδαχη abbaths. And they were astonished on the teaching δτι εν εξουσια ην δ αυτου. λογος αυτου, of him; with authority was the word of him. 33 Kaı τη συναγωγη ην ανθρωπος  $\epsilon \nu$  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ And having the synagogue was a man

23 And he said to them, "You will certainly refer me to this provers, 'Physician, cure thyself; what things we have heard has been done in CAPERNAUM, do also here in thy own COUNTRY.'"

24 But he said, "Indeed I say to you, † That no Prophet is acceptable in his own country.

25 But in Truth I say to you, ‡ There were Many Widows in Israel, in the days of Elijah, when the HEAVEN was closed three Years and six Months, so that there came a great Frame over All the LAND;

26 and yet to no one of them was Elijah sent, but to a Widow Woman, at Sarepta, of Sidon.

27 ‡ And there were Many Lepers in ISRAEL, in [the days] of Elisha the PROPHET, and yet no one of them were cleansed, but Naaman, the Syrian."

28 And all in the synagogue hearing these words, were filled with

Wrath;

29 and rising up, they drove him out of the CITY and led him even to the †Brow of the MOUNTAIN on which their CITY was built, to throw him down; 30 but IIE, ‡ passing through the Midst of them, went away.

31 ‡ And he came down to Capernaum, a City of GALILEE, and taught them

on the SABBATH.

32 And they were struck with awe at his mode of Instruction; ‡ For his word was with Authority.
33 ‡ Now there was a Man in the synagogue.

<sup>† 29.</sup> Behind the Maronite church is a steep precipice, forty or fifty feet high, "on the brow of the hill;" the very one, it may be, over which the people of Nazareth attempted to thrust the Savior, on the Sabbath when they took such offence at his preaching in the synagogue. I observed other rocky ledges, on other parts of the hill, so precipitous that a person could not be thrown over them without almost certain destruction. A worthless tradition has transferred this event to a hill about two miles to the south-east of the town. But there is no evidence that Nazareth ever occupied a different site from the present one; and that a mob so exasperated, whose object was to put to death the object of their rage, should have repaired to so distant a place for that purpose, is entirely incredible.—Hackett.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Matt. xiii. 57; Matt. vi. 4; John iv. 44. † 25, 1 Kings xvii. 9; xviii. 1; James v. 17. † 27. 2 Kings v. 14. † 30. John viii. 50; x. 39. † 31. Matt. iv. 13; Mark i. 21. † 32. Matt. vii. 28, 29. † 33. Mark i. 23.

ανεκραξε ακαθάρτου, **π**νευμα δαιμονιου Kal acmeb a lo and he cried out a spirit unclean, 34 \* [λεγων] Εα, τι ημιν και [saying.] Ah, what to us and Φωνη μεγαλη. with a voice loud. σοι, Ιησου Ναζαρηνε, ηλθες απολεσαι ήμας. o thee Jesus O Nazarene P comest thou to destroy ns: 35 Kal nιδα σε τις ει, δ άγιος του θεου. know thee who thouart, the holy the God. πετιμησεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητί, him the Jeaus, robuked saying; Be silent. και εξελθε εξ αυτου. Kaı ριψασ αυτον το come out of him. And having thrown him the ξαιμονιον εις μεσον, εξηλθεν απ' αυτου, μηδεν into midst, bim, demon cameout of nothing Και εγενετο βαμβος επι βλαψαν αυτον And came amazement on \*αντας\* και συνελαλουν προς αλληλους, λεγοιand talked to one another, Bay Τις δ λογος ούτος, ότι εν εξουσια και .53, ings What the word this, for with authority and δυναμει επιτασσαι τοις ακαθαρτοις πνευμασι, he commands the unclean και εξερχουται; 37 Και εξεπορευετο ηχος went forth areport concerning And they come out? And

into every place of the country around. 33 Αναστας δε εκ της συναγωγης, εισηλθεν Having risen up and out of the he entered synagogue, εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος· πενθερα δε του Σιμωνος bouse of Simon; mother-in-laward of the Simon ην συνεχομενη πυρετώ μεγαλώ, και ηρωτησαν with a fever great: seized an:1 they asked Και αυτον περι autns.  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \alpha s$  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ him about her. And standing above αυτης, επετιμησε τω πυρετώ• αφηκεν Kal he rebuked the fever: and itleft her, δε διηκονει αυτην. Παραχρημα αναστασα Porthwith. she served her. . and rising up CUTOIS. them.

αυτου εις παντα τοπον της περιχωρου.

<sup>40</sup> Δυνοντος δε του ήλιου, παντες δσοι ειχον and of the sun, all as many as bad ασθενουντας νοσοις ποικιλαις, ηγαγον αυτους being afflicted with diseases various, brought them TOOS QUTOY δ δε ένι έκαστω αυτων τας to - bim: . one by one separately of them the he and <sup>41</sup> Εξηρχειρας επιθεις, εθεραπευσεν αυτους. hands having placed, he healed them. Came χετο δε και δαιμονια απο πολλων, κραζοντα and also from demons crying out many, και λεγοντα. 'Οτι συ ει δ υίος του θεου. Και That thou art the son of the God. And and saying: αυτα λαλειν, ότι ηδεισαν ETITILLWY OUR €LŒ not be permitted them to say, that they knew τον Χριστον αυτου ειναι. Anointed him to be.

having a Spirit of an †imp pure Demon; and he exclaimed with a loud Voice,

34 "Ah! what hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art; the HOLY ONE of GOD."

35 And JESUS rebuked him, saying, "Be silent, and come out of him." And the DEMON having thrown him into the Midst, departed from him, without hurting him.

36 And amazement came on all, and they spoke to one another, "What worn is this! For with Authority and Power he commands the IMPURE Spirits, and they come out."

37 And a Report concerning him went forth into Every Part of the SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

38 ‡ And rising up out of the SYNAGOGUE, he entered the nouse of Simon. And SIMON'S Mother-in-law was confined with a violent Fever; and they asked him concerning her.

39 And standing over her, he rebuked the FEVER, and it left her; and instantly rising up. she scrved them.

40 ‡ Now as the sun was setting, all who had any sick with various Diseases, brought them to him; and ne. placing his HANDS on each one of them, cured them.

41 And Demons also departed from many, crying out and saying, "Thou art the son of God." And rebuking them, he permitted them not to say That they knew him to be the Messiah.

<sup>† 33.</sup> As demon was used both in a good and bad sense before and after the time of the evangelists, the word unclean may have been added here by Luke, merely to express the quality of this spirit. But it is worthy of remark, that the inspired writers never use the word demon in a good sense.—Clarke.

<sup>1 34.</sup> Psa. xvi. 10; Dan. iz 24.

 $^{42}$  Γενομενης δε ήμερας, εξελθων επορευθη εις Being come and day, coming out he went into  $\epsilon$ ρημον τοπον και οἱ οχλοι  $\epsilon$ π $\epsilon$ ζητουν αυτον, a desert place: and the crowds sought him, και ηλθων έως αυτου, και κατειχον αυτον μη came to him, and urged him not 43 'Ο δε ειπε προs πορευεσθαι απ' αυτων. He but said to depart from them. to 'Οτι και ταις έτεραις πολεσιν ευαγαυτους° them; That also to the other cities to publish γελισ**ασθαι με δει την β**ασιλε**ι**αν του θεου· ότι kingdom of the God; because me must the glad tidings

εις τουτο απεσταλμαι. for this I have been sent forth. 44 Και ην κηρυσσων εν ταις συναγωγαις της And he was preaching in the  $\lambda \alpha i \alpha s$ . KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5. synagogues 1 Εγενετυ δε εν τω Γαλιλαιας. It happened but in to the Galilee. τον οχλον επικεισθαι αυτώ του ακουειν  $To\nu$ him of the to hear the crowd to press λυγον του θεου, και αυτος ην έστως παρα την λιμνην Γεννησαρετ. έστωτα παρα την λιμνην· οί δε άλιεις αποβαν-standing by the lake; the but fishermen baving baving 3 Eußas τες απ' αυτων, απεπλυναν τα δικτυα. gone from them, were washing the nets. Entering δε εις έν των πλοιων, ό ην του Σιμωνος ηρωand into one of the ships, which was of the Simon; νησεν αυτον απο της γης επαναγαγειν ολιγον.
asked bim from the land to put off a little; asked και καθισας εδιδασκεν εκ τυυ πλοιου τους he taught out of the ship the and sitting down οχλους. 4 'Ως δε επαυσατο λαλων, ειπε προς When and he ceased speaking, he said crowds. τον Σιμωνα· Επαναγαγε εις το βαθος, και Simon; Put out into the deep, and χαλασατε τα δικτυα ύμων εις αγραν.  $^5$  Και le: down the nets of you for a draught. And αποκριθεις δ Σιμων ειπεν  $^*$ [αυτ $\psi$ ] Επιστατα, answering the S.mo. said lec bim 7 Omester όλης της νυκτος κοπ.αοαντές, ουδέν έλαthrough whole of the night having toiled, nothing βομεν· επι δε τω δηματι σου χαλασω havetaken; at but the word of the el will let down  $\tau o$ of theel will let down the δικτυον. 6 Και τουτο ποιησαντές, συνέκλει-And this having done, σαν πληθος ιχθυων πολυ διερδηγνυτο δε το sed a multitude of fishes great; and the was rending δικτυον αυτων. 7 Και κατενευσαν τοις μετο-And they beckened to the of them. χοις τοις εν τφ έτερφ πλοιφ, του ελθοντας ners to those in the other ship, ofthe coming συλλαβεσθαι αυτοις και ηλθυν, και επλησαν them; and they came, and

42 And Dayhaving come, he retired to a Desert Place; and the CROWDS sought him, and came to him, and urged him not to leave them.

43 But HE said to them, "I must proclaim the glad tidings of the Kingdom of God to ether Cities also; because for this I have been sent."

44 ‡ And he was preaching \* in the SYNAGOGUES of GALILEE.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ Now it occurred, as the CROWD PRESSED on him to HEAR the WORD of GOD, he was standing by the LAKE Gennesaret;

2 and he saw \*two Boats stationed near the shore; but the fishermen having left them, were washing their nets.

- 3 And having gone into one of the BOATS, which was SIMON'S, he asked him to put off a little from the LAND; and sitting down, he instructed the CROWDS out of the BOAT.
- 4 And when he ceased speaking, he said to Simon, if "Fut out into the DEEP and let down your NETS for a Draught"
- 5 And \*Simon answering said "Master, we have labored through the Whole Night, and have caught nothing: vet, at thy word, I will let down the \*NETS.
- 6 And having done this, they enclosed a great Multitude of Fishes: and their \* NETS were rending.

7 And they beckened to their PARTNERS in the OTHER Boat to come and ASSIST them. And they came, and filled Both the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—44, to the synagogues, to him—omit. 5, nets. 6, nets.

<sup>2.</sup> two Boats, 5. Simon.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Called also the sea or lake of Galilee, and the sea of Tiberias. It was anciently called the sea of Chinnereth. It is about five miles wide, and some sixteen or seventeen miles long.

the ships, 90 as tosink them. <sup>8</sup> Ιδων δε Σιμω**ν** Πετρο**ς, προσεπεσε τοις γο**νασι Seeing and Simon Peter. fell down to the του Ιησου, λεγων Εξελθε απ' εμου, ότι πνηρ me, of the Jesus, saying; Depart from for a nian 9 Θαμβος γαρ περιάμαρτωλος ειμι, κυριε. a sinner Iam, Olord. Amazement for seized εσχεν αυτον και παντες τους συν αυτώ, επι τη and all those with him, at the 10 δμοιως 'n αγρα των ιχθυων, συνελαβον draughtofthe fishes, which they had taken; in like manner δε και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, υίους Ζεβεδαιου, and also James and John, sons of Zebedee, οί ησαν κοινωνοι τφ Σιμωνι. Kal eine moos who were partners with the Simon. And Baid tο τον Σιμωνα ό Ιησους. Μη φοβου απο του νυν Simon the Jeans; Not fear; from of the now ανθρωπους εση ζωγρων. 11 Και καταγαγοντες men thon wilt be catching. And baving brought τα πλοια επι την γην, αφεντες άπαντα, ηκολουthe land, having left they folθησαν αυτω. lowed him.

<sup>12</sup> Και εγενετο εν τφ ειναι αυτον εν μια των Andit happened in to the to be bim in one of the πολεων, και ιδου, ανηρ πληρης λεπρας. Kai lo, and a man fuli ofleprosy; and ιδων τον Ιησουν, πεσων επι προσωπον, εδεηθη face, seeing the Jesus, baving fallen on entreated αυτου, λεγων κυριε, εαν θελης, δυνασαι με Olord, if thon wilt, thou artable me eaying; 13 Και εκτεινας την χειρα, ήψατο καθαρισαι. And stretching out the band, he touched to cleanse. αυτου, ειπων. Θελω, καθαρισθητι. Και ευθεως him, I will, be thou cleansed. And immediately Baying 14 Και **α**υτος  $\lambda \in \pi \rho \alpha \quad \alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \in \nu \quad \alpha \pi'$ αυτου. departed from him. And παρηγγειλεν αυτφ μηδενι ειπειν αλλα απελcommanded him no one to tell: but θων δειξον σεαυτον τω ίερει, και προσενεγκε an d thyself to the priest, show του καθαρισμου σου, καθως προσεταξε of thee, enjoined on account of the cleansing 8.5

15 Διηρχετο δε μαλλον δ λογος περι αυτου· Spread abroad but more the word concerning him; και συνηρχοντο οχλοι πολλοι ακουειν, και crowds to hear, and came together great θεραπευεσθαι \*[ύπ' αυταυ] απο των ασθενειων to be healed by from the

to them.

Μωσης, εις μαρτυριι ι αυτοις.

a witness

sinking.

- 8 And Simon Peter see. ing it, fell down at the KNEES of \* Jesus, saying, "Depart from n.e, O Lord, For I am a sinful Man."
- **9 For am**azement seized him, and ALL who were with him, at the DRAUGET of FISHES which they had taken :
- 10 and in like manner also, James and John, Sons of Zebedee, who were Partners with Simon. \* Jesus said to SIMON, "Fear not; | HENCEFORTH thou wilt catch Men,"
- 11 And having brought the BOATS to the LAND, I leaving all, they followed him.
- 12 # And it occurred, when he was in one of the CITIES, behold, a Man ful of Leprosy, seeing Jesus, fell on his Face, and besought him, saving, "Sir, if theu wilt, thou canst cleanse Mc."
- 13 And extending his HAND, he touched him, saying, "I will; be thou cleansed." And instantly LEPROSY departed from him.
- 14 1 And he commanded him to tell no one; "but go, [said he] show thyself to the PRIEST, and present an offering on account of thy CLEANSING, ‡ as Moses commanded, for Notifying [the cure] to the people."
- 15 But the REPORT con. cerning him spread abroad the more; and great Crowds came together to hear, and be cured of their INFIRMITIES.

15. by him-omit.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. Jesus. 10. Jesus.

<sup>† 14.</sup> This injunction of our Lord upon the man to show himself to the priest, might have had a further meaning than merely a compliance with the direction of the Mosaic law in this case. The Jewish Rabbins thought that the curing of the leprox would be characteristic of the Messich. This makes the obstinacy and unbelief of the Jewish rulers and people appear still more inexcusable.

<sup>\$ 10.</sup> Matt. iv. 19; Mark i. 17. 28. 12. Matt. viii 2; Mark i. 40. 111. Matt. iv. 20; xix. 27; Mark 1. 18; Luke xviii 1 14. Matt. viii. 4. 1 14. Lev. xiv 4, 16

α των 16 Αυτος δε ην ύποχωρων εν ταις ερημοις, of them: He but was setting in the deserts, και προσευχομενος.
and praying.

17 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων, και αυτος
And ithappened in one of the days, and he ην διδασκων· και ησαν καθημενοι Φαρισαιοι και and were was teaching; sitting Pharisces νομοδιδασκαλοι, οί ησαν εληλυθοτες εκ πασης teachers of the law, they were having tome out of κωμης της Γαλιλαίας και Ιουδαίας, και Ίερουtillages of the Galilee and Judea and και δυναμις κυριου ην εις το ιασθαι σαλημ. of Lurd was into .h: to hea! salem: and power 18 Και ιδου, ανδρες φεροντες QUTOUS. them. lo, men bringing κλινης ανθρωπον, δς ην παραλελυμενος• και who was a man, having been palsied; a couch and εζητουν αυτον εισενεγκειν, και θειναι ενωπιον to bring in, and to place in presence sought 19 Και μη ευροντες ποιας εισενεγκωσιν αυτου. finding of him. And not how they might bring in αυτυν, δια τον οχλον, αναβαντες επι το δωμα, him, through the crowd, having gone up to the roof, των κεραμών κα $\theta$ ηκαν αυτον συν τω through the \*iles they let down tim with the κλινιδι**φ εις το μ**εσον εμπροσθεν του Ιησου. attle bed into the midst in presence of the Jesus. <sup>20</sup> Και ιδων την πιστιν αυτων, ειπεν· Ανθρωπε, And seeing the faith of them, he said: O man. σοι αί άμαρτιαι σου. <sup>21</sup> Και ηρξαντο αφεωνται have been forgiven to thee the of thee. #ina And began διαλογιζεσθαι οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι, to reason the scribes and the Pharisees, **λε**γοντες: Τις εστινού ros δς λαλει βλασφημιας; Who 18 this who speaks blasphemies?

τι**ς δ**υναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη μονο**ς δ** to forgive is able sins, it not alone the  $\theta \in os$ ;  $22 \text{E}\pi i \gamma \nu o u s \delta \in \delta \text{I} \eta \sigma o u s \tau o u s \delta i a \lambda o \gamma i \sigma \mu o u s$ Knowing but the Jesus the reasonings αυτων, αποκριθεις ειπε προς αυτους. Τι διαλοanswering said Why to thear; <sup>23</sup> Τ΄: εστιν γιζεσθε εν ταις καρδιας ύμων, reason the bearts of you? Which ευκοπωτερον; ειπειν. Αφεωνται σοι αί άμαρto say; Have been forgiven to thee the easier P

of thee? or to say; Arise and walk?

I να δε ειδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχε. ό vios του
That but you may know, that authority has the son of the

ανθρωπου επί της γης αφιεναι άμαρτιας, (είπε
man on the earth to forgive sum, (he's aid

τιαι σου;

τω παραλελυμενω.) Σοι λεγω. Εγειρε, και to the having been palsied;) Το thee I say; Arise, and αρας το κλινιδιον σου, πορευου εις τον having taken up the little bed of thee, go into the

16 ‡ And he retired into solitary places, and prayed.

17 And it occurred on one of the DAYS, he was teaching, and the \*Pharisees and Teachers of the Law were sitting near, having come out of Every Village of Galilee, and of Judea, and from Jerusalem; and the Mighty Power of the Lord was on \*hm to cure.

18 ‡ And, behold, Men bringing on a Bed a palsied Man, and they sought to bring him in, and place him in his pressure.

19 And not hading how they could bring him in, on account of the CROWD, having ascended to the ROOF, they lowered him, with the LITTE FED, through the TILES, into the MIDST before \* them all.

20 And perceiving their FAITH, he said, "Man, thy sins are forgiven thee."

21 ‡ And the SCRIBES and the PHARISEES began to reason, saving "Who is this that utiers Blasphemies? ‡ Who can forgive Sins, except God only?"

22 But Jesus knowing their THOUGHTS, answering, said to them, "Why do you reason in your HEARTS?

ν; ειπειν. Αφεωνται σοι αι άμαρto say; Have been forgiven to thee the η ειπειν. Εγειρε και περιπατει; or to say; Arise and walk?

24 But that you may know that the son of MAN has AUTHORITY ON EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PALSIED MAN,) 'I say to thee, 'Arise, and taking up thy LITTLE BED, go to thy House.'"

<sup>\*</sup> VATIGES MANUSCRIPT.—17. PHARISEES. 17. him to cure. And. 19. them all. 19. Probably through the door in the roof, which being fastened, was forced open. See Mark ii. 4. Because all the roof, except the door, was covered with tiles, it is said, "they lowered him through the tiles;" of course, by means of the stairs leading down into the area or court of the house, where the people were assembled.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Matt. xiv. 23; Mark vi. 46. 18. Mait. ix. 2; Mark ii. 8. Nark ii. 6, 7. 121. Psa. xxxii. 5; Isa. xlii. 25.

<sup>25</sup> Και παραχρημά αναστας ενωπιον DIKOV GOV. And anstautly arising in presence  $\epsilon \phi^3$  ' $\phi$  · κατεκείτο, απηλθεν bouse of thre. αυτων, apas of them, having taked up on which, he had been laid, εις τον οικον αύτου, δοξαίων τον θεον, 26 Και fints the house of himself, glorifying the God. And εκστασις ελαβεν απαντας, και εδυξαζον τον A all, and they glorified the took Θεον· και επλησθησαν φοβου, λεγοντες·
God: and were filled of fear, saying: 'Οτι That ειδομεν παραδοξα σημερον. wo have seen wonderful things to-day.

27 Και μετα ταυτα εξηλθε, και εθεασατο And after these he went out, and saw τελωνην, ουοματι Λευιν, καθημενον ETL TO the a publican, with a name . Levi, at sitting ειπεν αυτώ. Ακολουθει μοι. σελωνιον. και bustom-honse: and he said to him; Follow 🛱 Και καταλιπων άπαντα, αναστας ηκολουθήσεν And lorsaking all, rising up he followed

29 Και εποιησε δοχην μεγαλην Λευις αυτφ. made : a feast great hum. And αυτώ εν τη οικιά αύτου· και ην οχλος τελωνων to him in the house of himself: and was a crowd of publicans πολυς, και αλλων, οί ησαν μετ' αυτων κατακειgreat, and of others, who were with them ... . secim-30 Και εγογγυζον οι γραμματεις αυτων μενοι. And murmured the acribes. of thein και δί Φαρισαιοι προς τους μαθητας αυτου; of him, and the Pharisces to the. disciples λεγοντες. Διατι μετα των τελωνων και άμαρsaying: Why with the publicate and sig-τωλων εσθιετε και πινετε; 3 Και αποκριθεις δ sianers do you'eat and drink? And answering the πεις αυγοιεσε από τους Ου χρειαν εχουσιν tuem: No need aaid 10 οι υγιαινοντες ιατρου, αλλ' οί κακως εχοντες. those being in health of a physician, but those sick <sup>32</sup> ουκ εληλυθα καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλα αμαρτω-

not I have come to call just (ones,) but ., einner λους εις μετανοιαν.

λους εις μετανοιαν. to reformation.,

\*[Διατί] οί (Why) 33 'Οί δε ειπού προς αυτού They and said him: 10 μαθηται Ιωαννου **νηστ**ευουσι πυκνα, και δεησεις ofJohn disciples fast often, and prayers ποιουνται, δμοιως και οί των Φαρισαιων οί δε make, in tike manner and the ge of the Pharisces: those but σοι εσθιουσι και πινουσιν; 31'O δε ειπε προς and drink? He and said αυτους. Μη δυνασθε τους υίους του νυμφιος, εν Not you are able the sons of the bridal-chau, ber, in ω δ νυμφιος μετ' αυτων εστι, ποιησαι which the bidegroom with them is, to make νηστευειν; 35 Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, και όταν days, to fast? Willcome but and when απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, τοτε νηστευσουmay be taken from them the bridegroom, then they will fast

25 And instantly arising in their presence, and taking up that on which he had been lying, he proceeded to his own HOUSE, praising God.

26 And astonishment seized all, and they praised GOD, and were filled with Fear, saying, "We have seen wonderful things to-day."

27 ‡ And after this, he went out, and saw a Tribute-taker, named Levi, sitting at the TAX-OFFICE; and he said to him, "Follow me."

28 And forsaking all, he arose, and followed him

29 ‡ And \* Levi made a great feast for him, in his own House; and there was a great Crowd of Tribute-takers, and of others, who were reclining with them.

30 And \*the Pharisees and their scribes complained to his disciples, saying, "Why do you catand drink with tributetakers and Sinners?"

31 And \*Jesus answering, said to them, "Those who are in Health have no need of a Physician, but those who are sick."

32 ‡ I have not come to call the Righteous, but Sinners to Repentance."

33 And THEY said to him, to The disciples of John frequently fast and Pray; and in like manner those of the Phariskes; but thine eat and drink?

34 And he said to them, "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them?

35 But Days will come, when the BRIDEGROOM will be taken from them, and then they will fast in Those DAYS."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-29. LEVI.

<sup>30.</sup> the Phanisers and their scribes.

<sup>36</sup> Ελεγε δε και υιν εν εκειναι**ς τ**αις ήμεραις. Hespoke and also those the days. Ότι ουδεις επιβλημα παραβολην προς αυτους• them; That to noone a patch ίματιου καινου επιβαλλει επι ίματιον παλαιον· of a mantle new old: a mantle sews on to ει δε μηγε, και το καινον σχιζει, και τφ παλαιφ if but not, and the new itrends, and the old ου συμφωνει επιβλημα το απο του καινου. a patch agrees that from the Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον νεον εις ασκους And Roone puts wine new into akins παλαιους ειδε μηγε, δηξει ο νεος οινος τους if but not, will burst the new wine the ασκους, και αυτος εκχυθησεται, και οί ασκοι will be spilt, he and the skins απολουνται· 38 αλλα οινον νεον εις ασκους καιwill be destroyed: but wine new into skins νους βλητεον \*[και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται.] requires to be put: [and both are preserved.] [Kai] ovõeis  $\pi$ ιων  $\pi$ αλαιον, \* $[\epsilon$ υθ $\epsilon$ ως]  $\theta$ ελει [And] no one having drunk old, [immediately] desires νεον· λεγει γαρ· 'Ο παλαιος χρηστοτερος εστιν. new: he says for: The old

# KΕΦ. s'. 6.

Εγενετο δε εν σαββατφ \*[δευτεροπρωτφ] It happened and in sabbath [second-first) δ...πορευεσθαι αυτον δια των σποριμων. και him through the grain-fields: and ετιλλον οί μαθηται αυτου τους σταχυας, και plucked the disciples of him the ears of grain, and 2 Tives de Twv ησθιον, ψωχοντές ταις χέρσι. ate, rubbing the hands. Some and of the Φαρισαιων ειπον \*[αυτοις ] Τι ποιειτε, δ ουκ εξ-Pharisees said (to them;) Why do you, which not it is εστι\* [ποιειν] εντοις σαββασι; 3 Και αποκριθεις And answering [to do] in the sabbaths? προς αυτους είπεν δ Ιησους. Ουδε τουτο ανεγνωτε, δ εποιησε Δαυιδ, δποτε επεινασεν αυτος read, what did David, when was hungry και οί μετ' αυτου οντες; 4 ώς εισηλθεν εις τον him being? how he entered into the οικον του θεου, και τους αρτους της προθεσεως house of the God, and the loaves of the presence \*[ Ka1 ] ελαβε, εδωκε και εφαγε, και TOIS and ate, and [also] he took. gave to those μετ' αυτου· ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν, ει μη μονος him; which not it is lawful to eat, if not 5 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. \*['OT1 Tous lepeis; priests? And [That] the he said to them;

36 ‡ And he also spoke a Parable to them; "No one puts a Picce \* rent from a new Garment on an old; else the NEW also \* will make a rent, and That Piece from the NEW \* will not agree with the old.

37 And no one puts new Wine into † old Skins; else the \*NEW WINE will burst the SKINS, and itself he spilt, and the SKINS be destroyed.

38 But new Wine must be put into new Skins.

39 No one having drunk old wine desires new; for he says, 'The old is good.'"

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 ‡ And it occurred on the Sabbath, that he went through the \* Grain-fields, and his DISCIPLES plucked the HEADS of GRAIN, and ate, rubbing them in their HANDS.

- 2 And some of the Pharisees said, "Why do you ‡ what is not lawful on the SABBATH?"
- 3 And \* Jesus answering them, said, "Have you not even read this, twhich David did, when hungry, he and those who \* were with him?
- 4 He went into the TAB-FENACLE of GOD, and took the LOAVES of the PRES-ENCE, and atc, and gave to THOSE with him; ‡ which none but the PRIESTS could lawfully eat."
  - 5 And he said to them,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—36. rent from a new.
36. will not agree with.
37. NEW WINE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
1. Grain-helds.
2. to them—omit.
2. to do—omit.
39. will make a rent, and the PIECE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
1. Grain-helds.
2. to them—omit.
39. will make a rent, and the PIECE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
38. Jesus.
38. will make a rent, and the PIECE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
38. Jesus.
38. will make a rent, and the PIECE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
38. are preserved—omit.
39. 
<sup>† 37.</sup> Bottles of skin or leather, which the Jews used for putting their wines in. Skins are used for this purpose now in Spain, Portugal, and the East. New wine, by fermenting would burst such as these, if they were old, and dry. See Josh. ix. 4, and Job xxxii. 19.

κυριος εστιν δ υίος του ανθρωπου κα**ι τ**ου σαβthe son of the man also of the sabβατου. bath.

6 Εγενετο δε \* [και] εν έτερφ σαββατφ εισελ-It happened and [also] in another sabbath to enθειν αυτον εις την συναγωγην, και διδασκειν· και him into the synagogue, and to teach; ην εκει ανθρωπος, και ή χειρ αυτου ή δεξια ην was there a man, and the hand of him the right was 7 Παρετηρουν δε αυτον οί γραμματεις ξηρα. withered. Watched and him the scribes και οί Φαρισαιοι ει εν τω σαββατω θεραπευσι, and the Pharisees if in the sabbath he will heal, 8 Αυτος δε ίνα €ύρωσι κατηγοριαν αυτου. so that they might find an accusation ofhim. Нe but ηδει τους διαλογισμους αυτων, και  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \tau \omega$ the of them, and said to the purposes ανθρωπώ τώ ξηραν εχοντι την χειρα. Εγειρε, the the withered having Arise, hand; 'Ο δε αναστας εστη. και στηθι εις το μεσον. He and having arisen stood. and stand into the midst. <sup>9</sup> Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους προς αυτους· Επερωτησω then the Jesus to them; I will ask ύμας. Τι εξεστι τοις σαββασιν; αγαθοποιησαι, yon; What is it lawful to the sabbath? to do good, η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, η αποκτειναι; to do evil? a life to save, or to kill? αυτους,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ 

 $^{10}$  Kai  $\pi$ epi $\beta$  $\lambda$ e $\psi$ a $\mu$ e $\nu$ os παντας And looking around on all αυτώ. Εκτεινον την χειρα σου. to him; Stretch out the hand of thee. και απεκατεσταθη ή χειρ αυτου \*[ώς ή αλλη.] the hand of him was restored  $^{11}$  Αυτοι δε επλησθησαν ανοιας, και διελαλουν

They and were filled madness, and they talked προς αλληλους, τι αν ποιησειαν τω Ιησου. one another, what they should do to the Jesus.

12 Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις, εξηλ-It came to pass and in the days those, he went θεν εις το ορος προπευξασθαι. και ην διανυκτεnut into the mountain and was to pray: passing the <sup>13</sup> Και ότε ρευων εν τη προσευχη του θεου. night in the place of prayer of the God. And whea μαθητας ήμερα, προσεφωνησε τους  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$ day, he called to the it hecame disciples αύτου και εκλεξαμενος απ' αυτων δωδεκα, ούς twelve, having chosen from them whom of himself: and <sup>14</sup> (Σιμωνα, δυ και και αποστολους ωνομασε. (Simon, whom also apostles he named: και Ανδρεαν αδελφον ωνομασε Πετρον, τον he named Peter, and Andrew the brother Φιλιππον αυτου, Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, KOL Philip John, and James aud

"The son of man is Lord even of the SABBATH."

- And it occurred on Another Sabbath, that he entered the SYNAGOGUE. and taught. And a Man was there whose RIGHT HAND was withered.
- 7 And the scribes and Pharisees watched him closely [to see] if he would cure on the SABBATH : that they might find an Accusation against him.
- 8 But he knew their PURPOSES, and said to THAT MAN HAVING the withered HAND, "Arise, and stand in the midst." And HE arose and stood.
- 9 They Jesus said to them, "I ask you, if it is lawful to do good on the SABBATH, or to do evil? to save Life, or to kill?"
- 10 And locking round on them all, he said to him, "Stretch out thine HAND." And HE did so; and his HAND was restored.
- 11 And then were filled with madness, and consulted with one another, what they should do to Jesus.
- 12 # And it came to pass in those DAYS, that he went out to the mountain to pray; and he remained, through the night, in the ORATORY Of GOD.
- And when it was 13 Day he summoned his DISCIPLES; I and having selected from them twelve, whom he also named Apostles:-
- 14 Simon, 1 whom he also named Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER. James and John, Philip and Bartholomew.

them,

He and

as the

'Ο δε εποιησε'

he said

other.]

did;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT,-6. also-omit. 15. Alpheus. the other-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> I ask you, if it is lawful,

<sup>† 12.</sup> Or the place of prayer to God. Nearly all modern critics translate promises in this passage and Acts xvi. 13, in this manner. A prosuitee was a large uncovered building, with scats, as in an amphitheatre, and used for worship where there was no synagogue.

<sup>; 6,</sup> Matt. xii, 9; Mark iii.1; Luke xiii.14; xiv.8; John ex. 16, 3, Matt. x.1 ; 14. John i. 42. I 72. Wait. xiv. 23 1 13. Matt. x. 1

Βαρθολομαιον, 15 Ματθαιον και Θωμαν, Ιακωβον Bartholomew, Matthew and Thomas, τον του Αλφαιου, και Σιμωνα τον καλουμενον the of the Alpheus, and Simon the being called ζηλωτην, 16 Ιουδαν Ιακωβου και Ιουδαν Ισκαρι- $\{\eta \lambda \omega \tau \eta \nu, \tau \}$  Judas of James and Judas Iscarber  $\eta \nu$ ,  $\delta s \times [\kappa \alpha \iota] \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma \pi \rho \nu \delta \sigma \tau \eta s^* \}$  17 και lot, who [also] became a traitor;) and καταβας  $\mu \epsilon \tau'$  αυτων,  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta$  επι τοπου πεδινου, descending with them, he stood on a place level, και οχλος μαθητων αυτου, και πληθος πολυ and a crowd of disciples of him, and a multitude great του λαου απο πασης της Ιουδαιας, και Ίερουof the people from all of the Judea, aud παλημ, και της παραλιου Τυρου και Σιδωνος, Sidon, and of the sea-coast of Tyre and οί ηλθον ακουσαι αυτου, και ιαθηναι απο των who came to hear him, and to be healed from νοσων αύτων. 18 και οί οχλουμένοι απο πνευμα-liseasea of themselves; and those being troubled from spirits <sup>19</sup> Και πας των ακαθαρτων και εθεραπευοντο. and they were healed. unclean; And all δ οχλος εζητει άπτεσθτι αυτου. ότι δυναμις the crowd sought to touch him; for a power παρ' αυτου εξηρχετο, και ιατο παντας. and healed hima went out,

<sup>20</sup> Και αυτος επάρας τους οφθαλμους αύτου he having lifted up the of himself eyes eis τους μαθητας αύτου, ελεγε Μακαριοι οί ou the disciples of himself, be said; Blessed the ότι ύμετερα εστιν ή βασιλεια του πτω χοι• is the of the for yours kingdom poor: θεου. <sup>21</sup> Μακαριοι οἱ πεινωντες νυν· δτι χορτασyou shall Blessed the hungering now; for θησεσθε. Μακαριοι οἱ κλαιοντες νυν. ότι be satisfied. Blessed the weeping for now: γελασετε. ou shall laugh.

22 Μακαριοι εστε, όταν μισησωσιν ύμας of Blessed are you, when may hate you the ανθρωποι, και όταν αφορισωσιν ύμας, και men, and when they may separate you, and ονειδισωσι, και εκβαλωσι το ονομα ύμων ώς hey may revile, and may cast out the name ofyon as  $^{23}\,\mathrm{X}$ aπονηρον, ένεκα του υίου του ανθρωπου. evil, on account of the son of the man. Reρητε εν εκεινή τη ήμερα, και σκιρτησατε ιδου joice you in that the day, and leap you for joy: lo the day, and leap you for joy; γαρ, δ μισθος δμων πολυς εν τω ουρανω κατα for, the reward of you great in the heaven; according to ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις προφηταις οί πατερες these to the prophets the fathers αυτων. of them.

24 Πλην ουαι υμίν τοις πλουσιοις· ότι απε-But we toyon the rich; for you have

15 Mathew and Thomas, THAT James, son of \* Alpheus, and THAT Simon who was CALLED the Zealot.

16 Judas the brother of James, and Judas Iscariot, who became a Traitor;—

17 and coming down with them, he stood on a level Place, with a \*Crowd of his Disciples, ‡ and a great Multitude of PEOPLE from All JUDEA and Jerusalem, and the SEA-COAST of Tyre and Sidon, who came to hear him, and to be restored from their DISEASES;

18 and THOSE who were \* distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

19 And All the crown sought to touch him, ‡ For a Power went ou. from him, and healed all.

20 And he, having lifted up his eyes on his disciples, said; ‡" Happy, poor enes! For yours is the kingdom of God.

21 ‡ Happy now, Hungering ones! Since you will be satisfied. ‡ Happy now, Weeping ones! Because you will laugh.

22 ‡Happy are you, when MEN may hate you, and separate you, and may revile and cast out your NAMES as evil, on account of the Son of Man.

23 ‡ Rejoice in That DAY, and leap for joy; for behold, your REWARD will be great in HEAVEN; ‡ for thus their FATHEES did to the PROPHETS.

24 ‡ But Woe to You, RICH ones; For you have your CONSOLATION.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. Alpheus. 16. also-omit. 17. a great Crowd 18. distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Jude 1. † 17. Matt. iv. 25; Mark iii. 7. † 19. Mark v. 30; Luke viii. 48 † 29. Matt. v. 4; xi. 5; James ii. 5. † 21. Matt. v. 6. † 21. Matt. v. 4. † 22. Matt. v. 11: 1 Pet. ii. 10; iii. 14; iv. 14. † 123. Matt. v. 12; Acts v. 41; Col. 2. 94; James v. 12. \*\*

\*\*RA Acts vii. 51. † 24. James v. 12. \*\*

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<sup>25</sup> Ουαι ὑμιν, χετε την παρακλησιν ύμων. οi in full the comfort of you. Woe to you, those εμπεπλησμενοι· ότι πεινασετε· ουαι ύμιν, οί having been filled; for you shall hunger. Woe to you, those γελωντες νυν ότι πενθησετε και κλαυσετε. for you shall mourn and you shall weep. laughing now: <sup>26</sup> Ουαι, όταν καλως ύμας ειπωσιν οί ανθρωποι· well you may speak the when ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις ψευδοπροφηταις according to these for did to the false-prophets οί πατερες αυτων. the fathers of them.

27 Αλλ' ύμιν λεγω τοις ακουουσιν Αγαπατε to you I say to those hearing: Love you **~**ους εχθρους ύμων· καλως ποιειτε τοις μισουthe enemies of you: good do you to those σιν ύμας· <sup>28</sup>ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας· bless you those ing you: cursing προσευχεσθε ύπερ των επηρεαζοντων ύμας. traducing pray you for those you.  $^{29}\,{
m T}\omega$  τυπτοντι σε επι την σιαγονα, παρεχε και To the striking thee on the cheek, offer την αλληφ. και απο του αιροντος σου το ίματιον, the other: and from the taking of thee the mantle. και τον χιτωνα μη κωλυσης. also the tunic not thou mayest hinder.

<sup>30</sup> Παντι δε τω αιτουντι σε διδου· και απο του To all and those asking thee give thou; and from the <sup>31</sup> Και καθως αιροντος τα σα, μη απαιτει. what is thine, not demand back. And all \*[και  $\theta \in \lambda \in \tau \in$ , iva  $\pi \circ \iota \omega \sigma \iota \nu$  bhiv of  $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \circ \iota$ , you wish, that may do to you the men, [also 3° Kai ei ύμεις ποιειτε αυτοις όμοιως. αγαdo you to them in like manner. you you? And if πατε τους αγαπωντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις love those loving you, what to you thanks εστι; και γαρ οἱ αμαρτωλοι τους αγαπωντας love Those who Love is it? also for the sinners those loving  $^{33}\,\mathrm{Ka}\,\imath\,\,\epsilon$ aν αγαθοποιητ $\epsilon\,\, au$ ous αυτους αγαπωσι. And if you should do good those love. αγαθοποιουντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις εστι;
doing good you, what to you thanks is it? και \*[γαρ] οι άμαρτωλοι το αυτο ποιουσι.
also [for] the sinners the same do. 34 Και εαν δανειζητε παρ' ών ελπιζετε απολα-And if you should lend from whom you hope to re- $*[\gamma \alpha \rho]$  of βειν, ποια υμιν χαρις εστι, ceive, what to you thanks is it? και [for] the also άμαρτωλοι άμαρτωλοις δανειζουσιν, ίνα απολαsinners to sinners lend, that they may 35 Πλην αγαπατε τους εχθρου**ς** βωσι το ισα. receive the like things. But love you the enemies ύμων, και αγαθοποιειτε και δανειζετε μηδεν MIES, and do good and ot you, and do you good and

25 Woe to you who are \* FULL now! Because you will hunger. YOU who LAUGH now! For you will mourn and weep.

26 Woe, when men may speak well of you! for \* thus their fathers did to the FALSE-PROPHETS.

27 ‡ But I say to You, who HEAR me, Love your ENEMIES; do good to THOSE Who HATE you,

28 1 bless those who CURSE you, pray for THOSE who INJURE you.

29 ‡ To him striking thee on the CHEEK, present the OTHER also; ‡ and from HIM who TAKES AWAY thy MANTLE, withhold not even thy coar.

30 # Give to EVEBY one ASKING thee; and from HIM Who TAKES AWAY what is THINE, demand it

31 ‡ And as you would that MEN should do to you. do in like manner to them.

32 ‡ And if you love THOSE who LOVE you, What Thanks are due to

33 \* And if you do good to those doing good to you, What thanks are due to you? sinners even do the SAME.

34 \* And if you lend to those from whom you hope to receive, What Thanks are due to you? SINGERS even lend to Sinners, that they may receive an EQUI-VALENT.

35 But love your ENElend you nothing lend, in Nothing despair-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. FULL now. 25. Woe, you who LAUGH now. same did they to the false-prophets. do good. 33. for-omit. 34. 31. you also-omit. 33. For if also you 34. for-omit.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Exod. xxiii. 4; Prov. xxv. 21; Matt. v. 44; Rom. xii. 20. Luke xxiii. 34; Acts vii. 60. † 29. Matt. v. 30. † 29. 1 xv. 7, 8, 10; Prov. xxi 26; Matt. v. 42. † 31. Matt. vii. 1 f 34. Matt. v 42. 1 28. Matt. v. 44; † 29. Matt. v. 39. † 29. 1 C † . v. 42. † 31. Matt. vil. 12. 1 29. 1 Cor. vi. 7. 1 30. Deut. 1 32. Matt. v. 43.

**απελπ**ιζοντες· και εσται ό μισθος ύμων πολυς, despairing ! and shall be the reward of you great, και εσεσθε υίοι ύψιστου. ότι αυτος χρηστος and you shall be sous of highest; for he kind εστιν επι τους αχαριστους και πονηρους.

to the unthaukful and  $^{36}$  Γινεσθε \* [ουν] οικτιρμονες, καθως \* [κα.] Be you [therefore] compassionate, even as [also] <sup>37</sup> Και μη πατηρ ύμων οικτιρμων εστι. of you compassionate And κρινετε, και ου μη κριθητε· μη καταδικαζετε, judge you, and not not you may be judged: not condemn you, και ου μη καταδικασθητε απολυετε, και αποand not not you may be condemned; release you, and 33 Διδοτε, και δοθησεται υμιν. λυθησεσθε. and it shall te given to you: shall be released. Give you, μετρον καλον  $\pi$ ε $\pi$ ιε $\sigma$ μενον \*[και]  $\sigma$ ε $\sigma$ αλευpeasure good having been pressed down (and) having been αενον \* [και | ύπερεκχυνομενον δωσουσιν εις τον [and] running over shall be given into the τφ γαρ αυτφ μετρφ, κολπον ύμων• by the for same measure, with which of you, μετρείτε, αντιμετρηθησεται ύμιν.  $^{39}$  Ειπε δε you measure, it shall be measured again to yon. He spoke and He spoke and παραβολην αυτοις· Μητιδυνατιτυφλος τυφλον to them; Not isable ablind blind δδηγειν**; ο**υχι αμφοτεροι εις βοθυνον πεσουντα**ι;** 

to lead? not both into a pit will fall?

<sup>40</sup> Ου**κ εστι μ**αθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον the a disciple over κατηρτισμένος δε πας έσται ώς δ αύτου• of himself; having been fully qualified but every one shall be as the <sup>41</sup> Τι δε βλεπεις το καρφος διδασκαλος αιτου. of him. Why and seest thou the aplinter το εν τω οφθαλμω του αδελφου σου, την δε that in the eye ofthe brother of thee, the but δοκον την εν τω ιδιω οφθαλμω ου κατανοεις: beam that in thine own eye not perceivest? 42 \* [η] πως δυνασαι λεγειν τω αδελφω σου [or] how art thou able to say to the brother of thee:

A $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \epsilon$ ,  $\alpha \phi \epsilon s$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \omega$  to  $\kappa \alpha \rho \phi o s$  to  $\epsilon \nu$  to obtain that in the object of that in the οφθαλμφ σου αυτος την εν τφ οφθαλμω σου δοκον ου βλεπων; Υποκριτα, εκβαλε πρωτον beam not beholding? Ο hypocrite, caston eye of thee; tnyself the in the την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, και τοτε beam out of the eye of thee, and διαβλεψεις εκβαλει**ν το** καρφος το εν τω οφθαλthou will see clearly to cast out the splinter that in the μω του αδελφου σου. of the brother of thee.

43 Ου γαρ εστι δενδρον Not for in a tree καλον, ποιουν καρπον σαπρον. ουδε δενδρον bearing fruit corrupt; a tree

ing; and your REWARB will be great, and ‡ you will be Sons of the Most High: for he is kind to the UNTHANKFUL and Evil.

36 ‡ Be you compassionate, as your FATHER is compassionate.

37 ‡ And judge not, and you will not be judged; condemn not, and you will not be condemned; forgive, and you will be forgiven;

38 ‡ give, and it will be given to you; good Measure, pressed down, shaken together, and overflowing, will be given into your LAP. For by the SAME Measure with which you measure, it will be dispensed to you again."

39 And he spoke a Parable to them; ‡"Can a Blind man lead a Blind man? Will not both fall into a Pit?

40 ‡A disciple is not above his TEACHER: but every one fully qualined will be as his TEACHER.

41 ‡But why observest thou THAT SPLINTER in tthy brother's eye, and perceivestnotthad thoen in thine own Eye?

42 How wilt thou say to thy BROTHER, 'Brother, iet me take out THAT SPLINTER in thine EYE; thyself not seeing the THORN in thine own EYE? Hypocrite! first extract the THORN from thine own EYE, and then thou wilt see clearly to extract THAT SPLINTER in thy BRO. THER'S EYE.

43 # For there is no good Tree which yields bad Fruit, nor \*again a bad

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. therefore-omit. 33. and-omit. -omit. 42. or-omit.

<sup>36.</sup> also-omit. 43. again.

<sup>† 41.</sup> In the Talmud are the following proverbs:—"They who say to others, take the small piece of wood out of thy teeth, are answered by, 'take the beam out of thine own eyes."—Hammand and Lightfoot.

<sup>1 35.</sup> Matt. v. 45. 1 37. Matt. vii. 1. I 40. Matt. x. 24; John xiii. 16; xv. 20. 1 43. Matt. vii. 16 17. vii. 3.

<sup>1 38.</sup> Prov. 1 41. Matt

<sup>41</sup> Έκαστον **γ**αρ σαπρον, ποιουν καρπον καλον. corrupt, bearing truit good. Every lor δενδρον εκ του ιδιου καρπου γινωσκεται ου γαρ from the own fruit is known; not for εξ ακανθων συλλεγουσι συκα, ουδε εκ βατου figs, nor om a bramble do they gather τρυγωσι σταφυλην. 45 'Ο αγαθος ανσρωπος εκ do they pick a cluster of grapes. The good του αγαθου θησαυρου της καρδιας αύτου προgood treasure of the heart of himself brings φερει το αγαθον και ὁ πονηρος \*. θρωπος | φερεί το αγωσος and the evil [man] εκ του πονηρου \* [θησαυρου της καρδιας αύτου] [liesagure of the hear of himself] προφερει το πονηρον: εκ γαρ του περισσειμαbrings forth the evil; out of for folness the 26 Tℓ τος της καρδιας λαλει το στομα αυιου. Why speaks the mouth of him. of the heart δε με καλειτε, κυριε, κυριε και ου ποιειτε α and me do you call, Olord, Olord; and not do what λεγω; I say?

<sup>47</sup> Πας δ ερχομενος προς με, και ακουων μου coming to me, and hearing of me All the των λογων, και ποιων αυτους, ύποδειξω ύμιν, and doing them, ενωσους 48 Όμοιος εστ · ανθρωπώ to a man words, ιινι εστιν όμοιος. like. whom he is εικοδομουντι οικιαν, δε εσκαψε και ε $\beta$ αθ $\nu$ ε, a house, who dug anJ building ται εθηκε θεμελιον επι την πετραν· πλημμ...pas and laid a foundation on the rock; of aflood δε γενομενης, προσερβηξεν δ ποταμος τη οικια and having come, dashed against the stream the b⊃use εκεινη, και ουκ ισχυσε σαλευσαι αυτην τεθεand not was able to shake her: <sup>49</sup> О S. акоис as, μελιωτο γαρ επι την πετραν. He but having heard, for upon the rock. και μη ποιησας, όμοιος εστιν ανθρωπώ οικοδοand not having done, like he is to a man h..ving μησαντι οικιαν επι την γην χωρις θεμελιου. ahouse on the earth without afoundation; huilt προσερδηξεν δ ποταμος και ευθεως επεσε, to which dashed against the stream: and immediately it all, και εγενετο το βηγμα της οικιας εκεινης μεγα. became the ruin of the house that

# КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

1 Επει δε επληρωσε παντα τα δηματα αυτου When and he had ended all the Wolus εις τας ακοας του λαου, εισηλθεν εις Καπερears of the people, he entered in ... Caperthe 2 'Εκατονταρχου δε τινι δουλο**ς κ**ακως ναουμ. and certain slave Of a centurion Bick  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ , ημελλε  $oldsymbol{ au}\epsilon \lambda \epsilon oldsymbol{u} au lpha 
u oldsymbol{u} au$ , δς ην αυτ $\psi$  εντιμος, to die, who was to him valuable. being, was about

Tree which yields good Fruit.

- 44 For ‡ Every Tree in known by its own Fruit. For they do not gather Figs from Thorns, nor do they pick Grapes from Brambles.
- 45 The GOOD Man out of the GOOD Treasure of of \*the HEART produces GOOD; and the BAD Man out of the EVIL produces EVIL; for out of \*an Overflowing Heart his MOUTH speaks.
- 46 ‡ And why do you call Me, 'Master, Master,' and obey not my commands?
- 47 ‡ EVERY ONE COM-ING to me, and hearing My words, and obeying them, I will show you whom he is like;
- 48 he resembles a Man building a House, who dug deep, and laid a foundation on the Bock; and a Flood having come, the stream dashed against that house, but could not shake it; \* because it was well-built on the Bock.
- 49 But HE who HEARS and obeys not, resembles a Man building a House on the EARTH, without a Foundation; against which the STEEAM dashed, and it fell imm.ediately, and great was the EUIN of that HOUSE."

#### CHAPTER VII.

- 1 Now when he had finished All his sayings in the HEARING of the PEOPLE, ‡ he entered Capernaum.
- 2 And a Centurion's Servant, who was valuable to him, being sick, was about to die.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. the HEART. 45. Man.—omit. 45. Treasure of his Heart—omit. 45. an Overflowing Heart. 48. because it was well-built on

<sup>1 44.</sup> Matt. xii. 33. 1 40. Matt. vii. 21, 25; Luke xiii. 25 47 Matt. vii. 24 t 1. Matt. viii. 5.

Ακουσας δε περι του Ιησου, απεστειλε προς Having heard and about the Jesus, to he seut αυτον πρεσβυτερους των Ιουδαιων, ερωτων asking him elders of the Jews. αυτον, όπως ελθων διασωση τον δουλον αύτου. that coming he would save the slave of himself. <sup>4</sup> Οἱ δε ταραγενομενοι προς τον Ιησουν, παρεκαthey be-They and having come to the Jesus, 'Οτι αξιος λουν αυτον σπουδαιως, λεγοντες. That worthy earnestly, saving;  $\dot{}$ ω παρεξει τουτο $\dot{}$ ο αγαπα γαρ το €στιν, heis, for whom thou wilt confer this; he loves for the εθνος ήμων, και την συναγωγην αυτος φκοδοnation of us, and the synagogue 6 'Ο δε Ιησους επορευετο μησεν ήμιν.  $\sigma \upsilon \nu$ The and for us. Jesus went with Ηδη δε αυτου ου μακραν απεχουτος autois. Already and of him not fac being distant and this outlies,  $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\mu\psi\epsilon$  "[ $\pi\rho\sigma$ s autov]  $\delta$   $\epsilon\kappa$ r-from the house, sent [to him] the cenτονταρχος φιλους, λεγων αυτώ. Κυριε, μη friends, saying to him; O sir. not σκυλλου ου γαρ είμι ίκανος, ίνα ύπο την hethoutroubled: not for I am worthy, that under the στεγην μου εισελθης. 7 διο ουδε εμαυτον of me than shouldst enter: therefore not even  $\eta_{\epsilon}^{\epsilon}$   $\omega \sigma \alpha \pi \rho \sigma s \sigma \epsilon \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon i \nu$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \lambda \sigma \gamma \omega$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i$ ηξιωσα προς ψε εξωτικό μα εμένα προς με εξωτικό το thee to come; but εμένα ανθρωπος ιαθησεται  $\delta$  παις μου. <sup>8</sup> Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος οf me. Even for I a man  $\delta$ π' εμαυειμι ύπο εξουσιαν τασσομενος, εχων ύπ' εμαυhaving under am noder authority being set, myτον στρατιωτας και λεγω τουτώ. Πορευθητι, and I say to this; self soldiers: και πορευεται και αλλφ Ερχου, και ερχεται and to another; Come, and he comes: he goes και τω δουλω μου. Ποιηπον τουτο, και ποιει. and to the slave of me: this, Do and he does. 9 Ακουσας δε ταυτα δ Ιησους, εθαυμασε**ν α**υτο**ν** Hearing and these the Jesus, admired και στραφεις, τω ακολουθοντι αυτώ οχλώ ειπε. and turning, to the following crowd he said: him Λεγω ύμιν, ουδε εν τφ Ισραηλ ποσαυτην πιστιν laay to you, not even in the Israel so great 10 Και υποστρεψαντες οι πεμφθεντες εύρον. I have found. And having returned those having been sent εις τον οικον, εύρον τον \*[ασθενουντα] δουλον into the house, they found the [being sick] ύγιαινοντα. being well.

11 Και εγενετο εν τη έξης, επορευετο εις And it happened in the uext, he was going to πολιν καλουμενην Ναιν και συνεπορευοντο acity being called Nain: and were going were going

- 3 And having heard concerning JLSUS, the sent Elders of the JEWS to him, soliciting him, that he would come and save his SERVANT.
- 4 And having come to JESUS, THEY carnestly besought him, saying, "He is worthy for whom thou shouldst do this;
- 5 for he loves our NA-TION, and he built our SYNAGOGUE."
- 6 Then Jesus went with them; and being not far from the HOUSE, the CENTURION sent Friends, saying to him, "Sir, trouble not thyself; for I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my ROOF;
- 7 therefore, I did not think myself even worthy to come to thee; but command by Word, and \*my SERVANT will be cured.
- 8 For even # am a Man appointed under Authority, having Soldiers under me, even I say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; and to another, 'Come,' and he comes; and to my servant, 'Do this,' and he does it."
- 9 And Jesus hearing these things, admired him, and turning, said to the crowp following him, "I tell you, I have not found, even in Israel, such great Faith."
- 10 And those who had been sent, having returned to the House, found the servant restored to health.
- 11 And it occurred on the NEXT day, that ne was going to a City called † Nain; and his disciples

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuschift.—6. to him—omit. 7. let my servant be healed. 10 being sick—omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Either magistrates of the place, or elders of the synagogue which the centurion had built. In the parallel place in Matthew, he is represented as coming to Jesus himself; but it is a usual form of speech in all nations, to attribute the act to a person, which is done, no t by himself, but by his authority.—Clarke.

† 11. Nain, was a small city of Gaillee, in the tribe of Issachar. According to Eusebius, if was two miles from Mount Tabor, southward, and near to Endor.

αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου \*[ίκανοι,] και οχλος with him the disciples of him many,] and a crowd πολυς. 12 'Ως δε ηγγισε τη πυλη της πολεως, As and he drewnear to the gate ofthe και ιδου, εξεκομιζετο τεθνηκως, υίος μονογενης and lo, was being carried out a dead man, a son only-born μητρι αύτου, και αύτη χηρα. και οχλος to the mother of himself, and she a widow; <sup>13</sup> Και ιδων rns  $\pi \circ \lambda \in \omega s$  ikavos  $\eta \nu$   $\sigma \circ \nu$  aut $\eta$ . great was with And seeing her. αυτην δ κυριος,  $\epsilon \sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu \iota \sigma \theta \eta \epsilon \pi'$  αυτη, και the he had compassion her, her lord, <sup>14</sup> Και προσελθων Μη κλαιε. ειπεν αυτη. Not And to her; weep. comingup ήψατο της σορου· οί δε βασταζοντες εστησαν. ne touched the hier: those and hearing stood still.  $N \in \alpha \nu \iota \sigma \kappa \epsilon$ , εγερθητι.  $K\alpha\iota \in \iota\pi\epsilon$ σοι λεγω, Oyoung man, to thee I say, And he said;  $^{15}$  Και ανεκαθισεν δ νεκρος, και πρέατο λαλειν. the dead. and to opeas satup began  $^{16}$  E $\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$ και εδωκεν αυτον τη μητρι αυτου. him to the mother of him. Seized and he gave φοβος παντας, και εδοξαζον τον θεον, λεγοντες. and they glorified the God, saying: 'Οτι προφητης μεγας εγηγερται εν ήμιν, και has risen among us, and a prophet great δτι επεσκεψατο ο θεος τον λαον αύτου. has visited the God the people of numelf. εξηλθεν ὁ λογος ούτος εν όλη τη Ιουδαια in whole the Judea concerning went out the word this  $\alpha \nu \tau \sigma \nu$ , και  $*[\epsilon \nu]$  παση τη περιχωρφ.

him, and [in] all the surroun into country

the surroun ing country.  $^{18}$  Και απηγγειλαν Ιωαννη οί μαθηται αυτου told John the disciples of him 19 Και προσκαλεσαμεπερι παντων τουτων. these. having ralled νος δυο τινας των μαθητων αύτου ό Ιωαννης, to two certain of the of himself the disciples John, επεμψε προς τον Ιησουν, λεγων· Συ ει δ ερχο-sent to the Jesus, saying: Thou art the couing μενος, η αλλον προσδοκωμεν; <sup>20</sup> Παραγενομενοι one, or another are we to look for? Having come δε προς αυτον οί ανδρες ειπον. Ιωαννης ό βαπhim the men they said: John the τιστης απεσταλκεν ήμας προς σε, λεγων Συ saying: Thou to thee. has sent ει δ ερχομενος, η αλλον προσδοκωμεν ;  $^{21}$  Εν artthe coming one, or another are we to look for? αυτη δε τη ώρα εθεραπευσε πολλους απο νοσων and the hour many he delivered from diseases μαστιγων και πνευματων πονηρων, και кα and plagues and spirits evil, and

were going with him, and a great Crowd.

12 And as he approached the GATE of the CITY, behold, a dead man was being carried out, an Only Son of his MOTHER, and she was a Widow; and a great Crowd from the CITY was with her.

13 And seeing her, the LORD had pity on her, and said to her, "Weep not."

14 And approaching, he touched the  $\mathsf{tBier}$ , and  $\mathsf{tr.e}$ BEARERS stood stite. And he said, "Young man, I say to thee, Acise."

15 Then HE who had been DEAD sat up, and began to speak; and he gave him to his mother.

16 And fear seized all; and they praised God, sav-ing, ‡"A great Prophet has risen among as." and, t"God has visited his PEOPLE."

And this REPORT concerning him pervaded All JUDEA, and All the SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

18 # And John's Disc :-PLES told him of all these things.

19 And summoning two of his disciples, John sent to \* the LORD, saying, "Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?"

20 And having come to him, the MEN said, "John, the immersfr, \*sent us to thee, saying, 'Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?"'

21 And in That HOUR he. delivered many from Diseases, and Plagues, and evil Spirits; and he gave

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. many-omit. 20. sent.

<sup>17.</sup> in-omit.

<sup>19.</sup> the LORD. say-

<sup>† 14.</sup> The people of the East bury the dead without coffins; but they carry them to the grave on a bier which is shaped like one.—Harmer. "Presently a funeral procession, consisting of men and women, came rapidly from the city, (the cemetery is outside of the present Jerusalem,) and halted at a newly-made grave sunk three or four feet only below the ground. The body was not enclosed in a coffin, but wrapped in a loose garment and lad on a bier carried by hand. My impression is that even the face was partially exposed to view. It was under similar circumstances that the son of the widow at Nain was borne to the grave."—Hackett.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Luke xxiv. 19; John iv. 19; vi. 14; 1x. 17.

22 Kai τυφλοις πολλοις εχαρισατο το βλεπειν. to blin, ones many he gave the to see. And αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες answering the Jesus said to them; Going away απαγγειλατε Ιωαννη α ειδετε και ηκουσατε. e'ate to John what you have seen and \*[ $\delta \tau \iota$ ] τυφλοι αναβλεπουσι, χωλοι περιπατ-lind ones see again, lame ones are walking ουσι, λεπροι καθαριζονται, κωφοι ακουουσι, lepers are cleansed, deaf ones are hearing, νεκροι εγειρονται, πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται. dead ones are raised up, poor ones are addressed with glad tidings

23 και μακαριος εστιν, δς εαν μη σκανδαλισθη and blessed is, whoever not may be stumbled εν εμοι. in me.

me. 24 Απελθοντων δε των αγγελων Ιωαννου, messengers of John. ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους οχλους περι Ιωαννου. he hegan to say to the crowds concerning John; Τι εξεληλυθατε εις την ερημον θεασασθαι; What have you come out into the desert to see? καλαμον ύπο ανεμου σαλευομενον; <sup>25</sup> Αλλα τι by wind being shaken? But what εξεληλυθατε ιδειν; ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίμαaman in nave you came out to see? soft τιοις ημφιεσμενον; Ιδου, οί εν ίματισμφ having been clothed? Lo, those in clothing ενδοξφ και τρυφη ύπαρχοντες, εν τοις βασιshowy and in luxury living, in the  $^{26}$  A $\lambda\lambda\alpha$   $\tau\iota$   $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\lambda\eta\lambda\upsilon\theta\alpha\tau\epsilon$   $\iota\delta\epsilon\iota\nu$ ; λειοις εισιν. But what have you come out to re? palaces προφητην; Ναι λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον Yes I say to you, and much more <sup>27</sup> Ούτος εστι, περι ού πρυφητου. γεγραπof a prophet. This is, concerning whom It is writ ται. '' Ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον μου "Lo, send the messenger of me προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκενασει την δδον before face of thee, who shall prepare the way σου εμπροσθεν σου." 28 Λεγω  $[\gamma \alpha \rho]$ ύμιν. of thee in presence of thee." Isay to you,  $*[\pi\rho o\phi\eta\tau\eta s]$ μειζων εν γεννητοις γυναικων agreater among offspring of women [prophet] Ιωαννου \*[του βαπτιστου] ουδεις εστίνο δ δε [the dipper] is; the but not μικροτέρος εν τη βασίλεια του θέου, μειζων less in the kingdom of the God, greater αυτου έστι.  $^{29}$  Και πας δ λαος ακουσας, και And all the people having heard and οί τελωναι, εδικαιωσαν τον θεον, Βαπτισθεντες God, the tax-gatherers, justified the having been dipped <sup>30</sup> Οί δε Φαρισαιοι και το βκπτισμα Ιωαννου. The but dipping of John. Pharisees οί νομικοι την βουλην του θεου ηθετηπαν εις the lawyers the purpose of the Gud έαυτους, μη βαπτισθεντες ύπ' αυτου. themselves, not having been dipped by

\* sight to many Blind per-

22 And \*Jesus answering, said to them, ‡"Go, tell John what you have seen and heard; the Blind are made to see, the Lame to walk, the Lepers are cleansed, the Dead are raised, ‡glad tidings are announced to the Poor;

23 and happy is he who shall not stumble at me."

24 \$ ADJJohn'S MESSENGERS having departed, he began to say is the crowds concerning John, "Why went you out into the DESERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind?

25 But why went you out? To see a Man clothed in soft garments? Behold, THOSE robed in SPLENDID APPAREL, and living in luxury, are in ROYAL PALACES.

26 But why went you out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one more excellent than a Prophet.

27 This is he concerning whom it is written, ‡ Behold! \*I send my MESSENGER before thy Face, who will prepare thy WAY before thee.'

28 I say to you, Among those born of Women, there is not a greater than John, yet the LEAST in the KING-DOM of GOD is superior to him.

29 And All the PEOPLE having heard, and the TRIBUTE-TAKERS, justified God, thaving been immersed with the IMMERSION of John.

80 But the Pharisees and Lawyers set aside the Pharises of God towards themselves nothaving been immersed by him.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—21. sight. 22. he answering. 22. That—omit. 27. I send. 28. For—omit 28. prophet—omit 28. the dipper—omit.

<sup>31</sup> Τινι ουν δμοιωσω TOUS ανθρωπους THIS of the To what then shall I compare the men και τινι εισιν δμοιοι; 32°Ομοιγενεας TAUTUS. Like generation this? and to what are they like? οι εισι παιδιοις τοις εν αγορά καθημενοις, και those in a market sitting, they are boys

προσφωνουσιν αλληλοις, και λεγουσιν Ηυληcalling to one another, and saying; We have played σαμεν ύμιν. και ουκ ωργησασθε εθοηνησαμεν

σαμεν ὑμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθε εθρηνησαμεν the flute for you, and not you have danced; we have mourned ὑμιν, και ουκ εκλαυσατε.  $^{33}$  Εληλυθε γαρ

for you, and not you have wept. Has come for Iωαννης δ βαπτιστης, μητε αρτον εσθιων, John the dipper, neither bread eating,

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} \mu\eta\tau\epsilon & \text{olvov} & \pi\iota\nu\omega\nu \text{``} & \kappa\alpha\iota & \lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\tau\epsilon \text{``} & \Delta\alpha\iota\mu\text{oviov} & \epsilon\chi\epsilon\iota. \\ \text{nor wine drinking; and you say; } & \text{A demon} & \text{he has.} \end{array}$ 

<sup>34</sup> Εληλυθεν δ υίος του ανθρωπου, εσθιων και Has come the son of the man, eating and

 $\pi\iota\nu\omega\nu$  και λεγετε· Ιδου, ανθρωπος φαγος και drinking; and you say; Lo, a man glutton and οινοποτης, φιλος τελωνων και άμαρτωλων. a wine-drinker, a friend of tax-gatherers and sinners.  $^{35}$  Και εδικαιωθη ή σοφια απο των τεκνων αύτης

And is justified the wisdom by the children of herself  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ .

αντων.

all. <sup>36</sup> Ηρωτα δε τις αυτον των Φαρισαιων, ίνα him of the Pharisees, that and one μετ' αυτου· και εισηλθων εις την οικιαν entering into the he might eat with him; and 37 Και ιδου, γυνη του Φαρισαιου, ανεκλιθη. a womau he reclined. And lo, ofthe Pharisce, εν τη πολει, ήτις ην άμαρτωλος, επιγνουσα ότι who was a sinner, knowing ανακειται εν τη οικια του Φαρισαιου, κομισασα in the house of the Pharisce, having brought  $^{38}$  και στασα οπισω παρα αλαβαστρον μυρου, an alabaster-box of balsam, and standing behind τους ποδας αυτου, κλαιουσα, ηρξατο βρεχειν feet of him, weeping, she began to wet the τους ποδας αυτου τοις δακρυσι και ταις θριξι and with the hairs of him with the tears; the της κεφαλης αύτης εξεμασσε, και κατεφιλει head of herself wiped, and kissed of the  $^{39}$   $1\delta\omega\nu$ τους ποδας αυτου, και ηλειφε τφ μυρφ. of him, and anointed with the balsam. the δε δ Φαρισαιος δ καλεσας αυτον, ειπεν εν έαυτφ, spoke in himself, but the Pharisee that having called him, λεγων. Ούτος ει ην προφητης, εγινωσκεν αν, if he was a prophet, would know, saying;

31 ‡To what then shal! I compare the MEN of this GENERATION? and what are they like?

32 They are like THOSE Boys SITTING in a Public place, and calling to one another, and saying, 'We have played for you on the flute, but you have not danced; we have sung mournful songs for you, but you have not lamented.'

33 ‡ For John the IM-MERSER has come neither eating Bread nor drinking Wine, and you say, 'He has a Demon.'

34 The son of man has come eating and drinking, and you say, 'Behold a Glutton and a Wine-drinkerl an Associate of Tribute-takers and Sinners!'

35 ‡ But WISDOM is vindicated by All her

CHILDREN."

36 ‡And one of the PHARISEES invited him to cat with him. And entering the HOUSE of the PHARISEE, he reclined.

37 And, behold, a † Woman \* who was of the CITY, a Sinner, knowing that he reclined in the PHARISEE'S HOUSE, brought an Alabaster box of Balsam,

38 and standing thehind, at his feet, weeping, she began to wet his feet with Tears, and wiped them with the HAIR of her HEAD, and repeatedly kissed his feet, and anointed them with the BAL-SAM.

39 But THAT PHARISEE who had INVITED him observing this, spoke within himself, saying, ‡"This man, if he were a Prophet,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. who was in the city, a Sinner.

<sup>† 37.</sup> There is no good reason for concluding that this woman was a public prostitute, as many suppose. She was probably only a Gentile, and therefore in the estimation of the Pharisse a sinner. Hamariolos, is often used in the New Testament in this sense. † 38. This is not intelligible, without adverting to the posture in which the ancients took their meals. They placed themselves along the couch on their sides, supported their heads with one arm, bent at the elbow, and resting on the couch; and with the other they took their food, and were supported at the back by cushions. Their feet of course were accessible to one who came behind the couch—Wakefield.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Matt. xi. 16. † 33. Matt. iii. 4; Mark 26; Luke i. 15. † 35. Matt. xt. 19. † 36. Matt. xxvi. 6; Mark xiv. 8; John xi. 2. † 39. Luke xv. 2

τις και ποταπη ή γυνη, ήτις άπτεται αυτου who and what the wuman, who touches him; <sup>40</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους δτι αμαρτωλο**ς** εστι. asinuer she is. And answering the Jesus sid to him; Simon, I have to the esomething to say. 41 Δυο χρεωφει-'Ο δε φησι· Διδασκαλε, ειπε. He and says: Two O teacher, say. λεται ησαν δανειστη τινι· δ είς ωφειλε δηναρια were to a creditor certain : the one owed  $^{42}$  M $\eta$ πεντακοσια, δ δε έτερος πεντηκοντα. five hundred, the and other Not  $\epsilon \chi o \nu \tau \omega \nu + [\delta \epsilon] \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu \alpha \pi o \delta o \nu \nu \alpha i, \alpha \mu \phi o \tau \epsilon \rho o i s$ to pay,  $*[\epsilon i\pi \epsilon]$   $\pi \lambda \epsilon io\nu$  more [and] of them εχαρισατο. Τις ουν αυτων, Which then of them, he forgave. αυτον αγαπησει; 43 Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπεν· will love? Answering and the Simon said: ω το πλειον εχαρισατο. Ύπολαμβανω, δτι that to whom the more he forgave. 44 Και στρα-O  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu \alpha v \tau \phi$ . Op $\theta \omega s \epsilon \kappa \rho i \nu \alpha s$ . lle and said to him: Rightly thou hast judged. And turnφεις προς την γυναικα, τφ Σιμωνι εφη. Βλεπto the woman, to the Simon he said: εις ταυτην την γυναικα; εισηλθον σου εις την thou this the womani I came of thee into the οικιαν· ύδωρ επι τους ποδας μου ουκ εδωκας· houses water for the feet of me not thou gavest: αύτη δε τοις δακρυσιν εβρεξε μου τους ποδας, she but with the tears she wet of me, the feet,  $^{45}$ Φιλημα μοι και ταις θριξι αύτης εξεμαξε. and with the hairs of herself has wiped. A kiss to me ουκ εδωκας αύτη δε αφ' ής εισηλθον, ου δειnot thou gavest: she hut from of her came in, not has  $^{46}$  E $\lambda$ a $\iota \omega$ λιπε καταφιλουσα μου τυυς ποδας**.** With oil of me the ceased kissing feet. την κεφαλην μου ουκ ηλειψας αύτη δε μυρω head of me notthoudidstanoint; she butwith halsam 47 Ού χαριν, λεγω ηλειψε τους ποδας μου. of me. Therefore, the feet αί άμαρτιαι αυτης αί πολλαι, συι, αφεωνται to thee, have been forgiven the sins ofher the many, 'ω δε ολιγον αφιεται, ότι ηγαπησε πολυ forthat sheloved much; to whom but little is forgiven, <sup>48</sup>  $E_i\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\alpha\nu\tau\eta$ . Αφεωνται ολιγον αγαπα. he loves. He said and to her; Have been forgiven <sup>49</sup> Και ηρξαντο οί συνανακει-) σου αί άμαρτιαι. sins. Λnd began those reclining μενοι λεγειν εν έαυτοις. Tis obtos  $\epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu$ , bs to say in themselves; Who this is, who  $^{50}\,\mathrm{E}\,\iota\pi\epsilon\,\,\,\delta\epsilon$ και άμαρτιας αφιησιν: TIDOS THY sins forgives? He said and to γυναικα. Ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε πορευου εις woman; The faith of thee has saved thee; ειρηνην. peace.

would know who and what the woman is, that touches him; For she is a Sinner."

40 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Simon, I have something to say to thee." And HE said, "Teacher, say it."

41 "A certain Creditor had Two Debtors; ONE owed five hundred † Denarii, and the OTHER fifty.

42 But not having [the means] to pay, he forgave both. Which of them, therefore, will love him most?"

43 And Simon answering, said, "He, I suppose, to whom he forgave most."
And He said to him, "Thou hast judged correctly."

44 And turning to the WOMAN, he said to SIMON, "Thou seest This WOMAN: I came into Thy HOUSE, thou gavest me no Water for my FEET; but she we'd My FEET with TEARS, and wiped them with her HAIR.

45 Thou gavest Me no Kiss; but she, since she came in, has not ceased kissing My feet.

46 Thou didst not ‡anount My HEAD with Oil; but she anointed my FEET with Balsam.

47 †Therefore, I say to thee, Her MANY SINS have been forgiven; on this accountshe loved much; but he to whom little is forgiven, \*also loves little."

48 And he said to her, t"Thy SINS have been forgiven."

49 And the GUESTS began to say among themselves; ‡"Who is this that even forgives Sins?"

50 And he said to the woman, "Thy faith has saved thee; go in Peace."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. and -omit.

<sup>42.</sup> say-omit.

<sup>47.</sup> also loves.

<sup>† 41.</sup> A Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

# **ΚΕΦ.** $\eta'$ . 8..

1 Kaı εγενετο εν τω καθεξης, και αυτος it happened in the afterwards, also And κατα πολιν και κωμην, κηρυσσων διωδενε publishing traveled through every city and village, και ευαγγελιζομενος την βασιλειαν του θεου of the and proclaiming the glad tidings the kingdom και οί δωδεκα συν αυτω, 2 και γυναικες τινες, andhim, twelve with αί ησαν τεθεραπευμεναι απο πνευματων πονηhaving been healed from spirits who were οων και ασθενειων Μαρια ή καλουμενη Μαγδα-Mary that being called Magdainfirmities; ληνη, αφ' ής διαμονια έπτα εξεληλυθει,  $^3$  και seven had gone out, and from whom demons Ιωαννα, γυνη Χουζα επιτροπου Ἡρωδου, και of Herod, asteward and a wife of Chuza Joanna, Σουσαννα, και έτεραι πολλαι, αίτινες διηκονουν and others who ministered many, αυτφ απο των ύπαρχοντων αυταις. to him from the possessions

 $^4$  Συνιοντος δε οχλου πολλου, και  $\cdot$ ων κατα and ofte Was assemblin and a crowd every great, δια τολιν επιπορευομενων προς αυτον, ειπε him, he said by were coming to παραβολης· 5 Εξηλθεν ὁ σπειρων του σπειραι Went out the sower of the tosow a parable; τον σπορον αύτου· και εν τω σπειρειν αυτον, ό seed of himself; and in the sowing it, this μεν επεσε παρα την όδον και κατεπατηθη, και by the path: and it was trodden down, and indeed fell τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατεφαγεν αυτο.  $^6\,\mathrm{K}$ αι birds of the heaven ate And έτερον επεσεν επι την πετραν. και  $\phi v \in V$ fell on the rock and havingsprung up another  $\epsilon \xi \eta \rho \alpha \nu \theta \eta$ ,  $\delta \iota \alpha$   $\tau o$   $\mu \eta$   $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$   $\iota \kappa \mu \alpha \delta \alpha$ . it dried up, through the not to have moisture. 7 Και And έτερον επεσεν εν μεσφ των ακανθων και συμfell in midst of the thorns and having s Kaı αί ακανθαι απεπνιξαν αυτο. sprung up with the thorns they choked it. And έτερον επεσεν εις την γην την αγαθην. και fell in the ground the good: εποιησε καρπου έκατονταπλασιονα. **Φυεν** fruit a huudredfold. bore having sprung up λεγων, εφωνει. 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, These things having said, he cried: He baving ears to hear, 9 Επηρωτων δε αυτον οί μαθηται ακουετω. andhim the disciples Asked let him hear.  $*[\lambda\epsilon\gamma o\nu\tau\epsilon s,]$ ή TIS παραβολη αυτου,  $\epsilon i \eta$ [saying,] what may be the parable of hum. 19 Ο δε ειπεν 'Υμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα αύτη. He and said; To you it is given to know the μυστηρια της βασιλειας του θεου τοις δε λοιof the kingdom of the God; to the but others ποις εν παραβολαις· ίνα βλεποντες μη βλεπωσι,

## CHAPTER VIII.

I And it occurred AFTER. WARDS that he traveled through every City and Village, publishing and proclaiming the glad tidings of the KINGDOM of God; and the TWELVE were with him,

2 and ‡ certain Women, who had been delivered from evil Spirits and Infirmities, THAT Mary who Was CALLED of MAGDALA, from whom seven Demons had been expelled,

3 and Joanna, the Wife of Chuza, Herod's Steward, and Susanna, and many others, who assisted him from their possessions.

4 ‡ Now when a great Crowd was assembling, and THEY were COMING to him from every City, he spoke by a Parable:

5 "The sower wer! forth to sow his sEED; and in sowing, part fell by the ROAD; and it was trodden down, or the BIRDS of HEAVEN picked it up.

6 And another part fell on the ROCK; and having sprung up, it withered away, because it HAD NO Moisture.

7 And another part fell inthe Midstofthe THORNS; and the THORNS springing up with it, choked it.

8 And another part fel<sup>1</sup> into the GOOD GROUND, and having sprung up, yielded Increase, a hundredtold." And having said this, he cried, "HE having Ears to hear, let him hear."

9 ‡ And his DISCIPLES asked him, "What may \*This parable mean ?"

10 And HE said, "To you it is given to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM of GoD; but to the OTHER'S in Parables; I that seeing not they may see, they may not see, and hear-

that

seeing

parables;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. This PARABLE.

<sup>10.</sup> saying .- omit. 1 2 Mark xvi. 9.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 55, 56. 2 9. Matt. xiii. 10; Mark iv. 10.

<sup>: 4.</sup> Matt. xiii. 2; Mark iv. 1. I 10. Isa. vi. 9; Mark iv. 12.

11 Εστιδε αύτη ή ται ακουοντές μη συνιώσιν. not they may understand. Is now this the παραβολη. Ο σπορος, εστιν ο λογος του θεου. The seed, is the word of the God. 12 Οί δε παρα την όδον, εισιν οί ακουοντες. path, Those and by the are those hearing ειτα ερχεται δ διαβολος, και αιρει τον λογον comea the accuser, and takes away the word απο της καρδιας αυτων, ίνα μη πιστευσαντες heart of them, so that not having believed 13 Οί δε επι της πετρας, οί, όταν σωθωσιν. they may be saved. They and on the rock, who, when ακουσωσι, πετα χαρας δεχονται τον λογον. they may hear, with the joy receives word: και ούτοι διζαν ουκ εχουσιν, οί προς καιρον they have, who arout not for a season ωιστευουσι, και εν καιρώ πειρασμού αφιστανwill believe, and in aseason oftemptation fall away. <sup>14</sup>Το δε εις τας ακανθας πεσον, ούτοι TCL. That and into the thorns having fallen, these εισιν οί ακουσαντες, και ύπο μεριμνων και and by artious cares they having heard,

πλουτου και ήδονων του βιου πορευομενοι συμand pleasures of the life going forth are <sup>15</sup>Το δε εν πνιγονται, και ου τελεσφορουσι. and not bearfruit to perfection. That and in τη καλη γη, ούτοι εισιν, οίτινες εν καρδια the good ground these are, who in heart the goor καλη και αγαθη ακουσαντες τον λογον, κατεgood and upright having heard the word, re-16 Oυχουσι, και καρποφορουσιν εν ύπομονη.

tain, and hear fruit with perseverance, No δεις δε λυχνον άψας, καλυπτει αυτον σκευει, η one and a lamp having lighted, covers him with a vessel, or ύποκατω κλινης τιθησιν αλλ' επι λυχνιας επιa couch places: but upon a lamp-stand pla-\*[ίνα οἱ εισπορευομενοι βλεπωσι το τιθησιν, [that those

entering

may see 17 Ου γαρ εστι κρυπτον, δ ου φανερον Not for is hidden, which not manifest  $\phi \omega s$ . aght.] γενησεται ουδε αποκρυφον, δου γνωσθησεται will be known και εις φανερον ελθη. 18 Βλεπετε ουν, πως Take heed then, light may come. ακουετε δς γαρ αν εχη, δοθηπεται αυτφ και you hear; who for ever may have, it will be given to him: and ός αν μη εχη, και ό δοκει εχειν, αρθησεται whoever not may have, even what he seems to have, will be taken απ' αυτου.

him. from <sup>19</sup> Παρεγενου**το δε προς α**υτον ή μητηρ και Came him the mother and to οί αδελφοι αυτου, και ουκ ηδυναντο συντυχειν of him. and brothers and was able not to get near <sup>20</sup> Kaı δια τον οχλον. απηγγελη crowd. to him on account of the And It was told \*[λεγοντων·] ʻΗ και οί QUTW. μητηρ σου o him, The [saying;] mother of thee and the

ing they may not understand.

li ‡ Now the PARABLE is this: The SEED is the

WORD of GOD.

12 Those by the road are THEY who HEAR; then the ENEMY comes, and takes away the WORD from their HEARTS, that they may not believe and be saved.

13 THOSE on the ROCK are they, who, when they hear, receive the WORD with Joy; and yet these have no Root; they believe for a Time, and in a Time

of Trial fall away.

14 And THAT having fallen among the THORNS are THEY, who, HAVING HEARD, and going forth are choked by the Anxie. ties, and Riches, and Pleasures of LIFE, and bring no fruit to maturity,

15 But THAT in the GOOD Ground are those. who, having heard the WORD, retain it in a good and honest Heart, and bear fruit with Perseverance.

16 ‡ Now no one having lighted a Lamp, covers it with a Vessel, or puts it under a Couch, but places it on a Lamp-stand, \*that THOSE COMING IN may see the LIGHT.

17 # For there is nothing hidden, which will not be disclosed, nor concealed, which will not be known.

and come to light.

the

18 Take heed, therefore, how you hear; I for to him who has, more will be given; but from him who has not, will be taken away even that which he has."

19 ‡ Now his MOTHER and BROTHERS came towards him, but could not get near him, on account of the CROWD.

20 And it was told him. "Thy MOTHER and thy

VATICAN Mss.-16. THOSE COMING IN may see the LIGHT-omit. 20. saying—omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Matt. xiii. 18; Mark iv. 14. † 17. Matt. x. 26; Luke xii. 2. xii. 40; Mark iii. 31. 

ιδελφοι σου εστηκασιν εξω, ιδειν σε θελοντες. brothers of thee stand without, to see thee desiring. 1 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε προς αυτους.  $M\eta \tau \eta \rho$ said Mother them; He and answering to ιου και αδελφοι μου ούτοι εισιν, οί τον λογον who the word of me and brothers of me these are, του θεου ακουρύτες και ποιουντες. doing. of the God hearing and

<sup>22</sup> Και εγενετο εν μια των ημερω**ν, και α**υτος And it happened in one of the daya, and ενεβη εις πλοιον, και οι μαθηται αυτου και and the a ship, disciples of him; and into ειπε προς αυτους. Διελθωμεν εις το περαν της them; We may pass over to the other side of the to λιμνης» και ανηχθησαν. <sup>23</sup> Πλεοντων δε αυτων, Sailing they put off. but of them, and zφυπνωσε» Και κατεβη λαιλαψ ανεμου εις την on And came down a squall or wind the he fell asleen. λιμνην, και συνεπληρουντο, και εκινδυνευον. they were filling, and and were in danger. 4 Προσελθοντες δε διηγειραν αυτον, λεγοντες. and they awoke him, saying; 'Ο δε εγερ-Επιστατα, επιστατα, απολλυμεθα. we are perishing. He and O master, O master. θεις επετιμησε τφ ανεμφ και τφ κλυδω**νι τ**ου and the thu wind raging ofthe έδατος∘ και επαυσαντο, και εγενετο γαληνη. and there was and they ceased, a calm. 5 Ειπε δε αυτοις. Που εστιν ή πιστις ύμων; Hes.id and to them: Where 18 the faith of you? Φοβηθεντες  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \theta \alpha \nu \mu \alpha \sigma \alpha \nu$ λεγοντες προς and they wondered, saying to Τις αρα ούτος εστιν, ότι και τοις αλληλους· one another, Who then this is. that even to the ανεμις επιτασσει και τω ύδατι, και ύπακουουwinds he gives a charge and to the water, and they hearken σιν αυτφ; 26 Και κατεπλευσαν εις την χωραν to him? And théy sailed into the country των Γαδαρηνων ήτις εστιν αντιπεραν της ofthe which is over-usainst the Gadarenes, ζαλιλαιας.

Galilee.

 $^{27}$  Έξελθοντι δε αυτώ επι την γην, ὑπηντη-Going out and to him on the land, met σεν αυτώ ανηρ τις εκ της πολεως, δς ειχε him a man certain ont of the city, who had δαιμονια εκ χρονων ἱκανων, και ἱματιον συκ demons from times many, and a mantle not ενεδιδυσκετο, και εν οικια ουκ εμενεν, αλλ εν he put on, and in a house not heremained, but in

BROTHERS stand without, desiring to see thee."

21 But HE answering, said to them, "My Mother and my Brothers are THESE who HEAR the WORD of God, and obey it."

22 ‡ And it came to pass on one of the DAYS, that he went into a Boat with his DISCIPLES; and he said to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE of the LAKE." And they set sail.

23 And as they were sailing, he fellasleep; and there came down a Gale of Wind on the LAKE; and they were deluged, and were in danger.

24 And approaching, they awoke him, saying, "Master! Master! we are perishing." Then arising, HE rebuked the WIND and the RAGING of the WATER; and they ceased, and there was a Calm.

25 And he said to them, "Where is your fattit?" And being afraid, they wondered, saying to one another, "Who then is this that commands even the WINDS and the WATER, \* and they obey him."

26 ‡ And they sailed to the region of the \* † Ger-ASENES, which is opposite to GALILEE.

27 And going out or SHORE, \*a Certain Man of the CITY met lum, who had \*Demons; and for a long Time he wore no Clothes, nor remained in a House, but in the TOMES.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuschift.—25. and they obey him—omit. 26. Gerasenes. 27. 27. Lemons; and for a long Time he wore.

<sup>+ 28. &</sup>quot;I was afterwards informed by Mr. Thomson of Sidon, who had recently traversed this region, and whose knowledge both of the country and its language gave him great facilities in picking up information, that nearly opposite Mejdel (Magdala) or just about opposite where we turned south, there is a place called by the natives Girsa, which Mr. T. supposes to be a corruption of Gergesene. Here there is a sharp sloping precipice of perhaps 2000 feet high. This is the 'steep place' (kreemnon) Matt. vii. 32; Mark v. 13; Luke viii. 33. Mark and Luke say it was in the country of the Gadarenes, and we know that Gadara (eight miles from Tiberias according to Josephus, Life, 65) must have been farther south. But the term Gadarene may be a wide one, and besides, the reading in Mark and Luke is a very doubtful one; the mass of evidence preponderates in favor of Gerasene instead of Gadarene.»—Hackett.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Matt vini. 23; Mark iv. 35.

23 Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν, каг τοις μνημασιν. Seeing and the the and tombs. Jesus. ανακραξας, προσεπεσεν αυτφ, και φωνη μεγαλη crying out, he fell down to him, and with a voice loud ειπε. Τι εμοι και σοι, Ιησου, υίε του θεου του hesaid; What to me and to thee, Jesus, O son of the God of the ύψιστου: δεομαι βασανισης. σου, μη  $\mu\epsilon$ highest? I bessech me thou mayst corment. thee, not 29 Παρηγγειλε γαρ τφ πνευματι τφ ακαθαρτφ (He had commanded for the spirit the unclean εξελθειν απο του ανθρωπου πολλοις γαρ χροto come out from the man; many for **νο:ς σ**υνηρπακ**ει α**υτον· και εδεσμειτο άλυσεσι it had seized him; and he was bound with chains και πεδαις, φυλασσομενος. και διαρόησων τα and fetters, being guarded; aud breaking δεσμα, ηλαυνετο ύπο του δαιμονος εις τας ερηbonds, he was driven by the demon into the des- $^{30}$  Επηρωτησε δε δ uovs.) αυτον Iησουs, erte.) Asked and him the Jesus, \*[\lambda \in \nu \overline{\sigma} Ti \sigma oi \in \sigma tiv \overline{\sigma} ovo \mu a;

[saying,] What to thee is a name? 'Ο δε ειπε He and said; Λεγεων· ότι δαιμονια πολλα εισηλθεν εις αυτον. Legion : for damona many had entered into 31 Και παρεκαλει αυτον, ίνα μη επιταξη αυτοις And he besought him. that not he would command them 32 Hν δε εκει εις την αβυσσον απελθειν. Was and there into the ahyss to go. αγελη χοιρων ίκανων βοσκομενων εν τφ ober. ofewine feeding in the mountain: many και παρεκαλουν αυτον, ίνα επιτρεψη αυτοις εις him, that he would permit them into they becought GUTOIS.  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i \nu o \nu s = \epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon i \nu$ . Kaı επετρεψεν them to enter. And he permitted them.  $^{13}$  Εξελθοντα δε τα δαιμονια απο του  $\alpha$ νθρωπου, Having gone out and the demons from the man, they entered into the wine: και ὧρμησεν and rushed the αγελη κατα του κρημνου εις την λιμνην, και down the precipice into the lake, and 34 Ιδοντες δε οί απεπνιγη. **βοσκοντές** 70 Seeing and those were chaked. feeding that γεγονος, εφυγον και απηγγειλαν εις την πολιν having been done, fled and reported in the city 35 Εξηλθον δε ιδειν το KAL ELS TOUS AYPOUS. They came out and to see that in villages. και ηλθον YEYOVOS. προς τον Ιησουν, και having been done; and came to the Jezus, and εύρον καθημενον τον ανθρωπον, αφ' οδ Ta found sitting the man, from whom the δαιμονια εξεληλυθει, ίματισμενον και σωφροhad gone out, having been clothed and being of νουντα, παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου· και εφοβηsane mind, at the feet of the Jesus; and they 36 Απηγγειλαν δ∍ αυτοις και οἱ ιδοντες,

28 And seeing Jesus, he fell down before him, and crying out with a loud Voice, said, "What hast thou to do with me, Jesus, -O Son of Gop-the HIGHEST? I beseech thee. torment me not."

29 (For he had commanded the IMPURE SPIRIT to come out of the MAN. For it had frequently seized him; and he was bound with Chains and Fetters, and guarded; and breaking the BONDS, he was driven by the DEMON into the deserts.)

30 And JESUS asked him, "What is thy Name?" And не said, "Legion ;" Because many Demons had entered into him.

31 And hebesoughthim that he would not command them to go out into the ABYSS.

32 Now there was a Herd of many Swine feeding on the Mountain; and they besought him to permit them to go into them. And he permitted them.

33 Then the DEMONS having come out of the MAN, went into the SWINE: and the HERDrusheddown the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were †drowned.

34 And the swing-HERDS, seeing THAT HAVing been done, fled, and reported it in the ciry and in the VILLAGES.

35 And they went out to see THAT HAVING BEEN DONE. And they came to Jesus, and found the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, setting at the FEET of \*Jesus, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

36 Then THOSE who and to them and those having seen | SAW it informed them how

 $\theta$ n $\sigma$ a $\nu$ .

we we afraid.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. saying-omit.

<sup>35.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>† 33.</sup> Some sceptics have objected to this transaction, as not conformable to the character of Jesus. Now as the Jews were prohibited by the laws of Hyrcanus from keeping swine, and by the law of Moses from using them as food, this act was a just punishment on the violators of law. The miracle itself served to manifest Christ's own regard to the law of God, while the disposition displayed by the people, in desiring him to depart from them showed how well they needed correction.

Autos  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \mu \beta \alpha s \epsilon i s \tau o \pi \lambda o i o \nu$ ,  $\delta \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \rho \epsilon \psi \epsilon \nu$ . He and having gone into the ship,  $^{38}\, {
m E}\delta\epsilon\epsilon au\sigma\,\,\delta\epsilon\,\,\,lpha
u au\sigma\,\,\delta\,\,\,lpha
u\eta
ho,\,\,\,lpha\phi^{\prime}\,\,\,o\dot{b}\,\,\,\epsilon\xi\epsilon\lambda\eta\lambda\upsilon\ell\epsilon\iota$ Begged and of him the man, from whom had gone out τα δαιμονία, είναι συν αυτώ.  $A\pi\epsilon\lambda\nu\sigma\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$ him. Sent away to be with αυτον δ Ιησους, λεγων. 39 Υποστρεφε εις τον Jesus. saying; Return t.o υικον σου, και διηγου, όσα εποιησε σοι ό θεος. house of thee, and relate, how much has done to thee the God. Και απηλθε, καθ' δλην την πολιν κηρυσσων, And he went away, through whole the city publishing, εποιησεν αυτφ δ Ιησους. how much had done to him the Jesus.

<sup>40</sup> Εγενετο δε εν τω ύποστρεψαι τον Ιησουν, It happened and in the to return the Jesus, apedetato auton  $\delta$  oxlos  $\eta$  have  $\gamma$  are balling gladly received him the crowd; they were for all proopdokuntes auton. The Kai idou,  $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$  and  $\eta \rho$ , And lo, waiting for him. came 'ω ονομα Ιαειρος, και αυτος αρχων της συναto whom a name Jairus, and he a ruler of the synaγωγης ύπηρχε• και πεσων παρα τους ποδας του gogue was: and falling at the feet of the Ιησου, παρεκαλει αυτον εισελθειν εις τον οικον him besought to come into the αύτου <sup>42</sup> ότι θυγατηρ μονογενης ην αυτφ ώς of himself: for a daughter only was to him about ετων δωδεκα, και αύτη απεθνησκεν. Εν δε τφ years twelve, and she was dying. In and to the ύπαγειν αυτον, οί οχλοι συνεπνιγον αυτον. him, the crowds pressed 43 Και γυνη ουσα εν ρυσει αίματος απο ετων

coming behind, touched the tuft

Του ξματιου αυτου· και παραχρημα εστη ή 
οf the mantle of him: and immediately atopped the 
δυσις του αίματος αυτης. 
δια ειπεν δ Ιησους. 
Τις δ άψαμενος μου: Αρνουμενων δε παντων, 
who the having touched me? Denying and all, 
ειπεν δ Πετρος \* [και οί συν αυτω·] Επιστατα, 
said the Peter [and those with him:] Ο mater,

the DEMONIAC was restored.

37 ‡And the Whole MULTITUDE of the SUR-ROUNDING COUNTRY of the \*GERASENES ‡ desired him to depart from them; For they were seized with great Fear. And having entered the \*Boat he returned.

38 Now the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, desired to be with him. But \*he dismissed him, saying,

39 "Return to thy HOUSE, and relate how much God has done for thee." And he wentaway, and published through the Whole CITY how much JESUS had done for him.

40 And it occurred, as JESUS RETURNED, the CROWD gladly received him; for they were all waiting for htm.

41 ‡ And, behold, there came a Man, whose name was Jairus, and he was a Ruler of the SYNAGOGUE; and falling at the FEET of \* Jesus, entreated him to come into his HOUSE;

42 For he had an only Daughter, about twelva Years of Age, and she was dying. And as he WENT the CROWDS pressed on him.

43 ‡ And a Woman havmg had an Hemorrhage for twelve Years, who \*had consumed her Whole LIV-ING on Physicians, and could not be cured by any one,

44 coming up behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE, and immediately the FLOW of her BLOOD stopped.

45 And JESUS said, "Who TOUCHED me?" and all denying it, Peter and Those with him said,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. GERASENES. 37. Boat. 38. he dismissed him. 11. Jesus. 43. could not be cured by any one, coming up. 45. and those with him—ourt.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Matt. viii. 34. † 97. Acta yri. 39. † 38. Mark v. 18. † 41. Matt. 18; Mark v. 22. † 43. Matt. 12. 20.

οί οχλοι συνεχουσι σε και αποθλιβουσι. και the crowds press on thee and crowd; and λεγεις. Τις δ άψαμενος μου; 46 'O δε Ιησους sayest thou; Who the having touched me? The and Jeans 'Ηψατο μου τις· γαρ  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  $\epsilon \gamma \nu \omega \nu$ Touched me someone; for said: know δυναμιν εξελθουσαν απ' εμου. <sup>47</sup> Ιδουσα δε ή andthe went out from me. Seeing γυνη, δτι ουκ  $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon$ ,  $\tau \rho \epsilon \mu o v \sigma \alpha \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha v$ woman, that not she was unnoticed trembling came, προσπεσουσα αυτφ, δι' ήν αιτιαν ήψατο αυτου, falling down to him, through what cause she touched him, απηγγειλεν \*[αυτφ] ενωπιον παντος του λαου, [to him] in pressuce of all of the people, ιαθη παραχρημα. 43 Ο δε ειπεν αυτη· and how she was cured immediately. He and said to her; \* [Θαρσει, ] θυγατερ. ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. [Take courage,] O daughter; the faith of thee has saved thee: 49 Ετι αυτου λαλουντος, πορευου εις ειρηνην. While of him peace. speaking, ερχεται τις παρα του αρχισυναγωγου, λεγων comes some one from of the synagogue-ruler's, saying \*[αυτψ·] 'Οτι τεθνηκεν ή θυγατηρ σου' [to him;] That is dead the daughter of thee: is dead the daughter of thee: not seed the daughter of thee: not seed to be Infous σκυλλε τον διδασκαλον. trouble thou the teacher. The but Jesus  $*[\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu \cdot]$  $a\pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta$   $a \upsilon \tau \varphi$ ,  $M\eta$ akoudas. having heard, answered him, [saying:] Not <sup>51</sup> Ελφοβου μονον πιστευε, και σωθησεται. only believe thou, and she shall be saved. Comθων δε εις την οικιαν, ουκ αφηκεν εισελθειν ing and into the house, not he suffered to enter ουδενα, ει μη Πετρον και Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, no one, except Peter and John και τον πατερα της παιδος και την μητερα. and the father of the child and the mother. 52 Εκλαιον δε παντες, και εκοπτοντο αυτην. Was weeping and and all, lamenting her. 'Ο δε ειπε· Μη κλαιετε· ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα Not weep your not she is dead, He but eald: <sup>53</sup> Και κατεγελων αυτου, ειδοτες ότι καθευδει. him, And they derided knowing that sleeps. 54 Autos  $\delta \epsilon \stackrel{*}{=} [\epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \omega \nu \ \epsilon \xi \omega \ \pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s,$ He but [having put out all,  $a\pi \epsilon \theta a \nu \epsilon \nu$ . she was dead. και] κρατησας της χειρος αυτης, εφωνησε, end] having grasped the hand of her, called out, <sup>55</sup> Και επεστρεψε το λεγων 'Η παις, εγειρου. saying: The child, And returned the arise. Και πνευμα αυτης, και ανεστη παραχρημα. of ber, and she stood up immediately: And διεταξαν αυτη δοθηναι φαγειν. 56 Και εξεστηhe commanded to her to be given to eat. And were astonσαν οί γονεις αυτης. 'Ο δε παρηγγειλεν αυτοις He but ished the parents of her. pharged

"Master, the CROWDS press on and crowd thee, and dost thou say, 'WHO TOUCHED me?'"

46 And Jesus said, "Some one touched me; for f know a Power went

out from me."

47 Then the woman, seeing that she was discovered, came trembling, and falling down, related to him in presence of All the PEOPLE, why she had touched him, and how she was immediately cured.

48 And he said to her. "Daughter, thy faith has cured thee; go in Peace."

49 ‡While he was still speaking, some one came from the synagogue-ruler's honse, who said, "Thy daughter is dead; trouble \*no more the Teacher."

50 But Jesus having heard it, answered him, "Fear not, only believe, and she will be saved."

51 And coming to the House, he permitted no one \*to go in with him, except Peter, and John, and James, and the father of the CHILD.

52 And all were weeping and lamenting her. But HE said, "Weep not; \* for she is not dead, ‡ but sleeps."

53 And they derided him, knowing That she was dead.

54 But he, grasping her HAND called out, saying, "MAIDEN, ‡arise,"

55 And her BREATH returned, and she stood up immediately; and he ordered them to give her food.

56 And her PARENTS were astonished, but the charged them to tell no one what had been dong.

μηδενι ειπειν το γεγονος.

to tell that having been done.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—47, to him—omit. 43, Take courage—omit. 43, to him—omit. 43, no more the TBACHER. 50, saying—omit. 51, to go in with him, except. 52, for she. 54, having put them all out, and—omit.

<sup>1 48.</sup> Mark v. 30; Luke vi. 19. 1 49. Mark v. 05. 1 52. Jonn xi- 11, 12. 54. Math. viii. 44. Mark v. 43.

## KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

 $^{1}$  Συγκαλεσαμενος δε τους δωδεκα, εδωκεν Having called together and the twelve, he gave αυτοις δυναμιν και εξουσιαν επι παντα τα δαιpower and authority over all the de- $^2$  Kai  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota$ μονια, και νοσους θεραπευειν. diseases to cure. And he sent and λεν αυτους κηρυσσειν την βασιλειαν του θεου, to publish the kingdom of the 3 Kai και ιασθαι \*[τους ασθενουντας.]
and to heal [those being sick.]  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ And said προς αυτους. Μηδεν αιρετε εις την όδον, μητε them; Nothing take you for the journey, neither βαβδον, μητε πηραν, μητε αρτον, μητε αργυa hag, nor nor bread, silριον. μητε \*[ανα] δυο χιτωνας εχειν. ver; nor [each] two coats to have. 4 Kaı And ets  $\eta \nu$  av οικιαν εισελθητε, εκει μενετε, και into whatever house you may enter, there remain, and 5 Και όποι αν μη δεξωνται εκειθεν εξερχεσθε. And whoever not may receive depart. thence ύμας, εξερχομενοι απο της πολεως εκεινης, και coming out from the city that, even τον κονιορτον απο των ποδων ύμων αποτιναξατε, of you the dust from the feet  $\epsilon$  is  $\mu$ aptupiov  $\epsilon$  $\pi$ ' autous. 6 Εξερχομενοι δε Going forth and a tesumony against them. διηρχοντο : ατα τας κωμας, ευαγγελιζομενοι και they traveled through the villages, publishing glad tidings and θεραπευοντες πανταχου.

healing everywhere. 7 Ηκουσε δε 'Ηρωδης δ τετραρχης τα γινο-Heard and Herod the tetrarch that being μενα \*[ύπ' αυτου] παντα· και διηπορει, [ b**y** him all; and he was perplexed, because done το λεγεσθαι ύπο τινων, ότι Ιωαννης εγηγερται to be said by some, that John has been raised the νεκρων 8 ύπο τινων δε, ότι Ηλιας εφανη. out of dead; some and, that Elias had appeared. by αλλων δε, ότι προφητης είς των αρχαιων ανεσand, that a prophet one of the ancients nasstood 9 Και ειπεν Ἡρωδης. Ιωαννην εγω απεκε-Herod. John And said up.  $\phi$  τλισα· τις δε εστιν ούτος, περι ού εγω  $\Sigma_{\text{ted}}$ , who but is this, concerning whom I ακουω τοιαυτα ; Και εζητει ιδειν αυτον. hear such hings? And he sought to see him.

<sup>10</sup> Και ύποστρεψαντες οί αποστολοι διηγησαντο having returned the apostles And δσα εποιησαν και παραλαβων αυτους αυτω to him what things they bad done; and taking them ☆[τοπον €ρημον] ιδιαν εις himself into ύπεχωρη**σε κατ** [a place aesert, he withdrew by 11 Οί δε οχλοι πολεως καλουμενης Βηθσαιδα. being called Betnsaida. The and crowds O'a city

CHAPTER IX.

1 ‡And having convened the TWELVE, he gave them Power and Authority over All DEMONS, and to cure Diseases.

2 ALd the sent them forth to proclaim the KING-DOM of GOD, and to cure

\* the sick.

3 ‡ And he said to them; "Take Nothing for the JOURNEY, neither Staff, nor Traveling Bag, nor Bread, nor Silver, nor have Two Coats.

4 ‡ And into Whatever House you may enter, there remain, and thence depart. 5 And whoever shall not receive you, when you go out from that CITY, ‡ shake off even the DUST from your FFET, for a Testimony to them."

6 ‡ And going forth, they treveled through the VIL-LAGES, proclaiming the glad tidings, and performing cures everywhere.

7 Now Herod, the TE-TRARCH, heard of ALL that was DONE; and he was perplexed, because it was SAID by some, "John has been raised from the Dead;"

8 and by some, "Eliiah has appeared;" and by others, \*"A certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

9 \*But MEROD said, "John # beheaded; but who is this of whom \*1 hear such things?" # And he sought to see him.

10 ‡ And the APOSTLES. having returned, related to him what things they had done. ‡ And taking them aside, he withdrew privately into \*a desert Flace of a City, called Bethsaida.

11 And the CROWDS

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. the SICK—omit. 3. each—omit. 7. by him—omit. 8. acetain Prophet of the ANCIENTS Was. 9. But Heron. 9. I hear. 19. 4. despri-place—omit.

<sup>11.</sup> Matt. x 1; Mark iil, 13; vi. 7.

12. Matt. x 7; Mark vi. 12; Luke x 1, 9.

13. Matt. x 9; Mark vi. 8; Luke x 4; xxii. 55.

14. Matt. x 11; Mark vi. 10,

15. Acts xiii. 51.

10. Mark vi. 12.

10. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14.

10. Matt. xiv. 13.

γροντες, ηκολουθησαν αυτφ. Και δεξαμενος! having heard, they followed him, And having received αυτους, ελαλει αυτοις περι της βασιλειας aukingdom 2000 them, he spake to them concerning the

θεου, και τους χρειαν εχοντας θεραπειας, εατ God, and those used

od, and those used having of healing, he cursd.

12 Η δε ήμερα η κλινειν προσελθούτες
The now day bogon to decline: coming δε οί δωδεκα, ειπον αυτφ. Απολυσον τον χλυν, and the twelve, said to him; Dismise the ίνα πορευθεντες 🝪 τως κυκλφ κωμας και τους that having gone in the surr unding villages one the αγρους, καταλασωσω και εύρωσιν επισιτισμον. they may core, and find provisions; 13 Ειπο δε προς

for here in a desert place we are. He said but to ារ αυτους. Δοτε ωυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. to eat. They and Give to hem you ειπον Ουκ εισιν ήμιν ωλειον η πεντε αρτοι, Not are tous more than five και ιχθυες δυο, ει μητι πορευθεντες ήμεις αγο-and fabes two, if but going we may ρασωμεν εις παντα τον λαον τουτον βρωματα.

ότι ώδε εν ερημών τυνών εσμεν.

for all the people this lood. <sup>14</sup> Ησαν γαρ ώσει ανδρ**ες** πεντακισχιλιοι.  $E\iota\pi\epsilon$ They were for about men ... thousand. He said δε προς τους μαθητως αυτους Κατακλινατε and to the disciples of 'imseli': Make recline 15 Και εποιηαυτους κλισιας ανα πεντηκοντο. the in companies each fift they

 $^{16}$   $\Lambda \alpha \beta \omega \nu$ 🖅 ούτω, και ανεκλιναν ἄπαντας. Taking and they mad recline all.  $\Im z$  wous  $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$  aprovs kal rous  $\delta vo$   $i \chi \theta vas$ , and the luavon and the two five αυαβλεψας εις του ουρανου, ευλογησευ αυτους. louking up to the heaven, he blessed και κατεκλασε, και εδιδου τοις μαθηταις, παρα-

broke, and gave to the disciples, 17 Και εφαγ ν, και εχορταστιθεναι τφ οχλφ. set before the crowd. And they are, and θησαν παντες και ηρθη το περισσευσαν αυ-ned all: and was taken up that having been left to

τοις κλασματων, κυφινοι δωδεκα. offragments, baskets twelve.

28 Και εγενετο εν τφ ειναι αυτον προσευχο-And it happened to the to be him praying μενον καταμονας, συνησαν αυτφ οί μαθηται· to him the in private, came disciples: Τινα με επηρωτησεν αυτους, каі  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ and be asked them, aaying: Who λεγουσιν οί οχλοι ειναι; 19 Οί δε αποκριθεντες

the crowds to be? They and ειπον Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην αλλοιδε, Ηλιαν, dipper: others but, Llias

αλλοι δε, ότι προφητης τις των αρχαιων ανεστη. others and, that a prophet one of the ancients has stood up,

<sup>20</sup> Ειπε δε αυτοις· Υμεις δε τινα με λεγετε He said and to them: You but who me

‡ 13. Matt. xiv. 15; Mark vi 35; John vi 1. 5. 19. Matt. xiv. 2; ver. 7 8.

knowing it, followed him: and having \* gladly re ceived them, he spoke & them concerning the KING DOM of GOD, and healer THOSE who HAD need of Healing.

12 1\* The DAY already began to decline, when the TWELVE came and said to him, "Dismiss the CROWD, that they may go into the adjacent VILLAGES and \*Farms, to lodge, and find Provisions; For we are here in a Desert Place."

13 But he said to them. " Pou supply them." And THEY said, "We have no more than Five Loaves and Two Fishes: unless me should go and buy Food for All this PEOPLE;"

led for they were about five thousand Men. And he said to his Disciples. "Make them recline in Companies of \*fifty each."

15 And they did so, and caused them all to recline.

16 Then taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEA-VFN, he blessed and broke them, and gave to the DISCIPLES to set before the CROWD.

17 And they are and were all satisfied; and there were taken up of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS, twelve Baskets.

18 # And it came to pass, as he was praying in private, the DISCIPLES came to lrim; and he asked them, saying, "Who do the CROWDS say that I am ?'s

19 And THEY answering said, ‡ "John the IMMER-SER; but others, Elijah; and others, that a certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

20 And he said to them. "But who do you say that pay you

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. gladly received. cline, when the Twelve came. 12. Farms.

<sup>12.</sup> The DAY already began to de-14. as it were by.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Matt. xvi. 13; Mark viii. 27.

Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος ειπεο Tov €IVal : Answering and the Peter said; The Χοιστον του θεου. 21 'Ο δε επιτιμησας αντοις, Anointed of the God. He and having strictly charged them, παρηγγειλε μηδενι λεγειν τουτο 22 ειπων 'Οτι commanded to no one to tell this; That saying; δει τον υίον του ανθρωπου πολλα παθειν, και many things to suffer, must the son of the man αποδοκιμασθηναι απο των πρεσβυτερων και Ьy elders to be rejected the and αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, high-priests and scribes, and to be killed, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι. and the third day to he raised.

 $^{23}\,\mathrm{E}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\;\delta\epsilon\;\pi
ho$ os παντας $^\circ\,\mathrm{E}\iota\; au$ ις  $\, heta\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\iota\;\sigma\pi\iota\sigma\omega$ He said and to all; If any one wishes μου ερχεσθαι, αρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω himself, and let him bear τον σταυρον αύτου καθ' ήμεραν, και ακολουthe cross of himself every day, and folto come,  $^{24}$  Os yap av  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta$   $\tau \eta \nu$   $\psi \upsilon \chi \eta \nu$  $\theta \epsilon i \tau \omega$   $\mu o i$ . Who for ever may wish the life αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτηνο ός δ' αν απο-of himself to save, shall lose her; who but ever may λεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, ούτος σωσει lose the life of himself on account of me, he shall save  $^{25}$  Τι γαρ ωφελειται ανθρωπος κερδησας αυτην. What for is profited having won a man τον κοσμον όλον, έαυτον δε απολεσας, η ζημιωthe world whole, himself and having lost, or having for-Who for ever may be ashamed me and the θeis; feited? εμους λογους, τουτον ό υίος του ανθρωπου the son of the words, this man επαισχυνθησεται, όταν  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$  $\epsilon \nu \tau \eta$ δοξη

επαισχυνθησεται, όταν ελθη εν τη δοξη will be sahamed, when he may come in the glory αυτου, και του πατρος, και των άγιων αγγελων. of himself, and of the father, and of the holy messengers.  ${}^{27} \Lambda \epsilon \sim \delta \epsilon \ \dot{\nu} \mu \nu \ \alpha \lambda \eta \partial \omega s, \ \epsilon \iota \sigma \iota \ \tau \nu e s \ \tau \omega \nu \ \dot{\omega} \delta \epsilon$ 

I say but to you truly, are some of those here  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\omega\tau\omega\nu$ , of ou μη γευσωνται θανατου,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ s αν standing, who not not shall taste of death, till  $\iota\delta\omega\sigma\iota$  την βασιλειαν του θεου.

they may see the royal majesty of the God.

I am? ‡"And \*Peter answering said, "The Christ of God."

21 ‡ And HE having strictly charged them, ordered them to tell this to no one;

22 saying, "The son of MAN must suffer man; things, and be rejected by the ELDERS, and Highpriests, and Scribes, and be killed, and on the THIRD Day be raised."

23 ‡And he said to all, "If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow me.

24 For whoever would save his LIFE, shall lose it; and whoever loses his LIFE on my account, he shall save it.

25 ‡For what is a Man profited, if he gain the whole world, and destroy or forfeit Himself.

26 ‡For whoever is ashamed of me, and my Words, of him the son of MAN will be ashamed, when he comes in his own GLORY, and that of the FATHER, and of the HOLY Angels,

27 ‡ But I tellyou trulyon There are some standing \*here, who will not taste of Death, till they see GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTY."

28 And it occurred about eight Days after these words, taking \*Peter, and John, and James, he went up into the Mountain to pray.

2C And it happened, as αυτου him. his FACE was changed, and his RAIMENT became white and dazzling.

raiment

different, and the

of him whiteness

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Peter.

<sup>27.</sup> there, who.

<sup>30</sup> Και ιδου, ανδρες δυο συνελαλουν αυτφ, των. forth. lo, two meu οίτινες ησαν Μωσης και Ηλιας, 31 οι οφθεντες and these were Moses and Moses and Elias: they appearing εμελλε  $\epsilon \nu$  δοξη,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \rho \nu$  την  $\epsilon \xi o \delta o \nu$  αυτου, ήν  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \lambda \lambda \epsilon^{\dagger}$  S1 who appearing in in glory, spoke of the departure of him, which he was about Glory, spoke of his DEPAR-<sup>32</sup> Ο δε Πετρος και πληρουν εν Ιερουσαλημ. The but Peter in Jerusalem. συν αυτώ ησαν βεβαρημενοι ύπνω. Διαwere having been heavy with sleep. Havγρηγορησαντες δε ειδον την δοξαν αυτου, και of him, ing awakened but they saw the glory τους δυο ανδρας τους συνεστωτας αυτφ. And men those standing with him. εγενετο εν τω διαχωριζεσθαι αυτους απ' αυτου, it happened in the them to depart from him, ειπεν ὁ Πετρος προς τον Ιησουν Επιστατα, the said the O master. Peter to Jesus: καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι. και ποιησωμέν here it is us to he: and we may make σκηνας τρεις, μιαν σοι, και μιαν Μωσει, και three, one for thee, and one for Moses, μιαν Ηλια· μη ειδως ό λεγει. 34 Ταυτα δε αυτου one for Elias: not knowing what he says. These and of him λεγοντος, εγενετο νεφελη, και επεσκιασεν came a cloud, and overshadowed αυτους, εφοβηθησαν δε εν τω εκεινους εισηλθειν and in the those they feared to enter <sup>35</sup> Και φωνη εγενετο εκ της εις την νεφελην. into the cloud. And a voice came out of the " Ούτος εστιν ό υίος μου δ νεφελης, λεγουσα: cloud. saying: "This is the son of methe <sup>36</sup> Και εν τω αγαπητος. αυτου ακουέτε. beloved: him hear you." And in the γενεσθαι την φωνην, εύρεθη δ Ιησους μονος. to have been the voice, was found the Jesus Και αυτοι εσιγησαν, και ουδενι απηγγειλαν εν they were silent, and to no one told εκειναις ταις ήμεραις ουδεν ών έωρακασιν. those days nothing of what they had seen.

<sup>37</sup> Εγενετο δε εν τη έξη**ς** ήμερα, κατελθοντων It happened and in the next day, having come down μυτων απο του ορους, συνηντησεν αυτφ οχλος from the mountain, met him a crowd  $^{38}\,{
m K}$ αι ιδου, ανηρ απο του οχλου αν $\epsilon$ πολυς. a man from the great. And lo. crowd cried βοησε, λεγων. Διδασκαλε, δεομαι σου, επιβλε-O teacher, saying: I pray thee, to look ψαι επι τον υίον μου, ότι μονογενης εστι μοι· on the son of me, for only-born he is to me; <sup>39</sup> και ιδου, πνευμα λαμβανει αυτον, και εξαιaspirit him, and

30 And behold, two Men were talking with him, were conversing with him, Elijah ;

> TURE which was about to and be consummated at Jerusalem.

32Now Peter and THOSE with him Iwere overpowered with Sleep; but having awakened, they saw his GLORY, and Those TWO Men STANDING with him.

33 And it occurred, when they were DEPARTING from him, PETER said to JESUS, "Master, it is good for us to be here; and let us make three Booths; One for thee, and One for Moses, and One for Elijah;" not knowing what he said.

34 And as he was thus speaking, a Cloud came and covered them; and they were afraid when \*they ENTERED the CLOUD.

And a Voice proceeded from the CLOUD, saying, 1"This is my \*son, the beloved; thear him."

36 And when the voice had ceased, \*Jesus was found alone. ‡And then were †silent, and told no one in Those DAYS what they had seen.

37 ‡ Now it happened the NEXT Day, when they came down from the moun-TAIN, a great Crowd met him.

38 And behold, a Man from the crowd, cried loudly, saying, "Teacher, I beseech thee, to look on my son, For he is my Only Child.

39 And behold, a Spirit seizes him, and he suddenly

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. they. 35. CHOSEN SON. 36. Jesus.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Jesus enjoined silence upon the spectators of his transfiguration, (see Matt. xvii. 2), till after his resurrection; and probably one principal reason of this injunction of secrecy to the disciples might be our Lord's unwillingness to force the people into a belief of his divine character by a degree of evidence which would control the mind, and not leave free scope for the exercise of the moral dispositions and the ingenuous workings of the heart. He appears to have consulted this purpose, on all occasions, with particular attention .-Wakefield.

<sup>1 32.</sup> Dan. viii. 18; x. 9. 1 35. Matt. iii. 17. «VII. 9. I 37. Matt. xvii. 14: Mark 1x. 14, 17.

TOU BEOU.

φνης κραξει, και σπαρασσει αυτον μετα αφρου, denly be cries out, and convulses him with foam, και μογις αποχωρει απ' αυτου, συντριβον αυτον. and hardly departs from him, bruising 48 Και εδεηθην των μαθητων σου, ίνα εκβαλωσιν And I besough, the disciples of thee, that they might expel αυτο και ουκ ηδυνηθησαν. 11 Αποκριθεις δε δ it; and not they were able. Answering and the Indous  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu^{\bullet}$   $\Omega$   $\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \alpha$   $\alpha \pi i \sigma \tau \sigma s$ και διεσ-O generation without faith and having said; τραμμενη· έως ποτε εσομαι προς ύμας, και been perverted; till when shall I be with you, and ανεξομαι ύμων; Προσαγαγε τον υίον σου ώδε. you? Lead the son of thee here. 42 Ετιδε προσερχομενου αυτου, ερρηξεν αυτον While and coming to him, dashed down nim το δαιμονιον, και συνεσπαραξεν. Επετιμησε δε the demon, and violently convulsed. Rebuled and ό Ιησους τω πνευματι τω ακαθαρτω, και ιασατο the Jesus the spirit the unclean, and besled τον παιδα, και απεδωκεν αυτον τω πατρι αυτου. the child, and delivered him to the father oibim. <sup>43</sup> Εξεπλησσοντο δε παντες επι τη μεγαλειοτητι Were amazed and all at the

ithe God. Παντων δε θαυμαζοντων επι πασιν οίς εποιει an' wer wondering at all which **δ Ιησους, ειπε προς τους μαθητας αύτου** he said to the disciples of himself; Jesus, <sup>14</sup> Θεσθε ύμεις εις τα ωτα ύμων τους λογους you into the ears of you the Plyce WO Gt τουτους· δ γαρ νίος του ανθρωπου μελλει παραthese; the for son of the man is shout διδοσθαι εις χειρας ανθρωπων. 45 Οί δε ηγινοουν delivered into hands of men; They but understood not όημα τουτο, και ην παρακεκαλυμμενον απ'

word this and it was having been veiled αυτων, ίνα μη αισθωνται αυτο και εφοβουντο them, that not they might perceive it; and they seared ερωτησαι αυτον περι του δηματος τουτου.
to 19k him concerning he word this. 46 Εισηλθε δε διαλογισμος εν αυτοις, το, τις αν

rose and a dispute among them, that, which είη μειζων αυτων. 47 O δε Ιησους ιδων τον The and Jesus percerving the would be greater of them. διαλογισμον της καρδίας αυτων, επιλαβομενος thought of the heart of them, naving taken

παιδιου, εστησεν αυτο παρ' έαυτω, και ειπεν abttle child, placed it pear bimself, and anid a little child, placed it τυτοις. 48 'Os εαν δεξηται τουτο το παιδιον επι 'o .bem; Whoever may receive this the little child in ·φ ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται· και δς εαν εμε of me, me receives; and whoever me Ό γαρ δεξηται, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. may receive, receives the having sent me. He for μικροτερος εν πασιν ύμιν ύπαρχων ούτος εσται among all 500 being. ke

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. is great.

cries out; and it so convulses him that he foams: and after bruising him, with difficulty departs from him.

40 And I entreated thy DISCIPLES to expelit; and

they could not."

41 And Jesus answer. ing, said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation! how long shall I be with you, and endure you? Conduct thy son here."

42 And while he was approaching, the DEMON dashed him down, and violently convulsed him. And Jesus rebuked the impure spirit, and cured the CHILD, and delivered him to his PATHER.

43 And they were all struck with awe at the MA DESTIC POWER of GOD. But while all were wondering at every thing which Jesus did, he said to his DISCIPLES;

44 f"Flace pour these words in your Ears— The son of Man is about to be delivered into the

Hands of Men."

45 1 But THEY did not understand this s. TING; and it was so veiled from them that they might not perceive it; and they were afraid to ask him concerning this saying.

46 1 And a Dispute arose among them, whi or THEM WOULD BE GREAT.

47 But Jesus, perceiv. ing the THOUGHT of ther HEART, having taken a Little child, placed it near

himself,

48 and said to them, t" Whoever may receive This LITTLE CHILD In my NAME, receives Me, and whoever may receive Mr. receives HIM who PAT me; for HE Who is LLANS aniong you all, be "shell stall te | be great.

<sup>† 44.</sup> Matt. xvii. 22. 1 48 Matt. xxiii 11, 12,

<sup>1 45.</sup> Mark in 82; Luke 7, 56 - reill 24 1 46. Wert 1 48. Diatu n. 46 ; reil. 5 Mark in 87; John nit. 46 ; reil 16

ΦΑποκριθεις δε δ Ιωαννης ειπεν. Επισ-MEYAS. Answering and the John Omasgreat. said; τατα, ειδομεν τινα επι τφ ονοματι σου εκβαλwe waw one in the name of thee casting λοντα τα δαιμονία· και εκωλυσαμέν αυτον, ότι and we forbade him, because the demons: ήμων. 50 Και ειπο προς ουκ ακολουθει μεθ' with ันว. And said be followe αυτον δ Ιησους. Μη κωλυετε δς γαρ ουκ εστι him the Jenus. Not forbidyou: who for not is καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν. against you, for 900

51 Εγενετο δε εν τφ συμπληρουσθαι τας It came to pass and in the to be completed the ημερας της αναληψεως αυτου, και αυτος το withdrawing of him, and days of the he the προσωπον αύτου εστηριξε του πορευεσθαι εις of himself firmly set of the to go to 52 Και απεστειλέν αγγέλους Ιερουσαλημ. he sent Jerusalom. And messengers προ προσωπου αύτου· και πορευθέντες εισηλθον before face of himself: and having gone they entered εις κωμην Σαμαρείτων, ώστε έτοιμασαι αυτφ. of Sameritans, 80 as into a village to prepare for him. Kai ουκ εξεξαντο αυτον, ότι το προσωπον And not they received him, because the face

αντου ην πορευομένον εις 1 έρουσαλημ. of him was going to Jerusalem. 54 Ιδοντες δε οί μαθηται αυτου, Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, ing and the disciples of him, James and John, ειπον· Κυριε, θελεις ειπωμεν πυρ καταβηναι acid: Olord, will thou we speak fire to come down απο του ουρανου, και αναλωσαι αυτους, \*[ώς και beaven, and to consume them, [as even  $^{55}$  Στραφεις δε επετιμησεν Ηλιας εποιησε:] Turning and αυτοις, [και ειπεν· Ουκ οιδατε, οίου πνευματος sbem, [and said: Not you know, of what epirit εστε υμεις:] 56 Και επορευθησαν εις έτεραν you?] And they went are κωμην. wallagu.

57 \* [Εγενετο] δε πορευομενων αυτων εν τη [(thappened] and going of them in the δδφ, ειπε τις προς αυτον Ακολουθησω σοι, way, said oue him: I will follow ko. thee, όπου αν απερχη, \*[κυριε.] <sup>58</sup> Και ειπεν αυτφ wherever thou mayest go, [O master.] And said to him δ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους εχουσι, και τα The the Jesus: foses dens and the have,

49 ‡ And \* John answering said, "Master, we naw one expelling \* Demons in thy NAME; and we forbade him. Because he does not follow us."

- 50 But \*Jesus said. "Forbid him not; for he who is not against you is for you."
- 51 Now it occurred, when the DAYS of his † RETIREMENT Were COM. PLETED, he resolutely set his face to go to Jerusalem.
- 52 And he sent Messengers before him; and having gone, they went into a Village of the Samaritans, in order to make preparation for him.
- 53 And 1 they did not receive him, Because he was going towards Jerusalem.
- 54 And \* his DISCIPLES. James and John, observing this, said, "Master, dost thou wish that we command Fire to come down from HEAVEN, to consume them?"
- 55 But turning he rebuked them;
- 56 and they went to An 1 other Village.
- 57 pAnd as they were travelling on the ROAD, one; said to him, "I will follow, thee wherever thou goest ?
- 58 And \* Jesus said to him, "The Foxes have Holes, and the BIRDS of

ons. 50. Jesus. 54. the 55. and said, "Know ye not of what 57. O master—omit, 58. Jesus. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—49. John. 54. as even Elias did—omit. 40. Demons. DISCIPLES. spirit you are"-omit. 57. It happened-omit.

1 49. Mark 1x 39; see Num, xi. 28. 1 50. See Matt. x1 30; Luke x1. 23.

1v. 4, 9.

<sup>† 51. &</sup>quot;I think the word analepsoos must signify, of Jesus's retiring or withdrawing himself, and not of his being received up; because the word sumplerousthar here used before it, denotes a time completed, which that of his ascension was not then. The sense is, that the time was come, when Jesus was no longer to retire from Judea and the parts about Jerusalem so he had hitherto done; for he had lived altogether in Galitee, lest the Jews should have land hold on him, before the work of his ministry was ended, and full proofs of his divine prission given, and some of the prophecies concerning him accomplished. John says, chap. Vil. 1, Jesus walked in Galitee; for he would not walk in Jew by, because the Jews sought to kill him, Let it be observed, that all which follows here in Luke to chap. xiz. 45, is represented by him, as done by Jesus in his last journey from Galilee to Jerusalem."—Pearce.

πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωσεις· δ δε υίος of the heaven roosts: the but son του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την κεφαλην κλινη. man not has, where the head he may rest. 'Ο δε <sup>53</sup> Ειπε δε προς έτερον· Ακολουθει μοι. He said and to Follow me. He but another: ειπε· Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι απελθοντι πρωτον Kυριε, επιτρέγο.
O master, permit thou me having gone
100.

60 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ θαψαι τον πατερα μου. Said and to him the the father of me. lησους· Αφες τους νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων Leave the dead ones to bury the of themselves νεκρους συ δε απελθων διαγγελλε την βασιdeadones; thou and having gone publish the kingλειαν του θεου. 61 Ειπε δε και έτερος Ακολουof the God. Said and also another; θησω σοι, κυριε πρωτον δε επιτρεψον μοι thee, O master; first but permit thou me 62 Ειπε δε αποταξασθαι τοις εις τον οικον μου. to bid farewell to those in the house of me. Said but \* $\begin{bmatrix} \pi \rho o s \ \alpha v au \sigma v \end{bmatrix}$   $\delta$   $I \eta \sigma o v s$  · O  $v \delta \epsilon i s$  ·  $\epsilon \pi i \beta \alpha \lambda \omega v$  ·  $\tau \eta v$   $\begin{bmatrix} to & him \end{bmatrix}$  the Jesus; No one having put the χειρα αύτου επ' αροτρον, και βλεπων ειςhand of himself on a plough, and looking for the things οπισω, ευθετος εστιν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. behind, well-disposed is for the kingdom of the God.

# КЕФ. 1. 10.

<sup>1</sup> Μετα δε ταυτα ανεδειξεν δ κυριος \*[και] After now these things appointed the lord also έτερους εβδομηκοντα, και απεστειλεν αυτους seventy, aud sent them ανα δυο προ προσωπου αύτου εις πασαν πυλιν each two before face of himself into every. city  $^2$  E $\lambda\epsilon$ και τοπον, ού εμελλεν αυτος ερχεσθαι. place, where was about 'nе to go. γεν ουν προς αυτους. Ο μεν θερισμος πολυς, them; The indeed harvest said then to great, οί δε εργαται ολιγοι δεηθητε ουν του κυριου few; implore therefore the lord του θερισμου, όπως εκβαλη εργατας εις τον that he would send out laborers into the of the harvest. 3 Υπαγετε· ιδου, εγω αποσθερισμον αύτου. of himself. lo, harvest Go you: send  $^4 M\eta$ τελλω ύμας ώς αρνας εν μεσφ λυκων. you as lambs in midst of wolves. Not βασταζετε βαλαντιον, μη πηραν μηδε ύποδηa purse, nor abag nor carry you ματα και μηδενα κατα την όδον ασπασησθε. ₩ay and no one b**y** the 5 Εις ἡν δ' αν οικιαν εισερχησθε, πρωτον λεγετε· Into what and ever house you may enter, first say you . 6 Και εαν 'n Ειρηνη τω οικώ τουτω.  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$ And Peace to the house this. if may be there υίος ειρηνης, επαναπαυσεται επ' αυτον ή ειρηνη a son of peace, shall rest on him the peace

HEAVEN places of shelter; but the son of MAN has not where he may recline his HEAD."

- 59 ‡ And he said to another, "Follow me." But HE said, "Sir, permit me first to go and bury my FATHER."
- 60 \* And he said to him, "Leave the DEAD ONES to inter THEIR own Dead; but go thou and publish the KINGDOM of GOD."
- 61 And another also said, "Sir, ‡ I will follow thee; but permit me first to set in order my affairs at HOME."
- 62 But Jesus said, "No one, having put his HAND on the Plough, and looking BEHIND, 18 properly disposed towards the KINGDOM of GOD."

#### CHAPTER X.

- 1 Now after this, the LORD appointed \*Seventy Others, and ‡ sent them two by two before him into Every City and Place, where he was about to go.
- 2 \*And he said to them, "The Harvest indeed is plenteous, but the Reap-Ers are few; beseech, therefore, the Lord of the Harvest, that he would send out Laborers to Reap it.
- 3 Go; ‡behold, \*I send you forth as Lambs among Wolves.
- 4 ‡ Carry no Purse, nor Bag, nor Shoes, and salute no one by the ROAD.
- 5 ‡ And into Whatever House you enter, say first, 'Peace to this House.'
- 6 And if a Son of Peace is there, your PEACE shall

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-60. And he said. 62, to him-omit. two, and sent. 1. also-omit. 2. and he said. 3. I send.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Matt. x. 1: Mark vi. 7. 1 4. Matt. x. 9, 10; Mark vi.

ὑμων ει δε μηγε, εφ' ὑμας ανακαμψει. 1 Ev styou; if but not, OB NON it shall return. In αυτη δε τη οικια μενετε, εσθιοντες και πινοντες this and the house remain, eating and drinking  $\pi$ αρ' αυτων αξιος γαρ δ εργατης του with them: worthy for he laborer of the the things with μισθου αύτου εστι. neward of himself is.

Μη μεταβαινετε εξ οικιας εις εικιαν. 8 Kai from house 10 Also go you εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και δεχωνται into what and ever and they may receive city you may enter, ύμας, εσθιετε τα παρατιθεμενα ύμιν, eat you the things being set before you, and θεραπευετε τους εν αυτη ασθενεις, και λεγετε those in ber sick, αυτοις. Ηγγικεν εφ' ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. to them; Has come night o you the kingdom of the God. <sup>10</sup> Εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και μη Into what but ever eity you may enter, and  $\delta \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \tau \alpha i$  ύμας,  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \ell o \nu \tau \epsilon s$   $\epsilon i s$   $\tau \alpha s$   $\pi \lambda \alpha \tau \epsilon i \alpha s$ going out into the they may receive you, wide places αυτης, ειπατε· 11 Και νον κονιορτον, τον κολληof her, say you: Even the dust, that θεντα ήμιν εκ της πολεως ύμων, απομασσομεθα to us from the city of you, we wipe off

 $\dot{v}$ μιν· πλην τουτο γινωτκετε, ότι ηγγικεν ή κουνου: kowever this κουνου, that has approached the βασιλεια του θεου. 

Lingdom of the God.

I say to you, that for Sodom

τη ημερα εκεινη ανεκτοτερον εσται η τη

in the day that more tolerable it will be than the πολει εκεινη.

είτ that. We to thee, Chorasin, wore to thee, Βηθσαιδα ότι ει εν Τυρω και Σιδωνι εγενοντο Bethasida: for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done

αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν εν the miracles, those being done in you, long agowould in σακκω και σποδω καθημεναι μετενοησαν-ackcloth and ashes sitting they have reformed.

14 Πλην Τυρφ και Σίδωνι ανεκτοτερον εσται εν But for Tyre and Sidon more tolerable it will be in τη κρισει, η ύμιν.  $^{15}$  Και συ, Καπερναουμ, ή the judgment, than for you. And thou, Capernaum, which ενος του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, έως 'αδου καταwen to the heaven art being exalted, even to invisibility down

wen to the heaven art being exalted, even to invisibility down βιβασθηση. 16 Ο ακουων ύμων, εμου ακουει· ahalt be brought. He hearing you, me hears:

rest on him; but if not, it shall return to you.

7 ‡ And in That House remain, eating and drinking the THINGS with them; for the LABOREE is worthy of his REWARD. Go not from House to House.

8 And into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you, eat what is PLACED BEFORE You;

9 and toure the sick in it, and say to them, 'The KINGDOM of GOD has approached you.'

10 But into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you not, going out into its WIDE PLACES, say,—

11 \* even that dust of your city which adheres to our feet, we wipe off for you; however, know this, That the kingdom of God has approached.'

12 But I tell you, that it will be more tolerable for Sodom, in that DAY, than for that CITY.

13 ‡ Woe to thee, Chorasin! woe to thee, Bethsaida! For if those mirateles which are being performed in you, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would have reformed long ago, sitting † in Sackeloth and Ashes.

14 But it will be more tolerable for Tyre and Sidon, in the JUDGMENT, than for you.

15 ‡ And thou, Capernaum, THOU \* which art BEING EXALTED to HEAVEN, wilt be brought down to † Hades.

16 ‡ HE who HEARS you, hears Me; and HE who

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. to our feet, we. thou shalt go down.

<sup>15.</sup> shalt not be exalted to HEAVEN,

<sup>† 13.</sup> This expression of mourning and sorrow was frequent in the East. Thus Tamar signified her distress when dishonored by Annon, 2 Sam, xiii, 9. Thus also, "When Mordecai perceived all that was done, Mordecai rent his clothes, and put on sackcloth and ashes," Estheriv. 1. Thus Job expressed his repentance, Job xiii. 6. Thus Daniel "set his face unto the Lord God, to seek by praver and supplication, with fasting, and sackcloth and ashes," Dan. ix. 3. Other nations adopted the practice, and it became a very common method, whereby to exhibit great grief and misery.—Burder. † 15. See note on Matt. xi. 23.

και ὁ αθετων ύμας εμε αθετει· ὁ δε εμε αθετων, and he rejecting you me rejects: he and me rejecting, αθειτει, τον αποστειλαντα με.

rejects, the one sending me.

17'Υπεστρεψαν δε οί έβδομηκοντα μετα χαρας, Having returned and the seventy with λεγοντες Κυριε, και τα δαιμονια υποτασσεται Olord, and the are subject demons ήμιν εν τω ονοματι σου. 18 Ειπε δε αυτοις· Εθεωname of thee. He said and to them; I beto us in the ρουν τον σαταναν ώς αστραπην εκ του ουρανου held the adversary as lightning out of the 19 Ιδου, διδωμ. ύμιν την εξουσιαν πεσοντα. I give to you the Lo, authority having fallen. του πατειν επανω οφεων και σκορπιων, και επι of the to tread on serpents and scorpions, and on πασαν την δυναμιν του εχθρου και ουδεν ύμας the power of the enemy; and nothing you  $^{20}\,\Pi\,\lambda\eta\nu\,\,\epsilon\nu\,\,\tau$ ουτ $\omega\,\,\mu\eta\,\,\chi$ αιρ $\epsilon\tau\,\epsilon$ , ου μη αδικηση. But in this not rejoice, not not you may hurt. ότι τα πνευματα ύμιν βποτασσεται χαιρετε δε, spirits to you are subject; rejoice you but, ότι τα ονοματα ύμων εγραφη εν τοις ουρανοις. of you are written in the names

21 Εν αυτή τη ώρα ηγαλλιασατο τω πνευματι In this the hour exulted the 5 Ιησους, και ειπεν· Εξομολογουμοι σοι, πατερ, the Jesus, and said; I praise thee, Ofather, κυριε του ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας Olord of the heaven and the earth, that thou has thid Olord of the heaven ταυτα απο σοφων και συνετων, και απεκαλυψας these things from wise men and discerning men, and thou hast revealed αυτα νηπιοις ναι, ό πατηρ, ότι ούτως εγενετο them to habes, yes, the father, for even so it was  $\epsilon \upsilon$  dokta  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \tau \theta \epsilon \nu$  so  $\upsilon$ .  $^{22}$   $\Pi a \nu \tau a$   $\mu o \iota$   $\pi a \rho \epsilon \delta o \theta \eta$ in presence of thee. All to me are given ύπο του πατρος μου και ουδεις γινωσκει, τις father of me; and noone who εστιν δ υίος ει μη δ πατηρ. και τις εστιν δ is the son if not the father; and who is the πατηρ, ει μη δ υίος, και 'ω εαν βουληται δ father, if not the son, and to whom may be willing the <sup>23</sup> Και στραφεις προς τους υίος αποκαλυψαι. turning And io the μαθητας, κατ' ιδιαν ειπε. Μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι, privately he said; Blessed the  $^{24}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\delta\mu\iota\nu$ , οί βλεποντες, ά βλεπετε. those seeing, what you see. 1 say for to you, ότι πολλοι προφηται και βασίλεις ηθελησαν kings prophets and desired many ιδειν, ά ύμεις βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον. και and to see, what you ακουσαι, α ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν. what youhear, and not

REJECTS you, rejects Me, and he who REJECTS Me, rejects HIM who SENT me."

17 And the \*SEVENT1 returned with Joy, saying, "Lord, even the DEMONS are subject to us by thy NAME."

18 And he said to them, "I saw the ADVERSARY falling from HEAVEN like Lightning.

19 Behold, \*I have given you AUTHORITY to TREAD on Serpents and Scorpions, and on All \*THAT POWER which is of the ENEMY; and nothing shall by any means injure You;

20 but rejoice not in this, That the SPIRITS are subject to you; but rejoice That ‡your NAMES \* have been enrolled in the HEA-VENS."

21 ‡ In That Hour \* he exulted in the HOLYSPIRIT, and said, "I adore thee, O Father, Lord of HEAVEN and EAKTH, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes; yes, FATHER; For thus it was well-pleasing in thy sight.

22 ‡All things are imparted to me by my father; and no one, knows who the son is, except the father; and who the father is, except the son, and he to whom the son may be disposed to reveal him."

23 And turning to his DISCIPLES, he said privately, ‡" Happy are THOSE EYES which SEE what you see;

24 For I tell you, †That Many Prophets and K.ags desired to see the things which nou see, and saw them not; and to hear the things which you \* hear, and heard them not."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. SEVENTY-TWO. 19. I have given. 19. That power which is of the enemy. 20. have been enrolled in. 21. he exulted in the holy spirit, and. 24. hear of me, and.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Phil. iv. 3; Heb. xii. 23; Rev. iii. 5; xxi. 27. † 21. Matt. xi. 27. . † 22. Matt. xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; v. 27; xvii. 2. † 23. Matt. xiii. 16. † 24. 1 Pet v. 10.

 $^{\epsilon, \gamma}$ Και ιδου, νομικος τις ανεστη, εκπειρα $\zeta \omega \nu$ And lo, a lawyer certain stood up, tempting αυτον, και λεγων· Διδασκαλε, τι ποιησας ζωην him, and saying; O teacher, what shall I do life αιωνιον κληρονομησω:  $^{26}$  Ο δε ειπε προς αυτον: He and said age-lasting I may inherit? to Εν τφ νομφ τι γεγραπται; πως αναγινωσκεις; In the law what has been written? how readest thou?

27 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν. " Αγαπησεις κυριον "Thou shalt love Lord He and answering said: τον θεον σου εξ όλης της καρδιας σου, και εξ the God of thee out of whole of the heart of thee, and out of δλης της ψυχης σου, και εξ όλης της ισχυος whole of the soul of thee, and out of whole of the strength σου, και εξ ύλης της διανοιας σου και τον of thee, and out of whole of the mind of thee: and the  $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma$ iov  $\sigma$ ov &s  $\sigma$ e $\sigma$ ov $\nu$ . Since  $\delta$ e  $\sigma$ ov $\psi$ . neighbor of thee as thyself." He said and to him: Ορθως απεκριθης· τουτο ποιει, και ζηση. 29 'Ο Rightly thou hast answered: this do, and thou shalthve. He δε θελων δικαιουν έαυτον, ειπε προς τον Ιησουν· but choosing to justify himself, said to the Jesus: Και τις εστι μου πλησιον; <sup>30</sup> 'Υπολαβων \*[δε] δ And who is of me a neighbor? Replying andthe Ιησους ειπεν: Ανθρωπος τις κατεβαινεν απο aaid: A man certain was going down from Ίερουσαλημ εις Ίεριχω, και λησταις περιεπεσεν: Jerusalem to Jericho, and robters fellamong:

οί και εκδυσαντες αυτον και πληγας επιθεντες, who both stripping him and blows having inflicted, απηλθον, αφεντες ήμιθανη τυγχανοντα. <sup>31</sup> Κατα they departed, leaving half-dead being. συγκυριαν δε ίερευς τις καταβαινεν εν τη όδφ

chance and a priest certain was going down in the way  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu \eta$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \iota \delta \omega \nu$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau \circ \nu$ ,  $\alpha \nu \tau \iota \pi \alpha \rho \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ .  $^{32}{}^{\epsilon} O \mu \iota \omega s$ that, and seeing him, passed along. In like manner δε και Λευιτης, \*[γενομενος] κατα τον τοπον, [having come] and also a Levite, near the place, <sup>33</sup> Σαμαρειτης δε  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$  και ιδων, αντιπαρηλθε. coming and seeing, passed along. A Samaritean but τις ύδευων, ηλθε κατ' αυτον, και ιδων αυτον,

certain traveling, came near him, and seeing <sup>34</sup> Και προσελθων κατεδησε  $\epsilon \sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu \iota \sigma \theta \eta$ . he was moved with pity. And having approached he bound τα τραυματα αυτου, επιχεων ελαιον και οινον

wounds of him, pouring on oil and επιβιβασας δε αυτον επιτο ιδιον κτηνος ηγαγεν having set and him on the own heast led

αυτον εις πανδοχειον, και επεμεληθη αυτου. and he took care

35 Kai  $\epsilon \pi i \ \tau \eta \nu$  auplov  $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu,] \epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \dot{\omega} \nu$ And on the neatday [having come out,] having taken out δυο δηναρια εδωκε τφ πανδοχει, και ειπεν two denarii he gave to the innkeeper, and said

\*[αυτω·] Επιμεληθητι αυτου και δ, τι αν îto him: and Take eare of him: whatever

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. And-omit. 35. to him-omit. come out-omit.

32. having come omit.

: 27. Lev. xix. 18. 1 28. Lev. 1 29. Luke xvi. 15. John iv. 9.

25 And, behold, a certa a Lawver, stood up to try him, saying, I"Teacher, what shall I do to inherit aionian L.fe?"

26 And HE said to him, "What is written in the LAW? How dost thou

read?"

27 And HE answering, said, ‡"Thou shalt love " Jehovah thy God with " All thy HEART, and with " All thy soul, and with " All thy STRENGTH, and " with All thy MIND, and "thy Neighbor as thy-"self."

28 And HE said to him, "Thou hast answered correctly; # do this, and thou

shalt live."

29 But HE, wishing # to justify himself, said to JEsus, "Who is My Neighbor i''

30 Jesus replying, said, "A certain Man was going down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among Robbers, who both having stripped him, and inflicted blows, they departed, leaving him half dead.

31 And by Chance a certain Priest was going down that ROAD, and seeing him, he passed along.

32 And in like manner also a Levite, coming near the PLACE, and seeing, passed along.

33 But a certain 1 Samaritan traveling, came near him, and seeing him, he was moved with pity;

34 and approaching, he bound up his wounds. jouring on Oil and Wine, and having placed him on his own Beast, brought him to an Inn, and took care of him.

DAY, having taken out Two

Denarii, he gave them to

the INNKEEPER, and said,

'Take care of him, and

35 And on the NEXT

85. having

τροοδαπανησης, εγω, εν τω επανερχεσθαι με, thru mayest expend more, 1, in the return me, αποδωσω σοι. 36 Tis \*[ouν] πουτων των τριων 1 hill pay to thee. Which [then] of them of the three πλησιον δοκει σοι γεγονεναι του εμπεσοντος a neighbor seems to thee to have been to the having fallen els τους ληστας; 37 O δε ειπεν O ποιησας το among the robbers, He and said; He having shown the ελεος μετ ωυτου. Ειπεν δε αυτω ο Ιησους pity towards him. Said and to him the Jeaus; Πορευου, και συ ποιει όμοιως.

Go, and thou do in like manner.

 $33 * [E\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma]$  δε  $\epsilon \nu \tau \phi$  πορευεσθαι αυτους, [lthappened] and in the togo \*[και | αυτος εισηλθεν εις κωμην τινα· γυνη δε he entered into a village certain; a woman and τις ονοματι Μαρθα, ύπεδεξατο αυτον \*[εις τον certain to a name Martha, received him [into the οικυν αὐτης.] <sup>39</sup>Και τηδε ην αδελφη καλουμενη house otherself.] And to her was a sister having been called And to her was a sister having been called Μαρια, η και παρακαθισασα παρα τους ποδας feet Mary, who also having sat at the <sup>40</sup> 'Η δε του Ιησου, ηκουε τον λογον αυτου. of the Jesus, heard the word of him. The but Μαρθα περιεσπατο περι πολλην διακονιαν was-over-busied about nuch serving; επιστασα δε ειπε. Κυριε, ου μελει σοι, ότι ή having come near and said; O lord, not concerns thee, that the αδελ $\phi$ η μου μονην με κατελιπε διακονειν; ειπε sister of me alone me has left to serve? say ουν αυτη, ίνα μοι συναντιλαβηται. <sup>41</sup> Αποκριthen to her, that to me she may give aid. Answer- $\theta \epsilon is \delta \epsilon \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu \ au \tau \eta \delta \ I \eta \sigma o us Map \theta a, Map \theta a,$ ing and said to her the Jesus; Martha, Martha, μεριμνας και τυρβαίη περι πολλα. <sup>42</sup> ένος δε thou art anxious and troubled about many things; of one but of one but Μαρια δε την αγαθην μεριδα εστι χρεια. and the good part Mary εξελεξατο, ήτις ουκ αφαιρεθησεται απ' autns. has chosen, which not shall be taken away from her.

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

 $^1$  Και ε $\gamma$ ενετο εν τ $\varphi$  ειναι αυτον εν το $\pi \varphi$  τινι And it happened in the to be him in a place certain προσευχομενον, ώς επαυσατο, ειπε τις των when he ceased, aaid one of the praying, μαθητών αυτου προς αυτον· Κυριε, διδαξον ήμας disciples of him to him: Olord, teach us προσευχεσθαι, καθως και Ιωαννης εδιδαξε τους John to pray, even taught the <sup>2</sup> Ειπε δε αυτοις. Όταν προσ-He said and to them; When you μαθητας αυτου. disciples of himself. ευχησθε, λεγετε Πατηρ, άγιασθητω το ονομα pray, say; Ofather, behallowed the name σου ελθετω σου ή βασιλεια 3 τον αρτον ήμων of thee: let come of thee the kingdom: the bread of us τον επιουσιον διδου ήμιν το καθ' ήμεραν. 4 Και the necessary give thou to us the every and day:

whatever thou mayest expend more, £, at my RETURN, will pay thee.

36 Now which of These THREE, thinkest thou, was Neighbor to HIM who FELL among the ROBBERS?"

37 And HE said, "HE who MANIFESTED PITY towards him." And Jesus said to him, "Go, and de thou in like manner."

38 Now as they WENT on, he entered a certain Village; snd a certain Woman, named ‡ Martha, entertained him.

39 And SHE had a Sister called Mary, who also, ‡sitting at \* the FEET of the LORD, heard his WORD.

40 But MARTHA was perplexed with Much Scrving; and coming near, she said, "Master, dost theu not care That my sister has left Me to serve alone? Tell her, then, to assist me."

41 And \*the Lord answering, said to her, "Martha, Martha, theu art anxious, and troublest thyself about many things;

42 but \*of few things, or of one, is there Need; and Mary has chosen the good Part, which shall not be taken away from her."

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred, as he was PRAYING in a certain Place, when he ceased, one of his DISCIPLES said to him, "Master, teach us to pray, even as John taught his DISCIPLES."

2 And he said to them, "When you pray say, 10 Father, Revered be thy NAME! let Thy KINGDOM come;

3 give us DAY BY DAY our NECESSARY FOOD;

38. John. xi. 1; xii. 2, 3. : 39. Luke viii. 35; Acts xxii. 3.

1 2. Matt vi. 9.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—(8. then—omit. 38. It happened—omit. 38. and —omit. 38. into her house—omit. 39. the feet of the Lord. 41. the Lord answering. 42. of few things, or of one, is there Need; and.

αφες ήμιν τας αμαρτιας ήμων, και γαρ αυτοι forgive to us the sins ofus, even for ourselves αφιεμεν παντι οφειλοντι ήμιν και μη εισενεγand not thou mayest forgive all owing us, <sup>5</sup> Και ειπε προς αυτους· κης ήμας εις πειρασμον. lead us into temptation. And he said to them; Τις εξ ύμων έξει φιλον, και πορευσεται προς you shall have a friend, Which of and shall go to Φιλε, μεσονυκτιου, αυτω. CUTUV και  $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta$ at midnight, him and to him; O friend, say 6 επειδη φιλος μου χρησον HOL TOELS ADTOUS" to me three luaves; because a friend of me παρεγενετο εξ όδου προς με, και ουκ εχω ό from a way me, and not I have what to παραθησω αυτώ. <sup>7</sup> κακείνος εσωθεν αποκρίθεις for him; from within And he answering et $\pi\eta^*$  M $\eta$   $\mu$ ot ko $\pi$ ovs  $\pi$ a $\rho$ e $\chi$ e $^*$   $\eta$   $\delta\eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\theta$ v $\rho$ a should say; Not to me trouble dothoucause; already the door κεκλεισται, και τα παιδια μου μετ' εμου εις την has been shut, and the children of me with me in the κοιτην εισιν ου δυναμαι αναστας δουναι σοι. are; not I am able having arisen to give to thee. 8 Λεγω ύμιν, ει και ου δωσει αυτω αναστας, Isay to you, if and not will give to him having arisen, δια το ειναι αυτου φιλον, δια γε την αναιδειαν because the to be of him a friend, through indeed the importunity αυτου εγερθεις δωσει αυτφ όσων χρηζει. <sup>9</sup> Καarising he will give to him as many as he wants. γω ύμιν λεγω. Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν. to you aay; Ask you, and it shall be given to you; ζητειτε, και ευρησετε κρουετε, και ανοιγησεand you shall find: knock you, and it shall be 10 Πας γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει. ται ὑμιν. και A11 opened to you. for the asking receives: ό (ητων εύρισκει\* και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. finds. and to the knocking it shall be opened. the seeking 11 Τινα δε ύμων τον πατερα αιτησει δ υίος αρτον, Which now of you the father shall ask the son bread, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτώ; η και ιχθυν, μη αντι will give to him; or also a fich. not in place of ιχθυος οφιν επιδωσει αυτώ; 12 η και εαν αιτηση a fish a serpent will give to him: or also if he may ask ωνν, μη επιδωσει αυτφ σκορπιον; <sup>13</sup> Ει ουν to him an egg, Dot will give a scorpion ? then ίμεις, πονηροι ύπαρχοντες, οιδατε δοματα evil being, cou. knaw you gifts αγαθα διδοναι τοις τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον to give to the children of you, how much

14 Και ην εκβαλλων δαιμονιον, και αυτου ην Andhewas casting out demon, and it was

δ πατηρ, δ εξ ουρανου, δωσει πνευμα άγιον τοις

the father, that of heaven, will give aspirit holy to those

ZITOUTIV QUTOV:

4 and forgive us our sins; for we ourselves also forgive every one who is indebted to us; and abandon us not to Trial."

5 And he said to them,
"Which of you shall have
a Friend, and shall go to
him at Midnight, and say
to him, 'Friend, lend me
Three Loaves;

6 for a Friend of mine has come to me out of his Road, and I have nothing to place before him?

7 And he answering from within should say, 'Do not trouble me; the DOOR IS now closed, and my CHILDREN are with me in BED; I cannot rise to give thee.'

8 I tell you, ‡ Though he will not rise and give him because he is His Friend, yet because of his importunity indeed, he will rise and give him, as many as he needs.

9 ‡ And E say to yon, Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and you will ind; knock, and it will be opened to you.

10 For Every one who asks, receives; and HE who seeks, finds; and to HIM who knocks, the door \* is opened.

11 ‡\*And What FATHER among you, who, if his son request Bread, will give him a Stone? or if he ask for a Fish, will instead of a Fish give him a Serpent?

12 or also, if he should ask an Egg, will give him a Scorpion?

13 If now, then, being Evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHIL-DREN, how much more will the FATHER, THAT OF HEAVEN, give holy Sprint to THOSE who ASK him?"

14 ‡ And he was casting out \* adumb Demon. And

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—10. is opened. 11. If a son ask a Fish of any one of you that is a FATHER, will he for a fish give him a Serpent? 12. or also, if he ask an Egg, will he give him a Scorpion? 14. dumb Demon. And it.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Luke xvii. 1. † 9. Matt. vii. 7; xx1 22; Mark xi. 24; John xv 7; James i. & † 11. Matt. vii. 9. † 14. Matt. ix. 32; xii. 22.

κωφον· εγενετο δε του δαιμονιου εξελθοντος, dumb: it came to pass and of the demon having come out, ελαλησεν δ κωφος· και εθαυμασαν οί οχλοι. spoke the dumb: and wondered the crowds. <sup>15</sup> Τινες δε εξ αυτων Εν Βεελ(εβουλ, $\epsilon \imath \pi o \nu$ Some but of them said: Ву Peelzebnl. αρχοντι των δαιμονιων, εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. aruler of the demons, he cast out the demons: 16 έτεροι δε πειραζοντες, σημειον παρ' αυτου tempting, asign aurop 17 Auros de eldws aurwp others but εζητουν εξ ουρανου. sought from heaven. but knowing of them τα διανοηματα, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βασιλεια, to them: Every the thoughts, said διαμερισθεισα, ερημουται, έαυτην having been divided, is brought to desolation, and against herself 18 Ειδε και δ σατανας οικος επι οικον πιπτει. If and also the adversary bouse upon house falls.  $\pi\omega$ s  $\sigma\tau\alpha\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota$   $\dot{\eta}$ εφ' έαυτον διεμερισθη, has been divided, the how shallstand gainst himself Βασιλεια αυτου, ότι λεγετε, εν Βεελζεβουλ kingdom of him? bу Beelzebul for you say, 19 Ει δε εγω εν εκβαλλειν με τα δαιμονια. If but by me the demons. to cast out οί υίοι δαιμονια, Βεελ(εβουλ εκβαλλω  $\tau \alpha$ demons, cast out the Beelzebul ΄μων εν τινι εκβαλλουσι; Δια τουτο κριται of you by whom do they cast out? Through this judges 20 Ει δε εν δακτυλώ θεου ύμων αυτοι εσονται. If but by a finger of God oivou they shall be. εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα εφθασεν εΦ' ύμας then has suddenly come upon you I cast out the demons, <sup>21</sup> 'Οταν δ ισχυρος καθωη βασιλεια του θεου. When the strong one having the royal majesty of the God. την έαυτου αυλην, εν πλισμένος φυλασση of himself a palace. should he guard the been armed ειρηνη εστι τα ύπαρχοντα αυτου<sup>22</sup> επαν δε δ of him; as soon as but the are the possessions ισχυροπερος αυτου επελθων νικηση αυτον, of him having entered should overcome την πανοπλιαν αυτου αιρει, εφ' ή επεποιθει, of him takes away, in which he had confided, arme 23 'O μη ων He not being και τα σκυλα αυτου διαδιδωσιν. distributed. and the spoils μετ' εμου, κατ' εμου εστι και δ μη συναγων of him me, against me and he not gathering  $^{24}$  Οταν το ακαθαρτον μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. When the unclean me, scatters. with πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται man, spirit may come out from the passes δι' ανυδρων τοπων, ζητουν αναπαυσιν. και seeking a restrag place; places, through dry Υποστρεψω εις τον οικον μη ευρισκον, λεγει I will return into the house says; not finding, <sup>25</sup> Και ελθον εύρισκει δθεν  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$ . μου, And having come it finds I came out. whence σεσαρωμενον και κεκοσμημενον. 26 Τοτε πορευε-Then having been swept and having been adorned. it goes |

it came to pass, when the DENON had departed, the DUMB man spoke, and the CROWDS wondered

15 But some of them said, "He expels DEMONS through Beelzebul, \*the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

16 And others, ‡ trying him, sought of him a Sign

from Heaven.

17 But the knowing Their THOUGHTS, said to them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself is desolated; and House falls against House.

18 And if the ADVER-SARY also is divided against himself, how shall his KINGDOM stand? Because you say that I expel DE-Mons through Beelzebul.

19 Besides, if # through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, by whom do your sons cast them out? Therefore,

then will be your JUDGES. 20 But if ‡ by a Finger of God I cast out the DE-MONS, † then God's ROYAL MAJESTY has unexpectedly come to you.

21 # When the STRONG one armed guards His Palace, his Possessions are in Safety;

22 but whenever one \*stronger than he, having entered should overcome him, he takes away the ARMS in which he confided, and distributes his sports.

23 HE who is not with me, is against me; and нв who GATHERS not with

me. scatters.

24 ‡ When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, sceking & Place of Rest; and not finding one, \* then it savs, I will return to my House, from which I came out.

25 And coming, it finds it \* empty, swept, and

furnished.

26 Then it goes, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MSS .- 15. the PRINCE.

<sup>22.</sup> stronger.

<sup>25.</sup> empty swept, and furnished.

<sup>† 20.</sup> See Note on Matt. xii. 28.

<sup>1 20.</sup> Exod. viii

ται και παραλαμβανει έπτα έτερα πνουματα and takes with seven other πονηροτερα έαυτου, και εισελθοντα κατοικει more evil of itself, and they having entered dwell εκει και γινεται τα εσχατα του ανθρωπου there; and becomes the last of the man <sup>27</sup> Εγενετο δε εν εκεινου χειρονα των πρωτων. worse of the It happened and in first. τω λεγειν αυτον ταυτα, επαραπα τις γυνη him these things, having lifted certain woman to the to speak φωνην εκ του οχλου, ειπεν αυτφ Μακαρια ή a voice out of the crowd, said to him, Blessed the κοιλια ή βαστασασα σε, και μαστοι ούς εθηwomb that having carried thee, and breasts those thou λασας. 28 Αυτος δε ειπε. Μενουνγε μακαριοι He but said, Yearather blessed οί ακουοντές τον λογον του θέου, και φυλασword of the God, those hearing the and obserσοντες.

ντης.
<sup>29</sup> Των δε οχλων επαθροιζομενων, and crowds gathering together, he began λεγειν. Ἡ γενεα αύτη πονηρα εστι. σημειον to say. The generation this evil a sign επι(ητει· και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, ει μη πιζητει από asign not shall be given in seeks, and asign not shall be given in seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and asign not shall be given in a seeks, and a s το σημειον Ιωνα. σημείον τοις Νινευιταίς, ούτως εσταί και δ to the Ninevites. will be also the <sup>31</sup> Βασιλυίος του ανθρωπου τη γενεά ταυτη. son of the man to the generation this. ισσα Νοτου εγερθησεται εν τη κρισει μετα των will be raised in the judgment with of south the ανδρων της γενεας ταυτης, και κατακρινει of the generation this, will condemn men and αυτους ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατων της γης them, because she came from the ends of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος και ιδου, πλειον wisdom of Solomon; the and lo, Σολομώνος ώδε. 32 Ανδρές Νινευι αναστησονται Men of Nineveh here. will at and up

εν τη κρισει μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και the judgment with the generation this. κατακρινουσιν αυτην: ότι μετενοησαν εις το her; hecause they reformed at will condemn κηρυγμα Ιωνα και ιδου, πλειον Ιωνα ώδε. preaching of Jonas; and lo, a greater of Jonas here.

 $^{33}$  Ouders  $\delta \epsilon$   $\lambda u \chi \nu o \nu$ åψas. εις κρυπτην No one and a lamp having lighted, into a secret place τιθησιν, ουδε ύπο τον μοδιον, αλλ' επι την neither nader the corn-measure, but the λυχνιαν, ίνα οί εισπορευσμένοι το φέγγος βλέlamp-stand, that those the entering light may

takes with it Seven Other Spirits more wicked than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN becomes worse than the rirst.'

27 And it occurred, while he was speaking these things, a Certain Woman from the crown, raising her Voice, said to him, t" Нарру is тилт womb which BORE thee, and those Breasts which thou hast sucked!"

28 But he said, ‡" Yes, rather, happy THOSE who HEAR the WORD of GOD,

and keep it!"

ηρξατο

29 And the crowns gathering about him, he began to say, \* 'This GEN-LRATION is a wicked Generation. It demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the sign of Jonali.

30 ! For as \* Jonah became a Sign to the NINEvires, thus also will the SON of MAN be to this

GENERATION.

31 The Queen of the South will rise up at the JUDGMENT with the MEN of this GENERATION, and cause them to be condemncd; Because she came from the EXTREMITIES of the LAND to hear the WIS-DOM of Solomon; and behold, one greater than Solomon is here.

32 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDGMENT with this GENERATION, and cause it to be condemned; 1 Because ther reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, one greater than Jonah is here.

33 No one having lighted a LAMP, I places it in a Secret place, neither under the CORN-MEASURE, but on the LAMP-STAND: that THOSE ENTERING may see the LIGHT.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. This GENERATION is a wicked Generation. 30. Jonah.

34 'Ο λυχνος του πωσιν. σωματος εστιν is The lamp of the hody the see. οφθαλμος· όταν \*[ουν] ό οφθαλμος σου άπλους when [therefore] the eye of thee kai  $\delta \lambda o \nu$  to  $\sigma \omega \mu \alpha$   $\sigma o \upsilon$   $\phi \omega \tau \epsilon \iota \nu o \nu$  estivates also whole the body of the enlightened is: η, may be, also whole the body επαν δε πονηρος 'η, και το σωμα σου σκοτεινον. evil may be, also the body of thee darkened. 35 Σκοπει ουν, μη το φως το εν σοι σκοτος εστιν.

Take heed therefore, not the light that in thee darkness  $^{36}$ Ει ουν το σωμα σου όλον φωτεινον, μη εχον If therefore the body of thee whole is enlightened, not having τι μερος σκοτεινον, εσται φοτεινον όλον, ώς will be enlightened whole, όταν ό λυχνος τη αστραπη φωτιζη σε. when the lamp by the brightness may enlighten thee.

<sup>37</sup> Εν δε τφ λαλησαι, ηρωτα αυτον Φαρισαιος In and the to have spoken, asked a Pharisee \*[τις] όπως αριστηση παρ' [certain] that he might dine with αυτφ. Εισελθων him. Having entered 33'Ο δε Φαρισαιος ιδων εθαυμαδε ανεπεσεν. and he reclined. Pharisee The and seeing wondered σεν, ότι ου πρωτος εβαπτισθη προ του αριστου. kecause not fire he was dipped before the

<sup>39</sup> Ειπε δε ό κυρμο**ς π**ρος αυτον• Nuv bueis of Said and the .c.d to him. . Now the you Φαρισαιοι το εξωνέν του ποτηριου και του πινα-Pha.isees the outside of the cup and of the platκος καθαριζετε. εσωθεν ύμων γεμει το δε inside you cleanse: the but of you is full 40 Αφρονες, ουχ άρπαγης και πονηγιας. δ Cunwise, and of evil. not he of extartion ποιησας τη εξωθεν, και το εσωθεν εποιησε; outside, also the made? having made the

<sup>41</sup> Πλην ενοντα δοτε ελεημοσυνην και But the Bings being within give you alms: and 42 Aλλ' ιδου, παπα καθατα ύμιν εστιν. ουαι ll this 38 But clean to you 18. « O s τοις Θαρισαιοις, ότι αποδεκατουτε ύμιν  $\tau o$ o you the Pharisees, for you tithe the ζουνσμον, και το πηγανον, και παν λαχανον. an: the and every rue, pot-herb: κ ι παρερχετθ. την κρισιν και την αγαπην του tatice a d ass by :.x and the love of the

 $\tau \alpha$ 

Τα τα εδοι ποιησαι, μη hetaeo $\epsilon$ o κακεινα These thin, s ou ought to have done, and those not αφιεναι. to omit.

43 Ουαι υμιν τοις Φαρισαιοις, δτι αγαπατε the Pharasees, for you lave Woe to you

34 The LAMP of the BODY is \* thine EYE; wher thine EYE is clear, thy Whole BODY also is enlight. ened; but when it is dim. thy BODY also is darkened,

35 Take heed therefore, that THAT LIGHT which is in thee be not Darkness.

36 If, therefore, thy whole BODY be enlight ened, having no Part dark, the Whole will be enlight. ened, as when the LAMP by its BRIGHTNESS enlightens thee."

37 And while he was speaking a Pharisee invited him † to dine with him; and he went in, and re-

clined.

38 And the Pharisee noticing it, wondered that he did not first † immerse before the DINNER.

39 # And the LORD said to him, "Now you PHABI-SEES cleanse the OUTSIDE of the CUP and FLATTER; but tyour inside isfull of Extortion and Wickedness.

40 Senseless men! lid not HE who MADE the OUTSIDE make the INSIDE also?

41 TBut give in Alms the THINGS WITHIN, and tenold, all things are pure to you.

42 But Woe to you, PHARISEES! Because you tithe of MINT, and JUE, and Every Pot-herb but disregard JUSTICE and the LCVE of God: these things you ought to practise, and not to omit those.

43 ‡ Woe to you, Phari-SEES! Because you love

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. thine EYE. 34. therefore-omit. 87 certain-omit.

<sup>\*\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—34. Unite EYE. 34. therefore—mil. 36 certain—mil. 47. Perhaps, rather, "to breakfast with him," as ariston, signifies a morning meal. The Jews made but two meals in the day: their ariston, may be called their breakfast or their dinner, because it was both, and was but a slight meal. Their chief meal was their deinnon or supper, after the heat of the day was over and the same was the principal meal among the Greeks and Romans. Josephus, in his life, says, sec. 54, that the legal hour of the ariston on the Sabbath was the sixth hour, or at twellve o'clock at noon, as we call it. What the hour was on the other days of the week, he does not say; but probably it was much the same.—
P\*are. 138. Some critics refer this to the dipping of the hands; others to the imacrion of the whole person. From Mark vii. 3, 4, it is evident, that both were practised, as well as various other ablutions.

<sup>1 °4</sup> M tt. vi. 22. 1 38. Mark vii. 3. 1. 5 1 41. Isa. lviii. 7, Dan. iv. 27; Luke xii. 33. Matt vxiii 6; Mark xii. 38. 89. I 39. Matt. xxii. 25. I 39. Titus 1 41. Matt. xxiii. 23.

first seat in the the ayoagogues, and <sup>44</sup> Ουαι ὑμιν, τους ασπασμους εν ταις αγοραις. Woe to you, salutations in the marketa. δτι εστε ώς τα μνημεια τα αδηλα, και οί for you are like the tombs those unseen, and the ανθρωποι, οί περιπατουντες επανω, ουκ οιδασιν. over, men, those walking not  $^{45}$  Αποκριθεις δε τις των νομικων λεγει αυτφ. Answering and one of the lawyers says to him; Διδασκαλε, ταυτα λεγων και ήμας ύβριζεις. O teacher, these things saying also us thou reproachest.

46 Ο δε ειπε Και ύμιν τοις νομικοις ουαι, ότι He and said; Also to you the lawyers woe, for φορτιζετε τους ανθρωπους φορτια δυσβαστακτα, the burdens men oppressive, ένι και αυτοι

των δακτυλων ύμων ου προσand yourselves with one of the fingers of you not you ψαυετε τοις φορτιοις.

<sup>47</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, ότι οικοδομειτε τα μνημεια των

you build

the

tombs

the burdens.

Woe to you, for

προφητων, οἱ δε πατερες ύμων απεκτειναν the and fathers prophets, ofyou killed 48 Αρα μαρτυρείτε και συνευδοκείτε
Therefore you testify and you consent αυτους. you testify and you consent τοις εργοις των πατερων ύμων ότι αυτοι μεν to the works of the fathers of you; for they indeed απεκτειναν αυτους, ύμεις δε οικοδομειτε \* [αυthem, killed you and build  $^{49}$  Δια τουτο και  $\mathring{\eta}$  σοφια των τα μνημεια.] them the tombe.] Because of this and the wiscom του  $\theta$ εου ειπεν· Αποστελω εις αυτους προφητας of the God said; I will send to them και **απο**στολους, και εξ αυτων αποκτενουσι apostles, and out of them they will kill και εκδιωξουσιν· <sup>50</sup> ίνα εκζητηθη το αίμα πανso that may be required the blood persecute; των των προφητων, το εκχυνυμενον απο καταprophets, that being hed ail of the from a layβολης κοσμου, απο της γενεας ταυτης. 51 απο

tog down of a world, frum the generation this; του αίματος Αβελ έως του αίματος Ζαχαριου, blood of Abel to the blood of Zecharias, του απολομενου μεταξυ του θυσιαστηριου και hetween the that having perished altar and TOU OIKOU. Ναι λεγω ύμιν, εκζητηθησεται απο Yes I say to you, it will be required from της γενεας ταυτης. the generation this.

<sup>52</sup> Ουαι ύμιν τοις νομικοις, ότι ηρατε την to you the lawyers. for you took away the κλειδα της γνωσεως, αυτοι ουκ εισηλθετε, και of the Ynow'edge; yourselves not you entered, and  $^{53}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma o \nu au o s \delta\epsilon$ τους εισερχομένους εκωλυσατέ. those entering you bindered. and Saying

την πρωτοκαθέδριαν εν ταις συναγωγαις, και the CHIEF SEAT in the SYNAGOGUES, and SALU-TATIONS in the PUBLIC PLACES.

> 44 TWoe to you! Because you are like those CONCEALED TOMBS, which MEN WALKING over, know not."

> 45 Then one of the LAW-YERS, answering, says to him, "Teacher, in saying these things thou reproachest Us also."

46 And HE said, "Woe to you, LAWYERS! | For you impose oppressive Burdens on MEN, and yet, nou yourselves touch not the BURDENS with one of your FINGERS.

47 # Woe to you! For you build the SEPULCHRES of the PROPHETS, and your FATHERS killed them.

48 Thus you testify that you approve the ACTS of your fathers; For then, indeed, killed them, and nou build.

49 And because of this. the wisdom of God said, t'1 will send them Prophets and Apostles, and some of them they will kill and persecute:'

60 so that the BLOOD of All the PROPHETS being shed from the Formation of the World, may be required of this GENERATION:

51 from the \* Blood of Abel to the \* Blood of THAT Zechariah, twho will perish between the ALTAR and the House. Yes, I tell you, it will be required of this GENERATION.

52 ‡ Woe to you, LAW-YERS! Because you have taken away the KEY of KNOWLEDGE, you entered not yourselves, and THOSE APPROACHING, you hindered."

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-48. Their TOMBS-omit.

<sup>† 51.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxiii. 35,

<sup>1 44.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 27. 1 46. M 1 46. Matt. xxiii. 4.

<sup>51.</sup> Blood.

αυτου ταυτα προς αυτους, ηρξαντο οί γραμματεις of him these things to tnem, began the και οί Φαρισαιοι δεινως ενεχειν, και αποστοand the Pharisees greatly to be incensed, and to make ματιζειν αυτον περι πλειονων· 54 ενεδρευοντες speak off-hand icim about many things; trying to entrap \*[ζητουντες] θηρευσαι αυτον,  $\tau\iota$  $\epsilon \kappa$ hım, to catch something out of the [seeking] στοματος **ι**υτου, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. of him, that they might see 12. 1 EV of s  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\upsilon\nu\alpha\chi\theta\epsilon\iota\sigma\omega\nu$   $\tau\omega\nu$ mouth КЕФ. ιβ'. 12. μυριαδων του οχλου, ώστε καταπατειν αλληcrowd, ofthe 80 25 to tread upon one λοις, ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους μαθητας αύτου. roo.ner, be began to say to the disciples of himself; Πρωτον προσεχετε έαυτοις απο της ζυμης των take heed to yourselves of the leaven ofthe ουδεν δε Φαριοαιων, ήτις εστιν ύποκρισις. Pharisees, which hypocrisy. Nothing and σιγκεκαλυμμενον εστιν, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεis, which not shall be uncovered: baring been covered ται και κρυπτον, δ ου γνωσθησεται.  $^3 \text{ A} \nu \theta$ and secret, which not shell be known. On which όπα εν τη σκοτια ειπατε, εν τφ φωτι ών acreoot what in the dark you speak, in the ακυυσθησεται και δ προς το ους ελαλησατε εν and what to the ear shalt be heard: in you spoke τοις ταμειοις, κηρυχθησεται επι των δωματων. the shalbe published on closets. the house-tops. <sup>4</sup> Λεγω **δε** ύμιν τοις φιλοις μου· Μη φοβηθητε I say and to you the friends of me: Not you be afraid απο των αποκτεινοντων το σωμα, και μετα ταυτα killing of those the body, and after these 5 'Υπομη εχοντων περισσοτερον τι ποιησαι. having more anything to have done. I will δειξω δε ύμιν, τινα φοβηθητε φοβηθητε τον point out and to you, whom you should fear: you should fear the μετα το αποκτειναι, εξουσιαν εχοντα εμβαλειν after the to have killed, authority having εις την γεενναν ναι λεγω ύμιν, τουτον φοβη-Gehenna; yes Isay to you, this into the  $\theta$ ητε.  $^6$  Ουχι πεντε στρουθια πωλειται ασσαριων Not five sparrows are sold assarii you. δυο; και έν εξ αυτων ουκ εστιν επιλελησμενον and one out of them is not being forgotten <sup>7</sup> Αλλα και αί τριχες της  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi i \sigma \nu \tau \sigma \nu \theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$ . in presence of the God. But also the hairs of the \*[0UV]  $M\eta$ κεφαλης ύμων πασαι ηριθμηνται. of you all have been numbered. Not [therefore] Φοβεισθε: πολλων στρουθιων διαφερετε. 8 Λεγω fear you: many aparrows you are better. Isay δε ύμιν. Πας δς αν δμολυγηση εν εμοι εμπροσand to you: All whoever may confess to me in presθεν των ανθρωπων, και δ υίος του ανθρωπου also the son of the ence of the men, man

53 And \*having gone out thence, the SCRIBES and PHARISERS began to be extremely angry, and to press him to speak unguardedly on many things;

54 trying to entrap him, and \$\pm\$to catch something from his Mouth, that they might accuse him.

### CHAPTER XII.

1 At that time, the CROWD having assembled by TENS OF THOUSANDS, so that they trampled on each other, he began to say to his DISCIPLES, "First, ‡ guard yourselves against the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES, which is Hypocrisv.

2 ‡ And there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered; and hid, which will not be made

known.

3 Therefore, what you speak in the DARK, will be heard in the LIGHT; and what you whispered to the EAR in CLOSETS, will be proclaimed on the HOUSETOPS.

4 ‡ But I say to you, my FRIENDS, Be not afraid of THOSE who KIL\* the BODY, and after this :an do no

more.

5 But I will show you whom you should fear; Fear HIM, who, after having killed, HAS Authority to castinto GEHENNA; yes, I tell you, Fear him.

6 Are not Five Sparrows sold for two † Assarii? and yet not one of them is for-

gotten before God.

7 But even the HAIRS of your HEAD have all been numbered. Fearnot; you are of more value than Many Sparrows.

8 ‡ And 1 say to you, Whoever may acknowledge me before MEN, the son of

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—53. having gone out thence, the SCRIBES.
omit. 7. therefore—omit.

<sup>54.</sup> seeking-

<sup>\* 6.</sup> An assarion was about one cent and five mills in value, or three farthings sterling.

<sup>† 54.</sup> Mark xii, 13. iv. 22; Luke viii, 17. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa, li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa, li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa, li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8.

**δ**μολογησει εν αυτφ εμπροσθε**ν των α**γγελων will confess in him in presence of the messengers 9 'Ο δε αρνησαμένος με ενωπιον των του θεου. of the God. He but having denied me in presence of the ανθρωπων, απαρνηθησεται ενωπιον των αγγεwill be denied in presence of the messenλων του θεου. 10 Και πας δς ερει λογονεις τον gers of the God. And all who shall speak a word against the υίον του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ: τω δε son of the it will be forgiven to him; to the but man, εις το άγιον πνευμα βλασφημησαντι ουκ αφεspirit against the holy having spoken evil not <sup>11</sup> Όταν δε προσφερωσιν ύμας επι θησεται. be forgiven. When and they may may you ras συναγωγας και τας αρχας και τας εξουσιας, synagogues and the rulers and the authorities, μη μεριμνατε, πως η τι απολογησησ $\theta$ ε, η τι απολογησησωτε, ο rwhat you may answer, or what ειπητε· 12 το γαρ άγιον πνευμα διδαξει ύμας εν you may say; the for holy spirit will teach you αυτη τη ώρα, ἁ SEL  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \iota \nu$ . the hour, what it is proper to say.

 $^{13}$  Ei $\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\tau$ is  $\alpha$ u $\tau\omega$   $\epsilon\kappa$   $\tau$ ou  $o\chi$  $\lambda$ ou $\cdot$   $\Delta$ i $\delta$  $\alpha\sigma$ -Said and one to him out of the crowd; καλε, ειπε τω αδελφω μου μερισασθαι μετ' speak to the brother of me to divide with 14 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ»; εμου την κληρονομιαν. inheritance. He and aaid to him Ανθρωπε, τις με κατεστησε δικαστην η μερισ-O man, who me appointed a judge a divi-

την εφ' έμας; <sup>15</sup>Ειπε δε προς αυτους· 'Ορατεover you? He said and to them; See you και φυλασσεσθε απο της πλεονεξιας· ότι ουκ εν of the covetousness; because not in τω περισσευειν τινι ή ζωη αυτου εστιν εκ των the to abound any one the life of him is out of the

ύπαρχοντων αυτου. of him. Dossessiooa

 $^{16}$  Ειπε δε παραβολην προς αυτους, λεγων. a parable He spoke and them, to saying;  $A_{\nu}\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma$   $\nu$   $\tau_{\nu}$   $\nu$   $\tau_{\nu}$   $\tau_{\nu}$ 

17 Και διελογιζετο εν έαυτφ, λεγων. Τι ποιησω; saying; What shall I do? he reasoned in himself, ότι ουκ εχω, που συναζω τους καρπους μου. because not I have, where I will gather the fruits of me.

 $^{18}$  Και ειπε· Τουτο ποιησω· καθελω μου τας will do: I will pull down of me the And he said; This

**α**ποθηκας, και μειζονας οικοδομησω· και συναξω and I will build: and I will collect greater εκει παντα τα γενηματα μου, και τα αγαθα μου: products of me, and the fruits of me: <sup>19</sup> και ερω τη ψυχη μου Ψυχη, εχεις πολλα

and I will say to the aoul of me: Soul, thou hast many MAN will also acknowledge him in the presence of the ANGELS of GOD.

9 But he who has RE. NOUNCED me before MEN. will be renounced .. the presence of the angels of

10 # And every one who may speak a Word against the son of man, it will be forgiven him; but HE who BLASPHEMES against the HOLY Spirit shall not be forgiven.

Il # And when they may bring you to the SYNA-GOGUES, and the RULERS, and the MAGISTRATES, be not anxious how you may defend yourselves, or what you may say;

12 for the HOLY Spirit will instruct you, in that HOUR, what it is proper to say."

13 Then one out of the CROWD said to him, "G Teacher, speak to my BROTHER to divide the IN-HERITANCE with me."

14 But HE replied to him, t" Man, who appointed Me a Judge or Arbiter over vou?"

15 And he said to them. t" See, and beware of \* All Covetousness; for one's LIFE is not in the ABUN-DANCE of his Posses-21018."

16 And he spoke a Parable to them, saying, "The FARM of a certain rich Man produced abundantly;

17 and he reasoned within himself, saying, 'What shall I do? For I have no place where to deposit my FRUITS.'

18 And he said, 'I will do this; I will pull down My storehouses, and build Greater; and there I will bring together All my \* WHEAT and my GOOD things:

19 and I will say to MY-SELF, 'Life! thou hast ar

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. All Covetousness.

<sup>18.</sup> WHEAT and.

<sup>10.</sup> Matt. xii. 31, 32; Mark iii. 28; 1 John v. 16. : 11. Matt. x. 19: Mark xiii. 11 1 15. 1 Tim. vi. 7-19. Luke xxi. 14. 1 14. Exod. 11. 14

'n ώρα ου δοκειτε, δÌ γινεσθε ετοιμοι ότι, prepared, because, in the hour not you think, the υίος του ανθρωπου ερχεται. 41 Ειπε δε \* [αυτω] son of the Said and (to him) man comes. την παγαβολη Κυριε, προς ήμας δ Πετρος. the Peter; Olord, to us the ταυτην λεγεις, η και προς παντας,

this thon sayest, or also to 42 Ειπε δε δ κυριος: Τις αρα εστιν δ πιστος Said and the Lord; Who then is the faithful οικονομος και φρονιμος, όν καταστησει ό κυριος and wise, whom will appoint the lord επι της θεραπειας αύτου του διδοναι εν καιρφ domestics of himself the to give in το σιτομετριον; 43 Μακαριος δ δουλος εκεινος, Blessed the the measure of food? slave δν ελθων δ κυριος αυτου εύρησει ποιουντα ούτω**ς** whom coming the lord of him will find doing 44 Αληθως λεγω ύμιν, ότι επι πασι τοις ύπαρ-Truly I say to you, that over all to the be-

<sup>45</sup> Εαν χουσιν αύτου καταστησει αυτον. of himself he will appoint If but him. ό δουλος εκεινος εν τη καρδια αύτου. shouldsay the slave that in the heart of himself: Χρονιζει δ κυριος μου ερχεσθαι και αρξηται Delays the lord of me to come; and shall begin τυπτειν τους παιδας και τας παιδισκας, εσθιειν to strike the servants and the maidens, τε και πινειν και μεθυσκεσθαι· 46 ήξει δ κυριος will comethe lord and also to drink and to be drunken; του δουλου εκεινου εν ήμερα, 'ή ου προσδοκα, that in a day, to which not he looks, slave και εν ώρα η ου γινωσκει και διχοτομησει and in anhour which not he knows; and small cut as under αυτον, και το μερος αυτου μετα των απιστων him, and the part of him with the unbehevers <sup>47</sup>  $E\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ os  $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\delta$ ou $\lambda$ os  $\delta$   $\gamma\nu$ ous θησει. That and the slave who having known the will place. θελημα του κυριου έαυτου, και μη έτοιμασας, will of the lord of himself, and not having prepared,

προς το θελημα αυτου, δαρησεμηδε ποιησας neither having done according to the will of mm, shall be hea- $^{48}$   $\delta$   $\delta$   $\epsilon$   $\mu\eta$   $\gamma \nu o \nu s$ .  $\pi o i \eta \sigma \alpha s$   $\delta \epsilon$ ται πολλας° he but not having known having done and manv: αξια πληγων δαρησεται ολιγας. Παντι δε To all and to whom deserving of stripes shall be beaten few  $\epsilon$ δοθη πολυ, πολυ ζητηθησεται παρ' αυτου· much will be required from him; much, ω παρεθεντο πολυ, περισσοτερον αιτηthey and to whom they have entrusted much, more

σουσιν αυτον. will ask him.

 $^{49}$  Πυρ ηλθου βαλειν εις την γην και τι Fire I came to throw into the earth; and what  $\theta$ ελω, ει ηδη ανηφθη.  $^{50}$  Βαπτισμα δε εχω σο I wish, if already it were kindled. A dipping and I have

pared; For at an Hour you think not, the son of MAN comes."

41 Then PETER said, "Master, dost thou speak this PARABLE to us, or even to all?"

43 Happy that SEEVANT, whom his MASTER, at his arrival, shall find thus employed!

44 ‡ I tell you truly. That he will appoint him over ALL his PROPERTY.

45 But if that servant should say in his Heart, 'My master delays to come;' and shall begin to beat the servants and the maidens, and to eat and drink and be drunk;

46 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware, ‡ and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the UNBELIEVERS.

47 And ‡ THAT SER-VANT, who knew the WILL of his MASTER, and was not prepared, nor did according to his WILL, he shall be beaten with many stripes;

48 ‡ but HE who KNEW not, and did things worthy of Stripes, shall be beaten with few. And from any one to whom nuch is given much will be required; and from him with whom much has been deposited, they will exact the more.

49 I came to throw Fire on the LAND; and what do I wish,—if it were already kindled?

50 But I have an Im-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—41. to him—omit. whom. 42. portion of food in.

<sup>42.</sup> the faithful Steward, the wisk,

συνεχομαι, έως Βαπτισθηναι• και  $\pi\omega s$ to b dipped; and how I am pressed, till 51 Δοκειτε, δτι ειρηνην παρεγενομην  $\tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \sigma \theta n$ . may be finished. peace 1 came Do you think, that δουναι εν τη γη; Ουχι, λεγω ὑμιν, αλλ' to give in the earth? No, I say to you, but rather <sup>52</sup> Εσονται διαμερισμον. γαρ απο του νυν division. Shall be for from the

LUKE.

την πενθεραν α ὑτης.

the mother-m-law of herself.

<sup>54</sup> Ελεγε δε και τοις οχλοις. 'Οταν ιδητε την He said and also to the erowds: When you see the δυσμων, νεφελην ανατελλουσαν απο €υθ€ως immediately from west, Ομβρος ερχεται. λεγετε: και γινεται ούτω. and it happens you say: Ashower comes:

55 Και όταν Νοτον πνεοντα, λεγετε: 'Οτι καυAnd when South wind is blowing, you say: That burning

σων εσται: και γινεται.
heet shall be: and it happens.

Ohypocrites, the

προσωπον της γης και του ουρανου οιδατε of the earth and of the heaven you know face δοκιμαζειν τον δε καιρον Τουτον πως ου to discern : the but season this p o w 57 Τι δε και αφ' έαυτων ου κρινετε δοκιμαζετε ; Why and even of yourselves not judge you do you discern? τυ δικαιον;  $^{58}$  Ως γαρ ύπαγεις μετα του αντιthe right? When for thougonst with the oppooppoδικου σου επ' αρχοντα, εν τη όδω δος εργασιαν a ruler, in the wav give thou labor of thee to απηλλαχθαι απ' αυτου μηποτε κατασυρη σε to be set free from him: lest he may drag thee προς τον κριτην, και δ κριτης σε παραδω τω to the judge, and the indge thee may deliver to the πρακτορι, και δ πρακτωρ σε βαλη εις φυλαthee may east into and the officer  $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \sigma \sigma \sigma \iota$ , ou  $\mu \eta$  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta s$ κην.  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,

I say to thee, not not thou may extreme out thence, εως ού και το εσχατον λεπτιν αποδως.

till even the last lepton thou hast paid.

ob mersion to undergo; and how am I pressed, till it may be consummated?

That I am come to give Peace in the LAND? I tell you, No; but rather Divi-

52 For from this TIME, five in \* One House will be divided; three against two, and two against

three;—
53 ‡ a Father against a
Son, and a Son against a
Father; a Mother against
\* the DAUGHTER, and a
Daughter against \* the
MOTHER; a Mother-in-law
against her DAUGHTER-INLAW, and a Daughter-inlaw against her MOTHER-

1N-LAW."
54 And he said also to the crowns, ‡" When you see †\*a Cloud rising from the West, you immediately say, 'A Shower is coming;' and so it happens.

55 And when the South wind is blowing, you say, 'There will be scorching Heat;' and it occurs.

56 O Hypoentes! you know how to scan the FACE of the EARTH and of the SKY; but how is it, you \*cannot discern this TIME?

57 And why do you not, even of yourselves, judge what is RIGHT?

58 ‡ When thou goest with thy LEGAL OPPONENT to a Magistrate, on the ROAD labor to be released from him, lest he drag thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE deliver Thee to the OFFICER, and the OFFICER cast Thee into Prison.

59 I tell thee, thou wilt by no means be released till thou hast paid even the LAST † Lepton?"

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—52, One House. 53, the daughter. 53, the mother. 54, a Cloud. 56, cannot.

<sup>† 54.</sup> The westerly winds in the Holy Land are still generally attended with rain, whilst the easterly winds are usually dry.

† 55. Le Bruyn tells us, there blew when he was at Rama, a south-east wind, which coming from the desert beyond Jordan, caused a great heat, and that it continued some days.—Harmer.

† 50. Lepton, in value about two mills, or half a farthing.

<sup>1 50.</sup> Mark x. 38. 1 51. Matt. x. 34. 1 53. Micah vii. 6. 1 54. Matt xv. 2 1 58. Prov. xxv. 8: Matt. v. 25.

# КЕФ. 17.13.

· Παρησαν δε τινες εν αυτφ τφ καιρφ, απαγ-Were present and some in to him the season, γελλοντες αυτφ περι των Γαλιλαιων, ών το to him concerning the Galileans, of whom the αίμα Πιλατος εμιξε μετα των θυσιων αυτων. mingled with the sacrifices blood <sup>2</sup> Και αποκριθεις ὁ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Δοκειτε, said to them; Suppose you, And answering the Jesus δτι οί Γαλιλαιοι ούτοι άμαρτωλοι παρα παντας sinners that the Galıleans these above τους Γαλιλαιους εγενοντο, ότι τοιαυτα πεπονθαthey have because such things Galileans were,  $\sigma$ ιν;  $^3$ Ουχι,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$  ὑμιν· αλλ'  $\epsilon$ αν μη μ $\epsilon$ τανοητ $\epsilon$ , No, I say to you; but except you reform, suffered? 4 H παντες ώσαυτως απολεισθε. εκεινοι οί all in like manner you will perish. Or those the δεκα και οκτω, εφ' ούς επεσεν ό πυργος εν τφ fell and eight, on whom the tower in the Σιλωαμ, και απεκτεινεν αυτους, δοκειτε, ότι Silnam, and them, suppose you, that υύτυι οφειλεται εγενοντο παρα παντας ανθρωoffenders were above all πους τους κατοικουντας εν Ίερουσαλημ; Ουχι, those dwelling in Jerusaleun? No, αλλ' εαν μη μετανοητε, παντες λεγω ύμιν to you; but except you reform, all Isay  $^6$  Ελεγε δε ταυτην την όμοιως απολεισθε. in like manner you will perish. He spoke and this the παραβυλην· Συκην ειχε τις εν τω αμπελωνι parable; A fig-tree had one in the vineyard αύτου πεφυτευμενην και ηλθε ζητων καρπον of himself having been planted: and came seeking fruit εν αυτη, και ουκ εύρεν. <sup>7</sup> Ειπε δε προς τον He said and her, and not found. to Ιδου, τρια ετη ερχομαι ζητων αμπελουργον. vine-dresser; Lo, three years came seeking καρπον εν τη συκη, ταυτη, και ουχ εύρισκω: on the this, and not to find; fig-tree εκκοψον αυτην ίνατι και την γην καταργει; the earth it renders useless? cut down her; why and  $^{6}$  Ο δε αποκριθεις λεγει αυτώ. Κυριε, αφες He and answering says to him: O lord, leave αυτην και τουτο το ετος, έως ότου σκαψω περι this the year, till I may dig about <sup>9</sup> καν μεν ποιηση και βαλω κοπρια• αυτην, and if indeed it may bear and I may put dung; her.  $\epsilon i \delta \epsilon \mu \eta \gamma \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon i s \tau o \mu \epsilon \lambda \lambda o \nu$ εκκοψεις καρπον. future thou may est cut down fruit: if and not, in the 10 Ην δε διδασκων εν μια των συνααυτην. one of the her. He was and teaching in syna-

#### CHAPTER XIII.

1 And some were present at That PERIOD, informing him concerning the GALI-LEANS, † Whose BLOOD Pilate mingled with their SACRIFICES.

2 And \* he answering said to them, "Do you think That those GALI-LEANS were the greatest Transgressors in All GALI-LEF, Because they suffered Such things?

3 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be destroyed.

4 Or, Those EIGHTEEN, on whom the tower in SILOAM fell, and killed them, do you imagine them were greater Offenders than All THOSE MEN who DWELL in Jerusalem!

5 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be

destroyed."

6 And he spoke This PARABLE; ‡"A certain man had a Fig-tree planted in his VINEYARD; and he came seeking Fruit on it, but found none.

7 And he said to the VINE-DRESSER, Behold, I have come Three Years seeking Fruit on this FIGTREE, and find none: cut it down, why should it render the GROUND unproductive?

8 And HE answering, said to him, 'Sir, leave it This YEAR also, till I dig about it, and manure it;

9 and \* perhaps it may bear Fruit; but if not, at a FUTURE time thou mayest cut it down."

10 And he was teaching

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. he answering. if not, thou mayest.

<sup>9.</sup> AFTER THAT it may bear Fruit; but

<sup>† 7.</sup> Josephus says, that Archelaus sent his soldiers into the temple, "who suddenly falling upon them, as they were sacrificing, sew about three thousand of them." And Antipater, when he accused Archelaus for this among other crimes before the Emperor Augustus, is reported by Josephus as saying that he had "cruelly cut the throats of those who came up to the feast, and were at their own sacrifices." † 4. A tower near the pool Siloam, which supplied the city with water, and being situated in the midst of Jerusalem, at the foot of Mount Zion, was a place of great resort—See John iz. 7; Nel. iii. 55.

t 6. Isa. v. 2; Matt. xxi. 19.

11 Και ιδου, γυνη ην γωγων εν τοις σαββασι. gogues in the sabbaths. And lo, a woman was πνευμα εχουσα ασθενειας ετη δεκα και οκτω. aspirit having of infirmity years ten and eight; και ην συγκυπτουσα, και μη δυναμενη ανακυψαι and was being bent double, and not being able to raise up εις το παντελές. 12 Ιδων δε αυτην δ Ιηπους, Seeing and ner the προσεφωνησε, και ειπεν αυτη· Γυναι, απολε-he called to, and said to her; Ownman, thou hast λυσαι της ασθενείας σου. <sup>13</sup> Και επεθηκεν been loosed of the infirmity of thee. And he placed αυτη τας χειρας· και παραχρημα ανωρθωθη, and immediately she stood erect, hauda,  $^{14}$  A $\pi$ okpi $\theta$ eis  $\delta$ e  $\delta$   $\alpha$ p $\chi$ iκαι εδοξαζε τον θεον. and glorified the God. Answering and the synaσυναγωγος, αγανακτων, ότι τω σαββατω εθεραgogne-ruler, being angry, because in the sabbath πευσεν ὁ Ιησους, ελεγε τω οχλω 'Εξ ήμεραι the Jesus, he said to the crowd; Six εισιν, εν αίς δει εργαζεσθαι εν ταυταις ουν in which it is proper to work; ip these therefore ερχομενοι θεραπευεσθε, και μη τη ήμερα του coming be you healed, and not in the day of the  $^{15}$  Απεκριθη ουν αυτω ὁ κυριος, και σαββατου. sabbath. Answered therefore to him the lord, and ειπεν Υποκριτα, έκαστος ύμων τω σαββατω said; Ohypocrites, each one of you in the sabbath ου λυει τον βουν αύτου η τον ονον απο της not loose the ox or himself or the ass from the φαινης, και απαγαγων ποτιζει; 16 Ταυτην δε. baving ted he drinks? and This and. θυγατερα Αβρααμ ουσαν ήν εδησεν δ σατανας adaughter of Abraham being, whom bound the adversary ιδου δεκα και οκτω ετη, ουκ εδει λυθηναι απο to ten and eight years, not ought to helposed from

And these things saying of him, were ashamed παντες οἱ αντικειμενοι αυτω και πας ὁ οχλος all the opponents to him: 'd all the crowd εχαιρεν επι πασι τοις ενδοξοις τοις γινομενοις rejoiced for all the glorious thing, those being done

του δεσμου τουτου τη ήμερα του σαββατου;

<sup>17</sup> Κοι ταυτα λεγοντος αυτου, κατησχυνοντο

day

olthe

sabbath?

this in the

υπ' αυτου.

18 Ελεγε δε· Τινι δμοια εισιν ή βασιλεια του He said and; To what like is the kingdom of the  $\theta \epsilon o v$ ; και τινι δμοιωσω αυτην;  $^{19}$  Ομοια  $\epsilon \sigma \tau i$ and towhatsball leompare her, God. Like itia κυκκώ σιναπεως, όν λαβων ανθρωπος εβαλεν of mustard, which having taken a man εις κηπον έαυτου και ηυξησε, και εγενετο εις into a garden of himself; and it grew, and became into δενδρον \*[μεγα,] και τα πετείνα του ουρανου a tree [great,] and the birds ofthe

in one of the SYNAGOGUES on the SABBATH.

11 And behold, there was a Woman who had a Spirit of Infirmity for cighteen Years, and was bent down, and was not able to raise herself up at all.

12 And JESUS seeing her, called to her and said, "Woman, thou art released from thine INFIRMITY."

13 ‡ And he placed his HANDS on her; and immediately she stood erect,

and praised God.

14 And the SYNAGOGUE-RULER, being angry, Because Jesus had healed on the SABBATH, answering, said to the CROWD, there are Six Days in which you ought to labor, in these, therefore, come and be cured, the and not on the SABBATH."

15 \* But the LORD answered him, and said, "Hypocrites I the tevery one of you, on the SABBATH, loose his ox or his Ass from the STALL, and lead him to DRINK?

16 And was it not proper, that this woman, theing a Daughter of Abraham, whom the ADVERSARY has bound, behold, Eighteen Years, to be released from this BOND on the SABBATH?

17 And on his saying this, All L's opposers were ashamed; and All the CROWD rejoiced at All THOSE GLORIOUS WORKS which were PERFORMED by him.

18 And he said, #"What is the KINGDOM of GOD like? and to what sl 1 I

compare it?

19 It is like a Grain of Mustard, which a Man took, and planted in his Garden; and it grew, and became a Tree; and the BIRDS of the HEAVEN

Vatican Manuscript.—15. But the Lord answered him, and said.
 19. great—omit.
 13. Mark xvi. 18; Acts ix. 17.
 14. Exod. xx. 9.
 14. Matt. xii. 10; Mark ii. 2; Luke vi. 7; xiv. 3.
 15. Luke xv. 5.
 16. Luke xix 9.
 18. Mats xu. 31, Mark iv. 30.

Crap. 13. 20.] LUKE. 20 Kai κατεσκηνωσεν ευ τοις κλαδοις αυτου. in the hranches of it. And παλιν ειπε. Τινι δμοιωσω την βασιλειαν του again he said: To what shall I compare the kingdom ofthe θεου; 21 Όμοια εστι ζυμη, ήν λαβουσα γυνη Like it is to leaven, which having taken a woman ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού εζυinto of meal measures three, till mixed 22 Και διεπορεύετο κατά πολεις μωθη δλον leavened whole, he passed throughout cities And και κωμας, διδασκων, και πορειαν ποιουμενος and towns, teaching, and went on making  $^{23}$  Ei $\pi\epsilon$  de  $\tau$ is au $\tau \omega$ . Kupi $\epsilon$ , εις Ίερουσαλημ. and one to him: Olord, erusalem. Said ει ολιγοι οἱ σωζομενοι; 'Ο δε ειπε προς αυτους. are few those being saved: He and said to <sup>24</sup> Αγωνιζεσθε εισελθειν δια της στενης θυρας· Agonize you to enter through the strait door: ότι πολλοι, λεγω ύμιν, ζητησουσιν εισελθειν, I say to you, will seek many,  $^{25}\,\mathrm{A}\phi'$  ού αν εγερθη ό και ουκ ισχυσουσιν. not will be able. From when may be raised the οικοδεσποτης, και αποκλειση την θυραν, και householder, and may have shut the aρξησθε εζω έσταναι, και κρουειν την θυραν, you may begin without to stand, and to knock the λεγοντες· Κυριε, \*[κυριε,] ανοιξον ήμιν· και O lord, [Olord,] open thon to us: saying: Ουκ οιδα ύμας,  $\pi \circ \theta \in V$ αποκριθεις ερει υμιν auswering he will say to you: Not I know you, wheace εστε. 26 Τοτε αρξεσθε λεγειν. Εφαγομεν ενω-Then you will begin to say: We ate πιον σου και εν ταις πλατειαις ήμων εδιδαξας. sence of thee and in the wide places of us thou hast taught. 27 Και ερει Λεγω ύμιν, ουκ οιδα \*[ύμας,] And he will say: I say not I know to v∋u, ποθεν εστε αποστητε απ' εμου παντες of wheuce you are: departyou from me all the εργαται της αδικιας. 28 Εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος

workers of the wrong. There will be the weepin g και δ Βρυγμο**ς των** οδοντων, όταν οψησθε Αβρααμ and the guashing of the teeth, when you may see Abraam ται Ισαακ και ισεωβ και παντας τους προφητας and Isaac and Jacob and all the prophets εν τη βασιλειά του θεου, ύμας δε εκβαλομενους kingdom of the God, you and being cast

<sup>29</sup> Και ήξουσιν απο ανατολων και δυσμων, εξω. outside. And they willcome from east and και απο Βορβα και Νοτου· και ανακλιθησονται

and from North and South: and will recline 30 Και ιδου, εισιν εν τη βασιλεια του θεου.

kingdom of the God. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. Lord-omit.

built their nests in its BRANCHES."

20 And again he said, "To what shall I compare the KINGDOM of GOD?

21 It resembles Leaven. which a Woman taking, mingled in three † Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

22 ‡And he passed through Cities and Villages, teaching, and traveling towards Jerusalem.

23 And some one said to him, " Master, are those few who are BEING saved?" And HE said to them.

24 # " Earnestly endeavor to enter through the NARROW Door; For many, I tell you, will seek to enter in, and will not be able.

25 When the House. HOLDER shall rise and close the Door, and you shall begin to stand without, and to knock at the DOOR, saying, t' Master, open to us; and he shall answer and say to you, 'I do not recognize you; whence are you?"

26 you will then begin to say, 'We have eaten and drank in thy presence, and thou hast taught in our OPEN SQUARES.

27 # But he will say \*to you, 'I do not know from whence you are Depart from me, all you WORKERS of Wickedness.

28 There will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH, 1 when you shall see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and All the PROPHETS in the KING. DOM of GOD, and pou cast

29 And they will come from the East and West, and from the North and South, and will recline in the KINGDOM of GOD. thev are 30 I And behold, they

27. speaking to you. I know not.

1 80. Matt. xix. 30 , Ax. 16

1 25. Luke "1. 46

lo,

And

<sup>27.</sup> you-omit.

 <sup>21.</sup> See Note on Matt. xiii. 33.

<sup>; 22.</sup> Matt. ix. 35; Mark vi 6. ; 27. Matt. vii. 23; xxv. 41. Maik x. 31.

<sup>1 24.</sup> Matt. vii. 13. 1 28. Matt. viii. 11

 $\epsilon\sigma\chi$  atol, of  $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\nu\tau$  at  $\pi\rho\omega\tau$  of  $\epsilon\sigma$  and  $\epsilon\sigma$  are  $\epsilon\sigma$  and  $\epsilon\sigma$  are last who will be first, and they are first, who last. who shall be firsts 31 Εν αυτη τη ήμερα προσηλεπονται εσχατοι. this the approached will be last. In day θον τινες Φαρισαιοι, λεγοντες αυτώ.  $\mathbf{E}\xi \in \lambda \theta \epsilon$ , of Pharisees, saying to him; Come out, "Ηρωδης θελει σε και πορευου εντευθεν. δτι go thou bence; for Herod wishes thee 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες απυκτειναι. to kill. And he said to them; Having gone ειπατε τη αλωπεκι ταυτη. Ιδου, εκβαλλω δαιavyou to the fox this; Lo, I cast out μονια και ιαπεις επιτελω σημερον και αυριον, and perform to-day cures and to-morrow,  $33 \Pi \lambda \eta \nu$ και τη τριτη τελειουμαι. δει με and in the third I shall have ended, But it behoves me σημερον και αυριον και τη ερχομενη πορευεσθαι: to-day and to-morrow and in the coming to go; ότι ουκ ενδεχεται προφητην απολεσθαι εξω it is possible for a prophet Out not to perish Ίερουσαλημ, ή <sup>34</sup> 'I $\epsilon$  $\rho$ o $\nu$  $\sigma$ a $\lambda$  $\eta\mu$ , 'Ιερουσαλημ. Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the of Jerusalem. αποκτεινούσα τους προφητας, και λιθολούσα the prophets, and stoning τους απεσταλμενους προς αυτην, ποσακις ηθεber, having been sent to how often Shuse επισυναξαι τα τεκνα σου, όν τροπον  $\lambda \eta \sigma a$ the children of thee, what to gather manner ορκις την έαυτης νοσσιαν ύπο τας πτερυγας; a bird the brood of herseif under the wings?  $^{35}$  Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. Lo, to you the not you were willing. is left οικος ύμων. Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ου μη με ιδητε, nouse of you. I say and to you, that not not me you may see, εως \*[αν ήξη ότε] ειπητε Ευλογημενος ό I say and to you, that not not me you may see, when ] you may say; Having been blessed be [may come εργομένος έν ονοματι κυριου.

## КЕФ. ιδ'. 14.

<sup>1</sup> Και εγενετο εν τω ελθειν αυτον εις οικον And it happened in the to come him into a house τινος των αρχοντων των Φαρισαιων σαββατω Pharisees ofore of the rulers of the in a sabbath φαγειν αρτον, και αυτοι ησαν παρατηρουμενοι to eat bread, and they were watching  $^2$  Και ιδου, ανθρωπος τις ην ύδρωπικος αυτον. And a man certain was dropsical  $^3$  Kai  $\alpha\pi$ οκριθεις δ Ιησους  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  autou. of him. And answering the Jesua in presence ειπε προς τους νομικους και Φαρισαιους, λεγων Pharisees, lawyers and saying;  $\tau \omega$ Οί δε Ει εξεστι σαββατφ θεραπευειν; it is lawful in the They but •abbath to cure?

and they are first who will be last.

31 On That DAY, certain Pharisees approached, saying, "Go, depart hence; For Herod intends to kill Thee."

32 And he said to them. "Go, and tell that + Fox, Behold, I expel Demons, and perform Cures To-day and To-morrow, and on the THIRD \* Day I shall have finished.

33 But I must go on Today, and To-morrow, and the day Following; For it is not possible for a Prophet to perish t out of

Jerusalem. 34 1 O Jerusalem, Jerusalem ! DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee! how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILDREN. as a Bird collects HER Young under her WINGS, but you would not!

35 Behold, your HABI-TATION is left to you; and I tell you, That you shall not see me, till you shall say, ‡ 'Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of Jehovah."

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred, on a Sabbath, as he WENT to eat Bread into the House of one of the RULING PHA-RISFES, that they were watching him.

2 And behold, there was a certain dropsical Person in his presence.

3 And Jesus answering, spoke to the LAWYERS and Pharisees, saying, ‡" Is it lawful to cure a the SAB-BATH \* Day, or not?

4 But THEY were silent.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. Day. not? But.

<sup>35.</sup> may come, when -omit.

<sup>3.</sup> Day, or

T 32. 18 is now certain that Jesus meant herod here; he might have only intended to call that manso, from whom the advice of departing came, (whether from the speaker himself, or from the person who sent him;) for it is probable that the advice was given craftily, and with a design to frighten Jesus, and make him go from that place.—Pearce. + 33. Because he was only to be judged by the great Sanhedrim, and they were only to pass judgment on him in that place.—Lightfoot. + 32. It is not certain that Jesus meant Herod here; he might have only intended to call

<sup>1 34.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 37.

I 35. Psa. exviii. 26.

Και επιλαβομενος ιασατο συτον, ήσυχασαν. having taken hold he cured him, were silent. And <sup>5</sup> Και αποκριθεις προς αυτους και απελυσε. And answering to them dismissed. and . ειπε· Τινος ύμων ονος η βους εις φρεαρ εμπεsaid; Of any one of you an ass or an ox into a pit shall σειται, και ουκ ευθεως ανασπασει αυτον εν τη and not immediately will draw out bim in the ήμερα του σαββατου; 6 Και ουκ ισχυσαν αντα-And not they were able sabbath? day ofthe π $^{}$ κριθηναι  $^{*}$ [αυτ $^{}$  $_{}$  $_{}$  $_{}$  $_{}$  $_{}$ προς ταυτα. to these things. [to him] reply

<sup>7</sup> Ελεγε δε προς τους κεκλημενους παραβολην, He spoke and to those having been invited a parable, επεχων πως τας πρωτοκλισιας εξελεγοντο, how the first reclining places they were choosing out, λεγων προς αυτους· 8'Οταν κληθης ύπο When thou mayest he invited by them; saying to τινος εις γαμους, μη κατακλιθης εις την  $\pi$ ρωany one to marriage-feasts, not thou mayest recline in the τοκλισιαν· μηποτε εντιμοτερος σου η κεκληlest a more honorable of thee may be having reclining place;  $\delta\pi$  autov  $\theta$  και  $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$   $\delta$   $\sigma\epsilon$  και αυτον and coming he thee and him been invited by him; epel ool. Δος τουτώ τοπον. καλεσας, Kal baving invited, shallsay to thee: Give thou to this a place; and  $\mu\epsilon\tau$ αισχυνης τον εσχατον TOTE αρξη then thou shouldst begin with the farthest SIBIDL rav 10 Aλλ° τοπον κατέχειν. κληθης, But when thou mayest be invited. place to occupy; πορευθεις αναπεσαι εις τον εσχατον τοπων, ίνα baving goue recline thou in the farthest place, that όταν ελθη δ κεκληκως σε, ειπη σοι Φιλε, when may come he having invited thee, may say to thee; Ofriend, Τοτε εσται σοι δοξα προσαναβηθι ανωτερον. will be to thee glory gothouupto a higher place. Then 11 'Οτι πας ενωπιον των συνανακειμενων σοι. For every one in presence of those reclining with thee. δ ύψων ξαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται και δ ταπειshall be humbled; the exalting himself, and the num- $^{12}$  Ελεγε δε και τω νων έαυτον ύινωθησεται. shall be exalted. Hesaid and also to the bling himself 'Οταν «εκληκοτι αυτον· Toins αριστον η (one) having invited him: When thou mayest make a dinner Or δειπνον, μη φωνει τους φιλους σου, μηδε τους a supper, not call the friends of thee, hor the αδελφους που, μηδε τους συγγενεις που, μηδε relations of thee. the nor brethren ofthee, nor γειτονας πλουσιους. μηποτ€ και αυτοι  $\sigma \epsilon$ lest also they thee neighbors

And taking hold of him, he cured, and dismissed him.

5 And \*he said to them, "If a Son or an Ox of any of you shall fall into a Pit, will he not immediately draw him out on the SAB-BATH DAY?"

6 And they could not

reply to this.

7 And he spoke a Parable to THOSE who had been INVITED, observing how they were choosing out the CHIEF PLACES; saying to

them, 8 "When thou art invited by any one to a Marriage-feast, do not recline in the †CHIEFPLACE; lest one more honorable than thou may have been invited

by him;

9 and HE who INVITED Thee and Him, should come and sav to thee, 'Give this man a Place;' and then with shame thou shouldst begin to occupy the LOW-EST Place.

10 ‡ But when thou art invited, go and recline in the Lowest Place; that when HE who INVITED thee comes, he may say to thee, 'Friend, go up to a higher place;' then thou wilt have honor in the presence of \*All THOSE RECLINING with thee.

11 ‡ For every one who exalts himself will be humbled, and he who humbles himself will be exalted."

13 And he said also to HIM who had INVITED him, "When thou makest a Dinner or a Supper, call not thy FRIENDS, nor thy BROTHERS, nor thy RELATIVES, "nor rich NEIGHBORS; lest they also should

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-5. he said to them, If a Son or an Ox. 10. All those. 12. not rich.

<sup>6.</sup> him-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Rather, to lie down first: to place themselves first on the couches, whereon the Jews were used to lay at their meals. Each couch held three, who sat or rather laid themselves down upon it; and it was esteemed the greatest mark of respect to any man, when the master of the house desired him to place himself first on the couch, in what part of it he pleased. Josephus telling us how craftily Herod treated Tyrcanus, says, that he deceived him by "calling nim father, and making him take his place first at feasts."—Pearce.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Exod. xxiii. 5: Deut xxii. 4 Luke xiii. 15 † 10. Prov. xxv. 6, 7. † 11. Job xxii 29: Psa. xviii 27; Prov. xxix. 23; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xviii. 14; James iv. 6; 1 Pet. v 5.

και γενηται σοι ανταποδομα. αντικαλεσωσι, should invite again. and be made to thee a recompense.

13 Αλλ' όταν ποιης δοχην, καλει πτωχουs, when thou mayest make a feast, poor ones, αναπηρους, χωλους, τυφλους. 14 και μακαριος maimed ones. lame ones, blind ones: and blessed ότι ουκ εχουσιν ανταποδουναι σοι. thou wilt be, because not they have to recompense ανταποδοθησεται γαρ σοι εν τη αναστασει των it will be recompensed for to thee in the resurrection δικαιων. <sup>15</sup> Ακουσας δε τις των συνανακειμενων Hearing and one of those reclining just.

ταυτα, ειπεν αυτώ. Μακαριος, δς φαγεται αρτον said to him: Blessed, who shall eat 16 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτφ· εν τη βασιλεια του θεου. kingdom of the God. in the He and said to him: Ανθρωπος τις εποιησε δειπνον μεγα, και εκαλεσε

certain made a supper great, and invited 17 Και απεστειλε τον δουλον αύτου  $\pi o \lambda \lambda o \nu s$ . of himself many. the alave τη ώρα του δειπνου ειπειν τοις κεκλημενοις. in the hour of the supper to say to those having been invited 18 Kaı | Ερχεσθε, ότι ηδη έτοιμα εστι \*[παντα.]for now ready [all,] And ηρξαντο απο μιας παραιτεισθα**ι παντες.** ʻO they began from one to excuse themselves The all.

πρωτος ειπεν αυτώ. Αγρον ηγορασα, και εχω to him : A field I bought, and I have αναγκην εξελθειν και ιδειν αυτον ερωτω σε, and I beseech thee, to go out to see him: <sup>19</sup>Και έτερος ειπε· Ζευγη εχε με παρητημενον. have me having been excused. And another aaid: Yokes

βοων ηγορασα πεντε, και πορευομαι δοκιμασαι Igo of oxen I bought five, and to try 20 Kai αυτα· ερωτω σε, εχε με παρητημενον. I beseech thee, have me having been excused. And

έτερος ειπε· Γυναικα εγημα, και δια τουτο ou another said. A wife I married, and because of this not δυναμαι ελθειν. 21 Και παραγενομενος δ δουλος to come. And baying come the alave

εκεινος απηγγειλε τφ κυριφ αύτου ταυτα. Τοτε to the lord of himself these. reported οργισθεις δ οικοδεσποτης ειπε τφ δουλφ αύτου· being angry the householder said to the slave of himself:

 $\mathbf{E}$ ξελ $\theta$ ε ταχεως εις τας πλατειας και δυμας της wide places and streets of the quickly into the

πολεως, και τους πτωχους και αναπηρους και and the poor ones and maimed ones <sup>22</sup>Και ειπεν χωλους και τυφλους εισαγαγε ώδε.

lame ones and blind ones bring in hither. And said invite Thee again, and a Recompense be made thee.

13 But when thou makest a Feast, invite the Poor! the Crippled the Lame, the Blind;

14 and thou wilt be hanpy; Because they have no means to repay thee, therefore thou shalt be repaid at the RESURRECTION of the rightrous."

15 And one of THOSE RECLINING with him. hearing this, said to him, t" Happy he who shall eat t Bread in the Kingdom of God."

16 ‡ And HE said to him, "A certain Man made a great supper, and invited

many. 17 And the sent his SERANT, at the HOUR of the supper, to say to

THOSE who had been IN-VITED, 'Come, for it is now ready.'

18 And they all began, with one accord, to excuse themselves. The FIRST said to him, 'I have bought a Field, and I must go out and see it; I beseech thee to have Me excused?

19 And another said, 'I have bought five Yoke of Oxen, and I am going to try them; I entreat thee to have Me excused.'

20 And another said, 'I have married a Wife, and, therefore, I cannot come.

21 And that SERVANT having returned, related all to his MASTER. Then the HOUSEHOLDER, being angry, said to his servant, 'Go out quickly into the OPEN SQUARES and Streets of the CITY, and bring in hither tthe POOR, and Crippled, and \*Blind, and Lame.

22 And the SERVANT

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. All-omit. 21. Blind and Lame.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Instead of arton, bread, some one hundred MSS., with some Versions and Fathers, read ariston, a dinner. This is probably the best reading, as they were now at dinner.—Clarke. read ariston, author. This is probably the best reading, as they were now at dinner.—Clarke, † 21. Faint traces remain of indiscriminate invitations to Oriental entertainments at this day. See Matt. xxii. 9: Prov. 1x. 23. Dr. Pococke speaks of the admission of the poor to the tables of the great. "The Arabs never set by any thing that is brought to table, but call in their neignbors and the poor, and finish every thing." An Arab prince will often duie is the street before his door, and call to all that pass, even beggars, who come and sit down.

Κυριε, γεγονεν &s επεταξας, και Olord, it is done as thou didst order, and  $\sigma \tau \iota$ .  $^{23}$  Και ειπεν δ κυριος προς τον **δ** δουλος· and the slave. ETLITOTUS ECTI. still room And said the ford to the is. δουλον . Έξελθε εις τας όδους και φραγμους, και ways and hedges, Go out into the αναγκασον εισελθειν, ίνα γεμισθη δ οικος μου. that may be filled the house of me. to enter,  $^{24}\Lambda$ εγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι ουδεις των ανδρων εκεινων for to you, that no one of the men lsay των κεκλημενων γευσεται μου του δειπνου.
the having been invited shall taste of me the supper.

 $^{25}$  Συνεπορευοντο δε αυτ $\omega$  οχλοι πολλοι $^{oldsymbol{\epsilon}}$ και crowds Were going with and him great; στραφεις ειπε προς αυτους· 26 Ει τις ερχεται If any one comes he said to them; προς με, και ου μισει τον πατερα έαυτου, και me, and not hates the father of himself, την μητορα, και την γυναικα, και τα τεκνα, και and the mother. wife, and the children, and τους αδελφους, και τας αδελφας, ετι δε και την sisters, still more and even the and the brothers, έαυτου ψυχην, ου δυναται μου μαθητης ειναι. of himself life, not is able ofme a disciple to be. <sup>27</sup> Και δστις ου βασταζει τον σταυρον αύτου,

bears the cross of himself, And whoever not και ερχεται οπισω μου, ου δυναται μου ειναι after not is able of me comes me, 28 Τις γαρ εξ ύμων, θελων πυργον  $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\eta s.$ a disciple. Who for of you, wishing a tower οικοδομησαι, ουχι πρωτον καθισας ψηφιζει την first having sat down computes the not δαπανην, ει εχει εις απαρτισμον, 29 ίνα μηποτε if he has to lest θεντος αυτου θεμελιον, και μη ισχυοντος εκτεbaving laid of him a foundation, and not heing able λεσαι, παντες οἱ θεωρουντες αρξωνται εμπαιζειν to deride heholding should begin all those αυτω, <sup>30</sup> λεγοντες. Ότι ούτος ὁ ανθρωπος ηρξατο That man hegan this the saying; 31 H οικοδομειν, και ονκ ισχυσεν εκτελεσαι. and not was able to finish.

το huild, and not was able to finish. Or τις βασιλευς πορευομενος συμβαλειν έτερω what king going to engage with another βασιλει εις πολεμον, ουχι καθισας πρωτον king in battle, not having sat down first

said, 'Sir, \*1 have done what thou didst command, and yet there is Room.'

23 And the MASTER said to the SERVANT, 'Go to the ROADS and Hedges, and constrain people to come in, that \*the HOUSE may be filled;'

24 for I tell you, ‡ Than none of those men who have been invited shall taste of My supper."

25 And great Crowds were going with him; and turning he said to them,

26 ‡"If any one comes to me, and † hates not his father, and Mother, and Wiff, and Children, and Brothers, and sisters, ‡ and still more even \* his own Life, he cannot be my DISCIPLE.

27 \* Whoever, therefore, does not bear his own cross, and come after me, he cannot be My Disciple.

28 For who of you wishing to build a Tower, does not first sit down and estimate the EXPENSF, to know whether he has the means to complete it?

29 lest having laid a Foundation, and not being able to finish, ALL who SEE it begin to deride him,

30 saying, 'This MAN began to build, but was not able to finish.'

31 Or What King, going to encounter Another King in Battle, \*will not first

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—22. I have done what thou didst command. 23. the House. 26. his own LIFE. 27. Whoever therefore does not bear his own cross. 31. will not first sit down and consult

<sup>† 26.</sup> This is one amongst many examples in the sacred writings of Oriental figurative arguage, where the expression is hyperbolical in order to render the truth meant to be conveyed in it more striking and impressive. Matthew, in chap. x. 37, expresses the literal meaning of this passage, when he says, "loves his father and mother more than me;" and in chap. vi. 24, uses the word hate with similar force. So when we read in Rom. ix. 13, "Jacob have I loved, but Esau have I hated," the meaning is, I have loved Jacob more than Esau; and that this is no arbitrary interpretation of the word hate, but one agreeable to the Hebrew idiom, appears from what is said in Gen. xxix. 30, 31, where Leah's being hated is explained by Rachel's being loved more than Leah; see also Deut. xxi. 15—17. Something resembling what Jesus here teaches, is said by Philo (de Monarch, lib., p. 230) concerning the duty of a high-priest; that he was to "estrange himself from all his relations, and not, out of love to his parents, his children, or brethren, to omit any part of his duty, or act in any thing contrary to it."—Pearce.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Matt. xxi. 43; xxii. 8; Acts xiii. 46. † 26. Deut. xiii. 6; xxxiii. 9; Matt. x. 37; x. 126. Rev. xii. 11. 27; Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; 27; m. iii 12.

βουλευεται, ει δυνατος εστιν εν δεκα χιλιασιν consult, iſ able he is with ten thousand απαντησα**ι τ**φ μετα εικοσι χιλιαδων ερχομενφ to meet the (one) with twenty thousand coming ' αυτον ;  $^{32}$  Ει δε μηγε, ετι αυτου πορ $\hat{
ho}$ ω If but not, while of him against him? οντος, πρεσβειαν αποστειλας, ερωτα \*[τα] προς lie asks an embassy having sent, [the] to 33 Cύτως ουν πας εξ ύμων, ός ουκ So then all of you, who not ειοηνην. peace. αποτασσεται πασι τοις έαυτου ύπαρχουσιν, ου ·~ all the of himself possessions, not δυναται μου ειναι μαθητης. 34 Κάλον το άλας is able of me to be a disciple. Good the εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη, εν τινι αρτυθησεται; if but the salt should be tasteless, by what shall it be salted? <sup>45</sup> Ουτε εις γη , ουτε εις κοπριαν ευθετον εστιν· Neither for land, nor for manure fit 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, εξω βαλλουσιν αυτο. it. He having ears to hear. they cast ακουετω. et him hear.

## KΕΦ. ιε'. 15.

1 Ησαν δε εγγιζοντες αύτω παντες οί τελω-Were and grawing near to him all the tax-gata-2 Kai ναι και οἱ ἁμαρτωλοι, ακουειν αυτου. sinners, erers and the to hear him. And διεγογγυζον οί Φαρισαιοι και οί γραμματεις, murmured the Pharisees and the scribes, λεγοντες 'Οτ. ούτος άμαρτωλους προσδεχεται, saying: That this sinners receives,  $^3$  Ei $\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\pi\rho\sigma$  autous και συνεσθιει αυτοις. He said and eats with them. io them την παραβολην ταυτην, λεγων.  $^4$  Tis  $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o s$ What parable this, saying: εξ ύμων εχων έκατον προβατα, και απολεσας of you having a hundred sheep, and having lost έν εξ αυτων, ου καταλειπει τα εννενηκονταεννεα one of them, not leaves behind the ninty-nine εν τη ερημώ, και πορευεται επι το απολωλος, desert, and goes after that having been lost, ir the έως εύρη αυτο, 5 Και εύρων, επιτιθησιν επι τους till he may and it? And having found, he lays the ωμους ξαυτου  $\sim$ αιοων·  $^6$  και ελθων εις τον οικον shoulders of himself rejoicing: and coming into the συγκαλει τους φιλους και τους γειτυνας, λεγων frien is he calls together the and the neighbors, saying αυτους. Συγχαρητε μοι, ότι εύρον το προβατον to them with me, for I found the Rejoice sheep <sup>7</sup> Λεγω ύμιν, ότι ούτω χαρα μου το απολωλος.

sit down, and consult whether he is able with Ten Thousand, to meet HIM who comes against him with Twenty Thousand.

32 And if not, while the other is at a distance, he sends an Embassy, and

asks for Peace.

33 So, therefore, no one of you who does not forsake ALL his Possessions, can be My Disciple.

34 ‡SALT is good; † but if \*the SALT should become insipid, how shall it recover

it: savor?

35 It is not fit for Land, nor for Manure; they throw it away. He who has Ears to hear, let him hear."

### CHAPTER XV.

I I And All the TRIBUTE-TAKEES and the SINNERS were drawing near to hear him.

2 And \* both the Pharishes and scribes murmured, saying. "This man receives Sinners, ‡ and eats with them."

3 Then he spoke this PARABLE to them, saying,

4 ‡"What Man of you, Laving a Hundred Sheep, and losing one of them, does not leave the NINETY-NINE in the DESELT, and go after THAT which is LOST, till he finds it?

5 And having found it. he lays it on his shoul-

DERS, rejoiding.

6 And coming to the HOUSE, he calls together his FEIENDS and NEIGHBORS, saying to them, 'Rejoice with me, For I have found THAT SHEEP of mine twhich was LOST.'
7 I say to you, That

e SALT. 2. both the.

of me that having been lost.

Isay to you, that thus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MAT JSCRIPT .- 32. the-omit.

<sup>34.</sup> also the SALT.

<sup>† 34.</sup> That this is possible in Palestine, is proved by what Mr. Maundrell says, in describing the Valley of Salt. He remarks, "Along on one side of the valley, towards Gibul, there is a small precipice about two men's lengths, occasioned by the continual taking away of the salt; and in this y. A may see how the veins of tille. (broke a piece of it, of which that part that was exposed to the rain, sun, and air, though it had the sparks and particles of salt ten in had feaffectly lost its avon; the inner part, which was connected to the rock, retained its savor as I found by proof."

<sup>1 94.</sup> Matt. v. 15 Mark ix. 50. 1 1. Matt ix. 10. 1 4. matt. xviii. 12 1 6. 1 Pet. ii. 10. 25.

8 Or, what Woman, hav-

9 And having found it,

10 Thus, I say to you,

11 And he said, "A cer-

12 And the Youngest

13 And not Many Days

And \* nr

together her

thus there will be more εσται εν τφ ουρανφ επι ένι αμαρτωλφ μετανο-Joy in HEAVEN over One will be in the heaven over one sinner reformreforming Sinner, ‡ than ουντι, η επι εννενηκονταεννεα δικαιοις, διτινες for Ninety-nine Rightcous than over who just ones, ninety-nine  $^8$  H τις γυνη, persons who need no Reχρειαν εχουσι μετανοιας. formation. of reformation. Or what woman, have δραχμας εχουσα δεκα, εαν απολεση δραχμην ing ten † Drachmas, if she having drachmas ten, if drachma she may lose loses one of them, does not μιαν, ουχι άπτει λυχνον, και σαροι την οικιαν, light a Lamp, and sweep lights a lamp, and sweeps the not house, the House, and search carefully, till she finds it? και ζητει επιμελως, έως ότου εύρη; 9 Και And and seeks carefully, till che finds? εύρουσα συγκαλειται τας φιλας και τας γειτοshe calls having found she calls together the friends and the neigh-FRIENDS and NEIGHBORS νας, λεγουσα. Συγχαρητε μοι, δτι εύρον την saying, 'Rejoice with me, For I have found the Rejoice with me, for I found the saying; 10 Ούτω, λεγω ύμιν, δραχμην, ήν απωλεσα. DRACHMA which I had I say which I lost. Thus, drachma, tn you, lost. χαρα γινεται ενωπιον των αγγελων του  $\theta$ εου joy is produced in presence of the messengers of the God there is Joy in the Presεπι ένι ἁμαρτωλφ μετανοουντι. ence of the ANGELS of sinner reforming. God over One reforming 11  $E_i\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $A\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma\sigma$   $\tau$  is  $\epsilon i\chi\epsilon$   $\delta\nu\sigma$ υίους. Sinner." A man certain had He said and; two sons. 12 Και ειπεν δ νεωτερος αυτων τφ πατρι· Πατερ, tain Man had Two Sons. And said the younger of them to the father: O father, δος μοι το επιβαλλον μερος της ουσιας. Kaı of them said to his father, of the property. give to me the falling to part And 'Father, give me the Por-<sup>13</sup> Και μετ' ου πολλας διειλεν αυτοις τον βιον. TION of the ESTATE FAL-Aud after not he divided to them the living. many LING to me. divided I his LIVING beήμερας συναγαγων απαντα δ νεωτερος vios, tween them. days having gathered together all lhe younger son, χωραν μακεαν• **ι**πεδημησεν και  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$ €LS after, the Youngest Son went abroad into a country distant: and there διεσκορπισε την ουσιαν αύτου, ζων ασωτως. the property of himself, living dissolutely.  $^{14}$  Δαπανησαντος δε αυτου παντα, εγενετο λιμος came

having gathered all together, went abroad into a distant Country, and there wasted his PROPERTY in and of him Having expended all, a famine profligate living. 14 And having spent all, κατα την χωραν εκεινην και αυτος ισχυρος a great Famine occurred mighty throughout the country that: and in that country; and he 15 Και πορευθεις εκολληθη ηρξατο ύστερεισθαι. began to be in want. And having gone to be in want. began he united 15 Then he went and των πολιτων της χωρος εκεινης και επεμattached himself to one of with one of the citizens of the country that; the CITIZENS of that COUN. ψεν αυτον εις τους αγρους αύτου βοσκειν χοιρους. TRY, and he sent him into

sent him into the fields of himself to feed swine. 16 Και επεθυμει γεμισαι την κοιλιαν αύτου απο Ana he longed to fill the belly othimself from των κερατιων, ὧν ησθιον οἱ χοιροι· και ουδεις the pods, which were eating the swine; and no one 17 Eis Équtor  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ ,  $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon$ εδιδου αυτω. himself and coming, he said; to him. gave

were eating; but no one 17 And coming to him-

gave to him.

his fields to feed Swine.

be fed with the CAROB

PODS, which the SWINE

16 And he longed \* to

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—12. HE divided. 16. to be fed with the.

<sup>† 8.</sup> The Grecian Drachma was about the same value as the Roman Denarius, i. e. about † 15. This prodigal is supposed to be a Jew; and (if so) as the Jews 14 cents, or 7d. were forbidden by their law to eat swine's flesh, the care of swine in that distant and heathen country must have been an employment as inconsistent with his religion as he could possibly have had. This circumstance therefore serves to show us to what a very low condition he was reduced .- Pearce.

<sup>1 7.</sup> Luke v. 32. : 12. Mark x11. 44.

10σοι μασθιοί του πατρος μου περισσευουσιν How many hiredservants of the father of the base an abundance 18 Ανασαρτων; εγω δε ώδε λιμφ απολλυμαι. and here with hunger am perishing. Having τας πορευσομαι προς τον πατερα, μου, και ερω I will go to the lather of me, and willsay ήμαρτον εις τον ουρανον και αυτω.  $\Pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho$ , I sinned against the to him: O father, heaven and  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi$ ιον σου: 1 ουκετι ειμι αξιος κληθηναι υίος in presence of thee; no longer I am fit to be called A ROD σου· ποιησον με ώς ένα των μισθιων σου. <sup>20</sup> Και of thee; make me as one of the hired servants of thee. And αναστας ηλθε προς τον πατερα έαυτου.  $E\tau\iota$ having arisen he went the father of himself. While to δε αυτου μακραν απεχοντος, ειδεν αυτον ό παbeing, but of him at a distance 83W him, the faτιρ αυτου, και εσπλαγχνισθη. δραμων και and was moved with pity; and running επεπεσεν επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και κατεφιof him. and on the neck repeatedly 21 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ vios· Πατερ,  $\lambda n \sigma \epsilon \nu$  autov. Said and to him the aon; kissed him. O father. ημαρτον εις τον ουτανον και ενωπιον σου· και I sinned against the heaven and in presence of thee; and ουκετι ειμι αξιος κληθηναι υίος σου.  $^{22}$ Ειπε δε δ Said but the ao longer I am fit to be called a son of thee. πατηρ προς τους δουλους αύτου. Εξενεγκατε the slaves of himself; Bring von out to την στολην την πρωτην, και ενδυσατε αυτον, the and clothe you robe chief, the και δοτε δακτυλιον εις την χειρα αυτου, και and give you a finger-ring into the hand of him, and <sup>23</sup> Και ενεγκαντες ύποδηματα εις τους ποδας. And baving brought for the feet. **τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον θυσατε· και φαγοντες** calf fatted do you sacrifice; and eating the ευφρανθωμεν. 24 ότι ούτος δ υίος μου νεκρος ην, we may be joyful: for this the son of me dead και \* [αν]εζησε· και απολωλως ην, και εύρεθη. [again] is alive: and having been lost he was, and is found. and 25 Hv de d vios Και ηρξαντο ευφραινεσθαι. they began to he merry. Was and the son αυτου δ πρεσβυτερος εν αγρω· και ώς ερχομενος elder in a field: and as he was coming of him the γγισε τη οικια, ηκουσε συμφωνιας κα: χορων. near to the bouse, he heard a sound of music and dancers. <sup>26</sup> Και προσκαλεσαμενος ένα των παιδων, επυν-And having called to una of the servanta, be in-<sup>27</sup> ΄ Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ.  $\theta \alpha \nu \epsilon \tau o \tau \iota \epsilon \iota \eta \tau \alpha \upsilon \tau \alpha$ ; what may be these things? He and aaid to him: 'Οτι δ αδελφος σου ήκει· και εθυσεν δπατηρ That the brother of thee is come: and has sacrificed the father σου τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. ότι ύγιαινοντα of thee the calf the fatted, because nafe  $^{28}$   $\Omega$ ργισθη  $\delta\epsilon$ , και 9υκ  $\epsilon\theta\epsilon$ αυτον απελαβεν. him he received. He was angry and, and not was dis-

self, ne said, 'liow many of my Father's Hired servants have an abundance of Bread, and I am perishing here with Hunger!

18 I will arise and go to my father, and will say to him, Father, I have sin ned against HEAVEN, and

before thee.

19 I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED

SEBVANTS.

20 And he arose, and went to his father. But while he was yet at some distance, his father saw him, and was moved with pity; and running, he fell on his neck, and repeatedly kissed him.

21 And the son said to him, 'Father, I have sinned against Heaven, and before \*thee. I am nolonger worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIBED SERVANTS.'

22 But the father said to his servants, 'Bring 'out quickly that emfer robe, and clothe him; and attach a Ring to his hard, and Sandals to his feet;

23 and bring the FATTEL CALF, and kill it; and let us eat, and be joyful;

24 For This my SON was dead, but is restored to life; he was even lost, but is found.' And they began to be joyful.

25 Now his older son was in the Field, and as he was coming and approached the nouse, he heard Music and † Dancing.

26 And summoning one of the SERVANTS, he asked him the reason of this.

27 And HE said to him, 'Thy BROTHER is come; and thy FATHER has killed the FATTED CALF, Because he has received him in health.'

28 And he was enraged,

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscript—21, thee. I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy hirrd servants. But. 22. outquickly. 24. again—omet.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Choron, probably ought to be rendered a choir of singers. La Clere denier that the word means dancing at all. Symphonia, trunslated music, may mean the musical ansiquements, which accompanied the choir of singers.

λεν εισελθείν. 'Ο νιν πατηο αυτου εξελθων posed to enter. The therefore rather of nim going out 29 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε τω παρεκαλει αυτον. He and answering said to the besought him. πατρι Ιδου, τωσαυτε ετη δουλευω σοι, και so many years do I slave for thee, and father: Lo. ουδεποτε εντολην σου παρηλθον· και εμοι ουδεa command of thee I passed by: and to me never ποτε εδωκας εριφον, ίνα μετα των φιλων μου thou gavest a kid, that with the friends of me  $a \nu \theta \omega$ .  $^{30}$   $^{\circ}$ OT  $\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\upsilon$   $^{\circ}$ los  $\sigma$ o $\upsilon$   $\upsilon$  $^{\circ}$ tos,  $\delta$   $\kappa$ a $\tau$ aευφρανθω. When and the son of thee this, the having I might be joyful. φαγων σου τον βιον μετα πορνων, ηλθεν, came, thou ... devoured of thee the living with harlots, σας αυτώ τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. calf eacrificed for him the the fatted. ειπεν αυτω. Τεκωνου, συ παντυτε μετ' εμου ει, said to him: John thou always with me art, και παντά τα είω σει εστιν. 32 Ευφρανθηναι δε the sine sine To be joyful but και χαρηνα. εδε. ότ δ αδελφος σου ούτος and to be glad as proper o. As prother of thee this νεκρος ην, εω. \* ων εξησε κα, απολωλως ην, again' is alive: and having been lost was, dead was enc κα- εύνεθη. and is found.

## KEP. .s'. 16.

1 Ελέγε δε εω, προς τους μαθητάς αύτου. · <u>}-</u> Hrsaid and else to disc les of nimself: Ανθρωπος τις ην πλουσιος, ός ειχεν οικονομον. A man certain was rich, who had a steward; κα**ι ούτος δ**ιεβληθη συτφ ώς διασκορπιζων τα Was accused. to him as Wasting the ύπαργουτα αυτου. ' Και Φωνησας αυτον, ειπεν Aud having called POSSESSIONE o him. him. αυτω. Τι τουτο ακουω περ. ου: αποδος τον to him; What this hear concernning thee? render λογον της φικονομίας σου το γαρ δυνηση ετι account of the stewardship of thee: not to thou wilt we able songer <sup>3</sup> Ειπε δε εν έαυτφ δοικονομος· Τι olkovoliely. Said and in himself the steward. What to be steward. ποιησως ότι ο κυριος μου αφαιρειται την οικονοor he ord of me takes steward. MICH WAT EMUL. Σκαπτειν ουκ ισχυω, επαιτειν not I have strength. to heg mes fo dig \* Εγνων τι ποιησω, ίνα, asox veroua. δταν Iknow what I will do. I am asnamed. that. when μετασπαθα της οικονομίας, δεξωνται με εις I may be pur out of the stewardship, they may receive me into 5 Και προσκαλεσαμενος τους φικους αύτων, having summoned 150 novses of themselves. And EVA ENCOTON TWN χρεωφειλετων TOU KUPIOU of the debtors έαντου, ελεγε τω πρωτω. Ποσυν υφειλεις τω ofbiancie is said to the Gest, How much owest thou to the

and refused to enter. \*And nis father going out, entreated him.

29 And HE answering, said to his father, 'Behold, so many years have I slaved for thee, and never disobeyed thy command; and yet thou never gavest Me a Kid, that I might be joyful with my friends;

30 but when this son

30 but when this son of thine came, who has consumed Thy living with prostitutes, thou hast killed for him the \*fatted Calf.'

31 And HE said to him, 'Child, thou art always with me, and ALI that is MINE is thine.

32 It was proper to be joyful and be glad. For this BROTHER of thine was dead, but is restored to life; he was even lost, but is found."

### CHAPTER XVI.

\*the Disciples, "There was a certain rich Man, who had a Steward, and he was accused to him of wasting his possessions.

9 And having called him, he said to him, 'What is this that I hear of thee? render an ACCOUNT of thy STEWARDSHIP; for thou canst be a Steward no longer.'

3 And the STEWARD said within himself, What shall I do? For my MASTER takes the STEWARDSHIP away from me; I have not strengh to dig: \* and I am ashamed to beg.

4 I know what I will do, that when I am deprived of the STEWARDSHIP, they may receive me into their own houses.

5 And calling each one of his MASTER'S DEBTORS, he said to the FIRST, How much dost thou owe my MASTER?

6'Ο δε ειπεν. Έκ ατον βατους ελαιου. κυριω μου: A hundred ord of me? meand said: Και ειπεν αυτφ. Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και he said to him: Receive of thee the bill, 7 Επειτα καθισας ταχεως γραψον πεντηκοντα, sitting down quickly write thou fifty. Theu έτερω ειπε. Συδε ποσον οφειλεις; 'Ο δε ειπεν. He and to another hesaid, I nou and how much owest thou? \*[Ka1] Έκατον κοιους σιτου. λεγει αυτώ. [And] of wheat. A hundred COM he says to him: Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και γραψον ογδυηκοντα. Receive of thee the bill, aud write  $^8$  Και επηνεσεν δ κυριος τον οικονομον της the Iord the praised αδικιας, ότι φρονιμως εποιησεν ότι οί υίοι του unjust, because prudently he had done: for the sons of the αίωνος τουτοι φρονιμωτεροι ύπερ τους υίους του sons of the more prudent above the φωτος εις την γενεαν την έαυτων εισι. <sup>9</sup> Καγω light for the generation that of themselves are. And I ύμιν λεγω. Ποιησατε έαυτοις φιλους εκ Make you to yourselves friends out of the te you say; μαμωνα της αδικιας• ίνα, όταν εκλιπητε, δεξωνmammon of the unjust: that, when you may fail, they may 10 'Ο πιστος γαι ύμας εις γας αιωνιους σκηνας. receive you into the age-lasting tabernacles. εν ελαχιστφ και εν πολλφ πιστος εστια και δ and he also in much faithful 10: εν ελαχιστφ αδικος, και ενπολλω αδικος εστιν.

If  $E_l$  our  $\epsilon \nu$  to adiko mallova misster our set the unsighteous mammon faithful bot eyeves  $\theta \epsilon$ , to adiffur that who to you will entrust? And  $\epsilon \iota$   $\epsilon \nu$  to addotrate that who to you will entrust? and  $\epsilon \iota$   $\epsilon \nu$  to addotrate  $\epsilon$  misster faithful bot you have been, the time another faithful bot you have been, the therefore tis  $\epsilon \mu \nu \nu$  dwset;

much

unjust, also in

yours who to you will give?

13 Ουδεις οιμετης δυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευ-Νο one domestic is able two lords to serve: ιν° η γαρ τον ένα μισησει, κα τον έτερον

ειν η γαρ τον ένα μισησει, κα τον έτερον eitherfor the one he will hate, and the other  $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \epsilon \iota$  η ένος  $\alpha \nu \theta \epsilon \xi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ , και τυ έτερου

he will love: or one he will cling to, and the other καταφρονησει. Ου δυναπθε θεω δουλευειν και he will slight. Not you are able God to serve and

6 And HE said, † A Hundred Baths of Oil. And \* HE said to him, 'Take back \* Thy Account, and sit down quickly, and write one for fifty.'

7 Then he said to another, 'And how much dost thou owe?' And HE said, t'A Hundred Cors of Wheat.' He says to him. 'Take back \*Thy Account, and write one for

eighty.

8 And the MASTER applauded the UNJUST STEW-AED, Because he had acted prudently; For the sons of this AGE are more prudent as to That Generation which is their own, than I the sons of LIGHT.

9 And I say to you, 1 Make for yourselves Friends with the DECEIT-FUL WEALTH, that, when \*it fails, they may receive you into AIONIAN Mansions.

10 ‡ HE who is FAITH-FUL in a little, is also faithful in much; and HE who is UNJUST in a little, is also unjust in much.

11 If, therefore, you have not been faithful in the DELUSIVE Riches, who will confide the TRUE to you.

12 And if you have not been faithful in THAT which is ANOTHER'S, who will give you THAT which is \*YOUR OWN?

13 ‡ No Domestic can serve Two Masters; for he will either hate the ONE, and love the OTHER; or he will attend to one, and neglect the OTHER. You cannot serve God and Mammon.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—6. HE said. 7. Thy LETTERS, and. 9. it fails.

<sup>6.</sup> Thy LETTERS, and. 12. OUR OWN.

<sup>7.</sup> And-omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> The bath was the largest measure of capacity among the Hebrews, except the homer, if which it was the tenth part. See Ezek. xlv. 11, 14. It is equal to the ephah, i. e., to serva gallons and a half of our measure.—Clarke. Josephus states that it contained seventy-two sextarii, or about thirteen and a half gallons. † 7. The cor was the largest measure of capacity among the Hebrews, whether for solids or liquids. As the bath was equal to the rowan, so the cor was equal to the homer. It contained about seventy-five gallons and five pints English.

14 Ηκουον δε ταυτα παντα και οί μαμωνα. a!l also the mammon. Heard and these Φαρισαιοι, Φιλαργυροι ύπαρχοντες. και εξεμυκand they Pharisees, being: money-lovers THEIS 15 Kaı τηριζον αυτον.  $\in \iota \pi \in \mathcal{V}$ JUTOIS\* baA hesaid You mocked him. to them; διδαιουντ es έαυτους  $\tau \omega \nu$  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$ οì  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi i n v$ ofthe justifying yourselves those in presence ανθρωπων· ό δε θεος γινωσκει τας καρδιας ύμων· the but God knows the bearts men · έτι το εν ανθρωποις ύψηλον, βδελυγμα ενωπιον highly prized, an homination in presence for that by men του θεου. of the God.

16 Ο νομος και οί προφηται έως Ιωαννου· απο and the prophets till John: from τοτε ή βασιλεια του θεου ευαγγελιζεται, και of the God and then the kingdom is preached, 17 Ευκοπωτερον δε εις αυτην βιαζεται. πας Easier but every one into her presses. εστι τον ουρανον και την γην παρελθειν, η του heaven and the earth to pass away, than of the νομου μιαν κεραιαν πεσειν. 18 Πας δ απολυων Every one who dismissing one fine point to fail. την γυναικα αύτου, και γαμων έτεραν, μοικαι πας δ απολελυμενην απο ανδρος adultery: and every one who her being divorced from an husband γαμων, μοιχευει. marrying, commits adultery.

 $^{19}$  Autowaos de  $\tau$ is  $\eta \nu$   $\pi$ λουσιος, και ενεδι-\*nd now certain was rich, δυσκετο πορφυραν και βυσσον, ευφραινομενος purple fine linen. feasting and tlothed  $^{20} \Pi \tau \omega \chi os \delta \epsilon \tau \iota s * [\eta \nu]$ καθ' ήμεραν λαμπρως. A poor and certain [was] sumptuously. every day \*[&s] εβεβλητο προς τον ονοματι Λαζαρος, was laid at the Lazarus, пањед <sup>21</sup> και επιθυμων ήλκωμενος, πυλωνα αυτου of him being covered with sores, and χορτασθηναι απο των ψιχιών των πιπτοντών he crnmbs those falling from kal oi απο της τραπεζης του πλουσιου αλλα of the rich: but erca the table from the κιωες ερχομενοι απελειχον τα έλκη αυτου. Ι licked the sores of him. coming dogs 🖭 Εγενετο δε αποθανειν τον πτωχον, και  $\alpha \pi \epsilon$ It happened and to die the poor, and νεχθηναι αυτον ύπο των αγγελων εις τον καλthe hobe borne away him by the messengers into

14 And the PHARISEES, theing money-lovers, also heard all these things, and they ridiculed bim.

15 And he said to them, "You are THOSE who truster yourselves before MEN; but God knows your HEARTS; FOR THAT which is HIGHLY PRIZED among Men is an Abomination before \* God.

16 ‡ The LAW and the PROPHETS were till John; from that period, the KINGDOM of GOD is proclaimed, and every one presses towards it.

17 \$ And it is easier for HEAVEN and EARTH to pass away, than for one Point of the LAW to fail.

18 ‡EVERY ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, and marries another, commits adultery; and \*HE who MARRIES her being disyocced from her Husband, commits adultery.

19 † Now there was a certain rich Man, who was clothed in Purple and Fine linen, and feasted sumptuously every Day.

20 And a certain Poor man, named Lazarus, was laid at his GATE, full of sores,

21 and longing to be fed with \*THOSE CRUMES which FELL from the RICH man's TABLE; but even the DOGS came and licked his sores.

e- 22 And it occurred, that the POOR man died, and was carried away by the Angels to Abraham's

18. HE Who MARRIES.

20. was--omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. the Lord. 20. who—omit. 21. THINGS Which FELL.

<sup>† 19.</sup> This parable stands in connection with a palpable confusion and interruption of our Savior's discourse, which is broken after the fifteenth verse by three verses neither connected with each other, nor with what precedes them. Neither is it directly said that our Savior did use the parable, but is abruptly introduced, &c. I am unable to learn whether a similar parable has been recognized in the rabbinical writings but the complexion of it certainly accords with their mode of illustration much better than it does with that employed by our Savior—McCutlab. Dr. Lightfoot and others have shown that the Jews in their Gemara have a parable much to the same purpose.—Doddridge.

Απεθανε δε και δ πλουσιος, και пох Авраац. Abraam, Died and also the rich, and 23 Και εν τω 'αδη επαρας τους οφθαλεταφη. eyes was burned. And in the unseen having lifted the μους αύτου, ύπαρχων εν βασανοις, δρα  $\tau o \nu$ of himself, being in torments, sees Αβρααμ απο ματροθεν, και Λαζαρον εν τοις κολ-Abraam Irom a distance, and Lazarus in the 24 Και αυτος φωνησας ειπε· Πατερ TOIS QUTOU. 801118 of bim. And be erying out he said; Of other Αβρααμ, ελεησον με, και πεμψον Λαζαρον, ίνα Abrabam, do thou pity me, and send Lazarus, that βαψη το ακρον του δακτυλου αύτου ύδατος, he may dip the tip of the finger of himself of water, και καταψυξη την γλωσσαν μου ότι οδυνωμαι and may cool the tongue of me; for I am in pain εν τη φλογιταυτη. 25 Ειπε δε Αβρααμ. Τεκνον, Said and Abraam; Ochild, flame this. μνησθητι, ότι απελαβες τα αγαθα σου εν τη that thou didst receive the things good of thee in the (ωη σου, και Λαζαρος όμοιως τα κακα νυν (ωη σου, και μαζαμος ομοίος, life of thee, and Lazarus in like manner the things bad; now δε όδε παρακαλειται, συ δε οδυνασαι. is comforted, thou and art in pain. επιπασιτουτοις, μεταξυ ήμων και ύμων χασμα Sesides all these, between of us and of you a chasm μεγα εστηρικται, όπως οί θελοντες διαβηναι great has been fixed, so that those wishing to pass over  $\epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \nu$  προς ύμας, μη δυνωνται, μηδε οἱ εκειθεν nor those thence to you, not is able, προς ήμας διαπερωσιν.  $^{27}$  Ειπε δε· Ερωτω ουν cross over. He said then; I beseech then σε, πατερ, ίνα πεμψης αυτον εις τον οικον του thee, Ofather, that thou would strend him to the house of the πατρος μου  $^{28}$ εχω γαρ πεντε αδελφους όπως father of me, I have for five brothera: that διαμαρτυρηται αυτοις, ίνα μη και αυτοι ελθωσιν he may testify to them, that not also they may come  $^{29}\,\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$ εις τον τοπον τουτον της βασανου. into the place wis oftne torment. Says  $\pi$  [aut  $\omega$ ] A $\beta$ paa $\mu$ \* E $\chi$ ou  $\sigma$ t M $\omega$ rea Kai Tous Moses and the They have [to him] Abraam: Moses προφητας ακουσατωσαν συτων. 30 Ο δε ειπεν. prophets: let them hear them. He and said: Ουχι, ποπερ, Αβρααμ. αλλ' εσν τις απο νεκρων No, Otatner, Abraam: but if one from dead ones πορευθη προς αυτους, μετανοησουσιν.  $^{31}$ Ειπε δε

†BOSOM. And the BICM man also died, and was buried:

23 and in Hades, being in Torments, he lifted up his EYES, and sees \* Abraham at a distance, and Lazarus in † the folds of

his mantle.

24 And crying out he said, 'Father Abraham, pity me, and send Lazarus. that he may dip the TIP of his FINGER in Water, and cool my Tongue; For I am tortured in this FLAME.

25 But Abraham said, 'Child, recollect That thou, during thy LIFE, I didst receive thy GOOD things, and Lazarus, in like manner, his EVIL things; but now \* here he is comforted, and thou art tormented.

26 And besides all this, a great Chasm is situated between us and you; so that THOSE WISHING to pass over hence to you are unable; nor can \*those cross over thence to us.'

27 Then he said, 'I entreat thee, then, Father, to send him to my father's

HOUSE;

28 For I have Five Brothers; that he may testify fully to them, lest then also come into this PLACE of MISERY.

29 \* But Abraham says. t'They have Moses and the PROPHETS; let them

hear them.'

30 And HE said, 'No. Father Abraham, but if one should go to them from the Dead, they will reform. 31 And he said to him.

He said but

they will reform.

may go

to

them, · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. Abraham. 29. to him-omit. 29. But Abraham.

<sup>25.</sup> Acre he is comforted, and. 26. those.

<sup>+ 22.</sup> The expression, "Abraham's hosom," alludes to the posture used by the Jews at ta be. This was recliming on couches after the manner of the Romans, are used by the Jews at table. This was recliming on couches after the manner of the Romans, the upper part of the body resting upon the left clow, and the lower lying at length upon the couch. When two or three reclimed on the same couch, some say the worthiest or most honorable person lay first, (Lightfoot says, in the middle;) the next in dignity lay with his head recliming on the breast or bosom of the first, as John is said to have done on the bosom of Jesus at supper; and hence is borrowed the phrase of Abraham's bosom, as denoting the state of constant happiness. Abraham being esteemed the most honorable person, and the father of the Jewish nation, to be in his bosom stenifes (in allusion to the order in which most properly are recorded.) ish nation, to be in his bosom signifies (in allusion to the order in which guests were placed at an entertainment) the highest state of felicity next to that of Abraham himself.—Burder. † 23. Tous kolpois, being plural, the idea seems to but as expressed in the text Sec Parkhurst.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Job xxi. 13; Luke vi. 24. 21 : xvii. 11.

<sup>\$ 29.</sup> Isa. viii. 20; xxxiv. 16; John v. 39, 45; Acts xv.

πυτφ. Ει Μωσεως και των προφητών ουκ ακου-lo him: If Moses and the prophets not they ουσιν, ουδε εαν τις εκ νεκρων αναστη, πεισneither if one out of dead ones should rise. will θησονται. they be convinced.

# КЕФ. ιζ'. 17.

 $^{1}$  Eine de noos rous μαθητας. Ανενδεκτον He said and to the disciples: Impossible εστι του μη ελθειν τα σκανδαλα. ουαι δε, it is of the not to come the sparce; woe but, twongh ού ερχεται. <sup>2</sup> Λυσιτελει αυτώ, ει μυλος ονικος whom they come. It is profitable for him. if a millstone upper περικειται περι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και ερέιπwas bung about the neck of him, and have been ται εις την θαλασσαν, η ίνα σκονδαλιση ένα aca, than that he should ensuare one thrown into the των μικρων τουτων. <sup>3</sup> Προσεχετε έαυτοις. Εαν of the little ones these. Take heed to yourselvee. It δε άμαρτη \* [εις σε] δαδελφος σου, επιτιμησεν and should sin [against thee] the brother of thee, rebuke αυτώ. και εαν μετανοηση, αφες αυτώ. him; and if hesbouldreform, forgive him. Aud εαν επτακις της ημερας αμαρτη εις σε, και if even times of the day he should sin against thee, and επτακις \* [της ημερας] επιστρεψη, λεγων seven times [of the day] he should turn, saying; Μετανοω αφησεις αυτώ. I reform; thou shalt forgive kim.

5 Και ειπον οί αποστολοι τω κυριω. Προπθες
And said the apostles to the lord; Do thou add ήμιν πιστιν. 6 Ειπε δε 5 κυριος. Ει ειχετε Said and the lord: tous faith. you had If πιστιν ώς κοκκον σιναπεως, ελεγετε αν τη faith as a grain of mustard, you might say to the συκαμινώ ταυτη. Εκριζωθητι, και φυτευθητι εν ayeswine-tree this. Be thon uprooted, and be thou plauted in τη θαλασση· και ύπηκουσεν αν ύμιν. 7 Tis δε and it would obey the веa; you. Which but εξ ύμων δουλον εχων αροτριωντα η ποιμαινοντα, you a slave having ploughing or feeman cattle, ός εισελθοντι εκ του αγρου ερει. Ευθεως who having come ont of he field willsay; Immediately παρελθων αναπεσαι; 8 Αλλ' ουχι ερει αυτω But do then recline? nnt willsay to him Ετοιμασον τι δειπνησω, και περιζωσαμενος what I may sup, and having girded διακονει μοι, έως φαγω και πιω· και μετα ταυτα an thou serve me, till I may eat and drink; and after these φαγεσαι και πιεσαι συ; <sup>9</sup>Μη χαριν εχει τω δουλω shalt eat and drink thou? Not favor has the slave διαταχθεντα; \*[Ου εκεινώ, ότι εποιήσε τα that, because he did the things having been commande dr [No

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. his disciples. 4. of the day-omit 3. against thee-omit.

Ithink.]

δοκω. ] 10 Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ποιησητε παντα So also you, when you shall have done all' you shall have done All the /1. should come; nevertheless Woethe seavant. 8. him. 1 think

'If they hear not Moses and the PROPHETS, Incither will they be convinced. though one should rise from the Dead.'..

### CHAPTER XVII.

1 And he said to \* his DISCIPLES, T"It is impossible for SNARES not \*to come; but Wee to him through whom they come!

2 It would be better for him, if an upper Millstone were banged about his NECK, and he be thrown into the SEA, than that he should insnare one of these LITTLE ONES.

3 Take heed to yourselves; 1 If thy BROTHER sins, trebuke him; and is he reforms, forgive him.

4 And if seven times in a DAY he sams against thee, and seven times he turns to thee again, saying, 'I reform;' thou shalt forgive him."

5 And the APOSTLES said to the LORD, "Increase our Faith."

6 ‡ And the LORD said, "If you had Faith as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this SYCA. MINE-TREE, Be thou up. rooted and planted in the SEA; and it would obey vou.

7 But which of you having a Servant ploughing or feeding cathe, will say to him as he comes in from the FIELD, 'Come immediately, and recline?

8 But will he not say to him, 'make ready my supper, gird thyself, and serve me, while I eat and drink; and afterwards thou shalt eat and drink?

9 Does he thank \*that SERVANT 'Because he did what was commanded?

<sup>10</sup> So also nou, when

not-omit.

<sup>1 31.</sup> John xii. 10, 11. 11. Matt. xviii. 6, 7; Mark ix. 42; 1 Ciii. 15, 21. 13. Lev. x x. 17; Prov. xvii. 10; James v. 19. 1 1. Matt. xviii. 6, 7; Mark ix. 42; 1 Cor. xi. 19. 1 & Matt avii 204 Exi. 21; Mark ix. 23; xi. 23.

διαταχθεντα ύμιν, λεγετε. Ότι δουλοι having been commanded you, say you: That slaves the things having been commanded you, say you: αχρειοι εσμεν. ότι δ ωφειλομεν ποιησαι, auprofitable we are: because what we were bound πεποιηκαμεν.

we have done.

 $^{11}$  Και εγενετο εν τ $\omega$  πορευεσ $\theta$ αι αυτον εις And it happened in the to go him Lo Ίερουσαλημ, και αυτος διηρχετο δια μεσου and he passed through unidst <sup>12</sup> Και εισερχομενου Σαμαρειας και Γαλιλαιας. of Samaria and Galilee. And entering **φ**υτου εις τινα κωμην**, απηντησαν αυτ**φ δεκα of him into a certain village, met him ten

18 Kat λεπροι ανδρε**ς, οί εστησαν πορ**ρωθεν. leprous mien. who stood far off. מטדפי הימץ שנשיון, אנץיצידי צונטטי בהיסדמדמן

sayingi Jesus master-14 Και ιδων ειπεν ελεησον ήμας. CUTOIS. And seeing be said us. to them: Πορευθεντες επιδειζατε έαυτους τοις ίερευσι. vourselves to the 320 7 VO2 priests. Και εγενετο εν τω ύπαγειν αυτους, εκαθαρισθη-And it happened is the togo them, they were cleansed.

15 Είς δε εξ αυτων, ιδων ότι ιαθη, ύπεσ-One and of them, seeing that he was cured, turned

τρεψε, μετα φωνης μεγαλης δοξαζων τον θεον. back. with a voice loud glorifying the God: 13 και επεσεν επι προσωπον παρα τους ποδας and fell face OZ 8î the

αυτου, ευχαριστων αυτφ. και αυτος ην Σαμαgiving thanks to him: and was a Samao. him. he 17 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ειπεν. Ουχι PELTTE. Noc ritan. Answering and the Jesus said:

ίδε εννεα που; 18 Ουχ οί δεκα εκαθαρισθησαν ; ware cleansed? the but nine where? Not εύρεθησαν ύποστρεψαντες δουναι δοξαν τω θεω, having returned to give glory to the God, we found ει μη δ αλλογενης ούτος: 19 Και ειπεν αυτω.

And he said sacept the foreigner this? to him: Αιαστας πορευου \* [ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε.] Ading the faith of thee has saved thee. go thou:

20 Επερωτηθεις δε ύπο των φαρισαιων, ποτε Having been asked and by the Pharisces, ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου, απεκριθη αυτοις, cones the kingdom of the God, he answered κα. ειπεν. Ουκ ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου and said: Not comes the kingdom of the God μενα παρατηρησεως. <sup>21</sup> ουδε ερουσιν. Ιδου ώδε, said: Not Godcareful watching; nor will they say; Lo here, η, \*[ιδου] εκει· ιδου γαρ, ή βασιλεια του θεου

there, lo for, the maiesty THINGS COMMANDED you sav, 'We are unprofitable Servants; for we have done only what we were bound to do.'"

11 And it occurred, as he was proceeding to Jern salem, he passed through the Interior of Samaria and Galilee.

12 And as he was about entering a Certain Village, Ten Lepers met him, who stood tat a distance;

13 and then lifted un

Master, pity us."

14 And seeing them, he said to them, ‡"Go, show yourselves to the PRIESTS." And it happened, as they were going, they were cleansed.

15 And one of them perceiving That he was cured, returned, praising God with a loud Voice;

16 and he fell on his Face at his FEET, thanking him; and he was a Samaritan.

17 And Jesus answering, said, "Were not the TEN cleansed? but where are the NINE?

18 Were none found o return to give Praise t God, except this ALIEN?"

19 And he said to him: "Arise, go thy way; "thy FAITH has saved thee."

And having been asked by the PHARISEES, when God's KINGDOM was coming, he answered them, and said, "The KINGDOM of God comes not with outward show:

21 nor shall they say, 'Behold here! or there? for, behold, † God's ROYAL of the God MAJESTY is among you."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. thy FAITH has saved thee-omit. 21. lo-omit.

<sup>† 21.</sup> In this yerse it has been found necessary to depart from the usual signification of hee busileia tou theou, the Kingdom of God, and render as in the text. That this rendering is ad missible and correct, see Note on Matt. ii. 2. Basileia here refers to the person to whom the t le and honor of king belonged, rather than to his territory or kingdom. Prof. Whiting. an ab e Hebrew and Greek scholar, says, this clause in the 21st verse ought to be rendered, "the king is among you." Dr. A. Clarke in a note on the 21st verse evidently uncerstood it as relating to the Christ. He says, "Perhaps those Pharisees thought, that Messiah was kept secret, in some private place, known only to some of their rulers; and that by and ry he should be proclaimed in a similar way to that in which Joash was by Jeholad, the priess. See the account, 2 Chron. xxiii. 1—11."

<sup>1 11</sup> Lev. xiii. 46. . 1 11. Lev. xiii. 2; xiv. 2; Matt. viil. 4: Lake v. 34.

<sup>22</sup> Ειπε δε προς τους μαθηύμων εστιν. disci-He said and to the in the midst of you τας, Ελευσονται ήμεραι, ότε επιθυμησετε μιαν days, when you will desire Willcome των ήμερων του υίου του ανθρωπου ιδειν και of the days of the son of the man to see; and 23 Και ερουσιν ύμιν. Ιδου ώδε, η, ουκ οψεσθε. here, or, not you will see. And they will say to you; Lo ιδου εκει· μη απελθητε, μηδε διωξητε. 24 'Ωσπερ lo there; not you may go away, nor may you follow. Even as γαρ ή αστραπη, ή αστραπτουσα εκ της ύπ for the lightning, that flashing out of the under ουρανον, εις την ύπ' ουρανον λαμπει. ούτως to the under heaven shines: 80 εσται δ υίος του ανθρωπου \* [εν τη ἡμερα αυτου.] will be the son of the man in the day  $^{25}$  Πρωτον δε δει αυτον πολλα παθειν, but it behoves him many things to suffer, aud αποδοκιμασθηναι απο της γενεας ταυτης.  $^{26}$  Και to be rejected from the generation this. καθως εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Νωε, ούτως εσται of Noe, so it happened in the it will be days και εν ταις ήμεραις του υίου του ανθρωπου. the of the son of the days man.  $^{27}$  Η $\sigma \theta$ ιον, ε $\pi$ ινον, εγαμουν, εξεγαμιζοντο, αχρι They ate, they drank, they married, they were given in marriage, till ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον. Noe into the of which day entered ηλθεν δ κατακλυσμος, και απωλεσεν άπαντας. and destroyed flood, 28 'Ομοιως και ώς εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Λωτ· In like manner also as it happened in the days of Lot;  $\eta \sigma \theta \iota o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \nu o \nu$   $\eta \gamma o \rho \alpha \zeta o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \omega \lambda o \nu \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \varphi \upsilon \tau \epsilon \upsilon o \nu$ , they ate, they drank, they bought, they sold, they planted, ωκοδομουν· <sup>29</sup> η δε ἡμερα εξηλθε Λωτ a7101 in the but day went out Lot they built: Σοδομων, εβρεξε πυρ και θειον απ' ουρανου, κα: it rained fire and brimstone from heaven, 'n απωλεσεν άπαντας.  $^{30}$  ката  $\mathbf{f}$ аита  $\epsilon$ ота $\iota$ according to these it will te in the all: destroyed ήμερα ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου αποκαλυπτεται.  $^{31}$  Εν day the son of the is revealed. man εκεινη τη ήμερα, ός εσται επι του δωματυς, και who will be on the roof. the day, τα σκευη αυτου εν τη οικια, μη καταβατω αραι| goods of him in the house, not let him descend to take αυτα και δ εν τφ αγρφ, δμοιως μη επιστρεandhe in the field, in like manner not τα οπισω. 32 Μνημονευετε της γυναιψατω ELS Remember you of the for the things behind. 33 Os ear ζητηση την ψυχην αύτου Whoever may seek the life of himself κος Λωτ. of Lot.

22 And he said to the DISCIPLES, ‡ Days will come, when you will desire to see one of the DAYS of the son of man, and you will not see it.

23 #And they will say to vou, \* 'Behold, there' or 'behold, here!' follow

not. 24 ‡ For as THAT LIGHT-NING FLASHING out of ONE part under Heaven, shines to the other part under Heaven; so will the SON of MAN be.

25 ‡ But first he must suffer Much, and be rejected by this GENERA-

TION.

26 ‡ And as it was in the DAYS of Noah, so will it be also in the DAYS of the son of man.

27 They were eating, they were drinking, they were marrying, they were given in marriage, till the DAY that Noah entered the ARK, and the DELUGE came, and destroyed them all.

28 In like manner also as it was in the DAYS of Lot; they were eating, they were drinking, they were buying, they were selling, they were planting, they were building;

29 but ton the DAY that from Lot went out from Sodon. it rained Fire and Sulphur and from Heaven, and destroved them all.

30 Thus will it be in the Day when the son of MAN

is revealed.

31 On That DAY, ‡let not him who shall be on the ROOF, and his FURNI-TURE in the HOUSE, deseend to take it away; and in like manner, let not him who shall be in the \* Field turn back.

32 ‡ Remember Lot's WIFE.

33 ‡ Whoever may seek life of himself to \* save his LIFE, will

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. there! or behold here! follow not. For. v—omit. 31. Field. 33. insure his Life. 1 to thow hot. For year. 1 22. Mott. ix. 15. 1 23. Matt. xxiv. 23; Mark xii. 21; Luke xxi. 8. 1v. 27. 1 25. Mark vii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22. 1 26. Gen iv. 37 6 29. Gen ixi. 16, 24. 1 31. Matt. xxiv. 17; Mark xiii. 15. 6. 26. 1 33. Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; John xii. 25. DAY-omit. 1 24. Mett † 26. Gen. vir M' 15. xxiv. 27-xxiv. 37

xix. 26.

σωσαι, απολ σει αυτην· και δε εαν απολεση will lose her; and whoever may lose to save, αυτην, ζωογονησει αυτην. <sup>31</sup> Λεγω υμιν Ταυτη hei, will preserve her. I say to you: In this τη νυ τι εσονται δυο επικλινης μιας είς παραthe night will be two on bed one; one λ.,φθησεται, και δ ετερος αφεθησεται.  $\Delta vo$ and the other will be left εσονται αληθουσαι επι το αυτο· ή μια παραληφgrinding on the same, the one will be <sup>36</sup> Кагатокθησεται, και ή έτερα αφεθησεται. and the other will be left. And ap-'Ο δε ριθεντες λεγουσιν αυτώ. Που, κυριε: they said to him; Where, Olord? He sad ειπεν αυτοις· Όπου το σωμα, εκει συναχ $\theta$ ησονraid to them; Where the body, there will be gathered ται οί αετοι. the engles.

## ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.

 $^{1}$ Ελε $\gamma$ ε δε και παραβοληu αυτοις, προς auο Itespoke and also a parable to them, in order that  $\delta \epsilon \iota \nu$  παντοτε προσευχεσθαι, και μη εκκακειν, ought always to pray, and not to be weary. λεγων. Κριτης τις ην εν τινι πολει, τον θεον saying: A judge certain was in a certain city, the God μη φυβουμενος, και ανθρωπον **ιιη εντρεπ**ομενος. and เกลอ regarding. not 3 Χηρα δε ην εν τη πολει εκεινη και ηρχετο A widow and wa in the city that; and she went προς αυτου, λεγουσα. Εκδικησον με απο του saying; Dojustice me from the αντιδικου μου. 4 Και ουκ ηθελησεν επι χρονον. opponent of me. And not he would for Με α δε ταυτα ειπεν εν έαυτω. Ε. και τον θεον A terwards but these he said in himself; If even the God ού φοβουμαι, και ανθρωπον ουκ εντρεπομαι. I fear, and man not δίαγε το παρεχείν μοι κοπον την χηραν ταυτην, through the to render to me trouble the widow this, εκδικησω αυτην ίνα μη εις τελος ερχομενη in do justice her; that not to ..... Aκουσατε, ε ε ε δε δ κυριος Ακουσατε, learyou, she should pester me. Said and the lord: Hearyon,
τι δ κριτης της αδικιας λεγει. Ο δε θεος - hat the judge the unjust says. The and ού μη ποιησει την εκδικησιν των εκλεκτων will do the justice for the chosen ones αύτου των βοωντων προς αυτον ήμερας και δαν 8 Λεγω of himself those to him crying yυκτος, και μακροθυμων επ' αυτοις;
night, and bearing long towards them? hearing long towards them? ύμιν**, δ. ι π**οιησει την εκδικησιν αυτω**ν εν τ**αχέι. to you, that he will do the justice for them in an instant. Πλην δ vios του ανθρωπου ελθων άρα εύρησει But the son of the coming indeed will be find man την πιστιν επι της γης; the faith on the earth?

lose it; and whoever may lose it, will preserve it.

34 ±I tell vou, in That NIGHT th re will b two on \*a Bed; One will be taken, and the OTHER left

35 Two will be grinding together, the ONE will be taken, and the other left."

36 And answering they said to him, ‡" Where Lord?" And HE said to them, "Where the BODY is, there \*also the EAGLES will be assembled."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

1 And he also spoke a Parable to them, to h w that they ought to procontinually, and not be weary;

2 saying, "There was a certain Judge in a certain City, wh feared not Gon nor respected Man.

3 And there was a Widow in that City; and she went to him, saying, O tain justice for me c my opponent.

4 And he would not 'o' a time; but afterwar he said within himse' 'Though I fear not Gon nor regard Man;

5 Tyet, because this widow importunes me. I will do her justice, lest at last her coming should weary me!"

6 And the Lord s.i. "Hear what the unjust JUDGE savs:

7 and I will not GoD d: justice for Those Choses: ONES of his, who are CRYing to him Day and Night, and he is compassionata towards them?

8 I tell you, # That as will speedily do them rus TICE. But when the so of MAN comes, will be find this BELIEF on the LAND ?"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34 a Bed.

<sup>37.</sup> also will.

<sup>1 50.</sup> Matt. zxiv. 28. 1 34. Matt. xxiv. 40, 4°, 1 Thes. iv. 17. Roun. xii, iz; Eph. vi. 18 1 6. Lu 4°, 2 Pet 11i. 3, 9. 11 Luke xi. 5 18 Hab. x 1 7. Kev. vi 16.

<sup>9</sup> Ειπε δε και προς τινας τους πεποιθοτας εφ' Hespokeand also ro some those trusting in έαυτοις ότι εισι δικαιοι, και εξουθενουντας τους hemselves that they are just ones, and despising λοιπους, την παραβολην ταυτην· <sup>10</sup> Ανθρωποι the parable this: Men δυο ανεβησαν εις το ιερον προσευξασθαι· δ εις two went up into the temple to pray: the one . 11 'Ο Φαρι-Φαρισαιος, και ὁ έτερος τελωνης. a Pharisee, and the other atax-gatherer. The Phariσαιος, σταθεις προς έαυτον, ταυτα προσηυχετο· standing bу himself, these he prayed: O heas, ευχαριστω σοι, ότι ουκ ειμι ώσπερ of The God, I give thanks to thee, that not I am like the λοιποι των ανθρωπων, άρπαγες, αδικοι, μοιχο., others of the plunderers, unjust ones, adulterers, men, η και ώς ούτος ό τελωνης. 12 Νηστευω δις του or even like this the tax-gatherer. Ifast twice of the σαββατου, αποδεκατω παντα όσα κτωμαι. <sup>13</sup>Και all I tithe what I acquire. ό τελωνης μακροθεν έστως ουκ ηθελεν the tax gatherer at a distance having been standing not would ουδε τους οφθαλμους εις τον ουρανον επαραι. ast even the to the heaven lift up: \*[εις] το στηθος αύτου, λεγων. αλλ' ετυπτεν [on] the breast of himself, saying: Γιμοι τω άμαρτωλω. 14 Λεγω but he smote 'O θεος, ἱλασθητι μοι τω ἁμαρτωλω. The God, he propitious to me the sinner. ύμιν, κατεβη ούτος δεδικαιωμενος εις τον οικον this having been justified to the 40 vou, went down αύτου, η γαρ εκεινος ότι πας ό ύψων έαυτον, of himself, or for that: for every one the exalting himself, ταπεινωθησεται· ό δε ταπεινων έαυτον, ύψωθηhe but humbling will be humbled. will be himself. σεται. exalted.

αυτα, ειπεν. Αφετε τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, he said; Allow the little children to come to me. και μη κωλυετε αυτα· των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν and not forbid them; for the hecause such like  $^{17}$  Αμην λεγω ύμιν, δs ή βασιλεια του θεου. the kingdom of the God. Indeed I say to you, who εαν μη δεξηται την βασιλειαν του θεου ώς ever not may receive the kingdom of the God 29 παιδιών, ου μη εισελθη εις αυτην. a little child, not not may enter into

9 And he spoke this PARABLE also to some, two trusted in themselves That they were righteous, and despised others.

10 "Two Men went up into the TEMPLE to pray; the ONE a Pharisee, and the OTHER a Tribute-taker.

11 The Pharisee standing by himself, prayed thus; †'O God, I thank thee, That I am not like other men,—Rapacious, Unjust, Dissolute, or even like This tribute-takee.

12 I fast twice in the WEEK, I tithe all that I

acquire.

13 \* But the TRIBUTE-TAKER, standing at a distance, would not even lift up his EYES to HEAVEN, but smote his BREAST, saying, 'O God, be propinous to me a SINNER.'

14 I tell you, this man went down to his house justified \*more than the other; ‡For every one who exalts himself will be humbled; and he who humbles himself will be exalted."

15 ‡ And they brought to him their INFANTS also, that he might touch them; but the DISCIPLES seeing it, rebuked them.

16 But Jesus ealling them to hun, said, "Permit the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to \$\(\frac{1}{2}\)such LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of God.

17 ‡Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive the KINGDOM of GOD like a Little child, he will by no means enter it."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. But,

<sup>13.</sup> on-omit.

<sup>14.</sup> more than the other.

<sup>† 11.</sup> The following from *Bereshith Rabba*, will illustrate this Pharisaic pride:—"Rabbi Simeon, the son of Jochai, said: The world is not worth thirty righteous persons such as our father Abraham. If there were only thirty righteous persons in the world, I and my son should make two of them; and if there were but twenty. I and my son would be of the number; and if there were but ten, I and my son would be of the number; and if there were but five, I and my son would be of the five; and if there were but two, I and my son would be those two; and if there were but one, myself should be that one."

<sup>† 9.</sup> Luke x. 29; zvi. 15. † 14. Job xxii. 29; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xiv. 11; James iv. 6; † Pet. v. 5, 3. † 15. Matt. xix. 13, Mark x. 13. † 10. † Cor. xiv. 20; † Pet. ii. 2, † 17. Mark x. 15.

18 Και επηρωτησε τις αυτον αρχων, λεγων· certain him And asked ruler. anying; Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησας ζωην αιωνιον O teacher good, what shall I do life age-lasting κληρονομησω; 19 Ειπε δε αυτώ δ Ιησους. Τι με Said and to him the Jesus; Why me λεγεις αγαθον; ουδεις αγαθος, ει μη είς, δ callest thou guod? no one good, if not one, the θεος.  $^{20}$  Τας εντολας οιδας. "Μη μοιχευ-God. The commandments thou knowest: "Not thou mayest φονευσης μη κλεψης μη ons. commit adultery, not thou mayest kill; not thou may est steal; not ψευδομαρτυρησης τιμα τον πατερα σου, και ψευσομαρτυρησης τιμα τον πατερα στος, και ελια mayest bear fake testimony, houor the father of thee, and  $\tau\eta\nu$  μετερα  $\pi$  [σου,"]  $^{21}$  Ο δε ειπε Ταυτα παντα the mother of thee."] He and said, These all εφυλαξαμηι εκ νεοτητος μου.  $^{22}$  Ακουσας δε l'observed from youth of me. Having heard and \*[ταυτα] ὁ Ιησους, ειπεν αυτώ. Ετι έν σοι λει-[these] the Jesus, said to him; Yet one to thee is πει· παντα δσα εχεις πωλησον, και διαδος πτωwanting; all whatthou hast sell, and give thou to poor χοις, και έξεις θησαυρον ενουρανώ και δευρο, once, and thou shalt have a treasure in heaven: and cume, ακολουθει μοι. 23 'Ο δε ακουσας ταυτα, περιλυακολουθει μοι. Ο Θε ακουσως ... greatly follow me. He and having heard these,  $^{24}$  Ιδων δε πος εγενετο: ην γαρ πλουσιος σφοδρα.  $^{24}$  Ιδων δε seeing and αυτον δ Ιησους \*[περιλυπον γενομενον,] ειπε· him the Jesus (greatly grieved becoming,) said: Πως δυσκολως οί τα χρηματα εχοντες εισελευ-How with difficulty those the riches having σονται εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. 25 Ευκοπωτεinto the kingdom of the God. Easter ρον γαρ εστι, καμηλον δια τρυμαλιας βαφιδος át m. a causel through hole of a needle εισελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την βασιλειαν του

γαρ εστι, καμηλον οια τρυμαλιας ραφιοος for it is, a caused through hole of a needle είσελθειν, η πλουσίον είς την βασιλείαν του to enter, than a rich man iuto the kingdom of the θεου είσελθειν.  $^{26}$  Είπον δε οί ακουσαντες. Και God to enter. Said and those having heard: And τις δυναται σωθηναι;  $^{27}$  Ο δε είπε. Τα αδυνατα who is able to be saved? He hut said: The things impossible

παρα ανθρωποις, δυνατα εστι παρα τ $\omega$  θε $\omega$ .
with men, possible is with the God.  $^{28}$ Ειπε δε δ Πετρος· Ιδου, ήμεις αφηκαμεν

all, and followed thee. He and said autois. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις εστιν ός to them: Indeed I say to you, that no one is who αφηκεν οικιαν, η γονεις, η αδελφους, η γυναικα, left house, or parents, or brethren, or wife,

η ΤΕΚΡΩ, ΕνΕΚΕΥ Της Βασιλείας του θεου, 30 ός Children, on account of the kingdom of the God, who Kingdom of God.

18 ‡ And a Certain Ruler asked him, saying, "Good Teacher, what shall I do to inherit aionian Life?"

19 And Jesus said to him, "Why dost theu call Me good? There is none good, except one,—God.

20 Thou knowest the commandments; 1Do not commit adultery, Do not kill, Do not steal, Do not testify falsely, Honor thy father and mother."

21 And HE said, "All these have I kept from My

Youth."

22 And Jesus having heard, said to him, "Yet in One thing thou art wanting; ‡ sell all that thou hast, and give to the Poor, and thou shalt have Treasure in \* HEAVEN; and come follow me."

23 And hearing this, ne became very sorrow-ful; for he was exceedingly

rich.

24 And \*Jesus seeing hm, said, "With what difficulty will THOSE HAV-ING RICHES enter the KINGDOM of God!

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of GOD."

26 And THOSE HEAR-ING him, said, "Who then

can be saved i''

27 And HE said, ‡"The THINGS IMPOSSIBLE with Men are possible with God."

ν ός "Indeed, I say to you, That no one has forsaken a House, or a "Wife, or Brothers, or Parents, or Children, on account of the Kingdom of God,

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. of thee—omit. 22. these—omit.

24. Jesus seeing him, said. 24. becoming greatly grieved—omit.

25. ur ows, and.

26. ur ows, and.

27. these—omit.

28. ur ows, and.

ου μη απολαβη πολλαπλασιονα εν τω καιοω in the not not may receive many times more season ζωην τω αιωνι τω ερχομενο τουτω, και ενlife the age the coming and in αιωνιον.

age-lasting.

 $^{31}$  Παραλαβων δε τους δωδεκα,  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon$ Troos twelve, he said to and the Having taken αυτους. Ιδου, αναβαινομέν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και wego · to Jerusalem, and τελεσθησεται παντα τα γεγραμμενα δια των the having been written through the will be finished all προφητων τω υιω του ανθρωπου. 32 Παραδοθηprophets in the son of the man. He will be delivσεται γαρ τοις εθνεσι, και εμπαιχθησεται, και ered up for to the Gentiles, and will be derided, and  $\delta \beta$ ρισθησεται, και εμπτυσθησεται $^{33}$  και μασwill be shamefully treated, and will be spit on: and having τινωσαντες αποκτενουσιν αυτον· και τη ήμερα and the they will kill him: day been scourged <sup>34</sup> Και αυτοι ουδεν τουτη τριτη αναστησεται. And they not one the third he will stand up. των συνηκαν και ην το βημα τουτο κεκρυμμε-these understood: and was the thing this having been hidνον απ' αυτων, και ουκ εγινωσκον τα λεγομενα. den from them, and not they knew the things being spoken. <sup>35</sup>Εγενετο δε εν τφ εγγιζειν αυτον εις Ίεριχω,

It happened and in the to draw nigh him

τυφλος τις εκαθητο παρα την όδον προσαιτων. the a blind man certain sat bу way 36 Ακουσας δε οχλου διαπορευομενου, επυνθανετο, he asked, passing along, Hearing and a crowd 37 Απηγγειλαν δε αυτώ, ότι τι ειη τουτο; what may be this? They told and him, that  $^{38}$  Και εβοησε, Ιησους δ Ναζαραιος παρερχεται**.** And he shouted Jesus the Nazarene passes by. 3) Kai λεγων. Ιησου, υίε Δαυιδ, ελεησον με. saying: Jesus, O son of David, And pity οί προαγοντες επετιμών αυτώ, ίνα σιωπηση. those going before rebuked him, that he might be silent. Αυτος δε πολλω μαλλον εκραζεν. Υίε Δαυιδ. more cried out: O son of David. He but tauch  $^{40} \Sigma \tau \alpha \theta \epsilon is \delta \epsilon \delta I \eta \sigma o u s \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \lambda \epsilon u \sigma \epsilon \nu$ ελεησον με. commanded Stopping and the Jesus me. pity αυτον αχθηναι προς αύτον. Εγγισαννος δε to himself. Ilaving come and to he led αυτου,  $\epsilon \pi$  τοωτησεν αυτον,  $^{41}$   $\times$  [λεγων·] Τι [saying:] Whatforthee him, ποιησω; 'Ο δε ειπε' Κυριε, ίνα αναthou desirest I should do? He and said: Olord, that I may 42 Και δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ. Αναβλεβλεψω. said to him: See thou Ardthe Jesus see again. ψον ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. 43 Και παραχρημα

30 who will not receive manifold, in this TIME, and in the COMING AGE aionian Life."

31 ‡ And taking the TWELVE aside, he said to them, "Behold, we go up to Jerusalem, and All the THINGS WRITTEN through the PROPHETS, will be accomplished in the SON Of MAN.

32 For the will be delivered to the Gentiles, and will be mocked, and insulted, and spit upon;

33 and having sconrged him, they will kill him; and the THIED DAY he

will rise agam."

34‡But then understood none of these things; and this matter was concealed from them, and they did not recognize what was spoken.

35 ‡ And it occurred, as he Approached Jericho, a certain blind man sat begging by the ROAD.

36 And hearing a Crowd passing along, he inquired

what it meant.

37 And they told him, "Jesus the NAZARITE is passing by."

38 And he shouted, saying, "Jesus, Son of David, have pity on me!"

39 And Those Going Before, charged him to be silent; but he cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

40 And Jesus stopping, commanded him to be led to him. And having come near, he asked him,

41 "What dost thow wish that I should do to thee?" And HE said, "Master, to restore my sight."

42 And Jesus said to him, "Receive thy sight; thy faith has cored thee."

43 And instantly he saw

again: the faith of thee has saved thee.

instantly

to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 41. saying-omit.

<sup>1 31.</sup> Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 22; xx. 17; Mark x. 32. 1 32. Matt. xxvii. 2; Luke xxiii 1; John xvii. 23; Acts iii. 13. 1 34. Mark x. 32; Luke ii. 50; 1x. 45; John x. 6; xii. 16. 1 35. Matt. xx. 20; Mark x. 46. 1 42. Luke xvii. 19

ανεβλεψε, και ηκολουθει αυτώ, δοξαζών τον again, and followed him and him, followed glorifying the θεον· και πας δ λαος ιδων, εδωκεν αινον τω θεω. God; and all the people seeing, gare praise to the God

KE $\Phi_{e}$   $\iota\theta'$ , 19.

Και εισελθων διηρχετο την 1εριχω. 2 Και And having entered he passed through the Jericho. ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι καλουμένος Ζακχαιος και a man for a name heing called Zacchena; and αυτος ην αρχιτελωνης, και ούτος ην πλουσιος. he was a chieftax-gatherer, and this was rich.

<sup>3</sup> Και εζητει ιδειν τον Ιησουν, τις εστι· και ουκ taker,) And be sought to see the Jesus, who he is; and not ηδυναιο απο του οχλου, ότι τη ήλικια μικρος was able on account of the crowd, for the stature <sup>4</sup> Και προδραμων εμπροσθεν, ανεβη επι And running before, he went up on συκομορεαν, ίνα ιδη αυτον• δτι εκεινης

that he might see him; for that a sycamore, ημελλε διερχεσθαι. 5 Και ώς ηλθεν επι τον he was about to pass by. And as became to the τοπου, αναβλεψας δ Ιησους και]
place, having looked the Jesna [sar him, and] ∎udi ειπε προς αυτον. Ζακχαιε, σπευσας καταβηθι. said to him; O Zaccheus, having hastened descend thou; σημερον γαρ εν τω οικω σου δει με μειναι. to-day for in the house of thee must me to abide. 6 Και σπευσας κατεβη, και ύπεδεξατο αυτον!

And having hastened he came down, and he received him 7 Και ιδοντες άπαντες διεγογγυζον, χαιρων. And seeing rejucing. all murmured, λεγοντες. Ότι παρα άμαρτωλώ ανδρι εισηλθε

That with asinner a man he went in καταλυσαι. <sup>8</sup> Σταθεις δε Ζακχαιος ειπε προς

Standing up but Zaccheus said to τον κυριον Ιδου, τα ημιση των ύπαρχοντων the lord; Lo, the half of the possessions μου, κυριε, διδωμ: τοις πτωχοις και ει τινος ofme, Olord, I give to the poors and if of any one αποδιδ**ω**υι τετραπλουν. **ε**συκοφαντησα any thing Lextorted I give back fourfold. 9 Ειπε δε προς αυτον ό Ιησους. Ότι σημερον

Said and to him the Jesus; That to-day σωτηρια τω οικω τουτω εγενετο καθοτι και salvation to the house this has come: since alsoμυτος νίος Αβρταμ εστιν. 10 ηλθε γαρ δ υιυς came for the son a son of Abraham is:

του ανθρωπου ζητησαι και σωσαι το απολωλος. to seek and to save that having been lost. mao  $^{11}$  Ακουοντων δε αυτών ταυτά, προσθείς

and of them these things, proceeding  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \beta \delta \lambda \eta \nu$ ,  $\delta i\alpha \tau \sigma$ δια το εγγυς αυτον ειναι near him to be Ίερουσαλημ, και δοκειν αυτους, ότ**ι π**αραχρημα and to think them, that immediately

# glorifying GoD; and al, the PEOPLE seeing it, gave Praise to Gop.

### CHAPTER XIX.

1 And having entered. he was passing through JERICHO;

2 and beheld, a Mar. named Zaccheus, the was rich, and a Chief Tribute.

3 sought to see who JE. sus was, and could not on account of the CROWD, for he was of low STATURE.

4 And running \*BEFORE, he climbed a Sycamore to see him; For he was about

to pass by it.

5 And when \*Jesus came to the PLACE, looking up he said to him, "Zaccheus, hasten down, for To-day I must abide at thy HOUSE."

6 And he hastened down. and received him rejoicing

7 And seeing it, they all murniured, saying, ‡" He has gone in to lodge with a Sinful man."

8 But Zaccheus standing up, said to the LORD, "Behold, Master, the HALF of \* My Possessions I give to the Poor; and if I have extorted any thing from any one, ‡ I restore fourfold."

9 And \* Jesus said to him, "To-day has Salvation come to this HOUSE, since he also is ta Son of Abra-

10 I For the son of MAR has come to seek and to save THAT which was LOST."

11 And as they were hearing these things, proceeding he spoke a Parable, because he was near Jeiusalem, and they thought that the KIN JDOM of GOD

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. BEFORE. 8. My rossessions I give to the Poor.

<sup>5.</sup> Jesus. 9. Jesus.

<sup>5.</sup> saw him, and-omit.

<sup>1 43.</sup> Luke v on; Acts iv. 21; xi. 18. xx:1.1; 1 Sam. x11 3; 2 Sam. x11.6. zviii. 11.

<sup>17.</sup> Matt. ix. 11; Luke v. 30. t 9. Rom. iv. 11, 12, 16; Gal.iii. 7.

μελλει βασιλεια του θεου αναφαινεσθαι. is about the kingdom of the God to appear. 🖺 Ειπεν ουν\* Ανθρωπος τις ευγενης επορυθη He said therefore: A man certain well-born went εις χωραν μακραν, λαβειν έαυτφβασιλειαν, και into a country distant, to receive for himself royal dignity, 13 Καλεσας δε δεκα δουλους έαυύποστρεψαι. Having called and ten slaves of himto return. του, εδωκεν αυτοις δεκα μνας, και ειπε TOOS minas, and he said to he gave to them ten 14 Oi αυτους. Πραγματευσασθε έως ερχομαι. I come. The them: Do you business till δε πολιται αυτου εμισουν αυτον, και απεστειλαν but citizens of him hated him, and πρεσβειαν οπισω αυτου, λεγοντες. Ου θελομεν after him, saying: Not we are willing an embassy <sup>15</sup> Και εγενετο τουτον βασιλευσαι εφ' ημας. And it happened toreign over no. εν τω επανελθειν αυτον λαβοντα την βασιλειαν, him having received the royal dignity, to return και ειπε φωνηθην ει αύτω τους δουλους τουτους, and he ordered to be called to himself the slaves αργυριον ίνα  $\epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \tau$  $\gamma \nu \omega$ , TIS TI ailver: that he might know, what each to whom he gave 'he 16 Παρεγενετο δε ό πρωδιεπραγματευσατο. had gained by trading. Came and the first. τος, λεγων: Κυριε, ή μνα σου προσειργασατο Olord, the mina of thee has gained eaying: 17 Και ειπεν αυτώ. Ευ, αγαθε δουλε. δεκα μνας, And he said to him: Well, O good plave: minas. ισθι εξουεν ελαχιστώ πιστος εγενου, faithful tuon hast been, be thou autholeast 18 Και ηλθεν σιαν εχων επανω δεκα πολεων. cities. And came baving ten δ δευτερος, λεγων Κυριε, ή μνα σου εποιησε the second, saying; Olord, the mina of thee has made <sup>19</sup> Ειπε δε και τουτώ· Και συ **TEVTE** uvas. He said and also to this; Also thou minas. 2 Kat πολεων. €T€DOS γινου επανω  $\pi e y \tau \epsilon$ cities. he Over  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ ,  $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega\nu$ . Κυριε, ιδου ή μνα σου, ήν ειχον le the mina of thee, which I had Olord, 21 Εφοβουμην αποκειμενην εν σουδαριφ. γαρ in a napkin. I feared for being laid np ότι ανθρωπος αυστηρος aipeis, ne. €4

barsh

22 Λενει δε αυτώ. Εκ του στοματος σου

was about immediately te appear.

12 Therefore he said, t"A certain Man of noble firth went into a distant Country to procure for himself Royalty, and to return

13 And he called Ten of his Servants, and gav? them Ten † Minas, and said to them, Trade till I

come. 14 But his citizens hated him, and sent an Embassy after him, saying, 'We are not willing for this man to reigr over us."

15 And it occurred, that at his RETURN, having received the ROYALTY, he ordered those SERVANTS to be called to him, to whom he gave the SILVER, that he might know what \* they had gained by traffic.

16 Then the first came, saying, 'Sir, thy mina has gained Ten Minas.'

17 And he said to him, "'Well done, good Servant! because thou hast been t faithful in a very small matter, possess authority over Ten Cities.'

18 And the SECOND, came, saying, 'Sir, the MINA has made Five Mi-

nas.

19 And he said also to this, 'Be theu also over Five Cities.

20 And \*the OTHER came, saying, 'Sir, behold thy MINA, which I had laid up in a Napkin;

21 for I feared thee, because thou art a harsh Man; thou takest up what thou didst not lay down, και θεριζεις, δ ουκ εσπειρας. and reapest what thou

not thou didst lay down, and thou reapest, what not thou didst now. , didst not sow.

22 And he said to him, mouth of thee I will judge t Out of thine own MOUTH

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. they had gained. 17. Well done. 20. the other.

thou art; thou takest up, what

hee, because a man

 $\epsilon\theta\eta\kappa\alpha s$ ,

Hesays and to him; Out of the

κρινω

<sup>† 12.</sup> Our Lord manifestly alludes to the case of Archelaus, who went to Rome to solicit the Emperor that he might be reinstated in his father's kingdom; and the Jews sent an ambassage after him. to petition and plead against him. But however he was confirmed in the kingdom of Judea; and when he returned, took ample vengeance of his enemies and opposers.—Newcome. † 13. The LXX use the original word mnas for the Hebrew manch from which it is evidently derived, and it appears from Ezek. xiv. 12, to have been equal to sixty snekels. Now allowing the shekel with Dr. Prideaux, to be three shillings, then the mina was equal to nine pounds English .- A. Clarke. Horne makes the mina equal £3. 2s. 6d., or fifteen dollars.

σε, πονηρε δουλε ηδεις, ότι εγω ανθρωπος O evil slave; thou knewest, that, a man αυστηρος ειμι, αιρων δ ουκ εθηκα, και θεριam, taking up what not I laid down, and reapζων δ ουκ εσπειρα<sup>. 23</sup> και διατι ουκ εδωκα**ς τ**ο why not thou gaveat the lng what not I sowed: and αργυριού μου επι την τραπε (αν, και εγω ελθων not place my money is of me on the table, t ad coming συν τοκώ αν επραξα αυτο; 24 Και τοις παρεσ-And to those having with interest might have exacted it? σωσιν ειπεν. Αρατε απ' αυτου την μναν, και stood by he said; Take you from him the mina, and <sup>25</sup> (Και ειπον δοτε τω τας δεκα μνας εχοντι. having. (And they said give you to the the ten minas  $^{26}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$  \*[ $\gamma\alpha\rho$ ] αυτφ• Κυριε, εχει δεκα μνας.) Olord, he has ten minas.) Isav [for] ύμιν ότι παντι τω εχοντι δοθησεται**· απο δ**ε from but to you that to every one the having will be given: του μη εχοντος, και ὁ εχει, αρθησεται \*[απ' of the not having, even what he has, will be taken [from  $^{27}\Pi\lambda\eta\nu$  τους  $\epsilon\chi\theta\rho$ ους μου  $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon$ ινους, αυτου. him.) e: emies of me thoses τους μη θελησαντας με βασιλευσαι επ' αυτους. willing not me to reign O/CF them, αγαγετε ώδε, και κατασφαξατε εμπρουθεν μου. bring you hither and slay in presence of me. <sup>28</sup> Και ειπων ταυτα, επορευετο εμπροσθεν, And havin said these, be went before, 29 Και εγενετο ώς αναβαινων εις Ίεροσολυμα. Jerusalem. And it happened as ηγγισεν εις Βηθφαγη και Βηθονιαν, προς το he drew near to Bethphage and Bethany, +0 the

το καλουμένον ελαιών, απέστειλε δυο 2000 mountain that being called of olive-trees. he sent two. <sup>30</sup> ειπων• 'Υπαγετε εις των μαθητων αύτου, of the disciples of himself, saying; Go you into °n την κατεναντι κωμην.  $\epsilon \nu$ εισπορενομενοι over-against village. in which entering €Φ' €ύρησετε πωλοι δεδεμενον. δν ουδεις you will find acolt having been tied, on. which no one νωποτε ανθρωπων εκαθισε• λυσαντες αυτον of men sat, having loosed him 31 Και εαν τις ύμας ερωτα· γγαγετε.  $\Delta \iota \alpha \tau \iota$ bring you. And if any one you may ask t Why λευετε; ούτως ερειτε \* [αυτω:] 'Ότι δ κυριος [to him:] That the do you loose? thus say you lord

 $^{32}$   $A\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta$ οντες δε οἱ  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\sigma$ αυτου χρειαν εχει. necd bas. Having gone and those having 33 Λυονταλμενοι εύρον, καθως ειπεν αυτοις.

he said to them. been sent found. 88 Loos-

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—26. Fot—omit. the DISCIPLES. 31. to him—omit. 29. the DISCIPLES.

26. from him-omit.

fold them.

27. THESE.

I will judge thee, Wicked Servant. ‡ Didst thou know that E am a harsh Man taking up what I laid not down, and reaping what I did not sow?

23 Why, then, didst thon the BANK, that coming I might have exacted the Same with Interest?'

24 And he said to THOSE STANDING BY, 'Take from him the MINA, an I give is to HIM who has t the TEN Minas.

25 (And they said to Sir, he has Ten him. Minas."

26 'I say to you, ! That to EVERY ONE who HAS. more shall be given; and from HIM who HAS not, even what he has shall be taken away. 27 But \*THOSE ENE-

MIES of mine, who were nct WILLING that I should reign ever them, bring hither, and slaughter thei in my presence."

28 And having said these things, the went on before, going up to Jerusalem.

29 \$ And it occurred, as he drew near to Bethphage and Bethany, at THAT MOUNTAIN which is CAL-LED the Mount of Olives. he sent two of \*the Dis-CIPLES,

30 saying, "Go to the VILLAGE OVER AGAINST you, in which, having en. tered, you will find a Colt tied, on which no Man ever sat; loose, and bring him.

31 And if any one asks you, 'Why do you loose him?' you shall thus say, Because the MASTER wants him.""

32 And those who were

SENT, went away, and

found it even as he had

<sup>† 24.</sup> Perhaps it would be well to supply the word gained here-"Give it to him who has gained ten Minas, for I say to you, That to every one who has gainea, shall be given, and from him who has not gained, even what he has received shall be taken away."- Clarke

<sup>22.</sup> Matt. xxv. 26. t 26. Mart xiii. 12; xxv. 29; Mark iv. 25; Luke viii. 18 1 28. Mark x. 32. 1 20. Matt &x .. i , Marg 11. 1

τω» δε αυτων τον πωλον, ειπο οί κυριοι αυτου the and of them the lords of him colt, said the προς αυτους. Τι λυετε τον πωλον. 34 Οί δε ειπον. to them; Why loose you the colt: They and said: 35 Και ηγαγον Ο κυριος αυτου χρειαν εχει. of him aeed has. And they led αυτον προς τον Ιησουν και επιρβιψαντες έαυ-\$G the Jesus: and having thrown of themτων τα ίματια επι τον πωλον, επεβιβασαν τον selves the mantles on the they set on colt, Ιησουν. 36 Πορευομενου δε αυτου, ὑπεστρωννυον and of him, Jeaus. Going they spread under ra imaria autwo  $\epsilon \nu$   $\tau \eta$   $\delta \delta \phi$ . the mantles of them in the way. <sup>37</sup> Εγγιζοντες δε Drawing near and αυτου ηδη προς τη καταβασει του ορους των of him now to the of the mountain of the descent ελαιων, ηρξαντο άπαν το πληθος των μαθητων hegan all the multitude of the disciples olive-trees, χαιροντες αινειν τον θεον φωνη μεγαλη περι rejoicing to praise the God with a voice loud πασων ών ειδον δυναμεων, 38 λεγοντες Ευλογall which they saw mighty works, saying: Worthy ημενος δ ερχομενος βασιλευς εν ονοματι κυριου. of blessing the coming king to name of Lord: ειρηνη εν ουρανω, και δοξα εν ύψιστοις. 39 Kai! heaven, and glory to highest. And peace in τινες των Φαρισαιών απο του οχλου ειπον προς some of the Pharisees from the crowd said to αυτον Διδασκαλε, επιτιμησον τοις μαθηταις O teacher. czouke the disciples him: 40 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν \*[αυτοις·] Λεγω
And answering hesaid [to them:] I say σου. ύμιν, ότι εαν ούτοι σιωπησωσιν, οί λιθοι κεκto you, that if these should be silent, the stones ραξυνται.

<sup>41</sup> Και **ώς ηγγισεν, ιδων την πολιν, εκ**λαυσεν And as he drew near, seeing the city, 42 Ότι ει εγνως επ' αυτη, λεγων' και συ, if theu hadst known even thou, That over her, saying; \*[καιγε] εν τη ήμερα \*[σου] ταυτη, τα προς to day [of thee] this, the things to ειρηνην σου νυν δε εκρυβη απο εφθαλμων peace of thee; now but it is hidden from 43 Ότι ήξουσιν ήμεραι επι σε, και περιnov. For will come days on this, and of thee. βαλουσιν οἱ εχθροι σου χαρακα σοι, και περικυκthrow around the enemies of thee a rampart to thee, and will surλωσουσι σε, και συνεξουσ: σε παντοθεν· 41 και thee, and will press thee on every side; and pound σε, και τα τεκνα σου εν σοι €δαφιουσι will level with the ground thea and the children of thee in thee. και ουκ αφησουσιν εν σοι λιθον επι λιθώ ανθ' and not they will leave in thee a stone on a stone; because

ery out.

33 And as they were loosing the COLT, the OWN. ERS of it said to them, "Why do you untie the COLT f"

34 And THEY said, \*"Because the MASTER wants him,"

35 And they led it to Jesus; ‡ and having cast Their own MANTLES on the COLT, they set JESUS on it.

36 I And as he was going, they spread their GAR. MENTS on the ROAD.

37 And when he was now approaching, at the DESCENT of the MOUNT of OLIVES, all the MULTI-TUDE of the DISCIPLES began to rejoice, and praise God with a loud Voice, for all the Miracles which they had seen,

38 saying, t"Blessed be the COMING KING in the Name of Jehovah! Peace in Heaven, and Glory in the highest heaven."

39 And some of the PHARISEES, among the CROWD, said to "Teacher, rebuke thy DIS. CIPLES."

40 But answering he said; "I tell you, That if these should be silent, the stones would immediately cry out."

41 And as he drew near, beholding the CITY, I he

wept over it, 42 saying, "O, that thou hadst known, even thou, at this DAY, the THINGS which are for thy Peace! But now they are hidden from thine Eyes.

43 For the Days will come on thee, when thine ENEMIES shall throw a Rampart around thee, and enclose thee and press thee in on every side,

44 and will lay thee level with the ground, and thy CHILDREN in thee and they will not leave s Stone upon a Stone in thee

<sup>\*</sup> V JICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Because the MASTER. 42. of thee-omit. reast-out.

<sup>40.</sup> to them-omit. 42. av

<sup>1 36.</sup> Matt. xxi. \* † 41 John xl. 35.

ών ουκ εγνως τον καιρον της επισκυπης σου.
ef which not thou knowes the enson of the visitation ef thee.

45 Και εισελθων εις το ίερον, ηρξατο εκβαλλειν

saying to them; It is written, "The house of me of the office of the other street, "The house of the other shouse of prayer is, you but it made σατε σπηλαίον ληστων." <sup>47</sup> Και ήν διδασκων aden of robbers." And he was teaching το καθ' ήμεραν εν τω ίερω οί δε αρχιερείς και

the every day to the temple: the and high-priests and of γραμματεις εξητουν αυτον απολεσαι, και of the scribes sought him to destroy, and the πρωτοι του λαου. And not finding that what ποιπο ωσιν' δ λαος γαρ άπας εξεκρεματο αυτου they night do: the people for all were very attentive him

GROUWV.

# КЕФ. к'. 20.

1 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων εκεινων And it happened in one of the days those διδασκοντος αυτου τον λαον εν τω ίερω, και was teaching of him the people in the temple, and ευαγγελιζομενου, απεστησανοί αρχιερεις και etuod by the high-priests and -- Ωυπερρίς, 2 και preaching grad tidiogs, οί γραμματεις συν τοις πρεσβυτεροις, acribes with the elders. and ε:πον προς αυτον, λεγοντες. Ειπε ήμιν,  $\epsilon \nu$ Sag ta him, saying: to us, by ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις, η τις εστιν δ authority these things doest shou? or who 14 he σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην ; 3 Αποκριθεις sampgivento thee the authority this? δε είπε προς αυτους. Ερωτησω ύμας καγω ένα Williams you also I and becaute to thew Λογον, και ειπατε μοι· 4 Το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου word, and earlou to me. The dipping of John εξ ουρανου ην, η εξ ανθρωπων; 5 Οί δε συνεfrom heaven was, or from men? They and λογισαντο προς έαυτους, λεγοντες 'Οτι εαν among themselves. banca taying That if ειπωμεν. Εξ ουρανου ερει. Διατι \*[ουν] ουκ we should vay. From heaven he will say; Why [then] not 6 Εαν δε ειπωμεν Εξ επ:οτευσατ€ αυτω: 11 and we should say; From d.d Teu believe him? καταλιθασει ήμας. ανθρωκων· πας δ λαος ail the people will stone us. πεπεισμενος γαρ εστιν, Ιωανυμυ προφητην having usen recovaded for it ta, John a prophet ειναι. 7 Και απεκριθησαν μη ειδεναι ποθεν. they answered not to have known whence.

because thou didst now know the SEASON of thy VISITATION.

45 ‡ And going into the TEMPLE, he began to expel THOSE who SOLD,

46 saying to them, "It is written, ; My House '\*shall be a llouse of 'Prayer;' but you have made it a Den of Robbers."

47 And he was teaching inthetemple every day; and the high-priests and the criters of the People, were seeking to destroy

48 And they could not find How to do it, for all the PEOPLE were very attentive to hear him.

#### CHAPTER XX.

1 ‡And it occurred on one of \*those days, as he was teaching the People in the Temple, and proclaiming glad tidings, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the Scribes, with the ELDERS came upon him,

2 and said to him, saying, "Tell us, 1 by What Authority thou doest These things? or who is HB that EMPOWERED thee?"

3 And answering he said to them, "E also will ask you \*a Question; and answer me;

4 Was the IMMERSION of John from Heaven, or from Men?"

5 And THEY reasoned among themselves, saying, "If we say, 'From Heaven,' he will retort, 'Why did you not believe bim?'

6 But if we say, 'From Men,' ali the reort E will STONE us, I for they are persuaded that John was a Prophet."

7 And they answered, that they did not know whence it was.

46. shall be a nouse.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—45. in it and buving-omit.

1. the pars.
3. a Question.
5. then—omit.

<sup>1 6.</sup> Motta, xxi. 12: Mark xi. 11. 15 16. Isa. lvi. 7. viii. 19: Viii. 87. lt. Mstt. xxi. 23 1 2. Acta iv. 1 21. Acta iv. 1 22. Acta iv. 1 23. Acta iv. 1 24. Acta iv. 1 25. Acta iv. 1 25. Acta iv. 1 26. Acta iv. 1 27. Acta iv. 1 28. 
<sup>40.</sup> Isa. lvi. 7. 247. Mark xi. 18 John 12. Actaiv. 7 vii. 27. 16. Matt. xvi

8 Και δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουδε εγω λεγω λαι the Jesus said to them: Neither I tell υμιν, εν ποια εξουσία ταυτα ποια. to you, by what authority these I do.

<sup>9</sup> Ηρξατο δε προς τον λαον λεγειν την παρα-. He began and to the people to say the paraβολην ταυτήν Ανθρωπος εφυτευσεν αμπελώνα, A man this: planted a vineyard, και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδημησε to husbandmen: and let out it west abroad 10 Καί εν καιρφ απεστειλέ χρονους ίκανους. many. haA in accon προς τους γεωργους δουλον, ίνα απο του καρπου the husbandmen a slave, that from of the 700  $\alpha\mu\pi\epsilon\lambda\omega\nu$ 05  $\delta\omega\sigma$ 10  $\alpha$ 07 $\omega$ ° ci  $\delta\epsilon$   $\gamma\epsilon\omega\rho\gamma$ 01, of the viveyard they might give to him: the but hushandmen, δειραντες αυτον, εξαπεστειλαν κευον. having beaten him, sent away empty. προσεθετο πεμψαι έτερον δουλον οί δε κακεινον he proceeded to send another slave: they but also this δειραντες και ατιμασαντες, εξαπεστειλαν κενον. having beaten and having dishoncred, sent away empty. λαι προσεθετο πεμψαι τριτον οί δε και του-And he proceeded to send a third: they but also this

And he proceeded to each a third: they but also this τον τραυματισαντες εξεβαλον. 13 Ειπε δε δ having wounded cantout. Said and the kuplos τον αμπελωνος: Τι ποιησω; πεμψω τον lord of the vineyard; What shall do? I will tend the vineyard μου τον αγαπητον ίσως τουτον έδοντες

son of the the beloved; perhaps this seeing εντραπησονται. 14 Ιδοντες δε αυτον οί γεωργοι, they will regard. Seeing but him, the husbandmen, δελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, λεγοντες. Ούτος they reasoned with themselves, asying; This

εστιν δ κληρονομος· \*[δευτε,] αποκτεινωμεν is the beir; [come,] we may kill αυτον, ίνα ήμων γενηται ή κληρονομια. <sup>15</sup> Και him, that to us may be the inheritance. And

εκβαλοντες αυτον εξω του αμπελωνος, απεκτειcating him out of the vineyard, they var. Τι ουν ποιησει αυταις δ κυριος του αμπελώτες What then will do to them the lord of the vine λωνος; 16 Ελευσεται και απολεσει τους γεωογανί? Η e will come and will deauoy those busdand γους τουτους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα αλλοις.

your toutous, kal dwoel top aumendura annous. When those, and give the vineyard to others. Akoupapies  $\delta \epsilon$  eimor My genoito. 17  $\delta \epsilon$ ,

Having heard and they said; Not letithe. He but, εμβλεψας αυτοις, είπε Τι ουν εστι το γεγραμ-having looked to them, heald; Whatthen is that having been μεγον τουτο: "Αιθον δυ απεδονιμοσον, οι οικον

15 Πας δ πεσων επ' εκεινον τον λιθον, συνθλασ-All the falling upon that the store, will be Οησεται εφ' δν δ' αν πεση, λικιησει αυτον.

ised; on whom but it may fall, will grind to powder him.

8 And JESUS said to them, "Neither do # tell you by What Authority I perform these things."

9 And he began to speak this PARABLE to the PEO-FLE. ‡" A Man planted a Vineyard, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country for a long time.

10 And at the Season he sent a Servant to the CUL-TIVATORS, that they should give bim of the TRUIT of the VINEYARD. But the CULTIVATORS beat him, and sent him away empty.

11 And again he sent Another Servant; and THEY beat him also, and having shamefully treated him sent him are yearsty

him, sent him away empty.

12 And again he sent a third; and THEY wounded him also, and drove him out

13 Then the OWNER of the VINEYARD said, 'What' shall I do? I will send my BELOVED SON; perhaps they will respect him.'

14 But when the CUI-TIVATORS SAW him, they reasoned among themselves, saying, 'This is the nein; let us kill him, that the inheritance may become ours.'

15 And having thrust him out of the VINEYARD, they killed him. What, therefore, will the OWNER of the VINEYARD do to them?

16 He will come and destroy those CULTIVATORS, and give the VINEYARD to others." And having heard it, they said, "Let it not be."

17 And looking on them.
HE said, "What is THIS
then that is WRITTEN, † A
'Stone which the BUILD'ERS rejected, has become
'the Head of the Corner.

18 Whoever falls on that stone will be bruised; but on whom it may fall, it will crush him to pieces."

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. come-omit.

<sup>1 0,</sup> Matt. xxi. 33; Mark xil. 1. 17. Ps 1. exvili. 27; Watt. xxi. 42.

🦥 Και εζητησαν οἱ αρχιερεις και οἱ γραμματεις 🕨 sought the high-priests and the scribes επιβαλειν επ' αυτον τας χειρας εν αυτη τη scribes sought to lay on him the handa this to put ώρα και εφοβηθησαν τον λαον εγνωσαν γαρ, hour; but they feared the people; they knew for, ότι προς αυτους την παραβολην ταυτην ειπε. to them the parable this

20 Και παρατηρησαντες απεστειλαν εγκαθε-And they sent naving watched τους, ύποκρινομενους έαυτους δικαιους ειναι· themselves righteous to be; feigning ίνα επιλαβωνται αυτου λογου, εις το παρα-that they might lay hold of him of a word, in order to the to deδουναι αυτον τη αρχη και τη εξουσια του ήγεhim to the rule govand to the authority of the <sup>21</sup> Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες· HOVOS. they asked him, ernor. ορθως  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon is$   $\kappa \alpha i$ 

Διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν, ότι that rightly thou speakest and O teacher, we know, διδασκεις, και ου λαμβανεις προσωπον, αλλ' επ' thou teachest, and not thou dost accept a countenance, but in <sup>22</sup> Εξεσαληθειας την όδον του θεου διδασκεις.

Isit the way of the God thou teachest. τιν ήμιν Καισαρ. φορον δουναι, η ου; 23 Καταawful for us to Cesar tax to give, or not? νοησας δε αυτων την πανουργιαν, ειπε προς eciving but of them the craftiness, he said to αυτους· \*[Τι με πειραζετε;] 24 Δειξατε μοι sar?" tempt you?] Showyon to me may me δηναριον· τινος εχει εικονα και επιγραφην; a denarius; of whom basit nlikeness and inscription? <sup>25</sup> Ο δε ειπεν Απυκριθεντες δε ειπον· Καισαρος. Of Cesar. He and said Answering and they said; αυτοις. Αποδοτε τοινυν τα Καισαρος, Καισαρι. to them: Give you back then the things of Cesar, to Cesar: του θεου, τω θεω. 26 Και ουκ ισχυσαν

and the things of the God, to the God. And not they were able επιλαβεσθαι αυτου δηματος εναντιον του λαου. of him of a word in presence of the people; to take hold και θαυμασαντές επι τη αποκρισει αυτου. r nd wondering at the answer of bim, εσιγησαν.

they were silent.

27 Προσελθοντες δε τινές των Σαδδουκαιών, Approaching and some of the οί αντιλέγοντες αναστασιν μη ειναι, επερωτη-

denying a resurrection που τους, του, 28 λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, Μωσης Μοσε \$1.0se σαν αυτον, saying;

" εαν τινος αδελφος αποθανη εγραψεν ήμιν, "if any one a brother should die for us, εχων γυναικα, και σύτος ατεκνος αποθανη, ίνα s wife. and this chudless should die, that harrog λαβη ό αδελφος αυτου την γυναικα, και εξανshould whethe brother of him the wife, blucas bas αστηση σπερμα τφ αδελφφ αυτου." 29 E #TZ seed tothe brother of himself." deren

19 In that very-noun; the HIGH-PRIESTS and the HANDS on him, but they feared the PEOPLE; for they knew That he had snoken this PARABLE concerning them.

20 1 And watching him, they sent forth Spies, feigning themselves to be rightcous men, that they might take hold of His Speech, in order to DELIVER him up to the COMMAND and AUTHORITY of the GOV-ERNOR.

21 And they asked him, saying, ‡"Teacher, we know That thou speakest and teachest correctly, and and dost not partially respect personal Appearance, but teachest the WAY of Gop in Truth:

22 Is it lawful for us, or not, to pay Tribute to Ce-

23 But perceiving Their CUNNING, he said to them,

24 "Show me a Denarius. Whose Likeness and Inscription has it?" And \* Timey said. "Cesar's."

25 And HE said to them. "Render, then, the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of GOD. to GOD."

26 And they were not able to take held of \*a WORD before the PEOPLE: and they wondered at his ANSWER, and were silent.

27 Then some of the SADDUCEES, \*who SAY there is no Resurrection, approaching, asked him,

28 saying, "Teacher. I Moses wrote for us, 'If a man's brother should die, having a Wife, and \* he be without children, that his BROTHER should take his WIFE, and raise up Offspring to his BROTHER.'

VATICAN MANUTUBIPT .- 23. Why tempt you me-omi'. 27. who say that there is no Resurrection. 26 a wosp telore.

<sup>26.</sup> reey said, Cesar's 25. he be without

<sup>1 19.</sup> Matt axii. 16; Mark att. 14. 1 97 Matt. Exil 23: t 20. Matt xx:1, 15. 1 28. Derah. AAV. .

ουν αδελφοι ησαν· και ό πρωτος λαβων γυναικα, now brothers were; and the first having taken a wife, απεθανεν ατεκνος.  $^{30}$  Και  $^*$  [ελαβεν] ό δευτερος died childless. And [took] the second  $^*$  [την γυναικα και ούτος απεθαναν ατεκνος.]

\*[την **γ**υναικα wife, died the and this childless.] <sup>31</sup> Και δ τριτος ελαβεν αυτην· ώσαυτως δε και her: in like manner and also And the third took οί έπτα. ου κατελιπον τεκνα, και απεθανον. they left the seven: not children, and dieu: 32 Υστερου \*[δε παντων] απεθανε και ή γυνη.

[answering] he said to them the Jesus: The sons του αιωνος τουτου γαμουσι και εκγαμισκονται. and of the age this marry are given in marriage 35 of καταξιωθεντες του αιωνος εκεινου those but having been accounted worthy of the age τυχειν, και της αναστασεως της εκ νεκρων, to obtain, and of the that out of dead ones, resurrection ουτε γαμουσιν, ουτε εκγαμισκονται 36 ουτε γαρ marry, nor are given in marriage: nor for

και νίοι εισι του θεου, της αναστασεως νίοι and sons they are of the God, of the resurrection sons οντες. 37 Οτι δε εγειρονται οἱ νεκροι, και Μωbeing. That but rise the dead ones even <math>νεκροι ενεροι ε

are able :

 $a\pi o \theta a \nu \epsilon i \nu \epsilon \tau i \delta v \nu a \nu \tau a i$ 

more

to die

τον θεον Αβρααμ, και τον θεον Ισαακ, και τον the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the  $\mathcal{E}_{\text{EOV}}$  Ιακωβ. 38 Θεος δε ουκ εστι νεκρων, αλλα God of Jacob. A God now not he is of dead ones, but

God of Jacob. A God now not he is of dead ones, but ζωντων παντες γαρ αυτω ζωσιν. <sup>39</sup> Αποκριθεντες of bying ones; all for to him live. Answering

δ. τινες των γραμματεων ειπον\* Διδασκαλε, and some of the scribes said; O tensuer,

καλως ειπας. 40 Ουκετιδε ετολμων επερωταν well thou hast spoken. No longer and they presumed to ack

cutov ou $\delta \in \nu$ .

41 Ειπε δε προς αυτους· Πως λεγουσι τον He said and to them: How say they the

29 Now there were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST, having taken a Wife, died childless.

30 And the SECOND

31 and the THIRD took her; and in like manner also the seven; they died, and left no Children.

32 And last, the waran

died also.

33 At the RESURGECTION, therefore, To which of them does she become a Wife; for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

34 And JESUS said to them, "The CHILDREN of this AGE marry, and are

given in marriage,

35 but those deemed worthy to obtain that age, and that resurrection from the Dead, neither marry, nor are given in marriage,

36 for they can die no more, ‡ because they are like angels; and are Sons of \*God, being Sons of the

RESURRECTION.

37 But That the DEAD rise, even Moses has declared, tat the Bush, when he calls Jehovah, 'the 'God of Abraham, and 'the \*God of Isaac, and 'the \*God of Jaeob.'

38 Now he is not a God of the Dead, but of the Living; † for to him ali

are alive."

39 Then some of the scribes answering, said, "Teacher, thou hast spoken well."

40 \* And they dared not question him any more.

41 And he said to them, #" How do they say, that

ισαγγελοι γαρ εισι,

for they are,

like ange!s

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. took—omit. 30. the wife, and this died childless—omit. 32. And of all—omit. 34. answering—omit. 36. God. 37. God. 37. God. 40. For after.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Many modern critics regard the phrase,—at the Bush,—as referring to the section in the book of Exodus, commencing at chap. in. 2. where it is recorded that the angel of Jehovah appeared to Moses "in a flame of fire out of a bush." In Mark xii 26, we read, Jesus asks, "Have you not read in the Book o' Moses, at the Bush, how God spoke to him?" evidently alluding to the place or section where it was to be found so here he says "that the dead rise, even Moses has declared at the isection of The Bush when he calls Jehovah. &c Now Moses could only be said to declare this by recording what the angel said see the account in Exodus. † 33. To him who regards the luture resurrection of his people as though it was present:—"God, who makes alive the dead and calls things out in being as shough they were." Rom. iv. 17.

<sup>2 36. 1</sup> Cor. xv. 42, 42, 52; Rom. viii. 23; i John tii. 7. [ 44. Matt. axii 45; Matk aii 55.

Χριστον υίον Δαυιδ εινα ; 42 Και αυτος Δαυιδ the Messian is to be a Sen Anointed ason of David to be? And yet himself David **λ**εγει εν βιβλω ψαλμων· " Ειπεν ὁ κυριος τω "Said the Lord to the says in abook of psalms; «τυριφ μου· 43 Καθου εξ δεξιων μου έως αν θω lord of me; Su thon st right hand of me till I may place τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιου των ποδων σου." the enemies of thee a Footstool of the feet of thee." 44 Δαυίδ ουν κυρίον αυτον καλεί, και πως υίος (FRET.) David therefore a lord him calls, and how a son αυτου επτιν; 45 εκουντος δε παντος του λαου, him Lord, and how then of him he is? Learing and all of the people, is he \* llis Son ?" ειπε τοις μαθη, αις αύτου· 46 Προσεχετε απυ he said to the disciples of himself; he said to the disciples of himself;

των γραμματέων την θελοντων περιπατείν εν to \* the Disciples,

those wishing to walk in 46 "Beware of Those στολαις, και φιλουντων ασπασμους εν ταις SCRIBES Who DESIRE to robes, and loving salutations in the αγοραις, και πρωτοκαθεδριας ενταις συναγωγαις, and thou Salutations in markets, and first seats in the synagogues, the MARKETS, and the markets, and first seats in the synagogies, και πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις 47 οί κατεσfirst places in the feasts; they θίουσι τας οικίας των χτρων, και προφασεί conch at FEASTS;

# КЕФ. κα'. 21. ¹ Αναβλεψας δε ειδε τους βαλλοντας τα δωρα

Looking and he saw those casting the gitts

these will receive

they pray;

τερον κριμα.

judgment.

αύτων εις το γαζολυλακιον πλουσιος. of them into the treasury rich ones. II+ saw  $\delta \epsilon \stackrel{\times}{=} [\kappa \alpha_i] \tau_i \nu \alpha \chi \eta \rho \alpha \nu \pi \epsilon \nu_i \chi \rho \alpha \nu \beta \alpha \lambda \lambda \sigma \sigma \alpha \nu \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$  and [also] a certain wildow poor casting there δυο λεπτα. <sup>3</sup> και ειπεν. Αληθως λεγω ύμιν, ότι two lepta: and he said: Truly I say to you, that ή χηρα ή πτωχη αύτη πλειον παντων εβαλεν. the widow that poor this more of all has cast. 4 'Απαντες γαρ ούτοι εκ το η περισσευοντος among the gifts ont of And for they out of the abundance autois  $\epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda o \nu \in is$   $\tau \alpha \delta \omega \rho \alpha \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} [\tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu]$  and  $\tau \delta \epsilon \phi$  of them cast into the gifts [of the God;] she but εκ του ύστερηματος αύτης άταντα τον βιον, ont of the want of herself all the living,  $\dot{ο}ν$   $\epsilon\iota\chi\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\epsilonβαλ\epsilon$ .  $^5$  Και  $\tau\iota\nu\omega\nu$   $\lambda\epsilon\gammaον\tau\omega\nu$   $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota$  which she said, she cast. And some speaking about <sup>5</sup> Και τινων λεγοντων περι του ίερου ότι λιθοις καλοις και αναθημασι the temple that with stones heautiful and offerings κεκοσμηται, ειπε <sup>6</sup> Tavra α θεωρειτε, ελευit was adorbed, hesaid; These which you behold, will σονται ήμεραι εν αίς ουκ αφες ησεται λιθος επι days in which not will be left a stone upon

of David ?

42 \* For David himself says in the Book of Psalms, ‡\*'Jehovah said to my LORD, sit thou at m 'Right hand,

43 'till I put thine EN-'EMIES underneath thy

greater

² Ei∂€

44 David, therefore, calls

45 Then in the hearing Beware of of All the PEOPLE he said

> walk about in Long robes Principal seats in the synde- AGOGUES, and the Upper

47 I those Plundering μακρα προσευχονται· ούτοι ληψονται περισσο- the FAMILIES of WIDOWS. and for a Show make long Prayers; these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

### CHAPTER XXI.

1 And looking up, 1 he saw the RICH CASTING their GIFTS into the TREA-SURY.

2 And he saw a Certain poor Widow casting in there Two + Lepta.

3 And he said, ' I assure you, That this POOR WIDOW cast in more than all,

4 for all these have cast their SUPERFLUITY; but she, out of her POVERTY. cast in All the LIVING that she had

5 # And some speaking of the TEMPLE, That it was adorned with beautiful Stones and Offerings, he said,

6 "As for these things which you behold, the Days will come, in which t there will not be \*left here a  $\lambda \iota \theta \omega$ , δs ου καταλυθησεται. ΓΕπηρωτησαν δε Stone upon a Stone, that They asked and will not be thrown down."

45 h18

a stone, which not will be thrown down.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—42. For David. 43. Lord. 44. Ilis Son. 6. left here. DISCIPLES. 2. also-omit. 4 of Gon-omit.

<sup>\* 2.</sup> In value about four mills, or nearly half a farthing.

<sup>† 42.</sup> Psa, cx. 1; Acts ii. 34. † 45. Matt xxiii 1; Mark xii 38. † 46. Luke xi 43. † 47. Matt. xxiii 14. † 1. Matt. xii. 41. † 5. Matt. xxii 14 Mark xii. 1. † 6. Luke x1x. 44.

αυτον, λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, ποτε ουν ταυτα O teacher, when then these saving: εσται; και τι το σημειον, όταν μελλη ταυτα sign, when may be about these and what the γινεσθαι; 8'Ο δε ειπε. Βλεπετε, μη πλανηθητε. Look you, notyou may be deceived. to be done? He but said; Πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τφ ονοματι μου, the in of me, will come name λεγοντος. 'Οτι εγω ειμι, και δ καιρος ηγγικε. am, and the season has approached That  $M\eta *[ouv] \pi o \rho \epsilon v \theta \eta \tau \epsilon o \pi \iota \sigma \omega \alpha v \tau \omega v.$  9 'C  $\tau \alpha v \delta \epsilon$ Not [therefore] go you after them. When and ακουσητε πολεμους και ακαταστασιας, μη πτοnot you may you may hear of wars and commutions, ηθητε· δει γαρ ταυτα γενεσθαι πρωτον· αλλ' be terrified; must for these come to pass first; 10 Τοτε ελεγεν αυτοις. ευθεως το τελος. end. Then he said to them; immediately the Εγερθησεται εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια oп a nation, and a kingdom a nation επι Βασιλειαν. 11 σειτμοι τε μεγαλοι κατα τοa kingdom; carthquakes and great in many πους, και λιμοι, και λοιμοι εσουται φοβητρα places, and famines, and pestilences will be; fearful sights  $\alpha \pi'$ τε και σημεια 000 - 00 μεγαλα εσται. heaven also and sigua from great will be. 12 Προ δε τουτων παντων επιβαλουσιν εφ' ύμας they will iay you all on Belore but this τας χειρας αύτων, και διωξουσι, παραδιδοντες and they will persecute, delivering up of them, εις συναγωγας και φυλακας, αγ μενους  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ and prisons, druggi..g to synagogues βασιλεις και ήγεμονας, ένεκεν του ονοματος governors, on account of the Lings <sup>13</sup> Αποβησεται δε ύμιν εις μαρτυριον. HOU. and to you for It wni tara out a testimony. 14 Θεσθε ουν εις τας καρδιας ύμων, μη προμε-Settle you therefore in the bearts o.you, not 's pre-<sup>15</sup> Εγω γαρ δωσω ύμιν λεταν απολογηθηναι. to make a defeace. ior meduate will give to you στομακαι σοφιαν, 'η ου δυνησονται αντειπειν η e mouth and wisdom, which not will be able to gainsay or αντιστηνωι παντες οἱ αντικειμενοι ύμιν. 16 Παραall the opponents to you. You will δοθησεσθε δε και ύπο γονεων, και αδελφων, by parents, and be delivered up and also brothers, και συγγενων, και φιλων και θανατωσουσιν εξ and friends. and they will put to death of relatives, 17 Κα: εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο παντων ύμων. Ana you will be being hated bу you. το ονομα μου. 18 Και θριξ εκ της κεφαλης mrough the name orme, And a hair from th head

7 And they asked him. saying, "Teacher, when then will these things be?" and "What will be the sign when these things are about to be accomplished?" 8 And he said, t "See that you be not deceived; for many will come in my NAME, saying, 'H am he, and the TIME draws near; ge not after them.

9 And when you hear of Battles and Insurrections, be not alarmed; for these things must first occur; but the END comes not im-

mediately."

10 ‡ Then he said to them, "Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom;

11 Fand in various Places there will be great Earthquakes, and Famines, and Pestilences; there will be also Fearful sights and great Signs from Heaven.

12 ‡ But before all these things they will lay their Hands on yon, and persecute you, delivering you up to Synagogues and ‡ Prisons, dragging you before Kings and Governors on account of my NAME.

13 And it will turn out to you for a Testimony.

14 † Settle it in your HEARTS, therefore, not to premeditate on your defence;

15 for # will give you Eloquence and Wisdom, twhich All your opponents will not be able to gainsay, or resist.

16 And you will be delivered up even by Parents, and Brothers, and Relatives, and Friends; and some of you they will put to death.

17 And you will be hated oy all ou account of my NAME;

18 But not a Hair of your HEAD will perish.

<sup>\*</sup> Various May script.—8, therefore -- omet. and in various Places Famines, and.

<sup>11.</sup> there will be great Earthquakes,

στουατι μαχαιρας,

και αιχμαλωτισθησονται

υμων ου μη αποληται. 19 Εν τη ύπουονη ύμων οίγου ποι ποι will perish. In the patient endurance of you κτητασθέ τας ψυχας ύμων. preserve you the lives of you.

<sup>20</sup> Όταν δε ιδητε κυκλουμενην ύπο στρατοπε-When and you may see surrounded by encampments δων την Ίερουσαλημ, τοτε γνωτε, ότι ηγγικεν Jerusalem, then you may know, that has comencar the 21 Τοτε οί εν τη Ιουδαια, ή ερημωσις αυτης. the desolation of her. Then those in the Judea. φευγετωσαμ εις τα  $o\rho\eta$ . και οί εν μεσφ αυto the mountains; and those in let them flee midst της, εκχωρειτωσαν και οί εν ταις χωραις, μη and those in the country places, not let them go out; <sup>22</sup> Ότι ήμεραι **ε**κδιεισερχεοθωσαν εις αυτην. let them enter into her. For days

κησεω**ς α**ύτα**ι ε**ισ**ι, τ**ου πλησθηνα**ι π**αντ**α**  $\tau \alpha$ vengeance these are, of the to be folfilled all the things γεγραμμενα. <sup>23</sup>Ουαι \* [δε] ταις εν γαστρι εχουhaving been written. Woe [but] to the in womb σαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις εν εκειναις ταις ήμεand to the giving suck in those the days, ραις: εσται γαρ αναγκή μεγαλή επι της γης, will be for distress upon the great land,  $^{24}$  kai  $\pi\epsilon\sigma\sigma\sigma\nu\tau\alpha$ i οργη τφ λαφ τουτφ. this: wrath to the people

of a sword, and they will be led captive by edge  $\epsilon$  is  $\pi$  a  $\nu$   $\tau$  a  $\epsilon$   $\theta$   $\nu$   $\eta$   $\epsilon$   $\eta$  a  $\epsilon$ Ίερουσαλημ εσται the nations; and Jerosalem πατουμενη ύπο εθνων, αχρι πληρωθωσι καιροι by Gentilea, till may be fultilled  $^{25}$  Και εσται σημεια εν ήλιω και σεληνη of Gentiles. And will be signs in sun and και αστροις: και επιτης γης συνοχη εθνων εν

and stars: and on the earth anguish of nations in απορια ηχους θαλασσης και σαλου· εδ αποψυperplexity of a roar of sea and of tossing: faintχουτων ανθρωπων απο φοβου και προσδοκιας
ing men from fear and expectation

των επερχομενων τη οικουμενη, αί γαρ δυναμεις of the things coming on the habitable: the for powers των ουρανων σαλευθησονται.  $^{27}$  Και τοτε οψον-

των ουρανων σαλευθησονται. - Και τοτε οψονof the beavens will be shaken. And then they will ται τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχοι:ενον εν νεφελη,

with power and, glory great  $\frac{23}{\text{Beginning}}$  for  $\frac{23}{\text{Beginning}}$  and of these to occur, raise yourselver and lift up

rate occur, rate positive and lift up rate with exact of these to occur, rate yourselver and lift up rate κτραίτες κιν φαλας ύμων διοτι εγγιζει ή απολυτρωίτες the leads of you; because draws near the deliverance

 $μ_μων$ .  $^{29}$  Και είπε παραβολην αυτοις. Ιδετε την holyou, And he spoke a parable to them; See you the συκην και παντα τα δενδρα.  $^{30}$  δταν προβαλωσιν fig-tree and all the trees; when they shoot forth

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. But—omit, the Trunes shall be those of the Gentiles. And

19 By your PATIENT ENDURANCE preserve your LIVES.

20 ‡ And when you see Jerusalem sarrounded by Encampments, then know That its Desolation has approached.

21 Then let THOSE whe are in JUDEA, flee to the MOUNTAINS; let THOSE who are in the city, depart out; and let not THOSE who are in the COUNTRY PLACES enter it.

22 For these are Days of Vengeance, that All the THINGS WRITTEN may be ACCOMPLISHED.

23 ‡ But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS! for there will be great Distress on the LAND, and Wrath against this PEOPLE.

24 And they will fall by the Edge of the Sword, and be I d captive into All the NATIONS; and Jerusalem will be trodden down by Gentiles, ‡ till \* the Times of Gentiles may be accomplished.

<sup>\*</sup> 25 ‡ And there will be Signs in the Sun and Moon and Stars; and on the EARTH Anguish of Nations in Perplexity; \*Roarings of the Sea and Waves; 26 Men fainting from

26 Men fainting from Fear and Apprehension of the THINGS COMING on the HABITABLE; ‡ for the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

27 And then they will see the son of MAN ‡ coming in a Cloud with Power and great Glory.

28 When these things are beginning to occur. raise yourselves, and littup your HEADS; for your DELIVERANCE is drawing near."

29 And he spoke a Parable to them;—"Behold the FIG-TREE, and All the TREES.

30 When they now put

<sup>24.</sup> when they should be fulfilled; and 25. Roarings of the Sea.

hım.

ηδη, βλεποντες, αφ' έαυτων γινωσκετε, ότι forth, observing it, you now, beholding, from of yourselves you know, that know of yourselves That now, beholding, from of yourselves you know, that ηδη εγγυς το θερος εστιν. <sup>31</sup>Ούτω και ύμεις, near the summer is. So also you, όταν ιδητε ταυτα γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότι when you may see these know you, that occurring,  $^{32}$  i.  $\mu\eta\nu$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ εγγυς εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου. is the kingdom of the God. Indeed I say ύμιν, ότι ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα αύτη, έως to you, that not not may pass away the generation this, till 33 Ο ουρανος και ή γη αν παντα γενηται. all may be done. The heaven and the earth παρελευσονται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελshall pass away; the but words of me not not  $\theta \omega \sigma \iota$ 

<sup>34</sup> Προσεχετε δε έαυτοις, μηποτε βαρη-Take heed but to yourselves, lest θωσιν ύμων αί καρδιαι εν κραιπαλη, και μεθη, burdened of you the hearts with surfeiting, and drunkenness, και μεριμναις βιωτικαις· και αιφνιδιος εφ' ύμας and suddenly you anxieties of life: on 35 'Ως παγις γαρ επεεπιστη ή ήμερα εκεινη. may come the day that. A۶ snare for it will λευσεται επι παντας τους καθημενους ετι προdwlling come all those an 36 Αγρυπνειτε ουν εν Jωπον πασης της γης. of the earth. Watch you then in παντι καιρφ, δεομενοι, ίνα καταξιαθητε ek-

praying, that you may be accounted worthy to every season, φυγειν ταυτα παντα τα μελλ.οντα γινεσθαι, all the things being about these to occur. και σταθηναι εμπροσθεν του υίου του ανθρωπου. in presence of the son of the

<sup>37</sup> Ην δε τας ήμερας εν τφ ίερφ διδασκων· He was and the days in the temple teaching; τας δε νυκτας εξερχομενος ηυλιζετο ε**ις τ**ο going out he lodged nights in the 38 Και πας ό το καλουμενον ελαιων. mountain that being called of olive-trees. And all the λαος ωρθριζε προς αυτον εν τω ίερω ακουειν people came early to bim in the temple to hear KEΦ.  $\kappa\beta'$ . 1 Ηγγιζε δε ή έορτη αυτου.

των α(υμων, ή λεγομενη πασχα· <sup>2</sup>και ε(ητουν of the unleavened cakes, that being called passover; and sought οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις, το πως ανελωσιν scribes, the high-priests and the the how they might kill <sup>3</sup> Εισηλ $\ell \in \delta \epsilon$ αυτον εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον

Drew near now the

feast

they feared for the people. Entered and σατανας εις Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμένον Ισκαριω-' adversary .nto Judas that being suinamed Iscariot

<sup>4</sup> Και την, οντα εκ του αριθμου των δωδεκα. being of the number of the twelve.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-36. But watch you, and pray always, that you may prevail to 3. into THAT Judas, called Iscariot. escape.

† 34. Rom xiii. 13; 1 Thess. v. 6; 1 Pet. iv. 7. xiii. 33. † 37. John. viii 1, 2; Luke xxii. 39. \$\$\$ 3. Matt. xxvi. 14; Matt. xiv. 10; John xiii. 2, 27.

the summer already is near.

31 Thus, also, when pou see these events occurring, know That the KINGDOM of God is car.

32 Indeed I say to you, This GENERATION will not pass away, till all be accomplished.

33 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail; but my words cannot fail.

34 But take heed to Your vourselves, lest HEARTS be oppressed by Gluttony, and Drunkenness, and Anxieties of life, and that DAY should come unexpectedly upon you.

35 For it will come, like a Snare, on All THOSE DWELLING on the Face of the Whole LAND.

36 ‡\* Be you watchful. therefore, at all times, praying that you may be regarded worthy to escape All these THINGS BEING ABOUT to occur, and to stand before the son of MAN."

37 Now he was teaching Iduring the DAYS in the TEMPLE, and going out he lodged at NIGHTS in THAT MOUNTAIN which is called the Mount of Ohves.

38 And All the PEOPLE came early to him in the TEMPLE to hear him.

CHAPTER XXII.

1 Now THAT FEAST of UNLEAVENED BREAD, which is CALLED the Passover, was drawing near.

2 And the HPGH-PRIESTS and scribes sought now they might kill him; for they feared the PEOPLE.

3 ‡ And the Adversary entered \* into THAT Judas. CALLED Iscariot, who was of the NUMBER of the TWELVE.

I 36. Matt. xxiv 42; xxv. 13; Mark 1 1. Matt. xxvi. 2; Mark xt '. 1.

«πελθων συνελαλησε τοις αρχιερευ**σι και τ**οις he talked with t ì. e high-priests and the στρατηγοις, το πως αυτον παραδώ αυτοις. the how him he might deliver up to them. Kai εχαρησαν και συνεθεντο αυτφ ωργυριον And they were glad, and agreed to him alver 6 Και εξωμολογησε· και εζητει ευκαιto give. And he consented; and he sought οιαν του παραδουναι αυτον αυτοις ατερ οχλου. tunity of the to deliver up him to them without of a crowd. <sup>7</sup> Ηλθε δε ἡ ημερα των αζυμων,

μασατε ήμιν το πασχα, ίνα φαγωμεν.  $^9$  Οί δε pareyou for us the passover, that we may eat. Eiπον αντφ Που θελείς ατοιμασωμεν:  $^{10}$  Ο δε said to him; Where wilt thou we make ready? He and

 $\epsilon$  in  $\epsilon$   $\nu$  αυτοις. Ιδου,  $\epsilon$  iσ $\epsilon$ λθοντων ὑμον  $\epsilon$  is την said to theo; Lo, having entered of you into the

πολιν, συναντησει ύμιν ανθρωπος κεραμιον cuy, will insect you a man a pitcher ύδατος βασταζων ακολουθησατε αυτω εις την

boase, where he enters, and say you to the house  $\delta \epsilon \sigma \pi \sigma \tau \eta \tau \eta s$  oikias.  $^{11} \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \sigma \sigma \iota \delta \delta \iota \delta a \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \delta s$ .

anster of the house: Says to the the teacher. Που εστιτο καταλυμα, δπου το πασχα μετα Where is the guest-chamber, where the passover with  $\tau \omega \nu \; \mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \omega \nu \; \mu \omega \; \phi \alpha \gamma \omega$ ;  $^{12}$  Κακεινος  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν δειξει

των μαθητων μου φαγω; 1- Κακεινος ύμιν δειξει the disciples ormer may eat? And he to you with how αναγιον μεγα εστρωμενον: εκει έτοιμασατε.

an upper room large having been furnished; there prepare you.

13 Απελθοντες δε εύρον καθως ειρηκεν αυτοις.

14 Having gone and they found even as be had said to them;

και ήτοιμασαν το πασχα, and they prepared the passover.

Και ότε εγενετο  $\hat{\eta}$  άρα, ανεπεσε, και of And when came the hour, be reclined, and the δωδεκα αποστολοι συν αυτω. 15 Και ειπε προς twelve aposties with him. And he said to αυτους. Επιθυμια επεθυμησα τουτο το πασχα

them: With desire I have desired this the passover  $\phi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu \mu \epsilon \theta^{\nu} \dot{\nu} \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\pi \rho \sigma \tau o \nu \mu \epsilon \pi \alpha \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$ ,  $16 \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$  to eat with you, before the me to suffer.

to eat with you, before the me to suffer. I say γαρ ύμιν, όπ \*[ουκετι] ου μη φαγω εξ αυτου,

for to you, that [no more] not not I may eat of it, έως δτου πληρωθη εν τη βασιλεία του θεου.

till it may be fuifiled in the kingdom of the God.

17 Και δεξυμενος ποτηριον, ευχωριστησας ειπε·

4 And hewent and talked with the HIGH-FRIESTS and OFFICERS, HOW he might deliver him up to them.

5 And they were glad, and agreed to give him

Money

6 And he consented, and sought a Convenient time to DELIVER him up to then in the absence of the Crowd.

7 Now the DAY of UN-LEAVENED BREAD came, on which it was necessary to sacrifice the PASCHAL LAMB.

8 And he sent Peter and John, saying, "Go, and prepare the PASSOVER for us, that we may eat."

9 And THEY said to him, "Where dost thou wish that we \*prepare for thee to eat the Passover?"

10 And HE said to them, "Behold, as you enter the CITY, a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you; follow him into the HOUSE where he enters.

11 And you shall say to the MASTER of the HOUSE, 'The TEACHER SAYS to thee, Where is the GUEST-CHAMBER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCIPLES ?

12 And he will show you a targe Upper-room furnished ready; there prepare."

15 And they were, and found all even as he had said to them; and they prepared the PASSOYER.

14 ‡ And when the noun came, he reclined, and \*the APOSTLES with him.

15 And he said to them, "I have earnestly desired to eat This passover with you before I suffer;

16 for I say to you, I will not eat \* of it, till it shall be fulfilled in the KINGDOM of GOD,"

ευχωριστησας ειπε· 17 And taking a Cup, having given thanks, he

15. no more-omit.

with him

16. the same, till.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. prepare for thee to cat the PASSOVER.

<sup>14.</sup> the apostles

<sup>1 7</sup> Matt gxvi. 17 Mark giv. 12.

<sup>4 14.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 20; Mark xiv. 17

Λαβετε τουτο, και διαμερισατε έαυτοις. 18 Λεγω divide you among yourselves. Lsay this. and γαρ ύμ**ιν, ότι ου μη πιω** απο του γεννηματος for to you, that not not I may drink of the της αμπελου, έως ότου ή βατιλεια του θεου kingdom of the God of the till the <sup>19</sup> Και λαβων  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ . αρτον, ευχαριστησας And having taken aloaf, having given thanks may come. εκλασε, και εδωκεν αυτοις, λεγων. Τουτο εστι to them, saying: This gave το σωμα μου, το ύπερ ύμων διδομενον τουτο being given: the hody of me, that in behalf of you this <sup>20</sup> 'Ωσαυτως ποιειτε εις την εμην αναμνησιν. the my remembrance. In like manner και το ποτηριον, μετα το δειπησαι, λεγων after also the cup, the supper, saying: Τουτο το ποτηριον, ή καινη διαθηκη εν τφ cup, the new covenant αίματι μου, το  $\dot{v}$  το  $\dot{v}$  εκχυνομένον.  $^{21}$ Πλην blood of me, that in behalf of you being poured out. ιδου, ή χειρ του παραδιδοντες με μετ' εμου επι io, the hand of the delivering up me with mine  $^{22}$  Και δ μεν υίος του ανθρωπου της τραπεζης. And the indeed son of the table.

πορευεται κατα το ώρισμενον• πλην ουαι goes away according to that having been appointed, but εκεινω,  $\delta \iota$ οů ιω ανθοωπω παραδιδοται. through whom he is delivered up. - Και αυτοι ηρξαντο συζητειν προς έαυτους, το, began to inquire among themselves, the,

νις αρα ειη εξ αυτων δ τουτο μελλων πρασwhich then it could be of them the this being about 0 tiV.

<sup>24</sup> Εγενετο δε αυτοις, και  $\phi_i \lambda_0 \nu \in i \kappa_i \alpha \in \nu$ among There had been and also a strife them, <sup>25</sup> 'Ο δε το, τις αυτων δοκει ειναι μειζων. the, which of them thinks He but to be greater. ειπεν αυτοις. Οί βασιλεις των εθνων κυριευουsaid to them; The kings of the nations exercise lordship σιν αυτων και οἱ εξουσια(οντες αυτων, ευερand those having authority of them, bene-26 Υμεις δε ουχ ούτως αλλ' γεται καλουνται. factors are called. You but not 80; ό μειζων εν ύμιν, γενεσθω ώς ό νεωτερος και the greater among you, let him become as the younger; and ηγουμενος, ώς δ διακονων. 27 Tis γαρ μειas he Which for greater? governor, serving. δ ανακειμενος, η δ διακονων, ουχι δ or he serving? not he reclining, ανακειμενος, εγω δε ειμι εν μεσφ ύμων ώς δ but in midst as he eclining ! am of you

said, "Take this, and divide it among yourselves;

18 for ‡I say to you, I will not drink \* from HENCEFORTH of the PRO-DUCT of the VINE, till the KINGDOM of GOD shall

19 # And taking a Loaf, and having given thanks, he broke it, and gave to them, saying, "This is THAT BODY of mine which is given for you; do this in MY Remembrance.

20 In like manner also the CUP, after the SUPPER, saying, "This CUP is the NEW Covenant in my BLOOD, THAT in your behalf being POURED OUT.

21 #But, behold, the HAND of HIM who DELIV-ERS me up is with mine on

the TABLE.

22 \* For indeed the son of MAN is going away, according to THAT which has been APPOINTED; but Woc to that MAN by whom he

ıs delivered up!"

23 And they began to inquire among themselves, WHICH of them it could be who was about to do this. 24 ‡ And there was also a Contention among them. WHICH of them should be thought the greatest.

25 LAnd HE said to them, "The KINGS of the NATIONS exercise dominion over them; and THOSE HAVING AUTHORITY over them are styled †Benefactors.

26 But nou must not be so; but let the greatest among you become as the LEAST, and the GOVERNOR as he who serves

27 For who is greater, HE who RECLINES, or HE who serves? Is not he who reclines? but I am among you as HE who SERVES.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. from HENCEFORTH.

<sup>22,</sup> for indeed.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Euergetes, Benefactors, was a name borne by several kings in Egypt and Syria, and had become proverbial for a tyrant.—Sharpe.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Matt. xxvi, 29; Mark xiv. 25 Mart. xxvi, 21, 23, Mark xiv. 18; John xiii. 21, 26. 1 19. 1 Cor. x1. 24. x1.24. † 21. Psa. xl1.9; 124. Markix 34, Luke ix 46, Y .. Matt. xx. 25 : Mark

23 Τμεις δε εστε οί διαμεμενηκοτες διακονων. serving. You but are those having continued 29 Καγω  $\mu \in T^3$   $\in \mu \circ v$   $\in v$   $\tau \circ is$   $\tau \in i \rho \circ \sigma \mu \circ is$   $\mu \circ v$ .

with me in the trials of me. the of me. And 1 διατιθεμαι ύμιν, καθως διεθετο μοι δ πατηρ covenant foryon, even as has covenanted forme the father μου βασιλείαν, 30 ίνα εσθίητε και πίνητε επί that you may eat and you may drink at of me a kingdom, της τραπεζης μου εν τη βασιλεια μου και of me in the kingdom ufme and καθισεσθε επι θρονων, κρινοντες τας δωδεκα yuu may sit on thrones, judging φυλας του Ισραηλ. tribes of the Israel.

δ σατανας εξητησατο ύμας, του σινιασαι ώς you, the the adversary has asked for to sift 32 Εγω δε εδεηθην περι σου, ίνα μη τον σιτον. I but prayed for thee that not the wheat. εκλειπη ή πιστις σου. Και συ ποτε επιστρε-And thou when may fail the faith of thee. having been ψας, στηριξον τους αδελφους σου. 33 ·O δε turned, atrengthen the brethren ofthee He and ειπεν αυτώ. Κυριε, μετα σου έτοιμος ειμι και said to him : Olord, with thee I am hoth ready 34 'O εις Φυλακην και εις θανατον πορευεσθαι. and to death to prison to go. He δε ειπε. Λεγω σοι, Πετρε, ου μη φωνησει but said; I say to thee, O Peter. not not will crow ση, ερον αλεκτωρ, πριν η τρις απαρνηση μη to-day before thrice thou wilt deny not a cock, 35 Και ειπεν αυτοις· 'Οτε απεσειδεναι μe. And he said to them; to have known me. τειλα ύμας ατερ βαλαντιου, και πηρας, και sent you without a purse, and a bag, and ύποδηματων, μη τινος ύστερησατε; Οί δε ειπον· not anything wanted you? They and said; 36 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις. Ουδενος. Αλλα νυν, δ He said then to them; now. be Nothing. But εχων βαλαντιον, αρατω, ομοιως και πηραν. a purse, let hun take, in like manner and a hag; και δ μη εχων, πωλησατω το ίματιον αύτου, και and henot having, lethim well the mantle of himself, and αγορασατω μαχαιραν. <sup>37</sup> Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, **ό**τι a sword. leay for to you, that let him buy \*[ετι] τουτο το γεγραμμενον δει τελεσθηναι εν [yet] this the baving been written must to be finished in εμοι, το "Και μετα ανουων ελογισθη." Και me, that; "And with law-breakers to was counted " Also 33 Οί δε ειπον· γαρ τα περιεμου τελος εχει. for the things about me an end has, They but maid: Κυριε, ιδου, μαχαιραι ώδε δυο. O DO ELTEN Olord, awords here two. He and said αυτοις: 'Ικανον εστι. to them: Exough it is,

28 And nou are THEY who have CONTINUED with me in my TRIALS.

29 And I covenant for you, even as my FATHER has covenanted for me, 24

Kingdom,

SO that you may eat and drink at my TABLE in mg KINGDOM, I and sit or Thrones, Judging the TWELVE Tribes of ISRAFL.

31 Simon, Simon, behold, the Adversary has asked for you, that he may sift

you like whfar:

32 but T have prayed for thee, that thy FAITH may not fail, and when thou hast turned, strengthen thy BRETHREN."

33 And HE said to him, "Master, I am ready to go with thee both to Prison and to Death."

34 ‡ And HE said, "I tell thee, Peter, a Cock will not erow To-day, \* til. thou shalt thrice deny that thou knowest me."

35 And he said to them I' When I sent you out without a Purse, and Bag and Sandals, did you want any thing?" And They said, "Nothing."

36 \*And he said to them, "But now, he who has a Purse, let him take it and in like manner, a Bag; and he who has no Sword, let him sell his Mantle, and buy one.

37 For I tell you, That THIS which has been written must be fully accorplished in me, I AND HE WAS NUMBERED WITH LAW-PREAKERS; for also the THINGS concerning me have an end."

38 And THEY said, "Master, Behold, here are two Swords." And he said to them, "It is sufficient."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-31. And the Lord said-onir. 30. And he said 37. yet-onit.

<sup>34.</sup> till thou shalt.

having stood up

πειρασμον.

<sup>39</sup> Και εξελθων επορευθη TO EBOS ELS κατα according to the custom to he went των ελαιων ηκολουθησαν δε αυτώ 0005 the mountain of the olive-trees: him followed and  $^{40}$   $\Gamma$ evomevos  $\delta$ e  $\epsilon\pi\iota$  auov και οὶ μαθηται αυτου. Having come and to also the disciples of him. τοπου, ειπεν αυτοις. Προσευχεσθε μη εισελθειν he said to them: Pray you not to enter 41 Και αυτος απεσπασθη απ' πειρασμον. mto temptation. And he was withdrawn αυτων ώσει λιθου βολην, και θεις τα γονατα and having placed the about of a stone throw, προσηυχετο, λεγων. 42 Πατερ, ει βουλει παρεhe prayed, saying: Ofather, if thouart willing to take νεγια ειν το ποτηριον τουτο απ' εμου πλην μη this from meı but το δελημα μου, αλλα το σον γενεσθω. the will of me, but the thine be done. 43%  $\Omega \phi \theta \eta$ [Appeared δε αυτώ αγγελος απ' ουρανου, ενισχυών αυτον. and to him a messenger from heaven, strengthening 44 Και γενομενος εν αγωνια, **ε**κτενεστερον being tn very earnestly agony, Εγενετο δε ό ίδρως αυτου ώσει προσηυχετο. Was and the sweat of him like he prayed. θρουβοι αίματος καταβαινοντές επι την γην. the ground. of blood falling down Ło <sup>45</sup> Και αναστας **απο της πρ**οσευχης, ελθων προς And having stood up from the prayer, coming τους μαθητας, εύρε**ν αυτ·υς κ**οιμωμενους απο disciples, he found them sleeping της λυπης και ειπεν αυτοις 46 Τι καθευδετε; and hesaid to them: Why sleep you?

temptation. 47 Ετι \*[δε] αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου οχλος, [and] of him speaking, 10 a crowd, και ό λεγομενος Ιουδας, είς των δωδεκα, προηρand he being called Judas, one of the twelve, χετο αυτους, και ηγγισε τω Ιησου φιλησαι them, and drewnear to the Jesus to kiss be:ore Ιουδα, 43 'Ο δε Ιησου**ς ε**ιπεν αυτώ. αυτον. The hut Jesus said to him; φιληματι τον υίον του ανθρωπου παραδιδως; son of the betrayest thou? the man 4) Ιδοντες δε οί περι αυτον το εσομενον, ειπον Seeing and those about him the was going to be, said \*[αυτω·] Κυριε, ει παταξομεν εν μαχαρια;
Olord, if shall we strike with a sword?

ανασταντε**ς π**ροσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις

pray you.

39 ‡And going out, he went according to his custom to the Mount of Olives; and his disciples also followed him.

40 And having arrived at the PLACE, he said to them, "Pray that you may not enter into Trial."

41 And he retired from them about a stone's throw, and kneeling down, he prayed, saying,

42 "Father, if thou art willing, take away \* This Cup from me; yet not my will, but THINE be done."

43 †[And there appeared to him an Angel from Heaven, strengthening him.

44 And being in Agony, he prayed very earnestly; and his sweat was like Clots of Blood falling down to the ground.]

45 And rising from PRAYER, and coming to the DISCIPLES, he found them sleeping from GRIEF,

46 and said to them, "Why do you sieep? Arise, and pray that you may not enter into Trial."

47 And while he was yet speaking, the hold a Crowd, and HE who was CALLED Judas, one of the TWELVE, preceded them, and drew near to Jesus to kiss him.

48 But \*Jesus said to him, "Judas, dost thou betray the son of man with a Kiss?"

49 And THOSE about him perceiving WHAT was about TRANSPIRING, said, "Master, shall we strike with he Sword?"

that not you may euter into

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—42. This Cup. 48. Jesus. 49. to him—omit.

<sup>43, 44.—</sup>omit.

<sup>47.</sup> And-omit.

<sup>+ 43.</sup> There is no mention of this circumstance in any of the other Evangelists : and it is worthy of remark, that among many of the ancients, the authenticity of these two verses, the 43rd and 44th, has been doubted, and in consequence, they are omitted in several MSS., and in some Versions and Fathers. The Codex Alexandrinus, and the Codex Vaticanus, the two oldest MSS. in the world, omit both verses; in some very ancient MSS. they stand with an asterisk before them, as a mark of dubiousness; and they are both wanting in the Coptic argments published by Dr. Ford. They are however extant in such a vast number of MSS. Versions and Fathers, as to leave no doubt with most critics, of their authenticity.—Clarke. Griesbach notes them as wanting in some authorities, but thinks that they ought not to be omitted.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt, xxvi. 36; Mark xiv. 32; John xviii. 1. 48; John xviii. 3.

En Και επαπαξεν είς τις εξ αυτων τον δουλον του And struck one a certain of them the slave of the species, και αφειλεν αυτου το ους το δεξιον. high-priest, and cut off of him the ear the right.

Aποκρίθεις δε δ Ιησους είπεν Εατε έως
Αυκκετίτης and the Jesus said; Letyou be till
Τουτου. Και άψαμενος του ωτίου αυτου, ιασατο

of him, h. hen'ed And touching the ear  $^{52}$  Ειπε δε δ Ιησους προς τους παραγενοαυτον. him. Said and the Jesus to those μενους επ' αυτον αρχιερεις, και στρατηγους του come on him high-priests, and officers ίερου, και πρεσβυτερους. 'Ως επι ληστην εξεληtemple, and elders; As on arobber you have λυθατε μετα μαχαιοων και ξυλων<sup>53</sup> καθ' ήμεραν swords and clubs; every come out with οντος μου μεθ' ύμων εν τω ίερω, ουκ εξετεινατε being of me with you in the temple, notyoudidstretchent τας χειρας επ' εμε αλλ' αυτη ύμων εστιν ή the hands on me; but this of you it is

hour, and the authority of the darkness. 54 Συλλαβοντες δε αυτον ηγαγον, και εισηγαthey led, and Having seized and him γον αυτον εις τον οικον του αρχιερεως. him into the house of the high-priest. Πετρος ηκολουθει μακροθεν. Peter Having kindled and followed at a distance. πυρ εν μεσφ της αυλης, και συγκαθισαντων midst of the court, and having sat down a fire in αυτων, εκαθητο ο Πετοος εν μετφ αυτων.

ώρα, και ή εξουσια του σκοτους.

of them, sat the Peter in midst of them.

56 Tδουσα δε αυτον παιδισκή τις καθημένον προς

Seeing and him a maid-servanteertain sitting by

το φως, και ατενισασα αυτφ, ειπε· Και ούτος the light, and looking steadily to him, she said: Also this συν αυτφ, ην.  $^{57}$  O δε ηρνησατο \*[αυτον, ] with him was. He but cented

αυτων ει. Ο δε Πετρος ειπεν Ανθρωπε, ουκ them art. The but Peter said: O man, not

ειμι.  $^{59}$  Και διαστασης ὧσει ὧρας μιας, αλλος Ι am. And having intervened about hour one, another τις διισχυοιζετο, λεγων  $^{\circ}$  Επ' αληθείας  $^{\circ}$  Λ: person confidently affirmed, seying: In truth also

ούτος μετ' αυτου ην' και γαρ Γαλιλαιος εστιν.
this with him was: also for a Galilean he is.

66 Ειπε δε δ Πετρος· Ανθρωπε, ουκ οιδα δ λεSaid but the Peter: Ο man, not 1 know what thou
γεις. Και παραχρημα, ετι λαλουντος αυτου.

γεις. Και παραχρημα, ετι λαλουντος αυτου, sayest. And immediately, while speaking of him,

50 And ‡ one of them struck the SERVANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off His RIGHT EAR.

51 But \*Jesusan ering said, "Let this suffice." And he touc ied \* his EAR,

and healed him.

52 Then Jesus said to the HIGH-PRIESTS, and Officers of the TEMPLE, and Elders, who were coming against him, "As in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

53 When I was with you every day in the TEMPLE, you did not stretch out your HANDS against me; thut this is Your HOUR, and the POWER of DARK-

NESS."

γον, και εισηγαled, and brought χιερεωs. Ο δε gh-priest. The but Πανίας kindled and distance.

54 Then having se'zec' him, they led him away, and brought him to the HOUSEOfthe HIGH-PRIEST.

55 'Αψαντων δε Πανίας kindled and distance.

55 ‡ And they having kindled a Fire in the Mids of the COURT, sat down together, and PETER sat down among them.

56 And a certain Maidservant seeing him sitting by the LIGHT, and looking steadily at him, she said, "This man also was with him.

57 But HE denied, saging, "Woman, I do not

know him."

58 ‡ And after a little, another saw him and said, "Thou also art one of them." And Peter said, "Man, I am not."

59 And about an HCUE having intervened, another confidently affirmed, saying, "In Truth this man was also with him; for he is also a Galilean."

ο λεhatthon "Man, I know not what tυτου, thou sayest." And imothim, mediately, while he was

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. Jesus.

<sup>51,</sup> the EAR.

<sup>57.</sup> him-omit.

<sup>† 50.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 51, Mark xiv. 47; John xviii. 10. † 52. Matt. xxvi. 55; Mark xiv. 49 † 53. John xii. 27. † 54. Matt. xxvi. 58; John xviii. 15. † 55. Matt. xxvi. 60; Mark xiv. 60; John xviii. 17 18. † 58. Matt. xxvi. 71; Mark xiv. 63 · Joht xviii. 25.

61 Και στραφεις δ κυριος εφωνησεν αλεκτωρ. And having turned the Lord a cock. ενεβλεψε τω Πετρω· και ύπεμνησθη δ Πετρος and was reminded the to the Peter; Peter του λογου του κυριου, ώς ειπεν αυτω. 'Οτι πριν as he said to him; That before of the word of the Lord, <sup>62</sup> Και αλεκτορα φωνησαι, απαρνηση με τρις. to crow, thou mayest deny me thrice. And 63 Και οί ανδρες εξελθων εξω, εκλαυσε πικρως. And the bitterly. men out, he wept οί συνεχοντες τον Ιησουν, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, him, those having in custody the Jesus, mocked δεροντες  $^{64}$  και περικαλυψαντες αυτον,  $^{*}$  [ετυπ-And having blindfolded him, they acourging, τον αυτου το προσωπον,] και επηρωτων αυτον, struck of him the face, and they asked bim, λεγοντες: Προφητευσον, τις εστιν δ παισας Prophesy, who ia he striking σε; 65 Και έτερα πολλα βλασφημουντες ελεγον And other many blaspheming EIS QUTOV. against him.

66 Και ώς εγενετο ήμερα, συνηχθη το πρεσday, were assembled the And as it became βυτεριον του λαου, αρχιερεις τε και γραμship of the people, high-priests and and scribes, ματεις, και ανηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδριον brought him into the sanhedrim and έαυτων, 67 λεγοντες· Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, ειπε If thou artthe Anointed, of themselves, saying; Ειπε δε αυτοις. Εαν ύμιν ειπω, ου μη ກໍ່ແເນ. If to you I tell, not not Hesaid and to them; πιστευσητε· 68 εαν δε \* [και] ερωτησω, ου μη you will believe; if but [also] I ask, not not αποκριθητε \*[μοι, η απολυσητε.]

Jou would answer [me, or would loose.] <sup>69</sup> Απο του From of the νυν εσται δ υίος του ανθρωπου καθημενο**ς ε**κ now shall be the son of the man sitting at  $\delta \epsilon \xi \iota \omega \nu$   $\tau \eta s$   $\delta \upsilon \nu \alpha \mu \epsilon \omega s$   $\tau \circ \upsilon$   $\theta \epsilon \circ \upsilon$ .

The right hand of the power of the God. <sup>70</sup> Ειπον δε Said and παντες· Συ ουν ει δ υίος του θεου; 'Ο δε προς Thou then art the son of the God? He and ίο 'Υμεις λεγετε ότι εγω ειμι. αυτους εφη. said: You say: <sup>71</sup> Οί δε ειπον Τι ετι χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυριας; They and said: What further need have we of testimony? ηκουσαμεν απο του στοματος γαρ Ourselves. for we bave heard from the mouth <sup>1</sup> Και ανασταν KEΦ. κγ'. 23. ἀπαν SUTOV. of him. And having stood up whole το πληθος αυτων, ηγαγον αυτον επι τον Πιthe multitude of them, they led him the te λατον.

<sup>2</sup> Ηρξαντο δε κατηγορείν αυτου, λεγοντες<sup>\*</sup>
They began and to accuse him, saying:

yet speaking, the cock crew.

61 ‡ And the LORD, turning, looked on Peter and Peter was reminded of the DECLARATION of the LORD, how he said to him, "Before a Cock \*crows To-day, thou shalt deny me thrice."

62 And going out, he wept bitterly.

63 And THOSEMEN who had \* him in custopy, derided and beat him:

64 and having blindfolded him, they asked him, saying, "Divire who is HE that STRUCK thee?"

65 And many other things they blasphemously spoke against him.

66 ‡ And when it was Day, the ELDERSHIP of the PEOPLE, both High-priests and Scribes, were assembled, and they led him into their SANHEDRIM, saying,

67 "If thou art the MESSIAH, tell us." And he said to them, "If I inform you, you will not believe:

68 and if I interrogate, you will not answer.

69 \* But from this TIME the the ton of Man will sit on the Right hand of the POWER of GOD."

70 And they all said, "Thou art, then, the son of God?" And HE said to them, "Pou say; I am."

71 And then said, "What further need have we of Testimony? since we ourselves have heard this from his own Mouth."

#### CHAPTER XXIII.

1 And the Whole MUL-MTUDE of them rising up, led him to PILATE.

2 And they began to accuse him, saying, "We

ate.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—61. crows To-day, thou shalt. 63. him. 64. struck im no the pace and—omit. 63. also—omit. 68. me, or would loose—omit. 69. But from this TIME.

<sup>\* 61.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 75; Mark xiv. 72.; Mark xiv. 62; Heb. i. 3; vni. 1.

<sup>† 66.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 1. † 69. Matt. xxvi 1 1. Matt. xxvii. 2; Mark xv. 1; John xviii 28.

Τουτον εύρομεν διαστρεφοντα το εθνος, και
This refound misleading the nation, and κωλυοντα Καισαοι φορυς διδοναι, λεγοντα έαν- ding to pay Tax to Cesar, forbidding to Cesar tax to give, saying him- and saying, that he τον Χριστον βασιλεα ειναι. 3'Ο δε Πιλατος himself is an anointed self an anointed king those.
επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων Συ ει ὁ βασιλευς asked him, agying: Thou art the king το δε αποκοιθεις αυτω εφη Συ των Ιουδαιων; 'Ο δε απκριθεις αυτω εφη Συ of the Jews: He and answering to him said: Thou λεγεις. 4 Ο δε Πιλατος είπε προς τους αρχίε-The and Pilate said to the ρεις και τους οχλους. Ουδεν εύρισκω αιτιον εν priests and the crowds: Nothing I find criminal in 5 Οί δε επισχυον, λεγοντω ανθρωπω τουτω. They but were urgent. this. τες. Ότι ανασειε: τον λαον, διδατκων καθ' That he stirs up the people, teaching όλης της Ιουδαίας, αρξαμένος από της Γαλιλαίας whole of the Judea, having begun from the Galilee <sup>5</sup> Πιλατος δε ακουσας \*[Γαλιλαιαν,]
Pilate and having heard [of Galilee,] έως ώδε. to here. επηρωτησαν, ει δ ανθρωπος Γαλιλαιος εστι. he asked, if the man a Gali'ean 7 Και επιγνους, ότι εκ της εξουσιας 'Ηρωδου And having learned, that of the authority of Herod εστιν, ανεπεμψεν αυτον προς 'Ηρωδην, οντα he 16, he sent him to Herod, being και αυτον εν Ίεροσολυμοις εν ταυταις ταις in those the ημεραις.

days. 8 'Ο δε 'Ηρωδης ιδων τον Ιησουν, εχαρη λιαν. Herod seeing the Jesus, rejoiced greatly; γαρ θελων εξ ίκανου ιδειν αυτον, δια το hewas for wishing of a long time to see him, because the «κουειν \*[πολλα] περι αυτου· και ηλπιζε τι [many things about hun; and hoped some σημειον ιδειν ύπ' αυτου γινομενον.  $^9 E \pi \eta \rho \omega \tau \alpha$ to see by 81213 bim being done. He asked δε αυτον εν λογοις ίκανοις αυτος δε ουδεν many; he and nothing and him in words 10 Ειστηκεισαν δε οί αρχιεαπεκρινατο αυτφ. Stood up answered him. and the highρείς και οι γραμματείς, ευτονώς κατηγορούντες priests and the scribes, vehemently accusing αυτου. 11 Εξουθενησας δε αυτον δ ήρωδης συν Having despised and him the Herod with τοις στρατευμασιν αύτου, και εμπαιξας, περι-contempt; and having, in the collers of himself, and having mocked, casting derision, arrayed him in a βαλ ων αυτον εσθητα λαμπραν, ανεπεμψεν αυτόν him arobe splendid, sent again Lim 12 Εγενοντο δε φιλοι ό, τε Πιτω Πιλατω. Became and friends the, both Pito the Pilate. λατος και δ Ηρωδης εν αυτη τη ήμερα μετ' and the Herod in this the day with

found this man musleading and | \* our NATION, and forbid-King.

- 3 ‡ And PILATE asked him, saying, "Art thou the KING of the Jews?" And HE answering him, said, "Thou savest."
- 4 Then PILATE said to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the CROWDS, "I find Nothing Criminal in this MAN."
- 5 But THEY were urgent. saying, "He stirreth up the PEOPLE, teaching in All JUDEA, beginning from GALILEE even to this place.
- 6 Now Pilate hearing of Galilee, asked if the MAN was a Galilean.
- 7 And ascertaining That he was of the PROVINCE of Herod, he sent him to \* Heron, who was also in Jerusalem in Those DAYS.
- 8 And HEROD I seeing JESUS, was very glad; for he had wished for a long time to see him, because he had HEARD about him; and he hoped to see Some Sign done by him.
- 9 And he questioned him in many Words; but he answered him nothing.
- 10 And the PRIESTS and the SCRIBES stood up, and vehemently accused him.
- 11 And HEROD, with his SOLDIERS, treated him with spiendid Robe, sent him back to PILATE.
- 12 And \* HEROD and DILATE became Friends to each other on That DAY;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. OUT NATION. 2. and saving. of Galilee—omit, 7. HERCD. 8. many things-omit. 12. HEROD and PILATE.

<sup>1 2.</sup> John xiz. 14 2 3. Matt. xxvii. 11; 1 Tim. vi. 13. 2 8. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 6.

allinguages and a pour holds on the partial form in hatred being with themselves.

<sup>13</sup> Πιλα**τος δε σ**υγκαλεσαμενος τους αρχιερεις Pilate and having summoned the high-priests και τους αρχοντας και τον λαον, 14 ειπε προς said chiefs and the people, to and the αυτου: Προσηνεγκατε μοι τον ανθρωπον τουthis, You have brought to m the inan them: **τον, ως απ**οστρεφοντα τον λαον· και ιδου, **ε**γω misleading the people; and ενωπιον έμων σνακρινας, ουδεν εύρον εν τω in presence of you having examined, nothing found in ανθρωπφ τουτφ αιτιον, ών κατηγορειτε κατ' this a fault, of which you accuse against 15 Αλλ' ουδε Ήρωδης ανεπεμψα γαρ αυτου.

But not even Hero1. Lsent ύμα**ς π**ρος αυτον, και ιδου, ουδεν αξιον θανατου him, and 10. Rothing worthy of deatb εστι πεπραγμενον αυτω. 16 Παιδευσας having heeu done to him. Having scourged Having scourged therefore αυτον απολυσω. <sup>17</sup>\* [Αναγκην δε ειχεν απο-hm I wili release. [Necessaro now it was to λυειν αυτοις κατα έορτην ένα.] <sup>18</sup> Ανεκραξαν release to them at a feest one.j Cried out δε παμπληθει, λεγοντες. Αιρε τουτον, απολυand all together. saying: Take away this, σον δε ήμιν τον βαραββαν. 19 'Οστις ην and tous the Wao was through Barabhas; στασιν τινα γενομενην εν τη πολει, και φονον, a sedition certain having occurred in the city, and a murder,

Βεβλημενος εις φυλακην.

<sup>20</sup> Παλιν ουν ό Πιλατος προσεφωνησε, θελων 21 Of δε επεφωνουν, wishing Again therefore the Pilate απολυσαι τον Ιησουν. the They but cried, to release Jesus. 22°O λεγοντες. Σταυρωσον, σταυρωσον αυτον crucify him. He Crucify, Τι γαρ κακον  $\delta \epsilon$   $\tau \rho \iota \tau o \nu$   $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$   $\pi \rho o s$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon s$ What for aaid to them: evil εποιησεν ούτος; ουδεν αιτιον θανατου εύρον εν 1 found in this? nothing a cause o: death 23 Of DE αυτω· παιδευσας ουν αυτον απολυσω. him: having scourged therefore him , will release. They but επεκειντο φωναις μεγαλαις, αιτουμενοι αυτον demanding with voices loud, him **στ**αυρωθην**αι· κ**αι κατισχυον αί φωναι **α**υτων prevailed to be crucified; the voices of them and 24 'Ο δε Πιλατος επε-\* και των αρχιερεων. [and of the high-priests.] The and Pilate

κρινε γενισθαι το αιτημα αυτων.  $^{25}$  Απελυσε cided to satisfy the request of them. He released  $\delta \varepsilon$  τον  $\delta$ ια στασιν και φονον  $\varepsilon$ εβλημενον είς and the through sedition and murder having been cast into

and the through sedition and murder having been cast into \* Pr

for before they had been at Enmity with each other 13 ‡ And Pilets, having called the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the BULERS, and the

PEOPLE,

14 said to them, "You have brought this MAN to me, as one who misleads the PEOPLE; and behold, having examined him in your presence, # have not found this MAN guilty of the Crimes you bring against him.

15 Nor, indeed, has Herod; for \* he sent him back again to you; and behold, nothing worthy of Death has been done by him;

16 having chastised him, therefore, I will release him."

17 ‡\*[For it was Necessary to release one to them at the Feast.]

18 Then they all exclaimed with one accord, saying, "Take away this man. and release to us BARABBAS;"

19 (who had been cast into \*PRISON for a certain Insurrection made in the CITY, and a Murder.)

20 PILATE, therefore, again addressed them, wishing to release JESUS.

21 But THEY cried, saying, "Crucify, prucify him."

23 And HE said to them, a Third time, "For what? Has this man done Evil? I have found No Cause of Death in him; having chastised him, therefore, I will release him."

23 And THEY were ur gent with loud Voices, de manding him to be crucified, and their CRIES prevailed;

24 and \*Pilate decided to satisfy their REQUEST.

25 And he released KIM who had been CAST into \* Prison for Insurrection

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. he sent him back again to you; an behold, nothing were they of Death has been done by him. 17.—omit. 19. prison. 23. and the high-prissrs—omit. 24. Pilate. 25. Prison.

<sup>1 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 23; Mark xv. 14; John xviii. 83; xix. 4. Mark xv. 8; John xviii. 836

την φυλακην, δν ητοιντο τον δε Ιησουν παρεthe prison, whom they asked; the out Jesus he de- $\frac{1}{2}$  κε τω θεληματι αυτων.

F ered to the will 6 Και ως απηγογον αυτον, επιλαβομενοι Σι-And as theyled him, having laid hold of Siμωνος τινος Κυρηναιου ερχομενου απ' αγρου, & certain Cyrenian coming from country, επεθηταν αυτφ τον σταυρον, φερειν οπισθεν they placed to him the Cross, to earry **Του Ι**ητου. <sup>27</sup> Ηκολουθει δε αυτφ πολυ πληθος Followed and him a great multitude Jesus. Tou λαου, και γυναικων αί \*[και] εκοπτοντο of the people, and of women who [also] lamented sate εθρηνουν αυτον. 28 Στοαφεις δε προς αυτας and bewailed him. Turning but to them δ Ιησους, ειπε. Θυγατερες Ίερουσαλημ, μη Daughters eaid. of Jerusalem, not κλαιετε επ' εμε, πλην εφ' έαυτας κλαιετε, και enyou for me, but for yourselves weepyou, and <sup>29</sup> 'Οτι ιδου, ερχονται ήμεεπιτα τεκνα ύμων.

for the children elyon. For to, come days, ραι, εν αίς ερουσι Μακαριαι αί στειραι, και in which they will say; Blessed the barren ones, and κοιλιαι αί ουκ εγεννησαν, και μαστοι οί ουκ

wombe which not bore

εθηλασαν. 30 Τοτε αρξονται λεγειν τοις ορεσι·
suckled. Then they will begin to say to the mountains;
Πεσετε εφ' ήμας· και τοις βουνοις· Καλυψατε

and

breasts which not

Fillyon on us; and to the hills; Coveryon μας, 31 Ότι ει εν τω ύγρω ξυλω ταυτα ποιουτω. For if in the green tree these they

TIV, EV TO Enpart To YEVATAL; to, in the dry what will be don?

<sup>32</sup> Ηγοντο δε και έτεροι δυο κακουργοι συν and also others two malefactors with αυτω αναιρεθηναι. 33 Και ότε απηλθον επι τον bim to be put to death. And when they came τοπον, τον καλουμένον Κρινιον έκει εσταυρωplace, that being cale ? ekull. there they cruciσαν αυτον, και τους κακουργους δν μεν εκ -od **₽**Dd the malefactors; one indeed at 34 **\***Γ'Ο δε Ιησους δεξιων, όν δε εξ αριστερων. right, one and at left. The and ελεγε Πατερ, αφες αυτοις ου γαρ οιδασι τι laid; Ofather forgive them; not for they knowwhat BOLOUGE.

ποίουστ ] Διαμερ ζομεναι δε τα ίματια αυτου, they do.; Hasing divided and the garments of him, εβαλον κληρον. 35 Και είστηκει ό λαος θεωρων they can alot. And stood the people gaing:

εξεμυκτηρίζου δε και οί αρχουτες \*[συν αυτοις,]
scoffed at and also the rulers [with them,]

λεγοντες Αλλους εσωσε, σωσατω έαυτον, ει aying: Others besaved, let him rave himself, if

and Murder, whom they desired; and delivered up Jesus to their will.

26 And as they led him away, having laid hold of Simon, a certain Cyrenian, coming from the Country, they laid the cross on him, that he might carry it after Jesus.

27 And there followed him a Great Multitude of the PEOPLE, and of Women who lamented and bewailed

28 But \* Jesus, turning to them, said, "Daughters of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for yourselves, and for your CHIL-DREN.

29 For behold, † Days are approaching, in which they will say, 'Happy the BARREN I even the Wombs which never bore, and the Breasts which never suckled.'

30 Then they will begin to say to the MOUNTAINS, 'Fall on us;' and to the HILLS, 'Cover us.'

31 For if these things are done while the Tree is \* Green, what will be done when it is DEY."

32 ‡ Now two others, who were Criminals were also led with him to be put to death.

83 And twhen they came to THAT PLACE which is CALLED Skull, they there nailed him to the cross, and the CRIMINALS; one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

34 \*(Then Jesus said, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do.") And having divided his GARMENTS, they cast Lots.

35 And the PEOPLE stood gazing. And the RUL 3 also scoffed, saying, "He saved others; let him save himself, \*if he is the Sor.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—27. also —omit. 23. Jesus. 31. Green. Jesus said, "Pather, forgive them, for they know not what they do. "—omit. them—omit 35. if he is the Son, the Messian, the chosen of God.

<sup>84</sup> Then 85, with

<sup>† 29.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 10; Luke xxi. 23. 1 53. 1sa. lni. 12; Matt. xxvii. 38. txvi. 33, Mark xv. 22: John #15-17, 18.

• ὑτος εστιν ὁ Χριστος, ὁ του θεου εκλεκτος.
this is the Anointed, the of the God chosen. 36 Ενεπαιζον δε αυτφ και οί στρατιωται, προσand him also the Mocked soldiers. \*[και] ερχομενοι οξος προσφεροντες αυτω, ing near [and] offering vinegar to him, <sup>37</sup> και λεγοντες. Ει συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιουof the Jews, saying. If thou art the king 38 Ην δε και επιγραφη δαιων, σωσον σεαυτον. Was and also an inscription thyself. \*[γεγραμμενη] επ' αυτφ \*[γραμμασιν Έλλη-[having been written] over him [letters νικοις, και 'Ρωμαικοις, και Έβραικοις. ] "Ούτος Latin, Hebrews) and and This εστιν ό βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. is the king of the Jews."

<sup>39</sup> Είς δε των κρεμασθεντων κακουργων εβλασ-One and of those having been hanged malefactors spoke φημει αυτον, \*[λεγων] Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, against him, [saying.] If thou art the Christ, 40 Αποκριθεις δε δ σωσον σεαυτον και ήμας. thyself and save us. Answering but the έτερος επιτιμα αυτφ λεγων. Ουδε φοβη συ τον rebuked him saying; Not even fearest thou the θεον, δτι εν τφ αυτφ κριματι ει; 41 Και ήμεις since in the same condemnation thou art? And μεν δικαιω**ς· αξι**α γαρ ών επραξαμε**ν απ**ολαμβαindeed justly; due for which has been done we receive: 42 Kaı νομε**ν·** ούτο**ς δ**ε ουδεν ατοπον επραξε, but nothing this amiss bas done. And \*[κυριε,] ελεγε τω Ιησου Μνησθητι μου, he said to the Jesus; Do thou remember me, [Olord,] ελθης εν τη βασιλεια σου, 43 Και ειπεν kingdom of thee. when thou may est come in the And αυτω δ Ιησους. Αμην λεγω σοι, σημερον μετ' Indeed Issy to thee, to-day to him the Jesus; with εν τω παραδεισω, εμου εση me thoushalt be in the paradise.

<sup>44</sup> Ην δε ώσει ώρα έκτη, και σκοτο**ς εγ**ενε**το** It was and about hour sixth, and darkness come εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. 45 Kaı | land, over whole the till hour pinth. And εσκοτισθη δ ήλιος και εσχισθη το καταπεwas darkened the sun; and wasrent the veil 46 Και φωνησας φωνη τασμα του ναου μεσον. of the temple midst. crying with a voice

the Messiah, the chosen of God."

36 And the SOLDIERS also derided him, coming near and offering him Vine-

37 and saying, "If thou art the KING of the JEWS,

save thyself."

38 ‡ And there was also an Inscription over him;— "This is the KING of the

JEWS."

39 ‡Andone of the CRIM-INALS who were † SUS-PENDED, reviled him, saying, \*"Art not thou the MESSIAH? save thyself and us."

40 But the OTHER answering rebuked him, saying, "Dost thou not even fear God, since thou art under the same Sentence?

41 And we, indeed justly; for we receive what is due for the deeds we have done; but this man has done nothing amiss."

42 And he said to \*Jesus, "Remember me when thou comest \* in thy KING-DOM."

43 † And \* he said to him, "Indeed I say to thee. This day thou shalt be with me in † PARADISE."

44 \* And it was now about the sixth Hour, and there was Darkness over the Whole LAND till the ninth \*Hour;

45 the sun failing, \* and the veil of the temple was rent in the Midst.

46 And JESUS exclaim.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. and—omit. 38. written—omit. 38. in Letters of Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew—omit. 39. saying—omit. 89. Art not thout the Messiah? save. 42. Lord—omit. 42. to 43. he said. 44. Hour; the sun failing, 45. and the veil.

<sup>+ 39.</sup> It is likely that the two robbers were not nailed to their crosses, but only tied to them by cords, and thus they are represented in ancient paintings.—A. Clarke. † 43. This verse was wanting in the copies of Marcion and other reputed hereties; and in some of the older copies in the time of Origen; nor is it cited by Justin, Ireneus, or Tertullian; though the two former have quoted almost every text in Luke which relates to the crucifision; and Tertullian wrote concerning the intermediate state. See Evanson's Diss. p. 28. Im. Ver note. † 43. The word paradise is not Greek, but is of Asiatic origin. In Arabic and Persian it signifies a garden, a vineyard. The Septuagint renders Gen. ii. 8, thus; "God planted a paradise in Eden." The word only occurs in two other places in the New Testa ment—2 Cor. xii. 4; and Rev. ii. 7.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 37; Mark xv. 26; John xix. 19. † 39. Matt. xxvii. 44; Mark xv 18. † 45. Matt. xxvii. 51; Mark xv. 38.

ωεγαλη δ Ιηπους, ειπε Παπερ, εις χειρας σου ou be Jessa, said: Ofather, into hands of thee παραθησομαι το πνευμα μου. Και ταυτα ειπων, the breath of me. And these having said, 47 Ιδων δε δ έκατονταρχος το γε*εξεπνευσεν*. that hevhe breathed out. Seeing and the centurion νομενον, εδοξασε τον θεον, λεγων OUT'S & ing occurred, glorified the God, eaving: Truly the 42 Kai mavtes oi ανθρωπος ούτος δεκαιος ην. thin W 16. And ell the συμπαραγενομενοι οχλοι επι την θεωριαν ταυeight this, having come together crowds to the τιν, θεωρουντες τa **Τυπτοντές** γενομενα, beholding the things having occurred, striking <sup>49</sup> Είστη-**▼[έαυτ**ων] τα στηθη ύπεστρεφον. [of themselves] the breasts returaed. Stood κεισαν δε παντες οί γνωστοι αυτου μακροθεν,

all the acquaintances of him at a distance, και γυναικες ι δυνακολουθησασαι αυτφ απο him from those having followed women της Γαλιλαίας, δρωσαί ταυτα.

beholding these things. Galilee,

50 Και ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι Ιωσηφ, βουλευτης aman with a name Joseph, a senator And lo.

<sup>51</sup> (ούτος ύπαρχων, ανηρ αγαθος και δικαιος. (this a man good and just, being. ουκ ην συγκατατεθειμενος τη βουλη και τη the having assented tothe will and not was πραξει αυτων,) απο Αριμαθαιας πολεως των from of the of them,) Arimathea a city aci Ιουδαιων, ός και προσεδεχετο \* [και αυτος] την Jews, who and was looking for [also himself] the βασιλείαν του θεου· 52 ούτος προσελθων τω having gone to the kingdom of the God; this 53 Kat

body of the Jesus. asked the And αυτο, ενετυλιξεν αυτο σιδονι, και καθελων he wrapped io linen, having taken down it, it and εθηκεν αυτο, εν μνηματι λαξευτω, ού ουκ ην atomb hewnin a rock, where not was in 64 Και ήμερα ην παραουδεπω ουδεις κειμενος.

Πιλατφ, ητησατο το σωμα του Ιησου.

day everyet no one being laid. And Was prepa-<sup>55</sup> Катакоσκευη, και σαββατον επεφωσκε. sabbath approached. Having folλουθησασαι δε \* [και] γυναικες, altives ησαν bowed after and falso] women, who were

συνεληλυθυιαι αυτφ εκ της Γαλιλαιας, εθεαhim out of the having been with Galilee, be**σ**αντο το μνημειο**ν, κ**αι ώς ετεθη το σωμα αυτου. tom's, and how they laid the body of him.

6 Υποστρεψασαι δε ήτυιμασαν αρωματα and they prepared aromatics and Having returned και το μεν σαββατον ήσυχασαν κατα they rested according to piatments; and the indeed sabbath την εντολην.

the commandment.

ing with a loud Voice, said, "Father, into thy Hands I commit my t spirit;" and having said this, the cx-

47 1 And the Centurion seeing what had CURRED, he glorified God, saying, "Truly This MAN was righteous."

48 And All the crowds who had COME TOGETHER to this spectacle, having beheld the THINGS which occurred, returned, beating their BREASTS.

49 And All his acquain-TANCE, \* and THOSE WO-MEN who had FOLLOWED him from Galilee, stood at a distance, beholding these things.

50 2 And behold, a Man named Joseph, a Senator, a good and righteous Man,

51 (he had not consented to their pesigns and DEEDS,) from Arimathea, a City of the Jews; and who was waiting for the KINGDOM of GOD.

52 This man coming to PILATE, asked for the BODY of JESUS.

53 And having taken it down, he wrapped it in Linen, and laid it in a Tomb cut out of a rock, in which no one had ever yet been laid.

54 And it was the Day of ‡ Preparation, and the Sabbath approached.

55 And the women following after, who had accompanied him from GALILEE, saw the TOMB. and how his BODY was laid.

56 And returning, they 1 prepared Aromatics and Ointments; and rested on the SABBATH, according to the COMMANDMENT.

49. and those women who

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. of themselves -omit. 55 also-omit. 51. also himself-omit.

<sup>† 46.</sup> My breath or life, Luke viii. 55.

<sup>1 47.</sup> Matt. xxvii, 54; Mark xv. 89 1 54, Matt. xxvii, 62. 1 56. Mark 1 45, Matt xxvii. 50; Mark xv. 37; John xix. 30. : 50. Matt. xxvii. 57: Mark :: v. 42; John xix. 38. 1 56. Mark xvi.l.

## ΚΕΦ. κδ'. 24.

Tη δε μια των σαββατων, ορθρου βαθεος,
In the and first of the weeks, of morning very early, weeks, of morning very early, ηλθον επι το μνημα, φερουσαι α ήτοιμασαν to the tomb, bringing what they prepared \*[και τινες συν αυταις.] <sup>2</sup> Ευρον αρωματα. and some with them.] δε τον λιθον αποκεκυλισμενον απο του μνημειου. from the and the stone having been rolled <sup>8</sup> Και εισελθουσαι ουχ εύρον το σωμα του κυριου And having entered not they found the body of the Lord Ιησου. 4 Και εγενετο εν τφ διαπορεισθαι αυτας | And it happened in the to be perplexed **π**ερι τουτου, και ιδου, ανδρες δυο επεστησα**ν** and lo, this, men twa stood <sup>5</sup> Εμφοαυταις εν εσθησεσιν αστραπτουσαις. by them in clothing shining. βων δε γενομενων αυτων, και κλινουσων το and having become of them, and bowing the τροσωπου εις την γην, ειπον προς αυτας. Τι face to the earth they said to them: Why (ητειτε τον ζωντα μετα των νεκρων; <sup>6</sup>Ουκ seek you the living among the dead ones? Not εστιν ώδε, αλλ' ηγερθη. Μνησθητε ώς ελαληhe is here, but has been raised. Remember you how he spoke σεν ύμιν, ετι ών εν τη Γαλιλαια, <sup>7</sup> λεγων 'Οτι to you, while being in the Galdee,' saying; That τον υίον του αυθρωπου παραδοθηναι εις tothoves the son of the man to be delivered into χ-ιρας ανθρωπων άμαρτωλων, και σταυρωθηναι, of men of sinners, and to be crucified, και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστηναι. 8 Και εμνησand the third day to stand up. And they reθησαν των δηματων αυτου. 9 και υποστρεψασαι words of him: bas having geturned απο του μνημειου, απηγγειλαν ~auta marta come the they related tomb, all 10 Ησαν δε τοις ένδεκα και πασι τοις λοιποις. o the eleven and to all the others. Were and ή Μαγδαληνη Μαρια, και Ιωαννα, και Μαρια Magdalene Mary, and Joanna, and Ι. συβου, και αί λοιπαι συν αυταις, αί ελεγον of Jar es, and the others with them, who spoke τρο τους αποστολους ταυτα. 11 Και εφανησαν the apostles these. And appeared ενωπιον αυτων ώσει ληρος τα δηματα αυτων, in presence of them as an idle tale the words 12 'Ο δε Πετρος αναστας και ήπιστουν αυταις. The and and they believed not them. Peter εδραμεν επι το μνημειον, και παρακυψας βλεπει to the tomb, and having stooped down he sees τα οθονία \*[κείμενα] μονα και απηλθε προς ξαυτον, θαυμαζων το γεγονος. wondering that having occurred.

CHAPTER XXIV.

1 And on the FIRST day of the WEEK, very early in the Morning, they went to the TOMB, carrying the Aromatics which they had prepared.

2 And they found the STONE rolled away from

the TOMB;
3 ‡ and having entered, they found not the BODY t of the Lord Jesus.

4 And it occurred, as they were in perplexity about this, t behold two Men stood by them in shin-

ing Clothing.
5 And the women being afraid, and bowing their FACES to the EARTH, these said to then. "Why do you seek the LIVING one among

the DEAD?

6 He is not here, but has been raised. ‡ Remember how he spoke to you, while

he was yet in GALILEE;
7 saying, The son of MAN must be delivered up into the Hands of Sinners. and be crucified, and the THIRD day rise again."

8 And they recollected

his words:

9 and returning from the TOMB, related all these things to the ELEVEN, and

to All the REST.

10 Now they were the MAGDALA Mary, and Jo-anna, and \*THAT Mary the mother of James, and the отивка with them, who told these things to the APOSTLES.

11 1 And \* these WORDS appeared to them like idle talk; and they believed

them not.

10. THAT Mary.

12 † But PETER arising ran to the YOMB, and stoop. ing down he saw only the LINEN BANDS; and he went away by himself. wondering at what had HAPPENED.

1 4. John xx. 1 9. Matt

11. theza

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. and some with them-omit. 12. lying-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Fischendorf omits the words "of the Lord Jesus." this verse.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Tischendorf omita

<sup>† 1.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 1; Mark xvi. 1; John xx. 2. † 3. Mark xvi. 5. 12. † 6. Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 23; Mark viii. 81; ix 31; Luke ix. 22. xxvii. 8; Mark xvi. 10. † 11. Mark xvi. 11.

13 Και ιδου, δυο εξ αυτων ησαν πορευομενοι εν going la, two of them were κυτη τη ήμερα εις κωμην απεχουσαν σταδιους this the day into avillage being distant furlongs εξηκοντα απο Ίερουσαλημ, 'η ονομα Εμμαους. Jerusal-m, to which a name from <sup>24</sup> Και αυτοι ώμιλουν προς αλληλους περι πανabout And they were talking to each other των των συμβεβηκοτων τουτων. 15 Και εγενενο And it occurred of the having happened of these. εν τφ δμιλειν αυτους και συζητειν, και αυτος δ in the totalk them and to reason, even he the 16 Οἱ δε Ιησους εγγισας συνεπορεύετο αυτοίς. The but Jesus haviu gcome near went with theu. οφθαλμοι αυτων εκρατουντο, του μη επιγνωναι the not of them. were held, to know 17 Eine de mos autous. Tives of doyor He said and to them; What the words αυτον. ούτοι, ούς αντιβαλλετε προς αλληλους περιπαwalkto one another these, which you throw τουντες, και εστε σκυθρωποι; 18 Αποκριθεις δε ing, Answering and and are sad? 'φ ονυμα Κλεοπας, ειπε προς αυτον. δ eis, he one, to whom a name Cleopas, ezid to him: Συ μονος παροικεις Ίερουσαλημ, και ουκ εγ-Thou aloue sojournest Jerusalem, and not thou γενομενα εν αυτη εν ταις ήμεραις knowest the things having been done in her in the <sup>19</sup> Και ειπεν αυτοις. TauTais; Ποια; these P And ke said to them: What things? They δε ειπον αυτφ. Τα περι Ιησου του Ναζωand said to him: The things about Jesus the Nazzραιου, ός εγενετο ανηρ προφητης, δυνατος εν rene, who was powerful in a man a prophet, εργφ κα**ι λο**γφ εναντιον του θεου και παντο**ς** work and word in presence of the God and 20 Όπως τε παρεδωκαν αυτον οί του λαου. delivered up the people. How and him the αρχιερεις και οί αρχοντες ήμων εις κριμα θαναhigh-pricets and the chiefs of us to a sentence του, και εσταυρωσαν αυτον. 21 'Ημεις δε ηλπιdeath, and crucified him. We but hoped, (ομεν, ότι αυτος εστιν ό μελλων λυτρουσθαι he it is the being about that to redeem τον Ισραηλ. αλλαγε συν πασι τουτοις τριτην besides all Israel: hut these third ταυτην ήμεραν αγει σημερον, αφ' ού ταυτα day goes away to-day, from of which these <sup>22</sup> αλλα και γυναικες τινες εξ ήμων EYEVETO. nccurredi but also women some af **ε**ξεστησαν ήμας, γενομεναι **ο**ρθριαι επι το μνηastonished us, having been early at the tomb; μειον. 23 και μη εύρουσαι το σωμα αυτου, ηλθεν,

and not having found the body of him, came. λεγουσαι και οπτασιαν αγγελων έωρακεναι, οί BODY, they came, saying, a vision

of messengers to have seen, who that they had even seen a

13 ‡ And behold, two of them were going on the Same DAY, to a Village called Emmaus, sixty Furlongs from Jerusalem.

14 And then were conversing with each other about All these THINGS which had HAPPENED.

15 And it occurred, while they were conversing and reasoning, \*Jesus himself having approached, went with them.

16 But their eyes were held, so that they did not

RECOGNIZE him.

17 And he said to them, "What WORDS are these which you are exchanging with each other, as you \*walk? and why are you dejected ?"

18 And the ONE I named Cleopas, answering, said to him, "Art thou the only Sojourner in Jerusalem, who is unacquainted with the THINGS which have occurred in it in these DAYS !"

19 And he said to them, "What things ?" And they "The THINGS said to him, "The THINGS concerning Jesus, the NA-ZARITE, ‡a Man who was a Prophet, powerful in Work and Word before GOD and All the PEOPLE:

20 tand how the HIGH-PRIESTS and our RULERS delivered him up to a Scntence of Death, and crucified him.

21 But we hoped ! That it was he who was about to redeem ISRAEL; and besides all this, \* This Day is the Third since these things were done.

22 But # some of our Women also astonished us; for having been early at the TOMB,

23 and not finding his

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. Jesus. M. This Day is the Third since.

<sup>17.</sup> walk? And they stood still and were sad.

tvi. 10 . John xx. 13.

24 Και απηλθον (nr. λεγουσιν αυτον TIVES him to he alive. Bay And went some €ύρου TWV GUY ήμι⊅ επι το μνημειον, και efthose with to the tomb. and found 118 \*[ούτω,] καθως και αί γυναικες ειπον· QUTOV also the woman said: him  $^{25}\,\mathrm{Ka}\,\imath$  autos eite tros autous. δε ουκ ειδον. out not they saw. And he tries them; to Ο ανοητοι και βραδεις τη καρδια του πιστευειν with the heart of the to believe O thoughtless and slow 26 **Ουχ**‡ επι πασιν, οίς ελαλησαν οί προφηται. prophets. Not which spoke the παθειν τον Χριστον, και εισελταυτα €δ€ι these it was binding to have suffered the Anointed, and θειν εις την δοξαν αύτου; 27 Και αρξαμενος απο enter into the glory of himself? And beginning from Μωσεως και απο παντων των προφητων, διηρand from Ila of the prophets, μηνευεν αυτοις εν πασαις ταις γραφαις explained to them in all the writings the things 28 Και ηγγισαν εις την κωμην, ού And they drew near to the village, where περι αύτου. about himself. επυρευοντο· και αυτος προσεποιειτο πορβωτερω they were going ; and be seemed intending further <sup>29</sup> Kaı πορευεσθαι. παρεβιασαντο αυτου, But to go. they pressed him. λεγοντες. Μεινον μεθ' ήμων, άτι προς έσπεραν Abide with us for toward evening εστι, και κεκλικεν ή ήμερα. Και εισηλθε του And he went in and has declined the day. the <sup>30</sup> Και εγενετο εν τφ κατα-HELVAL OUY QU? OLS. them. And it happened in the to abide with κλιθηναι αυτον μετ' αυτων, λαβων τον αρτον, with them, having taken the loaf. 31 Auευλογησε, και κλασας επεδιδου αυτοις. and having broken he gave to them. των δε διηνοιχθησαν οί οφθαλμοι, και επεγνωthem and were opened the eyes, and they knew και αυτος αφαντος εγενετο απ' Gay autor. and Ьe disappeared from 32 Και ειπον προς αλληλους· Ουχι ή αυτων. And they said to rach other: Not the καρδια ήμων καιομενη ην \* [εν ήμιν,] ως ελαλει beart of us burning was [in us,] ashewastalking ημιν εν τη δδφ, \*[και] ως διην γεν ημιν τας to us to the way, [and] as he was opening to us the tous : the way, γραφας:

<sup>33</sup> Και ανασταντες α<sup>ω</sup>τη τη ώρα, υπεστρεψαν in this the hour, risingup they returned · Ιερουσαλημ· και εύρον συνηθροισμενους 6:3 and found having been assembled ους ένδεκα και τους συν αυτοις, 31 λεγοντας. and those with them. saying: the ωφθη Zıτι ηγερθη δ κυριος οντως, και That nambeen raised the Lord indeed, and has appeared to Si-

writings?

Vision of Angels, who said that he was alive.

24 And some of THOSE with us went to the TOME. and found it as the WOMEN had said; but Him they saw not."

25 And he said to them, "O inconsiderate men, and slow of heart to believe all which the PROPHETS

have spoken!
26 Was it not necessary I for the MESSIAH to have suffered these things, and to enter his glory?"

27 And beginning from Moses, and through All the PROPHETS, he explained to them in All the SCRIP-TURES the THINGS CODcerning himself.

28 And they drew near to the VILLAGE where they were going; and he seemed as intending to go further.

29 But they urged him, saying, "Remain with us, for it is towards Evening. and the DAY has \*already declined. And he went in to ABIDE with them.

30 And it occurred, as he RECLINED with them. taking the LOAF, he blesor sed God, and having broken it, he gave to them.

31 And Their EYES were opened, and they knew him; and he disappeared from them.

32 And they said to each other, "Did not our HEARTS † burn, while he talked to us on the ROAD, and while he unfolded to us the scriprures?"

33 And rising up the Same nour, they returned to Jerusalem, and found the ELEVEN, and THOSE with them, assembled,

34 SAYING, "The LORD has indeed been raised, and has appeared to Simon."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—24. thus—omit. 29. already past. 32. in us-and-om. † 32. The Codex Bezæ has a very remarkable reading here; instead of kaiomenee, burned, has kekalummenee, veiled, and one of the Itala, has fuit excacatum, was blinded. "Was our hearts veiled (blinded) when he conversed with us on the way and while he unfolded Societures to us," seeing we did not know him .- A. Clarke.

<sup>1 80.</sup> Matt. miv. 12. 26. verse 46; Acts xvii. 3; 1 Pet. i. 11.

HOVI.  $^{35}$  Και αυτοι εξηγουντο auα εν auη δδau, **h**aA they related the things in the way, mon. και ὧς εγνωσθη φυτοις εν τη κλασει του αρτου. and how he was known to them 'n the breaking of the <sup>36</sup> Ταυτα δε αυτών λαλουντών, αυτος εστη εν These and of them speaking. in Le. atood μεσφ αυτων, και λεγει αυτοις. Ειρηνη ύμιν. of them, midst and 82y1 to them; Peace to you.  $^{37}$   $\Pi \tau o \eta \theta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon s$  $\delta \epsilon$ και εμφοβοι γενομενι, Being terrified but and affrighted having become, 38 Και ειπεν αυτοις· εδοκουν πνευμα θεωρειν. they thought a spirit , to see. And he said to them; Γι τεταραγμενοι εστε; και διατι διαλογμισμοι Why having been agitated are you? and why reasonings αναβαινουσαν εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων; <sup>39</sup> Ιδε**τε** the hearta of you? τας χειρας μου και τους ποδας μου, ότι αυτος the hands of me and the feet of me, that he εγω ειμι ψηλαφησατε με και ιδετε δτι πνευμα handle you me and ace you; for am: a spirit σαρκα και υστεα ουκ εχει, καθως εμε θεωρειτε has, me you perceive flesh and bones not 8.5 40 Και τουτο ειπων, επεδειξεν αυτοις And this having.

saying, he showed Sag. 41 Eti de aniotoupτας χειρας και τους ποδας. While and and the feet. not helievτων αυτων απο της χαρας, και θαυμαζοντων, the ing of them from joy. and were wondering, αυτοις Εχετε τι βρωσιμων ενθαδε; hesaid to them; Have you anything eatable here? 42 Οί δε επεθωκαν αυτφ ιχθυος υπτου μερος, They and \_-ve to him of a fish broiled a piece,

and from a boney comb. ! And bering taken, 44 Ειπε εφαγεν.  $\delta \epsilon$ ενωπιον αυτων ofthem he cat. Resaid and to them; Ούτοι οί λιγοι, ούτ ελαλητα προς ύμας, ετι ων These the words, which Ispoke to while being you. συν δμιν, ότι δει πληρωθηναι παντα τα γεγ-

\*[και απο μελισσιου κηριου.]

with you, that must to be fulfilled all the things having ραμμενα εν τφ νομφ Μωσεως, και προφηταις, of Moses, heen written in the les hoa prophets, <sup>45</sup> Τοτε ψαλμοις. περι εμου. διηνοιξεν

concerning ma. Then he opened αυτων τον νουν, TOU συνιεναι τας γραφας. mind, the of the to understand the writings;

46 και ειπεν αυτοις. 'Οτι ούτω γεγραπται, και and he said to them That thue it in written.

παθειν τον Χριστον, και αναστηούτως εδε. Anointed, and thus it behoved to have suffered the to atand ναι εκ νεκρων τη τριτη ήμερα, 47 και κηρυχap out of dead ones in the third day. and

And then related 35 what THINGS happened or the ROAD, and how he was known to them in the BREAKING of the LOAF.

36 # And as they were saying these things, he stood in the Midst of them. t and says to them, "Peace be to you."

But they being troubled and terrified, thought they saw Ita Spirit.

38 And he said to them. "Why are you troubled? and why do Doubts arise in your \* hearts?

39 : See my hands and my feet, that I am he; handle me, and be convinced; For a Spirit has not \* both Flesh and Bones as you perceive me to have."

40 † And having said this, he showed them his HANDS and his FEET.

41 And while from JOY they were unbelieving, and were wondering, he said to them, "Have you any Food here 🚧

42 And THEY gave him Fart of a broiled Fish:

43 and taking it, theate in their presence.

44 And he said to them. I"These are the WORD! which I spoke to you, while I was yet with you, That All THINGS WRITTEN in the LAW of Moses, and in the \* PROPHETS, and in the Psalms, concerning me, must be fully accomplished."

45 Then he opened Their MINDS to UNDERSTAND

the scriptures,

46 and said to them, "Thus it is written, \* that the Messian should suffer. and should rise from the to be Dead the THIRD Day;

<sup>43</sup> Και λαβων,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. troubled, and. 38. HEART. 39. both Flesh and 42. and from a Honey comb-omit. 44. PROPHETS. 46. that the Messiah should suffer, and should rise.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Tischendort omits, "And says to them, 'Peace be to you," † 37. Griesbach † 40. Tischhas phantasma, phantom, in the margin, which agrees with Mark vi. 49. endorf omits this verse.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Mark xvi. 14; John xx. 19; 1 Cor. xv. 5. † 37. Mark vi. 49. † 39. John xx 20, 27. † 43. Acts x. 41. † 44. Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 22; xx. 18; Mark viii. 81c Luke ix. 22; xviii. 31.

θηναι επιτφ ονοματι αυτου μετανοιαν και αφεproclaimed in the same of him reformation and for giveσιν αμαρτιων εις παντα τα εθνη, αρξαμενον απο
mess of sins to all the saions, beginning from
Τερουσαλημ.  $^{48}$ Υμεις δε εστε μαρτυρες τουτων.
Jerusalem. You and are witnesses of these.

Kai ίδου, εγω αποστελλω την επαγγελίαν
And lo, I mendforth the promise

του πατρος μου εφ' ύμας ' ύμεις δε καθισατε εν efthe father of me on you, you but remain you in the model, έως οὐ ενδυσησθε δυναμιν εξ ύψους. The city, till you may be clothed power from on high.

Eξηγαγε δε αυτους εξω έως εις Βηθανιαν και
Heled and them ont even to Bethany; and
επαρας τας χειρας αύτου, ευλογησεν αυτους.
caving liftedupthe hands of himself, be blessed them.

51 Και εγενετο εν τφ ευλογειν αυτον αυτους, And it happened in the to bless απ' αυτων, και ανεφερετο εις τον ου-**Ε**ιεστη he stood apart from them, and was carried up into the hea-52 Και αυτοι προσκυνησαντες αυτον, ρανον. they £nA having prostrated to him, ten. ὑπεστρεψαν εις Ἱερουσαλημ μετα χαρας μεγα-| returned Jerusalem with joy to

λης. 53και ησαν διαπαντος εν τφ ίερφ, \* [αινουνend were continually in the temple, [praising

res kai endo yourres tor beor.

and blessing the God.

47 and that in his NAME, Reformation \*in order to Forgiveness of Sins should be proclaimed to All the NATIONS, beginning at Jerusalem.

48 And t you are Witnesses of these things.

49 And, behold, 3 send forth the Promase of my father upon you; but remain you in the ciry, till you are invested with Power from on high."

50 And he led them out to Bethany; and lifting up his HANDS, he blessed them.

51 Anditoccurred while he was blessing them, he was separated from them, †and carried up into hbaven.

him, 52 And thry † having eγαprostrated to him, returngreat: ed to Jerusalem with great Joy;

53 and were constantly in the TEMPLE, blessing Gop.

# \*ACCORDIGN TO LUKE.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—47. in order to Forgiveness. Subscription—According to Luke.

<sup>53.</sup> praising and-omit.

<sup>† 51 &</sup>amp; 52. Tischendorf omits, "and carried up into heaven," and "having prostrated to nim."

<sup>1 48.</sup> John xv. 27; Acts i. 8, 22; li. 32; iii. 15.

<sup>1 49.</sup> Acts i. 4.

<sup>1 50.</sup> Acts i. 12.

### ACCORDING JOHN.

# ΚΕΦ. a'. 1.

1 Εν αρχη ην δλογος, και δλογος ην προς In a beginning was the word, and the word was with <sup>2</sup> Ούτο**ς** ην εν τον θεον, και θεος ην δ λογος. God, and a god was the word. This was in <sup>3</sup> Παντ**α** δι' αυτου TOOS TOV θεον. a beginning with the God. † εγενετο: και χωρι, αυτου εγενετο ουδε έν, 🐧 was done: and without it was done not even one, that 4 Εν αυτφ ζωη ην, και ή ζωη ην το YEYOVEV. has been done. it life was, and the life φως των ανθρωπων<sup>. 5</sup> και το φως εν τη σκοτια and the light in the darkness light of the men

φαινει, και ή σκοτια αυτο ου καταλαβεν.

shines, and the darkness

it not apprehended. 6 Εγενετο ανθρωπος απεσταλμενος παρα θεου, a man having been sent ονομα αυτφίωαννης ' ούτος ηλθεν εις ματυριαν, came for a name to him John this a witness, ίνα μαρτυρηση περ**ι τ**ου φωτος, ίνα παντες πισthat he might testify about the light, that all might τευσωσι δι' αυτου, 8 Ουκ ην εκεινος το φως, through him. Not was the light, helieve he 9 Hr TO αλλ' ίνα μαρτυρηση τερι του ψωτος. but that he might testify shout the Was the φως το αληθινον, δ φωτιζει παντα ανθρωπον which enlightens every Eght the true.

10 Εν τφ κοσμφ ην, EDYOLLEVOY ELS TOP KOTHOP. In the world he was. και δ κοσμος δι' αυτου εγενετο, και δ κοσμος

world through him WAA, <sup>11</sup>Eis τα ιδια ηλθε, και οί GUTO" TUK  $\epsilon \gamma \nu \omega$ , not knew. Into the own he came, and the 12 'Οσοι δε ελαβον ιδιοι αυτον ου παρελαβον. As many as hut received him not received.

CHAPTER I.

In the # Beginning was the † Logos, and the Logos was with Gop, and tae Logos was God.

2 This was in the Begin-

ning with God.

8 I Through it every thing was done; and with. out it not even one thing was done, which has been

4 In it was Life; and the LIFE was the LIGHT of

MEN.

5 And the 1 LIGHT shone in the DARKNESS, and the DARKNESS apprehended It not.

6 !There was a Man, named John, sent by God.

7 He came for a Witness, that he might testify concerning the LIGHT, that all might believe through him.

8 Dewas not the LIGHT, but to testify concerning

the LIGHT.

9 The TRUE LIGHT was that, which, coming into the world, enlightens Every Man.

10 He was in the WORLD, and the world was (enlightened) through him; and yet the World knew Him not.

11 : He came to his own domains, and yet his own people received Him not;

12 but to as many as received him, the gave

10\*

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- Title-According to John.

<sup>; 1.</sup> In this and the fourteenth verse logos, has been transferred, rather than translated.

A. Clarke remarks, "This term should be left untranslated, for the very same reasons why the names Jesus and Chyut are left untranslated. As every appellative of the Savior of the world, was descriptive of some excellence in his person, nature, or work, so the epithet Logos, which signifies a word spoken, speech, eloquence, doctrine, reason, or the faculty of reasoning, is very properly applied to him." See 1 John 1. 1, for a clear and useful comment by the apostle John on the proem to this Gospel. by the apostle John on the proem to this Gospel. † 3. Ginomai occurs upwards of seven hundred times in the New Testament, but never in the sense of create, yet in most versions it is translated, as though the word was kiza. "The word occurs fifty-three times in this this translated, as though the word was kitta. "The word occurs hity-three times in this Gospel, and signifies to be, to come, to become, to come to pass; also, to be done or transacted. All things in the christian dispensation were done by Christ, i. e. by his authority, and according to his direction; and in the ministry committed to his apostles, nothing has been done without his warrant. See John xv. 4.5, "Without me ye can do nothing." Compare ver. 7, 10, 16; John xvii. 8; Col. i. 16, 17." Cappe's Diss † 10, ho kosmos, the order, arrangement of things, the human race; here it evidently means that kosmos of human beings which he came to enlighten and to save. John viii. 12; iii. 16.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Prov. viii. 22, &c.; 1 John l. 1. 12; ix. 5; xii. 35, 46. † 6. Mal. iil. 1; Matt. iii. 1; Luke iii. 2. 88; Mark xii. 7; Luke xix. 14. xx. 14. † 12. Bom. viii. 15; Gal. i 15. John viir 111. Matt. xxr 12. Rom. viii. 15; Gal. iii. 26, 27; I John ni. b

αυτον, εδακεν αυτοις **ε**ξουσια**ν** τεκνα he gave to them authorit; children of God γενεσθαι, τοις πιστευουσιν εις το ονομα αυτου. to become, to those believing into the name of him; 13 οί ουκ εξ αίματων, ουδε εκ θεληματος σαρκος, who not from bloods, nor from a will of flesh, out  $\epsilon \in \mathcal{K}$   $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \tau os$   $\alpha \nu \delta \rho os$ ,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda' \epsilon \kappa \theta \epsilon o \nu \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta$ a will of man, but from God nor from were be-14 Και δ λογος σαρξ εγενετο, και εσκηθησαν. And the word flesh zotten. became, and taberνωσεν εν ήμιν, (και εθεασαμεθα την δοξαν αυτου, sacled among us, (and we beheld the glory of him, δοξαν ώς μονογνους παρα πατρος,)  $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\eta s$ a father,) a glory as of an only-begotten from full χαριτος και αληθείας. 15 Ιωαννης μαρτυρεί περί and John testifies concerning αυτου, και κεκραγε, λεγων. Ούτος ην, This and cried, saying was, of whom ειπον 'Ο οπισω μου ερχ μενος, εμπροσθεν μου lsaid; He after me coming, before. 16 °Οτι εκ του γεγονεν ότι πρωτος μου ην. has become; for of me he was. first Because cut of the πληρωματος αυτου ήμεις παντες ελαβομεν, και fulness of himi received. ai. <sup>17</sup> Ότι δ νομος δια Μωχαριν αντι χα**ριτο**ς. favor upon For the law through Mofavor. σεως εδοθη· ή χαρις και ή σκηθεια δια Ιησου was given; the fevor and the truth through Jesus Χριστου εγενετο. Christ

18 Θεον ουδεις έωρακε πωποτε· δ μονογενης
God no one has seen ever the enhancement υίος, δ ων εις τον κολπον του πα~ρος, εκεινος eon, that being in the bosom of the father he 19 Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του  $\epsilon \xi \eta \gamma \eta \sigma \alpha \tau o$ . has made known. And this 16 the testimony of the Ιωαννου, ότε απεστειλαν οί Ιουδαιοι εξ Ίεροσο. aenf. the Jews irom λυμων ίερεις και Λευιτας, ίνα ερωτησωσιν αυτον• priests and Levites that they might ask Συ τις ει: 90 Κακ διμολογησε, και ουκ ηρνη-Thou who art? And he confessed, sod bas denied; OTE OUR E'M! EYW 5 σατο· κα: ώμολογησε» an d col fessari. That Dot am. the <sup>21</sup> Και ήρωτησαν aurovo Te XOITTOS. 0UV: Amointed. And they asked bim. What then?

θεου Authority to become Children of God, to THOSE BELIEVING into his NAME;

> 13 to who were begotten not of Blood, nor of the Will of the Flesh, nor of the Will of Man, but of God.

14 And the † Logos became ‡Flesh, and dwell among us,—and twe beheld his glory, a Glory as of an Only-begotten from a Father,—full of Faver and Truth.

15 † [John testified concerning him, and criec. "This is he of whom saying, "This is he of whom I said, t'HE who COMES after me is in advance of me; For he is my Superior."]

16 For out of his YUL ness we all received; even Favor upon Pavor.

17 For the LAW was given through Moses; the FA VOR and the TRUTH came through Jesus Christ

18 No one has ever seen God; the \* Only-begotten Son, who is in the Bosom of the FATHER, he has made him known.

13 Now this is the TES-TIMONY of JOHN. I When the Jews sent "to him Priests and Levices to ask him, "Who art thou?"

20 heacknowledged and did not deny but acknow-ledged, "# im not the MESSIAH."

21 And they asked him, "Who \*theil art thou?

· Vatican Manuscript.-18. Only-begotten Son he who is-21. then art tyou? Art thou Elijah?

19. to him Priests

t 1s. Griesbach notes a different reading of this verse. Instead of kon......genneetkeecouse has hos.....egenneetkee; the singular pronoun and verbior the plural; which woul. make the passage read—"Who was not begotten of Blood, n 1 of the Will of the Flesh nor I to Will of a Man, but of God;" thus reterring it directly to the physical eveneration 6th. Messiah, by the Spirit of God, rather than to the moral regeneration of believers. 11s. Newcome in his Translation of the New Testament, remarks, 12sus, the 1.0. 50s. is called the Word, because God revealed himself or his word by him." The following singu. Eastern custom may perhaps illustrate the phraseology of the first part. This chapter. "In Abyssinia, there is an officer named Kal Hatze, the word or voice of the lang, whistom always upon the steps of the throne, at the side of a lattice window, where there is ol. covered in the inside with a curtain of green taffeta. Behind this curtain the list, si; ; and speaks through the aperture to the Kal Hatze, who communicates his sommand: to the officers, judges, and attendants.—Bruce's Travels. † 15. Some put this verse after the 18th. cers, judges, and attendants.—Bruce's Travels.

† 13. John iii, 5; James i. 18; 1 Pet. i. 23. † 14. Ma 1 Tim. iii. 16. † 14. Matt. xvii. 2; 2 Pet. i. 17. Luke iii. 16; ver. 27, 30; John iii. 31. † 19. John v. 33. † 14. Matt. i. 16, 20; Luke i. 31, 35; ii. 7: 17. § 15. Matt. iil. 11; Mark i. ?

'Ο προ-Kat λεγει Ουκ ειμι.
And hesays: Nut Iam. **Ηλιας ει συ,** Elias art thou? The proφητης ει συ; Και απεκριθη Ου. 22 Ειπου συν phet arttaou? And he answered, No. They said then αυτώ. Τις ει; ίνα αποκρισιν δωμεν τοις πεμto him; Who artthou? that an answer we may give to those having ψασιν ήμις τι λεγεις περισεαυτου; 23 Εφη us; what sayest thou about thyself? He aid ment. Εγω. " φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημώ. Ευθυνατε "A voice crying in the desert; Makeyonstraight την όδου κυριου," καθως ειπευ 'Ησαιας ό προ-the way of alord," as said Esaias the pro-<sup>24</sup> Και οί απεσταλμενοι ησαν εκ των  $\phi \eta \tau \eta s$ . And those having been sent were Φαρισαιων· <sup>25</sup> και ηρωτησαν αυτον, και ειπον and they asked Pharisees; him, and said αυτω. Τι ουν βαπτιζεις, ει συ ουκ ει δ Χρισto him, Why then dippest thou, if thou not art the Anoinτος, ουτε Ηλιας, ουτε προφητης;  $^{26}$  Απεκριθη ted, nor Elias, nor a prophet? αυτοις δ Ιωαννης, λεγων Εγω βαπτιζω εν them the John, saying: dip them the John, δε διμών έστηκεν, όν ὑμεις ουκ water: midst [out] οίγου stands, whom you not οιδατε, δ οπισω μου ερχομενος, ού εγω ουκ know, he after me coming, fwhom I not ειμι αξιος, ίνα λυπω αυτου τον ίμαντα του am worthy, that I may loose of him the atrap ofthe ύποδηματος. 28 Ταυτα εν Βηθανια εγενετο sandal These to Bethany were done περαν του Ιορδανου, όπου ην Ιωανιης βαπbeyond the Jordan, where was dip-TI (WV. ping.

29 Τη επαυριών βλεπει τον Ιησούν ερχομενού In the morrow he heholds the Jesus προς αυτον, και λεγει. Ιδε δ αμνος του ιεου, ξ him, and he says: Behold the lamb of the God, he 30 Ούτος αιρων την άμαρτιαν του κοσμου. taking away the 813 of the world. εστι, περι ού εγω ειπον. Οπισω μου ερχεται la he, about whom I said: After me comes ανηρ, δε εμπροσθεν μου γεγονεν ότι πρωτος a man, who before me hastecome: because first 31 Καγω ουκ ηδειν αυτον· αλλ' ίνα μου ην. And I not of mi he was. knew him: but that Φανερωθη τφ Ισραηλ, δια τουπο ηλθον he might be manifested to the Israel, because of this am come εγω εν τω ύδατι βαπτιζων. 32 Και εμαρτυρη-I in the water dipping. And bore testiσεν Ιωαννης, λεγων. 'Οτι τεθεαμαι το πνευμα saying: That mony John, leaw the apirit καταβαίνον ώς περίστεραν εξ ουράνου, και εμείcoming down like a dove out of heaven,

Art thou ‡ Elijah?" And he said, "I am not." "Art thou the PROPHET?" And he answered, "No."

22 \* They said to him, "Who art thou? that we may give an Answer to THOSE who SENT us. What dost thou say concerning thyself?"

23 He said, ‡" E am a Voice preclaiming in the DESERT, ' Make straight the WAY for the Lord,' as t Isaiah the PROPHET said."

24 Now \*those sent were of the Pharisers.

25 And they asked him, and said to him, "Why then dost thou immerse, ii thou art not the Messiah, nor Elijah, nor a Prophet?"

26 John answered them. saying, t" E immerse in Water; \*in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom you do not know.

27 the STRAP of Whose SANDAL # am not worthy to untie."

28 These things occurred in Bethany beyond the JORDAN, where \* JOHN was immersing.

29 On the NEXT DAY he sees JESUS coming to him, and says, "Behold the LAMB of God, who TAKES AWAY the SIN of the WORLD.

SO This is he of whom # said, 'After me comes a Man who is in advance of of me; for he is my Superior.2

31 And E did not know him; but for this purpose, that he might be manifested to ISRAEL, & am come immersing 'n \* Water."

32 1 And John testified. saying, " I saw the SPIRIT coming down like a Dove

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. They said to him. 24. they who were sent. 26. ut 26. in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom neu do not know, the STRAP of Whose SANDAL. 28. Јони. 31. Water.

33 Καγω ουκ ηδειν αυτον· αλλ' And I not knew him: but νεν επ' αυτον. him. ό πεμψας με βαπτιζειν εν ύδατι, εκεινος μοι to dip in water, he to me he having sent me ειπον· Εφ' όν αν ιδης το πνευμα καταβαινον, said: On whom thou may est see the spirit coming down, κ.:ι μενον επ' αυτον, ούτος εστιν δ βαπτιζων εν this is he dipping anc. abiding on him, <sup>34</sup> Καγω έωρακα, και μεμαρτυσυευματι άγιφ. And I have seen, and holy. have testispirit ρηκα, ότι ούτος εστιν ό υίος του θεου... is the son of the God.

35 Τη επαυρίον παλιν είστηκει ὁ Ιωαννης, και The morrow again was standing the John, and εκ των μαθητων αυτου δυο. <sup>36</sup> Και εμβλεψας of the disciples of him two. And having looked on τφ Ιησου περιπατουντι, λεγει. Ιδε δ αμνος του the Jesus walking, he says; Behold the lamb of the 37 Και ηκουσαν αυτου οί δυο μαθηται And heard him the two disciples θεου. God.  $38 \Sigma \tau \rho \alpha$ λαλουντος, και ηκολουθησαν τφ Ιησου. speaking, and they followed the Jesus. Having φεις δε δ Ιησους, και θεασαμένος αυτους ακοturned and the Jesus, and seeing them λουθουντας, λεγει αυτοις Τι ζητειτε; Οί δε lowing, he says to them; What seek you? They and ειπον αυτώ 'Ραββι, (δ λεγεται έρμηνευομε-said to him, Rabbi, (which means being interpreted. ου, διδασκαλε,) που μενεις; 39 Λεγει αυτοις.
Ο teacher,) where dwellest thou? He says to them: <sup>40</sup> Ην Ανδρεας, δ αδελφος 'Ωρα ην ώς δεκατη. Was Andrew, the brother Hourit was about tenth. Σιμωνος Πετρου, είς εκ των δυο των ακουσαν-Peter, one of the two of those having heard των παρα Ιωαννου, και ακολουθησαντων αυτω. from John, and having followed <sup>41</sup> Εύρισκει ούτος πρωτως τον αδελφον τον he first the brother ιδιον Σιμωνα, και λεγει αυτφ. Εύρηκαμεν τον and he says to him; We have found the Μεσσιαν (δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον, Χριστος.) Messiah which is being interpreted, Anointed.) <2 \* [Kaι] ηγαγεν αυτον προς τον Ιησουν. [And] he brought to

from Heaven, and resting on him.

33 And I did not know him; but HE who SENT me to immerse in Water, he said to me, 'On whom thou shalt see the SPIRIT descending and resting, this is he who timmerses in holy Spirit.

34 And I have seen and testified, That he is the

son of God."

35 On the NEXT DAY \* John was again standing, and two of his DISCIPLES;

36 and observing Jesus walking, he says, " Behold the LANB of GOD!"

37 The Two Disciples hearing this, followed JE-

38 And Jesus turning. and seeing them following, says to them, "What do you seek?" And THEY said to him, "Rabbi, (which signifies, being translated, Teacher,) where dwellest thou?"

39 He says to them, "Come and see." They went, \* therefore, and saw where he dwelt, and continued with him that DAY. It was about the itenth

40 # Andrew, the BRO-THER of Simon Peter, was one of those two who having heard from John, followed him.

41 粗e first finds his OWN BROTHER Simon, and says to him, "We have found the MESSIAH," (which is, being translated,

42 He conducted him to Jesus. Jesus looking

the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuschipt .- 35. John.

<sup>39.</sup> therefore, and saw.

<sup>† 39.</sup> It was the way of the ancients to divide the day into twelve hours, and the night into as many. The first hour of the day was an hour after the sun rose, and the twelfth was when it set. This was the way in Judea, and to this the other Evangelists adhere. But St. John appears to have reckoned the hours as we do, from midnight to noon, and again from noon to midnight. And it may be observed, that he mentions the hour of the day oftener than any other Evangelist; as if with design to give his readers an opportunity of discerning his method, by comparing one passage with another. If the time here intended was that which we may call Jewish, (to distinguish it, not from the Greek and Roman which were the same with the Jewish, but from the modern; the tenth hour was about four in the afternoon, or two hours before the day ended in Judea; with which time neither the words nor circumstances of the narration seem to agree. For the words, they abode with him that day, rather imply, that they spent a good part of the day with him. Therefore the most resonable account of this tenth hour is, that it was ten in the morning.—Towns.

<sup>1 33.</sup> Matt. ini. 11; Acts i. 5; ii. 4; x. 44; xi. 15.

Εμβλεψας αυτφ δ Ιησους ειπε. Συ ει Σιμων, δ Having tooked to him the Jesus said; Thouart Simon, the vios Ιωνα· συ κληθηση Κηφας· δέρμηνευεται son of Jona; thoushalt be called Cephas; which means Πετρος.

Peter.

 $^{43}\,\mathrm{T}\eta$  επαυριον ηθελησεν εξελθειν εις  $au\eta
u$ he desired to go forth into the The morrow Γαλιλαιαν και εύρισκει Φιλιππον, και λεγει Galilee; aud he finds Phillip, and says 44 Ην δε δ Φιλιππος απο αυτω. Ακολουθει μοι. to him; Follow Was and the Philip from me. Βηθσαιδα, εκ της πολεως Ανδρεου και Πετρου. Bethsaida, of the city of Andrew and Peter. 45 Εύρισκει Φιλιππος τον Ναθαναηλ, και λεγει Finds Philip the Nathanael, and says αυτώ. Όν εγραψε Μωσεως εν τφ νομώ, και to him: Whom wrote Moses in the law, boa προφηται, εύρηκαμεν, Ιησουν  $\tau o \nu$ υίον prophets, we have found, Jesus the του Iωσηφ, τον απο Nαζαρεθ.  $^{46}$  Kαι ειπεν of the Joseph, that from Nazareth. And said αυτφ Nαθαναηλ. Εκ Nαζαρεθ δυναται τι αγαθον to him Nathanael: Out of Nazareth is able any good ειναι, Λεγει αυτώ Φιλιππος ερχου και ιδε. Says to him Philip; Come and 47 Ειδεν δ Ιησους τον Ναθαναηλ ερχομενον προς

Saw the Jesus the Nathanael coming t o αυτον, και λεγει περι αυτου. Ιδε αληθως Ισhim, and he says concerning him; Behold indeed &D ραηλιτης, εν φ δολος ουκ εστι. <sup>48</sup> Λεγει αυτφ Says to him in whom guile not is. Ναθαναηλ· Ποθεν με γινωσκεις; Απεκριθη me knowest thou? Nathanael; Whence Answered Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ Προ του σε Φιλιππου Jesus and said to him, Before the thee Philip φωνησαι, οντα ύπο την συκην, ειδον σε. to have called, being under the fig-tree, I saw thee. \*[ και 4 Απεκριθη Ναθαναηλ λεγει αυτφ. and to him: Nathansel 8878 Υραβρί, συ ει δ νίος του θεου, συ ει δ βασταλουί, thou art the son of the God, thou art the king λευς του Ισραηλ.  $^{50}$  Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν

of the Israel. Answered Jesus and said αυτω. Ότι ειπον σοι. Ειδον σε ύποκατω της to him : Because I said to thee : I saw thee underneath the συκης, πιστευεις; μειζωτουτων οψη. Eg-tree, believest thou? greater of these thou shalt see. λεγει αυτφ' Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, \*[απ' αρτι] besays to him: Indeed indeed I say to you, [from now] οψεσθε τον ουρανον ανεωγοτα, και τους αγγεyou shall see the heaven having been opened, and the messen-

λους του θεου αναβαινοντας και καταβαινοντας gers of the God ascending and descending επι τον υίον του ανθρωπου.

on the son ofthe

 VATICAN MANUSCRIPT,—43. JESUS SAYS. 49. and says to him-omit. 50. That I saw, 45. Son. 46. PHILIP. 51. From now—omit.

47. Jesus

† 46. Some think allusion is here made to "that good thing promised," Jer. xxxiii. 14: others think this a term of reproach.

t 42. Močt. xvi. 18. 1 44. John xii. 21. † 45. John xxi. 2. 1 49. Matt. xx1.5; xxvii. 11, 42; John xviit. 37; xix. 8vii. 41, 41, 52.

at him, said, "Thou art Simon, the son of Jonas; ithou shalt be called Cephas; (which denotes the same as Peter.)

43 On the NEXT DAY he wished to go to GALILEE, and finding Philip, \* Jesus says to him, "Follow me."

44: Now ‡ Phille was from Bethsaida, the CITY of Andrew and Feter.

45 Philip finds ‡Natha-NAEL, and says to him, "We have found the person described by Moses in the LAW, and by the PROPHETS, THAT JESUS, the \*Son of Joseph, from Nazareth."

46 And Nathanael said to him, ‡" Can any †good thing proceed from Nazareth?" \* Phillip says to him, "Come and see.'

47 \* Jesus saw Natha-NAEL coming to him, and said concerning him, "Behold a genuine Israelite; in whom is no deceit."

48 Nathanael says to him, "How dost thou know Me ?" Jesus answered and said to him, "Before Put-LIP called Thee, when thou wast under the FIG-TREE, I saw thee."

49 Nathanael answered, "Rabbi, thou art the son of God; thou art the tring of Israel."

50 Jesus answered and said to him: "Because I told thee \* That I saw thee under the FIG-TREE, they believest! Thou shalt see greater things than this."

51 And he says to him. "Truly, indeed, I say to you, you shall see the HEAVENS opened, and the ANGELS of God ascending from and descending to the son of MAN."

<sup>1 43.</sup> John

# КЕФ. В'. 2.

γαμος εγενετο 1 Και τη ήμερα τη τριτη And in the day the third a marriage-feast occurred ην ή μητηρ Γαλιλαιας. και Κανα της Galilee: and was the mother of the και δ Ιησους  $^2$  Εκληθη δε του Ιησου εκει. Was invited and also the Jesus there. Jesus 3 Kaı και οί μαθηται αυτου εις τον γαμον. the marriage-feast. and the disciples of him to δστερησαντος οινου, λεγει ή μητηρ του **Ι**ησου of wine, says the mother of the Jesus having fallen short 4 Λεγει αυτη δ προς αυτον. Οινον ουκ εχουσι. to ber the Wine not they have. Says Ιησους· Τι εμοι και σοι, γυναι; ουπω ήκει ή Jesus: Whatto me and to thee, O woman? Not yet has comethe 5 Λεγει ή μητηρ αυτου τοις διακονοις· ώρα μου. hour of me. Says the mother of him to the 6 H σαν δε Ό, τι αν λεγη ύμιν, ποιησατε. Whatever he may say to you, Were and do you. εκει ύδριαι λιθιναι έξ κειμεναι κατα τον καθαthere water-pots of stone six being placed according to the ρισμον των Ιουδαιων, χωρουσαι ανα μετρητας holding each of cleansing of the Jews, measures δυο η τρεις. 7 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Γεμισατε two or three. Says to them the Jesus; Fill you τας ύδριας ύδατος. Και εγεμισαν αυτας έως the water-pots of water. And they filled <sup>8</sup> Και λεγει αυτοις· Αντλησατε νυν, Kat ανω. And he says to them; Draw you and top. 9°°Ωs Και ηνεγκαν. φερετε τφ αρχιτρικλινφ. When CATTY to the ruler of the feast. And they carried. δε εγευσατο δ αρχιτρικλινος το ύδωρ OLVOV ruler of the feast the water wine γεγενημενον (και ουκ ηδει ποθεν επτιν οί δε (and not he knew whence it is; the but having become; διακονοι ηδεισαν. οί ηντληκοτές το ύδωρ•) those having drawn knew, the Water:) φωνει τον νυμφιον δ αρχιτρικλινος, 10 και λεγει the bridegroom the ruler of the feast, and saya αυτω. Πας ανθρωπος πρωτον τον καλον οινον

### CHAPTER II.

- 1 And on the \*THIRM Day there was a Marriagefeast in Cana of GALILEE; and the MOTHER of JESUS was there;
- 2 and JESUS also, and his disciples, were invited to the MARRIAGE-FEAST.
- 3 And the Wine falling short, the MOTHER of JEsue says to him, "They have no Wine."
- 4 Jesus says to her, t"O Woman, what hast thou to do with me? My time has not yet arrived."
- 5 His MOTHER says to the SERVANTS, "Do whatever he may bid you."
- 6 Now six stone Waterjars were there, placed ‡ according to the JEWISH CUSTOM OF PURIFICATION, each containing two or three † Measures.
- 7 Jesus says them, "Fill the JARS with Water." And they filled them to the top.
- 8 And he says them, "Draw now, and earry to the † RULER OF THE FEAST. And \*they carried some.
- 9 And when the RULER OF THE FEAST tasted the WATER made Wine, and knew not whence it was, (but THOSE SERVANTS knew who had DRAWN the WATER,) the RULER OF FEAST called the BRIDEGROOM,
- 10 and says to him, "Every Man First presents GOOD Wine, and when they

good

the

man

wine

to him: Every

first \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 1. THIRD Day. 8. THEY carried.

<sup>† 6.</sup> The exact capacity of this measure cannot now be determined. The LXX use the word in the original for the bath, which contained about seven gallons; and for the seah, which contained one-third of the bath. 2 Chron. iv. 5; 1 Kings xviii. 32. † 3. The Greek word here is a compound, denoting the president of the tridinium, or guest chamber, so called word here is a compound, denoting the president of the tridinium, or guest chamber, so called from its containing three couches placed in the form of a crescent, on which the guests reclined during the entertainment. It was the duty of this officer to prepare the feast, arrange the couches, dispose the guests, place the dishes, and taste the wine and viands.—Stockius in Verb. Lightfoot, in his Horæ Heb. Talmud, adds, "That he performed the duty of chapian also, by saying grace, and pronouncing those benedictions which were accustomed to be given upon occasion of a marriage. He blessed the cup also prepared for the guests; and having first drank of it himself, sent it round to the company. In the Book of Ecclesiasticus arrait I like have an account of his duties. (xxxii. 1) we have an account of his duties.

τιθησι, και όταν μεθυσθωσι, \*[τοτε] τον places, and when they may have drunk freely, [then] the ελασσω συ τετηρηκας τον καλον οινον έως αρτι. worse; thou has kept the good wine till now.

Taυτην επειησε την αρχην των σημειων δ This did the heginning of the signs the

Inσους εν Κανα της Γαλιλαίας, και εφανερωσε Jeaus in Cana of the Galillee, and manifested

την δοξαν αύτου· και επιστευσαν εις αυτον οί the glory of himself; and believed into him the μιαθηται αυτου.

disciples of him.

12 Μετα τουτο κατεβη εις Καπερναουμ, αυτος After this he went down into Capernaum, και ή μητηρ αυτου, και οί αδελφοι \* [αυτου, ] και and the mother of him, and the brothers [of him,] οί μαθηται αυτου· και εκει εμειναν ου πολλας the disciples of him; and there remained not many ημερας. 13 Και εγγυς ην το πασχα των Ιουδαι-And nigh was the passover of the Jews. <sup>14</sup> Kaı ων, και ανέβη εις Ίεροσολυμα δ Ιησους. and wentup to Jerusalem the Jesus. εύρεν εν τφ ιερφ τους πωλουντας βοας και προoxen and abeep he found in the temple those selling etaατα και  $\pi$ εριστερας, και  $oldsymbol{ au}$ ους κερματιστας doves, and and the money-changers  $^{15}$  Και ποιησας φραγελλιον καθημενους. And baving made a whip out of σχοινιων, παντας εξεβαλεν εκ του ίερου, τα hedrove out of the rushes, all **τε προβατα και τους βοας, και των κο**λλυβισand sheep and the ozen; and of the money-chanτων εξεχεε το κερμα, και τας τραπεζας ανεσgers he poured out the coin, and the  $\tau \rho \epsilon \psi \epsilon^{-16}$  και  $\tau \sigma \iota s$   $\tau \sigma s$   $\tau \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \sigma s$ πωλουσιν and to those the doves turned: ειπεν. Αρατε ταυτα εντευθεν. μη ποιειτε τον Take these hence: not makeyou the οικον του πατρος μου οικον εμποριου.  $^{17}$  Eμνησhouse of the father of n.e a house of merchandise. Remem- $\theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu * [\delta \epsilon] \circ i \mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \alpha i \alpha u \tau \circ u, \delta \tau i \gamma \epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \epsilon \nu \circ \nu$ [and] the disciples of him, that having been written "The real of the house of thee will consume €στιν. 1t i. : uε." 18 Απεκριθησαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι και ειπον Answered then the and Jews. αυτω. Τι σημειον δεικνυεις ήμιν, δτι **τ**αυτα o him; What showest thou to us, that

\*[τοτε] τον have † drunk freely, the inferior; but thou hast outpoy έως αρτι. kept the Good Wine till now."

11 This \* First of SIGNS JESUS performed in Cana of GALLLEE, and displayed his GLORY; and his DISCI-PLES believed into him.

12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his MOTHER, and his BROTHERS, and his DISCI-PLES; but they did not remain there Many Days.

13 ‡ And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near, and Jesus went up to Jerusalem.

14 ‡ And he found the MONEY-CHANGERS sitting in the TEMPLE, and THOSE who SOLD Oxen, and Sheep, and Doves.

15 † And having made a Whip of Rushes, he drove them all out of the TEMPLE, with the SHEEP and the CATTLE, and he poured out the COIN of the BANKERS, and overturned the TABLES,

16 and said to Those who sold doves, "Take these things hence. Make not my father's house a House of Traffic."

17 And his DISCIPLES recollected That it is written, ‡" My ZEAL for thy HOUSE consumes me."

18 Then the Jews answered and said to him, t" What Sign dost thou show us, why thou doest these things?"

Varican Manuscript.—10. then—omit.
 17. And—omit.

<sup>11.</sup> First of

<sup>12.</sup> his-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The Greek expression here does not imply the least degree of intoxication. The verbs methusko and methuo, from methu, wine, which, from meta thuein, to drink after sacrificing, signify not only to inebriate, but to take wine, to drink wine, to drink enough, and in this sense the verb is evidently used in the Septuagint. Gen. xliii. 34; Cant. v. 1; I Mac. xvi. 16; Ecclus. i. 16. And the prophet Isaiah, chap. lviii. 11, speaking of the abundant blessings of the godly compares them to a well-watered garden, which the LXX translate, ons keepos nethuson, by which is certainly understood, not a garden drowned with water, but one sufficiently saturated with it, not having one drop too much, not too little—Clark. † 15. It is probable that this cleansing of the temple occurred at the commencement of our Lord's ministry, and is not to be confounded with that mentioned by the other evangelists, which took place at its close.

<sup>13.</sup> Ex. xii. 14; John v. 1; vi. 4; xi. 55. 14. Matt. xxi. 12; Mark xi. 15; Luke xix. 45. 17. Psa. Priz. 9. 18. Matt. xii. 38; John vi. 30.

ποιεις; 19 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις. Answered the Jesus and said to them; Λυσατ $\epsilon$  του ναον τουτον, και  $\epsilon$ ν τρισιν  $\hat{\eta}$ μ $\epsilon$ ραις and in Destroy the temple this, three daya <sup>20</sup> Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι· Τεσσαεγερω αυτον. I will raise it. Said then the Jewa; Forty ρακοντα και έξ ετεσιν φκοδομηθη δ ναος ούτος. years was being built the temple και συ εν τρισιν ήμεραις εγερεις αυτον, 21 Εκει-

and thou in three days wilt raise νος δε ελεγε περι του ναου του σωματος αύτου. but spoke concerning the temple of the body  $^{22}$  Ότε ουν ηγερθη εκ νεκρων, εμνησθησαν οί

When therefore he was raised out of dead ones, remembered the μαθηται αυτου, ότι τουτο ελεγε· και επιστευψ σαν τη γραφη, και τω λογω  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$ δ the which writing, and the word Incous.

Jesus.

<sup>23</sup> Ωs δε ην εν τοις Γεροσολυμοις εν When and was in the Jerusalem •t  $\tau \omega$ πασχα εν τη έορτη, πολλοι επιστευσαν εις το passover at the feast, many believed into the υνομα αυτου, θεωρουντες αυτου τα σημεια à beholding aigns which of him. o.him the <sup>24</sup> Αυτος δε δ Ιησους ουκ επιστευεν €ποι€ι. but the Jesus he did. Нe not committed «αυτον αυτοις, δια το αυτον γινωσκειν παντας· to know himself to them, because the him <sup>25</sup> και ότι ου χρειαν ειχεν, ίνα τις μαρτυρηση and because not need he had, that any one should testify του ανθρωπου αυτος γαρ εγινωσκε, τι he for knew. What Concerning the man: ην εν τω ανθρωπω. was in the

# КΕΦ. γ'. 3.

 $^1$  Ην δε ανθρωπος εκ των Φαρισαιων, Νικοδ $\eta$ a mau οf the Pharisees, Nicodeμος ονομα αυτώ, αρχων των Ιουδαιων ούτος mus aname to him, a ruler of the Jews: this ηλθε προς αυτον νυκτος, και ειπεν αυτώ ' 'Paβhim by night, and said to him: Rabβι, οιδαμεν, ότι απο θεου εληλυθας διδασκαλος. we know, that from God thou hast come a teacher: υυδεις γαρ ταυτα τα σημεια δυναται ποιειν, no one for these the signs is able to do, which 'η δ θεος μετ' συ ποιεις, εαν μη αυτου. expect may be the God with him. <sup>3</sup>Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ· † Αμην αμην said to him . Indeed indeed Asswered the Jesus and

19 \*Jesus answered and said to them, ‡ " Destroy this TEMPLE, and in Three Days I will raise it."

20 Then the Jews said, "Forty and Six Years has this temple been in building and wilt thou erect it in Three Days?"

21 But he spoke of the TEMPLE of his BODY.

22 When, therefore, he was raised from the Dead. this disciples remembered That he had said This; and they believed the SCRIPTURE, and the WORD which JESUS had spoken.

23 Now while he was in JERUSALEM at the FEAST of the PASSOVER, many believed into his NAME, beholding His signs which he performed.

24 But \* Jesus did not trust himself to them, be. cause he KNEW them all.

25 and required not that any one should testify concerning MAN; for he knew what was in MAN.

### . CHAPTER III.

1 And there was a Man of the Pharistes, whose name was Nicodemus, a Ruler of the JEWS;

2 he came to him by Night, and said to him, "Rabbi, we know That thou art a Teacher come from God; for no one can work These signs that thou workest, unless God be with him."

3 \* Jesus answered and said to him, "Indeed I

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Jesus.

<sup>24.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>3.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Or, destroy this very TEMPLE; perhaps pointing to his body at the same time. † 20. Herod began to rebuild the temple in the 18th year of his reign, or sixteen years before Jesus was born. Jesus was at this time about thirty years old, which makes the term exactly 46 years. But although Herod finished the main work in nine years and a half, yet Josephus tells us that the whole of the buildings were not completed till Nero's reign, some 80 years after the 18th of Herod's reign. † 3. The repetition of Ameen, among the Jewish writers, was considered of equal import with the most solemn oath—Clarke.

<sup>19.</sup> Matt. xxvi, 61; xxvii, 40; Mark xiv. 58; xv. 29, 122. Luke xxlv. 8. 50; xix 39. 12. John ix. 16, 33; Acts ii. 22; x. 38. vii. 50; xix 39.

λεγω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη ανωθεν, ου δυναlany to thee, if mart any one may be born from above, not is able ται ιδείν την βας λείαν του θέου. 4 Λενεί προς to see the kingdom of the God. Says :0 αυτον ό Νικοδημος. Πως δυναται ανθρωπως Nicodemns: the How is able a man γεννηθηναι γερων ων; μη δυναται εις την κοι-to be bora old being? not is able into the womb λιαν της μητρος αύτου δευτερον εισελθειν, και of the mother of bimself a second time to enter. νεννηθηναι;  $^{5}$  Απεκριθη Ιησους· Αμην αμην Answered to be born? Indeed Jesus; indeed λεγω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη εξ ύδατος και I say to thee, if not any one may be burn out of water and πνευματος, ου δυναται εισελθειν εις την βασιnot is able to enter into the 6 Το γεγεννημενον εκ της λειαν του θεου. of the God. That having been born ont of the σαρκος, σαρξ εστι· και το γεγεννημενον εκ της and that having been born ont of the εστι. 7 Μη θαυμασης, δτι flesh ia; πνευματος, πνευμα εστι. a spirit ia. Not thou mayest wonder, that  $\epsilon i\pi o \nu$   $\sigma o i^*$   $\Delta \epsilon i^*$   $\delta \mu as <math>\gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \theta \eta \nu a i^*$   $a \nu \omega \theta \epsilon \nu$ . I said to thee; Must you to be born from above. πνευμα όπου θελει πνει· και την φωνην αυτου apirit where it wills breathes; and the sound ακουεις, αλλ' ουκ οιδας, ποθεν ερχεται, και thou hearest, but not thou knowest, whence it comes, που ύπαγει ούτως εστι πας ό γεγεννημενος εκ thus is every one the having been born ont of <sup>9</sup> Απεκριθη Νικοδημος και ειπεν του πνευματος. olthe apirit. Answered Nicodemus and said αυτ $oldsymbol{arphi}$ •  $oldsymbol{\Pi} oldsymbol{\omega}$ ς δυναται ταυτα  $oldsymbol{\gamma}$ ενεσ $oldsymbol{ heta}$ αι;  $oldsymbol{^{10}}$   $oldsymbol{\mathsf{A}} oldsymbol{\pi}$ εκto him: How is able these to be? ριθη Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ. Συ ει ό διδασκαλος swered Jesus and said to him : Thou art the του Ισραηλ, και ταυτα ου γινωσκεις; 11 Αμην and these not thou knowest? of the Israel. Indeed αμην λεγω σοι, ότι ό οιδαμεν λαλουμεν, και ό endeed I say to thee, that which we know we speak, and what έωρακαμεν μαρτυρουμεν την μαρτυριαν каі we testify, and the testimony we have seen <sup>12</sup> Ει τα ημων ου λαμβανετε. επιγεια ειπον of us not If the things earthly you receive. ύμιν, και ου πιστευετε πως, εαν ειπω ύμιν if and not you believe; how, I tell yon vou. 13 Και ουδεις επουρανια,  $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\nu\sigma\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ :  $\tau \alpha$ the things heavenly, will you believe? And no one αναβεβηκεν εις τον ουρανον, ειμη δ εκ τουhas ascended into the heaven, except he out of the ουρανου καταβας, δ υιος του ανθρωπου, \* [δ ων [he being heaven baving descended, the son of the man, εν τω ουρανω.] 14 Και καθως Μωσης ύψωσε τον in the heaven.] And even as Moses raised aloft the οφιν εν τη ερημφ, ούτως ύψωθηναι δει τον to be raised it behaves the thus serpent in the desert, υίον του ανθρωπου· 15 ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις son of the man: that every one who believing into

assure thee, if any one be not born from above, he cannot see the KINGDOM of God.

4 NICODEMUS says to him, "How can a Man be born, being old? Can he enter a second time into his MOTHER'S WOMB, and be born?"

5 Jesus replied, "Truly indeed I say to thee, if any one be not a born of Water and Spirit, he cannot enter the KINGDOM of GOD.

6 That which has been born of the flesh, is Flesh; and that which has been \$ 100 m of the SPIBIT, is Spirit.

7 Do not wonder, Because I said to thee, you must be born from above.

8 The SPIRIT breathes where it will, and thou hearest its voice, but thou knowest not whence it comes, or where it goes; thus it is with EVERY ONE who has been BORN of the SPIRIT."

9 Nicodemus answered and said to him, "How can

these things be?"

10 JESUS answered and said to him, "Art thou the TEACHER of ISRAEL, and knowest not these things?

11 Most assuredly I tell thee, That what we know, we speak, ‡ and what we have seen, we testify; and you receive not our TESTI-MONY.

12 If I told you of EARTHLY things, and you do not believe, how will you believe if I tell you of HEAVENLY things?

13 ‡ And no one has ascended into HEAVEN, except the son of MAN who DESCENDED from HEAVEN.

14 ‡ And as Moses elevated the SERPENT in the DESERT, so must the son of MAN be placed on high;

15 that EVERY ONE BE-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. he being in HEAVEN-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Mark xvi. 16; Acts ii. 38. † 18; vii. 16; vii. 28; xti. 49; xvv. 24. Epn. iv. 9, to. † 14. Num. xxi 4. † 13. John xvi. 29; Acts ii. 34; 1 Cor. xv. 47;

\*[ $\mu\eta$  a\pi o\n\tau\tau, a\lambda']  $\epsilon \chi \eta$   $\zeta \omega \eta \nu$   $\alpha \iota \omega$ αυτον. may have life [not may be destroyed, but] agehim, 16 Ούτω γαρ ηγαπησεν δ θεος τον κοσμον, VIOV. the God the Thus for loved lasting. ώστε τον υίον αύτου τον μονογενη εδωκεν, ίνα that so that the son of himself the only-begotten he gave, δ πιστευων εις αυτον, μη αποληται, αλλ' him, not may be destroyed, but every one who believing into 17 Ou  $\gamma \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \nu \delta$ ζωην αιωνιων. for may have life age-lasting. Not θεος τον υίον αύτου εις τον κοσμον, ίνα κρινη world. God the son of himselfinto the that he might judge σωθη δ κοσμος δι τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα that might be saved the world through but world. 18 Ο πιστευων εις αυτον, ου κρινεται. αυτου. him, not iajudged: into him. He believing  $\delta * [\delta \epsilon] \mu \eta$  πιστευων, ηδη κεκριται, ότι  $\mu \eta$  πεhe [but] not believing, already is judged, because up to be πιστευκεν εις το ονομα του μονογενους υίου του has believed into the name of the only-begotten son of the 19 Αυτη δε εστιν ή κρισις, ότι το φως θεου. God. Thie and is the judgment, that the light εις τον κοσμον, και ηγαπησαν οί εληλυθεν the haacome into the world, and loved ανθρωποι μαλλον το σκοτος, η το φως ην γαρ men rather the darkness, than the light; was for πονηρα αυτων τα εργα. <sup>20</sup> Πας γαρ δ φαυλα Every one for the vile things evil of them the works. πρασσων, μισει το φως, και ουκ ερχεται προς hates the light, and not comen to 21 'O το φως, ένα μη ελεγχθη τα εργα αυτου. the light, that not may be detected the works of him. δε ποιων την αλη $\theta$ ειαν, ερχεται προs το  $\phi \omega s$ , the light. but doing the truth, comes to φανερωθη αυτου τα εργα, ότι εν θεφ so that may be made manifest of him the works, that in εστιν ειργασμενα. it is having been done.

 $^{22}$  Μετα ταυτα ηλθεν δ Ιησους και οἱ μαθηται these came the Jesus and the disciples After αυτου εις την Ιουδαιαν γην και εκει διετριβε the land; and there remained afhim into Judean <sup>23</sup> Ην δε και Ιωανμετ' αυτων, και εβαπτιζεν. Was and also with them, and was dipping. νης βαπτιζων εν Αινων, εγγυς του Σαλειμ, ότι dipping in Enon, near the Salim, because ύδατα πολλα ην εκει·
waters many was there: και παρεγινοντο, και and they were coming, and 24 Ουπω γαρ ην βεβλημενος εις Notyet for was having been cast into Ιωαννης. <sup>25</sup> Εγενετο ουν ζητη-≅βαπτιζοντο. were being dipped. την Φυλακην δ Ιωαννης. prison the John. Occurred then a dıs~ σις εκ των μαθητων Ιωαννου μετα Ιουδαιου περι disciples of John with a Jew about pute of the καθαρισμου. 26 Και ηλθον προς τον Ιωαννην, And they came to the John, cleansing.

LIEVING into him may

16 ‡ For God so loved the world, that he gave \* his son, the only-begotten, that every one believing into him may not perish, but obtain aionian Life.

17 ‡ For God sent not his son into the WORLD that he might judge the WORLD, but that the WORLD through him might

be saved.

18 ‡ HE BELIEVING into him is not judged; but HE not BELIEVING has been judged already, Because he has not believed into the NAME of the ONLY-BEGOTTEN Son of GOD.

19 And this is the JUDG-MENT, ‡ That the LIGHT has come into the WORLD, and MEN loved the DARK-NESS rather than the LIGHT; for Their WORKS were evil.

20 For TEVERY ONE who does Vile things hates the LIGHT, and comes not to the LIGHT, that his WORKS may not be detected.

21 But HE who does the TRUTH comes to the LIGHT, so that His works may be manifested That they have been done in God.

22 After this, Jesus and his disciples went into the Territory of Judea, and there heremained with them, and was immersing.

23 And \* John also was immersing in Enon, near Salim, because there were many Waters there; and they were coming and being immersed.

24 ‡ For \* John had not yet been cast into PRISON.

25 A Dispute then cccurred among \* the DISCI-PLES of John with a Jew, about Purification.

26 And they came to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. may not be destroyed, but—omit. 16. the sow. 18. but—om. 23. John. 24. John. 25. Those disciples who were of John and a Jew, about.

<sup>† 15.</sup> John vi. 47. † 16. Rom. v. 8; 1 John iv. 9. † 17. Luke ix. 56; John v. 45; vii. 15; xii. 47; 1 John iv. 14. † 18. John v. 24; vi. 40, 47; xx. 31. † 19. John i 4, 9-11; viii. 12. † 20. Eph. v. 13. † 24. Matt. xiv. 3.

και ειπον αυτφ· 'Ραββι, δς ην μετα σου περαν said to him; Rabbi, who was with thee beyond του Ιορδανου, 'ω τυ μεμαρτυρηκας, ιδε, ούτος Jordan, to whom thou hast testified, behold. βαπτιζει, και παντές ερχονται  $\pi pos \quad au \tau o \nu$ . dipa, and all come to Απεκριθη Ιωαννης και ειπεν. Ου δυναται and said; Not Answer-1 John is able δεδομεανθρωπος λαμβανειν ουδεν, εαν μη η to receive nothing, except it may be having been 28 Αυτοι ύμεις μοι νον αυτφ εκ του ουρανου. given to him from the heaven. Yourselves you to me μαρτυρειτε, ότι ειπον Ουκ ειμι εγω ό Χριστος, beartestimony, that I said; Not am I the Anointed, αλλ' ότι απεσταλμενος ειμι εμπροσθεν εκεινου. but that having been sent i am in presence 29 °C εχων την νυμφην, νυμφιος εστιν.

He having the bride, a bridegroom is; δδε the but Φιλος του νυμφιου, ό έστηκως και ακουων αυτου, fixend of the bridegroom, that standing and hearing χαρα χαιρει δια την φωνην του νυμφιου. Αύτη with joy rejoices through the voice of the bridegroom. This <sup>80</sup> Εκεινον χαρα ἡ εμη πεπληρωται. Him jow that of me has been completed. 31 'O δε αυξανειν,  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$ ελαττουσθαι. it behoves to increase, me but to decrease. He ʻO ανωθεν ερχομένος, επανω παντών εστιν. He from above coming. over all ων εκτης γης, εκ της γης εστι, και εκ της being from the earth, from the earth is, and from the γης λαλει· δ εκ του ουρανου ερχομενος, επανω earth speaks; he from the heaven coming,

παντων εστι,  $32 \times \begin{bmatrix} \kappa \alpha i \end{bmatrix}$  δ έωρακε και ηκουσε, all is, [sud] what he has seen and heard, τουτο μαρτυρει: και την μαρτυριαν αυτου ουδεις this he testifies, and the testimony of him no one  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \epsilon$ . 33 Ο  $\lambda \alpha \beta \omega \nu$  αυτου την μαρτυριαν, receives. He receiving of him the testimony,

receives. He receiving of him the testimony,  $\epsilon \pi \phi \rho \alpha \gamma \iota \sigma \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma s \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta s \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ .  $\frac{34}{\text{CO}} \text{O} \nu$  has set his seal, that the God true is. Whom  $\gamma \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha \nu \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma s$ ,  $\tau \alpha \delta \eta \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \tau \sigma \upsilon \theta \epsilon \sigma \upsilon$  for has sent the God, the words of the God

ου γαρ εκ μετρου διδωσιν δ θεος το λαλει. gives for by measure the God not the <sup>35</sup> 'Ο πατηρ αγαπα τον υίον, και πανπνευμα. spirit. The father loves the son, <sup>36</sup> 'Ο πιστευων τα δεδωκεν εν τη χειρι αυτου.

has been given in the band of him. He

abides on him.

JOHN, and said to him, "Rabbi, he who was with thee beyond the JOEDAN, to whom thou hast testified, behold, HE immerses, and all are coming to him."

27 John answered and said, ‡" A Man can receive nothing unless it be given him from HEAVEN.

28 You yourselves are witnesses for me, That I said, t' f am not the Messiah,' but That I have been sent before him.

29 The Bridegroom is HE who possesses the BRIDE; but THAT FRIEND of the BRIDEGROOM who stands and hears him, rejoices with joy, because of the BRIDEGROOM'S VOICE; this, therefore, MY JOY has been completed.

30 We must increase, but I must decrease.

31 ‡ He who comes from above is over all. He who is from the earth, is of the earth, and speaks of the earth. He who comes from heaven is over all.

32 And what he has seen and heard, this he testifies; and no one receives his TESTIMONY.

33 He who receives His testimony has set his seal That God is true.

34 ‡ For he whom God has sent speaks the words f God; for \*he gives not the spirit by Measure.

35 The FATHER loves the son, 2 and has given All things into his HAND.

36 THE BELIEVING into the son has aionian Life; but HE DISOBETING the son, shall not see Life; but the Anger of God abides on him."

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. And -omit. 34. he gives not.

<sup>7 26.</sup> John 1. 7, 15, 27, 34. 1 27. 1 Cor. iv. 7; Heb. v. 4, James 1. 17. 1 28. John 1. 20, 27. 1 31. Matt. xxxxii. 18; John 1. 15, 27; Rom. ix. 5. 1 34 John viii. 16. 1 35. Luke x. 22; John v. 20, 22, xiii. 3, xvii. 2; Heb. ii. 8. 1 36. John vi. 47; 1 John vii. 10. 11.

## KE $\Phi$ , $\delta'$ , 4.

<sup>1</sup> Ως ουν εγνω δ κυριος, δτι ηκουσαν οί When therefore knew the Lord, that heard the  $\Phi$ αρισαιοι, δτι Ιησους πλειονας μα $\theta$ ητας ποιει Pharisees, that Jesus more disciples made και βαπτιζει, η Ιωαννης· 2 (καιτοιγε Ιησους dipped, than John; (though indeed Jesus αυτος ουκ εβαπτιζεν, αλλ οί μαθηται αυτου) but the himself not dipped, disciples of him;)  $^3$  αφηκε την Ιουδαιαν, και απηλhetaε παλιν εις he i. ft Judea, and went again into 4 Εδει δε αυτον διερχεσθαι δια την Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee. It behoved and him to pass through  $^5$  Ερχεται ουν εις πολιν της της Σαμαρειας. the Samaria. He comes therefore into a city of the Σαμαρείας, λεγομένην Συχαρ, πλησιον του Samaritans, being called Sychar, near by the ού εδωκεν Ιακωβ Ιωσηφ τφ νίω χωριου, field, of which Jacob Joseph to the son gave αύτου. 6 Ην δε εκει πηγη του Ιακωβ. Ο ουν of himself. Was and there a spring of the Jacob. The then Ιησους κεκοπιακως εκ της όδοιποριας, εκαθεζετο Jesus having become weary from the sat down journey, ούτως επι τη πηγη ώρα ην ώσει έκτη. over the about thus spring: hour was <sup>7</sup> Ερχεται γυνη εκ της Σαμαρειας, αντλησαι Comes a woman of the Samaria, to draw Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Δος μοι πιειν. ίδωρ. water. to her the Jesus: Give to me to drink. Say <sup>8</sup> (Οί γαρ μαθηται αυτου απεληλυθεισαν ει**s** την (The for disciples of him had gone into the 9 Λεγει ουν πολιν, ίνα τροφας αγωρασωσι.) that provisions they might buy.) Says then αυτφ ή γυνή ή Σαμαρειτις. Πως συ, Ιουδαιος to him the woman that Samaritan: How thou. ων, παρ' εμου πιειν αιτεις, ουσης γυναικος being, from me to drink askest, being a woman (Oυ γαρ συγχρωνται Ιουδαιοι (Not for associate with Jews Σαμαρειτιδος ; a Samaritan?  $^{10}$  Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν Σαμαρειταις.) Sama.itans.) Answered said Jesus and αυτη. Ει ηδεις την δωρεαν του θεου, και to her: If thou hadst known the gift of the God. and τις εστιν δ λεγων σοι. Δος μοι ποιειν συ saying to thee: Give to me to drink: thou he τυ ητησας αυτον, και εδωκεναν σοι ύδωρ ζων.
wouldstask him, and be would give thee water living. 11 Λεγει αυτος ή γυνη. Κυριε, ουτε αντλημα

### CHAPTER IV.

1 When, therefore, the LORD knew, That the PHARISEES had heard, ! That Jesus was making and immersing More Disciples than John;

2 (though Jesus himself did not immerse, but his

DISCIPLES;)

3 he left JUDEA, and went again into GALILEE.

4 And it was necessary for him to pass through SAMARIA.

5 He comes, therefore, to a City of SAMARIA called † Sychar, near the FIELD which ‡ Jacob gave \* to

Joseph his son.

6 And Jacob's Fountain was there. JESUS, therefore, having become weary from the Journey, sat down over the FOUNTAIN. It was about the † sixth Hour.

7 There comes a Woman of SAMARIA to draw Water. Jesus says to her, "Give

me to drink."

8 (For his disciples had gone into the CITY. that they might buy Pre

visions.)

9 The SAMARITAN WO-MAN, therefore, says to him, "How dost thou, being a Jew, ask drink of me, who am a Samaritan Woman?" (# For the Jews do not associate with Samaritans.)

10 Jesus answered and said to her, "If thou didst know the GIFT of GOD, and who is HE that says to thee, 'Give me to drink,' thou wouldst ask him, and he would give thee Living Water."

11 \* She says to him, "Sir, thou nast nothing to

to him the woman: Olord, nothing to draw with

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to JOSEPH his son.

<sup>11.</sup> She says.

<sup>†5.</sup> Called at first Sichem, or Shechem, and afterwards Sichar. From Judges ix. 7, it seems to have been situated at the foot of Mount Gerizim, on which the Samaritan temple seems to have been strated at the foot of month certain. On which the Samaritan temple was built. † 6. According to John's computation of thine, this would be six o'clock in the afternoon. See Note on John i. 39. The women of the East have stated times for going to draw water—not in the heat of the day, but in the cool of either moning or evening. It was very likely in the evening that this Samaritan woman came to draw water, because it Is said, Jesus had become weary with his journey; and because the Samaritans when they came to see him, invited him to remain or lodge with them.

<sup>1.</sup> John iii. 22, 26. 15. Gen. xxxiii. 19; xlviii. 22; Joahua xxvi. 32. 19. 2 Kings gvii. 24: Luke ix. 52, 53; Acts x. 28.

Exets, kai to  $\phi \rho \epsilon \alpha \rho$   $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$   $\beta \alpha \theta \upsilon$   $\sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  our  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota s$  thou hast, and the well is deep: whence then hast thou το ύδωρ το ζων, 12 Μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος the water the living? Not thou greater art the ήμων Ιακωβ; ός εδωκεν ήμιν το φρεαρ, και who Jacob? to us the gave αυτος εξ αυτου επιε, και οί υίοι αυτου, και τα of it drank, and the aons of him, and the ματα αυτου. 13 Απεκριθη Ιητους και ειπεν θρεμματα αυτου, of him. Answered Jesus αυτη. Πας ό πινων εκ του ύδατος τουτου, διψηwill to her; All the drinking of the water this, σει παλιν· 14 δς δ' αν πιη εκ του ύδατος, thirst again; who but ever may drink of the water, of which τρω δωσω αυτφ, ου μη διψηση εις τον αιωνα· I shall give to him, not not may thirst to the age; αλλα το ύδωρ, δ δωσω αυτφ, γενησεται εν shall be the water, which I shall give him, 🕶 ντφ πηγη ύδατος άλλομενου εις ζωην αιωνιον. a well of water springing iuto life age-lasting. 15 Λεγει πρυς αυτον ή γυνη. Κυριε, δος μοι Says to him the woman; Olord, give tome τουτο το ύδωρ, ίνα μη διψω, μηδε ερχωμαι ενthis the water, that not limay thirst, nor may come to  $\theta$  a  $\delta \epsilon$  a  $\nu \tau \lambda \epsilon i \nu$ .  $^{16} \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i$  a  $\nu \tau \eta$   $\delta$  In  $\sigma$  outs. That  $\gamma \epsilon$ , to Says to her the Jesus; thia place to draw. Gu, φωνησον τον ανδρα σου, και ελθε ενθαδε. the husband of thee, and come here. 17 Απεκριθη ή γυνη και ειπεν. Ουκ εχω ανδρα.
Answered the woman and said; Not I have shusband. Λεγει αυτή δ Ιησους. Καλως ειπας. Ότι ανδρα Says to ber the Jesus; Rightly thou didst say: That a husband  $^{18}$  Πεντε γαρ ανδρας εσχες και νυν ουκ εχω. for husbands thou has thad; and now not I have. δι $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \epsilon s$ , ουκ  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$  σου ανηρ $\tau$ ουτο αλη $\theta \epsilon s$ whom thou rast, not is of thee a husband: this 19 Λεγει αυτώ ή γυνη· Κυριε, θεωρω, Says to him the woman; Olord, I see, ειρηκα. thou has' said. 20 Οί πατερες ήμων εν τω ότι τροφητης ει συ. that a prophet art thou. The fathers ofus in the τουτφ προσεκυνησαν· και ύμεις λεγετε, worshipped: and vou say, ότι εν Ίεροσολυμοις εστιν ό τοπος, όπου Jerusalem is the place, whereitisnecessary προσκυνειν. 21 Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους· Γυναι, πισ-Says to her the Jesus: O woman, believe **τ**ευσον μοι, ότι ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουτε εν τφορε: me, that comes as hour, when neither in the mountain τουτώ, ουτε εν Ιεροσολυμοις προσκυνησετε τω you shall worship this. nor Jerusalem the 22 'THEIS πατρι,  $\pi \rho o \sigma \kappa \upsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon$   $\delta$   $o \upsilon \kappa$   $o \iota \delta \alpha \tau \epsilon$ what not you know: father. worship ήμεις προσκυνουμεν ό οιδαμεν· ότι ή σωτηρια

draw with, and the WELL is deep; whence, then. hast thou the LIVING WA-

12 Art thou greater than our father Jacob, who gave us the WELL, and drank of it himself, and his SONS, and his CATTLE?"

13 Jesus answered and said to her, "EVERY ONE DRINKING of this WATER

will thirst again;

14 hut the, who may drink of the WATER which # will give him, shall not thirst to the AGE; but the WATER which I will give him, shall become in him a Fountain of Water, springing up into aionian Life."

15 ‡ The woman says to him, "Sir, give me This WATER that I may not thirst, nor \* come here to draw."

16 \* He says to her, "Go, call thy HI BAND, and come here."

17 Thewoman answered and said, "I have no Husband." JESUS said to her, "Correctly thou didst say, 'I have no Husband."

18 For thou hast had Five Husbands, and he whom now thou hast is not Thy Husband; this thou hast truly spoken."

19 The WOMAN says to him, "Sir, # I see That

thou art a Prophet.

20 Our fathers worshipped in this Moun-TAIN; and nou say, That in Jerusalem is the PLACE where it is necessary to worship."

21 JESUS says to her. "Woman, helieve me, That an Hour is coming, when neither in this MOUNTAIN. nor in Jerusalem, will you worship the FATHER.

22 Dou worship what you do not know; me wership what we know; because SALVATION is of the comes an hour, JEWS.

16. He says.

εκ των Ιουδαιων εστιν.

worship what we know; because the salvation

But

23 Αλλ' ερχεται ώρα,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. come over here.

<sup>14.</sup> John vi. 35; vii. 38. 15. John xvii. 2, 3; Rom. vi. 23; 1 John v. 20, vii. 16; xxiv. 19; John vi. 14; vii. 40. 20, Deut. xii. 5, 11; 1 Kingsix. 3; 2 1 20. Deut. xii. 5, 11; 1 Kingsix. 3; 2 Chron. Val. 12

και νυν εστιν, ότε οί αληθινοι προσκυνηται when the now is, true worshippers προσκυνησουσι τφ πατρι εν πνευματι και αληshall worship the father in spirit and truth: θεια· και γαρ δ πατηρ τοιουτους ζητει τους for the father even such like seeks those  $^{24}\,\Pi\nu\epsilon\nu\mu\alpha$   $\delta$   $\theta\epsilon\sigma$ s• προσκυνουντας αυτον. και A spirit the God: and worshipping him. τους προσκυνουντας αυτον, εν πνευματι και worshipping him, and in spirit  $^{25}$  Λεγει αυτ $\varphi$  ή αληθεια δει προσκυνειν. truth it hehoves to worship. Says t hir the γυνη. Οιδα, ότι Μεσσιας ερχεται. (δ λεγομεwoman: I know, that Messiah comes: (he being called νος Χριστος.) δταν ελθη εκεινος, αναγγελει παντα. <sup>26</sup> Λεγει αυτη ὁ Ιησους. Εγω ειμι, ημιν παντα. tous 27 Και επι τουτφ ηλθον οί μαθηδ λαλων σοι. he talking to thee. And on this came the ται αυτου, και εθαυμαζον, ότι μετα γυναικος ples of him, and wondered, that with a woman ελαλει. Ουδεις μεντοι ειπε· Τι (ητεις; η, τι he talked. No one nevertheless said: What seekest thou; or, why λαλεις μετ' αυτης; <sup>28</sup> Αφηκεν ουν την ύδριαν talkest thou with her? Left therefore the αύτης ή γυνη, και απηλθεν εις την πολιν, και of herself the woman, and went into the λεγει τοις ανθρωποις· 29 Δευτε, ιδετε ανθρωπον, says to the men: Come you, see ός ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα· μητι ούτος who told me all what I did; not εστιν δ Χριστος; 30 Εξηλθον εκ της πολεως, is the Anointed? They went out of the και ηρχοντο προς αυτον. and were coming to

<sup>31</sup> Εν δε τφ ματαξυ ηρωτων αυτον οἱ μαθηται In and the meantime were asking him the disciples <sup>32</sup> 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις· λεγουτες 'Ραββι, φαγε. saying; He but said to them; Rabhi, eat. Σγω βρωσιν εχω φαγειν, ήν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. have to eat, which you not  $^{33}$ Ελεγον ουν οἱ μαθηται προς αλληλους $^{\circ}$  Μη then the disciples Said to each other: Not 34 Λεγει αυτοις δ τις ηνεγκεν αυτφ φαγειν; any one brought to him food? Says to them the Inσουs. Εμον Βοωμα εστιν, ίνα ποιω το Jesus. Мy food is, that I may do the θελημα του πεμψαντος με, και τελειωσω αυτου of the sending me, and may finish 35 Ουχ ύμεις λεγετε, ότι ετι τετρατο εργον. the work. Not you SAY, that yet four μηνος εστι, και ό θερισμος ερχεται; Ιδου, λεγω months it is, and the harvest comes? Lo, I say ύμιν, επαρατε τους οφθαλμους ύμων, και θεαto you, hit np eyea olyou, and

23 But an Hour is coming, and now is, when the TRUE Worshippers will worship the FATHER In Spirit and Truth; for the FATHER even seeks such LIKE as his Worshippers,

24 Cdd is Spirit; and THOSE WORSHIPPING him must worship in Spirit and

Truth."

25 The WOMAN says to him, "I know That Messiah is coming, (HE being CALLED Christ;) when he comes he will tell us all things."

26 Jesus says to her. t" #, who am Talking to

thee, am he."
27 And upon this his DISCIPLES came, and won. dered That he was talking with a Woman; nevertheless no one said, "What dost thou seek?" or, "Why art thou talking with her?"

28 The WOMAN, therefore, left her PITCHER, and and went into the CITY, and says to the men,

29 Come, see a Man, who told me all things which I have done! Is this the Messiah?"

30 They went out of the CITY, and were coming to him.

31 And in the MEAN. TIME, his DISCIPLES entreating him, said, "Rabbi, eat."

32 But he said to them. "I have Food to eat, of which you know not."

33 Then the DISCIPLES said to each other, "Has any one brought him (food) to eat?"

34 Jesus says to them. ‡" My Food is to do the WILL of HIM Who SENT me, and to finish His WORK.

35 Do nou not say, That it is yet four Months, and the HARVEST comes? Behold, I say to you, Lift up your EYES, and see the σασθε τας χωρας, ότι λευκαι εισι προς θερισμον **y**ou the fields, that white they are to <sup>36</sup> 'Ο θεριζων μισθον λαμβανει, και συναnδn. already. He reaping a reward receives, and gathers γει καρπον εις ζωην αιωνιον· ίνα και δ σπειρων life age-lasting; so that both he acwing for χαιρη, και δ θεριζων. <sup>37</sup> Εν γαρ τουτφ δ δμου to ether may rejoice, and he reaping. In for this the λογος εστιν δ αληθινος, δτι αλλος εστιν δ ia the that is Ьe lrue, one <sup>38</sup> Εγω απεσ**σ**πειρων, και αλλος δ θεριζων. sowing, and another he reaping. **τειλα ύ**μας θεριζειν ό ουχ ύμεις κεκοπιακατε· you you to reap what not have labored:

αλλοι κεκοπιακασι, και ύμεις εις τον κοπον labored, you and into the labor others <sup>39</sup> Εκ δε της πολεως εισεληλυθατε. αυτων Out of and the ofthem are entered. εκεινης πολλοι επιστευσαν εις αυτον των Σαμα-

him of the believed into ρειτων, δια τον λογον της γυναικος, μαρτυof the ritans. through the word WOBIAB, Ότι ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα. all That he told me what I did. ving:

40 \* ['Ωs] ουν ηλθον προς αυτον οί Σαμαρειται, [When] therefore came to him the Samaritans.

ηρωτων αυτον μειναι παρ' αυτοις. και εμεινεν and he abode to abide with them; him asking εκει δυο ήμερας. 41 Και πολλφ πλειους επιστευ-And days. many more believed there two <sup>42</sup>Τη τε **γ**υναικι δια τον λογον αυτου.

To the and the word of him. through 'Οτι δια την σην λαλιαν €λ€γον∙ OUKETL thy no longer through the they said; That aaving πιστευομεν· αυτοι γαρ ακηκοαμεν, και οιδαμεν, ourselves for we have heard, and we know, we believe:

we believe: ourselves for we have heard, and we know, of to ourselves for we have heard, and we know, that this is truly the savier of the world

\*[δ Χριστος.]

 $^{43}$  Μετα δε τας δυο ἡμερας εξηλθεν εκειθεν, After and the two days he went out thence, \*[και απηλθεν] εις την Γαλιλαιαν.  $^{44}$  Αυτος [and went out] into the Galice. Himself

γαρ Ιησους εμαρτυρησεν, ότι προφητης εν τη that in the for Jeans testified. a prophet 45 'Οτε ουν ηλθεν ιδια πατριδι τιμην ουκ εχει. When therefore he came honor not has. country εις την Γαλιλαιαν, εδεξαντο αυτον οί Γαλιλαιοι, him the into the Galilee. received Galileans,

FIELDS; ‡ That they are already white for Harvest

36 ‡ The REAPER receives a Reward, and gathers Fruit for aichion Life; so that the sower and the REAPER may rejoice together.

37 For in this is the SAYING TRUE; 'That one is the SOWER, and another is the REAPER.'

38 I sent you to reap that on which you have not labored; others labored, and you have entered into their LABOR."

39 Now many of the SAMARITANS from that CITY believed into him, because of the word of the woman, testifying, "lie told me all things which I have done."

40 \* Then came the SAMARITANS to him, and asked him to remain with them: and he remained there Two Days.

41 And many more believed on account of his word;

42 and said to the wo-MAN, "We no longer beheve because of \* THY Report; for we ourselves have heard; and we know That this is truly the Sa-VIOR of the WOLLD."

43 Now after the Two Days, he went from thence into Galilee.†

44 For ‡ Jesus himself testified, That a Prophet has no Honor in his own Country.

45 When, therefore, he came into Galilee, the Galileans received him,

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—40. When—omit. 40. Then came the Samabitan's to him, and asked him. 42. thy report. 43. the anointed—omit. 43. and went—omit.

<sup>†43.</sup> Fearce thinks that some words have been lost from the end of this verse, which may be suprlied thus; "Went into Galilee, but not to Nazareth; for Jesus himself had declared," etc. In Matt xiii. 57; Mark vi. 4; and Lukelv. 24, which are the only texts where Jesus is said to have declared this, he spoke of Nazareth only, and not Galilee in general, a country where he lived for the most part, and wrought the greatest number of his miracles, and made the most converts.—Clarke. There is a probability that something to this purpose has been very early omitted in transcribing. The casual conjunction gar, for, which introduces the next verse, shows that it contains the reason of what had immediately preceded.—Camp.

<sup>† 35.</sup> Matt. ix. 37; Luke x. 2. Luke iv. 24.

<sup>1 86.</sup> Dan xii. 3.

παντα έωρακοτες ά εποιησεν εν Ίεροσολυμοις | thaving seen All that he Jerusalem having seen what he did in εν τη έορτη και αυτοι γαρ ηλθον εις την έορ- FEAST, for then also went at the feast, also themselves for came to the feast, to the FEAST.  $^{46}$  Ha $\theta$ ev our  $\pi$ aair eis auην Κανα auης He came then into again the Γαλιλαιας, όπου εποιησε το ύδωρ οινον. where he made the water wine. ην τις βασιλικος, ού ὁ υίος ησθενει, εν Καwas sick, in Cawas certain courtier, of whom the son 47 Ούτος ακουσας ότι Ιησους ήκει SON was sick in Caper-This hearing that Jesus was come naum. περναουμ. hearing pernaum. της Ιουδαίας  $\epsilon$ ις την Γαλιλαίαν,  $\alpha$ πηλ $\theta$  $\epsilon$ into the Galilee, Judea went καταβη, προς αυτον, και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα and was asking him, to him, that he would come down και ιασηται αυτου τον υίον ημελλε γαρ αποand heal of him the son; he was about for to 48 Ειπεν ουν ό Ιησους προς αυτον· θνησκειν. Said therefore the Jesus to him; Εαν μη σημεια και τερατα ιδητε, ου μη πιστευsigns and prodigies you may see, not not If not you may 49 Λεγει προς αυτον δ βασιλικος· Κυριε, σητε. believe. Says to him the courtier: Osir, καταβηθι,  $\pi_{\nu}$ αποθανειν το παιδιον μου. come down. hefore to die the child of me. 60 Λεγει αυτφ ό Ιησους· Πορευου· ό υίος σου Says to him the Jesus: Go: the son of thee \*[Kai] επιστευσεν δ ανθρωπος τω λογω ζŋ. [And] helieved the man the word lives.  $^{51}$  H $\delta\eta$ φ ειπεν αυτφ Ιησους, και επορευετο. which said to him Jesus, and went. Already δε αυτου καταβαινοντος, οί δουλοι αυτου απηνwas going down, the slaves of him and of him met τησαν αυτώ, \*[και απηγγειλαν,] λεγοντες. him, reported,] saying; and \*[παρ' <sup>52</sup> Επυθετο ουν 'Ότι ὁ παις σου ζη. That the child of thee lives. Heinquired then of την ώραν, εν η κομψοτερον εσχε. αυτων better the hour, in which he was. them? Και ειπον αυτφ. Ότι χθες ώραν έβδομην αφηand they said to him; That yesterday hour κεν αυτον δ πυρετος. <sup>53</sup> Εγνω ουν δ πατηρ, Knew then the father, him the fever. ότι εν εκεινη τη ώρα, εν η ειπεν αυτώ ο Ιηthat in that the hour, in which said to him the Je-'Ότι δ υίος σου ζη. Και επιστευσαν That the son of thee lives. he believed And 54 Τουτο παλιν αυτος, και ή οικια αυτου όλη. himself, and the house of him all. This δευτερον σημειον εποιησεν δ Ιησους, ελθων did the Jesus, having come ont of sign της Ιουδαιας εις την Γαλιλαιαν. into the the Judea

did in Jerusalem, at the

Cana of the towards Cana of GALILEE, 46 \* Then he came again And Twhere he made WATER

And Wine. And there was a

Cartain Courtier, Whose

> 47 The, having heard That Jesus was come out of Judea into Galilee, went to him, and asked him, that he would come down and cure His son: for he was about to die.

48 JESUS, therefore, said to him, ‡"If you see not Signs and Prodigies, you will not believe."

49 The COURTIER says to him, "Sir, come down, before my CHILD die."

"Go, thy son lives." The MAN believed the WORD which Jesus said to him. and went.

51 And now as he was going down, his SERVANTS met him, saying, \* "Thy CHILD lives."

52 He then inquired \* that HOUR in which he grew better. \* And they said to him, "Yesterday, at the † seventh Hour, the FEVER left him."

53 The FATHER, therefore, knew That it was in That Hourin which JESUS said to him, "Thy son lives." And he believed and all his House.

54 \* This again, a Second Sign, did Jesus, having come out of JUDEA into GALILEE.

<sup>50.</sup> And-omit. 52. of them-omit. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. Then he came again towards Cana. 51. and reported-omit. 51. That his son lives. 52. Then said they to him. 54. And this again is the Second Sign. 52. that Hour.

<sup>† 52.</sup> According to John's computation of time this would be seven o'clock in the evening. Macknight thinks the Roman hour is intended, i. e. seven in the evening; and this he thinks is the reason why our Lord did not accompany the courtier: for as Cana was a day sjourney from Capernaum, had our Lord gone at that hour, he must have traveled in the *night*, from which it might have been inferred, that he could not cure the child without being personally present. Harmony, vol. i. p. 52. . 40. Jonn 11, 1, 11.

## KE $\Phi$ . $\epsilon'$ . 5.

1 Μετα ταυτα ην έφρτη των Ιουδαίων, κα: After these things was a feast of the Jews, and <sup>2</sup> Εστι δε εν ανεβη δ Ιησους εις Ίεροσολυμα. went up the Jesus to Jerusalem. l s now in τοις Ίεροσολυμοις, επι τη προβατική, κολυμby the Jerusalem, sheep-gate, a swimmingβηθρα, ή επιλεγομενη Έβραιστι Βηθεσδα, πεντε that being called in Hebrew Bethesda,  $^3$  Ev ταυταις κατεκειτο πληθος στοας εχουσα. porches ha.iug. ln these were lying a multitude \*[πολυ] των ασθενουντων, τυφλων, χωλων, [great] of those being sick, blind, lame, ξηρων \*[εκδεχομενων την του ύδατος κινησ.ν. withered waiting the of the water moving.  $^4$ Αγγελος γαρ κατα καιρον κατεetaαινεν εν τη Amessenger for at aseason went down in the κολυμβηθρα, και εταρασσε το ύδωρο ό ουν πρωawimming-oath, and agitated the water; he then τος εμβας μετα την ταραχην του ύδατος, ύγιης stepping in after the agitation of the water,  $\epsilon \gamma \iota \nu \epsilon \tau \upsilon$ ,  $\omega$   $\delta \eta \pi \sigma \tau \epsilon$   $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \iota \chi \epsilon \tau \sigma$   $\nu \sigma \sigma$ sound νοσηματι. became, who indeed was held by disease.]  $^5$  Ην δε τις ανθρωπος εκει, τριακοντα και οκτω there, Was and a certain man thirty and eight <sup>6</sup>Τουτον ιδων ό ετη εχων εν τη ασθενεια. years being in the feeble health. Thia seeing the Ιησους κατακειμενον, και γνους ότι πολυν ηδη and knowing that long already lying, χρονον εχει, λεγει αυτώ. Θελεις ύγιης γενεσtime he had been, he says to bim; Dost thou wish sound θαι; <sup>7</sup> Απεκριθη αυτω δ απθενων· Κυριε, ανθρω-come? Answered him he sick being; O str, a man πον ουκ εχω, ίνα, όταν ταραχθη το ύδωρ, not I have, that, when may be agitated the water, 'ων δε με εις την κολυμβηθραν. Βαλη he may put me into the swimming-bath: in which but ερχομαι εγω, αλλος προ €μου καταβαινει. am coming í, another before  $\mathbf{m} \bullet$ goes down. 8 Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εγειραι, αρον τον κραβ-Says to him the Jesus: Rise, take up the 9 Και ευθεως εγεβατον σου, και περιπατει. of thee, and walk. And immediately heνετο ύγιης ό ανθρωπος, και ηρε τον κραββατον came sound the man, and took up the hed αύτου, και περιεπατει. of himself, and walked. Ην δε σαββατον It was and a sabbath in εκεινη τη ήμερα. 10 Ελεγον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι τφ Said then the to the the Jews day. τεθεραπευμενω. Σαββατον εστιν. ουκ εξεστι having been healed: A sabbath it is: not it is lawful CHAPTER V.

1 After these things there was t a Feast of the Jews; and \* Jesus went

up to Jerusalem.
2 Now there is in Jeru-

SALEM ‡ near the SHEEP-GATE, a Bath, which is CALLED in Hebrew, \*† Bethesda, having Five cov-

ered Walks.

3 In these were lying a Multitude of the SICK,—Blind, Lame, Withered,—
\*†[waiting the MOTION]

of the WATER.

4 For a Messenger at times went down into the BATH, and agitated the WATER; the FIRST, therefore, stepping in after the AGITATION of the WATER, was cured of Whatever Disease he was held.]

5 Now a certain Man was there, having been Thirty-eight Years in FEE-

BLE HEATH.

6 JESUS seeing him lying, and knowing That he had now been thus a Long Time, says to him, "Dost thou wish to become well?"

7 The SICK person answered him, "Sir, I have no Man, that, when the water is agitated, he may put me into the Bath; but while # am coming, another goes down before me."

8 Jesus says to him, ‡ "Rise, take up thy couch, and walk."

9 And immediately the MAN became well, and took up his could, and walked. I Now That DAY was a Sabbath.

10 The Jews, therefore, said to HIM who had been CURED, "It is a Sabbath; it is not lawful for thee to carry the COUCH."

3, 4-omit.

4 VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-1. Jesus. 2. Bethsaida. 3. great-omit.

αραι τον κραββατον.

bed.

for thee to carry the

He answered

11 Απεκριθη αυτοις·

them:

<sup>† 2.</sup> Bethesda, signifies the kouse of mercy. † 3, 4. This clause is without doubt the addition of some transcriber. Five of the most ancient MSS, either reject the whole or the principal part of the clause in brackets. Bloomfield says, "the whole narration savors of Jewish fancy." Meyer calls it a legendury addition. It is omitted by Mill and Tischendorf, and marked as spurious by Griesbach.

'Ο ποιησας με ύγιη, εκεινος μοι είπεν. Αρον τον He having made me sound, he to me said; Take np the κραββατον σου, και περιπατει.  $^{12}$  Ηρωτησαν bed of thee, and walk. They asked \*[oυν] αυτον Tis εστιν  $\delta$  ανθρωπος,  $\delta$  είπων [then] him; Who is the man, he saying

σοι Αρον τον κραββατον σου, και περιπατει; to thee; Take up the bed of thee, and walk?

13 O  $\delta \epsilon$   $\iota \alpha \theta \epsilon \iota s$  our  $\eta \delta \epsilon \iota$   $\iota \iota s$   $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$  o  $\gamma \alpha \rho$ He buthaving been cured not knew who it  $\iota s$ ; the for  $\iota s$   $\iota s$ 

14 Meta  $\tau \alpha \upsilon \tau \alpha$  e  $\dot{\upsilon} \rho \iota \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota$  autov  $\dot{\delta}$  Indovs  $\epsilon \nu \tau \omega$  After these finds him the Jesu in the  $\iota \epsilon \rho \omega$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$  aut $\omega$  Ide,  $\dot{\upsilon} \gamma \iota \eta s$   $\gamma \epsilon \gamma o \nu \alpha s$   $\mu \eta \iota \tau \omega$  temple, and said to him: See, sound thou hast become: no ket  $\iota$  auaratave,  $\dot{\iota} \nu \alpha \mu \eta$   $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho o \nu$  for  $\tau \iota$   $\gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ . On that no worse to thee anything may happen. If  $\lambda \tau \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\delta$  author  $\lambda \tau \omega$  worse to the anything may happen. Wentaway the man, and told to the

Wentaway the man, and told to the Ioυδαιοις, ότι Ιησους εστιν, ό ποιησας αυτον Jews, that Jesus itins, he having made him ύγιη. 16 Και δια τουτο εδιωκον τον Ιησουν οί sound. And through this persecuted the Jesus the Iουδαιοι, ότι ταυτα εποιεί εν σαββατω. 17 Ο

a sabbath. he did in Jews, because these 'Ο πατηρ μου δε Ιησους απεκρινατο αυτοις. The father them: answered  $^{18}$   $\Delta \iota \alpha$ έως αρτι εργαζεται, καγω εργαζομαι. Through and l work. works. τουτο ουν μαλλον εζητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι him the this therefore more sought το σαββααποκτειναι, ότι ου μονον ελυε

to kill, because not only he was breaking the sabbath
τον, αλλα και πατερα ιδιον ελεγε τον θεον,
hut also a father his own said the God;

ισον έαυτον ποιων τφ θεφ. 19 Απεκρινατο ουν equal himself making to the God. Answered then

 $\delta$  Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις Αμην αμην λεγω the Jeaus and said to them: Indeed indeed I say  $\delta$  μιν, ου δυναται  $\delta$  υίος ποιειν αφ' ξαυτου ουδεν, to you, not is able the son to do of himself nothing.

εαν μη τι βλεπη τον πατερα ποιουντα ά it not enything he may see the father doing: what γαρ αν εκεινος ποιη, ταυτα και δ υίος διοιως

for ever he may do, these shothe son in like manner  $\pi o \iota \in \iota^{20}$  O  $\gamma a \rho \pi \alpha \tau \eta \rho \phi \iota \lambda \in \iota \tau o \nu \iota \circ \nu$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \pi \alpha \nu$  does: The for father toves the son, and all

does: The for father toves the edu, and at τα δεικνυσιν αυτώ, ά αυτος ποιεί και μείζονα shows to him, what he does: and greater

τουτων δειξει αυτφ εργα, ίνα ύμεις θαυμαζητε.
of these shows to him works, so that you may wonder.

21 Πσπερ γαρ δ πατηρ εγειρει τοις νεκρους και
As for the father raises the dead ones and

11 \* But he answered them, "HE who MADE me well, he said to me, Take up thy couch, and walk." 12 They asked him,

"Who is the MAN THAT SAID to thee, \*"Take up thy couch, and walk?"

13 But HE who had been cured knew not who it was; for Jesus withdrew, a Crowd being in the

14 After these things, \*Jesus finds him in the TEMPLE, and said to him, "Behold, thou hast become well; †sin no more, lest something worse may happen to thee."

15 The MAN went away, and told the Jews That Jesus was HE who MADE

him well.

16 And on account of this the Jews persecuted Jesus, because he did These things on a Sabbath.

These things on a Sabbath.

17 But \* HE answered and said, ‡ "My FATHER works till now, and £ work."

18 For this, then, the JEWS ‡ sought the more to kill him, because not only was he breaking the SABBATH, ‡ but he also said, that GOD was his own Father, making himselfequal with GOD."

19 Then \* he answered and said, "Indeed, I assure you, The son can do nothing of himself, except what he may see the FATHER doing, for whatever it does, these things also does the son in like manner.

20 For the father loves the son, and show him All what he himse does; and Greater Works than these will be sh him, that you may wond

r. 21 For as the FATH raises up and makes al the DEAD, ‡ so also

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscrift.—11. But he. 12. Then—omit. 12. Take up, and, 14. Jesus. 17. he answered and said, My father. 19. he answered and said.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Matt. xii. 45; John vii. 11. † 17. John ix 4; xiv. 10. † 18. John vii. 19 † 18. John xi. 30, 33, Phil. ii. 6. † 20. Matt. iii. 17; John iii. 35; 2 Pet. 1. 17. † 21. Luke vii. 14, viii 54; John xi. 25, 54.

ζωοποιει· ούτω και ό υίος, ούς θελει, ζωοποιει.
makes alive: thus also the soo, whom he will, makes alive.

22 Ονδε γαρ ό πατηρ κρινει ουδενα αλλα την Not even for the father judges but any one; the <sup>23</sup>ίνα παντες κρισιν πασαν δεδωκε τω υίω. all has given to the son; 'O τιμωσι τον υίον, καθως τιμωσι τον πατερα. may bonor the son, even as they honor the Πe father. μη τιμων τον υίον, ου τιμα τον πατερα,  $\tau o \nu$ not bonors the not honoring the son, father, that 21 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι πεμψαντα αυτον. Indeed indeed I say to you, that having sent him. τον λογον μου ακουων, και πιστευων,  $\tau \varphi$ be the word of me hearing, and believing, the πεμψαντι με εχει ζωην αιωνιον, και εις κρισιν having sent me has life age-lasting, and into judgment ουκ ερχεται, αλλα μεταβεβηκεν εκ του θαναcomes, but has passed out of the  $^{25}$  Αμην αμην λεγω  $^{6}$ μιν, του εις την ζωην. the

του είς την ζωην. ΤΑμην αμην λεγω υμιν, into the life. Indeed indeed I any toyon,  $\delta \tau \iota$  ερχεται ώρα, και νυν εστιν,  $\delta \tau \epsilon$  οι νεκροι that comes an honr, and now 18, when the dead ones ακουσονται της φωνης του υίου του θεου· και οί ακουσαντες ζησονται.  $26^\circ \Omega \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$  γαρ  $\delta$  πα-

son he colore in almach. And annothing he κεν αυτώ και κρισιν ποιείν, ότι υίος ανθρώπου gave to him also judgment to execute, because a son of man εστι 28 Μη θαμμαίετε ποιντι ότι ευνετιιώνου

 $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ . <sup>28</sup> Μη θαυμαζετε τουτο ότι ερχεται ώρα, he is. Not wonder you this: because comes an hour,  $\epsilon \nu$  η παντες οί  $\epsilon \nu$  τοις μνημειος ακουσανται in which all those in the tombs shall hear

της φωνης αυτου,  $^{29}$  και εκπορευσουται, οί τα the voice of him, and shall come forth, those the αγαθα ποιηταντές, εις αναστασιν ζωης· οί good things having done, to a resurrection of life; those  $*[\delta\epsilon]$  τα φαυλα πραξαντές, εις αναστασιν κρι-

[and] the evilthings having done, to a resurrection 30 Ου δυναμαι εγω ποιειν απ σεωs. εμαυτου Not amable 1 to do judgment. of ουδεν. Καθως ακουω, κρινω, και ή κρισις ή I hear, nothing. Even as I judge, and the judgment the εμη δικαια εστιν ότι ου ζητω το θελημα το mine jnat ia; that not lazek the will the εμον, αλλα το θελημα του  $\pi \epsilon \mu \psi \alpha \nu \tau \sigma s \mu \epsilon$ . but the will otthe aending mine. me.

 $^{31}\, ext{Eav}$  εγω μαρτυρω  $\pi$ ερι εμαυτου,  $\grave{\eta}$  μαρτυρια the testify concerning myseif, testimony 32 Αλλος εστιν δ μαρμου ουκ εστιν αληθης. of me not true. Another is he testiτυρων περι εμου και οιδα, ότι αληθης εστιν and I know, that lying concerning me; true

son makes alive Whom he pleases.

22 For the PATHER does not even judge any one, but ‡ has given all JUDG-MENT to the SON:

23 so that all may honor the son, even as they honor the father. ‡ lie who honors not the son honors not that father who

sent him.

24 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who HEARS my WORD, and believes HIM who SENT me, has atomian Life, and comes not into Judgment, but has passed out of DEATH into LIFE.

25 Indeed, I assure you, That an Hour comes, and now is, when the DEAD will hear the VOICE of the SON of GOD, and THOSE HAVING HEARD will live.

26 For as the FATHER has Life in himself, so he gave also to the son to have Life in himself;

27 and he gave him Authority also to execute Judgment, Because he is a Son of Man.

28 Wonder not at this; Because an Hour comes in which ALL those in the TOMBS will hear his VOICE,

29 and will come forth; THOSE HAVING DONE GOOD things, to a Resurrection of Life; and THOSE HAVING DONE EVIL things, to a Resurrection of Judgment.

30 If am not able to do anything of myself; as I hear, I judge; and my judgmentisjust, Because I seek not 1 my will, but the will of him sending me.

S1 Though # testify concerning myself, tis not my Testimony true?

32 There is ANOTHER who testifies concerning me; and I know That the

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. and -omit.

<sup>† 31.</sup> By translating this interrogatively, this passage is harmonized with John viii. 14.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; Luke x. 22; John iii. 35; xvii. 2; Acts xvii. 31; 1 Pet. iv. 6, † 23. I John ii. 23. † 29. Dan. xii. 2; Matt. xxv. 32, 33, 46. † 39. Matt. xxvi 39, John iv. 34; vi. 38. † 31. John viii. 14: Rev. iii. 14.

 $^{33}$  ' $\Upsilon\mu\epsilon\iota s$ ή μαρτυρια, ήν μαρτυρει περι εμου. the testimony, which he testifies concerning me. You απεσταλκατε προς Ιωαννην, και μεμαρτυρηκε John, and he has testified have sent <sup>34</sup> Εγω δε ου παρα ανθρωπου την τη αληθεια. but not from the to the truth. a man μαρτυριαν λαμβανω. αλλα ταυτα λεγω, ίνα but these things I say, receive: 35 Εκεινος ην ό λυχνος ό καιούμεις σωθητε. you may be saved. Нe was the lamp the μενος και φαινων· ύμεις δε ηθελησατε **αγαλλι**you and were willing to reand shining:  $^{36}$  E $\gamma\omega$  $a\theta\eta\nu\alpha\iota \pi\rho\sigmas \dot{\omega}\rho\alpha\nu \in \nu \tau \omega \phi\omega\tau\iota \alpha\nu\tau\sigma\upsilon.$ for an hour in δε εχω την μαρτυριαν μειζω του Ιωαννου τα greater of the the but have the testimony γαρ εργα, ὰ εδωκε μοι ὁ πατηρ, ίνα τελειωσω works, which gave to me the father, that I might finish αυτα, αυτα τα εργα, ά εγω ποιω, μαρτυρει testifies works, which I them, the do, these <sup>37</sup> Kaı περι εμου, ότι ό πατηρ με απεσταλκε. concerning me, because the father me And has sent. δ πεμίμας με πατηρ αυτος μεμαρτυρηκε  $\pi \in \rho \iota$ he having sent me father himself has testified concerning Ουτε φωνην αυτου ακηκοατε πωποτε, ELLOU. Neither avoice of him have you heard at auy time, me. <sup>38</sup> Και τον λογον υυτε ειδος αυτου έωρακατε. And the word nor form of him have you seen. αυτου ουκ εχετε μενοντα εν ύμιν ότι όν απεσof him not you have abiding in you; because whom sent τειλεν εκεινος, τουτώ ύμεις ου πιστευέτε. this you not he,  $^{39}\,\mathrm{E}$ ρευνατε τας γραφας, ότι ύμεις δοκειτε εν writings, because you think ou search the αυταις ζωην αιωνιον εχειν· και εκειναι εισιν αί are those life age-lasting to have: and they μαρτυρουσαι περι εμου. 40 και ου θελετε ελθειν and not you are willing to come testifying concerning me; <sup>41</sup> Δοξαν παρα ανθρωπρος με, ίνα ζωην εχητε. Glory from to me, so that life you may have. πων ου λαμβανω· 42 αλλ' εγνωκα ύμας, ότι την that the but I have known you, not I receive;  $^{43}$  E $\gamma\omega$ αγαπην του θεου ουκ εχετε εν έαυτοις. of the God not you have in yourselves. εληλυθα εν τφ ονοματι του πατρος μου, και ου of the father of me, and not have come in the name λαμβανετε με· εαν αλλος ελθη εν τφ ονοματι name vou receive me: if another should come in the  $^{44}$   $\Pi \omega s$ δυνασθ∈ τω ιδιώ, εκεινον ληψεσθε. How are able him you will receive. ύμεις πιστευσαι, δοξαν παρα αλληλων λαμβανον-

TESTIMONY which he testifies of me is true. 33.1 Pou have sent to

John, and he has testified,

to the TRUTH.

34 But # receive not TESTIMONY from a Man (only;) but These things I say, that nou may be saved.

35 Dewas the BURNING and shining LAMP; and nou were willing, for a Time, to rejoice in his

LIGHT. 36 But I have Testimo-NY greater than John's; for the works which the FATHER gave me, that I might finish them, These WORKS which \* I do, tes-That tify concerning me, the FATHER has sent Me.

37 And the FATHER who SENT me, he has testified concerning me; though you have not, at any time, either heard his Voice, or

seen his Form.)

38 And his word you have not remaining in you; Because nou believe not him whom he sent.

39 You search the scrip-TURES, Because you think by them to obtain aionian Life; fand they are THOSE TESTIFYING of me;

40 and yet you are not willing to come to me that you may obtain Life.

41 I receive not Glory

from Men;

42 but I know you, That you have not the LOVE of God in yourselves.

43 I have come in the NAME of my FATHER, and you do not receive me; if another should come in his own name, him you will receive.

44 t How can nou believe, receiving Glory one from another; and THAT GLORY from the ONLY God you do not seek.

45 Do not think That H will accuse you to the

glory from one another

45 Μη δοκειτε, ότι εγω κατηγορησω

τες, και την δοξαν την παρα του μονου θεου ου

glory that from the

Not think you, that

will accuse

receiving,

God not

to believe,

ζητειτε;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. I do.

<sup>44.</sup> the only one.

I 33. John i. 15, 19, 27, 32. xvii. 5; John vi. 27; viii. 18. 🕯 44. John xii. 43.

<sup>1 37.</sup> Matt iii. 17; † 36. John iii. 2; x. 25; xv. 24. † 37. Matt iii. 17; † 39. Deut. xviii. 15, 18; Luke xxiv. 27; John i. 45.

ύμων προξ τον πατερα. εστιν δ κατηγορων to the father: ia he accusing 3 12 ύμων, Μωσης, εις ύν ύμεις ηλπικατε. you, Moses, into whom you have hoped. γαρ επιστευετε Μωση, επιστευετε αν €µ01' you believed you would believe for Moses, me; γαρ εμου εκεινος εγραψεν. 47 Ει δε τοις TEDL concerning for me he wrote. If but the κεινου γραμμασιν ου πιστευετε, πως τοις εμοις writings not you believe, how the ιδημασι πιστευσετε. words will you believe.

### КЕФ. s'. 6.

ΤΜετα ταυτα απηλθεν δ Ιησους περαν της Αfter these things went the Jesus over the θαλασσης της Γαλιλαιας, της Τιβεριαδος.

Και ηκολουθει αυτφ οχλος πολυς, ότι έωρων Αυσ was following him a crowd great, because they saw τα σημεια, ά εποιει επι των ασθενουντων. 

και είχρι, which he was doing on those being sick.

 $\delta A \nu \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \delta \epsilon \epsilon is \tau o$ ορος δ Ιησους, και εκει Went and into the mountain the Jesus, and there 4 Hν δε «καθητο μετα των μαθητων αύτου. Was and he was sitting with the disciples of himself. εγγυς το πασχα, ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων. <sup>5</sup> Επαnear the passover, the feast of the Lifted ρας ουν δ Ιησους τους οφθαλμους, και θεασαμεup then the Jesus the eyes, and νος ότι πολυς οχλος ερχεται προς αυτον, λεγει that great a crowd was coming to him, says προς τον Φιλιππον· Ποθεν αγορασομεν αρτους, Whence shall we buy to the Philip; loaves, Ινα φαγωσιν ούτοι; 6 (Τουτο δε ελεγε πειραζων may eat these? (This but he said trying autou autos yap  $\eta \delta \epsilon_i$ ,  $\tau_i \in \mu \in \lambda \lambda \in \pi_0(\epsilon_i \nu_i)$  him; he for knew, what he was about to do.) ι Απεκριθη αυτφ Φιλιππος· Διακοσιων δηναριων

Two hundred Answered him Philip; denarii αυτοις, aptou ουκ αρκουσιν ίνα έκαστος ofloaves not are enough for them, so that each <sup>8</sup> Λεγει αυτφ είς εκ \*[αυτων] βραχυ τι λαβη.

[of them] a little may take. Says to him one of των μαθητων αυτου, Ανδρεας, δ αδελφος Σιμωdisciples of him, Andrew, the brother νος Πετρου· <sup>9</sup>Εστι παιδαριον έν ώδε, δ εχει Peter: Ιs little boy one here, who has mon πεντε αρτους κριθινους, και δυο οψαρια αλλα harley, and two small fishes: but ταυτα τι εστιν εις τοσουτους ;  $^{10}$  Ειπε \* [δε] δ [and] the these what are for so many? Said Ιησους· Ποιησατε τους ανθρωπους αναπεσειν.

Inσους Ποιησατε τους ανθρωπους αναπεσείν.

Jerua: Μαλεγου the men to recline.

Ην δε χορτος πολυς εν τω τοπω. Ανεπεσον

Was and grass much in the place. Reclined

FATHER. \* HE Who AC CUSES you to the FATHER is Moses, in whom **nou** have hoped.

46 For if you believed Moses you would believe me, for he wrote about

me.

47 But if you do not believe HIS Writings, how \* can you believe MY Words?"

### CHAPTER VI.

1 ‡ After these things JESUS WENT ACTOSS THAT LAKE OF GALILEE, the TI-BERIAS.

2 And a great Crowd were following him, Beeause they saw the SIGNS which he was performing on the SIGK.

3 And \* Jesus went up into the MOUNTAIN, and was sitting there with his

DISCIPLES.

4 And the PASSOVER, the FEAST of the JEWS, was near.

5 Then Jesus, lifting up his eyes, and seeing that a great Crowd was coming to him, says to \*Phit:p, "Whence \*may we buy Loaves thatthese may eat."

6 (But this he said, trying him; for he knew what he was about to do.)

7 Philip answered him, "Loaves costing † Two Hundred Denami are not enough for them, that each may take a little."

8 One of his disciples, Andrew, the BROTHER of Simon Peter, says to him,

9 "Here is a Little boy, who has Five barley Loaves and Two Small fishes; but what are these for so many?"

10 JESUS said, "Make the MEN recline." And there was much Grass in the PLACE. The men,

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-45. HE Who ACCUSES you to the FATHER IS Moses, in whom. 47. ean you believe. 3. Jesus. 5. Philip. 5. may we buy. 7. of them—omit. 10. and—omit.

<sup>† 7.</sup> In value about thirty dollars, or about £6. 8s. sterling.

<sup>† 46.</sup> Gen. iii. 15; xii 3. xviii. 18; xxii. 18; xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; John i. 45; Acts xxvi. 22. † 1. Matt. xiv. 15; Mark vi. 35; Luke ix. 10, 12.

cί ανδρες τον αριθμον ώσει πεντακιχιλιοι. the number about five thousand. therefore the men

11 Ελαβε δε τους αρτους ὁ Ιησους, και ευχαρισ-Took and the loaves the Jesus, and having given τησας διεδωκε \* [τοις μαθηταις, οί δε μαθηται] thanks distributed [to the disciples, the and disciples] τοις ανακειμενοις όμοιως και εκ των οψαριων to those reclining; in like manneralso of the όσον ηθελον. 12 Ως δε ενεπλησθησαν, λεγει τοις what they wished. When and they were filled, he says to the μαθηταις αύτου: Συναγαγετε τα περισσευσαντα disciples of himself: Collect the remaining  $^{13} \Sigma u \nu \eta \gamma \alpha \gamma o \nu$ κλασματα, ίνα μη τι αποληται. fragments, so that not any may be lost. They collected

ουν, και εγεμισαν δωδεκα κοφινους κλασματων filled therefore, and twelve baskets of fragments εκ των πεντε αρτων των κριθινων, ἁ επερισfive out of the loaves of the barley, which remained  $^{14}$  Οί ουν ανθρωποι σευσε τοις βεβρωκοσιν.

to those having eaten. The therefore men ιδοντες δ εποιησε σημειον δ Ιησους, ελεγον. seeing what did asign the Jesus, eaid: 'Οτι ούτος εστιν αληθως δ προφητης, δ ερχοhe is truly the prophet,

μενος εις τον κοσμον.

ing into the world.

15 In  $\sigma$ ous our yrous ot  $\iota$   $\mu$  $\epsilon$  $\lambda$ ou $\sigma$  $\iota$  $\nu$   $\epsilon$  $\rho$  $\chi$  $\epsilon$  $\sigma$  $\theta$  $\alpha$  $\iota$ , και αρπαζειν αυτον, ίνα ποιησωσιν αυτον βασιand to seize him, that they might make him, λεα, ανεχωρησε παλιν εις το ορος αυτος into the mountain himself again 16 'Ως δε οψια εγενετο, κατεβησαν οί HOVOS. alone. As and evening it became, the went down <sup>17</sup> Και *εμβαν*μαθηται αυτου επι την θαλασσαν. disciples of him on the gea. And stepping τες εις το πλοιον, ηρχοντο περαν της θαλασσης

ship, they were going over the Και σκοτια ηδε εις Καπερναουμ. εγεγονει, now it had become, Capernaum. And dark και ουκ εληλυθει προς αυτους δ Ιησους. to and not had come them the Jesus. The τε θαλασσα, ανεμου μεγαλου πνεοντος διηγειa wind great blowing was becoming 19 Εληλακοτες ουν ώς στραδιους εικοσιρετο. agitated. Having driven therefore about furlongs twentyτριακοντα, θεωρουσι τον η Ιησουν or thirty, they see the Jesus περιπατουντα επι της θαλασης, και εγγυς του walking on the gea, and near the 20 ℃ δε πλοιου γινομενον και εφοβηθησαν.

He but was coming; and they were afraid. λεγει αυτοις. Εγω ειμι, μη φοβεισθε.  $^{21}$  H $\theta\epsilon$ says to them; am, not fear you. They were

λον λαβειν αυτον ουν willing therefore to receive into the him ship;

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Then JESUS.

PLES.-omit. 14. Signs. 17. yet come.

11. to the DISCIPLES, and the DISCI-

therefore, reclined, in NUM-BER about five thousand.

11 \* Then Jesus took the LOAVES, and having given thanks, he distri-buted to THOSE RECLINing; in like manner also of the fishes, as much as they wished.

12 And when they were filled, he says to the DISCI-PLES, "Collect the RE-MAINING FRAGMENTS, SO that nothing may be lost."

13 Then they collected, and filled Twelve Baskets with Fragments, from the FIVE BARLEY Loaves. which remained to THOSE who had EATEN.

14 The MEN, therefore, seeing the \*Sign that JEsus did, said, "This is tru!" THAT PROPHET COMINA into the WORLD.

15 Then Jesus seeing That they were about to come and seize him, that they might make him a King, retired again into the MOUNTAIN, himself alone.

16 # And as it became Evening, his disciples went down to the LAKE,

17 and having entered the BOAT, were crossing the LAKE to Capernaum. And it had already become dark, and JESUS had not yet come to them.

18 And the LAKE was becoming agitated by a great Wind blowing.

19 Having, therefore, driven about twenty-five or thirty Furlongs, they see Jesus walking on the LAKE, and approaching the BOAT; and they were afraid.

20 But HE says to them. "It is II; be not afraid."

21 They were willing, εις το πλοιον· και therefore, to receive him and into the BOAT. And im-

<sup>14.</sup> Gen. xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; Matt. xi. 3; John i. 21; iv. 19, 25, vii. 40. 16 Matt xiv. 23; Mark vi. 47

€υθεως το πλοιον εγενετο επι της γης, εις ήν the land, to which immediately the ship WAS at  $b\pi n \gamma o \nu$ .

they were going.

<sup>22</sup> Τη επαυριον δ οχλος, δ έστηκως περαν της The next day the crowd, that standing θαλασσης, ιδων, ότι πλοιαριον αλλο ουκ ην seeing, that hoat other not was

εκει, ει μη έν, και ότι ου συνεισηλθε τοις there, if not one, and that not went with the μαθηταις αύτου ό Ιησους εις το πλοιον, αλλα disciples of himself the Jesus into the boat. but μονοι οι μαθηται αυτου απηλθον $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  (αλλα δε alone the disciples of him went away; (other but ηλθε πλοιαρια εκ Τιβεριαδος εγγυς του τοπου, boats from Tiberias near the δπου εφαγον τον αρτον, ευχαριστησαντος του where they are the bread, having given thanks κυριου·) 24 ότε ουν ειδεν ό οχλος, ότι Ιησους when therefore saw the crowd, Lord;) that Jeaus

ουκ εστιν εκει, ουδε οί μαθηται αυτου, ενεβησαν nor the disciples of him, they entered is there, αυτοι εις τα πλοια, και ηλθον εις Καπερναουμ, finding the Jeaus. And περαν της θαλασσης, ειπον αυτώ. 'Ραββι, ποτε

they said to him; ses, beyond the Rabhi, ώδε γεγονας;  $^{26}$  Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους και here didst thon come? Answered them the Jesus ειπεν· Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν· Ζητειτε με, ουχ Indeed indeed I say to you: You soek me, ότι ειδετε σημεια, αλλ' ότι εφαγετε εκ των but because you ate because you saw signs, of the αρτων, και εχορτασθητε. <sup>27</sup> Εργαζεσθε μη την

Work you not the and were filled. loaves, βρωσιν την απολλυμενην, αλλα την βρωσιντην food that periabing, but the food that μενουσαν εις ζειην αιωνιον, ην ο υίος του ανθρω-

abiding into life age-lasting, which the son of the που ύμιν δωσει τουτον γαρ δ πατηρ εσφραγιfor the father to you will give: him sealed

28 Ειπον ουν προς αυτον·  $\sigma \epsilon \nu \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma s$ .  $\mathbf{w}_{\mathtt{hat}}$ God. Said therefore to him: ποιωμεν, ίνα εργαζωμεθα τα εργα του θεου; we may work the works of the God? shall we do, that  $^{29}$  Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις. Τουτο

Answered the Jesus and said to them: εστι το εργον του θεου, ίνα πιστευσητε εις όν is the work of the God, that you may be used in the work of the God, that you may be used in the state of the thin what is the state of απεστειλέν εκεινος. he.

ουν ποιεις συ σημειον, ίνα ιδωμεν και πιστευthat we may see and we may hethen doest thou sign, σωμεν σοι; τι εργαζη; 31 Οί πατερες ήμων το here thee? what dost thou work? The fathers of us the μαννα εφαγον εν τη ερημώ, καθως εστιγεγραμ-

manna ate in the desert, it is having been

mediately the BOAT was at the LAND to which they

were going.

22 On the NEXT IAY, THAT CROWD STANDING by the side of the LAKE, seeing That there was no other Boat there, execut one, and That JESUS went not with his DISCIPLES into the BOAT, but his DISCI-PLES went away alone ;-

23 (but Other Boats came from Tiberias near the PLACE where they ate the bread, when the Lord had given thanks;—)

24 when, therefore, the crowd saw That Jesus was not there, nor his DIS-CIPLES, then entered the BOATS, and came to Capernanum, seeking Jesus.

25 And finding him beyond the LAKE, they said to him, "Rabbi, when didst thou arrive here?"

26 Jesus answered them and said, "Indeed, truly I say to you, You do not seek me Because you saw the Signs, but Because you ate of the LOAVES, and were satisfied.

27 Labor not for THAT FOOD which PERISHES. but for that food which abides to aionian Life. which the son of man will give you; # for him, the FATHER, GOD, has sealed."

28 They said to him, therefore, "What shall we do, that we may perform the works of God?"

29 Jesus answered and said to them, ‡"This is the WORK of GOD, that you should believe into him whom he sent."

30 They said to him, therefore, ‡"What Sign, dost thou perform, that we may see and believe thee? What dost thou work?

31 # Our FATHERS ate the MANNA in the DESERT, as it has been written,

<sup>† 27.</sup> Matt.iii.17; xvii. 5; Marki. 11; ix. 7; Luke iii. 22; ix. 35; John i. 83; v. 37; viii. 18; Acts ti. 22; ? Pet i. 17. † 29. 1 John iii. 23. † 30. Matt. xii. 38; xvi. 1; Mark viii 11; 1 Cor. 1. 22. † 31. Fxo xvi. 15; Num. xi. 7; Neh. ix. 15; 1 Cor. x. 8.

μενον "Αρτον εκ του ουρανου εδωκεν αυτοις the gave them Bread "Bread from the them heaven gave φαγειν." 32 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην to eat." Said therefore to them the Jesus; Indeed αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου Μωσης δεδωκεν ύμιν τον indeed I say to you, not Moses has given to you the αλλ' δ πατηρ του ουρανου. μου heaven; but the father of me from the διδωσιν ύμιν τον αρτον εκ του ουρανου τον to you the bread from the heaven 33 'Ο γαρ αρτος του θεου εστιν δ
The for bread of the God is he αληθινον. he true. καταβαινων εκ του ουρανου, και ζωην διδους coming down from the heaven, and life is giving 34 Ειπον ουν προς αυτον· Κυριε, τφ κοσμφ. They said then to the world. to him: O sir, <sup>35</sup> Ειπε παντοτε δος ήμιν τον αρτον τουτον. give tous the bread this.  $*[\delta\epsilon]$  αυτοις δ Ιησους. Εγω  $\epsilon$ ιμι δ αρτος της

[but] to them the Jesus: I am the bread of the ζωης. δ ερχομενος προς με, ου μη πειναση. to me, not not may hunger: coming και δ πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη διψηση πωποτε. and he believing into me, not not may thirst

36 Αλλ' ειπον ύμιν, ότι και έωρακατε με, και ου But Isaid to you, that even you have seen me, and not πιστευετε. <sup>37</sup> Παν ό διδωσι μοι ό πατηρ, προς you believe. All what gives to merbe lather, to εμε ήξει και τον ερχομενον προς με, ου μη me wul come and the coming to me, not not εκβαλω εξω. 35 ότι καταβεβηκα εκ του ουρα-I will cast out; because I have come down from the beaνου, ουχ ίνα ποιω το θελημα το εμον, αλλα ven, not that I may do the will the mine, 39 Τουτο δε εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με. This and is will of the having sent me, το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα παν me, that every one which of the having sent the δεδωκε μοι, μη απολεσω εξ αυτου, αλλα ανασne has given to me, not I may lose out of it, but rause <sup>40</sup> Τουτο τησω αυτο εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. γαρ it in the last This for day εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα πας δ will o the having sent me, that all who θεωρων τον υίον, και πιστευων εις αυτον,  $\epsilon \chi \eta$ and beneving hım, may have the 111£0 occing. son, ζωην αιωνιον· και αναστησω αυτον εγω τη live age-lasting; and will raise up him I in the in the εσχατη ἡμερα.

QŁy. 41 Εγογγυξον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περ. αυτου, ότι mured about him, Because Were murmuring then the Jews about him, because ειπεν· Εγω ειμι δ αρτος δ катаваѕ CK TOU OUhasmo; I am the bread that having come down from the heaρανου· 42 και ελεγον· Ουχ ούτος εστιν Ιησους ό ven ; and they said; Not this is Jesus the

from HEAVEN to eat."

32 Jesus then said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Moses did not give you the BREAD from HEAVEN; but my father gives you the TRUE BREAD from HEAVEN.

33 For the BREAD of GOD is THAT which DE-SCENDS from HEAVEN and is giving Life to the world."

34 They, therefore, said to him, "Sir, always give us this BREAD."

35 Jesus said to them. " I am the BREAD of LIFE. HE who comes to me will by no means hunger; and HE who BELIEVES into me will never thirst.

36 But I said to you, That you have even see me, and yet you do not be-

heve.

37 Whatever the FATHER gives me will come to me; and HIM, who COMES to me, I will by no means reject;

38 because I have descended from HEAVEN. inot that I may do MY WILL, but the WILL of HIM Who SENT me.

39 And this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me. that I may lose nothing of all that he HAS GIVEN me, but may raise it up at the LAST Day.

40 For this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me, that EVERY ONE SEEING the son, ‡ and BELIEVING into him, may have alonian Life; and # will raise him up at the LAST Day."

41 Then the JEWS murhe said, "H am THAT BREAD which DESCENDED from HEAVEN."

42 And they said, ‡"ls not this Jesus, the son of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. but-omit.

<sup>1 85.</sup> John 1v 14; vii. 37. 1 89. John \* 31. Psa. lxxviii. 24, 25. 1 38. John v. 30 x. 2; xvii. 12, xviii. 2. vi. 8; Luke iv. 22. 146. hn 111. ib, 16; 1v. 14. 1 42 Matt. xiii. 55; Mark

υίος Ιωσηφ, ού ήμεις οιδαμεν τον πατερα και son of Joseph, of whom we know the father and 'OTL EK την μητερα; Πως ουν λεγει ούτος. That from mother? How then he says this; του ουρανου καταβεβηκα; 43 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους the heaven I have come down? Answered the Jesus και ειπεν αυτοις. Μη γογγυζετε μετ' αλληλων.
sod said to them: Not murmuryon with one another. <sup>44</sup> Ουδεις δυναται ελθειν προς με, εαν μη δ is able to come to if not the me, πατηρ, δ πεμψας με, έλκυση αυτον, και εγω father, that having sent me, may draw him, and I 45 Εστι αναστησω αυτον εν τη εσχατη ημερα. will raise up him in the last day. It is γεγραμμενον εν τοις προφηταις. "Και εσονται paving been written in the prophets: "And they shall be παντες διδακτοι θεου." Πας δ ακουσας παρα "And they shall be of God." Every one who having heard from του πυτρος και μαθων, ερχεται προς με. 46 Ουχ the father and having learned, comes to me. Not ότι τον πατερα τις έωρακεν, εί μη δ ων παρα that the father any one has seen. If not be being from του θεου ούτος έωρακε τον πατερα. the God: this has seen the father. Indeed αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ πιστευων \*[εις εμε,]εχει[into me,] indeed leay to you, he believing baa 48 Εγω ειμι δ αρτος της ζωης. ζωην αιωνιον. age-lasting. I em the bread of the life. <sup>49</sup> Οί πατερες ύμων εφαγον το μαννα εν τη ερη-The fathers of you are the manna in the desert,  $\mu \phi$ ,  $\kappa ai \ a\pi \epsilon \theta a \nu o \nu$ . 50 où  $\tau o s \epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu \delta \ a \rho \tau o s$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \kappa$ and died: this the bread, that from του ουρανου καταβαινων, ίνα τις εξ αυτυυ the beaven coming down, so that any one of φαγη, και μη αποθανη. 51 Εγω ειμι δ αρτος δ may eat, and not may die. ľ am the bread that ζων, δ εκ του ουρανου καταβας· εαν τις φαγη fiving that from the heaven having come down: if any one may ext εκτυυτου του αρτου, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. Kai of the the bread he shall live into the age. And το αρτος δε,  $\star$  [όν εγω δωσω,] ή σαρξ μου εστιν, the bread also, (which I will give, I the desh of me is,  $\dot{\gamma}$ ν εγω δωσω ύπερ της του κοσμου ζωης. which I wil give in behalf of the of the world 52 Εμαχοντο ουν προς αλληλους οί Ιουδαιοι, Were contending therefore with one another the Jews, λεγοντες. Πως δυναται ούτος ήμιν δουναι την saying; How is able this to us to give the σαρκα φαγειν; 53 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. flesh to eat? Said them to them the Jenus; Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη φαγητε την

Joseph, Whose FATHER and mother we know? How, \*then, does he say, I have come down from HEAVEN?"

43 JESUS answered and said to them, "Murmur not one with another.

44 No one can come to me, unless That Father who sent me draw him: and I will raise him up at the LAST Day.

45 ‡ It has been written in the PROPHETS, 'And "they shall all be taught of 'God.' Every one HAVING HEARD and having learned of the FATHER, comes to me.

46 Not that any one has seen the FATHER, 2 except HE who is from \* God; he has seen the FATHER.

47 Indeed, I assure you. THE BELIEVING into me has aionian Life.

48 I am the BREAD of

LIFE. 49 Your FATHERS ate the MANNA in the DESERT. and died.

50 This is that BREAD DESCENDING from HEA-VEN, so that any one may eat of it, and not die.

51 # am THAT LIVING BREAD Who I HAS DE-SCENDED from HEAVEN.
If any one eaf of This
BREAD, he shall live to the AGE; and the BREAD is my FLESH, which I will give in behalf of the LIFE of the WORLD."

52 The Jews, therefore. twere contending with "How each other, saying, can he give us his Flesh to eat?"

53 Then JESUS said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, fif you do not eat σαρκα του γίου του ανθρωπου, και πιητε αυτου the Firsh of the son of and you may drink of him | MAN, and drink His BLOOD. το αίμα, ουκ εχετε ζωην εν έαυτοις. 54'O you have no Life in your. He selves.

fleah of the son of the man,

the blood, not

Indeed indeed I say to you, if not you may eat the

life in yourcelves.

you bave VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. now then. 51. that I will give omit.

<sup>46.</sup> God.

<sup>47.</sup> into me-omit

<sup>145.</sup> Isa, liv. 13: Jer. xxxi. 34; Micah iv. 2: Heb. viii. 10; x. 16. 46. John i. 18; v. 37. 151. John iii. 18. 152. John vii. 48; ix. 16; x. 19. 47. John 111. 10. 18, 86. 58. Gal. 11. 20.

τρωγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων μου το αίμα, eating of me the flesh, and druking of me the blood, εχει ζωην αιωνιον και εγω αναστησω αυτον τη life age-lasting; and I will raise up him in the γαρ σαρξ μου αληθως εσχατη ημερα. flesh day. last The for of me taily εστι βρωσις, και το αίμα μου αληθως εστι and the blood of me truly <sup>56</sup> Ο τρωγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων ποσις. He eating of me the flesh, and drinking drink. μου το αίμα,  $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \mu o l$   $\mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon l$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \gamma \omega$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\alpha v \tau \varphi$ . of me the blood, in me abides, and l in him. <sup>57</sup> Καθως απεστειλε με δ ζων πατηρ, καγω ζω seu**t** me the living father, and I live και δ τρωγων με, κακεινος **δια τον π**ατερα· father; also he eating me, through the even he 58 Ούτος εστιν δ αρτος, δ εκ ζησεται δι' εμε. is the bread, that from shall live through me. του ουρανου καταβας ου καθως εφαγον οί heaven having come down; not ate as πατερες ύμων, και απεθανον δ τρωγων τουτον he eating fathers of you, and died; this <sup>59</sup> Ταυτα τον αρτον, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. These things shall live into the bread, age. ειπεν εν συνανωγη διδασκων εν Καπερναουμ. besaid in asynagogue teaching in Capernaum. <sup>6)</sup> Πολλοι ουν ακουσαντε**ς εκ των** μαθητω**ν** Many therefore having heard the disciples of αυτου, ειπον Σηληρος εστιν ούτος δ λογος. Hard is this the saying; τις δυναται αιτου ακουειν; 61 Ειδως δε δ Ιησους it to hear? who is able Knowing but the Jesus εν έαντω, ότι γογγυζουσι περι τουτου οί μαθηin himself, that were murmuring about this the ται αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. Τουτο ύμας σκανδαλιples of himself, he said to them; This you offends? (ει; <sup>62</sup> Εαν ουν θεωρητε τον υίον του ανθρωπου If then you should see the son of the man 63 To αναβαινοντα, όπου ην το προτερον; ascending, where he was the first? The πνευμα εστι το ζωρπο ουν ή σαρξ ούκ ωφελει spirit is that making alive; the flesh not profits

Τα ρηματα, ά εγω λαλω ύμιν, πνευμα ουδεν. words, which I speak to you, spirit εστι και ζωη εστιν. 64 Αλλ' εισιν εξ ύμων life is. But and Θſ you τινες, οί ου πιστευουσιν ηδει γαρ εξ αρχης δ some, who not believe; knew for from beginning the Ιησους, τινες εισιν οί μη πιστευοντες, και τις some are who not helieving, and who εστιν ό παραδωσων αυτον. <sup>65</sup> Και ελεγε· Δια And he said; Through is he about hetraying him. τουτο ειρηκα ύμιν ότι ουδεις δυναται ελθειν this I have said to you that no one to come is able προς με, εαν μη 'η δεδομενον αυτώ εκ του not may behaving been given to him from the me. 66 Εκ τουτου πολλοι απηλθον των πατρος μου. father of me. From this went the many

54 He who EATS My FLESH, and drinks My BLOOD, has aionian Life, and H will raise him up at the LAST Day.

55 For my flesh is \* the True Food, and my blood is \* the True Drink.

56 HE who EATS My PLESH, and DRINKS My BLOOD, ‡ abides in me, and # in him.

57 As the LIVING Father sent me, and E live through the father; so he who hats me, even he shall live through me.

58 This is THAT BEEAD which HAS DESCENDED from \*Heaven. Not as \*the FATHEES ate, and died; fig who EATS This BREAD shall live to the AGE."

59 These things he said teaching in a Synagogue, in

Capernaum.

60 ‡ Many, therefore, of his DISCIPLES, hearing, said, "Hard is This SAY-ING; who can hear it?"
61 But JESUS, knowing

61 But Jesus, knowing in himself, That his DISCI-PLES WE'RE nurmuring about This, he said to them. "Does this offend You?"

62 ‡ What then, if you should see the son of MAA ascending where he was BEFORE?

69 + 40

63 ‡ The SPIRIT is THAT which MAKES ALIVE; the FLESH profits nothing; the words which # \* have spoken to you are Spirit and are Life.

64 But there are some of you who do not believe." For ‡JESUS knew from the Beginning who those were that did not BELIEVE, and who he was that was about to BETRAY him.

65 And he said, "Because of this I have said to you, That no one can come to me, unless it may be given him from the \*FATHER."

66 From this time many

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—55. the True Food. 58. the fathers. 63. have spoken to.

<sup>55.</sup> the True Drink. 58. Heaven.

<sup>155. 1</sup> John iii. 24; iv. 15, 16. 160. Matt. xi. 6. 102. John iii. 13; Mark xvi. 19; Acts 1. 9; Eph. iv. 8. 160. Cor. in. 6. 164. John ii. 24, 25; xiii. 11-

of him into the things behind; and no longer with μαθητων αυτου εις disciples 67 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους τοις αυτου περιεπατουν. Said therefore the Jesus to the were walking. δωδεκα· Μη και ύμεις θελετε ύπαγειν; 68 Απεκyou to go? Not and wish ριθη αυτώ Σιμων Πετρος. Κυριε, προς τινα απε-swered him Simon Peter; Olord, to whom shall λευσομεθα; δηματα ζωης αιωνιου εχεις. we go? words of life age-lasting thou hast; and ημεις πεπιστευκαμεν και εγνωκαμεν, ότι συ ει have believed and have known, that thou art <sup>70</sup> Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. δ άγιος του θεου. the holy one of the God. Answered them the Jesus; Ουκ εγω ύμας τους δωδεκα εξελεξαμην ; και εξ you the choose? twelve 71 Ελεγε δε τον Ιουύμων είς διαβολος εστιν. He spoke now the δαν Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτην ούτος γαρ ημελλεν Iscariot; of Simon this for αυτον παραδιδοναι, είς ων εκ των δωδεκα. one being of the to deliver up.

# KEΦ. ('. 7.

1 Και περιεπατει δ Ιησους μετα ταυτα εν τη And was walking the Jesus after these things in the Γαλιλαια ου γαρ ηθελεν εν τη Ιουδαία περιπαGalilee; not for be wished in the Judea to walk, τειν, ότι εζητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι αποκτειναι. because were seeking him the Jews <sup>2</sup> Ην δε εγγυς ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων, ή σκηνοπ-Was and near the feast the  $\eta \gamma \iota \alpha$ .  $^3$   $E \iota \pi \circ \nu$   $\circ \nu \nu$   $\pi \rho \circ s$ Jews, the feast of ta- $\alpha \cup \tau \circ \nu \circ \iota \circ \alpha \delta \in \lambda \supset \iota$ the brothers bernaeles. Said therefore to him  $a u \tau o u \cdot \mathbf{M} \epsilon \tau \alpha \beta \eta \theta i \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon u \theta \epsilon \nu$ , και  $b \pi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \epsilon i s \tau \eta \nu$ hence, Depart and go Ιουδαιαν, ίνα και οί μαθηται σου θεωρησωσι τα so that also the disciples of thee may see 4 Ουδεις γαρ εν κρυπτω No one for in secret εργα σου, ά ποιεις. works of thee, which thou doest. ποιει, και ζητει αυτος εν παρβησια ειναι. and he seeks himself in puelie Ει ταυτα ποιεις, φανεροσων σεαυτον τφ κοσμφ. If these things thou doest, mauifest tayself to the world. 5 Ουδε γαρ οί αδελφοι αυτου επιστευον εις αυτον. Not even for the brothers of him beheved into him. 
δ Λεγει ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ο καιρος δ εμος then to them the Jesus;

of his DISCIPLES withdrew. and walked no longer with

67 Jesus, therefore, said to the TWELVE, "Do now also wish to go away?"

68 Simon Peter answered him, "Master, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the # Words of aioman Life;

69 and we have believed and known, I That thou art the HOLY one of GOD."

70 Jesusanswered them. "Did E not choose you, the TWELVE, and of you one is an Accuser?"

71 Now he spoke of JUDAS, the son of Simon Iscariot: for he, being one of the TWELVE, was about to betray him.

## CHAPTER VII.

1 And after these things \* Jesus walked about in Galilee; for he did not wish to walk in Judla, ‡ Because the Jews were seeking to kill him.

2 And the FEAST of the Jews was near,—the † FEAST OF TABERNACLES.

3 His BROTHERS, therefore, said to him, "Remove hence, and go into JUDEA, so that thy DISCIPLES also may see thy works which thou doest.

4 For no one does Anything in secret, and \* seeks himself to be in public. If thou doest Theee things. manifest thyself to the WORLD."

5 (For ‡ not even hig BROTHERS believed into him.)

6 Jesus then said to The season the mine | them, " fft m TIME is not

† 63. Acts v. 20. † 70. Luke vi. 13. Mark iii. 31; Acts i. 14. † 100. Matt xvi. 10; Mark viii. 29; Luke ix. 20; John i. 49; xi. 27. † 1 John v. 10, 18. † 2. Lev. xxiii. 34. † 3. Mark iii. 21.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. Jesus. 4. seeks that the same be known.

<sup>†2.</sup> The Feast of Tabernacles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling of the Israelites in tents. It is sometimes called the feast of ingetherings. Ex. xxiii. 16, and xxiv. 22. The following are the principal ceremonics. (f.) During the entire week of its continuance, the people dwelt in booths or tents, erected in the fields or streets, or on the flat, terrace-like roots of their houses. (2.) Extraordinary offerings were made. See Num. xxix. (3.) During the feast, branches of palm, of ive, citron, myrife, and willow, were carried in the hands, singing "Hosanna," that is, Sare now; or, Sare, I beseech thee. Psa. cxviii. 25. It was meant as a prayer for the coming of the Messiah. Thus was Jesus conducted into Jerusalem, by the multitude, who be leved him to be the promised Savior. (4.) The libation of water upon and around the a'tar, which was an emblem of the effusion of the Holy Sprit. To this Christ alluded, when, in the last day of the feast, he cried, "It any man thirst, let him come unto me and drink." During the whole festival, music, feasting, rejoicings, and illuminations, gladdened the city.—Malcom.

163. Acts v. 20. 169. Matt xvi. 16: Mark viii. 29: Luke ix. 20: John i. 49: xi. 27. † 2. The Feast of Tabernacles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling

ουπω παρεστιν όδε καιρος δύμετερος παντοτε not yet is present; the and season the **Yours** always 7 Ου δυναται δ κοσμος μισειν εστιν έτοιμο**ς.** ready. Not is able the world to hate ύμας• εμε δε μισει, ότι εγω μαρτυρω περι me but it hates, because I testify concerning you; αυτου, δτι τα εργα αυτου πονηρα εστιν. 8 Υμεις that the works of it evil You αναβητε εις την έορτην ταυτην εγω ουκ αναto the feast this; not βαινω εις την έορτην ταυτην, ότι δ καιρος δ the feast this, because the season the to <sup>9</sup>Ταυτα ειπων αυτοις, εμος ουπω πεπληρωται. mine not yet has fully come. These things saying to them, εμεινεν εν τη Γαλιλαια.

Galilee.

he remained in the 10 'Ως δε ανεβησαν οί αδελφοι αυτου, τοτε When but had gone up the brothers of him, then και αυτος ανεβη εις την έορτην, ου φανερως, he went up to the feast, not openly, αλλ' ώς εν κρυπτφ. 11 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι εζητουν but as in secret. The then Jews sought αυτον εν τη έορτη, και ελεγον Που εστιν him in the feast, and said; Where εκεινος; 12 Και γογγυσμος πολυς περι αυτου ην And murmuring much about him Was εν τοις οχλοις. Οἱ μεν ελεγον 'Οτι αγαθος The some said; That good crowds. among the εστιν αλλοι ελεγον. Ου αλλα πλανά τον No; but he deceives the others said; he is: 13 Ουδεις μεντοι παρόησια ελαλει περι ογλον. No one however with freedom spoke about αυτου, δια τον φοβον των Ιουδαιων. aim, because of the fear of the

14 Ηδη δε της έορτης μεσουσης, ανεβη δ Now and of the feast being half out, went up the 1ησους εις το ίερον, και εδιδασκε. 15 Και εθαυwent up the Jesus into the temple, and taught. And wonμαζον οί Ιουδαιοι, λεγοντες. Πως ούτος γραμdered the Jews, saying; How this letματα οιδε, μη μεμαθηκως; 16 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ ters knows, not having learned? Answered them the learned?" και  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$  'Η  $\epsilon \mu \eta$  διδαχη ουκ  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$  and said; The my teaching not is Ιησους και ειπεν. 17 Eav  $\tau$ is  $\theta \in \lambda \eta$ εμη, αλλα του πεμψαντος με. but of the sending me. το θελημα αυτου ποιειν, γνωσεται περι της will of him to do, he shall know concerning the the δίδαχης, ποτερον εκ του θεου εστίν, η εγω απ' teaching, whether from the God it is, or 1 from 18 'Ο αφ' ξαυτου λαλων, την εμαυτου λαλω. myself speak. He from himself speaking, the δοξαν την ιδιαν ζητει δ δε ζητων την δοξαν glory the own seeks; he but seeking the glory GLORY; but HE WHO SEEKS του πεμψαντος αυτον, ούτος αληθης εστι, και the GLORY of HIM who of the sending him, this true is,

yet arrived; but YOUR TIME is always ready.

7 The WORLD cannot hate you; but it hates Me, tbecause I testify concerning it, That its works are evil.

8 Go you up to \*the FEAST; I am not going up to this FEAST, because \*MY Time has not yet fully are rived."

9 And saying These Things to them he remained in GALILEE.

10 But when his BRO-THERS, had gone up, then he also went up to the FEAST, not openly, but rather in a private manner.

11 The Jews therefore, kept seeking him during the FEAST, and said, "Where is he?"

12 tAnd there was much murmuring about him among the CROWDS; SOME said, "He is good;" OTHERS said, "No, but he is misleading the PEOPLE."

13 No one, hovever spoke with freedom concerning him, t because of the FEAR of the JEWS.

14 And now, the FFAM being advanced midwy, \*Jesus went up into the

TEMPLE, and taught.

15 ‡ \* Then the Jews
were estonished, saying. "How does this person know Letters, not having

16 \*Jesus then answered them, and said, ‡ "MY Teaching is not mine, but If any one may wish HIS Who SENT me.

17 # If any one wish to perform his WILL, he shall know of the TEACHING, whether it is from God, or H am speaking from myself.

and sent him, he is true, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. the PEAST. 16. Jesus then. the JEWS.

<sup>8.</sup> MY Time.

<sup>† 7.</sup> John xv. 19. † 7. John iii. 19. † 11. John xi. 56. † 12. John ix. 16: † 19. † John. ix. 93; xii. 42; xix. 38. † 15. Matt. xiii. 54; Mark vi. 2; Luke iv. 22: Acts ii. 7. † † 16. John iii. 11; viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 10, 24. † 17. John viii. 48 † 18. John v. 41; viii. 50.

19 Ou αδικια ev  $aut \varphi$ Mwons ουκ  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ . errightwousness in him not is. Not Moses εδωκεν ύμιν τον νομον; και ουδεις εξ ύμων has given to you the and no one you law ? of TOISE TOV VOLOV' τι με (ητειτε αποκτειναι; law: why me do you seek to kill? ο Απεκριθη δ οχλος \*[και ειπε·]  $\Delta \alpha \iota \mu o \nu \iota o \nu$ the crowd [and said,] A demon  $^{21}$  Α $\pi$ εκριθη δ εχε ς τις σε ζητει αποκτειναι, Answered the .ast; who thee seeks to kill? L σους και ειπεν αυτοις· Έν εργον εποιησα, and said to them; One work I did, <sup>22</sup> Μωσης κα: παντες θαυμαζητε δια τουτο. you wonder because of this. Moses οεδωκεν ύμιν την περιτομην (ουχ ότι εκ του has given to you the circumcision, (not that of the Μωσεως εστιν, αλλ' εκ των πατερων,) και εν Moses It is, but of the f.thers,) and <sup>23</sup> Ει περισαββατώ περιτεμνετε ανθρωπον. you circumcise a man. τομην λαμβαινει ανθρωπος εν σαββατφ, ίνα μη a man in that not eiston a sabbath, λυθη δ νομος Μωσεως, εμοι χολατε, δτι may be loosed the law with mo are you angry, because of Moses, έλ.ον ανθρωπον ύγιη εποιησα εν σαββατω; sound a man I made in a sabbath i 24 Μη κρινέτε κατ' σψιν, ωλλα την δικαιαν Not judge you according to appearance, but the righteous 25 Ελεγον ουν τινες εκ των Said then some of the κρισιν κρινατε. judgment judge you. Ίεροσολυμιτων. Ουχ ούτος έστιν, δν ζητουσις Jerusalemites; Not this is he, whom they seek <sup>26</sup> και ιδε, παρδησια λαλει, και αποκτειναι; he is talking, and to kill? boldly and ουδεν αυτφ λεγουσι: μηποτε αληθως εγνωσαν nothing to him they say; truly did know not οι αρχοντες, ότι ούτος εστιν ό Χριστος; 27 Αλλα that this is the Anointed? rulers, τουτον οιδαμεν, ποθεν εστιν ό δε Χριστος όταν we know, whence he is; the but Audinted when <sup>28</sup> Екраερχηται, ουδεις γινωσκει, ποθεν εστιν. knows, Cried he comes, no one whence he is. ξεν ουν εν τω ίερω διδασκων ό Ιησους, then in the temple teaching the Jesus, каі and λεγων Καμε οιδατε, και οιδατε ποθεν ειμι και enying; And me you know, and you know whence I am; and απ' εμαυτου ουκ εληλυθα, αλλ' εστιν αληθινος myself not I have come, but is true <sup>29</sup> Εγω οιδα δ πεμψας με, δν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. he having sent me, whom you not know. know αυτον, ότι παρ' αυτου ειμι, κακεινος με απεσhim, hecause from him I am, and he me <sup>30</sup> Εζητουν ουν αυτον τειλεν. πιασαι. κάι They sought therefore him to seize; and ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον την χειρα, δτι ουπω no one put on him the hands, because not yet εληλυθει ή ώρα αυτου.

there is no Unrighteousness in him.

19 Has not Moscs given you the LAW, and not one of you performs the LAW? Why are you seeking to kill me?"

20 The CROWD answered, #"Thou hast a Demon; who is seeking to kill thee?"

21 \*Jesus answered and said to them, "I have done One Work, and you are all astonished because of this.

22 † Moses has given you CIRCUMCISION; (not that it is of Moses, but of the FATHERS;) and you circumcise a Man on a Sabbath.

23 If a \* Man on a Sabbath receive Circumcision, so that the LAW of Moses may not be violated, are you angry with me ‡ Because I made a Man entirely well on a Sabbath?

24 ‡ Judge not according to Appearance, but judge EXENTEOUS Judgment."

25 Then some inhabitants of Jerusalem said, "Is not this he whom they are seeking to kill?

23 And, behold, he is talking boldly, and they say nothing to him. Do the RULERS really acknowledge That this is the MESSIAH?

27 ‡ But we know Him, whence he is; but when the Messiah comes, no one knows whence he is."

28 Jesus, therefore, exclaimed, teaching in the TEMPLE, and saying, "You both know Me, and you know whence I am, and I have not come of myself, but he who sent me is true, whom you know not.

29 ‡Eknow him Because

29 ‡ know him Because I am from him, and he sent Me."

30 Then they sought to take him; and no one laid HANDS on him, Because his HOUR had not yet arrived.

had come the hoar

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. and said-omit.

<sup>21.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>23.</sup> MAN.

<sup>† 20.</sup> John viii. 48, 52; x. 20. † 22. Lev xii. 8. † 22. Gen.xvil. 10. † 23. John vi. 8, 9, 16. † 24. Deut. i. 16, 17; Prov. xxiv. 23; viii. 15; James ii. 1. † 27. Matt xiii. 55; Mark vi. 3; Luke iv. 22. † 29. Matt. xi. 27; John x. 15.

31 Πολλοι δε εκ του οχλου επιστευσαν εις crowd and out of the believed into αυτον, και ελεγον 'Οτι δ Χριστος δταν ελθη, That the Anointed whenhe may come, and said; μητι πλειονα σημεια \*[τουτων] ποιησει, ών signs [of these]

32 Ηκουσαν οί Φαρισαιοι του
Pharisees of the not ούτος εποιησεν: did? οχλου γογγυζοντος περι αυτου ταυτα. και these things; about him murmuring απεστειλαν οί Φαρισαιοι και οί αρχιερεις ύπηρεthe Phasisees and the high-priests officers, τας, ίνα πιασωσιν αυτον. 33 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους. that they might seize him. Sard then the Jesus: Ετι μικρον χρονον μεθ' ύμων ειμι, και ύπαγω you I am, and 34 Ζητησετε με, και me, and with Yet a lurle time προς τον πεμψαντα με. to the sending me. ουχ εύρησετε. και όπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου Ï will find: and where аш you not not 35 Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι προς δυνασθε ελθειν. Said therefore the Jews to are able to come. δτι Που ούτος μελλει πορευεσθαι, ξαν Γους\* that Where this he is about to go, themselves; ημεις ουχ εύρησομεν αυτον; μη εις την διασbim? not into the ءة الم not shall find ποραν των Έλληνων μελλει πορευεσθαι, και person of the is about to go, and Greeks διδασκειν τους Έλληνας; 36 Τις εστιν ούτος δ What the Greeks? 18 this λογος, δν ειπε. Ζητησετε με, και οιχ εύρησετε. word, which he said; You will seek me, and not you will find; και δπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν; you not areable to come? and where am

<sup>37</sup> Ην δε τη εσχατη ήμερα τη μεγαλη της έορlast day the great of the feast In and the της είστηκει δ Ιησους, και εκραξε, λεγων Εαν and cried, stood the Jesus, saying; διψα, ερχεσθω προς μe, KAL KIVETW. TIS any one may thirst, let him come and let him drink. to me, 38 Ο πιστευων εις εμε, καθως ειπεν ή γραφη, believing into me, 25 said the scripture, ποταμοι εκ της κοιλιας αυτου βευσουσιν ύδατος shall flow rivers out of the belly of him 39 Τουτο δε ειπε περι του πνευματος, ζωντος. but said concerning the This spirit. living.

31 But 1 many of the CROWD believed into him and said, "When the MES SIAH comes, will he do More Signs than what this person did?"

32 The PHARISEES heard the crown murmuring these things about him; and the \*HIGH-PRIESTS and the PHARISEES sent Officers that they might seize him.

33 Jesus therefore said. t "Yet a Little Time am I with you; then I am going to HIM who SENT me.

34 t You will seek me, and will not find \* me: and where # am, \* there nou cannot come.

35 The Jews then said among themselves, "Where is he about to go, that we shall not find him? Is he about to go to t the DIS-PERSION of the GREEKS. and to teach the Greeks?

36 What is This word that he said, 'You will seek me, and will not find \*me; and where # am nou can-not come?"

37 I Now in the LAST. the GREAT Day of the FEAST, JESUS stood and cried, saying, ; "If any one thirst, let him come to me and drink.

38 He beleiving inte me, as the SCRIPTURE Says, tout of him shall flow Rivers of living Water."

39 ? But this he said concerning the SPIRIT,

32. HIGH-PRIESTS and the PHARISEES \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. of these-omit. 34. there. 86. me; and. 34. me; and.

1 31. Matt. xii. 23; John iii. 2; viii. 30. ‡ 33. John xiii. 33; xvi. 16. \$34. Hoshea 1 35. James i. 1; 1 Pet. i. 1. 137. Lev. xxiii. 36. xii. 17. 38. Isa. xii. 3; John iv. 14. 6. ‡ 37. Isa, ‡ 39. John. 174. 7. v. 6. John viii. 21. \$\frac{1}{25}\$. J. 1v. 1; John vi. 35; Rev. xxii. 17.

sent. 34 me; and. 34 there. 36 me; and.

+ 35. Probably the Hellenists, or Grecian Jews, are here intended. These spoke the Greek language, and are thus distinguished from the Hebrews, who spoke the Hebrew language at that time.

+ 37. The last day grew into high esteem with the Jews, because on the preceding seven days they held that sacrifices were offered, not so much for themselves, as for the whole world. They offered, in the course of them, seventy bullocks, for the seventy nations of the world; but the eighth was wholly on their own behalf. They had then this solemn offering of water, the reason of which is this:—At the passover the Jews offered an omer to obtain from God his blessing on their harvest; at Pentecost, their first-fruits, ta request his blessing on the fruits of the trees; and in the feast of tabernacles they offered water to God, partly referring to the water from the rock in the wilderness, (I Cor. x. 4,) but chiefly to solicit the blessing of rain on the approaching seedtime.—Lightfoot. At the feast of tabernacles the Jews drew water from Siloam, with the sound of trumpets and of songs, to derive a blessing on the rains of the year; this season or September being the beginning of the year. There was therefore a pertinency in the images of thirsting, drinking, and rivers of water.—Noweome. rivers of water .- Nowcome.

BÚ εμελλον λαμβανειν οί πιστενοντες εις of which was about to receive the believing into αυτον· ουπω γαρ ην πνευμα άγιον, ότι δ Ιησους him; not yet for was spirit holy, because the Jesus  $^{40}$ Πολλοι ουν εκ τον οχλου ουδεπω εδοξασθη. not yet was glorified. Many therefore out of the crowd ακουσαντες τον λογον, ελεγον. Ούτος εστιν having heard the word, said; This is 41 Αλλοι ελεγον Ούτος αληθως δ προφητης. the truly prophet. Others said: This εστιν δ Χριστος. Αλλοι δε ελεγον Μη γαρ the Anointed, Others hut said; Not for εκ της Γαλιλαιας δ Χριστος ερχεται; 42 Ουχιή Galilee the Anointed comes? Not the γραφη ειπεν, δτι εκ του σπερματος Δαυιδ, και writing said, that of the seed of David, and απο Βηθλεεμ της κωμης, όπου ην Δαυιδ, ό from Bethlehem the village, where was David, the 43 Σχισμα ουν εν τω οχλω Χριστος ερχεται; Anointed comes? Adivision then in the crowd <sup>44</sup> Τινες δε ηθελον εξαυτων εγενετο δι' αυτον. occurred through him. Some and wished of them πιασαι αυτον αλλ' ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον to seize , him; but no one put him ras Xeipas. hands.

 $^{45}$  Ηλθον ουν οἱ ὑπηρεται προς τονς αρχιερεις Came therefore the officers to the high-priests Και ειπον και Φαρισαιους. €K€IVOI\* αυτοις Pharisees. and And said to them these; 48 Απεκριθησαν οί Διατι ουκ ηγαγετε αυτον; not did you bring him? Answered the ύπηρεται· Ουδεποτε ούτως ελαλησεν ανθρωπος, Never thus spoke <sup>47</sup> Απεκριθησαν ουν \*[ώς ούτος δ ανθρωπος.] [as this the minu.] Answered then \*[aυτοις] οί Φαρισαιοι· Μη και ύμεις πεπλαν-[them] the Pharisecs; Not also you have been  $\eta \sigma \theta \epsilon$ ; <sup>43</sup> μη τις εκ των αρχοντων επιστευσεν deceived? not any one of the rulers believed εις αυτον, η εκ των Φαρισαιων; 49 αλλ' δοχλος or of the Pharisees? but the crowd ούτος δ μη γινωσκων τον νομον• επικαταρατοι this the not the law; knowing accursed  $^{50}$  Λεγει Νικοδημος προς αυτους,  $\delta$  ελθων εισι. Says Nicodemus io them, he coming νυκτος προς αυτον, είς ων εξ αυτων· 51 Μη δ to him, one being of them; Not the νομος ήμων κρινει τον ανθρωπον, εαν μη ακουman, law ofus judges the if not it may ση παρ' αυτου προτερον, και γνω τι ποιει: hear from him first, and may know what he does?  $^{52}$  Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτ $\psi$ . Μη και συ εκ They answered and said to him; Not also thou of which THOSE BELIEVING into him were about to receive; for the Holy Spirit \* had not yet been given, because Jesus was not yet glorified.

40 Many, therefore, of the CROWD, having heard \*these WORDS, said, "This is truly ‡ the PROPHET."

41 \* Some said, "This is the Messiah." But others said, "Does the Messiah, then, come from Galilee?

42 ‡ Does not the SCRIFTURESAY, That of the SEED of David, and from Bethlehem, ‡ the VILLAGE where David was, the MESSIAH comes?"

43 A Division then occurred, among the CROWD because of him;

44 and some of them wished to seize him, but no one laid HANDS on him.

45 The OFFICERS then came to the HIGH-PRIESTS and Pharisces, and then said to them, "Why did you not bring him?"

46 The officers answered, ‡"A Man never

spoke thus."

47 Then the Pharisees answered, "Have you also been deceived?

48 ‡ Did any of the RU-LERS believe into him, or of the PHARISEES?

49 But † This crowd, who do not know the LAW, are accursed."

50 Nicodemus says to them, (\*! HE who CAME \* to him before, being one of them,)

51 "Does our Law judge the MAN, unless it first hear from him, and know what he does?"

52 They answered and said to him, "Art thou also

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—39. had not yet been given.
41. Some said.
46. as this the man—omit.
47. them—omit.

<sup>40.</sup> these words, said. 50. to him before.

<sup>† 49.</sup> The common people were treated by the Pharisees with the most sovereign contempt. They were termed am ha-arets people of the earth; and were not thought worthy to have a resurrection to eternal life.—Clarke.

<sup>†40.</sup> Deut. xviil. 15, 18; John i. 21; vl. 14. †42. Psa. cxxxii. 11; Jer. xxiil. 5; Micah v. 2; Matt. il. 5; Luke ii. 4. 142. 1 Sam xvi. 1, 4. †46. Matt. vll. 29. †48. John vll. 42; Acts vl. 7; 1 Cor. 1. 20, 26; il. 8. †50. John iii. 2.

Chap. 7: 53.] JOHN. της Γαλιλαίας ει; ερευνησον και ίδε, ότι προ-Galilee art? search and see, that a proφητης εκ της Γαλιλαίας ουκ εγηγερται. Galilee not has been raised. <sup>53</sup> \* ΓΚαι επορευθη έκαστος EIS TOV OLKOV went every one into the 1 Ιησους δε επορευθη εις KE $\Phi$ , n', 8, αύτου. Jesus but went of himself. το opos των ελαιων, <sup>2</sup> ορθρου δε παλιν παρε-the mountain of the olive-trees. early morn and again he γενετο εις το ίερον, και πας δ λαος ηρχετο προς eame into the temple, and all thepeople came to  $^3$ A $\gamma$ oυ $\sigma$ ι αυτον· και καθισας εδιδασκεν αυτους. Bring and having sat down he taught them. δε οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι προς αυτον and the Pharisees and the scribes to him γυναικα εν μοιχειά κατειλημμενην, και στηhaving been taken, a wroman in adultery and plac- $^4$  λεγουσι**ν** αυτην  $\epsilon \nu$ μεσφ, auTw.  $\sigma \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ middle, in they say to him; Διδασκαλε, αύτη ή γυνη κατειληφθη επαυτοφωthis the woman was taken in the very act O teacher, 5 Εν δε τω νομω Μωσης ήμιν ρω μοιχευομένη. committing adultery. In now the law Moses ενετειλατο τας τοιαυτας λιθο Βολεισθαι. συ the such like to be stoned? thou 6 Τουτο δε ελεγον πειραζον- $\alpha u \nu$ τι λεγεις; tempting therefore what sayest thou; This but they said 'Ο δ∈ τες αυτον, ίνα εχωσι κατηγορειν αυτου. Theout that they might have to accuse him.

Ιησους κατω κυψας, τω δακτυλώ εγραφεν εις down stooping, with the finger wrote on ΙΩς δε επεμενον ερωτωντες αυτον, την γην. the ground. When but they continued asking

'Ο αναμαρτητος ανακυψας ειπε προς αυτους· having raised up besaid to them; Нe without sin ύμων, πρωτος τον λιθον επ' αυτη βαλετω. of you, first the stone on her let him cast.

<sup>8</sup>Και παλιν κατω κυψας, εγραφεν ει**ς την γ**ην. again down stooping, wrote OΠ the ground. <sup>9</sup> Οίδε ακουσαντες, και ὑπο της συνειδησεως

They and having heard, and by the ελεγχομενοι, εξηρχοντο είς καθ' είς, αρξαμενοι one,

went out one by beginning being convinced, απο των πρεσβυτερων έως των εσχατων και elders even to the last ones;

κατελειφθη μονος δ Ιησους, και ή γυνη εν μεσφ and the woman in middle alone the Jesus,

from GALILEE? Search. and see, that no Prophet has been raised tout of GALILEE."

53 \* [[And every one went to his own HOUSE;

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 but Jesus went to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

2 And in the Morning he came again to the TEMPLE and All the PEOPLE came to him, and having sat down, he taught them.

3 And the SCRIBES and the PHARISEES bring to him a Woman having been taken in Adultery; and placing her in the Midst,

4 they say to him, "Teacher, This WOMAN was taken in the very act. committing adultery.

5 1 Now, in the LAW. Moses commanded us to stone SUCH LIKE women; therefore, what dost thou say : "

6 But this they said, trying him, that they might have something of which to accuse him. But Jesus stooping down, wrote on the GROUND with his FINGER.

7 And when they continued asking him, rising up, he said to them, "HE who is WITHOUT SIN of you, ; let him first cast the STONE at her."

8 And again, stooping down, he wrote on the GROUND.

9 And THEY, HAVING HEARD, and being convicted by their consciences, went out, one by one, beginning from the ELDERS. even to the LAST; and JESUS was left alone, and the WOMAN standing in the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 53. to viii. 11-omit.

<sup>†52.</sup> This conclusion, according to Calmut, was incorrect. Jonah was of Gathheper, in Gaillee; see 2 Kings xiv. 25, compared with Josh. xix. 13. Nahum was a Galilean, for he was of the tribe of Simeon, and some suppose Malachi was of the same place. †53. This paragraph concerning the woman taken in adultery is wanting in the Alexandrian (see Worde's Preface,) Vatican, Ephrem, and other manuscripts of great authority, and in the oldest copies of the Syraic version; and is not cited by Origen, Chrysostom, and other ancient ecclesiastical writers. It is found in the Cambridge manuscript, though with some variations from the received text. Griesbach keeps it in his text; but with great hesitation. Improved Version.

<sup>1 5.</sup> Lev. xx. 10; Deut. xxii. 22.

 $^{10}$  Ανακυψας δε δ Ιησους, και μηδενα έστωσα. standing. Having raised up and the Jesus, and no one θεασαμενος πλην της γυναικος, ειπεν αυτη· 'Η said to her; The woman,  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \iota \nu$ εκεινοι οί κατηγοροι σου; γυνη, που of thee? woman, where are those the accusers ουδεις σε κατεκρινέν; 11 'Η δε ειπέν Ουδεις, no one thee condemned? She and aid: No one, Ειπε δε αυτη δ Ιησους. Ουδε εγω σε KUPI€. Said and to her the Jesus; Neither i thee κατακρινω: πορευου, και μηκετι άμαρτανε. condemn; and no longer do thou sin.]

go, 12 Παλιν ουν δ Ιησους αυτοις ελαλησε, λεγων Again therefore the Jesus to them spoke, saying: Εγω ειμι το φως του κοσμου δ ακολουθων εμοι, am the light of the world; he following me. ου μη περιπατησει εν τη σκοτια, αλλ' έξει το in the darkness, but shall have the not not shall walk 13 Ειπον ουν αυτφ οί Φαρισαιοι. φως της ζωης. Said therefore to him the Pharisees; light of the life. Συ περι σεαυτου μαρτυρεις ή μαρτυρια σου Thou concerning thyself dost testify; the testimony of thee ουκ εστιν αληθης.  $^{14}$  Απεκριθη Ιησους και Answered Jesus ειπεν αυτοις. Καν εγω μαρτυρω περι εμαυτυυ, said to them; Even if l testify concerning myself, although  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$   $\hat{\eta}$  map  $\tau \nu \rho \iota$  and  $\ell \nu$  of  $\ell \nu$   $\hat{\tau} \iota$  or  $\ell \nu$  true is the testimony of me; because I know, whence ηλθον, και που ύπαγω ύμεις δε ουκ οιδατε, you hat not I came, and where I go; 15 ' Υμεις ποθεν ερχομαι, η που ύπαγω. κατα I came, or where I go. You according to whence την σαρκα κρινετε, εγω ου κρινω ουδενα.  $^{16}$  Και the fiesh judge, I not judge no one. Even  $\epsilon$ aν κρινω δε  $\epsilon$ γω,  $\dot{\eta}$  κρισις  $\dot{\eta}$   $\epsilon$ μη αληθης  $\epsilon$ στιν: if judge but  $\dot{\iota}$ , the judgment the my true is  $\delta \tau \iota$  μονος ουκ  $\epsilon \iota \mu \iota$ , αλλ'  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  και  $\delta$   $\pi \epsilon \mu \psi$ ας  $\mu \epsilon$  because alone not 1 am, but  $\iota$  and the having sent me 17 Και εν τφ νομφ δε τφ ύμετερφ γεγ-Also in the law and the your is has
"'Οτι δυο ανθρωπων ή μαρτυρια father ραπται· been written; That two of men the teach ηθης εστιν." 18 Εγω ειμι ο μαρτυρων testimony περι am he testifying concerning εμαυτου, και μαρτυρει  $\pi$ ερι εμου δ  $\pi$ εμψας με me testifies concerning myself, and testifies concerning me the having sent me 19 Ελεγον ουν αυτώ: που εστιν ό πατηρ πατηρ. They said then to him; where is the father father.

10 And Jesus raising up and seeing no one but the WOMAN, said to her. "WOMAN, where are those, thine Accusers? Did no one condemn Thee?"

11 And she said, " No one, sir." And Jesus said to her, ‡ "Neither do K condemn Thee; ‡ go, and

sin no more."

12 Again, therefore, Jr. sus spoke to them, saving, t t" I am the LIGHT of the world; he who fol-Lows me shall not walk in the DARKNESS, but shall have the LIGHT of LIFE."

13 Then the PHARISEES said to him, ‡" Thou dost testify of thyself; thy TES-TIMONY is not true.'

14 Jesus answered and said to them, "Even if E testify concerning mysell, my TESTIMONY is true: Because I know whence I came and where I go; but nou know not whence I came, or where I go.

15 1 Pou judge according to the FLESH; ‡Е judge

no one.

16 But even if X judge. MY JUDGMENT is true; Because I am not alone, but I and the FATHER who SENT me.

17 And it has also been written in Your LAW, That the TESTIMONY of

Two Men is true.

18 # am one who tes-TIFIES concerning myself, and the FATHER Who SENT me."

19 Then they said to him, "Where is thy FA-

<sup>† 12.</sup> The Rabbins denominated the Supreme Being the light of the world, and this title being assumed by our Lord was a cause of offence to the Jews. The Messiah was also frequently spoken of by the prophets under the emblem of light. See Isa. Ix. I; xlix. 6; ix. 2. Therefore, by applying this symbol to himself, the Pharisees must at once have perceived that he claimed the Messiahship. Buxtorfin Synag. Jud. c. xxii. Itls us, that the 6th day, or day after the expiration of the 8th, which belonged to "the feast of the tabernacles," is a solemn day likewise, and is called "the feast of joy for the law;" because on that day (says but the september of the latter as read the set haring hearing health in the owner. someon may incomes, and is caused "the teast of joy for the law;" because on that day (says he,) the last section of the law was read, the rest having been read weekly in the course of the preceding sabbaths. He adds, that on this 9th day the custom of the Jews is to take all the books of the law out of the chest and to put a candle into it, in allusion to Prov. vi. 23, or rather Psa. cxix. 105. But perhaps, after all, it was to the light which their understanding received from the reading of the law, that Jesus here alluded to, when he said, "I am the light of the world."

<sup>11.</sup> Luke ix. 56; xii. 14; John iii. 17. : 11. John v. 14. 1 12. John i. 4, 5, 9; † 13. John v. 31. † 15. John vii. 24. † 15. John † 17. Deut. xvii. 6; xix. 15; Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xii, 1; Held iii. 19; ix. 5; xii. 35, 86, 46. iii. 17; xii. 47; xvlii. 86, x. 28.

σου: Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουτε εμε οιδατε, συτε of thee? Answered Jesus; Neither me you know, nor of thee? Answered Ει εμε ηδεντε, και τον πατερα τον πατερα μου. father of me. If me you knew, also the father  $^{20}$ Ταυτα τα  $\dot{\rho}$ ηματα  $\dot{\epsilon}$ λαλησ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν μου ηδειτε αν. of me you would know. These the words he spoke εν τφ γαζοφυλακιφ, διδασκων εν τφ ίερφ· και teaching in the temple; and treasury, ουδεις επιασεν αυτον, ότι ουπω εληλυθει ή ώρα seized him, because not yet had come the hour SAO ODE αυτου.

of him.

 $^{21}$  Ei $\pi \epsilon \nu$  our  $\pi \alpha \lambda i \nu$  autois  $\delta$  Iy $\sigma$ ous Ey $\omega$ Said therefore again to them the Jesus; ύπαγω, και ζητησετε με και εν τη άμαρτια go away, and you will seek me, and in the sin ύμων αποθανεισθε όπου εγω ύπαγω, ύμεις cu of you you will die; where I go, you not 22 Ελεγον ουν οί δυνασθε ελθειν. Ιουδαιοι· then the are able Said Jews: to come. Μητι αποκτενει έαυτον, ότι λεγει 'Οπου εγω Where Not will he kill himself, hecause he says; ύπαγω, ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν: 25 Και ειπεν you not areable to come? And he said αυτοις. Ύμεις εκ των κατω εστε, εγω εκ των to them; You from the beneath are, ανω ειμι· ύμεις εκ του κοσμου τουτου εστε, above am; you from the world this  $^{24}$  E $\iota\pi o\nu$ εγω ουκ ειμι εκ του κοσμου τουτου. not am from the world this. ουν ύμιν, ότι αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις therefore to you, that you will die in the sins ύμων εαν γαρ μη πιστευσητε, ότι εγω ειμι, of you; if for not you may believe, that I am,  $^{25}$  E $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$ o $\nu$ αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων. you will die in the ania of you. They said ουν αυτώ. Συ τις ει; Και ειπεν αυτοις δ therefore to him; Thou who art? And said to them the Ιησους· Την αρχην ό, τι και λαλω υμιν. The heginning what, what even I say Jesus;  $^{26}$ Πολλα  $\epsilon$ χω  $\pi$  $\epsilon$ ρι ύμων λαλ $\epsilon$ ιν, και κριν $\epsilon$ ιν $\cdot$ Many things I have about you to say, and to judge; αλλ' δ πεμψας με αληθης εστι καγω ά ηκουσα but he having sent me true is; and I what I heard <sup>27</sup> Ουκ παρ' αυτου, ταυτα λεγω εις τον κοσμον. Not from him, thesethings I say to the world. εγνωσαν, δτι τον πατερα αυτοις ελεγεν.  $^{28}$ Ειπεν they knew, that the father to them he spoke. ουν \*[αυτοις] δ Ιησους· Όταν ὑψωσητετον υίον then [to them] the Jesus; When you may lift up the son του ανθρωπου, τοτε γνωσεσθε ότι εγω ειμι· και man, then you will know that I am; of the and απ' εμαυτου ποιω ουδεν, αλλα καθως εδιδαξε με from myself I do nothing, but as  $\delta$  πατηρ μου ταυτα λαλω. <sup>29</sup> και  $\delta$  πεμψας με, the father of me these things I say; and he having sent me. μετ' εμου εστιν' ουκ αφηκε με μονον δ πατηρ, mе 1s; not left me alone the father,

THER?" Jesus answered, "You neither know Me, nor my father; if you knew Me, you would also know my father."

- 20 these words he spoke in the Teeasury, teaching in the Temple; and no one seized him, Because his hour had not yet come.
- 21 Then \*he said to them again, ‡ ' £ am going away, and you will seek me, and will die in your sin; where £ go, gou cannot come."
- 22 The Jews therefore said, "Will he kill himself, that he says, Where # go, you cannot come?"
- 23 And he said to them "Bounge from BELOW: I am from ABOVE. I Bou are of \*This WORLD; I am not of this WORLD.
- 24 Therefore I said to you, That you will die in your sins; for if you believe not That I am he, you will die in your sins."
- 25 Then they said to him, "Who art thou?" \* Jesus says to them, Even what I said to you at the BEGIN-NING.
- 26 I have many things to say and to judge concerning you; but HE who SENT me is true; ‡ and what I heard from him, These things I say to the world."
- 27 They knew not That he spoke to them of the FATHER.
- 28 Jesus therefore said, ‡ "When you shall lift up the son of man, then you will know That **X** am he; and I do nothing of myself; but as my Father taught me, I say These things.
- 29 And HE who SENT me is with me; \*he has not left me alone; ‡ Because ‡

25. Jesus says.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. he said. 23. of This world. 29. he has not left me.

<sup>23.</sup> to them—omit.

23. to them—omit.

24. he has not left life.

† 20. Mark xii. 41.

† 21. John vii. 34; xiii. 33.

† 23. John xv. 19; xvii. 16;

† John iv. 5.

† 26. John iii. 32; xv. 15.

† 28. John xii. 32.

† 29. John iv.

† 29. John vii. 32.

δτι εγω τα αρεστα αυτώ ποιω because I the things pleasing to him do παντοτε. always. <sup>341</sup> Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, πολλοι επιστευσαν

believed These of him speaking, many

ELS QUTOV. inta him.

31 Ελεγεν ουν δ Ιησους προς τους πεπιστευ-Said then the Jesus to those having beheved κοτας αυτώ Ιουδαιους. Εαν ύμεις μεινητε εν τώ If you may abide in the Jews, λογώ τω εμώ, αληθως μαθηται μου εστε, <sup>32</sup> και truly disciples of me you are, word the my, and γνωσεσθε την αληθειαν, και ή αληθεια ελευθεyou shall know the  $^{33}$  A $\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$  aut $\omega$ ρωσει ύμας. Σπερμα free They answered him; Seed you. Αβρααμ εσμεν, και ουδενι δεδουλευκαμεν πωof Abraam we are, and to no one have we been slaves ποτε· πως συ λεγεις· 'Οτι ελευθεροι γενησεσθε: any time; how thou sayest; That free you shall become? 34 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην αμην λεγω

Answered them the Jesus; Indeed indeed I say ύμιν, ότι πας ό πο<sub>'</sub>ων την άμαρτιαν, δουλος to you, thatevery one who is doing the sin. a slave εστιτης αμαρτίας. 35 Ο δε δουλος ου μενει εν

is of the #ID. The but slave not abides in τη οικια εις τον αιωνα· δ υίος μενει εις τον αιωνα. the house to the age; the son abides to the

<sup>36</sup> Εαν ουν δ υίος ύμας ελευθερωση, οντως ελευ-It then the son you may make tree. really θεροι επεσθε.  $^{37}$  Οιδα, ότι σπερμα Αβρααμ επτε· you shall be. I know, that seed of Abraam you are; **αλλα ζητειτε με αποκτειναι, ότι ό λογος ό εμος** 

you seek me to kill, because the word the mine 33 Εγω δ έωρακα παρα τω ου χωρει εν ύμιν. I what have seen from the nor has place in you. ποτρι μου, λαλω και ύμεις ουν δ εωρακατε father of me I speak; and you therefore what you have seen  $^{39} A\pi\epsilon\rho\iota\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ παρα τω πατρι ύμων, ποιειτε. from the father of you, do. They answered

και ειπον αυτφ<sup>ο '</sup>Ο πατηρ ήμων Αβρααμ εστι. and said to him: The father of us Abraam is:

Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ει τεκνα του Αβρααμ if children of the Abraam Says to them the Jesus; εστε, τα εργα, του Αβρααμ εποιειτε: 40 Νυν δε you are, the works of the Ahraam you would do Now but ζητειτε με αποκτειναι, ανθρωπον, ός την αληyou seek me to kill, a man. who the truth

θειαν υμιν λελαληκα, ην ηκουσα παρα του θεου· to you has spoken. which I have heard from the God,

τουτο Αβρααμ ουκ εποιησεν. Υμεις ποιειτε τα A brane mot did. You do the ύμων. εργα του πατρος

works of the father ot you.

always do the things pleasing to him."

30 As he was speaking These things, many believed

ınto hım.

31 Jesus therefore said to the Jews who had be-LIEVED him, "It pou abide in MY WOED, you are certainly my Disciples.

32 And you shall know the TRITH, and the TRUTH shall make you

free."

33 They answered him, "We are Abraham's Offspring, and have never been in slavery to any one. How dost thou say, 'You shall become tree?""

34 \* Jesus answered them, "Indeed, I assure you, t that EVERY ONE DOING SIN is a Slave of

SIN

35 # But the SLAVE does not abide in the House to the AGE, the son abides to the AGE

36 If, therefore, the son make you free, you will in-

deed be free.

37 1 know That you are ABRAHAM's Offspring; but you are seeking to kill Me, Because MY WORD has no place in you.

38 # speak what I have seen with my FA-THER: and gou, therefore, do what you have \* heard from your father."

39 They answered and said to him, "Our FATHER is Abraham." JESUS says to them, ‡" If you were Children of ABRAHAM, you would do the works of ABRAHAM.

40 But now you are seeking to kill Me, a Man who has spoken to you the TRUTH, which I heard from God; This Abraham did not.

41 You do the works 41 Ειπον ουν αυτω of your FATHER \* \* They They said then to him, Said to him, The have not

<sup>·</sup> VALICAN MARUSCRIPT .- 34. Jesus eaid to him

<sup>38.</sup> heard from your FATHER.

<sup>,</sup> Nr. Rom. vi 14, 18, 25; viii 2, Gal. v. 1; James i, 25; ji 12, 5-bet i 19, 55 Gal. v. 80. \$39. John 1 46 1x 7 Gal. iii. 7. 35 24 Rosn. vi 16 20: 1 88. John iil 82; v. 19, 80; x1v. 10, 24

Ήμεις εκ πορνείας ου γεγεννημέθα: ένα πατε-We from fortication not have been born; one fittings ρα εχομέν, τον θέον. <sup>42</sup> Είπεν αυτοίς ὁ Ιησους: ρα εχομεν, τον θεον. to them the Jesus:3 we have, the God, Said Ει δ θεος πατηρ ύμων ην, ηγαπατε αν εμε· εγω if the God a futher of you was, you would love γαρ εκ του θεου εξηλθον και ήκω: ουδε γαρ απ? for from the God cane out and m come; noteven for **εμαυτου εληλυθα, αλλ', εκεινος με απεστειλε.** my elf I have come, but h.e me sent: 43 Διατι την λαλιαν την εμην ου γινωσκετε; the mine not the speech know you? .

τας επιθυμίας του πατρος ύμων θελετε πονείν the lusts of the father of you you wish to do; Εκείνος ανθρωποκτονος ην απ' αρχης, και εν τη the amandager was from abeginning, and in the αληθεία ουχ έστηκεν ότι ουκ εστιν αληθεία εν εντίλ not has stood; because not is truth in αυτω. Το το λαλη το ψευδος, εκ των ιδίων

αυτω,  ${}^{4}$ Οταν λαλη το ψευδος, εκ των ιδιων when may speak the falsehood, from the own λαλει δτι ψευστης εστι, και δ πατηρ αυτου. hespeaks; because aliar is, also the father of him.  ${}^{45}$ Εγω δε ότι την αληθειαν λεγω, ου πιστευετε I but because the truth I speak, not you believe

τροι. <sup>45</sup> Τις εξ ύμων ελεγχει με περι αμαρτιας; me. Who of you councts me concerning sin? ει αληθείαν λεγω, διατι ύμεις ου πιστευετε μοι: truth I speak, why you not believe me?

47 'Ο ων εκ του θεου, τα ρηματα του θεου ακουει· He being from the God, the words of the God hears; δια τουτο ύμεις ουκ ακουετε, ότι εκ: του θεου through this you not hear, becausefrom the <sup>48</sup> Απεκριθησαν οἱ Ιουδαιοι και ειπον ουκ εστε: not you are. Answered the Jews and **α**υτφ· Ου καλως λεγομεν ήμεις, ότι Σαμαρειτης to him; Not well . eay that a Samaritan we. ει συ, και δαιμονιον εχεις; <sup>40</sup> Απεκριθη Ιησους. art thou, and a demon thou liast? Answered Jesus, Εγω δαιμονιον ουκ εχω, αλλα τιμω τον πατερα

1 a demon not lave, but I honor the fisher μου, και ύμεις ατιμαζετε με. <sup>50</sup> Εγω δε ου ζητω time, and you dishonor inc. I but not seek την δοξαν μου στιν δ ζητων και κριν νν. the glory of me; it is he seeking and judging. <sup>51</sup> Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν τις τον λογον τον Indeed judged I say to you, if advocation word the

εμον τηρηση, θανατον ου μη θεωρηση εις τον mine may keep, death not not he may see to the aιωνα.  $^{52}$  Ειπον ουν αυτφ οί Ιουδαιοι Νυν age. Said then to him the Jews; Now

εγνωκαμεν, ότι δαιμονιον εχεις. Αβρααμ απεwellow, that ademon thou hast; Abraam died

been born of Fornication, we have One Farlier, God.

42 \* Jesus said to them, \* "If God were your \* fa-Ther, you would love me; for E came forth from God, and am come; for I am not even come of myself, but he sent Me.

.. 48 Why do you not know my speech? Because you can not hear my woud.

41 ‡ Dou are from the FATHER, the ACCUSER, and the LUSTS of your LATHER you wish to do. He was a Manslayer from the Beginning, and has not stood in the TRUTH, Because there is no Truth in him. When (any one) speaks a FALSEHOOD, he speaks from his own a Because his father also is a Liar.

45 But because I speak the TRUTH, you do not be-

lieve me.

46 Who of you convicts me of Sin? If I speak the Truth, why do nou not be-lieve me?

47 the who is from God hears the words of God; on this account nou hear not, because you are not from God."

48 The Jews answered and said to him, "Do we not say well That thou art a Sanaritan, and I hast a Demon?"

49 Jesus answered, "E' have not a Demon, but I honor my FATHER, and nou dishonor me.

50 But # E seek not my; GLORY; there is one who skeks it, and judges.

51 Indeed, I assure you, † If any one keep \* MY Word, he will by no means see Death to the AGE

52 \* The Jews said to him, "Now we know That thou hast a Demon. ‡ Abra-

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-42. Jesus. 42. PATHER. , 51. MT Word. 52. The Jews said.

<sup>† 42.</sup> John v. 43; vii. 28, 20. † 44. 1 John iii. 8. † 47. John x. 20, 27; 1 John b. † 48. John vii. 20; x. 20. † 50. John v. 41; vii. 18. † 51. John v. 24-: ai. 28. • † 52. Zech. i. 5; Heb. xi. 13.

hetaανε και ο $ilde{\iota}$  προφηται, και συ λεγεις $\cdot$  Εαν τις and thon sayest, and the prophets, It any one τον λογον μου τηρηση, ου μη γευσηται θανατου word of me may keep, not not may taste of death  $^{53}$  My συ μειζων ει του πατρος EIS TOV aIWVA. Not thou greater art of the the age. father ήμων Αβρααμ, δστις απεθανε: και οί προφηται and the of us Ahraam, who died? prophets απεθανον τινα σεαυτον ποιεις:  $^{54}$  Απεκριθη whom thyself makest thou? Answered Ιησους. Εαν εγω δοξαζω εμαυτον, ή δοξα μου 1 f glorify myself, the glory of me Εστιν ό πατηρ μου ό δοξαζων με, ουδεν εστιν. Hers the father of mehe glorifying me, nothing 1s. όν ύμεις λεγετε, ότι θεος ύμων εστι, <sup>55</sup> και ουκ say, that a God of you he is, εγνωκατε αυτον: εγω δε οιδα αυτον. Και εαν I but know him. you know him; And if ειπω, ότι ουκ οιδα αυτον, εσομαι όμοιος ύμων, \*say, that not I know him, I shall be like you, Αλλ' οιδα αυτον, και τον  $\psi \epsilon \nu \sigma \tau n s$ . λογον a liar. I know him, and the But word  $^{56}$  Αβρααμ δ πατηρ ύμων η $\gamma$ αλλιαυτου τηρω. othim I keep. Abraam the father of you ardently ασατο, ίνα ιδη την ήμεραντην εμην και ειδε, thathemight see the day the my; and hesaw, 57 Ειπον ουν οî Ιουδαιοι εχαρη. Kai Troos Said then the and Jews was glad. to αυτον· Πεντηκοντα ετη ουπω εχεις, και Αβρααμ Fifty years not vet thou art, and έωρακας: 58 Ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην αμην hast thouseen? Said to them the Jesus, Indeed indeed λεγω ύμιν, πριν Αβρααμ γενεσθαι, εγω ειμι. <sup>5</sup> Ηραν ουν λιθους, ίνα βαλωσιν επ' αυτον that they might cast on They took up therefore stones, In  $\sigma$  ous \*  $\delta \epsilon$  |  $\delta \epsilon$  |  $\epsilon \kappa \rho \nu B \eta$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \kappa \tau$  ou  $\delta \epsilon \rho$  ou. Jesus |  $\delta \epsilon$  
## KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

<sup>1</sup> Και παραγων, ειδεν ανθρωπον τυφλον εκ passing by, he saw blind from And a man  $^2$  Και ηρωτησαν αυτον οί μαθηται YEVET IS. asked him the disciples birth. αυτου, λεγοστες Ραββι, τις ήμαρτεν; ούτος, saying; who sinned? Rabbi, η οί γονεις αυτου, ίνα τυφλος γεννηθη;  $^3$  Απεκος the parents of him, that blind he should be born? Anριθη Ιησους. Over over over over over over overthe Jesus; Neither this sinned, awered γονεις αυτου· αλλ' ίνα φανερωθη τα εργα του parents of him; but that may be manifested the works of the θεου εν αυτώ. 4 Εμε δει εργαζεσθαι τα εργα Me it behoves to work the works Gud in him.

ham died, and the PROPRETS; and thou sayest. If any one keep my WORD, he will by no means \* see Death to the AGE.

53 Art thou greater than our father Abraham, who died, and the Prophets died? Whom dost \* thou

m. ke thyse⊞?"

54 J sus answered, "If \* £ should glorify myself, my GLORY is nothing? \$11E who GLORIFIES me is my FATHER, of whom nou say, That he is your God.

55 And you have not known him, but **f** know him; and if l say, that I do not know him, I shall be like you a Liar; but I know him, and keep his word.

56 Abraham, your FA-THER, ardently desired that he might see MY DAY; and ‡ he saw, and was

glad."

57 Then the Jews said to him, "Thou art not yet Fifty Years old, and hast thou seen Abraham?"

58 \*Jesus said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Before Abraham was born, I am he."

59 ‡ Then they took up Stones that they might cast at him; but Jesus hid himself, and went forth out of the TEMPLE.

## CHAPTER IX.

1 And passing along, he saw a Man blind from Birth.

2 And his disciples asked him, saying, "Rabbi, tho sinned, he, or his parents, so that he was born blind?"

3 Jesus answered, "Neither did he sin, nor his PARENTS, but that the WORKS of God might be displayed in him.

4 # I must perform the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-53. see Death to the Age. 54. E should glorify. 58. Jesus. 59. but-omit. 4. We must.

<sup>1 54.</sup> John v. 41; xvi. 14; xvii 1; Acts iii. 13; 2 Pet. i. 17. t. 56. Heb. xi. 13. 59. John x. 31. 39; xi. 8. t. 2. ver. 34. t. 4. John iv. 34; v. 19, 36; xi. 9; xii. 35; xvii 4. John iv. 34; v. 19, 36; xi. 9; xii. 35;

του πεμψαιτος με, έως ἡμερα εστιν ερχεται day me, while ot the sending it is; comes 5 'Οταν εν νυξ, ότε ουδεις δυναται εργαζεσθαι. to work. night, when no one is able While in <sup>6</sup> Ταυτα τω κοσμφ ω, φως ειμι του κοσμου. the world I may be, light I am of the world. These things ειπων, επτυσε χαμαι, και εποιησε πηλον εκτου saying, he spit on the ground, and of the made clay πτυσματος, και επεχρισε τον πηλον επι τους spittle. and rubbed the clay 014 <sup>7</sup> και ειπεν οφθαλμους του τυφλου, αυτω and of the blind, said °Υπαγε, νιψαι εις την κολυμβηθραν του Σιλωαμ· pool Go, wash thyself in the of the Siloam; (8 έρμηνευεται. απεσταλμενος.)  $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ (which menterpreted, having been sent.) He went away \*[ουν, και ενιψατο, και ηλθε] βλεπων. 8 Oi [therefore, and washed himself, and came] seeing. The ουν γειτονες, και οί θεωρουντες αυτον το προthen neighbors, and those seeing him the beτερον, ότι προσαιτης ην, ελεγον· Ουχ ούτος Not this because a beggar he was, said; εστιν δ Αλλοι καθημένος και προσαιτων; and Others. he sitting begging? is Ότι ούτος  $\delta \epsilon$ Ότι Αλλοι  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu$ ETTIV. That this is. Others said, όμοιος αυτώ εστιν. Εκεινος ελεγεν. 'Ότι εγω it is, He said; That lika him ι Ελέγον ουν αυτώ.  $\Pi \omega s \quad a \nu \epsilon \omega \chi \theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ ELMI. They said to him How were opened am. then 11 Απεκριθη εκεινος **≭**| каі οφθαλμοι σου οί and of thee the eyes? Answered he ειπεν.  $A\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma$ os,  $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma$ os In $\sigma\sigma\sigma$ ous,  $\pi\eta\lambda\sigma\nu$ being named Jesus, clay said.] A man, εποιησε, και επεχρισε μου τους οφθαλμους, κ ι and rubbed of me the eyes, made. ειπε μοι Υπαγε εις τον Σιλωαμ, και νιψαι. Go into the Siloam. and wash thyself. said to me; <sup>12</sup> Ειπον Απελθων δε και νιψαμενος, ανεβλεψα. and and washing myself, I obtained sight. ουν αυτώ. Που εστιν εκεινος; Λεγει. Ουκ αίδα. then to him; Where He says; Not 1 know. he, <sup>13</sup> Αγουσιν αυτον προς τους Φαρισαιους, 🙄 ν the Pharisees. that They bring him to  $^{14}$  Hv  $\delta\epsilon$   $\sigma\alpha\beta\beta\alpha\tau$  $o\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau\epsilon$   $\tau$  $o\nu$  $\pi o \tau \in \tau v \phi \lambda o v$ . It was and a sabbath, when the πηλον εποιησεν δ Ιησους, και ανεώξεν αυτου opened the Jesus, clay made and of him 15 Παλιν ουν ηρωτων αυτον τους οφθαλμους. Again therefore the eyes. asked 'Ο δε ειπεν και οί Φαρισαιοι, πως ανεβλεψεν. how he obtained sight. He and said αυτοις. Πηλον επεθηκε μου επι τους οφθαλμους, he put of me on to them; Clay the eyes,

works of HIM who sent me while it is Day; Night comes, when no one can work.

5 While I am in the world, ‡I am the Light of the world."

6 Saying these things. the spit on the Ground, and made Clay of the SPIT-TLE, and \* he put the CLAY on his EYES,

7 and said to him, "Go wash thyself in the POOL of SILOAM," (which signifies, Sent) He went away, therefore, and washed hinself, and came seeing.

8 Then the NEIGHBORS, and THOSE who had PRE-VIOUSLY SECT him, because he was a Beggar, said, "Is not this HE who was SIT-TIN- and begging?"

9 Some said, "This is

9 Some said, "This is he;" "others \*said, "No; but he 's like him;" he said. "I am he."

said, "I am he."

They then said to him, "How were Thine PYES opened?"

11 De answered \*"The MAN called Jesus made Clay, and rubbed my EYES, and said to mr, "Go to the SILOAM, and wash thyself;" \*I went, therefore, and washed myseit, and obtained sight.

12 \*And they said to m, "Where is he?" He rays, "I do not know."

23 They bring HIM that was formerly BLIND to the PHARISEES.

14 And it was a \* Sabbath when JESUS made the CLAY, and opened His

15 Then the PHARISEES also asked him again how he obtained his sight. And he said to them, "He put Clay on Mine Eves, and I washed myself, and see."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—6. He put the clay thereof on his eyes, and said. 7. therefore, and washed, and came—omit. 9 said; "No; but he is." 11. and said—omit. 11. The man called. 11. I went therefore and. 12. And they said to him. 14 s Sabbath, on which Day Jssus.

<sup>† 7.</sup> The Pool of Siloam is described by recent travellers to have been "a well built oblong tank, some fitty feet long, nearly twenty deep, and somewhat less than this wide." It has now only about two feet of water in it. It is supplied from an upper fountain through a well-cut conduit more than a quater of a mile long.

<sup>1 5.</sup> John 1. 5, 9; iil. 19; viii. 12; xii. 35, 46.

16 Ελεγον ουν εκ και ενιψαμην, και βλεπω. Said therefore of and I washed myself, and sec. των Φαρισαιών τινες. Ούτος δ ανθρωπος ουκ Pharisees some; This the man εστι παρα του θεου, δτι το σαββατον ου τηρει. from the God, because the subbath not he keeps. Αλλοι ελεγον Πως δυναται ανθρωπος άμαρsaid: How is able a man Others τωλος τοιαυτα σημεια ποιειν; Και σχισμα ην signs to do? And a division was εν αυτοις. 17 Λεγουσι τω τυφλώ παλιν. Συ τι They say to the blind again; Thou what among them. λεγεις περι αυτου, ότι ηνοιξε σου τους οφθαλsayest concerning him, seeing that he opened of thee the μους; 'Ο δε ειπεν' 'Οτι προφητης εστιν, 18 Ουκ lle and said: That a prophet he is. Not επιστευσαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περι αυτου, ότι τυφbelieved therefore the Jews concerning him. that blind λος ην, και ανεβλεψεν, έως ότου εφωνησαν he was, and obtained aight, till when they called <sup>19</sup> Kaı τους γονεις αυτον του αναβλεψαντος. the parents of him the having obtained sight. ηρωτησαν αυτους, λεγοντες· Ού. ος εστι: δ υίος This 15 \*be son they asked them, saying; ύμων, όν ύμεις λεγετε, ότι τυφλος εγεννηθη; οίγου, whom you say, that blind he was born?  $\pi \omega s$  συν αρτιβλεπει;  $^{20}$  Απεκριθη  $^{-}$ αν  $^{*}$ [αυτοις] Answered how then now he sees? [them] οί γονεις αυτου και ειπον. Οιδαμεν, ότι ούτος the parents of him and said; We know, that εστιν ό υίος ήμων, και ότι τυφλος εγεννηθη. is the son of us, and that blind he was born, 21 πως δε νυν βλεπει, ουκ οιδαμεν η τις ηνοιξεν how out now he sees, not we know; or who opened αυτου τους οφθαλμους, ήμεις ουκ οιδαμεν, the we not know. eyes, αυτος ήλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε αυτος full age has, him ask you; he 22 Ταυτα ειπον οί αύτου λαλησει. concerning himself shall speak. These things said the γονεις αυτου, ότι εφοβουντο τους Ιουδαιους. Ηδη γαρ συνετεθείντο of Ιουδαίοι, ινα εαν τις Already for had agreed the Jews, that it any on αυτον δμολογηση Χριστον, αποσυνα`ω·vos should confess Anointed, from a sy throguγενηται.  $^{23}$  Δια τουτο οι γονεις αυτοι είπον hould be. Through this the parents thin each  $Οτι ηλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε. <math>^{24}$  Εφω-That full age he has, him ask you. They νησαν ουν εκ δευτερου τον ανθρωπον, δε ην who was salled therefore a second time the man, Δος δοξαν τω θεω. τυφλος, και ειπον αυτώ. said to him; Give glory to the God;

16 Then some of the PHARISEES said, "This MAN is not from "Cod, Because he keeps not tl: SABBATH." Others said, ‡"How can a sinful Man perform such Signs?" And there was ta Division among them.

17 \* They say to BLIND man again, "What dost thou say concerning him, Secing that he opened Thine EYES?" And he said, ‡"He is a Prophet."

18 The Jews, therefore. did not believe of him. That he was blind and obtained sight, till they called the PARENTS of HIM who RECEIVED SIGHT.

19 And they asked them. saying, "Is this your son, of whom nou say, 'That he was born blind?' How then does he now see?"

20 \* Then his PARENTS answered and said, "We know That this is our son, and That he was born blind;

21 but how he now sees. we know not; or who opened Hiseyes, beknow not; \*ask Him, he is of mature Age: he will speak concerning himself."

22 His PARENTS said this, # Because they were afraid of the Jews; for the Jews had already determined, that if any one should acknowledge him to be the Messiah. the should be expelled from the synagogue.

23 On this account PARENTS said, "He is mature Age, ask him."

24 They called, therefore, a second time, the MAN who had been blind, and said to him, "Give Glory to ήμεις οιδαμεν, ότι ό ανθρωπος ούτος άμαρτωλος This Man is a Sinner."

a sinner

this

know.

that the man

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. God. 17. Then they say. 20. Then his PARENTS. 21. ask Him; he is of mature Age; he will. 24. That This 20. them-omit. Man is.

<sup>1 16.</sup> John vn. 12, 43; x. 14. 1 17. John iv. 19 vi. 14 t 16. ver. \$3; John iii. 2. 1 22. John vii. 13; xii. 42; xix. 38; Acts v. 13. 1 22. ver. 34; John xvi 2.

And who is he,

 $*[\delta_{\epsilon}]$ 

[band]

37 Eιπε

Said

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that

to him the

αυτω δ Ιησους Και

Jesus;

 $^{25}$  Απεκριθη ουν εκεινος \*[και ειπεν·] €OTIV. is. Answered then he and said,] έν οιδα, ότι Ει αμαρτωλος εστιν, ουκ οιδα· he is, asinner not I know; one I know, that  $^{26}$  E $\iota \pi o \nu$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega$ τυφλος ων, αρτι βλεπω. being, now I see. They said and to him \*[παλιν·] Τι εποιησε σοι;  $\pi\omega$ s  $\eta\nu$ oιξε  $\sigma$ oυ What did he to thee? how [again;] opened of thee τους οφθαλμους; Απεκριθη αυτοις Ειπον ύμιν the eyes; He answered them; I said to you γαι ουκ ηκουσατε.  $\tau\iota$ παλιν θελετε not you did hear; why again ακουειν: μη και ύμεις θελετε αυτου μαθηται not also you wish of him disciples γενεσθαι; 28 Ελοιδορησαν αυτον, και ειπον. Συ said; Thou to be? They reviled him, and ει μαθητης εκεινου ήμεις δε του Μωσης εσμεν of him; we but of the Moses art a disciple are <sup>29</sup> Ήμεις οιδαμεν, ότι Μωση λελαμαθηται. We know, disciples. that to Moses has ληκεν δ θεος τουτον δε ουκ οιδαμεν ποθεν ληκεν spoken the God;  $30 \text{ A}\pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta$ this but not we know whence δ ανθρωπος €ιπεν και Answered the man said and Εν γαρ τουτώ θαυμαστον εστιν, δτι for this a wouder 18, ύμεις ουκ οιδατε ποθεν εστι, και ανεώξε μου he is, whence and he has opened of me not know 31 Οιδαμεν \* [δε,] ότι άμαρ-We know [but,] that sin**τ**ους οφθαλμο**υς.** eves. τωλων δ  $\theta$ εος ουκ ακουει· αλλ' εαν τις θεοσεthe God not but if any one a worshipper hears; και το  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$  αυτου ποιη, τουτου Bns of God may be, and the will of him may do, this  $^{32}$ Ek του αιωνος ουκ ηκουσθη, δτι From the he hears. age not it was heard, that ηνοιξε τις οφθαλμους τυφλου γεγεννημενου. of blind having been born. opened any one eyes <sup>33</sup>Ει μη ην ούτος παρα θεου, ουκ ηδυνατο ποιειν If not was this from God, not were able  $^{34}$   $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho$ ιθησαν και  $\epsilon$ ι $\pi$ ον αυτ $\phi$ . ουδεν.  $\mathbf{E} \boldsymbol{\nu}$ nothing. and to him; They answered said άμαρτιαις συ εγεννηθης όλος· και συ διδασκεις ains thou wast born wholly; and thou teachest <sup>35</sup> Ηκουσεν δ Και εξβαλον αυτον εξω. ημαs; him And they cast Heard the us? out. ότι εξεβαλον αυτον εξω και εύρων Inoous, they cast him out; and having found Jesus. that αυτον, ειπεν \*[αυτφ'] Συ πιστευεις εις τον him, said [to him;] Thou believest into the <sup>36</sup> Απεκριθη εκεινος υίον του θεου: και ειπε· son of the God? Answered and aala: Και τις εστι, κυριε, ίνα πιστευσω ELS QUTOV; I may believe

25 Then he answered, "If he is a Sinner, I know not; One thing I do know, That having been blind, now i see."

26 And they said to him, "What did he do to thee? How did he open Thine

27 He answered them, "I told you just now, and did you not hear? \* Why then do you wish to hear again? are gou also willing to become His Disciples?"

28 \* And they reviled him, and said, "Ehou art his Disciple; but we are Disciples of Moses.

29 THe know That God has spoken to Moses; but This person,-we tknow not whence he is."

30 The MAN answered and said to them, "Why, in this is a wonder, That nou know not whence he is, and he opened My EYES!

31 We know # That Gon does not hear Sinners; but if any one be a Worshipper of God, and performs his WILL, him he hears.

32 From the (earlies?) AGE it was not heard, that any one opened the Eyes of one having been born blind.

33 If he were not from God, he could do nothing."

34 They answered and said to him, "Thou wast entirely born in Sins, and dost thou teach us?" And they cast him out.

35 Jesus heard That they had cast him out; and having found him, he said to him, "Dost thou believe into t the \* son of God?"

36 De answered and said, "Who is he, Sir, that I may believe into him?"

37 Jesus said to him, "Thou hast even seen him,

into

him?

έωρακας

Even thou hast seen

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. and said-omit. 27. Why then 26. again-omit. 28. and they reviled. 31. But-omit. 35. to him-omit. 35. son of man? and he said, Who. 37. and-omit.

<sup>‡ 30.</sup> John iii. 10. ‡ 31. John xvii. 9 ‡ 35. Matt. xvi. 16; John x. 36; 1 John v. 13. t 29, John viii, 14. 2 31. Job xxvii. 9; Psa. lxvi. 18; Prov. xv. 8, 29; xxviii. 9.

αυτον, και δ λαλων μετα σου, εκεινος εστιν. and he talking with thee, 38 Ο δε εφη· Πιστευω, κυριε· και προσεκυνησεν I believe, Osir; and He and said; he prostrated aut $\psi$ . 39 Kai  $\epsilon$ i $\pi$  $\epsilon$  $\nu$   $\delta$  In $\sigma$ ous. Els  $\kappa$  $\rho$ i $\mu$ a  $\epsilon$  $\gamma$  $\omega$   $\epsilon$ is to  $\epsilon$ im. And said the Jesus; For judgment I into τον κοσμον τουτον ηλθον, ίνα οί μη βλεποντες came, that those not this βλεπωσι, και οί βλεποντες τυφλοι γενωνται. might see, and those blind seeing 40 \* [ Και ] ηκουσαν εκ των Φαρισαιων ταυτα οί [And] heard of the Pharisees these things those ovtes μετ' αυτου, και ειπον αυτω Μη και ήμεις το him. Not also we being with him, and said to him; Not also we  $\tau \upsilon \phi \lambda o \iota \epsilon \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$ ;  $^{41}$   $E \iota \pi \epsilon \nu \quad a \upsilon \tau o \iota s \quad \delta \quad I \eta \sigma o \upsilon s \quad E \iota$ Said to them the Jesus; If τυφλοι ητε, ουκ αν ειχετε άμαρτιαν νυν δε blind you were, not you would have  $\sin i \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$  Oti  $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi o \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\dot{\eta} \times [o \nu]$ blind you were, not you would have now but ὰμαρτια you say; That we see; the [therefore] sin ύμων μενει. of you remains.

# KE $\phi$ , $\theta'$ , 10. 1 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ό μη εισερχομενος Indeed indeed 1 say to you, he not entering

δια της θυρας εις την αυλην των προβατων, through the door into the fold of the sheep, αλλα αναβαινων αλλαχοθεν, εκεινος κλεπτης goingup another way, Ьc a thief εστι και ληστης· 2 ό δε εισερχομενος δια της is and arobber; he but entering through the <sup>3</sup> Τουτώ δ θυρας, ποιμην εστι των προβατων. door, ashepherd is of the sheep. To him the θυρωρος ανοιγει και τα προβατα της φωνης doorkeeper opeus: and the sheep the αυτου ακουει· και τα ιδια προβατα καλει κατ' and the own sheep he calls by hears: 4 \* [Kαι] όταν τα ιδια

[And] when the own ονομα, και εξαγει αυτα. and he leads out them. προβατα εκβαλη, εμπροσθεν αυτων πορευεται·
sheep be puts forth, before them be goes; και τα προβατα αυτφ ακολουθει, ότι οιδασι την follows. because they know the sheep him <sup>6</sup> Αλλοτριώ δε ου μη ακουλουφωνην αυτου. ol him. Astranger but not not VOICE they may θησωσιν, αλλα φευξονται απ' αυτου· δτι ουκ wal fice from him; because not οιδασι των αλλοτριών την φωνην. 6 Ταυτην they know of the strangers the This

and HE who is TALKING with thee is bc."

38 And HE said, "Lord, I believe;" and he threw himself prostrate before him.

And Jesus said. t" For Judgment came # into this WORLD; \$ so that THOSE not SEEING may see, and THOSE SEEING may become blind."

40 Those of the Phart-SEES BEING with him heard these things, 1 and said to him, "Are we blind also ?"

41 \* Jesus said to them. t" If you were blind, you would not have Sin; but now you say, 'We see:' your SIN remains.

## CHAPTER X.

1 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who ENTERS not by the DOOR into the FOLD of the SHEEP, but climbs up another way, he is a Thief and a Robber;

- 2 but HE who COMES IN by the DOOR, is the Shepherd of the SHEEP.
- 3 The DOOR-KEEPER opens to him; and the SHEEP hear his VOICE: and he calls his own Sheep by Name, and leads them out.
- 4 When he puts forth \*al his own, the goes befor them, and the SHEEP fol low him, Because the know his voice.
- 5 But a Stranger ther will not follow, but will flee from him; Because they know not the VOICE of STRANGERS."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. And-omit. 4. all his own, he goes.

<sup>11.</sup> Jes us.

<sup>41.</sup> therefore-omit

t 4. "We see a flock of perhaps threescore black and white sheep returning from the hillside where they have been grazing, or from the caves in which they have been grazing, or from the caves in which they have been sheltered from the noon-heat. Before them slowly walks the shepherd, staff in hand, not once looking behind him. The flock follows quietly, not scattering nor needing the rod or the angry shout. He and they seem to know each other well, and to have mintual confidence. He who wrote the twenty-third Psalm must have known scenes like this; and still more lie who said, "when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him, for they know his voice."—H. Bonar.

<sup>: 39.</sup> John v. 22, 27. See John iii. 17; xii. 47. 2 39. Matt. xiii. 13. 1 40. Rom. ii. 19 1 41 John xv. 22. 24.

*chap.* 10: 29.] JOHN. 29 'O συχ αρπασει τις αυτα εκ της χειρος μου.
not wilwrest any one them out of the hand of me. The πατηρ μου, ός δεδωκε μοι, μειζων παντων εστι father of me, who has given to me, greater και ουδεις δυναται άρπαζειν εκ της χειρος towrest out of the is able του πατρος μου· 30 εγω και δ πατηρ έν εσμεν. of the father of me; and the father one <sup>31</sup> Εβαστα**σαν** ουν παλιν λιθους οί Ιουδαιοι, ίνα Jews, Took up then again atones the that  $^{32}$  A $\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta$  autois  $\delta$  I $\eta\sigma$ ous: λιθασωσιν αυτον. them the Jesus; they might stone him. Answered Πολλα καλα εργα εδειξα ύμιν εκ του πατρος Many good works I showed you from the father δια ποιον αυτων εργον λιθαζετε με: of me: because of which of them work do you stone me? <sup>23</sup> Απεκριθησαν αυτω οί Ιουδαιοι \*[λεγοντες·] him Answered the Jews καλου εργου ου λιθαζομεν σε, αλλα Περι Concerning a good work thee, not we atone but βλασφημίας, και ότι συ, ανθρωπος ων, and that thou, concerning blasphemy, aman being,  $^{34}$   $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta$  autois  $\delta$  $\pi oieis$ ,  $\sigma \epsilon \alpha v \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$ . makest thyself a god. Answered the them Ingous. Ουκ εστι γεγραμμενον εν τω νομω Not is it having been written in the ύμων· " Εγω ειπα, θεοι εστε;" 35 Ει εκεινους "I said, gods you are?" Ιf them ειπε θεους, προς ούς ό λογος του θεου εγενετο, to whom the word of the God he called gods. came. και ου δυναται λυθηναι ή γραφη· <sup>36</sup> όν ό πατηρ ad not is able to be broken the writing; whom the father ηγιασε, και απεστειλεν εις τον κοσμον, et apart, and sent into the world, you Λεγετε· Ότι βλασφημεις, ότι ειπον, vios του That thou blasphemest, because I said, a son of the θεου ειμι ; 37 Ει ου ποιω τα εργα του πατρος God Lam? 'f not I do the works of the <sup>38</sup> Ει δε ποιω, καν εμοι μου, μη πιστευετε μοι. of me, not you believe me. If but I do, and if me μη πιστευητε, τοις εργοις πιστευσατε· ίνα vou believe. the works believe you; that και πιστευσητε, ότι εν εμοι ό πατηρ, you may know and you may believe, that in me the father, 3) Εζητουν ουν παλιν αυτον καγω εν αυτω. addt in him. They sought therefore again hım

AGE, and no one shall wrest them out of my HAND.

29 # My FATHER, who has given them to me, is greater than all; and no one is able to wrest them out of \* the FATHER'S HAND.

30 # E and the FATHER are One."

31 Then the JEWS took up Stones again, that they might stone him.

32 Jesus said to them. "Many \* good Works did I show you from \* the FA-THER; on account of which of these Works do you stone \* Me?"

33 The JEWS answered him, "We do not stone thee for a Good Work, but for Blasphemy; and Because thou, being a Man, makest thyself God."

34 \* Jesus answered them, I" Is it not written in your LAW, 'E said, You are Gods?'

35 If he called them Gods, to whom the word of God came, and the SCRIPTURE cannot be bro-

36 of him whom the FA-THER set apart and sent into the WORLD, do nou say, 'Thou blasphemest;' Because I said, 'I am a Son of God?'

37 If I do not the works of my father, believe me not.

38 But if I do, and if you believe not me, believe the WORKS, so that you may know and \*believe, t That the FATHER is in me, and \* I am in the FATHER."

39 Therefore, they were seeking again to seize Him: but he went forth out of their HAND.

40 And he went away again beyond the JORDAN, into the PLACE

hand

Jordan.

of them,

to the

And hewent

και εξηλθεν εκ της χειρος αυτων.

and he went forth out of the

<sup>46</sup> Και απηλθε παλιν περαν του Ιορδανου, εις τον

again beyond the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. the PATHER'S HAND. Works. 82 the 33. understand, That. 82. good Works. FATHER 82. Me. 84. Jesus 33. saying-omit. BS. E am in the FATHER.

t 29. John viv 28. xiv. 10. 11: xvii. 21.

τοπον, δπου ην Ιωαννης το πρωτον βαπτιζων· place where was John the first dipping; και εμεινεν εκει. 41 Και πολλοι ηλθον προς and heabode there. And many came to αυτον, και ελεγον. 'Οτι Ιωαννης μεν σημειον and said; That John indeed asign εποιησεν ουδεν: παντα δε όσα ειπεν Ιωαννης not one; all but what things said τουτου, αληθη ην.  $^{42}$  Και  $\epsilon$ πιστ $\epsilon$ υσαν And concerning this, true was, πολλοι εκει εις αυτον. many there into

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Ην δε τις ασθενων, Λαζαρος, απο Βηθανιας, Was and a certain sick one, Lazarus, from Bethany, εκ της κωμης Μαριας και Μαρθας της αδελφης out of the village of Mary and Martha the αυτης.  $^{2}$  (Ην δε Μαρια ή αλειψασα τον κυριον (Was and Mary the having anointed the lord of her. μυρω, και εκμαξασα τους ποδας αυτου ταις with balaam and wiped the feet of the state of the sta of him with the ής δ αδελφος Λαζαρος ησθεθριξιν αύτης. hairs of herself, of whom the brother Lazarus 3 Απεστειλαν ουν αί αδελφαι προς αυτον, val.) Sent therefore the sisters to him, λεγουσαι· Κυριε, ιδε, δν φιλεις, saying; Olord, 10, whom thou lovest, ασθενει. <sup>4</sup> Ακουσας δε δ Ιησους ειπεν Αύτη ή ασθενεία Having heard and the Jesus said. This the sickness ουκ εστι προς θανατον, αλλ' ύπερ της δοξης is to death, but on account of the glory του θεου, ίνα δοξασθη δ υίος του θεου δί' αυτης. or the God, that may be glorified the son of the God through her.  $^{5}$  Ηγαπα δε δ Ιησους την Μαρθαν, και την Martha, Loved now the Jesus the and the 6 'Ωs ouv αδελφην αυτης, και τον Λαζαρον. When then ηκουσεν, ότι ασθενει, τοτε μεν εμεινεν εν 'φ he heard, that he was sick, then indeed he abode in which ην τοπφ δυο ημεραs. 7 Επειτα μετα τουτο hewas place two days. Then after thisλεγει τοις μαθηταις. Αγωμεν εις την Ιουδαιαν heavys to the disciples: Let us go into the Judea παλιν.  $^8$ Λεγουσιν αυτώ οι μαθηται.  $^8$ Ραββι, Say to him the disciples; νυν εζητουν σε λιθασαι οί Ιουδαιοι, και παλιν now sought thee to stone the Jews, and again ύπαγεις εκει: 9 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουχι δωδεκα goest thou there? Answered Jesus; Not εισιν ώραι της ήμερας; εαν τις περιπατη εν τη are hours of the day? if any one may walk in the ήμερα, ου προσκοπτει, δτι το φως του κοσμου not he stumbles, because the light of the world τουτου βλεπει· 10 εαν δε τις περιπατή εν τή if but any one may walk he sees? in the νυκτι, πρυσκοπτει, όπι το φως ουκ εστιν εν he stumbles, because the light not is

John was immersing at the FIRST; and he abode there.

41 And many came to him, and said, "John, mdeed, performed no Sign, ‡but Whatever John said concerning him was true."

42 And many believed into him there.

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 Now there was a certain sick man, Lazarus of Bethany, from the VIL-LAGE of ‡ Mary, and Martha, her sistee.

2 (‡It was that Mary who anointed the Lord, and wiped his fret with her hair, whose brother Lazarus was sick.)

3 The sisters, therefore, sent to him, saying, "Lord, behold, he whom thou lovest is sick."

4 But JESUS, having heard, said, "This SICK-NESS is not to Death, thut for the GLORY of GOD, that the SON of GOD may be glorified by it."

5 Now Jesus loved Martha, and her sister, and Lazarus.

6 When, therefore, he heard That he was sick, then, indeed, ‡ he abode in the Place where he was Two Days.

7 Then, after this, he says to the DISCIPLES, "Let us go into JUDEA again"

again."

8 The disciples say to him, "Rabbi, the Jews recently sought to stone thee; and art thou going there again?"

9 Jesus answered, "Are there not Twelve Hours of the DAY? If any one walk in the DAY, he stumbles not, Because he sees the LIGHT of this WORLD.

10 But if any one walk in the NIGHT, he stumbles. Because the LIGHT is not in him."

<sup>2 41</sup> John in. 30. 1 l. Luke x. 38, 39. 311. 3. 1 4. John iz. 3; ver. 40. 1 9. John ix. 4.

<sup>2.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 7; Mark xiv 3; John 56. John x. 40.

11 Ταυτα ειπε και μετα τουτο λεγει αυτω. These things he said; and after this he says him. Λαζαρος ὁ φιλος ήμων κεκοιμηται. αυτοις. is fallen asleep; to them; Lazarus the friend of us 12 Ειπον αλλα πορευομαι, ίνα εξυπνισω αυτον. I go, that I may awake ουν οί μαθηται αυτου Κυριε, ει κεκοιμηται, then the disciples of him; Olord, if he is fallew asleep, then the <sup>13</sup> Ειρηκει δε δ Ιησους περι του σωθησεται. he shall be saved. Had spoken but the Jesus about the θανατου αυτου εκεινοι δε εδοξαν, ότι περι της they but thought, that concerning the 14 Τοτε ουν ειπεν κοιμησεως του ύπνου λεγει. of the sleep he speaks. Then therefore said αυτοις δ Ιησους παρρησια. Λαζαρος απεθανε. to them the Jesus plainly; Lazarus 13 και χαιρω δι' ύμας, ίνα πιστευσητε, ότι ουκ and I rejoice because of you, that you may believe, that not <sup>16</sup> Ειπ ∈ν ημην εκει αλλ' αγωμεν προς αυτον. I was there; but we may go to ουν Θωμας, δ λεγομενος Διδυμος, τοις συμμαθηthea Thomas, that being called a twin, to the fellow-disciταις. Αγωμεν και ήμεις, ίνα αποθονωμεν μετ' Maygo also that we may die with we, 17 Ελθων ουν δ Ιησους εύρεν αυτον τεσαυτου. Coming therefore the Jesus found him four him.  $^{18}\,\mathrm{H}\nu$ σαρας ήμερας ηδη εχοντα εν τφ μνημειφ. days already having been in the

days already having brain the tomb. Was  $\delta \epsilon \stackrel{.}{\eta} B \eta \theta \alpha \nu \iota \alpha \epsilon \gamma \gamma \nu s \tau \omega \nu 1 \epsilon \rho o \sigma o \lambda \nu \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\dot{\omega} s \alpha \pi o$  now the Bethany near the Jerusalem, about from

στραδιων δεκαπεντε.

furlougs fifteen. 19 Και πολλοι εκ των Ιουδαιων εληλυθεισαν many of the προς τας περι Μαρθαν και Μαριαν, ίνα παραμυ-Mary, that they might to those about Martha and θησωνται αυτας περι του αδελφου αυτων. them concerning the brother of them. ουν Μαρθα ώς ηκουσεν, ότι Ιησους ερχεται, Martha when she heard, that Jesus was coming, ύπηντησεν αυτφ. Μαρια δε εν τω οικφ εκαθε-met him; Mary but in the house was sit-21 Ειπεν ουν ή Μαρθα προς του Ιησουν ζετο. ting. Said then the Martha the to Jesus; ώδε, ὁ αδελφος μου ουκ αν Κυριε, ει ηs O lord, if thou hadst been here, the brother of me not would ετεθνηκει 💝 αλλα και νυν οιδα, ότι ύσα But and now I know, that whatever things αν αιτηση τον θεον, δωσει σοι ό θεος. 23 Λεγει thou mayest ask the God, will give to theethe God. Says αυτη δ Ιησους· Αναστησεται δ αδελφος σου. Will rise again the brother to her the Jesus; of thee.  $^{24}$ Λεγει αυτ $\omega$  Μαρθα· Οιδα, ότι αναστησεται, I know, that to him Martha; he will rise ag vin,

11 These things he said, and after this he says to them, ‡ "Lazarus, our Friend, has fallen asleep; but I am going, that I majawake him."

12 \* The DISCIPLES, therefore, said to him "Lord, if he has faller asleep, he will recover."

13 But Jesus had spoken concerning his death; but they thought That he was speaking of the repose of sleep.

14 Then, therefore, JEsus said plainly, "Laza-

rus is dead;

15 and I rejoice, on your account, That I was not there, so that you may believe; but let us go to him.

16 Then THAT Thomas, who is CALLED Ddymus, said to the FELLOW-DISCIPLES, "Let us also go, that we may die with him."

17 JESUS, therefore, coming, found that he had been already Four Days in the TOMB.

18 Now BETHANY was near JERUSALEM about fifteen Furlongs dis ant.

19 And many of the Jews had come to bose with Martha and Muy, that they might conside them concerning their BR .

20 MARTHA, therefore, when she heard That \* Jesus was coming, went to meet him; but Mary was sitting in the house.

21 Then MARTHA said to \* Jesus, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, my BRO-THER would not have died.

22 \* And even now I know, ‡ That whatever things thou wilt ask of God, God will give thee."

23 Jesus said to her. "Thy BROTHER will rise again."

24 \* MARTHA said to him, t"I know that he will

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—12. The disciples, therefore, said to him, 21. Jesus. 22. And. 24. Martha.

<sup>20.</sup> Jesus,

<sup>‡ 11.</sup> Deut. xxxi. 16; Dan. xii. 2; Matt. ix. 24; Acts vii. 60; 1 Ccr. xr ls. 5. ‡ 22. John 1: 31. ‡ 24. Luke xiv. 14; John 1: 24.

25 Ειπεν εν τη αναστασει εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. in the resurrection in the last day. Said αυτή δ Ιησους. Εγω ειμι ή αναστασις και ή to her the Jesus; Ι am the resurrection and the to her the Jesus; ζωη· δ πιστευων εις εμε, καν αποθανη, ζησεται· life: he believing into me, even if he may die, he shall live; 26 και πας δ ζων και πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη and all the living and helieving into me, not not  $\epsilon$ is  $\tau$ o $\nu$   $\alpha$ i $\omega$  $\nu$  $\alpha$ .  $\Pi_{i}\sigma\tau\epsilon\nu\epsilon\iota s$   $\tau o\nu\tau o$ : πυθανη into the Believest thou may die sge. <sup>27</sup> Λεγει αυτω· Ναι, κυριε· εγω πεπιστευκα, δτι She says to him; Yes, Olord; I have believed, that She says to him; Yes, συ ει δ Χριστος, δ υίος του θεου, δ εις τον κοσthouartthe Anointed, the son of the God, he into the world μον ερχομενος. 28 Και ταυτα ειπουσα, απηλθε, And these things saying, coming. και εφωνήσε Μαρίαν την αδελφην αύτης λαθρα, Mary the sister of her privately, ειπουσα. 'Ο διδασκαλος παρεστι, και φωνει σε. saying; The and calls tracher is present, 🥯 Εκεινη ώς ηκουσεν, εγειρεται ταχυ, και ερχε-She when she heard, rises up quickly, and comes  $^{30}$  (Ουπω δε εληλυθει δ Ιηται προς αυτον. (Not yet now had come the Jeto. him σους εις την κωμην· αλλ' ην εν τω τοπω, όπου sus into the village; but was in the place, ύπηντησεν αύτ $\omega$  ή Μαρθα.)  $^{31}$ Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι, The therefore Jews, him the Martha.) οί οντος μετ' αυτης εν τη οικια και παραμυθουthose being with her in the house and were comfortμενοι αυτην, ιδοντες την Μαριαν, ότι ταχεως seeing the Mary, that quickly ανεστη και εξηλθεν, ηκολουθησαν αυτη, λεγονher, the rose up and went out, followed saying: τες. Ότι ὑπαγει εις το μνημειον, ἱνα κλαυση That she goes into the tomb, that she may weep  $^{32}$  H ουν Μαρια ώς ηλθεν όπου ην δ Ιη-EKEL. The therefore Mary when came where was the Jethere. σους, ιδουσα αυτον, επεσεν αυτου εις TOUS she fell of him seeing hım. to the ώδε, ποδας, λεγουσα αυτώ. Κυριε, ει ns tu him; saying Olord, if thon hadstbeen here,  $^{33}$  Invovs ουκ αν απεθανε μου δ αδελφος. not would have died of me the brother. Jesus therefore ώς ειδεν αυτην κλαιουσαν, και τους συνελθονand those her weeping, having come τας αυτη Ιουδαίους κλαίοντας, ενεβρίμησατο τω Jews weeping, he was agitated in the <sup>34</sup> και ειπε· πνευματι, και εταραξεν έαυτον, troubled and himself. and said:  $\mathbf{\Pi}$ ου τε $\theta$ εικατε αυτον: Λεγουσιν αυτ $\omega$ · Κυριε, Where have you laid him? They say to him; O lord. <sup>35</sup> Εδακρυσεν Inσous. ιδε. δ EDYOU. каг Wept see. the come, and Jesus.

rise again, in the RESUR-RECTION, in the LAST day"

25 Jesus said to her, "H am the resurrection, and the life; he betieving into me, even though he die, shall live;

26 and no one LIVING and believing into me, shall die to the AGE. Dost theu

believe this?"

27 She says to him, "Yes, Lord, ‡# have believed that ihou art the Messian, that son of God coming into the world."

28 And saying these things, she went and called Mary, her SISTER, privately, saying, "The TEACHER is come, and calls thee."

29 \*And she, when she heard, rose up quickly, and came to him.

30 Now Jesus had not yet come into the VIL-LAGE, but was \*still in the PLACE where Martha met him.

31 THOSE JEWS, therefore, who WERE with her in the HOUSE, and were consoling her, seeing MARY, That she rose up suddenly and went out, followed her, \* saying. "She is going to the TOMB, that she may weep there"

32 Mary, therefore, when she came where \* Jesus was, seeing him, fell at his feet, saying to him, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, My brother would not have died."

33 When Jesus, therefore, saw her weeping, and the Jews having come with her weeping, he was greatly agitated in his spirit, and affected.

34 and said, "Where have you laid him?" They say to him, "Lord, come and see"

35 1 JESUS wept.

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscutrt.—29. And 5ht, when she heard, rose up.

<sup>30.</sup> still in the

<sup>1 25.</sup> John v. 21; vi. 39, 40, 44. 1 25. John i. 4; vi. 35; xiv. 6; Col. iii. 4; 1 John i. 1 2; v. 11. 1 27. Matt. xvi. 16; John i. 49; iv. 42, vi. 1 8, 69. 1 35. Luke xix. 41-

 $^{36}$  E $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$ ov ουν οί Ιουδαιοι· Ιδ $\epsilon$ ,  $\pi\omega$ s  $\epsilon\phi$ ι $\lambda\epsilon$ ι αυτον. See, how he loved him. Said then the Jews;

37 Τινες δε εξ αυτων ειπον. Ουκ ηδυνατο ούτος, Some but of them said; Not was able this, δ ανοιξας τους οφθαλμους του τυφλου ποιησαι, of the blind to have caused, he having opened the eyes ίνα και ούτος μη αποθηνη; 38 Ιησους ουν παλιν that even this not should die? Jesus therefore again εμβριμωμενος εν έαυτω, ερχεται εις το μνη-being agitated in himself, comes to the tomb.

Hy  $\delta \epsilon \sigma \pi \eta \lambda \alpha i o \nu$ , και  $\lambda i \theta o s \epsilon \pi \epsilon \kappa \epsilon i \tau o \epsilon \pi^2$ It was now a cave, and a stone was lying

 $^{39}$   $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i$   $\delta$  Involve Apate  $\tau o \nu$   $\lambda i \theta o \nu$ . αυτω. Says the Jesus; Take away the Λεγει αυτώ ή αδελφη του τεθνηκοτος, Μαρθα-Says to him the sister of the having died, Martha;  $^{40}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$ Κυριε, ηδη οζει· τεταρταιος γαρ εστι. now he smells; fourth day for it is. αυτη ό Ιησους. Ουκ ειπον σοι, ότι εαν πιστευto her the Jesus; Not I said to thee, that if thou wouldst οψει την δοξαν του θεου; 41 Ηραν ουν σης, believe, thou shalt see the glory of the God? They took away then 'O  $\delta \epsilon$  Invovs  $\eta \rho \epsilon$  rous  $\phi \theta \alpha \lambda \mu o \nu s$ τον λιθον. Jesus lifted up the the stone. The but Πατερ, ευχαριστω σοι, ότι ανω, και ειπε. Ofather, I give thanks to thee, that and said;

 $^{42}$  Εγω δε ηδειν, δτι παντοτε μου ηκουσας μου. thou didst hear me. I and knew, that always ακουεις· αλλα δια τον οχλον τον περιεστωτα

thou hearest; but on account of the crowd that standing-by ειπον, ίνα πιστευσωσιν, ότι συ με απεστειλας. I spoke, so that they may believe, that thou me hast sent.

43 Και ταυτα ειπων, φωνη μεγαλη εκραυγασε.
And these things saying, with a voice loud he cried out.

 $^{44}$  Εξηλθεν  $\delta$  τεθνηκως, Λαζαρε, δευρο εξω. O Lazarus, come out. Came out he having been dead, δεδεμενος τους ποδας και τας χειρας κειριαις, having been bound the feet and the hands with handages, και ή οψις αυτου σουδαριφ περιεδεδετο. Λεγει and the face of him with a napkin hound about. Says autois  $\delta$  Inσους: Λυσατε αυτον, και αφετε  $\delta$ παto them the Jesus; Looseyou him, and allow to to Ιουδαιων, οί  $^{45}$  Πολλοι ουν  $\epsilon \kappa$  $\tau\omega\nu$  $\gamma \in \mathcal{U}$ . Many therefore of the those Jews, ελθοντες προς την Μαριαν, και θεασαμενοι Mary, and having gazed upon what to the having come 46 Tiνes δε επιστευσαν εις αυτον. εποιησεν, Some but into he did, beheved hım. εξ αυτων απηλθον προς τους Φαρισαιους, και the Pharisees, to went

ειπεν αυτοις ά εποιησεν ό Ιησους.

the Jesus. them what did

47 Συνηγαγον ουν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριthen the high-priests and the Assembled

36 The Jews, therefore, said, "Behold, how he loved him!"

37 But some of them said, "Could not he, who OPENED the EYES of ‡ the BLIND man, have even prevented this man's death?"

38 Jesus, therefore, again being agitated within him. self, comes to the TOMB. Now it was a Cave, and a

Stone was lying upon it. 39 Jesus said, "Take away the STONE." Martha, the SISTER of HIM who \*had died, says to him, "Lord, he smells now; for it is the fourth day."

40 JESUS says to her, "Did I not tell thee, That if thou wouldst believe. thou shalt ‡ see the GLORY

of God ?"

41 Then they took away the STONE. And JESUS lifted his EYES above, and said, "Father, I give thanks to thee That thou didst hear me.

42 And I knew That thou hearest Me always; t but on account of THAT CROWD STANDING BY I spoke, so that they may believe That thou didst send Me."

43 And having said these words, he cried out with a loud Voice, "Lazarus, come

forth!"

44 HE who that been DEAD came forth, having his HANDS and FEET bound with Bandages, and this FACE bound about with a Napkin. \* Jesus says to them, "Loose him, and let him go."

45 MANY, therefore, of the JEWS who CAME to MARY, ‡ and beheld \* that which he had done, believed

unto him.

46 But some of them went to the Pharisees, and told them what things JESUS did.

47 Then the BIGH. FRIESTS and the PHARI-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. had died, says.

<sup>44.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>45.</sup> that which he

had done, believed.

<sup>‡ 40.</sup> ver. 4, 23. ; 37 John ix. 6. t 45. John 11. 23; x. 42; xii. H., 18.

<sup>1 43</sup> cohn xii. 30.

year

σαιοι συνεδριον, και ελεγον Τι ποιουμεν; ότι sees a high council, and said; What are we doing? because ούτος δ ανθρωπος πολλα σημεια ποιει. 48 Εαν αφman many signs does. ωμεν αυτονούτω, παντες πιστευσουσιν εις αυτον: allow him thus, all will believe him; και ελευσονται οί Ρωμαιοι, και αρουσιν ήμων και and will take away of us both the Romans, <sup>49</sup> Eis  $\delta \epsilon$   $\tau$ is  $\alpha v \tau \omega v$ , τον τοπον και το  $\epsilon\theta$ νος. the place and the nation. One and a certain of them Καιαφας, αρχιερευς ων του ενιαυτου εκεινου, high-priest being of the year that, 'Υμεις ουκ οιδατε ουδεν. <sup>50</sup> Ουδε ειπεν αυτοις. eard to them; You not know nothing. Neither διαλογιζεσθε, ότι συμφερει ήμιν, ίνα είς ανθρωthat it is better for us, that one do you cousider, πος αποθανη ύπερ του λαου, και μη όλον το should die in behalf of the people, and not whole the 51 Τουτο δε αφ' έαυτου ουκ  $\epsilon\theta\nu$ os  $\alpha\pi$ o $\lambda\eta\tau\alpha\iota$ . but from himself should perish. This ειπεν· αλλα αρχιερευς ων του ενιμυτου εκεινου,

προεφητευσεν, ότι εμελλεν Ιησους αποθνησκειν he prophesied, that was about Jesus to die ύπερ του εθνους:  $^{52}$  και ουχ ύπερ του εθνους in hehalf of the nation; and not in behalf of the nation

but high-priest being of the

μονον,  $αλλ^2$  ένα και τα τεκνα του θεου τα alone, but that also the children of the God these

διεσκορπισμενα συναγαγη εις έν. baving been acattered he should gather into one.

 $^{53}$  Απ' εκεινης ουν της ήμερας συνεβουλευthey took coursel that therefore the day <sup>54</sup> Ιησους ουν σαντο, ίνα αποκτεινωσιν αυτον.Jesus therefore together, that they might kill him. ουκετι παρόησια περιεπατει εν τοις Ιουδαιοις, publicly walked among the αλλα απηλθεν εκειθεν εις την χωραν εγγυς της thence into the country went away near the εις Εφραιμ λεγομενην πολιν κακει €pnuov. into Ephraim being called a city; and there desert,  $^{55}$  H $\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$ διετριβε μετα των μαθητων αύτου. disciples of himself. Was and remained with the εγγυς το πασχα των Ιουδαιων και ανεβησαν near the passover of the Jens; and wentup πολλοι εις Ίεροσολυμα εκ της χωρας προ του into Jerusalem out of the country before the <sup>56</sup> Ε (ητουν ουν πασχα, ίνα αγνισωσιν έαυτους. passover, that they might purify themselves. They cought then

SEES convened the Sanhedrim, and said, ‡"Wha are we doing? Because This MAN performs Many Signs.

[Chap. 11: 56.

48 If we suffer him thus, all will believe into him, and the ROMANS will come and take away both our PLACE and NATION."

49 And a certain one of them, ‡ Caiaphas, † being High-priest that YEAR, said to them, "Pou know nothing."

50 ‡ neither do you consider That it is expedient for us that One Man should die in behalf of the PEO-PLE, than that the Whole NATION should perish."

51 But he said this not from himself; but being High-priest that YEAR, he predicted That Jesus was about to die in behalf of the NATION;

52 and not only in behalf of the NATION, ‡ but that he should also assemble into one, THOSE CHILD-REN OF GOD Who have been SCATTERED ABROAD.

53 Therefore from That DAY, \*they took counsel that they might kill him.

54 \* JESUS, ‡ therefore, walked no longer publicly among the JEWS, but went away thence into the COUNTRY near the DESERT, into a City called ‡ Ephraim, and there \*abode with the DISCIPLES.

55 ‡ And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near; and many went up to Jerusalem out of the COUNTRY, before the PASSOVER, that they might purify themselves.

56 Then they sought for

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschift.-53. they took counsel,

<sup>54.</sup> Jesus. 54. abode with

<sup>† 49.</sup> By the law of Moses, Exod. xl. 15, the office of high-priest was for life, and the son of Aaron's race always succeeded his tather. But at this time the high-priesthood was almost annual; the Romans and Herod put down and raised up whom they pleased, and when they pleased, without alluding to any other rule than merely that the person put in this office should be of the sacerdotal race. Caiaphas held this office eight or nine years.—Clarke. † 54. A little village in the neighborhood of Bethel. Eusebius and Jerome say it was about twenty miles north of Jerusalem.

τον Ιησουν, και ελεγον μετ' αλληλων εν τω said with each other ia tbe Jesus, and ίερω έστηκοτες. Τι δοκει ύμιν; ότι ου μη What think you? that not  $57 \Delta \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon i \sigma \alpha \nu$ not temple standing; δε  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ εις την έορτην; Had given DOM he may come to the feast? \*[και] οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαρισαιοι εντολην, [both] the high-priests Pharisees a commandment, and the που εστι, μηνυση, όπως ίνα εαν τις γνώ if any one should know where he is, he should show, how πιασωσιν αυτον. they might seize him.

## ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

1 Ο ουν Ιησους προ έξ ήμερων του πασχα The therefore Jesus before six days the passover  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$  ets  $B\eta\theta\alpha\nu\iota\alpha\nu$ ,  $\delta\pi\sigma\upsilon$   $\eta\nu$   $\Lambda\alpha\langle\alpha\rho\sigma\sigma\rangle$  \*[ $\delta$   $\tau\epsilon\theta$ came into Bethany, where was Lazarus he having νηκως, ] όν ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. 2 Εποιησαν ουν They made therefore heen dead, whom he raised out of dead ones. αυτ $\varphi$  δειπνον εκει, και  $\mathring{\eta}$  Μαρ $\theta$ α διηκονει $\cdot$   $\mathring{o}$  δε him a supper there, and the Martha served; the but Λαζαρος είς ην των ανακειμενων συν αυτφ. one was of those reclining with him. 3 H ουν Μαρια λαβουσα λιτραν μυρου ναρδου The then Mary having taken a pound of balsau of spikenard πιστικης πολυτιμου, ηλειψε τους ποδας του of great price, anointed the feet of the Ιησου, και εξεμαξε ταις θριξιν αύτης τους ποδας and wiped with the hairs of herself the fect αυτου· ή δε οικια επληρωθη εκ της οσμης του of him; the and house was filled with the odor of the 4 Λεγει ουν εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου, μυρου. balsam. Says therefore one of the disciples of him, Ιουδας Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτης, δ μελλων αυτον of Simon Iscariot, he being about παραδιδοναι. 5 Διατι τουτο το μυρον ουκ επραθη Why this the balsam not to deliver up; sold τριακοσιαν δηναριων, και εδοθη πτωχοις; and given to poor ones? three hundred denarii, He said  $\delta \epsilon$  τουτο, ουχ ότι  $\pi \epsilon \rho$ ι των  $\pi το χων \epsilon \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu$  now this, not because about the poor it concerned αυτώ, αλλ' ότι κλεπτης ην, και το γλωσσοκοbut because a thief he was, and the box εβασταζεν. βαλλομενα και та HOV ELYE. and the things being put in δ Iησους Αφες αυτην. he had, he carried off. <sup>7</sup> Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους· ELS THY Said therefore the Jesus; Let alone her, for the ήμεραν του ενταφιασμου μου τετηρηκεν αυτο. embalming ofme she has kept  $^8$  Tous  $\pi \tau \omega \chi$ ous  $\gamma \pi \rho$   $\pi \alpha \nu \tau$ o $\tau \epsilon$   $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \tau \epsilon$   $\mu \epsilon \theta$ έαυalways you have with poor for vourτων, εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε.  $^9 \text{ E} \gamma \nu \omega$ ουν selves, me but not always you have. Knew therefore οχλος πολυς εκ των Ιουδαιων, ότι εκει εστι that there a crowd great of the Jews, be is.

JESUS, and said to one another, standing in the TEMPLE, "What think you? Will he not come to the FEAST?"

57 Now the HIGH-PRIESTS and the PHARI-SEES had given \*a Command, thatif any one knew where he was, he should show how they might apprehend him.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 Then Jesus Six Days before the Passover came to Bethany, ‡ where that Lazarus was whom \* Jesus raised from the Dead.

2 they made him, therefore, a Supper there, and Martha served; but LAZABUS WAS ONE OF THOSE BECLINING with him.

3 Then † MARY having taken a Pound of Balsam of genuine Spikenard, very costly, anointed the FEET of \* Jesus, and wiped his FEET with her HAIR; and the HOUSE WAS filled with the ODOB of the BALSAM.

4 \*And one of his disci-PLES, THAT ISCARIOT who was about to betray him,

says, 5 "Why was not This BALSAM sold for Three hundred Denarii, and given to the Poor?"

6 Now he said this, not Because he cared for the POOR; but because he was a Thief, and thad the Box, and stole what THINGS WETE DEPOSITED IN It.

7 Jesus, therefore, said, \*"Suffer her, that she may keep it for the DAY of my EMBALMING.

8 For the room you have always with your-selves; but Me you have not always."

9 A great Crowd of the Jews, therefore, knew That he was there; and they

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—57. Commandments that. having been dead—omit. 1. Jesus raised. 3. Jesus. that Iscarior who was about to betray him, says. 7 it for the day of my embalming.

<sup>† 1.</sup> John xi. 1, 43. † 2. Matt. xxvi. 6; Mark xiv. 8. John xii. 29. † 8. Matt. xxvi. 11; Mark xiv 7.

that. 57. both—omit. 1. he
3. Jesus. 4. And one of his disciples,
5. Suffer her, that she may keep

και ηλθον ου δια τον Ιησουν μονον, αλλ' ίνα and they came not on account of the Jesus alone, hut that και τον Λαζαρον ιδωσιν, όν ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. also the Lazarus they might see, whom he raised out of dead ones. 10 Εβουλευσαντο δε οί αρχιερεις, ίνα και τον Took counsel but the high-priests, that also the Λα(αρον αποκτεινωσιν. 11 ότι πολλοι δι' αυτον Lazarus they might kill; because many on account of him ύπηγον των Ιουδαιων, και επιστευον εις τον Ιηwentaway of the Jews, and believed

 $^{12}$  Τη επαυριον οχλος πολυς, δ ελθων εις την On the morrow a crowd great, who having come to the έορτην, ακουσαντες, ότι ερχεται Inσous eis  $^{f i}$ Ιεροσολυμα,  $^{f i3}$  ελαβον τα βαια των φοινικων, they took the branches of the palm-trees, και  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$  εις ὑπαντησιν αυτφ, και εκραζον and wentout to a meeting with him, and cried out; 'Ωσαννα, ευλογημενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι coming in 14 Espan de d wortny of blessing he κυριου, δ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ. of Lord, the king of the Israel. Finding and the Ιησους οναριον, εκαθισεν επ' αυτο, καθως εστι it, Jesus syoung ass, he sat on 85 1t is γεγραμμενον 15 " Μη φοβου, θυγατερ Σιων having been written; "Not fear, Odaughter of Sion; ιδου, δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται καθημενος επι lo, the king of thee comes sitting 16 Ταυτα δε ουκ εγνωσαν οί  $\pi\omega\lambda o\nu$  ovov." a foal of an ass." These things now not knew the μαθηται αυτου το πρωτον αλλ' ότε εδοξασθη disciples of him the first; but when was glorified δ Ιησους, τοτε εμνησθησαν, ότι ταυτα ην επ' they remembered, that these things was about the Jesus, then αυτώ γεγραμμενα, και ταυτα εποιησαν αυτώ. ning having been written, and these things they did to him. 17 Εμαρτυρεί συν δοχλος, δων μετ' αυτου, ότι Testified then the crowd, that being with him, that τον Λαζαρον εφωνησεν εκ του μνημειου, και the Lazarus he called out of the tomb. and <sup>18</sup> Δ.α τουτο και ηγειρεν αυτον εκ νεκρων. him out of dead ones. On account of this a also

ύπηντησεν αυτφ δ οχλος, δτι ηκιυσαν **τ**ουτο him the growd, because they heard this <sup>19</sup> Οί ουν Φαριαυτον πεποιηκεναι το σημειον. to have done the sign. The theu Phariσαιοι ειπον προς έαυτους. Θεωρειτε ότι ουκ said to themselves; You see that not ιδε, δ κοσμος οπισω αυτου ωφελειτε ουδεν see, the world you gain nothing; him  $a\pi n\lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ .

is going away.

<sup>20</sup> Ησαν δε τινες Έλληνες εκ των αναβαινον-Greeks of those Were and some going 21 Ούτοι των, ίνα προσκυνησωσιν εν τη έορτη.

they might worship in the feast. came, not on account of JESUS only, but also that they might see Lazarus whom he raised from the

10 # And even the HIGH-PRIESTS took counsel, that they might kill

LAZARUS also:

11 #Because, on account of him, many of the Jews went away, and believed into Jesus.

12 The NEXT DAY, a great Crowd HAVING COME to the FEAST, having heard That Jesus was coming to

Jerusalem,

13 took BRANCHES of PALM-TREES, and went out to meet him, and cried out, ‡"Hosanna, Blessed is нв who comes in the Name of Jehovah, the KING of ISBAEL!"

14 And Jesus having found a Young ass, sat on it, as it has been written,

15 ‡" Fear not, \* daugh-"ter of Zion; behold, thy "KING comes, sitting on "the Colt of an Ass."

16 Now these things his DISCIPLES knew not at FIRST; but when JESUS was glorified, # then they remembered That These things had been written about him, and they did these things to him.

17 Then THAT CROWD which was with him, testified that he called LAZARUS out of the TOMB, and raised

him from the dead.

18 On this account also the CROWD met him, Beeause they heard that he had done This sign.

19 Therefore the PHARL sees, said among themselves, ‡" You see that you are gaining nothing; behold, the world is gone away after him."

20 And there were tsome Greeks of THOSE HAVING GONE UP, that they might These | worship during the FEAST.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. But even the migh. PRIESTS.

<sup>15.</sup> DAUGHTER of Zion.

<sup>11.</sup> John : 113. Psa. cxviii, 25, 26. 119. John xi. 47, 48. 1 10. Luke xvi. 31. 111. John xi. 45. 1 12. Matt. xxi. 8; Mark xi. 8; Luke 1 15. Zech. 1x. 9. 11d. John viv. 24. 1 20. Acts xvn. 4

ουν προσηλθον Φιλιππω, τω απο Βηθσαιδα της to Philip, that from Bethsaida of the therefore came Γαλιλαιας, και ηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντες. Κυριε, and were asking him, saying;  $^{22}$  Ερχεται Φιλιπθελομεν τον Ιησουν ιδειν. we wish the Comes Jesue to see. Philip, πος, και λεγει τφ Ανδρεα· \*[και παλιν] Ανand says to the Andrew; An-[and again] <sup>1</sup>23 'Ο δε δρεας και Φιλιππος λεγουσι τω Ιησου. drew and Philip say to the Jesus. The but  $I_{ησουs}$  απεκρινατο αυτοις, λεγων Εληλυθεν ή Jesus answered them, saying; Has come the ώρα, ίνα δοξασθη δ υίος του ανθρωπου. 24 Αμην hour, that may be glorified the son of the man. αιην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη δ κοκκος του σιτου indeed 1 say to you, if not the grain of the wheat  $\pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$  els  $\tau\eta\nu$   $\gamma\eta\nu$  a $\pi\sigma\theta$ a $\nu\eta$ , autos  $\mu$ o $\nu$ os  $\mu$ e $\nu$ el·falling into the ground should die, he alone abides; εαν δε αποθανη, πολυν καρπον φερει. 25 'O if but it may die. much fruit it bears. φιλων την ψυχην αύτου, απολεσει αυτην και loving the life of numself, shall lose her; and and δ  $\mu$ ισων την ψυχην αύτου  $\epsilon$ ν τ $\varphi$  κοσ $\mu$  $\varphi$  τουτ $\varphi$ , he hating the life of himself in the world this, εις ζωην αιωνιον φυλαξει αυτην. life age-lasting shall keep

<sup>26</sup> Εαν εμοι διακονή τις, εμοι ακολουθειτω· me may serve any one, me let him follow; και όπου ειμι εγω, εκει και ό διακονος ό εμος where am 1, there also the servant the mine εσται εαν τις εμοι διακονη, τιμησει αυτον ό shall be; if any one me may serve, will serve him the πατηρ. <sup>27</sup> Nυν ή ψυχη μου τεταρακται και τι father. Now the soul of me is troubled; and what ειπω · Πατερ, σωσον με εκ της ώρας ταυτης: shall I say? () father, save me from the hour Αλλα δια τουτο ηλθον εις την ώραν ταυτην. But on account of this I came to the hour

<sup>25</sup> Πατερ, δοξασον σου το ονομα. Ηλθεν ουν O father, glorify of thee the name. Came then φωνη εκ του ουρανου· "Και εδοξασα, και a voice ont of the παλιν δοξασω." heaven; "Both I glorified, and 29 O \*[ουν] οχλος δ έστως
The [therefore] crowd that standing again will glorify." και ακουσας, ελεγε βροντην γεγονεναι. Αλλοι and hearing, said thunder to have been. Others  $\epsilon$ λεγον Αγγελος αυτ $\omega$  λελαληκεν.  $^{30}$  Απεκριθη said; A messenger to him has spoken. Answered δ Ιησους και ειπεν. Ου δι εμε αυτη ή φωνη the Jesus and said; Not on account of me this the voice γεγονεν, αλλα δι' 31 Νυν κρισις εστι ύμας. hut on account of you. Now a judgment του κοσμου τουτου νυν δ αρχων του κοσμου ruler

now the

world

this;

now the ruler of the world

21 These, therefore, came to that Philip who was of Bethsaida of GALILEE, and asked him, saying, "Sir, we wish to see JESUS."

22 \* PHILIP comes and tells Andrew; Andrew and Philip \* come and tell

23 And Jesus \* answers them, saying, 1 "The HOUR has come that the son of MAN may be glorified.

24 Indeed, I assure you, If the GRAIN of WHEAT falling unto the GROUND should not die, it remains alone; but if it should die, it bears Much Fruit.

25 ‡ Hz Loving his LIFE shall lose it, and HE HATING his LIFE in this WORLD shall preserve it to aionian Life.

26 If any one serve me, let him follow me; tand where I am, there also shall MY SERVANT be. If any one serve me, him will the FATHER honor.

27 ‡ Now is my soul troubled; and what shall I say? Father, save me from this HOUR? But on this account I came to this HOUR.

28 Father, glorify Thy NAME." ‡ Then a Voice came from HEAVEN, "I both glorified and will glorify again."

29 THAT CROWD STAND-ING and hearing, said, "It was Thunder;" others said, "An Angel has spoken to him."

30 \* Jesus answered and said, "This voice has not come on account of me, but on your account.

31 There is now a Judgment of this world; I the τουτου· νυν δ αρχωντου κοσμου τουτου εκβλη-|RULER of this world shall will be now be cast out.

of the world

this VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. PHILIP. 22. and again-22. and again—omst. 22. 22. come and tell. 23. answers.

<sup>80 .</sup> xv1. 11.

<sup>32</sup> Καγω εαν θησεται εξω. ύψωθα EK THS if I should be lifted up from the tast out. And I <sup>33</sup> Τουτο γης, παντας έλκυσω προς εμαυτον. will draw tο myself. δε ελεγε, σημαινων ποιφ θανατφ ημελλεν αποbut he said, signifying by what death he was about 34 Απεκριθη αυτώ δ οχλος 'Ημεις θνησκειν. the crowd; Wе Answered him ηκουσαμεν εκ του νομου, ότι δ Χριστος μενει heard out of the law, that the Anointed abides εις τον αιωνα και πως συ λεγεις, ότι and how thou sayest, that it behoves isto the age; ύψωθηναι τον υίον του ανθρωπου; τις εστιν to be lifted up the son of the man? ούτος  $\delta$  υίος του ανθρωπου ;  $^{35}$  Ειπεν ουν αυτοις Said then to them this the son of the man? δ Ιησους. Ετι μικρον χρονον το φως εν ύμιν the Jesus; Yet a little time the light among you Περιπατειτε, έως το φως εχετε, ίνα μη Walk you, while the light you have, that not εστι. ia σκοτια ύμας καταλαβη· και ό περιπατών εν τη darkuess you may overtake; and he walking in the 36 Έως το φως σκοτις ουκ οιδε που ύπαγει. not knows where he goes. While the light εχεν: πιστευετε εις το φως, ίνα υίοι φωτος you have, believe into the light, that sons of light you have, Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και γενησθε. you may become. These things the and spoke Jesus, απελθων εκρυβη απ' αυτων. going away he was hid from

<sup>37</sup> Τοσαντα δε σημεια πεποιηκοτος αυτου but of him having been done So many signs εμπροσθεν αυτων ουκ επιστευον εις αυτον· 38 ίνα in presence of them not they did believe into him; that ό λογος Ησαιου του προφητου πληρωθη, όν prophet might befulfilled, which the word of Esaias the ειπε "Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων; "Olord, who believed the report of us? και δ βραχιων κυριου τινι απεκαλυφθη;" 39 Δια and the offord to whom was strevealed?" On account of arm τουτο ουκ ηδυναντο πιστευειν· ότι παλιν ειπεν not they were able to believe; because again said 'Ησαιας. 40 " Τετυφλωκεν αυτων τους οφθαλ-Esaias; He bas blinded of them the eyes, μους, και πεπωρωκεν αυτων την καρδιαν ίνα and has hardened of them the heart; so that μη ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και νοησωσι τη notthey might see with the and understand with the eyes, καρδια, και επιστραφωσι, κω ιασωμαι αυτους." heart, and should turn back, and I should heal them." 41 Ταυτα ειπεν 'Ησαιας, ότι ειδε την δοξαν These things Bsaias, because he saw the said <sup>42</sup> 'Ομως αυτου. και ελαλησε περι αυτου. of him. Nevertheless spoke eonceroing him.

32 And E, tif I be raised on high from the EARTH. will draw All to myself."

33 ‡ Now this he said, signifying by What Death he was about to die.

34 \* Then the CROWD answered him, 1" THe heard out of the LAW, That the Messian continues to the AGE; and how savest thou, 'That the son of MAN must be raised on high?' Who is This son of MAN?"

35 Jesus, therefore said to them, ‡ "Yet a Little Time the LIGHT is among you. Walk while you have the LIGHT, so that Darkness may not overtake You; and the who walks in DARKNESS knows where he is going.

36 While you have the LIGHT, believe into the LIGHT, that you may become the sons of Light." These things spoke \*Jesus, and going away he was concealed from them.

37 But though he had performed so Many Signs in their presence, they did not believe into him;

38 that the worp of Isaiah, the PROPHET, might be verified, which he said, ‡"Lord, who believed our "REPORT? and the ARM of "the Lord, to whom was it "revealed?"

39 On account of this they could not believe, Because Isaiah said again,

40 ‡" He has blinded "Their EYES, and hardened "Their HEART, so that they "should not see with the "EYES, and understand with the HEART, and " should turn, and I should "heal them."

41 Isaiah said these things, because he saw his GLOBY, and spoke of him. Nevertheless, many

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Then the CROWD.

<sup>† 32.</sup> John ili. 14; viil. 28. † 33. John xviii, 32. Isa. ix. 7, &c. † 35. John t. 9; viit. 12; tx. 5; ver. 40. ISO. Luke xvi. 8; Eph. v. 8; 1 Thess. v. 5; 1 John ii, 9-11. \$40. Isa. vi. 9, 10; Matt. xiii, 14. † 41. Isa. vi. 1.

<sup>36.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>1 34.</sup> Psa. lxxix. 36, 87; ex. 4;
2 35. John xi. 10; 1 John ii. 11.
2 38. Isa. liii. 1; Rom. x. 16.

μεντοι και εκ των αρχοντων πολλοι επιστευσαν truly and of the rulers many believed

eis αυτον αλλα δια τους Φαρισαίους ουχ into him; but on account of the Pharisees not ωμολογουν, ίνα μη αποσυνανωγοι γενωνται did confess, so that not from synagogues they might be;

 $^{43}$   $\eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$   $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\tau \eta \nu$   $\delta o \xi \alpha \nu$   $\tau \omega \nu$   $\delta u \theta \rho \omega \pi \omega \nu$  they loved for the giory of the men

μαλλον, ηπερ την δοξαν του θεου.more, than the glory of the God.

44 Ιησους δε εκραξε και ειπεν· 'Ο πιστευων Jesus and cried and said; He believing  $\epsilon$  is  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$ , or  $\pi$  in  $\tau \epsilon \nu \epsilon$  into me, not believe  $\epsilon$  is  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \lambda \lambda \epsilon$  is  $\tau o \nu \tau \epsilon \mu$ believes into me, but into him having into me, not ψαντα με· 45 και δ θεωρων εμε, θεωρει τον πεμme; and he seeing me, sees him having sent <sup>46</sup> Εγω φως εις τον κοσμον εληλυψαντα με. me. a light into the world have come, θα, ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις εμε, εν τη σκοτια that all the believing into me, in the darkness 47 Και εαν τις μου ακουση  $\mu\eta$   $\mu\epsilon\iota\nu\eta$ . if any one of me may hear not may abide. And **ἡηματων, και μη πιστευση, εγω ου κρινω αυτον·** and not may believe, I not judge him; (ου γαρ ηλθον, ίνα κρινω τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα (not for I came, that I might judge the world, but that  $^{48}$  δ αθετων εμε, και σωσω τον κοσμον·) I might save the world;) he rejecting me, and μη λαμβανων τα βηματα μου εχει τον κρινοντα not receiving the words of me has that judging αυτον ό λογος όν ελαλησα, εκεινος κρινει the word which I spoke, that shall judge 49 'Οτι εγα εξ αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. in the ĺast day. Because ľ from εμαυτου ουκ ελαλησα αλλ' δ πεμψας με πατηρ but the having sent me father myself not spoke; μοι εντολην εδωκε, τι ειπω και τι  $me_{acommandment}$  gave, what I should say and what αυτος he λαλησω·  $^{50}$  και οιδα, ότι  $\mathring{\eta}$  εντολη αυτου ζωη Ishould speak; and know, that the commandment of him tife 'Α ουν λαλω εγω, καθως ειρηαιωνιος εστιν. What therefore say age-lasting is. 84 hasspoκε μοι ό πατηρ, ούτω λαλω. ken to me the father, so I speak.

KE $\Phi$ .  $\iota\gamma'$ . 13.

1 Προ δε της έορτης του πασχα, ειδως δ Ιηfeast of the passover, knowing the Je-Before and the σους, ότι εληλυθεν αύτου ἡ ώρα, ίνα  $\mu \in \tau \alpha \beta \eta$ that was come of himself the hour, that he should depart του κοσμου τουτου προς τον πατερα, ont of the world this tο the father, αγατησας τους ιδιους τους εν τω κοσμώ, εις those in the having loved the own world. 2 Και δειπνου γενο- $\tau \in \lambda os$   $\eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \in \nu$  autous. an end he loved them. And supper being

of the BULERS also believed into him, ‡ but because of the Pharisees they did not confess him, so that they might not be put out of the synagogues.

43 ‡ For they loved the GLORY of MEN more than

the GLORY of GOD.

44 But Jesus cried out and said, the believes not into me, believes not into me, but into him who sent me;

45 and the beholding me, beholds him who sent me

46 ‡# have come a Light into the world, so that \* He Believing into me may not abide in Dark-Ness.

47 And if any one hear, and \* keep not My words, If do not judge him; I for I came not that I might judge the world, but that I might save the world.

48 HE REJECTING me, and receiving not my words, has that which Judges him; ‡ the word which I spoke, that will judge him in the LAST Day.

49 Because ‡ I spoke not from myself; but the FATHER who SENT me, he \*has given me a Commandment, what I should enjoin, and what I should speak;

50 and I know That Inst COMMANDMENT is aionian Life. What things & speak, therefore, as the FATHER has told me, so I speak."

## CHAPTER XIII.

1 Now Jesus knowing before the feast of the fassover, That His hour was come, that he should depart out of this world to the father, having loved those his own who were in the world, he loved them to the End.

2 And as Supper was pre-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. BE BELIEVING.

<sup>47.</sup> keep not. 49. has given me.

<sup>‡ 42.</sup> John vii. 13; ix. 22. ‡ 43. John v. 44. ‡ 44. Mark ix. 37; 1 Pet. i. 21. ‡ 43. John xiv. 9. ‡ 46. ver. 35, 36; John iii. 19; viii. 12; ix. 5, 39. ‡ 47. John iii. 17, ‡ 48. Deut. xviii. 19; Mark xvi. 16. ‡ 49. John viii. 38; xiv. 10.

μενου, (του διαβολου ηδη βεβληκοτος εις την into the (the accuser already having put καρδιαν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτου, ίνα αυτον Iscarint, Judas of Simon that heart παραδω,) 3 ειδως δ Ιησους, δτι παντα δεδωκεν he might betray,) knowing the Jesus, that all things had given αυτφ δ πατηρ εις τας χειρας, και ότι απο θεου him the father into the hands, and that from εξηλθε, και προς τον θεον ύπαγει· 4 εγειρεται God he came out, and to the he goes: rises εκ του δειπνου, και τιθησι τα ίματια, και λαand puts off the mantles, and having supper, <sup>5</sup> Ειτα βαλλει βων λεντιον, διεζωσεν έαυτον. girded himself. Afterward takeu a towel, he puts ύδωρ εις τον νιπτηρα, και ηρξατο νιπτειν τους began water into the wash-basin, and to wash the ποδας των μαθητών, και εκμασσείν τω λεντίω feet of the disciples, and to wipe with the towel 'ω 6 Ερχεται ουν προς ην διεζωσμενος. with which he was having been girded. He comes then to Σιμωνα Πετρον και λεγει αυτώ εκεινος Κυριε, Peter; and says to him he: O lord. συ μου νιπτεις τους ποδας; 7 Απεκριθη Ιησους feet? thou of me washest the Answered Jesus 'Ο  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  ποιω, συ ουκ και ειπεν αυτω. οιδας to him. What I said do, thou not knowest  $\gamma \nu \omega \sigma \eta$  δε μετα ταυτα.  $^8\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$ ι αυτ $\phi$ now, thou shalt know but after these things. Says to him τους ποδας μου  $\Pi \epsilon \tau \rho os.$ Ου μη νιψης ELS Peter Not not thon mayest wash the feet of me int Απ κριθη αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εαν μη τον αιώνα. him the Answered Jesus; If age. not νιψω σε, ουκ εχεις μερος μετ $^{9}\Lambda\epsilon^{2}\epsilon$ €400. I may wash thee, not thou hast a part with me. Says αυτφ Σιμων Πετρος. Κυριε, μη τους ποδας μου to him Simon Peter: Olord, not the feet of me μονον, αλλα και τας χειρας, και την κεφαλην. the and the aloue, but also hands, head. 'Ο λελουμενος ου  $^{10}\Delta\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  αυτφ δ Ιησους. to him the He having been bathed not Says Jesus; χρειαν εχει η τους ποδας νιψασθαι, αλλ'  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ has than the feet need to wash, but ŧs. και ύμεις καθαροι εστε, αλλ' καθασος όλος. wholly; you and elean clean are. but 11 Ηδει γαρ τον παραδιδοντα He knew for the betraying ουγι παντές. all. δια τουτο ειπεν. Ουχι παντες καθαροι autov. him; on account of this Not he said:

paring, the ENEMY having already put into the HEART of Judas Iscariot, son of Simon, that he should betray him.

3 \* he knowing that the father had given him All things into bis HANDS, and That he came out from God, and was going

to God,
4 rises from the SUPPER,
and puts off his MANTLE,
and taking a Towel girded

himself.
5 † Afterward he puts
Water into the WASH-BASIN, and began to wash the
FEET of the DISCIPLES,
and to wipe them with the
TOWEL with which he was
girded.

6 Then he comes to Simon Peter; \* he says to him, "Lord, dost thou wash My FEFT?"

7 Jesus answered and said to him, "What I am doing, thou knowest not now, but I after this thou wilt know."

8 Simon Peter says to him, "Thou shalt not wash my feet to the age." \*He answered him; "Unless I wash thee, thou hast no fart with me."

9 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, not my FEET only, but also my HANDS and my HEAD."

and my HEAD."

10 \* Jesus says to him,
†"He who has been BATHING, has no need unless to
wash his FEET, but is
wholly clean; and ‡ nou
are clean, but not all."

11 For the knew wno was retraying him; on this account he said, "You are not all clean."

ETTE.

6. he says.

8. He answered.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MARUSCRIPT.-3. he knowing. 10. Jesus.

<sup>† 5.</sup> The washing of the feet in times of primitive simplicity was performed by the host of hostess to the guest, but afterwards it was committed to the servants, and therefore was accounted a service employment. When David sent to Abigail, to inform her that he had chosen her for a wife, she arose and said,—"Behold, let thy handmaid be a servant, to wash the feet of the servants of my lord," I Sam. xvv. 41. At the time when our Lord performed this office, it was esteemed the office of the meanest slaves. This act plainly showed the humility and condescension of Jesus, and emphatically taught the same to his disciples. It 10. It was customary for the Jews to bathe themselves (twice, according to some,) before eating the paschal supper.

t 3. Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; xvii. 2. † 3. John xiii. 42; xvi. 28. ver. 12—17. † 10. John xv. 3. — † 11. John vi. 64.

ενιψε τους ποδας αυτων, και 12 'Οτ∈ ουν of them, and When therefore he had washed the fee**s** ελαβε τα ίματια αύτου, αναπεσων παλιν, ειπεν ε τα ίματια αυτου, αναποστ the mantles of himself, falling down again, he said αυτοις. Γινωσκετε τι πεποιηκα ύμιν; Know you what I have done to you? φωνείτε με 'Ο διδασκαλος και δ κυρίος και and the me; The lord: and teacher call  $^{14}$ Ει ουν εγω ενιψα καλως λεγετε· ειμι γαρ. well yousay; I am for. If then ύμων τους ποδας, ό κυριος και ό διδασκαλος, the lord and the the fect, αλληλων νιπτειν τους οφειλετε ύμεις the are bound of one another to wash and so you <sup>15</sup> Υποδειγμα ίνα εδωκα ύμιν, ποδας. γαρ that I gave for to you, An example καθως εγω εποιησα ύμιν, και ύμεις ποιητε. should do. also you did to you, 16 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουκ εστι δουλος μειζων

Indeed indeed I say to you, not is a slave greater του κυριου αύτου, ουδε αποστολος μειζών του greater of the a messenger of himself, nor of the lord 17 Ει ταυτα οιδατε, μακαριοι πεμψαντος αυτον. If these things you know, blessed sending him. 18 Ου περι παντων εστε, εαν ποιητε αυτα.

Not about if you should do them. ύμων λεγω· εγω οιδα ούς εξελεξαμην· αλλ', I chose; but, ľ know whom I speak; of you ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη. " Ο τρωγων μετ' €μου that the writing may be fulfilled; "He eating with me τον αρτον, επηρεν επ' εμε την πτερναν αύτου." heel of himself." the loaf. lifted up against me the 19 Απ' αρτι λεγω ύμιν, προ του γενεσθαι, ίνα From now I say to you, before the to happen, that

*δτι* εγω that I γενηται, πιστευσητε, ELLLI. it may happen, you may believe, that am. 20 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν. 'Ο λαμβανων εαν τινα

Indeed indeed I say to you; He receiving πεμψω, εμε λαμβανει ὁ δε εμε λαμβανων, I may send, me receives; he and me receiving. λαμβανει τον πεμψαντα με.

him having sent me.

<sup>21</sup>Ταυτα ειπων δ Ιησους εταραχθη τω πνευμα-These things saying the Jesus was troubled in the

τι, και εμαρτυρησε, και ειπεν Αμην αμην λεγω and said; Indeed indeed I say testified. <sup>22</sup> Εβλεύμιν, ότι εις εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. will betray Looked

to you, that one of you στον \*[ουν] εις αλληλους οί μαθηται, απορου-

the disciples, doubteach other [then] to <sup>23</sup> Ην δε ανακειμενος μενοι περι τινος λεγει. about whom he was speaking. Was now reclining

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-18. same I chose.

12 When, therefore, he had washed their FEET, and taken his MANTLE, reclining again he said to them, "Do you know what I have done to you?

13 1 Dou call me The TEACHER, and The LORD; and you say well; for I am.

14 If # then, the LORD and the TEACHER, have washed Your FEET, nou ought also to wash One another's FEET.

15 For ‡ I have given you an Example, that, as # have done to you, so you

should do.

16 Indeed, I assure you, ta Servant is not greater than his LORD, nor an Apostle greater than HE who SENT him.

17 ‡ If you know These things, happy are you if

you do them.

18 I am not speaking about all of you; # know \* whom I chose; but that the SCRIPTURE may be fulfilled, the that EATS \* ' My BREAD, lifted up his 'neel against me.'

19 I tell you now, before it occurs, that when it occurs you may believe That I am he.

20 Indeed, I assure you t HE who receives one whom I send receives Me; ard HE who RECEIVES Me receives HIM who SENT me."

21 Having said these things \*Jesus was troubled in his spirit, and testified, and said, "Indeed I assure you, That one of you will deliver me up."

22 The disciples looked one on another, doubting of whom he spoke.

23 † Now there was re

<sup>22.</sup> Then-omit.

<sup>18.</sup> My BREAD. 21. Jesus

<sup>† 23.</sup> As two or more lay on one couch, each resting on his left elbow, with his feet sloping away from the table towards the back of the couch, he that turned his back on his next neighbor was said to be lying in his bosom. This position made it easy for John to speak to Jesus in a whisper which could not be heard by the other disciples.—S. Sharpe.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 8, 10; Luke vi. 46; 1 Cor. viii. 6; xii. 8; Phil. ii. 11. † 15. Matt. xi 29; Phil. ii. 5; 1 Pet. ii. 21; 1 John ii. 5. † 16. Matt. v. 24; Luke vi. 40; John xv. 20; † 17. James i. 25. † 18. Psa. xli. 9, Matt. xxvi. 23. † 20. Matt. x. 40; xxv. 40; 1 20. Matt. x. 40; xxv. 40: Luk9 x. 16.

εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου εν τω κολπω του the bosom of the the disaples of him in Ιησου, όν ηγαπα ό Ιησους. 24 Νευει ουν τουτφ Jesus, whom loved the Jesus. Nods then to him

 $\sum_{i} \mu \omega \nu \prod_{\epsilon} \tau \rho o s$ ,  $\pi \upsilon \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta a \iota \tau \iota s$  a  $\nu \epsilon \iota \eta$   $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ Simon to ask who it might be concerning of whom

 $^{25}$  Επιπεσων δε εκεινος επι το στηθος λεγει. Falling he he speaks. and on the breast

του Ιησου, λεγει αυτώ: Κυριε, εστιν ; TIS he says to him, O lord, of the Jesus. who is It?

 $^{26}$  Amorpivetai  $\delta$  Invovs. Ereivos eviv, the lesus; He to whom it is,

εγω βαψας το ψωμιον επιδωσω. Και εμβαψας I having dipped the little piece shall giv .. And having dipped

το ψωμιον, διδωσιν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτη. the little piece, he gives to Judas of Simon Iscariot.

<sup>27</sup> Και μετα το ψωμιον, τοτε εισηλθεν εις εκει-And after the little piece, then eutered into

Λεγειουν αυτω δ Ιησους. Ό νον δ σατανας. Says then to him the Jesus; What the adversary. 28 Touto \*  $\delta \epsilon$  ouders ποιεις, ποιησον ταχιον. quickly. [now] thou duest, do thou This no one

 $\epsilon \gamma \nu \omega$   $\tau \omega \nu$   $\alpha \nu \alpha \kappa \epsilon i \mu \epsilon \nu \omega \nu$   $\pi \rho o s$   $\tau ! \epsilon i \pi \epsilon i$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega$ . knew of thuse reclining with why he said to him.

19 Τινές γαρ εδοκουν, επει το γλωστοκομον thought, seeing that the for

ειχεν ό Ιουδας, ότι λεγει αυτώ ό Ιησους. Αγοhad the Judas, that says to him the Jesus: ρασον ών χρειαν εχομεν εις την έορτην η τοις

we have for the ur to the what things need least; 30 Λαβων ουν το  $\delta \omega$ . πτωχοις ίνα τι that something he should give Having taken then the ψωμιον εκεινος, ευθεως εξηλθεν ην δε νυξ. he, immediately went out; it was and night.

<sup>51</sup> Ότε εξηλθε, λεγει δ Ιησους· Νυν εδοξασθη When he went out, says the Jesus; Just now was glorified ό υίος του ανθρωπου, και ό θεος, εδοξασθη εν the sun of the man. and the God. was glorified  $32 * [Ei \delta \theta \epsilon os \epsilon \delta o \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \eta \epsilon \nu \alpha \upsilon \tau \psi,] \kappa \alpha \iota$  $\alpha v \tau \psi$ . it the God was glorified in him,] ham. slan

δ θεος δοξαπει αυτον εν έαυτφ, και evaus the God will giority hım io himself. and immediately 33 Τεκνια, μεθ' δοξασει αυτον.  $\epsilon \tau \iota$ μικρον willglonly lum. Ohttlechildren, yet with

Ζητησετε με· και καθως ειπον τοις ¿uwv eimi. 1 24.. You will seek me, and I said 'to the 2.5 'Οτι όπου Ιουδαιοις  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ ύπαγω, ύμεις oυ

That where Jewr. you not

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23 Jesus. 24. and says to him, "Inquire who it is of whom. 25. leaning back on the BREAST of Jesus. 25. Then Jesus. 26. for whom I shall dip a LITTLE PIECE and give it to him. Then having dipped the LITTLE PIECE, he took and wave. 27. Jesus. 28. now-omit. 29. Judas. 20. Jesus says to him. 29. Judas. 32. If Gon be glorified by him .- omit. 31. Jesus.

† 23. John xix. 26; xx. 2; xxi. 7. 20, 14. . 6. 1 31 John xii 23 1 3 1 2/ Luke xxit. 2: John 1 3 John xiv 13, 1 Pet. rv 11 183 John vi. 84, vui 21. j. 1 27 Luke xxit. 3: John vi. 70. X11. 6.

clining on the Bosom of JESTS tone of his DISCI-PLES, whom \* Jesus loved.

24 To him, therefore, Simon Peter nods, \*and says to him, "Inquire who it is of whom he is speaking."

25 And he, \*leaning back on the Breast of Jesus, says to him, "Lord, who is it ?"

26 \*Then Jesus answers, " 11c itis, \* for whom I shall dip a LITTLE PIECE and give it to him." Then having dipped the LITTLE PIECE, he took and gave it to \* Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot.

27 ‡ And after the LIT-TLE PIECE, then the AD-VERSARY entered into him. \* Jesus, therefore, says to him "What thou doest, do quickly."

28 No one of those RE-CLINING knew for what he

said this to him.

29 For some thought, seeing that \*Judas had the Box, That \* Jesus said to him, "Buy what things we need for the FEAST;" or, that he should give something to the Poon.

30 Dr. therefore, having taken the LITTLE PIECE, immediately went out. And it was Night.

31 When, therefore, he went out, \*Jesus says, t"Just now was the son of MAN glorified, and ‡Gon was glorified by him.

32\* # [If Gon be glorified by him,] God will also glorify him by himself, and he will immediately glorify him.

33 My Children, yet a little while I am with you. You will seek me, and I as I said to the Jews, 'That where I am going, nou

34 EyToδυνασθε ελθειν και ύμιν λεγω αρτι. to come; even to you I say now. A comλην καινην διδωμι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε αλλη-I give to you, that you may love mandment new each κωθως ηγαπησα ύμας, ίνα και บ็นะเร I loved that also you, you <sup>35</sup> Εν τουτφ γνωσονται αγαπατε αλληλους.  $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ this will know each other. might love παντες, δτι εμοι μαθηται εστε, εαν αγαπην that to me disciples you are, love <sup>36</sup> Λεγει αυτώ Σιμων Πε- $\epsilon \chi \eta \tau \epsilon \epsilon \nu \alpha \lambda \lambda \eta \lambda o is.$ Says to him Simon you have in each other. τρος Κυριε, που ύπαγεις; Απεκριθη \*[αυτω] δ Olord, where goest thou? Answered [him] the Ιησους. Όπου ύπαγω, ου δυνασαι μοι νυν ακοnot thou artable me now Where I go, ύστερον δε ακολουθησεις \*[μοι.] λουθησαι• afterwards but thou shalt follow [me.] fallow: <sup>37</sup> Λεγει αυτώ Πετρος· Κυριε, διατι ου δυναμαι Says to him Peter; Olord, why not I am able

σοι ου μη αλεκτωρ φωνησει, έως ού απαρνηση to the notation a cock will crow, till not thou wilt deay με τρις.

me thrice.

## ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

1 Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια· πιστευετε let be troubled of you the heart; believe you ειι τον θεον, και εις εμε πιστευέτε.  $^2$  E $\nu$   $\tau\eta$ and iuto me believe you. In the into the God, οικιά του πατρος μου μοναι πολλαι εισιν. ει δε house or the father of me dwellings many are; if hut μη,  $\in UTOV'$   $\alpha y$ ύμιν. Πορευομαι έτοιμασαι I would have told you. I am going to prepare τοπον υμιν<sup>3</sup> και εαν πορευθω, και έτοιμασω a place for you; and if I should go, and should prepare ύμιν τοπον, παλιν ερχουαι, και παραληψομαι again I am coming, and will receive for you a place, ύμας προς εμαυτην ίνα όπου ειμι εγω, και myself; so that where auı also to ύμεις ητε. 4 Και δπου εγω ύπαγω οιδατε, you may be. And w here am going you know, \*[και] την όδον † οιδατε. 5 Λεγει αυτφ Θωthe you know. Says to him Thoand way μας· Κυριε, ουκ οιδαμεν που ύπαγεις; \*[και]

cannot come,' I now also say to you.

\$4 ‡ A new Commandment I give to you, That you love each other; as I loved you, that you also should love each other.

35 ‡ By this, all will know That you are My Disciples, if you have Love for each other."

36 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, where art thou going?" \* Jesus answered.

"Where I am going, thou caust not follow me now; but ‡ thou shalt follow afterwards."

27 Peter

37 Peter says to him, "Lord, why cannot I follow theenow? ‡I will lay down my LIFE in behalf of thee."

38 \*Jesus answers him, "Wilt thou lay down thy LIFE in my behalf? Indeed, I assure thee, † The Cock will not crow till thou wilt disown me three times.

## CHAPTER XIV.

1 ‡ Let not your HEART be troubled; believe into God, and believe into Me.

2 In my FATHER'S HOUSE are many Dwellings; but if not, I would have told \*you; Because I am going to prepare a Place for you.

3 AndifIgo and prepare a Place for you, ‡ I am coming again, and will receive you to myself, so that ‡ where # am nou also may be.

4 And where E am going you know the WAY."

5 Thomas says to him, "Lord, we know not where thou art going; \* how do we know the WAY?"

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. Jesus. Jesus answers. 2. you; Because I. 4. and—omit. 5. and—omit. 5. how do we know the war.

<sup>+ \$8.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. 
+ 4. Tischendorf omits the second oidate, on the authority of several ancient MSS and versions. The connection seems to indicate that it ought to be excluded from the text.

<sup>† 34.</sup> John xv. 12, 17; Eph. v. 2; 1 Thess. iv. 9; James ii. 8; 1 Pet. i. 22; 1 John ii. 7, 8; iii 11 25; iv. 21. † 35. 1 John ii. 5; tv. 20. † 36. John xxi. 18; 2 Pet. i. 14. † 37. Matt xxvi. 33—35; Mark xiv. 29—31; Luke xxil. 23, 24. † 1 ver. 27. † 3. ver. 18, 28-3. John xii. 20; xvii. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 17.

srws δυναμεθα την όδον ειδεναι; δ Λεγει αυτώ ό the may to know? Says to him the may, and the Jesus; I am the may, and the truth, and the life Moone comes to the manual to the manua ζωη· ουδεις ερχεται προς τον πατερα, ει μη δι' life; no one comes to the father, if notthrough <sup>7</sup>Ει εγνωκειτε με, και τον πατερα μου If you balknown me, also the father of me  $\epsilon \gamma \nu \omega \kappa \epsilon i \tau \epsilon \quad a \nu \quad *[\kappa \alpha \iota] \quad \alpha \pi'$ αρτι γινωσκετε [and] you know you would have known; from now  $^{S}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  αυτ $\wp$ **πυτον,** και έωρακατε autov. hien. and have seen Says to him Φιλιππος Κυριε, δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα, και Olord, show to us the father, and <sup>9</sup> Λεγει αυτώ δ Ιησους. Τοσουτον Sers to him the Jesus; Solong αρκει ήμιν. Zis enough forus. χρονον  $\mu \in \theta^*$  ύμων ει $\mu$ ι, και ουκ εγνωκας  $\mu$ ε, at time with you am l, and not knowest thou me, Φιλιππε; 'Ο έωρακως εμε, έωρακε τον πατερα: O Philip? He having seen me, has seen the father; \*[και] πως συ λεγεις. Δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα; [and] how thou sayest; Show to us the father? 10 Ου πιστευεις, ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και ό Not believest thou, that I in the father, and the and the πατηρ εν εμοι εστι; Τα βηματα ά εγω λαλω father in me is? The words which I speak ύμιν, απ' εμαυτου ου λαλω δ δε πατηρ, δ εν to you, from myself, not I speak, the but father, he in 11 Πιστενετε εμοι μενών, αυτος ποιειτα ερνα. me abiding, he does the works. You believe μοι, ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και δ πατηρ εν εμοι, me, because I in the father, and the father in δια τα εργα αυτα πιστευετε μοι.

if but not, on account of the works themselves believe  $^{12}$  Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ  $\pi$ ιστευων εις εμε, Indeed indeed I speak to you, he believing into me, τα εργα ά εγω ποιω, κακείνος ποιησεί, και the works which I also he shall do. nud μειζονα τουτων ποιησει· ότι εγω προς τον greater of these thall he do; because I to the πατερα μου πορευσμαι, 13 και δ, τι αν αιτησηfather of me an going, and what, any thing you may ask τε εν τφ ονοματι μου, τουτο ποιησω· ίνα in the name of me, this I will do; that 14 Εαν τι αιτηδυξασθη δ πατηρεν τφυίφ. may be glorified the father in the son. Ifanything you σητε εν τφ ονοματι μου, εγω ποιησω. 15 Eav msyaskin the name ofme, αγαπατε με, τας εντολας τας εμας τηρησατε. you love me, the commandments the mine keep you;  $^{16}$ και εγω ερωτησω τον πατερα, και αλλον

the

will ask

the FATHER, except by

7 If you had known me you would have known my FATHER; and from this time you know him, and have seen him."

8 Philip says to him, "Lord, show us the FA-THER, and it is enough for us."

9 Jesus says to him, "So long a Time am I with you, and dost thou not know me, Philip? HAVING SEEN the has seen the FATHER; how sayest thou, Show us the FA-THER?

10 Dost thou not believe That # am in the FATHER, and the FATHER is in me? The words which I speak to you, ‡ I speak not from myself; and THAT FATHER \* abiding in me, he does the works.

11 Believe me, because Ham in the FATHER, and the father in me; but if not, on account of \* his works believe me.

12 ‡ Indeed, I assure you, HE BELIEVING into me, the WORKS which E do shall he do also; and greater than these shall he do, Because F am going to \* the FATHER:

13 tand whatever you may ask in my namr, this I will do; so that the FA-THER may be glorified in the son.

14 If you ask \* anything

in my name, this # will do. 15 # If you love me, \*you will keep MY COMMAND. MENTS;

16 and I will ask the FATHER, and I he will give

and

another

father.

<sup>•</sup> Varican Manuscript.—7. and -omit. 9. and—omit. 10. unc. 11. the rath 12. 14. ask me anything in my name, this E will do. 15. you will keep.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Heb. ix. 8. † 6. John 1. 17; viii, 32. † 6. John 1. 4; xi. 25. † 10. John v. 10; viii. 16; viii. 28; xii. 40. † 12. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xvi. 17; Luke x. 17. † 13. Matt. vii. 7; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 9; John xv. 7, 16; xvi. 23, 24; James 1. 5; 1 John iii. 22; v. 14. 

\*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 17. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 17. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 17. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 17. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 18. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 18. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 18. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 18. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 18. John v. 26; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 24; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 25; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 25; yvi. 7; \*\*The ver. 21, 26; yvi. 2 23; v. 14.

παρακλητον δωσει ύμιν, ίνα μενη με $\theta$  ύμων helper he will give to you, that he may abide with you 'eis' τον αιωνα:  $\frac{17}{2}$  το πνευμα της αληθείας, δ mio the age; the spirit of the truth, which the κοσμος ου δυναται λαβειν, ότι ου θεωρει αυτο, world not is able to receive, because not it beholds it, oude  $\gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota$  auto  $\dot{\nu} \mu \epsilon \iota s \stackrel{\kappa}{=} [\delta \epsilon] \gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \tau \epsilon$  auto, nor knows it; you [but] know it, knows it; παρ' ύμιν ύμιν μενει, και ∈ν € orai. you it abides, and is it will be. because with you 18 Ουκ αφησω ύμας ορφανους. ερχομαι προς Not I will leave you crphans; I am coming to 19 Ετι μικρον, και δ κοσμος με ουκετι ùμας. alittle, and the world me no more Yet θεωρει ύμεις δε θεωρειτε με ότι εγω ζω, και behold me; because I live, you but also ύμεις ζησεσθε. 20 Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα γνωσεσθε Ιn that the dży sball know you shall live. ύμεις, ότι εγω εν τφ πατρι μου, και ύμεις εν you, because I in the father of me, and you in you, because I in the 21 'Ο εχων τας εμοι, καγω εν ύμιν. ευτολας me, and I in you. He having the commandments μου, και τηρων αυτας, εκεινος εστιν δ. αγαπων of mc, and keeping them, is he that loving με δ δε αγαπων με, αγαπηθησεται ύπο του loving me, ahali be leved by the me; he and και εγω και πατρος μού αγαπησω αυτον, will love him, bas of me; and father εμφανισω αυτφ εμαυτον.

will manifest to him <sup>22</sup> Λεγει αυτώ Ιουδας (ουκ δ Ισκαριωτης.) Judas (not the Iscariot,) to him

myself.

Κυριε, και τι γεγονεν, ότι ήμιν μελλεις εμφαand how has it happened, that to us thou are about to maniνιζειν σεαυτον, και ουχι τφ κοσμφ; 🍱 Απεκριθη and not to the world? fest thyself, Answered

Inσους και εικέν αυτώ. Εαν τις αγαπά με, said Jesus and to him; If any one love me. τον λογον μου τηρησει και δ πατηρ μου word of me he will keep; and the father of me

αγαπησει αυτον, και προς αυτον ελευσομεβα, we will come, will love him, and to him

24 'O каг цогпу жар μη αυτφ ποιησομεν. we will make. and adwelling with him Нe not αγάπων με, τους λογούς μου ου τηρεί και δ of me not will keep; and the leving me, the words λογος δυ ακουετε, ουκ εστιν εμος, αλλα του

word which you hear, not is mise, but of the <sup>25</sup> Ταυτα λελαληκα **πεμψαντος** μe πατρος. father. These things I have spoken mo

 $\dot{\nu}$ μιν, παρ'  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν μενων'  $^{26}$  δ δε παρακλητος, το to you, with you abiding; the bot helper, the the πνευμα το αγιον, δ πεμψει δ πατηρ εν τφ spirit the holy, which will send the father in the

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. be with you. 17. but-omif. 17. is in you. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 14. 1 John ii. 24; Rev. iii. 20. : 19. 1 Cor. xv. 20. 1 17. John xv. 26. xvi. 13; 1 John iv. 6. 121. ver. 15, 23; 1 John il. 5; v. 8. 1 J John v. 10, 83; vii. 10; viii. 28; xii. 40. 26. v 20. John il. 22; xii. 16; xvi. 13; 1 John il 20, 27. 26. ver. 16; Luke xxiv. 49; John xv. 20; xvi. 7.

you Another Helper, that he may be with you to

the AGE;

17 the spirit of truth. t which the world cannot receive. Because it beholds it not, nor knows it; but nou know it; Because it abides with you, ‡ and "will

be in you.

18 I will not leave you Orphans; I am coming to

you.

19 Yet a little while, and the WORLD beholds me no more? but you behold me; #Because # live ncu also shall live.

20 ln That DAY you shall know That E and in my PATHER, and nou in

me, and I in you.

21 THE who mas my COMMANDMENTS, and observes them, that is nx who LOVES me; and HE who Loves me shall be loved by my FATHER; and 🖁 will love him, and will manifest myself to him "

22 Judas says to him, (not the Iscanior,) Lord, what has occurred, That thou art about to manifest thyself to us, and not to

the world?"

28 Jesus answered and said to him, " If any one love me, he will observe my word; and my ra-THEE will love him; and we will come to him, and mako an Abode wi li him.

24 Hz who Loves me not, observes not my words; and the word which you hear is not mine, but that of the FATHER who sent me.

25 These things I have; spoken to you, while abid-

ing with you.

26 But tthe HELPER, the HOLY SPIRIT, which the FATHER will send in the my NAME, ; shall teach

ονοματι μου, εκεινος ύμας διδαξει παντα, και name of the that you will teach all things, and  $\dot{\nu}$ πομνησει ύμας παντα  $\dot{\alpha}$  ειπον ύμιν. will remind you all things which I told you.

 $^{27}$  Ειρηνην lphaφιημι bμιν,  $\epsilon$ ιρηνην την  $\epsilon$ μην Heave to you, Peace prace the mine διδωμι ύμινο ου καθως ό κοσμος διδωσιν, εγω I give to you; not as the world gives, Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια διδωμι ύμιν. Not let be που 28 Ηκουσατε, give to you. of you the μηδε δειλιατω.  $\delta \tau \iota \in \gamma \omega \in i \pi o \nu$ You heard, Let it be afraid. that Ι Bira ύμιν 'Υπαγω, και ερχομαι προς ύμας. to you, I am going away, and I am coming to you.  $\mathbf{E}\iota$ If ηγαπατε με, εχαρητε αν, ότι πορευομαι προς you loved me, you would rejoice, that I am going to τον πατερας ότι ό πατηρ μου μειζων μου εστι. the father; because the father of me greater of me is. 29 Και νυν ειρηκα ύμιν πριν γενεσθαι, ίνα όταν And now I have told you before it happens, so that when γενηται, πιστευσητε. 30 Ουκετι πολλα λαλησω it happens, you may believe. No more much Lwill speak μεθ' ύμων. Ερχεται γαρ ό του κοσμου αρχων, you. for he of the world with Is coming runng. 31 Αλλ' ίνα γνω και εν εμοι ουκ εχει ουδεν. But that may know aud in me not has nothing. δ κοσμος, ότι αγαπω τον πατερα, και καθως the world, that father, I love the ενετειλατο μοι δ πατηρ, ούτω ποιω: me the father. 60

εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν εντευθεν. ΚΕΦ. ιε'. 15.

arise you, Ι Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος ή αληθινη, και ό πατηρ μου vine the true, and the father of me am the 2 Παν κλημα εν εμοι μη γεωργος εστι. 4) Every branck the vine-dresser ie. in me φερον καρπον, αιρει αυτο· και παν το καρπον bearing fruit, he takes away it; and every one the fruit φερον, καθαιρει αυτο, ίνα πλειονα καρπον φερη. bearing, he cleanses it. that mure fruit it may bear. 3 Ηδη ύμεις καθαροι εστε, δια τον λογον, Already you clean are, through the word, which  $^4$  Μεινατε εν εμοι, καγω εν λελαληκα ύμιν. I have spoken to you. Abide you in me. and I Καθως το κλημα ου δυναται καρπον ύμιν. the branch not is able you. φερειν αφ' έαυτου, εαν μη μεινή εν τη αμπελώ. of itself, if not it may abide in the to bear ούτως ουδε ύμεις, εαν μη εν εμοι μεινητε. if not in 60 neither you. me you abide. O' <sup>5</sup> Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος, ύμεις τα κληματα. lie am the vine, you the branches.

You all things, and remind you of all things which I said to you.

27 Peace \* F leave to you; MY Peace I give to you; not as the WORLD gives, do F give to you. Let not Your HEART be troubled, nor let it be afraid.

28 You heard That E said to you, I am going away and I am coming to you. If you loved me, you would rejoice, That I am going to the FATHER; Because I my FATHER is greater than I.

29 And now I have told you before it occurs, so that when it occurs, you may believe.

30 I will not speak much more with you; ‡ for the † RULER of the WORLD is coming, and has nothing in

31 But that the WORLD may know That I love the FATHER, and that as \$ the FATHER commanded me, even so I do; arise, let us go hence.

#### CHAPTER XV.

I Ham the TRUE VINE, and my FATHER is the VINE-DRESSER.

2 Every Branch in me not bearing Fruit, he takes away; and every one bearing fruit, he prunes it, thatituay bear More Fruit.

3 1 Dan are already clean through the WORD which I have spoken to you.

4 ‡ Abide in me, and # in you. As the Branch cannot bear fruit of itself, if it abide not in the VINE, so neither can you, unless you abide in me.

5 % am the VINE, nou are the BEANCHES. HE

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. E leave.

<sup>† 30.</sup> Some say the ruler of this world means Satan; some, the Roman government; others, the Jewish kierarchy and magistracy; but Wakefield, in his translation, thinks that Christ here speaks of himself; (as he does in chap, xii. 30, and xvi. 11,) not of what he then was, but of what he shall be, when he comes again. He translates this clause as follows:—"For the ruler of this world is coming; and I have nothing now to do, but to convince the world that I love the Father, and do as he commanded me."

μενων εν εμοι, καγω εν αυτις, ούτος φερει καρabilling in me, and I in him, this bears finis πον πολιν. ότι χωρις εμου ου δυνασθε ποιειν much; because apart from me not you are able ε Εαν μη τις μεινη εν εμοι, εβληθη o Sev.

not any one may abide in ïſ 3016 hers cast εξω, ώς το κλημα, και εξημανθη· και συναγουout, like the branch, and is withered; and they gather σιν αυτα, και εις πυρ βαλλουσι, και καιεται. and it is burned. them, and into a fire they cast,

Εαν μεινητε εν εμοι και τα δηματα μου εν me and the words of mo in DIA. youabide

ύμιν μεινη, δ καν θελητε † αιτησεσθει, και you may shide, whatever you n .. , wish you shallask, 8 Εν τουτώ εδοξασθη δ πατηρ γενησεται ύμιν. was glorified the father In this for you.

μου, ίνα καρπον πολυν φερητε, και γενησεσθε much you might bear, and you shall be fruit of me, that 9 Καθως ηγαπησε με δ πατηρ, εμοι μαθηται. disciples. As Loved me the father,

κάγω ηγαπησα ύμας, μεινατε εν τη αγαπη τη and b loved you; shide you in the love the 10 Εαν τας εντολας μου σηρησητε, μεeun. If the commanuments of me you may keep, mine. you ν ιτε εν τη αγαπη μου καθως εγω τας εντολας will abide in the love of me; 2.5 I the commandments του πατρος μου τετηρηκα, και μενω αυτου εν of the father of me have kept, and abide τη αγαπη.

you me

he love.

11 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα ή χαρα ή εμη εν
that the low the mine in These things I have spoken to you, that the joy the mine in έμιν μεινή, και ή χαρα ύμων πληρωθή. 12 Αυτή you may abide, and the joy of you may be fulfilled. εστιν ή εντολη ή εμη, ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους, is the commandment the mine, that you love α αθως ηγαπητα ύμας. 13 Μειζονα each other, καθως TauTHS Hoved Jon-Creates est this. αγαπην ουδεις εχει, ένα τις την ψυχην αύτου laxe no one has, that any one the life of himself 14 THEIS ύπερ τωμ  $\phi i \lambda \omega \nu$ αύτου. may lay downin behalf of the friends of himself. You Φιλοι μου εστε, εαν ποιητε SOUR ELLE FALL hends of mo are, if you may do what things law of sourous.

The slaves; No more ότι δδουλος ουκοιδε τι ποιει αυτου δκυριος. Accousethe slave not knewswhat does of him the bord; ύμας δε ειρηκα φιλους, ότι παντα α ηκουσα νου but I have called friends, because all things which I heard <sup>36</sup> Ουχ παρα του πατρος μου, εγνωρισα ύμιν. ofme, I wade known to you. the father Not ύμεις με εξελεξασθε,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda^{\circ}$ εγω εξελεξαμην

who aribes in me, and E in him, hr 2 bears much Fruit; Because severed from me you can do noth-

6 If any one abide not in me, he is cast out like the BRANCH, and is withered: and such are gathered, and cast into a Fire, and are buraed.

7 If you abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatever you wish, and it shall be given you.

8 # In this is my farmen. glorified, that you bear much Fruit, and you shall be My Disciples.

9 As the FATHER loved me, and # loved you, abide IN MY LOVE.

10 # If you observe my COMMANDMENTS, youshall abide in my Love; as T have observed \* the FA-THER'S COMMANDMENTS, and abide in His LOVE.

Il These things I have spoken to you, that my jor \* may be in you, and tyoux 304 may be completed.

19 I This is MY COM-MANDMENT, That you love each other, as I loved you.

13 I No one has greater Love than this, that one should lay down his life in behalf of his PRIENDS.

14 # Pou are my Friends if you do what things E command you.

15 No more I call you Servants: Because the SER-VANT knows not what His MASTER does; but I have called You Friends, Because all things which I heard from my FATHER I made kaown to you.

16 Pou did not choose Me, but I chose you, and

did shoose,

chose

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. the FADREB'S.

<sup>11.</sup> be in you.

<sup>+ 7.</sup> Griesbach favors the reading, aiteesasthe instead of aiteessethe; which is adopted by Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Phil. i. 11; iv. 13. † 7. ver. 16; John xiv. 13, 14; xvi. 23. † 8. Matt. v. 16; Phil. i. 11. † 10. John xiv. 15, 21, 23. † 11. John xvi. 24; xvii. 13; 1 John i. 4; 12. John xiii. 34; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 Pet. iv. 8; 1 John iii. 11; iv. 21. † 13. John x. 11, 15a kam. v. 7, 8; Eph. v. 2; 1 John iii. 16. † 14. John xiv. 16, 23; Matt. xii. 20.

ύμας, και εθηκα ύμας, ίνα ύμεις ύπαγητε και you, and appointed you, that you might go and καρπον φερητε, και δ καρπος ύμων μενη. ίνα fruit might hear, and the fruit of you might abide; so that δ, τι αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ονοματι you may ask whatever the father in the name δω ύμιν. of me, he may give to you.

<sup>17</sup> Ταυτα εντελλομαι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε These things Leommand you, that you may love 18 Ει δ κοπμος ύμας μισει, γενωσαλληλους. you If the world 19 E 1 each other. hates, κετε, ότι εμε πρωταν ύμων μεμισηκεν. before me you it has hated. 16 εκ του κοσμου ητέ, δ κοσμος αν το ιδιον εφιworld you were, the world would the own kiss, λει· ότι δε εκ του κοσμου ουκ εστε, αλλ' because but of the world not you are, but εξελεξαμην ύμας εκ του κοσμου, δια τουτο you out of the world, on secount of this <sup>20</sup> Μυημονευετε μισει ύμας δ KOTHOS. you the world. Remember you εγω ειπον ύμιν Ουκ εστι δο λογου, ού word, of which I said to you; Not .6 Bruse Ει εμε εδιωξαν, και μειζων του κυριου αύτου. methcypersecuted, also greater of the lord of himself. 1fύμας διωξουσιν ει τον λογον μου ετηρησων, you they will persecute; if the word of me they kept, <sup>21</sup> Αλλα **τ**αυτα και τον ύμετερον τηρησουσιν. also the yours they will keep. But these things παντα ποιησουσιν ύμιν δια το ονομα μου, they will do to you on account of the name of me, <sup>22</sup>Ει μη δτι ουκ οιδασι τον πεμψαντα με. sending Ιſ because not they know him me. not ηλθον και ελαλησα αυτοις, άμαρτιαν ουκ ειχον. I had came and spoken to them, sin not they had; νυν δε προφασιν ουκ εχουσι περι της άμαρτιας an excuse not they have about the now but <sup>23</sup> Ο εμε μισων, και τον πατερα μου αυτων. father of me of them. He me hating, also the  $^{24}$  Ει τα εργα, μη εποιησα εν αυτοις, α μισει. If the works, not I had done among them, which ουδεις αλλος πεποιηκεν, αμαρτιών ουκ ειχον. has done, not they had; other Bin νυν δε και έωρακασι, και μεμισηκασι και εμε now but even they have seen, and have hated both me  $^{25}$  All', iva  $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\omega\theta\eta$   $\delta$ και τον πατερα μου. father of me. But, that may be fulfilled the and thet λογος δ γεγραμμενος εν τφ νομφαυτων· '''Οτι word the having been written in the law of them; " That εμισησαν με δωρεαν." they hated me without cause."

<sup>26</sup> Όταν δε ελθη ό παρακλητος, δν εγω When butmay come the helper, whom 1

πεμψω ὑμιν παρα του πατρος, (το πνευμα της
will send to you from the father, (the spirit of the

appointed you, that nou may go and bear Fruit, and that your fiver in may abide; so that whatever \* you ask of the Father in my NAME, he may give you.

17 These things I command you, so that you may

love each other.

18 ‡ If the WORLD hate You, you know That it has hated Me before you.

19 ‡ If you were of the WORLD, the WORLD would love its own; but Because you are not of the WORLD, but I chose you out of the WORLD, on this account the WORLD hates you.

20 Remember the Word which I said to you, 1'A Servant is not greater than his Master.' If they persecuted Me, they will also persecute You; if they observed my word they will also observe Yours.

21 But t all These things they will do to you, on account of my NAME, Because they know not him who sent me.

22 If I had not come and spoken to them, they would not have had Sin; but now they have no Excuse for their sin.

23 lle who hates Me, hates my father also.

24 If I had not done among them the works which no other one had done, they would not have had Sin; but now they have even seen them, and yet have hated both me and my father.

25 Thus they verify THAT WORD which was WRITTEN in their LAW, ‡ They hated 'me without cause.'

εγω 26 ‡ But when the HELPER comes, whom ± will send to you from the FATHER, the SPIRIT of

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. you ask.

<sup>† 13.</sup> I John ili. 1, 13. † 10. John iv. 5; xvii. 14. † 20. Matt. x. 24; Luke vi. 49; John xii. 16. † 21. Matt. x. 22; xxiv. 9; John xvi. 3. † 24. John ili. 2; vii. 31; \text{\lambda} \te

αληθειας, δ παρα του πατρος εκπορευετα.,) shall come out,) which from the father <sup>27</sup> Και ύμεις δε εκεινος μαρτυρησει περι εμου. Also you and will testify concerning me. μαρτυρειτε, ότι απ' αρχης μετ' εμου εστε. because from a beginning with me yon are. shall testify, 1 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα μη These things I have spoken to you, that not КЕФ. is'. 16. <sup>2</sup> Αποσυναγωγους ποιησουσιν  $\sigma$ κανδαλι $\sigma$ θητ $\epsilon$ . you may be ensuared. From synagogues they will put ύμας· αλλ' ερχεται ώρα, ίνα πας δ αποκτεινας but comes an hour, that every one the  $e \in \omega$ . ύμας, δοξη λατρειαν προσφερειν  $\tau\omega$ you, may think a scrvice to offer to the <sup>3</sup> Και ταυτα ποιησουσιν, δτι ουκ εγνωσαν τον And these things they will do, because not theyknow 4 Αλλα ταυτα λελαληκα πατερα, ουδε εμε. But these things I have spoken nor me. μνημονευητε δταν  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta \dot{\eta}$ ώρα, ύμιν. ίνα to you, that when may come the hour, you may remember Ταυτα δε ύμιν εξ αυτων, ότι εγω ειπον ύμιν. said to you. These things but to you from ουκ ειπον, ότι μεθ' ύμων ημην. 5 Nuv aoyns a beginning not I said, because with you iwas. δε ύπαγω προς τον πεμψαντα με, και ουδεις εξ him having sent me, and no one οf to ύπαγεις ; <sup>6</sup> Αλλ' δτι ερωτα.  $\Pi o v$ ύμων ne. because Where goest thou? But asks me; vou ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ή λυπη πεπληρωκεν has filled hese things I have spoken tayon, the sorrow 7 Αλλ' εγω την αληθειαν έμων την καρδιαν. But the λεγω ύμιν· συμφερει ύμιν, ίνα εγω απελθω. say toyou; it is better for you, that I should go away. Εαν γαρ μη απελθω, δ παρακλητος ουκ ελευ-If for not I should go away, the belper not σεται προς ύμας· εαν δε πορευθω, πεμψω αυτον if but ίgο, I will send you; to 8 Και ελθων εκεινος ελεγξει τον προς ύμας. will convict th. And having come he κοσμον περι άμαρτιας, και περι δικαιοσυνης, and concerning righteousness, sin, world concerning

<sup>9</sup> Περι άμαρτιας μεν, και περι κρισεως. Concerning sin indeed, because and concerning judgment. ου πιστευουσιν εις εμε· 10 περι δικαιοσυνης δε, they believe into me; concerning righteousness ότι προς τον πατερα μου ύπαγω, και ουκετι father of me I go away, and no more because to the θεωρειτε με 11 περι δε κρισεως, ότι δ αρχων you behold mo; concerning and judgment, because the ruling

TRUTH which comes forth from the father, he will testify of me.

27 And ‡ gou also will testify, Because you are with me from the Beginning.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 These things I have spoken to you, that you may not be ensnared.

2 They will expelyou from the synagogues; but an Hour is coming, when EVERY ONE Who KILLS you will think to offer Service to God.

3 And these things they will do Because they know not the FATHER, nor me.

4 But These things I have spoken to you, so that when \*their HOUR comes you may remember them, That I told you. And these things I said not to you from the Beginning, Bccause I was with you.

5 And now ‡1 am going away to HIM who SENT mc; and no one of you asks me, 'Where art thou going?'

6 But Because I have said These things to you, sorrow has filled Your HEART.

7 But # tell you the TRUTH; It is better for you That I should go away; for if I go not away; I the HELPER will not come to you; but if I go I will send him to you.

8 And having come, he will convict the WORLD concerning Sin, and concerning Righteousness, and concerning Judgment;

9 concerning Sin, indeed, Because they believe not into me;

10 but concerning Righteousness, Because I am going to my FATHER, and you behold me no more;

11 and concerning Judg.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. their HOUR.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 2, 21, 22; ii. 32; iii. 15; iv. 20, 33; v. 32; x. 39; xiii. 31; 1 Pev. 1; 2 Pet. i. 16. † 2. John ix. 22, 34; xii. 42; viii. 1; ix. 1; xxvi. 9—11. † 3. John xv. 21; Rom. x. 2; 1 Cor. ii. 8; 1 Tim. i. 13. † 5. ver. 10, 16; John vii. 33; xiii. 8; xiv. 28 17. John vii. 39; xiv. 16, 26; xv. 20.

του κοσμου του του κεκριται.  $^{12}$  Ετι πολλα εχω with a world this has been judged. Yet many things I have  $\lambda$  εγειν ύμιν, αλλ' ου δυνασθε βασταζείν αρτι.  $^{12}$  το say to you but not you are able to bear now.

13 Όταν δε ελθη εκείνος, το πνευμα της
When but may come he, the spirit of the
αληθείας, όδηγησει ύμας εις πασαν την αληtruth, he will lead you into all the truth.

truth. θειαν. Ου γαρ λελησει αφ' έαυτου, αλλ' όσα αν Not for he will speakfrom himself, but whatever ακουση, λαλησει, και τα ερχομενα αναγγελει he may hear, he will speak, and thethings coming hewilldeclare - 14 Εκεινος εμε δαξασει, ότι εκ του εμου me will glorify, because out of the ile ληψεται, και αναγγελει ύμιν. 15 Παντα όσα will declare t. you. All things what he will take, and εχει δ πατηρ, εμα εστι. Δια τουτο ειπον, ότι has the father, mine is. On account of this I said, that εκ του εμου λαμ, ανει, και αναγγελει ύμιν. and tut of the rine hetakes, to you. declares 16 Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε με• και παλιν μικρον, A little while, and not you se, me; and again alittle while, και οψεσθε με, \*[ότι ύπαγω προς τον πατερα.]
and you shall see rue, [because lamgoing to the father.]

Ειπον ουν εκ των μαθητων αυτου  $\pi$ ρος then of the disciples ofhim αλληλους. Τι εστι τουτο δ λεγει ήμιν. Μικρον, each other; What is this which he says to us; A little while, και παλιν μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε με. and again a little while, and and not you see me; οψεσθε με και Ότι εγω ύπαγω προς τον you shall seeme; and; Because am going πατερα: 18 Ελεγον ουν Τουτο τι εστιν They said therefore; This what is which Cather? λεγει, το μικρον; Ουκ οιδαμεν \*[τι λαλει.] hesays, thelittle waile? Not we know [what he says.]

<sup>19</sup> Εγνω δ Ιησους, ότι ηθελου αυτον ερωταν, Knew the Jesus, that they wished him to ask,

μετ' Περι τουτου ζητειτε VAL ELTEP AUTOLS. said to them; Concerning this inquire you with αλληλων, ότι ειπον. Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε each other, because I said; A little while, and not you see  $^{20}$  A $\mu\eta\nu$ με και παλιν μικρον, και οψεσθε με; rue; and again alittle while, and you shall see me? Indeed αμην λεγω ύμιν, δτι κλαυσετε και θρηνησετε indeed I say to you, that will weep and willlament ύμεις, δ δε κοσμος χαρητεται ύμεις \*[δε] the but world will rejoi ...; [and] you λυπηθησεσθε, αλλ' ή λυπη ύμων εις  $\chi \alpha_{\nu} \alpha \nu$ but the zorrow of you into will be sorrowful, joy <sup>21</sup> Ή γυνη όταν τικτη, λυπην εχει, γενησεται.

The woman when she may hear, sorrow

ment, Because tthe RULER of this world has been judged.

12 I have yet Many things to tell you, thut you cannot bear them now.

13 But when he may come, the spirit of truth, he will lead you into all the truth; for he will not speak from himself; he will speak whatever he may hear; and declare to you the COMING THINGS.

14 De will glorify Me; Because he will take of MINE, and declare to you.

15 ‡ All things that the FATHER has are mine; on account of this I said, That out of MINE he takes, and will declare to you.

16 ‡ A little while, and you see me \* no more, and again a little while, and you

will see me."

17 Then some of his disciples said to each other, "What is this he is saying to us, 'A little while, and you will see me not; and again a little while, and you will see me;' and, 'Because I am going to the father?"

18 They said, therefore, "What is this that he is saying, 'A \* little while?"

We know not."

19 \*Jesus knew That they wished to ask Ilim, and said to then, "Do you inquire one with another concerning this, Recause I said, 'A little while, and you see me not, and again a little while, and you will see me?'

20 Indeed, I assure you, That nou will weep and kment, but the WORLD will rejoice; nou will be sorrewful, but your sorrow shall become Joy.

χει, 21 ‡ The woman when she is in labor has Sorrow,

shall become.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—13. all the TRUTH. going to the FATHER—omit. 18. little while. 20. and—omit.

<sup>16.</sup> no more. 16. Because I am 18. what he says—omit. 19. Jesus.

<sup>† 11.</sup> See Note on chap. xiv. 30.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Mark iv. 33; 1 Cor. iii, 2; Heb. v. 12. † 13. John xiv. 17, 26; xv. 26; 1 John ii. 20, 27. † 15. Matt. xi. 27; John iii. 35; xiii. 3; xvii. 10. † 16. ver. 10; John vii. 33; xiii. 33; xiv. 19. † 21. 1sa. xxvi. 17.

έτι ηλθενή ώρα αυτης όταν δε  $\gamma$ εννηση  $\beta$  because has comethe hour of her; when but she may have borne το παιδιον, ουκετι μνημονευει της θλιψεως, shere nembers of the distress. 11e no more δια την χαραν, δτι εγεννηθη ανθρωπος εις on account of the joy, that was born a man into τον κοσμον. Σ Και ύμεις ουν λυπην μεν νυν And you therefore sorrow indeed now world. εχετε· παλιν δε οψομαι ύμας, και χαρησεται have; again but I will see you, and will be rejoiced ύμων ή καρδια, και την χαραν ύμων ουδεις of you the heart, and the joy of you no one αιρει αφ' ύμων. <sup>23</sup> και εν εκεινή τη ήμερα εμε takes from you; and in that the d∧y mo ουκ ερωτησετε ουδεν Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, not you willask nothing; Indeed indeed I say to you, to you, ότι ότα αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ενοματι that whatever you may ask the father in the that whatever you may see that whatever you may be 24 Ews apri ouk ητησατε of the he will give to you. Till now not you asked ουδεν εν τφ ονοματι μου αιτειτε, και ληψεσθε, nothing in the name of me; ask you, and you shall receive, iva  $\eta \propto \alpha \rho \alpha$  be  $\mu \omega \nu = \eta = \pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$ . so that the joy of you may be completed

<sup>25</sup> Ταυτα εν παροιμιαις λελαληκα ύμιν. These things in figures I have spoken to you; ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουκετι εν παροιμιαις λαλησω comes an hour, when no more in figures I will speak ύμιν, αλλα παρβησια περι του πατρος ανανplainly concerning the father to you, but ΣΕν εκεινη τη ήμερα εν τω ονο-In that the day in the name  $\gamma \in \lambda \omega \ \dot{\nu} \mu \iota \nu$ . tell you. ματι μου αιτησεσθε· και ου λεγω ύμιν, ότι εγω of me you will ask; and not I say to you, that ερωτησω τον παιερα περι ύμων· 27 αυτος γαρ silleutreat the father concerning you; himself δ πατηρ φιλει ύμας, δτι ύμεις εμε πεφιληκατε, the father loves you, because you me have loved, και πεπιστευκατε, δτι εγω παρα του θεου from and have believed, that the God 28 Εξηλθον παρα του πατρος,  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$ . και from father, I came out the came out. εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον. παλιν αφιημι τον I leave the have come into the world; again κοσμον, και πορευομαι προς τον πατερα. the father.

world, and am going to  $^{20}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma$ on  $\sigma$ the  $^*$  [auta] of  $\mu$ abytai auton. Ide, Say [to him] the disciples of him, Lo, νυν παρδησια λαλεις, και παροιμιαν ουδεμιαν now plainly thou speakest, and a figure netone λεγεις. <sup>30</sup> Νυν οιδαιιεν, ότι οιδας παντα, και thousayest. Now we know, that thou knowest all things, and thou sayest. ου χρειαν εχεις, ίνα τις σε έρωτα εν τουτω has, that any onethee should ask; in this need <sup>31</sup> Απεκπιστεψομεν, ότι απο θεου εξηλθες. we believe, that from God thou didst come out.

Because her TIME has come; but when she has borne the CHILD, she remembers the DISTRESS NO more, on account of the JOY That a Man was born into WORLD.

22 And nou, therefore, now indeed have Sorrow; but I will see you again, and ‡ Your HEART shall rejoice; and your Joy no one takes from you.

23 And in That DAY you will ask Menothing. Indeed, I assure you, Whatever you may ask the Pathernin my NAME, he will give you.

24 Till now you asked nothing in my NAME; ask, and you shall receive, so that your joy may be

completed.

25 These things I have spoken to you in Figures; an Hour is coming, when I will no more speakto you in Figures, but I will tell ou plainly about the FATHER.

26 In That DAY you will ask in my NAME, and I do not say to you, That E will entreat the FATHER for you;

27 t for the PATHER himself loves you, Because you have loved me, and thave believed that E came out from \*GOD.

28 ‡I cameout from the rather, and have come into the WORLD; again I leave the WORLD, and am going to my FATHER."

29 His DISCIPLES said to him, "Behold, now thou art speaking plainly, and without a Figure.

30 Now we know That thou knowest all things, and hast no need that any one should ask Thee; by this we believe That thou

didst come out from God."
31 \* Jesus answered.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-27. the FATHER. 29. to him-omit. 31. Jesus.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Luke xxiv. 41, 52; John xx. 20. † 23. Matt. vii. 7; John xiv. 13; xv. 16. † 24. John xii. 1. † 27. John xiv. 21, 23. † 27. ver. 80; John iii. 13; xvii. 8. † 28. John xiii. 3.

pith autois & Indous. Apri audrevete. 32 thou, ερχεται ώρα, και νυν εληλυθεν, ίνα σκορπισθητε comes washour, and now is come, that you will be scattered έκαστος εις τα ιδια, και εμε μονον αφητε και everyone to the own, and one alone posternsy know; and ουκ ειμι μονος, ότι ό πατηρ μετ' εμου εστι. not Ism alone, because the father with sne <sup>23</sup>Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα εν εμοι ειρηνην Thesethings I have spoken to you, that in the peace εχητε. Εν τω κοσμω θλιψινεχετε αλλα θαρyou may have. In the world affliction you have, but be you of σειτε, εγω νενικηκα τον κοσμον. bod courage, I dissessercome the

# KED. 4. 17.

<sup>1</sup>Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και επηρε τυνς These things spoke the Jesus, and lifted up the οφθαλμους αυτίυ εις τον ουρανον, και είπε. the Lienvez, and end. of him t.c. Πατερ, εληλυθεν ή ώρα δοξαπον σου τον υίον, of father, is come the hour; glarify of thee the ένα \*[και] δ υίος σου δοξασθη σε· 2 καθως εδω-[also] the son of thee may glorify thee; κας αυτιρ εξουπιαν πασης σαρκης, ίνα παν & gavent to him authority over all Sesh, so that all which 3-bakas auto, boing autois come autoies show have given to him, the may give to them due agrillating. age-lasting. Αυτη δε εστιν ή αιωνιος ζωη, ένα γενωσκωσι This and is thereolasting life, that they might know σε τον μονον αληθινον θεον, και όν απεστειλας God, and whom thou had sent ! the the only true 4 Εγω σε εδοξασα επι της Εησουν Χριστον. f ther Christ. glarified the mys TO Epyor Erekeiwia, & beowras uoi, Fa work I finished, which thou bast given me, that ποιησω. 5 Και νυν δοξασον με, συ πατερ, παρε. And row glarify me, thou Ofather, with σεαντώ, τη θοξη, η ειχον, προ του τον thysal, with the glory, which I had, before of the the ψοσμεν ειναι, παρα σοι. <sup>6</sup> Εφανερωσα σου τ. to be, with thee. Lumnifested ονομα τοις ανθρωπωις, ούς δεδωκας μοι εκ του cnes, whom thou hast gives to me out of the κοσμου σοι ήσαν, και εμοι αυτους δεδωκας world; thine they were, and to me them they hast give; Nur eyrwκαι τον λογον σου τετηρηκασι. and the word of thee they have kept. Now καν, ότι παντα όσα δεδωκας μοι, παρα σου know, that silthings whatever thou hast given me, from thee

them, "Do you now be-

32 Behold, an Heur is coming, and is come, that you will be scattered every one to his own home, and will leave Me alone; and yet I am not alone, Because the father is with

33 These things I have spoken to you, that in me you may have Peace. I'm the world you have Arliction; but be of good courage; I have conquered the world."

# CHAPTER XVII.

I JESUS spoke these things, and lifted up h s syes to Heaven, and said, "Yather, the mous is come; glerify Thy son, that "the son may glerify thee;

2 tas thou didst give him Authority over All Flesh, so that every thing which thou hast given to him, he may give to them, even nomina Life.

3 And this is the AT MIAN Life, that they mr a know thee, the ONLY TRUE God, and him whose thou didst send, Jesus Christ.

- 4 If glorified thee on the EARTH, 1 \* having finished the work which thou hast giver me, that I might do it.
- 5 And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thyself, with the GLORY which I had with thee before the WORLD WAS.
- 6 I manifested Thy NAME to the MEN whom thou hast given me out of the WORLD; thine they were, and thou hast given them to me; and they have kept thy WORD.

7 Now they know The all things whatever thou gavest me are from then.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRYPT.-1. the SON.

<sup>1.</sup> also-omit.

<sup>4.</sup> having finished.

<sup>† 33.</sup> John xv. 40—21; 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 33. Rom. viii. 37; 1 John iv. 4; v. 4 † 2. Matt. ki. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 25; v. 27; 1 Cox. xv. 25; 27; 1 Dili. ii. 10. † 4. John te. 34; v. 36; ix. 3; xix. 50. † 4. John

εστιν<sup>. 8</sup> **ότι τα ρηματα ά δ**εδωκας μοι, δεδωκα because the words which thou hast given me, I have given αυτεις και αυτοι ελαβον, και εγνωσαν αληθως, to them; and they received, and knew truly, ότι παρα σου εξηλθον, και επιστευσαν, ότι συ that fr m thee 1 came out, and that thou pspead 9 Εγω περι αυτων ερωτω· ου HE ATECTEINAS. didst send. I concerning them ask, pot του κοσμου ερωτω, αλλα περι  $\omega \nu$ but concerningwhom con terming the world I ask, δεδωκας μοι, ότι σοι εισι. 10 και τα εμα παντα thou hast given me, because thinc they are; and the mine σπ εστι, και τα σα εμε, και δεδοξασμαι εν and the thine mine, and I have been glarified in 11 Και ουκετι ειμι εν τφ κιτιω, και avrois. And no more I am in the them. world, ουτοι εν τφ κοσμφ εισι, και εγω προς σε ερχο-these in the world are, and I to thee an Πατερ αγιε, τηρησον αυτους εν τφ ονοcoming. Ofather hely, keep them. in the name ω, δεδωκας μοι ίνα ωσιν έν, of thee, by which the bast given to me; that they may be one 12 'Οτε ημην μετ' αυτων \* Γν το καθως ήμεις. When I was with them we. κοσμώ,] εγω ετηρούν αυτούς εν τώ ονοματι keut them in the pame σου ούς δεδωκας μοι εφυλαξα, και συθεις εξ of thee whom thou hast given tome I guarded, 8:4 Mo une of αυτων απωλετο, ει μη δ vios της απωλείας, ένα them was destroyed, if not the son of the destructions that 13 Νυν δε προς σε ερχεμαι, η γραφη πληρωθη. Now and to thes lam coming, the writing may be fulfilled. και ταυτα λαλω εν τφ κοσμφ, ίνα εχωσι την and these things I say in the world, that they may have the χαραν την εμην πεπληρωμενην EY QUTOIS.

raino ultilled joy the 14 Ενω δεδωκα αυτοις των λογον σου και δ have given to them she word of thes; and the κοσμος εμισησεν αυτους, δτι ουκ εισιν εκ του

kated them, because not they are of the κοσμου, καθως εγω ουκ ειμι εκ του κοσμου. E.O. a sec of

<sup>5</sup> Ουκ ερωτω, ίνα capns AUTOUS EN TOU KOMlask, that thou would stake them out of the world,

μου, αλλ' ίνα τηρησης αυτους εκ του πονηρου. that thou wouldst keep them from the evil one.

26 Εκ του κοσμου ουκ εισι, καθως εγω εκ του í e f tho Of the world not they are, as 17 Aylagor autous EV 77 коснов овк ещи.

world Sanctify them BOL 2.89.

8 Because I have given to them the words which thou hast given to me; and then received and knew truly that I came out from thee, and believed That thou didst send Me.

9 # entreat for them; not for the world I entreat, but for those whom thou hast given me; Be-

cause they are thine.
10 And all MINE are
thine, and ITHINE are mine; and I have been glo-

rified in them.

11 And I am no more in the world, but then are in the WORLD, and E am coming to thee. Holy Father, keep them in thy NAME, by which thou hast given them me, that they may be one, as the \*alse

19 When I was with them, I kept them in thy \* NAME, by which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them, and no one of them was destroyed, except the I son of DE-STRUCTION; I that the SCRIPTURE might be veri-

13 But now I am coming to thee; and These things I speak in the WORLD, that they may have MY JOY completed in them.

14 ft have given thy word to them, ; and the world hated them; Because they are not of the WORLD, as I am not of the WORLD.

15 I entreat not that thou wouldst take them out of the WORLD, but that thou wouldst keep them from Evil.

16 They are not of the World, as I am not of the WORLD.

17 # Sanctify them in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-11. also. 12. in the WORLD-Jmit. which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them.

<sup>12.</sup> MANE, by

<sup>1 12.</sup> John vi. 71; xiii. 19 t 8. John viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 10. 12. Psa. cix. 8; Acts i. 20.

**EA** $\eta\theta\epsilon$ ia σου·  $\delta$  λογυς  $\delta$  σος αλ $\eta\theta\epsilon$ ia  $\epsilon$ στι. |\*Truth : 1 thy word is truth of thee; the word the thine is.

🥦 Καθως εμε απεστειλας εις τον κοσμον, καγω me thou didst send into the world, also I

<sup>19</sup> Και δπερ απεστειλα αυτους εις τον κοσμον. And in behalf them into the Forld. αυτων εγω αγιαζω έμαυτον, ίνα και αυτοι ωσιν

myself, so that also they sauctify may be 20 Ου περι τουτωνδε ήγιασμενοι εν αληθεια. Not concerning these and sanctified in truth.

ερωτω μονον, αλλα και περι των πιστευοντων but also concerning those believing <sup>21</sup> Ίνα παντες του λογου αυτων εις εμε.

of them into rie. That through the word έν ώσι· καθως συ, πατερ, εν εμοι, κάγω εν σοι, one maybe; as thou, father, in me, and I in thee, ίνα και αυτοι εν ήμιν \*[έν] ώσιν ίνα δ κοσthey in 2.6 [one] may be, that the world μος πιστευση, ότι συ με απεστειλας. <sup>22</sup> Kaı may believe, that thou me And

εγω την δοξαν ην δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα αυτοις. the glory which thou hast given to me, have given to them; ίνα ώσιν έν, καθως ήμεις έν εσμεν· 23 (εγω εν

that they may be one, 48 we one are: αυτοις, και συ εν εμοι.) ίνα ώσι τετελειωμεand thou in me;) that they may be νοι εις έν, \*[και] ίνα γινωσκη ό κοσμες, ότι συ into one, [and] that may know the world, that thou

με απεστειλας, και ηγαπησας αυτους, καθως and thou didst love didst send, them,

 $^{24}$  Πατερ, ούς δεδωκας μοι,  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \alpha s.$ O father, whom thou hast given to me, thou didst love.

θελω, ίνα δπου ειμι εγω, κακεινοι ώσι μετ' that where also they may be with I wish, ain ina  $\theta \in \omega \rho \omega \sigma \iota$  the  $\delta \xi \alpha \nu$  the mive, which εμου•

μοι, δτι ηγαπησας με προ καταβολης thou didst give to me, because theu didst love me before a laying down

<sup>25</sup> Πατερ δικαιε, και δ κοσμος σε ουκ κοσμου. Ofather righteous, and the world thee not of a world.

εγνω, εγω δε σε εγνων, και ούτοι εγνωσαν ότι but thee knew, and these incw; knew that <sup>26</sup> Και εγνωρισα αυτοις το συ με απεστειλας.

didst send. And I made known to them thou me

ονομα σου, και γνωρισω· ίνα ή αγαπη name of thee, and will make known; that the love w ην which

ηγαπησας με, εν αυτοις 'η, καγω εν αυτοις. thou didst love me, in them may he, and I in them.

the TRUTH.

18 1 As thou didst send Me into the world, so # sent them into the WORLD:

19 tand in their behalf A sanctify myself, so that then also may be sanctified in Truth.

20 Nor do I entreat for these only, but also for THOSE BELIEVING into me through their word;

21 tso that all may be one; as t thou, Father, art in me, and I in thee, that then also may be in us; so that the WORLD may believe That thou didst send

22 And the GLORY which thou hast given me, E have given them; I that they may be one, as a c are one.

23 E in them, and thou in me, that they may be perfected into one; so that the world may know That thou didst send me, and didst love them, as thou didst love me.

24 1 Father, those whom thou hast given me, I wish that where I am, then also may be with me; so that they may behold my GLORY, which thou didst give me, because thou didst love me before the Formation of the World.

25 O rightcous Father, the world did not know Thee, but I knew Thee, and these knew That thee didst send Me.

26 And I made known, and will make known to them thy NAME; so that the LOVE with which thou didst love me may be in them, and I in them.

<sup>&</sup>quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. Truth; THY WORD is the TRUTH.

<sup>21.</sup> one-omit.

<sup>† 17. 2</sup> Sam. vii. 28; Psa. cxix. 142, 151; Jehn viii. 40. † 18. Jehn xx. 21. † 10. 1 Cor. i. 30; Heb. x. 10. † 21. ver. 11, 22, 23; John x. 10; Rom. xii. 5; Gal. iii. 28. † 21. John xi. 3; ii. 24. † 24. John xis. 20; xiv. 3; l Thess. iv. 17.

КЕФ. іл/. 18.

<sup>1</sup>Ταυτα εικων ό Ιησους εξηλθε συν TOIS These things saying the Jesus mentous with the μαθηταις αύτου περαν τον χειμαρ<u></u>ρου  $\tau o v$ disciples of himself beyond the brook ofthe Κεδρων, όπου ην μηπος, εις όν εισηλθεν αυτος Kedeon, where was a garden, into which entered himself και οἱ μαθηται αυτου. <sup>2</sup>Ηδει δε και Ιουδας, δ disciples of him. Enew and also and the Judas, παραδιδους αυτου, τον τοπον· ότι πολλακις delivering up Ains, the place; Because often συνηχθη δ μαθητων Ιηπους ενει μετα των the met Jesus there with the disciples 3 Ο ουν Ιουδας λαβων την σπε:ραν, αύτου. of muself. The then J 2.198 having taken the band, και εκ των αρχιερεων και Φαρισαιων δπηρετας, and from the high-priests and Pharteers otheers ερχεται εκει μετα φανων και λαμπαδων και there with torches and lampe 4 Ιησους ουν ειδως παντα τα **ቆ**ፕኢ*ων*. ερχοwenpons. Jesus therefore knowing all the things comμενα επ' αυτον, εξελθων ειπεν αυτοις· Τινα (η-ing on hun, going out said to them; Whom seek 5 Απεκριθησαν αυτώ. Ιησούν τον Να-TELTE: They answered bim; Jesus the No. you; Copaiov. Λεγει αυτοις & Ιπσους.  $E\gamma\omega$ eimi. zarene. Says to them the Jeses; am. ( Είστηκει δε και Ιουδας, δ παραδιδους αυτον, Was standing and also Judas, the delivering up bim, 6'Ως ουν ειπεν αυτοις 16e**T** αυτων.) 071 พกเห them.) When therefore he said That to them; εγω ειμιο απηλθον εις το οπισω, και επεσον am; they went into the beam.

7 Παλιν ουν αυτους επηρωτησε:
he asked; fell Tiva ... the ground. Again then Whom (γιείτε; Οίδε είπον Ιησουν τον Ναζωραίον. <sup>6</sup> Απεκριθη Ιησους· Ειπον ύμιν, ότι εγω ειμι· Auswered Jenus; I said to you, that am; ει ουν εμε ζητειτε, αφετε τουτοις ύπαγειν. if therefore me suffer you seek, these to go. <sup>9</sup>Ίνα πληρωθη διλογος, δυ ειπευς "Ότι ούς So that might be fulfilled the word, which he said; 4 That whom μοι, ουκ απολεσα εξ αυτων ουδενα." δεδωκας thou hast given to me, not llost no one." them 14 Σιμων ουν Πετρος εχων μαχαιραν, είλκυσεν then a sworth Peter having drew ωντην, και επιασε τον του αρχιερεως δουλον,

and struck the of the high-priest slave, και απεκοψεν αυτου το ωτιον το δεξιον. Hyde cut off of him the ear the right Washow

11 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιηονομα τφ δουλφ Μαλχος. a name to the slave Malchus. Said therefore the Je-

\* Vatican Manuscript.—1. Jesus. 5. He says to them, "I am Jesus." 2. Jesus. CHAPTER XVIII.

1 \* Jesus, saying These things, twent out with his DISCIPLES beyond the BROOM KEDRON, where was fa Garden, into whick he entered, and his Disci-PLES.

2 NOW THAT JUDAS also, who delivered him up, knew the PLACE; Because \* Jesus often met there with his Disciples.

3 1 Then Judas, having obtained the BAND and Officers from the MIGH-PRIESTS and \* PHARISEES, comes there with Torches, and Lamps, and Weapons. 4 Jesus, herefore, knowing All THINGS that were coming upon him, going ont, \* says to them, "Whom do you seek?"

5 They answered him, "Jesus the NAZARENE." \* He says to them, # am Jesus." And That Judas also, who delivered him up, was standing with them.

6 When therefore, he said to them, " X am he," they went back, and fell on the Ground.

7 Then he asked them again, "Whom do you seek?" And THEY said, "Jesus, the NAZAREEE."

8 Jesus answered, "I told you That I am he; if, therefore, you seek Me, permit these to go."

9 That the word might be fulfilled which he said. t"Of those whom thou hast given me, I lost no

10 I Then Simon Peter having a Sword, drew it, and struck the SERVANT of the migh-priest, and cut off his right \*EAR-TIP. Now the SERVANT'S Name was Malchus. 11 Jesus. therefore.

3. PHARISEES.

<sup>10.</sup> BAR-TIP. † 1. The name of a small rivulet, and of a valley towards the east of Jerusalem; probably derived from an Hebrew root signifying to be darkened, the valley being shaded with

<sup>† 1.</sup> Gethsemane. Matt. xxvi. 36; Mark xiv. 32; Luke xxii. 39. Luke xxii. 47; Acts i. 16. 47; Luke xxii. 49, 50. 1 9. John xvii. 12.

<sup>2 3.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 47; Mark xiv. 43; 1 10. Matt. xxvi. 51; Mark xiv.

σους τω Πετρω: Βαλε την μαχαιραν ε.ς την και to the Peter; Put up the award into the  $\theta$ ηκην: το ποτηριον  $\delta$  δεδωκε μοι  $\delta$  πατηρ, ου sheath; the cup which has given to me the father, not μη πιω αυτο; not should I drukit?

12 H ουν σπειρα και οἱ χιλιαρχος και οἱ ὑτηThe then band and the commander and the offρεται των Ιουδαιων συνελαβον τον Ιησουν, και apprehended the Jesus. and cers of the Jews εδησαν αυτον, <sup>13</sup> και απηγαγον αυτον  $\pi \rho o s$ and led him to him, Αυναν πρωτον ην γαρ πενθερος του Καιαφα, Annas first; he was for father-in-law of the Chiaphas, ός ην αρχιερευς του ενιαυτου εκεινου. Was high-priest of the year that. δε Καιαφας ό συμβουλευσας τοις Ιουδαιοις, ότι now Caiaphas he having advised the Jews, that συμφερει ένα ανθρωπον απολεσθαι ύπερ του it is better one to be destroyed in behalf of the man 15 Ηκολουθει δε τω Ιησου Σιμων Πετρος, Pollowed and the Jesus Simon people. 'Ο δε μαθητης εκεινος και δ ολλος μαθητης. The and and the other disciple. disciple ην γνωστος τω αρχιερει, και συνεισηλθε τω to the high-priest, withthe and went in 16 °O δε Ιησου εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως. Jesus into the palace of the The but high-priest. Πετρος είστηκει προς τη θυρη εξω.  $\mathbf{E} \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ at the door without. Went out Peter stood δ μαθητης δ αλλυς, δς ην γνωστος τφ therefore the disciple the other, who was known to the αρχιερει, και ειπε τη θυρωρφ, και εισηγαγε τον high-priest, and spoketothedoor-keeper, and brought in the 17 Λεγει ουν ή παιδισκη ή θυρωρος Says then the female-ervant the door-keeper Πετρον. τφ. Πετρφ: Μη και συ εκ των μυθητων ει του Not sho thou of the disciples art the to the Peter; ανθρωπου τουτου; Λεγει εκεινος Ουκ ειμι. this? Suys Not he; I am. 18 Είστηκεισαν δε οί δουλοι και οί ύπηρεται ανand the slaver and the efficers θρακίον πεποιηκότες, δτι ψυχός ην, και εθερεσώ thre having made, because cold it was, and warmed μαινοντο ην δε μετ' αυτων δ Πετρος έστως themselves; was and with them the Peter standing 19 'Ο ουν αρχιερευς ηρωκαι  $\theta \in \rho$ μαινομένος. warming himself. The therefore high-priest asked

τησε τον Ιησουν περι των μαθητων αυτου,

of him.

publicly

Jesus concerning "the

teaching

και περι της διδαχης αυτου.

the

αυτω ό Ιησους.

and concerning the

him the

said to Peter, "Put the sword into the scarpard; the cup which the father has given me, shall I not drink it?"

12 Then the BAND, and the COMMANDER, and the OFFICERS of the JEWS apprehended JESUS, and bound him,

1S and led him first to Annas, for he was Father-in-law of CAIAPHAL, who was High-Priest that YEAR.

14 ‡ Now Caiaphas was the one HAVING ADVISED the JEWS, "That it is expedient that One Man be destroyed in behalf of the PEOPLE."

15 ‡ And Simon Peter followed Jesus; also the other Disciple. And that disciple was known to the high-priest, and went in with Jesus into the palace of the high-priest;

16 ‡ but Peter stood at the door without. Therefore, \*THAT OTHER DISCIPLE Who was the ACQUAINTANCE of the HIGH-PRIEST, went out, and spoke to the DOOR-KEEPER, and brought in Peter.

17 Then THAT FEMALE SERVANT, the DOOR KEEFER, says to Peter, "Art thou also of this MAN'S DISCIPLES?" Disciples?" The says, "I am not."

18 And the SERVANTS and OFFICERS having made a Fire of coals, Because it was cold, stood and warmed themselves. And Peters \*also was standing with them, and warming himself.

19 Then the HIGH-PRIEST asked JESUS about his DISCIPLES, and about his TEACHING.

20 Jesus answered him, to the "I \* have spoken publicly

spoke

disciples

Εγω παρόησια ελαλησα τω

of him,

20 Απεκριθη

Answered

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—16. THAT OTHER DISCIFLE Who was the ACQUAINTANCE of the HIGH PRIEST, and. 18. also. 20. have spoken.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Matt. xx. 22; xxvii. 89, 42. Mark xiv. 54; Luke xxii. 54. † 16. Matt. xxvi. 69; Mark xiv. 60; Luke xxii. 58.

κοσμφ' εγω παντοτε εδιδαξα εν συναγωγη και world; I always taught in a synagogue and εν τω ίερω, όπου παντες οι Ιουδαιοι συνερχονin t e temple, where all the Jews come together, 21 Τι με ται, και εν κρυπτφ ελαλησα ουδεν. Why me nothing. I said secret and in επερωτας: επερωτησον τους ακηκοοτας, τι what having heard, those ask dest thon ask? ελαλησα αυτοις ιδε, ούτοι οιδασιν ά ειπον know what things said they 11 said to them; le, 22 Ταυτα δε αυτου ειποντος, εις €γω. having said, ofthe These things and of him ύπηρετων παρεστηκώς εδωκε βαπισμα  $\tau \omega$ to the a blow baving stood by gard Ιησου, ειπων. Ούτως αποκρινη τω αρχιερει; Thus doet thou answer the high-priest? Jesus. saying; 23 Απεκριθη αυτφ ὁ Ιησους. Ει κακως ελαληhim the Jesus; If evil I spoke, σα, ματυρρησον περι του κακου ει δε καλως, testify concerning the evil; if but well: τι με δερεις;

why me dest then heat? 24 Απεστελαν αυτον δ Αννας δεδεμενον προς him the Annas having been bound to tepea. 25 Hy δε Σιμων Πετρος Jent Sent Επιαφαν τον αρχιέρεα. Was and Simon Cuiaphas the high-priest. Ειπον ουν αυτώ. έστως και θερμαινομένος. They said therefore to him; warming himself. etanding and Μη και συ εκ των μαθητων αυτου ει; Ηρνη-Not also then of the disciples of him thouart? Denied 28 Λεγει σατο εκεινος, και ειπεν. Ουκ ειμι. Says and said; Not I am. he, eis εκ των δουλων του αρχιερεως, συγγενης ών one of the slaves of the high-priest, a relative being OUR EYW GE απεκοψε Πετρος το ωτιον. Not Peter the ear; of whom cut off 27 **Пахім** опр ειδον εν τφ κηπφ μετ' αυτου; Again therefore saw in the garden with him? πριησατο δ Πετρος και ευθέως αλεκτωρ έφωand immediately a cock. crew. denied the Peter; νησεν.

23 Αγουσιν ουν τον Ιησουν απο του Καιαφα Jesua from of the Caiaphas They lead then the εις το πραιτωριον· ην δε πρωια. Και αύτοι into the judgment ball; it was and morning. And they ουκ εισηλθον εις το πραιτωριον, ίνα μη μιανinto the judgment hall, that not they might went <sup>29</sup> Εξηλαλλ' ίνα φαγωσι το πασχα. θωσιν, West but that they might eat the passover. θεν ουν δ Πιλατος προς aurous, και είπε· Tiva went out to them, and outtherefore the Pllate to them, and said; What \*said, "What Accusation out therefore the

to the WORLD: H always taught in a Synagogue and in the TEMPLE, where All the Jews come together; and in secret I said noth-

ing.
21 Why dost thou ask
Me? Ask those HAVING HEARD what I said to them; behold, then know what things E said."

22 And he having said these things, tone of the OFFICERS standing by gavo JESUS a Blow, saying, " Dost thou thus answer the HIGH-PRIEST?"

23 \* Jesus answered him, "If I spoke evil, testify concerning the EVIL; but if well, why dost thou beat Me ?"

24 11 (Annas sent him, having been bound, to Caiaphas, the HIGH-PRIEST.) 25 And Simon Peter was standing and warming himself. Then they said to him, "Art not thou also of his DISCIPLES?" We denied, and said, "I am not."

26 One of the SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST, being a relative of him Whose EAR Peter cut off, says. "Did not I see Thee in the GARDEN with him?"

27 Then \* Peter again denied, t and immediately t a Cock crew.

28 1 Then they lead JE. sus from CAIAPHAS into the † Prestorium: It was now morning; and they went not into the Præ-TORIUM so that they might not be defiled, but that they might eat the Pass-OVER.

29 PILATE, therefore,

z.iii. 33.

<sup>27.</sup> Peter. 29. says. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. Jesus.

<sup>† 24.</sup> This clause by some is added to the end of the 13th verse where it seems more properly to belong. † 27. The trumpet, called the cock-crowing, sounded at the beginning of the third watch; this was at midnight. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. † 28. gen Note on Matt. xxvii. 27. † 28. it was probably then thought lawful for the Jews to eat the paschal lamb at any hour between the two evenings, though Exod. xii. 6, 8, seems to require it to be story at the time when Jews at it. to require it to be eaten at the time when Jesus ate it.

x. 2; Acts xxiii. 2.

Luke xxii. 58.

1 27. Matt. xxvi. 74; Mark xiv. 72; Luke xxii. 60; John.

1 28. Matt. xxvii. 2, Mark xv. 1; Luke xxiii. 1; Acts iii 13. 1 22. Jer. xx. 2; Acts xxiii. 2. Mark xiv. 69; Luke xxii. 58.

κατηγοριαν φερετε κατα του ανθρωπου τουτο; accusation bring you against the man this? 30 Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτώ. Ει μη ην ούτος

you, and according to the law of you judge him. Eithou \*[our] auth of loudator 'Hmin our Said [therefore] to him the Jens: To us not exertive aportification of the lawful to kill no one. So that the word of the lawful to him the sawful to him the author  $\pi \rho \eta \rho \omega \theta \eta$ , by  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \eta \iota \alpha \iota \nu \omega \nu \pi o \iota \omega \theta \Delta \iota \alpha \iota \omega \omega \nu$  Jesus might be fullished, which he said, pointing out by what death

τω ημέλλεν αποβνησκειν.

he was about to die.

 $^{33}$  Εισηλθέν συν εις το πραιτωριον παλιν δ then into the judgment-hall again the Πιλατος, και εφωνησε τον Ιησουν, και ειπεν ευτω· Συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; 34 Απεκand the  $ρ:θη \stackrel{\pi}{\pi} [αυτφ] δ Ιησους Αφ' έαντου συ τουτο$ λεγεις, η αλλοι σοι ειπον περι εμου; 35 Απεκsavest, or others to thee told concerning me? Anοιθη δ Πιλατος Μητι εγω Ιουδαιοις ειμι; το a Jew am? Not the wered the Pi ate; I εθνος το σον και οί αρχιερεις παρεδωκαν σε delivered up thee ustion the thine and the high-priests 'H 36 Απεκριθη Ιησους. εμοι τι εποιησας, The to me; what didst thou do? Ausweied Jeeus; βασιλέα ή εμη ουκ εστιν εκ του κοσμου τουτου. of the world this; kingdon the mine not is ει εκ του κοσμου τουτου ην ή βασιλεια ή εμη, if of the world this was the kingdom the mine, οί ύπηρεται αν οί εμοι ήγωνιζοντο, ίνα μη the officers would those for me contend, that. not lovdatots, παραδυθω τοις  $\nu \nu \nu$ δε ή I might be delivered up to the Jewa, wen but the  $^{37}$  E $\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$ βατιλεια ή εμη ουκ εστιν εντευθεν. kingdom the mine not is from this place. ουν αυτφ δ Πιλατος. Ουκουν βασιλευς ει συ; then to hom the Pilate; Not then aking art thou?  $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta$   $\delta$   $I\eta\sigma\sigma\sigma s$ :  $\Sigma v$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota s$ :  $\delta\tau\iota$   $\beta\alpha\sigma\iota\lambda\epsilon\sigma s$ Answered the Jesus; Thou sayest; that a king Εγω εις τουτου γεγεννημαι, και for this have been born, and εις τουτο εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον, ίνα μαρτυfor this I have come into the world, that I may tesρησω τη αλη $\theta$ εια. Πας δ ων εκ της αλη-Every one who being of the tify to the truth.  $^{38}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  αυτ $\omega$ θειας, ακουει μου της φωνης. hears of me the voice. Says to him δ Πιλατος. Τι εστιν αληθεια; Και τουτο ειπων, the Pilate; What is truth? And saying,

do you bring \* against this

30 They answered and said to him, "If he was not some who does evil, we would not have delivered him up to thee."

31 Then \* Pilate said to them, "Take nou him, and judge him according to your LAW." The JFWS said to him, "It is not lawful fer us to kill any one;"

32 ‡that the WORD of JESUS might be verified, which he spoke, intungting by What Death he was about to die.

33 † PILATE, therefore, went into the PRÆTORIUM again, and called JESUS, and said to him, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?"

34 Jesus answered, "Dost thou say this from thyself, or did others tell thee concerning me?"

35 PILATE answered,
"Am % a Jew? Thing
own nation, even the
high-priests have delivered thee to me. What
didst thou do?"

S6 ‡ Jesus answered, "My KINGDOM is not of this WORLD. If MY KINGDOM were of this WORLD, MY OFFICERS would fight, so that I might not be delivered up to the Jews; but now MY KINGDOM is not from hence."

37 PILATE, therefore, said to him, "Art thou not a King then?" Jesus answered, "Thou sayest; "I am a King. For this E have been born; and for this E have eome into the world, that I may testify to the TRUTH. I EVERY CONE WHO IS of the TRUTH, hears My VOICE."

38 PILATE says to him, "What is Truth?" ! And saying This, he went out

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—20. of this man. 30. one who does evil, we would \$1. Pilate. 31. therefore—omit. 34. him—owit. 37. I am.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Matt. xx. 19; John xii. 32, 33. † 37. John viii. 47; 1 John iii 19; iv. 6. xiv. 4, 6.

<sup>1 33.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 11. 1 36. 1 Tim. vi. 18. 1 38. Matt. xxvii. 24; Luke xxiii. 4; John

Barabbas.

παλιν εξηλθε προς τους Ιουδαιους, και λεγει again to the Jews, and again he went out to the Jews, and says αυτοις. Έγω ουδεμιαν αιτιαν εύρισκω εν αυτφ. not one fault find in him.

<sup>39</sup> Εστι δε συνηθεια ύμιν, ίνα ένα ύμιν απολυσω It is but a custom for you, that one to you I release εν τω πασχα: βουλεσθε ουν, ύμιν απολυσω iu the passover; are you willing therefore, to you I release τον βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων; <sup>40</sup> Εκραυγασαν ουν the king of the Jows? They cried out then παλιν \* [παντες,] λεγοντες Μη τουτον, αλλα They cried out then [all,] saying; Not this, τον Βαραββαν. Hy  $\delta \epsilon \delta B \alpha \rho \alpha \beta \beta \alpha s \lambda \eta \sigma \tau \eta s$ .

# KEΦ, $\iota\theta'$ , 19,

Was now the Barabbas a robber.

1 Τοτε ουν ελαβεν δ Πιλατος τον Ιησουν, και Then therefore took the Pilate the Jesus, <sup>2</sup> Και οἱ στρατιωται πλεξαντες εμαστιγωσε. Aud the soldiers braiding στεφανον εξ ακανθων, επεθηκαν αυτου τη κεφαa crown of thorns, placed of him to the head, λη, και ίματιον πορφυρουν περιεβαλον αυτον, and amantle purple threw about htm, παι ελεγον. Χαιρε δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαίων.
παd said; Itall the king of the Jews:  $^4$  Εξηλθεν παλιν και εδιδουν αυτώ βαπισματα. and they gave him blows. Went εξω δ Πιλατος, και λεγει αυτοις. Ιδε, αγω ύμιν cut the filate, and says to them; Lo, I bring toyou αυτον εξω, ίνα γνωτε, ότι εν αυτώ ουδεμιαν out, that you may know, that in him not one αιτιαν εύρισκω.  $^{5}$  (Εξηλθεν ουν δ Ιησους εξω, (Came then the Jesus out, I bad. φορων τον ακανθινον στεφανον, και το πορφυvening the thorny crown, and the purple ρουν ίματιον.) Και λεγει αυτοις:  $1\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\delta$  ανθρωmantle,) And he says to them; See, the man. 6 'Οτε ουν ειδον αυτον οί αρχιερεις και οί HOS. When therefore saw him the high-priest and the ύπηρεται, έκραυγασαν λεγοντες. Σταυρωσον, they cried out officers. saying; σταυρωσον αυτον. Λεγει αυτοις δ Πιλατος. Pilate; Says to them the him. Λαβετε αυτον ύμεις, και σταυρωσατε· εγω γαρ you, ľ for him and erucify; ουχ εύρισκω εν αυτω αιτιαν. 7 Απεκριθησαν in him a fault. Answered find αυτω οί Ιουδαιοι· Ήμεις νομον εχωμεν, και We a law have, Jews; τον νομον ήμων οφειλει αποθανειν, to die, according to the law he ought of us 8 'Οτε ουν δτι ϵαυτον, υίον θεου εποιησεν.because himself, a son of God he made. Whentherefore ηκουσεν δ Πιλατος τουτον τον λογον, μαλλον word, more Pilate the

says to them, " I find No Fault in him."

39 ‡But it is customary for you that I release to you One during the PASSOVER; are you willing, therefore, that I release to you the KING of the Jews?"

40 Then they cried out again, saying, ‡" Not him, but BARABBAS." ! Now Barabbas was a Robber.

CHAPTER XIX.

1 # Then PILATE, therefore took and scourged JE-

2 And the soldiers, wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, placed it on His HEAD; and they threw around him a purple Mantle,

3 \* and they came to him and said, "Hail, KING of the JEWS!" And they gave him Blows.

4 \* And PILATE went out again, and says to them, "Behold, I bring him out to you, That you may know that I find ‡ No

Fault in him." 5 Then \* Jesus came out, wearing the ACAN-THINE Crown, and the PURPLE Mantle. And he says to them, "Behold, the man!"

6 ‡ When, therefore, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the OF-FICERS saw him, they cried out, saying, "Crucity, ern-cify him!" PILATE says to them, "Take him yourselves, and erucity him; for I find no Fault in him."

7 The Jews answered him, ‡ "CUL have a Law, and by \* the LAW he ought to die, because \$ he made himself a Son of God."

8 When PILATE, therefore, heard This word, he

was more afraid,

<sup>4.</sup> And \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. all-omit. 3. they came to him and said. . 7. the LAW. PILATE Went. 5. Jesus.

<sup>1 40.</sup> Luke t 4. John t 7. Matt. xxvi. 65; John v. 18; x. 33.

 $\epsilon \phi \circ \beta \eta \theta \eta^{\epsilon}$  hai  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota s \tau \sigma \pi \rho \alpha \iota \tau \omega \rho \iota \sigma \nu \pi \alpha \lambda \iota \nu$ , he was afraid; and went into the judgment-hall again, και λεγει τω Ιησους: Ποθεν ει συ; 'Ο δε Ιηand anya to the Jesus; Whence art thou? The but Je-10 Λεγει ουν συυς αποκρισιν ουκ εδωκεν αυτφ. Says an answer not gave to him. then αυτφ δ Πιλατος Εμοιου λαλεις; ουκ οιδας, to him the Pilate; Το me notthoudostspeak? not knowestthon, δτι εξουσιαν εχω σταυρωσαι σε, και εξουσιαν that authority I have to crucify thee, and authority 11 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουκ εχω απολυσαι σε, Thave to release thee? Answered Jesus; εξουσιαν ουδεμιαν κατ' εμου, ει μη thou couldst have an hority not any against me, if not ην σοι δεδομενον ανωθεν. δια τουτο δ it was to thee having been given from above; on account of this παραδιδους με σοι, μειζονα άμαρτιαν εχει. delivering up me to thee, greater sin ma. From τουτου εζητει δ Πιλατος απολυσαι αυτον. Οi this seeks the Polate to release hun. δε Ιουδαιοι εκραζον, λεγοντες. Εαν τουτον cried out saying; απολυσης, ουκ ει φιλος του Καισαρος· πας δ not thou art a friend of the Cesar; every one the thou release, βασιλεία ξαυτον ποιων, αντιλεγεί τω Καισαρί.
king himself making, speaks against the Cesai. 13 'Ο ουν Πιλατος ακουσας τουτον τον λογον, Thetherefore Pilate having heard this word,

Τhetherefore Pilite having heard this the word, ηγαγεν εξω τον Ιησουν, και εκαθισεν επι του brought out the Jesus, and sat down on the βηματος εις τοπον λεγομενον Λιθοστρωτον, tribonal into a place heing called Pavement, Εβραιστι δε Γαββαθα 14 (ην δε παρασκευη του

in Hebrew hut Gabbatha; (It was and a preparation of the  $\pi a \sigma \chi a$ , &  $\rho a \delta \epsilon$  &  $\sigma \epsilon \iota \epsilon \kappa \tau \eta$ ) kall  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \tau \sigma \iota s$  Ioupassover, hour and about sixth;) and he says to the Jews;  $\delta a \iota \sigma \iota s$  I $\delta \epsilon \delta \delta \delta \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon \iota s$   $\delta \iota \iota \omega \iota s$ .

See the king of you. They hat cried out;

Saν' Αρον, αρον' σταυρωσον αυτον- Λεγει
Away, away; crucify him. Says

autois  $\delta$  Milatos' Top  $\beta$  asile a umay staupwsw ; to them the Pilate; The king of you shall I crucify?

Απεκριθησαν οί αρχιερεις. Ουκ εχομεν βασιλεα Answered the high-priests; Not we have a king,

єї µη Каїтара. И вог Сезаг

16  $To\tau\epsilon$  ouv  $\pi a p \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \nu$  autov autois, iv Then therefore he delivered up him to them, th

9 and went again into the Pretorium, and says to Jesus, "Whence art thou?" ‡ But Jesus gave him no Answer.

10 PILATE then says to him, "Dost thou not speak to me? Dost thou not know That I have Authority \* to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify

thee?"

11 \* Jesus answered him, ‡ "Thou wouldst have no Authority against me, if it had not been given thee from above. On this account HE who DELIV-ENED me to thee has a Greater Sin."

12 From this time, Pt-LATE sought to release him; but the Jews cried out, saying, ‡"If thou release him, thou art not a Friend of Cefar; ‡every one who makes Himself a King speaks against Ce-SAR."

13 PILATE, therefore, having heard \* these words, brought Jesus out, and sat down on the \*Tribunal, in a Piace called the Pavement, but in Hebrew, Gabbatha.

14 ‡ (Now it was the Preparation of the Passover, and the Hour was about the † Sixth;) and he says to the Jews, "Behold your King!"

hold your KING!"

15 \* Then then cried out,
"Away, away, crucity
him!" PILATE says to
them, "Shall I crucity your
KING?" The HIGH-PRIESTS
answered, t "We have no
king, except Cesar."

16 then, therefore, he delivered him to them that the might be crucified.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—10. to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify thee?

11. Jesus answered him, Thou.

13. These words, brought.

13. Tribunal, in a Place.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The Tribunal seems to have been placed in the open air, agreeably to what Jose phus says of Herod, when he tried his two sons; "He came to the tribunal, and that was placed in the stadium, (the circus, or place for races,) behind which his soldiers kept guard unseen."—Pearce.

† 13. A spot paved with stones, enclosed and elevated, where the judge sat in his chair of state.

† 14. Six o'clock in the morning. See Note on John i. 39.

Παρελαβον δε τον Ιησουν \*[και σταυρωθη. [and he might be crucified. They took and the Jesus <sup>17</sup> Και βασταζων τον σταυρον αυτου, ηγαγον.] And surrying the cross of himself, led.] εξηλθεν εις τον λεγομενον κρανιου τοπον, ός he went out into the being called of a skull a place, which λεγεται Εβραιστι Γολγοθα. <sup>18</sup> Όπου αυτον Where is called in Hebrew Golgotha. bim εσταυρωσαν, και μετ' αυτου αλλους δυο, εντευ-they cruefied, and with him others two, hence <sup>19</sup> Εγθεν και εντευθεν, μεσον δε τον Ιησουν. in middle and the Jesus. ραψε δε και τιτλον ό Πιλατος, και εθηκεν επιτου and also a title the Phate, and placed upon the pov. Ην δε γεγραμμενον· Ίησους ὁ Ναstaupov. "Jesus the Nacross. It was and having been written; ζωραιος, δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." 20 Τουτον the king o the Jews." This τον τιτλον πολλοι ανεγνωσαν των Ιουtherefore the title many read of the Jews." δαιων, ότι εγγυς ην ό τοπος της πολεως, όπου because near was the place of the city, where εσταυρωθη δ Ιησους και ην γεγραμμενον Έβwas crucified the Jesus; and it was having been writen ραιστι Έλληνιστι, 'Ρωμαιστι. <sup>21</sup> Ελεγον ovvSaid therefore in Greek, in Latin. τφ Πιλατφ οί αρχιερεις των Ιουδαιων. Mnto the Pilate the high-priests of the Jews, Not γραφε· 'Ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων· αλλ' ότι write thou; The king of the Jews; but that Ιουδαιων. Βασιλευς ειμι των €K€LVOS €Lπ€° I am of the Jews. eaid; A king <sup>22</sup>Απεκριθη δ Πιλατος. Ό γεγραφα, γεγραφα. Answered the Pilate; What I have written, I have written. <sup>23</sup> Οί ουν στρατιωται, ότε εσταυρωσαν τον have written." The wen soldiers, when they crucified Ιησουν, ελαβον τα ίματια, αυτου, (και εποιησαν took the mantles o him, (and made , αρα μερη, έκαστω στρατιωτη μερος,) και parts, soldier a part,) to each ον χιτωνα. Ην δε δ χιτων αρδαφος, εκ των the coat. Was but the coat without seam, from the ανωθεν ύφαντος δι' όλου  $2^4$  ε τον ουν προς tucy said then woven throughout whole; αλληλους. Μη σχισωμέν αυτον, αλλαλαχωμέν about him, of whom it shall be. That the writing might be halfilled [that saving!] "  $\Delta \iota \epsilon \mu \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \sigma \nu \tau$ ίματια μου έαυτοις, και επι τον .ίματισμον μου mantles of mefor themselves, and on the raimeut of me εβαλον κληρον."

Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται ταυτα εποιησαν. solliers these things The indeed therefore

17 ‡\* Then they took Jesus, and putting the cross on him, he went out into WHAT IS CALLED a Place of a Skull, which signifies in Hebrew Golgotha

18 where they crucified Him, and two others with him, one on each side, and Jesus in the Middle.

19 ‡ And PILATE wrote a Title, and placed it on the cross. Now that having been written was, " Jesus, the NAZARENE, the KING of the JEWS."

20 This TITLE, therefore, many of the Jews read because the PLACE was near the CITY, where JEsus was crucified; and it had been written in Hebrew, \* Latin, and Greek.

21 Then the High-PRIESTS of the JEWS said to PILATE, " Do not write, The KING of the Jews, but That he said, I am King of the JEWS."

22 PILATE answered. "What I have written, I -

23 Then the soldiers, when they had nailed JEsus to the cross, took his GARMENTS, and Four Parts, to Each Soldier a Part. But his COAT was without seam, woven from the top through the whole.

24 They said, therefore, to each other, "Let us not tear it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be;" that the SCRIPTURE might be verified, ‡" They di-"vided my GARMENTS "among themselves, and "upon my raiment they "east a Lot." The sol-DIERS, therefore, did these things.

they cast

a lot.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. And led -omit. 20. Latin and Greek. ting the cross on him.

<sup>17.</sup> Then they took JESUS, and put-24. that saying -onit.

<sup>### 17.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 31 | 33; Mark xv. 21, 22; Luke xxiii | 26, 33. | #### 10. Matt xxvii | 37; a) k xv. 26; Luke xxiii. 35; Mark xv. 24; Luke xxiii. 34 Mark xv. 20 Lake axiii. 38 1 24. Psa xxii. 13

25 Είστηκεισαν δε παρα τω σταυρω του Ιησου ή Stood now by the cross of the Jesus the μητηρ αυτου, και ή αδελφη της μητρος αυτου, mother of him, and the sister of the mother of him, Maρια ή του Κλωπα, και Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη. Mary that of the Klopas, and Mary the Maglaleue.
26 Ιησους ουν ιδων την μητερα, και τον μαθη-Jesus thereforeseeing the mother, and the disci-

There is a routed eiden of Inσους, ότι παντα ηδη After this knowing the Jesus, that all things already  $\tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \sigma \tau a$  in a  $\tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \omega \theta \eta$  η  $\gamma \rho \alpha \phi \eta$ ,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \epsilon$  and been hished that night be finished the writing. Says.  $\Delta \iota \psi \omega$ . There is  $\Delta \iota \psi \omega$ . There is  $\Delta \iota \psi \omega$  is  $\Delta \iota \psi \omega$ . A ressel [therefore] stood of vinegar full,

οί δε πλησαντες σπογγον οξους, και ύσσωthey bud filling a spouge of vinegar, and to a hyssop stalk πω περιθεντες, προσηνεγκαν αυτου τω στοματι.

putting round, brought of him to the mouth. 30  $^{\circ}$ OTE our ELABE TO OFOS & INTOUS, EITTE When therefore took the vinegar the Jesus, he said,  $\Gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \sigma \tau a \iota$  Kal Kalvas  $\tau \eta \nu \kappa \epsilon \Phi a \lambda \eta \nu$ ,  $\pi a \rho \epsilon \iota$  that sheen finished, and having inclined the head, he gave

δωκε το πνευμα.

the spirit. 31 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι (ίνα μη μεινη επι του (that not migut remain on τω σαββατω. σταυρου τα σωματα εν €πei bodies cress the in the sabbath, since παρασκευη ην· ην γαρ μεγαλη ἡ ἡμερα εκεινου a preparation it was, was for great the day that του σαββατου) ηρωτησαν τον Πιλατον, ίνα sabbath) asked the that κοτεαγωσιν αυτων τα σκελη, και αρθωm ght be broken of them the and they might be taken legs,  $^{31}$ Ηλθον ουν οἱ στρατιωται, και του μεν  $\sigma w$ . Came theretore the and of the indeed away. soldiers, πρωτου, κατεαξαν τα σκελη, και του αλλου they brake the legs. and of the other

του συσταυρω?εντος αυτφ. <sup>33</sup> Επι δε τον Ιηtoar baring been crucified with him. Το but the Je-

25 ‡ And there were standing by the cross of Jesus his mother, and his mother's sister, † Mary, the mother of TCLOPAS, and Mary of MAGDALA.

26 Jesus, therefore, seeing his MOTHER, and \$\frac{1}{2}\text{the DISCIPLE Whom he loved standing near, says to his MOTHER, "Woman, behold

thy son!"

27 He then says to the DISCIPLE, "Behold thy MOTHER!" And from that HOUR the DISCIPLE took her to his own (house.)

23 After this, \*Jesus knowing That all things had already been finished, that the SCRIPTURE might be fully accomplished, says, "I thirst."
29 A Vessel was placed full of Vinegar; then a Sponge full of the VINEGAR, having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to his MOUTH.

30 When therefore, \* Jesus took the VINEGAR, he said "It has been finished!" And inclining his

HEAD, he expired.

31 Then the Jaws, that the bodies might not remain upon the cross during the sabbath since it was the Preparation; for the day of That sabbath was a great one;) asked Pilate that their legs might be broken, and they might be taken away.

32 The SOLDIERS therefore came, and did, indeed, break the LEGS of the FIRST, and of THAT OTHER who was CRUCIFIED with

him;

33 but having come to

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-28. Jesus. 29. Then -omit. 29. then a Sponge full of the vinegan having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to His mourus. 39. Jesus

<sup>+ 25.</sup> The Greek does not state the relationship between Mary and Clopas, and we must supply it by conjecture. In other gospels she is called James's Mary, and Mary the mother of James; and Clopas was probably another name for James, being a Greek translation of the Hebrew Jacob or James, a thief. Paul tells us that the Savior after his resurrection was seen by James (I Cor. xv. 7.) which is not mentioned in the gospels or Acts, unless we suppose that Cleopas, who walked with him to Emmaus, was James — See Luke xxiv. 18.— &harpe

<sup>1 25</sup> Matt xxvii 55; Mark xv. 40; Luke xxiii, 49. Luke xxiv 18. 1 26 John viii 23 - v. 2; xxi 7, 20, 24. 1 31. Deut. axi. 25.

σουν ελθοντες, ώς ειδον αυτον ηδη τεθνηκοτα, ms having come, when they saw him already having died, ου κατεαζαν αυτου τα σκελη· <sup>34</sup> αλλ' είς των not they broke of him the ie;s; but one of the στρατιωτων λογχη αυτου την πλευραν ενυξε, side pierced, with a spear of him the ευθυς εξηλθεν αιμα και Και ύδωο. and immediately came out blood and water. And δ έωρακως μεμαρτυρηκε, και αληθινη αυτου he having seen has testified, and true of him εστιν ή μαρτυρια κακεινος οιδεν, ότι αληθη is the testimony; and he knows, that truethings 36 Εγενετο λεγει, ίνα και ύμεις πιστευσητε. he says, so that also you may believe. Occurred γαρ ταυτα, ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη· "Οστουν for these things, that the writing might be fulfilled; ου συντριβησεται αυτου." 87 Και παλιν έτερα of him." not shall be broken And again another γραφη λεγει "Οψονται εις δν εξεκεντησαν." 'They shall lookiuto whom writing says; they pierced."  $^{38}$  Μετα δε ταυτα ηρωτησε τον Πιλατον δ After and these things asked the Pilata the Ιωσηφ δ απο Αριμαθαίας, (ων μαθητης του Ιη-Joseph that from Arimathea, (being a duciple of the Jeσου, κεκρυμμενος δε δια τον φοβον των Ιουhaving been hid but through the fear of the Jews,) δαιων,) ίνα το σωμα του Ιησου. αρη thathemight take away the hody of the Jesus; επετρεψεν δ Πιλατος.  $H\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$  our kai and permitted the Pilate. He came therefore and <sup>39</sup> Ηλθε δε και ηρ€ το σωμα του Ιησου, Came and took away the body of the Jesus. also Νικοδημος, (δ ελθων προς τον Ιηπουν νυκτος Nicodemus, (hehaving come to the Jesus το πρωτον,) φερων μιγμα σμυρνης και αλοης bringing a mixture of myrrh <sup>40</sup> Ελαβον ουν το σωμα ώς λιτρας έκατον. about pounds a hundred. They took therefore the σου Ιησου, και εδησαν αυτο οθονιοις μετα των and bound it with linen cloths with of the Jesus, the αρωματων, καθως εθος εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις ενταapices. as customaryitis with the 41 Ην δε εν τω τοπω, όπου εσταυρωθη, φια (ειν. Was and in the place, where he was crucified, embalm. κηπος, και εν τφ κηπφ μνημειον καινον, εν 'φ agarden, and in the garden a tomb new, in which <sup>42</sup>Εκει ουν ουδεπω ουδεις ετεθη. δια την There therefore on account of the notyet no one was laid. παρεσκευην των Ιουδαιών, ότι εγγυς ην το preparation of the Jews, because near was the

JESUS, when they saw that he had aheady died, they did not break His LEGS,

34 but one of the SOL-DIERS pierced His SIDE with a Spear, and immediately there came out Blood and Water.

35 And HE HAVING SEEN has testified, and llis testimony is true; and he knows That he is saying true things, so that not also may believe.

36 For these things occurred, that the scriptien, true might be verified, the Bone of him shall not

37 And again Another

be broken."

scrifture says, ‡"They shall look on him whom they pierced."

58 ‡ And after these things, \* Joseph, from Armathea, (being a Disciple of \* Jesus, but a conceal done through FEAR of the

of \* Jesus, but a concealed one through FEAR of the JEWS,) asked Pilate, that he might take away the BODY of JESUS; and Pilate permitted him. He came therefore, and took away \* his Body.

39 And ‡ Nicodemus

39 And ‡ Nicodemus came also, (he having come to \*him by Night at the FIEST,) bringing a Mixture of Myrrh and Aloes, about a hundred Pounds.

40 Then they took the nody of Jesus, and thound it with Linen cloths, with the Aroma rics, as it is a Custom with the Jews to embalm

41 And there was in the PLACE where he was crucified a Garden, and in the Garden a new tome, in which no one was ye, laid.

42 There, therefore, on account of the PEFFARA TION of the JEWS, Because the TOMB was near, they laid JESUS.

μινημειον, εθηκαν τον Ιησουν.

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschift.-38. Joseph.

<sup>23.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>38.</sup> his Body.

<sup>89.</sup> him

<sup>† 36.</sup> Exod. xii. 46; Num. ix. 12; Psa. xxxiv. 20. † 37. Psa. xxii. 16; Zech. xii. 6-Bev. i. 7. † 38. Matt. xxvii. 57. Mack xv. 42; Luko xxiii. 544 † 39. John iii. 2 2; vii. 50. † 40. Acts 46

# КЕФ. н'. 20.

1 Τη δε μια των σαββατων Μαρια ή Μαγδα-The and first of the week Mary to Magdaληνη ερχεται πρωι, σκοτιας ετι ουσης, εις το μνημείον και βλεπεί τον λίθον ηρμενον and sees the stone having been taken away tomb:  $^2$  τρεχει ουν και ερχεται εκ του μνημειου, ut of the tomb. the cuns therefore and comes προς Σιμωνα Πετρον, και προς τον αλλον μαθηdisciand to the other to Simon Peter, την, όν εφιλει δ Ιηπους, και λεγει αυτοις. ple, whom loved the Jeaus, and aay s to them; τον κυριον εκ του ωνημείου, και ουκ They took away the lord out of the They took away the toru  $\mathfrak{sl}$   $\mathfrak{sl$ Τετρος και δ αλλος μαθητης, και ηρχοντο εις Peter and the other disciple, and they came into 4 Ετρεχον δε οί δυο δμου· και δ το μνημειον. the tomb. Ran andthey two together; and the αλλος μαθητης προεδραμε τοχιον του Πετρου, disciple ran before more quickly of the Peter, και ηλ $\theta \in \pi \rho \omega \tau \sigma s$  εις το μνημείον.  $\delta$  και παρακυand came first into the tomb; and ψας βλεπει κειμενα τα οθονιας ου μεντοι εισηλdown hesees lying the linen cloths; not however he went 6 Ερχεται ουν Σιμων Πετρος ακολουθων Comes then Simon Peter following αυτφ, και εισηλθεν εις το μνημειον, και θεωρει and entered into the tomb, and sees τα οθονια καιμενα, 7 και το σουδαριον δ ην  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ the lines cloths lying, and the napkin which was on της κεφαλης αυτου, ου μετα των οθονιών κειof him, not with the linen cloths ένα uevor. αλλα χωρις εντετυλιγμενον £15 ing, but having been folded up into apart one  $^8$  Τοτ $\epsilon$  ουν  $\epsilon$ ισηλ $heta\epsilon$  και  $\delta$  αλλος μα $heta\eta$ τοπον. Then therefore wenting also the other της, δ ελθων πρωτος εις το μνημειον, και he coming into the first tomb, and  $^9$  Ουδεπω γαρ ηδεισαν ειδε, και επισ ενσεν. and believea. Notyct for they knew την γραφην, ότι δε: αυτον εκ νεκρων ανασthat it believed him out of dead ones to have writing, 10 Απηλθον ους παλ.ν προς έαυτους οί been raised. West ther again to themselves the μαθηται.

### CHAPTER XX.

· 1 #And on the FIRST of the week, Mary of Mag-DALA comes early, it being yet dark, tinto the TOMB, and sees the STONE, having been removed out of the томв.

2 She runs, therefore, and comes to Simon Peter, and to the tornen Disciple whom Jesus loved, and says to them, "They have taken away the Lorn out of the TOMB and we know not where they have laid him."

3 PETER then went out, and the other Disciple; and they came into the TOMB.

4 And the Two ran together; and the OTHEB Disciple outran Peter, and came first into the TOMB.

5 And stooping down, he sees ‡ the LINEN CLOTHS lying; however, he went not in.

6 Then Simon Peter \* also comes following him, and entered into the TOMB. and beheld the LINEN CLOTHS lying,

7 and the NAPKIN, which was on his HEAD, not lying with the LINEN CLOTHS, but having been folded up in a separate

Place.

8 Then, therefore, THAT CTHER Disciple, who CAME first into the TOMB, also went in, and he saw, and believed [her.]

9 For they did not yet know I the SCRIPTURE, That he must rise from the Dead.

10 Then the DISCIPLES went away by themselves.

disciples.

Vatican Manuschipt.—6. also Fimon Peter.

<sup>† 1.</sup> The very definite manner in which John expresses himself in this narrative, with reference to going (cis) into and coming \(\gamma k\)\) out of the tomb, makes it very probable that this tomb, had two chambers, an outer and twaer one. The body was placed in the inner one, to the door of which the stone was placed. Hence when they entered the first apartment they were said to go into the tomb, though they might not enter or see what was in the inner chamber. Such tombs are not uncommon in the East. That which is now called the "Holy Sepulchre" is one of this class.

11 Μαρια δε ειστηκει προς τφ μνημειφ κλαι-Mary but stands by the temb weep-'Ως ουν εκλαιε, παρεκυψεν εις το ουσα εξω. As therefore she wept, she stooped down into the ing outside. μνημείον, 12 και θεωρεί δυο αγγελού, εν λεικοίς and sees two meacengers in watκαθεζομενους, ένα προς τη κεφαλη, και ένα one at the head, and oue sitting, προς τοις ποσιν, όπου εκειτο το σωμα του Ιηthe feet, where was laid the hody of the J.at 13 Και λεγουσι τυτη εκεινοι Γυναι, τι orov. sus. And say this (
κλαιεις; Λεγει αυτρων 'Οτι O woman, why they: ηραν  $\tau o \nu$ treepest thou? She says to t. 3 & Because the tool sway the κυριον μου, και ο τ. ιδα που  $\epsilon \theta \eta$ καν αυτον. lord of me, and lot kay where they laid him. These things having same it turned it to the behind, and  $\theta \in \omega p \in t$   $\tau o v I_{\tau} \sigma \sigma v \in \tau \sigma \sigma v$  and  $t \in t \sigma v I_{\tau} \sigma \sigma v \in \tau \sigma \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v \in t \sigma v$   $t \in t \sigma v$  -5 Λεγει αυτή δ Ιησους. Γυνλι, τι Indous eati. Says to or the Jesus; owoman, why Jesus it is. κλαιεις; τινα (ητεις: Εκεινη, δοκουσα ότι ό weepest thou? who a seekest thou? She, supposing that the κηπουρος εστι εγι αυτώ. Κυριε, ει συ εβασgardener it is, says to him, O sir, if thou τασας αυτον, εικε μοι ποι εθηκας αυτον, καγω me where thou didst lay him, carry off 16 Λεγει αυτη Ο Ιησους · Μαρια. αρω. αυτον him will take away. S. taz tne Jesus; Mary. Στραφείσα εκείνη λεγεί αυτώ 'Ραββουνί, δ she ε. 17 Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους. Turning round λεγεται, διδασκαλε. Says to her the Jesus; O cache. nicans. Μη μου άπτων ουπω γαρ αναβεβηκα προς τον Not me touch; not ret for I have gowing to the πατερα μου· πορευου δε προς τους αδελφους go but to the brethren father of me; μου, και ειπε αυτοις. Αναβαινω προς τον πατεia me, and say to them; Igoup to the father ρα μου και πατερα ύμων, και θεον μου και θεον of me and father of you, even God of me and God 18 Ερχετα: Μανια ή Μαγδαληνη απαγύμων. Mary (. magdalene Comes of you. γελλουσα τοις μαθταις, ότι έωρακε τον κυριον, that she had seen the lord the discipie, κα, ταυτα ειπεν αυτη. and these things he said to her.

19 Ουσης ουν οψιας τη ήμερα εκεινη τη μια Being then evening in the Cay that the first τον σαββατων, και των θιρων κεκλεισμενων, ε(the week, and the doors having been shut,  $\delta$ που ησαν οί μαθηται \*[συνηγμενοι,]  $\delta$ ια τον ωναν των Ιουδαιων, ηλθεν  $\delta$  Ιησους, και εστη fear of the Jews, came the Jews, and stood

11 Bus Mary was standing near the TOMB outside, weeping. Asshe was weeping, therefore, she stooped down into the TOME,

12 and sees Tv. Angels in white sitting, one at the head, and one at the feet, where the Body of Jesis had been laid.

13 And they say to her, "Woman, why dost thou weep?" \* And she says to them, "Because they took away my LORD, and I knew not where they laid him."

14 ! Having said these things, she turned BACK-WARD, and beholds JESUS standing, and ! knew not That it was Jesus.

15 \* Jesus says to her, "Woman. why dest thou weep? Whom dost thou seek?" She, supposing that he was the GARDENER, says to him, "Sir, if thou didst carry him off, tell me where thou didst lay him, and **X** will take Him away."

16 \* Jesus says to her, "Mary!" She, having turned, says to him \* in Hebrew, "Rabboni!" which signifies, Teacher.

17 \* Jesus says to her. "Touch me not; for I have not yet ascended to my FATHER; but go to tmy BRETHER, and tell them, I ascend to my FATHER, and your Father; even my God, and your God."

18 ‡ Mary of MAGDALA comes, telling the DISCI-R ES That she had seen the Lond, and he said These things to her.

19 Then being Evening of that DAY, the FIRST of the \* Week, and the DOORS having been closed where the DISCIPLES were, through FEAR of the JEWS, JESUS came into the MIDST,

<sup>\*</sup> VATIOAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. And she says.
Tebrew, Rabboni. 17. Jesus 19. Week. 19. having been assembled—omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 0; Mark xvi. 9. † 14. Luke xxiv. 16, 31; John xxi. 4. † 17. Pss. xxii, 22; Matt. xxviii. 10; Rom. viii. 29; Heb. ii. 11. † 18. Matt. xxviii 10; Luke xxiv. 16, 0. † 19. Mark xvi. 14; Luke xxiv. 36; 1 Cor xv. 5.

εις το μεσον, και λεγει αυτοις. Ειρηνη ύμιν. into the midst, and says tothem; I'eace to you.

21 Και τουτο ειπων, εδειξεν αυτοις τας χειρας this having said, he showed to them the hands και την πλευραν αύτου. Εχαρησαν ουν οὶ of himself. Were glad therefore the side 21 Ειπεν ουν 180VTES μαθηται, TOV KUDIOV. ford. Said then disciples, seeing the αυτοις δ Ειρηνη ύμιν καθως Ιησους παλιν. to them the Jesus again; Peace to you; 2.5 ύμας. απεσταλκε με δ πατηρ, καγω πεμπω also I send you. me the father, 22 Και τουτο ειπων, ενεφυσησε, λεγει this having said, he breathed ou, And and says 23 Αν τινων αυτοις. Λαβετε πνευμα άγιον. Receive you aspirit boly. 1 f of whom τας άμαρτιας, αφιενται αυτοις αν μΦητε you may forgive the 51n8, they are forgiven them; τινων κρατητε, κεκρατηνται.

of whom you may retain, they have been retained. 24 Θωμας δε, είς εκ των δεδωκα, δ λεγομενος

Thomas but, one of the twelve, he being called  $\Delta i\delta \nu \mu o s$ , our  $\eta \nu$   $\mu \epsilon \tau'$  autom  $\delta \tau \epsilon$   $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\delta$   $I\eta$ atwin, not was with them when came the Je-25 Ελεγον ουν αυτφ οί αλλοι μαθηται· 5005. Said then to him the other Έωρακαμεν τον κυριον. 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. He but said lord. to them; We have seen the Εαν μη ιδω  $\epsilon$ ν ταις χ $\epsilon$ ρσιν αυτου τον τυπον lt not I may see in hands of him the the των ήλων, και βαλω τον δακτυλον μου εις τον of the nails, and may put the finger of me into the τυπον των ήλων, και βαλω την χειρα μου εις mark of the nails, and may put the hand of the into την πλευραν αυτου, ου μη πιστευσω. the side of him, not not I will believe.  $^{26} \text{ Kat } \mu\epsilon\theta' \ \dot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\rho\text{as } \text{ or} \tau\omega \quad \pi\text{aliv } \eta\sigma\text{av } \epsilon\sigma\omega \text{ of }$ 

days eight again were within the And after μαθηται αυτου, και Θωμας μετ' αυτων. Ερχεdesciples of him, and Thomas with them. Comes ται δ Ιησους, των θυρων κεκλεισμενων, και the Jesus, the doors having been shut, and

εστη εις το μεσον, και ειπεν Ειρηνη ύμιν. stood into the said; midst, and Peace to you. 🚟 Ειτα λεγει τω Θωμα. Φερε τον δακτυλον σου Afterwards he says to the Thomas; Bring the flager of thee ώδε, και ιδε τας χειρας μου, και φερε την and see the hands of me, and bring the χειρα σου, και βαλε εις την πλευραν μου και

hand of thee, and put into the side of me: ani μη γινου απιστος, αλλα πιστος.  $^{28}$  Απεκριθη

not be thou unbelieving, but believing. Answered Θωμας και ειπεν αυτφ. 'Ο κυριος μου και δ θεος Thomas and said to him; The lord of me and the God

μου. 29 Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Ότι έωρακας με, Says to him the Jesus; Because thou hast seen me,

and stood, and says te them, " Peace be with

20 And having said this, he showed them \* his HANDS and his SIDE. The DISCIPLES, therefore, # rejoiced, seeing the Lord.

21 Then Jesus said to them again, "Peacebe with von: fas the Pather has sent me. I also send you." 22 And having said this. he breathed on and says to them, "Receive the Holy Spirit.

23 If the sins \* of any one you may forgive, they are forgiven them; if those \*of any you may retain they have been retained."

24 But Thomas, THAT one of the TWELVE, \$BEING CALLED Didymus, was not with them, when \* Jesus came.

25 The OTHER Disciples, therefore, said to him, "We have seen the LORD." But HE said to them, "If I do not see in his HANDS the IMPRESSION of the NAILS, and put my finger into the impression of the NAILS, and put \* My HAND into his SIDE, I will by no means believe."

26 And after eight Days his DISCIPLES were again within, and Thomas with them. The DOORS having been closed, Jesus comes into the midst, and stood, and said, "Peace be with y >π !\*\*

27 Afterwards he says t Thomas, "Reach here th FINGER, and behold my HANDS, and treach here thy HAND, and put it into my side; and be not unbelieving, but believing."

28 Thomas answered and said to him, "My Lond and my God!"

29 Jesus says to him, "Because thou hast seen

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. both the HANDS ST.d the SIDE. 24. Jesus. 25. My HAND.

<sup>23.</sup> of any one.

i 20. John xvi. 22. 1 21. Matt xxviii. 18; John xvii. 17-19. 1 24. John xi, 16. 1 27. 1 John i. 1.

μακαριοι οί μη ιδοντες, και πισ- $\pi \in \pi \iota \sigma \tau \in \nu \kappa \alpha s^*$ thou hast believed; blessed they not having seen, and having <sup>30</sup> Πολλα μεν ουν και αλλα σημεια TEUGANTES. Many indeed then ar other believed. signs εποιησεν δ Ιησους ενωπιον των μαθητων αύτου, did the Jesus in presence of the disciples ουκ εστι γεγραμμενα εν τι βιβλιφ τουτφ. which not it is having been written in the bo k <sup>31</sup> Ταυτα δε γεγραπται, ίνα πιστευσητε, ότι These things but have been written, that you may believe, that Ιησους εστιν δ Χριστος, δ υίος του θεου, και is the Anointed, the son of the God, and ίνα πιστευοντες (ωην εγητε εν τω ονοματι life you may have in the believing n wine συτου. of him.

# ΚΕΦ, κα', 21.

ι Μετα ταυτα εφανερωσεν έαυτον παλιν δ After these things manifested himself again the Ιησους τοις μαθηταις επι της θαλασσης της 863 Jesus to the disciples on the e. the Εφανηρωσε δε ούτως. Σ Ησαν Ι Τιβεριαδος. Were He manifested and thns. Tibenias. δμου Σιμων Πετρος, και Θωμας δ λεγομενος THAT Thomas CALLED together Simon Peter, and Thomas he being called Didymus, and THAT Na-Διδυμος, και Ναθαναηλ δ απο Κανα της Γαλιa twin, and Nathanael ne from Cana of the Galiλαιας, και οι του Ζεβεδαιου, και ελλοι εκ των lee, and they of the Zebedee, and others f the. μαθητων αυτου δυο. <sup>3</sup> Λεγει αυτοις Σιμων Πε- gether.
disciples of him two. Says to them Shown Ps 3 Sir τρος· Ύπαγω αλιευειν. Λεγουσιν αυτφ·
ter; I am going to fish. They say o him; ter; I mu going to fish. They say o him; Aprecis  $\pi \nu \nu$  solim; Aprecis  $\pi \nu$  solim; τη νυκτι επιασαν ουδεν. 4 Πρωτας δε the night they caught nothing. Moraing but now γενομένης, εστη δ Ιησοις εις τον αιγιαλον· ου ing come, \* Jesus stood on being come, stood the Jesus on the shore; μεντοι ηδεισαν οί μαθηται, ότι Ιησους εστι. εγει τη αυτοις δ Ιησους. Παιδια, μη τι a therexore to them the Jesus; Children, not any Απεκριθησαν αυτώ. Ου. πρ. Φαγιον : χετε. No. food have you? They answered him; 6 Ο δε ειπεν αντιις. Βαλετε ει: τα δεξια μερη lie and said to them; Cast you into the sight parts του ... λοιου το δικτυον, και εύρησετε. Εβαλον and you will find. They cast of the ship the net, ουν, παι ουκετι αυτο ελκυσαι ισχυσαν απο του then, and no longer it to draw were able from the <sup>7</sup> Λεγει ουν δ μαθητης the multitude of fishes. πληθο ς των ιχθυων. Says therefore the disciple multitude of the fishes.  $\epsilon \kappa \pi \nu \rho s$  δν ηγαπα δ Ιησουs,  $\tau \varphi$  Πε $\tau \rho \varphi$  O fore, whom Jesus loved, that whom loved the Jegus, to the Peter;

me, thou hast believed: thappy those who see notand believe!"

30 ‡ Then, indeed, many Other Signs Jesus performed in the presence of \* the Disciples, which have not been written in this BOOK.

S1 ‡ But these have been written, that you may be-lieve That Jesus is the Messiah, the son of God; and that, believing, you may have Life in his NAME.

### CHAPTER XXI

1 After these things \* Jesus manifested himself again to the Disciples, at the LAKE of TIBERIAS; and in this manner he appeared.

2 Simon Peter, and thanael of Cana in GALI-LEE, and the sons of Zebedee, and two others of his DISCIPLES, were to-

3 Simon Peter says to Zρ-hem, "I am going a fish-ing." They say to him, ενε-". They say to him, ". They say to him, They went out, and entered into the BOAT, and during That NIGHT they caught non | nothing.

4 But now Morning benot the SHORE. The DISCL PLFS, however, 1 knew not

That it was Jesus. 5 Then ‡\* Jesus says to them, "Children, have you

any food?" They answered him, "No."

6 And HE said to them, t"Throw the NET on the RIGHT side of the BOAT, and you will find." Then they threw it, and were no longer able to draw it, from

7 That DISCIPLE there-The | says to PETER, "It is the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. the DISCIPLES. 5. Jesus.

<sup>1.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>3.</sup> immediately-on it.

<sup>129. 2</sup> Cor. v. 7; 1 Pet. i. 8. 130. John xxl. 25. 131. Luke i. 4. 131. John ii. 45. 12. Matt. iv. 21. 14 John xx. 14

\* 5 Luke xxiv. 41. 10. Luke v \* 5 b. 7. 17. John xxi. 23. xx. 2. Luke xxiv. 41.

κυριος εστι· Σιμών ουν Πετρος, ακουσας ότι δ Simon then Peter, hawne neard that the κυρώς επτι, τον απενδυτην διεζωσατο ην γαρ the upper parment he was for ne girded, it ie. γυμνος και εβαλεν έαυνον εις την θαλαπσαν naked; and Threw himself into the  $^8$  Oi  $\delta\epsilon$  and in mathematic  $\tau \varphi$   $\pi$  hotapi $\varphi$   $\eta \lambda \theta o \nu$  (ou The but other disciples by the little ship enme. (not γαρ ησαν μακρον απο της γης, αλλ' ώς απο for they were for from the land, but about from πιγγων διακοσιων,) συροντές το δικτυον των cabits two hondsed.) dragging the net ιχθυων. <sup>9</sup> 'Ως ουν απεβησαν εις την γην, βλε-When therefore they went op to the land, fishes. πουσιν ανθρακιαν κειμενην, και οψαριον επικειa tire of coals lynig, and a fiait lying 10 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. μενον, και αρτον. to them the and bread. Soys Jesus; Ενεγκατε απο των οψαριων, ών επιαπατε νυν. Being you from the fishes, which you caught just now. 11 Ανεβη Σιμων Πετρος, και είλκυσε το δικτυον Went up Simon Peter, and drew the επι της γης, μεστον ιχθυων μεγαλων έκατον to the land, full offishes great a hundred πεντηκοντατριων. και τυσσυτών οντών, ουκ filly-three; so many and being, not 12 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. εσγισθη το δικτυον. was tern the Says to them the Jesus, net. \*[δε] AEUTE. Oudeis ετολμα αριστησατε. [and] presumed Come, breakfast you. No one Συ των μαθητων εξετασαι αυτον. TIS EL ; Thea of the who art? disciples to ask hun;  $^{13}\,\mathrm{E}
ho\chi\epsilon au$ aι ὁ Ιηειδοτες, ότι ό κυριος εστιν. Conres the Jeknowing, that the Lord 11 1s. σους, και λαμβανει τον αρτον, και διδωσιν and takes the bread, and gives 14 Τουτο ηδη αυτοις, και το οψαριον διιοιως. to them, and the fish in like manner This already τριτον εφανερωθη ὁ Ιησους τοις μαθηταις αυτου, third was monifested the Jesus to the disciples of himself, eyepheis εκ νεκρων. having been raised out of dead ones.

15 'Οτε ουν ηριστησαν, λεγει τω Σιμωνι When therefore they had breakfasted, says to the Simon Πετρω δ Ιησους: Σιμων Ιωνα, απαπας με πλειον l'eter the Jesus: Simon of Jona, lovest thou me τουτων ; Λεγει αυτω. Ναι, κυριε, συ οιδας, δτι of these? Olord, thou knowest, that He says to him. Yes, Λεγει αυτφ. Βοσκε τα αρνια μου. σε. the lambs of me dearly love thee. He says to hum, Feed 16 Λέγει αυτφ παλιν δευτερου: Σιμων Ιωνα, He says to him again a second time; Sumon of Joua, αγαπας με; Λεγει αυτώ Ναι, κυριέ, συ σιδας, lovest thou me? He says to him, Yes, Olord, thou knowest,  $\sigma\epsilon$  ·  $\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$  · autw. Ποιμαίνε τα  $\pi\rho\rho$ φιλω that I dearly love thee; He says to him; Tend thou the sheep

LORD." Then Simon Peter having heard that it was the LORD, girled on its UPPER GARMENT, (for be was it naked.) and 'hrew hunself into the LAKE.

8 But the OTHER Discirles came by the BOAT; (for they were not far from the LAND, but about two hundred Cubits off.) drugging the NET with the FISHES.

9 When, therefore, they went out to the LAND, they see a Fire of coals lying, and a Fish lying on it, and Bread.

10 \* Jesus says to them, "Bring of the Fishes which you just now caught,"

11 \* Simon Peter went on hoard and diew the NET to the LAND, full of great Fishes, a hundred and fitythree; and though there were so many, the NET was not torn.

12 \* Jesus says to them, t"Come and breakfast." No one of the disciples presumed to ask him, "Who art thou?"

13 \* Jesus comes, and takes the BHEAD, and gives to them, and the Mish in like man er.

14 This third time now was "Jesus manifested to "the DISCIPLES, having been raised from the Dead.

15 When, therefore, they had breakfasted, Jesus says to Sumon Peter, "Simen, son of Jonas, lovest thou me more than these?" He says to him, "Yes, Lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." He says to him, "Feed my LAMBS."

16 He says to him again, a second time, "Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me?" He says to him, "Yes, Lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—10. Jesus.
12. and—omit. 13. Jesus. 14. Jesus. 14. Jesus. 14. the disciples. 12. Jesus.

<sup>77.</sup> So the Jewa called those who were clothed in their under garments only.-Newcomo

<sup>1 14.</sup> See John xx. 19, 26.

He says to him the third; Σιμων Right HOV. Simon of me. δ Πετρος, ότι  $E\lambda \nu\pi\eta\theta\eta$ Iwva,  $\phi i\lambda \epsilon is \mu \epsilon$ ; Peter, because of Jona, dearly lovest thou me? Was grieved the ειπεν αυτώ το τριτον, Φιλεις με; και ειπεν third, Dearly lovest thoume? and he said he said to him the \*[αυτω·] Κυριε, συ παντα οιδας συ γινωσκεις, [to him;] Olord, thou all things knowest; thou knowest, σε Λεγει αυτώ ο Ιησους Βοσκε Says to him the Jesus; that I dearly love thee; τα προβατα μου. 18 Αμην αμην λεγω σοι, ότε of me. Indeed judeed I say to thee, when ης νεωτερος, εζωννυες σεαυτον, και περιεπατεις thouwast younger, thou didst gird thyself, didst walk and όπου ηθελες· όταν δε γηρασης, εκτενεις where thou didst wish; when but thou art old, thou wiltstretchout Cwoei, τας χειρας σου, και αλλος the hands of thee, and another  $\sigma\epsilon$ και will gird, another thee and <sup>19</sup> Τουτυ δε ειπε, δπου ο ι θελεις. $\sigma\eta$ -OLCEL will carry where not thou wishest. This now he s ice sigμαινων, ποιφ θανατφ δοξασει τον ειον. Και death he will glorify the 6-4 And by what aifying, ...ολω":. λεγει αυτώ. . 04. TOUTO  $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$ , having said, he says to him; F No · Tide \*[δε] <sup>20</sup> Επιστραφεις δ Πετρος βλεπι [and] the Having turned about Peter ٠b μαθητην, δν ηγαπα δ Ιησους, ακολουθουντα whom loved the Jesus, following; (δς και ανεπεσεν εν τφ δειπνφ επι το στηθος reclined at the supper the breast (who also oъ αυτου, και ειπε· Κυριε, τις εστιν ό παραδιδους he of him, and said; Olord, who is betraying σε;) 21Τουτον ιδων δ Πετρος λεγει τω Ιησου. says to the Jesus: Him seeing the Peter Κυριε, ουτος δε τι; <sup>22</sup> Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Says this and what? to him the Jesus; O lord. Εαν αυτον θελω μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς 1 wish to abide till Leome, what to 23 Εξηλθεν ουν ό λογος σε; συ ακολουθει μοι. Went out therefore the word me. ουτος εις τους αδελφους, ότι δ μαθητης εκεινος this among the ουκ αποθνησκει. Και ουκ ειπεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, said to him the Jesus, not And not ότι ουκ αποθνησκει αλλ' Εαν αυτον θελω

He says to him, 1"Tend m7 SHEEP.

17 He says to him the THIRD time, "Simon, son of Jonas, dost thou affectionately love me?" Peter was grieved. Because he said to him the THIRD time, "Dost theu affectionately love me?" And he said, "Lord, thou knowest All things; I thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." \* Jesus says to him, " Feed my sheep.

18 ! Indeed, I truly say to thee, When thou wast younger, thou didst hyself, and walk where thou didst wish; but when, thou art old, + thou wilt extend thy HANDS, and another will gird thee, and carry thee where thou dost not wish.

19 Now this he said, intimating t by + What Death he would glorify GoD And having said this, he says to him, "Follow me."

20 Peter, having turned about sees the Disciple, following, t whom Jesus loved (who also reclined at the sur PER table on his BREAST, and said, "Lord, who his HE BE-TRAYING thee ?")

21 \* LETER, therefore, secing him, says to Irsus, "Lord, and what of this man?"

22 JESUS says to him, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee? follow than me."

23 \* This report, therefore, went out among the BRETHREN, That that DIS-CIPLE would not die; \* but JESUS did not say to him, "That he shall not die;" but, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee?"

him.

Thic

I wish

Ιf

but;

μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς σε; <sup>24</sup> Ουτος εστιν I come, what to thee?

he dies:

not

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. to him-omit. erefore. 23. This. 23. but. 17. Jesus. 20. and-omit. 21. PETER therefore.

<sup>† 18.</sup> Wetstein observes, that it was a custom in Rome, to put the necks of those who were to be crucified, into a yoke, and to stretch out their hands, and fasten them to the end of the and having thus led them through the city, they were carried out to be crucified.—Clarke, † 19. Many ancient writers say that Peter was crucified with his head downwards, a short time before the destruction of Jerusalem.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Acts xx. 23; Heb. xiii. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 2, 4. † 17. John ii. 24, 25; xvi. 30; 18. John xiii. 26; Acts xii. 3, 4. † 19. 2 Pet. i. 14. - † 20. John xiii. 23, 25; xx. 26; 29. Matt. xvi. 27, 28; xxv. 31; 1 Cov. iv 5; xi. 26; Rev. ii. 25; iii. 11; rzdi. 7, 20.

μαρτυρων περι τουτων, Ka: δ μαθητης, δ and concerning these things, testifying disciple, he δτι  $a\lambda\eta\theta\eta s$ οιδαμεν, voatas ταυτα. we know, true having westen these things; and 25 Εστι δε και αλλα εστιν ή μαρτυρια αυτου. other and also the testimony of him. πολλα όσα εποιησεν ό Ιηυους, άτινα εαν γραwhich if they should did the Jesus, φηται  $\kappa \alpha \theta' \in V$ , ουδε αυτον οιμαι τον κοσμον every one, not even him I suppose the χωρησαι τα γραφομένα βιΩλία. to contain the being written books.

24 This is THAT DISCLAISE, who \*both TESTIFIES of these things and whote these things; and ‡ we know That 'His TESTIMONY is true.

25 ‡And there are many other things which Jesus performed, which, if they should be written, every one, † I suppose that not even the world itself would contain the Weitten Books.

\* ACCORDING TO JOHN.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-25 toth.

24 His.

Subscription-According to

† 25. This is a very strong eastern expression, to represent the great number cymiracles which Jesus wrought. But however strong and strange this expression may seem to us of the western world, we find sacred and other authors using hyperboles of the like kind and signification; some instances of which it may be proper to lay before the reader. In Num xii. 33, the spies, who returned from the search of the land of Canaan, say they saw giants there of such a prodigious size, that they were "in their own sight as grasshoppers." In Deut. i. 28, cities with high walls round about them are said to be "walled up to heaven." In Dan. iv. 11, mention is made of a tree, whereof "the height reached unto the heaven," and the sight thereof unto the end of all the earth;" and the author of Ecclesiasicus, in chap. xlvii. 15, speaking of Solomon's wisdom, says, "Thy soul covered the whole earth, and thou filleds it with parables;" as the world is there said to be filled with Solomon's parables, so here, by one degree more of hyperbole, it is said that the world would not contain all the books which should be written concerning a saus' miracles, if the particular accepts.

\$ 24. John xix. 35; 8 John 12.

# "ACTS OF APOSTLES.

# КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Toy  $\mu \in \nu$   $\pi \rho \omega \tau \sigma \nu$   $\lambda \sigma \gamma \sigma \nu$   $\epsilon \pi \sigma \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$  The indeed first account I made emborning. Θεοφιλε, ων ηρξατο δ Incoms
Theophulus, which began the Josus ω παντων. 0 ποιειν τε και διδασκειν, <sup>2</sup> αρχι ης ήμερας, <sup>2</sup>στ to do and also to teach, even to which day, was δια τειλαμενος τοις αποστολοις, πνευματος throu<sub>o-</sub> ing given charge to the apostics, spirit 3 Ois άγιου ούς  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \xi \alpha \tau o$ ,  $\alpha \nu \epsilon \lambda \eta \phi \theta \eta$ . € II To whom also he chose, he was taken up. whom έαυτον ζωντα μετα  $\tau o$ παθειν παοεστησεν living himself after the to suffer he presented αυτον, εν πολλοις τεκμηριοις, δι' ήμερων τεσclear proofs, through days in many σαρακοντα οπτανομένος αυτοις, και λέγων  $\tau \alpha$ by them, and saying the things 4 Και συναλιτης βασιλειας του θεου. kingdom of the God. And assemconcerning the ζομενος παρηγγειλεν αυτοις, απο Ίεροσολυμων he commanded Jerusalem them irom μη χωριζεσθαι, αλλα περιμενειν την επαγγελιαν to wait for the promise tiot to depart, but του πατρος, ην ηκουσατε μου· <sup>5</sup>ότι Ιωαννης of the father, which you heard from me; that μεν εβαπτισεν ύδατι, ύμεις δε βαπτισθησεσθε but shall be dipped in water, you εν πνευματι άγιω, ου μετα πολλας ταυτας ήμεholy, not after spirit many these days. 6 Οί μεν ουν συνελθοντες επηρωτων pas. They indeed therefore having come together, αυτον· λεγοντες· Κυριε, ει εν τω χρονω τουτω Olord, if in the saying; αποκαθιστανεις την βασιλειαν τω Ισραηλ; kingdom to the IsraelP the thou restorest 7 Ειπε δε προς αυτους. Ουχ ύμων εστι γνωναι He said and to them; Not for you it is to know them; He said and to χρονους η καιρους, ούς δ πατηρ εθετο εν τη seasons, which the father placed in the times or 8 Αλλα ληψεσθε δυναμ.ν επελιδια εξουσια. But you shall receive power authority. θοντες του άγιου πνευματος εφ' ύμας. και spirit upon you; and the holy iug come εσεσθε μοι μαρτυρες εν τε Ίερουσαλημ, και in both Jerusalem, and you shall be to me witnesses εν πατη τη Ιουδαια και Σαμαρεια, και έως εσχα-

### CHAPTER 1.

1 The FORMER History compiled, ‡ O Theophitis, concerning all things which \* Jesus began both to de and to teach,

2 teven to the Day in which, thaving given commandment, through the holy Spirit, to the Apostules whom he had chosen, he was taken up;

3 to whom also he presented himself living, arter his suffering, by Many Infallible proofs; heing seen of them forty Days, and speaking the THINGS concerning the KINGDOM of GOD.

4‡And assembling them, he charged them "not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the Promise of the Father, † which you heard from me;

5 that John, indeed, immersed in Water, but pout will be immersed in holy Spirit, after a few Days."

6 THEY, therefore, having come together, asked him, saying, "Lord, wilt thou, at this time, trestore the kingdom to Isbael?"

7 \*Then he said to them,
"It is not for you to know
the Times or Scasons,
which the FATHER appointed by his OWN Authority.

s but you shall receive Power by the HOLY Spirit coming upon you; and pouσαλημ, και μου shall be My With perusalem, and έως εσχα- and eventer farthers!

S But you shall receive from the HOLY Spirit coming upon you; and μου shall receive from and provide the Holly Spirit coming upon you; and μου shall receive from the Holly Spirit coming upon you; and the Holly Spirit com

and in Samaria,

the

Judea

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—Acts of Apostles.

<sup>1.</sup> Jesus. 7. Then he

<sup>9</sup> Και ταυτα ειπων, βλεποντων TOU THE YES. ort of the land. And these thrugs having said, beholding αυτων επηρθη· και μεφελη ύπελαβεν αυτον απο of them be washined up; and a cloud wing frew him from a confidence aution. 10 Kai &s ατενίζοντες eyes And as of them. fixedly gazing ησαν εις τον ουρανον, πορευομένου αυτου, και they were into the going away of him, and heaven, ιδου, ανδρες δυο παρειστηκεισαν αυτοις εν εσθη two were standing by them in men raiτι λευκη, 11 οί και ειπον. Ανδρες Γαλιλαιοι, τι ment white, of Galilee, why they and said; Men εστηκατε εμβλεποντες εις τον ουρανον; ουτος looking into the heaven? δ Ιησους, δ αναληφθεις αφ' ύμων εις τον ουραthe Jesus, he being taken up from you into the heaven, νον, ούτως ελευσεται, δν τροπον εθεασασθε will come, which manner you saw  $^{12}$  To $au\epsilon$ αυτον πορευομένον εις τον ουρανον. goirg into the heaven. Theu εις Ίερουσαλημ απο ορους του ύπεστρεψαν they returned into Jerusalam from a mountain that καλουμενου Ελαιωνος, δ εστιν εγγυς 'Ιερουσαbeing called of olive trees, which is near Jerusalem, <sup>13</sup> Και ότε εισηλ- $\lambda \eta \mu$ ,  $\sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \tau o v \in \chi o v \delta \delta o v$ . a sabbath being distantjourney. And when they came θον, ανεβησαν εις το ύπερφον, ού ησαν καταinto, they went up into the upper room, where were μενοντες, δ, τε Πετρος και Ιακωβος, και Ιωανthe both Peter and James, and John Auspeas, Φιλιππος Ownas, νης και  $\kappa a t$ and Philip and Thomas, Andrew, Βαρθολομαίος και Ματθαίος, Ιακώβου Αλφαί-Bartholomew and Matthew. James of Alpheου και Σιμων δ ζηλωτης και Ιουδας Ιακωβου. us also Simon the zealot and Judas of James. 14 Ουτοι παντές ησαν προσκαρτέρουντές δμοθυwere being constantly engaged with one μαδον τη προσευχη, συν γυναιξι, και Μαρια τη mind in the prayer, with women, and μητρι του Ιησου, και συν τοις αδελφοις αυτου. mother of the Jesus, and with the brother of him. 15 Και εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις αναστας Πε-And in the days these having stood up l'eτρος εν μεσω των μαθητων,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu^{\bullet}$ ( TV TE ter middle of the disciples, he said; (was and οχλος ονοματων, επιτο αυτο ώς έκατον εικοσιν.) a cruvid of names, in the same about a hundred twenty;) 16 Ανδρες αδελφοι, πληρωθηναι την  $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \iota$ brethren, it was necessary to be fulfilled γραφην ταυτην, ην προειπε το πνευμα το άγιον this, which spoke before the spirit the holy δια στοματος Δαυιδ, περι Ιουδα του γενομενου

remotest parts of the

9 And having said These things, as they were loosing on he was litted up; and a Cloud carried him away from their STORE.

10 And while they were fixedly gazing towards the nearens, as he was going up, behold, two Men were standing by them in white Raiment;

Il who also said, "Men of Galilee, why do you stand looking towards the MEAVENS? This JESUS, who is taken up from you into the HEAVENS, I shall so come in the manner in which you saw him go into the HEAVENS."

12 †Then they returned to Jerusalem, from THAT Mountain CALLED the Mount of Olives, which is near Jerusalem, being distant a Sabbath-day's Jour-

ney.

13 And when they came into the city, they went up into the UPPER ROOM, where were remaining both Peter and \* John, and James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew, James the son of Alpheus, and Simor the ZEALOT, and Judas the brother of James.

14 All these were constantly engaged with one mind in prayer, with the Women, and with Mery the mother of \*Jesus, and with his enothers.

15 And in these days, Peter standing up in the Midst of the \* emethers, (the Number of Person assembled were about a bundred and twenty,) said,

16 "Brethren, it was necessary for \* the scripture to be fulfilled, twhich the holy spirit, through the mouth of David, foretold concerning that Judas twho became a Guide

through mouth of David, about Judas that having become

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—13. John, and James and Andrew. Brethren, said. 16. The scripture.

<sup>14.</sup> Jesus. 15.

ACTS. Cnap. 2: 11.] επιδημουντες 'Ρωμαιοι, Ιουδαιοι τε και προση-Jews both and Romans, proseλυτοι, 11 Κοητες και Αραβες, ακουομεν λαλουν-lytes, Cretans and Arabiaus, we hear speaking των αυτων ταις ήμετεραις γλωσσαις τα μεγαgreat tongues the them in the our λεια του θεου; 12 Εξισταντο δε παντες και διη-Were astourshed and all things of the God? πορουν, αλλος προς αλλον λεγοντες. Τι αν plexed, one to another saying What θελοι τουτο ειναι ; 13 Ετεροι δε διαχλευαζοντες this to be? Others but deriding ελεγον 'Οτι γλευκους μεμεστωμενοι εισι. said; That sweet wine having been filled 'ney are 14 Σταθεις δε Πετρος συν τοις ένδεκα, επηρε Standing up but Peter with the eleven, lifted up την φωνην αύτου, και απεφθεγξατο αυτοις. the voice of himself, and said to them. Ανδρες Ιουδαιοι, και οί κατοικουντες Ίερουσαand those dwelling Men Jews, λημ άπαντες, τουτο ύμιν γνωστον εστω, και lem all, this to you known let be, and 15 Oυ γαρ, ενωτισασθε τα βηματα μου. ယ်s Not words of me. for, 2.5 listen you the ύμεις ύπολαμβανετε, ούτοι μεθυουσιν• εστι γαρ suppose, these are drunk; it is for ώρα τριτη της ήμερας· 16 αλλα τουτο εστι το that hour third of the day; but this δια του προφητου Ιωηλ. 1. και through the prophet Joel; and ειρημενον having been spoken through the εσται εν ταις εσχαταις ταις ήμεραις, λεγει δ says the it shall be in the last the days, θεος, εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου επι πασαν spirit of me upun Gad, I will pour outfrom of the σαρκα· και προφητευσουσιν οί υίοι ύμων και αί shall prophesy the sons of you and the and θυγατερες ύμων, και οί νεανισκοι ύμων δρασεις daughters of you, and the young men of you visions οψουται, και οί πρεσβυτεροι ύμων ευυπνιοις and the old men of you ενυπνιασθησονται 18καιγε επι τους δουλους μου and even on the male-slaves of me shall dream; και επι τας δουλας μου εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις and on the female slaves of me in the days εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου, και προφηof me, and I will pour out from of the spirit 19 Και δωπω τερατα εν τω **ο**υρανω τευσουσι. And I will give prodigies in the heaven ανω, και σημεία επι της γης κατω, αιμα και above, and signs on the earth below, blood and πυρ και ατμιδα καπνου  $^{20}$  δ ήλιος μεταστραφη-The and a cloud of smoke; the sun shall be turned σεται εις σκοτος, και  $\dot{\eta}$  σεληνη εις αιμια, πριν

πυρ και ατμιδα καπνου:  $^{20}$  δ  $\hat{\eta}$ λιος μεταστραφηfire and a cloud of smoke; the sun shall be turned
σεται εις σκοτος, και  $\hat{\eta}$  σεληνη εις αιμια, πριν
into darkness, and the muon into blood, sooner  $\eta$  ελθειν την  $\hat{\eta}$ μεραν κυριου την μεγαλ ην και
than to come the day of lord the great and
επιφανη.  $^{21}$  Και εσται, πας δς αν επικαλεση-

than to come the day offord the great and  $\epsilon\pi\iota\phi\alpha\nu\eta$ . And it shall be, every one who may call upon tal to opoma kuplou,  $\sigma\omega\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota$ .

the name of lord, shall be saved.

Roman strangers, botk Jews and Proselytes,

11 Cretans and Arabians; we hear them speaking in our Tongues the GREAT THINGS of GOD."

12 And they were all astonished and perplexed, saying one to another, "What can this be?"

13 But others scoffing, said, "They are full of

Sweet wine."

14 But Peter standing with the ELEVEN, lifted up his VOICE, and said to them, "Jews! and all who are SOJOUENING in Jerusalem! let this be known to you, and listen to my words.

15 For these are not drunk as nou suppose, for it is the third Hour of the

DAY;

16 but this is WHAT WAS SPOKEN through the PRO-

PHET Joel;

17 ‡ 'And it shall be \*in 'the LAST Days, says God, 'I will pour out of my 'Spirit upon All Flesh; 'and your sons and your 'DAUGHTERS shall prophesy; and your YOUNG 'MEN shall see Visions, 'and your OLD MEN shall 'dream Dreams.

18 'And indeed on my 'MEN-SERVANTS and ton 'my WOMEN-SERVANTS in 'those DAYS I will pour 'out of my spirit, and 'they shall prophesy.

19 'And I will give Pro 'digies in the HEAVEN- 'above, and Signs on the 'EARTH below; Blood, and 'Fire, and a Cloud of 'Smoke.

20 ‡ 'The sun shall be 'turned into Darkness, and 'the moon into Blood, before that great and illustrious Day of the Lord 'come.

21 'And it shall be, tev-'ery one who may invoke 'the NAME of the Lord, 'shall be saved.'

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript .-- 17. after these things, says God.

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Thess, v. 7. † 17. Joel ii. 28, 29. † 18. Acts xxi. 4, 9, 10: 1 Cor. xii. 10, 28; xvi. 1. † 20. Matt. xxiv. 29; Mark xiii. 24; Luke xxi. 25. † 21. Rom. x. 13.

τουτον τη ωρισμένη βουλη και προγνωσει this by the having been fixed purpose and forekoowledge του θεου εκδοτον λιβοντές, δια χειρων ανοof the God given up having been taken, by hands of lawμων προσπηξαντές ανείλατε, 24 'Ον δ θεος less ones having affixed to you killed. Whom the God aneστησε λυσας τας ωδινας του θανατου, raised up; having loosed the pains of the death, καθοτι ουκ ην δυνατον κρατεισθαι αυτου ὑπ' has much as not was possible to be held him under autrou.

...

face

of thee.

25 Λαυιδ γαρ λεγει εις αυτον Προωρωμην David for says concerning him; 4 83 10 τον κυριον ενωπιον μου διαπαντας, ότι εκ δεξιων lord in presence of me always, because at right hand 26 Δια τουτο μου εστιν, ίνα μ- σαλευθω. of me be is, so that not I may be shaken. Through this ευφρανθη ή καρδια μου, και ηγαλλιασατο ή rejuiced the heart of me, and esulted the γλωσσα μου ετι δε και ή σαρξ μου κατασκηtongue of me; moreover and also the flesh of me will repose νωσει επ' ελπιδ: 27 ότι ουκ εγκαταλειψεις hope; because not in thou wilt abandon την ψυχην μου εις 'αδου, ουδ∈ δωσεις invisibility, nor then wilt ahandon <sup>28</sup> Εγνωρισας τοι δσιον σου ιδειν διαφθοραν. holy one of thee to see corruption. Thou didst make known μοι όδους ζωης: πληρωσεις με ευφροσυνης μετα lome ways of life; how wilt fill me του προσωπου σου,

 $^{29}$  And  $\rho$  es a  $\delta$  expos, expose  $\delta$  estimates  $\delta$  the section  $\delta$  estimates  $\delta$ σιας προς ύμας περι του πατριαρχου Δαυιδ, you concerning the patriarch David. δτικαι ετελευτησε και εταφη, και το μνημα he dicd and was buried, and the tomb αυτου εστιν εν ήμιν αχρι της ήμερας ταυτης. till of the day is among us <sup>10</sup> Προφητης ουν ύπαρχων, και ειδως **ότι** δρκω

Aprophet therefore being, and knowing that with an oath ωμοσεν αυτφ δ θεος, εκ καρπου της οσφυος .ewere to him the God, out of fruit of the loins αυτου καθισαι επι του θρονου αυτου. 31 ΠροιThim to cause to sit on the throne of him.

22 Israelites! hear these words. Jesus, the Nazarene, a Man from God, celebrated among you \$ by Miracles, and Prodigies, and Signs, which God wrought through him in the Midst of you, as you yourselves know;

23 him, tgiven up by the fixed Counsel and Foreknowledge of God, by the Hand of Lawless ones, tyou nailed to the cross, and killed;

24 twhom God raised up, having loosed the pains of DEATH; as it was impossible to hold him under it.

25 For David says concerning him, ‡'I saw the 'Lond always before me, 'Because he is at my Right hand, so that I may not be moved.

26 'On account of this '\* My heart rejoiced, and 'my TONGUE exulted; and 'moreover, my FLESH also 'snau ... pose in Hope;

27 'because thou wilt 'not abandon my soul in 'Hades, nor give up thine 'Holy one to see Corrup-'tion.

28 'Thou didst make 'known to me the Ways of 'Life; thou wilt make me 'full of Joy with thy 'COUNTENANCE.'

29 Brethren! I may speak to you, with freedom, concerning the PATRIARCH David, that he both died and was buried, and his TOMB is among us to this DAY.

30 Being, therefore, a Prophet, ‡ and knowing That GoD swore to him with an Oath, that of the Fruitofhis Loins he would cause one to sit upon bis THEONE;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. also—omit. 23. by the Hand of Lawless ones, row pailed to the cross and killed. 26. My heart.

he spoke concerning the

ότι ου κατελειφθη εις

that not be was abandoned into

αυτου ειδε διαφθοραν.

resurrection of the Ameinted,

invisibility, nor the flesh

32 Τουτον τον Ιησουν

ουδε ή σαρξ

saw corruption. This the Jesus **ανεστησεν δ θεος,** οδ TAVTES ήμεις €σμ€ν God, of which the all raised np are 33 Τη δεξια ουν του θεου ນປωμαρτυρες. To the right hand therefore of the God having been witnesses.  $\theta \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\tau \eta \not = \epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda (\alpha \nu \tau o u \dot{\alpha} \gamma (o u \pi \nu \epsilon u \mu \alpha \tau o s)$ exalted, the and promise of the holy spirit παρα του πατρος, εξεχεε τουτο, δ I from the father, he powed out this, which πετε και ακουετε.  $^{34}$  Ου γαρ Δαυιδ λαβων having received from the ύμεις βλεπετε και ακουετε. and Not for hear. ανεβη εις τους ουρανους. λεγει δε αυτος. Ειπεν ascended into the heavens; he says but himself; Said δ κυριυς τφ κυριφ μου. Καθου εκ δεξιων μου, the lord to the lord of me; Sit thou at right hand of me, <sup>35</sup> έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον των till I may place the enemies of thee a footstoo. 36 Ασφαλως ουν γινωσκετω πας Certainly therefore let know all ποδων σου. of thee. οικος Ισραηλ, ότι και κυριον αυτον και Χριστον house of Israel, that both lord him and Anointed ό θεος εποιησε, τουτον τον Ιησουν, όν ύμεις the God made, this the Jesus, whom you <sup>37</sup> Ακουσαντες δε κατενυγησαν εσταυρωσατε. and they were pierced crucified. Having heard τη καρδια, ειπον τε προς τον Πετρον και τους to the heart, and to said Peter the bas the ανδρες Τι ποιησομέν, λοιπους αποστολους. apostles; What shall we do, men <sup>38</sup> Πετρο**ι** \*[ $\epsilon\phi\eta$ ]  $\pi\rho\sigma$  autous. αδελφοι; δε Peter brethren? and [said] ŧο Νετανοησατε, και βαπτισθητω έκαστος ύμων be dipped and each one of you  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \varphi$  ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου,  $\epsilon \iota s$  αφεσιν άμαρin the name of Jesus Anointed, for forgiveness of τιων, και ληψεσθε την δωρεαν του άγιου πνευand you shall receive the of the holy gift spirit. <sup>39</sup> Υμιν γαρ εστιν ή επαγγελια και **датоз.** the To you for is promise τοις τεκνοις ύμων, και πασι τοις εις μακραν, to the children of you, and to all those at a distance, όσους **αν π**ροσκαλεσηται κυριος ό θεος ήμων. the God as many as may call lord of us.  $^{40}$  Etepois te loyois πλειοσι διεμαρτυρετο, bas words with many he testified, και παρεκαλει, λεγων Σωθητε απο της γενεας Be saved from the generation exhorted, saying; <sup>41</sup> Οί μεν ουν \*[ασμενως] της σκολιας ταυτης. of the perverse. this. They indeed therefore [gladly] 83. both see.

δων ελαλησε περι της αναστασεως του Χριστου,

'αδου,

31 foreseeing he spoks concerning the RESURBEC-TION of the MESSIAH. 'that he was not left in 'Hades, nor did his flesh see Corruption.'

32 God raised up this Jesus, t of which we all

are Witnesses.

33 Having been, therefore, exalted to the RIGHT HAND of God, tand having received from the FA-THER the PROMISE of the \* HOLY SPIRIT, The poured out this which you \*both see and hear.

34 For David ascended not to HEAVEN, but he says himself, ‡ JEHOVAH 'said to my LORD, Sit thou 'at my Right hand,

35 'till I put thine EN-'EMIES underneath thy

FEET.

36 Therefore, let all the House of Israel certainly know, that This Jesus, whom you crucified, ‡GoD made him both Lord and Messiah."

37 And having heard this, they were pierced to the HEART, and said to PETER and the OTHER Apostles, "Brethren! what shall we do?"

38 And Peter said to them; t"Reform, and let each of you be immersed in the NAME of Jesus Christ, for the Forgiveness \*of your SINS; and you will receive the GIFT of the HOLY Spirit.

39 For the PROMISE is to you and to your CHILDREN, and tto ALL who are far off, as many as the Lord our God may call."

40 And with many Other Words he testified and \*exhorted them, saying, "Be you saved from this PERVERSE GENERATION."

41 Then THOSE who RE-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—33. HOLY SPIRIT. of the sins. 40. exhorted them, saying. 38. of the sins.

38. said-omit.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Acts i.8. † 33. Acts v. 31; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. x. 12. † 33. John xiv. 26; xv. 26; xvi. 7, 13; Acts i.4. † 34. Psa. cx. 1; Matt. xxii. 24; 1 Cor. xv. 25; Eph. i. 20—22; Heb. i. 13; x. 12, 13. † 36. Acts v. 31. † 38. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii. 10. † 30. Acts iii. 25. † 30. Acts x. 45; xi. 15, 18; xiv. 27; xv. 3, 8, 14; Eph. ii. 13, 17.

αποδεξαμενοι τον λογον αυτου, εβαπτισθησαν having received the word of him, were dieped; και προσετεθήσαν τη ήμερα εκείνη ψυχαι ώσει day were added the tLat souls about 42 Ησαν δε προσκαρτερουντες τη τρισχιλιαι. Were and constantly attending to the three thousand. διδαχη των αποστολαν, και τη κοινωνια, \*[και] teaching of the and to the distribution, [and] apostles, κλασει του αρτου, και ταις προσευχαις. lon, to the breaking of the and to the prayers. 42 Εγενετο δε ταση ψυχη φοβος, πολλα τε

Came and to every soul fear, many and τερατα και σημεια δια των αποστολων €YIprodigies and sons through the spostles were 44 Παντες δε οί πιστευοντες ησαν επι VETO. All and those believing in done. were 45 Kal Ta το αυτο, κει ειχον άπαντα κοινα, the same, and had allthings common, and the κτηματα και τας ύπαρξεις επιπρασκον, και διεpossessions and the goods they were selling, and they μερίζον αυτα πασι, καθοτί αν τις χρείαν είχε. were dividing them to all, as any one nced had. <sup>46</sup> Καθ' ἡμεραν τε προσκαρτερουντ**ες ό**μοθ**υμ**αδον

and constantly attending with one mind Every day εν τφ ίερφ, κλωντες τε κατ' οικον αρτον, μετεin the temple, breaking and at home bread. λαμβανον τροφης εν αγαλλιασει και αφελοτητι were partaking offood in gladness and singleness καρδιας, <sup>47</sup> αινουντες τον θεον, και εχοντες God, the and having of heart, praising χαριν προς όλον τον λαον. 'Ο δε κυριος προσε-Theand lord favor with whole the people. τιθει τους σω (ομενους καθ' ήμεραν \* τη εκκληodding those, being saved every day [to the congreσιa. gation.]

# КЕФ. √. 3.

1 Επι το αυτο δε Πετρος και Ιωαννης ανεβαι-In the same now Peter and John were going νον εις το ίερον επι την ώραν της προσευχης υρν εις το αργατην at the hour of the property εννατην. 

\*\*And a certain man lame from womb and a λιας μητρος αύτου ύπαρχων, εβασταζετο δν of mother of himself being, was being carried, whom ετιθουν κατ' ήμεραν προς την θυραν του έερου æt the door of the temple they placed every day την λεγομενην ώραιαν, του αιτειν ελεημοσυνην being called beautiful, the toask alms 3,O2 παρα των εισπορευομενων εις το ίερον. into the tample. from these entering

CHIVED his WORDS were immersed; and on that DAY about three thousand Souls were added.

- 42 † And they were constantly attending to the TEACHING of the APOSTLES, and to the † CONTRIBUTION, and to the BREAKING of the LOAF, and to the PRAYERS.
- 43 And Fear came upon Every Soul; and ‡ Many Prodigies and Signs were done through the APOS-TLES.
  - 44 And ALL the BE-LIEVERS ‡\* had all things common together;
- 45 and sold their Possessions and Goods, and divided them to all, as any one had Need.
- 46 And constantly attending with one mind in the TEMPLE every day, and breaking Bread at Home, they partook of Food in Joyfulness and Simplicity of Heart;
- 47 praising God, and having Favor with all the PEOPLE. And the LORD daily added THOSE BRING SAVED to the CONGREGATION.

## CHAPTER III.

- 1 Now Peter and John were going up TOGETHER into the TEMPLE, at the HOUR OF PRAYER, being the NINTH hour.
- whom lame from his Birth, was being carried, whom they placed daily at ! THAT GATE of the TEMPLE which is CALLED Beautiful, to ASK Alms of THOSE ENTERING into the TEMPLE;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—42, aud—omit.

<sup>44,</sup> had all things common together;

and sold. 47, to the congregation—omit.

<sup>142.</sup> See the following passage where the same original word is used:—Rom. xv. 26; 2 Cor. viii, 4; 1x. 13; Phll. i, 5; Heb. xiii. 16, Also Appendix. 12. This gate is said to have led from the court of the Gentiles into the court of the Israelites on the eastern side of the temple. It was built by Herod the Great, almost or quite wholly of Corinthian brass, The folks of this gate were fifty cubits high and forty broad, and covered with plates of gold and silver.

<sup>† 42.</sup> Heb. x. 25. † 40. Luke xxiv. 53; Acts v. 42.

<sup>‡ 43.</sup> Mark xvi. 17; Acts iv. 33, v. 12. ‡ 47. Acts v. 14; xi. 24.

ιδων Πετρον και Ιωαννην μελλοντας εισιεναι Peter and John heing about to go 4 Aτεεις το ίερον, ηρωτα ελεημοσυνην λαβειν. into the temple, asked alms to receive. Looking νισας δε Πετρος εις αυτον συν τω Ιωαννή, ειπε. steadily and Peter on him with the John, said; 5 'Ο δε επειχεν αυτοις, προσβλεψον εις ήμας. He and gave heed to them, us. παρ' αυτων λαβειν. 6 Ειπε δε Πεδοκων τι pectingsomething from them to receive. Said and τρος· Αργυριον και χρυσιον ουχ ὑπαρχει μοι· ter; Silver and gold not are possessed by me; δε εχω, τουτο σοι διδωμι. Εν τω ονοματι what but I have, this to thee I give; In the name Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου \* [εγειραι και] of Jesus Anointed the Nazarene [do thou arise and] <sup>7</sup> Και πιασας αυτον της δεξιας περιπατει. And having taken him right the walk, χειρος ηγειρε παραχρημα δε εστερεωθησαν he rose up, immediately and were strengthened 8 Και εξαλλοαυτου αί βασεις και τα σφυρα. and the ankle-bones. And feet teaping μενος, εστη, και περιεπατει και εισηλθε συν he stood, and with walked; and entered αυτοις εις το ίερον, περιπατων και αλλομενος, them into the temple, walking and leaping, 9 Και ειδεν αυτον πας δ και αινων τον θεον. And and praising the God. **BaW** him all the λαος περιπατουντα και αινουντα  $\theta \epsilon o \nu$ TOY walking and praising the God; peopl**e** 10 επεγινωσκον τε αυτον, ότι ουτος ην ό προς and him, that he they knew was who for την ελεημοσυνην καθημενος επι τη ώραια πυλη at the beautiful gate sitting του ίερου και επλησθησαν θαμβους και εκταof the temple; and they were filled with wonder and amaze-11 Κρατουντος σεως επιτω συμβεβηκοτι αυτω. at that having happened to him. Holding fast δε αυτου τον Πετρον και Ιωαννην, συνεδραμε and of him the Peter and John, ran together προς αυτους πας δ λαος επι τη στοα τη καλου~ all the people to the purch that being μενη Σολομωνος, εκθαμβοι. 12 Ιδων δε Πετρος salled of Solomon, awe-struck. Seeing and Peter απεκρινατο προς τον λαον. Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, to the people; Men answered Israelites, ατενιζετε, τι θαυμαζετε επιτουτφ; η ήμιν τι or to us why look you earnestly, why do you wonder at this? ώς ιδια δυναμει η ευσεβεια πεποιηκοσι του having been made of the as by own power or piety περιπατειν αυτον ; 13 'Ο θεος Αβρααμ και Ισαακ The God of Abraam and Isaac και Ιακωβ, δ θεος των πατερων ήμων, εδοξασε Jacob, the God of the fathers of as, glorified **τον** παιδα αυτου Ιησουν, όν ύμεις μεν παρεδωthe servant of himself Jesus, whom you indeed

3 who seeing Peter and John being about to go into the TEMPLE, asked Alms.

4 And Peter, with John, having earnestly fixed his eyes on him, said, "Look on us."

5 And HE gave heed to them, expecting to receive

Something from them.
6 But Peter said, "Silver and Gold I have not: but what I have, This I give thee; ; in the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZA-RENE, walk."

7 And having taken him by the RIGHT Hand he raised \*him up; and immediately \* his FEET and ANKLES Were strengthened:

8 and leaping up, he stood, and walked about. and entered with them into the TRMPLE, walking, and leaping, and praising GOD.

9 And All the PROPLE saw him walking and

praising God;

10 and they knew him, That HE was the ONE who sat for alms at the BEAUTIFUL Gate of the TEMPLE; and they were filled with Wonder and Anzizement at WHAT had HAPPENED to him.

11 And while he held fast to PETER and John, All the PEOPLE ran together to them, into THAT PORTICO t which is CALL-ED Solomon's, greatly astonished.

12 And \* PETER seeing it, answered the PEOPLE, "Israelites! why do you wonder at this? or why do you look intently at Us, as though by Our Power or Piety we had caused him to walk.

13 : The God of Abraham, and of Isaac, and of Jacob, the God of our FA-THERS, glorified his SERdelivered VANT Jesus, whom you

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. rise up and -omit.

7. him.

7. his FEET.

12.

κατε, και ηρνησασθε \*[αυτον] κατα προσωπον and denied [him] in face 14 'THEIS Πιλατου, κριναντος εκεινου απολευειν. ... of Pilate, having judged he to release. δε τον άγιον και δικαιον πρυησασθε, και ητηbut the holy and righteous denied. and σαπθε ανδρα φονεα καρισθηναι ύμιν, 15 τον δε aman amurderer to be granted to you, the and αρχηγον της ζωης απεκτεινατε όν δ θεος ηγειyou killed; prioce of the life whom the God, raised ρεν εκ νεκρων, οδ ήμεις μαρτυρες εσμεν out of dead ones, of whom we witnesses  $^{16}$  και επι τη πιστει του **ο**νοματος αυτου, τουτον and by the faith of the name of him. θεωρειτε και αιδατε, εστερεωσε το ονομα δv whom you behold and know, strengthened the name αυτου και ή πιστις ή δι αυτου εδωκεν αυτω and the faith that through him gave of him; to him την όλοκληριαν ταυτην απεναντι παντ ον ύμων. the perfect soundness , this is presence of all of you. 17 Kai νυν, αδελφοί, οίδα ότι κατα αννείαν And now, brethren, I know that in ignorance επραξετε, ώσπερ και οί αρχοντες ύμων. The you did, 8.5 also the rulers of you. δε θεος ά προκατηγγειλε δια στοματος παντων through mouth but God what he foretold of all . των προφητων αύτου, παθειν νον Χριστον, of the prophets of himself, to suffer the Accinted, 19 Μετανοησατε ουν και επληρωσεν ούτω. Reform you therefore and he fulfilled thus. επιστρεψατε, εις το εξαλειφθηναι ύμων τας turn you, in order that the to be wiped out of you the άμαρτιας, όπως αν ελθωσι καιροι αναψνξεως απο seasons of refreshing from sins, that may come  $^{20}$  και αποστειλη τον προσωπου του κυριου, of the lord, and he may seed him προκεχειρισμενον ύμιν Ιησουν Χριστον 21 δν Jesus . Anoipted; whom having been before destined for you δει ουρανον μεν δεξασθαι αχρι χρονων αποκαί must bearen indeed to receive till times of restoraταστεσεως παντων, ών ελαλησεν δ θεος δια spoke the Godthrough of all things, which στοματος των άγιων αυτου προφητων απ' αιωof the holy of himself prophe's from • 0 νος. . 2 Μωυσης μεν \*[προς τους πατερας] indeed Moses [io the fathers] ειπεν. Ότι προφητην ύμιν αναστησει κυριος δ said; That a prophet to you shall raise up lord the θεος ύμων, εκ των αδελφων ύμων ώς εμε of you, from of the brethren of you; like me; αυτου ακόυσεσθε κατα παντα, δσα αν λαληση of him you shall bear in all things, which be may speak προς ύμας. - 3 Εσται δε, τασα ψυχη ήτις αν μη to you. It shall be and, every coul whatever not ακουση του προφητου εκεινου, εξολοθρευθησεshall be destroyed | 'the PEOPLE. may hear the prophet " that,

indeed delivered up, and Trejected in the Presence of Pilate, when he resolved to release him:

14 But pou rejected the HOLY and Righteous one. and asked a Murderer to be given you,

15 and killed the PRINCE of Life; whom God raised from the Dead, of which be are Witnesses.

16 And by the FAITH of his NAME, this NAME strengthened This Man, whom you behold and know; and THAT FAITH, through him, gave him this PERFECT SOUNDNESS in the presence of you all.

17 And now, Brethren, I know That in Ilgnorance you did it, as also your RULERS. :

18 But God thus fulfilled I what he 'oretold by the Mouth of All \*the PROPHETS, I that his AN. OINTED should suffer.

19 TReform, therefore, and turn, that Your sins may be BLOTTED OUT; so that Seasons of Refreshment may come from the Presence of the LORD,

20 and he may send him HAVING BEEN BEFORE DESTINED for you, Jesus Christ:

21 whom, indeed, Heaven must retain till the Times of Restoration of all things which God spoke by the Mouth of his noly Prophets, from of Old.

22 Moses indeed said, t'The Lord your God shall 'raise up to you, from your, BRETHREN, a Prophet 'like me; Him you shall 'hear in all things which 'he may speak to you;

23 'and it shall be, Ev-'ery Soul which may not 'hear that PROPRET, shall 'be destroyed from among

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. him-omif. 18. the PROPHETS his ANOINTED. of mis Holy. . 22. to the PATHERS-omif.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 20; Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18, 20, 21; John xviii. 40; xix. 15; Acts xiii. 28. † 16. Acts iv. 10. † 17. Luke xxiii. 34; John xvi. 3; Acts xiii. 27; † Cor. fi. 8; † Tim. i. 13. † 18. Luke xxiv. 44; Acts xxiv. 21. † 18. Psa. xvii. ; Isa. liii. † Dan. ix. 20; † Pet. i. 10, 11. † 30. Acts ii. 38. † 22. Deut. xviii. 16, 18, 10; Acts ii. 38. ; 19. Acts ii. 88.

24 Και παντες δε οί προφηκ του λαου. prophets Also all and the out of the people. ται απο Σαμουηλ και των καθεξης δσοι ελαλη-Samuel and those succeeding as many as spoke, from κατηγγειλαν τας ήμερας ταυτας. days these. told of the also <sup>25</sup> ΄΄ μεις εστε οί υίοι των προφητων, και της You are the sons of the prophets, and of the διε θηκης, ής διεθετο δ θεος προς τους πατερας covenant, which ratified the God to the fathers ήμων, λεγων προς Αβρααμ. Και εν τω σπερματι saying to Ahraam; And in the σου ενευλογηθησονται πασαι αί πατριαι της ofthe shall be blessed ali the families of thee  $^{26}$  Thin proton  $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon$  os, anasthras ton yns. first the God, having raised up the earth. To you αυτον ευλογουντα παιδα αύτου, απεστειλεν servant of himself, him hiessing seut έκαστον απο των ύμας, εν τφ αποστρεφειν from the in the to turn each one πονηριων \*[ύμων.] evil deeds [of you.]

# ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

ta the people, and and of them Speaking επεστησαν αυτοις οί ίερεις και δ στρατηγος του came upon them the priests and the captain ίερου και οί Σαδδουκαιοι, 2 διαπονουμενοι δια temple and the being grieved through Sadducees, το διδασκειν αυτους τον λαον, και καταγγελλειν them the people, and to announce εν τφ Ιησου την αναστασιε την εκ νεκρων. resurrection that out of dead ones. the Jesus the la. <sup>3</sup> Και επεβαλον αυτοις τας χειρας, και εθεντο hands, and them the And they laid on ets  $\tau\eta\rho\eta\sigma\iota\nu$  ets  $\tau\eta\nu$  auplov.  $\eta\nu$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$  e $\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho\alpha$   $\eta\delta\eta$ . ato keeping to the morrow; it was for evening now. 4 Πολλοι δε των ακουσαντων τον λογον επισthe word be-Many but of those having heard τευσαν και εγενηθη ό αριθμος των ανδρων ώσει became the number of the men and χιλιαδες πεντε. 5Εγενετο δε επι την αυριον συν-It happened and on the morrow to be thousand five. αχθηναι αυτων τους αρχοντας και πρεσβυτερους rulers and assembled of them the και γραμματεις εις 'Ιερουσαλημ' 6 και Ανναν τον also Annas the Jerusalem; at scribes αρχιερεα, και Καιαφαν και Ιωαννην και Αλεξαν-Caiaphas and John Alexanand high-priest, and δρον, και όσοι ησαν εκ γενους αρχιερατικου. and as many as were der, 7 Και στησαντες αυτους εν μεσφ, επυνθανοντο. in middle, they asked; And having placed them

Εν ποια δυναμει, η εν ποιω ονοματι εποιησατε

power, or in what

\*Vatican Manuscript.—25. the Sons of. 26. of you—omit. 1. high-priests nd. 5. and the elders and the scribes.

did

24 And also All the PRO-PHETS from Samuel, and THOSE succeeding in order, as many as spoke, also announced these DAYS.

25 ‡ Dau are \* Sons of the prophers, and of the covenant which God ra-'fied with our fathers, saying to Abraham, ‡'And 'in thy seed shall all the 'families of the earth 'be blessed.'

26 God having raised up his servant, sent him ‡ first to you, to bless each one who shall turn from

his evil ways."

### CHAPTER IV.

1 And while they were speaking to the PEOPLE, the \* HIGH-PRIESTS, and the COMMANDER of the TEMPLE, and the SADU-CEES, came upon them,

2 theing grieved because they TAUGHT the PEOPLE, and announced THAT RES-URRECTION from the Dead

in Jesus.

3 And they laid HANDS on them, and placed them in Custody till the NEXT DAY; for it was now Evening.

4 But many of THOSE HAVING HEARD the WORD believed; and the NUM-BER of the MEN became about five Thousand.

5 And it occurred on the NEXT DAY, that Their RULERS, and \*the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES assembled at Jerusalem;

6 and ‡Annas, the HIGH-PRIEST, and Caiaphas, and John, and Alexander, and as many as were of the family of the High-Priesthood;

7 and having placed them in the Midst, they asked, 1"By What Power, or in What Name, have you done this?"

Touto υμεις,  $^8$  Τοτε Πετρος πλησθεις πνευμαthis you? Then Feter being filled with spirit τος άγιου, ειπε προς αυτους. Αρχοντες του eaid to Rulers of the holy, them; λαου, και πρεσβυτεροι \*[του Ισραηλ,] 9 ει ήμεις [of the Israel,] if people, and eldera σημερον ανακρινομεθα επι ευεργεσια ανθρωπου be examined to for kindness a man  $^{10}$   $\Gamma \nu \omega \sigma \tau o \nu$ ασθενους, εν τ νι ούτος σεσωσται. by what he has been saved. εστω πασιν ύμιν και παντι τω λαφ Ισραηλ, ότι beit all to you and to all the people of Israel, that εν τω ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου, Nazarene, in the name of Jesus Anointed the δν ύμεις εσταυρωσατε όν δ θεος ηγειρεν εκ erucified whom the God raised out of νεκρων, εν τουτω ούτος παρεστηκεν ενωπιον dead ones, by him this hasstood in presence 11 Ούτος εστιν δ λιθος δ εξουθενηύμων ύγιης. of you sound. This is the stonethat having beed θεις ύφ' ύμων των οικοδομουντων, δ γενομεdespised by you the builders, the having been νος εις κεφαλην γωνίας. 12 Και ουκ «στιν εν And not made into a head of a corner. is in αλλω ουδενιή σωτηρια ουδε γαρ ονομο εστιν another to any one the salvation; not even for a name is έτερον ύπο τον ουρανον, τον δεδομενον εν another under the heaven, that having been given among ανθρωποις, εν 'ω δει σωθηναι ήμας. in which must to be saved 13 Θεωρουντες δε την του Πετρου παρδησιαν holdness

and the of the Peter και Ιωαννου, και καταλαβομενοι, ότι ανθρωποι of John, and and having perceived, that men αγραμματοι εισι και ιδιωται, εθαυμαζον, επεγιunlearned they are and ungifted, they wondered, they νωσκον τε αυτους, ότι συν τω Ιησο**υ η**σαν· and that with the them, Jesus they were; 14 τον δε ανθρωπον βλεποντες συν αυτοις εστωman beholding with them atandτα τον τεθεραπευμενον, ουδεν ειχον αντειπειν.

15 Κελευσαντες δε αυτους εξω του συνεδριου llaving ordered and them outside of the high-council σπελθειν, συνεβαλον προς αλληλους,  $^{16}$  λεγοντος, they consulted with each other.

ing that having been healed,

το 50, they consulted with each other. easying;

τες: Τι ποιησομεν τοις ανθρωποις τουτοις; ότι

What aball we do to the men these? that

μεν γαρ γνωστον σημειον γε γονε δι' αυτων, indeed for known a sign has been done by them, πασι τοις κατοικουσιν 'Ιερουσαλημ φανερον, και

πασιτοις κατοικουσιν Ιερουσαλημ φανερον, και to all those dwelling in Jerusalem manifest, and ου δυναμεθα αρνησασθαι.  $^{17}$  Αλλ'  $^{\prime}$ ίνα μη επι not we were able to deny. But that not to

πλειον διανεμηθη εις τον λαον, \*[απειλη] απειmore it may spread among the people, [with a threat] let us

8 ‡ Then Peter being filled with holy Spirit, said to them, "Rulers of the PEOPLE, and Elders of Is-BAEL!

9 if we are to-day examined about a Good Deed conferred on the sick Man, by what means be has beek

eured;

10 be it known to you all, and to All the PEOPLE of Israel, †That by the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZARENE, whom gou erucified, † whom God Fraised from the Dead, by him has this man stood before you whole.

11 This is 'THAT STONE 'which HAS BEEN RE-JECTED by You, the 'BUILDERS, THAT which HAS BECOME the Head of the Corner.'

12 And there is no salvation in any other; for there is no other Name under heaven, which has been given among Men, by which we can be saved."

13 And secing the BOLD-NESS of PETER and John, fand perceiving that they were illiterate and ungifted Men, they wondered, and recognized them That they had been with JE-SUS.

14 And beholding THAT MAN who had been CURED standing with them, they had nothing to say against it

15 But having ordered them to withdraw from the sanhedrim, they conferred with each other,

16 saying, ‡"What shall we do to these Men? for that, indeed, a Signal Sign has been wrought by them, is manifest to All THOSE DWELLING in Jernsalem; and we cannot deny it.

[aπειλη] aπει[with a threat] let us the PEOPLE, let us threat-

nothing they had to say against.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- S. of ISRAEL-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> with a threat-omit.

εθου.

αργου, πωλησας ηνεγκε το χρημα, και εθηκε brought the price, and placed having sold παρα τους ποδ**ας των αποστ**ολ**ω**ν of the apostles. at feet

КЕФ. €'. 5.

1 Ανηρ δε τις Ανανιας ονοματι, συν Σαπφει-A man but certain Ananias by name, with Sapphara ρη τη γυναικι αύτου, επωλησε κτημα• 2 και of himself. sold a possession; and the wife ενοσφισατο απο της τιμης, συνειδυιας και της also the kept hack from the price, being privy γυναικος αυτου· και ενεγκας μερος τι, παρα of him; and having brought a part certain, 25 <sup>3</sup> Ειπε δε τους ποδας των αποστολων εθηκεν.

Saud and apostles placed. feet Πετρος Ανανια, διατι επληρωσεν δ σατανας why has filled the adversary Peter: Ananias,

την καρδιαν σου, ψευσασθαι σε το πνευμα το spirit of thee, to deceive thee the αγιον, και νοσφισασθαι απο της τιμης του χωand to keep back from the price or the land? ριου; 4 Ουχι μενον, σοι Kal To:

εμένε, Not remaining, to thee it remained, and having been εξουσια ύπερχε, τι ότι θεν,  $\epsilon \nu \tau \eta$  $\sigma\eta$ it was? the thine authority why that sold.

heart of thee the hast thou placed in the thing **this** ανθρωποις, αλλα  $au\omega$ θεφ. εψευσω OUK thon hast lied to men, but to the God. not <sup>5</sup> Ακουων δε δ Ανανιας του**ς** λογους τουτους,

Having heard and the Ananias the words these, πεσων εξεψυξε. Και εγενετο φοβος μεγας επι falling down breathed out. And a fear great came

6 Ανασταντες δε παντας τους ακουοντάς ταυτα. ^հese₊ those having heard Having arisen and οξ νεωτεροι συνεστείλων αυτον, και εξενεγκαν-

the younger ones wrapped up him, and having carried <sup>7</sup> Εγενετο δε ώς ώρων *τ*ριων διαπες εθαψαν. It happened and about hours three out they buried. στημα, και ή γυνη αυτου μη ειδυια το γεγο-

8 Απεκριθη δε αυτη δ Πετρος°  $\epsilon \iota \sigma n \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ . been done came in. Answered and to her the

Ειπε μοι, ει τοσουτου το χωριον απεδοσθε; "Η me, if for so much the land you sold? She

9 °Ο δε Πετρος ειπε δε ειπε Ναι τοσουτου. Yes for so much. The and Peter said and said:

προς αυτην. Τι ότι συνεφωνηθη ύμιν πειρασαι Why that it has been agreed upon by you to tempt το πνευμα κυριου; Ιδου οί ποδες των θαψαντων Lo the feet of those having brief spirit of ford?

τον ανδρα σου, επι τη θυρα, και εξοισουσι σε the husband of thee, at the door,

it, and brought the MONEY and laid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

## CHAPTER V.

1 And a certain Man-Ananias by name with Sapphira his wife, sold in Estate,

2 and appropriated a part of the PRICE, \* his WIFE also knowing of it: and having brought a certain part, I laid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

8 2 But Peter said, "Ananias, why has the IAD-VERSARY filled thine HEART to deceive the HOLY SPIRIT, and to appropriate a part of the PRICE of the LAND?

4 While remaining unsol! was it not thine? and when sold, was it not at thine own disposal? Why is it that thou hast admitted this thing into thine HEART? Thou hast εν τη καρδια σου το πραγμα τουτο; not lied to Men, but to Gop."

5 And Ananias, have ing heard these words. fell down, and expired. And great Fear came on all THOSE Who HEARD these things.

6 Then the Younger disciples arising, ‡ wrapped hun up, and carrying him out, buried him.

7 And it occurred after an interval of about three Hours, his WIFE also came in, not knowing what had been DONE.

8 And \* Peter answered her, "Tell me whether you sold the LAND for ag much ?" and sau said, "Yes, for so much."

9 And Peter said to her. "Why have you agreed together I to try the SPIRIT of the Lord? Behold, the FEET of THOSE who have been subling thy hus-BANK and at the Door and and they will carry en: tabe | they will carry thee out."

<sup>8</sup> Peter \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. the WIFE.

<sup>1 3.</sup> Num. xxx 2: Deut. xxii) 41. Eccl. v 4 1 2. Acts iv. 37. 1 6 Matt. iv ). 5. ver. 10, 11. † 6. Judges xix. 40.

10 Επεσε δε παραχρημα παρα τους ποδας αυτου, She fell and immediately at the of him, feet και εξεψυξεν εισελθοντες δε οί νεανισκοι ευρον and breathed out; having come in and the younger ones found αυτην νεκραν, και εξενεγκαντας εθαψαν προς her dead, and having carried out they buried with 11 Και εγενετο φοβο**ς μ**εγας τον ανδρα αυτης. the husband of her. And came a fear great  $\epsilon \phi$  όλην την εκκλησιαν, και  $\epsilon \pi \iota$  παντας τους on whole the assembly, and on Ha those ακουοντας ταυτα. having heard these things.

 $^{12}$ Δια δε των χειρων των αποστολων εγινετ Through and the hands of the apostles were don were done σημεία και τερατα εν τω λαφ πολλα<sup>ο</sup> και ησαν signs and prodigies among the people many; and they were δμοθυμαδον άπαντες εν τη στος Σολομωνος with one mind all in the porch of Solomon, 13 των δε λοιπων ουδεις ετολμα κολλασθαι of the and others no one presumed to join himself αυτοις. Αλλ' εμεγαλυνεν αυτους δ λαος But magnified them the people; to them. 14 (μαλλον δε προσετιθέντο πιστευοντές το (more and were added helieving to the κυριω πληθη ανδρων  $\tau \in \text{και } \gamma$ υναικων )  $^{15}$  Οσ $\tau \in$ Lord multitudes of men both and women;) so that κατα τας πλατειας εκφερειν τους ασθενεις, και the open squares to bring out the sick ones, and τιθενει επι κλινων και κραββατων, ίνα ερχομενου to place on bed, and coaches, that coming  $\Pi$ ετρου καν ή  $\sigma$ κια επισκιαση τινι αυτων of Peter if even the shadow might overshadow some of them. 16 Συνηρχετο δε και το πληθος των περίξ πολ· Came together and also the multitude from the surremaking cities εων εις Ίερουσαλημ, φεροντες ασθενεις και into Jerusalem, bringing sick ones οχλουμενους ύπο πνευματων ακαθαρτων οίτινες those being troubled by apirits impure; whom 17 Αναστας δε δ αρχιεεθεραι ευοντο άπαντες. were healed will. Having arisan and the highρευς και παντες οί συν αυτώ, ή ουσα αίρεσις priest and all those with him, the being sect <sup>18</sup> Kaı των Σαδδουκαιων, επλησθησαν ζηλου. Sadducees, were filled of anger. επεβαλον τας χειρας \* [αύτων] επιτους αποστο-laid the hands [of them] on the anostle-

λους, και εθεντο αυτους εν τηρησει δημοσια. placed thean in prisen public.  $^{19}$ Αγγελος δε κυμισυ δια της νυκτος ηνοιξε τας A messeuger but of a lord by the night opened the θυρας της φυλακης, εξαγαγων τε αυτους ειπε. doors of the prison, having brought out and them

20 πορευεσθε, και σταθεντες λαλειτε εν τω ίερω and atanding speak you in the temple τω λαφ παντα τα βηματα της ζωης ταυτης.

to the people all the words of the life Dii2m.

10 And she feli down immediately at his FEET, and expired; and the YOUNG MEN coming in, tound her dead, and having carried her out, buried her by her HUSBAND.

11 1 And great Fear came on the Whole Assem-BLY, and on all THOSE who HEARD these things.

12 ‡ And many Signs and Prodigies were performed among the PEOPLE by the HANDS of the APOSTLES-(and they were all with one mind in Solomon's PORTIco:

13 and of the nest, no one presumed to urite himself to them; #but the PEOPLE magnified them;

14 and Believers were added the more to the LORD, Multitudes both of Men and Women;)-

15 so that they brought out the sick \* even into the OPEN SQUARES, and laid them on Beds and Couchs, that at least the SHADOW of Peter, coming along, might evershadow some of them.

16 And the MULTITUDE came together even from the CITIES surrounding Jerusalem, bringing Sick persons, and those troubled by impure Spirits; all of wnom were cured.

17 And the HIGH-PRIEST arising, and All THOSE who were with hin. -being the SECT of the SADDUCEES,-were filled with Anger.

18 and laid HANDS on the APOSTLES, and put them into the public Prison.

19 ‡ But an Angel of of the Lord, in the NIGHT, opened the Doors of the PRISON, and bringing them

20 "Go, stand and speak in the TEMPLE to the PEO-PLE All the words of this LIFE."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. even Into. 18. of them-omit.

<sup>1 !1.</sup> Acts ii. 43, xiz. 17. Heb. ii. 4. 1 13. Acts ii. 47. iv. 21.

A Kousautes de eishlou úto tou orbrou eis to Having heard and they entered at the dawn into the (erou, kai edidatkou.

comple, and taught. Παραγενομενος δε δ αρχιερευς και οί συν and the high-priest and those with αυτώ, συνεκαλεσαν το συνεδριον και πασαν την him, they called together the high council even allγερουσιαν των υίων Ισραηλ, και επεστειλαν εις of the sons Israel,  $^{22}$ Oι δε  $\delta\pi\eta$ το δεσμωτηριον, αχθηναι αυτοις. The but to have brought them. offiρεται παραγενομενοι ουχ ευρον αυτους εν τη found in the having gone not them φυλακη· αναστρεψαντες δε απηγγειλαν, 23 λεγprison; having returned and reported, οντες. Ότι το \* [μεν] δεσμωτηριον εύρυμεν κε-That the [indeed] prison we found havιλεισμενον εν παση ασφαλεια, και τους φυλα-

κας εστωτας προ των θυρων ανοιξαντες δε, εσω standing hefore the doors, having opened but, within ουδενα εύρομεν. 100 κε του κείου κείου κείου τους  $*[\dot{\delta}, \tau \in i \epsilon \rho \epsilon \upsilon s \kappa \alpha t]$  δ στρατηγος του these [the, both priest and] the commander of the

salety.

and the

<sup>26</sup> Τοτε απελθων δ

ing been closed with all

διδασκοντες τον λαον.

ίερου και οί αρχιερεις, διηπορουν περι αυτων, τι temple and the high-priests, they doubted concerning them, what αν γενοιτο τουτο. 25 Παραγενομενος δε τις απηγ-Having come but one might be this. 'Οτι ιδου, οί ανδρες ούς εθεσθε γειλεν αυτοις. lo, the That men whom you put εν τη φυλακη, εισιν εν τω ίερω εστωτες και in the temple standing in the are prison,

Then having gone the the people. στρατηγος συν τοις ύπηρεταις, ηγαγεν αυτους, commander with the officers, they brought them, ου μετα βιας εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον, ίνα μη not with violence; they feared for the people, that not λιθασθωσιν. Αγαγοντες δε αυτους εστησαν εν they might be stoned. Having brought and them they stood in τω συνεδριω. Και επηρωτησεν αυτους δ αρχιε-And asked them the sanhedrim. ρευς, 28 λεγων. Ου παραγγελιά παρηγγειλαμεν saying; Not with a charge we charged

ύμιν, μη διδασκειν επι τω ον ιιατι τουτω; και you, not to teach in the this? name and ίδου, πεπληρωκατε την Ίερουσαλ μι της διδα-Jerusalem of the teachyou have filled the χης ύμων, και βουλεσθε επαγαγειν εφ' ήμας το you wish us the of you, and to hring on <sup>29</sup> Αποκριθεις δε δ αιμα του ανθρωπου τουτο. and the man this. Answering Πετρος και οί αποστολοι, ειπον Πειθαρχειν

Peter and the apo ales, said;  $\delta \epsilon i$   $\theta \epsilon \omega$   $\mu \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \nu$   $\eta$   $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \alpha is$ . To obey 30 °CO  $\theta \epsilon \sigma s$  it is necessary God rather than men. The God

21 And having heard this, they entered into the TEMPLE, early in the MORNING, and taught. ‡ And the HIGH-PRIEST coming, and THOSE with him, called the SANHE-DRIM together, even All the SENATE of the SONS of Israel, and sent to the PRISON to have them brought.

23 But the OFFICERS going did not find them in the PRISON; and having returned, they reported,

23 saying, "We found the PRISON closed with All Safety, and the GUARDS standing \*at the DOORS; but having opened them, we found no one within."

24 And when they heard these words, ‡ both the commander of the temple, and the high-priests were perplaced concerning them, how this thing could be.

25 But some one having come, told them, "Behold, the MEN whom you put in the PRISON are standing in the TEMPLE, and teaching the PROPLE."

26 Then the COMMAN-DER going away with the OFFICERS, brought them without Violence; for they feared the PEOPLE, lest they should be stoned.

27 And having brought them, they stood before the SANHEDRIM; and the HIGH-PRIEST asked them, saying,

28 \* ‡ "We charged you strictly not to teach in th.3 NAME, and behold, you have filled JERUSALEM with your TEACHING, and ‡ wish to bring this MAN'S BLOOD on us."

29 And PETER answering, and the Apostles, said, ‡"It is necessary to obey God, rather than Men.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—23. indeed—omit. 23. at the doors. PRIEST, and—omit. 28. We charged you strictly not.

<sup>24.</sup> both the

των πατερων ημων ηγειρεν Ιησουν, δν ύμεις of the ofus raise lup Jesus, whom you διεχειρισασθε, κρεμασαντες επιξυλου. 31 τουτον haid violent hands upon, having hanged on a cross; δ θεος αρχηγον και σωτηρα ύψωσε τη δεξια a prince and a savior has lifted up to the right hand the God αύτου, δουναι μετανοιαν τφ Ισραηλ, και αφεσιν of himself, to give reformation to the Israel, and forgiveness αμαρτιων. 32 Και ήμεις εσμεν αυτου μαρτυρες of sins. And we are of him των βηματων τουτων, και το πνευμα δε το of the matters these, and the spirit also the άγιον, δ εδωκεν δ θεος τοις πειθαρχουσ**ιν α**υτ<sub>π</sub>. holy, which gave the Godtothore submitting to him. <sup>33</sup> Οί δε ακουσαντες διεπριοντο, και εβουλευουτο They and having heard were nawn through, and took counsel ανελειν αυτους.

to kill them.

<sup>34</sup> Αναστας δε τις εν τφ συνεδριφ Φαρισαιος, Having arisen and one in the high counsel a Pharisee, ινοματι Γαμαλιηλ νομοδιδασκαλος, τιμιος παν-Gamaliel a teacher of law, honored byname  $\tau_i$   $\tau_{\omega}$   $\lambda \alpha_{\omega}$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \lambda \epsilon v \sigma \epsilon v$   $\epsilon \xi \omega$   $\beta \rho \alpha \chi v$   $\tau_i$  all the people, ordered without a little while TOUS  $^{35}\,\mathrm{E}\,\imath\pi\epsilon$   $\tau\epsilon$   $\pi\rho\sigma$   $^{\circ}$   $\alpha\upsilon\tau\sigma\upsilon$ αποστολους ποιησαι. He said and to to be put. Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, προσεχετε έαυτοις, επι τοις take heed to yourselves, to the Men Israelites, τι μελλετε πρασσειν. ανθρωποις τουτοις what you are about these to do. <sup>36</sup> Προ γαρ τουτων των ήμερων ανεστη Θευδας, Before for these the days stood up Theudas, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον, 'ω προσεκολληθη saying to be some one himself, to whom adhered αριθμός ανδρών ώσει τετρακοσιών ός ανηρέθη. a number of men about four hundred; who was put to death, και παντες δσοι επιεθοντο αυτώ, διελυθησαν all as many as listened to him, were dispersed και εγενοντο εις ουδεν. 37 Μετα τουτον ανεστη After to nothing. thia came Ιουδας ό Γαλιλαιος, εν ταις ήμεραις της αποin the days of the regis-Judas the Galilean, γραφης, και απεστησε λαιν \*[iκανον] οπισω and drew away people [much] behind αύτου κακεινος απ ελετ , και παντες δσοι επειaimself; and he was destroyed, and all as many as <sup>33</sup> Και τανυν θοντ'ς αυτφ, διεσκορπισ' ησαν. were dispersed. to him, And now.  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\delta \mu i \nu$ ,  $\alpha \pi o \sigma \tau \eta \tau \epsilon$   $\alpha \pi o$   $\tau \omega \nu$   $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \omega \nu$   $\tau o \upsilon$ I say to you, withdraw from the men these των, και εασατε αυτους, ότι εαν η εξ ανθρωand let alone them, because if may be from men

πων ή βουλη αύτη η το εργον τουτο, καταλυthe counsel this or the work this, it will be  $\theta$ ησεται\*  $^{39}$ ει δε εκ θεου εστιν, ου δυνασθε if but from God it is, n t you are able καταλυσαι αυτους, μηποτε και θεομαχοι -ύρεnot and fighters against God you | God." them, to uverthrow

30 The Gon of our FATHERS raised up \* JE. sus, whom, having hanged on a Cross, peu killed.

31 Mim, a Prince and a Savior, God has lifted up to his own RIGHT-HAND, ‡\*to give Reformation to ISRAEL, and Forgiveness of Sins.

32 And we are Witacsses \* in him of these THINGS; I and God gave the HOLY SPIRIT to THOSE who submit to him."

33 And THEY, having heard this, were enraged, and took counsel to kill

them.

34 But a certain Pharisee in the SANHEDRIM, named Gamaliel, a teacher of the law, honored by All the PEOPLE, standing up ordered \*the MEN to be put out for a little time.

35 And he said to them. "Israelites! take heed to vourselves what you are about to do to these MEN

36 For before These DAYS Theudas stood up. saying that he was somebody; to whom a Number of Men, about four hundred, adhered; who was put to death, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dispersed, and came to nothing.

37 After him stood up Judas the Galilean, in the DAYS of the REGISTERING. and drew away PEOPLE after him; and he was destroyed, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dispersed.

38 And Now I say to you, Keep away from these MEN, and let them alone: Because if this COUNSEL or this work be from Men, it will be overthrown:

39 but if it be from God, you are not able to overthrow them; he not you found fighters

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31, to GIVE. 32. in him of these THINGS; and Gor gave the HOLY SPIRIT to THOSE Who SUBMIT to him. 31. the MEN. 37. much-om. +.

<sup>1 30.</sup> Acts iii. 13, 15; yvii 14. 1 31. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii, 26; xiii, 38. 1 83. Prov. xxi. 30; Isa. viii. 10; Matt. xv. 13.

θητε. 40 Επεισθησαν δε αυτώ· και προσκα· should be found. They were persuaded and by him; and having λεσαμενοι τους αποστολους, δειραντες παραγhaving beaten they comapostles, the γειλαν μη λαλειν επιτφ ονοματιτου Ιησου, και name of the Jesus, and to speak in the manded not 41 Οί μεν ουν επορευοντο απελυσαν αυτους. They indeed therefore weat them. rcleased χαιροντες απο προσωπου του συνεδριου, ότι of the high council, because presence from ύπερ του ονοματος κατηξιωθησαν ατιμασθηναι. name they were accounted worthy to he dishonored. in behalf of the 42 Πασαν τε ήμεραν εν τω ίερου και κατ' οικον at home day in the temple and Every and ουκ επαυοντο διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι and announcing glad tidings of teaching not they ceased Ιητουν τον Χριστον.

Anointed. the

КЕФ. s'. 6.

1 Εν δε ταις ήμεραις ταυταις πληθυνοντων increasing those In and the days των μαθητων, εγενετο γογγυσμος των Έλληofthe Hellea murmuring disciples, came νιστων τρος τους Έβραιους, ότι παρεθεωρουντο Hebrews, because were overlooked to the εν τη διακονια τη καθημερινη αί χηραι αυτων. the widows daily in the service the  $^2$  Προσκαλεσαμενοι δε οἱ δωδεκα το πληθος the multitude and the twelve Having called των μαθητων, ειπον Ουκ αρεστον εστιν ήμας itie us proper said; Not of the disciples, καταλειψαντας τον λογον του θεου, διακονειν word of the God, to serve having left the αδελφοι. 3 Επισκεψασθε ovv, τραπεζαις. brethren, therefore, Look you out tables. ανδρας εξ ύμων μαρτυρουμενους έπτα, πληρεις full being attested men from of you πνευματος και σοφιας, ούς καταστησομεν επι we will appoint wisdom, whom and of spirit της χρειας ταυτης. 4 ήμεις δε τη προσευχη και but to the prayer we need this; λογου προσκαρτερησομεν. τη διακονια του will constantly attend. word of the to the service 5 Και ηρεσεν δ λογος ενωπιον παντος του πληofthe of all word in presence And pleased the θους και εξελεξαντο Στεφανον, ανδρα πληρη full they choose Stephen, a man tude; and πιστεως και πνευματος άγιου, και Φιλιππον, Philip, holy, and spirit of faith and και Προχορον, και Νικανορα, και Τιμωνα, και and Timon, and Nicenor, and Prochorus, Παρμεναν, και Νικολαον προσηλυτον Αντιοχεα: a proselyte of Autioch; Nicolaus and

40 And they were persnaded by him; and having summoned the APOS. TLES and ‡ scourged them, they charged them not to speak in the NAME of JE. sus, and dismissed them.

41 Ther indeed THEY went trejoicing from the Presence of the SANHE. DRIM, Because they were deemed worthy to be dishonored on account of the NAME.

42 # And every Day, in the TEMPLE and at Home, they ceased not teaching and preaching the glad tidings \* of the Anointeb

Jesus.

CHAPTER VI.

1 And in those DAYS, the DISCIPLES increasing, there arose a Complaint of the † HELLENISTS against the Hebrews, Because their widows were neglected in the # DAILY SER-VICE.

2 And the TWELVE, having summoned MULTITUDE of the DISCI-PLES, said, "It is not preper for us to leave 123 WORD of God and serve Tables.

3 \* Therefore, Brethren, look out from ameng yourselves, seven Men of good reputation, full of Spirit and Wisdom, whom we may set over this Busi-NESS;

4 but we will constantly attend to PRAYER, and to the MINISTRY of the

word."

5 And the PROPOSITION was pleasing to All the and they MULTITUDE; selected Stephen, a man full of Faith and holy Spirit, and †Philip, and Prochorus, Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nico. laus, a Proselyte of Antioch;

3. But, Brethren, we will

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. of the Anointed Jesus. look out among you.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Proselytes to the Jewish religion, or foreign Jews who spoke the Greek language.

<sup>† 41.</sup> Matt. v. 12; Rom. v. 3; James i. 2; † 1. Acts ix. 29. † 1. Acts iv. 85. 1 40. Matt. x. 17; xxiii. 34; Mark xiii. 9. 2 5. Acts viii. 5, 20; xxi. 8.

εστησαν ενωπιον των αποστολων και "hom they placed in presence of the apostles, ani προσευξιμενοι επεhetaηκαν αυτοις τας χει, αs having prayed they pu to them  $^7$  kine  $\delta$  λογος του  $^4$ εου ηυξανε, και επληθυν=τ $oldsymbol{\sigma}$ And the word of a God grew, and was multiplied δ αριθμος των μαθητων εν Ίερουσαλημ σποδρα· the number of the disciples in Jerusalem greatly; πολυς τε οχλος των ίερεν υπηκουον τη πιστει. great and a crowd of the priests wer obedients the faith. 8 Στεφανος δε πλη το γαριτος και δυναμεως S:ephen and full offwor and ofpower

Siephen and full officer and of power emotes τερατα και ημεία μεγαλα εν τφ λαφ. performed products and signs great among the people.

9 Ανεστησαν δε τινές των εκ της συναγωsome of those from the Stoodup and γης της λεγομενης Λιβερτινων, και Κυρηναιων gogue of that heing called of Libertines, and of Cyreniaus, και Αλεξανδρεων, και των από Καλικίας και a. d Mihose.rom of Alexandrians, Cilicia Ασιας, συζητουντές τφ Στεφανώ. 10 και ουκ and disputing with he Stephen . not ισχυον αντιστηναι τη σοφια και το πνευματι were able to resist the wisdom and the spirit 11 Τοτε ύπεβαλυν ανδρας, 0 ελαλει. "her they thrust under with which hespok.. men, λεγοντας 'Οτι ακηκοαμέν αυτου λαλουντος That we have hard him speaking saying; δηματα βλασφημα εις Μωυ ην και τον θεον. blaspheurous against alones and the 12Σονεκινήσαν τε του λαον παι τους πρεσβυτε-They stirred up and the p ople and the ρους και τους γραμματικ, και επισταντες and the scribes, and having come upon συπρπασαν αυτον, και ηγαγον εις το συνεδριον, they seized im, and led into the high council, <sup>13</sup> εστησαν τε μαρουρας ψευδείς, λεγοντας. Ό atood up and with asser fal to saying; ανθρωπος ούτος ου παθετα, δημιτα λαλων κ τα this not ceases or speaking against 14 Ακηκοατου τοπου του άγιου και του ν μου. the place of the huly and the a.. we have heard μεν γαρ ωυτου λεγουτος. Ότι ητους δ Ναίω saying; That him ers the Nazaοαιος ούτος καταλυσει τον τοπον του» ν, και Tie destroy th. -ace thic, and αλλαξει τα εθη, ά παρεδωκεν ημιν Μωυσι, s. vall change the cator s, which delivered to a. Moses. 15 Και απενισαντες εις αυτον άπαντες οί καθε-And Saving gased him all OB those ζομενοι εν τφ συνεδριφ, ειδον το προσωπον in the high-council, 40.W the

αυτου ώσει προσωπον αγγελου.

a face of a messenger.

6 w..om they set before the APOSTLES; ‡ and they, having prayed, ‡ laid RANDS on them.

7 ‡ And the WORD of GOD grew; and the NUM-BER of the DISCIPLES was greatly multiplied in Jerusalem; and a great Crowd of the †PRIESTS obeyed the FAITH.

8 And Stephen, full of Favor and Power, performed Prodigies and great

Signs among the PEOPLE.

9 And there arose some
Outhat synagogue which
is Called of the † Libertines, and of the Cyrmians
and Alexandrians, and of
THOSE from Cilicia and
Asia, disputing with StePHEN?

\_0 and I they were not able to resist the Wisdom and the spirit with which he spoke.

11 Then they bribed Men to say, "We have heard him speak blasphemous Words against Moses and God."

12 And they excited the PEOPLE, and the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES; and coming suddenly, they seized him, and led him into the SANHEDRIM;

23 and introduced fase Witnesses, saying, "Thus MAN is incessantly speaking against the HOLY PLACE, and the LAW;

14 ‡ for we have heard him say, That this Jesus, the Nazarene, ‡ will destry this Place, and will change the customs which Moses Zelivered to us."

15 And ALL, those BEING SEATED in the SANHE-DRIM, looking steadily at him, saw his FACL like the Face of an Angel

<sup>† 7.</sup> The number of the priests must have been quite large about this time, as a aprears from Ezra ii. 36-39, that 42% priests returned from the captivity. † . These persons from the becu Jews, who having been earried captive to Rome, were freed by their masters, and thus became freed-men. Some think they received their name from the place where they lived.—Owen.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Acts i. 24. xii. 24; xix. 20. 10. Luke xxi. 15; v. 39. 112. Acts z. cv. 8

## кеф. (7. 7.

-Eιπε δε δ αρχιερευς, Ει \* [αρα] ταυτα ούτως
Said and the high-priest, If [then] these thougs thus  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon i$ ; <sup>2</sup> Ο δε  $\epsilon \phi \eta$ . Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, He and said; Men brethren and fathers, are? 'Ο θεος της δοξης ωφθη τω πατρι ακουσατε. The God of the glory appeared to the father hear you. ήμων Αβρααμ οντι εν τη Μεσοποταμια, πριν η Ahraham heing in the Mesopotamia, before κατοικησαι αυτον εν Χαρβαν· 3 Και ειπε προς Charran; and said himinαυτον Εξελθε εκ της γης σου, και εκ της Go out from the land of thee, and from the συγγενειας σου, και δευρο εις γην, ην αν σοι come into aland, which to thee of thee, and <sup>4</sup> Τοτε εξελθων εκ γης Χαλδαιων, κατω-Then going out from land of Chaldeans, he dwelt δειξω. I may show. κησεν εν Χαρδαν· κακειθεν, μετα το αποθανειν and thence, after the to have died Charran; τον πατερα αυτου, μετωκισεν αυτον εις την of him, he caused to remove him the father γην ταυτην, εις ήν ύμεις νυν κατοικειτε· 5 και in which you BOW dwell; ουκ εδωκεν αυτφ κληρονομιαν εν αυτη, ουδε her, not he gave to him inheritance in noteven βημα ποδος και επηγγειλατο αυτφ δουναι εις foot-breadth; and he promised to him κατασχεσιν αυτην, και το σπερματι αυτου μετ' .nd to the seed of him after a possession her,  $^6$  Ελαλησε δε αυτον, ουκ οντος αυτφ τεκνου. not being to him a china.

Α θεος 'Οτι εσται το σπερμα αυτου
seed of him of him παροικον εν γη αλλοτριά, και δουλωσουσιν in aland foreigu, they will enslave and astranger αυτο και κακωσουσιν ετη τετρακοσια· 7 και το and they will oppress years .- ur hundred; 'ω εαν δουλευσωσι, κρινω εγω, ειπεν €θνos. to which they may be enslaved, will judge I, και μετα ταυτα εξελευσονται, θ∈os• and after these things they shall come out, the God; 8 (Kai λατρευσουσι μοι εν τω τοπω τουτω. shall render service to me in the place this. (And εδωκεν αυτω διαθηκην περιτομης και ούτως a covenant of circumcision; to him and εγεννησε του Ισαακ, και περιετεμέν αυτου τη he begot of the Isaac, and circumcised 'tim the

### CHAPTER VII.

1 Then the HIGH-PRIEST said, "Are these things so?"

2 And HE said, ‡" Brethren and Fathers, hearken! The GLORIOUS GOD appeared tto our father Abraham, when in Meso-POTAMIA, before he resided in Haran.

3 and said to him, t'Depart from thy country, and from thy KINDRED, and come into \*the LAND which I will show thee.'

4 Then ‡ going out from the Land of the Chaldeans, he dwelt in Haran; from thence also, tafter the DEATH of his FATHER, he removed him into this LAND in which pou now dwell;

5 and gave him ‡no in-HERITANCE in it, not even the breadth of his Foct; tbut he promised to give it to him for a Possession, and to his SEED after him, though he had no Child.

6 And God spoke thus, t'That his seed should be a Stranger in a foreign Land; and that they will enslave and oppress it four hundred years;

7 and the NATION to which they shall be enslaved # will judge,' said God, and after that, they shall come out and serve me in this PLACE.

8 ‡ And he gave him a Covenant of Circumcision: I and thus he begot IsAAC, and circumcised him the

1 8. Gen.

vii. 9-11.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. then-omit. 3. ALAND.

<sup>† 2.</sup> It seems probable hat tephen here followed the Jewish tradition, (adopted by philo,) that God ppeared twice to Abraham,—1st, when living in Chaldea, and 2dly, when resident in Haran. He left Ur at the first call, and came to Haran with his father Terah, (Gen. xi. 31;) he left Haran at the second call, and came into the promised land. In this way the account harmonizes with the call as narrated in Gen. xii. 1: "Now the Lord had said unto Abraham," &c. † 4. By recurring to Gen xi. 26, 32, and xii. 4, it will appear that Terah lived 60 years after the removal of Abraham, and yet here he is said to have died before Abraham left Haran. Unless with some we suppose Abraham to have been the youngest of Terah's sons, and born when his father was 130 years old we must presume that Stephen followed some traditionary account of the transaction.—Oven. The Samaritan copy makes the age of Terah at his death to be 145, or 60 years less than the Hebrew text.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Acts xxii. 1. xi. 13. x v. 13, 16.

ήμερα τη ογδοη· και ό Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ, και ό day the eighth; and the Isaac the Jacob, audthe 9 Kat oi Ιακωβ τους δωδεκα πατριαρχας. the twelve patriarchs. And πατριαρχαι ζηλωσαντες τον Ιωσηφ απεδοντο patriarcha emying Joseph the εις Αιγυπτον· και ην δ θεος μετ' αυτου, 10 και into Egypt; him, and was the God with εξειλετο αυτον εκ παπων των θλιψεων αυτου, delivered him ont of all of the afflictions και εδωκεν αυτώ χαριν και σοφιαν εναντιων to hun favor and wisdom Φαραω βασιλεως Αιγυπτου, και κατεστησεν of Pharaoh king of Egypt, and ∡υτον ήγουμενον επ' Αιγυπτον και δλον τον rnling over Egypt and whole οικον αύτου. nouse of himself.

<sup>11</sup>  $H\lambda\theta\epsilon$  δε  $\lambda\iota\mu$ ος  $\epsilon\phi$ ,  $\delta\lambda\eta\nu$   $\tau\eta\nu$   $\gamma\eta\nu$   $A\iota\gamma\nu\pi\tau$ ου Came and a famine on whole the land και Χανααν, και θλιψις μεγαλη· και ουκ εύρισκον provisions the fathers of us. Having heard and Ιακωβ οντα σιτα εν Αιγυπτφ, εξαπεστειλε τους Jacob being grain in Egypt, <sup>13</sup> Και εν τφ δευτερφ πατερας ήμων πρωτον. And in the first. fathers of ua second ανεγνωρισθη Ιωσηφ τοις αδελφοις αύτου, και was made known Joseph to the brothers of himself, and φανερον εγενετο τω Φαραω το γενος του Ιωσηφ. snown became to the Pharaoh the family of the 14 Αποστειλας δε Ιωσηφ μετεκαλεσατο τον Having sent ban Joseph called for πατερα αύτου Ιακωβ, και πασαν την συγγενειαν, father of himself Jacob, and all the  $^{15}$  Ka $au\epsiloneta\eta$   $\delta\epsilon$ εν ψυχαις εβδυμηκοντα πεντε. souls seventy. five. Went down and [aκωβ \* [εις Αιγυπτον,] και ετελευτησεν αυτος[into Egypt,] and 16 Kai  $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$  eis And they were carried into και οί πατερες ήμων. and the fathers of us. Συχεμ, και ετεθησαν εν τφ μνηματι, ω ωνη-Sychem, and were placed in the tomb, which bought σατο Αβρααμ τιμης αργυριου παρα των υίων Abraam for a price from of other the Suna 17 Καθως δε ηγγιζεν δ Εμμορ του Συχεμ.) Sychem.) When but of Emmor of the drew near the χρονος της επαγγελιας, ής ωμοσεν δ θεος τω

JACOB, and JACOB the TWELVE Patriarchs.

9 ‡ And the PATRIARCHS envying Joseph, sold him into Egypt; ‡ but God was with him,

10 and delivered him from All his Afflictions, and gave him Favor and Wisdom in the sight of Pharaoh, King of Egypt, who constituted him Ruler over Egypt, and All his nouse.

11 ‡ And a Famine came upon All the LAND of Egypt and Canaan, and great Distress; and our FATHERS found no Provisions.

12 ‡ But Jacob, having heard that there was Grain in Egypt, sent our FA-THERS the first time;

13 ‡ and at the SECOND time, Joseph was made known to his BROTHERS; and \* JOSEPh'S FAMILY was shown to PHARAOH.

14 ‡ And Joseph sent and invited his father Jacob to him, and ‡ All his KINDEED, † seventy-five Souls.

15 And Jacob went down into Egypt, and died, he, and our fathers;

16 and they were carried to Shechem, and lad in the TOMB which tJacob bought for Money of the sons of Hamor \* in Shechem.

17 But when the time of the PROMISE drew near, which God t \* solemnly

\* Vatican Manuscrift.—12. for Egypt.

Egypt—omit. 16. in Shechem. 13. Joseph's Family. 15. into

swore the God to the

which

<sup>11.</sup> It state 11 Gen. xivi. 26, "All the sonls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his loins, besides Jacob's sons' wires, all the souis were three score and six." Stephen adds to this number nine of Jacob's sons' wives, which makes the number of seventy-five. These though not of his blood, were of his kindred, as Stephen expresses it, being related to him by marriage. † 16. In Gen. l. 13, it is stated, "that Jacob was buried in the cave of the field of Machpelah, before Mamre?" and in Josh. xxiv. 32, that Jacob was buried in Shechem; and here we have the authority of Stephen that the rest of the twelve patriarchs were interred in the same place. † 16. The best critics are of the opinion that Abraham, as found in the text, is spurius, and has been inserted by some officious transcriber. The word Jacob ought to be supplied.

<sup>10.</sup> Gen. xxxvi. 4, 11, 28; Psa. cv. 17. 12 Gen. xxxix. 2 21, 22. 10. Gen. xli. 37; xlii. 6 11. Gen. xli. 54. 112. Gen. xlii. 1. 13. Gen. xlv. 4, 16. 14. Gen. xlv. 27. 14. Gen. xlv. 22.

Aβρααμ, ηυξησεν δ λαος και επληθυνθη εν Abraam, grew the people and were multiplied in grew the people 18 αχρις ού ανεστη βασιλευς έτερος, Αιγυπτω· till for whom stood up a king Egypt: ηδει τον Ιωσηφ. 19 Ούτος κατασοφιός ουκ This having dealt kuew the Joseph. who not σαμενος το γενος ήμων, εκακωσε τους πατερας deceitfully the family of us, ill-treated the fathers ήμων, του ποιείν εκθετα τα βρεφη αυτών, εις of us, of the to cause to be exposed the babes of them, in order το μη ζωογονεισθαι. 20 Εν ' ω καιρω εγεννητο μη ζωογονεισθαι. In which season was horn that not they might be preserved. θη Μουσης, και ην αστειος τω θεω. ός ανετραand was beautiful to the God; who was nursed Moses, ,  $\eta$   $\mu\eta\nu\alpha$ S  $\tau\rho\epsilon\iota$ S  $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\phi$  months three in the οικώ του πατρος. house of the father.  $^{22}$  Εκτεθεντα δε αυτον, ανειλετο αυτον ή θυγαtookup him the daugh-Having exposed and him, τηρ Φαραω, και αν εθρεψατο αυτον έαυτη εις υίον. ter of Pharaon, and nursed him herself for a son. 22 Και επαιδευθη Μωυσης παση συφια Αιγυπin all wisdom of Egypwas taught Moses τιων ην δε δυνατος εν λαγαις και εν εργοις was and powerful in words and in works When but was completed to him of himself. ταετης χρονος, ανεβη επι την καρδιαν αυτου $_{
m years}$  of time, it came up in the heart of him of him επισκεψασθαι τους αδελφους αύτου, τους υίους brothren of himself, the the sons <sup>24</sup> Και ιδων τινα αδικουμενον, ημυνατο, Ισραηλ. of Israel. And seeing one being wrouged, he defeuded, εκδικησιν τω καταπονουμενω, και εποιησεν to him being oppressed, did justice 25 Ενομίζε δε συνιεναι παταξας τον Αιγυπτιον. having smitten the Egyptian. Hethought and to understand τους αδελφους αύτου, ότι ό θεος δια χειρος brethren of himself, that the God by hands αυτου διδωσιν αυτοις σωτηριαν οί δε ου συνηsalvation; they but not underto them f him <sup>26</sup> Τη δε ημερα ωφθη αυτοις €πιουση καν. day he appeared to those In the but next atood. μαχομενοις, και συνηλασεν αυτους εις ειρηνην, and urged them to peace, contending, αδελφοι, εστε ύμεις. ειπων Ανδρες, ίνατι Men, brethren, are you; saving: α εκειτε αλληλους: 27 Ο δε αδικων τον πλησιον, He but wronging the neighbor, wrong you each other? απωσατω αυτον, ειπων. Τις σε κατεστησεν eaying; Who thee has appointed him. thrust away ρχοντα και δικαστην εφ' ήμας: <sup>23</sup> Μη ανελειν Not to kill ajudge over us;

made to Abraham, the PEOPLE grew and we of multiplied in Egypt,

18 till another King \*arose, who did not ac-

knowledge Joseph.

19 At, having outwitted our bace, ill-treated \*our fathers, causing their infants to be exposed in order that they might not live.

20 ‡ At which period Moses was born, and ‡ was DIVINELY beautiful; and he was nursed in his FATHER'S HOUSE three Months:

21 that having exposed him, the DAUGHTER of Pharaoh took him up, and cherished him for her own Son.

22 And Moses was educated in All the Wisdom of the Egyptians, and was †Powerful in his Words and Works.

23 ‡ And when he was full † forty years of age, it came into his HEART to visit his BRETHBEN, the Sons of Israel.

24 And observing one wronged, he defended and executed judgment for 11 the who was oppressed, smitting the EGYPTIAN.

25 Now he thought that his BRETHREN understood That GOD by his Hand would give them Deliverance; but they did not understand.

26 ‡ And on the FOL-LOWING Day, he presented himself to them as they were contending, and urged them to peace, saying, 'Men, \*you are brethren; why do you injure each other?'

27 But HE INJURING his NEIGHBOR, thrust him away, saying, ‡ Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge over us ?

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. rose up in Egypt, who knew. 26 you are.

19. the FATHERS

<sup>+ 23.</sup> This was a general tradition among the Jews: "Moses was 40 years in Pharaoh's court, 40 years in Midian, and 40 years he served Israel."—Clarke.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Exod. ii. 2. † 2). Heb. xi. 23. † 21. Exod. ii. 3—10. † 22. Luke ii. 13. † 23. Exod. ii. 14. 12. † 26. Exod. ii. 13. † 27. See Luke xii. 14. Acts iv. 7.

θελεις, δυ τροπου ανειλες χθες τον wishest, in which manner thou didst killyesterday the Αιγυπτιον: 29 Εφυγε δε Μωυσης εν τω λογω Fled and Moses at the Egyptian? word τουτω, και εγενετο παροικος εν γη Μαδιαμ, ού this, and became a sojourner in land of Mulian, where <sup>30</sup> Και πληρωθεντων **ετ**ων εγεννησεν υίους δυο. sons two. And being completed years τεσπαρακοντα, ωφθη αυτω εν τη ερημω του forty, appeared to him in the desert of the epous  $\Sigma_i \nu \alpha \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda o s$  [κυριου] εν φλογι πυρος mountain Sinai a messenger [of Lord] in a flame of fire 31 'Ο δε Μωυσης ιδων εθαυμαζε το βατου. The hat Moses having seen admired of a bush. δραμα προσερχομενου δε αυτου κατανοησαι,

sight; coming near and of him to observe, εγενετο φωνη κυριου  $*[\pi \rho os \ a υ τ ον]$   $^{32}$  εγω δ came a voice of lord [to him;] I the θεος των πατερων σου, δ θεος Αβρααμ, και \*[δ] God of the fathers of thee, the God of Abraam, and [the θεος] Ισαακ, και \*[δ] θεος ] Ιακωβ. Εντρομος God] of Isane, and [the God] of Jacob. Terrined δε γενομενος Μωυτης ουκ ετολμα κατανοησαι. and heing Moses not dared to look.  $^{33}$  First δε αμασιας δ κυρους Αμασιας σο Ιπαδραμα

Said and to him the Lord. Loose the sandals των ποδων σον. ό γαρ τοπος εν ω έστηκας, οι the feet of thee; the for place in which thou standest, γη άγια εστιν. <sup>34</sup> Ιδων είδον την κακωσιν ground hoy is. Having seen I saw the evil treatment του λαου μου του εν Αιγυπτω, και του στεναγοί the people of me of that in Egypt, and the groaning μου αυτων ηκουσα, και κατεβην εξελεσθαι of them I have heard, and am come down to deliver αυτους. και νυν δευρο, αποστελώ σε εις Αιγυπτhem: and now come. I will send thee into Egypt.

<sup>35</sup> Τουτον τον Μωυσην δν ηρνησατο, ειπον-This the Moses whom they denied, η ες: Τις σε κατεστησεν αρχοντα και δικαστην; ing. Who thee appointed arnler and a judge? τουτον δ θεος αρχοντα και λυτρωτην απεσthe God a ruler and a redeemer τειλεν εν χειρι αγγελου του οφθεντος αυτω by hand of a messenger of that having appeared to him 36 Ούτος εξηγαγεν αυτους, ποιηεν τη βατώ. This in the bush. led ont them. σας τερατα και σημεια εν  $\gamma η$  Αιγυπτ $\varphi$ , και εν done productes and signs in the Egypt, and in ασση, και εν τη ερημω, ε..., sea, and in the desert, years forty. 37 Ούτος εστιν ή Μωυσης, δ ειπων ερυθρα θαλασση, και εν τη ερημώ, ετη τεσσαred ρακοντα. τοις υίοις Ισραηλ. Προφητην ύμιν αναττησει A prophet for you will raise up of Israel; to the sons

28 Wilt thou kill me as thou didst the Egyptian vesterday?

29 ‡ And Moses fled at that saying, and became a Sojourner in the Land of Midian, where he begot two Sons.

30 ‡ And forty Years being completed, there appeared to him in the DESERT of MOUNT Sinai, an Angel in a Flame of Fire, in a Bush.

31 And Moses having seen, admired the sight; and coming near to look at it, a Voice came from the Lord, saying;

32 1 'E am the God of thy fathers,—the God of Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob.' And Moses being afraid dared not look at it.

33 ‡ And the Loed said to him, 'Loose thy sandals from \*Thy Feet; for the PLACE on which thou standest is holy Ground.

31 \$ I have surely seen the EVIL TREATMENT of THAT PEOPLE of mine in Egypt, and I have heard their GROANING, and am come down to deliver them; and now, come, I will send thee into Egypt.

35 This is the Moses whom they renounced, saying, 'Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge?' \* even Him God sent to be a Ruler and a Redeemer, \* with the Hand of ‡THAT Angel which appeared to him in the Bush.

36 # He led them out, having performed Prodigies and Signs in Egypt, and in the Red Sea, and in the Desert forty years.

37 This is THAT Moses, who said to the sons of Israel, ‡'A Prophet will God raise up for you from

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. of the Lord—omit. 31. to him—omit. 32. the God—omit. 33. Thy feet. 35. even. 35. with Hand.

ses, to make

\*[κυριος] ό θεος εκ των αδελφων ύμων, ώς εμε· [lord] the God from of the brethren of you, like me, 38 Ούτος εστιν ό γενομε-\*[αυτου ακουσεσθε.] being, This is he [him you shall bear.] μετα του νος, εν τη εκκλησια εν τη ερημφ, in the congregation in the desert, with Σινα αγγελου του λαλουντος αυτώ εν τώ ορει speaking to him in the mountain Sinai, και των πατερων ήμων, ός εδεξατο λογια ζωντα of us, who received oracles and of the fathers δουναι ήμιν. 39 φ ουκ ηθελησαν ύπηκοοι γενεσto give to us; to whom not were willing obedient to hecome θαι οί πατερες ήμων, αλλ' απωσαντο, και εστραbut thrust away, and turned the fathers of us, καρδιαις αύτων εις  $A_i \gamma \upsilon \pi \tau o \nu$ , φησαν ταις of them into in the hearts back <sup>40</sup> ειποντες τω Ααρων· Ποιησον ήμιν θεου**ς, οί** gods, who saying to the Aarou; Make for us προπυρευσονται ήμων δ γαρ Μωυσης ούτος δς us; the for Moses shall go before εξηγαγεν ήμας εκ γης Αιγυπτου, ουκ οιδαμεν Egypt, not we know us from land <sup>41</sup> Και εμοσχοποιησαν εν γεγονεν αυτώ. what has happened to him. they made a calf in And ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, και ανηγαγον θυσιαν τφ offered the days those, and a sacrifice to the ειδωλφ, και ευφραινοντο εν τοις εργοις των rejoiced works of the and in the <sup>42</sup> Εστρεψε  $\delta \epsilon \delta$  $\theta \epsilon os$ , χειρων αύτων. hands of them. Turn ed and the God, παρεδωκεν αυτους λατρευειν τη στρατια του them to serve the host of the gave up ουρανου· καθως γεγραπται εν βιβλφ των προit is written in book of the proas φητων Μη σφαγια και θυσιας προσηνεγκατε Not victims and sacrifices did you offer  $\tau \in \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \alpha \kappa o \nu \tau \alpha \in \nu$ €ρημα, μοι ετη TT; OLKOS in the desert, house to me years forty  $^{43}$  Και ανελαβετε την σκηνην του Ισραηλ; of Israel? you took up the tabernacle of the And Μολοχ και αστρον του θεου ύμων 'Ρεμφαν, τους of the god of you Remphan, the Moloch and star τυπους, ούς εποιησατε προσκυνειν αυτοις και to worship images, which you made them; <sup>44</sup> 'H ύμας επεκεινα Βαβυλωνος. μετοικιω beyond Bahylon. I will cause to remove you σκηνη του μαρτυριου ην εν τοις πατρασιν ήμων tabernacle of the testimony was with the fathers of us εν τη ερημώ, καθως διεταξατο ό λαλων τω Μωυdirected he speaking to the Moση, ποιησαι αυτην κατα τον τυπον δν έωρακει. her according to the form which he had seen;

among your BRETHREN, like me.'

38 ‡ This is he who was in the congregation in the desert, with I THAT ANGEL who spoke to him on MOUNT Sinai, and with our fathers; t who received the living ‡Oracles to give to us;

39 to whom ourfathers would not become obedient. but thrust away, and in their hearts turned back into Egypt,

40 ! saving to AARON, 'Make us Gods to go be-fore us; for this Moses, who led us out of the Land of Egypt, we know not what has happened to him.'

41 ‡ And they made a Calf in those DAYS, and offered a Sacrifice to the IDOL, and rejoiced in the WORKS of their own HANDS.

42 # But God turned, and gave them up to serve the HOST of HEAVEN; as it is written in the Book of the PROPHETS, I'Did you not offer Victims and Sacrifices to me forty Years in the DESERT, O House of Israel?

43 And yet you took up the TABERNACLE of Mo-LOCH, and the STAR of the GOD † Remphan, the FIG-URES which you made to worship them; I will even cause you to remove beyond † Babylon.'

44 Our fathers had the TABERNACLE of the TESTIMONY in the DESERT, as he who spoke to Moses directed him tto make it according to the PAT-TERN which he had seen;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. Lord-omit. . 37. him you shall hear-omit. 43. the

<sup>† 43.</sup> Remphan or Raiphan was the name of the same Idol in Faypt, which was called Chiun in Syria, and represented the planet Saturn. † 43. Both the Septuagint, from which this appears to be a quotation, and the Hebrew, read Damascus, instead of Babylon. Bloomfield thinks it is a marginal reading which has crept into the text.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Exod. xix. 3, 17. † 38. Isa. lxiii. 9; Gal. iii. 19; Heb. ii. 2. † 38. Exod. xxi. 1; Deut. v. 27, 31; xxxlii. 4; John i.e 7. † 38. Rom. iii. 3. † 40. Exod. xxxii. 1. † 41. Deut. ix. 16; Psa. evi. 19; † 42. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Ezek. xx. 25, 39; Rom. 1. 24; 2 Thess. ii. 11. † † 42. Deut. iv. 19; xvii. 3; 2 Kings xvii. 16; xxi. 3; Jer. xix. 13. † 42. Amos v. 25, 26. † 44. Exod. xxv. 40; xxvi. 30; Heb. viii. 6.

ήν και εισηγαγον διαδεξαμενοι οί πατερες brought having received by succession the fathers ήμων μετα Ιησου εν τη κατασχεσει των εθνων, with Jesus into the possession of the nations, ών εξωσεν ό θεος απο προσωπου των πατερων which drove out the God from face ofthe fathera ήμων, έως των ήμερων Δαυιδ· 45 ός εύρε χαριν ofus, till the days of David; who found favor ενωπιον του θεου, και ητησατο εύρειν σκηνωμα is presence of the God, and asked to find a dwelling <sup>47</sup> Σολομων τω θεω Ιακωβ. δε ωκοδομησεν for the God of Jacob. Solomon but Aλλ' ουχ δ ύψιστος εν χειρο-But not the Most High in hand αυτφ οικον. for him a house. ποιητοις κατοικει, καθως ό προφητης λεγει made things dwells, prophet a the says;  $^{49}$  δ ουρανος μοι θρονος, ή δε  $\gamma$ η ύποποδιον των the heaven to me a throne, the and earth a footstool of the ποδων μου. Ποιον οικον οικοδομησετε μοι; What house will you build λεγει κυριος: η τις τοπος της καταπαυσεως Lord; or what place of the dwelling μου; 50 Ουχι ή χειρ μου εποιησε ταυτα παντα; ot me? Not the hand of me made these things all? <sup>51</sup> Σκληροτραχηλοι, και απεριτμητοι τη καρδια and nncircumened in the hear: και τοις ωσινο ύμεις αει τω πνευματι τω άγιω and the ears; you always the spirit the αντιπιπτετε, ώς οί πατερες ύμων και ύμεις. like the fathers of you also fight against, you. <sup>52</sup>Τινα των προφητων ουκ εδιωξαν οί πατερες propheta not persecuted the fathers Whichofthe ύμων; και απεκτείναν τους προκαταγγείλαντας of you? and they killed those having foreto.d της ελευσεως του δικαιου, ού νυν ύμεις concerning the coming of the righteous, of whom now you προδοται και φονεις γεγενησ $\theta$ ε·  $^{53}$ οίτινες ελα-betrayers and murderers have become; who re βετε τον νομον εις διαταγας αγγελών, και ουκ law by injunction fmessengers, and served the 54 Ακουοντες δε ταυτα, διεπριονεφυλαξατε. Having heard and these things, they were sawn you kept. το ταις καρδιας αύτων, και εβρυχον τους οδονthrough the hearts of them, and guashed the τας επ' αυτον. 55 'Υπαρχων δε πληρης πνευματος Being but him. ful. άγιου, απενισας εις π∶ν ουρανον, ειδε,δοξαν holy, having gazed intently into the heaven, he saw glory θεου, και Ιησουν έστωτα εκ δίζιων του θεου, of God, and Jesus having stood at right of the

45 ‡ Which also our FATHERS, having received it by succession, brought in with Joshua into the Possession of the NATIONS, ‡ whom God drove out before the Face of our FATHERS, to the DAYS of David;

46 ‡ who found Favor in the sight of God, and ‡ requested to find a Dwelling for the \* God of Jacob.

47 But Solomon built

for him a House.

48 Yet the most high dwells not in things made with hands; as the Pro-

PHET savs,

49 ‡ HEAVEN is My Throne, and the EARTH my FOOTSTOOL; What House will you build for me? says the Lord; or what is the PLACE of my REST?

50 Has not my HAND made all these things?

51 O stiff-necked and uncircumersed in Heart and Ears! you always fight against the HOLY SPIRIT; as your Fathers did nou also do.

52 \* Whien of the Prophets did not your Fa-THEES persecute? And they killed those who FORETOLD the COMING of the BIGHTEOUS ONE; a whom you now have become Betrayers and Murderers:—

53 tyou who received the LAW by Injunctions of Angels, and kept it not."

54 And having heard these things, they were enraged in their HEARTS, and mashed their TEETH upon him.

55 But being full of holy Spirit, and looking steadily towards HEAVEN, he saw the Glory of God, and Jesus standing at the right hand of GoD,

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. HOUSE of Jacob.

<sup>1 45.</sup> Neh. ix. 24; Psa. xliv. 2; Ixxviii. 55; Acts xiii. 19. 1 40. 1 Sam. xvi. 1; 2 Sam. vii. 1; Acts xiii. 12. 2. 40. 1 Kings viii. 17; 1 Chron. xxii. 7; Psa. cxxxii. 4, 5. 1 47. 1 Kings vi. 1; viii. 20. 1 48. 1 Kings viii. 27; Acts xvii. 24. 2. 49. Matt. v. 84, 35. 2. 53. Matt. xxi. 35; xxiii. 84, 37. 2. 53. Exod. xx. 1; Gal. iii. 19; Heb. ii. 2.

¹Σαυλος δε

56 και ειπεν. Ιδου, θεωρω τους ουρανους ανεφγthe heavens having been and said; Lo, I see μενους, και τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων son of the right the man and <sup>57</sup> Κραξαντες δε φωνη μεγαέστωτα του θεου. Having cried and with a voice loud, having stood of the God. λη, συνεσχον τα ώτα αύτων, και ώρμησαν they shut up the ears of them, and they rao δμοθυμαδον επ' αυτον 58 και εκβαλοντες εξω him; with one mind on and having cast outside της πολεως, ελιθοβολουν. Και οἱ μαρτυρες witnesses they stoned. And the παρα τους ποδας απεθεντο τα ίματια αύτων laid down the mantles of them at feet νεανιου καλουμενου Σαυλου, <sup>59</sup> και ελιθοβολουν of a young man being called Saul, and they stoned τον Στεφανον, επικαλουμένον και λεγοντα: Stephen, calling upon and saying; 60 OELS Κυριε Ιησου, δεξαι το πνευμα μου. Olord Jesus, do thou receive the breath of me. Having placed δε τα γονατα εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη. Κυριε, μη knees he cried out with a voice loud; O lord, and the αυτοις την άμαρτιαν ταυτην. Και στησης sin this And thou mayest place to them the τουτο ειπων, εκοιμηθη. this having said, he fell asleep.

# **ΚΕΦ.** η<sup>γ</sup>. 8. ην συνευδοκων

and was consenting to the death Saul Εγενετο δε εν εκεινη τη ήμερα διωγμος αυτου. day a persecution the and in that μηγας επι την εκκλησιαν την εν Ίεροσολυμοις. great against the congregation that in  $\pi$ αντες τε διεσπαρησαν κατα τας χωρας της all and were scattered in the regions of the Ιουδαιας και Σαμαρειας, πλην των αποστολων. apostles. except the and Samaria, 2 Συνεκομισαν δε τον Στεφανον ανδρες ευλαβεις, Stephen and the men  $\epsilon\pi$ κοπετον μεγαν αυτω. και εποιησαντο for him. nnd. they made lamentation great  $^3$  Σαυλος δε ελυμαινετο την εκκλησιαν, κατα but was outraging the congregation, into Saul τους οικους εισπορευομενος, συρων τε ανδρας dragging and men houses entering, και γυναικας, παρεδιδου εις φυλακην. 4οί μεν prison; was delivering up into they indeed and διασπαρεντες διηλθον, ευαγγελιζομενοι auvtherefore having been scattered wandered about, preaching glad tidings 5 Φιλιππος δε κατελθων εις πολιν Philip and going down iuto a city της Σαμαρείας, εκηρυσσεν αυτοίς τον Χρίστον. Anointed. of the Samaria. proclaimed to them the

56 and said, ‡" Behold, I see the HEAVENS opened, and the SON of MAN standing on the right band of God."

57 And crying out with a loud Voice, they stopped their EARS, and rushed upon him with one accord;

58 and thaving cast him out of the CITY, they stoned him. And the WITNESSES laid down their MANTLES at the FEET of a Young man, named Sau,

59 and they stoned STE-PHEN, as he was invoking and saying, "Lord Jesus, ‡†receive my SPIRIT."

60 And bending his KNEFS he cried with a loud Voice, the Lord, place not \* This Sin against them." And having said This, he fell asleep.

### CHAPTER VIIL

1 Now ‡ Saul was consenting to his DEATH. And in That DAY there was a great Persecution against THAT CONGREGATION in Jerusalem; and ‡ they were all dispersed through the REGIONS of JUDEA and Samaria, except the APOSTLES.

2 And pious Men buried Stephen, and made great Lamentation over him.

3 ‡ But Saul ravaged the CONGREGATION, entering HOUSES, and violently sezing Men and Women, he committed them to Prison.

4 Then THOSE HAVING BEEN DISPERSED, went about preaching the glad tidings of the WORD.

5 And Philip going down to \*the CITY of SAMARIA, proclaimed to them the MESSIAH.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 60. This sin. 5. the city.

τη αναιρεσει

<sup>+ 59.</sup> Dexai may also be rendered sustain or support. Booth, in his Lexicon of Primitive Greek words, gives this as one of the significations of the word. The prayer of Stephen then would read, "Lord Jesus, sustain my spirit," or "assist me to suffer."

<sup>† 56.</sup> Ezek, i. 1; Matt. iii. 16; Acts x. 11. † 58. 1 Kings xxi. 13; Luke iv. 29; Heb. xiii. 12. † 58. Deut. xiii. 9, 10; xvii. 7. † 59. Luke xxiii. 46. † 60. Matt. 7. 44; Luke vi. 28; xxiii. 34. † 1. Acts vii. 58; xxii. 20. † 1. Acts xi. 19. † 3. Acts vii. 58; ix. 1, 13, 21; xxii. 4; xxvi. 10, 11; 1 Cor. xv. 9; Gal. i. 18; Phil. iii. 6; Tim ii. 6;

5 Προσειχον τε οί οχλοι τοις λεγομενοις ύπο and the crowds to the things being spoken by Assented του Φιλιππου όμοθυμαδον, εν τφ ακουειν αυτους with one mind, in the to hear <sup>7</sup> Πολλων γαρ και βλεπειν τα σημεια & εποιει. to see the signs which he did. for των εχοντων πνευματα ακαθαρτα, βοωντα φωνη of those possessing spirits unclean, crying with a voice μεγαλη εξηρχετο πολλοι δε παραλελυμενοι and having been palsied came out; many και χωλοι εθεραπευθησαν. <sup>8</sup> Και εγενετο χαρα were cured. And lame joy μεγαλη εν τη πολει εκεινη. great in the city

<sup>9</sup> Ανηρ δε τις, ονοματι Σιμων, προυπηρχεν A man but certain, by name Simon, formerly εν τη πολει, μαγευων, και εξιστων το εθνος in the city, practising magic, and amazing the της Σαμαρειας, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον μεγαν. saying to besomebody himself of the Samaria, great; 10 ω προσειχον παντες απο μικρου έως μεγαto whom they assented all from least to greatλου, λεγοντες. Ούτος εστιν ή δυναμις του θεου This the power of the God saying; 11 Προσειχον δε αυτώ, ή καλουμενη μεγαλη. which is being called great. They attended and to him, δια 🕝 ίκανω χρονφ ταις μαγειαις εξεστακεναι time with the magic arts because that for a long to have amazed <sup>12</sup> 'Οτε δε επιστευσαν τω Φιλιππω autous. When them. hut they believed the Philip

announcing glad .. dings [the thio s; concerning the kingdom του θεου και του ονοματος Ιησου Χριστου, Anointed, of the God and the name of Jesus 15 'O δε εβαπτιζοντο ανδρες τε και γυναικες. they were dipped men both and women. The and Σιμων και αυτος επιστευσε, και βαπτισθεις ην

\*[τα|

Simon and himself believed, and having heen dipped heras προσκαριτερων τω Φιλιππω θεωρων τε δυναμεις constantly attending to the Philip; beholding and miracles

και σημεία μεγαλα γινομενα, εξιστατο. and signs great being done, he was smared. 14 Ακουσαντες δε οί εν Ίεροσολυμοις αποστολοι,

Having heard and the in Jerusalem apostles, δτι δεδεκται ή Σαμαρεια τον λίγον του θεου,

that had received the Samaria the word of the God,  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota\lambda\alpha\nu$   $\pi\rho\sigmas$   $\alpha\nu\tau\sigma\nus$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\Pi\epsilon\tau\rho\sigma\nu$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\Gamma\omega\alpha\iota$  they sent to them the Peter and John:

they sent to them the Peter and John;  $\nu\eta\nu^{-15}$  of tives  $\kappa$  at a  $\beta$  and  $\tau$  is  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  are  $\tau$  and  $\tau$  are  $\tau$ 

who having gone down offered prayer concerning αυτων, όπως λαβωσι πνευμα άγιον. <sup>16</sup> (Ουπω

for it was on any one of them having fallen, only

6 And the Crowds with one mind attended to the THINGS SPOKEN by PHILIP, as they HEARD and saw the SIGNS which he performed.

7 ‡ For many of THOSE POSSESSING impure Spirits, crying with a loud Voice, were dispossessed, and many paralytic and lame persons were cured.

8 And there was Much

Joy in that CITY.

Now a certain man, named Simon, came before into the CITY 1 using magic, and astonishing the NATION of SAMARIA, 1 saying that he himself was somebody great;

10 to whom all attended, from the least to the greatest, saying, "This is that which is Called the Great power of God."

11 And to him they gave heed, because that for a Long Time he had astonished them with his MAGIC ARTS.

12 But when they beheved Phillip announcing glad didings t concerning the KINGDOM of GOD, and the NAME of Jesus Christ, they were immersed, both Men and Women.

13 And SIMON himself also believed; and having been immersed, he was constantly attending to Phillip; and beholding the \*signs and great Miracles which were performed, he was astonished.

14 And the Apostles in Jerusalem naving heard That Samaria had received the word of God, sent to them Peter and John:

15 who, having gone down, prayed for them that they might receive the holy Spirit;

16 for it was not yet fallen on any of them; but they had only theen im-

ευαγγελιξ )μενφ

 $\pi \in \rho_l$   $\tau \eta s \beta a \sigma_l \lambda \in las$ 

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. Much Joy. and great Miracles.

<sup>12.</sup> the things-omit.

<sup>13.</sup> SIGNS

κε βεβακτισμενοι ύπηρχον εις το ονομα του out having been dipped they were into the having been dipped they were into the hands χειρας Τοτε επετίθουν τας χειρας hands Then they placed Lord Jesus.) επ' αυτους, και ελαμβανον πνευμα άγιον.

them, and they received spirit

18 Ιδων δε ό Σιμων, ότι δια της επιθεσεως placing on Having seen and the Simon, that through the των χειρων των αποστολων διδοται το πνευμα was given the spirit of the hands of the apostles <sup>19</sup> λε− το άγιον, προσηνεγκεν αυτοις χρηματα, saythe holy, he offered to them money, γων• Δοτε καμοιτην εξουσιαν ταυτην, ίνα iug; Give you also to me the authority that to whomthis. εαν επιθω τας χειρας, λαμβανη πνευμα άγιον. ever I may place the hands, they may receive spirit holy. 20 Πετρος δε είπε προς αυτον. Το αργυρίον σου
Peter but said to him; The silver of thee

Peter but said to him; συν σοι ειη εις απωλειαν· ότι την δωρεαν του gift with thee may be into destruction; because the of the <sup>21</sup> Ουκ θεου ενομισας δια χρηματων κτασθαι. God thou hast thought with money to buy. εστι σοι μερις ουδε κληρος εν τφ λογφ τουτφ. is to thee a part nor lot in the word this; ή γαρ καρδια σου ουκ εστιν ευθεια εναντι του is right before heart of thee not the for 22 Μετανοησον ουν απο της κακιας σου θεου. Do thou reform therefore from the wickedness of thee God. ταυτης, και δεηθητι του θεου, ει αρα αφεθηthis, and entreat of the God, if indeed may be 23 E 15 σεται σοι ή επινοια της καρδιας σου.

heart of thee. forgiven to theethe thought of the γαρ χολην πικριας και συνδεσμον αδικιας όρω agall of hitterness and a bond of wickedness I see  $^{24}$  A  $\pi$  o  $\kappa$  pi $\theta$   $\epsilon$  is  $\delta$   $\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\Sigma$  i  $\mu$   $\omega$   $\nu$   $\epsilon$  i  $\pi$   $\epsilon$   $\epsilon$   $\Delta$   $\epsilon$   $\eta$  σε οντα. Answering and the Simon said; thee being. θητε ύμεις ύπερ εμου προς τον κυριον, όπως you in hehalf of me to the

lord, 25 Οί μεν αηδεν επελθη επ' εμε ών ειρηκατε. nothing may come on me of which you have spoken. They indeed  $\tau o \nu$ διαμαρτυραμενοι και λαλησαντ∈ς therefore having earnestly testified and having spoken

λογων του κυριου, ύπεστρεψαν εις Ίερουσαλημ, Jerusalem, turned back for lord, word of the πολλας τε κωμας των Σαμαρειτων ευηγγελιannounced and villages of the Samaritans manv σαντο.

glad tidings.

 $^{26}$  Aggelos de kupiou elalt,  $\sigma\epsilon$   $\pi\rho\sigma$   $\Phi$ ili $\pi\pi\sigma\nu$ , spoke Philip, to A messenger and of a lord

λεγων Αναστηθι, και πορευοι κατα μεσημsouth, towards Do thou arise, and saying;

βριαν, επι την όδον την καταβαινουσαν απο leading down from the way that

'Ιερουσαλημ εις Γα<u>(</u>αν· αύτη εστιν ερημος. is desert. Gaza this to

27 Και αναστας επορευθη· και ιδου, ανηρ Αιθιοψ and lo, And having arisen he went;

mersed into the 1 NAME of the Lord Jesus.

17 Then they placed their HANDS on them, and they received the holy

Spirit.

18 And Simon seeing That through the IMPOSI. TION of the HANDS of the APOSTLES, the \* SPIRIT was given, he offered them Money,

19 saying, "Give me also this AUTHORITY, that on whom I place my HANDS, he may receive the

holy Spirit."

20 But PETER said to him, "May thy SILVER go to Destruction with thee, Because thou hast thought to buy the GIFT of GOD with Money.

21 Thou hast no Part nor Lot in this THING; for thy HEART is not right

before God.

22 Reform, therefore, from this thy WICKED-NESS, and entreat \*the LORD, if perhaps the THOUGHT of thine HEART may be forgiven thee;

23 for I see that thou art in the Gall of Bitterness, and in the Bond of

Wickedness."

24 And Simon answering, said, ‡" Entreat you tne LORD in my behalf, that nothing of which you have spoken may come on me."

25 Then THEY, having fully testified and spoken the WORD of the LORD, turned back for Jerusalem, and announced the glad tidings in Many Villages of the SAMABITANS.

26 And an Angel of the Lord spoke to Philip, saying, "Arise, and go towards the South, by THAT ROAD LEADING DOWN from Jerusalem to Gaza;" this is a Desert.

27 And having arisen, he went; and behold, an a man of Ethiopia | Ethiopian Eunuch, a Gran-

22. the Lord, if.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. SPIRIT was given.

<sup>;</sup> xix. 5. ‡ 17. Acts xix. 6. ‡ 20. Acts x. 45; xi. 17. ‡ 24. Gen. xx. 7, 17; Exod. viii. 8; Num. xxi. 7; 1 Kings xiii. 6 : 16. Acts x. 48; xix. 5.

ευνουχος, δυναστης Κανδακης της βασιλισσης a grandee of Candace of the queen Αιθιοπων, ός ην επι πασης της γαζης αυτης. ός of Ethiopiaus, who was over all the treasure of her: who εληλυθει προσκυνησων εις Ίερουσαλημ, 28 ην had come to worshipping Jerusalem, τε ύποστρεφων και καθημενος επι του άρματος and returning atting in the chariot. αύτου, και ανεγινωσκε τον προφητην 'Ησαιαν. of hunself, and wa reading the prophet Ειπε δε το πνευμα τω Φιλιππω. Προσελθε. Said end the epirit to the Philip; Go thou near,  $^{30}$  Προσδρακαι κολληθητιτώ άρματι τουτώ. nd bejoined to the chariot Running μων δε δ Φιλιππος ηκουσεναυτου αναγινωσκονto and the Phihp heard him τος τον π, την Ήσαιαν, και ειπεν Αραγε γινωσκεις, α ανα ινωκεις; ?1 'Ο δε ειπε. Πως anderstandes thou, who thou readest. He but said: γαρ αν δυναιμην, εαν μη τις δδηγηση με. for should I be able, if n tsomcone should guide Παρεκαλεσε τε τον Φιλ. ππον, αναβαντα καθι-lie called and the Phili basing gone up to sit 32 H δε περ'οχη της γραφης,
The and portion of the strong σαι συν αυτφ. with him. ήν σνετινωσκει, ην αυ η 'Ως προβωτον επι which was readingthis was As sheep σφαγην ιχθη, και ώς αμνώς εναιτίου του κείslaughter was led, and as 2щ, befor ροντος αυτον αφωνος, ούτως οικ ωνοιγει το is comb, he opens the him 80 not ahearing Εν τη ταπεινωσει αυτιυ ή στομα αύτου. In the of himself. low estate fhim the  $\eta \rho \theta \eta$ την δε γενεαν αυτου τις κοισις αύτου udgment of himself was taken away; the and muerati διηγησεται; δτι αιρεται απο της γης ή ζωη shall declare? because is taken aw. fro: the earth the <sup>34</sup> Απεκριθείς δε ευνουχος τω Φιλιπαυτου. Ausweiling butt ... eunuch tothe Philip -fhimπφ ειπεο Δεομαι σου, περι τινος ο προφητης I beseech then concerning whom the prophet λεγει τουτ : περι εαυτου, ι περι έτερου this? concerning houself, or concerning another  $\tau_{i\nu os}: 35 \text{ Avois} \rightarrow \delta \in \delta \Phi_{i\lambda i\pi\pi \circ s} \rightarrow \sigma_{\tau oua}$ Having open, d and the Philip the mouth αύτου, και αρξαμεν · απο της γραφης ταυτης, of himself, and having begun fr the Writing. this, € Ως δε εποευηγγελισατο αυτώ τον Ιησουν as and they announced glad tidings to him the esua

dee of Candace, \* Quech of the Ethnopians, who was over All her TREASURE, and who had come to worship at Jerusalem,

28 was returning, and sitting in his CHARIOT he was reading the PROPHET

Isaiah.

29 And the SPIRIT said to PHILIP, " Approach and join thyself to this CHABIOT."

80 And PHILIP running sorward heard him reading \* Isaiah the PROPHET, and he said, "Dost thou mdeed understand what thou art reading?"

31 And HE said, "How can L unless some one should guide me?" And he requested PHILIP to come up and sie with him.

32 Now the PORTION of the scripture which he was reading was this. 1" As & Sircep ha was ted "to Slaughter, and like a "Lamb before the SHLAR-"ER is dumb, so ne opens "not his mouth.

83 "In " his HUMILYA-"TION LIE JUDGMENT WAS "taken away; and who "will tell of his GENERA" " TION ? Because his "LIFE is taken from the "EARTH"

34 And the EUNUCH answering Philip, said. "I beseech thee, of whom speaks the PROPHET this -of himself, or of some other person."

35 Then PHILIP openmg his MOUTH, ‡ and begoining from this scrip-TURE, announced the glad tidings o. Jesus to him.

36 And as they were going on the ROAD, they came to a Certain Water and the EUNUCH said "Behold, Water I t what hinders my being immerme | sed !" +

енписы

and

Ιδου ύδωρο τι κωλικι με

water what hinders

ρευοντο κατα την όδον, ηλυον επι τι νόωρ και

Lo

way, they me to a ertain mater

φησιν δ ευνουχος·

were going in

said the

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. Queen.

<sup>80.</sup> Isaiah the PROPHET, and said.

<sup>† 30.</sup> Verse 37 of the common version is spurious. It is not found in the Vatican MS, nor in the ancient Syriae. Griesbach rejects it; and it is cancelled or rejected by Grotius Mill, Wetstein, Pearce, Tittman, Knapp, Lachmann, Tischendorf, and others.

Ωαπτισθηναι ; 🤼 Ν.π. εκελευσε στηναι το άρμα• he ordered to stand the chariot; t 'e dipped? And και κατεβησαν αμφοτεροι εις το ύδωρ ό, τε both into the water the, both and they wen, down Φιλιππος και ό εγνουχος· και εβαπτισεν αυτον. Philip and the eunuch; and he dipped <sup>39</sup> Οτ**ε δε ανεβησαν εκ του ύ**δατο**ς, π**νευμ**α** When and they came up out of the water, spir:¢ κυρι υ ήρπασε τον Φιλιππον. Kal OUR ELDEN Philip, flord seized the and **≥**ot saw. αυτον ουκετι \* ευνουχος επορευετο γαρ ην him nolonger the cunuch: he went for όδον αύτου χαιρων. way of himself rejoicing.  $\Phi$ ιλιππος δε εύρεθη εις but was found into Philip και διερχομενος ευηγγελιζετο τας Αζ τον• and passing through he announced glad tidings the Azr tus. πολεις πασας, έως του ελθειν αυτον εις Καισσtill of the to come him ρειαν. rea.

### KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

1 O oe Σαυλος ετι εμπνεων απειλης και
The ne Sau of the breathing of threatening and Φηνηυ εις τους μαθητας του κυριοι, πρυσελθων disciples of the Lord, slaug to to ard, he coming ητησατο παρ' αυτου επιστολας τω αρχιερει, he desired from him othe high-post, letters εις Δαμασκον προς τας συναγωγας, ό-ως εαν the to that Damascu syuagogues, τινας εύρη της δδου οντας, ανδρας τε και Indoithe way being, both and men any hemi. γυναικας, δεδεμενους αγαγή εις Ίερουσαλημ. women, having been bound he might lead into 3 Εν δε τφ πορευεσθαι, εγενετο αυτον εγγιζειν came to go: him In and the to draw near τη Δαμασκώ και εξαιφνης περιηστραψεν αυτον and suddenly flashed around to the Damascus φως απο του ουρανου. <sup>4</sup> και πεσων επι την γην, alight from the heaven; and having fallen to the earth. ηκουσε φωνην λεγουσαν αυτώ. Σαουλ, Σαουλ. a voice saying to him. Saul Saul: διωκεις;  $^{5}$ Ειπε δε τις ει, κυριε, The why me dost thou persecute He said and who art thou, O lord. δε κυριος ειπεν. Εγω ειμι Ιησους όν συ and Lord said; a.m Jesus whom thou persecuκεις. 6 αλλα αναστήθι και εισλθε εις την πολιν, but stand thou up and onter into the city, test:  $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta \sigma \in \tau \alpha i$  so the ewhat the eith is necessary to do. και TOLELY. and <sup>7</sup> Οί θε ανδρ**ες οί συ**νοδευο**ντες α**υτφ, **ειστ**ηκει-The and men those traveling with him, stood σαν εννεοι, ακουοντες μεν της φωνης, μηδενα dumb, hearing indeed the voice, no one dumb, hearing 8 Ηγερθη δε δ Σαυλος απο της  $\delta \epsilon \ \theta \epsilon \omega \rho o \nu \tau \epsilon s$ . Arose and the Saul from the ανεωγμενων δε των οφθαλμων αυτου, yns. earth; having heen opened and the eyes of him.

38 And he ordered the CHARIOT to stop; and the both went down into the WATER, both PHILIP and the EUNUCH, and he mersed him.

39 And when they came np out of the WATER, the Spirit of the Lord seized PHILIP; and the EUNUCH saw him no more, for he went \* His way rejoicing.

40 Philip, however; was found at Azotus; and passing through, he aunounced the glad tidings in all the Centes, till he CAME to Cesare.

### CHAPTER IX.

1 And †Saul, still breathing out Threatenings and Slaughter against the DISCIPLES of the LORD, proceeding to the HIGH-PRIEST.

2 asked from him Letters to the SYNAGOGUES at Damascus, that if he should find Any o. 2 hat RELIGION, whether Aen or Women, he might bring them bound to Jerusalem.

8 ‡ And ts he was going Along, he came near to Damascus; and suddenly a Light from HEAVEN flashed around him

4 and having failen to the EARTH, he heard a Voice saying to him, "Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Me?"

5 And he said, "Who art thou, Sir?" And \*HF said, "I am Jesus whom thou persecutest.

6 But arise, and go into the CITY, and it shall be told thee what thou must do."

7 And THOSE MEN traveling with him, stood speechless, hearing indeed the voice, but seeing no one.

. 8 And Saul arose from the EARTH; and his EYES having been opened, he

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. His WAY. 5. HI

<sup>† 39. 1</sup> Kings xviii. 12; 2 Kings ii. 16; Ezek. iii. 12; 14. † 1. Acts viii. 3; Gal. i. 13 1 Tim. i. 13. † 2. Acts xix. 9; 23. † 3. Acts xxii. 6; xxvi, 12. † 4. Matt xxv. 40. † 7. Dan. x. 7; Acts xxii. 9; xxvi. 13.

φυδενα εβλεπε· χειραγωγουντες δε αυτον εισηno one he saw; leading by the hand and him they 
γαγον εις  $\Delta$ αμασκον·  $^{9}$  και ην ήμερας τρεις μη and he was days le" into Damascus; three not βλεπων και ουκ εφανεν, ουδε επις,

and not uto.

10 Ην δε τι: μαθητης εν Δαμασκφ ονοματι Was and a certain disciple in Damascue by name Ανανίας, και είπε προς αυτον δ κυρίος εν δραand said to him the Lord 'Ο δε ειπεν' Ιδου εγω, κυριε. ματι Ανανια. Ananias. He and said; Ί, Lo O lord. 11 'Ο δε κυριος προς αυτον. Αναστας πορευθητι him; Maving arisen The and Lord to go thou επι την δυμην την καλουμενην ευθειαν, και street that being called Straight, and νοματι, Ταρζητησον εν οικια Ιουδα Σαυλον seck for in house of Judas Saul by name, of Tarσεα· ιδου γαρ προσευχεται, 12 και ειδεν εν δραhe prays, ματι ανδρα ονοματι Ανανιαν, εισελθοντα και having come in by name Ana. 1as, and  $\epsilon$ πιθέντα αυτ $\varphi$  χειρα, δπως ····ε $\beta$ λ $\cdot$ ψη.  $^{13}$  Απεκhaving placed to him a hand, that he might receive sight. Auριθη δε Ανανικο. Κυριε, ακηκοα απο πολλων swered and Ananias, Olor, I have heard from many του ανδρος τουτου, όσα κακα the man this, what things bad όσα κακα ∈ποιηconcerning the man he did ( τε τοις άγιοις σου εν Ίερουσαλημ. 14 Και ώδ to the saints of thee in Jerusalem. And ere εχει εξουσιαν παρα των αρχιερεων, δησαι παν from the high-priests, to hind he has authority ali  $^{15}$  E $\iota\pi\epsilon$ τας τους επικαλουμένους το ονομα σου. the name of thee. those calling upol Said δε προς αυτον ό κυριος· Πορευου, ότι σκευος him the Lord. Gothou because a vessel εκλογης μοι εστιν ούτος, του βαστασαι το ονο-

this, of the to hear chosen to me is the name μα μου ενωπιον εθνών, και βασιλεων, υίων τε before actions, and kings, aons and

16 Εγω γαρ ύποδειξω αυτω, Ισραηλ. δσα will point out to him, whatthings for of larael. αυτον ύπερ του ονοματος μου παθειν. it behaves him in behalf of the пагле of me to suffer.

17  $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $A\nu\alpha\nu\iota\alpha s$ και εισηλθεν εις τυ Wentaway and ..nanias :Ind entered into the ικιαν· και επιθεις επ' άυτον τας χειρας, ειπε· him house, and having placed on the hands, he said;

Σαουλ αδελφε, δ κυριος απεσπαλκε με, (Ιησους Saul Obrother, the Lord has sent me. (J :sus

saw No one; but leading him by the hand they conducted him to Damascus.

9 And he was three Days without sight, and neither ate nor drank.

10 Now there was in Damascus a certain Disciple, 1 named Ananias; and the LORD said to him in a Vision, "Ananias." And HE said, "Behold, I am here, Lord."

11 And the LORD said to him, "Arise, and go into † THAT STREET which is CALLED Straight, and inquire in the house of Judas, for ta man of +Tarsus, named Saul; for Leheld, he is praying,

12 and has seen in a Visi n a Man, named Anarias, entering, and laying his \* HANDS on him, that he might recover

sight."

13 And Ananias answered, "Lord, I have heard from many concerning this MAN, how much Evil Le has done to thy s. INTs in erusalem;

14 and here, he has Authority from the HIGH-PRIESTS to bind ALL who ‡INVOKE thy NAME."

15 But the LORD said to him, "Go; Because he is to me ‡a chosen Vessel. to B. AR my NAME before Nations, and \* Kings, and Sons of Israel:

16 for 1 will point out to him what things he must suffer in behalf of my NAME."

17 And Ananias d. parced, and entered the HOUSE, and placing his NDS on him, said, "Brother Saul, the Lorn sent me, eve: THAT Jesus who

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. HANDS on him.

<sup>13.</sup> also Kings.

<sup>† 11.</sup> This street has continued under the same name to the present day. It runs in 3 direct line from the eastern to the western gate, a distance of three miles. † 11. Tarsus, was the capital of Cilicia, situated on the banks of the Cnidus, which flowed through the midst of it. It is now called Tarasso. As a seat of learning, it ranked with Athens and Alexandria. Its inhabitants, in the time of Julius Cesar, were endowed with all the privileges of Roman citizens.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xxii, 12. xxii, 16; 1 Cor. i, 2; 2 Tim. ii, 22. Eph. ii, 7, 8. † 16. 2 Cor. xi, 23. 1 14. Acts vii. 59; verse 21; 1 15. Acts xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17; Rom. 4. 1;

δ οφθεις σοι εν τη οδώ 'η ηρχοι,) όπως αναhe naving appeared to thee in the way in which tuou camest, that 18Ka1  $\beta\lambda\epsilon\psi\eta s$ , και πλησθης πνευματος άγιου. mayest receive sight, and mayest be filled of spirit holy. And ευθεως απεπεσον απο των οφθαλμων αυτου immediately fell the from eves of him ώσει λεπιδες, ανεβλεψε τε και αναστας εβαπas it were scales, he recovered sight and; and having arisen he was τισθη. 19 Και λαβων τροφην ενισχυσεν. Εγενdipped. And having taken food he was strengthened. ετο δε μετα των εν Δαμασκώ μαθητων ήμερας with the in Damascus
20 Kaι ευθεως εν was and disciples days TIVas. ταις συναγωγαις And immediately in several. the synagogues εκηρυσσε τον Ιησουν, ότι ούτος εστιν ό υίος be proclaimed the Jesus, that this is του θεου. <sup>21</sup> Εξισταντο δε παντες οί ακουοντες, of the God. Were amazed and all those having heard, και ελεγον. Ουχ ούτος εστικ δ πορθησας εν Not and. this the one having wasted in said: is Ιερουσαλημ τους επικαλουμενους those calling upon the name τουτο; και ώδε εις τουτο εληλυθει, ίνα δεδεand here for had come, that having this? this uevous αυτους αγαγη  $\epsilon\pi\iota$ TOUS αρχιερεις. he might lead to them the high-priests. <sup>22</sup> Σαυλος δε μαλλον ενεδυναμουτο, και συνεbut was strenghtened, Saul more and perplexed χυνε τους Ιουδαιους του κατοικουντας εν Δαthose dwelling in Jews μασκώ, συμβιβαζων, ότι ούτος εστιν ό Χριστος. mascus, proving, that this is the Anointed. 23 'Ως δε επληρουντο ήμεραι ίκαναι, συνεβου-When and were fulfilled days many, consulted λευσαντο οί Ιουδαιοι ανελειν αυτον· <sup>24</sup>εγνωσθη together the Jews to kill him; was made known δε τφ Σαυλφ ή επιβουλη αυτων παρετηρουν but to the Saul the plot of them; they were watching τε τας πυλας ήμερας τε και νυκτος, όπως αυτον both and night, and the day <sup>25</sup> Λαβοντες ανελωσι. δε αυτον οί μαθηται they mucht kill. Having taken but him the disciples νυκτος, κατηκαν δια του τειχους, χαλασαντες by night, they let down through the wall, lowering <sup>26</sup> Παραγενομενος δε εις Ίερουσαεν σπυοιδι. and into àm a basket. Having come ληά, επειρατο κολλασθαι τοις μαθηταις και to unite himself to the disciples; παντες εφοβουντο αυτον, μη πιστευοντες ότι

APPEARED to thee on the the BOAD in which thou camest, in order that thou mayest receive sight, and be filled with holy Spirit.

18 And immediately something fell from \* His EYES, like Scales, and he recovered sight; and rising up, he was immersed.

19 And having received Food he was strenghtened; and was with the DISCIPLES in Damascus several

20 And immediately in the SYNAGOGUES he proclaimed JESUS, That he is the son of God.

21 But All who heard him were astonished, and said, ‡"Is not his he who in Jerusalem spread Desolation anong them who call on this name, and had come here for this purpose, that he might lead them bound to the h'GH-PRIESTS?"

22 But Saul increased more in power, ‡ and \* terplexed THOSE Jews DWALLING IN Damascus, demostrating That this is the MESSIAH.

28 And when † many Days were fulfilled, ‡ the Jews conspired to kill

24 but their PLOT was made known to Saul. And they \* also watched the GATES both Day and Night, that they might murder him.

25 But the DISCIPLES took him by Night, and through the WALL lowered him down in a Basket.

26 ‡And having come to Jerusalem he attempted to associate with the DISCIPLES; but they all feared him, not believing That he was a Disciple.

27 But Barnabas taking

feared

€στι μαθητης.

a disciple.

heis

believing

επιλαβομενος

having taken

that

not

but

<sup>27</sup> Βαοναβας δε

Barnabas

him,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. His BYES. 24. also watched the GATES.

<sup>22.</sup> perplexed those Jews dwelling.

<sup>† 23.</sup> The many days here alluded to, probably included the three years mentioned by Paul in Gal. i. 18, during which he preached in Damascus and visited Arabia.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Acts viii. 3: verse 1; Gal. i. 13, 23. † 22. Acts xviii. 28. † 23. Acts xxii. xxv.5. 2 Cor. xi. 26. † 25. Josh. ii. 15; 1 Sam. xix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 33. † 26. Acts xxii. 17; Gal. i. 17, 16.

αυτον, ηγαγε προς τους αποστολους, και διηbrought to the apostles, and reγησατο αυτοις, πως εν τη δδω ειδε τον κυριον, to them, how in the way hexaw the Lord, και ότι ελαλησεν αυτώ, και πως εν Δαμασκώ hespoke to him, and how in Damascus επαρδησιασατο εν τω ονοματι του Ιησου. 😕 Και he spoke boldly in the name of the Jesus. ην μετ' αυτων εισπορευομενος και εκπορευομενος be was with them coming in and going out εν Ιερουσαλημ, \*[και] παρβησιαζομενος εν τω in Jerusalem, [and] speaking boldly ονοματι του κυριου \*[Ιησου.] 29 in the <sup>29</sup> Ελαλει τε [Jesus ] of the Lord He spoke and και συνείητει προς τους 'Ελληνιστας' οἱ δε Hellenists; contended with the they hut  $^{30}$  E $\pi$ i $\gamma$ vo $\nu$  $\tau$  $\epsilon$ s  $\delta$  $\epsilon$  oi επεχειρουν αυτον ανελειν. took in hand him to kill. Having known but the αδελφοι κατηγαγον αυτον εις Καισαρειαν, και brethren they brought down him Семича, and to 31 Αίμε**ν ο**υν εξωπεστειλαν αυτον εις Ταρσον. him into The indeed then sent away Tarsus. εκκλησιαι καθ' όλης της Ιουδαίας και Γαλιλαίας whole of the Judea congregations in and και Σαμαρείας είχου είρηνην, οικοδεμουμέναι Samaria had peace, being built np και πορευομεναι τω φοβω του κυριου και τη and proceeding in the fear of the Lord and the παρακλησει του άγιου πνευματος, επληθυνοντο. consolating of the holy spirit, were multipled.

🖺 Εγενετο δε Πετρον, διερχομενον δια παν-It happened and Peter, through all, Passing των, κατελθειν και προς τους άγιους τους the to have gone down also to saints those 33 Εύρε δε εκει ανθρωκατοικουντας Λυδδαν. He found and there a man dwelling Lydda. πον τινα Αινεαν ονοματι, εξ ετων οκτω καταhy name, from years eight certain En eas κειμενον επι κραββατφ, ός ην παραλελυμενος. hed, fore! in who was a paralytic.  $^{34}$  Και ειπεν αυτω δ Πετρος. Αινεα, ιαται σε

said to him the Peter; Eneas, cures thee Ιησους δ Χριστος αναστηθι, και στρωσον σε-Jesus the Anointed; arise thou, and makethe bed for <sup>35</sup> Και ειδον αυτον Και ευθεως ανεστη. QUTO. thyself. And immediately he arose. And 8aW παντες οί κατοικουντες Λυδδαν και τον Σαρωνα, dwellin 3 Lydda and the Saron, 36 Eν Ιοποίτινες επεστρεψαν επι τον κυριον. turned to the Lord. Ιn πη δε τις ην μαθητρια ονοματι Ταβιθα, ή διερpa and certain was a female disciple by name Tabitha, which being μηνευομένη λεγεται Δορκας αύτη ην πληρης translated is called Dorcas; she Was full αγαθων εργων και ελεημοσυνων ών €ποι€ι.

him, conducted him to the APOSTLES, and related to them how he saw the LORD on the ROAD, and That he spoke to him, and how he I spoke publicly in Damas. cus in the NAME of JESUS.

28 # And he was with them coming in and going out at Jerusalem, speaking publicly in the NAME of the Lord.

29 And he spoke and disputed with the Hellenists; # they however un dertook to kill him.

30 But the BRETHREN having been informed of it, conducted him to Cesarea, and sent him to Tar-

31 Then the \* church had Peace in All Judes and Galilee, and Samaria and being built up, and walking in the FEAR of the Lord, and in the admonition of the HOLY Spirit, was increased.

32 And Peter, passing through all places, happened to go down also to those SAINTS DWELLING at Lydda.

33 And he found a certain Man named Encas, who, being palsied, had lain on a bed for eight

34 And PETER said to him, "Eneas, #Jesus the MESSIAH, restores thee; arise, and make the bed for thyself." And he instantly arose.

And ALL THOSE DWELLING in Lydda and SHARON saw him; I and they turned to the LORD

36 And there was in Jo, 4 pa a Certain female Disciple named † Tabitha, (which being translated signifies Dorcas;) she was full of good Works and Charities which she did.

she did.

which

of good

works

of alms

and VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. and-omit.

<sup>28.</sup> Jesus-omit.

<sup>81.</sup> the CHURCH.

<sup>31.</sup> was increased. † 33. Tabitha, is a Syria word, and Dorcas a Greek word, both signifying an antelope. The name here is expressive of beauty; as "antelopes are particularly remarkable for their beautiful eyes." See Parkhurst.

<sup>1 27.</sup> verse 20, 22. Acts iii. 6, 10; iv. 10.

<sup>28.</sup> Gal. i. 18. 25. Acts xi. 21.

<sup>87</sup> Εγενετο δε **εν** ταις ήμεραις εκειναις ασθεν**η**having It happened and in the days those σασαν αυτην αποθανειν . λουσαντες δε \* [αντην]
been sick her to have died; having washed and [her] been sick in the page of the second τη Ιοππη, οί μαθηται ακουσαντες ότι Πετρος to the Joppa, the disciples having heard that Peter εστιν εν αυτη, απεστειλεν δυο ανδρας προς two to sent men αυτον, παρακαλουντες μη οκνησαι διελθειν έως not to delay to come over to entreating αυτων. 33 Αναστας δε Πετρος συνηλθεν αυτοις. Having arisen and Peter them. came with δν παραγενομενον ανηγαγον εις το ὑπερφον, they led into the upper room, having come και παρεστησαν αυτφ πασαι αί χηραι κλαιουthe widows and stood beside him all weeping, σαι, και επιδεικνυμεναι χιτωνας και ίματια, showing and mantles, tnnics δσα εποιει μετ' αυτων ουσα η as many as she made with them heing the Δορκας. Dorcas. 40 Εκβαλων δε εξω παντας δ Πετρος,  $\theta \epsilon \iota s$ Having put and out all the Peter, having placed τα γονατα προσηυξατο· και επιστρεψας προς he prayed; and having turned t.o. knees ειπε· Ταβιθα, αναστηθι. 'Η δε το σωμα, Tabitba, do thou arise. She and body, said: ηνοιξε τους οφθαλμους αύτης και ιδουσα τον of herself; and seeing the opened the eyes ανεστησεν αυτην φωνησας δε τους άγιους και he raised her; having called and the saints and τας χηρας, παρεστησεν αυτην ζωσαν.  $^{42}$  Γνωσher living. he presented Known τον δε εγενετο καθ όλης της Ιοππης και and it became 1n whole of the Joppa; 43 Εγενετο πολλοι επιστευσαν επι τον κυριον. believed in the It happened Lord. δε ήμερας ίκανας μειναι αυτον εν Ιοππη, παρα and days many to remain him in Joppa, τινι Σιμωνι βυρσει.

### кеф. . 10.

Simon a tanner.

1 Ανηρ δε τις εν Καισαρειά, ονοματι Κορνηby name Corne-A man and certain in Cesarea, **λ**ιος, εκατονταρχης εκ σπειρης της καλουμενης of a cohort that being called a centurion Ιταλικης,  $^2$  ευπεβης και φοβουμενος τον  $\theta$ εον and fearing God piors the συν παντι τω οικω αύτου, ποιων \*[τε] ελεημο-with all the house of himself, doing [and] alms συνας πολλας τω λαφ, και δεομενος του θεου many to the people, and praying of the God διαπαντος. <sup>3</sup> ειδεν εν δραματι φανερως, ώσει in a vision clearly, he saw

37 And it happened in those DAYS, that she was sick and died; and having washed they placed her in an upper room.

38 Now Lydda being near to Joppa, and the disciples having heard that Peter was there, sent Two Men to him entreating, \*"Do not delay to come over to us."

- S9 And Peter arose and went with them; and having arrived they conducted him to the UPPER ROOM; and All the WIDOWS stood beside him weeping, and showing the Tunics and Mantles which DORC'S made, while she was with them.
- 40 But Peter ‡ putting them all out, kneeleddown and prayed; and turning to the Body, ‡he said, "Tabitha, arise!" And SHE opened her eves; and beholding Peter, she sat up.

41 And giving her his Hand, he raised her; and having called the SAINTS and WIDOWS, he presented her living.

42 And it became known through All \* Joppa; and t many believed in the LORD.

43 And it occurred, he continued many DAYS in Joppa, with One ‡ Simon a Tanner.

#### CHAPTER X

- 1 And a certain Man in Cesarea, named Cornelius, a Centurion of THAT Cohort CALLED the Italian.
- 2 tapious man, and one fearing God with All his HOUSE, doing many Charities for the PEOPLE, and praying to God always,
- $\delta \sigma \epsilon \iota$  3 ‡ saw distinctly in a value Vision, \* about the ninth

‡ 42. John xi. 45; xii. 1:.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—37. her—omit. 42. Joppa. 2. and—omit. 3. as if about.

<sup>38.</sup> Do not delay to come over to us

<sup>† 40.</sup> Matt. ix. 25. \* 43. Acts x. 6. † 40. Mark v. 41, 42; John xi. 43. † 2. verse 22. † 3. verse 36; xi. 13.

ύραν εννατην της ήμερας, αγγελον του θεου ninth ofthe day, a messenger of the God εισελθοντα προς αυτον, και ειποντα αυτώ. having come to him; and him, asying 4 '0 Κορνηλιε. δε ατενισας αυτω και O Cornelius. He andhaving looked steadily to him and εμφοβος γενομενος,  $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon$  Ti  $\epsilon \sigma \tau i$ , KUPI€; be said, What is it, becoming, O sir? Ειπε δε αυτώ. Αί προσευχαι σου και αί ελεη-He said and to him; The prayers of thee and the alma μοσυναι σου ανεβηπαν εις μνημοσυνον ενωπιον of thee went up for a memorial before 5 Και νυν πεμψον εις Ιοππην ανδρας, του θεου. And now send into God. Joppa men, και μεταπεμψαι Σιμωνα, δς επικαλειται Πετρος· Simon, who is surnamed <sup>6</sup> ούτος ξενιζεται παρα τινι Σιμωνι βυρσει, with one Simon a tanner, to whom lodges 7 'Ως δε απηλθεν εστιν οικια παρα θαλασσαν. a house by When and weni away 858. δ αγγελος, δ λαλων αυτω, φωνησας δυο των the messenger, that speaking to him, having called two of the οικετων αύτου, και στρατιωτην ευσεβη των house servants of himself, and 2 soldier prous of those προσκαρτερουντων αυτφ, 8 και εξηγησαμενος constantly attending him, and having related αντοις απαντα, απεσπειλέν αυτους ELS THY to them. all things, he sent them into ויָר פּ δε  $\epsilon\pi$ .: $\nu_r$  lov, Ιοππην. δδοιπορουντων On the and morr. w, pursuing the journey εκεινων, και τη πολει εγγιζοντων, ανεβη Πετand to the city drawing near, wentup 003 επι το δωμα προσευξασθαι, περι ώραν the roo to pray, about hour to Exercise  $\delta \epsilon$  mpossitives, kal  $\eta \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon$ H becam an very hungry, and wished γευσασθαι παραπιεροζοντων δε εκεινων, επεand of them, mak.n. . ad, to eat;  $\pi$ εσεν επ' αυτον εκστασις,  $^{11}$ κα.  $\theta$ εωρει τον ουραa trance, and he beholds the heaven νον ανεφημενον, και καταβαινον σκευος τι ώς having been opened, and coming down a vessel certainlike οθονην μεγαλην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις δεδεμενων, great, four ends having been bound, και καθιεμενον επιτης γης. 12 εν φ ύπηρχε and being lowered down to the earth; in which παντα τα τετραποδα της γης και τα θηρια και the four-footed beasts of the earth and the wild beasts and τα ερπετα και τα πετεινα του ουρανου<sup>13</sup> και the creeping things and the birds of the heaven; εγενετο φωνη προς αυτον Αναστας, Πετρε, a voice to him; Having arisen, O Peter,

Hour of the DAY, an Ange of GoD coming in to him, and saying to him, "Cornelius!"

4 And steadily gazing at him, and becoming afraid, he said, "What is it, Sirl" And he said to him, "Thy PRAYERS and thine ALMS went up as a Memorial before God.

5 And now send Men to Joppa, and invite one Simon, who is surnamed Peter;

6 he lodges with ‡One Simon a Tanner, whose House is by the Sea.

7 And when THAT AN-GEL which stoke to him was gone away, he called two of \* the House servants, and a pious Soldier of THOSE who ATTENDER constantly on him;

8 and having related to them all things, he sent

them to JOPPA.

9 And on the NEXT DAY, † while then were pursuing their journey, and drawing near to the CITY, ‡ Peter went upon † the Roof to pray, about the sixth Hour.

10 And he became very hungry, and wished to cat; but while they were making ready, a Trance feli on him,

11 and he beheld THEA-VEN opened, and a certain Vessel like a great Sheet descending, \* being let down by the Four Ends to the EARTH;

12 in which were \* All the QUADRUPEDS and REPTILES of the EARTH, and BIRDS of HEAVEN.

13 And a Voice came to him, "Rise, Peter, kill and eat."

14 But PETER said "By no means, Lord,

said;

Byno

14 'Ο δε Πετρος ειπε· Μηδα-

Peter

The but

θυτον και φαγε.

ca.

sacrifice and

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuac..irt.—7. the house servants. 11. being let down by the Four Ends to the easth 12. All the quadrupeds and aeptiles of the frit.

<sup>† 9</sup> It was about torty miles from Joppa to Cesarea, therefore the messengers must have traveled a part of We night to reach Joppa towards noon of the next day. † 9. It has been remarked before, that the houses in Palestine had flat of on which people walked, sogrersed, medits ad and prayed.

μως, κυριε ότι ουδεποτε εφαγον παν κοινον η means, Olord; because never I ate any thing common or  $^{15}$  Και φωνη παλιν εκ δευτερου ακαθαρτον. And unclean. a voice again a second time

προς αυτον. 'Α δ θεος εκαθαρισε, συ μη κοινου.
to him. Whatthe God has cleansed, thounot pollute. 16 Τουτο δε εγενετο επι τρις· και παλιν ανελη-

This and was done forthree times; and again  $^{17}$ ' $\Omega$ s  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \nu$ φθη το σκευος εις τον ουρανον. vessel into the heaven. As and έαυτφ διηπορει ό Πετρος, τι αν ειη το όραμα himself was pondering the Peter, what might be the vision ειδε, και ιδου, οί ανδρες οί απεσταλμενοι which he saw, even lo, the men those being sent απο του Κορνηλιου, διερωτησαντες την οικιαν Cornelius. having inquired for the house  $\Sigma$ ιμωνος, επεστησαν επι τον πυλωνα $^{-18}$  και stood at the gate: φωνησαντες επυνθανοντο, ει Σιμων δ επικαλουtaving called aloud they asked, if Simon he being called μενος Πετρος ενθαδε ξενιζεται.

Peter here lodges.

19 Του δε Πετρου διενθυμουμενου περι του The and Peter reflecting concerning the δραματος, ειπεν\*[αυτω] το πνευμα· Ιδου, ανδρες vision, said [to him] the spirit; Lo, men $^{20}$  αλλα αναστας τρεις ζητουσι σε. катаthree are seeking thee; but having arisen do thou βηθι, και πορευου go down, and go συν αυτοις, μηδ $\epsilon \nu$ διαwith them, nothing doubt. κρινομένος ότι έγω απέσταλκα αυτους. <sup>21</sup> Καταiug have sent them. Havinggone βας δε Πετρος προς τους ανδρας, ειπεν· Ιδου, down but Peter to the men, said; Lo, εγω ειμι, δν ζητειτε τις ή αιτια, δι' am, whom you seek; what the cause, on account of which παρεστε: <sup>22</sup> Οί δε ειπον· Κορνηλιος εκατονταρyou are present? They and said; Cornelius a centurion,

χης, ανηρ δικαιος και φοβουμένος τον  $\theta \in OV$ , and just fearing the God. μαρτυρουμένος τε ύπο όλου του έθνους των Ιου-

heing testified of and by whole of the nation of the Jews, δαιων, εχρηματισθη ύπο αγγελου άγιου, μεταwas divinely instructed by a messenger holy,

πεμψασθαι σε εις τον οικον αύτου, και ακουσαι thee to the house of himself, and send after

<sup>23</sup> Εισκαλεσαμενος ρηματα παρα σου. ουν words from thee. Having called in then

 $T\eta$ δε αυτους εξενισε. επαυριον αναστας On the and them he lodged. morrow having arisen εξηλθε συν αυτοις, και τινες των αδελφων, των

he went out with them, and some of the brethren, those <sup>24</sup> Και τη επαυαπο Ιοππης, συνηλθον αυτφ. him. went with And on the

\* Vatican Manuscresz.—16. immediately the vessel. Simon. 19. to nim—omit 19. two Men. 17. SIMON.

24 And on the DAY FOL.

1 14. Lev. xi. 4; xx. 25; Deut. xiv. 3. 7; Ezek. iv. 14. 1 20. Acts xv. 7./ L =4. verses 1. 2.

21. the Cause., 1 15. verse 28.

‡ For never did 1 eat any thing common and mi-

15 And a Voice came to him again a second time, ‡" What God has cleansed, do not thou regard as com-

16 And this was done three times; and \* imme diately the VESSEL was taken up into HEAVEN.

17 And as Peter was pondering in himself, what the vision which he saw might mean, behold, even THOSE MEN Who were SENT \* by CORNELIUS, having inquired for the HOUSE of \*Simon, stood at the GATE;

18 and calling aloud, they asked, "Is THAT Simon who was surnamed Peter lodging here?"

19 Now while PETER was reflecting concerning the vision, the spirit said, "Behold, \* three Men are seeking thee;

20 tarise and go down, and go with them, without any hesitation, Because # have sent them."

21 Then Peter having gone down to the MEN. said, "Behold, I am he whom you seek; what is \*the Cause of your coming ?"

22And THEY said, t" Cornelius, a Centurion, a righteous Man, and one fearing God, ‡ and es-teemed by all the NATION of the JEWs, was divinely instructed by a holy Angel to send after thee to his HOUSE, and to hear WORDS from thee."

23 Having, therefore, invited them in, he entertained them. And on the NEXT DAY he arose and went with them, and some of those brethren from Joppa accompanied him.

17. by COBNELIUS.

\$ 19. Acts 2 22. Acts xxii. 12.

ριον εισηλθον εις την Καισαρειαν. low they entered into the Cesarca. The and Corνηλιος ην προσδοκων αυτους, συγκαλεσαμενος Actius empecting them, WAS having assembled TOUS συγγενεις αύτου και τους αναγκαιους relatives of himself and the intimate tbe  $^{25}$  '  $\Omega$  s  $\delta \epsilon$   $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma$   $\tau \sigma \nu$   $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$   $\tau \sigma \nu$ φιλους. When and friends. came the to enter Πετρον, συναντησας αυτώ δ Κορνηλιος, πεσων having met him the Cornelius, havingfallen επι τους ποδας, προσεκυνησεν. <sup>26</sup> 'Ο δε Πετρος feet, he worshipped. The but αυτον ηγειρε, λεγων Αναστηθι κφγω αυτος raised up, saying; Do thou arise; also I myself ανθρωπος ειμι. 26 Και συνομιλων αυτώ, εισηλθε, And talking with him, he went in, am. <sup>28</sup> Εφη και ευρισκει συνεληλυθοτας πολλους. finds having been assembled many. He said τε προς αυτους. Ύμεις επιστασθε, ώς αθεμιτον Ϋ́οu how and to them; know, unlawful εστιν ανδρι Ιουδαιφ, κολλασθαι η προσερχεσθαι it is for a man a Jew, to unite or come near και εμοι δ θεος εδειξε, μηδενα αλλοφυλφ. and to me the God has shown, to a foreigner; not 29 A10 κοινον η ακαθαρτον λεγειν ανθρωπον. Therefore common or unclean to say n man. και αναντιρόητως ηλθον μεταπεμφθεις. Πυνθαalso without hesitation I came having been sent after. Lask νομαι ουν,  $\tau \iota \nu \iota$ λογφ μετεπεμψασθε με; you sent after therefore, for what reason me? 30 Και δ Κορνηλιος εφη Απο τεταρτης And the Cornelius said, From four ήμ€ρας days μεχρι ταυτης της ώρας, ημην νηστευων, και this the bour, Iwas fasting, and την εννατην ώραν προσευχομενος εν τφ οικφ praying in the house μου· και ιδου, ανηρ, εστη ενωπιον μου εν εσθηof me; and lo, a man, stood before me in cloth-τι λαμπρα, 31 και φησι Κορνηλιε, εισηκουσθη chining, and he said; O Cornelius, heard σου ή προσευχη, και αί ελεημοσυναι σου εμνησand the oftheethe prayer, alms of thee  $^{32}$   $\Pi \epsilon \mu \psi o \nu \quad o \nu \quad \epsilon \iota s$ θησαν ενωπιον του θεου. membered hefore the God. Send therefore into Ιοππην, και μετακαλεται Σιμωνα ός επικαλειται and call for Cimon who Joppa, Πετρος ούτος ξενιζεται εν οικια Σιμωνος βυρhe in a house of Simon lodges Peter: \*[&s σεως παρα θαλασταν· παραγενομενος hy sca; who having come ner <sup>33</sup> Εξαυτης ουν επεμψα προς λαλησει σοι.] will speak to thee. ] Immediately therefore I sent ' to σε συ τε καλως εποιησας παραγενομενος. thee; thou and well didst having come. Νυν ουν παντες ήμεις ενωπιον του θεου παρεσs.11 we before the God are preμεν, ακουσαιπαντατα προστεταγμενα σοιύπο all the things having been commanded thee by | COMMANDED thee." to hear

'O δε Koo-Trowing they entered JE SAREA. And CORNELIUS was expecting them, having assembled his RELATIVES and INTIMATE Friends.

> 25 And as PETEL JA COMING IN, CORNELIUS met him, and falling lown at his feet he worshipped him.

> 26 But PETER raised him up, saying, ‡" Arise; I also am a Man.''

27 And conversing with him, he went in, and found many gathered together.

28 And he said to them, ‡"Dou know that it is unlawful for a Jew to associate with a Foreigner: t but God has showed Me not to call any man common or impure.

29 Therefore, being sent for, I also came without hesitation. I ask, therefore, for what reason you sent for me?"

30 And CORNELIUS said, "Four days ago \*I was fasting till This Hour; and at the NINTH Hour I was praying in my House, and behold, ‡a Man stood before me in ‡splendid Clothing,

31 and said, 'Cornelius! thy PRAYER is heard, and thine ALMS are remembered before God.

32 Send therefore to Joppa, and invite Simon, whose surname is Peter: he lodges in the House of Simon, a Tanner, by the Sea; who, when he is come, will speak to thee.'

33 Immediately, therefore I sent to thee, and thou hast done well in having come. Now therefore we are all present before God to hear All Things which \* the LORD has

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-30. till This Hour, I was at the ninth praying in my house. 33. the LOBD. 82. who having come will speak to thee—omit.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Acts xiv. 14, 15; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 9. Gal. ii. 12, 14. † 28. Acts xv. 8; Eph. iil. 6. xxviii. 8; Mark xvl. 5; Luke xxiv. 4

<sup>1 28.</sup> Josh. 1v. 9; xvili, 28; Acts xi. 8; \$ 80. Acts i. 10. \$ 60. Math

του θεου. <sup>34</sup> Ανοιξα**ς δε** Πετρος το στομα, ειπεν· God. Having opened and Peter the mouth, said; the αλη $\theta$ ειας καταλαμβανομαι, ότι ουκ εστι truth I perceive, that not is Επ' προσωποληπτης δ θεος: 35 αλλ' εν παντι εθνει in every a respecter of persons the God, but ό φοβουμενος αυτον, και εργαζομενος δικαιοfearing and working 36 Τον λογον δν συνην, δεκτος αυτφ εστι. acceptable to him Th€ word which is. απεστειλε τοις vios Ισραηλ, ευαγγελιζομενος hesent to the sons of Israel, proclaming glad tidings of ειρηνην δια Ιησου Χριστου· ούτος εστι παντων peace through Jesus Anotated; is of all this κυριος. 37 'Theis οιδατε το γενομένον βημα .ord You know that daving been aspoken word καθ όλης της Ιουδαίας αρξαμένον από της Γαλίbeginning from the in whole of the Judea λαιας, μετα το βαπτισμα δ εκηρυξεν Ιωαννης. dipping which was preached of John, after the <sup>38</sup> Ιησουν τον απο Ναζαρετ, ώς εχρισεν αυτον δ Jesus that from Nazareth, how anointed him the θεος πνευματι άγιω και δυναμει, ός διηλθεν ευερwith spirit holy and power, who went about doing γετων και .ωμενος παντας τους καταδυναστευand curing al) those being oppressed ομενους ύπο του διαβολου, ότι ό θεος ην μετ' hecause the God was with by the accuser, αυτου· 39 και ήμεις μαρτυρες παντων, ών εποιηof all, and we witnesses which he did σεν εν τε τη χωρά των Ιουδαίων και εν Ίερου-in both the country of the Jews and in Jerusaσαλημο όν και ανειλον κρεμασαντές επι ξυλου. whom also they killed having hanged OB & C1044.  $^{49}$  Τουτον δ  $\theta$ εος ηγειρε τη τριτη ημερα, και the God raised up the third day, εδωκεν αυτον εμφανη γενεσθαι, 41 ου παντι τω manifest to become, not to all the him λαω, αλλα μαρτυσι τοις προκεχειροτονημενοις people, but to witnesses to those having been chosen before ύπο του θεου, ήμιν, οίτινες συνεφαγομεν και who ate with the God, to us. συνεπιομεν αυτφ μετα το αναστηναι αυτον εκ after that to have raised drank with him out of 42 Και παρηγγειλεν ήμιν, κηρυξαι τω νεκρων. And he commanded to publish so the as, dead ones. λαφ και διαμαρτυρασθαι, ότι αυτος εστιν δ to fully testify. that he the people and is ύπο του θεου κριτης ζωντων και ώρισμ€νος having been appointed by the God a judge of living ones and 43 Τουτφ παντες οί προφηται μαρτυνεκρων. the prophete bear testidead ones.

34 And Peter opening his mouth, said, 2 "I perceive in Truth That God is not a Respecter of persons,

35 but in Every Nation, he who FEARS him and works Righteousness is acceptable to him.

36 \*He sent the WORD to the SONS of Israel, ‡ announcing glad tidings of Peace, through Jesus Christ—he is Lord of all—

37 (\* you know that WORD which was SPOKEN through All JUDEA, theginning from GALLIEE, after the IMMERSION which John preached;)

38 even That Jesus from Nazareth, how \$ God anointed him with holy Spirit and Power; who went about doing good and curing all who were oppressed by the enemy; \$ Because God was with him.

39 And me are Witnesses of all things which he did, both in the country of the Jews, and in Jerusalem; whom also, having hanged on a Cross, they killed.

40 Pim God raised up the third Day, and permitted him to become manifest,

41 not to All the PEO-PLE, but to THOSE Witnesses PREVIOUSLY CHO-SEN by GOD, to us, I who did eat and drink with him after he Rose from the Dead.

42 And the commanded us to proclaim to the PFO-PLE, and to fully testify \*That this is het two has been APPOINTED by God the Judge of the Living and the Dead.

43 To him All the PRO-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—36. He sent the word to the sons of Israel. know. 42. That this is us.

<sup>37.</sup> You

<sup>† 34.</sup> Deut. x. 17; 2 Chron. xix. 7; Job xxxiv. 19; Rom. ii. 11; Eph. vi. 9; Col. vi. 25; 1
Pet. i. 17. † 36. Matt. xxviii. 18; Rom. x. 12; 1 Cor. xv. 27; Eph. i. 20—22; 1 Pet. iii.
22; Rev. xvii. 14; xix. 16. † 37. Luke iv. 14. † 38. Luke iv. 18; Acts ii 22; iv.
27; Heb. i. 9. † 38. John iii. 3. † 41. Luke xxiv. 30, 43; John xxi. 13. † 42. Matt.
xxviii. 19, 20; Acts i 8. † 42. John v. 22, 27; Acts xvii. 31; Rom xiv. 9; 2 Cor v. 10.
† Tim. iv. 11; 1 Pet iv. 5.

φουσιν, αφεσιν άμαρτιων λαβειν δια του ονοforgiveness of eins to receive through the Rame ματος αυτου παντα τον πιστευοντα εις αυτον. of him every one the believing into 44 Ετι λαλουντυς του Πετρου τα δηματα ταυτα, Peter the words While speaking the επεπεσε το πνευμα το άγιον επι παντάς τους the spirit the holy 00 all those 45 Και εξεστησαν ακουοντας τον λογον. οὶ ∈κ the word. And were astonished those of περιτομης πιστοι όσοι συνηλθον τω Πετρω, believers as many as came with the ότι και επι τα εθνη ή δωρεα του άγιου πνευμαbecause also on the gentiles the gift of the holy apirit TOS ΕΚΚΕΧ υται 46 ηκουον γαρ αυτων λαλουντων hasbeen poured out, they beard for them speaking γλωσσαις, και μεγαλυνοντων τον θεον. Tore with tongues, and magnifying the God. απεκριθη δ Πετρος. 47 μητι το ύδωρ κωλυσα. answered the Peter. not the water to forbid δυναται τις, του μη βαπτισθηναι τουτους, auythat not to be dipped these, οίτινες το πνευμα το άγιον ελαβον καθως και who the spirit the holy received 2.5 ήμεις: 48 Προσεταξε τε αυτους βαπτισθηναι εν to be dipped He directed and them Τοτε ηρωτησαν αυτον τω ονοματι του κυριου. of the Lord. uame Then they asked him

### ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

some.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \iota \nu \alpha \iota \dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha s \tau \iota \nu \alpha s.$ 

days

to remain

<sup>1</sup> Ηκουσαν δε οί αποστολοι και οί αδελφοι οί and the brethren those and the apostles οντες κατα την Ιουδαιαν, ότι και τα εθνη εδεξthat lalso the gentiles the Judea, αντο τον λογον του θεου. <sup>2</sup> Και ότε ανεβη word of the God. weut up Aud when Πετιος εις Ίεροσολυμα, διεκρινοντο προς αυτον Perer into Jerusalem, disputed with οί εκ περιτομης, 3 λεγοντες. Ότι προς ανδρας those of circumcision, saying: That 10 men ακροβυστιαν εχοντας εισηλθες, και συνεφαγης having thou wentest in, and thou diast eat <sup>4</sup> Αρξαμενος δε δ Πετρος εξετιθετο QUITAIS. Having begun and the with them. Peter set forth αυτοις καθεξης, λεγων. 5 εγω ημην εν πολει in order, saying: Was in Ιοππη προσευχομένος και είδον εν εκστασεί and I saw praying; in of Joppa a trance δραμα, καταβαινον σ συσος τι ώς οθονην μεγαcoming down a vessel certainline a sheet great λην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις καθιεμένην εκ του ουραenda heing owered out of the hear

PHETS bear testimony; and EVERY ONE BELIEVING into hum shall receive Forgiveness of Sins, through his NAME.

41 While Peter was yet speaking these words, the holy spirit fellon all those having heard

the word.

45 And THOSE BELIEVERS of the Circumcision, \*who came with Peter, were astonished, †Because the GIFT of the HOLY Spirit was even poured out upon the GENTILES;

46 for they heard them speaking with Tongues, and magnifying God. Then answered Pfter,

47 "Can any one forbid WATER, that these should not be immersed, who received the HOLY SPIRIT, even as for did?"

46 ‡ And he ordered them to be immersed in the name of \*the Lond. Then they desired him to remain some Days.

#### CHAPTER XL

and the apostles and those beethern who were in Judea heard That the Genules also had received the word of God

2 And when Peter went up to Jerusalem, THOSE of the Circumcision contended with him,

3 saying, t That he went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

4 But \* Peter, having begun, set it forth in order to them, saying,

5 "E was in the City of Joppa praying, 2 and in a Trance I saw a Vision, certain Vessel the a great Sheet descending, being let down by the Four Endsout of HEAVEN, and it came to me.

3. That he

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—45, who came with, went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

<sup>48.</sup> Jesus Christ. 4. Peter.

<sup>•</sup> 

<sup>: 48.</sup> Acts ii. \$8; viii. 1%

χρματισαι τε πρωτον εν Αντιοχεια τους μαθηto have been styled and first in Antioch disciτας Χριστιανους. Christians. ples

 $^{27}$  Εν ταυταις δε ταις ήμεραις κατηλθον απο days came down these and the Ιεροσολυμων προφηται εις Αντιοχειαν. <sup>28</sup> Ανασprophets into Antioch. τας δε είς εξ αυτων, ονοματι Αγαβος, εσημανε by name Agabus, signified arisen and one of them, δια του πνευματος, λιμον μεγαν μελλειν εσεσspirit, a famine great about is going θαι εφ' δλην την οικουμενην· δστις και εγενετο to be over whole the habitable? Which was number  $^{29}$  Two  $\delta \epsilon \mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \omega \nu \kappa \alpha \theta \omega s \eta \nu \tau \sigma$ under Claudius. ρειτο τις, ώρισαν έκαστος αυτων εις διακονιαν able each, determined each one of them for a relief πεμψαι τοις κατοικουσιν εν τη Ιουδαια αδελφοις· to send to the dwelling in the Judea brethren: 30 δ και εποιηταν, αποστειλαντες προς τους sending which also they did, προσβυτερους δια χειρος Βαρναβα και Σαυλου.

### KEΦ. $\iota \beta'$ . 12.

<sup>1</sup> Και εκεινον δε τον καιρον επεβαλεν 'Ηρωδης In that and the season put forth Herod δ βασιλευς τας χειρας, κακωσαι τινας των απο to afflict some of the from the hands,  $\tau_{1/5}$  εκκλησιας, <sup>2</sup> ανειλε δε Ιακωβον, τον αδελhe killed and James, the of the congregation, <sup>3</sup> Και ιδων, ότι αρ∈στον φον Ιωαννου, μαχαιρά. of John, with a sword. And having seen, that pleasing εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις, προσεθετο συλλαβειν και also he proceeded to take it is to the Πετρον (ησαν δε αί ήμεραι των αζυμων) Peter; (they were and the days of the unleavened cakes;) whom και πιασας εθετο εις φυλακην, παραδους τεσ-also having seized he placed into a prison, having delivered to σαρσι τετραδιοις στρατιωτων φυλλασειν αυτον, sets of four soldiers to watch him,  $β_{\text{ou}}λομενος$  μετα το πασχα αναγαγειν αυτονIntending after the passover to lead out him 5 'Ο μεν ουν Πετρος ετηρειτο εν τη τω λαω. The indeed therefore Peter was watched by the to the people. φυλακη προσευχη δε ην εκτενης γινομενη ύπο prayer but was earnest was made bу της εκκλητιας \*[προς τον θεον] ὑπερ αυτου. [to the God] in behalf of him. the congregation 6 Ότε δε εμελλεν αυτον προαγειν δ Ηρωδης, him to bring before the Herod,

great Crowd. And the Dis-CIPLES were styled † Christians first in Antioch.

27 And in Those DAYS † Prophets came down from Jerusalem to Antioch;

28 And one of them, named # Agabus, standing up signified by the spirit that a great Famine was about to come on the Whole habitable; which also happened under Claudius.

29 And the DISCIPLES, according to the ability of each, determined to send I Reliet to the Brethren DWELLING in JUDEA;

30 ‡ which also they did, sending to the ELDERS by the Hand of Barnabas and Saul.

### CHAPTER XII.

1 Now at That TIME Herod the KING put forth his hands to injure some ot the CHURCH.

2 And he killed ‡James the BROTHER of John with the Sword.

- 3 And seeing that it pleased the Jews, he proceeded to arrest Peter also; (and it was during the DAYS OF UNLEAVENED BREAD;)
- 4 and having seized he put him in Prison, delivering him to Four Quarternions of Soldiers to guard him, intending after the PASSOVER to lead him out to the PEOPLE.
- 5 Therefore, indeed, Pr.-TER was watched by the ‡ but GUARD; earnest Prayer was made \* in his behalf by the CHURCH.
- 6 But when HEROD was about to bring him forward,

5. concerning him.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to God-omit.

t 26. This name is only found in two other places in the New Testament, viz. Acts xxvi, 25, and 1 Pet. iv. 16. Some understand it to have been given by Divine authority and so translate it: some think that it was a term of reproach applied to the followers of Christ, by their enemies: while others with much more probability suppose it was adopted by themselves, both are convenience, and to keep out a term of reproach. † 1. Herod Agrippa, grandson of Herod the Great.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Acts ii. 17; xiii. 1; xv. 32; xxi. 9; 1 Cor. xii. 28; Eph. iv. 11, † 29. Rom. xv. 26; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. ix. 1. † 30. Acts xii. 25 xx. 23. † 5. 2 Cor. i. 10; Eph. vi. 18; 1 Thess. v. 17. ‡ 30. Acts x11. 25.

<sup>28.</sup> Acts xxi. 10.

τη νυκτι εκεινη ην δ Πετρος κοιμωμενος μεταξυ that was the Peter in the night sleeping between στρατιωτων, δυο δεδεμενος αλυσεσι δυσι, having teen bound with chains two, φυλακες τε προ της θυρας ετηρουν την φυλαguards and before the door watching the prison. <sup>7</sup> Και ιδου, αγγελος κυριου επεστη, και And lo, a messenger of Lord stood by, and φως ελαμψεν εν τφ οικηματι: παταξας δε την alight shone in the building; havingstruck and the πλευραν του Πετρου, ηγειρεν αυτον, λεγων of the Peter, aroused him, aaying, Αναστα εν ταχει. Και εξεπεσον αυτου αί αλυ-Arise And fell off baste. of him the chains 8 Ειπε τε δ αγγελος προς σεις εκ των χειρων. from the hands. Said and the messenger αυτον Περιζωσαι, και ύποδησαι τα σανδαλια Gird thyself, bind under and the sandala  $E\pi oin\sigma\epsilon \delta\epsilon$ Και σου. ούτω. λεγει αυτω of thee. He did and And he saya to him;  $\Pi$ εριetaαλου το ἱματιον σου, και ακολουhetaει μοι. Throw around the mantle of thee, and follow me.  $^{9}$  Και εξελθων ηκολουθει  $^{*}$ [αυτ $\omega$ ·] και ουκ ηδει, [him;] And having gone out he followed knew, and not  $\delta \tau \iota$  αληθες εστι το γινομενον δια του αγγελου, that real it is that being done through the messenger, that real 10 Διελθοντες δε εδοκει δε δραμα βλεπειν. thought but a vision Passing through and to ace. πρωτην φυλακην και δευτεραν, ηλθον επι την guard and second, they came to πυλην την σιδηραν την φερουσαν εις την πολιν, the iron that leading into the ήτις αυτοματη ηνοιχθη αυτοις $\cdot$  και  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta$ οντ $\epsilon s$ which acli-moved and having gone out opened to them; προηλθον φυμην μιαν, και ευθεως απεστη δ ου. 11 Και δ Πετρος γενομενος went forward street αγγελος απ' αυτου. having come messenger from himεν έαυτω, ειπε. Νυν οιδα αληθως, ότι εξαπεσin to himself, said, Now I know really, that ent forth τειλε κυριος τον αγγελον αύτου, και εξειλατο messenger of himself, and με εκ χειρος Ἡρωδου, και πασης της προσ-me out of hand of Herod. Lord the delivered the  $^{12}$  Συνιδων  $\tau \epsilon$ δοκιας του λαου των Ιουδαιων. of the people of the Jews. Considering and  $\eta\lambda\theta$ εν επι την οικιαν Μαριας της μητρος Ιωανthe house of Mary the of John, mother νου, του επικαλουμένου Μαρκου, ού ησανίκαbeing surnamed Mark, where were many <sup>13</sup> Κρυνοι συνηθροισμενοι και προσευχομενοι. and Having were praying.

on that NIGHT PETER was sleeping † between Two Soldiers, bound with two Chains; and the Guards the Door were before watching the Prison.

7 And behold,  $\pm$  an Angel of the Lord stood by him, and a Light shone in the Building; and striking PETER on the SIDE, he awoke him, saying, "Arise quickly." And Hischan's fell from his HANDS.

8 And the ANGEL said to him, "Gird thyself, and tie on thy sandals." And he did so. And he says to him, "Throw thy MANTLE around thee, and follow me."

9 And going out he followed him; and knew not That WHAT was DONE by the ANGEL was real, but thought the saw a Vision.

10 And having passed through the First and second Guard, they came to THAT IRON GATE that LEADS into the CITY, t which opened to them of itself; and going out they went forward one Street; and immediately the AN-GEL withdrew from him.

11 And Peter becomself-possessed, said, " Now I know truly, ‡ That the Lord sent his ANGEL and idelivered me from the Hand of Herod, and All the expectation of the Jewish people."

12 And reflecting, ‡ he came to the HOUSE of Mary, the MOTHER of THAT John, surnamed Mark; where many were assembled, and were pray-

13 And as he was knocking at the DOOR of the

knocked

and him

σαντος οε αυτου την θυραν του πυλωνας, προσ-

door

came

of the gateway,

the · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. him-omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Peter was bound to each of the soldiers, so that the least movement on his part to free himself from the chains, would awaken his guard. Two keepers were also stationed at the doors to prevent any ingress of his friends, or any egress on his part.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Acts v. 10. † 9. Acts x. 3, 17; xi. 5. xxiv. 7; Dan. iii. 28; vi. 22; Heb. i. 14. † 1 li. 2; xevii. 10; 2 Cor. i. 10; 2 Pet. ii. 9. † 

And

going out

and to the

ηλθε παιδισκη ύπακουσαι, ονοματι 'Ροδη· 14 και Rhoda; and by name a female servant to listen, επιγνουσα την φωνην του Πετρου, απο THS the from the voice of the Peter, kuowiug χαρας ουκ ηνοιξε τον πυλωνα· εισδραμουσα δε having run in not she opened the gate; απηγγειλεν, έσταναι τον Πετρον προ του πυλωto have stood the Peter before the gate. 15 Οί δε προς αυτην ειπον. Μαινη. vos. said; Thou art mad. She but The but to her 16 Οί δε ελεγον. διισχυριζετο ούτως εχειν. They and said; confidently affirmed thus 'Ο δε Πετρος επεμενε αγγελος αυτου εστιν. it is. The but Peter continued messenger of him κρουων ανοιξαντες δε είδον αυτον, και εξεστηknocking; having opened and they saw him, and were amazed. 17 Kataseisas de autois  $\tau\eta$  Xeige silvar, Having waved but to them the hand to be silent, διηγησατο αυτοις, πως δ κυριος αυτον εξηγαγεν he related to them, how the Lord εκ της φυλακης. Ειπε δε Απαγγειλατε Ιακω-Report you to James Said and; out of the βφ και τοις αδελφοις ταυτα. Και εξελθων

επορευθη εις έτερον τοπον. into another place. he went 15 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ην ταραχος ουκ όλιday, was astir Having become and not γος εν τοις στρατιωταις, τι αρα ὁ Πετρος εγεwhat then the Peter soldiers, among the 19 Ἡρωδης δε επιζητησας αυτον, και μη Herod and having sought him, and not νετο. and having sought him, ανακρινας τους φυλακας, εκελευσεν εύρων, having found having examined the guards, commanded απαχθηναι· και κατελθων απο της Ιουδαίας είς to be led off; and going down from the Judea into την Καισαρειαν διετριβεν. <sup>26</sup> Ην δε θυμομαχων He was and heing euraged he remained.

brethren these things.

και Σιδωνιοις. όμοθυμαδον δε παρηπαν with one mind but was present with Tyrians and Sidonians; προς αυτον, και πεισαντες Βλαστον, τον επι and having persuaded Blastus, that over του κοιτωνος του βαπιλεως, ητουντο ειρηνην. king, the hed-chamber of the

δια το τρεφεσθαι αυτων την χωραν απο της because that to be nourished of them the country from of the 21 Τακτη δε ήμερα δ Ήρωδης ενδυ-

Βασιλικης. the Herod having dav On a set and king. σαμενος εσθητα βασιλικην, και καθισας επιτου and having sat down on the

apparel royal, 22 'O ∂€ εδημηγορει προς αυτους. Bnuaros, The but them. made a speech

GATE, a female servant named Rhoda, came to listen.

14 And having recognised PETER'S VOICE, she opened not the GATE from JOY, but running in, told them that Peter was standing at the GATE.

15 And THEY said to her, "Thou art mad." But SHE strongly asserted that it was so. And they said, "It is his ANGEL."

16 But Peter continued knocking; and having opened they saw him, and were astonished.

17 ‡ And waving his hand for them to be silent, he related to them how the LORD conducted Him out of the Prison. And he said, "Tell these things to James and to the BRE. THREN." And going out, he went into Another Place.

18 Now when it was Day, there was no small Commotion among the SOLDIERS, as to what had become of Peter.

19 And Herod having sought for him, and not finding him, examined the GUARDS, and commanded them to be led away to execution. And gonig down from Judea to CE-SAREA, he abode there.

20 And he was highly displeased with the Tyrians and Sidonians; but they came with one accord to him, and having persuaded THAT Blastus who was over the KING'S CHAMBER, they desired Peace; because their country was NOURISHED from that of the KING's.

21 And on tan appointed Day, \* Herod, having put on his regal Robes. and sitting upon THRONE, made an oration to them.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. Herod.

<sup>† 21.</sup> This appointed day appears to have been the second day of the Games then celebrating in honor of Cesar. This history is remarkably confirmed by Josephus. See Ant. xix. 7, 2.

<sup>1 17.</sup> Acts xiii 16, xix. 13. xxi 40.

δημος επεφωνει. Θεου φωνη, και ουκ ανθρωπου. people shouted; 23 Παραχρημα Of a god a voice, and not of a man. επαταξεν αυτον δε αγγελος Immediately and a messenger struck him κυριου, ανθ' ών ουκ εδωκε δοξαν τω θεω. και he gave glory to the God; and of Lord, because not 24 'Ο δε γενομενος σκωληκοβρωτος, εξεψυξεν. caten of worms, he breathed out. The and 25 Bαρλογος του θεου ηυξανε και επληθυνετο. word of the God grew and was multiplied. Barναβας δε και Σαυλος ύπεστρεψαν εξ Ίερουσαand and Saul returned from λημ, πληρωσαντες την διακονιαν, συμπαραλαbaving brought having fulfilled the service, Βοντες και Ιωαννην τον επικληθεντα Μαρκον. John that having been surnamed also

### КЕФ. 1γ'. 13.

i Ησαν δε \* [τινες] εν Αντιοχεια κατα την Were and [some] in Antach in the ιουπαν εκκλησιαν προφηται και διδασκαλοι, ό, the, congregation prophets and teachers, τε Βαρναβας και Συμεων δ καλουμενος Νιγερ, and Simeon that being called Black, both Barnabas και Λουκιος δ Κυρηναιος, Μαναην τε, 'Ηρωδου and. the Cyrenian, Manaen also, of Herod Lucius του τετραρχου συντροφος, και Σαυλος.  $^2\Lambda\epsilon\iota$ tet:arch a foster brother, and Saul. Servτουργουντων δε αυτων τφ κυριφ και νηστευονing and of them the Lord and fasting, των, ειπε το πνευμα το άγιον. Αφορισατε said the spirit the holy; Separate you indeed μοι τον Βαρναβαν και \*[τον] Σαυλον εις το formethe Barnabas and [the] Saul for the <sup>3</sup> Τοτε νηστευεργον, δ προσκεκλημαι αυτους. work, which I have called them. Then having σαντες και προσευξαμενοι, και επιθεντες τας and having laid and having prayed, the 4 Ούτοι μεν ουν χειρας αυτοις, απελυσαν. to tnem, they sent forth. These indeed then εκπεμφθεντες ύπο του πνευματος του άγιου, holy, having been sent forth by the spirit the κατηλθον εις την Σελευκειαν, εκειθεν τε απεwent down into the and sailed thence Selencia, <sup>5</sup> Και γενομενοι εν πλευσαν εις την Κυπρον. And having arrived into the Cyprus. in Σαλαμινι, κατηγγελον του λογον του θεου εν they announced the word of the God ταις συναγωγαις των Ιουδαιων ειχον δε και synagogues of the Jews; they had and also 6 Διελθοντες δε όλην την Ιωαννην ύπηρετην. John an attendant. Having gone through and whole the νησον αχρι Παφου, εύρον τινα μαγον, ψευδο-Paphos, they found a certain magian, a false προφητην Ιουδαιον, 'ω ονομα Βαριησους, 7 δς to whom a name a Jew, Barjesus,

22 And the PEOPLE shouted, "It is the Voice of a God, and not of a Man."

23 And instantly an Angel of the Lord smote him, because he gave not Glory to GoD; and being eaten with worms, he expired.

24 But the WORD of \*God grew and multiphed. 25 And Barnabas and Saul returned from Jerusalem, having fulfilled the SERVICE, ‡ taking with them also THAT John who was SURNAMED MARK.

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 And there were Prophets and Teachers in the CONGREGATION at Antioch;—BARNABAS, and THAT Simeon CALLED Niger, and Lucius, the CYRENIAN, and Manaen, a foster-brother of Herod the TETRARCH, and Saul.

2 And while they were serving the LORD and fasting, the HOLY SPIRIT said, "Separate to me BARNABAS and SAUL for the WORK to which I called them."

3 Then thaving fasted and prayed, and laid their HANDS on them, they sent them forth.

4 Then, therefore, having been sent out by the \*HOLY SPIRIT, went down to \*Seleucia; and from thence they sailed to \*Cyprus.

5 And having arrived at Salamis, they announced the word of God in the SYNAGOGUES of the Jews; and they also had John for an Attendant.

6 And having gone through the Whole istant to Paphos, they found ‡\* a Certain Magian, a False-prophet, a Jew, whose Name was Bar-Jesus,

<sup>Vatican Manuscript.—24. the Lord grew.
4. Holy Spirit.
4. Seleucia.
4. Cyprus.
Faise-Prophet.</sup> 

some—omit.
 the—omit.
 a Certain Man, a Magian, a

ην συν τφ ανθυπατφ Σεργιφ Παυλφ, ανδρι procoasei Paulus, was with the Sergius a man συνετω. Ούτος προσκαλεσαμενος Βαρναβαν και intelligent. This having summoued Barnabas Σαυλον, επεζητησεν ακουσαι τον λογον του Saul, desired to hear the word afth <sup>8</sup> Ανθιστατο δε αυτοις Ελυμας ό μαγος, θεου. God. Stood against but them Elymas the magian, (ούτω γαρ μεθερμηνευεται το ονομα αυτου,) for is translated the name of him,) ζητων διαστρεψαι τον ανθυπατον απο της πισto turn away the proconsul from the faith, seeking <sup>9</sup> Σαυλος δε (ό και Παυλος) πλησθεις Saul but (he also Paul)
πνευματος ἃγιου, \* [και] ατενισας
of spirit balv being filled εις αυτον, holy, [and] havinglooked arnestly on him, 10 ειπεν. Ω πληρης παντος δουλου και πασης said; full deceit δαδιουργιας, υιε διαβολου, εχθρε πασης δικαιοσυready working, O son of an accuser, enemy of all righteonsνης, ου παυτη διαστρεφων τας οδους κυριου τας ness, not wilt thou cease perverting the ways of Lord  $\epsilon v \theta \epsilon : as$ ; 11 Και νυν ιδου, χειρ κυριου  $\epsilon \pi \iota$   $\sigma \epsilon$ , straight? And now lo, a hand of Lord on thee, και εση τυφλος, μη βλεπων τον ήλιον αχρι and thou shalt be blind, not seeing the sun καιρου. Παραχρημα δε επεπεσεν επ' αυτον Immediately and fell αχλυς και σκοτος· και περιαγων εζητει χειραa mist and darkness; and going about he sought ηωγους. 12 Τοτε ιδων ό ανθυπατος το γεγονος, Then seeing the proconsul that having been done, επιστευσεν, εκπλησσομενος επι τη διδαχη του being astonished at the teaching of the believed, κυριου.

13 Αναχθεντες δε απο της Παφου οί περι τον Having set sail and from the Paphos those about the  $\Pi$ au $\lambda$ ou,  $\eta\lambda$ hetaou  $\epsilon$ is  $\Pi$  $\epsilon$  $ho\gamma\eta
u$   $au\eta$ s  $\Pi$ a $\mu$  $\phi$ u $\lambda$ ias. Paul, came into Perga of the Pamphylia. Ιωαννης δε, αποχωρησας απ' αυτων, ύπεστρε-John but, having gone away from the ψεν εις Ίεροσολυμα. 14 Αυτοι δε διελθοντες They and having passed through Jerusalem. απο της Περγης παρεγενοντο εις Αντιοχειαυ went to Antioch from the Perga της Πισιδιας, και εισελθοντες εις την συναγωof the Pisidia, and having entered into the synagogue γην τη ήμερα των σαββατων, εκαθισαν. 15 Μετα in the day of the sabbaths, they sat down. δε την αναγνωσιν του νομου και των προφητων, of the law and the prophets, and the reading αυτους, αρχισυναγωγοι προs απεστειλαν οi synagogue-rulers them, to the λεγοντες. Ανδρες αδελφοι, ει εστι λογος εν Men brethren, if is a word in saying;

προς τον

10

the

7 who was with the PROCONSUL, Sergins Paulus, an intelligent Man. This man having called for Barnabas and Saul desired to hear the WORD of GOD.

8 But Elymas, the Ma-GIAN, (for so his NAME is translated,) opposed them, seeking to turn away the PROCONSUL from the FAITH.

9 Then THAT Saul, also called Paul, being filled with holy Spirit, looking intently on him, said,

10 "O full of All Deceit, and of All Imposture! Son of an Accuser! Enemy of all Righteousness! will thou not cease to pervert the STEAIGHT WAYS of the Lord?

11 And now, behold, the Hand of the Lord is upon thee; and thou shalt be blind, not seeing the SUN for a Season." And immediately a Mist and darkness fell on him, and going about he sought Guides.

12 Then the PROCONSUL seeing THAT HAVING BEEN DONE, believed, being astonished at the TEACHING of the LORD.

13 And sailing from Pa-PHOS, THOSE with \* Paul came to Perga in Pamphylia; ‡ but John having withdrawn from them, returned to Jerusalem.

14 And these, having passed through from Per-GA, came to Antioch in Pistola, and ‡ went into the SYNAGOUE on the DAY of the SABBATHS, and sat down.

15 And ‡ after the READING of the LAW and the PROPHETS, the SYNA-GOGUE-RULERS sent to them, saying, "Brethren, if \*any one among you have a Word of Exhortation for the PEOPLE, speak."

ύμιν παρακλησεωs -

you of consolation

Lord.

people,

λαον, λεγετε.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—9. and—omit. 15. any one among you have a Word of.

<sup>11.</sup> on him-omit.

<sup>13.</sup> Paul.

16 Αναστας δε Παυλος, και κατασεισας τη χειρι, Paul, and having waved the hand, (I aving stood up and ειπεν Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, και οί φοβουμενοι Israchtes, and those said; Men fearing 17 Ο θεος του λαον τουrov  $\theta \in ov$ , anougate. The tiod of the people God, hear you. του εξελεξατο τους πατερας ἡμων∙ και τον tathers of you; and **Λαον ύψωσεν εν τη παροικία εν γη Αιγυπτώ,** sojourning in land people exalted in the of Egypt, και μετα βραχιονος ύψηλου εξηγαγεν αυτους εξ au arm lifted up he brought them out of and with αυτης· 18 και ώς τεσσαρακονταετη χρονον ετροand about forty years φοφορησεν αυτους εν τη ερημώ. 19 \* [και] καθεnourished 1bem in the desert; [and] having εθνη έπτα εν γη Χανααν, κατεκληρονο-Awr in land of Canaan, cast out nations seven he distributed <sup>20</sup> Και μετα αυτοις την γην αυτων. the land of them. after by lot And ώς ετεσι τετρακοσιοις και πεντηκοντα these things about years four hundred and εδωκε κριτας, έως Σαμουηλ του προφητου. judges zill Samuel the be gave prophet. 21 Κακειθεν βασιλεα. ητησαντο εδωκεν Kai And then a king, they asked for and gave αυτοις ὁ θεος τον Σαουλ υίον Κις, ανδρα εκ to them the God Saul of Kis the son a man <sup>22</sup> Kaı Βενιαμιν, ετη τεσσαρακοντα. bulns of Benjamin, years And 4εταστησας αυτον, ηγειρεν αυτοις τον Δαυιδ aveng removed him, beraised up to them the David saving removed εις βασιλεα, ων και ειπε μαρτυρησας·
tor aking, to whom also be said having testified; Εύρον I found Δαυ:δ, τον του Ιεσσαι, \*[ανδρα] κατα την that of the David Jesse. [a man ] according to the καρδιαν μου, ός ποιησει παντα τα θεληματα otme, who will do 23 Τουτου δ θεος απο του σπερματος κατ' uov. of me. This the God from the seed according to επαγγελιαν ηγαγε τω Ισραηλ σωτηρα Ιησουν, brought forth to the Israel a Savior Jesus,

<sup>24</sup> προκηρυξαντος Ιωαννου προ

having announced before of John

16 Then Paul standing up, and waving his HAND, said, "Israelites! and you who fear God, listen!

17 The Gob of \* the PEOPLE of ISRAEL \$chose our FATHERS, and clevated the PEOPLE \$\frac{1}{2}\text{during their exile in the Land of Egypt, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{and brought them out of it with an uplifted Arm.}

18 And ‡ for a period of Forty Years he nourished them in the DESERT;

19 and ‡having east out seven Nations in the Land of Canaan, ‡he \* distributed their LAND to them by Lot.

20 And after these things, the gave Judges about four hundred and fifty Years, till Samuel

the PROPHET.

21 ‡ And then they asked for a King; and God gave them SAUL, the Son of Kish, a Man of the Tribe of Benjamin, for forty Years.

22 And thaving removed hun, the raised up to them DAVID for a King; to whom also giving testimony, he said, the son of JESSE, ta Man according to my HEART, who will 'perform All my WILL.'

23 ‡ From This man's POSTERITY, ‡according to Promise, God brought forth to ISBAEL ‡a Savior, Jesus

24 † John having previously proclaimed, before his APPEARANCE, an Im-

face

before

προσωπου της

of the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.-17. the people of Israel. 19. And—omit. 19. gave their land for an inheritance, about four hundred and fifty Years. And after that he gave them Judges till Samuel the Prophet. 22. a man—omit.

<sup>† 20.</sup> A difficulty occurs here which has very much puzzled Biblical chronologists. The date given here is at variance with the statement found in 1 Kings vi. 1. There have been many solutions offered, but only one which seems entirely satisfactory, i. e., that the text in 1 Kings vi. 1, has been corrupted, by substituting the libercy character daleth (4) for hay (5,) which is very similar in form. This would make 550 years (instead of 480) from the exode to the building of the temple, and exactly agree with Paul's chronology.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Deut. vii. 6, 7. † 17. Psa. ev. 23, 24; Acts vii. 17. † 17. Exod. xiii. 14, 16
† 18. Num. xiv. 33, 34; Psa. xev. 9, 10; Acts vii. 36. † 10. Deut. vii. 1. † 10. Jest. xiv. 1, 2; Psa. lxxviii. 55. † 20. Judges ii. 10. † 20. I Sam. iii. 29. † 21. I Sam. xv. 23, 26; 28; xvi. 1; Hosea xiii. 11. † 22. I Sam. xv. 23, 26; 28; xvi. 1; Hosea xiii. 11. † 22. I Sam. xv. 13; 2 Sam. ii. 4; v. 3. † 22. Psa. lxxxii. 20. † 21. I Sam. xiii. 14; Acts vii. 46. † 23. Isa. xi. 1; Luke ii. 32, 609; Acts ii. 30; Rom. i. 3. † 23. 2 Sam. vii. 12; Psa. exxxii 1. † 23. Matt. 1. 21.

εισοδου αυτου βαπτισμα μετανοιας παντι τφ the o f him a dipping of reformation to all  $^{25}$   $\Omega$ s  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \rho o \nu \delta I \omega \alpha \nu \nu \eta s$ λαφ Ισραηλ. τον people Israel. As and wasfulfilling the John the  $\delta \rho o \mu o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon$ Τινα με ὑπονοειτε ειναι; ουκ Who me do you suppose to be? he said; ειμι εγω, αλλ' ιδου, ερχεται μετ' εμε, ού ουκ Ĭ, but lo, comes after me, of whom not ειμι αξιος το ύποδημα των ποδων λυσαι. of the fect to loose. i am worthy the saudal

 $^{26}$  Ανδρες  $oldsymbol{lpha}$ δελφοι, υίοι  $oldsymbol{\gamma}$ ενους Αβρ $oldsymbol{lpha}$ αμ,  $oldsymbol{\kappa}$ αι Men brethren, sons race of Abraham, εν ύμιν φοβουμενοι τον θεον, ύμι**ν ό** λογος the God, to you the word thoseamong you fearing <sup>27</sup> Οί γαρ Those for της σωτηριας ταυτης απεσταλη. this is sem: salvation κατοικουντες εν Ίερουσαλημ, και οὶ αρχοντες in Jerusalem, and the rulers αυτων, τουτον αγνοησαντές, και τας φωνας and the voices him not knowing, των προφητων τας κατα παν σαββατον αναγιprophets every being those in sabbath <sup>28</sup> Και μηνωσκομενας, κριναντες επληρωσαν. And fulfilled. read. judging ητησαντο θανατου €ύροντ∈ς, δεμιαν αιτιαν of death having found, they asked cause one Πιλατον αναιρεθηναι αυτον. 29 'Ως δε ετελεσαν him. When and they finished Pilate to kill περι αυτου γεγραμμενα, καθελονπαντα τα all the things concerning him having been written, having taken 30 °O τες απο του ξυλου, εθηκαν εις μνημειον. down from the cross, they placed in a tomb. The δε θεος ηγειρεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, 31 δς ωφθη him out of dead ones, raised who appeared επι ημερας πλειους τοις συναναβασιν αυτφ απο

many to those having gone up with him from της Γαλιλαιας εις Ίερουσαλημ, οίτινες  $\epsilon\iota\sigma\iota$ into Jerusalem, who are Galilee 32 Και ημεις μαρτυρες αυτου προς τον λαον. the people. And we of him to ύμας ευαγγελιζομεθα την προς τους πατερας you address with glad tidings that fathers to the

επαγγελιαν γενομενην, ότι ταυτην δ θεος εκhaving been made, that this the God πεπληρωκε τοις τεκνοις αυτων ήμιν, αναστησας

of them to us, having raised up to the children fulfilled Ιησουν· <sup>33</sup> ως και εν τφ πρωτφ ψαλμφ γεγραπit is written. as also in the first psalm

ται· Yios μου ει συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα ! t Thou art my Son; this have begotten A son of me art thou, to-day

mersion of Reformation to All the PEOPLE of ISRAEL.

25 And as John was ful-. filling his RACE, he said, t \* 'Whom do you suppose me to be? I am not he; but behold, one comes after me, the SANDALS of Whose FEET I am not worthy to untie.'

26 Brethren, sons of the Family of Abraham, and THOSE among you who FEAR GOD, ‡ to you is the WORD of this SALVATION

\* sent.

27 For THOSE DWELL-ING in Jerusalem, and their RULERS, I not know. ing him, nor the DECLA-RATIONS of the PROPHETS twhich are READ Every Sabbath, 2 have fulfilled them in judging him.

28 # And without having found any Cause of Death they desired Pilate

to kill him.

29 And when they had finished ALL things WRIT-TEN concerning him, 1 having taken him down from the cross, they laid him in a Tomb.

30 1 But Gop raised

him from the Dead;

Sl tand he appeared for several Days to THOSE who went up with him from Galilee to Jerusalem, who are his Witnesses to the PEOPLE.

32 And we announce glad tidings to you, I the PROMISE which was made to the FATHERS; because Gon has fulfilled this to \* us their CHILDREN, having raised up Jesus;

33 as it is written also in the † \* SECOND Psalm, 'day I have begotten thee.'

<sup>32.</sup> our \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. What think you that. 26. sent forth. For. 33. SECOND Psalm. CHILDREN, having.

<sup>1 33.</sup> The two first Psalms as they stand in our editions, were anciently joined together. See Wetstein, Griesbach has followed some MSS which have first instead of second. So also Tischendorf. The common reading, however, has been adopted, which agrees with the Vat. MS.

ke iii. 16; John f. 20, 27.
† 26. Matt. x. 6; Luke
† 27. Luke xxii. 34; Acts iii. 17; 1 Cor. ii. 8.
† 27.
20. 44; Acts xxvii. 23.
† 28. Matt. xxvii. 22. &c.; 1 25. Matt. iii. 11; Mark i.7; Luke iii. 16; John 1. 20, 27. 1 25. Matt. 11. 17; 201. 20; ver. 40. 1 27. Luke xxiii. 34; Acts 111. 26; ver. 40. 1 27. Luke xxiii. 23. 1 28. Matt. xxviii. 22. &c.; Acts xv. 21. 1 27. Luke xxiv. 20. 44; Acts xxviii. 23. 1 28. Matt. xxviii. 63. Acts ii. 24; ii. 34; Acts xxviii. 63. Acts ii. 24; ii. 34; Acts xxviii. 64. Acts ii. 24; ii. 34; Acts xxviii. 65. Acts ii. 24; ii. 34; Acts xxviii. 65. Acts ii. 34; ii. 34; Acts xxviii. 65. Acts xxviii t 81. Acts i. 3; 1 Cor xv. 5-7. 1 33. Psa. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5; v. 5. 1 32. Jen. x11.3; xx11.18, Acts 13. 15. 26; v 30. sxvi. 6; Gal. 111. 16.

34 'Οτι δε ανεστησεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, σε. Because and him out of dead ones, thee. he raised μηκετι μελλοντα ύποστρεφειν εις διαφθοραν, no more being about to corruption, to return ούτως ειρηκεν 'Οτι δωσω ύμιν τα δσια Δαυιδ he said; That I will give to you the boly things of David 35 Διο και εν ετερφ λεγει. πιστα. the faitnful Therefore also in another he says; Not δωσεις TOP ιδειν διαφθοραν. δσιον σου thou wilt permit the holy one of thee to see corruption. <sup>36</sup> Δαυιδ μεν γαρ ιδια γενεα υπηρετησα**ς τ**η David indeed for own generation having served by the του θεου Βουλη εχοιμηθη, και προσετεθη προς of the God will fell asleep, and was laid with τους πατερας αύτου και ειδε διαφθοραν. <sup>37</sup> δν δε fathers of himself and saw corruption; whom but <sup>38</sup> Γνωσδ θεος ηγειρεν, ουκ ειδε διαφθοραν. corruption. Known the God raised up, not sa.w τον ουν εστω ύμιν, ανδρες αδελφοι, ότι therefore let it be to you, men brethren, thatthrough τουτου ύμιν αφεσις άμαρτιων καταγγελλεται. this to you forgiveness of sins is announced;  $^{39}$  και απο παντων, ών ουκ ηδυνηθητε εν τω and from all things, which not you are able by the

τομω Μωσεως δικαιωθηναι, εν τουτω πας δ ta w of Moses to be justified, in him everyone the  $^{40}$  Βλεπετε πιστευων δικαιουται. ouv, μη See then, επελθη εφ' ύμας το ειρημενον εν τοις προφηmay come upon you that having been spoken by the prophets: ταις. 41 ιδετε οί καταφρονηται, και θαυμασατε, behold you the despisers, and wonder you.

και αφανισθητε ότι εργον εγω εργαζομαι εν diasppearyou, because a work ταις ήμεραις ύμων, εργον,  $^{\epsilon}$ φ ου μη πιστευthe days of you, swork, which not not you would  $^{42}$  Εξιοντων δε σητε, εαν τις εκδιηγηται ύμιν, it one should narrate to you. Having goneout and αυτων, παρεκαλουν εις το μεταξυ σαββατων they desired on the of them, pext sabbath 43 Λυθειλαληθηναι αυτοις τα δηματα ταυτα. to be spoken to them the words these. Being broken σης δε της συναγωγης, ηκολοι θησαν πολλοι ap and the synsgogue. followed many των Ιουδαίων και των σεβομένων προσηλυτών and o. the worshipping of the Jews proselytes . τω Παυλώ και τω Βαρναβα οίτινες προπλα-

Barnabas;

them

and the

to them, persuaded

Paul

34 And because lie raised him from the Dead, no more to return to Corruption, he has spoken thus, ‡ I will give you 'the sure Mercies of Da-'vid.'

Therefore also in another place he says, I'Thou wilt not permit 'thy HOLY ONE to see Cor-'ruption.'

36 For David, indeed, having in his Own Generation served the WILL of God, I fell asleep, and was laid with his FATHERS, and saw Corruption;

37 but he whom Gop raised up saw not Corruption.

38 Be it therefore known to you, Brethren, \$ That through him Forgiveness of Sins is proclaimed to you;

39 fand by him EVERY ONE Who BELIEVES is justified from all things. from which you could not be justified by the LAW of Moses.

40 See then that WHAT is spoken in the pro-PHETS may not come upon you;

41 \* Behold, DESPISERS, and wonder, and dis-appear; For E perform a 'Work in your DAYS, a 'Work which you will by 'no means believe, though one should declare it to 'von.' "

42 And they having gone out, \* it was thought proper that these words should be spoken to them on the NEXT Sabbath.

43 And when the SYNAS GOGUE was broken up, many of the Jews and Re-LIGIOUS Proselytes folspeaking lowed PAUL and BARNA-BAS, who, speaking to λουντες αυτοις, επειθον αυτους προσμενειν τη them, persuaded them to to continue in the

who

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-42. it was thought proper that these words should be spoken

<sup>1 54.</sup> Isa. V 8. t 35. Psa. xvi. 10; Acts ii, 31. t 36. 1 King 20. t 88. Luke xxiv. 47. 1 89. Rom. iii, 28; viii, 3; I John ii, 12. xxix. 24, 11 ab. i 5. 1 36, 1 Kings it. 16; Acts ii-

χαριτι του θεου.  $^{44}$  Τφ τε εχομενφ σαββατφ favor of the God. On the and coming sabbath. σχεδον πασα ή πολις συνηχθη ακουσαι τον city came together to hear the almost ali the  $^{45}$  Iδοντες δε οί Ιουδαιοι τους λογον του θεου. word of the God. Seeing and the Jews. the  $o\chi\lambda o u s$ ,  $\epsilon\pi\lambda \eta \sigma\theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ αντελεγον ζηλου, και and they were filled of zeal, spakeagainst \*[αντιλεύπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις, being spoken, [contra-Paul thethings by the γοντες και] βλασφεμουντες. <sup>46</sup> Παρἡησιασαandi blaspheming. Speaking δε δ Παυλος και δ Βαρναβας ειπον.  $u \in V \cap L$ said: and the Barnabas freely and the Paul πρωτον λαληθηναι τον THIN ην αναγκαιον to be spoken To you it was first necessary fo you it was  $\theta \in S^{3}$   $\theta$ κα, ουκ αξιους κρινετε έαυτους της αιωνιου judge yourselves of the age-lasting worthy ζωης, ιδου, στρεφομεθα εις τα εθνη. <sup>47</sup> Ούτω 10, weturn to the gentiles. γαρ εντεταλται ήμιν δ κυριος· Τεθεικα σε εις I have set thee for for has commanded us the Lord. φως εθνων, του ειναι σε εις σωτηριαν έως εσχαa light of nations, the to be thee for salvation to 48 Ακουοντα δε τα εθνη εχαιρον, του της γης. Having heard and the Centiles rejuiced, of the earth.

και εδοξαζον τον λογον του κυριου και επισglorified the word of the Lord; and τευσαν όσοι ησαν τεταγμενοι εις ζωην αιωνιον. lieved as many as were having been disposed for life age-lasting. <sup>49</sup> Διεφερετο δε δ λογος του κυριου δι' όλης

Was published and the word of the Lord through whole 50 Οί δε Ιουδαιοι παρωτρυναν τας της χωρας. The but of the country. Jews stirred up

 $\sigma \in \beta \circ \mu \in \nu \alpha s$  yuvaikas tas  $\epsilon \cup \sigma \chi \eta \mu \circ \nu \alpha s$ , kai tous religious women the honorable, and the

πρωτους της πολεως, και επηγειραν διωγμον raised of the city, and a persecution επι τον Παυλον και τον Βαρναβαν, και εξεβαλον Paul and the Barnabas, and cast out against the <sup>51</sup> Οἱ δε εκτινααυτους απο των δοιων αυτων. them from the horders of them. They but having

ξαμενοι τον κονιορτον των ποδων αύτων επ' of the dust feet of them against the αυτους, ηλθον εις Ικονιον.

came into Iconium.

 $^{52}$  Οi δε μαθηται επληρουντο χαρας και πνευ-The and were filled disciples ioy and <sup>1</sup> Εγενετο δε εν ματος άγιου. ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

It happened and in holy.

Ικονιφ, κατα το αυτο εισελθειν αυτοις εις την | Iconium, that they went at the same to enter

continue in the FAVOR of Gon.

44 And on the FOLLOW-ING Sabbath, almost the Whole CITY assembled to hear the word of God.

45 And the Jews seeing the CROWDS, were filled with Envy, and opposed the things spoken by \*Paul,

blasplieming. 46 And both PAUL and BARNABAS speaking freely, said, # "It was necessary for the WORD of GOD first to be spoken to you; ‡ but since you thrust it away from you, and judge yourselves unworthy of A10-NIAN Life, behold, I we turn to the GENTILES.

47 For thus the LORD has commanded us; ‡'I have set thee for a Light of Nations, that thou shouldst BE for Salva-'tion to the Extremity of the EARTH."

48 And the GENTILES having heard this, rejoiced, and glorified the word of \* the Lord; and as many as were disposed for aignian Life, believed.

49 And the WORD of the Lord was published through the Whole of the COUNTRY.

50 But the JEWS excited the RELIGIOUS and HON-ORABLE Women, and the FIRST MEN of the CITY, and raised a Persecution against PAUL and \*Barnahas, and expelled them from \* their BORDERS.

51 # And THEY, shaking off the Dust of \* their feet against them, went to Iccnium.

52 And the DISCIPLES twere filled with Joy and spirit holy Spirit.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred at them into the TOGETHER into the SYNA-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 45. Paul, blaspheming. And Paul and. ing and-omit. 46. but-omit. 48. Gón; and as many. 51. the TEET. 50. the BORDERS.

<sup>45.</sup> contradict-50. Barnabas.

<sup>1 40.</sup> Matt. x. 6; Acts iii. 26; v. 26; Rom. i. 16. 1 46. Matt. xxi. 43. Rom. x. 19, 1 46. Acts xviii. 6; xxviii. 28. 1 47. Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; Luke 0, 32. 1 51. Matt. x. 14; Mark v. 11; Luke ix. 5; Acts xviii. 6. 1 52. Matt. v. 12, John xvi. 22; Acts ii. 46.

συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων, και λαλησαι ούτως, synagogue of the and Jens. to speak ao. ώστε πιστευσαι Ιουδαιων τε και Έλληνων πολυ of Jewa and also 2 Οίδε απειθουντες Ιουδαιοι επηγει- $\pi\lambda\eta\theta$ os. The but unbelieving multitude. Jews stirred up ραν και εκακωσαν τας ψυχας των εθνων κατα the imbittered souls of the Gentilea against 3 'Ικανον μεν ουν χρονον διετρι-Considerable indeed then sime they reτων αδελφων. brethren. ψαν παρήησιαζομενοι επι τω κυριω, τω μαρτυ-mained speaking freely about the Lord, that teatifying ρουντι τω λογω της χαριτος αύτου, διδοντι to the word of the favor of himself. granting σημεία και τερατα γινεσθαί δια των χειρων and prodigies to be done through the hande

αυτων.  $^4$  Εσχισθη δε το πληθος της πολεως Was divided and the multitude of the και οί μεν ησαν συν τοις Ιουδαιοις, οί δε and these indeed were with the Jews, those and 5 'Ως δε εγενετο όρμη συν τοις αποστολοις. apostles. Aa and was a rush των εθνων τε και Ιουδαιων συν τοις αρχουσιν of the gentiles and slso of Jews with the λιθοβολησαι c. . . wv. ύβοισαι Kal autous, of them. to inault and to stone them, 6 συνιδοντες κατεφυγον εις τας πολεις της

 $\alpha$  συνιδούτες κατέφυγου είς τας πολείς της they fied into the city of the Λυκαονίας, Λυστραν και Δερβην, και την Lyconym, Lystra and Derbe, and the περιγφορού  $\frac{1}{7}$  κακει πσαν ευργγρελίζου ένοι.

Lystra and Derbe, and the περιχωρου. 7 κακει ησαν ευαγγελίζομενοι. aurrounding country; and there they were preaching glad tidings.

<sup>8</sup> Και τις ανηρ εν Λυστροις **α**δυνατος τοις And a certain man \$D Lystra unable ποσιν εκαθητο, χωλος εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου, lame frum womb of mother of himself, feet was sitting, 9 Ούτος ηκουε ός ουδεποτε περιεπεπατηκει. who had walked about. This heard του Παυλου λαλουντος δς ατενισας autm. speaking; who having looked intoutly to him, και ιδων ότι πιστιν εχει του σωθηναι,  $^{10}$  ειπε and seeing that faith he has of the to be saved, μεγαλη τη φωνη. Αναστηθι επι τους ποδας σου loud with the voice; Do thou stand apon the feet of thee Και ήλατο, και περιεπατει. 11 Οί δε ooθos. And he leaped up, and walked about. The and οχλοι, ιδοντες δ εποιησεν δ Παυλος, επηραν accing what crowds, did the Paul, lifted up την φωνην αύτων, Λυκαονιστι λεγοντες. Οî of them, in Lycaonian language saying; The θεοι δμοιωθεντες ανθρωποις κατεβησαν T005 being like gods men came down in 12 Εκαλουν τε τον μεν Βαρναβαν, yuus. Δια. They called and the indeed Barnabas, Jupiter;

GOGUE of the Jews, and spoke in such a manner, that a Great Multitude both of the Jews and Greeks believed.

2 But the UNBELIEV-ING Jews excited and embittered the MINDS of the GENTHES against the

BRETHREN.

3 For a considerable Time however, they continued there, speaking boldly in the LORD, ½ who TESTIFIED to the WORD of his FAVOR, by granting Signs and Prodigies to be performed by their HANDS.

4 But the MULTITUDE of the CITY was divided; and some were with the Jews, and some with the

APOSTLES.

5 And as a violent attempt was made, both by the GENTILES and Jews, with their RULERS, \$\(\pm\) to wantonly disgrace and stone them.

6 knowing it, they fled to the CITIES of LYCAO-NIA, Lystra and Derbe, and the SURROUNDING

COUNTRY;

7 and there they proclaimed glad tidings.

8 ‡ And there was sitting a certain Man at Lystra, disabled in his FEFT, lame from his Birth, who had never walked.

9 This man heard PAUL speaking; who, looking intently on him, and \*seeing That he had Faith to be RESTORED.

RESTORED,

10 said with a \* Loud Voice, "Stand erect on thy FEET." And he leaped up, and walked about.

11 And the CROWDS seeing what Paul did, they hited up their voice in the Lycaonian language, saying, t"The GODS, resembling men, have come down to us."

12 And they, indeed, called BARNABAS, Jupiter,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Loud Voice.

<sup>1 5</sup> Mark xvi. 20: Heb. it. 4. [ 5. 2 lim. iti. 1). [ 6. Matt. x. 23. [ 8. Acts tt. 1. ] 9. Matt. vm. 10; x. 25, 29. [ 11. Acts vm. 10; xxvm. 6

τον δε Παυλον, Έρμην. επειδη αυτος ην δ Mercury: because

13 O δε ίερευς του Διος

14 be Jupiter Paul, the and ήγουμενος του λογου. The and priest of the Jupiter of the word. του οντος προ της πολεως, ταυρους και στεμbulls and garof that being before the city, TOIS ματα επι τους πυλωνας ενεγκας,  $\sigma \nu \nu$ having brought, with the the gates οχλοις ηθελε θυειν. <sup>14</sup> Ακουσαντες δε οί αποσ-Having heard and the apostles crowds wished to sacrifice. τολοι Βαρναβας και Παυλος, διαρδηξαντές τα Paul, having rent Barnabas and ίματια αύτων, εξεπηδησαν εις τον οχλον, κραmantles of them, rushed out into the crowd, crying ζοντες 15 και λεγοντες. Ανδρες, τι ταυτα ποιειτε .· και ήμεις όμοιοπαθεις εσμεν ύμιν ανθρωmen, are to you being like you? also we απο τουτων των ποι, ευαγγελιζομενοι ύμας the announcing glad tidings you from these ματαιων επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον τον ζωντα, to the God the livmg, superstitions to turn ός εποιησε τον ουρανον και την γην και την and the and the earth who made the heaven <sup>16</sup> δs εν θαλασσαν, και παντα τα εν αυτοις. who in all the things in them; and ταις παρφχημεναις γενεαις ειασε παντα τα generations permitted all the having gone by <sup>17</sup> Καιτοιγε εθνη πορευεσθαι ταις όδοις αύτων. in the ways of themselves. Although indeed togo natious ουκ αμαρτυρον έαυτον αφηκεν, αγαθοποιων, left, doing good, not without wilness himself ουουνοθεν ύμιν ύετους διδους και καιρους καρgiving and fruit from heaven to you rains seasons ποφορους, εμπιπλων τροφης και ευφροσυνης of joy being full of food and ful. <sup>18</sup> Και **τ**αυτα τας καρδιας ύμων.  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau \epsilon s$ , And these things hearts of you. the θυ€ιν μολις κατεπαυσαν τους οχλους του μη crowds the not to sacrifice they restrained the  $^{19}$  E $\pi\eta\lambda\theta$ o $\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\alpha\pi$ o  $A\nu\tau$ io $\chi\epsilon$ ias και Ικοautois. Came and from Antioch and to them. και νιου Ιουδαιο. και πεισαντες τους οχλους, and having persuaded the crowds, and Jews: Παυλον,  $\epsilon \sigma \nu \rho o \nu$ €ξω THS 70V λιθασαντες . Paul, they dragged outside of the having stoned the <sup>20</sup> Κυκπολεως, νομισαντες αυτον τεθναναι. Surhim to be dead. supposing αναστας λωσαντων δε TUTOV  $\tau\omega\nu$ μαθητων, having arisen him the dieciples. 'nd επαυριον| την πολιν. Και τη εισηλθεν €LS And on the morrow the city, he entered into εξηλθε συν τω Βαρναβα εις Δερβην.

and PAUL, Mercury, bc. cause he was the CHIEF SPEAKER.

13 And the PRIEST of THAT [mage of] JUPITER which was thefore the CITY, brought Bulls and Garlands to the GATES, and wished to sacrifice with the CROWDS.

14 But the APOSTLES, Barnabas and Paul, having heard of it, rent their MANTLES, and rushing out among the CROWD, ex-

claiming

15 and saying, "Men, why do you These things? ITHe are also Men, subject to frailty with you, proclaiming glad tidings to turn you from These VANITIES to the LIVING Gop, ‡ who made the HEA-VEN, and the EARTH, and the sea, and all THINGS in them;

16 twho, in PRECED. ING Generations permitted All the Gentiles to walk in their own ways;

17 though indeed he left not Himself without testimony, doing good, t giving you Rains from heaven, and fruitful Seasons. and filling your HEARTS with Food and Gladness."

18 And saying These things, they with difficulty restrained the crowds from SACRIFICING them.

19 But ! Jews came from Antioch and Iconium, and having persuaded the CROWDS, and ‡ having stoned PAUL, they dragged him out of the CITY, supposing him to be dead.

20 But the DISCIPLES having surrounded him, he rose up and entered the CITY. And on the NEXT 21 Evay- DAY he departed with BAR-Having | NABAS to Derbe.

† 15. As was common in that day, cities were placed under the protection of heathen deities. The city of Lystra had the image of Jupiter, before its gates.

Derbe.

into

Barnahas

he went with the

γελισαμενοι - τε την πολιν εκεινην, και μαθηpreached glad tidings and the city having that. and τευσαντες ίκανους, ύπεστρεψαν εις την Λυστραν made disciples they returned to the Lystra και Ικονίον και Αντιοχείαν· 22 επιστηρίζοντες confirming and Iconium and Autioch, τας ψυχας των μαθητων, παρακαλουντές εμμένειν souls of the disciples, exhorting τη πιστει, και ότι δια πολλων θλιψεων and that through many in the faith, afflictions it behoves ήμας εισηλθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. to enter into the kingdom of the

23 Χειροτονησαντες δε αυτοις πρεσβυτερους κατ' Having appointed end for them elders in every

εκκλησιαν, προσευξαμενοι μετα νηστειων παρεcongregation, having prayed with fasting

αυτους τω κυριώ, εις δυ πεπιστευκειcommended them to the Lard, into whom they had believed.

<sup>24</sup> Και διελθοντες σαν. την Πισιδιαν, ηλθον And having passed through the Pisidia, they came

Παμφυλιαν 25 και λαλησαντές εν Περγη Pamphylia; Perga having spoken in

τον λογον, κατεβησαν εις Ατταλειαν· 26 κακειword, they went down into Attalia; and thence

 $\alpha\pi\epsilon\pi\lambda\epsilon\nu\sigma\alpha\nu$   $\epsilon$ is  $A\nu\tau$ io $\chi\epsilon$ i $\alpha\nu$ ,  $\delta\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ they sailed iuto Antroch, whence they were

παραδεδομενοι τη χαριτι του θεου εις το εργον, asving been commended to the favor of the God for the work, 27 Παραγενομενοι δε και συνα- $\delta \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \sigma \alpha \nu$ . which they fulfilled. Having arrived and and haviog

εκκλησιαν, γαγοντες  $\tau n\nu$ ανηγγειλαν \*ssembled congregation, they related whatthings the 

28 Διετριβον δε χρονον They remained and a time εθνεσι θυραν πιστεως. Gentiles a door of laith. KΕΦ. ιε'. 15. ουκ ολιγυν συν τοις μαθηταις.

not abttle with the disciples. Και τινες κατελθοντες απο της Ιουδαιας, having come down from the

εδιδασκον τους αδελφους. 'Οτι εαν μη περιτεμwere teaching the brethren; That II not you are cur- $\nu\eta\sigma\theta\epsilon$   $\tau\omega$   $\epsilon\theta\epsilon\iota$   $\mathsf{M}\omega\upsilon\sigma\epsilon\omega \mathsf{s}$ , ou  $\delta\upsilon\nu\alpha\sigma\theta\epsilon$   $\sigma\omega\theta\eta\nu\alpha\iota$ . cumcised with the rite ol Moses. not you are able to be saved.

 $^2$   $\Gamma$ ενομενης ουν στασεως και ζητησεως ουκ Being therefore a dispute and discussion

ολιγης τφ Παυλφ και τφ βαρναβα προς αυτους, and the Barnabas alittle the Paul with lbem,

εταξαν αναβαινειν Παυλον και Βαρναβαν και they decided to send up Paul. and Barnabas and

21 And having preached the glad tidings in that CITY, and ! made many disciples, they returned to LYSTRA, and Iconium, and Antioch,

22 confirming the souls of the DISCIPLES, and texhorting them to continue in the FAITH, ‡ and That through Many Atllictions we must enter the KING-DOM of GOD.

23 And ‡ having appointed ELDERS for them in every Congregation, and having prayed with Fasting, they commended them to the Lord, into whom they had believed.

24 And passing through PISIDIA, they came to \* Pamphylia;

25 and having spoken the WORD in Perga, they went to Attalia:

26 ‡ and thence they sailed to Antioch, whence they were trecommended to the TAVOR of GOD for the WORK which they fulfilled.

27 And having arrived, and assembled the con-GREGATION Tthey related what things God did by them, and that he had topened a Door of Faith to the GENTILES.

28 And they remained not a little Time with the DISCIPLES.

### CHAPTER XV.

1 And # some having come down from Judea taught the BRETHREN. t" If you are not circumcised according to the cus-TOM of \* Moscs, you cannot be saved."

2 There being, therefore, a Contention, and PAUL and Barnabas had no tittle Debate with them, they decided to send up Paul and Barnabas, and some

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-24. PAMPHYLIA. 1. MosEs.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 19. † 22. Acts xi. 23; xiii. 43. † 22. Mr. Luke xxii. 28, 29; Rom. viii. 17; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12, iii. 12. † 23. Titus Acts xxii. 1, 3. † 26. Acts xv. 40. † 27. Acts xv. 4. 12; xxi. 19. xvi. 9; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Col. iv. 8, Tev. iii. 4. † 1. Gal. ii. 12. ver. 5; Gal. v. 2; Phil. iii. 2; Col. ii. 8, 11, 16. † 2. Gal. ii. 1. 1 22. Matt. x. 38; xvi. 24; 1 23. Titus 1. 5. 1 26. 2 xxi. 19. 1 27. 1 Cor. 1 26. 1 27. 1 Cfr. 1 1. John vii. 22:

Tivas aλλους εξ αυτων προς τους αποστολους others of them, to the some others of them to the apostles APOSTLES and Elders at και πρεσβυτερους εις Ίερουσαλημ, περι του and elders at Jerusalem, about the ζητηματος τουτου. <sup>3</sup>Οί μεν ουν προπεμφθενand elders They indeed therefore having been sent question this. τες ύπο της εκκλησιας, διηρχοντο την Φοινιforward by the congregation, passed through the Pheniκην και Σαμαρειαν, εκδιηγουμενοι την επιστροnarrating the turning cia and Samaria, φην των εθνων και εποιουν χαραν μεγαλην great of the Gentiles; and caused 4 Παραγενομενοι δε εις πασι τοις αδελφοις. Having come and into to all the brethren. 'Ιερουσαλημ, απεδεχθησαν ύπο της εκκλησιας Jerusalem, they were received by the congregation και των αποστολων και των πρεσβυτερων, ανηγand the elders, apostles γειλαν τε όσα ό θεος εποιησε μετ' αυτων, <sup>5</sup> Εξανεστησαν δε τινες των απο της αίρεσε**ως** Stood up and some of those from the sect των Φαρισαιων πεπιστευκοτες, λεγοντες 'Οτι saying; That st the Pharisees baving believed,  $\delta \epsilon_i$  περιτεμνειν αυτους, παραγγελλειν τε tt is necessary to circumcise them, to command and  $^6$  Συνηχθησαν δε τηρειν τον νομον Μωυσεως. Assembled and to keep the law of Moses. οί αποστολοι και οί πρεσβυτεροι ιδειν περι του the apostles and the ellers to see concerning the loyou toutou.  $^7\Pi$ olding de  $\sigma v(\eta \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon \omega s \gamma \epsilon \nu o - 1)$ Much and debate being, word this. μενης, αναστας Πετρος είπε πος αυτους.

Peter said to them: Ανδρες αδελφοι, ύμεις επιστασθε, δτι ηφ΄ ήμει Men brethren, you know, that from days ρων αρχαιων δ θεος εν ήμιν εξελεξατο δια του chose through the former the God among us στοματος μου ακουσαι τα εθνη τον λογον του mouth of me to hear the Gentiles the word of the ευαγγελιου, και πιστευσαι. 8 Και δ καρδιογglad odings, and to believe. And the νωστης θεος εμαρτυρησεν αυτοις, δους αυτοις snowing God testified to them, giving to them το πνευμα το άγιον, καθως και ήμιν. 9 και the spirit the holy, as even tous, ουδεν διεκρινε μεταξυ ήμων τε και αυτων, τη nothing judged hetween us and also them, by the πιστει καθαρισας τας καρδίας αυτων. 10 Νυν tath having purified the hearts of them. Now ουν τι πειραζετε τον θεον, επιθειναι ζυγον therefore why do you tempt the God, to place a yoke επι τον τραχηλον των μαθητων, όν ουτε οί the neck of the disciples, wouch neither the πατερες ήμων ουτε ήμεις ισχυσαμεν βαστασαι, fathers of us nor we were able to bear Η Αλλα δια της χαριτος του κυριου Ιησου πισ But through the favor of the Lord Jeans

Jerusalem, about this

QUESTION. 3 THEY, therefore, having been sent forward by

the CONGREGATION, went through PHENICIA and Samaria, 1 relating the CONVERSION of the GEN-TILES, and caused great Joy to All the BRETHREN.

4 And having arrived at Jerusalem, they were received by the congre-GATION, and the APOS-TLES, and the ELDERS, and trelated what things God performed with them.

5 But some of those having BELIEVED, from the SECT of the PHARIsees, stood up, saying, "It is necessary to eircumcise them, and to command them to keep the LAW of Moses.

6 And the APOSTLI'S and ELDERS were gathered together to see about this MATTER.

7 And there being much Debate, Peter arising said to them, ‡" Brethren, nou know That in former Days God chose among us, that by my MOUTH the GENTILES should hear the WORD of the GLAD TI-DINGS, and believe.

8 And God, the HEART-SEARCHER, testified to them, I giving to them the HOLY SPIRIT, even as to

115:

9 # And made no distinction between us and them, I having purified their HEARTS through the FAITH.

10 Now, therefore, why do you try Goo, I to put a Yoke on the NECK of the DISCIPLES, winch neither our fathers nor we were able to bear?

But through the FAVOR of the Lord Jesus

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- S. to them -omit.

<sup>1 3</sup> Acts xiv. 27. 1 9. Rom. x. 11. 1 4. ver 12; xxi. 19. t 7 Acts x. 20; xt. 12. 1 9. Acts x 15, 28, 43; I Cor. 1. 2; I Pet. 1. 22. 1 10 Matt xxni. 4; Gal V. de

τευομεν σωθηναι, καθ' όν τροπον Kakeivoi. to be saved, in which manner lieve also they. 1-Εσιγησε δε παν το πληθος, και ηκουον Βαρ-Was silent and all the multitude, and heard Barναβα και Παυλου εξηγουμενων, ύσα εποιησεν bna eadan Paul narrating, what did δ θεος σημεία και τερατά εν τοις εθνεσί signs and prodigies among the Gentiles through 13 Μετα δε το σιγησαι αυτυυς, απεκαυτων. After and the to be silent them. them, ριθη Ιακωβος, λεγων. Ανδρες αδελφοι, ακουσατε James, anying; Men brethren, hear you **swered** 14 Συμεων εξηγησατο, καθως πρωτον δ μου. of me. Simeon how the related, first θεος επεσκεψατο λαβειν εξ εθνων λαον επι τω to take out of Gentiles a people for looked the 15 Και τουτφ συμφωνουσιν οί And with this harmonize the ονοματι αύτου. name of himself. λογοι των προφητων, καθως γεγραπται· 16 μετα words of the prophets, as it is written, after αναστρεψω και ανοικοδομησω την σκηthese things I will return and I will build again the taberνην  $\Delta$ αυιδ την πεπτωκυιαν· και τα κατεσκαμnacle of David that having fallen down; and the rains μενα αυτης ανοικοδομησω, και ανορθωσω αυτην of her I will build again, and I will set no her; <sup>17</sup> όπως αν εκζητησωσιν οί καταλοιποι των so that may seek the rest of the ανθρωπων τον κυριον, και παντα τα  $\epsilon\theta$ νη, €Φ' the Lord. and all the nations, OB ούς επικεκληται το ονομα μου επ' αυτους, <sup>18</sup> λεwhom has been called the name of me over them, says γει κυριος \*[δ] ποιων ταυτα γνωστα απ' αιωνος. Lord [he] doing these things known from an age. 19 Λιο εγω κρινω μη παρενοχλειν τοις απο των judge not to trouble thuse from Therefore 1 the  $\theta \in ov^{20}$  ahha εθνων επιστρεφουσιν  $\in \pi \iota$  $\tau o \nu$ Gentues turning to the God: but απεχεσθαι επιστειλαι αυτοις του  $\alpha \pi o$  $\tau\omega\nu$ to send word to them the to abstain from the αλισγηματών των ειδώλων και της πορνείας και pollutions of the idols and the fornication and

21 Μωυσης γαρ του πνικτου και του αίματος. the stranged and the blood. Moses for εκ γενεων αρχαιων κατα πολιν τους κηρυσfrom generations of old in every preachcity those σύντας αυτον έχει, έν ταις συναγωγαίς κατα has, ın the synagogues ing ın παν σαββατον αναγινωσκομενος. <sup>22</sup>Τοτε €δοξε being read. Then it seemed good aabbath τοις αποστολοις και τοις πρεσβυτεροις συν όλη apostles and the elders with whole

τη εκκλησια, εκλεξαμενους ανδρας εξ αύτων the congregation, having chosen

we trust to be saved; is like manner then also.

12 And All the MULTI-TUDE was silent, and heard Barnabas and Paul relate What Signs and Prodigics Gon Therformed among the Gentiles through them.

13 And after they were SILENT, ‡James answered, saying, "Brethren, hem

me!

14 1 Simon has related how Gop first looked to take out of the Gentiles a People for his NAME.

15 And with this the WORDS of the PROPHETS harmonize; as it is writ-

ten,

16 t' After these things 'I will return; and I will rebuild THAT TABERNA-CLE of David which has 'FALLEN DOWN; and I will rebuild its RUINE, 'and will re-establish it;

17 'in order that the REMAINDER OF MEN may 'seek the LOED, even All GENTILES 'whom my namethas been

'mvoked,

18 'says the Lord, who 'does these things,' which were known from the Age.

19 Therefore ## judge that we should not trouble THOSE, who from among the Gentiles are Turning to God,

20 but write to them to ABSTAIN from the POL-LUIED TOFFERINGS to TION, and THAT which is STRANGLED, and I BLOOD.

21 For from ancient Generations Moses has, in every City, THOSE who PREACH him, being read in the SYNAGOGUES Every Sabbath."

22 Then it seemed good to the APOSTLES and EL-DERS, with the Whole conmen out of themselves | GREGATION, to send Men

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. he-omit.

I 16. Amos ix. 11, 12 1 20, 1 Cor. 1 20, Gen 1x, 4;

πεμψαι εις Αντιοχειαν συν τω Παυλω και Βαρto send to Antioch with the Paul and Barναβα, Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμενον Βαρσαβαν, και Judas that being called Barsabas, and Σιλαν, ανδρας ήγουμενους εν τοις αδελφοις. Silas, men leading among the brack  $^{23}\gamma \rho \alpha \psi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$   $\delta \iota \alpha \chi \epsilon \iota \rho o s \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu \star [\tau \alpha \delta \epsilon]$ brethren;

having written by hand of them [thus;] Οί αποστολοι και οί πρεσβυτεροι και οί apostles and the elders and the αδελφοι, τοις κατα την Αντιοχειαν και Συριαν brethren, to those in the Antioch and Syria και Κιλικιαν αδελφοις, τοις εξ εθνων, χαιρειν. and Cilicia brethren, those from Gentiles, health.

 $\mathbb{P}^4$   $\mathbf{E}\pi\epsilon$  $\mathbf{i}\delta\eta$   $\eta$  $\mathbf{k}$  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{\sigma}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{t}$  $\mathbf{t}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{s}$   $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{f}$   $\mathbf{h}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  \*  $\mathbf{f}$   $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{f}$  $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{h}$  $\mathbf{v}$ Since we have heard, that some from us [having θοντες | εταραξαν ύμας λογοις, ανασκευαζοντες you with words, unsettling ν, \*[λεγοντες περιτεμνεσθαι gone out] troubled τας ψυχας ύμων, to be circumcised [saying the souls of you, και τηρειν τον νομον, ] ois ov διεστειλαμεθα: and to keep the law,] to whom not we gave commands;  $^{25}$  εδοξεν ήμιν  $\gamma$ ενομενοις όμοθυμαδον, εκλεξαhaving it seemed good to us being of one mind, μενους ανδρας πεμψαι προς ύμας, συν τοις αγαyou, with the chosen out men to send to πητοις ήμων Βαρναβα και Παυλώ,  $^{26}$  ανθρωποις of us Barnabas and Paul, παραδεδωκοσι τας ψυχας αύτων ύπερ του ονοof them in behalf of the name lives the

ματος του κυριου ήμιν Ιησου Χριστου. 27 Απεσof the Lord of us Jesus Anointed.

ταλκαμέν ουν Ιουδαν και Σιλαν, και αυτους therefore Judas and Silas, and them <sup>28</sup> Εδοξε

δια λογου απαγγελλοντας τα αυτα. the same things. It seemed good announcing through word γαρ τω αγιω πνευματι και ήμιν, μηδεν πλεον and tous, for to the holy spirit more

επιτιθεσθαι ύμιν βαρος, πλην των επαναγκες to you a burden, besides the necessary things to lay τουτων, <sup>29</sup> απεχεσθαι ειδωλοθυτων και αίματος

to abstain from things offered to idols and blood και πυικτου και πορνείας: εξ ων διατηρουντες and strangled and fornication; from which keeping

<sup>30</sup> Οί μεν Ερρωσθε. ευ πραξετε. **ἐαυτους**, They indeed yourselves, well you will do. Farewell.

ουν απολυθεντες ηλθον εις Αντιοχειαν και therefore being dismissed went to Antioch; and συναγαγοντες το πληθος, επεδωκου την επισ-

delivered the lethaving assembled the multitude,  $^{31}$  Avayvov $\tau \epsilon s$   $\delta \epsilon$ , εχαρησαν επι τη the and, they rejoiced at Having read

32 Ιουδας τε και Σιλας, και αυτοι παρακλησει. and and Silas, also themselves also themselves being ready exhortation. Judas

chosen from among themselves to Antioch with PAUL and Barnabas;— THAT Judas \* being called Barsabbas, and Silas, leading Men among the BRETH-

23 having written by their Hand, the :- "The APOSTLES and \*ELDERS and BRETHREN, to THOSE BRETHREN IN ANTIOCH and Syria and Cilicia, who are of the Gentiles, greet-

ing. 24 Since we have heard That ‡ some having gone out from us troubled you with Words, unsettling your MINDS, to whom we gave no commands:

25 it seemed good to us, being of one mind, to chose out men to send to you, with your BELOVED Barnabas and Paul,

26 # Men who have given up their Lives in behalf of the NAME of our Lord Jesus Christ.

27 We have therefore sent Judas and Silas, who will also tell you "he SAME things by Word.

28 For it seemed good to the \* HOLY SPIRIT, and to us, to lay on you no Additional Burden besides \*These NECESSARY things;

To abstain things offered to Idols, and Blood, and That which is Strangled, and Formea-tion; from which if you keep yourselves you will do well. Farewell."

30 THEY, therefore, being dismissed, \*went down to Antioch, and having assembled the MULTITUDE, delivered the LETTER.

31 And when they had read it, they rejoiced at the EXHORTATION.

32 And Judas and Silas,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—22. being called Barsabbas. Der Breturen. 24. having gone out—omit. RLDER BRETUREN. and to keep the LAW-omit. 28. HOLY SPIRIT.

<sup>23.</sup> thus-omit. 24. saying, to be circumcised, 28. These. 30. went down

<sup>24.</sup> ver. 1; Gal. ii. 4, 5, 12; Titus i. 10, 11. 80: 2 Cor. xi. 23, 26.

<sup>1 26.</sup> Acts xiil. 50; xiv. 19; 1 Car. xv

προφηται οντες, δια λογου πολλου παρεκαλεprophets being, through a word great exhorted <sup>33</sup> Ποιησαν τους αδελφους, και επεστηριξαν. Having brethren, and confirmed. σαντες δε χρονον, απελυθησαν μετ' spent and a time, they were dismissed with  $\epsilon \iota \rho \eta \nu \eta s$ peace αδελφων προς τους αποστειλαντας απο των from the brethren to those having sent 34 \* [Εδοξε δε τω Σιλα επιμειναι αυτους. [It seemed good but to the Silas them. to remain 35 Παυλος δε και Βαρναβας διετριβον αυτου. but and there.] Paul Barnabas εν Αντιοχεια, διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι, Antioch, teaching and announcing glad tidings, μετα και έτερων πολλων, τον λογον του κυριου. others many, the word of the Lord.  $^{36}$  Μετα δε τινας ήμερας ειπε Παυλος προς Βαρ-After and some days said Paul io Barναβαν. Επιστρεψαντες δη επισκεψωμεθα τους Having returned indeed we may visit αδελφους κατα πασαν πολιν, εν αίς κατηγγειin which brethren 113 every city, we have εχουσι. λαμεν τον λογον του κυριου, πως preached the word of the Lord. how they are. <sup>37</sup> Βαρναβας δε εβουλευσατο συμπαραλαβειν και and counselled to take with <sup>38</sup> Πανλος Ιωαννην τον καλουμένον Μαρκον, John Mark. that being called Paul δε ηξιου, τον αποσταντα απ' αυτων απο but deemed fitting, the having gone away from them from Παμφυλιας, και μη συνελθοντα αυτοις εις το Pamphylia, and not having gone with them to the  $^{39}\,\mathrm{E}\gamma\epsilon\nu\epsilon au o$ εργον, μη συμπαραλαβειν τουτον. work, not to take hum. Occurred παροξυσμος, ώστε αποχωρισθηναι αυτους therefore a sharp contention, so as to separate απ' αλληλων, τον τε Βαρναβαν παραλαβοντα from one another, the and Barnabas having taken τον Μαρκον εκπλευσαι εις Κυπρον. the Mark sailed 1 C Cyprus.

<sup>40</sup> Παυλος  $\delta \epsilon$ επιλεξαμένος Σιλαν  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ , Paul having selected Silas went ont, but παραδοθεις τη χαριτι του θεου having been commended to the favor of the God ύπο των by  $^{41}$  Διηρχετο δε την Συριαν και Κιλιαδελφων. Syria brethren. Il passed through and the and Ciii- $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \eta \rho \iota (\omega \nu \tau \alpha s \epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha s.$ κιαν, KE $\Phi$ .  $\iota s'$ . CIA. confirming the congregations.

16. 1 Κατηντησε δε εις Δερβην και Λυστραν· He came and to Derbe and Lystra;

και ιδου, μαθητης τις ην εκει, ονοματι Τιμοand a disciple certain was there, by name Timo- was there, I named Timo-

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. omit. 36. every City. both to Derbe and to Lystra.

behold a certain Disciple

40. the LORD.

speakers, exhorted the BRETHREN in a long Discourse and confirmed them.

83 And having spent some Time, they were dismissed with Peace from the BRETHREN to those HAVING SENT them.

\$4 \* † [But it seemed good to Silas to remain there.

35 ‡ And Paul and Barnabas remained at Antioch, teaching and proelaiming the glad tidings of the WORD of the LORD, with many others also.

36 And after Some Days Paul said to Barnabas, "Let us return and visit the Brethren ‡in \* Every City in which we proclaimed the WORD of the LORD, and see how they are."

37 And Barnabas wished to take also with them that John, who was SURNAMED Mark.

38 But Paul deemed it improper to take HIM with them, twho deserted them from Pamphylia, and did not go with them to the work.

39 A sharp Contention therefore ensued, so as to separate them from each other; and BARNABAS having taken MARK sailed to Cyprus.

40 But Paul having selected Silas, departed, ‡ being commended to the FAvor of \* the Lord by the BRETHREN.

41 And he went through Syria and Ciheia, ‡estab• lishing the CONGREGA-TIONS.

CHAPTER XVI. 1 And he came \* both to Derbe and to Lystra. And

<sup>-† 34.</sup> This sentence is omitted by the Vatican, and a great number of other MSS; also by the Syric, Arabic, Coptic, Siavonic, and Vulgate. Griesbach marks it as doubtful, and to be expunged.

<sup>† 35.</sup> Acts xiii. 1. † 36. Acts xiii. 4, 13, 14, 51; xiv. 1, 6, 24, 25. † 37. Acts xii. 12. 25; xin. 5; Col. iv. 10; 2 Tim. iv. 11; Philemon 24. † 38. Acts xiii. 13. † 40. Acts xiv. 26. † 41. Acts xvi. 5. † 1. Acts xiv. 6. † 1. Acts xix. 22; Rom'tvi. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 17; Phil. ii. 19; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim. ii. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 2 1 37. Acts xii.

 $\alpha\pi$ εξελθειν αυτης. σου Χριστου, Anointed. to come out from her. .115 19 Ιδοντες δε οί κυριοι εξηλθεν αυτη τη ώρα. it came out in that the hour. Seeing ar auths, oti  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\epsilon \lambda \pi \iota s$   $\tau \eta s$ Seeing and the lords εργασιας of her, gain that came out the hope of the αύτων, επιλαβομενοι τον Παυλον και  $\tau o \nu$ and having taken hold of the Paul the Σιλαν, είλκυσαν εις την αγοραν TOUS  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ they dragged into Silas, the market t.o. the 20 και αρχοντας. προσαγαγυντές **QUTOUS** and they having led them rulers: τοις στρατηγοις, ειπον Ούτοι οί ανθρωποι said, These the commanders, men εκταρασσουσιν ήμων την πολιν, Ιουδαιοι ύπαρgreatly disturb of us the city, Jews being,  $^{21}$  και καταγγελλουσιν εθη, α ουκ and preach customs, which not εξεστιν ήμιν παραδεχεσθαι, ουδε ποιειν, 'Ρωto receive, to do, Roit is lawful for us or <sup>22</sup> Και συνεπεστη δ οχλος κατ μαιοις ουσι. And rose up together the crowd against αυτων, και οί στρατηγοι περιρδηξαντες αυτων them, and the commanders having torn off of them τα ίματια, εκελευον βαβδιζειν $^{23}$  πολλας τε mantles, they ordered to beat with rods;  $\epsilon \pi i \theta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon s$  autois  $\pi \lambda \eta \gamma a s$ ,  $\epsilon \beta a \lambda o \nu \epsilon i s$   $\phi u \lambda a \kappa \eta \nu$ , they cast into naving laid on them blows, prison, τφ δεσμοφυλακι, **παραγγειλαντες** ασφαλως having charged the jailor, securely 24 85 τηρειν αυτους. παραγγελιαν τοιαυτην to keep them. who a charge such ειληφως, εβαλην αυτους ELS την εσωτεραν having received, cast them iuto the inner φυλακην, και τους πυδας αυτών ησφαλισατο the feet of them were made fast prison, and εις το ξυλον.

mto the stocks.

😘 Κατα δε το μεσονυκτιον Παυλος και Σιλας At and the midnight Paul and προσευχομενοι ύμνουν τον θεον· επηκροωντο δε sung a hymn to the God; listened to αυτων οι δεσμιοι. 26 Αφνω δε σεισμος εγενετο Suddenly and a shaking occurred them the prisoners. μεγας, ώστε σαλευθηναι τα θεμελια του δεσμωto shake the foundations of the great, ao as τηριου ανεωχθησαν τε \*[παραχρημα] αί θυραι νοι, were opened and [immediately] the doors πασαι, και παντων τα δεσμα ανεθη. 27 Εξυπνος and all the bonds were loosed. Out of sleep δε γενομενος ὁ δεσμοφυλαξ, και ιδων ανεώγand seeing having been and having arisen the jailor, μενας τας θυρας της φυλακης, σπασαμενος opened the doors of the prison, μαχαιραν, εμελλεν εαυτον αναιρειν, νομιζων himself to kill, supposing doors of the prison, baving drawn εκπεφευγεναι τους δεσμιους. 25 Εφωνησε δε and prisoners. Cried out to have been fled the

Kai come out of her." \$\frac{1}{2}\text{And} And it came out in That Hour.

> And her MASTERS seeing That the HOPE of their GAIN was gone, t seizing PAUL and SI-LAS, they dragged them into the MARKET, to the RULERS:

> 20 and they having conducted them before the COMMANDERS, said, "These MEN, being Jews, ‡ greatly disturb our CITY,

21 and preach Customs. which it is not lawful for us to receive or observe, being Romans."

22 And the crown rose up together against them: and the COMMANDERS having torn off their MAN t TLES, I gave orders to bea them with rods.

And having laid Many Stripes on them, they cast them into Prison, charging the jailor to keep them safely;

24 who, having received such a Charge, cast them into the inner prison, and made their FEET fast in the stocks.

25 And at MIDNIGHT, Paul and Silas praying, sung a hymn to Goo; and the PRISONERS listened to them.

26 † And suddenly there was a great Concussion, so as to shake the FOUN-DATIONS of the PRISON; and I all the Doors were opened, and the FETTERS of All were loosed.

And the JAILOR, awaking from sleep, and seeing the DOORS of the PRISON opened, drew a SWORD, and was about to kill Himself, supposing that the PRISONERS had escaped.

28 But PAUL cried with

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26 immediately-omit.

<sup>1 19. 2</sup> Cor. vi. 5. 19. Matt. x. 18. 1 26. Acts 1 18 Mark xvi. 17. t. 26. Acts IV. 31. Acta v. 18, XII /, 14.

φωνη μεγαλη ὁ Παυλος, λεγων. Μηδεν πραξης arthavoiceloud the Paul, saying; Not thou mayest do σεαυτώ κακον, άπαντες γαρ  $\epsilon \sigma u \epsilon v \epsilon v \theta a \delta \epsilon$ . h arm, all for 29 Αιτησας δε φωτα εισεπηδησε, και εντρομος Having askedand lights herushedin, and terrified γενομενος προσεπεσε τω Παυλω και τω Σλα. having become he fell before the Paul and the Silas. <sup>30</sup> Και προαναγων αυτους εξω, εφη· Κυριοι, he said; O stra, And having led them out, 31 Οί δε ειπον· τι με δει ποιειν, ίνα σωθω; what me it behaves to do, that I may be saved? They and said; Πιστευσον επι τον κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, και κυριον Lord Jesus Anoinica, - 32 Και ελαλησαν Believe thou to the σωθηση συ και δοικος σου. And they spoke shalt be saved thou and the house of thee. αυτώ τον λογον του κυριου, συν πασι τοις εν to him the word of the Lord, with all those in 33 Και παραλαβων αυτους εν τη οικια αυτου. the house of him. Lad. having taken them εκεινη τη ώρα της νυκτος, ελουσεν απο των that the hour of the night, he washed from the  $\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\omega\nu$  και εβαπτισθη αυτος και οί αυτου and was dipped he and those of him stripes: <sup>34</sup> Αναγαγων τε αυτους εις παντές παραχρημα. Having led up and them into ummediately. τον οικον αύτου, παρεθηκε τραπεζαν, και ηγαλthe house of himself, he set a table, and λιασατο πανοικι πεπιστευκώς τω θεώ. with all his house, having believed in the God. 35 'Ημερας δε γενομενης, απεστειλαν οί στρα-

Day and having become, sent the comτηγοι τους βαβδουχους, λεγοντες. Απολυσον manders the rod bearers, saving; Release thou  $^{36}$   $\Lambda\pi\eta\gamma\gamma\epsilon\iota\lambda\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$ τους ανθρωπους εκεινους. the men thore. Told and the δεσμοφυλαξ τους λογους τουτους προς τον Παυjailor the words these to the Paul; λον. 'Οτι απεσταλκασινοί στρατηγοι, ίνα αποhas sent the commanders, that you λυθητε∙ νυν ουν εξελθοντες, πορευεσθε εν may be released; now therefore going out, do you go 37 'Ο δε Παυλος εφη προς αυτους· ειρηνη. The but Paul said to Δειραντες ήμας δημοσια, ακατακριτους, ανθρω-Having beaten us publicly, uncondemoed, πους 'Pωμαιους ὑπαρχοντας, εβαλον εις φυλα-Romans being, they cast 10to prison,

κην, και νυν λαθρα ήμας εκβαλλουσιν; Ου and now privately us do they east out? γαο· αλλα ελθοντες αυτοι ἡμας εξαγαγετωσαν.

indeed; but having cometheniselves us let them lead, out, <sup>35</sup> Ανηγγειλαν δε τοις στρα-ηγοις οἱ φαβδουχοι Told and to the commanders the rod-bearers

τα δηματα ταυτα· και  $\epsilon \phi \circ \beta \eta \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ , ακουσαντ $\epsilon s$ the words these; and they were alraid, having heard ότι 'Ρωμαιοι εισι. 33 Και ελθοντες παρακαλε-Romans they are. And having come they entreated

a loud Voice, saying. "De thyself no harm; for we are All here."

29 And having asked for Lights, he rushed in, and being in a tremor, fell down before PAUL and \* SILAS.

30 And conducting them out, he said, ‡" Sirs. what must I do that I may be saved?"

And THEY 31 said. "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved, and thy FAMILY.

32 And they spoke to him the WORD of \*the LORD, and to ALL those in his house.

33 And taking them in That HOUR of the NIGHT, he washed them from their STRIPES, and was immediately immersed, he and all H1s.

34 And having brought them into \* his nouse, the set a Table, and rejoiced with all his household, believing in God.

35 And when it was Day, the COMMANDERS sent the officers, saying, 'Let those men go."

36 And the JAILOR rold \* these WORDS to PAUL, "The commanders have sent to release you; now therefore depart, and go in Peace."

37 But PAUL said to them, "They have beaten us publicly uncondemned, being Romans, and cast us into Prison; and now do they privately cast Us out? No, indeed; but let them come themselves and conduct Us out."

38 And the OFFICERS related these words to the COMMANDERS; and they were afraid when they heard that they were Romans.

S9 And they came and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Silas. 36. the words.

<sup>32.</sup> God, with ALL that were.

<sup>34.</sup> the

σαν αυτους, και εξαγαγοντες ηρωτων εξηλθειν them, and having led out they asked to go out  $^{40}$  Εξελθοντεs δε εκ της φυλατης πολεως. and out of the ofthe city. Having gone κης εισηλθον προς την Λυδιαν· και ιδοντες τους they came in to the Lydia; and having seen the  $\omega$ δελφους, παρεκαλεσαν αυτους, και εξηλθον. they exnorted them, and went out.  $1 \Delta \iota o \delta \epsilon \upsilon \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s \delta \epsilon \tau \eta \nu A \mu \phi \iota$ КЕФ. εζ'. 17. Having passed through and the πολιν και  $\mathbf{A}$ πολλωνιαν, ηλθον εις Θεσσαλονιand Apollonia, they came into Thessalonica, όπου ην ή συναγωγη των Ιουδαιων. where was the synagogue ofthe <sup>2</sup> Κατα δε το ειωθος τω Παυλω εισηλθε προς According to and the custom the Paul wentin to αυτους, και επι σαββατα τρια διελεγετο αυand for sabbaths three reasoned with τοις απο των γραφων. <sup>3</sup> Διανοιγων και παρατιthem from the writings; opening and setting setting θεμενος, ότι τον Χριστον  $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \iota$ παθειν και that the Anointed it was necessary to have suffered and εκ νεκρων, και ότι ούτος εστιν ό αναστηναι to have been raised out of dead ones, and that this Χριστος Ιησους, όν εγω καταγγελλω ύμιν. whom I Jesus, aunounce

 $^4$  Και τινες εξ αυτων επεισθησαν, και προσελυα some of them were convuced, and joined κληρωθησαν τω Παυλω και τω Σιλα, των τε themselves to the Paul and to the Silas, of the and  $\sigma$ εβομενων Έλληνων πολυ πληθος, γυναικων pious Greeks a great number, women

 $\tau \in \tau \omega \nu \pi \rho \omega \tau \omega \nu \text{ our olival.}$ 

5 Προσλαβομενοι δε οί Ιουδαιοι των αγοραιων Having taken to themselves and the Jews of the market-loungers τινας ανδρας πονηρους, και οχλοποιησαντες, and having gathered a crowd, of evil,  $\epsilon \theta_{0}$ ρυβούν την πολίν· επίσταντες τε τη οίκια they disturbed the city; having assaulted and the Ιασονος, εξητουν αυτους αγαγειν εις τον δημον: of Jason, they sought them to lead out into the people; 6μη εύροντες δε αυτους, εσυρον τον Ιασονα they dragged the not having tound and them, και τινας αδελφους επι τους πολιταρχης, βοωνbrethren to the city-rulers, τες· 'Οτι οί την οικουμενην αναστατωσαντες, having disturbed, That they the habitable ούτοι και ενθαδε παρεισιν. 7 ούς ύποδεδεκται are present, Whom has received also here Ιασων· και ούτοι παντές απέναντι των δυγμαthe decrees against

entreated them; and conducting them out, asked them ‡to depart \* from the CITY.

40 And going out of the PRISON, they entered into the house of Lydia, and having seen the ERETHREN, they exhorted them, and departed.

### CHAPTER XVII.

1 And traveling through Amphipolis and Apollonia they came to \*Thessa-Lonica, where was \*a Synagogue of the Jews.

2 And according to his CUSTOM. PAUL I went in to them, and on three Sabbaths reasoned with them from the SCRIPTURES,

3 opening and setting forth, That the Messiah ought to suffer and to rise from the dead, and That "This is the ANOINTED Jesus whom I announce to you."

4 ‡ And some of them believed and adhered to Paul and ‡ \* Silas, and of the Pious Greeks a \* great Multitude, and of the CHIFF Women not a few.

5 But the Jrws taking some evil-disposed Men from the MARKET-LOUNG-EES, and gathering a crowd, alarmed the CITY; and having assailed the HOUSE of ‡Jason sought to bring them \* forth into the assembly of the PEO-PLE;

6 but not finding them, they dragged \*Jason and some of the Brethren to the RULERS of the CITY, crying out, ‡"THESE men who have disturbed the EMPIRE, are come here also;

7 whom Jason has received; and all these oppose the ‡ DECREES of Ce-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—39. from the city. gogue 01. 4. Silas. 4. great Multitude. Jason.

<sup>1.</sup> THESSALONICA. 1. a Syna-5. forth to the PEOPLE. 6.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt. vii. 31. † 40. ver. 14. † 2. Acts ix. 20; xiii. 5, 14; xiv. 1; xvi. 13; xix. 8. † 3. Luke xxiv. 25, 45; Acts xviii. 23; Gal. ii. 1. † 4. Acts xxviii. 24. † 4. Acts xxviii. 24. † 5. Rom. xvi. 21. † 6. Acts xvi. 20. † 7. Luke xxiii. 2; John xix. 12.

Κωισαρος πραττουσι, βασιλεα λεγοντες do, of Cesar a king saying <sup>8</sup> Εταραξεν δ τονοχλον ετευεν ε.ναι, Ιησουν. obe, another Jesus. Troubled and the crowd και τοις πολιταρχας ακουοντας ταυτι baving heard these things. City-rulers λωβυντες το ίκανον παρα του Ιασ νος και των having taken the security from the and Jaso n <sup>10</sup> Οί δε αδελφοι λοιπων, απελυσαν αυτ υς rest. they let go them. The and brethren ευθεως. δια της νυκτος εξεπεμψαν τον τε immediately bу the night sent away the both Παυλον και τον Σιλαν εις Βεροιαν· οίτινες παραand the Silas into Berea; who havεις την συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων γενομενοι, ing arrived, into the synagogue of the 11 Ούτοι δε ησαν ευγενεστεροι των απη εσαν. These and were more candid ofthose went. εν Θεσσαλονικη, οίτινες εδεξαντο τον λογον who received the word Thessalonica. μετα πασης προθυμιας, το καθ' ήμεραν ανακριpromptness, that every day closely τας γραφας, ει εχοι ταυτα ούτως. VOUTES ecrutinizing the if was these things writings, thus. 🕰 Πολλοι μεν ουν εξ αυτων επιστευσαν, και Many indeed therefore out of them believed. των Έλληνιδων γυναικων των ευσχημονων και of the Greek women ofthe honorable and 13 Ως δε εγνωσαν οί απο ανδρων ουκ ολιγοι. Dot a few. When but kuew those from men της Θεσσαλονικης Ιουδαιοι, ότι και εν τη Βεροια Thessalonica Jews, that also in the Berea κατηγγελη ύπο του Παυλου ό λογος του  $\theta$ εου, by the Paul the word of the was preached ηλθον κακει σαλευοντες τους οχλους. 14 Ευθεως the crowds. Immediately they came also there stirring up δε τοτε τον Παυλον εξαπεστειλαν οἱ αδελφοι the Paul and then sent out the brethren πορευεσθαι ώς επι την θαλασσαν. ύπεμενον δε to the remained and sea; δ, τε Σιλας και δ Τιμοθεος εκει. 15 Οί δε καθισthe both Silas and the Timothy there. They but conductτωντες τον Παυλον ηγαγον \* [αυτον] έως Αθηthe Paul led [him] νων· και λαβοντες εντολην προς τον Σιλαν και and having received a charge to the Silas Τιμοθεον, ίνα ώς ταχιστα ελθωσι προς αυτον, that as soon as possible they should come to Timothy, 16 Εν δε ταις Αθηναις εκδεχομενου εξηεσαν. In and the they departed. Athens waiting αυτους του Παυλου, παρωξυνετο το πνευμα of the Paul, was stirred up tbem the spirit αυτου  $\epsilon \nu$  αυτώ,  $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho o \nu \nu \tau \iota$  κατ $\epsilon \iota \delta \omega \lambda o \nu$ ούσαν beholding of him in him, full of idols being

sar, saying that there is another King, Jesus."

8 And they alarmed the CROWD and the RULERS of the CITY, when they heard these things.

9 And having taken security from Jason, and the REST, they let them go.

10 But the BRETHREN immediately, by \* Night, \$sent away PAUL and SILAS, to Berea; who, baving arrived, went into the SYNAGOGUE of the JEWS.

11 And These were of a more noble disposition than those in Thessalonica, for they received the word with All Readiness, DAILY texamining the SCRIPTURES whether these things were so.

12 Many of them, therefore, believed; and of the HONORABLE GREEK WOMEN, and Men not a

few.

13 But when the Jews of Thessalonica knew That the word of God was preached by Paul at Berea, they came there also exeiting \*and troubling the CROWDS.

14 ‡ And then the ERETHREN immediately sent PAUL away, as if he were to go towards the SEA; but SILAS and TIMOTHY remained there.

15 And THOSE CONDUCTING PAUL led him to Athens; and having received a charge for Silas and \*TIMOTHY to come to him as soon as possible, they departed.

16 Now while PAUL was waiting for them at ATHENS, this SPIRIT was stirred within him, oa beholding the CITY was † full of idols.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-10. Night, him-omit. 15. Timoruy.

<sup>13.</sup> and troubling the CROWDS.

<sup>15</sup> 

<sup>† 16.</sup> This expression denotes the appearance of Athens to the eye of a stranger. "A person could hardly take his position any where in ancient Athens, where the eye did not range over temples, altars, and statues of the gods almost without number." Bib. Sac. Vol. vi. p. 339

17 Διελεγετο μεν ουν εν τη συνατην πολιν. He reasoned indeed then in the synaγωγη τοις Ιουδαιοις και τοις σεβομενοις, και gogue with the and with those being pious, Jews and εν τη αγορά κατα πασαν ήμεραν προς TOUS market during every day in the with those 18 Τινες δε των Επικουρειων παρατυγχανοντας.

happening to meet. Some but of the Epicureans. και των Στωικων φιλοσοφων συνεβαλλον αυτω. and of the Stores philosophers encountered him; και τινες ελεγον. Τι αν θελοι δ σπερμολογος said; What may intend the seed-picker Οί δε: Ξενων δαιμονιων δοκει ούτος λεγειν to say? They and; Of strange demons καταγγελευς ειναι ότι τον Ιησουν και την a proclaimer to be; because the Jesus and the αναστασιν \* [αυτοις] ευηγγελιζετο. <sup>19</sup> Επιλα-

resurrection [to them] he announced glad tidings. Having  $Bo\mu\epsilon\nu$ oi  $\tau\epsilon$  autou,  $\epsilon\pi$ i τον  $A\rho\epsilon$ ioν παγον ηγαtaken hold and of him, to the Mars hill they γον,  $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$ οντες. Δυναμέθα γνωναί, τις ή καινη

led, saying; Are we able to know, what the new abt  $\eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\dot$ 

Βουλομεθα συν γνωναι, τι αν θελοι ταυτα We desire therefore to know, what may intend these things είναι.  $^{21}$  Αθηναιοι δε παντες και οἱ επιδημουνto he. Athenians and all and the sojourning τες ξενοι, εις ουδεν έτερον ευκαιρουν, η λεγείν strangers, in nothing else spend lesiure, than to tell

τι και ακουειν καινοτερον. comething and to hear newer.

22 Σταθεις δε δ Παυλος εν μεσφ του Αρειου faving stood up and the Paul in midst of the Mars Having stood up and the Ανδρες Αθηναιοι, κατα παγου, εφη. παντα hill, Men Athenians, in all things δεισιδαιμονεστερους ύμας θεωρω. 23 διερyou I perceive; worshippers of demons passκαι αναθεωρων τα σεβασματα γαρ ing through for and beholding the objects of worship ύμων, εύρον και βωμον, εν 'φ επεγεγραπτο· I found also an altar, in which had been written; 'Ον ουν αγνοουντες ευσεβειτε, Αγνωστω θεω. To an unknown God. Whom therefore not knowing you worship, 24 'O θεος δ **τ**ουτον εγω, καταγγελλ**ω** ὑμιν... this announce to you. The God that αυτω, ποιησας τον κοσμον και παντα τα εν

17 He reasoned therefore in the SYNAGOGUE with the JEWS, and with the PIOUS persons; and in the MARKET every Day with THOSE he happened to MEET.

18 But some of the EPI-CUBEAN and \* STOIC PHILOSOPHERS encountered him. And some said, "What does this 'BABBLER wisk to say?" And OTHERS, "He seems to be a Proclaimer of Strange Demonis?" Because he announced glad tidings concerning Jesus and the RESURBECTION.

19 And laying hold of him, they led him to the † AREOPAGUS, saying, "Can we know what This NEW Doctrine is, which is spoken by thee?

20 For thou bringest certain strange things to our EARS; we desire, therefore, to know what these things mean."

21 Now all the Athenians, and the RESIDENT STRANGERS among them, spent their time in nothing else but to tell and hear something new.

22 And PAUL standing in the midstof the Areopagus, said, "Athemans, I perceive that in all things you are textremely devoted to the worship of Demons.

23 For as I passed through, and beheld the OBJECTS of your worship, I found also an Altar on which was an inscription, 'To an Unknown God.' \* What therefore you worship without knowing, This I announce to you.

24 That ‡ God who made the world and All Things in it, he being

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. Stoics.

18. to them—omit.

23. What therefore you worship without knowing:

<sup>† 18.</sup> Literally, a seed-picker, a name given to crows, etc., and applied to a person who picks up scraps of knowledge, which he imparts to others without sense or purpose, and upon any and every occasion.—Owen. † 19. The supreme court of Athens. † 22. Or, more religiously inclined than others.

<sup>1 24.</sup> Acts xiv. 15.

ούτος ουρανου και γης κυριος ύπαρχων, ουκ Lord being, of heaven and earth not  $\epsilon \nu$  χειροποιητοις ναοιοις κατοικει, 25 ουδε ύπο dwells, hand-made temples nor hу γειρων ανθρωπων θεραπευεται, προσδεομενος of men is served, wanting τινςς, αυτος διδους πασι (ωην και πνοην και anything, he giving to all life breath and and παντα· <sup>26</sup> εποιησε τε εξ ένος \*[αίματος] the things all. made andout of one παν εθνος ανθρωπων κατοικειν επι παν το προevery nation all the to dwell of men on face σωπον της γης, δρισας προστεταγμενους καιof the earth, having fixed having been appointed ρους και τας δροθεσιας της κατοικίας αυτων $\cdot$ 

and the fixed limits of the habitation of them; <sup>27</sup> ζητειν τον θεον, ει αραγε ψηλαφηστιαν αυτον to seek the God, if indeed they might feel him και εύρυιεν, καιτοιγε ου μακραν απο ένος έκασand mightfind, and indeed not far from one each του ήμων ὑπαρχοντα. <sup>28</sup> Εν αυτφ γαρ ζωμεν of us being. l n him. for we live και κινουμεθα και εσμεν· ώς και τινες των καθ' are moved and we are; as also some of those with Του γαρ και γενος ύμας ποιητων ειρηκασι. poeta have said; Of the for also offspring von <sup>29</sup> Γενος ουν ύπαρχοντες εσμεν. θεου, του Offspring therefore being of the God. ουκ οφειλομεν νομιζειν, χρυσφ η αργυρφ η we are bound to suppose, gold or silver λιθφ, χαραγματι τεχνης και ενθυμησεως ανθρω-Cone, asculpture ofart and device of man,

που, το θείον είναι δμοίον. 30 Τους μεν ουν the Deity to be like. The indeedtherefore χρονους της αγνοίας ὑπερίδων δ θεός, τωνυ times of the ignorance overlooking the God, now παραχυελλει τοις ανθοώποις τους ανθούποις τους ανθο

παραγγελλει τοις ανθρωποις πασι πανταχου ne commanda to the in all places 31 διοτι  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$ μετανοειν. ήμεραν,  $\epsilon \nu$ to reform, because he established in which a day, μελλει κρινειν την οικουμενην εν δικαιοσυνη, he sa about to sudge the habitable in righteousness, εν ανδρι 'φ ώρισε, πιστιν παρασχων πασιν, by a man whom he appointed, aguarantee having furnished to all, αναστησας αυτον εκ νεκρων..... <sup>32</sup> Ακου**σ**ανhaving raised him out of dead once. Having heard

τες δε αναστασιν νεκρων, οἱ μεν εχλευαζον·
and a resurrection of dead ones, these indeed mocked;
οἱ δε εἰπον· Ακουσομεθα σου παλιν περι τουthose but said; We will hear thee again shout this,

‡ Lord of Heaven and Earth, ‡ dwells not in Temples made with hands;

25 nor is he served by the HANDS of MEN, ‡as needing anything; ‡ he having given to all Life, and Breath, and all things;

26 and made from One, Every Nation of Men to dwell on "the Whole Face of the EARTH; having determined the appointed Seasons, and the FIXED LIMITS of their HABITATION;

27 to seek God, if perhaps they might feel after and find him; tand indeed he is not far from every one of us;

28 for in him we live, and move, and exist; as even some of † your own Poets have said, 'For also we his Offspring are.'

29 Being, therefore, the Offspring of God, twe ought not to imagine a Gold or Silver or Stone Sculpture,—a work of Art and human Skill,—to be like the Deity.

30 Therefore, indeed, overlooking the times of ignorance, God thow commands all Men, in every place, to reform:

every place, to reform;
31 because he has established a DAY ‡in which he is about to judge the HABITABLE in Righteousness, by a Man whom he has appointed, having furnished a Proof to all hy traising him from the Dead."

32 And when they heard of the Resurrection of the Dead, some derided, but others said, "We will hear thee \*again about this.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-28. Blood-omit.

<sup>26.</sup> The Whole Face of.

<sup>32.</sup> also

<sup>† 28.</sup> The Phanomena of Aratus, and Cleanthes' Hymn to Jupiter, contain this quotation. Aratus was a Cilician, one of Paul's countrymen, with whose writings Paul was probably well accounted.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Matt. x1, 25. † 24. Acts vil. 48. † 25. Psa. 1. 8. † 25. Gen. ii. 7: Num. xvi. 22; Job xil. 10; xxvii. 3, xxxiii. 4; Isa. xlii. 5; lvii. 16; Zech. xii. 1. † 26; Deut. xxxii. 8. † 27. Rom. ii. 20. † 27. Acts xiv. 17. † 29. Isa. xl. 18. † 30. Acts xiv. 10; Rom. ii. 25. † 30. Luke xxv. 47; Titus ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. i. 14; iv. 3/† 31. Acts x. 42; Rom. ii. 16; xiv. 14. † 31. Acts ii. 24.

of them.

<sup>33</sup> Και ούτως δ Παυλος εξηλθεν εκ μεσου TOU. And thus the Paul went out from midst αυτων.

 $^{34}$  Τινες δε ανδρες κολληθεντες αυτ $\phi$ , επισhaving associated with him, Some but men τευσαν εν οίς και Διονυσιος δ Αρεοπαγιτης, the among whom also Dionysius και γυνη ονοματι Δαμαρις, και and

Areopagite, έτεροι συν Damaris, and a woman hy name others with KEΦ. in'. 18. Μετα δε αυτοις. ταυτα them.  $\Lambda$ fter and these things χωρισθεις ό Παυλος εκ των Αθηνων, ηλθεν εις having withdrawn the Paul from the Athens, eame into

Κορινθον.  $^2$  Και  $\epsilon$ ύρων τινα Ιουδαίον ονοματι And having found acertain Jew by name Aκυλαν, Ποντικον τω γενει, προσφατως εληλυ-Aquila, Pontus by the race, recently having θυτα απο της Ιταλιας, και Πρισκιλλαν γυναικα come from the Italy, Priscilla and

autou, (δια το διατεταχεναι Κλαυδιον χωριof him. (because the to have commanded Claudius to withζεσθαι παντας τους Ιουδαιους εκ της 'Ρωμης,) from the draw all the Jews Rome,) <sup>3</sup> каі προσηλθεν αυτοις. δια το δμοτεχνον

and because the

same trade

to them;

he went

ειναι, εμενε παρ' αυτοις και ειργαζετο ησαν to be, he remained with them: and worked, they were  $^4$  Διελεγετο δε εν γαρ σκηνοποιοι την τεχνην. for tent-makers the trade. He reasoned and in τη συναγωγη κατα παν σαββατον, επειθε τε synagogue during every sabhath, persuaded and Ιουδαιους και Έλληνας. 5 Ωs  $\delta \epsilon$  κατηλθον

and Greeks. When but eame down απο της Μακεδονιας δ, τε Σιλας και δ Τιμοθεος, ¦ Macedonia the both Silas and the Timothy, συνειχετο τω λογω ό Παυλος, διαμαρτυρομενος

was confined to the word the Paul, earnestly testifying τοις Ιουδαιοις τον Χριστον Ιησουν. 6 Αντιτασ-Jews the Anointed Jesus. Resisting σομενων δε αυτων και βλασφημουντων, εκτινα-

hut them and blaspheming, having ξαμενος τα ίματια, ειπε προς αυτους. Το αίμα the mantles, he said to them; blood shaken ύμων επι την κεφαλην ύμων, καθαρος  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ , pure the head of you, 7 Kaı απο του νυν εις τα εθνη πορευσομαι. the Gentiles I will go. And the now to

μεταβας εκειθεν, ηλθεν εις οικιαν τινος ονοhe went into a house of one having removed thence, ματι Ιουστου, σεβομενου τον θεον, ού ή οικια worshipping the God, of whom the house name Justus, ην συνομορουσα τη συναγωγη. 8 Κρισπος δε ό Crispus but the was adjoining to the synagogue.

αρχισυναγωγος επιστευσε τω κυριώ συν όλω in the Lord with whole synagogue-ruler believed

τω οικω αύτου· και πολλοι των Κορινθων ακουthe house of himself, and many of the Corinthiane

6 # But when they resisted and blasphemed, shaking his clothes, he said to them, "Your BLOOD be upon your head! Ham pure; from this TIME

7 And having removed thence he went into the House of one named Justus, a worshipper of God, Whose House was adjoining the SYNAGOGUE.

I will go to the GENTILES."

hear- of the Corinthians hear

34 But Some Men adhering to him, believed; among whom were Dionysius the \* Arcopagite, and a Woman named Demaris. and others with them

### CHAPTER XVIII.

1 And after these things \* PAUL withdrawing from ATHENS, came to Corintn;

2 and having found a Certain Jew named ‡ Aquila, a native of Pontus, recently come from ITALY, and his wife Priscilla, (because \* Claudius had commanded All Jews to withdraw from Rome,) he went to them.

S And because he was of the same trade, he remained with them, ‡and \* labored; for they were Tent makers by trade.

4 ! And he reasoned in SYNAGOGUE Sabbath, and persuaded Jews and Greeks.

5 I And when SILAS and

TIMOTHY came from MA-

CEDONIA, PAUL was con-

fined to the word, earnestly testifying to the JEWS the ANOINTED Je-

8 And 1 Crispus, the RULER of the SYNAGOGUE, beheved is the Lory, with All his House; and many

<sup>33</sup> And thus Paul went out from the midst of them.

Vatican Manuscript.—34. Areopagite. were commanded to withdraw from Rome.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Rom. xvi. 3; 1 Cor. xvi. 19; 2 Tim. iv. 10. Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. Acts xiii. 45, 46; xxviii. 28, 15. 1 Cor. i. 14.

<sup>1.</sup> he departed from. 2. All Jews 3. they labored.

<sup>1 3.</sup> Acts xx. 34; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 5. Acts xvii. 14. 15. 16.

οντες εσιστεύον, και εβαπτιζοντο 9 ειπε δε δ ing, believed, and were ining believed, and were dipped; said and the increed. κυριος δι' δραματος εν νυκτι τφ Παυλφ. Μη Lord through aximon by night to the Paul; Not φοβου, αλλα λαλει και μη σιωπησης: 10 διοτι Not lear, but speak and no bestlent; because εγω ειμι μετα συυ, και ουδεις επιθησεται συι I am with tires, and no one shall attack t..ee του κακωσαι σε διοτι λαυς εστι μοι πυλυς εν of the to hurt thee; because people is for me much τη πολει ταυτη. 11 Εκαθισε τε ενιαυτον και thus. He continued and n year and μηνας έξ, διδασκων εν αυτοις τον λογον του months six, teaching among them the word of the θεου. God.

12 Γαλλιώνος δε ανθυπατευοντές της Αχαίας, being processul of the Achaia, Gallio and κατεπεστησαν δμοθυμαδον εί Ιουδαιοι τω Παυrushed with one mind the Jews to the Paul, λφ, και ηγαγον αυτον επι το βημα, 13 λεγοντες. led and him to the tribunal, saying; 'Οτι παρα τον νομον ούτο**ς α**ναπειθεί τους That from the law this persuades 14 Μελλοντος ανθρωπους σεβεσθα: τον θεςυ. Peing about to worship the God δε του Πουλου ανοιγείν το στομα, ειπεν δ but the l'aul to open the mouth. said the Γαλλιων πρυς τους Ιουδαιους. Ει μεν ουν to the Jews; If indeed therefore it was αδικημα τι, η βαδιουργημα πονηρος, ω Ιυνinjustice any, or reckless evil 0 Jews, δαιοι, κατα λογον αν ηνεσχομην ύμων 15 ει according to reason I would bear with you, δε ζη, ημα εστι περι λυγου και ονοματών και but a question itis about aword and рашев and νομου του καθ' ύμας, οψεσθε αυτο: κριτης or alaw of that with you, you will see yourselves; a judge \* | γαρ] ενω τουτων ου βουλομα ειναι. 16 Και \*[γαρ] εγω τουτων ου βουλομα ειναι. choose to be. And [lor] i of these not απηλασεν αυτους από του βηματός. he drove them from the tribunal. Having Bouevoi δε παντες \*[oi Ελληνες] Σωτθενην taken hold and all [th Greeks] of Southeness Greeks] of Southenes τον αρχισυναγωνον, ετυπτον εμπροσθεν του the synagogue-ruler, they struck before the βηματος και ουδεν τουτών τφ Γαλλιώνι εμεtribunal, an I nothing of these the Gallio cared. 18 Ο δε Παυλος ετι προιμεινας ήμερας yet baving remained The and Paul days ίκανας, τοις αδελφυίς αποταξαμένος, εξεπλεί having bid farewell. to the brethren uniled out εις την Συριαν, και συν αυτορ Πρισκιλλα και and with him into the Syria, Priscilla and

9 ‡ And the LORD said to PAUL, in a Vision by Night, "Fear not, but speak, and be not silent;

10 I for I am with thee; and no one shall attack thee, to nurr thee; for here are many People for me in this CITY.

11 And he remained there a Year and six Months, teaching among them the word of God.

12 But when Gallio was Proconsul of Achala, the Jews with one mind PAUL, assaulted brought him to the TRIBU-NAL,

13 saying, "This man persuades MEN to worship God contrary to the

14 And PAUL being about to SPEAK, GALLIO said to the Jews, ‡"If indeed it was an act of Injustice or reckless Evil, O Jews! according to Reason I would bear with you;

15 but if it be a Question concerning Doctrine, and Names, and THAT Law which is among you, see nou to it, for I will not be a Judge of these things."

16 And he drov them from the TRIBUNAL.

17 And they All took ! Sosthenes, the RULER of he SYNAGOGUE, and beat film before the TRIBUNAL. But Gallio cared for none of these things.

18 And PAUL having remained yet many Days, bidding farewell to the BRETHREN, sailed thence for Syria, in company with Priscilla and Aquila; t having shaved his HEAD in ! Cenchrea, for he had a Vow.

19 And he came

head

Ακυλας, κειραμενός την κεφαλην εν Κεγχρεαίς.

13 Κατηντησε δε εις Εφεσον,

in Cenchrea;

Ephesus,

having shaved the

ειχε γαρ ευχην.

he had for a vow.

He came and to VATICAN MANUSCRIPT -15. for-omit. 17. the GREEKE-omit.

<sup>† 0.</sup> Acts xxiii. 11. † 10. Jer. i. 18, 10; Matt. xxviii. 20, v. 11, 10. † 17. † Cor. i. 5. † 18. Num. vi, 12; Acts xxi. 24. 2 14. Acts vxiii. 20; 1 18. Rom. xv:. 1

κακεινους κατελιπεν αυτου αυτος δε εισελhut having enhe left. there. he  $\theta \omega \nu$ ELS  $\tau n \nu$ σνυς:γωγην, διελεχθη TOIS tered into the synagogue, reasoned with the Ιουδαιοις. <sup>20</sup> Ερωτωντων δε αυτων επι **π**λειονα Asking and them for longer χρονον μειναι \*[παρ' αυτοις,] ουκ επενευσεν. a time to remain with them,] not he consented;  $^{21}$   $\alpha\lambda\lambda'$   $\alpha\pi\epsilon\tau\alpha\xi\alpha\tau\sigma$   $*[\alpha\upsilon\tau\sigma\iota s,]$   $\epsilon\iota\pi\omega\nu^*$   $*[\Delta\epsilon\iota$   $\mu\epsilon$  but he bade farewell [to them,] saving; [It behoves me παντως την έορτην την ερχομενην ποιησαι εις feast that into coming by all means the to keep  $*[\delta_{\epsilon}]$ ανακαμψω προς Ίεροσολυμα· παλιν I will return Jerusalem .] but again \*[Και] ανηχθη απο ύμας, του θεου θελοντος. And he sailed you, the God willing. 22 και κατελθων εις Καισαρειαν, της Εφεπου. and having gone down to Cesarea, Ephesus, εκκλησιαν, και ασπασαμενος Tny aνaβas, having gone up, and having saluted th: congregation, 22 Και ποιησας χρονον κατέβη εις Αντιοχειαν. And having spent be went down to Antioch. τινα, εξηλθε, διερχομενος καθεξης, την Γαλαsome, he went out, passing through in order the Galaτικην χωραν και Φρυγιαν, επιστηριζων παντας country and Phrygia, establishing <sup>24</sup> Ιουδαιος δε τις Απολλως μαθητας. TOUS A Jew and certain Apollos disciples. ονοματι, Αλεξανδρευς τω γενει, απη λογιος, by name, an Alexandrian by the birth, aman eloquent, κατηντήσεν εις Εφέσον δυνατός ων εν ταις powerlul being in came to Ephesus the 25 Ούτος ην κατηχημένος την γραφαις. δδον This was having been instructed the writings. του κυριου· και ζεων τη πνευματι, ελαλει και of the Lord: and hemg fervent in the spirit, he spoke and εξιδασκεν ακριβως τα  $\pi \epsilon \rho$ .  $\tau o v$ κυριου, accurately the things concerning the Lord. taught  $\mu o \nu o \nu$ το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου. επισταμένος being acquainted with only the dipping of John <sup>26</sup> Ούτος τε ηρξατο παρβησιαζέσθαι εν τη συναto speak boldly in the syna-This and began Ακουσαντες δε αυτου Ακυλας και Having heard and of him Aquila and gogue. Πρισκιλλα, προσελαβοντο αυτον, και ακριβεσ-Priscilla, took bim, and mere accu-27 Bovτερον αυτώ εξεθεντο την του θεου όδον. rately to him explained the of the God way. Wishλομενου δε αυτου διελθειν εις την Αχαιαν, προand of him to pass through into the hav-Achaia, τρε ψαμενοι οί αδελφοι εγραψαν τοις μαθηταις they wrote to the disciples ing exhorted the brethien αποδεξασθαι αυτον δε παραγενομενος, συνεhım, who having arrived, he βαλετο πολυ τοις πεπιστευκοσι δια της χαρι-

Ephesus, and left them there; as he entered into the synagogue, and reasoned with the Jews.

20 And when they requested him to remain a longer Time, he did not consent;

21 but bade them farewell, saying, "I will return to you again, ‡GoD willing." And he sailed from EPHESUS;

22 and coming down to Cesarca, and going up, and saluting the CONGREGATION, he went down to Anthoch.

23 And having spent some Time there, he departed, going through the COUNTRY of ‡ GALATIA and Phrygia, in order, ‡ establishing All the DISCIPLES.

24 † And a certain Jew named Apollos, a Native of Alexandria, an eloquest Man, being powerful in the SCRIPTURES, came to Ephesus.

25 This person was being instructed in the way of the Lord, and being fervent in spirit, he spoke and \*also taughtaccurately the things \* concerning Jesus, \$ being acquainted only with the immersion of John.

26 And he began to speak boldly in the SYNA-GOGUE. And \*Aquila and Priscilla explained to him more accurately the WAY of God.

Wishing to pass over infe Achiala, the Brethren wrote exhorting the Disciples he caρι-grace.

27 And when he was wishing to pass over infe Achiala, the Brethren wrote exhorting the Disciples to receive him; who, having arrived, the greatly assisted Those Believers, by his GIFT;

much those having believed through the

1 23. Acts

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. with them—omit. behoves me to keep the coming feast in Jerusalem—omit.

-omit. 25. also taught. 25. concerning Jesus.

<sup>21.</sup> to them—omit. 21. It 21. but—omit. 21. And 26. Priscilla and Aquila,

<sup>† 21. 1</sup> Cor. iv. 19; Heb. vi. 3; James iv. 15. † 23. Gal. i. 2; iv. 14. xiv. 22, xv. 32, 41. † 24. 1 Cor. i. 12; iil. 5, 6; iv. 6; Titus iii. 13. xix. 3. † 27. 1 Cor. iii. 6.

ειναι τον Χριστον Ιησουν.

## КЕФ. 16', 19.

<sup>1</sup> Εγενετο δε εν τω τον Απολλω ELVAL EV It happened and in the the Apollos to be ın Κορινθφ, Παυλον διελθοντα τα ανωτερικα μερη, Paul having passed through the upper ελθειν εις Εφεσον. Και εύρων τινας μαθητας, to come to And having found some Ephesus. disciples, <sup>2</sup> ειπε προς αυτους. Ει πνευμα άγιον ελαβετε ne said to theor; 1 f a spirit holy you received πιστευσαντες; Οί δε ειπον προς αυτον. Αλλ' They and said to hum,  $^3$  E $\iota \pi \epsilon$ ουδε ει πνευμα άγιον εστιν, ηκουσαμεν. not even if a spirit holy we have heard. 15. He said  $\tau \epsilon * [\pi \rho o s \ a v \tau o v s \cdot]$  Εις  $\tau \iota \ o v v \ \epsilon \beta a \pi \tau \iota \sigma \theta \eta \tau \epsilon :$ 110 them, ] Intowhat then were you dipped? Οἱ δε ειπον. Εις το Ιωαννου βαπτισμα. <sup>4</sup> Ειπε They and said . Into the of John dipping. Said δε Παυλος. Ιωαννής εβαπτίσε βαπτίσμα μετα-John dipped a dipping of reforνοιας, το λαο λεγων, εις τον ερχομενον μετ' mation, to the people saying, into him coming after αυτον ίνα πιστευσωσι' τουτ' εστιν, εις τον that they should believe. that into the 18, 5 Ακουσαντές δε εβαπτισθησαν εις το In $\sigma$ o $\nu\nu$ . Having neard and they were dipped ε Και επιθεντος Ιησου. ονομα του κυριου Lord Jesus. And name of the having placed autois του Παυλου τας χειρας, ηλ $\theta$ ε το πνευμα Paul the hands. came the spirit το άγιον επ' αυτους, ελαλουν τε γλωσσαις και the holy upon them, they spoke and with tongues and προεφητευον. <sup>7</sup> Πσαν δε οί παντες ανδρες ώσει prophesied. Were and the all men about  $^{8}\text{E}:\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $\tau\eta\nu$   $\sigma\nu\nu\alpha\gamma\omega\gamma\eta\nu$ , δεκαδυυ. Having entered and into the synagnene. επαρδησιαζετο, επι μηνας τρεις διαλεγομενος for he spoke freely, mouths three reasoning και πειθων \*[τα] περι της βασιλειας του and persuading [the things] concerning the kingdom of the

28 for he strenuously discussed with the JLWs in public, ‡ proving by the SCRITTIUES that Jesus 18 the MESSIAH.

## CHAPTER XIX.

I And it happened, while ‡ APOLLOS was in Cornith, Paul, having passed through the UPPER Paris, came to \*Ephesus; and having found Some Disciples.

2 he said to them,
"Have you received the
holy Spirit since you believed?" And THEY said
to him, ‡ "We have not
even heard whether there
be any holy Spirit."

3 And he said, "Into what then were you immersed?" And THEY said, t "Into JOHN'S IMMERSION?"

- 4 And Paul said, t "John administered the Immersion of Reformation, saying to the PEOPLE, that they should believe into IIIM that was COMING after him, that is, into Jesus."
- 5 And having heard this, they were immersed \$\pmonumerse\tau\tau\_{\text{into}}\$ the NAME of the Lord Jesus.
- 6 And Paul † putting his \* Hands on them, the HOLY SPHIT came on them, and † they spoke with Tongues and prophesied.
- 7 And ALL the Men were about twelve.
- 8 And having entered the synagogue, he spoke boldly for three Months, reasoning and persuading about the kingdom of God.
- 9 But when some were hardened, and disbeheved, speaking evil of the wax
- Vatican Manuscrift.-1. Ephesus, and found Certain Disciples; and he said to them.
   to them—omit.
   Hands.
   the things—omit.

and

way in presence of the

dishe-

του

9'Ως δε τινές εσκληρυνοντο και ηπει-

the

θουν, κακυλογουντές την όδον ενωπιον

were hardened

Deov.

God.

beved,

When and some

speaking evil of

<sup>† 28.</sup> Acts ix, 22; xvii, 3; yer, 5. † 1. 1 Cor 1, 12; in, 5, 6. † 2. Acts viii, 16. † 3. Acts xvii, 25. † 4. Matt. iii, 11, John 1, 15, 27, 20; Acts i, 5; xi, 16, xui, 24, 25. † 6. Acts vii, 2; xviii, 4. † 6. Acts vi. 6, vut. 17. † 6. Acts ii, 4; x, 46. † 8. Acts xvii, 2; xviii, 4.

πληθους, αποστας απ' αυτων, αφωρισε τους them, he separated the multitude, having departed from καθ' ἡμεραν διαλεγομενος  $\tau \eta$ μαθητας, €V reasoning in the disciples, every day 10 Τουτο δε εγενετο σχολη Τυραννου \*[τινος.] was done school of Tyrannas This and [oue.] επι ετη δυο, ώστε παντας τους κατοικουντες for years two, so that all the την Ασιαν ακουσαι τον λογον του κυριου, Ιουword of the Lord, Jews Asia to hear the 11 Δυναμεις τε ου τας δαιους τε και Έλληνας. Miracles and not the Greeks. both and Sia δ €eos.  $\gamma \omega \nu$ χειρων τυχουσας €#TOL€L hands the God through the common ones did <sup>12</sup> ώστε και επι τους ασθενουντας Παυλου. those being sick of Panl: so that even to επιφερεσθαι απο του χρωτος αυτου σουδαρια η skın napkins to be brought from the of hum σιμικινθια, και απαλλασσεσθη απ' QUTON TAS the from them and to be set free aprons, νοσους, τα τε πνευματα τα πονηρα εκπορευεσdiseases, the and spirits the evil to be cast θαι. out.

13 Επεχειρησαν δε τινές απο των περιέρχο. Took in hand and some from of those μενων Ιουδαιων εξορκιστων οναμα(ειν επι τους exorcists to name on those Jews εχοντας τα πνευματα τα πονηρα το ονομα του the evil the name of the the spirits having ύμας τον λεγοντες. 'Ορκιζω KUDIOU Ιησου, I adjure you the Jesns, saying; 14 Η σαν δε δυ δ Παυλος κπουσσει. Ιησουν, preaches. Were and whom the Paul Jesus. τινες υίοι Σκευα Ιουδαιου αρχιερεως επτα, οί a high-priest seven, who some sons of Sceva a Jew <sup>15</sup> Αποκριθεν δε το πνευματο τουτο ποιουντές. spirit the Answering and the were doing. Τον Ιησουν γινωσκω, και τον πονηρον ειπε. I know, and the Jesus said; The evil Παυλον επισταμαι· ύμεις δε τινες εστε; 16 και Paul 1 am acquainted with; you but who and εφαλλομενος επ' αυτους δ ανθρωπος, εν 'ω ην in which was man, leaping on them the каі κατακυριευσας πονηρον, πνευμα  $\tau o$ and having overcome evil. the the spirit αυτων, ισχυσε κατ' αυτων, ὧστε κυμνους και naked and prevailed against so that them, οικου εκφυγειν  $\epsilon \kappa$ του **Τ** ετραυματισμενους to have fled out of the bonse having been wounded δε εγενετο γνωστον πασιν 17 Τουτο EKELVOU. to all known This and became that. Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι τοις κατοικουσι την the Greeks dwelling both and those Εφεσον και επεπεσε φοβος επι παντας αυτους, all them, a fear on fell

before the PEOPLE, having departed from them, he separated the DISCIPLES, reasoning daily in the school of Tyrannus.

10 # And this was done for two Years, so that All the inhabitants of Asia, heard the word of the LORD, both Jews and Greeks.

11 And # God performed EXTRAORDINARY Miraeles by the HANDS of Paul;

12 Iso that Napkins or Aprons were brought from him to the sick, and the DISEASES departed from them, and the EVIL SPIR-ITS were cast out.

13 ‡And some of the TRAVELING Jewish exorcists tundertook to name the NAME of the LORD Jesus over THOSE HAVING EVIL SPIRITS, saying, "I adjure you by Jesus whom Paul preaches."

14 And there were some \*Seven Sons of One Sceva, a Jewish High-priest, who did so.

15 But the EVIL SPIRIT answering, \* said to them, "Jesus indeed I know, and Paul I know, but who are nou?"

16 And the MAN in whom the EVIL SPIRIT Was leaped on them, and having overcome \* them, prevailed against them, so that they fled out of that HOUSE naked and wounded.

And this became known to ALL, both Jews and GREEKS, dwelling in Ephesus; ‡ and fear fell

and

Ephesus,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. one-omit. said to them, JESUS indeed I know, and.

<sup>14.</sup> Seven Sons of One Sceva. 16. them both, and prevailed.

<sup>15.</sup> 

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xx. 31. ngs iv. 29. † 13. Matt. xii. 27. † 13. See Matt. 1 12. Acts v. 15; See 2 1 13. See Matt. ix. 38; Luke ix. 49. Kings iv. 29. Luke i. 65; vii. 16; Acts ii. 43; v. 5, 11.

και εμεγαλυνετό το ονόμα του κυρίου Ιησου. and was magnified the name of the Lord Jesus. 
18 Πολλοι τε των πεπιστευκότων ηρχούτο εξο-

Many and of those having believed concam : μολογουμενοι και αναγγελλοντες πραξεις Tas deed. fessing and declaring the <sup>19</sup> Ίκανοι δε των τα περιεργα πραξαν-EITWV. Many and of those the magical arts of them. practisτων, συνενεγκαντες τας βιβλους, κατεκαιον ing, having brought together the books, ενωπιον παντων και συνεψηφισαν τας τιμας of all; and they computed the prices αυτων, και εύρον αργυριου μυριαδ**ας**  $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$ . found pieces of siver invriads five. and κατα κρατος δ λυγος του  $^{20}$  O $5\tau\omega$ κυριου

Thus according to power the word of the Lord ηνξανε και ισχυεν. 21 'Ως δε επληρωθη ταυτα. grew and prevailed. When and was fulfilled these things,  $\epsilon \theta \epsilon \tau o$ δ Παυλος εν τω πνευματι,  $\delta \iota \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ in the spirit, having passed through was disposed the Paul την Μακεδονιαν και Αχαιαν, πορευεσθαι εις the Mucedonia and Achaia, togo Ίερουσαλημ, ειπων. Ότι μετα το γενεσθαι με That saying; after the to be come

 $^{22}$  Αποστειλας δει με και 'Ρωμην ιδειν. there, it behoves me also Rome to see. Having seut δε εις την Μακεδονιαν δυο των διακουουντων the Macedonia two of those αυτφ, Τιμοθεον και Εραστον, αυτος επεσχε to h.m. Timothy and Erastus, hе remained <sup>23</sup> Εγενετο δε κατα τον χρονον εις την Ασιαν. the Asta. It happened and during villue in καιρον εκεινον ταραχος ουκ ολιγος περι  $\tau \eta s$ small concerning the 46280D a tumuit tient δSov.

way.  $^{24}$   $\Delta\eta\mu\eta\tau\rho$ ios  $\gamma a\rho$   $\tau$ is ονοματι,  $a\rho\gamma$ υροκο $\pi$ os,  $_{\rm Demetrius}$   $_{\rm tor\ a\ certain}$  by  $_{\rm pame}$ ,  $_{\rm a\ silversmith}$ , ποιων ναους \*[αργυρους] Αρτεμιδος, παρειχετο making temples [of silver] for Diana. brought 25 Obs τοις τεχνιταις εργασιαν ουκ ολιγην. a little. to the workmen gain not Whom συναθροισας, και τους περι τα τοιαυτα εργαhaving brought together, and those about the such like work. τας, ειπεν Ανδρες, επιστασθε, ότι εκ ταυtaen. said; Men. you know, that out of this της της εργασιας ή ευπορια ήμων εστι. 26 και work the wealth ofus is, and θεωρειτε και ακουετε, ότι ου μονον Εφεσου, you hear, that not ouly of Ephesus,

on them all, and the NAME of the Lond Jesus was magnified.

18 And MANY of those who Believed, came, confessing and declaring their DEEDS.

19 And many of THOSE PRACTISING MAGICAL ARTS, having brought together their BOOKS, burnt them before all; and they computed the value of them, and found it to be fifty thousand pieces of Silver.

20 Thus the WORD of \* the LORD powerfully increased and prevailed.

21 ‡ And when these things were accomplished, ‡ PAUL was disposed by the SP(RIT, having passed through Macedonia and Achara, to go to Jerusalem, saying, "After 1 have BEEN there, ‡1 must also see Rome."

22 And having sent two of those who ministered to him, Timothy and Erastus, into Macedonia, he remained for a Time in Asia.

23 And there occurred during that PERIOD, no small Tumult concerning that WAY.

24 For a certain man, named Demetrius, a Silversmith, making † silver Temples of Diana afforded ‡ no \* Small Gain to the WORKMEN.

25 whom he having assembled, with THOSE employed about the LIKE BUSINESS, Said, "Men, yor know That from This WORK is our WEALTH;

26 and you see and hear, That not only at Ephesus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. the LORD. 24. silver-omit. 24. Small Gain.

<sup>+ 24.</sup> Portable representations of this temple, which were bought by strangers as matters of curiosity, and probably of devotion. The temple of Diana was raised at the expense of all Asia Minor, and yet was 229 years in building, before it was brought to its sum of perfection. It was in length 425 feet, by 228 in breadth, and was beautified by 127 columns, which were made at the expense of so many kings; and was adorned with the most beautiful statues.—Clarke.

<sup>1 21.</sup> Rom. xv. 25; Gal. i. 1. 1 21. Acts xx. 22. 1 21. Acts xviii. 21; xxiil. 1. Rom. xv. 24-28. 1 22. Acts xxii. 5 1 25. 2 Cor. i. 8. 1 23. Se Acts xx. 2 1 24. Acts xxii. 0, 10.

αλλα σχέδον πασης της Ασιας ὁ Παυλος ούτυς all the this but almost Asia the Taut μετεστησεν ίκανον οχλον, λεγων, WEITES laving persuaded misled a crowd, Large saving. έτι ουκ εισι θεοι οί δια χειρων γινομενοι. <sup>27</sup> Ου that not are gods those by bands being made. μονον δε τουτο κινδυνευει ήμιν το μερος εις to us the craft in danser into only and this μπελεγμον ελθείν αλλα και το της μεγαλης also that the to come; great contempt but θεας Αρτεμίδος ίερον εις ουδεν λογισθηναι, temple into nothing to be despised, Diana μιλλείν τε και καθαιρείσθαι την μεγαλείστητα to be about and also to be destroyed the magnificence αυτης, ήν όλη ή Ασια και ή οικουμενη σεβεται. other, which whole the Asia and the habrable worships. 25 Ακουσαντες δε, και γενομενοι πληρεις θυμου, Having heard and, and having become tuli εκραζον, λεγοντες Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις Εφεσιων. they cried out, saying; Great the Diana <sup>19</sup> Και  $\epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \sigma \theta \eta$  ή πολις \*[ $\delta \lambda \eta$ ] της συγγυσεως. And was filled the city [whols] the Conjusion: ώρμησαν τε δμοθυμαδον εις το θεατρον, συναρthey rushed and with one mind into the theatre, πασαντες Γαιον και Αρισταρχον Μακεδονας, seized Gaius and Aristarchus Macedonians. <sup>30</sup> Του δε Παυλου βουσυνεκδημους Παυλου. The and ot Paul. Paul wishfellow-travelers λομενου εισελθειν εις τον δημον, OUK EIWV to enter into the assembly of the people, not suffered ing 31 Τινες δε και των Ασιαραυτον οί μαθηται. him the disciples. Some and even of the γων οντες αυτφ φιλοι, πεμψαντες προς αυτον, being to him friends, having sent to παρεκαλουν μη δουναι ξαυτον εις το θεατρον. not to ventu. himself into the theatre.

32 Αλλοι μεν ουν αλιώ τι κραζών ην γαρ ή Some indeed therefore some thing coult was for the Some indeed therefore some thing conting εκκλησια συγκεχυμενη, είαι εί πλειους ουκ having been confused, and the greater not assembly ηδεισαν, τινος ένεκεν συνεληλυθεισαν. for what purpose they were come together. δε του οχλου προεβιβασαν Αλεξανδρον, προcrowd they pushed forward Alexander, thrust-Βαλοντων αυτον των Ιουδαιων δ δε Αλεξανtug forward him the Jews; the and Alexanδρος κατασεισας την χειρα, ηθελεν απολογεισ-Laud. wished to defend himself having waved the der. <sup>84</sup> Επιγνοντες δε δτι Ιουδημφ. in the assembly of the people. Knowing

but almost All Asia, the Paul has persuaded and turned aside Many People, saying. That ‡ They are not Gods which are MADE by Hands.

27 And not only This WORK of ours is in danger of being brought into contempt, but also that the TEMPLE of the GREAT Goddess Diana should be despised, and her GRANDEUR destroyed, whom All ASIA and the HABITABLE WORShips."

28 And having hear'this, they were full f Wrath, and cried out, saying, "Great's the DIANA of the Ephesians."

29 And the CITY was filled with Confusion; and having seized ‡ Gaius and ‡ Aristarchus, Macedonians, Paul's Fellow-travelers, they rushed with one mind into the THEATRE.

30 And \* Paul desiring to enter the Theatre, the Disciples did not permit him.

31 And some even of the †ASIARCHS, who were his Friends, sent to hun, advising him not to venture into the THEATRE.

32 Some therefore cried one thing, and some another; for the ASSEMBLY was confused, and the GREATER part did not know why they were come together.

83 And they pushed Alexander out of the crowp, the Jews thrusting lum forward. And ‡ ALEXANDER ‡ having waved the HAND wished to defend himself in the Assembly of the People.

34 But knowing that he

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-29. Whole-omit. 30. Paul.

<sup>† 31.</sup> These persons presided over religious observances and the public games. They were ten in number, chosen by the cities from persons of wealth and influence, and approved by the proconsul. One of them styled the chief Asiarch resided at Ephesus; the others were his associates and advisers.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Fsa. czv. 4; Isa. xliv. 10—20; Jer. x. 3. A-1-y x. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10, Philemon 24, 1 35. Acta xii 17.

<sup>‡ 29.</sup> Rom. xvi. 22; 1 Cor. J. 14. † 20. ‡ 35 | 1 lim. 1. 20, 2 Tim. 1v. 14

δαιος εστι, φωνη εγενετο μια εκ παντων, ως was a Jew, one Voice came one from all, about from all for about two επι ωρας δυο κραζ ντων Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις thurs, trying, "Great is the state of the stat hours two cytigs Diana Great the 35 Καταστειλας δε δ γραμματευς το**ν**  $\Box \phi \epsilon \sigma \iota \omega \nu$ . Il wang stilled and the scribe of Ephesians. οχλον, φησιν Ανδρες Εφεσιοι, τις γαρ εστιν crowl, he said; Men Ephesians, what for is αλλρωπος, δε ου γινωσκει την Εφεσιών πολιν w'to not the Ephesians eit y knows νεωκορον ουσαν της μεγαλης Αρτεμίδος και temple-keeper being of the Diana great του Διοπετους: 33 Αναντιρδητών ουν οντών of that fallen from Ju; iter? Cannot be denied therefore being τουτων. δεον εστιν ύμας κατεσταλμενους tuese things, necessary having been quiet itis you μηδεν ύπαρχειν, και προπέτες πραττείν. to be, and nothing rashly <sup>37</sup> Ηγαγετε γαρ ανδρας τουτους, ovteTOUS You brought for the men these, neither ίτροσυλους, ουτε βλασφημουντας την  $\theta \in ov$ blasphemers time goddess temple-robbers, nor 33 Ει μεν ουν Δημητριος και οί συν If indeed therefore Demetrius and those with αυτώ τεχνιται εχουσι προς τινα λογον, αγοραιοι workmen have against any aword, αγονται, και ανθυπατοι εισιν· εγκαλειτωσαν let them accuse are held, and proconsula are: 39 Ει δε τι περι έτερων επιζηαλληλοις. each other. If hat anything about other things you iuauειτε, εν τη εννομφ εκκλησια επιλυhetaησεται. in the lawful assembly it shall be settled. <sup>4</sup> Και γαρ κινδυνευομεν εγκαλεισθαι στασεως Even for we are in danger to be accused of tumult της σημερον, μηδενος αιτιου ύπαρχονconcerning the day. not one cause heing, τις, περι ού δυνησομεθα αποδούναι λογον της about which we are able to give areason for the <sup>41</sup> Και ταυτα ειπων, απε-And these baying said, hedisσυστροφης ταυτης. this. Αυσε την εκκλησιαν. Bussel the assembly.

# KEΦ, κ', 20, 1 Μετα δε το παυσασθαι τον θορυβον, προσ-

After and the to be restrained the tumult, having καλεσαμενος ό Παυλος τους μαθητας, και ασπαat botter. the Paul the παμενος, εξηλθε πορευθηναι εις την Μακεδονιαν. Ι smbraced, he went out togo into the Macedonia. <sup>2</sup> Διελθων δε τα μερη εκεινα, και παρακαliaving passed through and the parts those, and having ex- $\lambda \epsilon \tau \alpha s$  autous  $\lambda o \gamma \omega = \pi o \lambda \lambda \omega$ ,  $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu = \epsilon i s = \tau \eta \nu$ with a word great, he went into

the DANA of the \* Ephesians t"

35 And the RECORDEP having quieted the crown, said, "Ephesians! What Man is there who does not know that the CIIX of the EPHESIANS IS Templekeeper of the GREAT Diana. and of that which FELL FROM JUPITER?

36 These things, therefore, being indisputable, it is necessary for you to be quiet, and to do nothing rashly;

37 for you have brought these MEN, which are neither Temple-robbers, nor Blasphemers of your GODDESS.

38 If, therefore, Demetrius and the ARTIFICERS with him have a Charge against any one, Courts are held, and there are Proconsuls; let them accuse each other.

39 But if you seek anything \* further, it shall be settled in the LAWFUL Assembly.

40 For we are even in danger of being accused about the Tumult of TO. DAY; there being no cause by which we can exense this concourse."

41 And having said this. he dismissed the Assem-BLY.

#### CHAPTER XX.

1 Now after the Tu-MULT was allayed, PAUL, \* having summoned the DISCIPLES, and embracing disciples, and Eaving them, # departed to go into Macedonia.

> 2 And passing through those PARTS, and exhorting them with many Words, he went into the GREECE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATROAN MANUSCRIPT.-34. Ephesians! Great is the Diana of the Ephesians! And 39 further, it shall be. sent for the piscirles, and exhorting and embramag them, he departed for,

<sup>1</sup> J. 1 Cor. xvi 5, 1 1mg

having broken bread

and

Έλλαδα: <sup>3</sup> ποιησας τε μηνας τρεις, γενομενης Greece; having continued and months three, being formed Greece; having continued and mouths αυτφ επιβουλης ύπο των Ιουδαιων, μελλοντι a plot against by Jews, being about the αναγεσθαι εις την Συριαν, εγενετο γνωμη του a resolution of the into the Syria, came  $^4$  Συνειπετο δε ύποστρεφειν δια Μακεδονιας. through Macedonia. V. . nt with and to return αυτω \* [αχρι της Ασιας ] Σωπατρος Πυρδου Βε-[as far as the Asia] Supater of Pyrrhus a Be-Θεσσαλονικέων δε, Αρισταρχος και polatos. Of Thessalomana and. Aristarchus tean. Σεκουνδος, και Γαιος Δερ?α:os και Τιμοθεος· and Gaius of Derbe and Tim thy; Secundus. δε, Τυχικος και Τροφιμος. 5 Ούτοι Ασιανο**ι** These and Tropulmus. and, Tychicus προελθοντες επενον ήμας εν Τρωαδι: 6 ήμεις δε Troas: going before awaited us 1n we but εξεπλευσαμεν μετα τας ήμερας των α(υμων the days of theunleavened oakes **απο Φιλιππων, και ηλθομεν προς αυτους εις την** Philippi, and. came to them into the ήμερων πεντε, οδ διετριψαμεν Γρωαδα αχρις Truas in days five, where we remaine ημερας έπτα. <sup>7</sup> Εν δε τη μια των σαββατων, In and the first of the day seven. sabbaths, ήμων κλασαι αρτον, δ Παυλος τυνηγμενων taving been assembled of us to break bread, διελεγετο αυτοις, μελλων εξιεναι τη επαυριων: discoursed to them, being about to depart on the morrow: RADETELVE TE τον λογον μεχρι μεσονυκτιου. continued and the discourse midnight. 8 Ησαν δε λαμπαδες ίκαναι εν τφ ὑπερφφ, ού in the upper room, where .Were and lamps many <sup>9</sup> Καθημενος δε τις νεανιας, ημεν συνηγμενοι. were assembled. Was sitting and a certain youth, ονοματι Ευτυγος, επι της θυριδος, καταφεροby name the window, being overμενος ύπνω βαθει, διαλεγομενου του Παυλου powered with sleep deep, discoursing the Paul ετι πλειον, κατενεχθεις απο του ύπνου, επεκεν for a longer time, having been overcome from the sleep, απο του τριστέγου κατω, και ηρθη νέκρος. down, and was taken up dead. the third story <sup>10</sup> КатаВаs δε δ Παυλος επεπεσεν αυτώ, και Having gone down and the Paul fell upon him, and Μη θορυβεισθε. 'n γαρ συμπεριλαβων ειπε. be you troubled; the said. Not for having embraced 11 Αναβας δε, και ψυχη αυτου εν αυτφ εστιν. hım is. Having come up and, and γευσαμενος, εφ' ίκανον τε κλασας αρτον και

3 And having remained three Months, ‡ a Plot being laid for him by the JEWS, as he was about to sail into Syria, he resolved to RETURN through Macedonia.

4 And there went with him into Asia, Sopater, the son of Pyrrhus, a Berean; but ‡ Aristarchus and Secundus of the Thessalomans; and Gaius of Derbe, and ‡ Timothy; and ‡ Tychicus and ‡ Trophimus, Asiatics;

5 \* these going before waited for us at Troas.

6 And we sailed out from Philippi, after the toars of UNLEAVENED BREAD, and came to them at troas in five Days; where we continued seven D.ys.

7 And on the first day of the week, we having assembled to break Bread, Paul, intending to depart on the Next day, discoursed to them, and continued his sprech till Midnigh...

8 And there were many Lamps in the \$\pm\$UPPER ROOM where we were assembled.

9 And there was a Ccrtain Youth, named Eutychus, sitting in awtnow, being overpowered with deep Sleep; and as Paul prolonged his discourse, having been overcome by SLEEP, he fell from the THIRD STORY down, and was taken up dead.

10 And PAUL going down, fellon him, and embracing him, said, f" Be not troubled; for his life is in him."

is. Having come up and, and ll And having come γευσαμενος, εφ' ίκανον τε having tasted, for alongertime and and tasting it, and con-

\* Vatican Manuscrift.—4, as far as Asia~omit. 5. And these going. 11. Bread. † 3. Acts ix. 23; xxiii. 12; xxv. 3; 2 Cor. xi. 26. † 4. Acts xix. 29; xxvii. 2; Col. † 4. Acts xxi. 1. † 4. Eph. vi. 21; Col. iv. 7, 2 Tim. iv. 12; Tit. iii. 12; † 4. Acts xxi. 29; 2 Tim. iv. 20. † 6. Exod. xii. 14, 15; xxii. 15. † 6. Acts xxi. 15. † 6. Acts xxi. 15. † 6. Acts xxi. 16. † 7. 1 Cor. xvi. 2; Rev. i 10. † 7. 1 Cor. i. 42; 10. Matt. ix. 24

<sup>12</sup> Ηγαύμιλησας αχρις αυγης, ούτως εξηλθεν. baving conversed till day-break, so he departed. They departed. γον - δε τον παιδα ζωντα, και παρεκληθησαν ου living, and were comforted brought and the youth not 13 Hucis de προελθοντες επ. μετριως.  $\tau o$ a little. We but going before :he πλοιον, ανηχθημεν εις το Ασσον, εκειθεν μελto the insarled Assos, there λοντες αναλαμβανειν τον Παυλον ούτω γαρ ην for it was to take in again the Paul; 80 î4 'Ωs διατεταγμενος, μελλων αυτος πεζευειν. When having been arranged, being about himself to go on foot. δε συνεβαλεν ήμιν εις την Ασσον, αναλαβοντες and he met with us at the Asson, having again received αυτον ηλθομεν εις Μιτυληνην· 15 κακειθεν αποwe came to Mitylene; and thence lene. πλευσαντες, τη επιουση κατηντησαμεν αντικρυ ing sailed away, untile morrow we came opposite Τη δε έτερα παρεβαλομεν εις Σαμον. Uhtos. In the and another we touched at Samos: \*[και μειναντες εν Τρωγυλλικ,] τη εχοιιενη in the following 16 Κεκρικει γαρ δ Παυ-Had determined for the Paul ηλθομεν εις Μιλητον. Miletus. we came to λος παραπλευσαι την Εφεσον, όπως μη γενηται the Ephesus, so that not it might be αυτώ χρονοτριβησαι εν τη Ασια· εσπευδε γαρ, in the tor hun to spend time Asia, he was hastening for, ει δυνατον ην αυτή, την ήμεραν της πεντηκόσif possible it was for him, the day of the pentecost της γενεσθαι εις Ίεραπολυμα. 17 Απο δε της to be From and the Jerusalem. TECOST. Μιλητου πεμψας εις Εφεσον, μετεκαλεσατο Miletus having sent 10 Ephesus, he called for 18 'Ως δε τους πρεσβυτερους της εκκλησιας. ofthe congregation. When and παρεγενοντο προς αυτον, είκεν αυτοίς. Υμείς hun, he said to them; You επιστασθε, απο πρωτης ημερας αφ ής επεβην first in which I cutered day εις την Ασιαν, πως με $\theta$ ' ύμων τον παντα χρονον how with you the whule

19 δουλευων το κυριώ μετα πασης εγενυμην, I was. serving the Lord ταπεινοφροσυνης και δακρυων και πειρασμων, and tears and temptations, των συμβαντων μοι εν ταις επιβουλαις των the PLOTS of the JEWS; of those having happened to me by the of the 20 how 11 kept back Ιουδαιων. 20 ώς ουδεν ύπεστειλαμην των συμ-Jews. how nothing I kept back of that being

φεροντων, του μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν και διδαξαι the aut to declare to you and οικους. 21 διαμαρτυρομε-

ύμα**ς δημ**οσια και **κ**ατ' you publicly and to houses, earnestly lestifying

versed for a long time even till Day-break, he so

12 And they brought the You'rn alive, and were not a little comforted.

- 13 But we, having gone before to the SHIP, sailed 'e Assos, there intending to take PAUL in again; for it was so arranged, he being about to go by land.
- 14 And when he met us at Assos, we received him, and came to Mity-
- 15 And sailing thence, on the NEXT day we came opposite to Chios; and on \*the NEXT we arrived at Samos; and having remained at Trogyllium, on the FOLLOWING we came to Miletus.
- 16 For PAUL had determined to sail by Ephesus. that it might not be necessary for him to spend time in Asia; I for he was his-tening, if it were possible for him, I to be at Jerusalem on t the DAY of PEN-
- 17 But sending from MILETUS to Ephesus, he called to him the Elders of the congregation.
- 18 And when they were come to him, he said to them, " You know, I from the First Day in which I came into Asia, how I was the WHOLE Time with
- 19 serving the Lord with all humility, and with Tears, and THOSE Trials wluch happened to me ! by
- NOTHING that was PROFIT-ABLE; neglecting not to declare to you and to teach you publicly, and at your Houses;
  - 21 earnestly testifying

Various Manuscript -15, in the evening we arrived. rogyilmm-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> and remained at

<sup>† 16.</sup> Acts xvm. 21; xix. 21; xxi. 4, 12. tor, xvi. 8. 1 18. Acts xvm. 19; xix 1, 10. 1 16. Acta xxiv 17. Cor. xvi. 8. 1 19 verse 3.

νος Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι την εις τον θεον the towards the to Jews both and Greeks God μετανοιαν, και πιστιν την εις τον κυριον ήμων faith that towards the Lord reformation, and ofus 22 Και νυν ιδου, δεδεμενος Ιησουν Χριστον. lo, having been bound Anointed. And now εγω τω πνευματι, πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, Jerusalem, in the spirit, to go to ειδως,  $\tau \alpha$ εν αυτη συναντησοντα μοι μη the things in her shall be happening to me not knowing. <sup>23</sup> πλην ότι το πνευμα το άγιον κατα πολιν except that the spirit the hosy διαμαρτυρεται μοι, λεγον, ότι δεσμα με και to me, saving, that bonds me and  $u\nu$ .  $^{24}$  A $\lambda\lambda$  ou $\delta\epsilon\nu$ os  $\lambda$ o $\gamma$ o $\nu$   $\pi$ olo $\nu$ - $\theta \lambda_i \psi \epsilon_i s \ \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu \sigma_i \nu$ . afflictions await. Dat of no account I make. μαι, ουδε εχω την ψυχην μου τιμιαν εμαυτφ, the lite ot me valuat le to myself, \*[μετα χαρας,] ώς τελειωσαι τον δρομον μου so that to finish the course of me with tov.1 και την διακονιαν ήν ελαβον παρα του κυριου and the service which breceived from the Lord διαμαρτυρασθαι τα ευαγγελιον THS Ιησου, to earnestly declare the gla l tidings of the χαριτος του θεου. 25 Και νυν ιδου, εγω οιδα, tavor of the God. And now lo. know. ότι ουκετι οψεσθε το προσωπον μου ύμεις πανthat no longer will see the face of me you διηλθον κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν TES, EV DIS among whom I have gone about proclaiming the kingdom \*  $[\tau_{0} \upsilon \theta \epsilon_{0} \upsilon.]$ 26 Διο μαρτυρομαι ύμιν εν τη Therefore Ltestify God. to you in the ότι καθαρος εγω ημερα,  $\alpha \pi o$  $\tau o v$ σημερον this day. that clean from the αιματος παντων. 27 ου γαρ υπεστειλαμην του not blood orali, for i kept back μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν πασαν την βουλην του to you ail to declare the wid of the not 25 Προσεχετε \*[ουν] έαυτοις και παντι  $\theta \epsilon o \nu$ . God. Take heed [therefore] to your-cives and to all εν 'ω ύμας το πνευμα το άγιον τω ποιμνιω, in which you the flock. spirit the holy εθετο επισκοπους, πυιμαινειν την εκκλησιαν placed overseers, to feed the congregation του κυριου, ήν περιεποιησατο δια του αίματος of the Lord, which he purchased through the blood  $^{29}$ Εγω γαρ οιδα \*[τουτο,] ότι  $\epsilon$ ιστου ιδιου. of the own. for know [this,] that shall

both to Jews and Greeks, to reformation towards God, and that Faith which is towards our Lord Jesus Christ.

22 And now behold, theing constrained by the Spirit, F go to Jerusalem, not knowing the things which will happen to me

there;

23 except That the HOLY SPIRIT testifies to me in every City, saying That Bonds and Affictions await Me.

24 ‡ But \* of No Account make I LIFE precious to myself, so that I may finish my courses, even the service which treceived from the Lond Jesus, earnestly to declare the GLAD TIDINGS of the FAVOR of GOD.

25 And now, behold, † # know That gou all, among whom I have gone proclaming the KINGDOM of GOD, will see my face no more.

26 Therefore I testify to you this Day, That \* I am pure from the BLOOD of All;

27 for I kept not back from announcing \* All the will of God to you.

28 ‡ Take heed to your-selves, therefore, and to All the FLOCK among whom the HOLY SPIRIT made you Overseers, to feed † the CHURCH of GON, ‡ which he acquired by the BLOOD of his own.

29 For # know, That

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—24. of No Account make I life precious to myself. 24, with Joy—omit. 25. of Gop—omit. 26. I am pure. 27. All the will of Gop to you. 28. therefore—omit. 28. the current of Gop. 29. this—omit,

<sup>† 28.</sup> The Common Version and Vatican MS, have been followed in the above rendering Griesbach, and nearly all modern editors, read "Church of the Lord." The phrase ecclesia tou Kuruou nowhere occurs in the New Testament, while ecclesia tou theou occurs about to times in Paul's epistles. There are no less than six different readings of this phrase in Use MSS, which have probably arisen from a presumed difficulty in understanding it in cornection with the latter part of the sentence—"purchased with his own blood." But read it as it stands in the original, and its till makes good sense, without rejecting the reading of the most ancient MS, and some of the oldest Peshito Syriac copies. The reader can supply the elliptical word after own, whether it be Son, or Lamb, or Sacrifice. Thus, "feed the опшиси of God, which he acquired by the blood of his own [Son.]

епинси оf God, which ne acquired by sac short 51.1. Inde xxiv. 47; Acts ii. 38. [22. Acts xiv. 21. [23. Acts xxi. 4, 11; 1] Thess. iii. 3. [24. Acts xxi. 13; Rom viii. 35., 2 Cor. iv. 16. [25. ver. 38; Lom. xv. 23. [28. 1 Pet. v. 2. [28. Eph. i. 7, 14. Col i. 14; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 19, Lev. v. 9.

ελευσονται μετα την αφιζιν μου λυκοι βαρεις enter the departure of me wolves rapacious εις ύμας, μη φειδομενοι του ποιμνιου. 30 και the flocks and not sparing among you, εξ ύμων αυτων αναστησονται ανδρες λαλουνwill arise from yourselves τες διεστραμμενα, του αποσπαν τους μαθητας perverse things, the the to draw away the disciples οπισω αύτων. γρηγορειτε, μνημονευwatch you, them. Therefore rememberεντες, δτι τριετιαν νυκτα και ήμεραν ουκ επαυing, that three years night and day σαμην μετα δακρυων νουθετων ένα έκαστον.  $\frac{\partial u_{\mu \nu}}{\partial t}$  with tears admonishing one each.

S Και τανυν παρατιθεμαι ύμας,  $\frac{\partial u_{\nu}}{\partial t}$  (αδελζοι,  $\frac{\partial u_{\nu}}{\partial t}$ ) to the And now Leonmend you, [brethren,] to the θεφ και τφ λογφ της χαριτος αυτου, τφ δυνα-God and to the word of the of him, to that being favor μενω εποικοδομησαι, και δουναι ύμιν κληρονοand to give you an inherito build up, μιαν εν τοις ήγιασμενοις πασιν. 33 Αργυριου η. tance among those having been sanctified all. χρυσιου ίματισμυυ ουδενος  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta \nu u \gamma \sigma \alpha$ η of no one gold or rainient I coveted: 34 αυτοι γινωσκετε, ότι ταις χρειαις μου και yourselves. that the necessities of me and you know, τοις ουσι μετ' εμου ύπηρετησαν οί χειοες αύται. those being with me supplied the hands these.  $^{35}$  Παντα ὑπεδειξα ὑμιν, ὑτι οὑτω κοπιωντας Allthings I pointed out to you, that 10 αντιλα ιβανεσθαι  $\tau\omega\nu \rightarrow \alpha\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\nu\nu\nu\tau\omega\nu$ . to afd those μνημονευείν τε των λογων του πυρίου Ιησου, words of the Lord to remember and the ότι αυτος είπε. Μακαρίον εστί μαλλον δίδοναι, that he said; Blessed itis more to give, <sup>36</sup> Και ταυτα η λαμβανειν.  $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$ , than to receive. And these things having said, having placed τα γονατα αύτου, συν πασιν αυτοις προσηνξατο. knees of himself, with all those he prayed. <sup>37</sup> Ίκανος δε εγενετο κλαυθμος παντων· και and was weeping of all; επι τον τραχηλον του Παυλου,  $\in \pi \iota \pi \in \sigma \cup \nu \tau \in S$ having fallen on the neck of the Paul, αυτον: 38 οδυνωμενοι μαλιστα κατεφιλουν they affectionately kisned him; sorrowing most of all επι τω λογω 'ω ειρηκει, ότι ουκετι, μελλουσι

after my DEPARTURE ‡ rapacious Wolves will come in among you, not sparing the FLOCK;

- 30 t and \* of you will Men arise speaking perverse things, to Draw AWAY DISCIPLES after them.
- 31 Therefore watch, re membering That for three years, by Night and by Day, I ceased not to admonish every one with Tears.
- 82 And now I commend you \* to God, and to that word of his favor, which is able to edify, and to give you tan inheritance among all those who were sanctified.
- 33 I have coveted no man's Silver, or Gold, or Apparel;
- 34 you yourselves know ‡ That these names have served my necessitiles, and those who were with me.
- 35 I have showed you in All things, ‡That by thins laboring you ought to assist the weak, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, That he said, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.''
- 36 And having said these words, he kneeled, and prayed with them all.
- 37 And there was much weeping among them all; and falling on PAUL's NFCK, they affectionately kissed him,
- 38 grieving chiefly for the WORDS which has spoke, That they should see his face no more. And they accompanied him to the SHIP.

το προιτωπον αυτου θεωρειν.

of him

ship.

face

αυτον εις το πλοιον.

to the

the

for the word which he spoke, that no more, they are about

to see.

Προεπεμπον δε

They accompanied and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-30. of you will men arise, to the LORD, and to THAT WORD.

<sup>32.</sup> brethren-omit. 33

<sup>† 29.</sup> Matt. vii. 15; 2 Pet. ii. 1. † 30. 1 Tim. i. 20; 1 John ii. 10. † 32. Actr xxvi. 18; Eph. i. 18; Col. i. 12; iii. 24; Heb. ix. 15; 1 Pet. i. 4. † 34. Acts xxiii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 35. Rom. xv. 1; 1 Cor. ix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 9, 12; xii. 18; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. iv. 11; v. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 8.

# ΚΕΦ, κα', 21.

' Ωs δε εγενετο αναχθηναι ήμας αποσπασθεν-When and it happened to have sailed us having separated τας  $\alpha \pi$ '  $\alpha v \tau \omega v$ ,  $\epsilon v \theta v \delta \rho \rho \mu \eta \sigma \alpha v \tau \epsilon s$   $\eta \lambda \theta \rho \mu \epsilon v$   $\epsilon \iota s$  from them, having run a straight course we came to  $\tau\eta\nu$  Kw,  $\tau\eta$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\dot{\epsilon}\xi\eta s$   $\dot{\epsilon}\iota s$   $\tau\eta\nu$  PoSov,  $\kappa\alpha\kappa\epsilon\iota\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\dot{\epsilon}\iota s$  the Coos, the and next to the Rhodes, and thence to 2 Και εύροντες πλοιον διαπερων εις Παταρα. And having found a ship passing over Φοινικην, επιβαντες ανηχθημεν.  $^3$  Ava $\phi$ a $\nu$  $\epsilon$  $\nu$ -Having come in Phenicia, going on board we set sail. τες δε την Κυπρον, και καταλιποντες αυτην view and the Cypius, and having left behind ευωνυμον, επλεομεν εις Συριαν, και κατηχθηwe sailed into Syria, on the left. and were brought μεν εις Τυρον' εκεισε γαρ ην το πλοιον αποthere Tyre. for was the ship 4 Και ανευροντες φορτιζομενον τον γομον. the freight. And having found τους μαθητας, επεμειναμέν αυτου ήμερας έπτα. the disciples. we remained there days seven: οίτινες τω Παυλω ελεγον δια του πνευματος, these to the Paul said through the spirit, <sup>5</sup> Ότε δε εγεμη αναβαινειν εις Ίεροσολυμα. to Jerusalem. When and νετο ήμας εξαρτισαι τας ήμερας, εξελθοντες sappened us to have completed the days, having gone out επορευομεθα, προπεμποντων ήμας παντων συν se went our way. accompanying 118 211 with γυναιξι και τεκνοις, έως εξω της πολεως και till outside of the wives and children. city; το γονατα επι τον αιγιαλον, προσηυhaving placed the knees on the shore, we prayed. <sup>6</sup> Και ασπασαμενοι αλληλους,  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \beta \eta$ -And having embraced each other, μεν εις το πλοιον εκεινοι δε ύπεστρεψαν εις ship, they and returned luto teredinto the 7 'Ημεις δε τον πλουν διανυσαντες, τα ιδια. and the voyage We having nushed, απο Τυρου κατηντησαμέν έις Πτολέμαιδα και we came down to Ptolemais, and ασπασαμενοι τους αδελφους, εμειναμεν ήμεραν hrethren, we remained having embraced the 8Τη δε επαυριον εξελθοντες μιαν παρ' αυτοις. them On the and morrow having gone out ηλθομέν εις Καισαρείαν και εισελθοντες into Cesarea. and having entered τον οικον Φ.λιππου του ευαγγελιστου, οντος the Evangelist, being the house of Phinp <sup>9</sup> Τουτφ των έπτα, εμειναμεν παρ' αυτώ. seven we remained with To this δε ησαν θυγατερες παρθενοι τεσσαρες προφηvirgins four being daughters 10 Επιμενοντων δε ήμων ημερας TEUDVOQL. eifted with prophecy. Continuing and of us days

# CHAPTER XXI,

[Chap. 21: 10.

- 1 Now it occurred, when we had separated from them, and had sailed, having run a straight course we came to Coos; and on the FOLLOWING day to RHODES, and thence to Patara.
- 2 And having found a Ship passing over to Phenicia, going on board we sailed.
- 3 And arriving in view of CYPRUS, and leaving it on the left, we sailed into Syria, and landed at Tyre; for there the SHIP was to unload its FREIGHT.
- 4 And having found the DISCIPLES we remained there seven Days; ‡ and these told PAUL, through the SPIRIT, not to go up to Jerusalem.
- 5 And it happened when we had completed the DAYS, we went our way; they all accompanying us with Wives and Children, till out of the CITY; and Tkneeling down on the SHORE, we prayed.
- 6 And having embraced each other, we entered the site; and they returned to \$\pm\$ their own homes.
- 7 And having finished the voyage, from Tyre we went down to Ptolemans, and having embraced the BRETHREN, we remained one Day with them.
- 8 And departing on the NEXT day we came to Cc-sarea; and having entered the house of that Philip the evangelist, tho was one of the seven, we lodged with him.
- 9 And this man had four Virgin Daughters. ‡ who prophesied.
- 10 And as we continued there many Days, a Cer-

πλειους, κατηλθε τις απο της Ιουδαίας προφηmany, came down a certain from the Judea a proτης ονοματι Αγαβος: 11 και ελθων προς ήμας, Agains. thet by name and having come to και αρας την ζωνην του Παυλου, δησας τε and having taken the gir'le of the Paul, having bound and αύτου τας χειρας και τους ποδας, ειπε. Ταδε Thus or hunself the hands and the fret, said. Τον ανδρα, λεγει το πνευμα το άγιον οú says the spirit the holy; The man, of whom εστιν ή ζωνη αύτη, ούτω δησουσιν εν Ίερουσαis the girdle this, so shallband in λημ οι Ιουδαιοι, και παραδωσουσιν εις χειρας into hands tem the and deliver  $^{12}$  Ως δε ηκουσαμέν ταυτα, παρεκαεθνων. o Gentiles. When and they heard these things, entreated λουμεν ήμεις τε και οί εντυπιοι, του μη αναwe both and those of the place, of the not to  $\beta$  aireir autor eis lepoutalnu.  $^{13}$  Apekriby Se Jerusalem. him to Answered and ύ Παυλος: Τι ποιειτε, κλαιοντες και συνθρυπ-the Paul, What do you, weeping and breaking τοντες μου την καρδιαν: εγω γαρ ου μονον for not of me the heart? Ì only δεθηναι, αλλα και αποθανειν εις Ίερουσαλημ to die in Jerusaleur to be hound, but also έτοιμως εχω ύπερ του ονοματος του κυριου n readmess in behalf of the name of the Lord 14 Μη πειθομένου δε αυτου, ήσυχασα-Ιησου. Not being persuaded and of him. we were silent, μεν, ειποντες. Το σελημα του κυριου γενεσθω. The will of the Lord let it be done.

 $^{15}$  Μετα δε τας ήμερας ταυτας αποσκευασα-After and the days these packing up bagμενοι ανεβαινομεν εις Ίερουσαλημ. 16 Συνηλ we went up to Jerusatem. Went with PARE θυν δε και των μαθητων απο Καισαρειας ιτυν and also of the disciples from Cesarea ήμιν, αγοντες παρ' 'ω ξενισθωμεν, Μνασωνι us, leading with whom we might lodge, to Mnason 17 Γενομενων δε τινι Κυπριφ, αρχαιφ μαθητη. one a Cyprian. an old disciple. Having arrived and ήμων εις Ίεροσολυμα, ασμενως εδεξαντο ήμας gladly of us to Jerusalem. received 19 Τη δε επιουση εισηει ό Παυλος οί αδελφοι. the bretbren. On the and next had entered the Paul σιν ήμιν προς Ιακωβον. παντές τε παρέγενονto Jaures; all with us το οί πρεσβυτεροι. 19 Και ασπασαμενος αυτους, elders Aud having saluted the them. εξηγειτο καθ' έν έκαστον, ών εποιησεν δ θεος one by one, which did the God he related

tain Prophet, named ‡Agabus, came down from Ju-DEA.

11 And coming to us, taking Paul's Girdle and having bound his \*feet and Hands, he said, "Thus says the holy spirit, is o will the Jews at Jerusalem bind the Man who owns this girdle, and deliver him into the Hands of the Gentiles."

12 And when we heard these things, both we and THOSE of that place, entreated him not to GO UP to Jerusalem.

13 But Paul answered, ‡ "What do you, weeping and breaking My Heart? for £ am ready not only to be bound, but also to die at Jerusalem in behalf of the NAME of the LORD Jesus."

14 And he not being persuaded, we were silent, saying, ‡"Let the WILL of the LORD be done."

15 And after these days, packing up our baggage, we went up to Jerusalem.

16 And some of the DISCIPLES also from Cesarea accompanied us, conducting us to one Mnason, a Cyprian, an Old Disciple, with whom we might lodge.

17 ‡ And on our arriving at Jerusalem, the BRETHREN received us gladly.

18 And on the FOLLOW-ING day, PAUL went in with us to #James; and all the ELDERS were present.

them, the particularly related what things God damong the Gentiles by this MINISTRY.

service

εν τοις εθνεσι δια της διακονίας αυτου.

among the Gentiles through the

of him.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-11. FRET and E MDs, he said.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xi. 23. † 11. ver. 33; Acts xx. 23. † 13. Acts xx. 24. † 14. Matt. vi. 10; xxvi. 42; Luke xi. 2; xxii. 42. † 17. Acts xv. 4. † 18. Acts xv. 18 inac i 19; ii 9. † 19. Acts xv. 4, 12; Rom xv. 15, 19. † 19. Acts xv. 24

δε ακουσαντες εδοξαζον τον θεον ειπον τε the God; they said and and having heard glorified αυτ $\phi$  Θ ωρεις, αδελι $\phi$ ε, ποσαι μυριαδας εισιν το him. Thouseest, O brother, how many myriads are 1ουδαιων των πεπιστευκοτων· και παντες ζηλωzealots of Jews of those having believed; and , all 21 Κατηγηθησαν δε ται του νομου ύπαρχουσι. of the law being. They were informed and σου, ότι αποστασιαν διδασκεις απο  $\pi \in \rho \iota$ oncerning thee, that th or teachest apostacy Μωυσεως τους κατα τα εθνη παντας Ιουδαιους,

those among the Gentiles 811 λεγων, μη περιτεμνείν αυτους τα τεκνα, μηδε not to circumcise them the children, nor <sup>22</sup>Τι ουν εστι: παντως σοις εθεσι περιπατειν. the customs to walk. What then is 11? certainl \*[δει πληθος ουνελθειν·] ακουσώνται \*[ναρ,] .nust a multitude to assemble; ] they will hear [101.] <sup>23</sup> Τουτο ουν ποιησον, δ σοι ύτι εληλυθας.

ιχοντες εφ' έαυτων. These having taken, άγνισθητι συν αυτοις, και  $\delta a \pi a \nu \eta \sigma o \nu \in \pi$ be thou purified with them, and be at expense (or αυτοις, ίνα ξυρησωνται την κεφαλην, και γνω them, that they may shave the head. will σονται παντες, ότι ών κατηγηνται περι that the things they have been informed concerning σου ου**δεν εστιν, α**λλα στοιχει**ς και α**υτος τον thee nothing is, but walkest or lerly also hunself the  $^{25}$  Περι  $\delta \epsilon \tau \omega \nu \pi \epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \nu \kappa \sigma$ νομον φυλασσων. kceping. Concerning but those having be- $\tau\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\theta\nu\omega\nu$   $\eta\mu\epsilon\iota s$ επεστειλαμεν, κριναντές

"[uηδεν τοιουτον τηρειν αυτους, ει μη] φυ-[nothing such like to observe them, if not] to  $\lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i$  αυτους το, τε ειδωλοθυτον και το  $\kappa \epsilon \epsilon \rho \nu$  themselves the, both things offered to iJols and the σίμα και πνικτον και πορνειαν.

sent word,

judging

CIMA KAI TVIKTOV KAI TOPVEIAV

hered of Gentiles we

<sup>26</sup>Τοτε ό Παυλος παραλαβων τους ανδρας, Paul having taken τη εχομενη ήμερα συν αυτοις αγνισθεις εισηει onthetollowing with them being purified entered day εις το ίερον, διαγγελλων την εκπληρωσιν των into the temple, announcing the completion of the ημερων του άγνισμου, έως ού προσηνεχθη purification, till of which they offered of the days 27 ' 25 ύπερ ένος έκαστου αυτων ή προσφορα. in behalf of one of each of them the When δε εμελλον αί έπτα ήμεραι συντελεισθαι, οί απο and were about the seven to be completed, those from days της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι θεαπαμενοι αυτον εν τω ίερω, Jens having seen him in the temple, 20 And THEY, having heard, glorified God, and said to him, "Thou seest, brother, how Many Myriads \* there are, among the Jews, of THOSE who who RELIFVE, and all are ‡ Zealots for the LAW.

21 And they have been informed concerning thee, That thou teachest ALL the Jews among the Gentiles to apostatize from Moses, telling them not to exeruncise their Children, nor to follow the CLSTOMS.

23 What is it then? They will certainly hear That thou hast come.

23 Do thus, therefore, which we say to thee. We have four Men who have a Vow on them;

24 take them, and be purified with them, and be at expense for them, that they may ‡ shave the HEAD; and all will know That those things of which they were informed concerning thee are not correct; but that thou the self walkest orderly, keeping the LAW.

25 But concerning the Believing Gentiles † we have sent word, judging that they avoid what is offered to IDOLS, and Blood, and what is Strangled, and Fornication."

26 Then Paul took the Men, and on the following Day being purified with them, ‡ entered the TEMPLE, ‡ announcing the COMPLETION of the DAYS of PURIFICATION; till the OFFERING should be offered in behalt of each one of them.

27 But when the SEVEN DAYS were about to be completed, the Jews from Asia seeing him in the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. there are among the Jews, of THOSE who BELIEVE. 22. the Multitude must assemble—omit. 22. for—omit. 25. that they observe no such thing, except—omit.

<sup>1 24.</sup> Num. vi. 2, 13, 18; Acts xvm. 18 1 26. Num. vi. 13.

συνεχεον παντα τον οχλον, και επεβαλον επ' stirred up all the crowd, and put on αυτον τας χειρας, 28 κραζοντες. Ανδρες Ισραηλιthe hands, ciying, Men 1sraelται, βοηθείτε ούτος εστίν ό ανθρωπος, δ κατα help you, this is the man, who against του λαου και του νομου και του τοπου τουτου the people and the law and the place this πωντας πανταχου διδασκών ετι τε και Έλληeverywhere is teaching, besides and also νας εισηγαγεν εις το ίερον, και κεκοινωκε τον he led into the tempte, and has made common the άγιον τοπον τουτον. 2) (Ππαν γαρ προεωρακοplace Were for having seen before holy this. τες Τροφιμού του Εφεσιών εν τη πολεί συν Trophiums the Epitesian in the city αυτφ, δυ ενομιζου ότι εις το ίερου εισηγαγευ ό him, whom they supposed that into the temple led the Παυλος.) 30 Εκινηθη τε ή πυλις όλη, και εγενε-Was moved and the city whole, and Paul.) was το συνδρομη του λαου και επιλαβομενοι του a running together of the people; and having taken hold of the Πωμλου, είλκον αυτον εξω του ίερου. και I'ml, they were dragging him outside of the temple; and επίτως εκλεισθησαν αί θυναι. 31 Ζητουν**τω**ν were closed the gates. δε αυτον αποκτειναι, ανεβη φασις τω χιλιαρχώ to Aill, went up a report to the commander της σπειρης, ότι όλη συνκενυται Ίερουσαλημ. of the band, that whole was in confusion Jerusalem : <sup>3</sup> ός εξαυτης παραλαβών στρατιώτας και έκαwho immediately having taken \*oldiei\* and τονταρχους, κατεδραμέν επ' Oi de autous. They and turisps, ran down nnon them. ιδοντες τον χιλιαργον και τους στρατιωτας, the commander and the soldiers.  $^{33}$  To $au\epsilon$ Παυλον. ETAUTAPTES TUTTOPTES TOP Paul. beating the Then  $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \iota \sigma \alpha s$   $\delta \chi \iota \lambda \iota \alpha \rho \chi \sigma s$   $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \tau \sigma$  autou, kall having approached the community little of thim, and εκελευπε δεθηναι άλυπεπι δυπι και επυνθαto be bound with chains two, orde, ed bas inquired, νέτο, τις αν είη, και τι έπτι  $\pi \in \pi \circ \iota \eta \kappa \omega s$ . who it might be, and what it is having been done. <sup>34</sup> Αλλοιδε αλλο τι εβοων εν τφ οχλφ. Others and another thing were riging in the crowd. Not δυναμένος δε γνωναι το ασφαλές δια τον θορυbeing able and to know the certainty through the tumult, Βου, εκελευσεν αγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμhe ordered to be brought | bim | tato the βολην. 35 'Οτε δε εγενετο επιτους αναβαθμους, When and he came on the eteps, συνεβη βασταζεσθαι αυτον ύπο των στρατιωthe it happened to be carried him by soldiers

των δια την βιαν του οχλου. 36 ηκολουθει γαρ

through the violence of the crowd.

TEMPLE, stirred up All the crown, ‡ and land HANDS on him,

28 exclaiming, "Israelites, help! This is that Man ‡ who teaches all men everywhere against the People, and the law, and this flace; and besides he brought Greeks into the temple, and made this holy Place common."

29 (For they had previously seen ‡Trophimus the Ephesian, in the CITY with him, whom they imagned That PALL had brought into the TEMPLE.)

30 ‡ And all the CITY was moved, and there was a running together of the PEOPLE; and having scized PAUL they dragged him out of the TEMPLE; and the GATES were instantly closed.

31 And while they were seeking to kill Ilim, a Report went up to the COMMANDER of the COHORT, That All Jerus-lem was in confusion;

32 ‡ who immediately having taken Soldiers and Centurions, rushed down upon them, and THEY, seeing the COMMANDER and the SOLDIERS, ceased beating PAUL.

33 Then the COMMAND-ER Coming near, seized him, and pordered him to be bound with two Chains; and inquired who he was, and what he has done.

54 And some among the CROWD shouted one thing, and some another; and not being able to ascertain the TRUTH on account of the TUMULT, he ordered him to be led into the CASTLE.

35 But when he was upon the STEPS, it happened that he was borne away by the SOLDIERS, because of the VIOLENCE of the CROWD.

for

το πληθος του λαου, κραζον Αιρε αυτον. the multitude of the people, crying; Lift up him.  $^{37}$  Μελλων τε εισαγεσθαι εις την παρεμβολην δ Being about and to be led into the castle the

Παυλυς, λεγει τφ χιλιαρχφ. Ει εξεστι μοι Paul, he says to the commander; If it is permitted for me ειπειν τι προς σε; 'Ο δε εφη: 'Ελληνιστι to say anything to thee? He and said, γινωσκεις: 38 Ουκ αρα συ ει δ Αιγυπτιος, δ understandest thon? Not then thou art the Egyptian who προ τουτων των ήμερων αναστατωτας the days having raised an insurrection and εξαγαγων εις την ερημον τους τετρακισχιλιους having led out into the desert four thousand the αν δρας των σικαριων ; Ειπε δε δ Παυλος· 39 εγω men of the Sicarii? Said and the Paul,

ανθρωπος μεν ειμι Ιουδαίος Ταρσευς, της Κιλιaman indeed am of Tarsus, of the a Jew Cıliδεομαι δε κιας ουκ ασημού πολεως πολιτης. not of a mean city a citizen. I beseech and σου, επιτρεψον μοι λαλησαι προς τον λαον. or thee, permit me to speak to the people. 40 Επιτρεψαντες δε αυτου, ό Παυλος έστως επι him, the Paul having been set on Having permitted and

των αναβαθμων κατεσείσε τη χειρι τω λας the steps waved with the hand to the people; πολλης δε σιγης γενομένης, προσεφωνησε τη

πολλης δε σιγης γενομένης, προσεφωνήσε τη great and silence occurring, he spoke in the

Έβραιδι διαλεκτώ, λεγων·
Rebrew dialect, saying

KE $\Phi$ .  $\kappa\beta'$ . 22.

1 Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, ακουσατε μου Men brethren and fathers, hearyon of me

της προς ύμας νυνι απολογίας.  $^2$  Ακουσαντες the to you now a ology. Hearing δε ότι τη Εβραίδι διαλέκτω προσεφωνεί αυτοίς, and that in the Hebrew dialect he was speaking to them,

μαλλον παρεσχον ήσυχιαν. Και φησιν  $^3$  εγω more they kept silence. And he said, I μεν ειμι ανηρ Ιουδαίος, γεγεννημενος εν Ταρσω tudeed am a man a Jew, having been born in Tarsus

της Κιλικιας; ανατεθραμμένος δε εν τη παλει of the Cibina? having been brought up and in the city ταυτη, παρα τους ποδας Γαμαλιηλ πεπαιδευμε-

this, at the feet of Gamaliei having been taught yos κατα ακριβείαν του πατνού νομου, ζηλω-

νος κατα ακριβείαν του πατνφού νόμου, ζηλωwith accuracy the ancestial law, a zeaτης ὑπαρχων του θεου, καθως παντες ὑμεις εστε
ot being of the God, even as all you are

 $\sigma\eta\mu\epsilon\rho\rho\nu^{-4}$  δs  $\tau\alpha\nu\tau\eta\nu$   $\tau\eta\nu$  δδον εδιωξα  $\alpha\chi\rho\iota$  to day; who this the way 1 persecuted that

† 38. Josephus mentions this Egyptian as having raised a mobof 30,000 men, (or as some think it originally read 4,000.) which he led against Jerusalem, as far as Mount Olivet, but was suddenly dispersed by Felix. † 38. The Sicarii were a body of rebels mentioned

by Josephus, Wars b. vii, c. 10, § 1.

† 36. Luke xxiii. 18; John xxx. 15; xxii. 22.
ix. 11; xxii. 2.
† 2.
† 38.
† 1. Acts
† 1. Acts
† 1. Acts
† 1. Acts
† 3.
† 3.
† 3.

36 for the MULTITUDE of the PEOPLE followed, crying, ‡"Take him away!"

37 And Paul being about to be led into the Castle, he says to the COMMANDER, "May I be allowed to say something to thee?" And HE said, "Dost thou understand Greek?"

38 Art thou not then that † Egyptian, who didst before These days, excite a Sedition, and lead out into the desert four thousand Men of the † Sicarii?"

39 But Paul said, ‡" ff am a Jew, of Tarsus in Cl-Licia, a Citizen of no Inconsiderable City; and I entreat thee, permit me to speak to the PEOPLE."

40 And having given him permission, PAUL, standing on the STEPS, waved the HAND to the PEOPLE; and when there was Great Silence, he addressed them in the HEBREW Dialect, saying,

# CHAPTER XXII.

1 "Men, ‡ Brethren, and Fathers, hear now My APOLOGY before you."

2 (And hearing that he spoke to them in the Hebrew Dialect, they kept greater silence; and he said,)

3 ‡" # am a Jew, born in Tarsus, of Cilicia, but, having been brought up in this city, at the feet of ‡Gamalicl, and accurately instructed in the ANCESTRAL LAW; ‡ being a Zealot for God, ‡ as nou all a re To-day.

4 And I persecuted This way to Death,

θανατου, δεσμευων και παραδιδους εις φυλακας death. binding and delivering into prisons αιδρας τε και γυναικας, 5 ώς και δ υρχιερευ. as also the high-pries men both and women, μαρτυρει μοι, και παν το πρεσβυτεριον πα, all the eldership. testifies to me, and from ών και επιστολας δεξαμένος προς τους αδέλwhomalso letters having received to the brethφους, εις Δαμασκον επορευομην, αξων to Damascus going to lead I went, and τους εκεισε οντας, δεδεμενους εις Ίερουσαλημ, thos there being, having been lound into Jerusatem, ίνα τιμωρηθωσιν. 6 Εγενετο δε μοι πορευομενφ that they might be punished. It happened and to me traveling και εγγιζουτι τη Δαμασκώ, περι μεσημβριαν and drawing near to the Damascus, anout εξαιτνης εκ του ουρανου περιαστοψαι φως ίκαsuddenly out of the heaven to shine round all the great νον περι εμε επεσον τε εις το εδαφυς, και about me, fell and on the ground. ηκουσα φωνης λεγουσης μοι Σαουλ, Σαουλ, τ: saying to me; Saul, Saul, why heard avoice  $^8$ E $\gamma \omega$  δε απεκριθην. HE SIGKEIS: Tis €1, me persecutest thou? and answered. Wh artthou. Εγω ειμι Ιησους ό κυριε: Ειπε τε προς με He said and ľ am :0 m, 9 Οίδε συν εμοι Ναζωραίος, δν συ διωπεία. Those and with me whom thou persecutest. εντες το με φως εθεασαντο, \* και εμφοβοι hang the indeed light 30.W [and terrified εγενοντη ] την x ∈ ¢ωνην ουκ ηκουσαν τουthey wer. 1 the but "oice not they heard of the  $^{10}$ Ειπον δε· Τι ποιησω, κυριε: λαλουντος μοι. speaking to me. I sat' and, What shall do, O Lord? 'Ο δε κυρίος είπε προς με. Αναστάς πορευου The an! Lord said to me, Having arisen go thou εις Δαμαπκον. κακει σοι λαληθησεται περι and there to thee it shall be told cone rning Dama:cus, σοι ποιησαι. 11 'Ως δ παντων, ών τετακται all things, which have been appointed further to do. ουκ ενεβλεπον απο της δυξης του φωτος εκειfrom the glory of the light of that, νου, χειραγωγουμενος ύπο των συνοντων μοιheing led by the hand by those being with me.

ηλθον εις Δαμασκον.

I came into Damascus.  $12 \, \text{Aνανίας} \, \delta \epsilon \, \tau \iota \varsigma$ ,

 $^{12}$  Avavias de  $\tau$ is, av $\eta \rho$  eu $\sigma \epsilon \beta \eta$ s  $\kappa a \tau a$   $\tau o \nu$ and one, a man pious according to the νομον, μαρτυρουμένος ύπο παντών των κατοιbу being lestified to all the κουντων Ιουδαιών,  $13 \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu$  προς με και επισhaving come to ding Jewa, me and having Σαουλ αδελφε, ειπε μοι αναβλεψον. Tas Saul O brother, said to me; took un. boots

binding and delivering into Prisons both Men and Wemen;

5 as the High-priest also\*is my witness, ‡ and All the Eldership; ‡from whom also receiving Letters to the Brethren, I went to Damascus to bring those who were there bound to Jerusalem, that they might be punished.

6 ‡ And it occurred, as I was traveling and drawing near to Damascus, about noon, suddenly a great Light from HEAVEN shone around me;

7 and I fell to the GROUND, and heard a Voice saying to me, 'Sanl, Saul, why dost thou persecute Mo f'

8 And I answered; 'Who art thou, Sir?' And he said to me, 'I am Jesus the NAZARENE, whom thou persecutest.'

9 And ‡ THOSE who WERE with me saw indeed the LIGHT, but they understood not the VOICE of HIM who SPOKE to me.

10 And I said, 'What shall I do, Lord?' And the LORD said to me, 'Arise, and go into Damascus, and there it shall be told thee of all things which are appointed for thee to de.'

11 And as I could not see from the GLORY of that LIGHT, being led by the hand of THOSE who WERE WITH ME, I came into Damascus.

12 And ‡ one Ananias, a pious Man according to the LAW, ‡ having a good tesimony from All the Jews restding there.

13 coming to me, and standing by, said to me 'Brother Saul, look up.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. did bear me witness.

<sup>9.</sup> and they were terrified-omit

14 °O Καγω αυτη τη ώρα ανεβλεψα εις αυτον. on lle Aud 1 in this the hour looked him. δε ειπεν: 'Ο θεος των πατερων ήμων προεχειριdestined The God of the fathers of us and said; σατο σε γνωναι το θελημα αύτου, και ιδειν τον thee to know the will of himself, and to see the δικαιον, και ακουσαι φωνην εκ του στοματος a core out of the ri liteous one, and to hear μαρτυς αυτφ προς παντας α ιτου: 10 ότι  $\epsilon \sigma \eta$ of him, because thou shalt be a witness for him to all 16 Ka1 ανθρωπους ών έωρικας και ηκουσας. of what thou hast seen and thou hast heard. men μελλεις; αναστας βωπτισαι, και απο-YUV TL n w why dostthondelay? having arisen be thou dipped, and λυσαι τας άμαρτιας σου, επικαλεσαμένος το having invoked tayself from the sins of thee, 17 Εγενετο δε μοι ύποστρεψαντι ονομα αυτου. It happened and to me having returned name of him. εις Ίερουσαλημ, και προσευχομένου μου έν τω otine in the and praying Jerusalem, temple,  $\gamma \in \nu \in \sigma \theta ai$   $\mu \in \varepsilon \nu$   $\varepsilon \kappa \sigma \tau \alpha \tau \in i$ , temple, to have been me in an ecstacy, 15 και ιδειν and 10 866 αυτον λεγοντα μοι Σπευσον, και εξελθε εν saying to me; Do thou hasten, and come out with ταχει εξ Ίερουσαλημ. διοτι ου παραδεξονται pred from Jerusalem; because not they will receive 19 Καγω ειπον· σου την μαρτυριαν περι εμου. And I said; e thee the testimony concerning me. Κυριε, αυτοι επιστανται, ότι εγω ημην φυλα-1mpristhat was ì O Lord, they know. κιζων και δερων κατα τας συναγωγας τους πισsynagogues coing and beating in the τευοντας επι σε· 20 και ότε εξεχειτο το αίμα on thee; and when was poured out the blood Στεφανου του μαρτυρος σου, και αυτος ημην myself martyr of thee, and was ot Stephen the και συνευδοκων, και φυλασσων τα εφεστως, kee ing the having been standing, and approving, and <sup>21</sup> Και ειπε ίματια των αναιρουντων αυτον. And he said mantles of those killing. him. προς με. Πορευου ότι εγω εις εθνη μακραν i to nations at a distance Go thou; for to me. 22 Ηκουον δε αυτου αχρι εξαποστελω σε.... till They heard and him thee. will send την φωνην και επηραν του λυγου, τουτου and they raised the word, the α των, λεγοντες. Αιρε απο της γης τον τοιου-Lift up from the earth the such a saying; τον ου γαρ καθηκεν αυτον ζην. <sup>23</sup> Κραυγα· to live. Crying lum person, not for it is fit ζυντων δε αυτων και βιπτουντων τα ίματια, και and and of them and tossing up the mantles, κονιορτον βαλλοντων εις τον αερα, 24 εκελευσεν ordered into the aır, dust throwing

And in That HOUR I looked upon him.

14 And HE said, ‡ The God of our fathers ‡ appointed thee to know his will, and to ‡ see that ‡ righted sone, and ‡ to hear a Voice from his Mouth;

15 ‡ for thou shalt be a Witness for him to All Men of ‡ what thou hast seen and heard.

16 And now, why dost thou delay? Arising, be immersed, ‡ and wash thyself from thy sins, ‡ having invoked his name.'

17 ‡ And it happened, when I returned to Jerusalem, and was praying in the TEMPLE, I was in a Trance,

18 and saw him saying to me, 'Make haste, and go quickly out from Jerusalem; because they will not receive \*Thy Testimony concerning me.'

19 And I said, 'Lord, then know That I was imprisoning and beating in the SYNAGOGUES THOSE BELIEVING on thee;

20 ‡ and when the BLOOD of Stephen, thy WITNESS, was poured out, £ also was standing by and consenting, and having in charge the MANTLES of THOSE WHO KILLED him.

21 And he said to me, t'Go; for E will send thee to NATIONS far away." ... 23 And they heard him to This word, and then raised their voice, saying, t "Take away such a man from the EARTH, for it is

not fit that he should live."

23 And as they were erving out, and tossing up their MANTLES, and through Dust into the AIR,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1S. Thy Testimony concerning me.

δ χιλιαρχος εισαγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμthe commander to lead him into the castle, μαστιξιν βολην, ειπων ανεταζεσθαι αυτον. with scourges him; saying to examine ίνα επιγνω ήν αιτιανούτως επεφωthat he might know, on account of what cause thus they were 23 '125 δε προετεινάν αυτον τοις αυτω. As and they stretched out him with the c ying against him. ίτασιν, ειπε προς τυν έστωτα έκατονταρχον δ said to the standing by centurion Παυλος. Ει ανθρωπον Ρωμαίον και ακατακρίτον a man a Roman and uncondemned εξεστιν ύμιν μαστιζειν; 26 Ακουσας δε δ έκαit is lawful for you to scourge? Having heard and the centaτονταρχος, προσελθων τω χιλιαρχω απηγγειλε, λεγων τι μελλεις ποιείν; ό γαρ ανθρωsaying; what artthon about to do? the for πος ούτος 'Ρωμαίος εστί. Επροσιλθών δε δ this a Roman 13. Having come to and the χιλιαρχος ειπεν αυτφ. Λεγε μοι, συ 'Ρωμαιος said to him; Tell me, thou a Roman commander  $^{28}$   $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta$   $\tau\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\chi\iota\lambda\iota\alpha\rho$ Answered and the comman- (ι; 'Ο δε εφη· Ναι. art? He and said; Yes. 1050 Εγω πολλου κεφαλαιου την πολιτειανsum o'money of a great the citizenship 'Ο θε Παυλος εφη. Εγω ταυτην εκτησαμην. The end this purchased. Paul said;  $\mathbf{E}^{i0}\mathbf{E}^{ij}\theta\epsilon\omega s$  our aperthoan  $\delta \epsilon$  και  $\gamma \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \mu \alpha i$ . but even have been born. l-omediately then went away οτ' αυτου οί μελλοντε : αυτον ανεταζειν. from him those being about inna δ χιλιαρχος δε εφυβηθη, επιγνους ότι Έωμαιος the commander also was afraid, haven gascertained that a Roman εστι, και ότι ην αυτον δεδεκως. 30 Τη δε επαυhe is, and that he was him having been bound. On the and morrow ριον βουλομένος γνωναι το ασφαλές, το τι καto know the certainty, that what τηγορειται παρα των Ιουδαιων, ελυσεν αυτον,

was accused of by the Jews, he loosed hun. και εκελευσεν συνελθειν τους αρχιερεις και παν ordered to come together the high-priests and η ι συνεδριον και καταναγων τον Παυλον, εσthe sanhedrim; and having led down the Panl. THEY ELS QUTOUS.

stood among them.

# KEΦ. $\kappa\gamma$ . 23.

<sup>1</sup> Ατενισας  $\delta \epsilon = \delta$ συνεδριώ, Παυλος  $\tau \omega$ Having looked intently and the Paul to the sauhedrim, ειπεν Ανδρες, αδελφοι, εγω παση συνειδησει said; Men, brethren. in all conscience αγαθη πεπολιτευμαι τω θεω αχρι ταυτης της good have been as a citizen to the God till this the 2 'Ο δε αρχιερευς Ανανιας επεi,μερας. . . . . The and high-priest Ananias

24 the COMMANDER ordered him to be led into the CASTLE, and to be examined with Scourges, so that he might know for what reason they thus cried against him.

25 And as they extended him with the THONGS, PAUL said to the CENTU-RION STANDING BY, ‡ " Is it lawful to scourge a Man, a Roman, and uncon-

demned ?"

26 And the Centurion having heard, went and told the COMMANDER, saying, "What art thou about to dor for this MAN is a Roman."

27 And the COMMANDER coming near said to him. "Tell me, art thou a Roman ?" And HE said. "Yes."

28 And the COMMAN-DER answered, " & purchased this citizenshir with a Great Sum of money." And PAUL said, "But I have even been bern so."

29 Then THOSE being about to examine him, immediately departed from him; and the COMMAN-DER also was afraid, having ascertained That he was a Roman, and Because he had bound him.

30 And on the NEXT DAY, desiring to know the CERTAINTY of WHAT he was accused by the Jews, he loosed him; and ordered the migh-priests and all the sanhedrim to come together, and having led Paur down, placed him before them.

#### CHAPTER XXIII. .

1 And PAUL carnestly looking on the SANHE-DRIM, said, "Brethren! I have lived before Gon in All good Conscience to This DAY,".....

2 And the HIGH-PRIEST, gave Ananias, ordered THOSE

<sup>25.</sup> Acts xvi. 37. Heb. xiii. 18

<sup>1.</sup> Acts xxiv. 16; 1 Cor. iv. 4; 2 Cor. i. 12; iv. 2; 2 Tim. 1. 3

ταξ€ τοις παρεστωσιν αυτώ, τυπτειν αυτου a charge to those having been standing by him, to strike of hun 3 Τοτε ό Παυλος προς αυτον ειπε· то отона. the mouth. Then the Paul to Τυπτειν σε μελλει ό θεος, τοιχε κεκονιαμένε. To strike thee is about the God, O wallhaving been whitewashed; και συ καθη κρινων με κατα τον νομον, και and thou sittest judging meaccording to the law, ıw, and <sup>4</sup>Οίδ∈ παρανομων κελευεις με τυπτεσθαι; violating the law thou orderest me to be struck? Those and  $\epsilon i\pi o \nu$  To  $\nu$  apx  $\epsilon i\epsilon \rho \epsilon \alpha$  To  $\theta \epsilon o \nu$  and; The high-priest of the God παρεστωτες having been standing by said; λοιδορεις; 5 Εφη τε δ Παυλος Ουκ ηδειν, Said and the Not i had known, revilest thou? Paul; αδελφοι, ότι εστιν αρχιερευς γεγραπται γαρ. brethren, that it is a high-priest; it is written Αρχοντα του λαου σου ουκ €D€1S Kakws. of the people of thee not thou shalt speak evil. Aruler 6 Γνους δε δ Παυλος, δτι το έν μερος εστι Σαδ-Knowing and the Panl, that the one part is of Sadδουκαιων, το δε έτερον Φαρισαιων, εκραξεν εν ducees, the and other of Pharisees, he cried out in τω συνεδριω. Ανδρες αδελφοι, εγω Φαρισαιος sanhedrun; Men brethren, 1 a Pharisee ειμι, υίος Φαρισαιου. περι ελπιδος και ανασam, a son of a Phartice; concerning hope and <sup>7</sup> Τουτο δε αυτου τασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι. of dead ones I being judged. This and of him λαλησαντος, εγενετο στασις των Φαρισαιων

having spoken, was a dispute of the Pharisees και των Σαδδουκαιων, και εσχισθη το πληθος. and the Sadducees, and was divided the S Σαδδουκαιοι μεν γαρ λεγουσι μη ειναι αναστα-Sadducees indeed for not to be say a resurrec-

σιν, μηδε αγγελον μητε πνευμα. Φαρισαιοι δε tion, nor a messenger nor a spirit; Pharisees. <sup>9</sup> Εγενετο δε κραυγη δμολογουσι τα αμφοτερα. Was confess the both. and an outery

και ανασταντες οί γραμματεις του μεγαλη. and having arisen the scribes of the μερους των Φαρισαιων διεμαχοντο, λεγοντες. Pharisees. party of the contended, saying;

Ουδεν κακον εύρισκομεν εν τφ ανθρωπφ τουτφ• man ίn the this;

ει δε πνευμα ελαλησεν αυτώ, η αγγελος. . . . . to him, or a messenger. if but aspirit spoke

10 Πολλης δε γενομένης στασέως, ευλαβηθείς δ dispute, and becoming fearing

χιλιαρχος μη διασπασθη δ Παυλος ὑπ' αυτων, commander lestwould be toru to pieces the Paul bу them, εκελευσε το στρατευμα καταβαν άρπασαι αυτον arnoed force having gone down to take him

STANDING BY him, I to strike him on the MOUTH.

3 Then PAUL said to him, "GoD is about to strike thee, O whitened Wall! and dost thou sit judging me according to the LAW, ‡and yet, violating the law, commandest me to be struck?"

4 And those standing ву said, "Dost thou revile the high-priest of God?"

5 And PAUL said, "I did not know, Brethren, That he was a High-priest: for it is written, Thou 'shalt not speak evil of the 'Ruler of thy PEOPLE.'"

6 And PAUL perceiving That the ONE Part were of the Sadducees, and the OTHER of the Pharisces, he exclaimed in the SANHE-DRIM, "Brethren, ‡ # am a Pharisce, †a Son \*of Pharisees; concerning the Hope and the Resurrection of the Dead \* I am being judged."

7 And having said this, there was a Dispute between the PHARISEES and the Sadducees; and the MULTITUDE was divided.

8 For indeed the Sad. ducees say, there is no Resurrection, nor Angel, nor Spirit; but the Pharisees confess Both.

9 And there was a great Clamor; and \* some of the SCRIBES OF the PARTY of Pharisers arising contended, saying, ‡" We find no Evil in this MAN; ‡and what if a Spirit or an Angel spoke to him?"......

10 And the Dispute becoming vehenient, COMMANDER, fearing that Paul would be torn in pieces by them, ordered the Troops to go down and take him by force from the

9. some

6. I am being judged.

23 : Mark xit. 18; Luke xx 27.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. of PHARISEES. of the scribes.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Or, a Disciple of the Pharisees.

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> Kings xxii, 24; Jer. xx. 2; John xviii, 22. † 3. Lev. xix. 35; Deut. xxv. 2; John vii, 51. † 5. Exod. xxii, 28; Eccl. x. 10; 2 Pet. ii, 10; Jude 8. † 6. Acts v. 15; Pltil. ii, 5. † 6. Acts xxiv. 15; 21; xxvi, 6; xxviii, 20. † 18. Matt. xxii; Mark xii, 18; Luke xx 27. † 9. Acts xxv. 25, 31. † 9. Acts xxii, 7, 7, 18. 1, 2; John vii. 51. Axvi. 5; Phil. 111. 5.

11 Τη δε επισση νυκτι επιστας αυτφ δ κυριος night having stood by him the Lord On the and next ειπε: Θαρσει: ώς γαρ διεμαρτυρω τα said. Take courage as for thou didst testify the things concerning εμου εις Ίερουσαλημ, ούτω σε δει και εις Ῥωso thecitbehovesalso in Rome me in Jerusalem, μην μαρτυρηται.

to testily. 12 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ποιησαντές συστρο-Becoming and day, having formed φην οί Ιουδαιοι, ανεθεματισαν έαυτους, λεγονacy the dews, they bound with a curse themselves, τες μητε φαγειν μητε πιειν έως ού αποκτεινωσι neither to eat nor drink till they might kill τον Παυλον· <sup>13</sup>ησαν δε πλειου**ς τεσσ**αρακοντα the Paul, were and more οί αυτην την συνωμοσιαν πεποιηκοτες. 14 οίτιthose this the conspiracy having been engaged; who νε προσελθοντες τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσ-BUTEDOIS, ELMOVE Αναθεματι ανεθεματισαμεν With a curse we have cursed said; έαυτους, μηδενος γευσασθαι έως ού αποκτεινωourselves, of nothing to taste till we have killed νεν τον Παυλον. <sup>15</sup> Νυν ουν ύμεις εμφανισατε τω the Paul. Now therefore you make known to the χιλιαρχώς συν τως συνεδριώς όπως αυτον καταcommander with the sanhedrim, in order that him he may γαγη προς ύμας, ώς μελλοντας διαγινωσκειν lead down to you, to examin**e** as being about ακριβεστερον τα περι αυτου ήμεις δε, προ more accurately thethings concerning him; we and, before εγγισαι αυτον, έτοιμοι εσμεν του ανελειν of the to have come nigh him, ready we are of the to kill αυτον. 16 Ακουσας δε δ νίος της αδελφης Παυ-Having heard but the son of the sister of Paul λου την ενεδραν, παραγενομενος και εισελθων the lying in wait, having come near and having gone εις την παρεμβολην, απηγηειλε το Παυλφ. into the he related to the Paul. castle, 17 Προσκαλεσαμενος δε δ Παυλος ένα των έκα-Having summoned and the Paul one of the cenτονταρχων, εφη. Τον νεανιαν τουτον απαγαγε he said; The young man this. fead thou προς τον χιλιαρχον εχει γαρ τι απαγγειλαι to the commander; he has for something to relate 18 Ο μεν ουν παραλαβων αυτον ηγαγε QUTW. to him. He indeed then having taken him led προς τον χιλιαρχον, και φησιν. Ο δεσαιος The said; commander. and prisouer Παυλος προσκαλεσαμενος με, ηρωτησε τουτον having summoned asked me, this τον νεανιαν αγαγειν προς σε, εχουτα τι λαληthe young man to lead to thee, having something to say

midst of them, and to lead him into the CASTLE.

11 # And on the FOI-LOWING Night the LOLE standing by him, said, "Take courage; for as thou didst testify the things concerning me in Jerusalem, so thon must also testify at Rome."

12 And when it was Day, the Jews, forming a Conspiracy, bound themselves with a Curse, declaring that they would neither eat nor drink till they had killed Paul.

13 And THOSE HAVING FORMED This CONSTIR-

ACY, were more than forty; 14 who having come to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS, said, "We have cursed ourselves with a Curse to taste nothing till we have killed Paul.

15 Now therefore, do pou, with the SANHEDRIM, intimate to the COMMAN-DER, that he may bring him down to you, as if you were about to examine more accurately the things concerning him; and we, before he COMES NEAR, are ready to KILL him."

16 But the son of Paul's sister having heard the PLOT, came up, and going into the CASTLE. told PAUL.

17 And PAUL, having called one of the CENTU-RIONS to him, said, "Conduct This Young Man to the COMMANDER, for he has something to tell him.\*2

18 Then HE took him and led him to the com-MANDER, and said, "Paul the PRISONER calling me to him, asked me to conduct This Young MAN to thee, who has something to tell thee."

19 And the COMMA. DER, taking him b, t o

19 Επιλαβομενος δε της χειρος αυτου

and the

σαι σοι.

to thee.

of him

hand

Il sving taken \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10, and-omit.

ό χιλιαρχος, και αναχωρησας κατ' ιδιαν, επυνthe commander, and having retned by one's self, θανετο. Τι εστιν δ εχεις απαγγειλαι moi: What is it which thou hast to relate to me? εθειπε δε 'Οτι οί Ιουδαιοι συνεθεντο του ερω-Jews agreed together of the to ask he said and; That the τησαι σε, όπως αυριον εις το συνεδριον καταγα-

thee, that to-morrow into the sanhedmathou may estlead γης τον Παυλον, ώς μελλοντές τι ακριβέστεbeing about something more accu-Paul, as 21 Συ ουν μη ρον πυνθανεσθαι περι αυτου. to investigate concerning him. Thou therefore not αυτοις ενεδρευουσι γαρ αυτον εξ for shouldst be persuaded by them; lie in wait αυτών ανδρές πλειους τεσσαρκοντα, οίτινες ανεwho bound forty. them men niore μητε θεματισαν έαυτους, μητε φαγειν  $\pi \iota \in \iota \nu$ to eat to drink with a curse themselves, neither nor έως ού ανελωσιν αυτον και νυν έτοιμοι εισι read: Nev are him, and now till they killed προσδεχομενοι την απο σου επαγγελιαν.

the from thee promise. looking for  $\frac{22}{10}$   $\frac{1}{10}$   $\frac{1}{10}$ the Foung The indeed then commander dı-misse νιαν, παραγγειλας μηδενι εκλαλησαι, ότι ταυτα having charged to no one to speak out, that these things <sup>23</sup> Και προσκαλεσαμενος ενεφαιιίας προς με. thou didst report to me. And having summoned δυο τινας των έκατονταρχων, ειπεν Έτοιμα-"wo certain of the centurions, he said: σατε στρατιωτας διακοσιους, όπως πορευθωσιν roady solds, ra two hundred. thist they may go ως Καισωρείας, και ίππεις εβδομηκοντα, και and horsemen ن sarea, seventy, and δεξιολ βους διακοσιους, απο τρ της ώρας της two hundred, from third hour ofthe spearmen PURTOS: 24 ΕΤηνη τε περαστησαι, ίνα επιβιβαhaving σαντες τον Παυλον προς Φηλικα διασωσωσι Paul they naght convey safely to Felix τον ήγεμονα. 25 γραψας επιστολην περιεχουσαν a letter governor; having written containing τουτον. <sup>26</sup> Κλαυδιος Λυσιας τω  $\tau o \nu$ τυπον to the Claudius Lysias this, Φηλικι κρατιστω ήγεμονι χαιρειν. most excellent governor Felix health. The των Ιουδαιων, ανδρα τουτον συλληφθεντα ύπο having been seized by the man ύπ' αναιρεισθοι αυτων, επισκαι μελλοντα them, having come being about to be killed by συν τω στρατευματι εξειλομην \*[αυτον,] [him,] 1 rescued suddenly with the armed force 28 Βουλομένος δε μαθιον ότι 'Ρωμαιος εστι.

HAND, and having retired by himself, he inquired, "What is it that thou hast to tell me?"

20 And he said, ‡" The JEWS have agreed together to ASK thee that then wouldst bring down PAUL To-morrow into the san. HEDRIM, as if about to it.vestigate something more accurately concerning hum.

21 Therefore, be not the a persuaded by them; for more than forty Men of them lie in wait for him, who have bound themselves with a curse, norther to eat nor drink till they have killed him; and now they are ready, locking for the PROMISE from thee."

22 Then the COMMAN-DER dismissed the YOUNG MAN, charging him, "lu-form No one That then hast told me these things."

23 And having summoned \* Certain Two of the CENTURIONS, he said, "Prepare two hundred Soldiers to go to Cesarea, and seventy Horsemen, and two hundred Spearmen, after the Third Hour of the NIGHT;

24 and provide Animals on which to place Paul, that they may convey him safely to † Fehx, the Gov-ERNOR."

25 And he wrote a Letter having this FORM :-

26 "Claudius Lysias to the most-excellent Governor Felix, greeting:

27 This MAN having been seized by the JEWS, and being about to be killed by them, I rescued, having come suddenly upon them with an ARMED FORCE. Having learned that he is and a Roman,

Wishing

he is.

having learned that

a Roman VATIGAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. him-omit.

<sup>+ 24.</sup> Felix was a freed man of the emperor Claudius, and brother of Pallas, chief favorite of the emperor. Tacitus gives us to understand that he governed with all the authority of a king, and the baseness and insolence of a quondam slave. He was an unrighteous governer, a base, mercenary, and bad man.

γνωναι την αιτιαν  $\delta i$ ήν ενακαλουν αυτφ, to know the cause on account of which they were accusing him, κατηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδριον αυτων: 29 δν they accused him. I led Heddown him into the sanhedrin of them; whom εύρον εγκαλουμένον περι ζητηματών του νομου I found being accused concerning questions of the liw αυτων, μηδεν δε αξιον θανατου η δεσμων εγκληof them, nothing but worthy of death or bonds an accuμα εχοντα. <sup>(2)</sup> Μηνυθεισης δε μοι επ βουλης εις titin having. Having been disclosed but to me a plot against otton having. τον ανδρα μελλειν εσεσθαι ύπο των Ιουδαιων. the man to be about to be by the  $\epsilon_{\rm c}^{\rm c}$  auths  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  auth  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  and  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  and  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  and  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  and  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  and  $\epsilon_{\rm c}$  are  $\epsilon_{\rm$ κατηγοροίς λέγειν τα προς αυτον επί σου. to say the things against him before thee. accusers \*[Ερδωσο.] <sup>31</sup> Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται, κατα The indeed therefore soldiers, according to [Farewell.] το διατεταγμενον αυτοις, αναλαβοντες τον that having been commanded them, having taken the Παυλον, ηγαγον δια της νυκτος εις την Αυτιthey led through the night into the Antiπατρίδα, 32 Υη δε επαυρίον εασαντές τους έπ-Ortheand morrow having left the horseπ: ις πυρευεσθαι συν αυτή, ύπεττρεθαν εις την with him, they returned to togo the 33 Oltives eigendontes eis thy παρεμβολην. castie. Who having come into the Καισαρείαν, και αναδούτες την επιστολην τω Cesarea, and having delivered the letter ήγεμονι, παρεστησαν και του Παυλον αυτω. governor, presented also the Paul to him. 31 Αναγνους δε, και επερωτήσας εκ ποίας επαρ-Having read and, and having asked from what province χιας επτι, και πυθομένος ότι απο Κιλικίας. he is. and having understood that from 35 διακουσημαι συν, εφη, ύταν και οί κατηγοροι I will fully hear thice, he said, when also the σου παραγενωνται. Εκελευσε τε αυτον εν τφ may arrive. He com anded and hun in the

КЕФ. κδ'. 24.

to be kept.

πραιτωρίο του Ήρωδου φιλασσεπθαί.

Herod

bodgment had of the

<sup>1</sup> Μετα δε πεντε ημερας κατεβη δ αρχιερευς After aud five days went down the high-pirest Ανανίας μετα των πρεσβυτερων και δητορος Anamas with the elders and an orator Τερτυλλου τινος, οίτινες ενεφανισαν τω ήγε-Tertullus certain, who appeared before the gov-2 Κληθεντος δε αυτου, μονι κατα του Παυλου. ernor agains' the Paul. Having been called and cfluin, ηρξατο κατηγορειν δ Τερτυλλος, λεγων· 3 πολbegan to accuse the Tertullus, saying;

28 ‡ and desiring to know the CRIME of which him down into their san-HEDRIM;

29 whom I found being accused # concerning Questions of their LAW, I but having no Accusation wor. thy of Death or Bonds.

30 #But it having been disclosed to me that a Plet was about to be formed against the MAN by the Jews, I instantly sent to thee, I having commanded his ACCUSERS also \* to speak against him before thee."

31 The SOLDIERS, therefore, according to THAT which was commanded them, took Paul, and conveyed him by \* Night to ANTIPATRIS.

32 And on the NEXT DAY they returned to the CASTLE, having left the HORSEMEN to proceed with him;

33 who, having entered CESARLA, and delivered the LETTER to the G v-FRNOR, they also presented PAUL to him.

34 And having read it. he asked of What Province he was; and being informed That he was from ± Cilicia,

35 he said, #"I will fully hear thee, when thine ACCUSERS are also come," And he commanded him to be kept in ‡ Неков's Рке-TORIUM.

### CHAPTER XXIV.

1 And after # Five Davs the BIGH-PRIEST, I Ananias, went down with \* the ELDERS, and a certain Orator named Tertuile .. and appeared before the GOVERNOR against PAUL.

2 And he being call d. TERTULLUS began to acgreat cuse him, saying;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -30, to speak against him before thee. 30. Farewell-omit. 1. certain Elders. 31. Night.

<sup>† 28.</sup> Acts xxii. 30. † 30. ver. 20. xxiv. 1, 10; xxv- 16. † 30. Acts xxiv. 8; xxv. 6. † 35. Matt. xxvii. 27. 1 29. Acts xviii. 15; xxv. 19. 1 29. Acts xxvi. 01. 1 31. Acts xvi. 20. 1 1. Acts xxi. 27. 1 35. A 4 xx1.1, 2, 50, 35; xxv. 2.

λης ειρηνης τυγχανοντές δια σου, και κατορ. through thee, and enjoying θωματων γινομενων τφ εθνει τουτφ δια της σης being done to the nation this through of the of thy προνοιας, παντη τε και πανταχου αποδεχομεθα, foresight, in every thing and and everywhere we accept, ευχαριστιας. κρατιστε Φηλιξ, μετα πασης O most excellent Felix, with all thankfulness. <sup>4</sup> Ίνα δε μη επι πλειον σε εγκοπτω, παρακαλω That and not to longer thee I may detain, I besecch ακουσαι σε ήμων συντομως τη ση επιεικεια. in the thy briefly clemency. to hear thee of us 5 Εύροντες γαρ τον ανδρα τουτον λοιμον, και We have found for the a pestilence, and man this κινουντα στασιν πασι τοις Ιουδαιοις τοις κατα Jews exciting a sedition in all the in την οικουμενην, πρωτοστατην τε της των Ναhabitable, and of the of the a leader ζυραιων αίρεσεως, 6'5ς και το ίερον επειρασε earences sect, who also the Και κατα βεβηλωσαι δυ και εκρατησαμέν, \* [και κατα we anorthended, [and according to τον ημετερον νομον ηθελησαμεν κρινειν. 7 Παρour we wished to judge.  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\Lambda \nu \sigma \iota \alpha s$   $\delta$   $\chi \iota \lambda \iota \alpha \rho \chi \sigma s$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$   $\pi \sigma \lambda \lambda \eta s$ Lysias the commander, with hut βιας εκ των χειρων ήμων απηγαγε, 8 κελευσας force out of the hands of us led away, having commanded τους κατηγορους αυτου ερχεσθαι επι σε ] παρ' to thee; ] from of him to come of  $\delta v \nu \eta \sigma \eta$  autos, avak $\rho v \alpha s \pi \epsilon \rho v$  whom thou wilt be able thyself, having examined closely, concerning ών ήμεις κατη- $\epsilon \pi i \gamma \nu \omega \nu \alpha i$ , παντων τουτων of these things to have knowledge, of which we γορουμεν αυτου. <sup>9</sup> Συνεπεθεντο δε και οί Ιουhim. United mimpeaching and also the Jews,  $^{10}$  A $\pi \epsilon \kappa$ δαιοι, φασκοντες ταυτα ούτως εχειν. Auswered asserting these things thus to be. οιθη δε δ Παυλος, νευσιντος αυτώ του ήγεμο-Paul, noddiug to him the νος λεγειν. Εκ πολλων ετων οντα σε κριτην τω many years being thee ajudge to the to speak, From εθνει τουτφ επισταμένος, ευθυμοτέρον more cheerfully this knowing, the things εμαυτου απολογουμαι. 11 δυναμενου σου περι of thee concerning myself I defend; being able γνωναι, ότι ου πλειους εισι μοι ήμεραι δεκαδυο, to know, that not more are to me days twe!ve, αφ' ής ανεβην προσκυνησων εν Ίερουσαλημ. from which I went up Jerusalem. to worship ín 13 Και ουτε εν τω ίερω εύρον με προς τινα δια-

" Having obtained Great Peace through thee, and \* worthy Deeds being done for this NATION by THY Forethought, and in every thing and everywhere, we accept it, Most excellent Felix, with all Thankfulness.

4 But that I may not further detain thee, I beseech thee to hear us briefly, with THY usual

Candor.

5 ‡ For we found this MAN a Pestilence, and exciting \* Seditions among All those Jews throughout the EMPIRE, and a Chief of the SECT of the NAZARFNES;

6 t who even attempted to profane the TEMPLE, and whom we apprehended, \*[and wished to judge according to our Law;

7 ‡ but Lysias, the com-MANDER, having come with a Great Force, took him away out of our

HANDS,

8 ‡ commanding his Accusers to come to thee; ] from whom thou wilt be able to learn for thyself. on examination, of all these things of which we accuse him."

9 And the Jews also jointly impeached him, asserting that these things

were so.

10 And the GOVERNOR having made a sign for him to speak, Paul answered, "Knowing that thou hast been for Several Years a Judge of this NATION, \* I cheerfully defend myself;

11 it also being in thy power to ascertain, That it is not more than twelve Days since # I went up to worship at Jerusalem.

12 ‡ And they did not find me disputing with any one in the TEMPLE, or of a crowd, making an Insurrection of

επισυστασιν ποιουντα οχλου,

And neither in the templethey foundine with any one dis-

a tumult

λεγομενον, η

or

puting,

making 5. Sedi-\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -3. Reformations are going on in this NATION. 6-8. omit. 10. I cheerfully. tions among.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Luke xxiii. 2; Acts vi. 13; xvi. 20; xvii. 6; xxi. 28; 1 Pet. ii. 12, 15. † 6. Acts i. 28. † 6. John xviii. 31. † 7. Acts xxi. 33. † 8. Acts xxiii. 30. 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi. 20. † 12. Acts xxv. 8; xxviii. 17 ‡ 6. Acts 1 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi. 26.

Chap. 24: 13.1 ACTS. ουτε εν ταις συναγωγαις, ουτε κατα την πολιν. tho synagogues, nor 111 the 13 ουτ € παραστησαι δυνανται, περι ών νυν nor to prove are they able, concerning which now <sup>14</sup> Όμολογω δε τουτο σοι, κατηγορουσι μου. I confess but this to thee, they accuse me. ότι κατα την όδον, ήν λεγουσιν αίρεσιν, ούτω that according to the way, which they called λατρευω τω πατρωω θεω, τιστευων πασι τοις the patriarchal God, believing all things those τον νομον και τοις εν τοις προφηταις according to the law and those in the propaets γεγραμμενοις·  $^{15}$  ελπιδα εχων εις τον θεον, ήν a hope having in naving been written; the God, which και αυτοι ούτοι προσδεχονται, αναστασιν μελeven they themselves are looking for, a resurrection λειν εσεσθαι \*[νεκρων,] δικαιων τε και αδι-to be [ofdendones,] ofjustones and also unjust  $^{16}$  Εν τουτφ δε αυτος απκω, απροσκοπον κων. this and myself I exercise, 00 8. συνειδηπεν εχειν προς τον θεον και τους ανθρ. conscience to have towards the God and the men 17 A 1 πους διαπαντος. ετων  $\delta \epsilon$ πλειονων In the course of years and many παρεγενομην ελεημοσυνας ποιησων εις το εθνος alms bringing to the nation <sup>18</sup> E $\nu$  ois  $\epsilon$  $\dot{\nu}\rho o \nu$   $\mu \epsilon$   $\dot{\eta}\gamma$ μου, και προσφορας. In which they tound me having of me, and offerings.

νισμενον εν τφ ίερφ, ου μετα οχλου, ουδε μετα been purified in the temple, not with a crowd, nor Τινές δε από της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι, θορυβου. a tumult. Some and from the Аыа 19 ούς εδει επι σου παρειναι, και κατηγορειν ει who ought before thee to be present, and to accuse εχοιεν προς με. 20 Η αυτοι ούτοι ειπαanything they may have against me Or these themselves τωσαν, τι εύρον εν εμοι αδικημα, σταντος them say, what they found in having stood me crime, <sup>21</sup> η περι μιας ταυμου επι του συνεδριου. of me before the sanuedrim; or concerning one

voice, which I cried out standing among them; That αναστασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι σημεconcerning a resurrection of dead ones I am judged to-day ρον ύφ' ύμων. 22 Ανεβαλετο δε αυτους ύ Φηλιξ, by you. Put off but them the Fehr. ακριβεστερον  $\epsilon \iota \delta \omega s$ ύδου,  $\tau \alpha$ περι THS

της φωνης, ής εκραξα έστως εν αυτοις 'Οτι

more accurately knowing the things concerning the way, χιλιαρχος κατηβη,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$ 'Οταν Λυσιας δ saying; Lysias the commander may comedown,

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the THINGS according to Law.

15. of the dead-omit.

the Crowd, either in the SYNAGOGUES, or in the

13 nor are they able to prove the things concerning which they now accuse

1: But this I confess to thee, that according to the WAY which they call a Sect, so serve I the Gon of my FATHERS, believing \* the THINGS Which are according to the LAW, and THOSE which have been written in the PROPUETS:

15 having a Hope in Gon, which even they themselves are looking for, —Ithat there is to be a Resurrection both of the Righteous and Unrighteous.

16 And in this I exercise myself, always to have ta clear Conscience towards God and Men.

17 But in the course of several Years # I camo bringing Alms to my NA. TION, and Offerings;

18 at which time the¥ found me purified in this т мис, net er with a Crowd, nor with Tumnlt, I But there are some Jews from Asia,

19 Iwho ought to be present before thee, and to accuse, if they may have anything against me.

20 Or let these them-selves say, What Crime they found in me while I stood before the SANHE-DRIM;

21 unless it be for This One Declaration which [ made while I was standing among them,—‡ 'That concerning the Resurrection of the Dead I am judged by you This day.'"

this

22 But Felix knowing more accurately about that WAY, put them off, saying, "When Lysias, the COM-MANDER, comes down, I

<sup>† 15.</sup> Dan. xii. 2; John v. 28, 29. † 16. Acts xxii xx. 16; Rom. xv. 25; 2 Cor. viii. 4; Gal. ii. 16. † 18. Acts xxiii. 6; xxviii. 20. 1 17. Acts xi. 20, 20; xxvl. 21. I 19. 16. Acts xxiii. 1. : 18. Acts xxi. 26, 27 xxvl. 21.

Felix,

23 Διαταξαμένος διαννωσομαι τα καθ' ύμας. Having given orders I will imquire into the things about you. τε τη έκατονταρχη τηρεισθαι αυτον, εχειν τε to have and hun, and to the centurion to keep αν σιν, και μηδενα κωλυειν των ιδιων αυτου to forbid of the own mends of him noone and ύπηρετειν, \*[η προσερχεσθαι] αυτώ. or to him. to come] trassist,

14 Μετα δε ήμερας τινας παραγενομένος ὁ Φηthe Fe-After and days some having come λιξ συν Δρουσιλλη τη γυναικι, ουση Ιουδαία, being a dewess. the wife, hx with Drusilla μετεπεμψατο τον Παυλον, και ηκουσεν αυτου heard and he sent for the Panl, της εις Χριστον πιστεως. 25 Διαλεγο-

concerning the into Audinted faith. μενου δε αυτου περι δικαιοσυνης και εγκραing and of him concerning justice τειας και του κριματος του μελλοντος, εμφοtrol and of the judgment that being about to come, term-Γις γενομένος ὁ Φηλίξ απέκριθη. Το νυν έχον heing the Felix answered; The present being πορευου καιρον δε μεταλαβων μετακαλεσομαι a season and having found I will call

26 'Αμα και ελπιζων, ότι χρηματα δοθη· t. w. At the same time also hoping, that money 
c rai \* [αντφ] ὑπο του Παυλου, \* [ὁπως 
g n [to him] by the Paul, [so that her λυση [so that he might loose *α -ον*∙] και πυκνοτερον αυτον μεταπεμδιο him in a . therefore and oftener το λενος ώμιλει αυτω.  $27 \Delta i \in \tau i \alpha s$   $\delta \in \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \theta \in i$ Two years but being ended talked with him. σης ελαβη διαδοχον δ Φηλιξ Πορκίον Φηστον

Porcius Festus; received a successor the Felix θελων τε χαριτας καταθεσθαι τοις Ιουδαιοις δ nishing and favors to lay instore for himself with the Jews the φ λιξ, κατελιπε τον Παυλον δεδεμενον. the Paul having been bound.

KEΦ.  $\kappa \epsilon'$ . 25.

τη επαρχια, μετα €πιβας <sup>1</sup> Φηστος ουν Festus therefore having enteredupon the perfecture, after τρεις ήμερας ανεβη εις Ίεροσολυμα απο Καισα-Jerusalem from Cesawent up to days three 2 Ενεφανισαν δε αυτω δ αρχιερευς και ρειας. Appeared before and him the high-priest and οι πρωτοι των Ιουδαιων κατα του Παυλου, και Jews against the Paul, and the chiefs of the <sup>3</sup> αιτουμενοι χαριν κατ' παρεκαλουν αυτον, asking a favor against him, αυτου, όπως μεταπεμψηται αυτον εις 'Ιερουσαhe would send for him to Jerusathat  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \delta \rho \alpha \nu \pi \sigma \iota \sigma \upsilon \nu \tau \epsilon s \alpha \nu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota \nu \alpha \upsilon \tau \sigma \nu \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha | \ddagger forming an Ambuscade$  $\lambda \eta \mu$ . to kill him in an ambush forming

will inquire about your MATTERS "

23 And he commanded the CENTURION to keep him, and let him have Liberty, ‡ and to forbid none of his FRIENDS to assist

4 And after some Days, FFLIX coming with † Drusilla, \* his wife, who was a Jewess, sent for PAUL, and heard him concerning the FAITH in \* Christ Je-

25 And as he was discoursing concerning Justice, Self-government, and THAT JUDGMENT about to COME, FELIX, being terrified, answered, "Go for the PRESENT; and when I find an Opportunity I will call for thee."

26 At the same time also hoping that Money would be given him by PAUL: and therefore he more frequently sent for Him, and conversed with

27 But when two Years were ended, FELIX had a Successor, Poreius Festus; and Felix, twishing to be favorably regarded by the Jews, left Paul a prisoner.

### CHAPTER XXV.

1 Festus, therefore, having entered upon his Gov-ERNMENT, after Three Days went up from Cesarea to Jerusalem.

2 #And \*the High-PRIESTS and the CHIEFS of the Jews appeared against PAUL, and entreated him,

3 asking a Favor against him, that he would send for him to Jerusalem to kill him on the ROAD.

<sup>24.</sup> Christ \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. or to come-omit. 24. HIS OWN Wife. 26. so that he might loose him-omit. 26. to him-omit. Jesus. HIGH-PRIESTS.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Drusilla was the youngest daughter of Herod Agrippa, and had been married to Anizus, king of Emessa, whom Felix had persuaded her to abandon, in order to an adulter ous marriage with himself.

<sup>1 27.</sup> Acts xii. 3; xxv. 9, 14 1 23. Acts xxvii. 3; xxviii. 16.

Chap. 25; 4.] ACTS. 4 Ο μεν ουν Φηστος την δδον.  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta$ , answered, The indeed then Festus τηρεισθαι τον Παυλον εν Καισαρεια, έαυτον δε to be kept the Paul in comment of the kept the Paul in μελλειν εν ταχει εκπορευεσθαι. <sup>5</sup>Οί ουν εν to 20 out. Those therefore among έμιν, φησι, δυνατοι, συγκαταβαντες, ει you, he says, being able, having gone down with, if an if anything εστιν εν τω ανδρι, κατηγορειτωσαν αυτου. let them accuse in the man, accuse him. ό Διατριψας δε εν αυτοις ήμερας ου πλειους οντω days not more Having remained and among them eight η δεκα, καταβας εις Καισαρειαν, τη επαυριον or ten, having gone down into Cesarea, on the καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευτε τον biving satdown on the judgment-seat, he commanded the  $\Gamma!$ α ίλον αχθηναί. 7 Π γραγενομένου δε αυτου, Having approached and of lam, Paul to ho led forth. περιεστησαν οί απο Ίεροσολυμων καταβεβηκοshoul around the from derusalem. having been come τες Ιουδαίοι, πολλα και βορέα αιτιαμάτα φέρονdown Jews, many and heavy accusations τες \* [κατα του Παυλ ιυ, ] ά ουκ ισχυον αποδειξαι. [against the Paul, ] which not they were able to point out; δ απολογουμένου αυτου. 'Οτι ουτε εις τον νομον saving in defence of him; That neither against the law των Ιουδαιων, ουτε εις το ίερον, ουτε εις Καιnor against the temple, nor against 9 'Ο Φηστος δε, τοις Ιουδαισαρα τι ημαρτον. in anything." sar anything did I wrong. The Festus but, with the Jews ois  $\theta \in \lambda \omega \nu$  χαριν κατα $\theta \in \sigma \theta$ αι, αποκρι $\theta \in S$  τφ wishing a favor to lay up for himself answering to the Παυλώ ειπε. Θελεις εις Ίεροσολυμα αναβας, said; Art thou willing to Jerusalem having gone up, εκει περι τουτων κρινεσθαι επ' εμου;  $^{10}$  Ειπε there concerning these things to be judged before me? δε δ Παυλος. Επι του βηματος Καισαρος εστως but the Paul; At the judgment-seat of Cesar standing ειμι, ού με δει κρινεσθαι. Ioubaious oubev I am, where me it behoves to be judged.

4 But Festus answered that PAUL should be kept at Cesaren, and that he himself would go down there shortly.

5 "Therefore," said he. "let Those among you who are ABLE go down with me, ‡ and \* if there is anything amiss in the MAN,

6 And having continued among them eight or ten Days, he went down to Cesarta; and on the NEXT DAY, sitting down on the TRIBUNAL, commanded Paul to be brought.

7 And he having come, the Jews who had come DOWN from Jerusalem stood \* round him, # bringing down Many and Heavy Accusations, which they were not able to prove,

8 \* while Paul maintained in his defence, t " Neither egainst the LAW of the JEWS, nor against the TEMPLE, nor against Cesar, have I sinned

9 But Festus, I wishing to gratify the Jews, answering PAUL, said. t" Art thou willing to go up to Jerusalem, and there be judged before me concerning these things ?"

10 And PAUL said, "I am standing at Cesar's TRIBUNAL, where I ought to be judged. I have done no wrong to the Jews, as thou also very well know-

nothing

1 have

if hut

no one

1 call

hast ascertained.

Καισαρα επι-

Cesar

11 ‡ \* For if, indeed, I do wrong, or have done anything deserving of Death, I refuse not to die; but if there be nothing of which they accuse me, no one can give Me up to gratify Them ' 1 appeal to Cesar."

12 Then Festus, having conferred with

12 Τοτε ό Φηστος συλλαλησας μετα καλουμαι. Then the Festus having conferred with \* Vatican Manuschift,-5. if there is anything amiss in the man, accuse him.

ηδικήσα, ώς και συ καλλιον  $\epsilon \pi i \gamma i \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon i \varsigma$ .

11 Ει μεν γαρ αδικω, και αξιον θανατου πεπρα-If indeed for 1 am unjust, and worthy of death

χα τι, ου παραιτουμαι το αποθανειν ει δε

ουδεν εστιν ών ούτοι κατηγορουσι μου, ουδεις

to them to give as a favor.

the

accuse

I have done wrong, as also thou full well

με δυναται αυτοις χαρισασθαι.

1 refuse

done anthing, not

is able

nothing is of which these

to die:

round him, bringing down Many. 11. If, then, indeed. 7. against Paul-omit. 8. Paul answering.

 <sup>7.</sup> Mark xv. 3; Luke xxñi. 2, 10; Acts xxiv. 5, 13
 10. Acts xxiv. 27.
 11. Acts xxvi. 32; xxviii. 19. ‡ 5. Acts xviii. 14; ver. 18. ‡ 8. Acts vi. 13; xxiv. 12; xxviii. 17, ver. 25; Acts xviii. 14; xxiii. 20: xxvi 21

e incerning one

concerning this

πορευεσθαι

to go

TEPL

Παυλος

ζην.

ELS

to

τουτων.

to be alive.

Καισαρα επικεκλητου συμβουλιου, απεκριθη thou hast called C'es u answered; council, σαι· επι Καισαρα πορευση. Cesar thou shalt go. upon; 13 'Ημερων δε διαγενομενών τινών, Αγριππας Agrippa and having intervened some, Days δ βασιλευς και Βερνικη κατηντησαν εις Καισα-Cesarea, came down Bernice and 14 'Ωs king ασπασομενοι τον Φηστου.  $\delta \epsilon$ ρειαν, When and paying their respects to the Festus. πλειους ήμερας διετριβον εκει, ο Φηστος τω Festus to the they remained there, the days βασιλει ανεθετο τα κατα τον Παυλον, λεγων. saying; submitted thethings against the Paul, Ανηρ τις εστι καταλελειμμενος ύπο Φηλικος having been left hehind Ъy A man certain is δεσμιος. 15 περι ού, γενομενου μου εις a prisoner; concerning whom, being of me in 'Ιερο÷ σολυμα, ενεφανισαν οι αρχιερεις και οι πρεσβυgave information the high-priests and the valem, кат' αυτου των Ιουδαιων, αιτουμενοι him against asking of the Jews, 16 Προς ούς απεκριθην, ότι ουκ εστιν δικην. I auswered, that not whom Τo a judgment. εθος 'Ρωμαιοις χαριζεσθαι τινα ανθρωπον, πριν η a custom for Romans to give as a favor any man, δ κατηγορουμενος κατα προσωπον εχοι τους may have the face to face being accused κατηγορους, τοπον τε απολογιας λαβοι accusers, an opportunity and of defence he may take concerning 17 Συνελθοντων ουν \* [αυτων]

Having come therefore [of them] του εγκληματος. accusation. μηδεμιαν ποιησαμενος, τη ενθαδε, αναβολην having made, on the none delay here. καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευσα αχ-EENS the judgment-seat, I commanded to be next day having sat down on ού σταθεντες οί 18 Περι θηναι τον ανδρα. Concerning whom having stood up the brought the κατηγοροι ουδεμιαν αιτιαν επεφερον, ών ύπεman. brought, of things supaccusation no one accusers 19 ξητηματα δε τινα περι της νοουν €γω. hut certain concerning of the questions Í; posed αυτον, ιδιας δεισιδαιμονίας ειχον  $\pi \rho o s$ him. they had with religion τινος Ιησου τεθνηκοτος, δν εφασκεν δ Jesus having been dead, whom affirmed the

COUNSEL, answered, "To Cesar thou hast appealed; to Cesar thou shalt go."

13 And after some Days, + Agrippa the KING and Bernice came down to Cesarea, to pay their respects to FESTUS.

14 And when they had spent Many Days there, FESTUS submitted PAUL'S CASE to the KING, saying, t"There is a certain Man left a Prisoner by Felix;

15 1 concerning whom, when I was in Jerusalcm, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the JEWS \* appeared; asking a Sentence of judgment against him;

16 ‡to whom I answered, That it is not a Custom for Romans to make a present of Any Man, before the ACCUSED has the ACCUsens Face to Face, and an Opportunity is allowed for defence concerning the AC-CUSATION.

17 Therefore, when they arrived here, I making no Delay, the NEXT DAY, sitting down on the TRIBU-NAL, I commanded the MAN to be brought;

18 concerning whom the ACCUSERS having stood up, brought No Charge of \* such Evil things as I supposed;

19 ‡ but had certain Questions with him about their own Religion, and about One Jesus who died, whom PAUL affirmed to be alive.

20 And I being in doubt on that concerning this QUESTION, I inquired if he would be willing to go to Jerusalem, and there be judged concerning these things.

21 But PAUL having ap-

Paul concerning these things. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15, appeared, asking a Sentence of judgment.

I said,

20 Απορουμενος δε εγω εις την

but

'Ιερουσαλημ, κακει κρινεσθαι

21 Του δε Παυλου επικαλεσα-

Being in doubt

Jerusalem,

The but

τουτου ζητησιν, ελεγον, ει

question,

† 13. This was the son of Agrippa, whose miserable death is recorded in Acts xii. 23. In A.D. 53, he was transferred from the kingdom of Chalcis, which he had received from Claudius, when only 17 years old, to the provinces possessed by his father, viz., Batanea, Trachonitis, Auranitis, and Ablene, which he governed with the title of king. He died A. D. 100, after a reign including that over Chalcis, of 61 years.—Owen. 18. such Evil things.

on that

if he would bewilling

and there to be judged

βουλοιτο

having appealed

<sup>1 16.</sup> ver. 4, 5. t 15. ver. 2, 3. † 14. Acts xxiv. 27. Acts xviii. 15. xxiii. 29.

Absurd

and the against him

μενου τηρηθηναι αύτον εις την του Σεβαστου to be kept himself for the of the Augustus διαγνωσιν, εκελευσα τηρεισθαι αυτον, έως ού decision, 1 commanded him, till to be kept <sup>22</sup> Αγριππας δε πεμψω αυτον προς Καισαρα. I could send him but to Cesar. Agrippa  $*[\epsilon\phi\eta\cdot]$ προς τον Φηστον Εβουλομην και Lo the Festus [said:] I was wishing also 'Ο δε αυριον, αυτος του ανθρωπου ακουσαι. myself the man to hear. The and morrow; <sup>23</sup> Τη φησιν, ακουση αυτου. ovvεπαυριον he said, thou shalt hear him. On the therefore morrow ελθοντος του Αγριππα και της Βερνικης μετα having come the Agrippa and the Berniee with πολλης φαντασιας, και εισελθοντων ELS TO display. and having entered into the ακροατηριον, συν τε τοις χιλιαρχυις και ανδρασι place of hearing, with both the commanders and τοις κατ'  $\epsilon \xi \circ \chi \eta \nu * [\circ \upsilon \sigma \iota]$  της πολεως, και κεprincipal [heing] of the and city, hav-<sup>24</sup> Kaı λευσαντος του Φηστου, ηχθη δ Παυλος. ing commanded the Festus, was brought the Paul. φησιν δ Φηστος. Αγριππα βασιλευ, και παντες said the Festus; Agrippa O king, and συμπαροντες ήμιν ανδρες, θεωρειτε τουτον, men, those being present with us you see ού παν το πληθος των Ιουδαιων ενετυconcerning whom all the multitude of the Jews applied χον μοι εν τε 'Ιεροσολυμοις και ενθαδε, επιto me in both Jerusalem and bere, ery- $^{25}$  E $\gamma\omega$ Βοωντες μη δειν ζην αυτον μηκετι. not to be right to live him longer. δε καταλαβομενος μηδεν αξιον θανατου αυτον but having detected nothing worthy of death him  $\pi \epsilon \pi \rho \alpha \chi \epsilon \nu \alpha i$ , και αυτου δε τουτου  $\epsilon \pi i \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon \sigma \alpha$ to have done, also of him and of this having appealed μενου τον Σεβαστον, εκρινα πεμπειν \*[αυτον.]  $-6 \Pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ · Περι ού ασφαλες τι γραψαι Concerning whom certain anything to write t  $\tau \omega$ κυριω Lord to the ουκ εχω, διο προηγαγον αυτον εφ' ύμων, και not I have, therefore I led forth him before you, μαλιστα επι σου, βασιλευ Αγριππα, όπως της especially before thee, O king Agrippa, so that the ανακρισεως γενομένης γραψαι.  $\sigma \chi \omega$  $\tau\iota$ having taken place I may have something to write. <sup>27</sup> Αλογον γαρ μοι δοκει πεμποντα δεσμιον, μη

for to meit seems sending

charges

και τας κατ' αυτου αιτιας σημαναι.

pealed to be kept for the DECISION of †Augustus, I ordered him to be kent till I could send him \* to Cesar.

22 And Agrippa said to FESTUS, "I myself also desire to hear this MAN." And he said, "To-morrow, thou shalt hear him."

23 On the NEXT DAY, therefore, AGRIPPA and BERNICE having arrived with Great Pomp, and having entered into the PLACE OF HEARING, with the \* Commanders and THOSE Men who were of Distinetion in the CITY, at the COMMAND of FESTUS, Paul was brought.

24 And Festus said, "King Agrippa, and All the MEN PRESENT With us! vou see this man, about whom I All the MUL-TITUDE of the JEWS applied to me, both in Jerusa. lem and here, crying out that he ought ‡ not to live any longer.

25 But when I detected Nothing which the had done deserving Death, tand he also having appealed to † Augustus, I determined to send him:

26 concerning whom I have nothing definite to write to the † sovereign. Therefore I have brought him before you, and especially before thee, King Agrippal that on EXAMI-NATION, I may have something to write.

27 For it appears to Me unreasonable to send a Prisoner, and not to signify the CHARGES alleged

against him."

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. up to Cesar. 22. said-omit. 23. Commanders 23. being-omit. 25. him-omit.

to signify.

a prisoner,

<sup>† 21 &</sup>amp; 25. Although Sebastos, is usually translated Augustus, and the Roman emperors generally assumed this epithet, which signifies no more than the renerable, the august; yet here it seems to be used merely to express the emperor, without any reference to any of his attributes or titles.

† 26. The title Kurios, Lord, both Augustus and Tiberius had absolutely refused; and forbad, even by public edicts, the application of it to themselves. Tiberius himself was accustomed to say, that he was lord of his slares, emperor of the troops, and prince of the senate. See Suetonius, in his life of this prince. The succeeding emperors were not so modest; they affected the title. Nero, the emperor, rould have it; and Pliny the conversion entry the principle of the senate. the younger is continually giving it to Trajan, in his letters.-Clarke.

<sup>1 24.</sup> ver. 2, 3, 7. 1 24. Acts xxii. 22. 1 25 Acts xxiii, 9, 29; xxvi. 31. чег. 11, 12.

# КЕФ. кs'. 26.

τρεπεταί σοι έπερ σεαυτου λεγειν. Τοτε ό permitted for thee in behalf of thyself to speak. Then the Παυλος απελογειτο, εκτεινος την Paul male a defeuce, having stretched out the χειρα. hand. παντων ών εγκαλουμα  $^2$   $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota$ ύπο Ιουconcerning allthings of which I am accused by Jews, δαιων, βασιλευ Αγριππα, ήγημαι εμαυτον μακα-Lesteem myself happy. Oking Aguppa, ριον, επι σου μελλων σημερον απολογεισθαι. before thre being about to-day to make a defence;  $^3$ μαλιστα  $\gamma$ νωστην οντα σ $\epsilon$   $\pi$ αντων auων κατα especially acquainted being thee of all of the among Ιουδαιους εθων τε και ζητηματων. Διο δεο-Jews customs and also questions. Therefore I en- $^4\,\mathrm{T}\eta\nu$ μαι  $*[\sigma \circ \cdot,]$  μακροθυμως ακουσαι μου. patiently to hear of me. The treit [tuee,] 11:2 ουν βιωσιν μου την εκ νεοτητος, την indeed therefore made or life of me that from youth, that απ' αρχης γενοπενην εν τφ εθνει μου εν Ίερο-from beginning being amongt e nation of me in Jeruσολυμοις, ισασι παντές οἱ Ιουδαίοι. 5 προγινωσarem, know all the Jews; previously knowκοντες με ανωθεν, (εαν θελωσι μαρτυρειν,) δτι ing me from the nest, (if they would be willing to testify,) that την ακρ. Βεστατην αιρ σιν της ήμετεaccording to the most rigid sect of the 6 Και νυν εκ' ρας θρησκειας εξησα Φαρισαιος. religion Ilived a Phansee. And now for ελπ δι της προς τους πατερας επαγγελιας γενοhope of that to the fathers promise being μενης ύπο του θεου, έστηκα κρινομένος  $^7$  εις made by the God, I have stood being judged; to ήν το δωδεκαφυλον ήμων, εν εκτενεια νυκτα which the twelve tribes of us, in intently night και ήμεραν λαιρευον, ελπιζει καταντησαι and day serving, hopes to a tain;  $\epsilon \lambda \pi \iota \delta \sigma s$ βασιλευ περι ής εγκαλουμαι, hope Oking concerning which I am accused,

\* $[A_{\gamma}\rho_{i}\pi\pi\alpha,]$   $\delta\pi\sigma$   $Iov\delta\alpha_{i}\omega\nu$ . ST:; απιστον | [Agrippa,] by Jews. What? incredible κρινεται παρ' δμιν, ει δ θεος νεκρους εγειρει; is it judged by you, if the God dead ones raises?  $^9$   $\rm E\gamma\omega$  \*  $[\mu \epsilon \nu]$  ουν εδίζα εμαυτώ προς το

 $\begin{cases} \left[ \mu \in \mathcal{V} \right] & \text{ou} \quad \epsilon \delta \end{cases} = \left[ \alpha \quad \epsilon \mu \alpha \nu \tau \boldsymbol{\varphi} \right]$  (indeed) therefore thought in myself to ονομα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου δειν πολλα εναντια name of Jesus the Nazarene ought many things against 10 'Ο και εποιησα εν Ίεροσολυμοις. πραξαι. Which also I did in to practise. Jerusalem; και πολλους των αγιων εγω εν φυλακαις κατε-

many of the saints i in prisons shut κλεισα, την παρα των αρχιερεων εξουσιαν λα- | Prisons, having received the from of the high-priests

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. thee-omit.

4. and in Jerusalem. 10. Therefore also I did.

# CHAPTER XXVI.

1 And Agrippa said to PAUL, "It is permitted three to speak in behalf of thyself." Then PAUL cxtending his HAND, spoke lns detenec.

2 "Concerning all thing: of which I am accused by the Jews, I esteem mys if happy, King Agrippa! that I am about This day to speak my defence before

thee;

3 especially as thou art acquainted with all the customs and Questions among the Jews, therefore, I entreat thee, to hear me patiently.

4 My MODE OF LIFE, from my Youth, THAT which was from the Beginning among my own NATION, \* and in Jerusalem, is known to All the

\*Jews; 5 who, knowing me from the first, if they would, might testify, That according to the Most Rigin Sect of our Religion, I lived a Pharisee.

6 # And now I stand on trial for the Hope of that PROMISE made by God to our FATHERS;

7 to which our ! TWELVE TRIBES, earnestly serving Night and Day, hope to attain; concerning Which Hope, O King, I am ac-cused by the Jews.

8 What! is it judged by you as an incredible thing. that God should raise the Dead?

9 # Therefore, indeed, # thought within myself that I ought to do Many things against the NAME of Jesus the NAZARENE;

10 # which even I dia in Jerusalem; and Many of the SAINTS E shut up in

authority having AUTHORITY I from 4. the Jews.

<sup>7.</sup> Agrippa-omit. 9. Indeed-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Acts xxii, 3; xxiii, 6; xxiv, 15, 22; Phil. iii, 5. † 6. Gen, xii, 3; xxii, 18; xxii, 4; P.S.L. CXXXII, 11. † 7. James i, 1. † 9. 1 Tim. i, 13. † 10. Gal. i, 3. † 16. Acts (x, 14, 21; xz), 5.

HIGH-PRIESTS; and when

they were killed I gave my

often in All the SYNA-

GOGUES, I compelled them

to blaspheme; and being

exceedingly furious towards

them, I pursued them even

12 ‡At which time, as 1

was going to Damascus

with Authority, and a Com-

mission from the High-

on the ROAD, O King-

trom heaven-exceeding

the BRIGHTNESS of the

sun-a Light shining

round me, and Those GOING with me.

fallen to the Earth, I

heard a Voice speaking to

me in the Hebrew Lan-

guage, 'Saul, Saul, why

dost thou persecute Me?

It is hard for three to kick

thou, Sir ?' And \* HE said,

'H am Jesus whom thou

15 And I said, 'who art

16 But arise, and stand

against the Goads.'

persecutest?

14 And all of us having

13 at Mid-day-I saw

11 # And punishing them

vote again≈t them.

to foreign Cities.

PRIESTS,

βων· αναιρουμενων τε αυτων, κατηνεγκα ψηφον· received, being killed and of them, i brought against a vote; 11 και κατα πασας τας συναγωγας πολλακις τιsynagogues bna In all the often munμωρων αυτους, ηναγκαζον βλασφημειν περισthem. I was compelling to blasphone; exceedσως \*[τε] εμααινομενος αυτοις, εδιωκον έως being factous towards them, I pursued ingly [aud] till 12 Εν οίς #[και] πορευκαι εις τας εξω πολεις. In which [also] even into the foreign cities. going ομένος εις την Δαμασκον μετ' εξουσιας και επιthe Damascus with authority and a comτροπης της \*[παρα] των αρχιερεων, 13 ήμερας mission of that from high-priests. the μεσης, κατα την όδον ειδον, βασιλευ, ουρανοin the way I saw, Oking, from heaven  $0 \in \nu$ . ύπερ ήλιου,  $\tau \eta \nu$ λαμπροτητα του spore the brightness of the sun, περιλαυψαν με φως και τους συν εμοι πορευσ-having shone round me a light and those with mo going. μενους. <sup>14</sup>Παντων δε καταπεσοντων \*[ήμων] εις All and having tallen down [ofns] on την γην, ηκουσα φωνην λαλουσαν προς με, 1 heard avoice speaking Cattle, to me, <sup>∗</sup>[και λεγουταν] τη 'Εβραιδι διαλεκτω· Σαουλ, in the Hebrew dialect; saying] Saul. Σαουλ, τι με διωκεις; σκληρον σοι προς me persecutest thour hard for thee against wh: κεντρα λακτιζειν. 15 Εγω δε ειπονο Tis €i, Who art thou, sharp points to kick. and saul; κυριε: 'Ο δε ειπεν' Εγω ειμι Ιησους, δν συ Jesus, whom thou O sir? He and said; I am  $^{16}$  Αλλα αναστηθι, διωκεις. και στηθι  $\in \pi_1$ But arise thou. and stand up parseentest. On τους ποδας σου. εις τουτο γαρ ωφθην σοι, of thee; for this for lappeared to thee προχειρισασθαι σε ύπηρετην και μαρτυρα, ών a minister to constitute thee and a witness, of what

εγω σε αποστελλω, 18 ανοιξαι οφθαλμους αυτων, thee send, to open eyes of them, του επιστρεψαι απο σκοτους εις φως, και της of the to have turned from darkness to light, and of the εξουσιας του σατανα επι τον θεον, του λαβειν authority of the adversery to the God, of the to receive αυτους αφεσιν άμαρτιων, και κληρον εν τοις and inheritance among those them forgiveness of sins, ηγιασμένοις, πιστει τη εις εμε. 19 Όθεν, βασιhaving been sanctified, faith by the into me.

μενος σε εξ του λαου και των εθνων, εις ούς

ών τε οφθησομαι σοι· 17 εξαιρου-

to thee;

Gentiles, to whom

Thereupon, O king

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. and -omit. 14. of us-omit. 14. and saying-omit. thou hast seen me, and of those things.

both thou didst see, of what and I will appear

ing thee from the people and the

12. also-omit. 15. the Lond said.

12. from-omit. 16. in the which

1 17. 1 18

which leads into me.

on thy FEET; since for this purpose I have appeared to thee, ‡to consti-

tute thee a Minister and a Witness, both \* of what thou hast seen, and of those things in which I will appear to thee;

17 delivering thee from the PEOPLE and the GEN-TILES, I to Whom E send

tto TURN them from Dark-

ness to Light, and from

the DOMINION of the AD-VERSARY to God; # that they may receive For-

giveness of Sins, and an

HAVING BEEN TSANCTI-

FIED through THAT Faith

Inheritance among THOSE

thee, 18 to open their Eyes,

<sup>† 11.</sup> Acts xxii, 19. † 12. Acts ix, 3; xxii, 6. † 16. Acts xxii, 15. Acts xxii, 21. † 18. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. iv, 28; v. 8; Col. i, 23; t Pet. ii, 7, 25. Eph. i, 11; Col. i, 12. † 18. Acts xx. 32.

λευ Αγριππα, ουκ εγενομην απειθης τη ουρανιφ disobedient to the heavenly not [ was Agrippa, οπτασια<sup>· 20</sup> αλλα τοις εν Δαμασκφ πρωτον και but to those in vision: first Damascus Ίεροσολυμοις, εις πασαν τε την χωραν της and the in Jerusalem, country of the in ali Ιουδαίας, και τοις  $\epsilon \theta \nu \epsilon \sigma i \nu$ , απηγγελλον μεταand to the Gentiles, I declared to reνοειν, και επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον, αξια της to turn God, worthy of the form, and to the <sup>21</sup> Ένεκα τουτων μετανοιας εργα πρασσοντας. reformation works doing. On account of these με οί Ιουδαιοι συλλαβομενοι εν τφ ίερφ επειin the temple me the Jews having seized <sup>22</sup> Επικουριας ουν τυρωντο διαχειρισασθαι. tempted with violent hands to have killed. Help therefore havτης παρα του θεου, αχρι της ἡμερας of that from of the God, till the day ing obtained of that from of the God, the day ταυτης έστηκα, μαρτυρο**υηένος μικ**ρώ τε και to small both and I have stood, testuying μεγαλω, ουδεν εκτος λεγων, ὧν τ∍ οί προφηται to great, nothing beyond saying, of what both the prophet. ελαλησαν μελλοντων γινεσθαι, και Μωυσης. spoke being about to take place, and Moses;

23 ει παθητος δ Χριστος, ει πρωτος εξαναστα-

first

from a resurrec-

to the

that liable to suffer the Audinted, that σεως νεκρων φως μελλει καταγγελλειν τη tion of dead ones a light he is about to announce λαφ και τοις εθνεσι.

people and to the Gentiles.

<sup>24</sup>Ταυτα δε αιτου απολογουμενου, δ Φηστος These things and of him saying in defence, the Festus μεγαλή τη φωνή εφη. Μαινή, Παυλε. τα πολloud with the voice said; Thou art mad, O Paul; the much 25 'O λα σε γραμματα εις μανια**ν π**εριτρεπει. He into maduess αλλ' δε∙ Ου μαινομαι, φησι, κρατιστε Φηστε, but; Not I am mad, he says, O most noble Festus, but αληθει**ας και σω**φροσυνης **ρηματα αποφθεγγο**of truth and of sanity words I utter.  $^{26}$  Existantial yap  $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota$  toutwy  $\delta$   $\beta$ artisacquainted for concerning these things the king, μαι. λευς, προς δν \*[και] παρβησιαζομενος λαλω· [also] to whom being confident I may speak; λανθανειν γαρ αυτον τι τουτων ου  $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta o$ him any of these things not ουδεν ου γαρ εστιν εν γωνια πεπραγμεpersuaded nothing; not for it is in a corner having been <sup>27</sup> Πιστευεις, βασιλευ Αγριππα, νον τουτο. done this. Believest thou, O king Agrippa, 28 'O δε τοις προφηταις; Οιδα, ότι πιστευεις. prophets? I know, that thou believest.

19 Wherefore, O King Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the HEAVENLY Vision;

20 but # declared first to THOSE \* in Damascus and in Jerusalem, and in All the COUNTRY of Ju-DEA, and to the GENTILES. that they should reform, and turn to God, performing ‡ Works worthy of RE-FORMATION.

21 On account of these things, the Jews, having seized Me in the TEMPLE, attempted with violent hands to kill me.

Having obtained, therefore, THAT Assistance which is from God, I have continued to this DAY, testifying both to small and great, saying nothing beyond what I the PROPH-ETS and # Moscs spoke as being \_bout to transpire;

23 t That the MESSIAH would be a sufferer—would be the first from the Resurrection of the Deadand would communicate # Light both to the PEO-PLE and to the GENTILES."

24 And while saying these things in his defence, FESTUS said with a Lond voice, "Thou art mad, Paul; thy GREAT Learning has turned Thee into a Madman."

25 But \* PAUL replied, "I am not mad, Most excellent Festus, but utter Words of Truth and Sanity.

26 For the KING knows about these things, to whom I speak with freedom for I am persuaded that none of these things have escaped his notice; for this was not done in a Corner.

27 King Agrippal dost thou believe the PROPH-ETS? I know That thou The and | believest."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—20. in Damascus, and also in Jerusalem, and All the count of Judea. 23. Light both to the people. 25. Paul. 26. also—omit. ARY Of JUDEA.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Acts ix. 20; xxii. 20; xi. 26; xiii.; xiv.; xvi.—xxl. † 20. Matt. iii. S. † 21. Acts xxi. 30, 31. † 22. Luke xxiv. 27, 44; Acts xxiv. 14; xxviii. 23; Rom. iii. 21. † 22. John v. 40. † 23. Luke xxiv. 26, 40. † 23. 1 Cor. xv. 20; Col. i. 18; Rev. t. 5 † 24. 2 Lings ix. 11; John x. 20; 1 Cor. i. 23; ii. 13, 14; iv. 10.

Αγρίππας προς τον Παυλον  $*[\epsilon\phi\eta^*]$  Εν ολίγω Agrippa to the Paul  $[\epsilon init]$  Within a little με  $\pi$ ειθεις Χριστιανον γενεσθαι. 29 Ο δε me thou persuadest a Christian The and to become. Παυλος \* $\begin{bmatrix} \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu \end{bmatrix}$  Ευξαιμην αν τω θεω, και Paul [said,] I would pray to the God, and ολιγώ και εν πολλώ, ου μονον σε, αλλα and within much, not only thee, και παντας τους ακουοντας μου σημερον, γενεσalso all me to-day, those hearing to beθαι τοιουτους, δποιος καγω ειμι, παρεκτος των cven l am, except come such, the 30 Ανεστη τε δ βασιλευς και δεσμων τουτων. chains these. Arose and the king δ ήγεμων, ή τε Βερνικη, και οί συγκαθημενοι the governor, the and Bernice, and those being seated with αυτοις. <sup>31</sup> και αναχωρησαντές ελαλουν προς the and Bernice, and those being seated with and them: having retired they spoke to αλληλους, λεγοντες Οτι ουδεν θανατου αξιον each other, saying; That nothing of death worthy η δεσμων πρασσει δ ανθρωπος ούτος. 32 Αγριπthis. or of bunds does the man A rippa πας δε τω Φηστω εφη Απολελυσθαι εδυνατο δ and to the Festus said; To have been released might the ανθρωπος ούτος, ει μη επεκεκλητο Καισαρα. if not he had called on Cesar. this,

# ΚΕΦ. κζ'. 27.

 $^{1}$  ' $\Omega$ s δε εκριθη του αποπλειν ήμας εις την When and it was determined of the to sail us to the Ιταλιαν, παρεδιδουν τυν τε Παυλον και τινας Italy, they delivered the both Paul and έτερους δεσμωτας έκατονταρχη, ονοματι Ιουto a centurion, prisoners by name Julius, λιφ, σπειρης Σεβαστης. 2 Επιβαντες δε πλοιφ of a cohort of Augustus. Having gone on board and a snip Αδραμυττηνώ, μελλοντες πλειν τους κατα την Adramyttium, being about to sail the in the Asia places,  $a\nu\eta\chi\theta\eta\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $o\nu\tau os$   $\sigma u\nu$ ήμιν นธ 3 Tη Αρισταρχου Μακεδονος Θεσσαλονικεως. Anstarchus a Macedonian of Thessalomea. On the τε έτερα κατηχθημεν εις Σιδωνα· φιλανθρωπως and next day we were brought to Sidon; humanely τε δ Ιουλιος τφ Παυλφ χρησαμενος, επετρεψε and the Julius to the Paul having treated, permitted τους φιλους πορευθεντες  $\epsilon \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota \alpha s$ ço. friends having gone care 4 Κακειθεν αναχθεντες δπεπλευσα- $\tau \nu \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$ . to have obtained. And from thence having put to sea we sailed under μεν την Κυπρον, δια το τους ανεμους ειναι Cyprus, because the the winds to be 5 Το, τε πελαγος το κατα την EVAVTIOUS. The, and deep that by contrary. Κιλικιαν και Παμφυλιαν διαπλευσαντες, κατηλ-Cilicia and Pamphylia having sailed through, θομεν εις Μυρα της Λυκιας. 6 Κακει εύρων δ to Myra of the Lycia. And there having found the 28 And Agrippa said to Paul, \*"Thou almost persuadest Me to become a Christian."

29 And PAUL said, ‡"I would to God, that not only thou, but also All who HEAR me This day, were both almost and altogether such as £ am, except these CHAINS."

30 And the KING arose, and the GOVERNOR, and BERNICE, and THOSE Who SAT with them;

31 and having retired, they spoke to each other, saying, ‡ "This Man does nothing deserving Death or Bonds."

32 And Agrippa said to Festus, "This MAN might have been released, ‡if he had not appealed to Cesar."

### CHAPTER XXVII.

1 And when it was determined for us to SAIL to ITALY, they delivered PAUL, and some Other Prisoners, to a Centurion of the Cohort of Augustus, named Julius,

2 And embarking in an Adramyttian Ship, which was about to sail to PLACES in ASIA, we were put to sea, ‡ Aristarchus, a Macedonian of Thessalonica, being with us.

3 And on the NEXT day we were brought to Sidon; and JULIUS ‡ treating PAUL with much kindness, permitted him to go to his Friends to receive attention.

4 And having put to sea from thence, we sailed under CYPRUS, because the WINDS WERR contrary;

5 and having sailed through the SEA by C1-LICIA and Pamphylia, we came to \* Myrrha, of Ly-CIA.

6 And there the CENTU-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—28. said—omit. 28. Almost thou persuadest to make Me a Christian. 29. said—omit. 5. Myrrha.

έκατονταρχος πλοιον Αλεξανδρινον πλεον εις sailing for  $7 E_{\nu}$ aship Alexandrian την Ιταλιαν, ενεβιβασεν ήμας εις αυτο. us into the Italy, put it ίκαναις δε ήμεραις βραδυπλοουντες, και μολις and mauy and days sailing slowly, γενομενοι κατα την Κνιδον, μη προσεωντος the Cnidus, not permitting an approach ήμας του ανεμου, ύπεπλευσαμεν την Κρητην we sailed under the of the wind, κατα Σαλμωνην. 8 μολις τε παραλεγομενοι αυwith difficulty and sailing by Salmone: την, ηλθομεν εις τοπον τινα καλουμενον Καλους we came to a place certain being called λιμενας, 'ω εγγυς ην πολις Λασαια. <sup>9</sup> Ικανου havens, to which near was a city Along δε χρονου διαγενομενου, και οντος ηδη επισφαand being already time having elapsed, hazard λους του πλοος, δια το και την νηστειαν ηδη of the sailing, because the even the already fast  $^{10} \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ Παυλος, παρεληλυθεναι, παρηνει δ to have been past, advised the Paul, saying αυτοις· Ανδρες, θεωρω, ότι μετα ύβρεως και to them; Men, I perceive, that with damage and πολλης (ημιας ου μονον του φορτιου και του loss not only of the freight and of the much πλοιου, αλλα και των ψυχων ήμων μελλειν lives cfus to be about but also of the 11 'Ο δε εκατουταρχης τφ εσεσθαι τον πλουν. the voyage. The but centurion bythe κυβερνητη και τω ναυκληρω επειθετο μαλλον, and by the owner of the ship was persuaded rather, τοις ύπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις. 12 Ανευθε-Inconvethan by those by the Paul being spoken. του δε του λιμενος ύπαρχοντος προς παραχειμαnient and of the harbor being to winter in, βουλην αναχθηναι σιαν, οί  $\epsilon \theta \epsilon \nu \tau o$ πλειους placed to be led out the greater part a wish κακειθεν,  $\epsilon i\pi\omega s$  δυναίντο καταντήσαντες  $\epsilon is$ from thence also, if possibly they might be able having come Φοινικα παραχειμασαι, λιμενα της Κρητης βλεa harbor of the Crete Phenice to winter, look-13 'Υποποντα κατα Λιβα και κατα Χωρον. towards south-west and towards north-west. πνευσαντος δε Νοτου, δοξαντες της προθεσεως ing blown gently and South wind, supposing the purpose κεκρατηκεναι, αραντες, ασσον παρελεγοντο to have been attained, having raised up, close passed by <sup>14</sup> Μετ' ου πολυ δε εβαλε κατ' την Κρητην. After not much beat Crete. but against αυτης ανεμος τυφωνικος, δ καλουμενος Ευροtempestuous, that being called Euro\_

TURION having found an Alexandrian Ship bound for ITALY, put us into it.

And having sailed slowly for Several Days, and scarcely being † CNIDUS, the WIND not permitting us, we sailed under Crete, by Salmone;

8 and with difficulty passing by it, we came to a certain Place † Fair Havens, near which

is the City Lasea.

9 But Much Time having been spent, and SAIL-ING being now hazardous, because even the † FAST had already passed by,) PAUL advised,

10 saying to them, "Men, I perceive That the VOYAGE is about to be attended with Injury and Much Loss, not only of the CARGO and the SHIP, bu: also of our LIVES."

11 But the CENTURION was persuaded by the Pi-LOT and the OWNER OF THE SHIP, rather than by the words spoken

PAUL.

12 And the HARBOR being inconvenient to winter in, the greater part expressed a desire to sail from thence also, and, if possibly, they might be able to reach Phenice, a Harbor of Crete, looking towards the South west and North west, to winter there.

13 And the South wind blowing gently, supposing that they had attained their PURPOSE, weighing anchor, they passed close by CRETE.

14 But not long after, THAT Tempestuous Wind CALLED Euroclydon, beat

against it;

15 and the SHIP, having been caught, and not being and able to bear up against the

ship,

15 Συναρπασθεντος δε του πλοιου, και

Having been caught and the

κλυδων.

rlydon.

<sup>† 7.</sup> This was a city of Caria, situated on the extremity or tongue of land lying between Rhodes and Cos. The distance from Myra to Cuidus is about 130 geographical miles. Salome was the eastern promontory of Crete, or the present Candia, and is now called Care Salomon.

† 8. Fair Havens, near Cape Matala, midway between the castern and western extremities of the island. Lasea, a city lying between the hard rape, a short distance inland.

† 9. The day of expiation, the great Fast on the tenth of the month Tisri, about the tenth of October.

μιη δυναμενου αντοφθαλμειντώ ανεμώ, επιδοντες not being able to hear up against the wind, having given up 16 Νησιον  $\delta \epsilon = \tau \iota = \delta \pi o \delta \rho \alpha \mu o \nu \tau \epsilon s$ εφερομεθα. having run under A small island and certain we were driven. καλουμενον Κλαυδην, μολις ισχυσαμεν περιwe were able being called Clauda, scarcely κρατεις γενεσθαι της σκαφης. 17 ήν  $\alpha \rho \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ , to become of the boat; which having taken up, βοηθειαις εχρωντο, ύποζωννυντες το πλοιον. undergirding they used, the ship; φοβουμενοι τε μη εις την Συρτιν εκπεσωσι, and lest into the quicksand they should fall, χαλασαντες ούτως εφεροντο.  $\tau o$ σκευος, having lowered the mast, thus were driven. 18 Σφοδρως δε χειμαζομενων ήμων, τη έξης Exceedingly and being storm-tossed of us, on the next εκβολην εποιουντο· 19 και τη τριτη αυτοχειρες and on the third with their own hands a throwing out they began; την σκευην του πλοιου ερριψαν.  $^{20}$  M $\eta \tau \epsilon \delta \epsilon$ Neither and the furniture of the ship they threw out. ήλιου, μητε αστρων επιφαινοντων επι πλειονας appearing for nor stars many ημερας, χειμωνος τε ουκ ολιγου επικειμενου, a tempest and not small λοιπον περιηρειτο πασα ελπις του σωζεσθαι remaining was taken away all hope of the to be saved 21 Πολλης δε ασιτιας ύπαρχουσης, τοτε ημας. Long but abstinence existing, σταθεις δ Παυλος εν μεσφ αυτων, ειπεν. in midst of them, said; It was proper μεν, ω ανδρες, πειθαρχησαντας μοι μη αναγεσindeed, O having taken advice to me not to have men, Oal and this Kryths,  $\kappa\epsilon\rho\delta\eta\sigma$ al te the bounded from the Crete, to have gained and the damage <sup>22</sup> Και τανυν παραινω ταυτην και την ζημιαν. and the loss. And now Lexhort this αποβολη γαρ φυχης ύμας ευθυμειν ουδεμια: you to take conrage; loss for of a life not one  $^{23}$   $\Pi$  $\alpha \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \eta$ εσται εξ ύμων, πλην του πλοιου. shall be from of you, except the ship. Stood by γαρ μοι ταυτή τη νυκτι αγγελος του θεου, the night a messenger of the God, of whom this for me και λατρευω, 24 λεγων Μη φοβου,  $^{\circ}\omega$ lam to whom also I offer service, saying, Not fear, Παυλε· Καισαρι σε δει παραστηναι· και ιδου, To Cesar theeithehoves to be presented; and κεχαρισται σοι δ θεος παντας τους πλεοντας has graciously given to thee the God all those <sup>25</sup> Διο ευθυμειτε, ανδρες πιστευω μετα σου. Therefore take you courage, men; , I believe γαρ τω θεω ότι ούτως επται καθ' δν τροπον

WIND, we surrendered, and were driven.

16 And as we ran under certain little Island. called \* Clauda, with difficulty we were able to become masters of the BOAT:

17 which having hoisted up, they used Helps, † undergirding the SHIP; and fearing lest they should fall into the QUICKSAND, lowering the MAST, they were thus driven.

28 And we being exceedingly storm-tossed, on the NEXT day they began to throw overboard;

19 and on the THIRD day they threw out with their own hands the TUR-NITURE of the SHIP.

20 And neither Sun nor Stars appearing for Several Days, and no small Tempest pressing on us, \*all remaining Hope of our being saved was taken away

21 But there having been a Great Want of food, then PAUL standing in the Midst of them, said, "O Men! you ought, indeed, having taken my advice, not to have loosed from Crete, but have avoided this INJURY and Loss.

22 And now 'I exhort you to take courage; for there will be no Loss of Life among you; but only of the SHIP.

23 # For there stood by me This NIGHT, an Angel of the God whose I am, and twhom I serve,

24 saying, 'Fear not, Paul; thou must be presented to Cesar; and behold, God has graciously given thee All THOSE SAILing with thee.'

25 Therefore, take courage, Men; # for I believe God, That it will be so, even as it was told me;

which manner

in

for in the God that

thus it shall be \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. Cauda. 20. all Hope.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Dr. Schmitz says, "the hupozoomata were thick and broad ropes, which ran in a norizontal direction around the ship from the stern to the prow, and were intended to keep the whole fabric together." Such also is the opinion of Pres. Woolsey, who well remarks that if ropes had passed under the keel, the boat would have been needed in the operation, and yet the boat was first lifted on the deck.—Owen.

<sup>1 19.</sup> Jonah i. 5. 23. Acts xxiii. 11. 1 25. Luke i. 45; Rom. iv. 20, 21; 2 Tim. i. 12

<sup>1 2 ..</sup> Dan. vi. 16; Rom. i. 9; 2 Tim. 4. 3

λελαληται μοι.  $^{26}$  Εις νησον δε τινα δει it has been told to me. On au island but certain it is necessary ήμας εκπεσειν.

to be cast. <sup>27</sup>'Ως δε τεσσαρεσκαιδεκατη νυξ  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$ , When and fourteenth night διαφερομενων ήμων εν τω Αδρια, κατα μεσον in the Adriatic, about middle being driven along of us της νυκτος ύπενοουν οί ναυται προσαγειν τινα of the night suspected the sailors to draw near αύτοις χωραν· 28 και βολισαντες, εύρον οργυιας and having beaved the lead, they found fathoms to them country; παλιν εικοσι. βραχυ δε διαστησαντες,και alittle and again twenty; and having intervened, <sup>29</sup> φσευρον οργυιας δεκαπεντε. βολισαντες, having heaved the lead, they found fathoms fifteen; fearβουμενοι τε, μηπως εις τραχεις τοπους εκπεplaces and. lest on rough σωμεν, εκ πρυμνης βιψαντας αγκυρας τεσσαfour, should fall, out of stern having thrown anchors <sup>30</sup> Των δε pas, ηυχοντο ήμεραν γενεσθαι. day they were wishing to be. The ναυτων ζητουντων φυγειν εκ του πλοιου, και to flee out of the seeking ship, and χαλασαντων την σκαφην εις την θαλασσαν, having lowered the boat into the sea. προφαπαι ώς εκ πρωρας μελλοντων αγκυρας prow for an excuse as ont of being about anchors εκτεινειν, <sup>31</sup> ειπεν δ Παυλος τφ έκατονταρχη Paul to the to let down, said the centurion και τοις στρατιωταις. Εαν μη ούτοι μεινωσιν and to the soldiers; I f not these remain  $\tau \omega$ πλοιφ, ύμεις σωθηναι ου δυνασθε. ship, to be saved not are able. the you <sup>32</sup> Τοτε οἱ στρατιωται απεκοψαν τα σχοινια της cut off the ropes of the Then the soldiers <sup>33</sup> Αγρι δε σκαφης, και ειασιν αυτην εκπεσειν. Till and and allowed her to fall. ού εμελλεν ήμερα γινεσθαι, παρεκαλει ό Παυ-Paul while to be, called upon the about day λος άπαντας μεταλαβειν τροφης, λεγων Τεσto partake of food, saving; σαρεσκαιδεκατην σημερον ήμεραν προσδοκων-

teenth to-day day looking for,
τες, ασιτοι διατελειτε, μηδεν προσλαβομενοι.
without food you continue, nothing having taken.

ουδενος γαρ ύμων θριξ εκ της κεφαλης αποοί ποι one for of you a hair from of the head will

26 but we must be east upon ‡a certain Island."

27 And on the Fourteenth Night, when we were driven along in the † ADRIATIC, about MID-NIGHT, the SAILCES Suspected † that Some Country drew near to them;

28 and having sounded, they found twenty Pathons; and a short space having intervened, and sounding again, they found fifteen Pathoms;

29 and fearing lest we should fall on rocky Places, they east out four Anchors from the Stern, and were wishing for Day to break.

30 And the SAILORS seeking to flee from the SHIP, and having lowered the BOAT into the SEA, under Pretence of being about to earry forth Anchors from the Bow,

31 PAUL said to the CENTURION and the SOL-DIERS, "Unless these men remain in the ship, you cannot be saved."

S2 Then the SOLDIERS cut off the ROPES of the BOAT, and allowed her to drift away.

33 And when Day was about to dawn, PAUL urged them all to partake of Food, saying, "This Day, the Fourteenth Day that you have watched, you continue fasting, having taken Nothing.

34 Therefore, I entreat you to partake of Food; for this concerns Your Safety; ‡ for † not a Hair shall perish from the HEAD of any one of you."

35 And having said these words, he took Bread, ‡ and

<sup>† 27.</sup> Not the Gulf of Venice, but the portion of the Mediterranean south of Italy and west of Greece. † 27. A nautical hypallage, originating in the optical deception, by which, on approaching a coast, the land seems to approach to the ship, not the ship to the land.—Bloomfeld. † 34. A proverbial expression, for you shall neither lose your lives, nor suffer any hurt in your bodies, if you follow my advice.—Clarke.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Acts xxviii. 1.

† 34. 1 Sam. xiv. 45; 2 Sam. xiv. 11; 1 Kings i. 52; Matt. x. 30; Luke xii. 7; xxi. 18.

† 35. Matt. xv. 36; Mark viii. 6; John vi. 11; 1 Tim. iv. 3, 4.

ευχαριστησε τφ θεφ ενωπιον παντων, και κλαhe gave thanks to the God in presence of all, and having σας ηρξατο εσθιείν. <sup>36</sup> Ευθυμοι δε γενομενοι Encouraged and broken began to eat. becoming  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ , τροφης. Kal αυτοι προσελαβοντο all a alsn they received food. <sup>37</sup> Ημεν δε έν τω πλοιφ αί πασαι ψυχαι, Wewere and in the ship the all souls, [two κοσιαι] έβδομηκοντα <sup>38</sup> Κορεσθεντες δε έξ. hundred] seventy ыiх. Being satisfied and τροφης, εκουφιζον το πλοιον, εκβαλλομενοι τον ship, offood, they ightened the throwing the <sup>39</sup> 'Οτε  $\sigma$ iτον εις την θαλασσαν. ημερα wheat into the When and day εγενετο, την γην ουκ επεγινωσκον κολπον δε it was, the land not they knew; a bay but τινα κατενοουν εχοντα αιγιαλον, εις δν εβουperceived having a shore, into which thev  $\lambda \epsilon \nu \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \delta \nu \nu \alpha \iota \nu \tau \sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \omega \sigma \alpha \iota \tau \sigma \pi \lambda \sigma \sigma \nu$ . 40 if they were able, to force the ship. τας αγκυρας περιελοντες ειων εις την θαλασσαν, the having cut off left in the nnchurs ανεντες τας ζευκτηριας των πηδα- $\alpha \mu \alpha$ at the same time having loosed the bands of the λιων και επαραντες τον αρτεμονα τη πνεουση, foresail to the wind, and having hoisted the <sup>41</sup> Περιπεσοντος δε κατειχον εις τον αιγιαλον. they pressed towards the shore. Having fallen εις τοπον διθαλασσον, επωκειλαν την ναυν: a place with a seaon both sides, they ran aground the και ή μεν πρωρα ερεισασα εμεινεν ασαλευτος, and the indeed prow having stuck fast remained it-moveable, η δε πρυμνα ελυετο ύπο της βιας \* Γτων κυμthe but stern was broken by the violence [of the waves.] 42 Των δε στρατιωτων βουλη εγενετο, soldiers ίνατους δεσμωτας αποκτεινωσι, μη τις εκκολυμ-that the prisoners they should kill, lest any one having <sup>43</sup> 'Ο δε έκατονταρχος βουλοβησας διαφυγη. awum out should escape. The but centuriou wishing μένος διασωσαι τον Παυλον, εκωλυσέν αυτους tosave the Paul, restrained του βουληματος, εκελευσε τε τους δυναμενους from the purpose, ordered and those heing able κολυμβαν, απορδιψαντας πρωτους επι την γην having thrown off first the land

εξιεναι· 44 και τους λοιπους, ούς μεν επι σανιto go out; and the remaining ones, some indeed on σιν, ούς δε επι τινων των απο του πλοιου· things of the from of the some and on

Και ούτως εγενετο παντας διασωθηναι επι την thus it happened nH to be safely on the

" VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. two hundred-omit. to swim out.

safety.

41. of the waves-omit.

† 40. The ships of the ancients usually had two rudders, one on either side of the ship. As one helmsman managed both, they were joined by a pole, so that both rudders would be parallel. The zeukteeriai were the ropes by which these rudders were fastened to the sides of the ship, and by which they were moved by the helmsman. † 42. The military discipline of the Romans was such, that had the prisoners escaped, the soldiers would have been answerable with their lives .- Owen.

gave thanks to GoD in the presence of all; and having broken, he began to eat.

36 And being encouraged, then also received Food.

37 And ALL the Souls in the SHIP were two hundred and seventy-six.

38 And being satisfied with Food, they lightened the SHIP, throwing out the WHEAT into the SEA.

39 And when it was Day. they did not know the LAND; but they perceived a certain Bay, having a Shore, into which they wished, if they were able, to force the ship.

40 And having cut off the ANCHORS, they lett them in the SEA; having, at the same time, loosed the †BANDS of the RUD-DFRS, and hoisted the FORESAIL to the WIND. they pressed towards the SHORE

41 But having fallen into a Place with two currents, they ran the ves-SEL aground; and Bow sticking fast, remained immoveable, but the STERN was broken by the VIOLENCE.

42 Now it was the Design of the soldiers to kill the PRISONERS, lest any one by swimming out should escape.

43 But the CENTURION wishing to save Paul, restrained them from their PURPOSE, and ordered THOSE ABLE \*to swim out to plunge in first, and get to LAND;

SOME on Boards, and SOME

on things from the SHIP.

And thus it happened that all reached the LAND in

44 and the REMAINDER.

43.

ΚΕΦ. κη'. 28. 1 Και διασωθεντες, τοτε γην. land. And having safely escaped, then επεγνωσαν ότι Μελιτη νησος καλειται. ή they knew that Melita the island is called. Οί δε βαρβαροι παρειχον ου την τυχουσαν The and barbariaus rendered not the ordinary **ριλανθρωπιαν ήμιν** αναψαντες γαρ πυραν, having kindled for a tre, to us; having kindled προσελαβοντο παντας ήμας, δια τον ύετον τον they brought to all of us, because of the rain that  $^3 \Sigma v \sigma \tau \rho \varepsilon$ το ψυχος. εφεστωτα, και δια having been present, and because of the cold. ψαντος δε του Παυλου φρυγανων πληθος, και gathered and the of sticks an-l Paul a bundle, επιθεντος επι την πυραν, εχιδνα εκ της θερμης having placed on the fire, a viper from the heat 4'Ωs δε εξελθουσα κατηψε της χειρος αυτου. having come out fastened on the hand of him. When and ειδον οί βαρβαροι κρεμαμένον το θηριον εκ της saw the barbarians hanging the wild beast from the χειρος αυτου, ελεγον προς αλληλους. Παντως of him, they said to each other: φονευς εστιν δ ανθρωπος ούτος, δν διασωθεντα this, whom having been saved a murderer is the man 5 'O εκ της θαλασσης ή Δικη (ην ουκ ειασεν. the Justice to live not permutted. μεν ουν αποτιναξας το θηριον εις το πυρ. €παindeed then having shaken off the wild beast into the fire, suf- $\theta$  so  $\theta$  ou  $\theta$  so  $\theta$  of  $\theta$  is  $\theta$  and  $\theta$  of  $\theta$  of  $\theta$  and  $\theta$  of  ered nothing they but bad; were expecting μελλειν **πι**μπρασθαι, η καταπιπτειν αφνω νεκto be about toswell or vo fall down suddenly dead. μον. Επι πολυ δε αυτων, προσδοκωντων, και For along and of them, expecting, θεωρουντων μηδεν ατοπον εις αυτον γινομενον, nothing out of place to him happening, μεταβαλλομενοι ελεγον, θεον αυτον ειναι. chauging their minds they said. a god him to be. δε τοις περι τον τοπον εκεινον ύπηρχε χωρια and to those about the place that τφ πρωτώ της νησου, ονοματι Ποπλιώ. δς αναto the chief of the island, by name Poplius; who having δεξαμένος ήμας, τρεις ήμερας φιλοφρονώς έξεreceived three days kindly us, enter- $^8$  Eyeveto  $\delta\epsilon$  tov matera tov  $\Pi$ omliov It happened and the father of the  $^{
m Poplius}$  $\nu!\sigma\in\nu$ . πυρετοις και δυσεντερια συνεχομενον κατακεισwas lying and desentery being seized  $\theta \alpha i$   $\pi \rho o s$   $\delta v$   $\delta$   $\Pi \alpha v \lambda o s \epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \omega v$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i$   $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon v$ down; to whom the Paul going in, and

#### CHAPTER XXVIII.

1 And having safely es caped, \*we then ascertained † That the ISLAND was called † Melita.

2 And the ItBARBA-BIANS treated us with no ORDINALY Philanthropy: for having kindled a Fire, they brought us all to it, on account of the FALLING BAIN, and the COLD.

3 And as PAUL was collecting a Bundle of Sticks, and blacing them on the FIRE, a Viper having come out from the HEAT, fastened on his HAND.

4 And when the BAR-BARIANS saw the SER-PENT hanging from his HAND, they said, to each other, "This MAN is certainly a Murderer, whom, though saved from the SEA, † JUSTICE has not permitted to live."

5 Then, indeed, he shook off the serpent into the fire, and ‡ suffered no in-

jury.

6 But they were expecting him about to swell up, or to fall down suddenly dead; and waiting a long time, and seeing nothing extraordinary happen to him, changing their minds they said, "He is a God."

7 And in the VICINITY of that FLACE were the LANDS of the CHIEF of the ISLAND, whose Name was 7 Poplius; who having received us, for \* three Days benevolently entertained us

8 Now it happened, that the FATHER of POPLIUS, being seized with Fevers and Dysentery, was lying in bed; to whom PAUL having entered ‡ and

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript .- 1. we then. 7. three Days.

<sup>† 1.</sup> The recent investigations of Smith show conclusively, that the island now called Malla, was the scene of the shipwreck. See Bibloth. Sacra. † 2. A name applied by the Greeks and Romans indiscriminately to all foreigners. † 4. Hee Dikee was the proper name of the heathen goddess of justice. She was the daughter of Jupiter, and was called also Nemesis. Poplius is thought to have been the deputy of the prætor of Sicily, as in the time of Cicero, Malta was under the jurisdiction of the Sicilian prætor.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Acts xxvii. 26. † 2. Rom. i. 14; 1 Cor. xiv. 11; Col. iii. 11. † 5. Mark xvi. 18; Luke x. 19. † 6. Acts xiv. 11. † 8. James v. 14, 15.

need.

ξαμένος, επιθείς τας χειρας αυτώ, ιασατό αυτόν. prayed, having placed the hand to him, besied him.

Toutou our γενομένου, και οι λοιποι οι εχοντhis therefore being done, and the others those haves  $\tau \in s$  ασθενέας εν τη νησφ, προσηρχοντο, και ing sicknesses in the island, came, and  $\epsilon \theta \epsilon \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \upsilon \rho \tau o^{-10}$  οι και πολλαις τιμαις ετιμησαν were healed; who also with many rewards rewarded ημας, και αναγομένοις  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta \epsilon \nu \tau o$  τα προς την us, and leading out they placed on the things for the χρειαν.

11 Μετα δε τρεις μηνας ανηχθημεν εν πλοιω After and three mouths we railed in a ship παρακεχειμακοτι εν τη νησ $\alpha$ , Αλεξανδριν $\alpha$ , having been wintered in the island. Alexandrian,

παρασημφ Διοσκουροις. <sup>12</sup> Και καταχθεντες εις with an ensign Dioscuri. And having been led down to Συρακουσας, επεμειναμεν ήμερας τρεις:  $^{13}$  δθεν Syracuse, we remained days three; whence

 $\pi$  εριελθοντες κατηντησαμεν εις 'Ρηγιον' και having gone round we came to Rhegium: and μετα μιαν ήμεραν επινενομενου Νοτου, δευτεafter one day having sprung up a south wind, second

ραιοι ηλθομεν εις Ποτιολους: 14 ού εύροντες day we came to Puteoli; where having found

αδελφους παρεκληθημεν επ' αυτοις επιμειναι brethren we were invited by them to remain  $\dot{\eta}$ μερας επτα και οὐτως εις την 'Ρωμην ηλθο-

days seven; and thus towards the Rome we  $\mu \in \nu$ . 15 Kakei $\theta \in \nu$  of a  $\delta \in \lambda \phi$  of a kourants  $\tau$  a went. And thence the brethren having heard the things  $\pi \in \rho_1$   $\eta \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu \epsilon is$  a  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \eta \sigma \iota \nu$   $\eta \mu \iota \nu$  a  $\chi \rho is$  concerning us, came out to a uncetting with us as far as A  $\pi \pi \iota o \nu$   $\phi \circ \rho \circ o \nu$ , kat T  $\rho \iota \omega \nu$   $\tau \alpha \beta \in \rho \nu \omega \nu$  obs  $\iota \delta \omega \nu$   $\delta$ 

Appii forum, and Three taverus; whom seeing the  $IIau\lambda os$ ,  $\epsilon \nu \chi a \rho \iota \sigma \tau \eta \sigma as \tau \omega \theta \epsilon \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda a \beta \epsilon \theta a \rho \sigma os$ . Paul, having given thanks to the God, he took courage.

16 Ότε δε ηλθομέν εις Έωμην, \*[δ] έκατονταρ-When and we came to Rome, [the centurion χος παρεδωκε τους δεσμιους τω στρατοπεδιρ-

prayed, tput his HANDS on him, and cured him.

9 This, therefore, having been done, the others also in the ISLAND, HAVING Diseases, came, and were cured;

10 and THEY presented us with Many † Presents; and when we left, put on board THINGS for our WANTS.

11 And after Three Months we set sail in an Alexandrian Ship, which had wintered in the 1s-LAND, with the Sign of the † Dioscuri.

12 And having landed at + Syracuse, we remained

three Days;

13 whence, coasting round, we came to † Rhegium; and after One Day, a 
South wind having sprung 
up, we came in Two days 
to † Putcoli;

14 where we found Brethren, and were invited by them to remain seven Days; and thus we went

towards Rome.

15 And theree, the BRETHREN having heard about our AFFAIRS, came out to meet us as far as † Appii Forum, and the † Three Taverns; whom, when PAUL saw, he thanked God, and took Courage.

16 And when we \* came to Rome, the CENTURION delivered the PRISONERS to the † PREFECT OF THE PRETORIUM CAMP; but † PAUL was permitted to dwell by himself, with the SOLDIER Who GUARDED him.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—16. were entered Rome. , 16. the centurion delivered the presences to the prefect of the Pretorium camp—omit. 16. but—omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Castor and Pollux, children of Jupiter, the tutelary deities of sailors.

port of this celebrated city was directly in the course from Malta to Italy.

the naritime city of lower Italy, opposite Messina in Sicily. Its present name is Reggio.

† 13. Puteol'is now called Puzzuoli, and lies six miles south-west from Naples.

About 52 miles from Rome, a town on the Appian way, a road paved from Rome to Campania.

† 15. Another place on the same road, some 33 miles from Rome.

† 16. The usual title given to the chief of the fortress. He commanded the garrison of Rome, a body of 10,000 men, who were lodged in the Pretorium camp, an enclosed fortress of about 40 acres, outside of the city, and about a mile and a half from the emperor's palace.

<sup>17</sup> Εγενετο δε μετα ήμερας τρεις συγκαλε-It happened and after days three to have called  $\sigma$ α $\sigma$ θαι αυτον τους οντας των Ιουδαιων πρωτους. together to him those heing of the Jews Συνελθοντων δε αυτων, ελεγε προς αυτους. Having come together and of them, he said to them; τ ψ λαψ η τοις εθεσι τοις πατρψοις, δεσμιος to the people or to the customs those paternal, a prisoner εξ Ίεροσολυμων παρεδοθην εις τας χειρας των from Jerusalem I was delivered into the hands of the 'Ρωμαιων· 18 οίτινες ανακριναντες με εβουλοντο who having examined me απολυσαι, δια το μηδ $\epsilon$ μιαν αιτιαν θανατου to release, because that of death no one cause <sup>19</sup> Αντιλεγοντων  $\delta \epsilon$ ύπαρχειν εν εμοι.  $\tau\omega\nu$ in Speaking against to be me. and Ιουδαιων, ηναγκασθην επικαλεσασθαι Καισαρα: Jews, I was forced to call upon Cesar: ουχ ώς του εθνους μου εχων τι κατηγορησαι. not as of the nation of me having anything to accuse.  $^{20}$   $\Delta$ ια ταυτην ουν την αιτιαν παρεκαλεσα Because of this therefore the cause I called ύμας ιδειν και προσλαλησαι ένεκεν γαρ της you to see and to speak with; on account for of the ελπιδος του Ισραηλ την άλυσιν ταυτην περιhope of the Israel the chain this I wear 21 Οί δε προς αυτον ειπον. Ήμεις ουτε κειμαι. They and to him said, We neither γραμματα περι σου εδεξαμεθα απο της Ιουconcerning thee received from the δαιας, ουτε παραγενομενος τις των αδελφων having come any one of the απηγγειλεν η ελαλησε τι περι σου πονηρον. related or spoken anything concerning thee evil. <sup>22</sup> Αξιουμεν δε παρα σου ακουσαι, ά φρονεις We deem proper but from thee to hear, what thou thinkest; περι μεν γαρ της αίρεσεως ταυτης γνωστον concerning indeed for of the sect this known 23 Tαεστιν ήμιν, ότι πανταχου αντιλεγεται. to us, that everywhere it is spoken against. Havξαμενοι δε αυτφ ήμεραν, ήκον προς αυτον εις ing appointed and to him a day, came to την ξενιαν πλειονες οίς εξετιθετο διαμαρτυροthe lodging many, to whom he set forth testifying earnestly μενος την βασιλειαν  $\tau o \upsilon \theta \epsilon o \upsilon, \pi \epsilon \iota \theta \omega \nu \tau \epsilon$ the kingdom of the God, persuading and αυτους \*[τα] περι του Ιησου, απο τε του them [the things] concerning the from both Jesus, νομου Μωυσεως και των προφητων, απο πρωι and of the of Muses prophets, from morning <sup>24</sup> Και οἱ μεν επειθοντοέως εσπερας. TOIS And these indeed were persuaded by the. evening. λεγομενοις, οί δε ηπιστουν. 25 Ασυμφονοι δε words heing spoken, those but believed not. Notagreed

17 And it occurred, after three Days, he called together the chief men of the Jews. And they having convened, he said to them, "Brethren, though thave done nothing contrary to the PEOPLE, or to the PATERNAL CUSTOMS, yet ti was delivered a Prisoner from Jerusalem into the HANDS of the Romans:

18 who, ‡ having examined me, wished to release me, because there was No Cause of Death in me.

19 But the Jews speaking against it, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ I was compelled to appeal to Cesar; not as having anything of which to accuse my NATION.

20 For This REASON, therefore, I called you, to see and speak with you; ‡ for on account of the HOPE of ISRAEL I wear ‡ this CHAIN."

21 And THEY said to him, "THE neither received Letters from JUDEA about thee, nor did any one of the BRETHREN who came relate or speak Any Evil concerning thee.

22 But we deem it proper to hear from thee what thou thinkest; for indeed it is known to us concerning this sect, ‡ That it is every where spoken

against."

23 And having appointed him a Day, many came to him into his LODGING; to whom he set forth, carnestly testifying the KINGDOM of GOD, and persuading them concerning Jesus, both from the LAW of Moses and the PROPHETS, from Morning till Evening.

ots 24 And  $\ddagger$  some were persuaded by the words  $\delta \epsilon$  Being spoken; but some and believed not.

οντες προς αλληλους, απελυοντο, ειποντος του with each other, they were dismissed, saying ofthe Παυλου βημα έν· 'Ότι καλως το πνευμα το word well the spirit one; That the άγιον ελαλησε δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου προς through Esaias the prophet ta τους πατερας ήμων, 26 λεγον. Πορευθητι προς the fathers of ns, Go thou saying; to τον λαον τουτον, και ειπον Ακοη ακουσετε, and say thou; With ears you will hear the people this.  $\sigma \upsilon \nu \eta \tau \epsilon$ και βλεποντες βλεψετε. και ου μη and not not you may understand; and seeing you will see  $^{27}$   $\mathbf{E}\pi \mathbf{a}\chi \mathbf{u}\nu \theta \eta$   $\gamma \mathbf{a}\rho$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\kappa \mathbf{a}\rho\delta \mathbf{i}\mathbf{a}$ ιδητε. and not not you may perceive. Unteeling for the heart του λαου τουτου, και τοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, and with the ears heavily και τους οφθαλμους αύτων εκαμμυσαν• μηποτε of them they closed; lest at any time and the eyes ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουthey should see with the eves, and with the ears και τη καρδια συνωσι, και επισshould hear, and with the heart they should understand, and should 28 Γνωστον ουν τρεψωσι, και ιασωμαι αυτους. and I should heal them. Kuown therefore εστω ύμιν, ύτι τοις εθνεσιν απεσταλη το σωτηlet it he to you, that to the Geunles is sent the salva-<sup>29</sup> **\***[Kaι ριον του  $\theta$ εου· αυτοι και ακουσονται. tion of the God: they and will hear. [And ταυτα αυτου  $\epsilon$ ιποντος, απηλθον οί Ιουδαιοι, these things of him went the Jews. saying, <sup>30</sup> Eu€ιπολλην εχοντες εν έαυτοις συζητησιν.] having among themselves discussion.] He shode νε δε διετιαν όλην εν ιδιφ μισθωματι· και απεand two years whole in own hired dwelling; and received  $\delta \epsilon \chi \epsilon \tau \sigma = \pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s = \tau \sigma \sigma s$ **εισπορευομενους** 

all those coming in to 31 κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν του αυτον, θεου, publishing the kingdom hım, of the God, και διδασκων τα περι του κυριου Ιησου teaching the things concerning the Lord Jeans Χριστου μετα πασης παρδησιας, ακωλυτως. Anointed with all freedom of speech, unrestrained.

25 And not being agreed with each other, they were dismissed, PAUL saying one Word, "Well d'à the HOLY SPIRIT speak through Isaiah the PROPH-ET to our FATHERS,

26 saying, t Go to this 'PEOPLE, and say, Hear-'ing you will hear, though 'you may not understand; 'and seeing, you will see, 'though you may not per-

'ceive. 27 'For the HEART of this PEOPLE is stupified; 'they hear heavily with their LARS, and their 'EYES they have closed; 'lest at any time they 'should see with their 'EYES, and hear with their 'EARS, and understand with their HEART, and 'should retrace their steps, 'and I should heal them.'

28 Beit known to you, therefore, That \* This SAL-VATION of GOD is sent 2 to the GENTILES, and then will hear it."

29 \*[And when he said these things, the Jews departed, having Much Discussion among them-

selves.] 30 And he dwelt two whole Years in his Own Hired house, and received ALL those COMING IN to him;

31 ‡ proclaiming the KINGDOM of GOD, and teaching the THINGS concerning the Lord Jesus Christ, with Entire Free. dom of speech, and without r. straint.

# \*ACTS OF APOSTLES.

 $\pi \rho o s$ 

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. This SALVATION. OF APOSTLES.

<sup>29.</sup> omit. Subscription-Acts

<sup>1 26.</sup> Isa, vi. 9; Jer. v. 21; Ezek, xii. 2; Matt. xiii. 14, 15; Mark iv. 12; Luke viii. 10; John xi. 14, 40; R. m. xi. 8. 28. Matt. xxi. 41, 45; Acis xiii. 40, 47; xviii. 6; xxii. 21; xxvi 17, 18; Rom. xi. 11. 23. Acis vi. 31; Eph. vi. 10.

#### ROMANS. тне

### КΕΦ. α'. 1.

δουλος Ιησου Χριστου, κλητος Παυλος, of Jesus Auom ted, caned θεου, αποστολος, αφωρισμένος εις ευαγγελιον an apostle, having been set apart for glad udings of God,  $(^2 \, \delta \, \pi \rho o \epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha \tau o \, \delta \iota \alpha \, \tau \omega \nu \, \pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \omega \nu \, \alpha \dot{\nu} \tau o \upsilon$ (which he promised before through the prophets of himself  $\epsilon \nu$  γραφαις άγιαις,)  $^3 \pi \epsilon$ ρι του υίου αύτου, concerning the son of himself, (του γενομενου εκ σπερματος Δαυιδ (...a. having been born from a seed of David according to σαρκα· <sup>4</sup> του δρισθεντος υίου θεου εν that having been distinctly set forth a son of God in δυναμει, κατα πνευμα άγιωσυνης, εξ ανασpower, according to spirit of houness, from τασεως νεκρων,) Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου Anointed of the of dead ones,) Jesus ήμων, 5 (δι' ού ελαβομεν χαριν και αποστοthrough whom we received lavor and apostleλην εις ύπακοην πιστεως εν πασι τοις εθνεσιν, offaith in ship for obesieuce all the nations, του ονοματος αυτου· 6 εν οίς εστε και of him; among whom are in benalf of the name ύμεις, κλητοι Ιησου Χριστου.) τασι τοις called ones of Jesus Anounted;) ουσιν εν 'Ρωμη αγαπητοις θεου, κλητοις άγιοις. who are in Rome heroved ones of God, called saluts; χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, from God father of us, lavor to you and peace S Γίρωτον και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου.  $\mu \in \nu$ First indeca and Jesus Anounted. ευχαριστω τφ θεφ μου δια Ιησου Χριστου I have thanks to the God of me through Jesus Anjinted  $\delta \pi \epsilon \rho = \pi \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu \delta \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau i \dot{\eta} \pi i \sigma \tau i s \dot{\nu} \mu \omega \nu \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \gamma$ of you, because the faith on account of all of you <sup>9</sup> Μαρτυς γαρ μου γελλεται εν όλφ τφ κοσμφ. in whole the world. A witness for of me δ θεος,  $^{\epsilon}$  φ λατρευω εν τφ πνευματι the God, to whom I am a servant in the spirit  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \delta \theta \epsilon o s$ , μου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ του υίου αυτου, ώς αδιαof me in the glad tinings of the son of him, how unceasλειπτως μνειαν ύμων ποιουμαι, 10 παντοτε επι I make, always remembrance of you των προσευχων μου δεομενος, ειπως ηδη ποτε if possibly now at length prayers asking, εν τφ θεληματι του θεου €υοδωθησομαι I shall have a prosperous journey by the of the God will

### CHAPTER 1.

Paul, a Servant of \* Christ Jesus, ‡a Constituted Apostle, ‡ set apart for the Glad Tidings of God,-

2 (# which was previously announced #through his PROPHETS in the holy

Scriptures.)-

3 concerning THAT SON of his, twbo was born of the Posterity of David as to the Flesh;

4 who was #designated the Son of God in Power as to the Spirit of Holiness, by his Resurrection from the Dead,—Jesus Christ our Lord:

5 through whom we received Favor and Apostolic office, in order to the Obedience of Faith among All the NATIONS, on account of his NAME;

6 among whom rou are also the Invited ones of Je-

sus Christ;-

7 to ALL who ARE in Rome, the BELOVED of God, Constituted Holy ones; Favor and Peace to you from God our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ.

8 And first, ‡ I give thanks to my God through Jesus Christ \* concerning you all, Because your FAITH is celebrated in the Whole WORLD.

9 For ‡ Gop is my Witness, whom I reverently serve with my spirit in the GLAD TIDINGS of his son, how incessantly I make mention of you;

10 talways asking in my prayers, that it by any means, now at length, I may have a prosperous journey, ‡ by the WILL of God, to come to you.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-TO THE ROMANS. cerning you all.

Christ Jesus. 8. con.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Acts xxii. 21; 1 Cor. i. 1; Gal. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 11; ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. 
† 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; Gal. i. 15. 
† 2. Gen. xxii. 18; Deut. xv.ii. 15; 2 Sam. vii. 12; Isa. ix. 6, 7; Jer. xxiii. 5, 6; xxxiii. 14—16; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; Dan. ix. 24. 
† 2. Acts iii. 21. 
† 3. Matt. 1, 6, 10; Luke i. 32; Acts ii. 30; 2 Tim. ii. 8. 
† 4. Acts xii. 33. 
† 9. Rom. xv. 23, 23; 1 Thess. ii. 10. From. xv. 23, 32; 1 Thess. iii. 10. 
† 10. James iv. 15.

11 Επιποθω γαρ ιδειν έμας, €λθειν προς ύμας. you. llong for to see you. to ίνα τι μετάδω χαρισμά ύμιν πνευματικόν, εις that some I may impart gift to you spiritual, for το στηριχθηναι ύμας 12 τουτο δε εστι, συμthe to be established you; this and is, to be παρακληθηναι, εν υμις comforted together, among you through the in each other comforted together, among εκαι εκιου. 13 Ου  $\theta$ ελω δε παρακληθηναι, εν ύμιν δια της εν αλληλοις πιστεως, ύμων τε και εμου. Not I wish but ύμας αγνοείν, αδελφοί, ότι πολλακίς προεθεμην you to be ignorant, brothren, that many times I purposed ελθειν προς ύμας, (και εκωλυθην αχρι του δευto come to you, (and was hindered till the presρο,) ίνα τινα καρπον σχω και εν ύμιν, καθως ent,) that some Iruit I might have also among you, 14 Έλλησι τε και  $\kappa \alpha \iota \in \nu \tau o \iota s \lambda o \iota \pi o \iota s \in \theta \nu \in \sigma \iota \nu$ . even among the other nations. To Greeks both and  $\beta$ ap $\beta$ apois,  $\sigma$ o $\phi$ ois  $\tau$  $\epsilon$  και ανοητοίς  $\sigma$  $\phi$ είλετης to barbarians, to wise ones both and to simple ones ειμι· 15 ούτω, το κατ' εμε, προθυμον και ύμιν thus, that according to me. I am eager A am: evco to you 16 Ou 'Ρωμη TOIS EV ευαγγελισασθαι. γαρ Rouse to announce glad tidings. Not for επαισχυνομαι το ευαγγελιον δυναιιις γαρ θεου glad tidings; power I am ashamed the for of God εστιν εις σωτηριαν παντι τω πιστευοντι. Ιουto all to the for salvation δαι $\varphi \tau \in *[\pi \rho \omega \pi \sigma \nu]$  και Έλληνι. <sup>17</sup> Δικαιοσυνη Jew both [tirst] and to Greek. Righteousness γαρ θεου εν αυτφ αποκαλυπτεται εκ πιστεως for of God ia is revealed from εις πιστιν, καθως γεγραπται. 'Ο δε δικαιος εκ in order to faith, as it has been written, The and just πιστεως, ζησεται. faith. shall live. 18 Αποκαλυπτεται γαρ οργη θεου απ' ουρανου hesules wrath of God from heaven επι πασαν ασεβειαν αδικιαν ανθρωπων, каг aud ol men, impiety injustice  $\tau\omega\nu$   $\tau\eta\nu$   $a\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon\iota a\nu$ αδικια  $\in \nu$ κατεχοντων. of those the truth injustice bolding down. by  $^{19}$  Διοτι το γνωστον του θεου φανερον εστιν εν known of the God manifest llecause that is among  $^{20}$  ( $\tau \alpha$ αυτοις δ θεος γαρ αυτοις εφανερωσε. them; the God for to them showed; (the things γαρ αυρατα αυτου απο κτισεως κυσμου, τοις of him from creation of the world, in the ποιημασι νουυμενα καθοραται, 'n  $\tau \epsilon$ αιδιος things made being perceived is clearly seen, the both eternal αυτου δυναμις και θειστης.) εις το ειναι αυτους of him power and deity;) in order that to be them

11 For I greatly desire to see you, ‡ that I may impart to you Some spiritual Gift, for your firm ES-TABLISHMENT;

12 and this is, that I may be comforted among you, through the MUTUAL Faith both of you and me

13 But I wish you not to be ignorant, Bretbren, that I often purposed to come to you, (thengh hindered till Now) that I may have the Some Fruit among you also, even as among the OTHER Nations.

14 ‡ Both to Greeks and Barbarians, both to Wise and Simple, I am a Debtor:

15 so that ACCORDING TO my ability, I am eager to announce glad tidings among You also in Rome.

16 ‡ For I am not ashamed of the GLAD TI-DINGS; ‡ because they are the Power of God for Salvation to Every ONE BE-LIEVING; both to Jew and to Greek;

17 1 For the Righteonsness of God by Faith is revealed therein in order to Faith; as it has been written, 1" But the BIGHTEOUS by Faith, shall live."

18 ‡ Besides, the Wrath of God is revealed from Heaven in regard to All Implety and Injustice of THOSE MEN, who, through Injustice, SUPPRESS the TRUTH.

19 Because the KNOW-LEDGE of GOD is apparent among them; for GOD disclosed it to Them;

20 for this invisible things, even His etternal. Power and Deity, since the Creation of the World are clearly seen, being perceived by the THINGS which are MADE; so that they are inexcusable.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. first-omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Rom. xv. 29. † 13. Rom. xv. 23. † 13. Phil. iv. 17. † 14. 1 Cor 1x. 15. † 16. Psa. xl. 9; Mark viii. 38; 2 Tim. i. 8. † 16. 1 Cor. i. 18; xv. 2 † 17. Rom. iii. 21. † 17. Hab. iii. 4; John iii. 36; Gal. iii. 11; Phil. iii. 9; Heb. x. 38 † 18. Acts xvii. 30; Eph. v. 6; Col. iii. 6. † 20. Psa. xix. 1; Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 27.

 $^{21}$   $\Delta$  10auαναπολογητους.  $\gamma \nu o \nu \tau \epsilon s \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$ , inexcusable. Because having known the God. ουχ ώς θεον εδοξασαν η ηυχαριστησαν. αλλ' God they glorified or they gave thanks; εματαιωθησαν εν τοις διαλογισμοις αύτων, και in the reasonings of them, and were vain εσκοτισθη ή ασυνετος αυτων καρδια 💥 φασwas darkened the perverse ofthem heart; assertκοντες ειναι σοφοι, εμωρανθησαν, 23 και ηλλαto be wise ones, they were foolish, ξαν την δοξαν του αφθαρτου θεου εν όμοιωματι glory of the incorruptible God in εικονος φθαρτου ανθρωπου, και πετεινων και man, of an image of corruptible and birda and <sup>24</sup> Διο \*[ και] τετραποδων και ερπετων. Therefore [also] of four-footed beasts and creeping things. παρεδωκεν αυτους δ θεος εν ταις επιθυμιαις των them the God in the lusts delivered καρδιων αυτων εις ακαθαρσιαν, του ατιμαζεσθαι of the to be dishonored hearts of them to impurity, τα σωματα αύτων εν έαυτοις· 25 οίτινες μετηλof them in themselves; who exchanged λαξαν την αληθειαν του θεου εν τφ. ψευδει, και of the God in the falsekood, and the truth εσεβασθησαν και ελατρευσαν τη κτισει reverenced and served the created thing more than του κτισαντα, δε εστιν ευλογητοε ειε τουε him having created, who is worthy of praise into the αιωνας αμην.  $^{26}$   $\Delta$ ια τουτο παρεδωκεν αυτους so beit. On account of this delivered δ θεος εις παθη ατιμιας. Αί τε γαρ θελειαι the God to passions of infamy. The even for αυτων μετηλλαξαν την φυσικην χρησιν ει**ς την** natural use into that of them changed the <sup>27</sup> δμοιως τε και οἱ αρδενες φυσιν. in violation of nature; in like manner and also the αφεντες την φυσικην χρησιν της θηλειας, εξεhaving left the natural use of the female, καυθησαν εν τη ορεξει αύτων εις αλληλους, with the lust of them for each other, αρσενες εν αρσεσι την ασχημοσυνην κατεργάmales with males the indecency working ζομενοι, και την αντιμισθιαν, ήν εδει, out, and the recompence, which it was proper, of the πλανης αύτων απολαμβανον**τες.**  $\epsilon \nu$ *eautois* themselves receiving back. error of them in 28 Και καθως ουκ εδοκιμασαν τον θεον εχειν εν they did try the God to have επιγνωσει, παρεδωκεν αυτους δ θεος εις αδοκιdelivered them the God knowledge, ta a worthμον νουν, ποιειν τα μη καθηκοντα. 29 πεπληto do the things not fitting; having been ρωμενους παση αδικια, πονηρια, πλεονεξια, κα-

21 Because, though the; knew God, they did not glorify or thank him as God, but thecame vain in their Beasonings, and Their Perverse Heart was darkened;

22 assuming to be Wisc men, they became foolish; 23 and they changed the clory of the INCORRUP-TIBLE; God into an Image-likeness of Corruptible Man, and of Birds, and of Quadrupeds, and of Reptiles.

24 ‡Therefore God delivered them over, through the Lusts of their Hearts for Impurity, ‡to Distrono their Bodies among themselves;

25 who exchanged the TRUTH concerning God for a FALSE religion, and reverenced and served the CREATURE rather than the CREATURE rather than the AGES Amen!

26 On this account God delivered them over to infamous Passions; for even their Females changed the Natural Use for That which is Unnatu-

BAL;
27 and in like manner also the MALES, leaving the NATURAL Use of the FEMALE were burnt up with their furious Lust for each other;—Males with Males committing INDECENCY, and receiving back among themselves that RECOMPENSE Of their EREOR which was proper.

28 And as they did not cnoose to possess the Knowledge of God, God delivered them ever to a Worthless Mind, to do improper things;—

29 abounding in Every Iniquity;—in Wickedness, in Covetousness, in Mahg-

filled

with all iniquity, in wickedness, in coverousness,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. also-omit.

<sup>† 21. 2</sup> Kings xvii, 15; Jer. ii. 5; Eph. iv. 17, 18. † 23. Deut. iv. 16; Psa. cvi. 20; Isa. xl. 18, 20; Jer. ii. 11; Ezek. viii. 10; Acts xvii. 20, † 24. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Acts vii. 42; Enh. iv. 18, 19; 2 Thess. ii. 11, 12. † 24. Lev. xviii. 22; 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 25. Jer. x. 14; Jonah ii. 8; Hab. ii. 18.

μεστους φθονου, φονου, εριδος, δυλου, malignity; full of murder, strife. envy, deceits  $^{30}$  καταλαλους,  $\theta \epsilon \sigma \sigma$ κακοηθειας, ψιθυριστας had disposition, whisperers; revilers, τυγεις, ύβριστας, ύπερηφανους, ala(ovas, insoleut ones, proud ones, boasters, εφευρετας κακων, γονευσιν απειθεις.  $^{31} \alpha \sigma v \nu \epsilon$ of evils, to parents disobedient, τους, ασυνθετους, ones, covenant-breakers, unaffectionate ones, [imp.acable ones,] ανελεημονας· <sup>32</sup> οίτινες το δικοιωμα του θεου unmerciful oness who the ordinance of the God επιγνοντες, (δτι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντες having known, (that those the things auch αξιοι θανατου εισιν,) ου μονον αυτα ποιουσιν worthy of death are,) not only them they do; αλλα και συνευδοκουσι τοις πρασσουσι. КЕФ.

but even are well pleased with those  $^{1}\Delta \omega$  aramodonntos  $\epsilon \omega$  arbown $\epsilon$ Wherefore inexcusable thou art, O δ κρινων. Εν ' φ γαρ κρινεις τον έτερον, πας every one who artindging. In which for thou judgest the other, σεαυτον κατακρινεις τα γαρ αυτα πρασ-thyself thou condemnest, the things for same thou  $\sigma \epsilon is \delta \kappa \rho i \nu \omega \nu$ . <sup>2</sup> Οιδαμεν δε, ότι το κριματου doest who art judging. We know but, that the seutence of the  $a\lambda n\theta \epsilon iav \epsilon \pi i \tau o v s \tau a$ θεου εστι κατα truth upon those the things such God is according to 3 Λογιζη δε τουτο, ω αναυτα πρασσοντας. Thinkest thou and this,

θρωπε δ κρινων τους τα τοιαυτα πρασποντας, who art judging those the things such doing.

και ποιων αυτα ότι συ εκφευξη το κριμα του and art doing them, that thou shall escape the sentence of the

θεου; <sup>4</sup> Η του πλουτου της χρηστοτητος αυτου God? Or of the wealth of the goodness of him και της ανοχης και της μακροθυμιας καταφρησαια of the forbearance and of the patience thinkest thou

νεις, αγνοων, ότι το χρηστον του θεου εις wrong, heing ignorant, that the goodness of the God to μετανοιαν σε άγει; δ Κατα δε την σκληροreformation thee leads? According to but the Lardness

reformation three leads? According to but the Landiness
τητα σου και αμετανοητον καρδιαν, θησαυρίζεις
of thee and unchanged heart, thou freasurest

σεαυτω οργην εν ήμερα οργης και αποκαλυψεως to the wrate in aday of wrath and of a revelation

δικαιοκρισίας του θεου,  $^6$  ός αποδωσει έκαστω unighteon judgment of the God, who will render to each

nity; full of Envy, Murder, Strife, Deceit, Bad Habits; Secret Slanderers,

50 Revilers, God-haters, Insolent, Proud, Boasters, Devisers of Evil things, Disobedient to Parents,

31 Obstinate, Covenantbreakers, destitute of Natural Affection, without

Pity;
32 who, though they know the ORDINANCE of GOD, (That THOSE who PRACTISE SUCH things are #deserving of Death,) not only \* are doing Them, but even are approving those who practise them.

CHAPTER II,

1 Therefore thou art inexcusable. O Man! THOU who JUDGEST all; I for in what thou judgest another, thou condemnest Thyself; since Thou, the JUDGE, 4 dost practise the SAME things.

2 But we know That the SENTENCE of GOD is according to TRUTH upon those who PRACTISE SUCH

things.

8 And dost thou think this, O Man't thou who JUDGEST THOSE PRACTISING SUCH things, and yet art doing the same, That thou shalt escape the SENTENCE of GOD?

4 Or dost thou despise the #ABUNDANCE of his GOODNESS and FORBEAR-ANCE and PATIENCE, # being ignorant That this GOODNESS of GOD entices thee to a Reformation?

5 According to thy HARDNESS and unchanged Hear, thou art treasuring up Wrath for thyself in a Day of Wrath and Revelation of God's Rightcow judgment;

6 twho will award to

Vatican Manuscript.—31. Implacable—omit, approving those who.

<sup>32.</sup> are doing them, but even are

<sup>+ 1.</sup> Whitby, in his note on this verse, quotes passages from Josephus, by which it appears that the Jews were guilty of most of the crimes enumerated in the first chapter.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Rom. vi. 21. † 1. 2 Sam. xii. 5-7; Matt. vii. 1; 2 John 8, 9. † 3. Rom. ix. 23; Eph. 1. 7; ii. 4, 7. † 4. Isa. xxx. 18; 2 Pet. iii. 9, 15. † 5. James v. 4. † 6. J.) xxxiv. 11; Psa. lxii. 12; Prov. xviv. 12; Jer. xvii. 10; xxxii. 19; Matt. xvi. 27; Rom.; xiv. 12; t Cor iii. 8; 2 Cor. v. 10; Rev. 11. 23; xx. 12; xxii. 12.

7 τοις μεν καθ' ὑπομοτα εργα αυτου· to those indeed by according to the works of him; νην εργου αγαθου, δοξαν και τιμην και αφθαρglory and honor and incorruprerance of a work good, σιαν ζητουσι, ζωην αιωνιον. 8 τοις δε εξ εριθείlife age-lasting; to those but from a party tibility are seeking, ας, και απειθουσι μεν τη αληθεια, πειθομενοις spirit, and disobeying indeed the trutli, obeving <sup>9</sup> Θλιψις και οργη και θυμος.  $\delta \in \tau \eta$  a  $\delta \iota \kappa \iota \alpha$ , Affliction and

but the unrighteousness, wrath and indegnation. στενοχωρια επι πασαν ψυχην ανθρωπου του of man soul every on κατεργαζομενου το κακον, Ιουδαιου τε πρωτον

both of Jew evil, the working και Έλληνος. 10 δοξα δε και τιμη και ειρηνη glory but and honor and peace and of Greek; τω εργαζομενω το αγαθον, Ιουδαίω τε to Jew good, the to every one the working 11 Ου γαρ εστι πρασωπο.
Not for is respect of πρωτον και Έλληνι. respect of aud to Greek.

ληψια παρα τω θεω. the God. persons with

12 'Οσοι γαρ ανομως ήμαρτον, ανομως Kal sinned, without law also As many as for without law εν νομφ ήμαρτον, δια απολουνται και δσοι Ьy and as many as under law sinned. shall perish; νομου κριθησονται, 13 (ου γαρ οι ακροαται του hall be indged, (not for the hearers of the

shall be judged, αλλ' οί ποιηται νομου δικαιοι παρα τω  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ , just ones with the God, but the doers

14 Όταν γαρ εθνη του νομου δικαιωθησονται. for Gentiles When shall be justified. τα μη νομον εχοντα, φυσει τα του those not a law having, by nature the things of the του νομου

thosenot alaw ούτοι νομον μη εχοντες, έαυτοις εισι  $\pi o i \eta$ , to themselves are having, not a law may do, these

το εργον του <sup>15</sup> οίτιν∈ς ενδεικνυνται νομος. show plainly the work of the a law:

νομου γραπτον εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων, συμμαρtestilyof them, the hearts iπ

τυρουσης αυτων της συνειδησεως, και μεταξυ couscience, and the αλληλων των λογισμων κατηγορουντων, η και

accusing reasonings each other of the 16 Ev ημερα ότε κρινει ό απολογουμενων.)

αI a day when shall judge the defending.) κρυπτα των ανθρωπων, κατα το θ€os

13. Law.

secrets of the

God the things

each according to his

7 aionian Life, indeed, to THOSE who, by Perseverance in Good Works, are seeking for Glory and Honor and Incorruptibili-

8 but Indignation and Wrath to THOSE who are ‡ FACTIOUS, and ‡ obey not the TRUTH but obey UNRIGHTEOUSNESS;-

9 Affliction and Distress on EVERY Soul of Man WORKING EVIL; first of the Jew, and then of the Greek:

10 but Glory and #Honor and Peace to EVERY one WORKING GOOD; first to the Jew, and then to the Greek:

11 for t there is no Partiality with GoD.

12 Therefore, as many as sinned without law, will perish also without law; and as many as sinned under Law, will be judged by Law;

13 (for not I the HEAR-ERS of \* Law are just before God, but the DOERS of \* Law will be justified.

When, therefore, THOSE Gentiles not HAV-ING a Law, † naturally perform the THINGS of the LAW, these, though they do not possess a Law, are a Law to themselves;

15 who demonstrate the twork of the Law written on their HEARTS, Their CONSCIENCE co-attesting, and the REASONINGS between each other, accusing or defending;)-

16 in a Day when, according to my GLAD TI-

men,

according to the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. Law.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Phusei, by nature, means also "an infused disposition, which is become, as it were, natural. And in this view, I apprehend, after attentive consideration, it is used in that famous passage, Rom. ii. 14, 15. This passage relates, I think, not to unconverted, but to converted Gentiles. See verse 26; and Jer. xxxi. 31—35 with Hrb. viii. 6-013; x. 16; 2 Cor. iii. 3. Ignatius uses the word in the same view when he thus addresses the Ephesian church, \$1; "Having heard of your name much beloved of God, which you have attained by your righteous disposition, (Phusei,) according to the faith and love which is is in Jesus Christ our Savior." See Parkhurst on the word.

† 15. Matter or substance of the law, or by a pleonasm, the law itself.

<sup>1 10. 1</sup> Pet. i. 7. 11. Deut. x. 17; t 8. 2 Thess. i. 8. † 8. 1 Tim. vi. 3, 4. 2 Chron. xix. 7; Gal. ii. 6; 1 Pet. 1. 17. t 13. James i. 22, 23.

17 Ει δε ευαγγελιον μου, δια Ιησου Χριστου. glad tidings of me, through Jeaus Anointed. If but

επονομαζη, συ Ιουδαιος και επαναπαυη  $\tau \omega$ thou a Jew art named, and dost rest in the

νομφ, και καυχασαι  $\epsilon \nu$   $\theta \epsilon \omega$ ,  $^{18}$  και γινωσκεις το dost boast in God, and knowest

 $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$ , δοκιμα(εις διαφεροντα, και  $\tau \alpha$ will. and discernest the things differing,

κατηχουμένος εκ του νομου $^{-19}$  πεποιθας τε being instructed out of the law; hast believed and

ύδηγον ειναι τυφλων, φως των εν  $\sigma \in \alpha \cup \tau \circ \nu$ to be of blind ones, a light of those in thyself a guide

20 παιδευτην OKOTEL. αφρονων, διδασκαλον darkuess. an instructor of simple ones, a teacher

ιηπιων, εχοντα την μορφωσιν της γνωσεως of bahes. having the form of the knowledge

και της αληθείας εν τ $\varphi$  νομ $\omega$ . <sup>21</sup>  $\delta$  ουν διδασand of the truth in the law; who then art teach-

κων έτερον, σεαυτον ου διδασκεις; δ κηρυσσων thyself not dost thou teach? who art preaching

μη κλεπτειν, κλεπτεις;  $^{22}$  δ λεγων μη μοιχευdost thou steal? not who art saying not to commit

μοιχευεις ; δ βδελυσσομενος τα ELV. adultery. dost thou commit adultery? who art detesting

ειδωλα, ίεροσυλεις: 23 ός εν νομω καυχασαι, idols, dost thou roh temples? who in a law boastest, δια της παραβασεως του νομου  $\tau o \nu$  $\theta \epsilon o \nu$ 

through the violation of the law the Gud

ατιμαζεις:  $^{24}$  Το γαρ ονομα του θεου δι' ύμας dost than dishonor? The for name of the God through you βλασφημειται εν τοις εθνεσι, καθως γεγραπται. is blasphemed among the nations, even as it has been written.

<sup>25</sup> Περιτομη μεν γαρ ωφελει, εαν νομην πρασ-Circumcision indeed for prefits, if law thou

εαν δε παραβατης νομου ή περιns, practisest.if but a violator of law thou may est be, the cir-

τομη σου ακροβυστια γεγονεν.  $^{26}$  Eav ouv  $\dot{\eta}$ cumcision of thee uncircumcision has become. Il therefore the

ακροβυστια τα δικαιωματα του νομου φυλασση, uncircumcision the ordinances of the law

ουχι ή ακροβυστια αυτου εις περιτομην λογισthe uncircumcision of him for circumcision will be

θησεται:  $^{27}$ και κρινει ή εκ φυσεως ακροetaυσand will judge the from counted? nature uncircum-

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. Christ Jesus. 17. Law.

ings, God will judge the THIDDEN things of MEN, through \* Christ Jesus.

17 But if thou fart named a Jew, and dost rest in Law, and boast in

18 and knowest this WILL, and dost # discern SUPERIOR THINGS, being instructed out of the LAW;

19 and hast believed thyself to be a Guide of the Blind, a Light of THOSE in Darkness,

20 an Instructor of the Simple, a Teacher of Babes; having the | FORM of KNOWLEDGE and of TRUTH in the LAW;-

21 † dost ‡ THOU, then, who art TEACHING another, not instruct Thyselt? THOU who art PREACH-ING, "Do not steal," dost thou steal?

22 THOU who art saying, "Do not commit adultery!" dost thou commit adultery? THOU who AB-HORREST IDOLS, dost thou rob temples?

23 Thou who dost boast in a Law, through the VIOLATION of the LAW dost thou dishenor Gop?

24 For, even as it has been written, "The NAME of God is blasphemed on your account among the NATIONS."

Now Circumcision indeed profits, if thou dost practise Law . but if thou art a Violator of Law, thy CIRCUMCISION has become Uncircumcision.

26 If therefore the tun-CIRCUMCISION observe the ORDINANCES of the LAW, will not his UNCIR-CUMCISION be accounted for Circumcision?

27 And the UNCIRCUM-

<sup>+ 21</sup> Tae Jewish priesthood was very corrupt in the apostolic age. This is very evident both by the Scriptures, and the testimony of Josephus. He charges them with "theft, treachery, adultery, sacrilege, rapine, and murder:" and he adds, that 'new ways of wickedness were invented by them; and that of all their abominations, the temple was the receptaele."

<sup>. † 17.</sup> ver. 28. † 1 † 21. Matt. xxiii. 3. † 26. Aets x. 34. 35. † 16. Luke viit. 17. † 20. 2 Tim. i13; iii. \$ † 25. Gal. v. 3. 1 18. Psa. exlvii. 19, 20. 1 18. Phil. i. 10. 1 24. Isa. lii. 5, Ezek. xxxvi. 20, 28-

τια, τον νομον τελουσα, σε τον δια γραμμαperfecting, thee who through law τος και περιτομης παραβατην νομου; <sup>28</sup> Ου γαρ Not a violator of law? and circumcision δ εν τφ φανερφ, Ιουδαιος εστιν, ουδε ή εν τφ nor thatin the he in the outward appearance, a Jew is, εν σαρκι, περιτομη<sup>ο 29</sup> αλλ' δ εν τφ outward appearance, in flesh, circumcision; hut he in the καρδιας, εν κρυπτω Ιουδαιος, και περιτομη circum diston even of heart, ου γραμματι ού δ επαινος ουκ εξ πνευματι, letter; of whom the praise not from not epint. ανθρωπων, αλλ' εκ του θεου. but from the God.

KE $\Phi$ .  $\gamma'$ . 3.  $^1$ Τι ουν το περισσον του Ιουδαιου;  $\eta$  τις  $\mathring{\eta}$ or what the What then the pre-emmence of the Jew?  $\omega \Phi \in \lambda \in (\alpha, \tau \eta s, \pi \in \rho(\tau \circ u \eta s); \quad {}^2\Pi \circ \lambda v,$ κατα πανprofit of the circumersion? Much, according to every τα τροπον. mode. <sup>3</sup> Τι γαρ ; ει ηπιστα λογια του θεου. treated with the oracles of the God. What for? if believed τησαν τινες, μη ἡ απιστια αυτων την πιστιν some, not the unhelief of them the 4 Μη γενοιτο γινεσθω του θεου καταργησει; of the God will make void? Not let it be; δε δ θεος αληθης, πας δε ανθρωπος ψευστης, every hut but the God true, man καθως γεγραπται. Όπως αν δικαιωθης εν τοις even as it has been written; That thou mayest be justified in λονοις σου, και νικησης εν τω κρινεσ $\theta$ αι σε. words of thee, and mayest conquerin the to be judged thee. αδικια ήμων θεου δικαιοσυνην συ-It but the unrighteousness of us of God righteousness νιστησι, τι ερουμεν; μη αδικος όθεος όεπιwhat shall we say? not unrighteous the God that  $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \nu \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ .) φερων την οργην: (ката ficting the wrath? (according to man 1 speak.) 6 Μη γενοιτο: επει πως κρινει δ θεος τον κοσμον: Not let it be; otherwise how will judge the God the <sup>7</sup>Ει γαρ ή αληθεια του θεου εν τφ εμφ ψευσμαfor the truth of the God by the my falsehood τι επερισσευσεν εις την δοξαν αυτου, τι ετι of him, why yet to the glory καγω ώς αμαρτωλος κρινομαι; <sup>8</sup> Και μη (καθως am judged? And not (as asinner βλασφημουμεθα, \*[και] καθως φασι τινες ήμας we are falsely accused, [and] 8.8 affirm some ofus

CISION, from a state of nature, perfecting the LAW, will t condemn THEE, who with the Written law and Circumcision art a Violator of Law.

28 For not THAT which is EXTERNAL makes the Jew, nor that which is FX-TERNAL in the Flesh CIR-

CUMCISION;

29 but the Jew is HID-DEN within, even † Curcumcision of the Heart,— Spiritual, not Literal; Whose PRAISE comes not from Men, but from God.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 What then is the surprinciple of the Jew, or What the PROFIT of the CIRCUMCISION?

2 Much in every Respect; but first, indeed, Because they were entrusted with the OBACLES

of God.

3 For what tif some did not believe? will their UNBELIEF annul the FIDELITY of GOD?

4 By no means! but let God be true, though Every Man be False; even as it has been written, ‡ "That "thou mayest be justified "in thy words, and may-"est overcome in thy "JUDGMENT."

5 But if our unrighteousness establishes God's Righteousness, what shall we say? Is that God unrighteous who inflicts wrath? (I speak according to Man.)

6 By no means! otherwise, I how will God judge

the WORLD?

7 For if the TRUTH of God abounded by MY Falsehood to his GLORY, why am I also yet judged as a Sinner?

8 And not, (as we are faisely accused, and as

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. and -omit.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Matt. xii. 41 42. † 29. Col. ii. 11; Phil. iii. 3. † 28. Matt. iii. 9; John viii. 30; Rom. ix. 6, 7; Gal. vi. 15, † 2. Psa. cxlvii. 19, 20; Rom. ix. 4. † 3. Rom. x. † 3. Rom. x. † 3. Rom. x. † 6. Gen. xviii. 25; Job viii. 3; xxxiv. 17. † 8. Rom. x.

αγαθα; ων το κριμα ενδικον εστι.  $^9$  Τι ουν; good things? of whom the judgment just is. What then?

 $\pi \rho o \in \chi o u \in \theta a$ ; Ου  $\pi a v \tau \omega s^*$   $\pi \rho o \eta \tau \iota a \sigma a \mu \epsilon \theta a$   $\gamma a \rho$ , do we excel? Not at all; we before convicted for,

τιαν ειναι  $^{10}$  καθως γεγραπται  $^{4}$ Οτι ουκ εστι to be; even as it has been written; That not is

δικαιος  $ou\delta \epsilon \epsilon is^{*-11}$  ουκ  $\epsilon \sigma \tau$ ιν  $\delta \sigma$ υνιών, ουκ  $\epsilon \sigma$ just notesenone; not is heunderstanding, not is

τιν  $\delta$  εκζητων τον  $\theta$ εον·  $^{12}$  παντες εξεκλιναν, he seeking out the  $^{6}$  God; all teroed aside,

άμα ηχρειωθησαν ουκ εστιποιων χρηστοτη- $_{
m to}$  goodness,

τα, \*[ουκ εστιν] εως ενος. 13 Ταπος ανεωγμε[not is] even one. A separchre having been

εδολιουσαν. Ios ασπιδων ύπο τα χειλη αυτων, they deceived. Venom of asps under the lips of them, 14 'Ων το στομα αρας και πικοίας γεωεί.

Of whom the mouth of cursing and of butterness is full.

15 Οξεις οί ποδες αυτων εκχεαι αίμα. 16 συντριμ-

Swift the feet of them to pour out blood; roun

μα και τολαιπωρια εν ταις δλοις αυτων. 17 και

and misery in the ways of them; and

ύδον ειρηνης ουκ ενιωσαν. 18 Ουκ εστι φοβος away of peace not they knew. Not 16 fear

νομώ λαλει ίνα παν στομα φοανη, και ύποδιiaw itspeaks; that every mouth may be stopped and liable to

Kas yeintal has  $\delta$  koomas to  $\theta$ ec.  $^{20}$  Dioti  $\in$   $\xi$  penalty may become all the world to the God. Therefore from

 $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$  vollov ov  $\delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \omega \theta \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$   $\pi \alpha \sigma \alpha$   $\sigma \alpha \rho \xi$   $\epsilon \nu \omega \omega \sigma \kappa \omega \sigma \epsilon  

πιον αυτου· δια γαρ νομου επιγνωσις άμαρτίας.
him; through for law an acknowledgement of sin.

some affirm that we say,} that we may do evil, so that GOOD may come; Whose CONDEMNATION is just.

9 What then? Do we eveel? Not at all; for we before convicted both Jews and Greeks to be all under Sm;

10 even as it has been written, ‡ "There is none "righteous, not even one;

II There is \* none that "understands, there is "none that seeks God.

12 "They all have "turned aside; they are "altogether worthless; "there is none that does "Good, there is not even "one.

13 † ‡ "An opened "Tomb is their THROAT; "with their TONGUES they "deceive; ‡the Poison of "Asps is under their LIPS.

14 ‡ "Their MOUTH is "full of Cursing and Bit-"terness."

15 ‡"Their FEET are swift to shed Blood;

16 "Ruin and Misery "are in their PATHS,

17 "and a Peaceful "Road they have not "known.

18 ‡ "There is no Fear "of God before their EYES."

1º But we know That watever things ‡ the LAW says, it speaks to Those under the LAW; so that Every Mouth may be stopped, and that All the WOLLD may become amenable to God.

20 Therefore by Works of Law No Human being shall be justified in his presence; I for through Law there is an Acknowledgement of Sin.

Varican Manuschift.—11. none that understands, there is none that seeks God.
 12. notis—omet.

t 13. This, with all the following verses to the end of the 18th, are found in the Septuagint, but not in the Hebrew text; and it is most evident that it was from this Version that the apostle quoted, as the verses cannot be found in any other place with so near an approximation to the apostle's meaning and words.—Clarke. Some contend, however, that the Apostle quoted from different parts of Scripture.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Psa. xiv. 1—3. † 13. Psa. v. 5; Jer. v. 16. † 14. Psa. cxl. 8. † 14. Psa. x. 7. † 15. Prov. 4. 16; I sa. lix. 7, 8. † 18. Psa. xxxvi. 1. † 19. John x. 24; xv. 75. † 20. Rom. vii. 7; Gal. ii. 16.

 $^{21}$ Νυνι δε χωρις νομου δικαιοσυνη θεου  $\pi$ εφαa righteousness of God has been Now but without law νερωται, μαρτυρουμενη ύπο του νομου και των and the by the made manifest, being attested law  $\pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \omega \nu^{22}$  δικαιοσυνη δε θεου δια  $\pi ι \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ even of God through faith a righteonsness

\*[Iησου] Χριστου, εις παντας \*[και επι παν[of Jesus] Anointed, to all [and upon all] τας] τους πιστευοντας ου γαρ εστι διαστολη.
the believing; not for is a distinction.

<sup>23</sup> Παντες γαρ ήμαρτον, και ύστερουνται της for and come short of the sinned, 24 δικαιουμενοι δωρεαν,  $\tau\eta$  $\delta o \xi \eta s \tau o v \theta \epsilon o v$ , by the glory of the God, being justifled freely, αυτου χαριτι, δια της απολυτρωσεως της εν that favor, through the redemption

Χριστω Ιησου· 25 δν προεθετο δ θεος ίλαστηριον whom set forth the God a mercy-seat Jesus;

δια της πιστεως εν τω αυτου αίματι, εις ενδειby the of him for a pointthrough the faith blood, της δικαιοσυνης αύτου, δια την παρεσιν ing out of the righteousness of himself, through the passing by των προγεγονοτων άμαρτηματων εν τη ανοχη

of the formerly committed in theforbearance sins  $^{26}\pi\rho$ os,  $\epsilon\nu\delta\epsilon$ iξιν  $\tau\eta$ s δικαιοσυνης  $\theta \epsilon o v$ . to a pointing out of the

αύτου εν τω νυν καιρώ, εις το ειναι αυτον of himself in the present time, in order that to be

δικαιον, και δικαιουντα τον εκ πιστεως Ιησου. righteous, and justifying him faith of Jesus.

 $^{27}$  Που ουν ή καυχησις; εξεκλεισθη. Δια ποιου it is shut out. Through what kind Where then the boasting?

ουχι, αλλα δια νομου  $\tau\omega\nu$ εργων; νομου; of law? ofthe works? no. but through a law πιστεως· <sup>28</sup> λογιζομεθα γαρ, δικαιουσθαι πιστει

for, to be justified we reckon <sup>29</sup> Η Ιουδαιων δ ανθρωπον, χωρις εργων νομου. without works of law. Or of Jews the

 $\theta \epsilon os$  μονον; ουχι και  $\epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu$ ; ναι και  $\epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu$ . and of gentiles? yes also of gentiles. alone? not

 $^{30}$  Επειπερ εις δ θεος, δς δικαιωσει περιτομην εκ one the God, who will justify circumcision from

πιστεως, και ακροβυστιαν δια της πιστεως. uncircumcision through the and

<sup>31</sup> Νομον ουν καταργουμέν δια της πιστέως; Μη do we nullify through the Law then faith? Not

γενοιτο· αλλα νομον ίστωμεν. let it be; · but law we establish.

21 1 But now, apart from Law, God's Righteousness has been made manifest, tbeing attested by the LAW and the PROPHETS:

22 even God's Righte-ousness, ‡ through the Faith of Christ, to All WHO BELIEVE; - for there is no Distinction,

23 for # all have sinned, and come short of the GLORY of GOD ;-

24 being justified freely by HIS Favor, #through THAT REDEMPTION which is by Christ Jesus;

25 whom God has set forth to be † : a Mercyseat, by HIS OWN Blood, through the FAITH; for an Exhibition of his RIGHT-EOUSNESS I in PASSING BY the SINS FORMERLY committed, during the FOR-BEARANCE OF GOD;

26 and for an Exhibition of his righteousness at the PRESENT Time, in order that he may BE Righteous while justifying HIM who is of the Faith of Jesus.

27 Where then is BOAST-ING? It is shut out. Through What Law? Of works? No, but by the Law of Faith;

28 for we reckon that Man is justified by Faith. apart from Works of Law.

29 Or is he the God of the Jews alone? and not of the Gentiles? Yes, of the the Gentiles also:

30 since it is 1 the One God who will justify the Ďу Circumcision Faith, and the Uncircumcision through the FAITH.

31 Do we then nullify Law through the FAITH? By no means; but, we establish Law.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. Jesus-omit.

<sup>22.</sup> and on all-omit.

<sup>† 25.</sup> The word hilasteerion never signifies "propitiation," as it is translated in the common version; but it is always used wherever it occurs, both in the Old Testament and the New, to express the mercy-seat; which was the golden lid of the ark, upon which the Sheshinah or cloud of glory rested, and from which oracles were dispensed. See Exod. xxv. 22; Num. vii. 3, 9; Lev. xvii. 2; Ileb. ix. 5.—Im. Ver. Note.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Acts xv. 11; Rom. i. 17; Phil. iii. 9. † 21. John v. 46; Acts xxvi. 22. Rom. iv. † 23. ver. 9; Rom. xi. 32; Gal. iii. 22. † 24. Matt. xx. 28; (\* 1. 14; 1 Tim. ii. 6; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19. † 25. Heb. ix. 5. 1 24. Matt. xx. 28; Eph. 1.7; 1 25. Heb. ix. 5. 1 25. Acta 1 30. Rom. x. 12, 13; Gal. iii. 8, 20, 28. A... 38, 39; 1 Tim. i. 15.

# кеф. δ'. 4.

<sup>2</sup> Τι ουν ερουμεν Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων What theo shall we say Abraum the father of us

\*[εύρηκεναι] κατα σαρκα; <sup>2</sup>Ει γαρ Αβρααμ εξ to the Flesh?

If for Abraam from 2 For if A

 $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu \epsilon \delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \omega \theta \eta$ ,  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \kappa \alpha \nu \chi \eta \mu \alpha$ ,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda'$  ou  $\pi \rho o s$  works was justified, he has bossting, but not lowards

τον  $\theta$ εον.  ${}^3$ Τι γαρ  $\mathring{\eta}$  γραφη λεγει; Επιστευσε the God. What for the writing eays? Believed

 $\delta \epsilon$  Αβρααμ τω  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ , και ελογισθη αυτω εις διand Abraam the God, and it was counted to him for right-καιοσυνην.  ${}^4$  Τω  $\delta \epsilon$  εργαζομενω  $\delta$  μισθος ου courses. To him but working the reward not

cousness. To him but working the reward not λογιζεται κατα χαριν, αλλα κατα οφειλημα· is conted according to favor, but according to debt;

δ τω δε μη εργαζομενώ, πιστευοντι δε επι τον to him but not believing but on working, δικαιουντα τον ασεβη, λογιζεται 'n  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota s$ one justifying the nagudly, is counted the faith αύτου εις δικαιοσυνην. <sup>6</sup> καθαπερ και Δαυιδ of uimself for righteousness; also David

λεγει τον μακαρισμον του ανθρωπου, ω δ θεος speaks the blessedness of the man, to whom the God λογιζεται δικαιοσυνην χωρις εργων 7 μακαριοι,

counts righteousness without works; blessed ones, ών αφεθησαν αί ανομιαι, και ών επεκαλυφθηof whom are forgiven the iniquities, and of whom are covered over

σαν αί άμαρτιαι  $^{8}$  μακαριος ανηρ,  $^{\prime}$ ω ου μη the sins; blessed man, to whom not no:

λογισηται κυριος άμαρτιαν. <sup>9</sup> Ο μακαρισμος ουν may count Lord sin. The blessedness then

ούτοs, επιτην περιτομην η και <math>επιτην ακροths, on the circumcision or also on the uncir-

βυστιαν; Λεγομεν γαρ, \*[δτι] ελογισθη τφ cumcistun? We say for, [that] was counted to the

Aβρααμ ή πιστις εις δικαιοσυνην.  $^{10}Πω$ ς ουν  $^{10}$  How then

 $\epsilon$ λογισθη;  $\epsilon$ ν περιτομη οντι, η  $\epsilon$ ν ακροβυστια; was it counted? in circumcision being, or in uncircumcision?

Ouk  $\epsilon \nu$   $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \tau o \mu \eta$ , all  $\epsilon \nu$  akrobuttiq. In kall Not in eigenmentation, but in uncircumcision; and

σημείον ελαβε περιτομης, σφραγιδατης δικαιοa sign he received of circumcision, a seal of the righteous-

a sign he received of circumcision, a seal of the righteousσυνης της πιστεως της εν τη ακροβυστια. εις

ness of the facth of that in the uncircumcision; in order το ειναι αυτον πατερα παντων των πιστευον-

that to be him afather of all of those believing

CHAPTER IV.

1 What, then, shall we say of TAbraham, our \* FOREFATHER according

2 For if Abraham was ‡ justified by Works, he has a ground of boasting; but not before Gon:

S for what says the SCRIPTURE? ‡ "And Abra-"ham believed God, and "it was accounted to him "for Righteousness."

4 TNow to HIM who works, the REWARD is not accounted as a Favor, but as a Debt:

5 but to HIM who does not work, but who believes on HIM who JUSTIFIES \$ the UNGODLY, his FAITH is accounted for Righteousness.

6 Even as David also speaks of the BLESSED-NESS of the MAN to whom GOD accounts Righteousness apart from Works,

7 saying, ‡ "Happy are "they Whose INIQUITIES "are forgiven, and Whose "sins are covered;

8 "happy is the Man "to whom the Lord will "not account Sin."

9 Is this blessedness, then, on the circumcision? or also on the uncircumcision? for we affirm, faith was accounted to Abraham for Righteonsness.

10 How then was it accounted? When he was in Circumcision, or in Uncircumcision? Not in Circumcision, but in Uneircumcision.

the Symbol of Circumeission, as a Seal of the RIGHTEOUSNESS OF THAT FAITH which he had while in UNCIRCUMCISION; in order that he might be the Father of All uncircum-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. POREPATHER.

<sup>1.</sup> to have found-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> That

<sup>† 1.</sup> Isa. li. 2; Matt. iii. 9; John viii. 33, 39; 2 Cor. xi. 22. † 3 Gen. xv. 9; Gal. iii 6; James ii. 23. † 7. Psa. xxxv. 1, 2. † 11. Gen. xv. 1. 12. † 4. Rom. xi. 6.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Rom. iii, 20, 27, 28.

των δι' ακροβυστιας, (εις το λογισθηναι \*[και] through uncircumcision, (in order that to be counted [also]

autois the directions of them the righteousness,)  $^{12}$  kai  $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$   $\pi \epsilon \rho i \tau \sigma$  to them the righteousness,) and a father of circum-

μγs, τοις ουκ εκ περιτομης μονον, αλλα και ε to those not from circumcision alone; but also

τοις στοιχουσι τοις ιχνεσι της εν ακροβυστια το those treading in the footsteps of the in uncurrencision πιστεως του πατρος  $\dot{\eta}$ μων Αβοααμ. <sup>13</sup> Ου γαρ

faith of the father of us Abraam. Not for  $\delta$ ia νομου  $\dot{\eta}$   $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda$ ia  $\tau \omega$   $A\beta \rho \alpha \alpha \mu$ ,  $\eta$   $\tau \omega$   $\sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ -through law the promise to the Abraam, or to the seed

ματι αυτου, το κληρονομον αυτον ειναι κοσμου, of him. that a possessor him to be of a world,

of him, that a possessor him to be of a world,

αλλα δια δικαιοσυνης πιστεως.

14 Ει γαρ οί εκ

but through a righteousness of faith.

If for those of

νομου, κληρονομοι, κεκενωται  $\overset{\bullet}{\eta}$  πιστις, και haw. possessors, has been made void the faith, and

κατηργηται  $\mathring{\eta}$  επαγγελια·  $\overset{15}{\delta}$   $\mathring{\delta}$  γαρ νομος the for law

ορνην κατεργαζεται ού γαρ ουκ εστι νομος,

ουδε παραβασις. 16 Δια τουτο εκ πιστεως, the ther transgression. On account of this from faith,

is a kata  $\chi$ a $\rho$ i $\nu$  els to eival  $\beta$ e $\beta$ aia $\nu$   $\tau\eta$  $\nu$  othat according to favor; in order that to be sure the

 $\epsilon$ παγγελιαν παντι τ $\phi$  σπερματι, ου τ $\phi$  εκ του promise to all the seed, notto that from the

νουου μονον, αλλα και τω εκ πιστεως Αβρααμ law alone, but also to that from faith Abras.

δς εστι πατηρ παντων ήμων·  $^{17}$  (καθως γεγραπ-who is a father of all of us, (even as it has been

ται· Ότι πατερα πολλων εθνων τεθεικα σε·) written; That a father of many nations I have placed thee; κατεναντι ο κατεναντι κατεναντι ο κατεναντ 
τους νεκρους, και καλουντος τα μη οντα &s

 $\mathfrak{O}\nu\tau\alpha$ . Is 'Os  $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' ελπιδα επ' ελπιδι επιστευbeing. Who contrary to hope in hope believed,

σ εν, εις το γενεσθαι αυτον πατερα πολλων 110 order that to have become bim a father of many

 $\epsilon\theta\nu\omega\nu$ , (κατα το  $\epsilon\iota\rho\eta\mu\epsilon\nu\nu\nu$  Ούτως  $\epsilon\sigma\tau$ αι το maions, according to that having been spoken, Thus shall be the

επερμα σου) 19 και μη ασθενησας τη πιστει, and not having grown weak in the faith,

cised BELIEVERS; that the RIGHTEOUSNESS may be ACCOUNTED to them;

12 and a Father of Circumcision, not only to THOSE who are of Circumcision, but to THOSE also who TREAD in the FOOTSTEPS of the FAITH of our FATHER Abraham, which he had in Uncircumcision.

13 For the PROMISE to ABRAHAM and to his SEED, \$\pm\$ that he should be an Inheritor of a World, was not through Law, but through a Righteousness of Fatth.

14 ‡ For if THOSE of the Law are Heirs, the FAITH becomes uscless, and the PROMISE abrogated.

15 Besides, the LAW works out Wrath; \*but where Law is not, there is no Transgression.

16 On account of this it is from Faith, ‡ that it may be according to Favor, ‡in order that the PROMISE might BE sure to All the SEED; not to THAT of the LAW only, but to THAT of the Faith of Abraham, ‡who is a Father of us all,—

17 as it has been written, ‡ "A Father of Many "Nations I have constituted thee,"—in the presence of that God whom he believed, ‡ who Makes alive the Dead, and calls ‡ things not in Being, as though existing;

18 who, contrary to Hope, believed with Hope, that he should become a Father of Many Nations, according to THAT which had been SPOKEN, ‡"Thus "shall thy SEED be."

19 And not having grown weak in the FAITH,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. also-omit. 15. but where.

\*[ou] κατενοησε το ξαυτου σωμα \*[ηδη] νενειοι] he regarded the of hunself body [already] having κρωμενον, ξκατονταετης που ύπαρχων, και την been deadened, an hundred years old thereabouts being, and the νεκρωσιν της μητρας Σαρβας  $^{20}$ εις δε την deadness of the would of Sarah; against and the απαγγελίαν του θεου ου διεκριθη τη απιστια,

able be is also to do. Wherefore [also] it was  $\gamma \iota \sigma \theta \eta$  αυτφ εις δικαιοσυνην. <sup>23</sup> Ουκ εγραφη δε counted to him for righteousness. Not it was written but δι' αυτον μονον, ότι ελογισθη αυτφ. <sup>24</sup> αλλα

on account of him alone, that it was counted to him; but και δι ήμας, οίς μελλει λογιζεσθαι, τοις also on account of us, to whom it is about to be counted, to those

πιστευουσιν επι τον εγειραντα Ιησουν τον believing on the one having raised up Jesus the

κυριον ήμων εκ νεκρων. 25 δς παρεδοθη δια Lord of us out of dead ones; who was delivered up on account of

τα παραπτωματα ήμων, και εγερθη δια την the offences of us, and was raised upon account of the δικαιωσιν ήμων.

justification of us.

# KEΦ. $\epsilon'$ . 5.

 $^{1}$   $\Delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \omega \theta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon s$ ουν εκ πιστεως, ειρηνην Having been justified therefore by faith, peace εχομεν προς τον θεον δια του κυριου ήμων God through the the Ιησου Χριστου. 2 δι' ού και την προσαγωγην Jeans Anointed, through whom also the introduction  $\epsilon \sigma \chi \eta \kappa \alpha \mu \eta \nu * [\tau \eta \pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota]$ εις την χαριν ταυ-[by the faith] we have into the favor this, την, εν 'η εστηκαμεν'  $\epsilon\pi$ και καυχωμεθα in which we have stood; and we boast in <sup>3</sup> Ου μονον ελπιδι της δοξης του θεου. δε, hope of the glory of the God, Not alone and, αλλα και καυχωμεθα εν ταις θλιψεσιν, ειδοτες we boast in the afflictions, knowing 4 ή δε ότι ἡ θλιψις ὑπομονην κατεργαζεται, that the affliction endurance works out. the and  $^5 \stackrel{i}{\eta} \delta \epsilon$ ύπομονη δοκιμην, ή δε δοκιμη ελπιδα, endurance approbation, the and approbation hope, the and ελπις ου καταισχυνει, ότι ή αγαπη του θεου hope not is put to shame, because the love of the God

though he regarded his own Body as deadened, being somewhere about a Hundred years old, and the DEADNESS of Sarah's woms;

20 he did not dispute against the PROMISE of GOD, by UNBELLER, but was made strong in the FAITH, giving Glory to GOD:

21 having been fully assured, That what has been promised, the is able also to perform.

22 Therefore, it was accounted to him for Righteousness.

23 But ‡ it was not written for him alone, That it was accounted to him,

24 but also for us, to whom it is about to be eccounted, even to THOSE who BELIEVE \$00 HIM who RAISED UP Jesus our LORD from the Dead;

25 ‡ who was delivered up on account of our orrences, ‡ and raised for our JUSTIFICATION.

### CHAPTER V.

1 Having been justified, therefore, by Faith, we have ‡ Peace with God, through our LORD Jesus Christ;

2 through whom, also we have been introduced into this favor in which we stand; ‡ and we boast in Hope of the GLORY of GOD.

3 And not only so, but twe triumph also in AF-FLICTIONS, tknowing That AFFLICTION works one Endurance;

4 ‡ and ENDURANCE, Approval; and APPROVAL, Hope;

5 ‡ and this HOPE is not put to shame, because

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-19. not-omit. 2. in the FAITH-omit.

<sup>19.</sup> already-omit.

<sup>22</sup> also-omit-

<sup>1 21.</sup> Psa. cxv. 3; Luke i. 37, 45; Heb. xł. 19.
1 24. Acts ii. 24; xiii. 30.
1 25. Isa. liii. 5, 6; Kom. iii. 25; v. 6; viii. 32, &c 1. 25
1 Cor. xv. 17; 1 Pet. i. 21.
1 1. Eph. ii. 4; Col. 20.
1 2. Heb. iii. 6.
1 3. Mart.
1 3. James i. 22.
1 5. Phil. i. 20.
1 5. Phil. i. 20.
1 5. James

εκκεχυται εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων δια πνευμαhas been poured out in the hearts of us through spirit τος άγιου του δοθεντος ήμιν.  $^6*[Ετι]$  γαρ holy of that having been given to us. [Yet] for Χριστος, οντων ήμων ασθενων ετι, κατα και-

Χριστος, οντων ήμων ασθενων ετι, κατα καιan Anointed one, heig of us without strength still, according to a ρον ὑπερ ασεβων απεθανε. <sup>7</sup> Μολις γαρ season in behalf of impious ones he died. Scarcely for ὑπερ δικαιου τις αποθανειται ὑπερ γαρ

ύπερ δικαιου τις αποθανειται· ύπερ γαρ in behalf of a just personany one will die; in behalf of though του αγαθου ταγα τις και τολμα αποθανειν·

του αγαθου τα χα τις και τολμα αποθανειν the good possibly some one even might dare to die;

 $^8$  συνιστησι δε την ξαυτου αγαπην εις ήμας δ recommends but the of himself love to us the θεος, ότι, ετι άμαρτωλων οντων ήμων, Χριστος God, because, still sinuers being of us, an Anointed one ύπερ ήμων απεθανε, in hehalf of us died.

in hehalf of us died. By much then more,  $\delta\iota\kappa\alpha\iota\omega\theta\epsilon\nu\tau\epsilon s \ \nu\nu\nu \ \epsilon\nu \ \tau\omega \ \alpha\iota\iota\alpha\tau\iota \ \alpha\upsilon\tau\upsilon\upsilon, \ \sigma\omega\theta\eta-\text{having been justified now in the blood of him, we shall be <math display="block">\sigma\iota\iota\epsilon\theta\alpha \ \delta\iota' \ \alpha\upsilon\tau\upsilon\upsilon \ \alpha\tau\iota \ \tau\eta s \ o\rho\gamma\eta s. \ ^{10}\text{Et} \ \gamma\alpha\rho \text{ saved through him from the wrath.}$ 

enemies being kathlyayhher two hew dia tou we were reconciled to the God through the

θανατου του υίου αυτου, πολλω μαλλον καταλdeath of the son of him, by much more having been λαγεντες σωθησομεθα εν τη ζωη αυτου. 11 Ου

reconciled we shall be saved in the life of him. Not μονον δε, αλλα και καυχωμενοι εν τω θεω δια only and, but also boasting in the God through

the Lord of us Jesus Audinted, through whom now

<sup>12</sup> Δια ελαβομεν.  $\tau o \nu \tau o$ καταλλαγην 777 we received. On account of this the reconciliation ώσπερ δι' ένος ανθρωπου ή άμαρτια €ις τον the sin into the through one man

κυιτμον εισηλθε, και δια της άμαρτιας δ θαναworld entered, and through the sin the death;
γος και ούτως εις παντας ανθρωπους δ θανατος
and thus to all men the death

διηλόεν, εφ΄  $\dot{\varphi}$  παντες ήμαρτον. <sup>13</sup> Αχρι γαρ passed through, in which all sinned. Till for νσμου άμαρτια ην εν κοσμ $\dot{\varphi}$  άμαρτια δε ουκ law sin was in world; sin but not ελλογειται μη οντος νομου. <sup>14</sup> Αλλ' εβασιλευ-

is counted not being law. But reigned σεν δ θανατος απο Αδαμ μεχρι Μωυσεώς και the death from Adam till Moses and

the death from Adam the moses and 
επιτους μη άμαρτησαντας επιτω δμοιωματι 
over those not having sinned in the likeness

της παραβασεως Αδαμ. ός εστι τυπος του μελof the transgression of Adam; who is a type of the one

the Love of God has been diffused in our HEARTS, through THAT holy Spirit which has been GIVEN to

6 \* Besides we being yet helpless, Christ at the proper Time, died in behalf of

the Ungodly.

7 Now searcely on behalf of a Just person will any one die, though, possibly, on behalf of the good, some one might even venture to die.

8 ‡But \*God recommends his own Love to us, Because we being yet Sinners, Christ died on our

behalf.

9 By much more, then, having been now justified ‡ by his BLOOD, we shall, through him, be saved from WRATH.

10 For if, being Enemies, ‡ we were reconciled to God through the DEATH of his son, by how much more, having become reconciled, shall we be saved ± by his life?

II And not only so, but we even boast in GOD through our LOBD Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the BE-

CONCILIATION;

12 for this reason,—as through One Man sin entered into the world, (in whom all sinned,) and through sin, tdeath; so also, death passed upon All Men.

13 For till the Law, Sin was in the World, but ‡ Sin is not accounted where there is no Law.

14 DEATH, however, reigned from Adam till Moses, even over those who had not sinned in the similitude of the trans-GRESSION of Adam, two one ABOUT TO COME.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-6. If, then, we being yet helpless. 6. yet-omit.

he recommends.

† 5. 2 Cor. i. 22; Gal. iv. 6; Eph. i. 13, 14.

† 8. John xv. 13; 1 Pet. iii. 18; 1 John iii. 16; iv. 9, 10.

† 9. Rom. iii. 25; Eph. ii. 13; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John i. 7.

† 10. 2 Cor. v. 18, 19; Eph. ii. 16; Col. i. 20, 21.

† 10. John v. 26; xiv. 19; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11.

† 12. Gon. iii. 6; 1 Cor. xv. 21.

† 12. Gen. ii. 17; Rom. vi. 23; 1 Cor. xv. 21.

† 14. 1 Cor. xv. 21, 22, 45.

of the oue

by much

not as through one

Το μεν γαρ κριμα,

The indeed for sentence,

ένος

one

many

ένος

λοντες. 15 Αλλ' συχ ώς το παραπτωμα ούτω being about to come. But not as the fall, 50

παραπτωματιοί πολλοι απεθανον, πολλω μαλ-

 $\lambda$ ον  $\hat{\eta}$  χαρις του  $\theta$ εου και  $\hat{\eta}$  δωρεα εν χαριτι τη the favor of the God and the gift by favor by that

του ένος ανθρωπου Ιησου Χριστου εις τους πολ-

And

Jesus Anointed to the

16 Και ουχ ώς δι'

\*[και] το χαρισμα. Ει γαρ τω του [also] the gracious gift. If for by the of one

the many died,

man

abounded.

άμαρτησαντος, το δωρημα.

having sinued, the frie gift.

 $\lambda o v s = \epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho i \sigma \sigma \epsilon v \sigma \epsilon$ .

εξ ένος εις κατακριμα: το δε χαρισμα, from one to condemnation; the but gracious gift, from πολλων παραπτωματων εις δικαιωμα. 17 Ει γαρ offences to righteousness. 11 τφ του ένος παραπτωματι ό θανατος εβασιby the of the one fall the death reigned  $\lambda$ ευσε δια του ένος, πολλ $\omega$  μαλλον οι την torough the one, by much more those the περισσείαν της χαριτος και  $\frac{\omega}{2}$  [της δωρεας] της abundance of the favor and [of the gift] of the δικαιοσυνης λαμβανοντες, εν ζωη βασιλευσουrightcounnes having received, in life shall reign
σι δια του ένος Ιησου Χριστου. 18 Αρα ουν Indeed then through the one Jesus Auounted. ώς δι' ένος παραπτωματος, εις παντας ανθρωas through one offence, ou all πους εις κατακριμα, ούτω και δι' ένος δικαιωto condemnation; so also through one righteousματος, εις παντας ανθρωπους εις δικαιωσιν all men to a justification bess, on 19 Ωσπερ γαρ δια της παρακοης του
As for through the displeciance of the Cωηs. of life. ένος ανθρωπου άμαρτωλοι κατεσταθησαν οί man sinners were constituted the πυλλοι ούτω και δια της ύπακοης του ένος so also through the obelience of the one many; δικαιοι κατασταθησονται οί πολλοι. righteous persons shall be constituted the many. 20 Νομος δε παρεισηλθεν, ίνα πλεοναση το Law but supervened, so that might abound the παραπτωμα ού δε επλεοναπεν ή άμαρτια, offence; where but abounded the sin, ύπερεπερισσευσεν ή χαρις.  $^{21}$  ίνα ώσπερ εβασιenperatopy ded the favor; that as reigned reigned λευσεν ή άμαρτια εν τω θανατω, ούτω και ή the sin in the death, 80 also the χαρις βασιλευση δια δικαιοσυνης εις ζωην αιωfavor might reign through righteousness into life ageνιων, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων. lasting, through Jesus Auointed the Lord of us. Tt ovv  $\epsilon \rho ov\mu \epsilon v$ ;  $\epsilon \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \nu \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ What then shall we say? ought we to continue KΕΦ. s'. U. τη άμαρτια, ίνα ή χαρις πλεοναση:  $^2$  Μη

15 But not as the FALL. so is the GRACIOUS GIFT. For if by the FALL of the ONE, the MANY died, much more the FAVOR of GOD, even that Gracious Gift by the ONE Man, Jesus Christ, abounded to the

16 And not as through One having sinned, is the FREE GIFT. For indeed the SENTENCE was from One to Condemnation; but the GRACIOUS GIFT is from Many Offences to

Righteousness.

17 Besides, if by the FALL of the ONE, DEATH reigned through that ONE; much more will THOSE HAVING RECEIVED ABUNDANCE of the FAVOR and the righteousness reign in Life through the ONE-the \* Anointed Je-SHS.

18 Therefore, indeed. as through One Offence, sentence came on All Men to Condemnation; so also, through One Righteons act, scutence came on All Men to Justification of

19 For as through the DISOBEDIENCE Of ONE Man, the MANY were constituted Sinners, so even through the OBEDIENCE of the one, the many will be constituted Righteons.

20 And Law supervened, so that the OFFENCE might abound; but where SIN abounded, FAVOR superabounded;

21 that as SIN reigned by DEATH, so also FAVOR mightreign through Rightcousness for aionian Life, through the \* Anointed Jesus, our Lord.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 What then shall we say? Ought we to continue in SIN that FAVOR may Not | abound?

favor may abound?

so that the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. also-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> of the GIFT-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> Christ

<sup>21.</sup> Christ Jesus our Lond.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Isa, liii, 11; Matt. xx. 28; xxvi, 28. † 18. John xii, 32; Heb. ii, 9. † 20. John xv. 22; Rom. iii, 20, iv. 15; vii, 8; Gal. iii, 19, 23. † 20. Luke vii, 47; 1 Tim. i. 14.

γενοιτο. Oitives  $a\pi \epsilon \theta a \nu o \mu \epsilon \nu \tau \eta \dot{a} \mu a \rho \tau i \dot{a}$ ,  $\pi \omega s$ let it be. we died by the ετι ζησομεν εν αυτη; 3 Η αγνοειτε, δτι δσοι Or are you ignorant, that as many as still shall we live in it?  $\epsilon eta a \pi \tau \iota \sigma \theta \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota s \quad X \rho \iota \sigma \tau \sigma \nu \stackrel{*}{=} [1 \eta \sigma \sigma \nu \nu,] \epsilon \iota s \quad \tau \sigma \nu$  into the  $\theta$ ανατον αυτου  $\epsilon$  $\beta$ απτισ $\theta$ ημ $\epsilon$ ν;  $\frac{4}{2}$ Συν $\epsilon$ τα $\phi$ ημ $\epsilon$ ν we were diposed? We were buried together αυτω δια του βαπτισματος εις τον θαναtherefore with him through the dipping into the τον, ίνα ώσπερ ηγερθη Χριστος Χριστος εκ νεκρων Anointed out of dead ones was raised np δια της δοξης του πατρος, ούτω και ήμεις **ε**ν through the glory of the father, also <sup>5</sup> Ει γαρ συμκαι "οτητι ζωης περιπατησωμεν. of life should walk. for plauted φυτοι γεγοναμεν τω δμοιωματι του θανατου together we have become in the likenesss of the death αυτου, αλλα και της αναστασεως εσομεθα. of him, certainly also of the resurrection we shall be; <sup>6</sup> τουτο γινωσκοντες, ότι δ παλαιος ήμ**ων α**νθρωknowing, this that the old man πος συνεσταυρωθη, ίνα καταργηθ**η** was crucified with, that might be rendered powerless the σωμα της αμαρτιας, του μηκετι δουλευειν ήμας of the no longer to be enslaved Bin, τη άμαρτια· <sup>7</sup> δ γαρ απο<sup>ρ</sup>ανων δεδικαιωται απο he for having died has been justified from in the sin; της άμαρτιας. 8Ει δε απεθανομε" συν Χριστώ, sin. If but we died with Anointed. πιστευομεν, ότι και συζησομεν αυτω, 9ειδοτες, we believe, that also we shall live with him. knowing. έτι Χριστος ενερθεις εκνικοών, ουκε**τι απ**οθthat Anointed having been raised out of dead ones, no longer 10 'O ιποκει θανατος αυτου ουκετι κυριευει. of him no longer lords over. Which γαρ απεθανε, τη αμαρτια απεθανεν εφαπαξ. he died, by the he died once for all; sin for ζη τω θεω. 11 Ούτω και ύμει**ς** ζη,

which but he lives, he lives by the God. also you λογιζεσθε ξαυτους νεκρους μεν τη αμαρτια,

dead ones indeed by the yourselves sin,

ζωντας δε τω θεω, εν Χριστω Ιησου. living ones but by the God, in Anointed Jesus.

 $^{12}$  Μη ουν βασιλευετω ή άμαρτια εν τ $\phi$ Not therefore the in the let reign sin, θνητω ύμων σωματι, εις το ύπακουειν·  $^{13}$  μηδε mortal of you body, in order that to obev: nor

2 By no means. How shall we, who have I do d by sin, live any longer in

3 Or are you ignorant, that I as many as have been immersed into Christ, have been immersed into

his death?

4 We have therefore been t entombed with him by the IMMERSION into that DEATH; that as Christ was raised from the Dead by the TGLORY of the FATHER, so also we should walk in a New Life.

5 ! For if we have been planted together in the LIKENESS of his DEATH, certainly we shall be also in that of his RESURREC-

TION; 6 \* knowing this, That tour OLD Man was crucified with nim, so that the BODY of SIN may be rendered powerless; that we may no longer be EN-SLAVED to SIN;

7 for the who died has been justified from SIN.

8 # And if we diea with Christ, we believe That we shall also live with him;

I knowing that ! Christ, having been raised from the Dead, dies no more; Death no longer lords it over him.

10 For [the death] which he died, the died by SIN once; but [the life] which he lives, he lives by God.

11 Thus also do you account yourselves dead indeed by SIN, # but living by God in the \* Anointed Jesus.

12 # Let not sin, therefore, reign in your MOR-TAL Body, in order \* to OBEY its DESIRES;

13 nor present your

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. Jesus-omit. DESTRES.

<sup>11.</sup> Christ Jesus. 12. to obey its

<sup>† 3.</sup> Col. iii. 3; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. Phil. iii. 10, 11. † 6. Gr † 7. 1 Pet. iv. 1. † 8. 2 † 11. Gal. ii. 19. † 12. P 1 6. Gal. ii. 20; v. 1 8. 2 Tim. ii. 11. 1 12. Psa. xix. 13; exix. 133.

παριστανετε τα μελη ύμων όπλα αδικιας present you the members of you weapons of unrighteousness τη άμαρτια: αλλα παραστησατε έαυτους τω present you yourselves to the θεφ, ώς εκ νεκρων ζωντας, και τα μελη ύμων God, as out of dead ones living, and the members of you <sup>14</sup> 'Αμαρτι**α** όπλα δικαιοσυνης τω θεώ. γαρ weapons of righteousness to the God. ύμων ου κυριευσει ου γαρ εστε ύπο νομον, of you not shall lord over; not for you are under law, αλλ' ύπο χαριν. 15 Τι ουν; άμαρτησομεν, ότι but under What then? shall we sin, because favor. ουκ εσμεν ύπο νομον, αλλ' ύπο χαριν; Μη γε-not we are under law, but under favor? Not let let 16 Ουκ οιδατε, ότι  $^{\circ}$  $_{\varphi}$  παριστανετε voito. Not you know, that to whom you present έαυτους δουλους εις ύπακοην, δουλοι εστε for ovedleuce, slaves you are to whom slaves  $\epsilon is \theta a \nu a \tau o \nu$ . ύπακουετε, ήτοι άμαρτιας you are obedient, whether of sin to death, ύπακοης εις δικαιοσυνην; 17 Χαρις δε τω θεω, Thanks but to the God, of obedience to righteousness? ότι ητε δουλοι της άμαρτιας, ύπηκουσατεδε that youwere slaves of the sin, you obeyed yet εκ καρδιας ειτ όν παρεδοθητε τυπον διδαχης. from heart into which you were delivered a form of teaching, 18 Ελευθερωθεντες δε απο της άμαρτιας, εδου-Having been freed and from the sin, you were 19 (Ανθρωπινον λεγω,  $\lambda \omega \theta \eta \tau \epsilon \tau \eta \delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota o \sigma \upsilon \nu \eta$ . (According to man 1 speak, enslaved to the righteousness. την ασθενειαν της σαρκος ύμων.) 'Ωσon account of the weakness of the fiesh of you.) περ γαρ παρεστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη for you presented the members of you slaves to the ακαθαρσια και τη ανομια \*[εις την ανομιαν.] uncleanness and to the iniquity for the iniquity,] ούτω νυν παραστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη so now present you the members of you slaves to the <sup>20</sup> 'Οτε γαρ δουλοι δικαιοσυνη εις άγιασμον. righteousness for sanctification. When for της άμαρτιας, ελευθεροι ητε τη δικαιοσυyou were of the free you were to the righteous. <sup>21</sup> Tiva our καρπον είχετε τοτε;  $\epsilon \phi^3$ ois What therefore fruit had you thea? in the things νυν επαισχυνεσθε· το γαρ τελος εκεινών, θαναyou are ashamed; the for end of those, 🕰 Νυνι δε ελευθερωθεντες απο της άμαρ-TOS.

# MEMBERS to SIN, as Instruments of Iniquity; but # present yourselves to God, \* as if alive from the Dead, and your \* Members te God, as Instruments of Righteousness.

14 For ‡ Sin shall not lord it over You; for you are not under Law, but

under Favor.

15 What then? \* Should we sin, ‡ Because we are not under Law, but under Favor? By no means.

16 Do you not know, That to whom you present yourselves Slaves for Obedience, his Slaves you are to whom you are obedient, whether of Sin to Death, or of Obedience to Righteonsness?

17 But thanks to God. That though you were Slaves of SIN, yet you obeyed from the Heart Ithat Mould of Instruction into which you were delivered;

18 and, thaving been emancipated from sin, you became subservient to

RIGHTEOUSNESS.

19 (I speak humanly, because of the WLAKNESS of your FLESH;) for as you presented your MEM-BERS enslaved to IMPU-RITY and INIQUITY, so now present your MEM-BERS bound to RIGHTE-OUSNESS for Sanctification.

20 For when you were Slaves of sin, you were free as to RIGHTEOUS-

NESS.

21 What Fruit, therefore, had you at that time in things of which you are now ashamed? for the FND of those things is Death.

22 But now, having been emancipated from sin, and having become fruit | bound to God, you have

Now but having been freed from the

τιας, δουλωθεντες δε τω θεω, εχετε τον καρ-

having been enslaved and to the God, you have the

\$1D,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. as if alive. 19. for the iniquity-omit.

<sup>13.</sup> Members.

<sup>15.</sup> Should we sin.

<sup>: 13.</sup> Rom. vii. 5; Col. iii. 5; James iv. 1. : 13. Rom. xii. 1 , 1 Pet. ii. 24; iv. 2. 15. 1 Cor. ix. 21. 16. Matt. vi. 24; 13. 15. John viii. 32; 1 Cor. vii. 22: 14. Rom. vii. 4, 6; viii. 2; Gal. v. 18. John viii. 34; 2 Pet. ii. 19. \$\dagger 17 \, 2 \text{Tim. i. 13.} I 21, Rom. 1. 32. Gal. v. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 16.

ποι ύμων els έγιασμον το δε τελος, ζώην αιώ- yeur Feuit in Santificaofyce in succeitance; theme end if we :.ov. 35 Ta hap odwria ths alastias, faratos: The for wages of the all-

το δε χρασμα του θεου. ζωη αιωνίος εν Χρίστω the but gram to granofine God, life agelasting in an Anticited Ιησου το κυριο ήμων.

Jesus the Lord

# KEΦ. (~ 7.

1 Η αγνοείτε, αδελού, (γινωτκούτι γας Οτ ωτογουίςποτεις ωτίωτες, ιστιοτελείτσης το צפעסף אמאצי, כדו פי ציפעסג אינופיפי דפע מולוציizw I speak, that the law lords over the = 1=

που.  $\epsilon \phi^*$  όσον χρονον  $(n: {}^{2}$  'Η γαρ ίπανδρος for using as a time believe? The first consists a max ישיש דבי לשאדו באלם. לפלפדבו אטעשי בבא לפ באסwomaniotic long bushing minus sylaw; if but may ರಿಮಗ್ರಾ & ಮಗ್ರೂ, ಜವರಗರಿಗ್ರಕ್ಷದು ವಸರ ರರಿಲ ೨೦೩೦೮ ರರಿಲ ಮೇ ಸಹಿತಿಸುವಂದೆ ಕರ್ನಿಚರ್ಣಕ್ಕೆ ಕಂಡ ಬಾ ಎಳ್ ನಗೆಗೇ

αι δρος. <sup>3</sup>Αρα ουν ζωντος του αι δρος μοιχαλις χρηappeared. So then living the hisband in adulteress sie will

ಬರ್ಡುಶಕ, ಕರ್ಮ, ಕರ್ಮಾರ ಬಾರ್ಡಿ ಕರ್ಮಿಕ್ ಕರ್ಮ ಕರ್ಮನಿಕೆ ಜಹಾರಿಗೆ ಜಾರ್ಡಿಕೆ, ಬೇಕುಕ ಕರ್ಮವೇ ಕರ್ಮನಿಕ ಕರ್ಮವಾಗುತ್ತಾ, ಬೇರು ಕುಂಬುಕೆ τη δ αντο. ελειθερα εστιν απο νομου, του μη de the haster. free the is from law, of the act

είναι αυτην μοιχαλίδα, η ενομενην ανδοι έτεοα. 4 Ωστε, αδελφοι μου, και ύμεις εθανατωθητε Therefore, breaker of me. also you were you to death

τω νομφ δια του σωματος του Χριστου, εις το by the law through the body of the Abouted, in order that η ενεσθαι ύμας έτερω, τω εκ νεκρων εγερθενto become you to another to him out of dead ones having been ΄ το δεεσαπε του το κετισεπτο. τι. Ινα καρποφορησωμεν τω θεω. <sup>5</sup>'Οτε γαρ πι. Ινα καρποφορησωμεν τω δεω. When for

ημέν εν τη σαρκι, τα παθηματά των άμαρτιών, we were in the fesh, the passions of the τα δια του νομου, ενηρητίτο εν τοις μελεσιν inner through the lim, worked in the members

τάμων, εις το καρποφορήσαι τω θανατά. of us. in order mist to bringforth fruit to the death. New δε καττοηηθημέν από του νόμου, αποθανόντες.

we were freed from the law, having held εν 'ω κατειχομεθαι άστε δουλευειν ήμας εν held; so that we may

in which we were hold, so that to serve us in Serve lin Newmess of Kaus of the Meymatos, Kau ou walkasofffer your Spirit, and not in Oldness newwess of spirit, and not in oldness of the Ci Letter.

uατος. Τ: συν εσουμεν; δ νομος άμαρτ.α; 7 What then shall we ter. What then shall we say! Is the Law Sin! By 187.

inn, and the END atonian

13 For time Wages of six is Death; Thut the GEACIOUS GIFT OF GOD IS aumian Life, by the Anginted Jesus, our LOED.

### CHAPTER VII.

l Are you ignorant, Brethren, for I am speaking to those who are ac-quainted with Law, That the LAW COURTO'S & MAN for as long a Time as he lres ?

2 Hence tite MARRIED Weman is bound by Law to the LIVING Husband; but if the BUSBAND die, she is released from the

LAW of the HUSBAND. 3 So then, twhile the HUSBAND is living, she will be declared an Adulteress, if she belong to mather Man; but if the HUSBAND die, she is free from the LAW; so that she is nit an Adulteress, though she belong to another Man.

4 Therefore, my Brethren. you also were tput to death by the LAW, through the BODY of the ANOINTED one, in order that you may BELONG to another.—to HIM who was EAISED from the Dead, that we should I bring forth fruit to God.

5 For when we were in the FLESH, those SINFUL Passions, which were through the LAW, I worked 6 Nur! in our Kimbees hobeing FORTH FEUIT to DEATH.

5 But now, having died, we are released from the LAW, by which we were

7 What then shall we

Μη γενοιτο, αλλα την αμαρτιαν ουκ εγνων, ει but the e10 not Laucw. μη δια νομου την τε γαρ επιθυμιαν ουκηδειν, not through law, the even for strong desire not I knew, ει μη δ νομος  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu$ Ουκ επιθυμησεις. not the law Not said; thou shalt lust. <sup>8</sup>Αφορμην δε λαβουσα ή άμαρτια, δια της εν-Opportunity and having taken the ain, through the comτολης κατειογασατο εν εμοι πασαν επιθυμιαν. mandment worked out to me all strong desire; χωρις γαρ νομου άμαρτια νεκρα. <sup>9</sup> Εγω δε apart from for law 51 ti dead. 1 and ε(ων χωρις νομου ποτε.  $\epsilon \lambda \theta o \nu \sigma \eta s$ TMS was alive apart from law then; having come but the εντολης, ή άμαρτια ανεζησεν, εγω δε απεθαived again, 1 commandment, the sin and died; νον. 10 και εύρεθη μοι ή εντολη ή εις ζωην, and was found by me the commandment that for life,  $^{11}$  H  $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\dot{\alpha} \mu \alpha \rho \tau \iota \alpha$   $\alpha \phi \circ \rho \mu \eta \nu$ auth  $\epsilon$ is  $\theta$ avatov. The for same for death. opportunity λοβρυσα, δια της εντολης  $\epsilon \xi \eta \pi \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon$ με, boing taken, through the commandment decerved me, 12 'Ωυτε δ μεν και δι' αυτης απεκτεινεν. and through it killed. So that the indeed νομος άγιος, και ή εντολη άγια και δικαια και law holy, and the commandment holy and just αγαθη. <sup>13</sup> Το ουν αγαθον,  $\epsilon$ μοι γ $\epsilon$ γ ν $\epsilon$  θανατος; That then good thing, to me has become death? Μη γενοιτο αλλα ή ώμαρτα ίν... Φανη but the sin. letit be; so that it might appear αμαρτια, δια του αγαθου μοι κατερναζομενη sin, through the good to me working out θανατον, ίνα γενηται καθ' ύπερβολην άμαρτωdeath, so that might become in excess a sunner λος ή αμαρτια δια της εντολης. 14 Οι<sup>ς</sup>αμεν sin through the commandment. Weknow the γαρ, ότι ό νομος πνευματικος εστιν εγω δε that the law spiritua l is; Ĺ but σαρκινος ειμι, πεπραμένος ύπο την άμαρτιαν.

deshly am, baving been sold under the sin. 15 'O γαρ κατεργαζομαι, ου γινωσκω· ου γαρ δ
What for I work out, bot I know; bot for what  $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ , τουτο πρασσώ αλλ' δ μισω, τουτο but what I have, l wish, I practise; this <sup>16</sup> Ει δε δ ου  $\theta$ ελω, τουτο ποιω, συμποιω. If but what not I wish, I da this 1 do, φημι τω νομφ, ότι καλος. 17 Νυνι δε ουκετι Now but no longer sent to the law, that excellent.

no means. Indeed. ± 1 did not know sin except through Law; for even STRONG DESIRE I had not known, if the LAW had not said, ‡" Thou shalt not covet."

8 But sin having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, worked in me All Strong desire. Apart from Law, however, Sin is dead;

9 and I was formerly living apart from Law; but the COMMANDMENT having come, SIN lived again, and E died;

10 and THAT COMMAND-MENTintended for Life, the same was found by me

for Death.

11 For SIN having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, deceived me, and through it killed me.

12 And so the | LAW indeed is holy, and the COM-MANDMENT holy, and just, and good.

13 That good thing, then, has become Death to me? By no means, but sin has; that Sin might be manifest, through that GOOD thing producing Death to me; so that six, through the COMMAND-MENT, might become an exceedingly great Sinner.

14 Besides, we know That the LAW is spiritual; but I am fleshly, I having heen sold under six.

15 For what I work out. I do not approve; since I do not practise twhat I desire; but what I hate, this I do.

16 But if what I desire not, this I do, I assent to . I as the LAW, That it is excellent;

17 and now, no longer I am working it out, but εγω κατεργαζομαι αυτο, αλλ' ή οικουσα εν the SIN \* DWELLING in dwelling in lile.

hut the

ıt. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. INDWELLETH in me.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Exod. xx. 17, Deut. v. 21; Acts xx. 33; Rom. xiii. 9. † 10. Lev. xviii. 5; Ezek. xx. 11, 13, 21; 2 Cor. iii. 7. † 12. Psa. Tim. i. 8. † 14. 1 Kings xxi. 20, 25; 2 Kings xvii. 17. † 15. : 7. Rom. iii. 20. : 8. 1 Cor. xv. 56. xix. 8; exix. 38, 137; 1 Tim. i. 8. Gal. v. 1/

18 Οιδα γαρ, δτι ουκ οικει εν εμοι άμαρτια. that not dwells in 1 know for, sin.  $\epsilon$ μοι, τουτ'  $\epsilon$ στιν  $\epsilon$ ν τη σαρκι μου, αγαθον το me, this is in the field of me, a good thing; the γαρ θελειν παρακειται μοι, το δε κατεργαζεσθαι for is present with me, the but to work out 1. Ου γαρ δ θελω, το καλον, ουχ εύρισκω. the excellent, for what I wish. not I know. Not ποιω αγαθον· αλλ' δ ου θελω κακον, τουτο I do a good thing; but what not I wish an evil thing, this <sup>20</sup> Ει δε δ ου  $\theta$ ελω \*[εγω,] τουτο I practise. If but what not wish [1,] this ποιω, ουκετι εγω κατεργαζομαι αυτο, αλλ' ή no longer work out <sup>21</sup> Ευρισκω αρα **τ**ον οικουσα εν εμοι αμαρτια. sin. I find therefore the in the νομον τω θελοντι εμοι ποιειν το καλον,  $\delta \tau^{\iota}$ in the wishing to me to do the excellent, because <sup>22</sup> Συνηδομαι γαρ εμοι το κακον παρακειται. with me the evil thing lies near. I am pleased for νομφ του θεου κατα τον εσω ανθρωπον: with the law of the God according to the inside

23 βλεπω δε έτερον νομον εν τοις μελεσι μου l see but another law in the members of me αντιστρατευομενον τω νομω του ν ος μου, και warring against the law of the mind of me, and

αιχμαλωτιζοντα με τω νομω της άμαρτιας τω making a captive meto the law of the sin to that  $3\nu\tau\iota$  εν τοις μελεσι μου. <sup>24</sup> Ταλαιπωρος εγω

existing in the members of me. Wretched I

ανθρωπος τις με ρυσεται εκ του σωματος του
man; who me will rescue from the body of the

θανατου τουτου;  $^{25}$ Ευχαριστω τω θεω δια death this? 1 thank the God by means of Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου  $\mathring{η}μων$ . Αρα ουν

with the but flesh, to a law of sin.

1 Ουδεν αρα νυν κατακριμα τοις εν Χριστω No therefore now condemnation to those in an Anointed Iησου. 2 Ο γαρ νομος του πνευματος της ζωης Jesus. The for law of the spirit of the life

εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ηλευθερωσε με  $a\pi a$  $\tau o v$ by an Anointed Jesus, freed the me from  $^3$  To  $\gamma \alpha \rho$ νομου της άμαρτιας και του θανατου. of the and of the law sin death. The for

18 For I knew That in me, that is, in my flesh, there dwells no good thing; for to desire is present with me, but to WORK OUT WHAT IS EXCELLENT I find not.

19 For I do not the good which I desire, but the evil which I desire not,

this I practise.

20 But if what I desire not, this I do, I no longer work it out, but the sin DWELLING in me.

21 I find therefore this LAW, when I am willing to do RIGHT, That the WRONG lies near me.

22 For I am pleased with the LAW of \*God according ‡ to the INWARD Man;

23 but 1 perceive Another Law in 1 my members, warring against the Law of my mind, and making me a captive to that Law of sin existing in my members.

24 Wretched Man that I am! who will rescue Me from † this BODY of DEATH?

25 \* Thanks to God, by means of Jesus Christ, our Lord. Consequently, then, indeed, I myself, by the MIND, amin subjection to the Law of God, but by the FLESH to the Law of Sin.

### CHAPTER VIII.

1 There is then No Condemnation now to THOSE in the Anointed Jesus;

2 for the LAW of the SPIRIT of LIFE by the Anointed Jesus, liberated me from the LAW of SIN and of DEATH.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. I-omit.

<sup>22.</sup> the mind:

<sup>25.</sup> Thanks to God.

<sup>† 24.</sup> There seems to be here an allusion to an ancient custom of certain tyrants, who bound a dead body to a living man, and obliged him to carry it about, till the contagion from the putrid mass took away his life.—Clarke.

νομου, εν' ω ησθενει δια τηςαδυνατ**ον** του of the in that it was weak through the law, σαρκος, δ θευς τον έαυτου υίον πεμψας εν όμοιthe God the of himself son having sent in a form ωματι σαρκος άμαρτιας, και περι άμαρτιας, of flesh of sin, and on account of sin, κατεκρινε την άμαρτιαν εν τη σαρκι· 4 ίνα το in the sin flesh; so that the δικαιωμα του νομου πληρωhetaη εν ήμιν, τοις μη righteousness of the law might be fulfilled by by those not us. σαρκα περιπατουσιν, αλλα κατα ката walking, according to according to flesh but <sup>5</sup>Οί γαρ κατα σαρκα οντες, πνευμα.  $\tau \alpha$ Those for according to flesh being, the things spirit. οί δε κατα πνευμα, της σαρκος φρονουσιν. those but according to spirit, of the flesh are minding; 6 Το γαρ φρονημα της του πνευματος. The for mind the things of the spirit. of the σαρκος, θανατος το δε φρονημα του πνευμαthe hut of the mind <sup>7</sup> Διοτ**ι τ**ο φρον**ημα τη**ς τος, ζωη και ειρηνη. life and peace. Because the mind of the σαρκυς, εχθρα εις θεον. to God; to the for law of the God enmity oux imotassetal, oude  $\gamma$ ap duvatal  $^8$  of de ev not it is subject, neither for it is able; those and in 9 'Υμεις σαρκι ουτες, θεφ αρεσαι ου δυνανται. flesh being, to God to be pleasing not they are able. You δε ουκ εστε εν σαρκι, αλλ' εν πνευματι, ειπερ flesh, but in spirit, πνευμα θεου οικει εν ύμιν. Ει δε τις πνευμα spirit of God dwells in is and any one spirit you. ουκ εχει, ούτος ουκ εστιν αυτου. Χριστου of an Anointed one not has, he not of him. is  $^{10}$  Eι δε Χριστος εν ύμιν, το μεν σωμα νεκρον If but an Anointed in you the indeed body dead άμαρτιαν το δε πνενμα ζωη the but spirit life with respect to with respect to ein; δικαιοσυνην. 11 Ει δε το πνευμα του εγε σαν-If but the of him having raised righteousness. spirit τος Ιησουν εκ νεκρωνοικει εν ύμιν, δ εγειout of dead ones dwells in you, he having Jesus ρας τον Χριστον εκ νεκρων, ζωοποιησει και raised the Anointed out of dead oncs, will make alive τα θνητα σωματα ύμων, δια το ενοικουν αυτου the mortal bodies of you, through the indwelling of him πνευμα εν ύμιν. spirit 173 you.

 $^{12}$  Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, οφειλεται εσμεν ου τη So then, debtors brethren, we are not to the 13 E. σαρκί,  $\tau o v$ ката σαρκα  $(\eta \nu.$ γαρ of the according to flesh to hve. 11 tor

3 For twhat was impossible for the Law, in that it was weak through the Flesh, too, having sent his own Son in a Form of the Flesh of Sin, even [by an offering] for Sin, condemned sin in the FLESH;

4 so that the RIGHTE-OUSNESS of the LAW may be fulfilled by US, who are WALKING, not according to Flesh, but according to

Spirit.

\*5 For THOSE who LIVE according to Flesh, are minding the THINGS of the FLESH; but THOSE who live according to Spirit, the THINGS of the CAPBUT.

6 % For the MIND of the FLEST is Death; but the UND of the SPIRIT is Life

and Peace.

7 Because the MIND of the FLESH is ‡ Enmity to Go'; for to the LAW of GoD it is not subject-‡ nor, indeed, can it be. 8 Those, then, who

8 THOSE, then, who are in a Sensual state, are unable to please God.

9 But you are not Sensual, but Spiritual, because the Spirit of God dwells in you. But if any one possess not the Spirit of Christ, he is not of him.

L And if Christ be in you, the BODY indeed is dead at to Sin: but the SPIRIT & Life as to Right-

eousness.

1. And if the SPIRIT \*

# HIM who RAISED Jesus
from he Dead dwell m
you, # HE who RAISED

\* Christ from the Dead,
will also make alive yout
MORTAL Bodies, through
the INDWELLING of his
Spirit within you.

12 ‡ So then, Brethren, we are not Debtors to the FLESH, to live according

to the Flesh.

2 3. Gal. iii. 13; 2 1 6. Rom. vi. 1 9. 1 Cor. ii. 1 11. Rom. vi. 4

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANBSCRIPT .- 11. Christ.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Acts xiii. 30; Rom. iii 20; Heb. vii. 18. 10; x. 1, 2. 10, 14. Coi v. 21. † 5. John iii. 6; 1 Cor. ii. 14. † 5. Gal. v. 22, 25; 21; ver. 13; Gai. vi. 8. † 7. James iv. 4. † 7. I Cor. ii. 14. 16; vi. 19. † 2. Gal. iv. 6. Phil. i. 19. † 11. Acts ii. 24. 6, 1 Cor. vi. 14, 2 Cor. iv. 14; Eph. ii. 5. † 12. Rom. vi. 7, 13.

κατα σαρκα ζητε, μελλετε αποθνησκειν ει according to flesh you live, you are about to die; if  $\delta \epsilon$  πνευματι τας προξεις του σωματος θαναbut hy spirit the practices of the body you put τουτε, ζησεσθε. 14 'Οσοι γαρ πνευματι  $\delta \epsilon$ υ to death, you shall live. As many as for hy spirit of God

ελαβετε πνευμα υίοθεσιας, εν  $\dot{\phi}$  κραζομεν· youreceived a spirit of sonship, by which we cry;

17 Ει δε τεκνα, και κληρονομοι· κληρονομοι μεν
If and children, also heirs; heirs indeed

 $\theta$ εου, συγκληρονομοι δε Χριστου· ειπερ συμof God, joint-heirs and of an Anointed; if indeed we suf-

πασχομεν, ένα και συνδοξασθ ημεν. 18 Λογιζοfer with, so that also we may be glorified with. 1 reckon

μαι  $\gamma \alpha \rho$ , δτι ουκ αξια τα παθηματα του νυν tor, that not comparable the sufferings of the now

καιρου προς την μελλουσαν δοξαν αποκαλυφθηteason with the being about glory to be revealed ναι εις ήμας. <sup>19</sup> Η γαρ αποκαραδοκια της κτι-

in us. The for earnest desire of the creaσεως την αποκαλυψιν των υίων του θεου απεκtion the revelation of the sons of the God looks

δεχεται. 20 Γη γαρ ματαιοτητι  $\mathring{η}$  κτισις for.  $^{\circ}$  To the for  $^{\circ}$  vanity the creation

ύπεταγη, (ουχ έκουσα, αλλα δια τον ύποταwas placed under, (not voluntarily, but through him having

 $\xi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ ,)  $\epsilon \pi'$   $\epsilon \lambda \pi \imath \delta \iota$ ,  $^{21}$   $\delta \tau \iota$   $\epsilon \alpha \iota$   $\alpha \nu \tau \eta$   $\eta'$   $\epsilon \tau \iota \sigma \iota s$  placed under,) in hope, that even itself the creation

 $\epsilon$  is την  $\epsilon$ λευθεριαν της δοξης των τεκνων του into the freedom of the glory of the children of the

θεου. <sup>22</sup> Οιδαμεν γαρ, ότι πασα ή κτισις συσ-God. We know for, that all the creation groans τεναζει και συνωδινει αχρι του νυν· <sup>23</sup> ου μονον

cogether and travails together till the now; not only

13 For ‡if you live according to the Flesh, you are about to die; but if, by the Spirit, Tyou put to death the DEEDS of the BODY, you shall live;

14 because ‡ as many as are guided by God's Spirit, these are Sons of God.

15 ‡ For you did not receive a Slavish Spirit back again for ‡fear; but you received ‡a Spirit of Sonship, by which we cry, ‡"Abba! FATHER!"

16 ‡ The SPIRIT itself testifies together with our SPIRIT, that we are Children of God.

17 And if Children, also Heirs; ‡ Heirs, indeed, of God, and Joint-heirs with Christ; ‡ if indeed, we suffer together, so that we may be also glorified together.

18 For I consider That the sufferings of the PRESENT Time, as unworthy of Comparison with the FUTURE GLORY to be revealed in us.

19 Indeed, the EAR-NEST EXPECTATION of the †CREATION longs for the REVELATION of the SONS of God.

20 For the CREATION was made subject to FRAILTY, (not voluntarily, but by HIM who PLACED it UNDER;)

21 in Hope That even the CREATION itself will be emancipated from the SLAVERY OF CORRUPTION, into the FREEDOM of the GLORY Of the CHILDREN of GOD.

συσgroans εροαns together and travonly only 22 For we know That the Whole CREATION groans together and travalls in pain together till the PRESENT time.

<sup>† 19, 20, 21, 22.</sup> Ktisis, creation, has the same signification here as in Mark xvi. 15; "Proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION," that is, all mankind; and also Col. 1, 23, where a similar phrase occurs. That the brute and inanimate creation is not here spoken of, but mankind, is evident from the hope of emancipation from the "SLAVERY OF CORBUTTION" held out in the 23st verse, and the contrast introduced in the 23rd verse, between the ktisis and those "possessing the first-fruit of the spirit."

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gal. vi. 8. † 13. Eph. iv. 22; Col. iii. 5. † 14. Gal. v. 18. † 15. 1 Cor. ii. 12; Heb. ii. 15. † 15. 2 Tim. i. 7; 1 John iv. 18. † 15. Gal. iv. 5, 6 † 15. Mark xiv. 36. † 16. 2 Cor. i. 22; v. 5; Eph. i. 13; iv. 30. † 17. Gal. iii. 20; iv. 7. † 17. Acts xiv. 22; Phil. i. 29; 7 Tim. ii. 11, 12. † 18. 2 Cor. iv. /; 1 Pet. 5. 6, 7; iv. 13. † 19. 1 John iii. 2. † 20. Gen. 11. 19.

 $\delta\epsilon$ , alla kai autoi thy amapyhy toi my $\epsilon$ uhatos also ourselves the first-fruit of the εχοντες, και  $*[\dot{\eta}$ μεις] αυτοι εν έαυτοις στεναourselves in ourselves having, and [we] ζομεν, υίοθεσιαν απεκδεχομενοι, την απολυτρωa sonship looking for, the redemption  $^{24}$ T $\eta$   $\gamma \alpha \rho \epsilon \lambda \pi \iota \delta \iota \epsilon \sigma \omega$ σιν του σωματος ήμων. By the for hope of the body of us.  $\theta\eta u \in \nu$ . Ελπις δε βλεπομενη, ουκ εστιν ελπιςA hope but being seen, were saved. a hope; not is  $\dot{\upsilon}$  γαρ βλεπει τις, τι  $\ddot{\star}$  [και] ελπι(ει; what for sees one, why [also] hopes? <sup>25</sup> Ει δε If but δι' oυ βλεπομεν, ελπιζομεν, ύπομυνης whatnot we hope, with we see,  $^{26}$  'Ωσαυτως δε και το πνενμα απεκδεχομεθα. we wait. In like manner and also the spirit συναντιλαμβανεται ταις ασθενειαις ήμων.  $\tau o$ the helps the weaknesses of us; γαρ τι προσευξωμεθα καθο δει, ουκ οίδαμεν, for what we should pray as it behoves, not we know, αλλ' αυτο το πνευμα ύπερεντυγχανει \*[ύπερ intercedes [on behalf ttself the spirit

27 'Ο δε ερευημων στεναγμοις αλαλητοις. He but searchof us] with groams unspoken. νων τας καρδιας, οιδ∈ τι το φρονημα του knows what the the hearts. mind ofthe πνευματος, κατα θευν εντυγχανει ύπερ δτι because according to God it intercedes on behar άγιων. of holy ones.

<sup>28</sup> Οιδαμεν δε, ότι τοις αγαπωσι τον  $\theta \in ov$ We know and, that to those who love the God παντα συνεργει εις αγαθον, τοις κατα  $\pi \rho \eta$ all things work together for good, to those according to a pur-<sup>29</sup> Ότι ούς προεγνω, και Because whom he foreknew. being. :.lso προωρισε συμμορφούς της εικονός του υίου he before marked out copies of the likeness εις το ειναι αυτον πρωτοτοκον ε. coλof himself for the to be a first-born among many liim <sup>30</sup> Ούς δε προωρισε, τουτους  $\lambda ois$   $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi ois.$ Whom and he before marked out, those brethren.

кал екахеле. και ούς εκαλεσε, τουτους και he called; and whom also he called, those also εδικαιωσε, εδικαιωσεν ούς δεTOUTOUS και he justified, whom and he justified, those nafa <sup>31</sup>Τι ουν ερουμεν προς ταυτα:  $\epsilon \delta o \epsilon \alpha \sigma \epsilon$ .  $E\iota$ be glorified. What then shall we say to these things? δ θεος ύπερ ήμων, τις καθ' ήμων; 32 'Ωσγε the God on behalf of us, who against Who indeed usî του ιδιου υίου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ύπερ ήμων of the own son not spared, but on behalf of us

23 And not only it, but ourselves also, possessing the first-fruit of the spirit, teven we ourselves grown within ourselves, twaiting for Sonship,—the tredemption of our body.

24 Fer we were saved by the HOPE; ‡ but a Hope which is seen is not Hope; for why does any one hope for what he sees?

25 But if we hope for what we do not see, we wait for it with Patience

26 And in like manner also the SPIRIT assists our \*WEAKNESS; for we do not know WHAT We should pray for as we ought; but the SPIRIT itself intercedes with unspoken grouns.

27 and HE who SEARCH-ES the HEARTS, knows what is the MIND of the SPIRIT, Because ‡according to God it intercedes on behalt of Saints.

28 And we know That \*all things work together for good to those who love God.—to those Being invited according to a Purpose;

29 because those whom he foreknew, he also predetermined to be Copies of the LIKENESS of his son, for him to be ‡ a Firstborn among Many Brethren;

30 and those whom he predetermined, he also invited; and whom he invited, those he also justified; and whom he justified, those he also glorified.

31 What shall we say, then, to these things? Since God is for us, who can be against us?

32 Surely he who spared not his own Son, ‡ but de-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—23. we—omit. 24. also—omit. 26. weakness-26. on behalf of us—omit. 28. God works all things together for good.

<sup>† 33. 2</sup> Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. Luke xxi. 28; Eph. iv. 30. † 24. 2 Cor. v. 7; Heb. xi. 1. 1 John v. 14. † 29. Col. i. 15, 18; Heb. i. 9; Rev., i. 5.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Luke xx. 26. † 23. † 23. Eph. vi. 18. † 27. † 32. Rom. iv. 25.

παντων παρεδωκεν αυτον πως ουχι και συν delivered up him: how not with 33 T15 αυτω  $\tau \alpha$ παντα ήμιν χαρισεται; Who to us will he graciously give? him the things

 $\Theta \epsilon os \delta$ εκλεκτων θεου; εγκαλεσει κατα God that chosen ones of God? will bring a charge against

 $^{34}$  Tis  $\delta$  κατακρινων ; Χριστος  $\delta$  αποδικαιων; justifying? Who he condemning? Anointed that having

 $\theta \alpha \nu \omega \nu$ ;  $\mu \alpha \lambda \lambda \delta \nu \delta \epsilon * [\kappa \alpha i] \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \rho \theta \epsilon i s$ ;  $\delta s \kappa \alpha i$ [also] having been raised? who also still more and

εστιν εν δεξια του θεου; δς και εντυγχανει right of the God? who and

 $^{35}$  Tis  $^{5}$   $^{5}$   $^{6}$   $^{13}$   $^{1$ ήμων; ύπ∈ρ will separate from ofus? Who ับส on behalf αγαπης του Χριστου; Θλιψις; η στενοχωρια; Affliction? or

η διωγμος; η λιμος; η γυμνοτης: η κινδυνος; or persecution? or famine? or nakedness? or peril?

of the Anounted?

η μαχαιρα; 36 (καθως γεγραπται 'Οτι ένεκεν it has been written; That on account (as

σου θανατουμεθα όλην την ήμεραν ελογισθηof thee we are put to death whole the day;

<sup>37</sup> Αλλ' εν τουτοις μεν ώς προβατα σφαγης.) counted as sheep of slaughter.)

πασιν ύπερνικωμεν δια του αγαπησαντος ήμας. all we more than conquer through the one having loved

38 Πεπεισμαι γαρ. ότι ουτε θανατος ουτε ζωη, I am persuaded for, that neither life,

ενεστωτα ουτε αγγελοι ουτε αρχαι, ουτε nor messengers nor principalities, nor things being present

 $^{39}$   $ov \tau \epsilon$ δυναμεις. μελλοντα, ovtenor things being about to come, nor nor ύψωμα ουτε βαθος, ουτε τις κτισις έτερα δυνη-

nor any creation will be other height nor depth, σεται ήμας χωρισαι απο της αγαπης του θεου, us to separate from the love of the

КЕФ. της εν Χριστφ Ιησου τφ κυριφ ήμων. of that in Anointed Jesus the Lord

 $\theta'$ . 9. 1 Αληθειαν λεγω, εν Χριστώ, ου ψευδο-Ispeak, in Anointed; not Lutter

(συμμαρτυρουσης μοι της συνειδησεως falsehood, (bearing testimony together to me the conscience

μου,) εν πνευματι άγιω. δτι λυπη μοι εστι of me, ) in holy; that grief to me a spirit

μεγαλη, και αδιαλειπτος οδυνη τη καρδια μου. anguish in the heart great,

livered him up on behall of us all, how will he not with him also graciously give us ALL things?

33 Who will bring an accusation against God's Chosen ones? Will THAT God who justifies?

34 Who is HE who CON-DEMNS? Will THAT Anointed one who DIED; and, still more, who has been raised; who also is at the Right hand of God, and I who intercedes on our behalf?

35 Who shall separate us from THAT LOVE of \* God, which is in the Anointed Jesus? Affliction, or Distress, or Persecution, or Famine, or Nakedness, or Peril, or Sword?

36 (even as it has been written, ‡"On account of thee we are put to death the Whole DAY; we are accounted as Sheep for Slaughter.")

37 ‡ But in all these things we do more than overcome, through HIM who LOVED us.

38 For I am persuaded that neither Death nor Life; neither Angels nor Principalities; neither Things present nor Things future; nor Powers,

nor Height, Depth, nor any other thing in Creation, will be able to separate Us from THAT LOVE of GOD, which is in the Anointed Jesus, our LORD.

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 I tspeak the Truth in Christ, I do not speak falsely, my conscience co-attesting with mc, in a holy Spirit,

2 that I have great Grief and Unceasing Anguish in of me. | my HEART,

<sup>35.</sup> THAT LOVE of GOD which is in Christ Jesus; VAT. MANUSCRIPT .- 34. also-omit. † 34. Heb. vii. 25; ix. 24; 1 John ii. 1. † 35. Psa. xliv. 22; 1 Cor. xv. 30, 31; 2 Cor. vv. 11. † 37. 1 Cor. xv. 57; 2 Cor. ii. 14; 1 John iv. 4; v. 4, 5; Rev. xii. 11. Rom. i. 9; 2 Cor. i. 23; xi. 31; xii. 19; Gal. i. 20; Phil. i. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7.

3 Ηυχομην γαρ αυτος εγω αναθεμα ειναι απο Was wishing for myself I an accursed thing to be from

του Χριστου ύπερ των αδελφων μου, των συγthe Anointed one on behalf of the herthren of me, of the rela-

 $\gamma$ ενων μου κατα σαρκα·  $^4$  οίτινες εισιν Ισραιινες οf me according to flesh; who are lara-

ηλιται, ών ἡ υίοθεσια, και ἡ δοξα, και αί δια-elites, of whom the souship, and the glory, and the cove-

θηκαι, και η νομοθεσια, και η λατρεια, και αί nauts, and the law-giving, and thereligious service, and the

επανγελιαι, <sup>5</sup> ών οἱ πατερες, και εξ ών δ promises, of whom the fathers, and from whom the

Xριστος το κατα σαρκα,  $\delta$  ων επι παντων Auvinted that according to flesh, he being over all

 $\begin{array}{lll} \theta \varepsilon os & \varepsilon u \lambda o \gamma \eta \tau os & \varepsilon \iota s & \tau ou & \text{alwvas.} & A \mu \eta \nu. \\ \text{God worthy of praise into } & \text{the } & \text{ages.} & \text{So be it.} \end{array}$ 

6 Ουχοίον δε, δτι εκπεπτωκεν δ λογος του Not so as but, that has fallen off the word of the

θεου· ου γαρ παντες οί εξ Ισραηλ, ούτοι Ισρα-God; not for all thosefrom Israel, these Israe

ηλ. <sup>7</sup> Ουδ' ότι εισι σπερμα Αβρααμ, παντες el. Nor because they are seed of Abraum, all

 $au \epsilon \kappa \nu \alpha$ , αλλ'  $\epsilon \nu$  Ισαακ κληθησεται σοι σπερμα, children, but in Isaac shall be called to thee a seed,

8 τουτ' εστιν, ου τα τεκνα της σαρκος, ταυτα this is, not the children of the flesh, these

τεκνα του θεου· αλλα τα τεκνα της απαγγελίας children of the God; but the children of the promise

λονιζεται εις σπερμα.  $^9$  Επανγελίας γαρ δ of promise for the

λογος ούτος: «Κατα τον καιρον τουτον ελευword this; According to the season this I will

σομαι, και εσται τη Σαρβα vios. 10 Ου μονον come, and shall be to the Sarah a son. Not only

δε, αλλα και 'Ρεβεκκα, εξ ένος κοιτην εχουσα and, but also Rebecca, from one conception having

(iva  $\mathring{\eta}$  κατ' εκλονην προθεσις του θεου μενη, (so that the according to an election purpose of the God might abide,

ουκ  $\epsilon \xi$   $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$ , αλλ  $\epsilon \kappa$  του  $\kappa$ αλουντος,)  $^{12}$   $\epsilon \rho \delta \eta$ not from works, but from the one calling,)

θη αυτη· 'Οτι δ μειζων δουλευσει τω ελασσονι· said to her; That the greater chall be subject to the lesser.

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. the COVENANT.

† 3. Exod. xxxii. 52.

11. 25.

14. Acts (ii. 25.

15. Luke iii. 23.

16. John viii. 30; Rom. ii. 12. ii. 12. ii. 12. ii. 13.

17. Gen. xxii. 12. Heb xi. 13.

18. Gal. iv. 13.

19. Gen. xxviii. 10.

10. Gen. xxvi. 21.

112. Gen. xxv. 23.

3 on account of my BRETHREN, my KINSMEN according to the Flesh; t for E myself was wishing to be accursed from the Anointed one;)

4 who are Israelites; to whom belong the sonship, and the GLORY, and \* the tCOVENANTS; and the LAW-GIVING, and the rites of Service, and the PROMISES;—

5 whose are the Fathers, and ifrom whom is that Anointed one, according to the Flesh; is who is over all, God blessed to the AGES. Amon.

6 But not as implying that the WORD of GOD has fallen; for \$ALL those who are from Israel, these are not Israel.

7 Nor Because they are the Seed of Abraham, are they ALL Children; but the In Isaac shall thy Seed "be called."

8 That is, the CHIL-DREN of the FLESH, these are not of GOD; but the f CHILDREN of the PROM-ISE are accounted for the Sued

9 For this is the word of Promise—t" According "to this season I will "return, and Sarah shall "have a Son."

10 And not only this, but also to ‡ Rebecca, when she had conceived twins by One,—by Isaac our FATHER;

11 (for they not having been born, nor having done anything good or bad, so that God's purpose, as to an Election, might abide,—not from Works, but from HIM who CALLS;)

12 it was said to her, "The SUPERIOR shall be subject to the INFE-RIOR,"

13 καθως γεγραπται. Τον Ιακαβ ηγαπησα, τον as it has been written; The Jacob I loved,  $^{14}$  Ti our  $\epsilon$  ρουμ $\epsilon$ ν; μη αδιδε Ησαν εμισησα. but Esau I hated. What then shall we say? not injus- $^{15}~\mathrm{T}\omega$ Μη γενοιτο. κια παρα τω θεω: yas To the with the God? Not let it be. for Μωυση λεγει Ελεησω όν αν ελεω, και εικhe says; I will pity whom I should pity, and I will <sup>16</sup> Αρα ουν ου του δν αν οικτειρω. τειρησω compassionate whom I should compassionate. So then Lot of the θελοντος, ουδε του τρεχοντες, αλλα του ελεnor of the one running, but of the pityone willing, 17  $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \ \gamma \alpha \rho \ \dot{\eta} \ \gamma \rho \alpha \phi \eta \ \tau \omega \ \Phi \alpha \rho \alpha \omega^*$ Says for the writing to the Pharaoh; ουντος θεου. ing God. Ότι εις αυτο τουτο εξηγειρα σε, όπως ενδειξω-

I raned up thee, that I might this μαι εν σοι την δυναμιν μου, και όπως διαγγελη

power of me, and that may be declared show in thee the <sup>18</sup> Apa עוש פֿע אַ το ονομα μου εν παση τη γη. the earth. all So then whom

19 E, 15 θελει, ελεει όν δε θελει, σκληρυνει. he wills, he pities; whom and he wills, he hardens. Thou will say ουν μοι· Τιετι μεμφεται; τφ \* [γαρ] βουλη-then to me; Why still does he find fault? to the [for] will

ματι αυτου τις ανθεστηκε;  $^{20}$  Μενουνγε,  $\omega$  αν-() man, of him who has been opposed? But indeed,

θρωπε, συ τις ει, δ ανταποκρινομενος τφ ύεω; thou who art, the one answering again to the God? το πλασμα τω πλασαντι

Not shall say the thing formed to the one having ormed; Why me εποιησας ούτως; 21 Η ουκ εχει εξουσιαν δ κεραthus? Or not has authority the potter madest thou μευς του πηλου, εκ του αυτου φυραματος ποιη-

to make clay, out of the mixture same

σαι, δ μεν εις τιμην σκευος, δ δε εις ατιμιαν: this indeed for honor a vessel, that and for dishapor?

23 Ει δε θελων δ θεος ενδειξασθαι την οργην, If but wishing the God to sh. w the wrath.

και γνωρισαι το δυνατον αύτου, ηνεγκεν εν and make known the power of himseif. πολλη μακροθυμια σκευη οργης κατηρτισμενα

long-suffering vessels of wrath having been fitted εις απωλειαν· <sup>23</sup> και ίνα γνωριση τον πλουand that he might make known the wealth destruction;

της δοξης αύτου επι σκευη ελεους, ά TOU glory of himself on of mercy, which

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. For-omit.

13 even as it has been written, ‡"Јасов I loved. " but EsAv I hated."

14 What shall we say then? Is not Injustice with God? By no means.

15 For to Moses he says, ‡" I will pity whom " I should pity, and I will "compassionate whom I " should compassionate."

16 So, then, it is not o. the one willing, nor of the one BUNNING, but o' GOD who PITIES.

17 Besides, the scriv-TURE says to PHARAOH t "For this very purpose " + I raised thee up, that "I may exhibit in the "my FOWER, and that my "NAME may be declared "in All the EARTH."

18 So, then, whom he pleases, he pities, and whom he pleases, he hard-

19 Thou wilt then say to me; "Why does he still find fault? for whe has resisted his will.?"

20 But indeed, O Man who art thou REPLYING against Goo? ! Shall the THING FORMED say to its MAKER, "Why didst thou make me thus?"

21 Or has not the POT. TER Authority over the CLAY, out of the SAME Mixture to make 1 On. Vessel for Honor, and Another for Dishoner?

22 But if God, wishing to exhibit his INDIGNA TION, and to make known his power, did carry with with Much Longsuffering tthe Vessels of Wrath i fitted for Destruction;

23 and that he might make known the Riches of his GLORY on the Vessels of Mercy, which w r

of the

vessels

<sup>† 17.</sup> In the Hebrew, the words addressed to Pharaoh literally signify, "I have made thee to stand;" accordingly, they are translated by the LXX, "For the sake of this," namely, of showing my power, "thou hast been preserved." The applies translation of this passage, "For this very purpose I raised thee up," does not alter its meaning.—Macknight.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Mal. i. 2, 3. 12. xlv. 9; lxiv. 8. 122. 1 Thess. v. 9. † 15. Exod. xxxiii. 19. † 21. Prov. xvi. 4; Jer. xviii. 6. † 22. 1 Pet. ii. 8; Jude 4. † 23. Rom. ii. 4; † 20. Isa. xxix. † 21. 2 Tim. ii. 10. 1 23. Rom, ii. 4; Eph. i. 7; Col i. 27

προητοιμασεν εις δοξαν·  $^{24}$ ούς και εκαλεσεν were previously prepared for glory; whom even he called

ήμας, ου μονον εξ Ιουδαίων, αλλα και εξ εθνων·
us. not only from of Jews, but also from of Gentiles,

25 ώς και εν τω 'Ωσηε λεγει' Καλεσω τον ου na also in the Rosea hesays; I will call that not

λαον μου, λαον μου· και την ουκ ηγαπημενην, a people of me, a people of me, and her not heloyed,

ηγαπημενην.  $^{26}$  Και εσται, εν τφ τοπφ οδ ερbeloved. And it shall be, in the place where it

ρηθη \*[αυτοις:] Ου λαος μου ύμεις, εκει κληw.s.said [to them;] Νοι a people of the you, there they

θησονται νίοι θεον ζωντος.  $^{27}$  Ησαιας δε κραstall he called sons of God living. Esaias but cries

 $\zeta$ ει ὑπερ του Ισραηλ. Εαν 'η δ αριθμος των on behalf of the Israel; If should be the number of the

υίων Ισραηλ ώς  $\hat{\eta}$  αμμος της θαλασσης, το some of feracl as the sand of the sea, the

καταλειμμα σωθησεται.  $^{28}$ Λογον γαρ συντεsemmant shall be saved. An account for the is finish-

συντετμημενον ποιησεί κυριος επι της γης. baving been cutshort will make a Lord on the earth.

<sup>29</sup> Και καθως προειρηκεν Ησαιας. Ει μη κυριος And as before said Esaias; If not Lord

σαβαωθ εγκατελιπεν ήμιν σπερμα, ώς Σοδομα of hosts left to us a seed, as Sodom αν εγενηθημεν, και ώς Γομορόα αν ώμοιωθη-

we should have become, and as Gomorrah we should have been  $\mu\epsilon\nu$ .  $^{30}$  Ti our  $\epsilon\rho$ ou $\mu\epsilon\nu$ ; Oti  $\epsilon\theta$ v $\eta$   $\tau\alpha$   $\mu\eta$  made like. What then shall we say? That Gentiles those not

διωκουτα δικαιοσυνην, κατελαβε δικαιοσυνην, pursuing righteousness, laid bold on righteousness,

δικαιοσυνην δε την εκ πιστεως. 31 Ισραηλ δε a righteousness even that from faith; largel but

διωκων νομον \*[δικαιοσυνης,] εις νομον διpursuing alaw [of righteousness,] to alaw of

καιοσυνης ουκ εφθασε.  $^{32}$  Διατι; 'Οτι ουκ εκ righteowness not attained. Why? Because not from

πιστεωs, αλλ' ως εξ εργων \*[νομου] Προσfaith, but as it were from works [of law.]

εκοψαν γαρ τω λιθω του προσκομματος 33 κα-

t previously prepared for Glory;

24 even us, whom no called, not only from the Jews, but also from the Gentiles:

25 as also he says by Hosea. ‡"I will call "THAT which was not my "People, and "Her who was not be-"loved, 'beloved;'

26 + "and it shall be, in "the PLACE where it was "said, 'Dou are not my "People,' there they shall "be called Sons of the liv-

"ing God."

27 But Isaiah cries on behalf of Israfl, ‡" If the "Number of the sons of "Israel should be as the "Sand of the Sea, ‡the "Remnant only shall be "saved.

28 "For \*he is finish"ing and cutting short his
"Account in Righteons"re s; ‡ Because the Lord
"will perform a brief Work
"upon the LAND."

29 And, as Isaiah previously said, ‡ "If the "Lord of Hosts had not "left us a Seed, ‡ we "should have become as "Sodom, and should have "resembled Gomorrah."

30 What then shall we say? That THOSE Gentiles not PURSUING Righteousness, laid hold on Rightecusness, \*\*zeventhat Rightcusness from Faith;

31 but Israel † pursuing a Law of Righteonsness. attained not a Law of Righteousness.

32 Why? Because they pursued it, not from Faith, but as attainable from Works of Law. For 1 they struck against the STONE of STUMBLING

33 as it is written,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—20. to them—omit. 28. fluishing and cutting short, the Lord will make a Reckoning on the earth. 31. of Righteousness—omit. 32. of Law—omit.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Rom. viii. 28—30. † 25. Hoshea ii. 23; 1 Pet. ii. 10. † 26. Hosea i. 10. † 27. Isa. x. 22, 23. † 27. Rom. xi. 5. † 28. Isa. xxviii. 22. † 20. Isa. i. 9. † 30. Rom. vi. 11; x. 20. † 30. Rom. i. 17. † 31. Rom. xi. 7. † 32. I uke ii. 34; 1 Cor. i. \*3.

επιγνωσιν.

astone it has been written; Lo, I place in Sion προσκομματος, και πετραν σκανδαλου· και πας and arock of offence: and every on e of stumbling. πιστευων επ' αυτφ, ου καταισχυνησεται. it, not chall be disappointed. the relying σo 1 Αδελφοι, ή μεν ευδοκια της Brethren, the indeed good-will of the кеф. /. 10. εμης καρδιας, και ή δεησις \* [ ή] προς τον θεον, and the prayer [that] to the God, heart, <sup>2</sup> Μαρτυρ**ω** γαρ ύπε**ρ α**υτω**ν** €IS σωτηριαν. on behalf of them for salvation. αυτοις, ότι ζηλον θεου εχουσιν, αλλ'ου κατ' to them, that a soal for God they have, but not according to

καιοσυνηυ. κωι την ιδιαν ζητουντες στησαι, τη

- Αγνοουντες γαρ την του θεου δι-

for the of the God right-

θως γεγραπται. Ιδου, τιθημι εν Σιων λιθον

seeking to establish, to the and the own δικαιοσυνή του θεου ουχ ύπεταγησαν. righteousness of the God not they were brought under.

Being ignorant

<sup>4</sup>Τελος γαρ νομου Χριστος, εις δικαιοσυνην An end for oflaw Appinted, for righteousness 5 Μωυσης γαρ γραφει παντι τω πιστευοντι. to svery one to the believing. Moses for την δικαιοσυνην την εκ του νομου. Ότι ὁ ποιηthe rightequeness that from the law; That the having zas αυτα ανθρωπος, ζησεται εν αυτοις. shall live The done these things man, δε εκ πιστεως δικαιοσυνη ούτω λεγει. Mn tighteousness thus speaks; Not εν τη καρδια σου Τις αναβησεται yin the heart of thee; Who shall ascend ELTINS thou mayest say in the εις τον ουρανον: τουτ' εστι, Χριστον καταγαγειν.

an Ancinted to lead down. into the beaven? this is, 7 Η· Τις καταβησετα: εις την αβυσσον; τουτ' Or; Who shall go nown into the this <sup>8</sup> Αλλα εστι, Χριστον εκ νεκρων αναγαγειν. an Anonted out of dead onco to lead back. But τι λεγει; Εγγυς σου το δημα εστιν, εν τφ thee the what says it? Near word in the στοματι σου, και εν τη καρδια σου τουτ' εστι, mouth of thee, and in the heart of thee; this faith which we publish; the word of the

το όημα της πιστεως ό κηρυσσομεν. <sup>9</sup> ότι, εαν if δμολογησης εν τω στοματι σου κυριον Ιησουν, mouth of thee thou wilt confess with the Lord και πιστευσής εν τη καρδια σου, ότι ό θεος αυand thou wilt believe in the heart of thee, that the God him

<sup>10</sup> (Καρδια τον ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων, σωθηση. (In heart

raised out of dead ones, thou shalt he saved.

t"Behold, I place in Zion, "a Stone of stumbling, "and a Rock of Offence, "tand yet no one RELY-"ing on it shall be dis-"appointed."

### CHAPTER X.

1 Indeed, Brethren, the good desire of my Heart, and THAT PRAYER I offer to God on their behalf is, for their Salvation.

2 For I testify to them. That they possess ‡a Zeal for God, but not according to Knowledge.

3 For being ignorant of the RIGHTEOUSNESS of God, and seeking to establish t their own, they werenot submissive to the RIGHTEOUSNESS OF GOD;

4 since ‡ Christ is the End of the Law for Righteousness to every one BE-

LIEVING.

5 For Moses writes of THAT RIGHTEOUSNESS which is from the \*Law, t"That the MAN PER-"FORMING these things "shall live by them."

6 But the RIGHTEOUS-NESS from Faith thus speaks;—"Say not "thine HEART, ! Who shall "ascend into HEAVEN?" that is, to bring Christ dówn;

7 or, t"Who shall de-"scend into the ABYSS?" that is, to bring back Christ from the Dead.

8 But what does it say? t"The word is near thee. in thy mouth, and in thy "HEART;" that is, the word of FAITH which we publish;

9 that, f if thou wilt \*openly confess with thy MOUTH That Jesus is Lord, and wilt believe with thy HEART That God raised Him from the Dead, thou shalt be saved.

<sup>5.</sup> Law. 9. openly confess the DECLARA-\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. that-omlt. TION with thy MOUTH That Jesus is the Lord, and wilt believe.

<sup>‡ 2.</sup> Acts xxi. 20; xxii. 3; Gal. i. 14; 1v. 17. x. 11. 13. Phil. iii. 9. 14. Matt. v. 17; Gal. iii. 12. Ezek. xx. 11; xiii. 21; Gal. iii. 12. 16. Deut 1 5. Lev. xviii. 5; Neh. ix. 29; 1 7. Deut. xxx. 13. 16. Deut. xxx. 12. \$ 8. Deut. xxx. 14. \_\_\_\_ \$ 9. Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. 8.

γαρ πιστευεται εις δικαιοσυνην στοματι δε for it is believed for righteousness, with mouth and  $^{11}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$ δμολογειται  $\epsilon$ is  $\sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho (\alpha \nu_*)$ 'n 14 18 confessed for salvation.) Says for the γραφη· Πας δπιστευων επ' αυτώ, ου καταισwriting. Every one the believing ou him, not shall be  $^{12}$ Ου γαρ εστι διαστολη χυνθησεται. Ιουδαι-Not for ia a distinction

ου τε και Έλληνος δ γαρ αυτος κυριος παν-both and of Greek; the for same Lord of

των, πλουτων εις παντας τους επικαλουμενους being rich towards all those calling upon

13 Πας γαρ ός αν επικαλεσηται το ονοαυτον. Every one for who the name may call on <sup>14</sup> Πως ουν επικαλεσονμα κυριου, σωθησεται. How then shall they call on, of Lurd, shall be saved.

ται, εις όν ουκ επιστευσαν; πως δε πιστευintu whom not they believed? how and shall they σουσω, ού ουκ ηκουσαν; πως δε ακουσουσι believe, where not they heard? how and shall they hear χωρις κηρυσσοντος; 15 Πως δε κηρυξουσιν, εαν without one proclaiming? How and shall they proclaim, if

μη αποσταλωσι; καθως γεγραπται. 'Ως ώραιοι not they should be sent? as it has been written; llow beautiful οί ποδες των ευαγγελιζομενων \* [ειρηνην, των the feet of those announcing glad tidings [of peace, of those 16 Aλλ' ευαγγελι(ομενων τα αγαθα. ου But announcing glad tidings the things] good. not

παντες ύπηκουσαν τω ευαγγελιω. Ησαιας γαρ glad tidings. the Esaias for obeyed λεγει Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων: O Lord, who believed the hearing of us?

 $^{17}$  (Αρα ή πιστις εξ ακοης $^{\circ}$  ή δε ακοη δια έημα-(Then the faith from hearing; the and hearing through a word

18 Αλλα λεγω. Μη ουκ ηκουσαν;  $\tau os \theta \epsilon ov.$ I say, Not of God.) But not they heard?

Μενουνγε εις πασαν την γην εξελθεν δ φθογγος Yeaindeed into all the earth went out the sound

αυτων, και εις τα περατα της οικουμενης τα of them, and into the ends of the inhabited earth the 19 Αλλα λεγω· Μη Ισραηλ ουκ ρηματα αυτων. l say; Not Israel abrow of them. But

εγνω; Πρωτος Μωυσης λεγει: Εγω παρα(ηλωknew? Moses says; I will provoke to jeal-

σω ύμας επ' ουκ εθνει, επι εθνει ασυνέτω not anation, by anation unenlightened you OUNV  $^{20}$  H $\sigma$ aias  $\delta\epsilon$ ύμας. αποτολμα, παροργιω I will provoke to anger you. is very bold,

10 For with the Heart it is believed for Righteousness, and with Mouth it is confessed for Salvation.

11 Hence the scrip-TURE says, ‡ " EVERY ONE "BELIEVING on him shall "not be ashamed."

12 # For there is no Distinction either of Jew or of Greek; since the SAME Lord of all is rich towards ALL THOSE CALLtng upon him.

13 ‡ For "every one "who may invoke the "NAME of the Lord shall

"be saved "

14 How then shall they call on him into whom they did not believe? And how shall they believe, where they did not hear? And how shall they hear without one proclaiming !

15 And how shall they proclaim if they should not be sent? as it has been written, ‡" How beautifu! "the feet of those pro-"CLAIMING GLAD TID-"INGS of Good tinings!"

16 But all did not obey the GLAD TIDINGS; for Isaiah says, ‡" Lord, who "believed our REPORT?"

17 So then faith comes from a Report, and the REPORT through the Word of \* God.

18 But I say, Did they not hear? Yes, indeed; t"their sound went out "into all the LAND, and "their words to the Ex-"TREMITIES of the HABI-"TABLE."

19 But I say, Did not Israel know? First Moses says, ‡" # will provoke "you to jealousy by that "which is no Nation; by "an unenlightened Nation "I will provoke you to an-"ger."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. even as. 17. Christ. TIDINGS-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> of Peace, of those announcing glad

και λεγει. Εύρεθην τοις εμε μη ζητουσιν, εμand says; I was found by those me not seeking, mani-

φανης εγενομέν τοις  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$  $\mu\eta$ επερωτωσι. ( tecame to those . me

21 Пооѕ δε τον Ισραηλ λεγει. Όλην την ήμε-In respect to but the Israel he says; Whole

ραν εξεπετασα τας χειρας μου προς λαον απειhands of me to a people I stretched out the

θουντα και αντιλεγοντα. ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11. 1 Λεγω obeying and contradicting.

ουν Μη απωσατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου; Μη then; Not did put away the God the people of himself? Not

γενοιτο και γαρ εγω Ισραηλιτης ειμι, εκ σπερlet it be; even for au Israelite I am, of

ματος Αβρααμ, φυλης βενιαμεν. <sup>2</sup> Ουκ απω· of Abraam, of tribe of Benjamin. Not did put

σατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου, δν προεγνω. the God the people of himself, whom he before knew. Or

υυκ οιδατε, εν Ηλια τι λεγει ή γραφη; not knowyou, in Elijah what says the writing? ယ်င

εντυγχανει τω θεω κατα του Ισραηλ· 3 Κυριε, he complains to the God against the Israel, O Lord,

τους προφητας σου απεκτειναν, \*[και]  $\tau \alpha$ prophets of thee they killed, [and] the θυσιαστηρια σου κατεσκαψεν· καγω ὑπελειφθην

of thee they dug down; and I μονος, και ζητουσι την ψυχην μου. <sup>4</sup> Αλλα τι alone, and they are seeking the life of me. But what

λεγει αυτφ δ χρηματισμος; Κατελιπον εμαυτφ says to him the divine oracle? Lleft to myself

έπτακισχιλιους ανδρας, οίτινες ουκ εκαμψαν even thousand who not

<sup>5</sup> Ούτως ουν και εν τφ νυν καιγονυ τη Βααλ. a knee to the Baal. Thus then even in the present sea-

ρφ λειμμα κατ' εκλογην χαριτος γεγονεν. son a remnant according to an election offavor has been made.

6 Ειδε χαριτι, ουκετιεξ εργων· επει ή χαρις If but by favor, no longer from works; otherwise the favor

<sup>7</sup> Τι ουν; 'Ο επιζητει ουκετι γινεται χαρις. What then? What favor.

Ισραηλ, τουτο ουκ επετυχεν, ή δε εκλογη επεthis not he obtained, the but chosen ob-Israel.

20 Besides, Isaiah is very bold, and says, ‡"I "was found \* by THOSE "who did not seek me: I "was made manifest to "THOSE who did not ASK "for me."

21 But in respect to Is-RAEL he says, ‡"The "whole DAY I stretched "out my HANDS to a dis-"obedient and contradict-"ing People."

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 I say then, † Did God put away his own PEO-PLE? By no means; for even ‡I am an Israelite of the Sced of Abraham, of the Tribe of Benjamin.

2 God has not put away his PEOPLE whom he formerly acknowledged. Do you not know what the SCRIPTURE Pays in [the history of] Elijah, how he complains to God against Israel?-

S ‡"O Lord, they killed "thy PROPHETS; they "dug down thy ALTARS; "and I was left alone; "and they are seeking my "LIFE."

4 But what says the DIVINE ORACLE to him? t"I reserved for myself "Seven thousand Men, "who bent not a Knee to "BAAL."

5 And in like manner, therefore, at the PRESENT Time, there is a Remnant according to an Election f Favor.

6 But tif by Favor, n. longer from Works; otherwise the FAVOR is no longer a Favor.

7 What then? The thing ! Israel earnestly seeks, this he did not obtain; but the CHOSEN obtained

was left

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscrift.—20. among those who did not seek Me; I became manifest among those who.

3. and—omit.
6. But if by Favor, no longer from Works; believing favor is made no longer Favor. But if from Works, no longer Favor; otherwise work is no longer Favor.

<sup>1 20.</sup> Isa. lxv. 1 ; Rom. ix. 30. † 20. Isa. lxv. 1; Rom. ix. 30. † 21. Isa. lxv. 2. † 1. 1 Sam. xii. 22; Jer. xxxi-87. † 1. 2 Cor. xi. 12; Phil. iii. 5. † 3. 1 Kings xix. 10, 14. † 4. 1 Kings xix. 18. † 5. Rom. ix. 27. † 6. Rom. iv. 4, 5; Gal. v. 4. † 7. Rom. ix. 31; x. 3-1 1. 1 Sam. xii. 22; Jer. xxxi.

τυχεν οί δε λωπι επωρωθησαν, tained; the and remaining ones were hardened, (as γεγραπται. Εδωκεν αυτοις δ θεος πνευμα καταit has been written; Gave to them the God a spirit νυξεως, οφθαλμους του μη βλεπειν, και ωτα of the not eyes to see, and του μη ακουείν,) of the not to hear,) έως της σημερον ήμερας. till the to-day day. 9 Και Δαυιδ λεγει· Γενηθητω ή τραπεζα αυτων David says; Let be made the table of them εις παγιδα, και εις θηραν και εις σκανδαλον, και into a snare, and into a trap and into a strubling block, and εις ανταποδομα αυτοις· 10 σκοτισθητωσας οί let be darkened the arecompence to them; οφθαλμοι αυτων, του μη βλεπειν και τον νωof them, of the not to see; and the back 11 Λεγω ουν· τον αυτων διαπαντος συγκαμψου. always bow down. Isay then; Μη επταισαν, ίνα πεπωσι; Μη γενοιτο αλλα Not did they stumble, so that they might fall? Not let it be; but τφ αυτων παραπτωματι ή σωτηρια τοις εθνεσιν, the salvation to the nations, by the of them fall 12 Ει δε το το παραζηλωσαι αυτους. in order that to excite to emulation them. If but the Kal TO παραπτωμα αυτων πλουτος κοσμου, the of them wealth of a world, and ήττημα αυτων πλουτος εθνων. μαλλον ποσω failure of them wealth of nations; how much more

το πληρωμα αυτων: the full acceptance of them?

13 Υμιν γαρ λεγω τοις εθνεσιν: εφ' δσον μεν To you for I speak the Gentiles; io as much indeed ειμι εγω εθνων αποστολος, την διακονιαν μου am I of Gentilea an apostle, the δηξαίω, 14 ειπως παραίηλωσω μου την σαρκα, I shall glorify, if possibly I may excite to cumulation of me the Scsh, 15 Ει γαρ ή απ και σωσω τινας εξαυτων. for the casting and I may save some from of them. 10 βολη αυτων κατελλαγη κοσμού τις ή προσof them a reconciliation of a world; what the receiv ληψις, ει μη (ση εκ νεκρων; 16 Ειδε ή απαρχη it is if not life out of dead ones? If and the first-fruit έντια, και το φυραμα· και ει ή διζα άγια, και οί holy, also the mixture; and if the root holy, also the 17 Ει δε τινες των κλαδων εξεκλασθηκλαδοι. Lranches. If but some of the branches σαν, συ δε αγριελαιος ων ενεκεντρισθης off, thou and a wild olive being wastingrafted instead of αυτοις, και συγκοινωνος της βιξης και της πιοof the root and of the a partaker

8  $\left(\kappa\sigma\theta\omega_{S}\right)$  it, and the REST Weight blinded;—

8 as it has been wriften, tr God gave to them "a Spirit of Supor, Eyes "that they should not see, "and Ears that they "should not Hear,"—till this very Day.

9 and David says, t"Let "their TABLE become a "Snare, and a Trap, and "a Stumbling-block, and "a Recompense to them;

10 "let their EYES be "darkened so as not to "SEE, and bow down their "BACK continually"

Il I say then, Did they stumble that they might fall? By no means; but they river Fall the nations have salvation in order to excite them to emulation.

12 But if their fall is the Wealth of the World, and their fallure the Wealth of the Gentiles, how much more will their full acceptance be?

13 \*And I speak to You, Gentiles; (therefore, indeed, inasmuch as **X** am ‡an Apostle of the Gentiles, I shall honor my MINISTRY;)

14 if possibly I may excite My KINDRED to emulation, and ‡ may save some from among them.

15 For if their REJECTION be the Reconciliation of the World, what is their RECEPTION, if not Life from the Dead?

16 And if the firstfruit be holy, so also the mass; and if the root be holy, so also the branches.

17 But if ‡some of the BRANCHES were broken off, ‡ and thou being a Wild olive wast ingratted instead of them, and didst become a Partaker of the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 13. And I speak to You, Gentiles; therefore indeed inasmuch.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Jsa. xxix. 10. † 0. Psa. lvix. 22, 23. † 11. Acts xiii, 46; xviii. 6; xxii. 18. lph. iii. 8; 1 Tim ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 14. 1 Cor. vii. 13; ix. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 16; James v. 20. † 16. Let. xxiii. 10; Num. xv. 18-21. † 17. Jer. xi. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 16; James v. 20.

<sup>18</sup> μη **κ**ατακαυγω τητος της ελαιας  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu o \nu$ olive thou didst become, not do thou boast  $\tau\omega\nu$  κλαδων ει δε κατακαυχασαι, ου συ την of the branches; if but thou dost boast, not thou the 19 Ερει**ς ουν**· διζαν βασταζεις αλλ' ή διζα σε. root sustainest but the root thee. Thou wilt say then; Εξεκλασθησαν κλαδοι, ίνα εγω  $\epsilon \gamma \kappa \epsilon \nu \tau \rho \iota \sigma \theta \omega$ . might be grafted in. Were broken off branches, so that I  $^{60}$  Talus  $\tau\eta$  amigtia  $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\kappa\lambda$ a $\sigma\theta\eta\sigma$ a $\nu$ ,  $\sigma\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$ by the unbelief they were broken off, thou and τη πιστει έστηκας μη ύψηλοφρονει, αλλα by the faith bast been standing; not be high-minded, 21 Et  $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon \sigma s$   $\tau \omega \nu$   $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha$   $\phi \sigma \sigma \nu$  If for the God those according to nature φοβου. ear. κλαδων ουκ εφειπατο, μηπως ουδε σου φεισεspared. perhaps not even thee scanches not  $^{22}$  Ιδε ουν χρηστοτητα και αποτομιαν See then kindness and spare.  $\theta \in \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$   $\in \pi \cup \mu \in \mathcal{V}$   $\tau \in \mathcal{O} \cup \tau \in \mathcal{O}$   $\tau \in \mathcal{O} \cup \tau \in \mathcal{O}$   $\tau \in \mathcal{O} \cup \tau \in \mathcal{O}$  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ of God; towards indeed those having fallen, severity; towards δε σε, χρηστοτητα, εαν επιμεινης but thee, if thou shouldst remain in the 23 Κακεινοι επει και συ εκκοπηση. otherwise even thou shalt be cut off. Also they  $\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu \mu \eta = \epsilon \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \iota \nu \omega \sigma \iota = \tau \eta = \alpha \pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \gamma \kappa \epsilon \nu \tau \rho \iota \sigma \tau$ but, if not they should remain in the unbelief, δυνατος γαρ εστιν δ θεος παλιν θ~ισονται• in grafted; for is the again 24 E t εγκεντρισαι αυτους. γαρ συ €K TTS to graft them. for thou out of the **εξεκοπης** Φυσιν εγριελαιου, και according to nature φυτιν ενεκεντρισθης εις καλλιελαιον, in violation of nature thou wastingrafted into a good olive, μαλλον ούτοι οί κατα φυσιν, εγκενthese who according to nature,  $^{25}$  Ou  $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$ τρισθησονται τη ιδια ελαις. olive. Not for I wish in the own ύμας αγνοείν, αδελφοί, το μυστηρίαν τουτο, brethren, the you to beignorant, this, (ίνα μη ητε παρ έαυτοις φρονιμοι,) ότι πωρω-(that not you may be with yourselves wise,) that hardσις απο μερους τω Ισραηλ γενουεν, αχρις ού το a part to the Israel has happened, till

ROOT and FATNESS of the OLIVE;

18 #do not boast against the BRANCHES; but if thou dost exult ever them. thou dost not sustain Le

BOOT, but the ROOT theo.
19 Thou wilt say the: "The Branches were br k n eff, so that # might be grafted in."

20 True; they were broken off by unbelief, and thou hast been estabhshed by FAITH. ‡ Be not haughty, but ‡ fear;

21 for if GoD spared not the NATURAL Branches, \*he may not even spare Thee.

22 Behold, then, the Kindness and the Severity of God; Severity, indeed, towards THOSE HAVING FALLEN, \* but the Kind-ness of God towards thee, tif thou continue in that KINDNESS; for otherwise thou even shalt be cut

23 But they also, 1 if they continue not in UN-BELIEF, shall be grafted in; for Gop is able to graft them in again.

24 For if thou wast cut off from an Olive, wild by Nature, and, in violation of Nature, wast grafted into a Good olive, how much more shall these, the Natural branches, be grafted into their own Olive?

25 For, Brethren, that vou may not be tcouceited with yourselves, I wish you not to be ignorant of this secret, That ! Hardness in some Measure has happened to ISBAEL ; till the FULNESS of the GENTILES may come in.

26 And then all Israe! will be saved, as it has been

πληρωμα των  $\epsilon\theta$ νων  $\epsilon$ ισ $\epsilon$ λ $\theta$ η·  $^{26}$ και οδτω πας

fulness of the Gentiles may come in;

shall be saved,

lsrael

Ισραηλ σωθησεται, καθως γεγραπται

aud

it has been written; Shallcome

all

Ήξει

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. he may not even spare Thee. of God towards thee, if thou continue in that KINDNESS.

<sup>22.</sup> but the Kindness

<sup>† 20.</sup> Rom. xii. 16. xv. 2; Heb. jii. 6, 14. 10. † 25. ver. 7; 2 Cor. iii. 14. † 25. Luke xxi. 24; Rev. vii. 9.

<sup>1 22. 1</sup> Cor 1 25. Rom. xii

Σιων δ δυομενος, και αποστρεψει ασεβειας out of Sion the deliverer, and shall turn away ungodliness T Και αύτη αυτοις ή παρ' εμου  $\alpha\pi\sigma$   $I\alpha\kappa\omega\beta$ . And this with them the from Jacob. διαθηκη, όταν αφελωμαι τας άμαρτιας αυτων. covenant, when I may take away the sins № Ката μεν το ευαγγελιον, εχθροι δι' ύμας. According to indeed the glad tidings, enemies on account of you;

 $\delta \epsilon$  την  $\epsilon \kappa \lambda \delta \gamma \eta \nu$ ,  $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau \delta i \alpha$  τους according to but the election, beloved on account of the

 $^{\mathfrak{D}}$   $A\mu\epsilon au a\mu\epsilon \lambda\eta au a$   $\gamma a\rho$   $\tau a$   $\chi a\rho\iota \sigma\mu a\tau a$  Things not to be repented of for the gracious gifts πατερας. fathers. 30 'Ωσπερ γαρ ύμεις και ή κλησις του θεου. and the calling of the God. for you ποτε ηπειθησατε τφ θεφ, νυν δε ηλεηθητε τη

the God, now but obtained mercy by the τουτων απειθεία.  $^{31}$  ούτω και ούτοι νυν ηπειθηof these disobedience; thus also these now disobeyed,

σαν, τω ύμετερω ελεει ίνα και αυτοι ελεηθωσι. mercy that also they may obtain mercy. in the your

32 Συνεκλεισε γαρ δ  $\theta \epsilon o s$   $\tau o \nu s$ παντας E15 for the Shut up God the for all 33 Ω Bα- $\alpha\pi\epsilon i\theta\epsilon i\alpha\nu$ , iva τους  $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha\varsigma$   $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\eta\sigma\eta$ . disohedience, so that the all hemight compassionate. O depth θοs πλουτου και σοφιας και γνωσεως θεου. Ωs of wealth and of wisdom and of knowledge of God. How

ανεξερευνητα τα κριματα αυτου, και ανεξιχ-uosearchable the judgments of him, and untrace-Tis γαρ εγνω νουν Who for knew mind νιαστοι αί όδοι αυτου. the ways of him. able κυριου;  $\eta$  τις συμβουλος αυτου εγενετς;  $^{35}\eta$  of Lord? or who accumedor of him became? or τις προεδωκεν αυτώ, και ανταπ δοθησετιι first gave to him, and it shall be given in return aντψ; 36 Οτι εξ aντου, και δι αντου, και ειs to him? Because out of him, and through him, and for αυτον τα παντα αυτώ ή δοξα εις τους αιώνας. him the things all; to him the glory for the Aunv. So be it.

# КЕФ. ιβ', 12,

ι Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, αδελφοι, δια των I entreat therefore you, brethien, through the του θεου, παραστησαι τα σωματα οικτιρμών tender compassions of the God, to present the bodist ύμων θυσιαν ζωσαν, άγιαν, ευαρεστον τω θεφ, of you a sacrifice living, holy, well-pleasing to the God,

written, ‡ "The DELIV-"ERER shall come out of "Zion, and shall turn "away Ungodliness from "Jacob;"

27 And t "this is the "Covenant with them "FROM ME, when I shad " take away their sins."

28 In relation to the GLAD TIDINGS, indeed. they are Enchies on your account; but in regard to the ELECTION, they are Beloved on account of the FATHERS:

29 because the GRACI. OUS GIFTS and CALLIN of GoD are ‡ not things to be repented of.

30 Besides, as now tonce disobeyed God, but now obtained mercy by their Disobedience:

31 so also, now, these disobeved, so that then \* may obtain mercy of your Mercy.

32 For God shut up together ALL for Disobe. dience, that he might have mercy on ALL.

33 O the Depth of the Riches and Wisdom and Knowledge of God! 1 How unsearchable his June MENTS, and ‡untraceab.e his WATS!

34 # For who knew the Mind of the Lord? or who was his Counsellor?

35 or 1 who first gave to him, and it shall be given to him again?

36 # Because out of him. and through him, and for him, are ALL things. To him be the GLOBY for the AGES. Amen.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 I entreat you, therefore, Brethren, by the TENDER COMPASSIONS OF God, to present your # B ... ties a living Sacrifice, holy, well-pleasing to God

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31, may now obtain mercy.

την λογικην λατρειαν δμων $^2$ και μη συσχημαand not conform yourthe rational religious service of you; τιζεσθε τω αιωνι τουτω, αλλα μεταμορφουσθε transform yourselves selves to the age this, but  $*\lceil \iota \mu \omega \nu, \rceil \epsilon \iota s$ τη ανακαινωσει TOU VOOS by the renovation of the mind [of you,] in order that δοκιμαζειν ύμας, τι το θελημα του θεου, το you, what the will ofthe God, the

αγαθον και ευαμεστον και τελειον. 3 Λεγω γαρ good and west-pleasing and perfect. Isay for μοι, παντι της χαριτος της δοθεισης δια favor of that having been given to me, through the to all

οντι εν ύμιν, μη ύπερφρονειν παρ' δ to him being among you, not to think above beyond what

δει φρονειν, αλλα φρονειν εις το σωφρονειν, Lhehoves to think, but to think in order that to be of sound mind,

έκαστο ώς δ θεος εμερισε μετρον πιστεως. to each one as the God divided a measure offaith.

 $^{4}$ Καhetaαπερ γαρ εν ένι σωματι μελη πολλα εχοfor in one hody members many μεν, τα δε μελη παντα ου την αυτην εχει the but members all not the same has πραξιν. δούτως οί πολλοι έν σωμα εσμεν εν operation; thus the many one body we are

Χριστώ, δ δε καθ' είς, αλληλών μελη. 6 E χ ον-Anomted, the but each one, of each other members. Having

τες δε χαρισματα κατα την χαριν την δοθειbut gracious gifts according to the favor that

ήμιν διαφορα ειτε προφητειαν, κατα been given to us of different kinds; if prophets, according to την αναλογιαν της πιστεως. 7 ειτε διακονιαν, εν

analogy of the faith: service. τη διακονιά· ειτε ό διδασκων, εν τη διδασκαλιά· in the act of teaching; if the teaching,

<sup>8</sup> ειτε δ παρακαλων, εν τη παρακλησει· δ με**τα**διif the exhorting, in the exhortation; the

δους, εν άπλοτητι· δ προισταμενος, εν σπουδη· with diligence; giving, with simplicity; the one presiding,

 $\delta$  ελεων, εν ίλαρυτητι. 9 Ή αγαπη, ανυποκthe onepitying, with cheerfulness. The love, unfeigned;

ριτος αποστυνουντές το πονηρον, κολλωμένοι detesting the evil. adhering

τφ αγαθω. 10 τη φιλαδελφια, εις αλληλους in the brotherly kindness, towards each other to the good;

φιλοστοργοι τη τιμη αλληλους προηγουμενοι tender affections; in the honor each other going before;

-vour rational religious service.

2 1 And do not conform yourselves to this AGE, tbut transform yourselves by the RENOVATION OF your MIND, that you may I ASCERTAIN What is the WILL of Gop,-the Good, and well-pleasing, perfect.

3 For I say, through THAT FAVOR which has been given to me, to EVERY one among you, inot t think beyond what he ught to think; but to think so as to be SOBFR-MINDED, as GOD to Each distributed a Measure of Faith.

4 For, ‡just as in One Body we have many Members, but all the MEMBERS have not the SAME Action;

so twe, the MANY, are One Body in Christ, and IND. IDUALLY Members each other.

3 Now having different bracious gifts, according . THAT FAVOR which IS IMPARTED to us;-11f Prophecy, speak according to the ANALOGY of the FAITH:

7 or if a Service, perform that service. The TEACHER, in the TEACH-

8 the exhorter, in the exhortation. Let the pistributor, act with Disinterestedness: the PRESIDENT, with Diligence; the SYMPATHIZER, with Cheerfulness.

9 ILet LOVE be unfeigned. Detest the EVIL: adhere to the GOOD.

10 # With BROTHERLS KINDNESS towards enc't other be tenderly affectionate; fin honor preferring one another.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of you-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Eph. v. 10, † 5 1 Cor. x. 17; † 6. 1 Cor. x 1. † 10 Heb.

11 τη σπουδη μη οκνηροι· τω πνευματι (εοντες· 11 τη σπουδή μη οκνηροι· τω πνευματι (εοντες. 11 In the spirit being terrent; ful. In the spirit being terrent; της καιρώ δουλευοντες. 12 τη ελπιδι χαιροντες. 12 ‡ In the Hope to in the hope repairing; in the hope repairing; τη προσευχή προσκαρτφ καιρφ δουλευοντες.  $^{12}τη$  ελπιδι χαιροντες. in the hope repicting: τη θλιψει ύπομενοντες. τη προσευχή προσκαρin the affliction being patient; in the priver constantly τερουντες. <sup>13</sup> ταις χρειαις των αγιων κοινωνουν-attending; to the wants of the boly ones contributing; τες· την φιλοξενιαν διωκοντες. 14 Ευλογειτε

the kindness to strangers following. Bless you τους διωκοντας  $\stackrel{\star}{=}$   $\begin{bmatrix} \acute{v}\mu\alphas \cdot \end{bmatrix}$  ευλογείτε, και μη those persecuting  $\begin{bmatrix} \acute{v}u\alphas \cdot \end{bmatrix}$  bless you, and not καταρασθε. 15 Χαιρείν μετα χαισοντών, και To rejoice with rej .cingobes, and carse you. κλαιείν μετα κλαιοντών. <sup>16</sup> Το αυτο είς αλλη-The same for exemuther weeping ones. λους φρουνυντες μη τα ύψηλα φρονουντες,

minutes, not thethings high وعدادماه τοις ταπεινοις συναπαγομενοι. Mη αλλα . Not to the low ones conform yourselves. γινεσθε φρονιμοι παρ' έαυτοις. 17 Μηδενι κακον

with yourselves. Топооце become you wise evil αντι κακου αποδιδοντες προνο υμενοι καin return for evil giving back; providing honorable ενωπιον παντων ανθρωπων. 18 ει δυνατον things in presence of all Len; το εξ ύμων, μετα παντων ανθρωπων ειρηνευον-

that from of you, with all men being at peace; τες 10 μη έαυτους εκδικουντες, αγαπητοι αλλα not yourselves avenging, beloved ones.

δοτε τοπον τη οργη: γεγραπται γαρ' Εμοι give you a place to the wrath; it has been written for; To me εκδικησις: εγω ανταποδωσω, λεγει κυριος. vengeance, will repay. 8478

<sup>26</sup> Εαν ουν πεινα δ εχθρο**ς σου, ψωμιξε αυτον**· If therefore may hunger the enemy of thee, do thou feed him;

Τουτο ποτιζε αυτον. διψα. γαρ if he may thirst, give drink to him. This for ποιων, ανθρακας πυρυς σωρευσεις επι την κεφαdoing, coals of fire thou wilt pile on the λην αυτου. <sup>21</sup> Μη νικω ύπο του κακου, αλλα Notbeovercomeby the evil,

νικα εν τω αγαθώ το κακον. overcome by the good the evil.

# KEΦ. 17. 13.

<sup>1</sup> Πασα ψυχη εξουσιας ύπερεχουσαις ύποτασlet be sub-Every soul to authorities being above Ου γαρ εστιν εξουσια ει μη απο θεου. σεσθω. Not for is authority if not from God; missive.

Il In DUTY be not sloth.

patient; I in PRAYER perzev cring.

13 # Contributing to the WANTS of the SAINTS,pursuing Hosipitaling

14 Thiess THOSE W'c PERSECULE you; bless and cu.se not

15 # Rejoice with the joyful, and weep with the

sorrowful.

16 # Be of the same Disposition towards each other. Regard not HIG.I things, but conferm yourselves to the lowly. It e not become wise in your own estimation.

17 : To no one return Evil for Evil. 1 Provide honorable things in the presence of All Men.

18 If possible, on YOUR part, # live peaceably with

All Mcn;

19 that avenging Your selves, Beloved, but give Place to the WRATH [of God;] for it has been written, ‡" Vengeance belongs "to me; k will repay," says the Lord.

20 Therefore, # "if thine "INEMY is hungry, give "him food; if he is "thirsty, give him drink; "for, doing this, thou wilt " heap Coals of Fire on his "HEAD."

21 Be not subdued by EVIL, but subdue EVIL by GOOD.

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 Let Every person ; be submissive to the superior Authorities; # for there is not an Authority, except from God; and THOSE

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. serving the LOBD. 14. you-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> Phil. iii. 1; iv. 4; Heb. iii. 6. 12. Heb. x. 36; xii. 1. 12. Col. iv. 2; Eph. vi. 18; 1 Thess. i. 17. 13. Heb. vi. 10; xiii. 10; 1 John iii. 17. 13. Heb. xiii. 2. 14. Matt. v. 44; 1 Pet ii. 23; iii. 9. 15. 1 Cor. xii. 26. 16. Rota vv. 15. 16. Prov. nn. 7 17. Matt. v. 89; 1 Thess. v. 15. 17. 2 Cor. viii. 21. 18. Heb. xii. 14. 19. Prov. xiv. 29. 19. Deut. xxxii. 28. 120. Prov. xxv. 21, 22. 11. Tit. iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. 11. Dan. ii. 21; iv. 32; John xix. 11.

δε ουσαι, ύπο θεου τεταγμεται εισιν.  $^2$  Ωσ- | Existing have been arthose and being, under God having been arranged are.

τε δ αντιτασσομένος τη εξουσια, τη του the enc actting himself in opposition to the anthority, to the of the θεου διαταγή ανθεστηκεν· οί δε ανθεστηκο-God institution has been opposed; they but having been act in <sup>3</sup> Οί γαρ αρξαυτοις κριμα ληψονται.

opposition, to themselves judgment will receive. The for rulχοντες ουκ εισι φοβος των αγαθων εργων, αλλα a terror of the good works, των κακων. Θελεις δε μη φοβεισθαι την εξουof the evil ones. Wishest thon and not to fear the autho-

σιαν: το αγαθον ποιει και έξεις επαινον εξ the good do thou; and thou wilthave praise from

αυτης. 4 θεου γαρ διακονος εστι, σοι εις το of God for & servan's he is, to thee for the  $a\gamma a\theta o\nu$ . Εαν δε το κακον ποιης, φοβου ου

If but the evil thou shouldst do, fear thou ; not γαρ εική την μαχαιράν φορεί θεου γαρ διακοfor in vain the sword he bears; of God for a servant

νος εστιν, εκδ.λος εις οργην τφ το κακον πρασan aveil, or "or wrath to him the evil

COPTI. CHAYKN ύποτασσεσθα:, oυ Wherefore recessity to be submissive, not

μονον δια την οργην, αλλα και δια την συonly on account of the wrath, but also on account of the conνειδησιν. 6 Δια τουτο γαρ και φορους τελειscience.

On account of this for also  $τε^*$  λειτουργοι γαρ θεου εισιν, εις αυτο τουτο you; public ministers for of God they are, to same this

7 Αποδοτ€ \*[002] προσκαρτερουντες. πασι constantly attending. Ronder [therefore] to all

τας οφειλας. τω τον φορον, τον φορον. 74 duon; to him the taz, the to him tax:

το τελος, το τελος τω τον φοβον, τον φοβον the enstom, the custos; to him the the

την τιμην, την τιμην. <sup>8</sup> Μηδενι μηδεν to him the henor, the honor. nothing To po ene

οφειλετε, ει μη το αλληλους αγαπαν· δ γαρ ονο you, if not that each other you should love; the for

αγαπων τον έτερον, νομον πεπληρωκε. 9 To loving the other, has fulfilled. That

γαρ' Ου μοιχευσεις. Oυ φονευσεις. for; Not thou shalt commit adultory; Not thou shalt commit murder,

Ου κλεψεις. επιθυμησεις. Ουκ Kal El TIS Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shalt covet; and if

έτερα εντολη, εν τουτφ τφ λογφ ανακεφαλαι-Other commandment, in this the word it is brought under

ranged under GoD;

2 so that he who sets himself in opposition to the AUTHORITY, opposes the institution of God; and the opponents will procure Punishment for themselves.

3 For RULERS are not a terror \*to a good Work. but to an EVIL. And dost thou wish not to be afraid of the Authority? 1Do GOOD, and thou shalt have Praise, from it;

4 for he is God's Servant for thy \*Good. But if thou do EVIL, be afraid; for he bears the sword not in vain; since he is God's avenging Servant for Wrath on him doing EVIL.

5 Wherefore it is necessarv to be subordinate. not only on account of the WRATH: † but also on account of CONSCIENCE.

6 For on this account also you pay Taxes; because they are God's public Ministers, constantly attending to this very thing.

7 † Render, therefore, to all their DUES; to WHOM TAX is due, TAX; to whom custom, cus-TOM; to WHOM FEAR: to WHOM HONOR, HONOR.

8 Owe Nothing to any one-unless Love to each other; for the who LOVES ANOTHER has fulfilled the Law.

9 For this, t"Thou shalt "not commit adultery, "Thou shalt not commit "murder, Thou shalt not "steal, Thou shalt not "covet," and if Any Other Commandment, it it is briefly summed up in This PRECEPT, namely,

<sup>\*</sup> VAT. MANUSCRIPT .- 3. a GOOD Work, but to an EVIL.

<sup>4.</sup> Good. 7. therefore-omtt. t3. 1 Pet. ii. 14; iii. 13. t5, 1 Pet. ii. 10, t 7. Matt. xxii, 21; Mark xii, 17; Luke xx. 25. ‡ 8. Gal. v. 14; Col. iii. 14; 1 Tim. i. 5; James ii. 8. xx, 13; Deut. v. 17; Matt. xix. 18,

νται, εν τω Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ώς ne head, in thu; Thou shall love the neighbor of thee as

ξαυτον. 10 H αγαπη τω πλησιον κακον ουκ thyself. The love to the neighbor evil not

εργαζεται πληρωμα ουν νομου ή αγαπη. 11 Και works; a fulfilling then of law the love. And τουτο, ειδοτες τον καιρον, ότι ώρα ήμας ηδις this, knowing the season, that as hour us arcad, εξ ύπνου εγερθηναι (νυν γαρ εγγυτερον ήμων out of sleep to be aroused; (now for nearer crus

outof sleep to be aroused; (now for nearer cruz ή σωτηρια, η ότε επιστευσαμεν 12 ή νυξ προεthe salvation, than when we believed; the night is far

κοψεν,  $\acuteη$  δε  $\acuteημερα$  ηγγικεν) αποθωμενα ουν advanced, the and day has approached;) we should put off therefore

τα εργα του σκοτους, και ενδυσωμεθα τα όπλα the works of the darkness, and should out on the weapons

του φωτος.  $^{13}$  Ως εν ήμερα, ευσχημονως περιciple light.  $^{13}$  Ως εν ήμερα, ευσχημονως περιciple light.  $^{13}$  Νε in day, decently

πατησωμεν, μη κωμοις και μεθαις, μη κοιταις should walk, not in revelugs and in drinkings, not in whoredom-

και ασελγειαις, μη εριδι και ζηλφ. <sup>14</sup> αλλ and in debaueheries, not in strife and in rage; but

 $\epsilon$ νδυσασθε τον κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, και της putyouon the Lord Jesus Anointed, and of the

σαρκος προνοιαν μη ποιεισθε es es emε $^{o}$ υμιας. Besh provision not make you for fusts.

KEΦ. 18. 14.

The but weak in the faith, take to your-

νεσθε, μη εις διακρισεις διαλονισμων. <sup>2</sup> Os solves, not for differences of remonings. Who

μεν πιστευει φαγειν παντα δ δε ασθενων indeed believes to eat all things; the but ano being weak

λαχανα εσθιει.  $^{3}$   $^{\circ}$ O εσθιων, τον μη εσθιοντα herbs eats. The one eating, the not one eating

μη εξουθενειτω· και ό μη εσθιων, τον εσθιωντα and the not eating, =ot despise; tl:one eating κρινετω. δ  $\theta \epsilon o s$  $\mu\eta$ γαρ αυτον προσελαjudge; the God for receivedto

βετο. <sup>4</sup> Συ τις ει δ κρινων αλλοτριον οικεhimself. Thou who art the judging belonging to another household

την: τω ιδιω κυριου στηκει η πιπτει· σταθηservant? to the own lord he stands or he falls, he shall be

σεται δε δυνατος γαρ εστιν ό θεος στησαι made to stand and, able for is the Godtomake stand

t"Then shalt love thy "NEIGHEOL as thyself."

10 Love to the Ninghbor works ne Evil: tove, then, is the Fulfilling 2 to Lew.

11 And do this, knowing the season, That it is alread, the Hour for us \$60 wake up from Sic.ps to now is Our salvation nearer than when we is lieved.

15 The NIGHT is far advented, and the DAY has approached; twe should, therefore, lay aside the works of DARKNESS, and tshould put on the Armor of LIGHT.

13 As in the Day, twe should walk becomingly;—t not in Revelries and Carousings; not in Whoredoms and Debaucherics; not in \* Strifes and Enzyrings;

14 but put you on the \*ANOINTED Jesus, and make no Provision for the Lusts of the FLESH.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 Now receive to you, selves the WEAF in the FAITH; not, however, for Doubtful Reasonings.

2 One, indeed, believ 8 he may eat all things; but the WEAK eats Vegetables only.

3 Let not HIM who fats despise HIM wh EATS not; and let not HIM who EATS not condemn HIM who EATS; for God received him.

4 Who art THOU CON-DEMNING the Domestic of Another? To his own Master he stands or falls; and he shall be made to stand, for \*God is able to make him stand.

Varican Manuscript.—13. Strifes and Envyings.
 Ine Lord.

<sup>14.</sup> Anointed Jesus. 4

<sup>† 9.</sup> Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 30; Mark xii. 31; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 8. † 10. Matt. xxii. 40. † 11. 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14; 1 Thess. v. 5, 6. † 12. Eph. v. 11; Col. iii. 8. † 12. Eph. vi. 13; 1 Thess. v. 8. † 13. Phil. iv. 8; 1 Thess. iv. 12; 1 Pet. ii. 12, 1 13. 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 14. Eph. iv. 24; Col. iii. 10. † 14. Gal. v. 16; 1 Pet. ii. v. 1; Rom. xv. 1, 7; 1 Cor. viij. 9. 11; 1x. 22.

• 'Ος μεν κρινει ήμερο παρ' ήμεραι, αυτον. One indeed cateems from e day. hım. & day δε κρινει πασαν ήμεραν έκαστος εν τ. δs in the another but esteems every day; Sack 0.9  $\tau \eta \nu$ ιδιώ νοι πληροφορ∈ισθω. Φρονων let be fully assured. ÃЭ mit.dir.g the own mind ήμεραν, κυριώ φρονει· \*[και ύπη φρονων την day, to Lord minds; [and bonot minding the ήμεραν, κυριφ ου φρονει.] Και δ οσθιων, κυριφ to Lord not minds.] And he cating, to Lord εσθιει, ευχαριστει γαρ τφ θεφ. και δ μη εσ-ents, he gives thanks for to the God; ε... he not estθιων, κυριφ ουκ εσθιει, και ευχτριστει τφ θεφ. to Lord not and do lives thanks to the God. eats, 7 Ουδεις γαρ ήμων έαυτφ (γ. και ουδεις έαυτφ for of you to himself lives, and no mo to himself 8 Εαν νο γαρ ζωμεν, τφ κυριφ αποθνησκει. ... we live, to the If poor dies. ζωμεν εαν τε αποθνης κωμεν, τφ κυριφ αποθwe die, to the Lord welive; if and Εαν τε ουν ζωμεν, εαν τε αποθνησνησκομεν. If both therefore we live, if and ₩e die, 9 Εις τουτο γαρ του κυριου εσμεν. κωμεν, To this for of the Lord we are. Σριστος \* και απεθανε και εζησεν, ίνα και so that hoth [both] died and lived, 10 Συ δε, τι κρινεκρων και ζωντων κυριευση. Thou but, why judgest of dead ones and living he might polord. νεις τον αδελφον σου; η κο συ, τι εξουθενεις brother of thee? or also hou, why cettest at nonght τον αδελφον σου: παντες γαρ παραστησομεθα shall stand before for brother of thee? all 11 Γεγραπται γαρ. τω βηματι του Χριστου. It has been written for; i ... judgment-seet of the Anounted. Luc εγω, λεγει κυριος, ότι εμοι καμψει παν ουνυ, και πασα γλωσσα εξομολογησεται τω to the tongue shall confess MAGO, and every 12 Αρα \*[ουν] έκαστος ήμων repl έαυ-Osw. God.

"confess to GoD. 12 f Each one of us, ofus concerning himeach one [then] 13 Μηκετε του λογον δωσει σφ θεφ. อยข self to GoD. an account shall give to the God, No longer therefore 13 No longer, then, we ελληλους κρινωμεν· αλλα τουτο κρινατε μαλ-tech (ther we should judge; but this judge you rather, τον, το μη τιθεναι προσκομμα τω αδελφω \* [η that not to place a stumbling-block to the brother THER. 14 Οιδα, και πεπεισμαι εν κιριφ στανδαλον. Iknow, and have been persuaded in Lord been assured by the Lord La cause of fall.]

5 tOne indeed esteems one Day better than another Day; but another esteemed Every Day. Let each one befully assured in his own Mind.

6 He who minds the DAY, minds it for the Lord; and HE who MINDS not the DAY, minds it not for the Lord. And HE who EATS, eats in regard to the Lord, for the gives thanks to GoD; and HE who gars not, eats not in regard to the Lord, and gives thanks to God.

7 For the one of us lives for Himself, and no one dies for Himself;

8 for both, if we live, we live for the Lord, and if we die, we die for the LORD; whether, therefore, we live, or die, we are the Lord's.

9 t For Christ died and lived for this end, that the might rule over both the Dead and the Living

10 But thou, why dost thou condemn thy BRO-THER? or why dost than despise thy BROTHER? tfor we shall all be placed before the TRIBUNAL of CHRIST.

11 For it has been written, t' I live, says the "LORD, Because to Me "shall bend Every Knee. "and Every Tongue shall

therefore, shall \*give an Account concerning him-

should judge each other; but judge you this rather, † not to PLACE a Stumbling-block before a BRO-

14 I know, and have

VITICAN MANUSCRIPT.—0. and HE who MINDS not the DAY, minds it not for the Lord it. 9. both—omit. 12. then—omit. 12. render an Account. 13. or a cause omit. of tall-omit.

Ιησου, ότι ουδεν κοινον δι' αύτου, ει μη τω that nothing common through itsell, if nottohun λυγιζομενφ: τι κοινον ειναι, εκεινώ κοινον\* regarding anything common to be, <sup>15</sup> Ει δε δια βρωμα ό αδελφος σου λυπειται, if but through food the brother of thee Μη τω βρωουκετι κατα αγαπην περιπατεις. no longer according to love dost thou walk. Not with the food ματι σου εκεινον απολλυε, ύπερ ού Χριστος him do thou destroy, on behalf of whom Anomited ofthee  $^{16}$  Μη βλασφημεισθω οιν ύμων το απεθανε. died. Not let be evil spoken of therefore of you the 17 Ου γαρ εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου αγαθον. Not for is the hingdom of the God good. βρωσις και ποσις, αλλα δικαιοσυνή και ειρηνή eating and drinking, but righteousness and και χαρα εν πνευματι άγιφ. 18 δ γωρ εν τουτφ in spirit holy; hе ^or and joy in this δουλευων τω Χριστώ, ευαρεστώς τω θεώ, και doing service for the Auditted, well-pleasing to the God, and <sup>19</sup> Αρα ουν τα της δρκιμος τοις ανθρωποις. approved by the So then the things of the men. ειρηνης διωκωμεν, και τα της οικοδομης της peace we should pursue, and the things of the building up of that <sup>20</sup> Μη ένεκεν βρωυατος καταλυε εις αλληλους. for each other. Not on account f food demolish το εργον του θεου. Ποντα μεν καθαρα· αλλα the work of the God. All things indeed pure, κακον τω ανθρωπω τω δια προσκουματος εσforthe man forthat through a stumbling-llock <sup>21</sup> Καλον το μη φανειν κρεα, μηδε  $\pi$ ιειν PIDVTI. Good the nut to eat flesh, nor to drink οινον, μηδε εν 'φ δ αδελφος σου προσκοπτει. nor by which the brother of thee 22 E. σκανδαλιζεται, η απθενει.  $\pi_{i}\sigma_{\tau_{i}\nu}$ or is weakened. is ensnared, Thou faith κατα σεαυτον εχε ενωπιον του θεου. EXELS. hold it in presence of the God. according to thyself Μακαριος δ μη κρινων έαυτον εν 'φ δοκιμαζει. Blessed he not judging himself in what h approves.  $^{23}$  Ό δε διακρινομένος, εαν φα $\sim$ η, κατακέκρι-He but discerning a difference, if he should eat, has been conότι ουκ εκ πιστεως∙ παν δε δ ουκ εκ demned, because not from faith; every thing and which not from

Jesus, †That nothing is common of itself; yet \$16 HIM who REGARDS anything to be common, to fint it is common.

15 But if, through thy Food, thy BROTHER is grieved, thou walkest no longer according to Love. † Do not, with thy Food, ruin him on whose behalf Christ died.

16 Let not, then, Your good be evil spoken of.

17 For the KINGDOM of GOD is not Food and Drink, but Righteonsness, and Peace, and Joy in a holy Spirit;

18 for HE who in this SERVES the ANOINTED one, is well-pleasing to GoD, and approved by MEY.

19 ‡ So then we should pursue the THINGS of FEACE, and THINGS for the EDIFICATION of each other.

20 Do not, on account of Food, demolish the work of God. All things indeed are pure, but Evil to THAT MAN who EATS so as to cause stumbling.

2 It is good not to EAT TFlesh, nor to drink Wine, nor to do any thing by which thy BROTHER stumbles, or is ensnared, or is weakened.

22 \* Thou hast Faith; with respect to thy self hold it fast in the presence of God. ‡ Happy is he who does not CONDEMN himself in what he approves!

23 But HE who makes a DISTINCTION, if he should eat, is condemned; because it is not from Conviction; and every act which is not from Conviction, is a Sin. †

 $\pi$ ιστεως, αμαρτια εστιν. †

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. The Faith which thou hast, have thou to thyself.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Griesbach inserts here the doxology found Rom. xvi. 25—27; but as it is not authorized by the Vatican MS., nor by the most ancient versions, the Greek text has been transferred to its proper place. It may be proper to observe that Groths, Hammond, Mill, Wetstein, Matthiæ, Knatchbull and Clarke approve of its insertion here; while on the other had, Knapp, Estius, Macknight, Bleomfield, Stuart, Lachmann, Tischendorf, &c., do not approve or the transposition.

and not ourselves

# KEΦ. ιε'. 15.

<sup>1</sup> Οφειλομεν δε ήμεις οί δυνατοι τα ασθενη-Are bound and we the strong ones the infirmties

Are bound and we the strong ones the infirmities ματα των αδυνατων βασταζειν, και μη έαυτοις

αρεσκειν·  $\frac{2}{\epsilon}$  έκαστος  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  ήμων τω πλησιον αρεσκετω to please; each one of us to the neighbor let please

of those without strength to bear,

Xριστος ουχ ξαυτώ ηρεσεν, αλλα, καθως γεγAnointed one not himself pleased, but, as it has

ραπται Οἱ ονειδισμοι των ονειδιζοντων σε, been written; The reproaches of those reproaching thee,

γραφη, εις την ήμετεραν διδασκαλιαν  $*[\pi po]$  εwritten, for the our instruction was [fore]

γραφη· ίνα δια της ὑπομοτης και της παραwritten; so that through the patience and of the conso-

κλησεως των γραφων, την ελπιδα εχωμεν.  $^5$  O lation of the writings, the hope we might have. The

δε θεος της ύπομονης και της παρακλησεως and God of the patience and of the consolation

δ···η ύμιν το αυτο φρονειν εν αλληλοις, may give to you the same to be minded among each other, κατα Χριστον Ιησουν· 6 ένα δμοθυμαδον εν

according to Anointed Jesus; that with one mind with ένι στοματι δοξαίητε τον θεον και πατερα του one mouth you may glorify the God and father of the

κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. <sup>7</sup> Διο προσλαμ-Lord of us Jesus Anointed. Wherefore take to your-

 $\epsilon$ λαβετο ύμας  $\epsilon$ ις δοξαν  $\theta$ εου. <sup>8</sup>Λεγω  $\delta$ ε,  $\star$ [Iηhinnself us for glory of God. I say but, [Je-

σουν] Χριστον διακονον γεγενησθαι περιτομης, Audinted a servant hecame of circumcision,

 $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \iota \alpha s \tau \omega \nu \tau \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \omega \nu$  9  $\tau \alpha \delta \epsilon \epsilon \theta \nu \eta$   $\hat{\upsilon} \pi \epsilon \rho$ 

## CHAPTER XV.

1 Now twr, the strong, are bound to bear the tinfirmities of the weak, and not to seek to please Ourselves.

2 ‡ Let each one of us please his Neighbor, so far as is good for Edification:

3 for even the Anointed one sought not to please Himself, but, as it has been written, t"The "EPPROACHES Of THOSE "who reproached thee

"FELL on me."

4 ‡For \*what things
were before written for
OUR Instruction, were
written that we through
the PATIENCE and \*the
CONSOLATION of the
SCRIPTURES might possess

the HOPE.

5 ‡ And may the God of that PATIENCE and that CONSOLATION give you the SAME DISPOSITION towards each other, according to the Anointed Jesus:

6 so that with one mind, and with One Mouth, you may glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus

Christ.

7 Therefore kindly receive each other, even as the ANOINTED one also kindly received \*you, to the Glory of God.

8 \* For I affirm, that Jesus ‡ Christ became a Servant of the Circumcision, on account of the Truth of God, in order to CONFIRM the PROMISES of the FATHERS;

9 and that the Gentiles should glorify God on account of Mercy; as it has been written, the Cause of this I will confess to thee among the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—4. all things whatever were written.
4. fore—omit.
4. through consolation of the scriftures might have the hope of consolation.
7. us. 8. For. 8. Jesus—omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$. Gal. vi. I. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom. xiv. l. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 1 Cor. ix. 19, 22; x. 24, 33; xiii. 5; Phil. ii. 4, 5. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Matt. xxvii. 30; John v. 30; vi. 38. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 1 Cor. ix. 9, 10; x. 11; 2 Tim. iii. 16, 17. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. S. Matt. xv. 24; John i. 11; Acts vii. 25, 26; xiii. 46. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Psa. xviii. 49.

και τψ ονοματι σου ψαλω. 10 Και παλιν λεγει·
and to the name of theo sing praises. And again it says;

Ευφρανθητε εθνη, μετα του λαου αυτου. 11 Kai Rejoice you nations, with the people of him. And

παλιν $^*$  Αινειτε τον κυριον παντα τα εθνη, και again; Praise you the Lore all the nations, and

επαινεσατε αυτον παντες οί λαοι. 12 Και παλιν extolyou him al. the peoples. And again

Ησαιας λεγει· Εσται ή βιζα του Ιεσσαι, και δ Esaia says; Shail bethe root of the Jesse, and he

aristameros arxeir estrone, et aut  $\varphi$  estrone standing up to rule mations, on the nations shall

out iv.  $\frac{13}{\text{O}}$  O se  $\frac{\theta \in \mathcal{O}_S}{\text{S}}$  The sand  $\frac{\theta \in \mathcal{O}_S}{\text{God}}$  of the hope to fill

ύμας πασης χαρας και ειρηνης εν τω πιστευειν, you all ofjoy and ofpeace in the believing,

\*[εις το περισσευειν, υμας] εν τη ελπιδι, εν [in order that to abound, you] in the hope, in

δυναμει πνευματος άγιου.  $^{14}$ Πεπεισμαι δε, power of spirit holy. I have been persuaded but.

αδελφοι μου, και αυτος εγω περι ύμων, ότι brethren of me, and myself 1 concerning you, that και αυτοι μεστοι εστε αγαθωσυνης, πεπληρω-

also yourselves full you are of goodness, having been  $\mu\epsilon\nu$ oι πασης  $\gamma\nu\omega\sigma\epsilon\omega$ ς, δυναμένοι και αλληλους

filled all ofknowledge, beingable also each other νουθετειν. <sup>15</sup> Τολμπροτερον δε εγραψα ύμιν, to admonish. More boldly, but I wrote to you,

αδελφοι, απο μερους, ώς επαναμιμνησκων ύμας, brethren, from of a part, as reminding you,

δια την χαριν την δυθεισαν μοι ύπο του θεςυ, through the favor that having been given to me by the God,  $^{16}$  εις το ειναι με λειτουργον Ιησου Χριστου io order that to be me a public servant of Jesua Anointed

\*[εις τα εθνη,] ιερουργουντα το ευαγγελιον (for the nations,] administering as appress the glad tidings

του θεου, ίνα γενηται ή προσφορα των εθνων of the God, so that may be the obtain of the nations  $\epsilon$ υπροσδεκτος, ήγιασμενη  $\epsilon$ ν πνευματι άγιω. well-pleasing, having been sanctified by apprit holy.

 $^{17}$  E  $\chi \omega$  ουν καυχησιν εν Χριστω Ιησου τα l have then a ground for boasting in Anomated Jesus the things προς  $\theta \in \theta^{-1}$   $^{13}$  ου γαρ τολμησω λαλειντι ων to God; not for I will dare to speak any of those things

ou κατειργασατο Χριστος δι' εμου, εις  $b\pi a$ not worked out ... no inted through me, for obe-

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—11. let All the FEOFLES praise him. 13. fully establish you with All Joy. 13. that you may Abound—omit 14. All Knowledge. 15. But I have written, 15. from God. 16. Anointed Jesus. 16. to the Gentiles—omit. 16. might become acceptable. 17. cause of Boasting.

† 10. Deut. xxxii. 43. † 11. Psa. cxvii. 1. † 12. Isa. xi. 1, 10; Rev. v. 5. xxii. 16. † 13. Rom. xii. 12; xiv. 17. † 14. 2 Pet. i. 12; 2 John ii. 21. † 15. Rom. i 5; xii. 3; Gal. i. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8. † 16. Rom. xi. 13; Gal. ii. 7—9; 2 Tim. i. 11; Philit 17. † 15. Acts xxi. 10; Gal. ii. 8.

"Nations, and sing to thy

10 And again it says, ‡ "Rejoice, you nations, "with his people."

11 And again, t"Praise
"the LORD, All NATIONS;
"and \*extol him, All PEO"PLES."

12 And again Isaiah says, ‡" There shall be "a ROOT of JESSE, even "HE who shall STAND UP "to rule Nations; in him "shall Nations hope."

13 And may the God of that Hope \*fully establish you with ‡All Joy and Peace in Believing, in order that you may Abound in that Hope, by the Energy of the holy Spirit

Spirit.

14 And I am assured, my Brethren, teven & myself, concerning you, that you also are full of Goodness, having been filled with \* All KNOWLEDGE, being able also to admonish each other.

15 \* But I have written to you, with more freedom, partly as reminding you, I through THAT FA-YOR which has been IM-PARTED to me \* from Gon,

16 in order to my being ‡ a public Servant of the \* Anointed Jesus to the Gentiles, ministering the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, that the OBLATION of the GENTILES \* might become acceptable, having been sanctified by the holy Spirit.

17 I have, therefore, \*cause of boasting in the Anounted Jesus, as to the THINGS pertaining to Gou.

18 For I will not presume to speak anything of that Christ did not work

I should be filled.

κοην εθνων, λογφ και εργφ, εν δυναμει σημειων dience of nations, in word and work, by power of signs και τερατων, 19 εν δυναμει πνευματος \* [άγιου·] by power of spirit and of wonders, [holy;] ώστε με απο '**Ι**ερουσαλημ και κυκλφ, μεχρ**ιτ**ου Jerusalem and in a circuit, even to the so that me from Ιλλυρικου, πεπληρωκευαι το ευαγγελιον του to have fully set forth tho glad tidings of the Χριστου· 20 ούτω δε φιλοτιμουμένον ευαγγελιthus and being ambitious to anaounce (εσθαι, ουχ δπου ωνομασθη Χριστος, lva μη glad adiogs, not where was named Anomited, so that not επ' αλλοτριον θεμελιον οικοδομω. 21 αλλα, foundation I should build; καθως γεγραπται. Οίς ουκ ανηγ**γελη** TEO! as it has been written; To those not it was told corcerning συτου, οψονται και οί αυκ ακηκοασι, συνησουshall cee; and those not had heard, a, shall under-<sup>22</sup> ∆10 Kal ενεποπτομπν τα πολλα Wherefore also I was hindered the things many 🖾 Νυνι δε μηκετι τοπον του ελθειν προς υμας... aftheto come to, you. Now but so longer a place εχων εν τοις κεμασι τουτοις, επιποθίαν δε baving in the regions these, γ ο great desire and εγων του ελθειν προς ύμας απο πολλων ετων. Laving of the to come to you from many years; <sup>24</sup> ώς εαν πορευωμαι εις την Σπανιαν, ελπιζω Í may go ٤o the Spain, I hope ξιαφορευομένος θεασασθαι ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων passing through to ace you, and by yon προπεμφθηναι εκει, εαν ύμων πρωτον απο μερους to be sent on my way there, if of you first from a part εμπλησθω.

25 Νυνι δε πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, διακο-Now but lam going to Jerusalem, minie-26 Ευδοκησαν γαρ Μακεδονια por tois ayiois. terms to the saints. Were pleased for Macedonia και Αγαία κοινωνίαν τινα ποιησασθαί εις τους contribution some to make for Ίερουσαλημ. άγιων  $\tau\omega y \in v$ πτωχους των poorones of the smats of those in Jerusalem. <sup>27</sup> Ευδοκησαν γαρ, ειαι οφειλεται αυτων εισιν. They were pleased for, and debtors of them they are. Ε: γαρ τοις πυευματικοις αυτών εκοινώνησαν If for in the opinitual things ofthem because sharers τα εθνή, οφειλουσί και εν τοις σαρκικοίς λειthe Gentile, they are bound also in the fleshly things to ren-

\*through me, t for the Obedience of the Gentiles, by Word and by Work; t by the Power of Signs and Prodigies;

19 by the Energy of the Spirit; so that, from Jerusalem, and in a Circuit as far as ILLYRICUM, I have fully set forth the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED one.

20 And I was thus ambitious to evangelize where Christ was not named, ‡so that I might not build on Another's Foundation;

21 but as it has been written, 1" They shall see "to whom nothing was "told concerning him; and "those who had not heard "shall understand."

22 Wherefore, also, ‡1 was \* frequently hindered from coming to you.

23 But now having no longer a Place in these REGIONS, and having for Many Years a Strong desire to come to you.

24 whenever I may go into Spain, I hope, passing through, to see you, and to be sent forward by you there, if first I should be partly satisfied with your society.

25 But now #I am going to Jerusalem, ministering to the SAINTS.

26 For Macedonia and Achaia twere pleased to make some Contribution for the POOR of THOSE SAINTS who are in Jerusalem.

27 They were pleased [I say,] and their Debtors they are; for if the GENTILES have \*participated in their SPIRITUAL things, \*they are obligated also to serve them in things pertaining to the FLESH.

<sup>&</sup>quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -18, by my Word. hindered. 24, from you.

<sup>19.</sup> holy-omit.

<sup>22.</sup> frequently

<sup>28</sup> Τουτο ουν επιτελεσας, τουργησαι αυτοις. This then having houshed, der service to them. και σφραγισαμένος \*[αυτοις] τον καρπον τουhaving scaled [to them] the fruit τον, απελευσυμαι δι' ύμων εις την Σπανιαν. through of you into the Spain.

οιδα δε, ότι ερχομενος προς ύμας, εν πληρωl know and, that coming to you, in fullness

· ματι ευλογιας Χριστου ελευσομαι.
of blessing of Augusted I will come.

 $^{30}$  Παρακαλω δε ύμας, \*[αδελφοι,] δια του [brethren,] by the

κριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, και δια της αγα-Lord of us Jesus Anomited, and by the love

πης του πνευματος, συναγωνισασθαι μοι εν ταις ef the spirit, to strive together with me in the

προσευχαις ύπερ εμου προς τον θεον. 31 ίνα prayers on hebalf of me to the God, that ήυσθω απο των απειθουντων εν τη Ιουδαια,

ρυσθω απο των απειθουντων εν τη Ιουδαια, I may be delivered from those being disobedient in the Judea, και ίνα ἡ διακονία μου, ἡ εις 'Ιερουσαλημ, ευ-

and that the service of me, that for Jerusalem, wellπροσδεκτος γενηται τοις άγιοις 32 ίνα εν χαρα
pleasing may be to the saints; so that with juy

with all of you. So be it.

Συνιστημι δε ύμιν Φοιβην, την αδελφην ήμων,
I recommend and to you Puebe, the stater of us,

ουιταν διακονον της εκκλησιας της εν Κεγχρεhering a servant of the congregation of that in Cenchrea;

αις  $^2$  ίνα αυτην προπδεξησθε εν κυριφ αξιως that her you may receive in Lord worthly  $\tau \omega \nu$  άγιων, και παραστητε αυτη εν  $^4 \omega$  αν ύμων

at the saiots, and you may assist ber in which of you γρη(η πραγματι και γαρ αυτη προστατις standy need business; also for she apatroness

τηλλων εγενηθη, και αυτου εμου. <sup>3</sup>Ασπασασof many became, and myself of me. Salute you

θε Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, τους συνεργους μου εν Prisca and Aquila, the fellow-workers of me in

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—28. to them—omit. 28. Spain. 30. Brethren—omit. 31. THAT GIFT-BEABING of mine may be acceptable to the SAINTS in Jerusalem. 32. the Lord Jesus. And. 32. and may take rest together with you—omit. 1 also a Servant.

+ 1. Cenchrea was the eastern seaport of Corinth, about nine miles from the city, and situated on the east side of the isthmus which joined the Morea to Greece. Lecheum was in the west side of the same isthmus, here about six miles wide. It was between these two ports that the 1sthmian games were celebrated, to which Paul makes so many allusions.

† 29. Rom. i. 11. † 36. 2 Cor. i. 11; Col. iv. 12. † 31. 2 Thess. iii. 2. † 32. Acts xviii. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 19; James iv. 15. † 33. Rom. xvi. 20; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 2 Cor. xiii. 11; Phil. iv. 9; 1 Thess. v. 23; 2 Thess. iii. 16; Heb. xiii. 20; 2 John 5, 4 Acts xviii. 18; 2; 2 Phil. ii. 20; 3 John 5, 4 Acts xviii. 2, 18, 20; 2 Tim. iv. 18

28 Having, then, completed this, and having secured to them this 111 cT, I will go through your country into \* Spain;

29 ‡ and I know that when I come to you, I shall come with the Fullness of the Blessing of

Christ.

30 And I entreat you, Brethren, by our LORD Jesus Christ, and by the LOVE of the SPIRIT, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{to} strive together with me in your prayers to God on my behalf;

31 I that I may be delivered from THOSE that OBEY NOT in JUDEA; and that \*THAT GIFT-BEARING of mine may be acceptable to the SAINTS in

Jerusalem;

32 so that with Joy I may come to you through the will of \*God, and be refreshed together with you.

33 And the God of PEACE be with you all.

Amen.

## CHAPTER XVI.

1 I now recommend to you Phebe, our sister, being \* also a Servant of the congregation in ‡† Cenchrea.

2 that you may receive her in the Lord, in a manner worthy of the SAINTS, and assist her in the Business in which she may have need of you; for she also has been an Assistant of Many, and especially of me.

3 Salute ‡ Priscilla and Aquila my Fellow-Laborers in the Anointed Je-

in Sus.

Χριστφ Ιησου (οίτινες ύπερ της ψυχης μου life Glaso Anointed Jesus: (who on behalf of the τον έαυτων τραχηλου ύπεθηκαν οίς ουκ εγω the of them elves neck they placed under; to whom not ειονος ευχαριστω, αλλα και πασαι αί εκκλησιαι give thanks, but also all the congregations των εθνων·) δ και την κατ' οικον αυτων εκκληof the Geutiles:) sho the in bouse of them enginesof the Geutiles:) σιαν. Ασπασασθε Επαινετον, τον αγαπητον tion. Saluto you Epenetus, the beloved one μου, δε εστιν απαρχη της Ασιας εις Χριστον. 6 Ασπασασθε Μαριαμ, ήτις πολλα εκοπιασεν Saluteyou Mary, who much labored s 7 Ασπασασθε Ανδρονικον και Ιουνιαν, eis nuas. #or , Saluteyou ( An ronicus and Juaiss, τους συγγενεις μου και συναιχμαλωτους μην, relatives of me and \_\_\_\_\_fellow-prisoners . s of me, ρίτινες εισιν επισημοι εν τοις αποστολοις, οί , noted among the the spostles, est o 818 και προ εμου γεγονασιν εν Χριστω. <sup>8</sup> Ασπα-and before no have been in Acointed. Salate πασθε Αμπλιαν, τον αγαπητον μου εν κυριφ. Aσπασασθε Ουρβανον, τον συνεργον ήμων εν Saluteyou Urbanus, sa the fellow-worker of us in Χριστω, και Σταχυν, τον αγαπητον μου. Anointed, and Stachys, the beloved one of me. 10 Ασπασασθε Απελλην, τον δοκιμου εν Χριστφ. Salute you . Apelles, wer, the approved one in Anointed. Ασπασασθε τους εκ των Αριστοβουλου. 11 Ασ-Salate you those from of the Aristobulus. 83πανασθε Ηρωδιωνα, τον συγγενη μου. Ασlut-you Herodian. the A relative of me. 83πασασθε τους εκ των Ναρκισσου, τους οντας εν those from of the Narcissus. those being κυριφ. -12 Ασπασαπθε Τρυφαίναν και Τρυφωand . Tryphose, Lord. Salute you Trypheua σαν, τας κοπιωσας εν κυριφ. Ασπασασθέ Περσιδα, την αγαπητην, ήτις πολλα εκοπιασεν εν είς, the beloved one, who much labored to κυριω. 

13 Ασπασασθε 'Ρουφον, τον εκλεκτον Lord. 

δαlute you Rufus,  $\chi$  the chosen εν κυριώ, και την μητερα αυτου και εμου. Lord, and the mother of him bas of me. 14 Ασπασασθε Ασυγκριτον, Φλεγοντα, Έρμαν, Phlegon, Hermas, Salute you Asyncritus, Τιατροβαν, Έρμην, και τους συν αυτοις αδελ-

4 These persons on behalf of my LIFE, laid down their own Neck; to whom not I alone give thanks, but also All the congre-GATIONS of the GENTILES.

5 Salute also the con-GREGATION at their House. Salute Epenetus, my BE-LOVED, who is the Firstfruit of †ASIA to Christ.

6 Salute Mary, who labored much for us.

7. Salute Andronicus and Junias, my RELA-TIVES, and Fellow-prisoners, who are highly esteemed among the Apos-TLES, and who I were in Christ before me.

8 Salute \* THAT Amplias who is beloved in

the Lord.

9 Salute Urbanus, our Fellow-laborer in Christ. and Stachys, my BELOVED.

10 Salute THAT Apelles who is approved in Christ. Salute THOSE who are of the family of Aristobu-LUS.

11 Salute Herodian, my RELATIVE. Salute THOSE of the family of Narcissus, Those Being in the Lord.

12 Salute Tryphena and Tryphosa, THOSE sisters LABORING in the Lord. Salute Persis, the BE-LOVED, her who labored much in the Lord.

13 Salute THAT Rufus who was tchosen in the Lord, and his mother and

 $\mathbf{m}$ ine 14 Salute Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the BRETHREN with them.

with

them

brethren.

Hermes, and

Patrobas.

the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. THAT Amplias who is BELOVED.

<sup>15.</sup> The common version reads of Achaia; but the best MSS. have Asia. In 1 Cor. xvi. 15, the house of Stephanas is said to be "the first fruits of Achaia." Sharpe in his Notes on this passage says:-"This is an important change as helping to prove that the persons here greeted dwelt in Ephesus, where the apostle had numerous friends, and not in Rome, where he was unknown. Thus Prisca and Aquilas in particular dwelt in Ephesus; and it seems not improbable that this chapter, together, perhaps, with xii. 1—xv. 7, formed part of an epistle to the Ephesians; which by a mistake of the editor has been added on at the end of the epistle to the Romans. This remark is not a little supported by those MSS, which say that the epistle now titled as to the Ephesians was written not to that church, but to the Laodiceaus."

<sup>\$ 5. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 19, Col. iv. 15; Philemon 2.

15 Ασπασασθε Φιλολογον και Ιουλιαν, φoυs. Salute you Philologus and Julia, Νηρεα και την αδελφην αυτου, και Ολυμπαν, Nereus and the sister and Olympas, of him, 16 Ασπακαι τους συν αυτοις παντας άγιους. Salute the with them all saints. Ασπαζονσασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι άγιφ. each other with a kiss holy. Salute ται ύμας αί εκκλησιαι πασαι του  ${f X}$ ριστου. you the congregations all of the Anointed.

<sup>17</sup> Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, σκοπειν τους I entreat now you, brethren, to watch τας διχηστασιας και τα σκανδαλα, παρα την the separations and the stumbling-blocks, contrary to the διδαχην ήν ύμεις εμαθετε, ποιουντας και εκteaching which you learned,  $\kappa \lambda \iota \nu \alpha \tau \in \alpha \pi^*$   $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ . ed, are making; and turn <sup>18</sup>Οί γαρ τοιουτοι τφ They for such like ones to the from them. κυριώ ήμων Χριστώ ου δουλευουσιν, αλλα τη Lord of us Anumted not are in subjection, but to the ξαυτων κοιλια· και δια της χρηστολογιας και of themselves belly; and through the fair-speaking and ευλογιας εξαπατωσι τας καρδιας των ακακων. good speaking they deceive the hearts of the simple ones. <sup>19</sup> Η γαρ ύμων ύπακοη εις παντας αφικετο.

The for of you obedience for all went abroad. Xaιρω ουν  $*[\tau o]$  εφ' ύμιν θελω δε ύμας Γεροίος therefore [that] in respect to you; I wish [that] in [that] in [that] or [that] in [that] [that] in [that] ise ones [indeed] to be in respect to the good, Diameless ones 20 O  $\delta \epsilon$   $\theta \epsilon o s \tau \eta s \epsilon i \rho \eta \nu \eta s$ ELS το κακον. butin respect to the evil. The and God of the peace

συντριψει τον σαταναν ύπο τους ποδας ύμων εν adversary under the will crush the feet of you χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου ταχει. ashorttime. The favor of the Lord ofus Jesus \* [ Χριστου]  $\mu \epsilon \theta$ <sup>21</sup> Ασπαζονται ύμων. ύμας [Anointed] with you. Salute you Τιμοθεος, δ συνεργος μου, και Λουκιος και

Timothy, the fellow-worker of me, and Lucius and Ιασων και Σωσιπατρος, οί συγνενεις μου. 22 Ασ-Jason and Sosipater, the relatives of me. Saπαζομαι ύμας εγω Τερτιος, δ γραψας την Tertius, the one having written the you

<sup>23</sup> Ασπαζεται κυριφ. επιστολην,  $\epsilon \nu$ ύμας in Salutes you

Γαιος, δ ξενος μου και της εκκλησιας δληs. Gaius, the host of me and of the congregation whole. Ασπαζεται ύμας Εραστος, δ OLKOVOLOS , THS

Erastus, the you treasurer of the \*[24 'H Κουαρτος  $\dot{o}$  αδελφος. πολεως, και and [The

Quartus the brother. city,

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. that-omit. 24. omit.

19. indeed-omit.

20. Anointed-

15 Salute Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympas, and ALL the SAINTS with them.

16 #Salute each other with a holy Kiss. All the CONGREGATIONS of the Anointed one salute

17 Now I entreat you, Brethren, to watch Thosk who are # MAKING FAC-TIONS and laying SNARES, contrary to the TEACHing which pou have learned, and Iturn away from them.

18 For such like ones as THEY are not in subjection to our Anointed LORD, but to their own \$ Appetite; and by KIND and Complimentary words they deceive the HEARTS of the

UNSUSPECTING.

19 Your Obedience, indeed, is reported to ali. Therefore, I rejoice on your account; but I wish you to be twise with respect to THAT which is GOOD, and HARMLESS with respect to THAT which is EVI).. 20 And the God of PEACE will soon bruise the ADVERSARY your feet. The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you.

21 #Timothy, my FEL-LOW-LABORER, and I Lucius, and # Jason, and ‡ Sosipater, my RELA . Tives, salute you.

23 £, Tertins, who WROTE this LETTER, salute you in the Lord.

23 # Gains, the Hospi-TABLE friend of me and of the whole congregation, salutes you. ‡ Erastus, the TREASURER of the CITY, salutes you, and our BROTHER Quartus.

<sup>† 16. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 20; 2 Cor. xiii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 20; 1 Pet. v. 14. † 17. Acts xv. 1, 5, 24; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 17. 1 Cor. v. 9, 11; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; Titus iii. 10; 2 John 10. † 18. Phil. iii. 19; 1 Tim. vi. 5. † 19. Matt. x. 10; 1 Cor. xv. 20, 1 21. Acts xvi. 1; Coi. i. 1; Phil. ii. 19; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim. i. 2; Hest. xiii. 23. † 21. Acts xiii. 1. † 21. Acts xvii. 5. † 21. Acts xx. 4. † 23. 1 Cor. i. 14. † 23. Acts Acts xiii. 1. 1 21. xix. 22; 3 Tim. iv. 20.

χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα Anointed with Jesus fivor of the Lord of us 25 Τω δε δυναμενφ Aunv.] παντων ύμων. all of us. So be it. 1 To him now being able ύμ**ας στηριξα**ι κατα το υαγγελιον μου και you to establish according to the glad tidings of me and το κηρυγμα Ιησου Χριστου, ατα αποκαλυthe proclaiming of Jesus Anomted, according to a revelation ψιν μυστηριου χρονοις αιωνισις σεσιγημενου. has been concealed; in times Singer

οι a secret in times στας το bas deen conceance,

α φανερωθεντος δε νην, δια τε γραφων προφηhaving been manifested but now, through and writings pro-

Tikav, kat'  $\epsilon$ mitayyv tov alwivlov  $\theta \epsilon$ ov,  $\epsilon$ is phetic, according to an appointment of the age-lasting God, for

ύπακοην πιστεως, εις παντα τα εθιη γνωρισobedience of faith, to all the nations having been

θεντος <sup>27</sup> μονφ σοφφ θεφ, δια Ιησου Χριστου, made known; to only wise God, through Jesus Anointed, δω δωξα εις τους αιανας. Αμην.

φ η δυξα εις τους αιωνας. Αμην. to him the glory for the ages. So best.

24 \*[The FAVOR of out LORD Jesus Christ be with you all. Amen.]

25 Now to him who is able to establish You according to my GLAD Tillings and the PROCLAMATION of Jesus Christ, agreeably to the Revelation of the Secret, the pt concealed in the Times of the

26 but inow having been disclosed; and through the Prophetic Writings, according to the Appointment of the Alonian God, has been made known to Allthe NATIONS, in order to the Obedience of Faith;

27 to the Wise God alone, through Jesus Christ, to him be the GLORY for the AGES. Amen.

## \*TO THE ROMANS. WRITTEM FROM CORINTH.

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Maduscrift.—Subscription—To the Romans. Written from Corinth.

1 25. Eph. iii. 20; 1 Tress. iii. 13; 2 Thess. ii. 17; iii. 3; Jude 25.

1 25. Eph. iii. 20; 1 Tress. iii. 13; 2 Thess. ii. 17; iii. 5; 0: Col. i. 26.

1 26. Eph. i. 9; 2 Tim. i. 10; Titus i. 2. 3; \$ Pot. i. 26.

1 26. Adde 25.

1 26. Adde 27.

1 27.

1 27.

# FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS.

## КЕФ. α'. 1.

<sup>1</sup> Παυλος, κλητος αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, an apostle of Jesus called δια θεληματος θεου, και Σωσθενης δ αδελφος, through will of God, and Southenes the brother,  $^2$   $au\eta$  ekklysia tou hetaeou  $au\eta$  oush ev Korivhetae, to the congregation of the God to that heing in Counth,  $\dot{\eta}\gamma$ ιασμενοις  $-\epsilon 
u \; ext{X}$ ριστ $\omega \; ext{I} \eta$ σου, κ $\lambda \gamma au$ οις  $\dot{lpha} \gamma$ ισις having been sanctified in Anounted Jesus, ealled συν πασι τοις επικαλουμενοις το ονομα του those ealling upon the name of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εν παντι τοπώ, ofus Jesus Anointed in αυτων \*[ $\tau\epsilon$ ] και ήμων·  $^3$  χαρις ύμιν και  $\epsilon$ ιρηνη of them [both] and ofus; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God father of us, anu Lord Jesus Anounted. <sup>4</sup> Ευχαριστω τω θεω \*[μου] του. παντοτε I give thanks to the God [of me] always ύμιν εν Χριστώ Ιησου. 5 ότι εν παντι ing been given to you in Anoioted Jesus; that in everything επλουτισθητε εν αυτώ, εν παντι λογώ και you were enriched in him, in every word and παση γνωσει, 6 (καθως το μαρτυριον του Χρισ-(when the testimony of the Anomited knowledge, του εβεβαιωθη εν ύμιν.) 7 ώστε ύμας μη ύστεwas confirmed among you,) so that you not to be

νας confirmed among you.) so that you not to be ρεισθαί εν μηδενί χαρισματι, απεκδεχομενους inferior in any one gracious gift, waiting for την αποκαλυψιν του κυρίου ήμων Ιησου Χρισ-

the revelation of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed;  $\tau ov$  8 is  $\kappa ai \beta \epsilon \beta ai \omega \sigma \epsilon i \dot{\nu} \mu as \dot{\epsilon} \omega s \tau \epsilon \lambda ovs \alpha \nu \epsilon \gamma$  who also will confirm you to an end irre-

κλητους  $\epsilon \nu$  τη ήμερα του κυριου ήμων Ιησου proachable ones in the day of the Lord of us Jesus Χριστου.  $^9$  Πιστος  $\dot{o}$  θεος,  $\delta i'$  ου  $\epsilon \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$  Anointed. Faithful the God, through whom you were called  $\epsilon$  IS κοινωνιαν του υίου αυτου Ιησου Χριστου,

into fellowship of the son of him Jesus Anointed, to kuplou  $\hat{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$ . The Lord of us.

The Lord of us.

The Lord of us.

φοι, δια του ονοματος του κυριου ήμων Ι ησου through the name of the Lord of us Jesus

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Constituted Apostle of the \*Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God, and ‡ Sosthenes, the Brotuge

2 to THAT CONGREGA-TION of GOD which is in Corinth, having been sanctified in the Anointed Jesus, Constituted Holy ones, with ALL THOSS ‡ INVOKING the NAME of our LORD Jesus Christ in Every Place,—theirs and ours;

3 ‡ Favor and Peace be with you from God our Father, and the Lord Je-

sus Christ.

4 I give thanks to God always concerning you, for that favor of God which has been IMPARTED to you in the Anointed Jesus;

5 because in every thing you were enriched by him, tin Every Word, and in

All Knowledge,

6 (‡ when the TESTI-MONY of the Anointed was confirmed among you)

7 so that you are not inferior in Any one Gift, ; waiting for the REVELATION of our LORD Jesus Christ;

8 who also will confirm you to the End, Irreproachable in the DAY of our LORD Jesus Anointed.

9 ‡ Faithful is God, by whom you were invited into ‡ the Fellowship cf his son Jesus Christ, our LORD.

10 Now I entreat you, Brethren, through the NAME of our LORD Jesus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—First to the Corinthians. 2. both—omit. 4. of me—omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Anointed Jesus

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rom. i. 1. † 1. Acts xviii. 17. † 2. Acts ix. 14. 21; xxii. 16; 2 Tim. ii. 24. 3. Rom. i. 7; 2 Cor. i. 2; Ebb. i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 2. † 4. Rom. i. 5. † 5. 1 Cor. vii. 8; 2 Cor. viii. 7. † 6. Heb. ii. 3, 4. † 7. Fill iii. 10, Tims ii. 13; 2 Pet. i i b. 10, 1 Cor. x 13; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. iii. 3; Heb. x, 23. † 9. John xv. 4; xvii. 14; 2 John i. 3; iv. 13.

ειτε θανατος, ειτε ενεστωτα, ειτε μελλοντα· or death, or present things, or being about to be, παντα ύμαν \* $[εστιν\cdot]$  23 ύμεις δε, Χριστον·

anthings of you [is;) you and, of Anointed, Χριστος δε, θεου. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Ούτως ήμως

Χριστος δε, θεου. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.  $^{1}$  Ούτως  $\mathring{\eta}$ μω. Anomated and, of God.  $^{1}$ Τικο με

λογιζετθω ανθρωπος, ως υπηρετας Χριστου, let regard a man, as assistants of Anointed,

και οικονομους μυστηριών  $\theta$ εου.  $^2$  O δε λοιand stewards of unsteries of God. What but re-

πον, ζητειται εν τοις οικονομοις, ίνα πιστος τις manulug, it is required in the stewards, that faithful one

 $\epsilon$   $\acute{v} 
ho \epsilon \theta \eta$ .  $^3$  E $\mu oi$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\epsilon is$   $\epsilon \lambda a \chi i \sigma au o \nu$   $\epsilon \sigma au i \nu$ ,  $\dot{v} \nu x$   $\dot{v} \phi$  should be found. To me but for  $^{-1}$  least thing  $^{-1}$  it is,  $^{-1}$  that  $^{-1}$  by

ύμων ανακριθω, η ύπο ανθρωπινης ήμερας· you I should be coudemned, or by a human day;

αλλ' ουδε εμαυτον ανακρινω:  $\frac{4}{2}$  (ουδεν γαρ έριαυ-but not even myself do I condemn; (nothing for 14 myself)

το συνοίδα, αλλ' ουκ εν τουτ $\omega$  δεδικαιωμαι') δ sell am conscious, but not in this 1 have been justified.) lie

 $\delta \epsilon$  ανακρινων με, κυριος  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ .  $\delta$  '  $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$  μη προ hat condemning me, Lord is. Therefore not before

καιρου τι κρινετε, έως αν ελθη ὁ κυριος, ὁς proper season anything judge you, till may come the Lord, who

και φωτισει τα κρυπτα του σκοτους, και both will bring to light the things hidden of the darkness, and

φανερωσει τας βουλας των καρδιων και τοτε w.l make manifest the purposes of the hearts, and then

 $^6$  Tauta  $\delta \epsilon$ , a  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o i$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \sigma \chi \eta \mu \alpha \tau i \sigma \alpha$   $\epsilon is$   $\epsilon \mu \alpha u$ -These things and, brethren, 1 figuratively applied to myself

νον και Απολλω δι' ὑμας, ἱνα  $\epsilon$ ν ἡμιν μαθητε and Apollos on account of you, that by us you may learn

το μη ὑπερ ὁ γεγραπται φρονειν, ἱνα μη εις that not above what has been written to think, so that not one

ύπερ του ένος φυσιουσθε κατα του έτερου. on behalf of the one you may be puffed up against the other.

Tis γαρ σε διακρινεί; τι δε εχεις, δ ουκ
Who for thee distinguishes? what and hast thou, which not

 $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon s$ ;  $\epsilon\iota$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon s$ ,  $\tau\iota$   $\kappa\alpha\upsilon\chi\alpha\sigma\alpha\iota$  thou didstreceive?  $\iota$  and also thou didstreceive, why dost thou boast

ές μη λαβων; <sup>8</sup> Ηδη κεκορεσμενοι εστε, ηδη as not having received? Already having been filled you are, already

επλουτησατε, χωρις ήμων εβασιλευσατε και you were rich, without us you reigned; and

Death; whether Things present, or Things future,

—all are yours;
23 and tyou are Christ's,
and Christ is God's.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 Let a Man thus esteem us as ‡ Ministers of Christ, and Stewards of the Mysteries of God.

2 But, moreover, it is required in STEWARDS, that every one should be

found familiful.

8 Therefore, to me it is of very little importance that I should be condemned by you, or by a lluman Day of Judement; because I do not even condemn Myself;

4 (for I am conscious to myself of Nothing evil; though I am not by this justified;) but HE who JUDGES me is the Lord.

5 ‡ Therefore, judge you not Anything before the proper Time, till the Lond come, who ‡ both will bring to light the secrets of Darkness, and will make manifest the PURPOSES of the HEARTS; and ‡ then the PRAISE will be to each one from God.

6 Now these things,

6 Now these things, Brethren, ‡I figuratively applied to myself and to Apollos on your account; that by us you may ‡learn NOT to think ABOVE what has been written; that no one of you may, on behalf of the ONE, be puffed up against the OTHER.

7 For who distinguishes Thee? and ‡ what haist thou which thou didst not receive? and if thou didst receive, why dost thou boast as not having received.

8 You are already filled!

\*\*xat you are already enriched!

and you have reigned without

<sup>† 23.</sup> Rom. xiv. 8; 1 Cor. xi. 3; 2 Cor. x. 7; Gal. iii. 20. † 1. 1 Cor. iii. 5; ix. 17; 2 C r. xi. 4; Col. i. 25. E5. Rom. iii. 13. † 5. Rom. iii. 13. † 5. Rom. ii. 29; 2 Cor. v. 10. † 6. 1 Cor. i. 12; iii. 4. † 8 Rom. xii. 3. † 7 John i. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 10.

οφελον γε εβοσιλευσατε, ίνα και ήμεις ύμιν us! and I wish, indeed, we with you I wish indeed you did reign, so that also  $\frac{9}{1 \text{ think}} \Delta \sigma \kappa \omega \gamma \alpha \rho$ ,  $\frac{1}{1 \text{ that}} \delta \theta \kappa \sigma s$ συμβασιλευσωμεν. niight reign together. ήμας τους αποστολους εσχατους απεδειξεν, ώς us apostles last επιθανατιους, δτι θεατρον εγενηθημέν  $T\omega$ appointed to death, because a speciacle we were made to the κοσμφ και αγγελοις και ανθρωποις. world and messengers and tomen. μωρια δια Χριστον, ύμεις δε φρονιμοι εν Χρισfuols on account of Anointed, you but wise ones in Anointed;  $au_{\omega}$ · ήμεις ασθενεις, ύμεις δε ισχυροι· ύμεις you but strong ones, weak ones, 11 Αχρι της αστι  $\epsilon \nu \delta o \xi o i$ ,  $i \mu \epsilon i s$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\alpha \tau i \mu o i$ . the honorable ones, we but ignobe ones. Till' ώρας και πεινωμεν, και διψωμεν, και γυμητευand we tamet, and we are naked, hour both we hunger, ομεν, και κολαφιζουεθα, και αστατουμεν, 12 και and we are beaten. and we are homeress, and κυπιωμέν εργαζομένοι ταις ιδιαίς χερσι λοιδοworking with the own hauds; ρουμενοι, ευλογουμεν διωκομενοι, ανεχομεθα. being persecuted. we endure; we bless; <sup>13</sup> βλασφημουυενοι, παρακαλουμεν· ώς περικαwe exhort; being blaspaemed, 2.5 purgations θαρματά του κοσμού εγενηθημέν, πάντων πέριwe became, of all things of the world 14 Οικ εντριπων ύμας γραφω ψημα έως αρτι. Not shaming you scrapings till now. Iwrite ταυτα, αλλ' ώς τεκνα μου αναπητα νουθετω. beloved these things, but as children of me

15 Εαν γαρ μυριους παιδανωνους ενητε εν Χρισchild-centers you may have in Anotated. If for myriada τω, αλλ' ου πολλους πατερας: εν γαρ Χριστώ in but not many fathers; for Anothted \*[Ιησου] δια του ευαννιλίου εγω ύμας εγεν-[lesus] through the glad ticings you νησα.

16 Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, μιμηται μου γινεσθε. l'exhort therefore you, imitators of me become you.

τουτο επεμψα ύμιν Τιμωθεον, δς εστι Otaccount of this I sent to you Timothy, who is τεκνον μου αγαπητον και πιστον εν κυριώ, δς achild of me beloved and faithful Lord, in

you did reign, that he also might reign with you.

9 For I think God exhibited us the Apostlis †last, as #devoted to death; # For we are made a Spectacle to the world, both to Angels and to Men.

10 # THE are # Fools on account of Christ, but you are wise in Christ; twe are weak, but gou are strong; rou are honorable, but we are 4d.sgraced.

11 TTO the PRESENT Hour we both hunger and thirst, and are in want of clothing; we are buf-fetted about, and are homeless;

12 and I we labor, working w' hour own Hands. Being reviled, we bless; being persecuted, we en-

dure; 13 being calumniated, we expostulate; I we are become as tibe Purgettens of the WOLLD, the Refuse of all things till now.

14 I do not write these things to shame you, but as my beloved Children I admonish you.

15 For though you may have Myriads of Leaders in Christ, yet not Many Fathers; for tin Christ E begot you through the GLAD TIDINGS.

16 Therefore, I exhort you, to become ‡ Imitators

17 On this account 1 sent to you ! Timothy, wto is my beloved and who laithful Child in the Lord,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. That -- omit. 15. Jesus-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Alluding to those last exposed on the theatre, to fight with wild beasts, or with each other; and who were devoted to certain destruction. † 10. The atimo; were held to be out laws, and might be slain as well as ill-treated with impunity. † 13. The words perikatharmata and peripseema are thought to allude to those human explatory sacrif-res which were offered to infernal deities among the Greeks and Romans, selected from the lowest of the people, and loaded with curses, affronts and injuries while on their way to execution.

<sup>† 0,</sup> Rom. viii. 50; 1 Cor. xv. 30, 31; 2 Cor. iv. 11; vi. 0. † 0. Heb. x, 30. † 10
1 Cor. ii. 3. † 10, Acts xvii. 18; xxvi; 29; 1 Cor. i. 18; ii. 14; iii. 18. † 10, 2 Cor. xiii. 9. † 11; 2 Cor. iv. 8; xi. 23—27; Phil. v. 12. † 12. Acts xviii. 3; xx. 3; 1 Thess. ii. 0; 2 Thess. iii. 8; 1 Tim. iv. 10. † 12. Matt. v. 44; Luke xxiii. 34; Acts vii. 60; Rom. xii. 14, 20; 1 Pet. ii. 23; iii. 0. † 13. Lam. iii. 45. † 15. Acts xvii. 11; 2 dames 1.8. † 16. 1 Cor. xi. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 0. † 17. octs xix. 22; 1 Cor. xvi. 10; Phil. 11. 14

ύμας αναμιησει τας οδους μου τας εν Χριστο, will remind the ways of me those in Anointed,  $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s$  πανταχου εν παση εκκλησια διδασκω. every where in every congregation even as 18 'Ως μη ερχομενου δε μου προς ύμας, εφυπιwere puffed As not coming but of me to you, 19 Έλευσομοι δε ταχεως προς ωθησαν τινες. I will come but some. uр ύμας, εαν δ κυριος θεληση, και γνωσομαι ου if the Lord should will, and l will know not τον λογον των πεφυσιωμενών, αλλα την δυναword of those having been puffed up, but μιν. 20 ου γαρ εν λογω ή βασιλεια του θεου, kingdom of the God, in word the not for αλλ' εν δυναμει. 21 Τι θελετε: εν βαβδφ €λθω What do you wish? with a rod I should come προς ύμας, η εν αγαπη πνευματι τε πραστητος; love in a spirit and of meekness? you, or in 1 Ολως ακουεται εν ύμιν πορνεια, Actually is heard among you fornication, και τοιαυτη πορνεια, ήτις ουδε εν τοις εθνεσιν, and such fornication, which not even among the Gentiles, ώστε γυναικα τινα του πατρος εχειν. <sup>2</sup> Και ύμεις one of the father to have. πεφυσιωμενοι εστε; και ουχι μαλλον επενθηhaving been puffed up are? and not rather lamented, εκ μεσου ύμων δ το εργον σατε, ίνα αρθη so that might be removed from midst of you he the work τουτο ποιρσας: <sup>3</sup> Εγω μεν γαρ \*[ώς] απων this having done? ! indeed for [as] being absent το σωματι, παρων δε τω πνευματι, ηδη κεκρικα already have judged in the body, being present but in the spirit,  $\dot{c}$ ς παρων, τον ουτω τουτο κατεργασμενον,  $^4$ εν as being present, him thus this having practised, τω ονοματι του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* [Χριστου,] of the Lord ofus Jesus [Anointed,] the name (συναχθεντων ύμων και του εμου πνευματος,) (having been assembled of you and of the my

συν τη δυναμει του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* Χρισ-

του, ] 5 παραδουναι τον τοιουτον τω σατανα εις

ολεθρον της σαρκος, ίνα το πνευμα σωθη εν τη

[Jesus.]

one

that

destruction of the flesh, so that the spirit may be saved in

power of the Lord of us

with the

day

THOSE WAYS of mine which are in Christ, even as I teach everywhere, ‡ in every Congregation. 18 And some are puffed up, as though I were not coming to you; 19 but I will come to you soon, tif the LORD will, and I will know, not the word but the POW+R of THOSE who are PUFFED 20 Tror the KINGDOM of God is not in Word, but in Power. 21 What do you wish? that I come to you with

who will remind you of

# CHAPTER V.

a Rod, or in Love, and in

a Spirit of Meekness.

1 Incest is certainly heard of among you, and Such Incest as is not even among the GENTILES, I that one has his FA-THER'S Wife.

2 And nou have been puffed up, and did not rather lament, so that nE HAVING DONE this WORK might be removed from the midst of you.

3 For H, indeed, t being absent in the BODY, but present in the SPIRIT. have already judged, as if present, HIM who thus this HAS PERFORMED ACT;

4 in the NAME of our LORD Jesus, you being assembled, and My Spirit, twith the POWER of our LORD Jesus,

5 to deliver up THAT PERSON to the ADVERSA -RY, for the † Destruction of the FLESH, that SPIRIT may be saved in the DAY of the LORD.

ημερα του κυριου \*[Ιησου.]

Lord

to deliver up

of the

70

Not

spirit,)

Jesus [Anointed,]

to the adversary for

good

<sup>6</sup>Ου καλον

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. as-omit.

the 4. Anointed-omit twice.

<sup>5.</sup> Jesus-

<sup>† 5.</sup> Or the infliction of bodily disease. It is evident the apostles had the power to punish offenders miraculously with disease and even death. See Acts v. 1-11; xiii. 9-11; 1 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. x. 6; xiii. 1, 2, 10.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xviii. 21; Rom. xv. 32; Heb. vi. 3; James iv. 15.
5. † 21. 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 10. † 1. Lev. xviii. 8;
† 3. Col. ii. 5. † 4. Matt. xvi. 19; xviii. 18; John xx.
† 5. Job ii. 6; Psa. cix. 8; 1 Tim. i 20. † 17. 1 Cor. xiv. 33. † 20. 1 Cor. ii. 4; 1 Thess. i. 5. Deut. xxii. 30; xxvii. 20. 23, 2 Cor. xiii. 3, 10.

Ουκ οιδατε, ότι μικρα ζυμη καυχημα ύμων. know you, that a little leaven Not boasting of you. <sup>7</sup> Εκκαθαρατε την ζυμοι; δλον το φυραμα Cleanse out the leuveus? whole the

ζυμην, ίνα ητε νεον φυραμα, καθως παλαιαν that you may be a new mass,

εστε αζυμοι· και γαρ το πασχα ήμων \*[ὑπερ you are unleavened; even for the paschal lamb of us 8' Ωστε έυρταζωμεν, ήμων] ετυθη, Χριστος. Therefore let us keep the feast Augusted.

μη εν ζυμη παλαια, μηδε εν ζυμη κακιας και nor with leaven old, of vice

πονηριας, αλλ' εν αζυμοις ειλικρινειας και αληbut with unleavened things of sincerity and

9 Εργαψα ύμιν εν τη επιστολη, μη συθειας. not to be I wrote to you in the <sup>10</sup> \*[Kαι] ου παντως ναναμιγνυσθαι πορνοις. [Aud] not altogether with fornicators. associated

τοις πορνοις του κοσμου τουτου, η τοις πλεονwith the fornicators of the world this, or with the covetous

εκταις, η άρπαξιν, η ειδωλολατραις· επει οφειidolaters; or extertioners, or

11 Νυνι δε λετε αρα εκ του κοσμου εξελθειν. bound indeed from the world to coule out. εγραψα ύμιν, μη συναναμιγνυσθαι, εαν τις,

I wrote to you, not to be associated, if any one, αδελφος ονομαζομενος, η πορνος, η πλεονεκbeing named, may be a formicator, or a covetous pera brother

της, η ειδωλολατρης, η λοιδορος, η μεθυσος, **η** or a reviler, or a drunkard, or or an idolater.

τφ τοιουτφ μηδε συνεσθιε:ν. 12 τι an extortioner; with the such like not even

γαρ μοι \*[και] τους εξω κρινειν; Ουχι τους [also] those without to judge? for to me Not εσω ύμεις κρινετε; 13 Tous δε εξω δ θεος κρι-

νeι: Εξαρατε τον πονηρον εξ υμων αυτων. Put out the evilone from of yourselves. judge?

judge

## КЕФ. s'. 6.

\*Τολμα τις ύμων, πραγμα εχων προς τον any one of you, a matter having with the

έτερον, κρινεσhetaαι επι των αδικων, και ουχι $\,$ επι to be judged by the unjust ones, and not other,

6 ‡ Your BOASTING is not good. Do you not know That ‡a Little Laven ferments the Whole MASS.

7 t Cleanse out the our Leaven, that you may be a New Mass, as you are Unleavened; for even our PASCHAL LAMB, Christ,

was sacrificed.

8 Therefore, lct us ‡kecp the festival, not with old Leaven, nor with # Leaven of Vice and Wickedness, but with the Unleavened principles of Sincerity and Truth.

9 In that LETTER I wrote to you ! not to be associated with Fornica-

tors;-

10 in no wise with the FORNICATORS of this WORLD, or with the cove-Tous \*and Extortioners, or Idolaters, since indeed vou are hound to come out from the werld;-

11 but now I write to you I not to be associated with any one, named a Brother, if he be a Fornicator, or a Covetous person, or an Idolater, or a Reviler, or a Drunkard, or an Extortioner; with such a person not even to eat.

12 For what is it to me tojudge those without? Do not nou judge THOSE WITHIN?

10. And-omit.

13 But those without God will judge. # Put out from among yourselves that EVIL person.

## CHAPTER VI.

1 Dare any one of you, having an Aftair with ANOTHER, be judged by the UNRIGHTEOUS, and not by the SAINTS?

10. and

Those but without the God

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuschift.—7. on our behalf—omit. tortioners. 12. also—omit.

<sup>† 7.</sup> The Jews were commanded to put away all leaven, before they ate the passover, as being an emblem of wickedness, which sours and corrupts the mind, as leaven does the lump into which it is put, if it remains in it long unbaked.—Macknight.

<sup>16. 1</sup> Cor. vi. 33; Gal. v. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 17; 17. Isa. lii. 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 10; Rev. v. 6, 12. t. 8. Euck. xii. 15; xiii. 6. 18. Luke xii. 1. t. 9. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. v. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 14. t. 11. Matt. xviii. 17; Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 John 10. t. 13. Deut. xiii. 5; xvii. 7; xxi. 22; xxi. 12. xvii. 7; xxi. 22; xxi. 14. t. 15. xvii. 7; xxi. 22; xxi. 22; xxi. 23; xxi. 24; xxi. 25; 17; Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 John 10, 21, 22, 24. 18

των αγιων; <sup>2</sup> Η ουκ οιδατε, ότι οι άγιοι τον the saints? Or not knowycu, that the saints the

κοτμον κρινουσι; και  $\epsilon$ ι  $\epsilon$ ν  $\delta$ μιν κριν $\epsilon$ ται  $\delta$  world will judge? and if by you is judged the

κοσμος, αναξιοι εστε κριτηριων ελαχιστων;
world, inadequate are you for tribunals smallest?

δτι αγγελους κρινουμεν; μητιγε not knowyou, that messengers weshalljudge? much morethen

βιωτικα; <sup>4</sup> Βιωτικα μεν ουν κριτηρια εαν things of this life? Things of this life indeed then judgments if

 $\epsilon\chi\eta\tau\epsilon_*$  τους  $\epsilon\xi$ ουθενημενους  $\epsilon\nu$  τη  $\epsilon\kappa\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma$ ια, for may have, those having been of no account in the congregation,

τουτους καθιζετε: <sup>5</sup> Προς εντροπην ὑμιν λεγω·
those do you cause to sit? For shame to you I speak

ούτως ουκ ένι εν ύμιν σοφος \*[ουδε είς,] δς thus not one among you wise [not even one,] who

δυνησεται διακριναι ανα μεσον του αδελφου shall be able to decide between the brethren

abtou;  $^6$  alla adelphos  $_{
m min}$  with  $^6$  brother is indeed,

και τουτο  $\epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \omega \nu$ ;  $^7$  Ηδη  $\mu \epsilon \nu$  ουν  $\delta \lambda \omega s \mathring{\eta} \tau$  and this by unbelievers? Already indeed then certainly a

τημα ύμιν εστιν, ότι κριματα εχετε μεθ' έαυτων. fault to you itis, that law-saits you have with yourselves.

 $\Delta$ ιατι ουχι μαλλον αδικεισθε; διατι ουχι μαλWhy not rather suffer injustice? why not rather 
λον αποστερεισθε;  ${}^8$  Αλλα  $\dot{\nu}$ μεις αδικειτε, και 
be defrauded? But you injure, and

αποστερείτε, και ταυτα αδελφους.  ${}^9$  H ουκ defraud, and these things brethren. Or not

οιδατε, ότι αδικοι θεου βασιλειαν ου κληρονοknowyou, that uujust ones of God a kingdom not shall in-

μησουσι; Mη πλανασθε ουτε πορνοι, ουτε herit? Not be deceived; neither fornicators, nor

ειδωλολατραι, ουτε μοιχοι, ουτε μαλακοι, idolaters, nor adulterers, nor effeminates,

ουτε αρσενοκοιται,  $^{10}$ ουτε κλεπται, ουτε πλεονnor sodomites, nor thieves, nor evetous

εκται, ουτε μεθυσοι, ου λοιδοροι, ουχ άρπαγες, persons, nor drunkards, not revilers, not extortioners,

βασιλειαν θεου ου κληρονομησουσι. 11 Και akingdom of God not shall inherit. And

τωυτα τινες ητε αλλα απελουσασθε, αλλα these things some you were; but you washed yourselves, but

2 Do you not know that the SAINTS shall judge the WORLD? And if by you the WORLD is judged, are you inadequate to decide trivial Causes?

3 Do you not know That we shall judge Angels? Why not the a things pertaining to has life?

1110 1

4 If then, indeed, you should have Causes as to the things of this life, do you appoint Those, the LEAST ESTEEMED in the CONGREGATION?

5 For shame to you, I say it. It is so, that there is not among you a wise man—not even one—who shall be able to decide between his brethern?

6 but Brother with Brother is judged, and this by Unbelievers?

7 Therefore, indeed, it is now a great Fault in von, Because you have Law-suits with each other. Why not rather † suffer injustice? why not rather be defrauded?

8 But pou injure and defraud—even these things you'do to Brethren.

9 Do you not know, That Unrighteous persons shall not inherit God's Kingdom? Be not deceived; neither ! Fornicators, nor Idolaters. ner Adulterers, nor Effeminates, nor Sodomites,

10 nor Thieves, nor Covetous persons, nor Drunkards, nor Revilers, nor Extortioners, shall inherit the Kingdom of God.

11 ‡ And such characters were some of you, but you were ‡ washed, but you were separated,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. not even one-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Psa. xlix. 14; Dan. vii. 22; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30; Rev. ii. 26; iji. 21; xx. 4; 7. Prov. xx. 22; Matt. v. 39, 40; Luke vi. 29; Rom. xii. 17, 19; 1 Thess v. 15. † 9. 1 Cor. xv. 50; Gal. v. 21; Eph. v. 5; 1 Tim. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; xiii. 4; Rev. xxii. 15. † 11. 1 Cor. xii. 2; Eph. ii. 2; iv. 22; r. 8; Col. iii. 7; Titus iii. 3. † 11. 1 Cor. i 30; Heb. xii. 24; xiii. 4; xiii. 4

ηγιασθητε, αλλ εδικαιωθητε εν τω ονοματι του gouwere separated, but you were justified in the oame of the

κυριου Ιησου, και εν τω πνευματι του θεου Lord Jesus, and in the epirit of the God

ήμων. Το Παυτά μοι εξεστίν, αλλ' ου παυτά οίμα. All things το κια κλικίοι, του ποι all things συμφέρει παυτά μοι εξεστίν, αλλ' ουκ εγω

το δυμφερεί  $\alpha$  παντά μοι έξευτιν, αλλ σοκ έγω το beneficial; all thingato me is lawful, but out  $\alpha$  εξουσιασθησομαι ύπο τινος. 13 Τα βρωματά

will be brought into an bjection by any one. The Goods  $\tau\eta$  Kolkia, Kal  $\dot{\eta}$  Kolkia  $\tau$ ols  $\delta$  Equilicativ  $\delta$   $\delta\epsilon$  for the belly, and the belly for the Goods, the but

θεος και ταυτην και ταυτα καταργησες. Το God both this sud these will make uscless. The

δε σωμα ου τη πορνεία, αλλα τω κυριω, και  $\delta$  and body notion the fornication, but for the Lord, and the

κυριος τω σωματι 14 δ δε θεος και τον κυριον Lord for the body; the and God both the Lord

ηγειρε, και ήμας εξεγερει δια της δυναμεως raised up, and we will raise up through the power

aútov.  $^{15}$  Our oidate, dti ta swhata bhwv of himself. Not knowyou, that the bodies of you

μελη Χριστου εστιν: αρας ουν τα μελη members of Anointed is? Having taken away then the members

του Χριστου, ποιησω πορνης μελη; Μη γενοιof the Anointed, shall I make of an harlot members? Not let it

το.  $^{16}$  H ουκ οιδατε, ότι ὁ κολλωμενος τη be. Or not know you, that the one being joined to the πορνη, έν σωμα εστιν: (έσονται γαρ, φησιν, barlot, one body 11° (they shall be for, 11 1235,

οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν.) 17 δ δε κολλωμενος τω the two for flesh one; the but one being joined to the

κυριω, έν πνευμα εστι;  $^{18}Φευγετε$  την πορ-Lord, one spirit is; Fleeyou the for-

νειαν. Παν ἄμαρτημα δ εαν ποιηση ανθρωπος, mication. All sine which it may do a man,

ektos tou σωματος εστιν $^*$  δ δε πορνευων outside of the hody is; he but committing fornication

εις το ιδιον σωμα αμαρτανει. 19 Η ουκ οιδατε, against the own body sina. Or not know you,

δτι το σωμα ύμων ναος του εν ύμιν άγιου πνευthat the body of you a temple of the in you holy spirit

ματος εστιν, ού εχετε απο θεου, και ουκ εστε is, which you have from God, and not you are

but you were justified by the NAME of \* the Lore Jesus, and by the SPIRM of our God.

12 \* "All things are allowed to me;"—but all things are not proper. "All things are allowed to me;"—but E will not be brought into subjection by

any one.

13 \* "ALIMENTS for the STOMACH, and the STOMACH for ALIMENTS;"—but God will put an end both to it and them. Now the Body is not for FORNICATION, but for the LORD; 2 and the LORD for the BODY.

14 And God both raised the Lord, and will raise up Us, by his

POWER.

15 Do you not know that your bodies are Members of Christ? Having taken away, then, the MEMBERS of CHRIST; shall I make them members of an Harlot? By no means!

16 What! do you not know That he who adheres to the HARLOT is One Body; (for t"the Two," it says, "shall be for one Flesh;")

17 ‡ but that HE who ADHERES to the LORD is One Spirit?

18 Flee from fornication! Every Crinic which a Man may commit is exterior to the BODY; but the fornicator sin within his own Body.

19 What! ‡do you no know That your BODY is a Temple of that \* holy Spirit in you, which you have from God? ‡ Besides, you are not your own;

20 for you were bought

14. raised up Us.

.19-

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 11. our Lord Jesus Christ, holy Spirit.

<sup>† 12. 1</sup> Cor. x. 23. † 13. Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 22, 23. † 13. Eph. v. 23. † 15. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 27; Eph. iv. 12, 15, 16; v. 30. † 16. Gen. ii. 24; Matt. xix. 5; Eph. v. 3. † 17. John xvii. 21—23; Eph. iv. 4; v. 30. † 18. Rom. vi. 12, 13; Heb. xiii. 4. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 16; 2 Cor. vi. 16. † 10. Rom. xiv. 7, 8. † 20. Acts xx. 28; 1 Cor. vii. 23; Gal. iii. 13; Heb. iz. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19. 2 Pet. ii. 1; Rev. v. 2

έαυτων;  $^{20}$  Ηγορασθητε γαρ τιμης δυξασατε styounselves? You were bought for a price; glorify you  $\delta \eta$  τον  $\theta \epsilon$ ον  $\epsilon$ ν τω σωματι ύμων. Therefore the God in the body of you.

КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

ών εγραψατε \*[μοι,] καλον αν-1 Περι δε Concerning but what things you wrote good for [to me,] <sup>2</sup> δια δε τας θρωπφ γυναικος μη άπτεσθαι. to touch; on account of but the a man awoman not πορνειας έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα εχετω, the of himself fornications each man wife le. bave, <sup>3</sup> Τη γυκαι έκαστη τον ιδιον ανδρα εχετω. own husband let have. and each woman the To the wife ναικι ὁ ανηρ την οφειλην αποδιδοτω· όμοιως δε the husband the let render; in like manuer and debt 4'Η γυνη του ιδιου και ἡ γυνη τω ανδρι. wife to the husband. The wife of the awo. σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει, αλλ' δ ανηρ• δμοιως but the husband; in like manner not controls. δε και ό ανηρ του ιδιου σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει, and also the husband the own body controls, <sup>5</sup> Mη αποστερειτε αλληλουs, ή γυνη. wife. Not do you deprive the each other, μητι αν εκ συμφωνου προς καιρον, ίνα from agreement for a season, so that και παλιν επι το σγολασητε τη προσευχη. you may be at lessure for the prayer; and again to the ίνα μη πειραζη ύμας δ σατανας ητε, same you may be, so that not may tempt you the adversary 6 Τουτο δε λεγω δια την ακρασιαν \*[ύμων.] through the incontinence of you. This but I say 7Θελω κατα συγγνωμεν, ου κατ' επιταγην. a concession, Dot 23 an injunction. γαρ παντας ανθρωπους ειναι ώς και εμαυτον: to be as for even αλλ' έκαστος ιδιον εχει χαρισμα εκ θεου, δς has gift from 8 Λεγω δε τοις αγαμεν ούτως, δς δε ούτο:.. indeed so, another and so. I say but to the μοις και ταις χηραις. καλον αυτοις, εαν μεινωmarried and to the widows: good for them, if they should 9 €1 δε καγω. ουκ εγκρατευονται. not they possess self-control, even I; if hut γαμησατωσαν κρεισσον γαρ εστι γαμησαι, η for it is to have married, then better let them marry; 10 Tois δε γεγακηκοσι παραγγελπυρουσθαι. to be inflamed. To those but having been married I charge λω, ουκ εγω, αλλ' δ κυριος, γυναικα  $\alpha \pi o$ but the Lord, a wife from ανδρος μη χωρισθηναι, 11 (εαν δε και χωρισ-(if hut even she should be an husband not to be separated,

with a Price; glorify God, then, in your BODY.

### CHAPTER VII.

1 Now concerning the things of which you wrote;

—; It is well for a Man not to touch a Woman.

2 But on account of FORNICATIONS, let each man have a Wife of HIS OWN, and let each woman have her own Husband.

3 Let the HUSBAND render to the WIFE the conjugal OBLIGATION; and in like manner also, the WIFE to the HUSBAND.

4 The WIFE controls not her OWN Body, but the HUSBAND; and in like manner also, the HUSBAND controls not his OWN Body, but the WIFE.

5 I Do not deprive each other, unless by agreement for a Season, that you may have leisure for PRAYER; and again you should reunite, so that the adversary may not tempt you through your incontinence.

6 But this I say as a Concession—not as an Injunction.

7 For I wish All Men to be even as myself; but each one has his appropriate Gift from God; one, indeed, of one kind, and another of another.

8 To the UNMARRIED men, however, and to the WIDOWS, I say, It is well for them, if they should remain even as # do;

9 that if they do not possess self-control, let them marry; for it is better to have married, than to be inflamed.

10 And to the MARRIED it is not E, but the LORD who commands, that a Wife must not be separated from her Husband;—

11 but, if she should

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. to me-omit. 5. of you-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> ver. 8, 26. † 3. Exod. xxi. 10; 1 Pet. iii. 7. See Exod. xix. 15; 1 Sam. xxi. 4, 5. † 9. 1 Tim. v. 14.

μενετω αγαμος, η τφ ανδρι καταλλαseparated, let her remain unmarried, or to the bushand let her ore-

12 Tois γητω·) και ανδρα γυναικα μη αφιεναι. conciled;) and a husband a wife not to dismiss.

 $\delta \epsilon = \lambda \sigma i \pi \sigma i s = \epsilon \gamma \omega \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega, \sigma v \chi \delta \kappa v \rho i \sigma s \epsilon i \tau i s$  but remaining things i epeak, not the Lord, it eny

αδελφος τυ αικα εχει απιστον, και αυτη συνευbroth-r has an unbeliever and she

δοκει οικειν μετ' αυτου, μη αφιετω αυτην·

13 και γυνη ήτις εχει ανδρα απιστον, και αυτος and a wife who has a husband an unbehever, and

συνευδοκει οικειν μετ' αυτης, μη αφιετω αυτον.
thinks well to dwell with her, not let her dismiss him.

14 Ήγιασται γαρ δ ανηρ δ απιστος εν τη γυναιlias been sanctized for the husband the unbelieving in the

κι, και ήγιασται ή γυνη ή απιστος εν τφ and has been sanctified the wife the unbelieving in the

ανδρι· επει αρα τα τεκνα ύμων ακαθα**ρτ**... husband; otherwise indeed the children of you unclean

15 Ει δε δ απιστος εστι, νυν δε άγια εστιν. now but holy If but the unbelieving

χωριζεται, χωριζεσθω· ου δεδουλωται δ αδελwithdraws, let him withdraw; not is enslaved the brother

η ή αδελφη εν τοις τοιουτοις. Εν δε ειρηνη or the sister with the such like. In but peace

16 Τι γαρ οιδας, γυναι, κεκληκεν ήμας δ θεος. How for knowest thou, O wife, has called us the God.

ει τον ανδρα σωσεις: η τι οιδας, ανερ, ει if the husband thoushalt save? or how knowest thou, Ohusband, if

<sup>17</sup>Ει μη έκαστφ ώς την γυναικα thou shalt save. lf not to each εμερισεν δ κυριος, έκαστον ώς κεκληκεν δ θεος

TWITEIS.

distributed the Lord, each one even as has called the God ούτω περιπατειτω. Και ούτως εν ταις εκκλη-

let him walk. And thus in the <sup>18</sup> Περιτετμημενος σιαις πασαις διατασσομαι.

all l appoint. Having been circumcised gations  $\epsilon \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ ,  $\mu \eta$ επισπασθω• **εν** ακρη-

any one was called not let him be uncircumcised; in uncircum-19 'H

Βυστια τις εκληθη, μη περιτεμνεσθω. any one was called, not let him be circumcised. The

be reparated, let her remain unmarried, or let her be reconciled to her nus-BAND; -and that a Husband do not dismiss his Wife.

12 But to the REMAIN. ING matters I speak, the t LORD does not ;—If any Brother have a Wife, an unbeliever, and she is pleased to dwell with him, let him not dismiss her:

13 and if any Wife have a Husband, an unbeliever, and he is pleased to dwell with her, let her not dismiss \* the Husband.

14 For the UNBELIEV-ING HUSBAND is sanctified in the believing WIFE, an! the UNBELIEVING WIFE is sanctified in the \*BROTHER; otherwise, indeed tyour CHILDREN were impure, but now they are holv.

15 But if the UNBE-LIEVER withdraw, let him withdraw; the BROTHER or the EISTER is not enslaved in such cases .-but ; in Peace Gop has called us;-

16 for how knowest thou, O Wife, whether thou shalt save thy nus-BAND? or how knowest thou, O Husband, whether t thou shalt save thy WIFE?

17 If not, as the LORD has apportioned to each one, even as God has called each one, so let him walk. And Ithus in all the congregations I appoint.

18 Was any one called. having been circumcised? let him not become uncircumcised; in Uncircunicision \* has any one been called? tlet him not be circumcised.

14. BROTHER.

18. has any

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. the Husband. one been called.

<sup>† 12.</sup> These words do not intimate that the apostle was not now under the influence of the divine Spirit; but that there was nothing in the sacred writings which bore directly on this point .- Clarke.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Mal. ii. 15. † 15. Rom. xii. 18: xiv. et. iii. 1, 17. 1 Cor. iv. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 28. 1 15. Rom. xii. 18: xiv. 19; 1 Cor. xiv. 73; Heb. xii. 14. l'et. iii. l. 1 15 Acts xv. 1, 5, 19, 24, 28; Gal. v. 2

σεριτομη ουδεν εστι, και ή ακροβυστια ουδεν sircumciaion nothing isand the uncircumstates nothing 20 'Екалεστιν, αλλα τησησις εντολων θεου. keeping of commandments of God.

τος εν τη κλησει η εκληθη, εν ταυτη μενετω. one in the calling in which he was called, in this let himremain

21 Δουλος εκληθης, μη σοι μηλετω· αλλ' ει A slave wastibou called, not to theeletis be against but if και δυνασαι ελευθερος γενεσθαι, μαλλον χρηalso thou ast able

2 'Ο γαρ εν κυριφ κληθεις δουλος, απεa slave, He for in Lord being called

λευθερος κυριουεστιν όμοιως \*[και] ὁ ελευθερος in like manner |also | the freeman of Lord 28 23 Tiuns 170κληθεις, δυσλος εστι Χριστου. you bein called, a slave 22 of Anointed-For a price γινεσθε δουλοι ανθρωπων. ρασθητε\* 3877 become you 204

4 Εκαστος εν ' εκληθη, αδελφοι, εν τουτφ Each one in which he was called, brethren, LEVETW παρα θεφ.

tet him remain with God.

25 Nept de two napherwo, entrayyr kupiou Concerning and the virgins, a commandance to sland ουκ εχω: γνωμην δε διδωμι, ώς ηλεημενος not i have, a judgment but I give, as having obtained mercy 26 Nomi(w our, To... ύπο κυριου πιστος ειναι. Lord faithful to be. Adeclare then, καλον ύπαρχειν δια την ενεστωσαν αναγκην, to be because of the having been present ότι κάλον ανθρωπώ το ούτως εινα-27 Δεδεfor a man the thes to be. Art thou havγυναικι, μη-ζητει λυσιν  $\sigma \alpha \iota$ λελυσαι to; been bound to a wife, not seek they arelease; hast they beenloased 22 Ear del απο γυναικος, μη ζητει γυναικα. from a wife. a.wife, not seek thon м but και γημης, συχ ήμαρτες·
even thou shouldst have married, not thou didnt sin; RIZE εαν if ή παρθένος, συχ ημαρτέ θλιψιν should have married the Tugm,

δε τη σαρκι έξουσι» οί τοιουτοι εγω δε ύμων batin the fiesh shall have those such like; ľ bus 761

29 Τουτο δε φημι, αδελφοι, δ καιρος φειδομαι. This but I say, Brethren, the season

συνεσταλμενος το λοιπον εστιμ having been shortened the remainder ĭs;

19 Cincumciation is nothing, and uncircum-cision is nothing; thus Keeping God's Command menis.

20 Let each one remain in that vocation in which

he was called.

21 Wast thou invited when a Slave? Let it not give thee concern; (but if, indeed, thou art able to become free, prefer it;)

22 for the Slave BEING CALLED by the Lord, is I the Lord's freedman; in like manner the TREEMAN being called is Christ's Bond-servant.

23 † Have you been bought with a Price? Become not the Slaves of

24 Brethren, ‡ let each one remain with God in that vocation in which he was called.

25 And concerning the tvirging, I have not ta Commandment of the Lord, but I give my Judg. ment, as I having received mercy from the Lord Ito be faithful.

26 I declare this to be well, then, on account of PRESENT Distress; Because it is well for a Man to be thus :-

27 Art thou bound to a Wife? seek not a Release. Art thou loosed from a Wife? seek not a Wife.

28 But even if thou συχ ήμαρτε· θλιψιν shouldst marry, thou dost not she sinned; affiction not sin; and if a Virgin. should marry, she does not sin; but Affliction in the FLESH SUCH will have; however, # spare you.

But this I say, 29 iva Kat of Brethren, the TIME bethat both those ing shortened, it remains,

<sup>·</sup> Varican Manuscrift .- 22. also-omit. 23. a Virgin.

<sup>† 23.</sup> So rendered interrogatively by Whitby, Wakefield, and Turnoull. 7 25. The word parthenes, a virgin, signifies, in the place, a young unmarried person of either sex as is evident from verses 26, 27, 32-34, and Rev. xiv. 4. 

† 25. See Note on verse 12.

εχοντες  $\gamma$ υναικας, ώς μη εχοντες ωσι $^{3}$  και having should be; 28 not

οι κλαιοντες, ώς μη κλαιοντες και οι χαιρονand those those weeping. as not weeping; τ's, ως μη χαιροντες· και οί αγοραζοντες, ως rejoicing; and those

μη κατεχοντες:  $^{31}$  και οἱ χρωμενοι τφ κοσμφ and those using the world

τουτω, ώς μη καταχρωμενοι. Παραγει γαρ tnis, Passes by for 84 not aunslog.

<sup>32</sup> Θελω δε σχημα του κοσμου τουτου. the

'Ο αγαμος μεριμνα ύμας αμεριμνούς ειναι. you free from auxieties to be. The unmarried cares for the things του κυριου, πως αρεσει τω κυριω. 33 δ δε γα-

how he shall please the Lord; he but having μησας μεριμνα τα του κοσμου, πως αρεσει

married cares for the things of the world, how he shall please 34 Μεμερισται ή γυνη και ή παρτη γυναικι.

Has been divided the wife and the virgin. wife. του κυριου, ίνα  $\theta \epsilon \nu o s^*$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\alpha \gamma \alpha u o s$   $\mu \epsilon \rho \iota u \nu \alpha$   $\tau \alpha$ 

the unmarried cares for the things of the Lord, so that

άγια και σωματι και πνευματι ή δε γαand in spirit; the hut may be holy both in body one \*Γτα μεριμνα μ∽σασα του κοσμου, πως having married cares for [the things of the world,]

<sup>35</sup> Τουτο δε προς το ύμων τω ανδρι. she shall please the husband. This and for the of you αυτων συμφερον λεγω· ουχ ίνα βροχον ύμιν

I say; not asnare to you επιβαλω, αλλα προς τα ευσχημον και ευπαρε-I may throw, but for the decorum and devoted\_

that

36 E t  $\delta \epsilon \tau \iota s$ κυριώ απερισπαστώς. δοον τω ness to the Lord without solicitude. Ιſ butanyone

επι την παρθενον αυτου νομιζει, ασχημονειν to behave indecently toward the virgin of himself thinks,

ύπερακμος, και ούτως οφειλει γινεσif she may be beyond age, and 80 it is fitting to be;

θαι· δ θελει ποιειτω, ουχ άμαρτανει· γαμειτωwhat he wishes let him do, uot be sins. let them

that both those having Wives, should be as not having them:

30 and THOSE who are WEEPING, as not weeping; and THOSE who are RE-JOICING, as not rejoicing; and THOSE who are BUYing, as not possessing;

31 and THOSE who are using this world, as not using it; I for the † SCENE of this WORLD is passing away.

32 But I wish you to be without anxiety. The UNMARRIED man is concerned for the THINGS of the LORD, how \*he may please the LORD;

but HE HAVING MARRIED is anxious about the THINGS of the WORLD. how \* he may please his wife,-and is divided.

34 And the UNMARRIED WOMAN, even the VIRGIN, concerned for THINGS of the LORD, that she may be holy both in \* BODY and in MIND; but SHE HAVING MARKIED IS anxious how \*she may please her HUSBAND.

35 But I sav this for YOUR OWN Advantage, not that I may throw †a Snare over you; but for the HONORABIE and constant attention to the Lord without distraction.

36 But if any one think he acts improperly † in remaining single, if he be past age, and thus it is fitting to be married, let him do what he wishes, he sins not; † let them marry.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. he may please. 33. he may please his wife,-and is divided. And the unmarried woman, even the virgin, is concerned. 34. BODY 34. the THINGS of the WOLLD-omit. 34. she may please. and in MIND.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Probably a reference to the shifting scenes in a thease. † 35. An allusion to a small casing net, something like the lasso of the South Americans, which was in use among the Romans and Persians, to throw on the heads of their adversaries, and thus entangle them. † 36. Parthenos, commonly translated virgin, has been rendered as meaning also a state of virginity or celibacy. † 36 Many think—"let him marry"—the true reading, which is supported by many MSS. However, there are different views entertained by critics on the whole of this difficult passage; some referring it to the power of fathers over their daughters; others to the young women dedicated to the service of God in the primitive church, who were called riggins; and others again to young men, who had rethe primitive church, who were called rirgins; and others again to young men, who had re-counced matrimony, and devoted themselves to the Lord. The latter view has been adopted. in the text.

<sup>37</sup> 'Ος δε έστηκεν έδραιος εν τη καρδια, - 11. Who hut he has stood settled io the heart, marry. μη εχων αναγκην, εξουσιαν δε εχει περ**ι τ**ου not having necessity, control but has concerning the ιδιου θεληματος, και τουτο κεκρικέν έν τη καρand has resolved in the this δια αυτου του τηρειν την έαυτου παρθενον, of himself the to keep the of himself  $^{38}$  ' $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$  και  $\delta$  εκγαμιζων, καλως καλως ποιει.

well does. So that even he giving u marriage, well  $\pi o \iota \epsilon \iota^{\iota}$  Kai  $\delta$   $\mu \eta$   $\gamma \alpha \mu \iota^{\iota} \omega \nu$ ,  $\kappa \rho \epsilon \iota \sigma \sigma \sigma \nu$   $\pi o \iota \epsilon \iota$ . does; and he not marrying, better does.

 $^{39}$   $\Gamma \nu \nu \eta$   $\delta \epsilon \delta \epsilon \tau \alpha i$   $\epsilon \phi$   $\delta \sigma \sigma \nu$   $\chi \rho \sigma \nu \sigma \nu$   $(\eta \delta \alpha \nu \eta \rho \Lambda w)$  wife is bound for so long a time may live the husband auths:  $\epsilon \alpha \nu \delta \epsilon$   $\kappa \sigma \iota \iota \eta \theta \eta \delta \alpha \nu \eta \rho \alpha \nu \tau \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu$  of her; if but should iall as leep the husband of her, free

 $\theta$  ερα εστιν ' $\phi$   $\theta$  ελει γαμηθηναι, μονον εν she is to whom she wills to be married, only in κυρι $\phi$ .  $^{40}$  Μακαριωτερα  $\delta$ ε εστιν, εαν ούτω Lord. Happier but she is, if thus

μεινη, κατα την εμην γνωμην· δοκω she should remain according to the my judgment; 1 think

δε καγω πνευμα θεου εχειν. and even 1 spirit of God to have.

# KEΦ. $\eta'$ . 8.

δε των ειδωλοθυτων, οιδαμεν (ότι Concerning and the things offered to idols, we know; (because παντες γνωσιν εχομεν ή γνωσις φυσιοι, ή δε knowledge we have; the knowledge puffs up, the but αγαπη οικοδομει·  $^{2}$ ει  $^{*}$ [δε] τις δοκει €ιδ∈ναι [but] any one thinks to have known builds up; if ουδεπω ουδεν εγνωκε καθως δει γνωsomething, not yet nothing he has known as it behoves to have ναι:  $^3ειδετις αγαπατον θεον, ούτος εγνωσ$ known; if but any one should love the God, this ύπ' αυτου·) 4 περι της βρωσεως ουν ται concerning the eating therefore him;) acknowledged by  $\tau\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\theta v\tau\omega\nu$ ,  $o\iota\delta\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau\iota$   $ov\delta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\nu$  of the things offered to idols, we know, that nothing an idol εν κοσμφ, και ότι ουδεις θεος έτερος, ει μη είς. and that no one God other, if not one 5 Και γαρ ειπερ εισι λεγομενοι θεοι, ειτε εν Indeed for thoughthey are being called gods, whether in though they are being called ουρανώ, ειτε επι γης (ώσπερ εισι θεοι πολλοι, (as they are Gods or on earth; και κυριου πολλοι·)  $^6*[αλλ']$  ήμιν είς θεος δ to us one \_nd lords many;) [but] God the

37 But he who stands firm in his HEART, not having Necessity, but has Control over his own Will, and has determined this in his HEART, to maintain his Celibacy, \* does well.

38 so that even HE who \* MARRIES, does well; but HE who \* MARRIES NOT. does better.

39 ‡ A Wife is bound as long as her Husband lives; but if \* her Husband be deceased, she is free to be married to whom she pleases;—‡only in the Lord.

40 But she is happier, if she should so remain, according to My Judgment; \* and I am certain that even E have the Spirit of God.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now concerning the #IDOL-SACRIFICES, "we know," (Because # we all have Knowledge. Knowledge puffs up, but love builds up.

2 ‡ If any one is confident of knowing anything, he knows it \*not yet as he ought to know.

3 But if any one love God, the same has been acknowledged by him.

- 4 Therefore, concerning the EATING of the IDOL-SACRIFICES, 'we know,' That an ‡ Image is nothing in the World, ‡ and That \* no one is God but one.
- 5 For though there are, indeed, ‡Gods so called, whether in Heaven or on Earth; (as they are many Gods, and many Lords;)
  - 6 yet to us there is but

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—37. Shall do well.
well; and he who markies not, shall do better.
39. the susand.
40. for I
am.
2. But—omit.
2. not yet as.
4. no one is God but one.
6. but—omit.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Rom. vii. 2. † 1. Rom. xiv. 14, 22. xli. 24; 1 Cor. x. 19. iv. 6, 1 Tim. ii. 5.

<sup>, † 39. 2</sup> Cor. vi. 14. † 1. Acts xv. 20, 29; 1 Cor. x. 10, † 2. 1 Cor. xiii. 8, 9, 12; Gal. vi. 3; 1 Tim. vi. 4. † 4. Iss. † 4. Deut. iv. 30; vi. 4; Isa. xliv. 8; Matt, xii. 29; verse 6; Epler † 5. John x. 34.

πατηρ, εξ ού τα παντα, και ημεις εις αυτον: father, out of whom the all things, and we for him; ού τα είs κυριος, Ιησους Χριστος, δι' Lord, Jesus Apointed, through whom the παντα, και ήμεις δι' αυτου. <sup>7</sup> Αλλ'  $ov\kappa$  $\epsilon \nu$ all things, and we through him. But not in πασιν ή γνωσις τινες δε τη συνειδησει του all the knowledge; some but in the conscience ειδωλου έως αρτι ώς ειδωλοθυτον εσθιουσι, και till now as offered to an idol ή συνειδησις αυτων, ασθενης ουσα, μολυνεται. the conscience of them, weak being, is defiled. 8 Βρωμα δε ήμας ου παριστησι τφ θεω· ουτε brings near to the God; neither Food but not \*[γαρ] εαν φαγωμεν, περισσευομεν ουτε εαν if we should eat, do we abound; nor 1f μη φαγωμεν, ύστερουμεθα. <sup>9</sup>  $B\lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \epsilon \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\mu \eta$ not we should eat, are we deficient. Look you but, lest ή εξουσια ύμων αύτη προσκομμα γενηται in any way the liberty of you this a stumbling-block may become  $^{10}$  Ear yap tis  $i\delta\eta$   $\sigma\epsilon$ , tor τυις ασθενουσιν. If for any one may see thee, the to those being weak. εχοντα γνωσιν, εν ειδωλειφ κατακειμενον, ουχ<sup>t</sup> one having knowledge, in an idol-temple reclining, notή συνειδησις αυτου, ασθενους οντος, οικοδομηthe conscience of him, being, will be built weak θησεται εις το τα ειδωλοθυτα εσθιειν: <sup>11</sup> και in order that the things offered to idols to eat? απολειται δασθενων αδελφος επι τη ση γνωσει by the thy knowledg. will be destroyed the being weak brother <sup>12</sup> Ούτω 81 δν Χριστος  $a\pi\epsilon\theta a\nu\epsilon\nu$ .

sinning against the brethren and smiting αυτων την συνειδησιν ασθενουσαν, εις Χριστον of them the conscience being weak against Anointed άμαρτανετε. <sup>13</sup> Διοπερ ει βρωμα σκανδαλιζει you sin. Wherefore if food consuares

άμαρτανοντες εις τους αδελφους και τυπτοντες

died.

Thus

but

on account of whom Anointed

τον αδελφον μου, ου μη φαγω κρεα εις τον the brother of me, not not I may eat flesh to the  $\alpha$  ιωνα,  $\delta$  ινα μη τον αδελφον μου σκανδαλισω. age, so that not the brother of me I may connare.

KE $\Phi$ .  $\theta'$ . 9.

1 Ουκ ειμι ελευθερος; ουκ ειμι αποστολος; Not am I a freeman? not am I an apostle? Ουχι Ιησουν \*[Χριστον] τον κυριον \*μων έω-Not Jeans [Anointed] the Lord of us have

‡One God, the FATHER, ‡ out of whom are ALL things, and we for him; and ‡ One Lord, Jesus Christ, ‡ through whom are ALL things, and we through him."

7 But this KNOWLEDGE is not in all; and some, t with the CONSCIOUS-NESS of the IDOL till now eat as of an Idol-Sacrifice; and their CONSCIENCE, being weak tis defied

being weak, tis defiled.

8 "And Food does not bring us before God; for \* neither if we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we abound."

9 But take care lest, in any way, this your right become ta Stribling-block to THOSE BEING WEAK.

10 For if any ope should see \* THEE who HAST Knowledge, reclining in an Idol's temple, will not the conscience of him who is weak be strengthened for the EATING of the IDOL-SACRIFICES?

11 \* And will not the WEAK Brother, on account of whom Christ died, perish by this THY Knowledge?

12 And thus sinning against the BRETHREN, and smiting Their weak CONSCIENCE, ‡ you sin against Christ.

13 Wherefore \$\pm\$if Food enshare my BROTHER, I will NEVER eat FLESH, lest I should enshare my BROTHER.

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 Am I not a Freeman? ‡ Am I not an Apostle? ‡ Have I not seen Jesus Christ our Lord? Are-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—7. custom of the idol. 8. for—omit. 11 fif we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we abound. 10. Him who has Knowledge. 11. For by the knowledge the weak Brother perishes, on account of whom Christ died. 1. Anointed—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Mal. ii. 10; Eph. iv. 6. † 6. Acts xvii. 28; Rom. xi. 36. † 6. John xiii. 13; Acts ii. 30; 1 Cor. xii. 3; Eph. iv. 5; Phil. ii. 11. † 6. Col. i. 10; Heb. i. 2. † 7. Rom. xiv. 14, 23. † 8. Rom. xiv. 17. † 9. Gal. v. 13. † 9. Rom. xiv. 13, 20. † 10. 1 Cor. x. 28, 32. † 12. Matt. xxv. 40, 45. † 13. Rom. xiv. 21; 2 Cor. xi. 29. † 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2, &c. † 1. Acts ix. 8, 17, &c.

**ν**ακα; ου το εργον μου ύμεις εστε εν κυριφ; seen? not the work of me you are in Lord? Ει αλλοις ουκ ειμι αποστολος, αλλαγε ύμιν If to others not I am an apostle, at all events to you ειμι ή γαρ σφραγις της εμης αποστολης ύμεις of the my lam: the for seal apostleship you 3 ή εμη απολογια τοις εμε €στ∈ €ν κυριώ. The my defence to those me are in Lord. 4 Μη ουκ εχομει ανακρινουσιν, αύτη εστι. is. Not not have we condemuing, δ Μη ουκ εχομεν εξουσιαν φαγειν και πιειν; to eat and to drink? Not not have we εξουσιαν αδελφην γυναικα περιαγειν, ώς και οί a wife to lead about, as also the a sister λοιποι αποστολοι, και οί αδελφοι του κυριου, and the brothers of the 6 Η μονος εγω και Βαρναβας ουκ και Κηφας; Or only I and and Kephas? Baruabas 200 7 Tus εχομεν εξουσιαν του μη εργαζεσθαι; of the not to work? aright στρατευεται ιδιοις οψωνιως ποτε; τις φυτευει serves in war with his own wages any time? who αμπελωνα, και \*[εκ] του καρπου αυτου συκ [from ] of the ofit and fruit not  $\epsilon \sigma \theta$ ιει: η τις ποιμαινει ποιμνην, και εκ του a flock, and from of the or who tends ουκ εσθιει: 8 Mn γαλακτος της ποιμνης eats? Not ofthe flock not milkανθρωπον ταυτα λαλω; η ουχι και κατα man these things I speak? or not also 9 Εν γαρ τφ Μωυσεως δ νομος ταυτα λεγει; for the Muses the law these things says? l n νουν γεγραπται. Ου φιαωσεις βουν αλοωνlaw it has been written. Not thou shalt inuzzle au ox threshing. Μη των βοων μελει τω θεω; 10 η  $\tau a$ . cares the God? or on account of Not for the oxen  $\Delta \iota'$ ήμας γαρ εγοαήμας παντως λεγει; altogether he says? On account of ins for it was ότι επ' ελπιδι οφειλει ό αροτριων αροitisright he written, because in hope plowing

 $\tau$ ριαν και δ αλοων, επ' ελπιδι του μετεχειν. If  $\mathbf{E}_{l}$   $\overset{\circ}{\eta}_{\mu \in lS}$   $\overset{\circ}{\upsilon}_{\mu l \nu}$   $\overset{\circ}{\tau}$  a  $\overset{\circ}{\pi}_{\nu \in \upsilon \mu}$  at  $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$   $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$   $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$   $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$  so  $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$   $\overset{\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}}$   $\overset{\circ}{\tau}_{l \alpha}$   ι ήμεις ύμων τα σαρκικα θερισομεν: μεγα, we of you the fleshly things shall reap? a great thing, if 12 Ει αλλοι της ύμων εξουσιας μετεχουσιν, ου

If others of the of you right putake, not'

not pou my work in the Lord?

2 If to others I am not an Apostle, yet certainly I am to you; for nou are the SEAL of \* My APOS-TLESHIP in the Lord.

3 My Defence to Those CONDEMN Me is this;

4 : Have we not a Right to eat and drink?

5 Have we not a Right to lead about a Sistera Wife, as the OTHER Apostles, and the BRO-THERS of the LORD, and ± Cephas?

6 Or # and Barnabas, thave we alone no Right \* to abstain from labor 🖰

7 ‡ Who serves in war at his Own Expense at any time? Who plants a Vineyard, and does not eat the FRUIT of it? or who tends a Flock, and does not eat of the MILK of the FLOCK?

8 Do I speak These things according to Man? or does not the LAW also say these things?

9 For in the LAW of Moses it has been written, I "Thou shalt not muzzle "the Ox threshing?" Is God concerned for oxen?

10 or does he say it altogether on our account? It was written certainly, on our account; Because it is right for the # PLOW-MAN to plow in Hope, and the THRESHER to PARTI-CIPATE in that Hope.

11 If we have sown for you SPIRITUAL things, is it too much if we shall reap your FLESHLY things?

12 If others are partak. ing of this Right over

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. My APOSTLESHIP.

<sup>6</sup> to abstain from labor.

<sup>‡ 5.</sup> Matt. ‡ 6. 2 Thess. 17. Deut. xx. 6; t 10. 2 Tim. ii.

from-omit.

μαλλον ήμεις; Αλλ' συκ εχρησαμεθα τη εξου- you, ought not we rather? rather we! But not we did use the right But we did not use this RIGHT: but we endure all

σια ταυτης αλλα παντα στεγουεν, ίνα μη this; but allthings weendure, so that not

εγκοπην τινα δωμεν τ $\phi$  ευαγγελι $\phi$  του Χρισ-hinderance any we may give to the glad tidings of the Anomied.

του. 13 Ουκ οιδατε, ότι οί τα ίερα εργαζο-Νοι λποκ γου, that those the holy things performing,

μενοι, εκ του ίερου εσθιουσιν; οί τω θυσιασfrom of the temple eat? those to the alter

τηριφ προσεδρευοντες, τφ θυσιαστηριφ συμattending, with the altar are

μεριζονται; 14 Ούτω και ό κυριος διεταξε τοις partakers? Thus also the Lord has uppointed for those

το ευαγγελίον καταγγελλουσιν, εκ του ευαγthe glad tidings proclaiming, from of the glad

γελίου (ην.  $^{15}$ Εγω  $^{6}$ ε ου κεχρημαί ουδενί aidings to live.  $^{15}$  but not have used not one

τουτων. Ουκ εγραψα δε ταυτα, ίνα ούτω of these things. Not lidid write and these things, that thus

γενηται εν εμοι καλον γαρ μοι μαλλον α it may be done to me; well for to me rather

θανείν, η το καυχημα μου ίνα τις κενωση.
die, than the boasting of me that any one should make void.

16 Εαν γαρ εναγγελιζωμαι, ουκ εστι μοι 16 for I may announce glad tidings, not it is to me

καυχημα: αναγκη γαρ μοι ετικειται ουαι across of boating, necessity for to me has on, woe

γαρ μοι εστιν, εαν μη ευαγγελιζωμαι. <sup>17</sup> Fit for to me is, if not is bould preach glad tidings. If

γαρ ϵκων τουτο πρασσω, μισθον ϵχω ϵι δϵ for willing this I do, a reward I have; if but ακων, οικονομιαν πϵπι ... at. 18 Tis unwilling, a stewardship I hase because trusted with. What

ουν μοι εστιν δ μισθος; Ίνα ευαγγελιζομενος theatome is the reward? So that announcing glad tidings αδαπάνου θησω το ευαγγελιον \* του Χρισ-

without expense [ will place the glad iidings [of the Amointed,] του, ] εις το μη καταχρησασθαι τη εξουσια

μου εν τφ ευαγγελίφ. <sup>19</sup> Ελευθερος γαρ ών of me in the glad tidings. Pree for being εκ παντων, πασιν εμαυτον εδουλωσα, ίνα τους from all to all myself I was enslaved, that the

πλειονας κερδησω. 20 και εγενομην τοις Ιουδαι-

more I might gain; and I became to the Jews

you, ought not we rather! ‡ But we did not use this atom; but we endure all things, ‡ that we may not cause any Hindrance to the GLAP TIDINGS of the ANDINTED.

13 ‡ Do you not know That THOSE who PERFORM the TEMPLE SERVICES, cat from the TEMPLE?—that THOSE AFTENDING to the ALTAR are partakers with the ALTAR?

14 Thus, also, ‡ the LORD has appointed to THOSE who PUBLISH the GLAD TIDINGS, ‡ to live by the GLAD TIDINGS.

15 ‡ But I have not used any of these things; and I did not write these things that thus it should be done to me; ‡ for it is good for me to die, rather than that any one should make my BOASTING void.

16 For if I should evangelize, it is no cause of exultation to me; thecause Necessity is laid on Me; Woe, indeed, there is for me if I should not evangelize.

17 For if I do This voluntarily, ‡I have a Reward; but if ‡I have been entrusted with a Stewardship reluctantly,

18 what is my Reward then? So that evangelizing, I will establish the GLAD TIDINGS without expense, so as not to USE my entire AUTHORITY in the GLAD TIDINGS.

19 For, being free from all, I enslaved myself to all, that I might gain the more.

δαι- 20 And to the Jews Jews I became as a Jew, that

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. of the Anointed-ouit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Acts xx. 33; verses 15, 13; 2 Cor. xi. 7, 9; xii. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 6. xi. 12. † 13. Lev. vi. 16, 26; vi. 6; Num. v. 9, 10; xviii. 8—20; Deut. x. 9; xviii. 1. † 14. Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7. † 14. Gal. vi. 6; 1 Tim. v. 17. † 15. Acts xviii. 3, xx. 34. 1 Cor. iv. 12; verse 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 15. 2 Cor. xi. 10. † 16. 4 17. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Gal. ii. 7; Ph. l. 17; Col. i. 25 † 18. 1 Cor. x. 33; 2 Cor. iv. 5; xi. 7. † 20. Acts xvii. 3; xvii. 13; xvii. 13; x. 12. 24.

εγκρατευεται°

οις ως Ιουδαιος, ίνα Ιουδαιους κερδησω τοις I might gain; to those a Jew. that Jews

ύπο νομον ώς ύπο νομον, (μη ων αυτος ύπο as under law. (not being myself under

νομον,) ένα τους ύπο νομον καρδησω. 21 τοις that those under law I might gain; to those

avomois &s avomos,  $(\mu \eta)$  we avomos  $\theta \in \emptyset$ , all without law as without law, in or being without law to God but

εννομος  $X\rho\iota\sigma\tau\omega$ , iνα κερδησω ανομους. within law to Anointed,) that I might gain lawless ones:

 $^{22}$  εγενομην τοις ασθενεσιν  $*[\dot{\omega}s]$  ασθενης, ίνα I became to the weak [as]

τους ασθενεις κερδησω· τοις πασι γεγονα τα the weak ones I might gain; to them all I have become toe

 $^{23}$  Touto  $\delta\epsilon$ παντα, ίνα παντως τινας σωσω. all things, that by all means some I may save. his but

το ευαγγελιον, ίνα συγκοινωνος I do on account of the gan tidings, that

24 Ora ordare, ori of ev oraαυτου γενωμαι. of it I may become.

διω τρεχοντες, παντες μεν τοεχουσιν, είς δε indeed course running, all run, 69.

βραβείον; Cύτω τρεχετε, ίνα λαμβανει το the T:123 run you, netso's

25 Πας 🗇 δ αγωνιζομενος, παντα καταλαδητε. you may obtain. Ev.r. one but the ec. tending, εκκινοι μεν ουν, ίνα φθαστον

in sed therefore, that a perishable possesses seif-control; they στεφανον λαβωσιν. ήμεις δ., αφθαρτον. 26 Εγω bu, an imperishable.

wreath they may r ceive; we τοινυν ούτω τοεχω, ώς ουκ αδηλως. ούτω therefore thus run, 23 not uncertainly thus

πυκτευω, ώς ουκ αερα δερω: 27 αλλ' ύπωπιαζω as not air beating; but I brow-beat

μου το σωμα και δουλαγωγω, μηπως αλλοις of me the body and lead it captive, lest possibly to others

αυτος αδοκιμος γενωμαι. having proclaimed, myself without proof hould become. I might gain the Jews; to THOSE UNDER Law, as under Law, (not being myself under Law,) that I might gain THOSE UN-DER Law:

21 to THOSE WITHOUT LAW, as without Law, (yes not being \* without God's Law, but under Christ's law.) that I might gain THOSE WITHOUT LAW.

22 To the WEAK, I became weak, that I might gain the WEAK; 2 to them ALL I have become \* All things, that I might by all means I save + Some.

23 And I do \* all things on account of the GLAD TIDINGS, that I may become a Joint-partaker of the same.

24 Do you not know, that THOSE RUNNING in a Race-course,-all indeed run, but one receives the PRIZE? Thus rur, that you may obtain.

25 # And EVERY COM-BATANT is + temperate in all things;-they, indeed, that they mar receive ta Perishable Crown: but me, tone Imperishable.

26 # therefore so run, as not uncertainly; I so strike, as not beating the Air ;

27 tbut I severely discipline My BODY, I and make it subservient; lest possibly, having proclaimed to Others, I myself should tbecome one unapproved.

<sup>\*</sup> Varica.: Maluscrift.—21. withou bod's law, but under Thrist's law, that I might in thos: without law. 22. as—omit. 22. All things. 23. all things. gain THOS! WITHOUT LAW.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Some important ASS, read pants, all instead of times, some, which reading is adopted by Pource 1 Dulefield as agreeing better with chap. x. 33. + 23. Clarke thinks the section of a lad tidings, sho id be rendered here prize or record, which he says is frequently is meaning. + 25. The apost here alludes to the course of training to which each of the sected, ho contended for the prizes given at the 18th mian games, which were celebered among the Corinthians. The training regulated their diet, their hours of exercise and rest, the restraint of the passions, the kind of exercise, &c. + 25. The grown won by the victor, in the Olympian games was made of the wild olive; in the Pythica games, of funce, in the Numean games, of parsley; and in the Isthmian games, of the pine;—all of which, though evergreens, soon withered.

 <sup>22.</sup> Rom. xi. 14.
 \$24. Gal. ii. 2; v.y.; Pnil. ii. 16; iii. 14.

 125. 2 Tim. iv. 2; James i. 12; 1 Pct.
 \$25. 2 Tim. iv. 2; James i. 12; 1 Pct.

 \$27. Rom. vii. 13; Col. iii. 5.
 \$27. Rom. vi. 18, 10.

 † 22. 1 Cor. x. 33. † 22. 2 Tim. iv. 7; Heb. xii. 1. v. 4; Rev. ii. 10; iii. 11. † 27. Jer. vi. 80; 2 Cor. xiii. 5, 6.

# КЕФ. 1. 10.

1 Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, ότι οί Not I wish for you to heighorant, brathren, that the πατερες ήμων παντες ύπο την νεφελην ησαν, fathers of us all under the cloud were, 2 και και παντες δια της θαλασσης διηλθον. through the 600 and passed, παντές εις τον Μωυσην εβαπτισαντο εν  $\tau\eta$ orai the Moses ie the were dipped ιεφαλη και εν τη θαλασση, 3 Kal Tartes 70 and in the bas 110 the κυτο βρωμα πνευματικον εφαγον, 4 και παντες food \*piritual did eah and αυτο πομα πνευματικον ETTION. (∈πινον the drink spiritual did drink; (they drank ναρ εκ πνευματικής ακολουθούσης πετράς ή aruck, the for from Austrage following πετρα ην δ Χριστος) δαλλ' ουκ εν τοις rock was the Anointed;) but not with the πλειοσιν αυτων ευδοκησεν δ θεος• κατεστρωθηgreater number of them was wall-pleased the God; they were laid prosσαν γαρ εν τη έρημφ. 6 Ταυτα δε τυποι ήμων trate for in the desert. These things but types ofus εγενηθησαν, εις το μη ειναι ήμας επιθυμητας were made, in order that not to be 13.8 lusters 7 Mn $\delta\epsilon$ κακων, καθως κακεινοι επεθυμησαν. of cyclthings, as even they Nor ειδωλολατραι γινεσθε, καθως τινες αυτων ώς image-worshippera hecome you, some 24.6 Εκαθισεν ὁ λαος φαγειν και πιειν, γεγραπται. to eat and to drink it has been written; Sat down the people 8 Μηδε πορνευωμεν, και ανεστησαν παι(ειν. Nor should we foruicate, and stood up to sport. καθως τινες αυτων επορνευσαν, και επεσον εν some of them foruscated. and fell <sup>9</sup> Μηδε εκπειμια ήμερα εικοσιτρεις χιλιαδες. twenty-three thousands. Nor should \*[ και] ρα(ωμεν τον Χριστον. καθως TIVES Anortea, Tre tempt the 33 [also] some αυτων επειρασαν, και ύπο των οφεων απωby of them tempted. and the serpents. were 10 Μηδε γογγυζετε, καθως \* [και] τινες AOYTO.

## CHAPTER X.

1 For I wish you not to be ignorant, Brethren. That our fathers were all under the choun, and all passed through the sea;

2 and that all were immersed into Moses in the CLOUD and in the SEA:

3 and that all ate the SAME tspiritual Food.

4 and all drank the same spiritual Drink; for they drank [water] from a Spiritual Rock which followed them; (but the ROCK was the ANOINTED)

5 With the MOST of them, however, God was not well-pleased; ‡ for they were laid prostrate in the DESERT.

6 Now these things were made types for us, in order that we might not be Cravers after Evil things, ‡ even as they craved.

7 Nor become you Image worshippers, like some of them; as it has been written, t"The profigure † sat down to eat "and drink, and stood up "to dance"

8 Nor should we practice fornication as some of them committed it, tand fell in One Day twenty-three thousand.

9 Nor should we tempt \*the LORD, tas some of them tempted him, and weredestroyed by the skr-PENTS.

10 Neithermurmuryou, tas some of them murmured, tand were destroyed by the DESTROYER.

Nor

destroyed.

ofthem

murinur you,

αυτων εγογγυσαν, και απωλοντο ύπο του ολο-

9. also-omit.

[alvo] some

the

10. also-omit.

20

and were des royed by

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIET .- 0. the LOBD.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Or perhaps to be used in the sense of typical. See Rev. xi. 8.

† 6. A type, figure, pattern, or example. The same phrase occurs, 1 Pet. v. 3.

† 7. In ancient times the Hebrews always sat at meat, Gen. xliii. 33. It was in later times only, that, in compliance with the manners of the Greeks and Romans, they lay on couches at their meals.—

\*\*Mackaight\*.

<sup>1</sup> l. Exod. xiii. 21; xl. 34—38 &c. 1 l. Exod. xiv. 22; Num. xxxiii. 8, &c. 1 3. Exod. xvi. 15, 35. 1 4. Exod. xvii. 6. 1 5. Num. xiv. 29, 32, 35; xxvi. 64, 65; Psa. evi. 26; Heb. iii. 17; Jude 5. 1 0. Num. xi. 4, 33, 34; Psa. evi. 14. 17. Exod. xvii. 6. 1 8. Num. xv. 1, 9; Psa. evi. 20. 1 9. Exod. xvii. 2, 7) Num. xii. 4—6 1 10. Exod. xvii. 2; xvii. 2; Num. xiv. 2, 29; xvi. 41.

11 Ταυτα δε παντα τυποι συνεβαιθρευτου. These things and all troyer. types happened νον εκεινοις εγραφη δε προς νουθεσιαν ήμων was written and for admonition of ns, εις ούς τα τελη  $\tau\omega\nu$ αιωνων  $\kappa \alpha \tau n \nu \tau n \sigma \epsilon \nu$ . whoma the ends of the 12 'Ωστε δοκων έστανει,  $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \omega$ μη So that the one thinking to have stood, let him take eare lest  $^{13}$  Πειρασμος ύμας ουκ ειλη $\phi$ εν ει μη he should fall. A temptation you not has taken if not and  $\rho$  with  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  μας πειρασθηναι ύπερ ό δυνασθε, αλλα ποιηyou to be tempted above what you are able, σει συν τω πειρασμω κα**ι την εκβα**σιν, του make with the temptation also way out, that

δυνασθαι ύπενεγκειν. you may be able to hear up under.

 $\lambda \mapsto \Delta \mapsto \pi \in \rho$ , ayamntol mou,  $\Phi \in vy \in \tau \in \alpha \pi o$  ths Wherefore, beloved ones of me, flee you from the

ειδωλολατρείας. <sup>15</sup> Ως φρονιμοίς λεγω, κριimage-worship. As townse mea I speak, judge

νατε ύμεις δ φημι.  $_{you\ what\ I\ say}^{16}$  Το ποτηριον της ευλογιας  $_{the\ cup\ of\ the\ hlessing}^{16}$ 

ό ευλογουμεν, ουχι κοινωνια του αίματος του which we bless, not a participation of the blood of the

Χριστου εστι; τον αρτον δν κλωμεν, ουχι κοι-Anointed is it? the loaf which we break, not a par-

17 'Οτι είς αρτος, έν σωμα οί πολλοι εσαεν οί Because one loaf, one body the many we are; these γαρ παντες εκ του ένος αρτου μετεχομεν.

for all from of the one lost partake.

18 Βλεπετε του Ισραηλ κατα σαρκα ουχι οί
See you the Israel according to flesh; not those

 $\epsilon\sigma\theta$ iov $au\epsilon$ s aus auovias auoviavoi auov auoviaauau-eating the sacrifices partakers of the altar

ριου εισι; 19 Τι ουν φημι; ότι ειδωλον τι are? Why then do I say? because an idol anything

 $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$ ;  $\eta$   $\delta\tau\iota$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\theta \upsilon\tau o\nu$   $\tau\iota$   $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$ ;  $^{20}$   $A\lambda\lambda$ ,  $^{15}$ ; or because an idol sacrifice enything is? But,

11 \*But these things occurred to firm typically, and ‡ were written for our Admonition, on whom the FNDS of the AGES \* have come.

12 Wherefore, flet him who is THINKING that he has stood, take care lest he

fall.
13 No Trial has assailed You except what belongs

You except what belongs to Lian; and God is faithful, the will not permit you to be tried beyond your ability; but with the TRIAL, will also direct the ISSUE, that you may be able to bear it.

14 Wherefore, my Beloved, ‡flee away from

IMAGE-WORSHIP.

15 I am speaking as to wise men; judge gou what I say.

16 †The CUP of BLESS-ING, for which we bless God,—is it not a Participation of the BLOOD of the ANOINTED one? †The LOAF which we break,—is it not a Participation of the BODY of the ANOINTED one?

17 Because there is One Loaf, ‡ we, the MANY, are One Body; for we ALL partake of the ONE Loaf.

18 Look at ISRAEL according to the Flesh; are not THOSE; who EAT the SACRIFICES Partakers with the ALTAR?

19 Why then do I affirmthis? Because \* what is sacrificed to an image is anything or Because 1 az Image is anything?

20 No; but Because what \* they sacrifice, they sacrifice to Demons, and not to God; and I do not wish you to become Associates of the DEMONS.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—11. But these things occurred to them typically.

11. have come.

12. what is sacrificed to an image is anything, or Because an Image is anything?

20. they sacrifice, they.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Rom. xiv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 10. † 14. verse 7; 2 Cor. vi. 17; 1 John v. 21. † 16. Matt. xxvi. 20—28. † 18. Lev. iii. 3; vii. 15, † 19. 1 Cor. vii. 4. † 20. Lev. xvii. 7; 1 Deut. xxxii. 17; Psa. cvi. 37.

γινεσθαι. <sup>21</sup> Ου δυνασθε ποτηριον κυριου πινειν to become. Not you are able a cup of Lord to drink

και ποτηριον δαιμονιών ου δυνασθε τραπεζης of demons; not you are able

22 H κυριου μετεχειν και τραπεζης δαιμονιων. of Lord to partake and

παραζηλουμεν τον κυριον; μη ισχυροτεροι do we provoke to jealousy the Lord? not

αυτου εσμεν; 23 Παντα εζεστιν, αλλ' ου παντα All things it is lawful, but not all things

συμφερει παντα εξεστιν, αλλ ου παντα οικοare beneficial; all things it is lawful but not all things builds

24 Μηδεις το έαυτου ζητειτω, αλλα το δομει. No one that of himself let him seek, up.

25 Παν το εν μακελλφ πωλουμετου έτερου. o, the other. Every thing that in 18 being suld market

νον εσθιετε, μηδεν ανακρινοντες, δια την eat you, not asking questions, on account of the

συνειδησιν:  $^{26}$  του γαρ κυριου : γη και το πληof the for Lord the earth and the fulness

 $^{27}$  Ei \*[ $\delta\epsilon$ ] τις καλει ύμας των ρωμα αυτης. ofher. [but] any one inv. e. you

θελετε πορευεσθαι, απιστων, και  $\pi \alpha \nu$  $\tau o$ and you wish to go, everything that παρατιθεμενον ύμιν εσθιετε, μηδεν ανακρινον-

is being presented to you eat you, not assing questions. 25 Εαν δε τις υμιν | τες, δια την συνειδησιν.

on account o' the conscience.

Τουτο ειδωλοθυτον εστι μη εσθιετε,  $\epsilon \cdot \pi \eta^*$ should say, This an idol-sacrifice Is: not eat you,

It bot any one to you

εκεινον τον μηνυσαντα, και την συνειthe one having disclosed, and

 $^{29} \Sigma_{\nu} \nu_{\epsilon} i \delta \eta \sigma_{\nu} \delta_{\epsilon} \lambda_{\epsilon} \gamma_{\omega}$ ,  $o \nu \chi_{\nu} \tau_{\eta} \nu_{\epsilon} \delta_{\sigma} \nu_{\epsilon}$ δησιν. science. Conscience now lazy, not that of thy

Ίνατι γαρ ή ελευτου, αλλα την του έτερου. that of the other. Why for the

θερ.α μου κρινεται ύπο αλλης συνειδησεως; by 18 judged another conscience?

<sup>36</sup> Ει εγω χαριτι μετεχω, τι βλασφημουμαι| by favor partake, why am I blamed

ού εγω ευχαριστω; 31 Ειτε ουν εσθίεon account of which I give thanks? Whether then

 $\tau \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon i \tau \epsilon \pi i \nu \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ , ειτε τι ποιειτε, παντα εις eat, or you drink, or anything you do, all things for

21 ! You cannot drink the Lord's Cup, and #the Cup of Demons; you cannot partake of the Lord's Table, and the Table of Demons.

22 Do we provoke the LORD to jealousy? Are we

stronger than he?

23 ‡" All things are allowed."-But all things are not beneficial. "All things are allowed."-But all things do not early.

24 I Let no one seek HIS OWN, but that of

ANOTHER.

25 ‡Eat EVERYTHING which is sold in the Market, asking no questions on account of con-SCIENCE:

26 for t"the Earth is "the LORD's, and the FUL-" ness of it."

27 If any unbeliever invite you, and you wish to go, teat EVERYTHING which is PRESENTED to you, asking no questions on account of con-SCIENCE.

28 But if any one should say to you, "Thus is \*an IDOL-SACRIFICE;" do not cat, ton account of him who informed you, and CONSCIENCE.

29 Now, I say Conscience, not THAT of there ownself, but THAT of the OTHER. ‡" But why is my freedom judged by the Conscience of Another?

30 If # partake with Gratitude, why am I defamed on account of that I for which E thanks?"

31 ! Therefore, whether you eat, or whether you drink, or do anything, do All for the Glory of God.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 28. offered in sacrifice.

<sup>1 23. 1</sup> Cor vi. 12. 1 23. 1 Cor vi. 12. 1 25. 1 Tim. iv. 4. 1 26. Exod. 1 28. 1 Cor. vii. 16, 12. 2 3. 4. 1 31. Col. iii. 17; 1 Pet.

δοξαν θεου ποιειτε. 32 Απροσκοποι γινεσθε και g.ory of God do you. Not causes of stumbling become you both loυδαιοι**ς και 'Ελλησι και τη εκκλησ**ια του to Jews and Greeks and to the congregation of the θεου· 33 καθως καγω παντα πασιν αρεσκω, μη even as also l all things all men ζητων το εμαυτου συμφερον, αλλα το των πολ-seeking that of myself being profitable, but that of the many, λων, ίνα σωθωσι.

that they may be saved.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11. <sup>1</sup> Μιμηται μου γινεσθε, καθως καγω Χριστου. Imitators of me become you, even as also I of Accounted. <sup>2</sup> Επαινω δε ύμας, \*[αδελφοι,] δτι παντα μου I praise and you, [brethren,] because all things of me μεμνησθε, καθως παρεδωκα ύμιν τας каі you have remembered, and I delivered to you the as  $^3\Theta \in \lambda \omega \delta \in \nu \mu as$ ειδε-3. οαδοσεις κατεχετε. I wish but you to have knowyou retain. ναι, ότι παντος ανδρος ή κεφαλη ό Χριστος ledge, that of every man the head the Anounted εστι κεφαλη δε γυναικος, δ ανηρ κεφαλη δε but of woman, the man; head <sup>4</sup> Πας ανηρ προσευχομενος η Χριστου, δ θεος. of Anointed, the God. Every man praying προφητευων κατα κεφαλης εχων, καταισχυνει Lead having, prophesying upon <sup>5</sup> Πασα δε γυνη προσευτην κεφαλην αύτου. head the of himself. Every but woman praying προφητευουσα ανατακαλυπτφ τη  $\chi o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta \eta$ uncovered with the Or prophesying κεφαλη, καταισχυνει την κεφαλην έαυτης έν disgraces the head of herself; one 6 E1 τρ εστι και το αυτο τη εξυρημενη. and the same with the having been shaven. at is ορ ου κατακαλυπτεται γυνη, και κειρασθων ει

is covered a woman, also let her hair be cut off, if for not αισχρον γυναικι το κειρασθαι η ξυρασθαι,

hut a disgrace to a woman the hair to be cut off or to be shaven κα ακαλυπτεπθω. 7 Ανηρ μεν γαρ ουκ οφειλει

A man indeed for not it is fitting let her be covered.

κατακαλυπτεσθαι την κεφαλην, εικων και δοξα the alikeness and to be covered head, glory θεου ύπαρχων. γυνη δε δοξα ανδρος εστιν awoman but glory being; of a man <sup>8</sup>ου γαρ εστι**ν ανηρ εκ γυναικος, αλλα γυνη** εξ

not for man from woman, but woman from

33 even as II also please all men in all things, not seeking MY OWN Advantage, but THAT of the MANY, so that they may be saved.

### CHAPTER XI.

- 1 Become # Imitators of me, even as I also am of
- And, Brethren, I praise you, Because you have remembered all My [instructions,] and retain the OBSERVANCES as I delivered them to you.
- S But I wish you to know, That the Anoin-TED is HEAD of Every Man; and the ! Head of Woman, the MAN; and I the Head of the Anointed. GoD.
- 4 Every Man praying or prophesying, having his Head covered, disgraces his HEAD;
- 5 but Every Woman praying or prophesying with her HEAD uncovered, disgraces her HEAD; for it is just the same as if it were SHAVEN.
- 6 For if a Woman be unveiled, \* let her hair also be cut off or shaven; but if it is # Disgraceful to a Woman to have her HAIR CUT OFF, or to be shaven, let her be veiled.
- 7 Now a Man, indeed, ought not to cover the HEAD, he being God's Glorious Likeness; Woman is Man's Glory;

for Man is not from Woman, but Woman from Man;

<sup>32 ‡</sup>Be you inoffensive both to Jews and Greeks, and to the church of GoD;

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. brethren-omit. shaven.

<sup>6.</sup> let her hair also be cut off or

<sup>1 32.</sup> Rom. xiv. 13; 1 Cor. viii. 13; 2 Cor. vi. 3. 1 82. Acts xx. 28; 1 Cor. xi. 23 1 32. Norm. xv 2; 1 Cor. ix. 19, 22. 1 1. 1 Cor. iv. 16; Eph. v. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 6; 2 Thess. iii. 9. 1 2. 1 Cor. iv. 17. 1 3. Eph. v. 23. 1 3. Gen iii. 16, 1 Cor. ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. iii. 1, 5, 6. 3. John xiv. 28; 1 Cor. iii. 23; xv. 27, 23; Phil. ii. 7-9 t. 6. Num. v. 18; Deut xxii. 5. 28. Gen. ii 21, 22.

avopes. Ψκαι γαρ ουκ εκτισθη ανηρ δια την man; even for not was created man on account of the

γυναικα, αλλα γυνη δια τον ανδρα.  $^{10}$  Δια woman, but woman account of the man. On account of

τουτο οπειλει ή γυνη εξουσιαν εχειν επι της this it is fitting the woman authority to have on the

κεφαλης, δια τους αγγελους. <sup>11</sup> Πλην head, on account of the messengers. But

out  $\epsilon$  yuuh xwris and pos, out  $\epsilon$  and xwris yuuaineither woman without man, nor man without woman,

κος,  $\epsilon \nu$  κυρι $\omega$ . 12  $\Omega \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$  γαρ  $\eta$  γυνη  $\epsilon \kappa$  του in Lord. As for the woman from the

ανδρος, ούτω και ό ανηρ δια της γυναικος τα man. so also the man through the woman; the

ο παντα εκ του θεου. 13 Εν ύμιν αυτοις κριbut all thingsout of the God. In yourselves judge

νατε· τρεπον εστι γυναικα ακατακαλυπτον τφ

διδασκει ύμας, ότι ανηρ $_{\mu \epsilon \nu}$  εαν $_{\nu \epsilon \alpha \nu}$  κομα, teaches you, that a man indeed if he should wearlong hair,

ατιμια αυτφ εστι;  $^{15}$  Γυνη δε εαν κομφ, a disgrace to him  $^{15}$ ? A woman and Esheshould wearlong hair,

δοξα αυτη εστιν; ότι  $\hat{\eta}$  κομη αντι περιβολαιου  $\hat{\eta}$  glury to her it is? because the hair instead of a covering

δεδοται αυτη. 16 Ει δε τις δοκει φιλονεικος has been given to her. 1f but any one thinks contention.

nor the congregations of the God. Τώτ but
παραγγελλω. ουκ επαινω, ότι ουκ εις το κριετannouncing not l praise, because not for the better,

τον, αλλ' εις το ηττον συνερχεσθε. 18 Πρωτον but for the wurse you come together. First

μεν γαρ, συνερχομενον ύμων εν εκκλησια, in lead for, being cometogether of you in an assembly,

ωκουω σχισματα εν ύμιν ύπαρχειν και μερος
- Near divisions among you to be; and of a part

τι πιστευω. 19 δει γαρ και αίρεσεις εν certain I believe; it is necessary for also heresies almong

9 ‡ for Man also was not created for the woman, but Woman for the MAN.

10 Therefore the wo-MAN ought \$10 have \$\frac{1}{4}\text{Au-thority on the HEAD, on account of the ANGELS.

11 However, ‡ neither is Woman without Man, nor Man without Woman

in the Lord.

12 For as the WOMAN is from the MAN, so also the MAN is by the WOMAN; ‡ but ALL things are from God.

13 Judge for Your selves; is it becoming for a Woman to pray to Gob.

unveiled?

14 Does not NATURE herself teach you, That if a Man indeed should wear long Hair, it is a disgrace to him?

15 but if a Woman should wear long Hair, it is a Glory to her; Because her HAIR has been given to her instead of a Veil.

16 If, however, ‡ any one is disposed to be contentious, ‡ we have no Such Custom, neither have the CONGREGATIONS or GOD.

17 But in noticing this matter, That you come together not for the BETTER but the WORSE, I do not praise you.

18 For indeed, in the first place, I hear that, on your coming together in the ASSEMBLY, there are Divisions among you; and, as to a certain part I believe it;

19 ‡ for it is necessary that there should be Factions among you, ‡ so that

<sup>† 10.</sup> Benson, gives it as his opinion, that because the Hebrew word radid, (which comes from the word radad, to have power,) signifies a veil, the apostle uses the word exonsia, authority, to denote a veil, because the Hebrew women veiled themselves in presence of the men, in token of their being under their power or authority. The veil used by the Eastern women was so large as to cover a great part of their body. Ruth's veil held six measures of barley. Ruth iii, 15. A veil of this sort, called a plaid, was worn notlong ago by the women of Sectland.—Macknight. Power seems to have been the name of the head-dress; so called, perhaps, because, like a diadem or turban, it was sometimes a mark of rank.—Sharpe.

<sup>19.</sup> Gen. ii. 18, 21, 23 10. Gen. xxiv. 65 11. Gal. iii. 28. 112. Rom. xi. 36, 11 Tim. vi. 4. 116-1 Cor vii. 17; xiv. 33. 2 19. Matt. xviii. 4; Luke xvii. 2; Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. vv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1, 2. 2 19. Luke ii. 35; 1 John ii. 19.

 $\epsilon$ και διαιρεσεις ενεργημακαι δ αι τος κυριος. and the same Lord; ofinworkings and varieties των εισιν, ό δε αυτος θεος, ό ενεργων τα παντα are, thebut same God, who is working the allthings 7 Έκαστφ δε διδοται ή φανερωσις εν πασιν. To each one but is given the manifestation του πνευματος προς το συμφερον: 8 ω μεν γαρ for the benent, to one indeed for spirit ofthe δια του πνευματος διδοται λογος σοφιας, through the spirit a word of wisdom, is given αλλω δε λογος γνωσεως, κατα το αυτο πνευto another and a word of knowledge, according to the same spirit; μα·  $^{9}$  ετερώ δε πιστις, εν τώ αυτώ πνευματι· to another and faith. by the αλλφ δε χαρισματα ιαματων, εν τφ αυτφ πνευto another and gracious gifts of cures, by the same spirit,

ματι·  $^{10}$  αλλφ δε ενεργηματα δυναμέων, αλλω to another and inworking of powers, to another

ξε προφητεια, αλλιω δε διακριεσεις πνευματων, and prophecy, to another and discernings of spirits,

έτερφ δε γενη γλωσσων, \*[αλλφ δε έρμηto another and kinds of tougues, [to another and an interpreta-

νεια γλωσσων.]  $^{11}$  Παντα δε ταυτα ενεργει tion of tongues.]  $^{11}$  All but these things works

το έν και το αυτο πνευμα, διαιρουν ιδια έκασthat one and the same spirit, distributing particularly to each

τω καθως βουλεται. 12 Καθαπερ γαρ το σωμα one as it wills. Just as for the body

έν εστι, και μελη εχει πολλα, παντα δε τα one is, and members has many, all but the

μελη του σωματος \*[του ένος,] ποιλα οντα, members of the body [of the one,] many being, έν εστι σωμα· ούτω και δ Χριστος. <sup>13</sup> Και

one is body; thus also the Anointed. Even  $\gamma\alpha\rho\ \epsilon\nu\ \epsilon\nu\iota\ \pi\nu\epsilon\nu\mu\alpha\tau\iota\ \dot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\iota s\ \pi\alpha\nu\tau\epsilon s\ \epsilon\iota s\ \dot{\epsilon}\nu\ \sigma\omega\mu\alpha$ 

for in one spirit we all into one body  $\epsilon \beta a \pi \tau i \sigma \theta \eta \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon i \tau \epsilon$  Loudaioi,  $\epsilon i \tau \epsilon$  Eddy  $\epsilon s$ ,

were dipped; whether Jews, or Greeks,  $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$   $\delta\sigma\nu\lambda\sigma\iota$ ,  $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\nu\theta\epsilon\rho\sigma\iota$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\epsilons$   $\star$   $[\epsilon\iota s]$  whether slaves, or freemen; and all [into]

έν πνευμα εποτισθημεν. <sup>14</sup> Και γαρ το σωμα one spirit were made to drink. Also for the hody

ουκ εστιν έν μελος, αλλα πολλα. 15 Εαν ειπη

not is one member, but many. If shouldsay

6 and there are Varieties of Workings, ‡ and \* the SAME God is HE who WORKS ALL things among all.

7 ‡ And to each is given the MANIFESTATION of the SPIRIT for the BENE-FIT of all.

8 For to one is given, through the spirit, ‡a Word of Wisdom; and to another, ‡a Word of Knowledge, according to the same Spirit;

9 and to another, ‡Faith by the SAME Spirit; and to another, ‡Girts of Cures by the \*SAME Spirit.

10 And to another, ‡ Operations of Mighty works; and to another, ‡ Prophecy; and to another, ‡ Discriminations of Spirits; and to another, ‡ Different Languages; and to another, Interpretation of Languages.

11 But All these things performs the ONE and the SAME Spirit, distributing to each in particular as it will.

12 ‡ For just as the BODY is one, and has many Members, but All the MEMBERS of the BODY, being many, are One Body; so also the ANOINTED.

13 For, indeed, by One Spirit ‡ we were all immersed into One Body—whether ‡ Jews or Greeks, whether Slaves or Freemen; and ‡ were all made to drink One Spirit.

14 For the BODY also is not One Member, but many.

15 If the FOOT should

10.

13.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—6. and the same God is mr. and to another, Interpretation of Languages—omit. into-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> the one Spirit.
12. of the one—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Eph. i. 23. † 7. Rom. xii. 6—8; 1 Cor. xiv. 26; Eph. iv. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 10, 11, 13, 1 Cor. ii. 6, 7; † 8. 1 Cor. i. 5; xiii. 2; 2 Cor. viii. 7. † 9. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 10. Rom. xii. 4, 5; Eph. iv. 4, 16. † 13. Gal. iii. 28; Eph. ii. 13, 14, 16; Col. iii. 11. † 13. John vi. 63; vii. 37—39

δ πους. Οτι ουκ ειμι χειρ, ουκ ειμι εκ του the foot, Because not I am a hand, not I am from of the

σωματος ου πορα τουτο ουκ εστιν εκ του σωbody; not from this not is it from of the body?

ματος; 16 Και εαν ειπη το ους. Ότι ουκ ειμι

τουτο ουκ εστιν εκ του σωματος;  $^{17}Ει$  this not is it from of the body?

δλον το σωμα οφθαλμος, που ή ακοη; ει δλον whole the body an eye, where the hearing? if whole

akon,  $\pi$  ou  $\hat{\eta}$  of  $\phi$  of  $\phi$  of  $\phi$  of  $\phi$  of  $\phi$  of the small? Now but the God glaced

τα  $\mu \in \lambda \eta$ , ξν ξκαστον αυτων εν τφ σωματι, the members, one each of them in the body,

καθως ηθελησεν. <sup>19</sup>Ει δε ην τα παντα έν μεlf but w.s. the all one mem-

 $\lambda \sigma$ , που το σωμα;  $^{20}$ 

 $\epsilon \nu \delta \epsilon \sigma \omega \mu a$ . Or δυναται  $\delta \sigma \phi \theta \alpha \lambda \mu \omega$ ;  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \iota \nu$  one but body. Not is able the eye to say

τη χειρι· Χρειαν σου ουκ εχω· η παλιν to the hand; Need of thee not I have; or again

22 Αλλα πολλφ μολλον τα δοκουντα μελη του
But much more the seeming members of the

σωματος ασθενεστερα ύπαρχειν, ανανκαια εστιbody more feeble to ve, necessary it is;

23 και ά δοκουμεν ατιμοτερα ειναι του σωματος, and those we think less hoporable to be of the body,

τουτοις τιμην περισσοτεραν περιτιθεμεν και τα to these honor more ahoudaut we place around; and the

ασχημονα ήμων ευσχημοσυνην περισσοτεραν uncomely parts of as equipments of as

A  $\lambda\lambda$  defos supekerase to swma, to interpourbut the God combined the body, to the part being in-

τι περισσοτεραν δους τιμην, 25 ένα μη 'η ferior more abundant having given honor, ... that not may be

σχισμα εν τω σωματι, αλλα το αυτο <math>υπερ divisions in the body, but the same on behalf

all  $\eta \lambda \omega \nu$   $\mu \in \rho: \mu \nu \omega \sigma: \tau \alpha$   $\mu \in \lambda \eta.$  25 Kal  $\epsilon: \iota \tau \epsilon$  deach other may be soccerated the members. And whether

say—"Because I am not a Hand, I am no part of the Body,"—is it for this not of the Body?

16 And if the EAR should say, "Because I am not an Eye, I am not of the BODY,"—is it for this not of the BODY?

17 If the Whole BODY were all Eye, where is the the HEARING? If the Whole were Hearing, where is the SMELL?

18 But now, ‡ God has placed the MEMBERS, each One of them in the Body, tas he would.

19 And if the WHOLE were One Member, where

is the BODY?

20 But now, indeed, there are Many Members, but One Body.

21 The EYE is not abre to say to the HAND, "I have no Need of thee;" or again, the HEAD to the FEET, "I have no need of you."

22 But much more necessary are those MEMBERS of the BODY which are THOUGHT to be more feeble;

23 and those parts of the BODY which we esteem to be less honorable, around them we throw more abundant Honor, and our UNCOMELY parts have more abundant Comeliness;

24 but our COMELY parts have no Need. God, however, put together the Body, having given \*somewhat more abundantly to THAT part which was lacking,

25 so that there may be no Division in the mony, but that the Members may be concerned EQUALLY for each other;

26 and whether One

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript.-24, somewhat more abundantly to that which was lack-

<sup>1 18.</sup> verse 28. 18. Rom. xii. 3; 1 Cor. iii. 5; verse 11.

πασχει έν μελος, συμπασχει παντα τα μελη. one member, suffers with all the members; ειτε δοξαζεται έν μελος, συγχαιρει παντα τα is glorified one member, rejoices with all the 27 Υμεις δε εστε σωμα Χριστου, και μελη. You but are a body of Anointed, and 28 Και ούς μεν εθετο ό θεος μελη εκ μερους. members from parts. And these indeed placed the God εν τη εκκλησια πρωτον αποστολους, δευτερον first apostles, second in the congregation προφητας, τριτον διδασκαλους, επειτα δυναteachers, after that powprophets, third αντιληψεις, μεis. ειτα χαρισματα ιαματων, of cures, gracious gifts helpers,  $^{29}$  M $\eta$   $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ , κυβερνησεις, γενη γλωσσων. directors. kiods of tongues. αποστολοι: μη παντές, προφηται; μη παντές, prophets? not all, not all, διδασκαλοι: Μη παντες, δυναμεις: 30 Μη πανpowers? all. Not teachers? Not τες, χαρισματα εχουσιν ιαματων; μη παντες, gracious gifts have of cures? not γλωσσαις λαλουσι; μη παντες διερμηνευουσι; speak? not all interpret? with tongues  $^{31}$  Z $\eta\lambda o v au \epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\tau\alpha$   $\chi \alpha \rho \iota \sigma \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$   $\tau \alpha$   $\kappa \rho \epsilon \iota \tau \tau \sigma v \alpha$ . You earnestly desire but the gracious gifts those better. Και ετι καθ' ύπερβολην όδον ύμιν δεικνυμι. way to you a more excellent I point out. yet  $^{1}$  E $\alpha\nu$ KEΦ.  $\iota \gamma'$ . 13. γλωσσαις ταις  $\tau\omega\nu$ 11 with the tongues of the ανθρωπων λαλω και των αγγελων, αγαπην δε I speak and of the messengers, but love μη εχω, γεγονα χαλκος ηχων η κυμβαλον not I have, I have become brase sounding or a cymbal <sup>2</sup> Και *ϵαν* εχω προφητειαν, και αλαλαζον. if I have And noisy. ειδω τα μυστηρια παντα και πασαν την γνωσιν, the knowledge all and ali I know the secrets και εαν εχω πασαν την πιστιν, ώστε all the faith, so that mountains I have

Member suffer, All the MEMBERS sympathize: or, whether \*One Mcmber is glorified, All the MEMBERS rejoice with it.

Now 1 pou are a Body of Christ, ‡ and

Members in part.

28 And those whom #Gop placed in the con-GREGATION, are first ‡Apostles; second, ‡Prophets; third, Teachers; next, Powers; then, # Gifts of Cures; # Assistants; ! Directors; different Languages.

29 All are not Apostles; all are not Prophets; all are not Teachers; all are

not Powers;

30 all have not Gifts of Cures: all do not speak in different Languages; all do not interpret.

31 ‡ But you earnestly desire the \* MORE EMI-NENT GIFTS; and yet a much more Excellent Way I point out to you.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

1 If I should speak in the LANGUAGES of MEN and of ANGELS, but have not Love, I have become sounding Brass or a noisy Cymbal.

2 And if I have † Prophecy, and know all secuins and All KNOWLEDGE, and if I have All Faith, so as to remove Mountains, but have not Love, I am noth-

3 # If I distribute all my possessions in feeding the poor, and if I deliver up my BODY to be burned, but have not Love, I am profited nothing.

4 ‡Love suffers long not and is kind. Love does not envy. Love is not not is puffed | boastful; is not puffed up;

· VAT. MANUSCRIPT .- 26. a Member be. 4. LOVE-omit. 31. MOBE EMINENT GIFTS. † 27. Rom. xii. 5; Eph. i. 23; iv. 12; v. 23, 30; Col. i. 24. † 27. Eph. v. 30. † 28. Il. iv. 11. † 28. Eph. ii. 20; iii. 5. † 28. Acts xiii. 1; Rom. xii. 6. † 28. rse 10. † 28. verse 9. † 28. Num. xi. 17. † 28. Rom. xii. 8: 1 Tlm. v. 17; bl. xiii. 17, 24. † 3. Matt. vi. 1, 29. † 2. 1 Cor. xii. 8-10, 28; xiv. 1, &c. See 1t. vii. 22 † 3. Matt. vi. 1, 2. † 4. Prov. x. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 8. verse 10. Heb. xiii. 17, 24. Matt. vii. 22

the

love

αγαπην δε μη εχω, ουδεν ειμι.

the

have, nothing

possessions

lam

of me,

4 'H

The

but not

3 Και εαν ψωμισω παντα τα ὑπαρχοντα μου,

και εαν παραδω το σωμα μου ίνα κατθησωμαι,

and if I should give the body of me so that it should be burned,

αγαπη μακροθυμει, χρηστευεται ή αγαπη ου

(ηλοι. \*[ή αγαπη] ου περπερευεται, ου φυσι-

is gentle;

is boastful,

all

μεθιστανειν.

love

envies;

love

suffer long,

[the love]

ουται, δουκ ασχημονει, ου ζητει τα έαυτης, ου ant acts unbecomingly, not seeks the things of bereelf, not

παροξυνεται, ου λογιζεται το κακον, 6 ου χαιρει is provoked to single fact imputes the evil, not rejoices

επι τη αδικια, συγχαιρει δε τη αληθεια, <sup>7</sup> πανin the iniquity, rejoices with but the truth.

τα στεγει, παντα πιστευει, παντα ελπιζει, all things believes all things . hopes,

παντα ὑπομενει: 8 ἡ αγαπη ουδεποτε εκπιπτει: all things endures; the love not at any time falls off;

ειτε δε προφητείαι, καταργηθησονται€IT € whether but prophecies, they will be done away; whether

γλωσσαι, παυσονται: ειτε γνωσις, καταργηθηthey will cease; whether knowledge, it will be done

9 Εκ μερους γαρ γινωσκομεν, και εκ σεται. SWAY Parts for we know, and from

10 όταν δε ελθη το προφητευομεν MEDOUS when but may come the we prophesy;.

τελειον, \*[τοτε] το εκ μερούς καταργήθησετάι. [then] that from parts will be done away.

11 'Οτε ημην νηπιος, ώς νηπιος ελαλουν, ώς When | I was a babe, edad a ca-I spoke,

νηπιος εφρονουν, ώς νηπιος ελογιζομην.  $\delta \tau \epsilon$ I thought, a babe 85 reasoned. since

\* [δε] γεγονα ανηρ, κατηργηκα τα του νηπιου. [but] I have become a man, I have put away the things of the babe.

Bλεπομεν γαρ αρτι δι' εσοπτρου εν αινιγματι,
We see for now through a glass in an enigma,

σοτε δε προσωπον προς προσωπον' αρτι γινωσto face; BOW .. Iknow

κω εκ μερους, τοτε δε επιγνωσομαι καθως και then but I shall knowfully even as parte,

επεγνωσθην. 13 Νυνι δε μενει πιστις, ελπις, E am fully known, Now tut abides faith hope, τα τρια ταυτα μειζων δε τουτων ή αγαπή,

greater but the three these; of these the KEΦ. ιδ'. 14. 1 Διωκέτε αγαπη. דחש מעמי Pursue you love. the love;

πην ζηλουτε δε τα πνευματικά, μαλλον δε eacuestly desire but the but spirituals. rather

2'Ο γαρ λαλων γλωσση, ίνα προφητευητε. The for one speaking with a tongue, | ING in a foreign Language, that you may prophesy.

acts not unbecom. ingly; Iseeks not \*THAC which is not HER OWN: is not provoked to anger: does not impute Evil.;

6 Prejoices not with INIQUITY, ; but rejoices

with the TRUTH;

7 covers all things; believes all things; hopes for all things; endures all things.

8 Love fails not at any time; but if there be "Prophecyings," they will be done away; or it, "Languages," they will ceuse; or it, 'Knowledge," it will be made useless.

9 For Partitively we know, and Partitively we

prophesy;

10 but when the PER-FECT thing comes, THAT which is PARTITIVE will be

done away.

11 When I was a Child, as a Child I talked; as a Child I thought; as a Child I reasoned; but when I became a Man, I put away the manners of the CHILD.

12. For t now we sea through a t [dim] Glass obscurely; but then we shall see Face to Face. Now, I know Partitively, but then I shall know fully, even as also I have been fully known.

But now these remain,-Faith, THREE Hope, Love ;-but of these the greatest is LOVE.

## CHAPTER XIV.

1 Ardently pursue Love, and I be emulous of the SPIRITUAL gifts; 1 but rather that you may prophesy.

2 For HE who is SPEAK-

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. THAT which is not HER OWN.

<sup>10.</sup> then-omit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> The soptrow is to be understood of some of those transparent substances, which the ancients, in the then imperfect state of the arts, used in their windows; such as, thin plates of horn, transparent stone, ill-prepared glass, and such like: through which they saw, indeed, the objects without, but obscurely.—Bloomfield.

<sup>1 5. 1</sup> Cor. x.24; Phil. if. 4. 1 12. 8 Cor. iii, 18; v. 7; Phil. iil. 12.

<sup>16.</sup> Psz. x. 3; Rom. i. 32. 1 6. 2 John 4. 1 1. Num. xi. 28, 23.

ουκ ανθρωποις λαλει, αλλα τω θεω· ουδεις γαρ is not speaking to Men, but to the God; no one for speak,

3 6 δ€ ατουει, πνευματι δε λαλει μυστηρια. the but but he speaks mysteries; in spirit

προφητευων, ανθρωποις λαλει οικοδομην και edification and one prophesying, tomen speaks

παραμυθιαν. 4 'O λαλων παρακλησιν και The one speaking and consolation. exhortation

γλωσση, έαυτον οικοδομει ό δε προφητευων, builds up; the but one prophesying, with a tongue, himself

 $^{5}$ Θελω δε παντας ύμας εκκλησιαν οικοδομει. builds up. I wish and ail a congregation

μαλλον δε ίνα προφηλαλειν γλωσσαις, but that you may with tongues, rather to speak

τευντε μειζων γαρ δ προφητευων η δ λαλων greater for the one prophesying than the one speaking

γλωσσαις, εκτος ει μη διερμηνευη, ίνα ή εκκληunless if notheshouldinterpret, so that the congrega-

σια οικοδομην λαβη. <sup>6</sup> Nuvi  $\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o i$ ,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ tion edification may receive. Now hut, brethren, προς ύμας γλωσσαις λαλων, τι ύμας ελθω

speaking, what you with tongues I should come to you ωφελησω, εαν μη ύμιν λαλησω η εν αποκαλυif not to you I shall speak either in a revelation,

ψει, η εν γνωσει, η εν προφητεια, η εν διδαχη; or in knowledge, or in a prophecy, or in teaching?

7 Όμως τα αψυχα φωνην διδοντα, ειτε αυ-Inlike manner the things without hife a sound giving, whether

λος, ειτε κιθαρα, εαν διαστολην τοις φθονγοις μη a harp, if a difference to the notes

πως γνωσθητεται το αυλουμενον η shall he known that being played on flute or they should give, how

το κιθαριζομενον; 8 Και γαρ εαν αδηλον φωνην that being played on ha.p? Also for if an uncertain sound τις παρασκευασεται εις πολεδω,

a trumpet should give, who will prepare himself for μον: 9 Ούτω και ύμεις δια της γλωσσης you through the tongue

μη ευσημον λογον δωτε, πως γνωσθησεται το not a well-marked word you give, how shall be known

λαλουμενον, εσεσθε γαρ εις αερα λαλουντες.

Laving beeu spoken? you will be for into air speaking.

10 Τοσαυτα, ει τυχοι, γενη φωνων εστιν εν κοσ-So many, if it may be, kinds of voices is in world,

μω, και ουδεν \*[αυτων] αφωνον. 11 Εαν ουν If and no one [of them] nameaning.

listens; but, by the Spirit, he is speaking Mysterious things.

3 He who is prophesy-ING, however, speaks to Men for Edification, and Exhortation, and Consolation.

4 The SPEAKER in a foreign Language edifies Himself; but HE who PROPHESIES edifies the Congregation.

5 I am willing, indeed, for you all to speak in dif-Languages, terent rather that you should prophesy; for greater is HE who PROPHESIES, than HE who SPEAKS in different Languages; unless, indeed, he should interpret, so that the congre-GATION may receive Edifi-

6 And now, Brethren, if I should come to you speaking in various Languages, what shall I profit You, unless I shall speak to You intelligibly, either by ‡a "Revelation," or by a [word of] "Knowledge, or by a "Prophecy," or by a "Doctrine i"

7 In like manner, IN-ANIMATE THINGS giving a Sound, whether Flute or Harp, if they give no \*Difference of Sound, how will the TUNE on the FLUTE or HARP be known?

8 For also, if a Trumpet should give an Uncertain Sound, who will prepare himself for Battle?

9 So even nou by the TONGUE, if you do not give intelligible Speech, how shall it be known WHAT is SPOKEN? For you will be speaking to the Air.

10 It may be there are So many Kinds of Languages in the World, and then no one is unmeaning;

also

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. God.

μη είδω την δυναμιν της φωνης, εσομαι τω act I know the power of the voice, I shall be to the

λαλουντι βαρβαρος και δ λαλων, εν εμοι βαρeas speaking a barbarian; end the one speaking, to me a bar-

βαρος.  $^{12}$ Ούτω και ύμεις, επει ζηλωται εστε βαιια. βο also you, since sealots you are

πνευματων, προς την οικαδομην ης εκκλησιας foregirite, for the building up of the congregation

ζητειτε ίνα περισσευητε.

seekyou that you may abound.

Υλωτση, προσευχεσθω ίνα διερμηνευη.

in a tongue, let him pray that he may interpret.

If

γαρ προσευχωμαι γλωσση, το πνευμα μου for I pray is stoague, the opinit of me

προσευχεται, δ δε νους μου ακαρπος εστι.  $^{15}$  Τι prays, the but mind of mo unfractul is. What

our  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ ; Προσευξομαι  $\tau \omega$   $\pi \gamma \epsilon \upsilon \mu \alpha \tau \iota$ ,  $\pi \rho \sigma \epsilon \upsilon \iota$  then is it? I will pray with the spirit, I will  $\xi \rho \mu \alpha \iota$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\tau \omega$   $\nu \alpha \iota$   $\psi \alpha \lambda \omega$   $\tau \omega$  pray but also with the understanding; I will sing praise with the

πνευματι ψαλω  $*[\delta \epsilon]$  και τω νοι. spirit I will sing praise [but] also with the understanding.

If  $\mathbf{E}\pi\epsilon\iota$ ,  $\epsilon\alpha\nu$  eulognoths the specific the one filling Otherwise, if thou shouldst bless with the epoint, the one filling

ρων των τοπον του ιδιωτου πως ερει το αμην the place of the private person how shall say the co heir

επιτη ση ευχαριστια; επειδη τι λεγεις ουμε ca the thy thanksgiving? since whatthou sayest net

οιδε. <sup>17</sup> Συ μεν γαρ καλως ευχαριστεις αλλ' behave. Thousaded for well givest thanks, but

δ έτερος ουκ οικοδομειται.
the other not is builtup.

18 Ευχαριστω τω θεω, παντων ύμων μαλλον I give thanke to the God, all of you more

γλωσσαις, λαλων·  $^{19}$ αλλ'  $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$  with tongues, speaking; but in a congregation I wish

WEVTE λογους δια του νοος μου λαλησαι, įνα fve words through the understanding of me to have spoken, that

ται αλλους κατηχησω, η μυριους λιγους εν to others linay-astruct, than a myriad words 'in

yλωσση. <sup>20</sup> Αδελφοι μη παιδια γινεσθε ταις atoague. Brethren, not children become you in the

φρεων αλλα τη κακια νηπιαζετε, ταις δε mind, but in the evil beyou childlike, in the and

11 if, then I do not know the MEANING of the LANGUAGE, I shall be to the SPEAKER a Barbarian, and the SPEAKER will be a Barbarian to Me.

12 So also you, since you are Zealots for Spiritual gifts, seek them, that you may abound for the EDIFICATION of the CONGREGATION.

13 Wherefore, let the SPEAKER in a foreign Language pray that he

may interpret.

14 For if I pray in a foreign Language, my spirit prays, but my UNDERSTANDING is without fruit.

I5 How then is it? I will pray in the spirit, but I will pray also with the UNDERSTANDING; I will sing praise in the spirit, but I will sing praise also with the UNDERSTANDING;

16 otherwise, if thou shouldst bless in the SPIRIT, how shall HE WHO FILLS the PLACE of the PRIVATE person say the "AMEN" to THY 1 Thanksgiving; since he knows not what thou art saying.

17 For thou, indeed, givestthankswell, but the DTHER is not edified.

18 I give thanks to God, speaking in different Languages more than all

of you;

19 yet, in a Congregation, I would rather speak Five Words through my UNDERSTANDING, so that I might also instruct Others, than Ten Thousand Words in a foreign Language.

20 Brethren, † become not Little Children in THOUGHT; (in KVIL, however, be infantile;) but in THOUGHT become fully

mature.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. but-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> Eph. v. 19; Col. iii. 16. 15. Psa. xlvii. 7. 16. 1 Cor. xi 24. 120. Psa. oxxxi. 2; Matt. xi. 25; xviii. 3; xix. 14; Rom. xvi. 16; 1 Cor. iii. 1; Eph. iv. 14; Heb. v. 12, 13; 1 Pet. ii. 2,

μηνευετω.

luterpret.

 $^{21}$  Ev  $\tau \varphi$  νομ $\varphi$   $\gamma \epsilon \gamma$ ςρεσι τελειοι γινεσθε. ands periect ones become you. In the law ithes ραπται· 'Οτι εν έτερογλωσσοις και εν χειλεσιν been written. That by other tongues and by έτεροις λαλησω τω λαω τουτω, και ουδ' ούτως others I will speak to the people this, and not even  $^{22}$ ' $\Omega\sigma\tau\epsilon$  ai εισακουσονται μου, λεγει κυριος. says So that the will they listen to me. Lord. γλωσσαι εις σημειον εισιν, ου τοις πιστευουtougues for a sign are, not to those σιν, αλλα τοις απιστοις ή δε προφητεια ου but to the unbeliever; the but prophesying not  $^{23}$  E $\alpha\nu$ τοις απιστοις, αλλα τοις πιστευουσιν. to the unbelieving, but to those 1 f believing. \*[συν]ελθη ή εκκλησι**α δλη επι** το therefore should come [together] the congregation whole to the αντο, και παντες γλωσσαις λαλωσιν, εισελθωσι and all with tongues chould speak, should come in  $\delta \in i\delta i\omega au lpha_i$ ,  $\star [\eta \ \alpha \pi i\sigma au oi,]$  our  $\epsilon \rho ou \sigma i v$ ,  $\delta au i$  and unlearned ones, [or nubehevers,] not will they say, that 24 Εαν δε παντες προφητευωσιν,  $\mu\alpha\iota\nu\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon$ : Ιſ you are mad? bnt all should prophesy,  $\epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$   $\delta \epsilon \tau i s \alpha \pi i \sigma \tau o s$ ,  $\eta i \delta i \omega \tau \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \chi \epsilon \tau \alpha i$ should come in and any one unbelieving, or unlearned, he is convinced ύπο παντω**ν, α**νακρινετα**ι ύπο π**αντων. he is examined bу κρυπτα της καρδια**ς α**υτο**υ** φανερα γινεται· και secrets of the heart of him manifest become; and 70 ούτω πεσων επι προσωπον προσκυνησει a face he will worship the on θεω, απαγγελλων, ότι δ θεος οντως εν ύμιν that the God really among you aunounciug, Gud, <sup>26</sup> Τι ουν εστιν, αδελφοι; 'Οταν συνερeori. Why then is it, brethren? When you may is. ϵκαστος \* <math>[ υμων ] ψαλμον ϵχϵι, διδαχησθε. some together, each one [of you] a psalm has, χην εχει, γλωσσαν εχει, αποκαλυψιν εχει, a tongue has, a revelation has. εχει παντα προς οικοδομην γινεσέρμηνεια**ν** has; all things for building up let be an interpretation <sup>27</sup>  $E_{i\tau\alpha}$   $\gamma\lambda\omega\sigma\sigma\eta$   $\tau$  is  $\lambda\alpha\lambda\epsilon i$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha$   $\delta\nu i$ ,  $\eta$ If with a tougue any one speaks, done. by το πλειστον τρεις, και ανα μερος και εις διερ-

21 In the LAW it has written, 1 " With "Other Languages, and " with the Lips of others "I will speak to this "PEOPLE; and neither "so will the listen to me, " says the Lord."

22 So that the LAN-GUAGES are for a Sign, not to the BELIEVERS, but to the UNBELIEVERS: the PROPHESTING, however, is not for the UN-BELIEVERS, but for the BELIEVERS.

23 If, therefore, the whole CONGREGATION should come into ONE PLACE, and all should speak in foreign Languages, and there should come in illiterate persons or unbelievers, will they not say, #That you are msane?

24 But if all should prophesy, and any unbe-neving or illiterate person should enter, he is con-vinced by all, he is examined by all;

25 the SECRETS of his **HEART** become manifest: and so falling on his Face, he will worship God, announcing That God is really among you.

26 Why then is it, Brethren, when you assemble, each one has a Psalm-thas a Discourse \* has a Revelation-has a Language—has an Inter-pretation? I Let all things be done for Edification.

27 And if any one speak in a foreign Language, let it be by two, or at most three [scntences,] and in succession, and let one interpret;

28 but if there is no Interpreter, let him be silent in the Congregation; and let him speak to Himself and to GoD.

26.

<sup>28</sup> Εαν δε μη 'η διερμηνευτης,

but not may be

σιγατω εν εκκλησια· έαυτφ δε λαλειτω και ht him be silent in congregation; to himself but let him speak and

11

ant nterpeter,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. together-omit. 23. or Unbelievers-omit. .fyou-omit. 26. has a Revelation, has a Language, has an Interpretation.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Isa. xlv. 14, Zech. viii. 23 t 21. Jea. xxviii. 11, 12. al. 1 Cor. x1i. 8-10; verse 6. 1 23. Acts ii. 13. 1 26. 1 Cor. xii. 17; 2 Cor. xii. 19; Eph. iv 11.

 $^{29}$  Προφηται δε δυο η τρεις λαλειto the fod. Propheta but two or three τωσαν, και οἱ αλλοι διακρινετωσαν· <sup>30</sup> εαν δε and the discera; if but others. αλλο αποκαλυφθη καθημενώ, δ πρωτος σιγαsitting by, the let be to another may be revealed first

to prophesy silent ειν, Ενα παντες μανθανωσι, και παντες παρακαall may learn, and may be

λωνται $^{-32}$ και πνευματα προφητων προφηται $s \mid$ and spirits of prophets to prophets

υποτασσεται. 33 ου γαρ εστιν ακαταστασιας δ
are subject; not for is of confusion the

'Ως εν πασαις ταις εκκληθεος, αλλ' ειρηνης. As in God, but of peace. all the σιαις των άγιων, 31 αί γυναικες \*[ύμων] εν

gations of the saints, the women [of you] ταις εκκλησιαις σιγατωσαν· ου γαρ επιτετραπnot for congregations let be silent; it has been

ναι αυταις λαλειν, αλλ' ύποτασσεσθαι, καθως permitted to them to speak, but to be submissive,

35 Ei  $\delta \epsilon \tau i \mu \alpha \theta \epsilon i \nu \theta \epsilon \lambda o v$ και δ νομος λεγει. If and anything to learn even the law says.

σιν, εν οικώ τους ιδιούς ανδράς επερωτάτωσαν wish, in a house the husbands let them ask ; owa γαρ εστι γυναιξιν εν εκκλησια λα-

anindecent thing for it is women in a congregation to <sup>36</sup> Η αφ' ύμων δ λογος του θεου εξηλθεν; Or from you the word of the God went out?

η εις ύμας μονους κατηντησεν; <sup>37</sup> Ει τις δοκει did it come? If ery one thinks you alone

προφητης ειναι η πνευματικός, επιγινώσκετω spiritual, let him acknowledge a prophet to be or

γραφω ύμιν, δτι κυριου εισιν εντοthe things I write to you, because of Lord they are command-

 $^{39}$  ' $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ , λαι· 38 ει δε τις αγνοει, αγνοειτω. if but any one is ignorant, let him be ignorant. menta; So that,

αδελφοι, (ηλουτε το προφητευειν, brithren, be you zealous that to prophesy, και  $\tau o$ and that

<sup>40</sup> παντα δε λαλειν γλωσσαις μη κωλυέτε• with tongues not ainder you; all things but to speak

και κατα ταξιν γινεσθω. ευσχημονως in a becoming manner and according to order let be done.

29 And let two or three Prophets speak, ana ‡let the others judge:

30 but if to another sitting by, there should be a Revelation, let the FIRST be silent.

31 For you can all prophesy one by one, so that all may learn, and all may be comforted.

32 And the Spiritual gifts of Prophetsare subject

to Propliets;

33 for God is not a God of Confusion, but of Peace. As in All the CONGREGATIONS of the SAINTS.

34 tlet your wives be silent in the ASSEMBLIES: for it has not been permitted to them to speak, tbut \* let them be submissive; ‡ even as the LAW also savs:

35 and if they wish anything, let to learn them ask their own Husbands at Home; for it is an indecent thing for \*a Woman to speak in the Assembly.

36 Did the WORD of God go out from you, or did it only extend to you?

37 #If any one assume to be a Prophet, or a Spiritual person, let him acknowledge the things which I write to you, \* That they are Commandments of the Lord;

38 but if any be ignorant, let him be ignorant.
39 Wherefore, Brethren,

tearnestly desire to PRO-PHESY; and forbid not to \* SPEAK in foreign Languages;

40 ‡ but let all things be done in a becoming manner, and according to Order.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—34. you.—omit. 34. let them be somen to speak. 37. That it is a Commandment of the Lord. 34. let them be submissive. 35. a Woman to speak. 39, speak.

<sup>1 34. 1</sup> Tim. ii. 11, 12. 29. 1 Cor. xii. 10. 134. iii. 18; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. 29. 1 Cor. xii. 31; 1 Thess. v. 20. ‡ 34. Gen. iii. 16. 1 40. verse 33.

<sup>2 34. 1</sup> Cor. xi. 3; Eph. v. 22; Col. 37. 2 Cor. x. 7; 1 John iv. 3

## KΕΦ. 16. 15.

Τρωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, το ευαγγελιον but to you, brethren. the glad tidings

ευηγγελισαμην ύμιν, δ και παραλαβετε, which I announced as glad tidings to you, which also you received,

 $\epsilon \nu$  ' $\varphi$  και  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon$ ,  $2 \delta i$  ο  $\delta \kappa \kappa \alpha i$ σωζεσθε• in which also you have stood, throughwhich also you are heing saved;

λ.ογώ ευηγγελισαμεν ύμιν ει κατεχετε.) (by a certain word I announced as glad tidings to you if you retain:)

<sup>3</sup> Παρεδωκα εκτος ει μη εικη επιστευσατε. except if not inconsiderately you believed. I delivered

γαρ ύμιν εν πρωτοις δ και παρελαβον. ότι for to you among first things what also I received; that Χριστος απεθανεν ύπερ των άμαρτιων ήμων,

on behalf of the sins of us, κατα τας γραφας: <sup>4</sup>και ότι εταφη, και ότι according to the writings; and that hewashuried, and that

εγηγερται τη τριτη ήμερα, κατα τας γραφας.

he was raised the third day, according to the writinge; 5 και ότι ωφθη Κηφα, ειτα τοις δωδεκα. 6 Eπει-

and that he was seen by Kaphas, then by the twelve. After that τα ωφθη επαινω πεντακοσιοις αδελφοις εφαπαξ,

he was seen above by five hundred brethren at once, ών οί πλειους μενουσιν έως αρτι, τινες δε out of whom the greater number remain till now, some but

και εκοιμηθησαν. 7 Επείτα ωφθη Ιακωβφ<math> είταalso have fallen asleep. After that he was seen by James; then

<sup>8</sup> Εσχατον δε παντων, τοις αποστολοις πασιν. by the apostles all. of all.

ώσπερει τω εκτρωματι, ωφθη καμοι.
just as if by the abortion, he was seen also by me.

γαρ ειμι δ ελαχιστος των αποστολων δς ουκ for least of the apostles; who not

ειμι ίκανος καλεισθαι αποστολος, διοτι εδιωξα an apostle, because I persecuted to be called

10 Χαριτι δε θεου ειμι την εκκλησιαν του θεου. the congregation of the God. By favor but of God I am

δ ειμι· και ή χαρις αυτου ή εις εμε, ου κενη
what I am; and the favor of him that to me, not vain εγενηθη, αλλα περισσοτερον αυτων παντων

more abundantly of them ουκ εγω δε, αλλ' ή χαρις του θεου εκοπιασα• i labored; but, but the favor of the

pot

## CHAPTER XV.

1 Now I make known to you, Brethren, the GLAD TIDINGS ! which I evangelized to you, and which you received; in which also you have stood,

2 and through which you are being saved, if you retain a certain Word I evangelized to you; ‡ unless, indeed, you believed inconsiderately.

3 For I delivered to you among the chief things, twhat also I re-ceived, That Christdied on behalf of our sins taccording to the SCRIPTURES;

4 and That he was buried; and That he was raised the THIRD Day according to the scrip-TURES;

5 and That he was seen t by Cephas: then t by the TWELVE;

6 afterwards, he was seen by more than five hundred Brethrenatonce; of whom the greater number remain till now, but some have fallen asleep.

7 After that, he was seen by James; then, thy all the APOSTLES;

8 and, tlast of all, he was seen by me also, as if by the one PREMATURELY BORN;

9 for I am t the LEAST of the Apostles, who am not worthy to be called an Apostle, | because I persecuted the CHURCH of GOD.

10 But what I am ‡I am by the Favor of God; and THAT FAVOR of his towards me was not fruitless; ffor I labored more abundantly than all of them; tyet not 1, \*but the FAVOR of GOD with me.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. but the PAVOR of God.

 $^{12}$  Ει δε Χριστος κηρυσσεται, δτι εκ νεκρων if but Anointed is proclaimed, that out of dead ones εγηγερται, πως λεγουσι τίνες εν ὑμιν, δτι

has been raised, how any some among you, that αναστασις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, <sup>13</sup> Ει δε ανασταaresurrection of dead ones not is? If but a resurrec-

σις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται·
tion of dead ones not is, not even Anounted has been raised;

Here  $\delta \in X \rho \iota \sigma \tau os$  our egyphertal, kenov are to if but Anointed not has been raised, void then the knougha  $\eta \mu \omega \nu$ , kenov  $\star \left[\delta \epsilon\right]$  kai  $\eta$   $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota s$   $\iota \iota \iota \omega \nu$ . Preaching of us, void  $\star \left[\delta \epsilon\right]$  kai  $\eta$   $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota s$   $\iota \iota \iota \iota \omega \nu$ .

15 Ευρισκομεθα δε και ψευδομαρτυρες του θεου· We are found and even false withesses of the God; δτι εμαρτυρησαμεν κατα του θεου, δτι ηγειρε

concerning the God, thatheraised up because we testified τον Χριστον, δυ ουκ ηγειρεν, ειπερ αρα νεκροι th. Acointed, whom not he raised up, if indeed dead ones 16 Ει γαρ νεκροι ουκ εγειρουουκ εγειρονται. not are raised up. If for dead ones ται, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται 17 ει δε Χριστος up, not even Anointed has been raised; if but Anointed ουκ εγηγερται, ματαια ή πιστις ύμων ετι εστε not has been raised, deceptive the faith of you; atill you are

εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων. 18 αρα και οι κοιμηθενla the sins οίγου; then also those havin falled τες εν Χριστω, απωλοντο. 19 με εν τη ζωη

asleep in Anointed, perished. It in the life

ταυτη ηλπικοτες εσμέν εν Χριστώ μονον, ελεthis having been hoping we are in Anointed alone, more

εινοτεροι παντων ανθρωπων εσμεν. <sup>20</sup> Νυνι δε pitiable of all men we are. Now but

Χριστος ενηγερται εκ νεκρων, απαρνη των Anointed has been raised up out of dead ones, a first-fruit of those

κεκοιμημενων.
having fallen asleep.

 $^{21}$  E $\pi\epsilon\iota\delta\eta$  yap  $\delta\iota$ ' av $\theta
ho\omega\pi$ ov  $\delta$   $\theta$ avatos, kai Since for through a mas the death, also

 $^{\circ i}$  ανθρωπου αναστασις νεκρων.  $^{22}$  'Ωσπερ through a man a resurrection of dead ones.

γαρ  $\epsilon \nu$  τω  $A \delta \alpha \mu$  παντές αποθυητκουσιν, ούτω for in the  $A \delta \alpha m$  all die, so και  $\epsilon \nu$  τω  $X \rho \iota \sigma \tau \omega$  παντές ζωοποιηθησονται.

kal εν τω Χριστω παντες ζωοποιηθησονται slao in the Anointed all will be made alive.

11 Whether I, then, or then, thus we preach, and thus you believed.

12 But if it is proclaimed That Christ has been raised from the Dead, how say some among you That there is not a Resurrection of the Dead?

13 But if there is not a Resurrection of the Dead, theither has Christ been raised;

14 and if Christ has not been raised, void certainly is our PHOCLAMA-TION, and void is your FAITH.

15 And we are found even False witnesses concerning GoD; Because we testified in regard to GoD, That he raised up the ANOINTED one; whom he did not raise up, it indeed Dead persons are not raised.

16 For if Dead persons are not raised up, neither has Christ been raised;

17 and if Christ has not been raised, your FAITH \* is deceptive; tyou are still in your sins;

18 then, also, THOSE HAVING PALLEN ASLEEP in Christ, have perished.

19 ‡ If in this LIFE only we have hope in Christ, we are more pitiable than All Men.

20 But now ‡ Christ has been raised from the Dead, ‡ a First-fruit of THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP.

21 For t since through a Man, there is \* Death, through a Man, also, there is a Resurrection of the Dead;

22 for as by ADAM All die, so by the ANOINTED also, will All be restored to life.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. and-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> is deceptive.

<sup>21.</sup> Death.

<sup>† 13, 1</sup> Thess. iv. 14. † 15. Acts ii. 24, 32; iv. 10, 23; xiii. 30. † 17. Rom. iv. 25 † 10. 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 20. 1 Pet. i. 3. † 20. Acts xxvi. 23; verse 23; Col. i. 12. Rev. i. 5. † 21. Rom. v. 12, 17. † 21. John xi 25; Rom. vi. 23.

🖾 Έκαστος δε εν τω ιδιώ ταγματι. απαρχη and in the a first-fruit own band: Χριστος, επειτα οί του Χριστου, εν τη παρου-Amounted, afterthatthose of the Anounted, in the presence σια αυτου· 24 ειτα το τελος, δταν παραthen the end, when he should have qeτην βασιλειαν τω θεω και πατρι, όταν kiugdom to the God and livered un the father, when πασαν αρχην και πασαν εξουκαταργηση he should have abrogated all government and all autho- $^{25}\,\Delta\epsilon$ ι γαρ αυτον βασιλευσιαν και δυναμιν. It behoves for him to reign, power. exθρους ειν, αχρις ού αν θη παντας TOUS till he may have placed all the enemies  $^{26}$  E $\sigma\chi$ aauos  $\epsilon \chi \theta gos$ ποδας αυτου. TOUS the feet under ό θανατος: 27 παντα γαρ ύπετακαταργειται is rendered powerless the death; all things for he subjected 'Όταν δε ξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου. ειπη, When but it may be aid, of him. ότι παντα ύποτετακται, δηλον, ότι εκτος του that all things have been subjected, it is evident, that is excepted the 28 'Οταν δε ύπούποταξαντος αυτώ τα παντα. one having subjected to him the allthings. When but may be -αγη αυτώ τα παντα, τοτε \*[και] αυτος ό υίος subjected to him the all things, ther [also] him self the son ύποταγησεται τω ύποταξαντι αυτώ τα παντα, will be subject to the one having subjected to him the all things, 'η δ θεος \*[τα] παντα εν πασιν.  $^{29}$ Επει so that may be the God [the] all tuings in ail. τι ποιησουσιν οί βαπτιζομένοι ύπερ των νέκwhat shall they do those being dipped en behalf of the dead ρων, ει δλως νεκροιουκ εγειρονται; τι και if at all dead ones not are raised up? why and <sup>30</sup> Τικαι ήμεις κινβαπτιζονται ύπερ αυτων: are they dipped on behalf of them? Why and WB are in δυνευομεν πασαν ώραν; 31 Καθ' ήμεραν αποθhourf Every cay every νησκω, νη την ύμετεραν καυχησιν, ήν εχω εν hoasting, which I have in your bу the

23 But teach one is his own rank; Christ & First-fruit; afterwards, those who are Christ's at his APPEARING.

24 (Then, the END, when he shall give up the KINGDOM to the GOD and Father; when he shall have abrogated All Government and All Authority and Power.

25 For he must reign till he has placed All ENE-MIES under his FEET.

26 Even DEATH, the Last Enemy, I will be rendered

powerless;

27 for the has subjected. All things under his FLET But when he says that All things are subjected it is manifest that HE is excepted, who has subjected by the Head of the hims to him.

23 ‡ And when he shall have subdued ALL things to him ‡ then the son himself will be subject to HIM who SULDUED ALL things to him, that God may be all in All.)

29 † Oth stwise, what will THOSE do who are BEING IMMERSED on behalf or the DEAD? If the Dead are not raised at all, why then are they immersed on their behalf?

30 and ‡ why are we in danger I very Hour?

all solemnly declare, by \*tre Boastino concerning you, Brettiren, which I have in Christ Jesus our LORD, † that I am Cring daily.

Lord

Χοιστω Ιητου τω κυριω ήμων.

Jesus the

Anointed

κατα

If according to

32 E1

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—28. also—omit. Brethren, which.

<sup>28.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>31.</sup> Your beasting,

<sup>† 29.</sup> Clarke, after saying that this is the most difficult passage . The New Testament and quoting Matt. xx. 22, 23; Mark x. 35; and Luke xii. 50, where sufferings and martyrdom are represented by immersion, he sums up the apostie's meaning as follows:—"If there he no resurrection of the dead, those who, in becoming Christians, expose themselves to all manner of privations, crosses, severe sufferings, and a violent death, can have no reward, nor any motive sufficient to induce them to expose themselves to such miseries. But as they receive baptism as an emblem of death, in voluntarily going under water; so they receive it as an emblem of the resurrection unto eternal life, in coming upout of the water; thus they are baptized for the dead, in perfect faith of the resurrection. The three following verses seem to confirm this sense."

† 31. Or, that Every Day I am exposed to death.

<sup>† 23.</sup> verse 20; 1 Thess.iv.15-17. † 25. Psa. cx.1; Acts 41. 34, 35. Eph. 1, 22; Heb. 1, 13; x 13. † 26. 2 Tim. i. 10; Rev. xx. 14. † 27. Psa. viii. 6; Heb. it. 8. † 28. Phil. iii. 21. † 28. 1 Cor. iii. 23; xi. 3. † 20. 2 Cor. xi. 26; Gal. v. 11. † 31. Thess. ii. 19. † 31. Rom. viii. 36; i Cor. iv. 9; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11; xi. 23.

υθρωπον εθηριομαχησα εν Εφεσφ, τι μοι το man I fought with a wild beast in Epheaus, what to me the oφελος; ει νεκροι ουκ εγειρονται, φαγωμεν και proît? if dead ones not are raised up, we may cat and πιωμεν αυριον γαρ αποθυπσκομεν. 33 Μη πλαwemay drigh; to-morrow tor we die. Not be you was the profits of the program of

νασθε. Φθειρ είσιν ηθη χρηστα δμιλιαι κακαι. led astray.

34 Εκυηψατε δικαιως, και μη άμαρτανετε: άγνω. Ανακεγου asitibit, and not sinyou; igno-

σιαν γαρ θεου τίνες εχουσι: προς εντροπην τίνος τος ος βαθα κόμε τος τος καιως τος οι νεκροι; ποιω δε σωματι ερχονται;  $^{36}$  Αφthe dead ones? το what and body do they come? Of ool ρον συ δ σπειρείς, ου ζωσποιείται, εαν μη

ish one; though a sowest, not is made alive, if not  $a\pi o \theta a \nu \eta^{-3/2} \kappa a \iota \delta \sigma \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \epsilon \iota s$ , ou  $\tau o \sigma \omega \mu a \tau o \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta^{-1} \iota s \iota u d die; a u d what thou sowest, not that body that going$ 

σομένον σπειρεις, αλλα γυμνον κοκκον, ει to be born thousowest, but a unked grain, if τυχοι, σιτου, η τινος των λοιπων  $\frac{33}{5}$  δ δε θέος it may happen, of wheat, or some of the others; the but God

αυτω διδωσι σωμα καθως ηθελησε, και έκαστω toit gives abody as herifled, and to each των σπερματων \*[το] ίδιον σωμα. 39 Ου πασα of the seeds [the] own body. Not all

 $σαρξ, <math>\mathring{η}$  αυτη συρξ αλλα αλλη μεν ανθρωπων, fiesh, the same fiesh but one indeed of men,

another and flesh of cattle, another and of fishes, another  $\delta \epsilon$   $\pi \tau \eta \nu \omega \nu$ . 40 Kai  $\sigma \omega \mu a \tau a \epsilon \pi \sigma \upsilon \rho a \nu i a$ , kai

and of birds. And bodies heavenly, and  $\sigma \omega \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \in \pi_1 \gamma \in \alpha$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda$   $\epsilon \tau \in \rho \alpha \mu \in \gamma \tau \tau \tau \tau$ 

bodies earthly; but one indeed that of the heaven- $\cdots \omega \nu$   $\delta o \xi \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha \delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \tau \omega \nu$   $\epsilon \pi i \gamma \epsilon i \omega \nu$ .

Let  $\epsilon = \epsilon \nu$  glory, another and that of the earthlies.

One

δοξα ήλιου, και αλλη δυξα σεληνης, και αλλη glory of sun, and another glory of sun, and another

δοξα αστερων αστηρ γαρ αστερος διαφερει εν glory of state; a star for from a star differs in

Σπειρεται εν φθορα, εγειρεται εν αφθαρσιά: Itis no-m in corruption icis raised in incorruption.

43 σπειρετα εν ατιμια, εγειρεται εν δοξη· σπειitis sown in dishonor, it is raised in glory; tis

ρεται εν ασθενεια, εγειρεται εν δυναμει·
sono in weakness, itis raised in power;

32 If, as men do, \$1 fought a wild beast at Liphesus, of what benefit is it to me? If the Dead are not raised up, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die.

33 Be not led astray; ‡ vicious intercourse corrupts virtuous Habits.

34 ‡Awake to sobricty, as it is fit, and sin not; ‡for some are Ignorant of God; ‡for Shame to you I say it.

35 But some one will say, "How are the D:d raised up? and in What Body do they come?"

36 O senseless man! twhat thou sowest is not made alive unless it dic;

37 and as to what thou sowest, thou sowest not THAT BODY which will be produced, but a Bare Gram, it may be of Wheat, or of some of the other kinds;

38 but God gives to it a Body, as he designed, and to Each of the SEEDS

its Own Body.

39 All Flesh is not the SAME Flesh; but there is One, indeed of Men; and Another Flesh of Cattle; and Another \*of Birds, and Another of Fishes.

40 and there are heavenly Bodies, and entitly Bodies; but the GLORY of the HEAVENLY, indeed is One; and of the MARTHLY, Another.

41 There is One Glory of the Sun, and Another Glory of the Moon, and Another Glory of the Stars; for Star differs from Star in Glory.

42 ‡ And thus is the RESURRECTION of the DEAD. It is sown in Corruption, it is raised in Incorruption;

43 tit is sown in Dishonor, it is raised in Glory; it is sown in Weakness, it is raised in Power;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—38. the—omit.
 39. of Birds, and another of Fishes.

<sup>1 32. 2</sup> Cor. i. 8. 1 32. Isa. xxii. 13; lvi. 12; Eccl. ii. 24; Luke xii. 19. 1 33 1 Cor. v. 6. 2 34. Rom. xiii. 11; Eph. v. 14. 2 34 1 Theor. iv 5. 4 35 1 Cor. vi. 5. 4 36. John xii. 24. 3 42. Dan. xii. 2; Matt. xii. 43. 2 43. Phil. in 21

it is raised

 $^{45}$  Ούτω και γεγραπται•

and

Εστι σωμα ψυχικον, και εστι

soulical.

a body

is

πνευματικον.

spiritual.

it is sown

\* $\lceil σωμα \rceil$  πνευματικον.

When but the corruptible

ruption, and the mortal

[a body] spiritual. So andit has been written; Εγενετο δ πρωτος \*[ανθρωπος] Αδαμ εις ψυχην Was made the first [man] Adam iuto a soul (ωσαν· δ εσχατος Αδαμ εις πνευμα (ωοποιουν. living; the last Adam into aspirit 46 Αλλ' ου πρωτον το πνευματικον, αλλα το not first the spiritual. but the 47 'Ο πρωτος ψυχικον· επειτα το πνευματικον. afterwards the soulical, spiritual. The first ανθρωπος, εκ γης χοικος δ δευτερος ανθρωπος, man, from earth earthy; the second man, 48 Oios δ χοικος, τοι-\*[ό κυριος] εξ ουρανου. from heaven. Of what kind the earthy, [the Lord] ουτοι και οί χοικοι και οίος δ επουρανιος, theearthyones; and of what kind the heavenly, also τοιουτοι και οί επουρανιοι· <sup>49</sup> και καθως εφορεσalso the heavenly ones; . ... like and even sa we bore την εικονα του χοικου, φορεσομεν και την the image of the earthy, we shall bear also the  $^{50}\,\mathrm{T}ov au o$ εικονα του επουρανιου. δε φημι, ofthe heavenly. This and I say, σαρξ και αίμα βασιλειαν θεου αδελφοι, ότ**ι** orethren, that flesh and blood a kingdom of God κληρονομησαι ου δυνανται, ουδε ή φθορα την nor the corruption the to inherit not are able, <sup>51</sup> Ιδου, αφθαρσιαν κληρονομει. μυστηριον incorruption shall inherit. Lo, a mystery Παντες μεν ύμιν λεγω· ου κοιμηθησομεθα• indeed not we shall be asleep; to you I speak; All παντες δε αλλαγησομεθα, 52 εν ατομφ, εν but we shall be changed, in amoment, in a twink-(Σαλπη οφθαλμου, εν τη εσχατη σαλπιγγι. in the last hng of an eye, trumpet. (It shall πισει γαρ, και οί νεκροι εγερθησονται αφθαρand the dead ones shall be raised nound for, incor- $^{53}$   $\Delta \epsilon \iota$ και ήμεις αλλαγησομεθα.) γαρ ruptible, and we shall be changed.) It is necessary for το φθαρτον τουτο ενδυσασθαι αφθαρσιαν, this to be clothed with incorruption, the corruptible and ενδυσασθαι αθανασιαν. 70 θνητεν τουτο the this to be clothed with immortality. <sup>54</sup> Όταν δε το φθαρτον τουυο ενδυσηται αφθαρ-

σιαν, και το θνητον τουτο ενδυσηται αθανασιαν,

44 σπειρεται σωμα ψυχικον, εγειρεται σωμα

a body

soulical

a body

44 it is sown an animal Body, it is raised a spiritual Body. \* If there is an animal Body, there is also a spiritual Body.

45 And so it has been written, The r:RST Adam ;"became a living Soul;" the LAST Adam, ‡a life-

giving Spirit.

46 The SPIRITUAL, however, was not the first, but the ANIMAL; afterwards, the SPIRIT-UAL.

47 ‡The FIRST Man was from the Ground, ‡earthy; the SECOND Man is ‡ from

Heaven.

48 Of what kind the EARTHY one, such also the EARTHY ones; ‡ and of what kind the HEAVENLY one, such also the HEAVENLY ones;

49 and ‡ even as we bore the likeness of the Earthy one, ‡ we shall also bear the likeness of the heavenly one.

50 And I say this, Breth ren, Because ‡ Flesh and Blood cannot inherit the Kingdom of God; nor shall corruption inherit incorruption.

51 Behold! a Secret I disclose to you; ‡We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed.—

52 in a Moment, in the Twinkling of an Eye, at the LAST Trumpet; for it will sound, and the DEAD will be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed.

53 For this CORRUFTIBLE must be clothed with Incorruptibility, and ‡ this MORTAL must be clothed

with Immortality.

54 And when this CORRUPTIBLE shall be clothed with Incorruptibility, and this MORTAL, shall be

this shall be clothed with immortality,

this shall be clothed with incor-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. If there is an animal Body, there is also a Spiritual Body. 44. Body—omit. 45. Man—omit. 47. the Lord—omit.

<sup>† 45.</sup> Gen. ii. 7. † 45. Rom. v. 14. † 45. John v. 21; vi. 33, 39, 40, 54, 57; Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4. † 47. John iii. 31. † 47. Gen. ii. 7; iii. 19. † 47. John iii. 21. † 48. Phil. iii. 20, 21. † 49. Gen. v. 3. † 49. Phil. iii. 21; John iii. 2. † 50. John iii. 3. † 51. 1 Thess. iv. 15—17. † 52. Matt. xxiv. 31; John v. 21; 1 Thess. iv. 16.

τοτε γενησεται δ λογος δ γεγραμμενος. Κατεwill happen the word that having been written; δ θανατος εις νικος. 55 Που σου, θανα-Where of thee, O death, swallowed up the death into victory. το κεντρον; που σου, 'αδη, το νικος: sting? where of thee, Onnscen, the victory? the  $^{56}$  Το δε κεντρον του θανατου,  $\dot{\eta}$  άμαρτια $\dot{\eta}$  δε The hut sting of the death, the 51B; the and  $^{57}$  T $\omega$   $\delta \epsilon \theta \epsilon \varphi$ δυναμις της άμαρτιας, ό νομος. the law. power of the To the but God 81D, χαρις, τω διδοντι ήμιν, το νικος δια του chanks, to the one having given to us, the victory through the 58 'Ωστε, αδελκυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. Anointed, Wherefore, φοι μου αγαπητοι, εδοαιοι γινεσθε, αμετακινηren of me beloved, be you, steadfast unmoveable. τυ., περισσευοντες εν τφ εργφ του κυριου abounding in the work of the Lord

παντοτε, ειδοτες, ότι ό κοπος ύμων ουκ εστι knowing, that the labor of you at all times,

KEVOS EV KUDIW. vain in Lord.

## KEΦ. 15'. 16,

1 Περι δε της λογιας της εις τους άγιους, Concerning and the collection that for the saints. ώσπερ διαταζα ταις εκκλησιαις της Γαλατιας, as I appointed to the coogregations of the Galatia, ούτω κα ύμεις ποιησατε.  $^2$  Κατα μιαν σαββαyou also do. Every first των έκαστος ύμων παρ' έαυτω τιθετω, θησαυeach one of you by itself let him place, treasurριζων, δ,τι αν ευοδωται• ίνα μη όταν lnyup, what thing he may be prospered; so that not when 3 'Отач δε τοτε λογιαι γινωντα ... When I may come, then collections may be made. and

 $\delta i^* \in \pi \iota \sigma$ παραγενωμαι, ούς εαν δοκιμασητε. whem if you may arprove, by I may arrive, τολων τουτους πεμψω απενεγκειν την χαριν these I will send to carry the gift ύμων εις 'Ιερουσαλημ'  $^4$   $\epsilon$ av  $\delta$ e ' $\eta$  aξιον του if but it may he worthy of the Jerusalem; καμε πορευεσθαι,  $\sigma v r$ €µoι πορευσονται. with even me to go, me they shall go.

5 Ελευπομαι δε προς ύμας, όταν Μακεδονιαν I will come but to you, when Macedonia

(Μακεδονιαν γαρ διερχομαί)  $\delta \iota \in \lambda \theta \omega^*$ I may have passed through; Macedonia for I pass through;)

προς ύμας δε τυχον παραμενω, η και παραyou and it may happen I will remain, or even I shall remain with You, or even

clothed with limmortality, then will THAT WORD be accomplished which HAS BEEN WRITTEN, T"DEATH was swallowed up in Victory!"

55 Where, O Death! is Thy sting? Where, O Hades! is Thy Victory?

56 The STING of DEATH is sin, and the ‡ power of

SIN is the LAW:

Thanks 57 : but THAT GOD, who gives 4 the victory, through our LORD, Jesus Christ.

58 # Wherefore, my beloved Brethren, be you settled, unmoved, abounding in the WORK of the LORD at all times, knowing That your LABOR is not in vain in the Lord.

## CHAPTER XVI.

1 And concerning the COLLECTION which is for the SAINTS; as I directed the congrega-TIONS OF GALATIA, SC also do nou.

2 † Every † First day of the Week, let each of you lay something by itself, depositing as he may be prospered, so that when I come Collections may not then be made.

- 3 And when I arrive. the persons whom you may authorize by Tetters, I will send to convey your GIFT to Jerusa.em;
- 4 ‡ and if it be proper that even I should Go, they shall go with me.
- 5 And I will come to you, I when I have passed through Macedonia; for I am coming by Macedonia:
- 6 and, perhaps, I shall

<sup>† 2.</sup> As kata polin signifies every city; and kata meena, every month; and Acts xiv. 23, kata ekkleesian, in every church; so kata mian sabbatoon signifies the first day of every week .- Mack night.

<sup>† 54.</sup> Isa. xxv 8; Heb.ii. 14, 15; Rev. xx. 14. † 57. Rom. vii. 25. † 57. I John v. 4, 5. † 58. 2 † 59. y-iv. 17; Rom. xv. 26; 2 Cor. viii. 4, ix. 1, 12; Gal. ii. 10. † 4. 2 Cor. viii. 4, 19. † 5. Ac † 56. Rom. iv. 15; v. 15; vii. 5, 13. † 58. 2 Pet. iii. 14. † 1. Acts xi. Il. ii. 10. † 2. Acts xx. 7. 1 5. Acts xix, 21; 2 Cor. 1 16.

 $\chi$ ειμασω, ίνα ύμεις με προπεμψητε οδ εαν πορso that you me may send before where if

7 Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αρτι εν παροευωμαι. Not 1 wish go. for you DOW ίn равыве

δω ιδειν• ελπιζω γαρ χρονον τινα επιμειναι Lhope for ume

προς ύμας, εαν δ κυριος επιτρεπη.  $^8 E\pi \iota \mu \epsilon \nu \omega$ if the Lord should permit. I shall remain

δε εν Εφεσφ έως της πεντηκοστης. <sup>9</sup> θυρα γαρ but in Ephesus til the pentecost: adoor or.

μοι ανεφγε μεγαλη και ενεργης, και αντικειμεto me has been opened great and effective, and. Cppusers

10 Εαν δε νοι πολλοι.  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$  Timobeos,  $\beta \lambda \epsilon$ and should have come Tumothy, many.

τετε, ίνα αφοβως γενηται προς ύμας το γαρ you, that withoutlear be may be to you; the for εργον κυριου εργαζεται ώς \*[και] εγω• 11 μη work of Lord he works [even] 2.5 hot

ουν αυτον εξουθενηση. Προπεμψατε δε TIS any one therefore him may despise. Send on before and

αυτον εν ειρηνη, ίνα ελθη προς με· εκδεχομαι peace, so that he may come to me; 1 expect <sup>22</sup> Περι δε ναρ αυτον \* [μετα των αδελφων.]

[with the hrethren Concerning and him

Απολλω του αδελφου, πολλα παρεκαλεσα Apollos the brother. much l eutreatec

 $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ Tros ύμας συτον. ìνα μετα  $\tau\omega\nu$ that he would go you with to the φδελφων· και παντως ουκ ην θελημ**α,** ίνα **ν**υν

and atall not was will. 13 Γοη- $\bullet \lambda \theta \eta \cdot$ ελευσεται δε, όταν ευκαιρηση.

As should go; he will go but, when he may find opportunity. Watch γορειτε, στηκετε εν τη πιστει, ανδριζεσθε,

stand you firm in the be you manly, κραταιουσθε· 14 παντα ύμων εν αγαπη γινεσθω.

all things of you in love let be done. be you strong; Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι• οιδατε  $\tau n \nu$ 

I entreat and you, brethren; you know the

ικιαν Στεφανα, δτι εστιν απαρχη της Αχαιας, a nschold of Stephanas, that it is a fre -hruit of the

και εις διακονιαν τοις άγιοις εταξαν έαυτους. to the mints they devoted -meelves:

 $^{16}$  iva και ύμεις ύποτασσησθε  $au_{c}$ ις τοιουτοις, should be submissive to the such like persons that also you

pass the winter, that pou may send Me forward wherever I may go.

7 For I do not wish to see You now in passing, since I hope to remain some Time with you, ‡ if

the LORD permit. 8 But I will remain at Ephesus till the Pente.

COST;

9 for 1a great and effective Door has been opened to Me; yet there are many Opposers.

if Timothy 10 Now, should have come, take care that he may be among you without fear; for the performs the work of the Lord, even as also I do.

11 1 Let no one, therefore, despise him; but send him forward 1 in Peace, that he may come to me; for I am expecting him with the BRETHEEN.

12 But concerning ‡Apollos, the BROTHER, I entreated him repeatedly that he would come to you with the BRETHREN; but his Inclination was not at all to come at present; he will come, however, when he may find an opportunity.

13 # Watch you! #Stand firm in the FAITH! Lie manly! I Be strong!

14 ± Let all your deeds be done in Love.

15 And I entreat you, Brethren, as you know the TRAMILY of Stephanas, That it is 1 a First-fruit of ACHAIA, and that they have devoted themselves to Service for the SAINTS.

16 I that pou also be submissive to such, and to Every one who co-OPERATES and labors.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. even-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> with the BRETHREN-omit.

και παντι τφ συνεργουντικοι κοπιωντι. 17 Χαιand to every one to the one working with and laboring with. I rejoice ρω δε επι τη παρουσία Στεφανα και Φουρτουνα-but on the greence of Stephanas and Fortunatus Fortunatus του και Αχαικου, ότι το ύμων ύστερημα ούτοι and Achaicus, because the of you want ανεπληρωσαν\*  $^{18}$  ανεπαυσαν γαρ το εμον πνευ-supplied; they refreshed for the my spirit spirit μα και το ύμων. Επιγινωσκέτε ουν τους τοιand that of you. Acknowledge therefore the such 19 Ασπαζονται ύμας αί εκκλησιαι της OUTOUS. Salute like persons. you the congregations of the ύμας εν κυριφ Αςιας. Ασπαζονται  $\pi o \lambda \lambda \alpha$ Asia. you Lord Salute in much Ακυλας και Πρισκιλλα, συν τη κατ οικον and Priscilla, with the in house <sup>20</sup> Ασπαζονται ύμας οἱ αδελαυτων εκκλησια. of them congregation. Salute you the brethφοι παντες. Ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιληall. Salute you each other with a kiss 21 'Ο ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Παυ-MATI ày'w. holy. The salutation with the my naid of Paul. <sup>22</sup>Ει τις ου φίλει τον κυριον \*[Ιησουν λου. If any one not has afection for the Lord [Jesus  $X\rho_i\sigma_{\bullet}$ ,,] ητω αναθεμα. μαραν αθα. let him be accursed; the Lord comes. χαρις του κυριου Ιησου \*[Χριστου] μεθ' ύμων. favor of the Lord Jesus [Anointed] with you. 24 'Η αγαπη μου μετα παντων ύμων εν Χριστω The love of me with ησου. \*[Aμην.] all of you 1 m Anointed Inσov. Jesus. [So be it.]

17 And I rejoice at the presence of Stephanus and Fortunatus and Achaicus Because these brethren supplied the Want of You;

18 ‡ for they have refreshed MY Spirit and YOURS. ‡ Acknowledge, therefore, SUCH brethren.

19 The CONGREGATIONS of ASIA salute you. Aquila and \*Priscilla, ttogether with the CONGREGATION at their House, salute you much in the Lord.

20 All the BRETHELS salute you. ‡ Salute each other with a holy Kiss.

21 ‡ This is the SALU TATION of Paul, with MY OWN Hand.

22 If any one riove not the Lord, the him be accursed. The Lord comes

23 ‡ The PAVOR of the Load Jesus be with you.

24 My love be with you are in the Anointed Towns.

\* FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM EPHESUS

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFF.—19. Prisca. 22. Jesus Anointed—omit. 23. Anointed—omit. 24. So be it—omit. Subscription—First to the Coeffetheads, white-from Epherous.

<sup>18.</sup> Col. iv. 8. 1 29. Rom. xvi. 16. 22. Gal i. 3, 9.

#### SECOND THECORINTHIANS. ΤО

## KEΦ. $\alpha'$ . 1.

Τ Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια an apostle of Jesus Anointed through Paul, θεληματος θεου, και Τιμοθεος δ αδελφος, τη of God, and Timothy the brother, to the  $\epsilon$ κκλησια του  $\theta$ εου τη ουση  $\epsilon$ ν Κοςιν $\theta$ φ, συν congregation of the Godtothat being in Corinth, with τοις άγιοις πασι τοις ουσιν εν όλη τη Αχαια. to all those being in whole the Achaia; saints <sup>2</sup> χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and God a father of you, peace from <sup>3</sup> Ευλογητος δ θεος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Worthy of praise the God Jesus Anointed. και πατηρ του «υριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δ Jesus Anointed, the ofus father of the Lord πατηρ των οικτιρμων, και θεος πασης παραcomand God of all father of the mercies, 4 δ παρακαλων ήμας επι παση τη κλησεως, all the in the one comforting us θλιψει ήμων, εις το δυνασθαι ήμας παρακαλειν to comfort affliction of us, in order that to be able us τους εν παση θλιψει, δια της παρακλησεως, ής those in every affliction, by means of the comfort, of which παρακαλουμεθα αυτοι ύπο του θεου· 5 ότι καθως God; because ourselves by the we are comforted περισσευει τα παθηματα του Χριστου εις ήμας, of the Anointed in the sufferings ahounis ούτω δια του Χριστου περισσευει και ή παραabounds also the comso by means of the Anointed  $^6$  E $\iota \tau \epsilon$  $\delta \epsilon$ θλιβομεθα, ύπ∈ρ κλησ.ς nμων. Whether but we are afflicted, on behalf of us. της ύμων παρακλησεως, \*[και σωτηριως•] ειτε whether [and salvation;] comfort, παρακαλουμεθα, ύπερ της ύμων παρακλησεως, on behalfof the of you comfort, we are comforted, των αυτων ύπομονη της ενεργουμενης εν in patient andurance of the same operating παθηματωι, ών και ήμεις πασχομεν. (και ή (and the which also we suffer; ελπις ήμων βεβαια ύπερ υμων.) 7 ειδοτες, ότι stedfast on behalf of you; knowing, ώσπερ κοινωνοι εστε των παθηματων, ούνω και partakers you are of the 80 also sufferings, 8 Ου γαρ θελομεν ύμα**ς αγ**της παρακλησεως. Not for we wish you of the νοειν, αδελφοι, ύπερ της θλιψεως ήμων της be ignorant, brethren, concerning the affliction

#### CHAPTER I.

Paul, ‡ an Apostle of the \*Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy the BROTHER, to THAT CONGREGATION Of God which is in Corinth, together with all THOSE SAINTS who ARE in the Whole of Achaia;

2 ‡Favor to you, and Peace, from God our Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 †Blessed be the God and Father of our LORD Jesus Christ, THAT FA-THER of MERCIES, and God of All Comfort,

4 who comforts us in All our AFFLICTION, in order that we may be ABLE to comfort THOSE in Every Affliction, through the comfort by which we ourselves are comforted by GoD;

5 because tas the sur-FERINGS for the ANGINTED abound in us, so through the ANOINTED, abounds also our COMFORT.

6 And whether we be afflicted, ‡it is \* on behalf of THAT COMFORT of YOU, which operates by a Patient endurance of the SAME Sufferings which we also suffer; and our HOPE on your account is firm;

or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, knowing, ‡ That as you are Partakers of the sur-FERINGS, so also of the COMFORT.

For we do not wish you, Brethren, to be igofus of that | norant concerning THAT

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-SECOND TO THE CORINTHIANS. 1. Anointed 6. on behalf of THAT COMFORT Of YOU which OPERATES 6. and salvation-omit. by a Patient endurance of the same Sufferings which we also suffer; and our norse on your account is firm; or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, knowing, That.

<sup>† 1. 1</sup> Cor. i. 1; Eph. i. 1; Col. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 1; 2 Tim. f. 1.

† 1. Phil. i. 1; Col. i. 2;

† 2. Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. 1. 3; Gal. i. 3; Phil. i. 2; Col. i. 2; 1 Thess. f. 1; 2 Thess. i. 2; Phile. 3.

† 3. Eph. i. 3; 1 Pet. i. 3.

† 5. Acts lx. 4; 2 Cor. iv. 10; Col. i. 24.

† 6. 2 Cor. iv. 15.

† 7. Rom. viii. 17: 2 Tim. ii. 18.

γενομηνης \* [ημιν] εν τη Ασια, ότι καθ' ὑπερhappening (to us) in the Asia, that according to excessΒολην εβαρηθημεν ύπερ δυναμιν, ώστε εξαwe were pressed above strength, so that to be πορηθηναι ήμας και του ζην $^{-9}$ αλλα αυτοι  $\epsilon$ ν us even of the life; but ourselves in ξαυτοις το αποκριμα του θανατου εσχηκαμεν, ourselves the sentence ofthe death we have, μη πεποιθοτες ωμεν εφ' έαυτοις, αλλ' επι ourselves, so that not having trusted we should in but in 10 δς €κ τω θεω τω εγειροντι τους νεκρους. dead ones; who from the God that one raising up the τηλικουτου θανατου ερφυσατο ήμας, και φυεται a death rescued 114, and docurescue; so great εις δυ ηλιπικαμεν, δτι και ετι δυσεται, 11 συνυin whom we have hoped, that even still he will rescue, πουργουντων και ύμων ύπερ ήμων τη δεησει, you on behalf of us in the also ίνα εκ πολλων προσωπων το εις ήμας χαρισμα that from many faces the for δια πολλων ευχαριστηθη ύπερ ήμων. through many might be given thanks on behalf of us. The γαρ καυχησις ήμων αύτη εστι, το ματυριον της for boasting of as this is, the testimony of the συνειδηπεως ήμων, ότι εν απλοτητι και ειλικριthat in of us, simplicity and sincerity νεια θεου, (ουκ εν σοφια σαρκικη, αλλ' εν χαριof God, (not in wisdom fleshly, but in τι θεου) ανεστραφημεν εν τω κοσμω, περισσοin the world, of God) we conducted more abun-13 Ου γαρ αλλα γραφομεν τερως δε προς ύμας. dantly but to you. Not for other things we write ύμιν, αλλ' η ά αναγινωσκετε, \*[η ά αναγινωσto you, but what you read, [orwhat you acknow-

κετε·] ελπιζω δε, ότι \*[και] έως τελους επιγ-I hope and, that [even] till <sup>14</sup> καθως και επεγνωτε νωσεσθε, ήμας απο will acknowledge, 8.8 also you acknowledged 118 from μερους, ότι καυχημα ύμων εσμέν, καθαπέρ και of you we are. parts; because a boasting even as also ύμεις ήμων, εν τη ήμερα του κυριου Ιησου. you of as, m the day of the Lord Jeaus.  $^{15}$  Και ταυτη τη πεποιθησει ε $\beta$ ουλομην  $\pi \rho o s$ 

the confidence And in this I wished to ύμας ελθειν προτέρον, ίνα δευτεραν χαριν to come before, so that A second favor εχητε· 16 και δι' ύμων διελθειν εις Μακεδοyou may have, and through you to pass through into Macedoνιαν, και παλιν απο Μακεδονιας ελθειν προς and again from Macedonia to come to

† Mouths thanks may be given by Many on our behalf, ‡ for Our GIFT. 12 For our BOASTING is this, the TESTIMONY of

with \* the greatest Simpli-

city and #Sincerity, # not

with fleshly Wisdom, but

by the Favor of God, we

the WORLD; but more

conducted ourselves

That

our Conscience,

of LIFE; 9 but we had the sen-TENCE of DEATH in ourselves, so that we might t not trust in ourselves, but in THAT GOD who RAISES up the DEAD;

which happened in Asia.

That \* excessively above Strength we were pressed,

so that we despaired even

‡ AFFLICTION

10 twho rescued us from so Great a Death, and \*is resening; whom we have hope that he will also yet rescue; 11 you, also, ‡ co-operat-

ing by PRAYER on our behalf, so that from Many

especially towards you. 13 For we write no Other things to you, than what you read, or what you acknowledge; and 1 hope that even to the End you will acknowledge:

14 as also you partially acknowledged us, ‡ That we are your Boast, tas nou also will be ours in the DAY of \*the Lord Jesus.

15 And in this confidence ‡I was purposing to come to you at first; so that you might have ‡a \* Second Favor;

16 and, by You, to pass through into Macedonia; and from Macedonia Ito come again to you, and by

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—8, to us—omit.
essed. 10, will rescue. 12. Pureness and godly Sincerity. 8. excessively above strength we were 13. or what you 15. Second Joy. 13. even-omit. 14. our Lorn Jesus. acknowledge-omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Prosoopon, like the Latin persona, is a mask with a open mouth rather than a person. The same Greek word occurs in ii. 10, where though we may use the word "person" it means "character."—Sharpe.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Aets xix, 23; 1 Cor, xv, 32; xvt, 9. † 11. Rom. xv, 30; Phil. i, 10; Philemon 22. (v, 2. † 12, 2 Cor, 1i, 4, 13. † 14, 2 1 9. Jer. xvii. 5, 7. : 14. 2 Cor. v. 12. 1 15. 1 Cor. iv. 9. : 15. Rom. 1. 11. i. 19, 20. 1 16. 1 Cor. xvi. 5, 6.

ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων προπεμφθηναι εις την Ιουyou to be sent forward into the you, and by δαιαν. 17 Τουτο ουν βουλεύομενος, μητι αρα This therefore wishing, not certainly τη «λαφρια εχρησαμην; η ά βουλευομαι, in the lightness ? did I use? for the things I purpose, σαρκα βουλευομαι, ίνα η παρ' εμοι το KaTa according to flesh do I purpose, that may be with mo the ναι ναι, και το ου ου: 18 Πιστος δε δ θεος, yes yes, and the no no? Pathful but the God, δτι δ λογος ήμων δ προς ύμας ουκ εγενετο that the word. ofus that to You not 19 'Ο γαρ τον θεου vios Ιησους val kal ov. yes and no. gon The for of the God Χριστος, δ εν υμιν δι' ήμων κηρυχθεις, Anointed, that among you by means of us having been preached, εμου και Σιλουανου και Τιμοθεου,) ουκ (by means of me and Silvanus bos Timothy.) εγενετο ναι και ου, αλλα ναι εν αυτώ γεγονεν, became yes and no, but yes in h:m has become,  $^{20}$  (δσαι γαρ επαγγελιαι θεου, εν αυτ $\psi$  το ναι, (as many , for . promises of God, in him the yes, και εν αυτώ το αμην.) τω θεώ προς δοξαν and in him the so best, ) to the God for glory on account ύμων. <sup>21</sup> Ο δε βεβαιων ήμας συν ύμιν εις of us. The but directablishing us with you for Χριστον, και χρισας ήμας, θεος: 22 δ και σφρα-Anointed, and having anointed us, God; he and having γισαμενός ήμας, και δους τον αρβαβωνα του sealed and having given the te pledge ofthe ųa. πνευματος εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων. - 23 Εγω δε spirit 'ia the hearts ; of us. μαρτυρα τον θεον επικαλουμαι επι την εμην call upon to the e witness the God m**y** ψυχην, ότι φειδομενος ύμων ουκετι ηλθον εις soul, that sparing you notyet I came to Κορινθον. 24 ουχ ότι κυριευομεν ύμων της πισ-Corinth; not because we lord it over you of the faith, τεως, αλλα συνεργοιεσμεν της χαρας ύμων τη but fellow-workers we are of the joy of you; in the γαρ πιστει έστηκατε... ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. 1 Εκρινα faith you have stood. I decided Θε εμαυτώ τουτο, το μη παλιν εν λυπη προς but with myself this, that not again in grief to but with myself this, to ύμας ελθειν.  $^2$ Ει γαρ εγω λυπω ύμας, και τις you to come. It for I grieve you, indeed who  $= \left[ \epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu \right]$  δ ευφραινων με, ει μη δ λυπουμενος εξ me GLAD, but the O [ia] theonegladening me, if not the one being grieved from who is GRIEVED by me.

You to be sent forward. into Judea.

17 This therefore, being my intention, did I certainly regard it LIGHTLY? or are my purposes formed according to the Flesh, that there should be with me both the YES, yes, and the No, no?

18 † But God is witness, That THAT WORD of ours which was toward you \* is not yes and no;

19 for that son of Gon. Jesus Christ, who was PRO-CLAIMED to You by Us,— by me, and Silvanus, and Timothy, -was not yes and no, but was yes in him.

20 ! For whatever be the Promises of God, they are in him YES, "and in him tamen, to the Glory of Gop through us.

21 NOW HE ESTABLISHing us with you in Christ, and thaving anointed us, is that God

22 who also thas sealed us, and ‡given the PLEDGK, of the spinir in our HEARTS. =

23 But t invoke Gon as a Witness to My Soul, t That, sparing you, I have not yet come to

24 not ! Because we domineer over You through the FAITH, but because we are Associates of your Joy; for fin the FAITH ou have stood firm.

# CHAPTER II.

1 But I decided this with myself, \* not to COME! again to you, in Grief.

2 For if I grieve you, who indeed could MAKE me GLAD, but the ONE!

<sup>\*</sup> Yatican Manusculet.—18. is not yes and no. 🚅 20. wherefore also by him amen)

<sup>† 18.</sup> The original phrase, pistos ho theos, is the same form of an oath with The Eternal liveth that is, "As rectainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Nai, yes, was the world tiveth! that is, "As rectainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Nai, yes, was the word used by the Greeks or affirming anything; Amen was the word used by the Hebrews for the same purpose -Macknight.

<sup>11.2</sup> Cor. x. 2. 20. Rom. xv. 8, 0. 121. I John if. 20, 27. 123. Eph. 1.13. iv. 80; 2 Tim. ii. 19; Rev. ii. 17. 22. 2 Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. 123. Eph. 18. 123. 1 Cor. xi. 31; Gal. i. 20; Phil. i 8. 123. 1 Cor. v. 21; 2 Cor. ii. 3; xii. 20; Xii. 2 (0.2); 24. 1 Cor. xi. 1. 1 Cor. i. 23; xii. 20, 21; xiii. 10;

3 Και εγραψα \*[ύμιν] τουτο αυτο, ίνα ELLOV: [to you] Iwrote this same thing, so that αφ'  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu \lambda \nu \pi \eta \nu$  $\epsilon \chi \omega$ ών  $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \iota$ not having come grief I have from of whom it behoves me χαιρειν· πεποιθως επι παντας ύμας, ότι ἡ εμη to rejoice; having confided in all that tae my you, <sup>4</sup> Εκ γαρ πολλης Out of for much χαρα παντων ύμων εστιν. of all ofyou tt is. joy λιψεως και συνοχης καρδιας εγραψα ύμιν δια aud anguish of beart I wrote to youthrough affliction πολλων δακρυων, ουχ ίνα λυπηθητε, αλλα την [ inany tears, not that you might be grieved, but αγαπην ίνα  $\gamma \nu \omega \tau \epsilon$ , ήν εχω περισσοτερως

that you might know, which I have more abundantly ets ύμας. <sup>5</sup> Et δε τις λελυπηκεν, ουκ εμε λελυτοwards you. If butanyone has been grieved, not me he has πηκεν, αλλ' απο μερους, ίνα μη επιβαρω, grieved, but from parts, that not may bear hardupon, παντας ύμας. <sup>6</sup> Ίκανον τω τοιουτώ ή επιτιμία

all you. Sufficient to the such one the censure α στη ή ύπο των πλειονων τώστε τουναντιον this which by the majority; so that on the other hand \*[μαλλον] ύμας χαρισασθαι και παρακαλεσαιrather] γου to freely forgive and to comfort,

μηπως τη περισσοτερα λυπη καταποθη δ τοιlest by the more abundant griefshould be swallowed the such

ουτος. <sup>8</sup> Διο παρακαλω ύμας κυρωσαι εις one. Wherefore I entreat you to oublicly confirm. t

μυτον αγαπην. 9 Eis τουτο γορ και εγραψα him love. Inorder to this for also I wrote,

ίνα γνω την δοκιμην ύμων, ει εις παντα that I might know the proof of you, if to all things

ύπηκοοι εστε. 10 Ωι δε τι χαριζεσθε, και ohedieut you are. To whom but anything you freely forgive, also

εγω και γαρ εγω δ κεχαρισμαι, ει τι κεχαεγω for I what have freely forgiven, if anything I have ε ενω προσωπε Χριστου·

treely forgiven, on account of you, in presence of Anointed; 11 ίνα μη πλεονεκτηθωμεν ύπο του σατανα· ου

that not we should be overreached by the adversary; not γαρ αυτου το νοηματα αγνοουμεν.

for of him the devices we are ignorant.

 $^{12}$  Eldow  $\delta\epsilon$  eis the Trop Trop eigenstance of the gladings

του Χριστου, και θυρας μοι ανεφημενης εν of the Anointed, and adoor to me having been opened by

κυριφ, ουκ εσχηκα ανεσιν τφ πνευματι μου, τφ Lord, not I had rest in the spirit of the, by  $\hat{k}$ .

3 I wrote also this very thing, that coming, ‡I might not have sorrow from those by whom I ought to reject; ‡ having confidence in you all, That MY Joy is 'he joy of you all.

4 For out of Much Affiction and Distress of Heart I wrote to you through many Tears; that that you should be grieved, but that you might know the LOVE which I have more abundantly towards you.

5 But tif any one has caused grief, he has not tgrieved Me, except from a part; that I may not overcharge you all.

6 Sufficient for such a person is This Prunishment, which was inflicted by the MAJORITY.

7 \$ So that, ON THE OTHER HAND, you ought to forgive and comfort him, lest such an one should be overwhelmed by EXCESSIVE SOTTOW.

8 Wherefore, I entreat you publicly to confirm your Love towards him.

9 Besides, I wrote for this purpose also, that I might know the PROOF of you, whether you are \$\frac{1}{2}\$ obedient in all things.

10 But to whom you freely forgive any thing. It do also; for indeed, what I have forgiven, if I have forgiven any thing, is on your account, in the presence of Christ;

Il that we may not be overreached by the AD-VERSARY; for we are not ignorant of His DEVICES.

12 But ‡having come to Troasin order to preach the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED, and ‡a Door having been opened to me by the Lord, ‡£ had no Rest in my spirit, because I

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to you-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> rather-omit.

<sup>† 3. 2</sup> Cor. xii. 21. † 3. 2 Cor. vii. 16; viii. 22; Gal. v. 10. † 4. 2 Cor. vii. 8, 9, 12. † 5. 1 Cor. v. 1. † 5. Ga. iv. 12. † 6. 1 Cor. v. 4, 5; 1 Tim. v. 20. † 7. Cal. † 12. 2 Cor. vii. 15; x. 6. † 12. 4 cts xvi. 8; xx. 6. † 13. 1 Cor. xvi. 4; 12. 2 Cor. vii. 5; 0.

μη ευρειν με Τιτον τον αδελφον μου· 13 αλλα not to come me Titue the brother of me;

αποταξαμενος αυτοις, εξηλθον εις Μακεδονιαν. having bade farewell to them, I wen out into Macedonia.

 $^{14}$  T $_{\varphi}$   $\delta \epsilon \theta \epsilon \varphi \chi \alpha \rho is \tau \varphi \pi \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \tau \epsilon \theta \rho i \alpha \mu \beta \epsilon v \sigma \nu \tau i$ To the but God thanks to that always leading to triumph huas εν τω Χριστω, και την οσμην της γνωσεως

us in the Anointed, and the odor of the end ed . αύτου φανερουντι δι' ήμων εν παντι τοπω. of himself is manifesting through us ın every place.

15 Ότι Χριστου ευωδια εσμεν τφ θεφ εν τοις That of Anointed a sweet odor we are to the God in those 250 85

σωζομενοις και εν τοις απολλυμενοις.
being saved and in those perishing; to thes

μεν, οπμη θανατου εις θανατον οίς δε, οσμη indeed, an odor of death into death; to those but, Και προς ταυτα τις ίκανος:

(wns eis (wnv. of life into And for these things who cutticien'?

17 Ου γαρ εσμεν ώς οἱ πολλοι, καπηλευοντες we are like the many, adulterating

τον λογον του θεου· αλλ' ώς εξ ειλικρινειας, αλλ' the word of the God: but as from sincerity, ώς εκ θεου, κατενωπιον \* [του] θεου, εν Χοισ-

as from God. in presence [of the] God, in Auointed KEΦ.  $\gamma'$ . 3. 1 Αρχομέθα παλιν τω λαλουμεν. Do we begin

έαυτους συνιστανείν; η μη χρη (οιιην, ως τίνες, to commend? we need, or not some,

συστατικών επιστολών προς ύμας, η εξ ύμων you, or from you. of recommendation ťω letters  $^2$  'Η  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \circ \lambda \eta$   $\dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ \*[πυστατικων;] ύμεις

The letter of us you [ of recommendation? ] εστε, εγγεγραμμενη εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων,

having been written in the hearts of you, γινωσκομενη και αναγινωκομενη ύπο παντων

being known ανθρωπων 3 φανερουμενοι, ότι εστε επιστολη being manifest. that you are

being read

Χριστου διακονηθεισα ύφ' ήμων, εγγεγραμμενη of Anointed having been ministered by us, having been written

ου μελανι, αλλα πνευματι θεου ζωντος, ουκ εν by spirit of God living, sot withink, but not

FOUND not Titus my BRO. THER;

13 but having bid them farewell, I went forth into Macedonia.

14 Now, thanks be to THAT GOD, who always tLEADS us forth to TRI-UMPH with the Anointer one, and who diffuses by us the FRAGRANCE of the KNOWLEDGE of him, is Every Place.

15 Because we are a Sweet odor of Christ to God, tamong those who are BEING SAVED, and tamong THOSE Who ARE

PERISHING:

16 2 to these, indeed, an Odor of Death to Death, and to those, an Odor of Life to Life; and # for these things who is qualified?

17 For we are not like the MANY, † trafficking the WORD of GOD; but really tfrom sincerity, and as from God, in the presence of God, we speak concerning Christ.

## CHAPTER III.

1 fare we beginning again to recommend Ourselves? or do we require. as some, ! Recommendatory Letters to you, or from you?

2 1 Pou are our letter, (Written on our HEARTS,) known and being read by

All Men;

3 it being plainly declared that you are a Letter of Christ # delivered by us. \* and written not with ink, but with the Spirit of the hving God, I not on ‡ on Stone-tablets, but

and

by

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. of the -omit. and written.

<sup>1.</sup> of recommendation-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> An allusion to the custom of the victorious generals, who, in their triumphal processions, carried some of their relations with them in their charlot. The streets through which the processions passed were strewed with flowers, and as Plutarch tells us, the streets were full of incense. † 17. or sophisticating the word of God; referring to the practice of vinters, who adulterate their wines. Dr. Bentley paraphrases it thus,—"which adulterate and negotiate the word of God for their own lucre and advantage."

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Cor. i. 18. † 15. 2 Cor. iv. 3. † 16. Luke ii. 34; John ix. 39; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 8; 16. 1 Cor. xv. 10; 2 Cor. iii. 5, 6. † 17. 2 Cor. iv. 2; xi. 13; 2 Pet. ii 3. † 17. 2 Cor. 1. 12; iv. 2. † 1. 2 Cor. v. 12; x. 8, 12; xii. 11. † 1. Acts xviii. 27. † 2. Cor. ix. 2. † 3. 1 Cor. iii. 5. † 3. Exod. xxiv. 12; xxxiv. 1. † 3. Psa. xb 1 Cor. ix. 2. S; Jer. xxxi. 33; Ezek. xi.,19; xxxvi. 26; Heb. viii. 10.

πλαξι λιθιναις, αλλα  $\epsilon \nu$  πλαξι καρδιας σαρκιναις. tablets of stones, but on tablets of hearts flesh!y. 4 Πεποιθησιν δε τοιαυτην εχομεν δια του Χρισ-Confidence but such we have through the Anointed του προς τον θεον. 5 ουχ ότι ίνανοι εσμεν αφ' towards the God, not because sufficient we are from εαυτων, λογισασθαι τι, ως εξ ξαυτων, αλλ' ourselves, to reason anything, as from ourselves, but ή ίκανοτης ήμων εκ του  $\theta$ εου $^{-6}$  δς και ίκανωσεν the sufficiency nfus from of the God; who also ήμας διακονους καινης διαθηκης, ου γραμματος, of a new covenant, not servante αλλα πνευματος το γαρ γραμμα αποκτεινει, for letter
7 Ει δε ή δια νια του
ervice of the the of spirit; το δε πνευμα (ωοποιει. gives life. spirit θανατου εν γρα, μασιν, εντετυπωμενη \*[εν] death in letters, having been engraved [in]  $\lambda \iota \theta o \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \theta \eta$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\delta o \xi \eta$ ,  $\dot{\omega} \sigma \tau \epsilon$   $\mu \eta$   $\delta \upsilon \nu \alpha \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$  stones, was made in glory, so that not to be able ατενισαι τους υίους Ίσραηλ εις το προσωπον of Irrael into the to look steadily the Μωυσεως, δια την δοξαν του προσωπου αυνου, of Moses, on account of the glory of the fex of him, την καταργουμενην 8 π. ς ουχι μαλλον ή διαpassing away; ho. not rather the κονια του πνευματος εστιι εν δοξη; <sup>9</sup>Ει γαρ ή spirit shall be in glory? If for the διακονια της κατακ,ισεως, δοξα 💎 ελλώ μαλλον much service of the condemnation. glory; περισσευει ή διακονια της δικαιοσυνης εν δυξη. abounds the service of the righteousness in glory.  $^{10}\,\mathrm{K}$ αι γαρ ου δεδοξασται το δεδοξασμενον εν Even for not has been glorified that having been glorified τουτφ τφ με ει, ένεκεν της ύπερβαλλουσης the respect, on account of the surpassing 11 E. γα. καταργουμενον, δια δοEns. 70 for that is being annulled, through glory. Sofus. πολλω μαλλον το μενον, δοξη. by much more that remaining, glory. 12 Εχεντές ουν τοιαυτην έλπιδα, πολλη παρ-Having therefore euch a hope,

and not, ετιθει καλυμμα επι το προσωπον έαυτου, προς the face of himself, for το μη ατενισαι τους υίους Ισραηλ εις το τελος the not to gaze intently the 80118 of larael to the end 14 ('Aλλ'  $\epsilon \pi \omega \rho \omega \theta \eta$ του καταργουμενου. of that passing away. were blinded

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. in-omit.

19\*

δησια χωωιεθα.

We 1186:

† 5. John xv. 5; 2 Cor. ii. 16. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 10; Phil. ii. 10. 5; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. iii. 7; Col. i. 25, 29; 1 Tim. i. 11, 12; 2 Tim. i. 11. 31; Matt. xxvi. 28; Heb. viii. 6, 8. † 6. Rom. ii. 27, 29; vii. 6. 20; iv. 15; vii. 9–11; Gal. iii. 10. † 6. John vi. 63; Rom. viii. 2. 10. † 7. Exod. xxviv. 1, 28; Deut. x. 1. † 2. Com. ii. 1. Exod. xxviv. 1, 28; Deut. x. 1. † 2. Com. ii. 1. Exod. xxviv. 29, 30, 35. 1 6. 1 Cor. iii. † 6. Jer. xxxi. † 6. Rom. iii. † 7. Rom. vii. † 8. Gal † 13. Exod. 20; iv. 15; vii. 9–11; Gal. iii. 10. 2 6. John vi. 63; Rom. viii. 2. 10. 2 7. Exod. xxxiv. 1,28; Deut. x. 1. 17. Exod. xxxiv. 29, 30 iii. 5. 19. Rom. i. 17; iii. 21. 2 12. 2 Cor. vii. 4; Eph. vi. 19. ! 13. Rom. x. 4; Gal. iii. 23. xxxiv. 33, 35.

13 και ου, καθαπερ Μωυσεως

fleshly Tablets of the Heart.

4 And such Confidence towards God we have through the Anointed;

5 ‡not That we are qualified of ourselves to reason any thing as from our selves, but tour QUALIFI-CATION is from GOD;

6 who also qualified us to be ! Servants of a ! New Covenant; not tof the Letter, but of the Spirit; for the LETTER kills, thut the SPIRIT makes

alive.

7 Now, if I the DISPEN. SATION of DEATH, 1engraved in Letters on Stones, was attended with Glory, tso that the sons of Israel were unable to look steadily into the FACE of Moses, because of THE BRIGHTNESS of his COUNTENANCE; --- which [dispensation] is PASSING AWAY ;-

8 how, rather, shall not the ‡ DISPENSATION of the SPIRIT be attended

with Glory?

9 For if the MINISTRY CONDEMNATION Glory, much more does the MINISTRY Tof RIGHTEOUS-NESS abound in Glory.

10 For even that having been glorified has not been glorified in this respect, on account of the surpass-ING Glory.

11 For if THAT IS BEING ANNULLED through Glory, far superior is this RE-MAINING in Glory.

12 Having therefore such a Persuasion, 1 we exercise much Confidence;

13 and are not like Moses, ‡ who put a Veil over his face, for the sons of Israel not to GAZE INτα IENTLY to the END of the THAT BEING ABOLISHED. νοηματα αυτων αχρι γαρ της σημερον το αυτο of hem; till for the to-day the same καλυμμα επι τη αναγνωσει της παλαιας διαθηveil on the reading of the old covenant, της, μενει, μη ανακαλυπτομενον, ότι εν Χριστώ remains, not being discovered, because by Anointed καταργειται. 15 αλλ' έως σημερον, ήνικα αναit is taken away; but till to-day, γινωσκεται Μωυσης, καλυμμα επι την καρδιαν read Moses, aveil on the heart  $^{16}$  Ήνικα δ' αν επιστρεψη προς αυτων κειται. of them lies. When but it may turn to κυριον, περιαιρειται το καλυμμα. 17 'Ο δε κυριος Lord, is taken from around the veil. The but Lord ού δε το πνευ... κυριου το πνευμα εστιν. spiri**t** where and the is; of Lord spirit \*[ $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i$ ]  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \rho i \alpha$ .) 18 Hueis  $\delta \epsilon \pi \alpha \upsilon \tau \epsilon s \alpha \upsilon \alpha$ . [there] freedom.) We but all κεκαλυμμενφ προσωπώ την δοξαν κυριου κατοbeen unveiled in a face the glory of Lord  $\pi$ .  $\rho$ ιζομενοι, την αυτην εικονα μεταμορφουμεθα ing as in a mirror, the same image we are transformed απο δοξης εις δοξαν, καθαπερ απο κυριου πνευfrom glory to glory, even as from Lord 1 Δια τουτο εχοντες την КЕФ. δ'. 4. ματος spirit. On account of this Dr in a διακονιαν ταυτην, καθως ελεηθημεν, ουκ εκκαthis, even as we received mercy, not κουμεν. 2 αλλ' απειπαμεθα τα κρυπτα της αισwe refused the secrets of the shame, χυνης, μη τοιπατουντες εν πανουργια, μηδε in cractiness. nor δολουντες τον λογον του θεου, αλλω τη φανεtne word of the God, but by the manifesρωσει της αληθειας συνιστωντες έαυτους προς tation of the truth recommending oursalves to πασαν συνειδησιν ανθρωπων, ενωπιον του θε υ. of men, in presence of the God. <sup>3</sup> Ει δε και εστι κεκαλυμμενον το ευαγγελιον If but even it is having been veiled the glad tidings ήμων, εν τοις απολλυμενοις εστι κεκαλυμμεof us, among those being destroyed having been ING; νον.  $^4$  εν οίς δ θεος του αιωνος τουτου ετυφveiled; in whom the God of the age this blinded λωσε τα νοηματα των απιστων, εις το μη of the unbelieving ones, in order that not αυγασα: τον φωτισμον του ευαγγελιου της to see distinctly the effulgence of the glad tidings of the δοξης του Χριστου, δς εστιν εικων του θεου.

14 (But their minds were obtuse; for to this day, the same Veil ramains over the READING of the OLD Covenant; not discovering That it is taken away by Christ;

15 but, even to This day, when Moses is read, a Veil lies on their HEART 16 But twhen it shall

turn to the Lord, the veil will be taken from around it.

17 And the LORD is the SPIRIT; and where the SPIRIT of the Lord is,

there is Freedom.)

18 But we all beholding the GLORY of the Lord in a Face Unveiled, \$ 20.2 transformed into the SALE Likeness, from Glory to Glory, as from the Lord, the Spirit.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 Therefore, having this ministry, even as we received Mercy, we faint not;

2 but have repudiated the SECRET things of SHAME; not walking in Craftiness, tnor falsinging the word of God; but, by the exhibition of the TRUTH, tapproving ourselves to Every Human Conscience in the sight of God.

3 (But if, indeed, our GLAD TIDINGS be veiled, they have been veiled to rnose who are Peristance.

4 to those unbelievers, whose minds the God of this age blinded, in order that they might not see clearly the Effulgence of the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the ANOINTED one, two is the Likeness of God.)

glory of the Amointed one, who

is an image of the God.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. there-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Isa. vi. 10; Matt. xiii. 11, 14; John xii. 40; Acts xxviii. 20; Rom. xi. 7, 8, 25; 2 Cor iv. 4. † 16. Erod. xxxiv. 34; Rom. xi. 23, 26. † 16. Isa. xxv. 7. † 17. ver. 6; 1 Cor. xv. 45. † 2 Cor. iv. 4, 6; 1 Tim. i. 11. † 18. Rom. viii. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 42; Col. iii. 10. † 1. 2 Cor. iii. 6. † 2. 2 Ccr. ii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 3, 5. † 2. 2 Cor. v. 11; vi. 4. † 3. 1 Cor. i. 13; 2 Cor. ii. 15; 1 Thess. ii. 10. † 4. John i. 18; 11. 35; xiv. 9; Phil. ii. 6; Col. i. 15; Heb. 1. 3.

🥫 Ου γαρ ξαυτους κηρυσσομεν, αλλα Χριστον but Anointed Not for ourselves we proclaim, Ιησουν κυριον· έαυτους δε, δουλους ύμων δια Jesus a Lord; ourselves and, slaves of you through Ιησουν. 6'Οτιδθεος δ  $\epsilon i\pi \omega \nu$ EK OTKOTOUS Because the God that commanding out of daraness φως λαμψαι, ός ελαμψεν εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων, aght to cause, who shows in the hearts of us, προς φωτισμον της γνωσεως της δοξης του θεου for illumination of the knowledge of the glory of the God εν προσωπφ \* [Ιησου] Χριστου.
is face [ot Jesus] Auointed. Έγημεν δε We have but τον θησαυρον τουτον εν οσ- ακινοις σκευεσιν. the treasure this in arther ίνα ή ύπερβολη τη**ς δ**υναμεως η του θεου, power may be of the God, so that the superabounding of the και μη εξ ήμων 8 εν παντι θλιβομενοι, αλλ' ου and not out of us; in everything bein, affleted, but not στενοχωρουμενοι απορουμεν.ι, ;λλ ουκ εξα-being straitened; being respecte, but not being πορουμενοι. 9 διωκομενοι, αλλ ουν εγκαταλειbeing persecuted, but not being foreaken; πομενοι καταβαλλομενοι, αλλ ουκ απολλυμεbeing cast down, but not being desνοι· 10 παντατε την νεκρωσιν του Ιησου εν τφ σωματι περιφεροντες ένα και ή ζωη του Ιησου that the LIFE of Jesus, body beau-group, that also the life of the Jesus may also be manifested ev του σουμου. 11 Αει γαρ εν τω σωμωι ήμων φανερωθη. of wa may be manifested. Always. body for ήμεις οί ζωντες, εις θανατον σαραδιδομεθα δια we the living, to death are deli ered because of Ιρπουν, ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιηπου φανερωξη εν Jesus, that also the life of the Jesus may be manifested in τη θνητη σαρκι ήμων. 12 Ωστε δ θανατ 3 εν So that the death the mortal flesh of us. ημιν ενεργειται, ή δε ζωη εν ύμιν. 3 Εχοντες works. the but life in you. Having δε το αυτο πνευμα της πιστεως, κατα 70 spirit of the faith, according to that γεγραμμενον Επιστευσα, διο ελαλησα και therefore Ispoke; taving ocea written; I believed, also ημεις πιστευομεν, διο και λαλουμεν. 14 ειδοbelieve, therefore and we speak; τες, ότι δ εγειρας τον \*[κυριον] Ιησουν, και ing, that the onersising up the [Lord] ήμας δια Ιησου εγερεί, και παραστησεί συν us through Jesus will raisoup, and will present with ύμιν. 15 Τα γαρ παντα δι' μιν. 15 Τα γαρ παντα δι' δμας, ένα ή χαρις you. The for all things on account of you, that the favor

5 1 For we do not proclaim Ourselves, but the Anointed Jesus, as Lord; and ourselves t your Bondservants on account of Jesus.

6 Because THAT GOD the commanded the LIGHT to shine out of Darkness, I shone into our HEARTS for ilcaminating with the KNOWLEDGE of the GLORY of Gop in the face of Jesus Christ.

7 But we have this TREASURE in ‡ Earthen Vessels, in order I that the EXCELLENCE of the POWER may be of GOD. and not from us;

8 theing afflicted in every thing, but not distressed; being perplexed, but not in despair;

9 being persecuted, but not deserted; being thrown down, but not destroyed;

10 I always carrying about in the BODY, this

Il For we who are LIV-ING are always delivered up to Death 1 on account of Jesus; in order that the LIFE of JESUS also may be manifested in our MORTAL Flesh:

12 so that DEATH is working in us, but LIFE in you.

13 But having 1th: SAME Spirit of FAITH, according to that HAVING BEEN WRITTEN; ‡"I believed, therefore I spoke;" we also believe, and there-

fore we speak;
14 knowing That The who RAISED UP JESUS, will also raise Us up \* with Jesus, and will present us with you.

15 For tall these things are on your account, that

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. Jesus-omit. 14. LORD-omit. 14 with,

πλεονασασα δια των πλειονων, την ευχαριστιαν the thanksgiving having abounded through the many, εις την δοξαν του θεου. περισσευση might superabound to the glory of the God. Wherefore cuk εκκακουμεν· αλλ' ει και δ εξω ήμων ανθρω-not we faint; but if even the outward of us man πος διαφθειρεται, αλλ' δ εσωθεν ανακαινουται yet the i-ward is renewed is wasted. <sup>17</sup> Το γαρ παραυτικα ελαφήμερα και ήμερα. The for momentary by day and by day. lightρον της θλιψεως \*[ήμων,] καθ' ύπερβολην εις ness of the affliction [o. us,] according to an exceeding on ύπερβολην αιωνιον βαρος δοξης κατεργαζεται an exceeding age-lasting weight - riory worksout  $\hat{\tau}$ μιν·  $^{18}$ μη σκοπουντων ήμων τα  $\beta$ λ $\epsilon$ πομ $\epsilon$ να, of us the things, being seen, ooking for us; not **α**λλα τα μη βλεπομενα· τα γαρ βλεπομενα, but the things not being seen. the things Co. being seen, τα δε μη βλεπομενα, ποοσκαιρα. transient things; thething; but Lobeing seen, age-lasting things. KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5. 1 Οίδαμεν γαρ, ότι, εαν ή επι. fur, shat, if the earthly Weanow γειος ήμων οικια του σκινους κατι κή, οικοof us house dithe tent should be ak n down, a buildδομην εκ θεου εχομεν, οι ιαν αχειροποιητον, from God we have, a house not made by hands, <sup>2</sup> Και γαο τν τουτφ αιωνιον, εν τοις ουρανοις. age-lasting, in t Even for in beavens. στεναξομεν, το οικητηριον ήμων το τε ουρανου he boule of us th t om beaven we groan, <sup>3</sup> Ειγε και ενδυεπενδυσασθαι επιποθουντες. earnoutly lesining. If at least and having 4 Ka: yap σαμενοι, ου γυμνοι εδρεθησομεθα. been invested, not naked one we had for. εί οντες εν τφ σκηνει στεναζομεν βαρουμενοι. those being in the tent groan being oppressed; εφ' 'φ ου θελομεν εκδυσασθαι, αλλ' επενδυin which not we wish to be unclosued, but to be in- $\tau \in \theta \nu n \tau \circ \nu \ \delta \pi o \ \tau n s$ σασθαι, ίνα καταποθη that may be swallow a up the rested. by 5 Ο δε κατεργασ μενος ήμας εις αυτο Lwys. life. The and one having worked out for τυυτο θεος· δ \* [και] δους ήμιν τον αρβαβωνα God; that [also] having given to us the

the abounding FAVOR may overflow, through the THANKSGIVING OF MANY, to the GLORY of GOD.

16 Wherefore, we faint not; but even if our our-WARD Man is wasted, yet \*our TINNER mar is renewed Day by Day.

17 Besides, tthe Mc. MENTARY LIGHTNESS of the AFFLICTION, works out for us an excessively exceeding aionian Weight

of Glory;

18 I we aiming not at the THINGS which are seen, but at the THINGS which are not seen; for the THINGS which are seen are temporary, but the THINGS which are not seen are aionian.

## CHAPTER V.

1 For we know, That if the TENT of our TEARTHLY Dwelling be taken down, we have a Building from God, a House not made by hands, aionian, in the HEAVENS.

2 For indeed, in this twe are groaning, earnestly desiring to be invested with THAT HABI-TATION of ours which is from Heaven:

3 and surely, having been invested, we shall not be found destitute.

4 For, indeed, THOSE BEING in the TENT are groaning, being oppressed; in which we desire not to be divested, but tinvested, that the MORTAL may be absorbed by LIFE.

5 Now HE who has PRO-DUCED us for this same thing is THAT God Who thas GIVEN to us the PLEDGE of the SPIRIT.

6 Therefore, being always confident, and knowing That being at home we are in the BODY, we are from

ειδυτες, ότι ενδημουντες εν τω σωματι, εκδη-

TOU TYEUHATOS.

spirit.

knowing, that being at home

of the

hody,

6 Θαρδουντες ουν παντοτε, και

Being confident therefore always,

in the

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. OUT INNER.

<sup>17.</sup> of us-omit.

<sup>5.</sup> also-omit.

<sup>1 17.</sup> Matt. v. 12; Rom. 1 16. Rom. vii. 22; Eph. iii. 16; Col. iii. 10; 1 Pet. .ii. 4. viii. 18; 1 Pet. i. 2, 6; v. 10. 18. Rom. viii. 24; 2 Cor. v. 7; Heb. xi. 1. iv. 10; 2 Cor. iv. 7; 2 Pet. i. 13, 14. 12. Rom. viii. 23. 14. 1 5. Rom. viii. 23; 2 Cor. iv. 7; 2 Pet. i. 14; iv. 30. ‡ 1. Jeb 1 4. 1 Cor. xv. 53, 54

μουμεν από του κυριου 2 δία πιστέως γαρ tombone from the Lord, (by means of faith for

περιπατουμεν ου δια ειδους )  $^{8}$  θαρβουμεν we are walking, and by means of aght,) who are consident

δε, και ευδοκουμεν μαλλου εκδημησαι εκ του but, also we are well-pleased rather to be from home out of the

σωματος, και ενδημησαί προς τον κυρμον. <sup>9</sup>διο body, who to be at home swith gibe Lord, wherefore και φιλοτιμουμεθα, είτε ενδημουντές, είτε

ntio we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or εκδημουντες, ευαρεστοι ξαυτηντείναι. 10 Tous being from home, well-pleasing to him to be. The

γαρ παντας ήμας φανερωθηναι δει εμπροσfor all us to appear it is necessary before

θεν του βηματος του Χρεπτου, ίνα κομισηται oithe tribunal, of the Anomated, that among receive καστος τα δια του σωματος, προς ά επεκελουε του thugs through the body, according to what was

pater, eite ayaθον, είτε κακον.

ΤΙ Είδοτες συν του φοβον του κύριου, ανθρω-Knowing therefore tha fear, of the Lord, wen

πους πειθομεν, θεν δε πεφανερωμεθα ελπιζω we persuade, to God but we have been used itested; I hope

δικαι εν ταις συνειδητεσιν ύμων πεφανερωσθαι.

ond also in the consciences of you to bave been manifested.

12 Ου \*[γαρ] παλιν έαυτους συνιστανομεν ύμιν,
'Nat · [for] σημα ουτείνει do we recommend to you.

αλλα αφορμην διδοντες ύμιν καυχηματος ύπερ

του ορρατικό giving to you of boseing on

ουν ένα εχατε πορε τους ενιπορασια να καυχου

ήμων ίνα εχητε προς τους εν προσωπο καυχωνό τοι ελαιγου τους εναιγου τους τους τους τους και ου καρδία. <sup>13</sup>Ειτε γαρ εξεστημεν,

μενους, και ου καροία. Είτε γαρ εξεστημεν, and no in heart ( Evenis for weare besides ourselves, θεφ. είτε σωφρονουμεν, ύμιν. H'Η γαρ αγα-

so God; and it we are of sound in the toy on The for love πη του Χριστου συνεχει ήμας, <sup>15</sup> κριναντας

πη του Αριστού συνέχει ημας, εκτυαντας et the Appended constrains as, having judged τουτο, δτι ει εις ύπερ παντων απεθανεν αρα

tais, that if one on behalf of all 'diel, then
of παντες απεθανον (απε ύπερ παντων απεθαίουν
of all diel, and on behalf of all he diel,

νεν, ίνα οι ζωντες μητετι έαυτοις ζωσιν, αλλα that the living polonger to themselves should live, but

το ύπερ αύτων αποθανοντι και εγερθεντί, to him on bobalf of them > baving died " and having been raised up home, away from the LORD;

7 (for t we are walking by Faith, not by Sight;)

8 but we are confident, and t well-pleased rather to be separated from the BODY, and to be at home with the LORD.

9 And therefore we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or being from home, to be acceptable to him.

10 ‡ For we must ALL appear before the TRIBU-NAL of the ANOINTED, ‡ so that each one may receive the THINGS through the BODY, according to whatwas performed, whether good or bad.

11 Knowing therefore the TERROR of the LORD, we are persuading Men; thut we have been manifested to God; and I hope we have been made manifest also in your consciences.

12 We are not trecommending Ourselves again to you, but are giving you an Opportunity of boasting on our behalf; that you may have something for THOSE who are BOASTING in Appearance, but not in Heart.

13 For even if we were besides ourselves, it was for God; and if we are of sound mind, it is for you.

14 For the LOVE of the Anointed one constrains us.

15 judging this, That tif one died on behalf of all, then they ALL died; and that the died on behalf of all, in order that the LIVING might no longer live for Themselves, but for HIM who DIED and rose again on their behalf.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. For omit.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Rom. viii. 24, 25; **2** Cor. iv. 18. † 8. Phil. i. 23. † 10. Rom. xiv 10. † 10. Rom. ii. 6; Gal. vi. 7; Eph. vi. 8; Col. iii. 24, 25; Rev. xxii. 12. † 11. Job xxxi. 23; Heb. x, 31; Jude 23, † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 2. † 12. 2 Cor. iii. 1. † 15. Rom. vi. 11, 12; xiv. 7, 8; 1, Cor. vi. 19; Gal. ii. 29; 1 Thess. v, 10; 1 Pet. iv. 2,

 $^{6}$   $^{\circ}$   $\Omega$  στε ήμεις απο του νυν ουδενα οιδαμεν κατα So that we from the now no one know according to

Γαρκα° ει δε και εγνωκαμεν κατα σαρκα flesh; if and even we knew according to flesh

Χριστον, αλλα νυν ουκετι γινωσκομεν. 17 °Ω σAnointed, but now no longer we know. So

τε ει τις εν Χριστφ, καινη κτισις τα αρχαια that if any one in Anounced, new creation; the things old  $\pi$  αρηλθεν, ιδου,  $\gamma$ εγονε καινα  $*[\tau \alpha \quad \pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha.]$ 

παρηλθεν, ίδου, γεγονε καινα \*[τα παντα.] passed away, lo, has become new [the all things.]  $^{13}$  Τα δε παντα εκ του θεου, του καταλλαξαντος

The but all things out of the God, that one having reconciled μας ξαυτφ δια \*[Ιησου] Χριστου, και δοντος us to himself through [Jesus] Anointed, and having given ιιν την διακονίαν της καταλλαγης. 19 Ως

reconciliation. Namely  $\dot{\epsilon}$  -ι θεος ην εν Χριστφ κοσμον καταλλασσων . . . God was in Anointed a world reconciling

έπυτφ, μη λογιζομένος αυτοις τα παραπτωματα to himself, not reckoning to them the faultr

αυτων, και θεμενος εν ήμιν τον λογον πης of them, and having placed in us the word of the

xαταλλαγης.
reconciliation.

μεν, ώς του
θεου παρακαλουντος δι' ήμων
solors, as if the God beseeching through us:

δεομεθα ύπερ Χριστου, καταλλαγητε τ $\omega$  θε $\omega$ . we pray on behalf of Anointed, be you reconciled to the God.

<sup>21</sup> Τον \*[γαρ] μη γνοντα αμαρτιαν, ὑπερ ἡμων Him [for] nothaving known sin, on behalf of us

αμαρτιαν εποιησεν, ένα ήμεις γινωμεθα δικαιοein was made, that we might become righteomσυνη θεου εν αυτφ. ΚΕΦ. s'. 6. ½ Συνερ-

ness of God in him. Wo sing γουντες δε και παρακαλουμεν, μη εις κενον

together but also we exhort, not in van

την χαριν του θεου δεξαπθαι  $υμαs^{-2}$  (λεγει the favor of the God to receive you; (he says

γαρ· Καιρφ δεκτφ επηκουσα σου και εν ήμερα for, lu a season acceptable. Ilistened to thee and in a day

σωτηριας εβοηθησα σοι. Ιδου, νυν καιρος ευof salvation I belped thee. Lo, now a season well-

16 So that me, from this time, respec \$No one on account of rFlesh; and even if we esteemed Christ on account of Flesh, yet now we no longer thus regard him.

17 For, if any one be in Christ, he is ta New Creation; the old things have passed away; behold they have become new.

autos
conciled
from THAT God t who has
RECONCILED us to himself
through Jesus Christ, and
has given to us the MINISNamely
TION;

19 namely, That ‡ God was by Christ reconciling the World to himself, not counting to them their offences; and has deposited with us the WORD of the RECONCILIATION.

20 On behalf of Christ, therefore, we are ‡ ambassadors; as if God were inviting through us, we entreat, on behalf of Christ,—be you reconciled to God!

21 For \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) HIM who KNEW no Sin, he made \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) Sin-offering on our behalf, \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) that we might become God's Righteousness in him.

## CHAPTER VI.

1 And being also co. laborers, we exhort you not to receive the FAVOR of God in vain;

2 (for he says, †"In a Scason acceptable, I listened to thee, and in a Day of Salvation I assisted thee." Behold! now is a

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. all things-omit.

<sup>18.</sup> Jesus-omit.

<sup>21.</sup> For-

<sup>† 16.</sup> or fleshly descent. See Rom. xi. 14, where Paul styles his countrymen his flesh. Since Christ had died on behalf of all, the salvation of both Jew and Gentile were alike p. ccious. † 21. There are many passages in the Old Testament; where amartia. sin, signifies a sin-offering. Hosca iv. 8, "They (the priests) cat up the sin (sin-offerings) of ive people." In the New Testament, likewise, the word sin has the same signification. Heb. ix. 20, 28; xiii. 11.—Mackaight.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Gal. v. 6. † 17. Gal. vi. 15. † 17. Epn. ii. 15; Rev. xxi. 5. † 18. Rom. v. 10; Eph. ii. 16; Col. i. 20. † 19. Rom. iii. 24, 25. † 20. Eph. vi. 20. † 21. lso. 1ii. 6, 9, 12; Cad. iii. 13; 1 Pet. ii. 22, 24; 1 John iii. 5. † 21. Rom. ii. 17; v. 19; x. 3. † 24. Rom. ii. 17; v. 19; x. 3.

σωτηριας.) προσδεκτος. ιδου,  $\nu \nu \nu$ ήμερα a day of salvation.) accepted, 10. DOW. Μηδεμιαν εν μηδενι δικοντες προσκοπην, ίνα Nuone in any thing giving . offence, so that <sup>4</sup> αλλ' μωμηθη ή διακογια. μη εν παντι not may be blamed the service; hut in every thing συνιστωντες έαυτους ώς θεου διακονοι, εν ύποourselves as of Gud servants. in Daμονη πολλη εν θλιψεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν  $\sigma \tau \epsilon$ much in afflictions in necessities, in νοχωριαις, 5 εν πληγαις, εν φυλακαις, ενprisons. tresses. stripes, ΔĦ in tuταστασ.αις, κοποις,  $\in \mathcal{V}$  $\epsilon \nu$ αγρυπνιαις,  $\epsilon \nu$ labors, in watchings, in iμ νηστειαις. 6 εν άγνοτητι, εν γνωσει, εν μακροin knowledge, in purity, long-sufθυμια, εν χρηστοτητι, εν πνευματι άγιω, εν kındness, in spirit holy, <sup>7</sup> εν λογώ αληθείας, αγαπη ανυποκριτω, evunfeigned, a word truth, δυναμεί θεου δια των όπλων της δικαιοσυνης of God; through the arms ofthe righteousness των δεξιων και αριστερων, <sup>8</sup>δια δοξης και ατιof the rights oflefts. through glory and μιας, δια δυσφημιας και ευφημιας ώς πλανοι grace, through badfame and good fame; 2.5 deceivers και αληθεις. 9 ώς αγνοουμενοι, και επιγινωσκοas heing ignorant, and being duly appretrue; μενοι ώς αποθνησκοντες, και ιδου ζωμεν ώς and ciated; dying, lo we live; παιδευομενοι, και μη θανατουμενοι· 10 ώς λυπουand not put to death; being being carrected, Δs μενοι, αει δε χαιροντες ώς πτωχοι, πολλους grieved, always but rejoicing; 8.8 δε πλουτιζοντες δε μηδεν εχοντες, και παντα as nothing but making rich; having, and allthings 11 Το στομα ήμων ανεώγε προς κατεγοντες. The mouth possessing. of us has been opened to ύμας, Κορινθιοι, ή καρδια ήμων πεπλατυνται. you, O Corinthians, the heart ofus has been enlarged. <sup>12</sup>Ου στενοχωρεισθε εν ήμιν· στενοχωρεισθε δε

pense, (as to children I speak,) be enlarged ύμεις. you.  $^{14}$  Μη γινεσθε έτεροζυγουντες απιστοις· τις Not be you unequally yoking with unbelievers; what γαρ μετοχη δικαιοσυνή και ανομια; τις δε

 $μισθιαν_*$  (ώς τεκνοις  $λεγω_*$ ) πλατυνθητε και

in

of you.

well-accepted Season: behold! now is a Day of Sa. vation:)

3 I giving No Offence in any thing, that the Minis-TRATION may not be

blamed;

4 but in everything establishing ourselves 1 as God's Servants, by much patient endurance in Afflictions, in Necessities, in Distresses;

5 Jin Stripes, in Prisons, in Tumults; in Labors, in Watchings, in

Fastings;

6 by Purity, by Knowledge, by Forbearance; by Kindness, by a holy Spirit, by Love undissembled,

7 tby the Word of Truth, by the Power of God; through THOSE ARMS of Righteousness, on the right hand and Left;

8 through Glory and Disgrace; through Bad fame and Good fame; as Deceivers, and yet true;

9 tas being ignorant, yet being duly appreciated; tas dying, yet behold! we live; as chastised, yet not put to death;

10 as grieving, but always rejoicing; as poor, but enriching many; as having Nothing, yet possessing All things.

11 Our MOUTH is opened toward you, O Corinthians! our HEART has been

enlarged.

12 You are not straitened in us, t but you are contracted in your own TENDER AFFECTIONS.

13 But as a re-payment for the same, (‡I speak as to Children,) be nou also enlarged.

14 ‡ Be not unequally yoked with Unbelievers; for ‡ What Participation has Rightcourness with lawlessness? what and Iniquity? \* or what Com-

for participation righteousness and

Not you are straitened

εν τοις σπαγχνοις ύμων.

bowels

 $^{13}$  Την δε αυτην αντι-

The but same recom-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. or what.

<sup>† 3. 1</sup> Cor. x. 32. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1. † 7. 2 Cor. x. 4; Eph. vi. 11, 13; 2 Tim. iv. 7. † Cor. i. 9; iv. 10, 11. † 12. 2 Cor. xii. 15. 17.2 Cor. iv. 2. 19.1 Cor. iv. 9: 11 Lev. xix. 1 5. 2 Cor. xi. 23. 1 9. 2 Cor. xi. 6. 1 13. 1 Cor. iv. 14. 1) Deut. vii. 2, 3; 1 Cor. v. 9; vii. 39. 1 14. 1 Kings xviii. 21 1 Cor. x. : Eph. v. 7, 11

κοινωνια φωτι προς σκοτος; 15 Tis δε συμφωνηfellowship light with darkness? What and agreement

σις Χριστφ προς Βελιαρ; η τις μερις πιστφ of an Anointed with Beliar? or what portion to a believer

μετα απιστου;  $^{16}$  τις δε συγκαταθεσις ναφ θεφ with an unbeliever? what and connection a temple of God μετα ειδωλων; Υμεις γαρ ναος θεου εστε ζων-

with idols? You for a temple of God are living,  $\tau$ os.  $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s \in \iota \pi \in \nu$   $\delta$   $\theta \in os$ .  $O\tau \iota \in \nu o \iota \kappa \eta \sigma \omega \in \nu$ 

as said the God; That I will indwell among αυτοις, και εμπεριπατησω και εσομαι αυτων them, and will walk about in; and I will be to them

θεος, και αυτοι εσονται μοι λαος. 17 Διο εξελa God, and they shall be to meapeople. Wherefore come

κυριος, και ακαθαρτου μη ἁπτεσθε· καγω εισδε-Lord, and of an unclean thing not touch you; and I will re-

ξομαι ύμας, <sup>18</sup> και εσομαι ύμιν εις πατερα, και ceive you, and I will be to you for a father, and ύμεις εσεσθε μοι εις υίους και θυγατερας, λεγει

you shall be to me for sous and daughters, says κυριου παντοκρατωρ. ΚΕΦ. ('. 7. 1 Ταυτας

Lord Almighty. These  $ouv \in \chi ov\tau \in s$   $\tau as \in \pi a\gamma \gamma \in \lambda ias$   $a\gamma a\pi \eta \tau oi$ ,  $\kappa a\theta a$ -therefore having the promises, beloved ones, let us

ρισωμεν έαυτους απο παντος μολυσμου σαρκος cleanse ourselves from all pollution of flesh και πνευματος, επιτελουντες άγιωσυνην εν

and spirit, perfecting holiuess in  $\phi c \beta \omega$   $\theta \epsilon o v$ .  $^2 X \omega \rho \eta \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon \overset{\circ}{\eta} \mu \alpha s$  oud  $\epsilon v \alpha \eta \delta \iota \kappa \eta$ -

fear of God. Receive you us; no one we iuσαμην, ουδενα εφθειραμεν, ουδενα επλεονεκτηjured, no one we corrupted, no one we defrauded.

σαμεν. 3 Ου προς κατακρισιν λεγω· προειρηκα
Not for condemnation I speak; before I said

 $\gamma$ αρ, ότι  $\epsilon \nu$  ταις καρδιαις  $\hat{\eta}$ μων  $\epsilon$ στ $\epsilon$   $\epsilon$ ις το for, that in the hearts of us you are in order that

συναποθανειν και συζην.  $^4$  Πολλη μοι παρόη-to die together and to live together. Much with me boldness

σια προς ύμας, πολλη μοι καυχησις ύπερ ύμων·
towards you, much with me boasting on behalf of you,
πεπληρομίαι τη παρακλησει, ύπερπερισσευσμαι

πεπληρωμαι τη παρακλησει, ὑπερπερισσευομαι I have been filled with the consolation, I am overflowing

τη χαρα επι παση τη θλιψει ήμων. 5 Και γαρ with the joy in all the affliction of us. Indeed for

Communion has Light with Darkness?

15 and What Accordance has Christ with † Beliar? or What Portion has a Believer with an Unbeliever?

16 And What Connection has God's Temple with Idols? ‡ for \* we are a Temple of the living God; as GoD said, ‡ "I will dwell among them, "and I will be Their God,

"a People."

17 Wherefore, t"depart
"from the Midst of them,
"and be separated," says
the Lord, "and touch not
"the impure; and I will

"and then shall be to Me

"receive you,

18 ‡ "and I will be to "you for a Father, and "nou shall be to Me for "Sons and Daughters, says "the Lord Almighty."

# CHAPTER VII.

1 Having, therefore, † These PROMISES, Beloved, let us purify oursclves from all Pollution of Flesh and Spirit, perfecting Holiness in the Fear of God.

2 Receive us; ‡ we have injured No one; we have corrupted No one; we have defrauded No one.

3 I speak not for Condemnation; for I previously said, That it is in our HEARTS to DIE TOGETHER, and to live together.

4 ‡ Great is my Confidence in regard to you; ‡ great is My Boasting on your behalf; ‡ I have been filled with CONSOLATION; I am overflowing with JOY in All our AFFLICTION.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. We are.

<sup>†18.</sup> So it is in the Vatican, and the majority of MSS, and in many early ecclesiastical writers. Beliar is from the Syriac, literally signifying that which profits not, but injures, and is rendered in the Peschito-Syriac, by the word Satan.

<sup>† 16. 1</sup> Cor. iii. 16; vi.19; Eph. ii. 21, 22; Hob. iii. 6.
xxvi. 12; Jer. xxxi. 33; Ezek. xxxvi. 28; Zeeh. viii. 8.
xxxi. 19.
11. 1 John iii. 3.
12. Acts xx. 33; Cor. xi. 17.
13. 2 Cor. xi. 17.
14. Phil. ii. 17; Col. i. 24.

ελθοντων ήμων εις Μακεδονιαν, ουδεμιαν εσχηhad having come of us into Macedonia, not κεν ανεσιν ή σαρξ ήμων, αλλ' εν παντι θλιβοrest the flesh of us, but in everything heing dis-<sup>6</sup> Αλλ εξωθεν μαχαι, εσωθεν φοβοι. But tressed; without fignts, within δ παρακαλων τους ταπεινους, παρεκαλεσεν ήμας comforted the one comforting the lowly ones, δ θεος εν τη παρουσιά Τιτου. 7 ου μονον δε εν of Titus; only and by the God by the presence not τη παρουσια αυτου, αλλα και εν τη παρακλησει of him. but also by the the παρεκληθη εφ' ύμιν, αναγγελλων ήμιν with which he was comforted over you, announcing tous την ύμων επιποθησιν, τον ύμων οδυρμον, τον toe of you earnest desire, the of you lamentation, the ύμων ζηλον ύπερ εμου. ώστ∈ με μαλλον on behalf of me; so that nie of you <sup>8</sup> Ότι ει και ελυπησα ύμας εν **τ**η γαρηναι. you to have rejuiced. Because if even I grieved Ьy the επιστολη, ου μεταμελομαι, ει και μετεμελομην. not I do repent, if indeed I did repent; βλεπω γαρ ότι ή επιστολη εκεινη, ει και προς for that the letter that, ii even for 9 Νυν χαιρω, ουχ δτι ώραν, ελυπησεν ύμας. Now I rejoice, not because an hour, I grieved you. ελυπηθητε, αλλ' ότι ελυπηθητε εις μετανοιαν you were grieved, but because you were grieved in order to reformation;  $\epsilon \lambda \nu \pi \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon \gamma \alpha \rho \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$ , ίνα εν μηδενι you were grieved for according to God, so that in nothing  $^{10}$  'Η γαρ κατα  $\theta$ εον  $\epsilon \xi \ \eta \mu \omega \nu$ . (ημιωθητε The for according to God you might suffer loss from 118. λυπη μετανοιαν εις σωτηριαν αμεταμελητον for salvation not to be repented of sorrow reformation κατεργαζεται ή δε του κοσμου λυπη θανατον the but of the works out; world SOTTOW 11 Ιδου κατεργα(εται. yap αυτο Τουτο works out. Lo for same this the thing θεον λυπηθηναι \*[ύμας,] ποσην κατειρ-n God to have been grieved [you,] how much it according to God to have been grieved

γαπατο ύμιν σπουδην αλλα απολογιαν, αλλα worked in you diligence; but a defence, but αγανακτησιν, αλλα φοβον, αλλα επιποθησιν, indignation, fear. but earnest desire. αλλα ζηλον, αλλ' εκδικησιν' εν παντι συνεσzeal, but punimment; in every thing \* $\lceil \epsilon \nu \rceil \tau \varphi \pi \rho \alpha \gamma$ τησατε έαυτους αγνους ειναι proved yourselves pure to be [in] the 12 Αρα ει και τγραψα ύμιν ουχ εινεκεν цать. Therefore if indeed I wrote to you not on account ter.

του αδικησαντος, ουδε είνεκεν του αδικηθενof the one having been wronged, nor on account of the one having done

5 For, indeed, twe having come into Macedonia, our flesh had No Rest, but twe were distressed in every way;—outwardly Fightings; inwardly Fears

6 But that ‡GOD who COMFORTS the DISCONSCLATE, comforted us ‡ by the PRESENCE of Lus;

7 and not only by his PRESENCE, but also by the COMFORT With which he was comforted on your account, narrating to us your earnest desire, your Lamentation, your Zeat on my behalf; so that I greatly rejoiced.

8 Because if even I grieved you by the LETTER, I do not \*repent; and if even I did repent, I see That that LETTER grieved you but for a short

time.

9 I now rejoice, not Because you were grieved, but Because you were grieved in order to Reformation; for you were grieved according to God, so that you might suffer loss from us in nothing.

10 ‡ For the SORROW according to GOD produces Reformation for Salvation, not to be repented of; that the sorrow of the WORLD produces Death.

11 For behold this very thing,—to be GRIEVED according to God,—How much Earnestness it produced in you! what an Apology! what Indignation! what Fear! what Larnest desire! what Zeal! whata Punishment! In everything you proved yourselves to be pure in this MATTER.

12 If therefore, indeed, I wrote to you, it was not on his account who suffered the wrong, \*nor indeed on his account who did the wrong, thut

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-8. repent; and if even I did repent, I see That.

-omit. 11. in-omit. 12. nor indeed on his account.

<sup>13.</sup> you

<sup>† 5. 2</sup> Cor. ii. 13. † 5. 2 Cor. iv. 8. † 6. 2 Cor. i. 4. † 10. 2 Sam. xii. 13; Matt. xxvi. 75. † 10. Prov. xvii. 22.

τος αλλ' είνεκεν του φανερωθηναι την σπουδην wrong; but on account of the to have been manifested the diligence τιων την ύπερ ύμων προς ύμας, ενωπιων του of us that on behalf of you toward you, in whence of the of us that on behalf of you toward you, Csov. 13 Δια τουτο παρακεκλημεθα επι τη παρα-God. On account of this we . co forted the comκλμ**σει** ύμων• περισσοτερω**ς δ**ε μαλλον **εχ**αρηmore abundantly and rather we reμεν επιτη χαρά Τιτου, δτι αναπεπαυται το joy of Titus, because has been refreshed the inced in the πνευμα αυτου απο παντων ύμων. 14 ότι ει of you; because if anything of him from all αυτφ ύπερ ύμων κεκαυχημαι, ου κατησχυνθην. to him on behalf of you I have boasted, not I was ashamed; αλλ' ώς παντα εν αληθεια ελαλησημεν ύμιν, wespoke to you, as all things in truth ούτω και ή καυγησις ήμων ή επι Τιτου, αληθεια also the boasting of us that to ενενηθη· 15 και τα σπλαγχνα αυτου περισσοand th bowels of him more abunτερως εις ύμως εστιν. Εμιμνησκομενου την remembering the dautly for ye... ie, παντων ύμων ύπακο~ν, ώς Φοβου και τρα-8.5 ith fear and tremof you obelience, 16 Χαιρω, ότ**ι εν** παντι μου εδεξασθε αυτον. i rojoice, that in every thing bling you received €v buiv. θαρδω I have confidence in you.

# КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Γυωριζομεν δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, την χαριν We make known but to you, O brethren, the favor του θεου την δεδομενην εν ταις εκκλησιαις της of the God that having been given by the congregations of the Μακεδονιας· <sup>2</sup> ότι εν πολλη δοκιμη θλιψεως ή Macedonia: trial of affliction the βaπερισσεια της χαρας αυτων, και ή Kata abuudance of the joy of them, and the in drep θους πτωχεια αυτων, επερισσευσεν εις TOV of them, abounded poverty κλουτον της άπλοτητος αυτων<sup>, 3</sup>ότι κατα of them; because according to of the liberality δυναμ.ν (μαρτυρω) και ύπερ δυναμιν αυθαιρετοι, and beyond power of their own accord, (I testify) Dower 🕯 μετα πολλης παρακλησεως δεομενοι ήμων την much earnestentreaty asking of us γαριν και την κοινωνιαν της διακονιας της εις favor even the participation of the service of that for 5 Και ου καθως ηλπισαμέν, αλλ τους άγιους. we expected, the saints. And, not

in order that THAT DILI-GENCE of ours which we have on your behalf might be MANIFESTED toward you in the presence of GOD.

13 On this account \*we were comforted; and in our comfort, we rejoiced more abundantly at the Joy of Titus, Because his spirit; was refreshed by

you all.

14 Because if I have boasted in any thing to Him on your behalf, I was not ashamed; but as we spoke All things to you in Truth, \* thus also our BOASTING before Titus became a Truth.

15 And his TENDER AF-FECTIONS are overflowing toward you, remembering the OBEDIENCE of you all, how with Fear and Trembling you received 'im.

16 I rejoice That in every thing \$1 have confidence in you.

## CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now, Brethren, we make you acquainted with THAT GIFT for GOD which has been GIVEN by the CONGREGATIONS Of MACEDONIA:

2 That in a Great Trial of Affliction, the Abun-DANCE of their JOY, even in their 1 DEEP Poverty, overflowed in the WEALTH of their LIBERALITY;

3 Because That according to their Ability, I testify, and even beyond their Ability, voluntarily.

4 with Much Entreaty asking us to accept the GIFT, even the 1 JOINT PARTICIPATION OF THAT SERVICE which is for the SAINTS;

5 and not as we ex-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—13. we were comforted; and in our comfort we rejoiced more abundantly.

14. thus also our boasting before Titus.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Rom. xv. 32. † 15. 2 Cor. ii. 9; Phil. ii. 12. † 16. 2 Thess. iii. 4; I hillemon 8, 21. † 2. Mark xii. 44 † 4. Acts xi. 20; xxiv. 17; Rom. xv. 25, 26; 1 Cor. xvi 2, 5, ±; 2 Cor. ix. 1.

TOU EXELV.

καθο

έαυτους εδωκαν πρωτον τω κυριω, και ήμιν, δια themselves they gave first to the Lord, and tous, through 0εληματος 0εου $^{-6}$ εις το παρακαλεσαι ήμας of God; in order that to intreat Τιτον, ίνα καθως προενηρξατο, ούτω και επιτεhe before began, 7 Αλλ΄ λεση εις ύμας και την χαριν ταυτην. perfect among you also the gift this. But ώσπερ εν παντι περισσευετε, (πιστει και λογφ in everything you abound, (in faith and in word και γνωσει και παση σπουδη, και τη εξ ύμων εν and in knowledge and in all diligence, and in the from of you to ήμιν αγαπη,) ίνα και εν ταυτη τη χαριτι περισthat also in this the favor σευητε<sup>-8</sup>ου κατ' επιταγην λογω, αλλα not according to a command 1 speak, but through της έτερων σπουδης, και το της ύμετερας αγαof the of others diligence, and that of the πης γνησιον δοκιμαζων. 9 (γινωσκετε γαρ την am proving; (you know for the χαριν του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου,] ότι [Anointed,] favor of the Lord of us Jesus that Ei ύμας επτωχευσε πλουσιος ων, ίνα ύμεις on account of you he became poor rich being, so that you τη εκεινου πτωχειά πλουτησητε $\cdot$ ) 10 και γνωpoverty might become rich;) and an opinμπν εν τουτω διδωμι. Τουτο γαρ ύμιν συμφε-This for to you is profition in this I give. ρει, οίτινες ου μονον το ποιησαι, αλλα και το able, not alone the to do, also the θελειν προενηρξασθε απο περυσι: 11 νυνι δε και before began from last year; now but also το ποιησαι επιτελεσατε, δπως κα $\theta$ απερ ή προthe promptdo you perfect, that 28 θυμια του θελειν, ούτω και το επιτελεσαι εκ of the to will, 80 also the to finish

according to what may have [any one,] acceptable, 13 Ου γαρ, ίνα αλλοις ουκ εχει. recording to what not he has. Not for. that to others ανέσις, ύμιν δε θλίψις, αλλ' εξ ισότητος εν τω rest, to you but affliction, but out of an equality; in the νυν καιρώ το ύμων περισσευμα εις το εκεινών abundance for the ofthem

If for the promptness

12 Ει γαρ ή προθυμια προκειται,

 $\epsilon \alpha \nu \epsilon \chi \eta * [\tau \iota s,] \epsilon \nu \pi \rho \sigma \delta \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s, o \nu$ 

is placed first,

present season the to you  $^{-14}$ ίνα και το εκεινων περισσευμα ίστερημα, so that also the of them

abundance γενηται εις το ύμων ύστερημα, όπως γενηται may be for the of you Want, so that may be

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. Anointed-omit.

but they gave pected, themselves first to the Lord, and to us, through the Will of God:

6 so that twe Desired Titus, that as he had previously began so also he would finish this GIFT

among you.

7 But as tyou abound in every thing,—in Faith, and in Word, and in Knowledge, and in All Earnestness, and in Your Love to us, see that you abound in This FREE GIFT also.

8 ‡ I do not speak this by Commandment, but through the EARNESTNESS of others, I am testing also the REALITY of YOUR Love.

9 For you know the FAVOR of our LORD Jesus, ! That, being rich, yet on your account he was made poor, so that, by HIS Poverty, nou might be enriched.

10 And in this I give an Opinion; for this is beneficial for you, who, previously began not only to Do, but also to be WIL-LING, # since the last Year.

11 At present, therefore, finish the DOING also, that according to the PROMPTI-TUDE to WILL, so also may be the accomplishment, according to ABIL-

12 ‡ For if READINESS or mind be present, one is acceptable according to what he may have, and not according to what he has not.

13 Not, however, that to others may be relief, and to you distress,

14 but an Equality; at THIS Time let Your Abundance be for THEIR Deficiency, so that also THEIR Abundance may be for your Deficiency; so that there may be an Equality.

<sup>12.</sup> any one-omit.

<sup>1 8. 1</sup> Cor. vii. 7. 1 10. 1 Cor. vii. 25. 1 10. 2 Cor. iz. 2

ισοτης:  $^{15}$  καθως γεγραπται:  $^{\circ}$ Ο το πολυ, ουκ n equality; even as it has been written; He the much, επλεονασε και ό το ολιγον, ουκ ηλαττονησε. had over; and he the little, not had lack.

 $^{13}$ Χαρις δε τ $\omega$  θε $\omega$  τ $\omega$  διδοντι την αυτην σπου-Thanks but to the God to that having given the same earnestδην ύπερ ύμων εν τη καρδια Τιτου  $^{17}$  ότι την ness on behalf of you in the heart of Titus; because the  $\sigma\pi\sigma\nu\delta\alpha\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$   $\delta\epsilon$ μεν παρακλησιν εδεξατο• but indeed exhortation more earnest he received;

ύπαρχων, αυθαιρετος εξηελθε  $\pi \rho o s$ ύμας. being, of his own accord he went out to

18 Συνεπεμψαμεν δε μετ' αυτου τον αδελφον, We sent together and with him the brother. δ επαινος εν τω ευαγγελιω δια πασων in the of whom the praise glad tidings through των εκκλησιων· 19 ου μονον δε, αλλα και χειnot only and, but also having of the congregations; οοτονηθεις ύπο των εκκλησιων συνεκδημος the been voted bу congregations a fellow-traveler ήμων συν τη χαριτι ταυτη, τη διακονουμενη \*[auTou] ημων TOOS  $\tau n \nu$ του κυριου Ьy the цы for the [same] Lord  $^{20}$   $\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda o \mu \epsilon \nu o \iota$ ກົ່ງແຜນ• δοξαν και προθυμιαν and readiness of mind of us; avoiding τουτο, μη τις ήμας μωμησηται **εν τη α**δροτη**τι** should blame in the abundance this, not any one us auαυτη τη διακονουμενη ύφ' ήμων·  $^{21}$  προνοουμεbeing served bу us; we are purpos. the

νοι γαρ καλα ου μονον ενωπιον κυριου, αλλα ing forgood things not only in presence of Lord, but και ενωπιον ανθρωπων.  $^{22} \Sigma v \epsilon \pi \epsilon \mu \psi \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu \delta \epsilon$ Wesenttogether in presence of men. and αυτοις τυν αδελφον ήμων, δν εδοκιμασαμεν εν with them the brother of us, whom we proved πολλοις πολλακις σπουδαιον οντα, νυνι δε πολυ many things many times diligent being, now but much σπουδαιοτερον, πεποιθησε**ι** πολλη τη ει**ς** ύμας. confidence great in that for more diligent, you.

 $^{23}$  Ei $au\epsilon$   $\dot{v}\pi\epsilon
ho$  Tiauov,  $\cdots$ i $v\omega v$ os  $\epsilon\mu$ os και  $\epsilon$ is  $\dot{v}\mu$ as And if on behalf of Titus, and for partner my you συνεργος ειτε αδελφοι μων, αποστολοι εκa fellow-laborer; and if brethren of us, <sup>24</sup> Την ουν κλησιων, δοξα Χριστου. €νδ€ιξιν The therefore proof congregations, glory of Anointed. της αγαπης ύμων, και ήμων καυχησεως ύπερ on behalf ofus boasting of you, and ύμων, εις αυτους ενδειξασθε εις προσωπον των olyou, for them pointyou out in face of the εκκλησιων. congregations.

16 But Thanks be to THAT GOD who has PUT into the HEART of Titus, the Same Earnestness on

vour behalf;

17 ! because he received, indeed, the EXHORTATION; but being very earnest, he . went away of his own accord to you.

18 And we sent with him tthe brother, whose PRAISE by the GLAD TIDings is throughout all of the CONGREGATIONS;

19 and not only so, but t also he has been voted by tlie congregations our Fellow-traveler with this GIFT, which is BEING DIS-PENSED by us for the Glory of the LORD, and of our Earnestness;

20 avoiding this, that no one should blame Us in this ABUNDANCE which is being dispensed by 115.

21 for we are purposing excellent things, not only in the presence of the Lord, but also in the presence of Men.

22 And we have sent with them our BROTHER, (whom we have often found diligent in many things, but now much more diligent,) because of THAT great Confidence reposed in you.

23 And if any inquire respecting Titus, he is my Partner and Fellow-laborer for you; or concerning our Brethren, they are the Delegates of the CONCRE-GATIONS, and the # Glery of Christ.

24 Show, therefore, to them the PROOF of your LOVE, and of Our # Boasting on your behalf, before the CONGREGATIONS.

<sup>15</sup> even as it has been written, ‡" HE who had "MUCH, had no surplus; "and HE who had LITTLE, "had no deficiency."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Same-omit.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Exod. xvi. 18. † 17. verse 6. † 18. 2 Cor. xii. 18. † 19. 4. † 19. 2 Cor. iv. 15. † 19. Rom. xii. 17; Phil. iv. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 12. Phil. ii. 25. † 24. 2 Cor. vii. 14; 14. 2 1 19. 1 Cor. xvi.

# KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

1 Περι μεν γαρ της διακονίας της εις τους Concerning indeed for the service of that for the άγιους περισσού μοι εστί το γραφείν ύμιν.
saints superfluous forme it is the towrito toyou. 2 Οιδα γαρ την προθυμιαν ύμων, ήν ύπερ ύμων I know for the readings of mind of you, which on behalf of you καυχωμαι Μακεδοσιν, ότι Αχαια παρεσκευασhas been prepared am boasting to Macedonians, because Achaia ται απο περυσι και δ εξ ύμαν ζηλυς ηρεθισε from last year; and the from of you zeal stirred up τους πλειονας. 3 Επεμψα δε τους αδελφους, ίνα lsent but the brethren, so that many. μη το καυχημα ήμων το ύπερ ύμων κενωθη εν not the boasting of us that on behalf of you should be vain in τω μερει τουτω: ίνα, καθως ελεγον, περεσκευthe respect this; so that, as I said, having been  $a\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu$ or  $\eta\tau\epsilon^*$   $\mu\eta\pi\omega$ s  $\epsilon a\nu$   $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\sigma$ r  $\sigma\nu$   $\epsilon\mu$ or prepared may be; lest perhaps if shoull come with me Μακεδονες, και εύρωσιν ύμας απαρασκευαστους, you and find καταισχυνθωμεν ήμεις (ίνα μη λεγωμεν ύμεις) (that not we may say you) should be ashamed we <sup>5</sup> Αναγκαιον συν εν τη ύποστασει ταυτη. in the confident expectation this. Necessary therefore ηγησαμεν παρακαλεσαι τους αδελφους, ίνα προ-Ithought to exhort the brethren, that they εις ύμας, και προκαταρτισωσι την €λθωσιν and would make ready before the would go before to you, προκατηγγελμενην ευλογιαν ύμων, ταυτην of you, pre-anuounced blessing this έτοιμην ειναι ούτως ώς ευλογιαν, και μη ώς thus as a blessing, and not as ready tobe <sup>6</sup>Τουτο δε, δ σπειρων φειδομενως, πλεονεξιαν. but, theonesowing sparingly, an exaction. €π' φειδομένως και θερισει και δ σπειρων also shall reap; and the one sowing \*paringly <sup>7</sup> Έκασευλογιαις, επ' ευλογιαις και θερισει. blessings also challreap. blessings, 1 12 τος καθως προαιρειται τη καρδια, μη εκ λυπης, not from he purposes in the heart; 24 η εξ αναγκης· ίλαρον γαρ δοτην αγαπα δ θεος. or from necessity; a cheerful for giver loves the God.  $^8$  Δυνατος δε δ $\, heta$ εος πασαν χαριν περισσευσα $_{
m I}$ Poweri 1 but the God to make abound every favor εις ύμας, ίνα εν παντοτε πασαν αυταρκειαν that in everything yo1, always all-sufficiency εχοντες, περισσευητε εις παν εργον αγαθον. goo'd: ou may abound in every work having, θκαθως γεγραπται Εσκορπισεν, εδωκε τοις even as it has been Critten; He has dispersed, he gave to the πενησιν. ή δικαισσυνη αυτου μενει εις τον αιω-

poor ones; the righteousoess of him abides for the

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 For, indeed, concerning ‡ THAT SERVICE which is for the SAINTS it is superfinous for me to WRITE

to you;
2 for I know # your PROMPTITUDE, ‡of which I am boasting on your behalf to the Macedonians, That I Achaia was prepared last Year, and Your Zeal has excited MANY.

S # But I sent the BRE-THREN, lest THAT BOASTing of ours on your behalf should be vain in this RESPECT; in order that you may be prepared;

4 lest, perhaps, if the Macedonians should come with me, and find you unprepared, we, not to say pou, should be ashamed in this CONFIDENT EX-

PECTATION.

5 I thoughtit necessary. therefore, to exhort the BRETHREN, to go on hefore to you, and to first make ready this PREVI-OUSLY ANNOUNCED GIFT of yours, that thus it may be ready as a Gift, and not as an Extortion.

6 But this I say, THE who sows sparingly, will also reap sparingly; and HE who sows bountifully, will reap also bountifully;

7 even as each one purposes in his HEART, I not from Gricf, or from Neccssity; for #GoD loves a Cheerful Giver.

8 ‡ And Gop is able to make Every Favor abound to you, so that always having All Sufficiency in every thing, you may abound in Every good Work.

9 as it has been written, t"He has dispersed, ho "has given to the POOR; "his righteousness re-" mains for the AGE."

δmo 3.

free gift.

10 'Ο δε επιχορηγων σπερμα τω σπειøα. The and seed to the one one supplying ρηντι και αρτον εις βρωσιν, χορηγησει και and sowing and bread for food, will supply πληθυνει τον σπορον ύμων, και αυξησει τα of you, and will increase the will multiply the sowing γεννηματα της δικαιοσυνης ύμων 11 εν παντι products of the righteousness of you; in everything πλουτιζομενοι εις πασαν απλοτηπα, ήτις κατερbeing enriched for all liberality, which works γαζεται δι' ήμων ευχαριστιαν τω θεω. 12 ότι through us thanksgiving to the God; out because ή διακονία της λειτουργίας ταυτης ου μονον the dispensing of the public service this pot εστι προσαναπληρουσα τα ύστερηματα των the abundantly supplying of the wants άγιων, αλλα και περισσευουσα δια πολλων also is abounding through many ευχαριστιών τω θεω. 13 δια της δοκιμης της thanksgivings to the God; on account of the proof of the διανονιας ταυτης δοξαξοντες τον θεον **επι τ**η this they are glorifying the God at the ύποταγη της δμολογιας ύμων εις το ευαγγελιον profession of you to the subjection of the glad tidings του Χριστου, και απλοτητι της κοινωνιας εις of the Anointed one, and liberality of the contribution for αυτους και εις παντας, 14 και αυτων δεησει and for and of them by prayer  $\dot{v}$ π $\epsilon \rho$   $\dot{v}$ μων,  $\epsilon \pi i \pi o \theta v v ν των <math>\dot{v}$ μας,  $\delta i \alpha \tau \eta \nu \dot{v}$   $\pi \epsilon \rho$ on behalf of you, ardently ving you, because of the sur-<sup>15</sup> Χαρις βαλλουσαν χαριν του θεου εφ' ύμιν. favor of the God p.ssing on vou. Thanks \*[δε] τω θεω επι τη ανεκδιηνητφ αυτου [but] to the God for the inexpressible or him

КЕФ. 1. 10.

\* Αυτος δε εγω Παυλος παρακαλω ύμας δια Panl beseech youonacconut της πραοτητος και επιεικειας του Χριστου, δς of the meekness and geatleness of the Anointed, who προσωσον μεν ταπεινος εν ὑμιν, απων o face indeed humble among yon, being absent according to δε θαρόω εις ύμας  $^{2}$  δεομαι δε, το μη but am bold toward yon; I pray but, that not being present θαρδησαι τη πεποιθησει, 'η λονιζομαι τολμηto be bold with the confidence, with which I reckon to have darσαι επι τινας τους λογιζομενους ήμας ώς κατα ng toward some those reckoning us as according to 3 Εν σαρκι γαρ περικασαρκα περιπατουντας. walking. flesh for walk.

10 And HE ‡ who SUPPLIES Seed to the SOWER, and Bread for Food, will multiply your SOWING, and increase the PRODUCTS of your ‡RIGHTEOUSNESS;

11 you being enriched in everything for All Liberality, ‡ which produces through us Thanksgiving

\* to GoD;

12 because the DISPENSING of this PUBLIC SERVICE, not only is ‡ amply supplying the WANTS of the SAINTS, but also is abounding through the Thanksgiving of Many \* to God;

13 for they are glorifying God on account of the proof of this ministration in your avowed subjection to the Glad tidings of the Anointed one, and the Liberality of the them and for all:

14 and by Their Prayer on your behalf, ardently loving you on account of the SURPASSING ‡ Favor of GOD bestowed upon you.

15 Thanks to God ‡ for his INEXPRESSIBLE free Gift!

## CHAPTER X.

1 Now ‡#, (the same Paul, ‡ who, in Appearance, indeed, am humble among you, but being absent am bold \*toward you,) exhort you by the MAPENNESS and Gentleness of the Anointed one;

2 and I pray that I may not be Bold, being present, with the CONFIDENCE which I presume of daring to display toward some who regard us as walking according to the Flesh.

3 For though we are

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. of God.
1. on account of you.

<sup>12.</sup> to the ANGINTED.

<sup>15.</sup> but-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Isa, lv. 10. † 10. Hoshea x. 12; Matt. vi. 1. † 12. 2 Cor. i. 11; iv. 15, † 12. 2 Cor. viii. 14. † 13. Matt. v. 16. † 13. Heb. xiii. 16 † 14. 2 Cor. viii. 1. † 15. James i. 17. † 1. Rom. xii. 1. † 1. verse 10; 3 Cor. xii. 5, 7, 9, 5 2. Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. xiii. 2,

τουντες, ου κατα σαρκα στρατενομεθα,  $^4$  (τα not according to the h warring, (the

γαρ όπλα της στρατείας ήμων ου σαρκικα, αλλα for arms of the warfare of the fleshly, but δυνατα τω θεω προς καθείρεσιν οχυρωματων.)

ουνατά τις υείν προς καυείρεσιν οχυραμάτων, powerful in the God for a casting down of furtreases,)

5 λογισμους καθαιρουντές και παν ύψωμα επαιressonings casting down and every height raising

ρομένον κατα της γνωσέως του θέου, και αιχitseltup against the knowledge of the God, and leadμαλωτιζοντές παν νοημα είς την  $\dot{\nu}$  πακοην του ing captive every until into the obedience of the  $\dot{\nu}$  και εν έτοιμ $\dot{\nu}$  εχοντές εκδικησαι 
Audiated, and in preparation having to punish

πασαν παρακοην, όταν πληρωθη ύμων ή ύπαevery disobedieuce, when may be foldliked of you the obe-

κοη.  ${}^{7}$  Τα κατα προσωπον βλεπετε; Ει τις de uce. The things according to face do you see? If any one πεποιθεν έαυτω Χριστου ειναι, τουτο λογι(έσθω has persuaded himself of Anointed to be, this let him consider παλιν αφ' έαυτου ότι καθως αυτος Χριστου, sgan from himself that even as he of Anointed,

υύτω και ήμεις. <sup>8</sup> Εαν τε γαρ και περισσοτερον so also we. 11 indeed for even more abundantly

τι καυχησωμαι περι της εξουσιας womewhat I should boast concerning the authority  $\dot{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$ ,  $\dot{\gamma}s$  εδωκεν  $\dot{\delta}$  κυριος  $\overset{*}{=}$   $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\eta}\mu\nu, \\ \text{(to us,)} \end{bmatrix}$  for building

μην και ουκ εις καθειρεσιν ύμων, ουκ αισχυνηup and not for casting down of you, not I shall be θησομαι. 9 Ίνα μη δοξω ώς αν εκ $\uparrow$ οβειν ύμας

ashamed. So that not I may seem as I would territy you  $\delta i\alpha = \tau \omega \nu \in \pi i \sigma \tau o \lambda \omega \nu^{-10} \left( \delta \tau i \text{ at } \mu \in \nu \in \pi i \sigma \tau o \lambda ai, \right.$  by means of the letters, (because the indeed letters,

φησι, βαρειαι και ισχυραι ή δε παρουσια του he says, weighty and powerful; the but presence of the

σωματος ασθενης, και δ λογος εξουθενημενος.) body weak, and the word having been despised;)

11 του το λογιζεσθω ή τοιου τος, ότι οίοι εσμεν this let consider the such an one, that such occa we are

τω λογω δι' επιστολων αποντεs, τοιουτοι και by the word through letters being absent, such like ones also

παροντες τ $\phi$  εργ $\phi$ . 12 Ου γαρ τολμωμεν εγκριbeing present in the work. Not for we dare to rank

ναι η συγκριναι έαυτους τισι των έαυτους συor to compare ourselves with some of those themselves com-

walking in the Flesh, we are not warring according to the Flesh.

4 tince the ARMS tof our WARFARE are not of Flesh, but t divinely powerful for the Demolition of Fortresses;

5 themolishing Reasonings, and Every Height rearing itself up against the KNOWLEDGE of GOD, and leading captive Every Mind to the OBEDIENCE of the ANOINTED ONE;

6 and ‡ being prepared to punish All Disobedience, when ‡ Your OBEDIENCE may be completed.

7 ‡ Do you look on THINGS according to Appearance? ‡ If any one \* seems to trust in himse if That he is of Christ, let him consider this again from himself, That as he is of Christ, so also are we.

8 For if indeed I should boast somewhat more abundantly 1 of our AUTHURITY, which the LOLD gave for your Building up, and not for your overthrowing, 11 shall not be ashaned;

9 so that I may not seem as if I would terrily you by LETTERS;

10 because "the LETTERS," says he, "are weighty and powerful; but the BODILY PRESENCE is weak, and the Speech contemptible."

11 Let such a one consider this, That such as we are in word through Letters, being absent, such also will we be in work, being present.

12 ‡ For \* we dare not rank or compare ourselves with some of those who commend Themselves;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-7. seems to trust in himself. I dare not.

to us—omit. 12.

νιστανοντων· αλλα αυτοι εν έαυτοις έαυτους hy themselves themseives mending; bus they μετρουντες, και συγκρινοντες έαυτους έαυτοις, measuring, and comparing themselves with themselves, 13 'Ημεις δε ουχι εις ου συνιουσιν. We and not for the things not are intelligent. τρα καυχησωμεθα, αλλα κατα το μετρον του we will boast, but according to the measure of the κανονος, ού εμερισεν ήμιν ό θεος μετρου, εφιrule, of which distributed to us the God of measure, 14 Ου γαρ, ώς μη εφικκεπθαι αχρι και ύμων. to even Not for as not reachyou. ύμας, ύπερεκτεινομεν έαυτους· νουμενοι εις ing we overstretch to you, (αχρι γαρ και ύμων εφθασαμεν εν τω ευαγγελιω we came in the for even you glad tidings του Χριστου·) 15 ουκ εις τα αμετρα καυχωμεnot forthethings unmeasured of the Anointed.) νοι  $\epsilon \nu$  αλλοτριοις κοποις,  $\epsilon \lambda \pi i \delta \alpha$  δ $\epsilon$   $\epsilon \chi ον \tau \epsilon s$ , others lahors, a hope; but baving, αυξαναμενης της πιστεως ύμων, εν ύμιν μεγαyou being increased of the faith of you, by to be λυνθηναι κατα τον κανονα ήμων εις περισrule you into superabuuaccording to the <sup>16</sup> εις τα ύπερεκεινα ύμων ευαγγελισασσειαν. dance. to the parts beyond ofyou to announce rlad ουκ εν αλλοτριω κανονι εις τα έτοιμα θαι• rule for the things ready tidings; not by another <sup>17</sup> Ο δε καυχωμενος, εν κυριφ καυχησασθαι. one boasting, to boast. The but in Lord <sup>18</sup> Ου καυχασθω. γαρ Ò èαυτον συνιστων, let him boast. Not for hе Limself commending, εκεινος εστι δοκιμος, αλλ' όν δ κυριος συνιστηapproved, but whom the Lord comσιν. menda.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

 $^1$  Οφελον ανειχεσθε μου μικρον  $oldsymbol{ au}$ η αφροσυνη $oldsymbol{ au}$ wish you would hear with me a little in the foolishness.  $^2$  **Z** $\epsilon$ λω γαρ ύμας θ $\epsilon$ ου αλλα και ανεχεσθε μου. even you do hear with me. I am zealous for you of God (ηλφ. ήρμοσαμην γαρ ύμας ένι ανδρι, παρθενον with a zeal; I espoused for you to one husband, a virgin άγνην παραστησαι τω Χριστω· <sup>3</sup>φοβουμαι δε, to present to the Anointed; I fear but μηπως ώς δ δφις Ευαν εξηπατησεν εν τη πανdeceived by the as the serpent Eve ουργια αύτου, \*[ούτω] Φθαρη τα νοηματα of himself, [so] should be corrupted the mirds

but these, measuring Themselves by themselves, and comparing themselves with themselves, are not intelligent.

13 1 But we will not boast respecting UNMEAS-URED Things; but according to the MEASURE of the RULE which the God of Measure assigned to us, to reach even to you.

14 For we do not, as not reaching to You, overstretch ourselves; (‡ for we came even to You with the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED:)

15 not boasting with reference to UNMEASURED Things, in the Labors of Others; but having a Hope, your fatth being increased, to be enlarged among you, according to our RULE, for a superabundance;

16 to announce glad tidings in parts BETOND you; not to boast concerning Things PREPARED by Another's Rule.

17 ‡ But HE who BOASTS, let him boast in the Lord;

18 for int the one commending Himself is approved, but i whom the Lord commends.

# CHAPTER XI.

I I wish you would bear with me \*some little in interproof. ISUNESS; and indeed you do bear with me.

2 For I am ardently devoted to you with a godly Zeal; ‡ because I betrothed you for one Husband.—a chaste Virgin ‡ to present to the Anointed;

3 but I am afraid, lest, as the serpent deceived Eve by his craft, your minds t may be corrupted

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. some little in my foolishness.

3. so-omit:

<sup>† 13.</sup> verse 15. † 14. 1 Cor. iii. 5, 10; iv. 15; ix. 1. † 15. Rom. xv. 20. † 17. Isa. 1xv. 16; Jer. ix. 24; 1 Cor. i. 31. † 18. Prov. xxvii. 2. † 18. Rom. ii. 24s. 1 Cor. iv. 5. † 1. verse 16; 2 Cor. v. 13. † 2. 1 Cor. iv. 15. † 2. Col. i. 3c. 2 3. Gen. iii. 4; John viii. 44. † 3. Eph. vi. 24; Col. ii. 4, 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 5; iv. i; Heta xiii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 17.

ύμων από της απλοτητος της είς τον Χρίστον, of you from the simpleity of that into the Anointed.

 $^4$ Ει μεν γαρ  $\delta$  ερχομενος αλλον Ιησουν κηρυσΗ indeed for the one coming another Jesus proclaims

σει δυ ουκ εκηρυξαμευ, η πυευμα έτερου λαμwhom not we proclaimed, or a spirit another you

 $\begin{array}{lll} \beta \alpha \nu \varepsilon \tau \varepsilon \ \delta & o \nu \kappa \ \epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \varepsilon \tau \varepsilon, & \eta \ \varepsilon \nu \alpha \gamma \gamma \varepsilon \lambda \iota o \nu & \xi \tau \varepsilon \rho o \nu \ \delta \\ \text{receive} & \text{which bot} & \text{you received,} & \text{or} & \text{glad tidings} & \text{otherwhich} \end{array}$ 

our  $\epsilon\delta\epsilon\xi$ as $\theta\epsilon$ , kalws apeixes $\theta\epsilon$ . 5 Noyi(omai not you embraced, well you might bear. 1 reckon

γαρ μηδεν ύστερηκεναι των ύπερλιαν αποστοfor nothing to have been behind those in the highest degree apos-

 $\lambda\omega\nu. \stackrel{6}{=} E\iota \ \delta\epsilon \ \kappa\alpha\iota \ \iota\delta\iota\omega\tau\eta s \ \tau\omega \ \lambda \delta\gamma\omega, \ \alpha\lambda\lambda' \ ov \ \tau\eta$  thes.  $\iota\iota \ but even a simple person in the word, \ yet not in the$ 

γνωσει αλλ' εν παντι φανερωθεντες εν πασιν κnowledge; but in everything having been manifested in all things εις ύμας, <sup>7</sup> Η άμαρτιαν εποιησα, εμαυτον among you. Or sin did I commit, myself

ταπεινων, ίνα ύμεις ύψωθητε; ότι δωρεαν το humbling, so that you might be exalted? because freely the

του  $\theta$ εου ευαγγελιον ευηγγελισαμην  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν; of the God glad tidings I announced to you?

8 Αλλας εκκλησίας εσυλησα, λαβων οψωνίον Other congregations Trobbed, having taken wages

προς την ύμων διακονιαν· και παρων προς ύμας for the ofyou service; sud being present with you

και υστερηθεις, ου κατεναρκησα ουδενος·
sud having been in want, not did I lazily burden any one;

9 (το γαρ ύστερημα μου προσανεπληρωσαν οί (the for want of me supplied before the

αδελφοι ελθοντες απο Μακεδονιας) και εν brethren having come from Macedonia;) and in παντι αβαρη ύμιν εμαυτον ετηρησα, και

everything unburden some to you myself I kept, and  $\tau\eta\rho\eta\sigma\omega$ . 10 E $\sigma\tau\iota\nu$  although a truth of Anointed in me, will keep. It is a truth of Anointed in me,  $\dot{\sigma}\iota$  if  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  kaux $\eta\sigma\iota$ s and  $\dot{\tau}\iota$  ou  $\dot{\tau}\iota$  parameters  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  if  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  kaux $\dot{\tau}\iota$  ou  $\dot{\tau}\iota$  parameters  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  is  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  if  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  consistence in  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  if  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  consistence in  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  is  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  if  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  consistence in  $\dot{\kappa}\iota$  in  $\dot$ 

this not shall be stopped concerning me in this rots kall matter in the regions of the Achaia. If  $\Delta \iota \alpha \tau \iota$ ; \*[ $\delta \tau \iota$ ] ouk the regions of the Achaia. Why? [because] not  $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \omega$  uas; O  $\theta \epsilon os$  ot  $\delta \epsilon \nu$ . It of  $\delta \epsilon \pi o\iota \omega$ , kate that I do, even

ποιησω, ίνα εκκοψω την αφορμην των  $\theta$ ελοντων 1 will do, so that I may cut off the opportunity of those wishing

αφορμην, ίνα εν ω καυχωνται, ευρεθωσι they as opportunity, so that in what they boast, they may be found for,

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-3. THAT SIMPLICITY and THAT PUBENESS WHICH IS in the Anointed.

5. And I reckon.

11. because -omit.

 ‡ 4. Gal. i. 7, 8.
 ‡ 5. 2 Cor. xii. 11; Gal. ii. 6.
 ‡ 6. 1 Cor. 1. 17; ii. 1, 18; 2 Cor. xi. 12.

 x. 10.
 ‡ 6. Eph. iii. 4.
 † 6. 2 Cor. iv. 2; v. 11; xii. 12.
 ‡ 7. Acts xviii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 2; v. 11; xii. 12.

 ix. 6, 12; 2 Cor. x. 1.
 ‡ 8. Acts xx. 33; 2 Cor. xii. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 9, 2
 † 10. Rom. ix. 1.

 ix. 15.
 ‡ 11. 2 Cor. vi. 11; vii. 3; xii. 15.
 ‡ 12. 1 Cor. ix. 12.

from \*THAT SIMPLICITY and THAT PURENESS which is in the Anointed.

4 For if HE who is COM-INO proclaims Another Jesus, whom we did not preach; or you receive a different Spirit which you did not receive; or ‡other Glad tidings which you did not embrace, you might well bear with it.

5 \* And ‡ I reckon myself in Nothing to have been behind those VLRY EMINENT Apostles.

6 But even if ‡ I am a simple person in spelch, yet not ‡ in Knowledge; but in every way ‡ we have by all things been manifested among you.

7 Did I commit Sin ‡in humbling Myself that nou might be exalted? or Because I gratuitously announced to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

8 I stripped Other Congregations, taking Wages for serving You; and being present with yon, and in want, ‡ I did not meommode any one;

9 for the BRETHREN having come from Macedonia supplied beforehand my DEFICIENCY; and in everything I kept, and will keep Myself from being a burden to you.

burden to you.

10 ‡lt is a Truth of Christ by me, ‡that this very BOASTING shall not be silenced concerning me in the REGIONS of ACHAIA.

11 Why? ‡ Because I love you not? God knows.
12 But what I am doing,

I even will do, that I may cut off the opportunity from those desiring an Opportunity; so that in what they boast, they may be found even as we.

13 Οί γαρ τοιουτοι ψευδαποσκαθως και ήμεις. The for such one false apostles τολοι εργαται δολιοι, μετασχηματιζομενοι εις workers deceitful, transforming themselves into <sup>14</sup> Kaı αποστολους Χριστου. ου  $\theta$ auμαστον· of Anointed. And not it is wonderful; αυτος γαρ δ σατανας μετασχηματιζεται εις himself for the adversary is transformed into αγγελον φωτος<br/>•  $^{15}$ ου μεγα ουν, ει και οίδιακοnot great therefore, if also the servants a messenger of light; νοι αυτου μετασχηματιζονται ώς διακονοι δικαιare transformed as servants ofrightοσυνης ών το τελος εσται κατα τα εργα cousness, of whom the end shall be according to the works αυτων.

of them. 16 Παλιν λεγω, μη τις με δοξη αφρονα Isay, not any one meshould think unwise ειναι ει δε μηγε, καν ώς αφρονα δεξασθε to be; if but otherwise, even as unwise do you receive 17 °O με, ίνα καγω μικρο**ν τι κα**υχησωμαι. me, so that even I alittle somewhat may boast. What λαλω, ου λαλω κατα κυριον, αλλ' ώς εν αφ-I speak, mot I speak according to Lord, but as in foolροσυνη, εν ταυτη τη ύποστασει της καυχηin this the hness. confidence of the hoast. 18 Επει πολλοι καυχωνται κατα την σeωs. Since boast many according to the 19 'Ηδεως γαρ ανεσαρκα, καγω καυχησομαι. also I Willingly for will boast. χεσθ**ε τ**ων αφρονων, φρονιμο**ι ο**ντες• <sup>20</sup> ανεχε**σ-**Wise 0.148 bear with the unwise, being; you bear θε γαρ, ει τις ύμας καταδουλοι, ει τις κατεσ-ior, if any one you enslaves, if any one eats you ifanyone eatsyon θιει, ει τις λαμβανει, ει τις επαιρεται, ει τις if any one takes you, if any oneraises himselfup, if any one <sup>21</sup> Ката атіµіаі ύμας εις προσωπον δερει. face beats. you on According to dishonor λεγω, ώς ότι ήμεις ησθενησαμεν εν 'ω δ' αι I speak, as that we were waak; in what but (ev τολμα, αφροσυνη  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ ,)  $\tau o \lambda \mu \omega$ any one may be hold, (in foolishness I speak,) bold <sup>22</sup> Έβραιοι εισι; καγω· καγω. Ισραηλιται also I. Hebrews are they? also I, Israelites εισι; καγω. σπερμα Αβρααμ εισι; καγω. crethey? also I; of Abraam are they? seed also I;

ύπερ εγω· εν κοποις περισσοτερως, εν πληγαιε above I; in labors more abondant. in strines

<sup>23</sup> διακονοί Χριστου εισι: (παραφρονών λαλω<sub>3</sub>) servants of Anointed arothey? (being a very fool I speak,)

13 For SUCH ‡ False apostles, †deceitful Workmen, are transforming themselves into Apostles of Christ.

14 And it is not surprising, for the ADVERSARY himself transforms himselfintoan Angelof Light.

15 It is therefore no great wonder, if his servants also transform themselves as ‡Servants of Righteousness;‡Whose End will be according to their works.

16 Again † I say, Let noone think Me a Simpleton; but if otherwise, then receive me as a Simpleton, so that I also may boast a little.

17 What I speak tin This CONFIDENCE of BOASTING, I do not speak according to the Lord, but as in Folly.

18 ‡Since many boast according to the Flesh, ¶ also will boast.

19‡For being wise yourselves, you readily bear with the UNWISE.

20 For you endure tif one enslave you; if one eat you up; if one take from you; if one raise himself up; if one beats You in the Face.

2I As concerning Reproach, I say t That we were weak; yet in what any one isdaring, (I speak foolishly,) I also am daring.

22 Are they Hebrews? tso am 11. Are they Israelites? so am 11. Are they the Seed of Abraham? so am 11.

23 Are they Servants of Christ? (I speak as being beside myself,) I am superior; tin Labors exceedingly abundant, in

ύπερβαλλοντως, εν φυλακαις περισσοτερως, εν in above measure, prisons more frequently, in θανατοις πολλακις 24 (ύπο Ιουδαίων πεντακις often: Jews deaths (by five times τεσσαρακοντα παρα μιαν ελα $\beta$ ον,  $^{25}$  τρις ερ $\phi$ α $\beta$ except one I received, thrice δισθην, άπαξ ελιθασθην, τρις εναυαγησα, beaten with rods, once I was stoued, thrice I was shipwrecked, νυχθημερον εν τω βυθω πεποιηκα:) 26 δδοιποa night and day in the deep I have passed,) in jourριαις πολλακις κινδυνοις ποταμών, κινδυνοις in dangers of rivers, often: in dangers ληστων, κινδυνοις  $\epsilon \kappa$  γενους, κινδυνοις  $\epsilon \xi$   $\epsilon \theta$ of robbers, in dangers from kindred, in dangers from Genνων, κινδυνοις εν πολει, κινδυνοις εν ερημια, tiles, in dangers in city, in dangers in desert. κινδυνοις εν θαλασση, κινδυνοις εν ψευδαδελin dangers at sea, in daugers among false-breth $pols^{27}*[εν]$  κοπφ και μοχθφ, εν αγρυπνιαις ren; [in] labor and t.il, in watchings πολλακις, εν λιμφ και διψει, εν νηστειαις πολin hunger and hirst, in fastings often, often λακις, εν ψυχει και γυμνοτητι 28 Χωρις των and nakednes Besidea the παρεκτος, ή επισυστασις μου ή καθ' ήμεραν, ή outward things, the crowding of me that every day, the  $^{29}$  Tis  $\alpha\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\epsilon\iota$ , μεριμνα πασων των εκκλησιων. of all of the c ngregations. Who is weak, και ουκ ασθενω; τις σκανδαλιζεται, και ουκ not lam weak? who is made to stumble, hud baa  $^{30}$  Ει καυχασθαι δει, εγω πυρουμαι; to boast is necessary, the things burn? 1f της ασθενειας \*[μου] καυγησομαι. 31 'O BEDS [of me] of the weakness I will boast. The God και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου] and father of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed] οιδεν, δ ών ευλογητος εις τους αιωνας, δτι ου knows, heheing blessed for the that not -g:s, ψευδομαι: 32 εν Δαμασκφ δ εθναρχης Αρετα του I utter falsehood; in Damascus the ethnarch Aretaa fyvo βασιλεως εφρουρει την Δαμασκηνων πολιν, guarded the king Damascenea πιασαι με \* [θελων·] 33 και δια θυρίδος εν σαρ-[wishing;] and through an opening in a rope γανη εχαλασθην δια του τειχους, και εξεφυ-

I was, awered through the

of him.

γοι τας χειρας αυτου. hands

the

\* Prisons frequently, 1 in Scourges to excess, 1 in Death's often.

24 Five times I received, by the Jews, # forty stripes

less one:

25 three times I was t beaten with rods; tonce I was stoned; three times ; 1 was shipwrecked; a night and day I have spent in the DEEP.

During frequent Journeys, in Dangers from Rivers; in Dangers from Robbers; ‡ in Dangers from Kindred; Jin Dangers from Gentiles; in Dangers in Cities; in Dangers in the Desert; in Dangers at Sea; in Dangersamong False-brethren;

27 in Labor and Toil; tin frequent Watchings: tin Hunger and Thirst: in frequent Fastings; in Cold and Nakedness.

28 Besides these out-WARD troubles, I the ANXI-OUS CARE for All the con-GREGATIONS, which is CROWDING MCEVERY DAY.

29 I Who is weak, and I am not weak? Who is mad to Stumble, and # do

not burn?

30 If it is necessary to boast, # I will boast of the THINGS which concern my WEAKNESS.

31 # God, even the Father of our LORD Jesus, HE t who is the blessed on B for the AGFS, knows That I do not falsify.

32 # In Damascus, the ETHNARCH of Aretas, the KING, guarded the CITY of the DAMASCENES, wishing

to seize me;

33 but I was through an Opening lowered down the WALL in a Rope-basket, and escaped from his hands.

and

escaped

1 Kav-

wall,

КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. Prisons frequently, in Scourges to excess, in Deaths often. 30. of me-omit. 31. Anointed-omit. 32. wishing-omit.

<sup>10;</sup> iv. 11; vi. 9. 1 25. Acts xxvii. 41. 1 25. Acts xvi. 41. 1 26. Acts xiv. 25; Xiv. xvv. 3. 1 26. Acts xiv. 5; xix. 23. iv. 11. 2 20. 1 Cor. viii. 13; ix. 22. 3; ix. 1; 2 Cor. i. 23; Gal. i. 2; 1 Thess. ii. 5. : 81. Rom. ix. 5. 1 82. Acts - z. 24, 25.

χασθαι δη ου boast indeed not \*[μοι·]  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ συμφερει I will come is profitable [lor me;] αποκαλυψεις KUDIOU. οπτασιας και YOU ELS of Lord. for and revelations 2 Οιδα ανθρωπον εν Χριστφ, προ ετων δεκατεσin Anointed, above years fourteen, σαρων, (ειτε εν σωματι, ουκ οιδα· ειτε εκτος not 1 know; without (whether with a body, \*[του] σωματος, ουκ οιδα· ό θεος οιδεν·) αρπαnot I know; the God knows;) having [the] τον τοιουτον έως τριτου ουρανου. third heaven. been snatched away the such a one to β Και οιδα τον τοιουτον ανθρωπον,  $(\epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \quad \epsilon \nu$ (whether in And I know the such a mau, σωματι, ειτε εκτος του σωματος, ουκ οιδα. δ without the body, not I know; the or  $\theta \in os \ oi\delta \in v^{*})^{4} \delta \tau i$ εις τον παραδειήρπαγη that he was snatched away iuto the paradise, ά ουκ αρδητα δηματα, σον, και ηκουσεν indescribable things spoken, which not heard 5 Υπερ του τοιανθρωπφ λαλησαι. being possible for a man Concerning the to speak. ουτου καυχησομαι ύπερ δε εμαυτου ου καυχη-I will boast; on behalf but of myself not I will σομαι, ει μη εν ταις ασθενειαις \* [μου.] 6 Eav I not iu of me. Ιf the weaknesses γαρ θελησω καυχησασθαι, ουκ εσομαι αφρων. to boast, not I shall be unwise; for I should desire  $\epsilon \rho \omega^*$  φειδομαι δε, μη τις εις I will say; If recare but, lest any one to  $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$ εμε λογισηται ύπερ δ βλεπει με, η ακουει the should impute beyond what he sees me, or hears anything 7 Και τη ύπερβολη των αποκαλυψεων cξ εμου. from of me. And by the transcendancy of the revelations ίνα μη ύπεραιρωμαι, εδοθη μοι σκολοψ τη that not I should be over-elated, was given to me athorn in the σαρκι, αγγελος σαταν, ίνα με κολαφιζη, ίνα μη flesh, a messenger adversary, that me it might buffet, that not  $8^{\circ}\Upsilon\pi\epsilon\rho$  τουτου τρις τον κυριον ύπεραιρωμαι. t might be over-elated. Concerning this thrice the Lord εμου<sup>• 9</sup> και παρεκαλεσα, ίνα αποστη απ' that it might be removed from I entreated. ειρηκε μοι Αρκει σοι ή χαρις μου ή γαρ δυναhe said to me, Isenough for thee the favor of me, the for powe<sub>r</sub> 'Ηδιστα μις  $\star$ [μου] εν ασθενειά τελειουται. [of me] ía weakness is persected. Most gladly μαλλον καυχησομαι εν ταις ασθενειαις Jeset Lik L rather in the weaknesses \*[μ~υ, | ίνα ετισκηνωση επ' εμε ή δυναμις του

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 Is it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but 1 will come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord.

2 I know a Man, ‡in Christ, who above fourteen Yearssince—(whether with a Body, I know not; God knows;)—such a one ‡ suddenly conveyed away to the Third Heaven.

3 And I know this VERY Man, (whether with a Body, or without the Body, I know not; God knows;)

4 That he was suddenly conveyed away into \$PARA-DISE, and heard indescribable things spoken, which it is not possible for a Man to relate.

5 Respecting SUCH a person I will boast; ‡ but respecting myself I will not boast, unless in my WEAK-NESSES.

6 For ‡if I should desire to boast, I shall not be Unwise; for I will speak the Truth; but I forbear, lest any one should impute to M. more than what he sees me to be, or what he hears from me.

7 And in order that I might not be unduly elated by the TRANSCENDANCY of the REVELATIONS, ‡ a Thorn in the FLESH was given to me—‡ an Angeladversary—that it might afflict me; so that I should not be too much exalted.

8 Concerning this, I entreated the Lord three times, that it might be removed from me;

see for power of the down pow

[of me, ] so that may dwell upon me the

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—I. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord.
 for me-omit.
 of me-omit.
 of me-omit.
 of me-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Rom. xvi. 7; 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. i. 22. † 4. Luke xxiii. 43. † 5. 2 Cor. xi. 30. iv 13, 14. † 7. Job ii. 7; Luke xiii. 18.

 <sup>2.</sup> Acts xxii. 17. See Acts xiv. 19, 20.
 6. 2 Cor. x. 8; xi. 16.
 7. Gal.
 8. See Deut. iii. 23-27; Matt. xxvi. 44

 $\in \nu$ Wherefore i am well-pleased with weaknesses, with ύβρεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν διωγμοις, εν στενοwith necessities, with persecutions, with χωσιαις ύπερ Χριστου όταν γαρ ασθενω, τοτε on behalf of Anointed; when for I may be weak, then δυνατος ειμι. 11 Γεγονα αφρων ύμεις με ηναγhave strong I am. I have become unwise, you me Εγω γαρ ωφειλον ύφ' ύμων συνιστασкалате. I for ought by you to be comconstrained. θαι· ουδεν γαρ ύστερησα των ύπερλιαν αποσ-mended; nothing for I was behind those in highest degree apoτολων, ει και ουδεν ειμι. 12 Τα μεν σημεια του Theindeed signs ofthe tles, if even nothing I am. αποστολου κατειργασθη εν ύμιν εν παση ύποwere worked out among you in paall μονή, εν σημειοις και τερασι και δυναμεσι.
Hence, in signs and procigies and powers.  $^{13}\,\mathrm{T}$ ι γαρ εστιν δ΄ ηττηθητε ύπερ τας λοιπας What for is it which you were inferior beyond the other εκκλησιας, ει μη ότι αυτος εγω ου κατεναρκηcongregations, if not that myself not was burden-someto you? Forgive to me the injustice  $^{14}$  Ιδου, τριτον τουτο έτοιμως εχω ελhetaειν προς Lo, a third time this in readiness I am to come to ύμας, και ου καταναρκησω \*[ύμων·] ου γαρ and not I will burden [:ou,] not (ητω τα ύμων, αλλ' ύμας. Ου γαρ οφειλει but you. [ seek thethings of you, Top for it is fitting τα τεκνα τοις γονευσι θησαυριζειν, αλλ' 🤳 γοthe children for the parents to treasure up, but the par- $^{15}\,\mathrm{E}\gamma\omega$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\dot{\eta}\delta$ : $\sigma au$  $\alpha$   $\delta\alpha\pi\alpha
u\eta\sigma\omega$ VEIS TOIS TERVOIS. but most gladly will spend ents for the children. και εκδαπανηθησομαι δπερ των ψυχων ύμων. will in utterly spent on behalf of the souls of you; ει και περισσοτερως ύμως αγαπων, ήττον αγαif even more abundantly y u loving, 1668 16 Ευτω δε· εγω ου κατεβαρησα ύμας· πωμαι. Letithesobut; I not did burden you; αλλ' ύπαρχων πανουργος, δολφ ύμας ελαβον. with guile you crafty, being 17 Μη τινα ών απεσταλκα προς ύμας, δι' αυτου Not any one of whom I have sent you, through to him επλεονεκτησα όμας; 18 Παρεκαλεσα Τιτον, και Loverranched you? Lexhorted συναπεστειλα τον αδελφον· μητι επλεονεκτηthe brother; not

overreached σεν ύμας Τιτος; ου τω αυτω πνευματι περιε-

notin the same spirit <sup>19</sup> Παλιν  $\pi \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu$ ; ou tois autois  $i \chi \nu \epsilon \sigma i$ ; not in the same walked? ateps? Agun

10 Wherefore, ‡I am contented with Weaknesses, with Insults, with Necessities, with Perseentions, with Distresses on account of Christ; I since when I am weak, then I am strong.

11 Have I become ta Simpleton? Dou have constrained Me; for I ought to be commended by Yon; # for in nothing I was inferior to those VERY EMINENT Apostles—even if I am nobody.

12 The signs of the APOSTLE, surely, were performed among you with All Patience, by Signs and Prodigies and Powers.

13 TFor in what is it that you were inferior to the OTHER Congregations, unless That # If myself was not a burden to you? Forgive me this injustice!

14 #Behold, this third time I hold myself ready to come to you, and I will not be burdensome; #bccause I seek not your Preperty, but you; #for the CHILDREN are not obliged to treasure up for the PA-RENTS, but the PARENTS for the CHILDREN.

15 And ‡I most gladly will spend and be utterly spent ton behalf of your souls; even if the more abundantly loving You, the less I be loved.

16 Be it so then, ‡ # did not burden you; but, [it is said,] "being cunning, I took You by Artifice."

17 # Did I defraud you Ly any of those whom I

sent to you?

18 Il requested Titus, and I sent the BROTHER with him. Did Titus defraud you? Did we not walk in the SAME Spirit .-in the very Same Steps?

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. you-omit.

<sup>† 10</sup> Rcm. v. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 4. † 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 4. † 11. 2 Cor. xi. 1, 16, 17, † 11. 2 Cor. xi. 5. † 12. Rom. xv. 18, 19; 1 Cor. ix. 2; 2 Cor. iv. 2; xi. 5. † 13, 1 Cor. ix. 19; 2 Cor. xi. 6. † 13, 1 Cor. ix. 19; 2 Cor. xi. 6. † 14. 2 Cor. xiii. 1. † 14. Acts xx. 33; 1 Cor. x. 33. † 14. 1 Cor. iv. 14, 15. † 15. 1 Thess. ii. 8; Phil. ii. 17. † 15. John x. 11 2 Cor. ii. 6; Col. i. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 10. † 16. 2 Cor. xi. 0. † 17. 2 Cor. vii. 2. † 18. 2 Cor. viii. 18.

δοκειτε, ότι ύμιν απολογουμεθα; Κατενωπιον do you think, that to you we apologize? In presence

του θεου, εν Χριστφ, λαλουμεν of the Gud, in Anounted, we speak

ταδε παντα, αγαπητοι, ύπερ της ύμων οικοbut all things, beloved ones, on benalf of the you

20 Φοβουμαι γαρ, μηπως ελθων ουχ I am air and for, lest perhaps having come not δομης. ing up.

ρίους θελω εύρω ύμας, καγω €ύρ€θω such ones I wish I should find you, aud I should betound by you ου θελετε μηπως ερεις, ζηλοι, θυμοι, such a one not you wish; lest perhaps strikes, jealousies, augers,

εριθειαι, καταλαλιαι, ψιθυρισμοι, φυσιωσεις, contentious, evil-speakings, whisperings, puffings up, ακαταστασιαι 21 μη παλιν ελθοντα με ταπει-

lest again having come me should. νωση ὁ θεος μου προς ήμας, και πενθησω humble the God of me before you, and ishould lament overmany

λους των προημαρτηκοτων, και μη μετανοησανof those having previously sinned, and not having reformed

των επι τη ακαθαρσια και πορνεια και ασελγεια, in respect to the impurity and foruncation and lewdness,

КЕФ. ιγ'. 13. 1 Τριτον τουτο  $\epsilon\pi\rho\alpha\xi\alpha\nu$ . which they practiced. Third time this ερχομαι πρυς ύμας· επι στοματος δυο μαρτυ-

you; in mouth of two Lcome  $^2$   $\Pi \rho o \epsilon \iota$ ρων και τριων σταθησεται παν δημα. nesses and of three shall be established every

(ώς καρων,) το δευτεκαι προλεγω, said before and I tell beforehand, (as being present,) the (και απων νυν,) τοις προημαρτηκοσι και

(and being absent now,) to those having previously sinned and λοιποις πασιν, ότι εαν TOIS

that if I should come to the others to all. to the <sup>3</sup> Επει δοκιμην παλιν, ου φεισομαι. ζητειτε not I will spare. Since a proof you seek

του εν εμοι λαλουντος Χριστου, (ός εις ύμας Anointed, (who towards you of the in speakin. me

ουκ ασθενει, αλλα δυνατει εν ύμιν. 4 και γαρ ει but is powerful in even for you;

εσταυρωθη εξ ασθενειας, αλλα ζη εκ δυναhewa crucifie from w akuess, yet he lives from μεως θεου· και γαρ ήμεις ασθενουμεν εν αυτώ,

of God; also for we are weak with him, αλλα ζησομεθα συν αυτφ εκ δυναμεως θεου

we shall live with him from power of God \*[ $\epsilon$ is  $\delta$  $\mu$ as·])  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ au $\tau$ ou $\epsilon$ s  $\pi \epsilon$ i $\rho$ a $(\epsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon$ i  $\epsilon$  $\sigma \tau \epsilon$   $\epsilon \nu$ 

yourselves try you, if you are in [towards you;])

19 1 Again, do you think That we are apologizing to You? In the presence of God twe speak by Christ; tbut ALL things, O beloved, for your Edification.

20 For I am afraid, lest perhaps, having come, I may find you such as I do not wish; and # I may be found by you such as you do not wish ;-lest there be Strifes, \* Jealousies, angry Fends, Contentions, Evilspeakings, secret Slanders, proud Swellings, Disturbances;-

21 lest, having come again, my God I may humble me before you; and I should lament for MANY of those twho had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and have not reformed from the IM-PURITY, and I Fornication, and Licentiousness which they practised.

# CHAPTER XIII.

1 This third time I come to you; ‡ by the Mouth of Two Witnesses, or three, Every Fact shall be established.

2 II have said before, and I say beforehand, (as when present the SECON time, though now absent,) to THOSE Twho had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and to all the OTHERS, That if I come AGAIN, ‡I will not spare.

3 Since you seek a Proof of the Anointed I SPEAKing by me; (he is not weak towards You, but is powerful among you;

4 for though, indeed, he was crucified from Weakness, yet he lives from God's Power; and though we are weak with him, ye. we shall live with him from God's Power.)

vourselves. 1 try

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Jealousy.

r.—20. Jealousy.

1 19. Rom, ix. 1; 2 Cor, xi. 31.

1 21. 2 Cor, ii. 1, 4.

1 21. 2 Cor, xii. 1, 4.

1 2 Cor, xii. 14.

1 1. Num, xxxv. 30; Deut, xvii. 6; Matt.

1 2 2 Cor, xi. 21.

1 2 2 Cor, xii. 21.

2 2 Cor, xii. 21.

1 2 2 Cor, xii. 21.

2 3 Cor, ii. 10.

1 4. Phil. 17, 18 1 P. t. 11. 21. 1Cor. v. 1. 11. 2Cor. xii. 14. 11. Xviii. 3 John viii. 17; Heb. x. 28. 12. 2 Cor. x. 2. 2 Cor. x 2. 13. Matt. x. 20: 1 Cor. v. 4; 2 Ccr. ii. 10. 16. 1 or x. 5

τη πιστει· έαντους δοκιμαζετε. Η ουκ επιγι-Or not do you the faith; yourselves prove you. νωσκετε έαυτους, ότι Ιησους Χριστος εν ύμιν you know yourselves, that Jesus Anointed in \*[εστιν;] ει μητι αδοκιμοι εστε.  $^7$ Ελπιζω δε I hope but if not without proof you are. δτι γνωσεσθε, δτι ήμεις ουκ εσμεν αδυκιμοι. that you will know, that we not are without proof.  $^7$  Ευχομαι δε προς τον  $\theta$ εον, μη ποιησαι ύμας I wish but to the God, not to do you κακον μηδεν ουχίνα ήμεις δοκιμοι φανωμεν, evil nothing; not that we approved ones may appear, αλλ' ίνα ύμεις το καλον ποιητε, ήμεις δε ώς but that you the good may do, we but as <sup>8</sup>Ου γαρ δυναμέθα τι κατα αδοκιμοι ωμεν. without proof may be. Not for we have power any against της αληθειας, αλλ' ύπερ της αληθειας. 9 Xaibut on behalf of the truth. truth, We ρομεν γαρ, όταν ήμεις ασθενωμεν, ύμεις δε may be weak, reloice for. when we you but τουτο  $*[\delta \epsilon]$  και  $\epsilon$ υχομ $\epsilon \theta$ α, την δυνατοι ητεthis [but] even strong ones may be; we wish, 10 Δια τουτο ταυτα ύμων καταρτισιν. of you restoration. On account of this these things being absent γραφω, ίνα παρων μη αποτομως χρησωμαι, so that being present not severity I may use, την εξουσιαν, ην εδωκε μοι δ κυριος κατα according to the authority, which gave to me the Lord εις οικοδομην, και ουκ εις καθαιρεσιν. 11 Λοιπον, building up. and not for pulling down. Lastly, αδελφοι, χαιρετε, καταρτιζεσθε, παρακαλεισθε, rejoice you, be you restored, be you comforted. brethren, το αυτο φρονειτε, ειρηνευετε και δ θεος της think you, be you at peace; and the God of the the same <sup>2</sup> Ασπααγαπης και ειρηνης εσται μεθ' ύμων. shall be with peace you. πασθε αλληλους εν άγιω φιληματι ασπαζονται each other with a holy kiss; salute 13 H χαρις του κυριου The favor of the Lord ύμας οἱ άγιοι παντες. you the saints all. Ιησου \*[Χριστου,] και ή αγαπη του θεου, και Jesus [Anomted,] and the love of the God, and κοινωνια του αγιου πνευματος μετα παντων the joint participation of the holy spirit with

whether you are in the FAITH; prove Yourselves. Or do you not know yourselves, That Jesus Christ is among you :- except you are without proof.

6 But I hope That you will know That we are not

without proof.

7 And \*I wish before Gop. that you may do nothing Evil; not that we may appear approved, but that pour may do what is GOOD, # though indeed we may be without proof;

8 for we have no power at all against the TRUTH, but on behalf of the TRUTH.

9 We rejoice, indeed, twhen we are weak, and nou are strong; and this we wish, YOUR complete restoration.

10 # On this account, being absent, I write these things, so that, being present, #1 may not use Severity, 1 according to the AUTHORITY which the LOED gave to me for Building up, and not for Pulling down.

11 Finally, Brethren, rejoice! Be you fully restored; be admonished; thand the SAME thing; cultivate peace; and the God of Love and TPeace shall be with you.

12 \$Salute each other

with a Holy Kiss.

13 All the saints salute vou.

14 The Travor of the LORD Jesus, and the LOVE of God, and the Joint PARTICIPATION of the HOLY Spirit be with you all.

# \* SECOND TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM PHILIPPI.

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5, is-omit, UNCRIPT.-5, is-omit. 7, we wish. 9, but-omit. 14. Subscription-Second to the Corinthians, written from Philippi. Anointed-omit. † 5. Rom. viii. 10; Gal. iv. 19. xii. 5, 9, 10. 1 10. 2 Cor. x. 8.

1 14 Phil. 114 4. Rom. xv1, 24,

ύμων.

xv.33.

of you.

### [ΠΑΤΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΓΑΛΑΤΑΖ: ٠٠, ٢٥ [OF PAUL AN EPLITER]

#### GALATIANS. THE

# КЕФ. a'. 1.

ι Παυλος, αποστολος ουκ απ' ανθρωπων ουδε pot from en apostlo wen, δι' ανθρωπου, αλλα δια Ιησου Χριστου και Anounted and but through Jesus through aman. θεου πατρος του εγειραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων. God a father of the having raised him out of dead ones; 2 και οί συν εμοι παντες αδελφοι, ταις εκκληand those with mo all brethreb, to the congreσιαις της Γαλατιας. 3 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη favor to you and peaco gations of the Galaua απο θεου πατρος, και κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισof us Jesus Anointed, from God afather, and Lord του, <sup>4</sup>του δοντος έαυτον περι των άμαρτιων fof the having given himself concerning the , ήμων, όπως εξεληται ήμας εκ του ενεστωτος of us, in order that be mi ht rescue us out of the having been present αιωνος πονηρου, κατα το θελημα του θεου και of evil, according to the will of the God πατρος ήμων, 5 φ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των of us, to whom the glory for the age 6 Θαυμαζω, ότι ούτω ταχεως αιωνων αμην. I wonder, besause so quickly so beit. μετατιθεσθε απο του καλεπαντος ύμας εν you are being changed from the one having called you by χαριτι Χριστου εις έτερον ευαγγελίον. 7 δ ουκ glad tidings; which not favor of Anointed to other εστιν αλλο. ει μη τινες εισιν οί ταρασσοντες other; if not some are who are troubling ύμας, και θελοντες μεταπτρεψαι το ευαγγελιον you, and wishing to turn about the glad tidiugs του Χριστου. 8 Αλλα και εαν ήμεις η αγγελος of the Anointed. . But even if or a messenger ύμιν, παρ' εξ ουρανου ευαγγελιζηται from 'heaven should announce glad tidings to you, contrary to 20,6 δ ευηγγελισαμεθα ύμιν, αναθεμα εστω. we announced to you, accursed let him be. προειρηκαμέν, και αρτι παλιν λέγω ει τις we belore said, even now again I say; if any one παρ' δ παρελαβετε, ύμας ευαγγελιζεται you addresses with good tidings contrary to what you received, 10 Αρτι γαρ ανθρωπους πειθω, Νου for men do I obey,

# CHAPTER I.

l Paul, an Aposile,—; (; not from Men nor by a Man, but I by Jesus Christ, and THAT God the Father t who raised him from the Dead.)— s

2 and ALL the Brethren twho are with me, tto the congregations of GALATIA: >2.

3 Travor to you and Peace from God the l'ather, and THAT Lord of ours, Je-

sus Christ; 4 t who GAVE himself on account of our sins. in order that he might rescue us I from the PRES-ENT evil Age, according to the WILL of our God and Father;

5 to whom he the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

6 I am astonished That you have so quickly turned away from Him who CALLED you by the Favor of Christ, to other Glad. Tidings;

7 Inot that there are any other; but there are CERTAIN persons ; who are TROUBLING you, and wishing to subvert the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED.

8 But even if twe, or an Angel from Heaven, should announce glad tidings to You different from what we announced to you, let him be accursed.

9 As we before said. even now agaiu I say,-If any one announces glad tidings to You different from what you received, let him be accursed.

10 For do I now obey Men, or GoD? or do I

αναθεμα εστω.

accursed let him be.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MABUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE GALATIANS.

<sup>1 8. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 22. V. 10, 11:

η τον θεον; η ζητω ανθρωποις αρεσκειν; ει or the God? or do likek uses to please? if or the \*[γαρ] ετι ανθρωποις ηρεσκον, Χριστου δουλος I pleased, of Anointed a slave (for) atill men 11 Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, τό ουκ αν ημην. not I should be. I make known but to you, brethren, the ευαγγελιον το ευαγγελισθεν ύπ' εμου; 'ότι me, 🔑 that glad tidings the having been anhounced by ουκ εστι κατα ανθρωπον. 12 ουδε γαρ εγω. neither for le according to man; not παρα ανθρωπου παρελαβον αυτο δυτε εδιδαχθην, received it nor was liaught, TDAA αλλα δι' αποκαλυψεως Ιησου Χριστου. 13 Ηκουbut through a revelation . of Jeaus Anointed. σατε γαρ την εμην αναστροφην ποτε εν τφ heard for the my cooduct formerly when in the Ioυδαισμφ, ότι καθ' ύπερβολην εδιωκον την Jawiah religion, that I persecuted congregation of the God, and ravaged her; . . . . . and προεκοπτον εν τφ Ιουδαισμφ ύπερ πολλους in the Jewish religion beyond made progress συνηλικιωτας εν τφ γενει μου, περισσοτερως of the same age among the race of me, more earnestly δίτα της ὑπαρχων των πατρικών μου παραδο-ε sealot being of the fathers of the traditions.  $\sigma \in \omega \nu$ . 15 Ότε δε ευδοκησεν  $*[\delta \theta \in os,]$  δ αφο-When but it pleased [the God,] that having ρισας με εκ κοιλιας μητρος μου, και καλεσας ert apart me from womb of mother of me, and having called δια της χαριτος αύτου, 16 αποκαλυψαι τον υίον through the favor of himself, to reveal the ευαγγελιζωμαι αυτον εν αύτου εν εμοι, ίνα of himself to. me, so that I might announce him τοις εθνεσιν' ευθεως, ου προσανεθεμην σαρκι natione; immediately, not I consulted with fesh και αίματι, 17 ουδε ανηλθον εις Ίεροσολυμα and . blood, nor I went up to Jerusalem προς τους προ εμου αποστολους, αλλ' απηλθον to those before me epostles, but 1 weat

εις Αραβιαν, και παλιν υπεστρεψα εις Δαμασκον. and again ; returned to 18 Επειτα μετα ετη τριά ανηλθον εις Ίεροσολυafter years three I went up to Jerusalem, μα, ιστορησαι Πετρον, και επεμεινα προς αυτον

Peter, and I remained with ημερας δεκαπεντε· 19 έτερον δε των αποστολων other but of the fifteen; days

συκ είδου, ξι μη Ιακωβον τον αδελφον του pot 1 bam, if not James the brether of the ενωπιον

κυριου. <sup>20</sup> ('A δε γραφω ύμιν, ίδου Lord. (What now I write ta you, 10 in presence

t seek to please Men? for if I still pleased Men, I should not be a Servant of Christ.

II But I make known to you, Brethren, That those GLAD TIDINGS which were announcem by me; that they are not according to Man:

12 for ! It neither re-ceived nor learned them from a Man, 1 but through a Revelation from Jesus Christ.

13 For you heard of my Conduct formerly in Juda-ISM, That I Exceedingly persecuted the congrega-TION of God, and I laid it waste:

14 and made proficiency in Judaism beyond Many of the same age among my own BACE, I being an excessive Zealot for the TRADITIONS Of DLY F ... THERS.

-15 But when it pleased THAT GOD who SET me APART from my Birth, and CALLED me by his FAVOR, 16 to reveal his Son to

me, ‡that I might announce him to the NA+ TIONS, I did not imme. dintely consult with ! Flesh and Blood : -.

17 nor did 1 go up to Jerusalem to THOSE who were APOSTLES before me, but I went away into Arabia, and returned again. to Damascus.

18. Then, after three Years, I I went up to Jerusalem to visit \* Cophas, and remained with him fifieen Days ;;

19 and I saw no other of the APOSTLES except † 1 James, the BROTHER of the LORD.

20 (Now, the things I

<sup>.</sup> VATICAR MANUSCRIPT .- 10. For .- omit. 15. the Gop-omit. 18. Cephas. † 10. The Hebrews called all near relations brothers. This James was the son of Alpheus by Mary the sister of our Lord's mother .- Macknight.

<sup>1 10. 2</sup> Thess. ii. 4; James įv. 4. 12. 1 Cor. xv. 5. 12. Eph. iii. 3. 13. Acts ix. 1; xxii. 4; xxvi. 11; 1 Tim. i. 13. 13. Acts viii. 3. 14. Acts xxii. 8; xxvi. 0; Phil. iii. 6. 14. Matt. xv. 2; Mark vii. 5. 10. Acts ix. 15; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17, 18; Rom. xi, 13; Eph. iii. 8. 10. Matt. xvi. 17; 1 Cor. xv. 50; Eph. vi. 13, 14. Acts ix. 20. 10. Matt. xiii. 55; Mark vi. 5.

του θεου, ότι ου ψευδομαι.)  $^{21}$  Επειτα ηλθον of the God, that not lam speaking falsely.) Then Iwent

εις τα κλιματα της Συριας και της Κιλικιας Syria and of the Cilicia: into the regions of the

 $^{22}$  Huny  $\delta\epsilon$  ayyooumeyos  $au\omega$  προσωπώ auais  $\epsilon\kappa$ to the con-I was but being unknown by the face

κλησιαις της Ιουδαιας ταις εν Χριστω· 23 μονον those in Anointed;

δε ακουοντες ησαν 'Οτι δ διωκων ήμας ποτε, hearing they were; That the one persecuting us once.

νυν ευαγγελιζεται την πιστιν ήν ποτε €#00° now proclaims as glad tidings the faith which once he was laying

 $\theta \epsilon i^{-24} \kappa \alpha i = \epsilon \delta o \xi \alpha \zeta o \nu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \mu o i \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$ . KE $\Phi$ .  $\beta'$ . waste; and they were glorifying in me the

 $2.~^{1}\,\mathrm{E}\pi$ ειτα δια δεκατεσσαρων ετων παλιν ανεagain I went Then through fourteen years

βην εις Ίεροσολυμα μετα Βαρναβα, συμπαραhaving taken as Jerusalem with Barnabas,

λαβων και Τιτον.  $^{2}$  Ανεβην δε κατα αποκαλυa companion also Titus. I went up but according to a revela-

ψιν, και ανεθεμην αυτοις το ευαγγελιον δ κηtion, and submitted to them the glad tidings which

ρυσσω εν τοις εθνεσι κατ ιδιαν δε τοις δοκουpublish among the Gentiles; by one's self but to those appearing

σι, μηπως εις κενον somewhat, lest for  $\eta \in \delta \rho \alpha \mu o \nu$ . τρεχω, for a vain thing I should run, or had run.

<sup>3</sup> Αλλ' ουδε Τιτος δ συν εμοι, 'Ελλην ων, But not even Titus he with a Greek being, me,

<sup>4</sup> Δια ηναγκασθη  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \tau \mu \eta \theta \eta \nu \alpha i$ .  $\delta \in \tau o u s$ to be circumcised. On account of but the Was under a necessity

παρεισακτους ψευδαδελφους (οίτινες παρεισsecretly introduced false brethren: stole

ηλθον κατασκοπησαι την ελευθεριαν ήμων ήν of us which to have spied out the freedom

εχομεν εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ίνα ἡμας καταδου-we hold in Anointed Jesus, so that no they might

λωσωνται·) <sup>5</sup> οίς ουδε προς ώραν ειξαμεν τη to whom not even for an hour we yielded by the enslave;)

ίνα ή αληθεια του ευαγγελιου διαύποταγη, might

submission, in order that the truth of the glad tidings

am writing to you, behold, in the presence of GoD, ‡ I do not falsely affirm.

21 After that I went into the ‡ regions of Syria and of Cilicia;

22 but I was unknown personally to THOSE CON-GREGATIONS OF JUDEA which are in Christ;

23 they only having heard, That "HE who was once PERSECUTING us, is now announcing as glad tidings the FAITH which he formerly laid waste."

24 And they glorified

God on my account.

## CHAPTER II.

1 Then within † Fourteen Years I went up again to Jerusalem with Barnabas, taking also with me.

2 Now I went up according to a Revelation, and submitted to them the GLAD TIDINGS which I publish among the NA-TIONS; but privately to THOSE in HIGH REPUTE, lest perhaps for a vain thing I may run, or might have run.

S \* But not even Titus, my associate, though a Greek, was under a necessity to be circumcised,

4 on account even of the FALSE BRETHREN SECRETLY INTRODUCED; (who crept in to spy out our : FREEDOM which we possess in the Anointed Jesus, ‡ so that they might enslave us:)

5 to whom not even for an Hour did we yield by SUBMISSION; in order that the TRUTH of the GLAD

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. But not even Titus, my associate, though a Greek.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Some think that the time specified in this verse, was when the apostle went to Jerusalem about the question of circumcision, Acts xv. 4. &c. There is a difficulty in determining the exact chronology of this visito Jerusalem, though this was probably the time, as the anostle says he went up by revelation, and therefore it must have been on important business. Some contend, however, that the journey alluded to was the one mentioned in Acts xi. 27, when the congregation at Antioch sent Barnabas and Saul with relief tor the poor Christians in Judea, but this would not allow sufficient time for the fourteen core mentioned. years mentioned.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Rom ix. 1. † 21. Acts ix. 30. † 4. Acts xv. 1, 24; 2 Cor. xi. 26. Gal. v. i, 23. † 4. 2 Cor. xi. 20; Gal. v. 3, 9. † 5. verse 14.

GALATIANS. Chap. 2: 6.] προς υμας. 6 Απο δε των δοκουν- TIDINGS μεινη cemain throughout with From butofthose appearing With you. you, ποτε ησαν, ουδεν TWV ELVAL δποιοι to he something, of what sort once they were, nothing (προσωπον  $\theta \in os$   $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \upsilon$   $o\upsilon$ μοι διαφερει. to me it brings; not (a face God of a man λαμβανει•) εμοι γαρ οί ουδεν δοκουντες to me for those appearing somewhat nothing accepta,) προσαν $\epsilon \theta \epsilon$ ντο,  $\tilde{i}$  αλλα τουναντιον, ιδοντ $\epsilon$ s,  $\delta$ τι communicated, on the contrary, eccing, that . but το ευαγγελιον της ακροβυσπεπιστευμαι I have been entrusted with the glad tidings of the uncircum-8 b  $\tau_{i\alpha s}$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s$   $\Pi \epsilon \tau \rho \sigma s$   $\tau \eta s$   $\pi \epsilon \rho i \tau \sigma \mu \eta s$ , γαρ Peter of the circumcision, for cision, even as he της  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma \eta \sigma \alpha s$ Πετρω ELS αποστολην ofthe having inwardly wrought in Peter for an apostleship και εμοι εις τα εθνη,)circumcision, inwardly wrought also in me for the gentiles,) 9 και γνοντες την χαριν την δοθεισαν and having perceived the favor that baving been given favor that baving been given to me, Ιακωβος και Κηφας και Ιωαννης, οί δοκουντες and Kephas and John, those sceming στυλοι ειναι, δεξιας εδωκαν εμοι και Βαρναβα to be, right hands they gave to me and Barnahas κοινωνιας, ίνα ήμεις μεν εις τα εθνη, αυτοι δε of fellowship, that we indeed for the gentiles, εις την περιτομην. 10 μονον των πτωχων ίνα circumcision; only of the poor ones μνημονευωμεν δ και εσπουδασα αυτο τουτο we should be mindful; which also I strove earnestly same thing this 11 Oτε δε ηλθε Πετρος εις Αντιο-When but came Peter to Antioch, ποιησαι. Antioch, to have done. χειαν, καπα προσωπον αυτφ αντεστην, δτι before to him I opposed, hecause  $^{12}$   $\Pi \rho o$   $\tau o v$   $\gamma a \rho$   $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota v$   $_{
m Before}$  of the forto have come κατεγνωσμενος ην. having been blamed he was, τινας απο Ιακωβου, μετα των εθνων συνησθιεν.

might remain

6 But from THOSE of REPUTATION, whatever they were formerly is of no consequence to me; (# God does not accept a Man for Personal appearance;) for to Me, THOSE of REPUTA-TION communicated nothing.

7 But on the CONTRARY James and Cephas and John,—THOSE SEEMING to be Pillars,-+ perceiving That I I was entrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS for the UNCIRCUMCISION. even as Peter was for the CIRCUMCISION;

8 (for he who opera-TED in Peter for the Apostleship of the CIRCUMCI-SION, Coperated in me also for the GENTILES;)

9 1 and acknowledging THAT COMMISSION GIVEN to me, gave to me and Barnabas the Right hands of Fellowship, in order that we should be for the GEN-TILES, and then for the CIRCUMCISION;

10 only urging that we should be mindful of the POOR,- + which very thing I was even ardently hasten-

ing to perform.

11 But when \* Cephas came to Antioch, I opposed Him Face to face, Because he was blameable.

12 For before certain persons CAME from James. he ate together with the GENTILES; but when they came he withdrew separated himself, being afraid of THOSE belonging to the Circumcision.

13 And the OTHER Jews also dissembled with him, so that even Barnabas was led astray by Their HYPOC RISY.

14 But when I saw That they walked not straight

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Cephas.

James,

fearing

some from

self.

δτε δε ηλθον,

dissembled

so that even

ρισει.

risy.

with

those of

συνυπεκοιθησαν αυτφ και οί λοιποι Ιουδαιοι

ώστε και Βαρναβας συναπηχθη αυτών τη ύποκ-

with him also the

then but they came, he was withdrawing and was separating

τον, φοβουμένος τους εκ περιτομης.

the Gentiles he was eating;

 $^{13}$  K $\alpha^{t}$ 

And

ύπεστελλε και αφωριζεν έαυ-

Barnabas was led astray of them by the hypoc-

But when I saw, that not they walk straight

14 Αλλ' ότε ειδον, ότι ουκ ορθοποδουσι

circumcision.

other

<sup>2</sup> Tim. i. 11. 2 7. 1 Thes Acts xiii, 46; Rom. 1.5; xi. 13; 1 Tim. ii. 7;
 S. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17, 18;
 P. Rom. i. 5; xii. 3, 6; xv. 15; 1 Cor. xv. 10; To. Accs x1, 10.11. 17. 1 Thess. ii. 4. 18. Accs x1 1 Cot. xv. 10; Gah. i. 16; Cot. i. 29. 19. Rom. Eph. iii. 8. 110. See 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii, ix.

himselt in behalf of me.

Anointed without cause

Χριστος

την αληθειαν του ευαγγελιου, ειπον glad tidings, truth ofthe τω Πετρω εμπροσθεν παντων Ει συ, Ιουδαιος to the Peter in presence of all; If thon, και ουκ Ιουδαικως, εθνικως (ns ύπαρχων, like Gentiles thou livest and not. like Jews, being. -5 'Hμεις πως τα εθνη αναγκαζεις Ιουδαιζειν. We how the Gentiles dost thon commel to Judaize. φυσει Ιουδαιοι, και ουκ εξ εθνι ν άμαρτωλοι·
by nature Jews, and not of Gentiles sinners;  $^{16}$  ειδοτε $\mathbf{s}$  δε, οτι ου δικαιουται  $\mathbf{a} \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \mathbf{s}$  εξ knowing and, that not is justified by εργων νομου, εαν μη δια πιστεως Ιησου Χρισworks of law, if not on account of faith of Jesus Anointed; του και ήμεις εις Χριστον Ιησουν επιστευσαwe into Anomted Jesus μεν, ίνα δικαιωθωμεν εκ πιστεως Χριστου, και so that we may be justified by faith of Anoiuted, and ουκ εξ εργων νομου διοτι εξ εργων νομου ου works not by works of law; because by of law not fied." 17 Ει δε ζητουν**τες** δικαιωθη*πε*τα**ι π**ασ**α** σο^ξ. will be justified all flesh. If but seeking δικαιωθηναι εν Χριστφ εδοεθημεν κα: αυτοι to have been justified in Anointed we were found even we onreelves άμαρτωλει, αρα Χριστος άμαρτιας διακονος: then Abouted ofain 18 Ει γαρ ά κατελυσα, ταυτα Μη γενοιτο. If for what I pull down, Not letit be. these things **καλιν οικοδομω, π**αραβατην **ε**μαυτον **σ**υνισ-I build. a transgressor myself I con-19 Εγω γαρ δια νομου νομφ απεθανον τανω. for on account of law by law stitute. 20 Χριστώ συνεσταυρωμαι. ίνα θεώ ζησω. to that by God I may live. With Anointed I have been crucified; δε, ουκετι εγω, ζη δε εν εμοι Χριστος δ but, nolonger I, lives but in me Anointed; the (w live but, nolonger I, δε νυν ζω εν σαρκι, εν πιστει ζω τη του υίου but now I live in fleah, by faith I he in the of that ton του θεου, του αγαπησαντος με και παραδοντος of the God, of that having loved me and having delivered up 21 Ουκ αθετω την χαριν έαυτον ύπερ εμου.

with respect to I the TRUTH of the GLAD TID-INGS, I said to \* Cephas in the presence of all; "If thou, being a Jew, livest like the Gentiles, and not like the Jews, how is it that thou dost compel the Gentiles to Judaize?

15 THE are Jews by Natural birth, and not ‡ Suners of the Gentiles:

16 and #knowing That a Man is not justified by Works of Law, except on account of Faith of account of Faith of \*Christ Jesus, even me have believed into \* Jesus believed, Christ, so that we may be justified by Faith of Christ, and not by Works of Law: Because 1 by Works of Law will no Flesh be justi-

17 But if seeking to be justified by Christ, even we ourselves are found Sinners, is Christ then a Servant of Sin? By no means.

18 For if rebuild those very things I pulled down,

I constitute Myself a

Transgressor.
19 Besides, # 7 through Low I died by Law, so that I might thive by God.

20 % have been I crucified together with Christ; still I live, yet no longer H, but Christ lives in nie; for that life which I now live in the Flesh, ‡I am living \* by THAT Faith of the son of God, twho loved me even to delivering himself up on my behalf.

21 I do not set aside the FAVOR of GOD; ! for if through Law I have Righteousness, then Christ died

unnecessarily.

apa then

> CHAPTER III. 1 O Thoughtless Gala-

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Cephas. 16. Jesus Christ. Christ Jesus. 20. by THAT Faith of THAT GOD and Christ, who LOVED me.

KEΦ.  $\gamma'$ . 3.  $^{1}\Omega'$ 

Not I set aside the

του  $\theta \in ov$  ει γαρ δια νομου δικαιοσυνη, of the God; if for through law justification,

 $\delta\omega\rho\epsilon\alpha\nu$   $\alpha\pi\epsilon\theta\alpha\nu\epsilon\nu$ . died.

Γαλαται, τις ύμας εβασκανε; ois you . deluded? to whom thoughtless, Galatians, who οφθαλμους Ιησους Χριστος προεγραφη Anninted was before set forth with respect to eyes  $^2$ Τουτο μονον  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$ This thing only I wish μαθειν αφ' ύμων· εξ εργων νομου το πνευto have learned from you; on account of works of law the spirit €ξ 3 Oυμα ελαβετε, η ακοης πιστεως; did you receive, or on account of a hearing of faith?  $S_0$ τως ανοητοι εστε; εναρξαμενοι πνευματι, νυν thoughtless are you? having begun in spirit, now 4 Τοσαυτα  $\epsilon\pi\iota\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\iota\sigma\theta\epsilon$  : επαθετε in flesh are you being made perfect? So many things you suffered και  $\epsilon$ ικη. <sup>5</sup>  $^{\circ}$ Ο ουν  $\epsilon$ πιχο- $\epsilon i \gamma \epsilon$ without cause? if indeed even without cause. He then supply\_ ρηγων ύμιν το πνευμα, και ενεργων δυναμεις εν ing to you the spirit, and working εργων νομου, η €Ě akons you, on account of works oflaw, or on account of obedience  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ ;  $^{6}$   $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s$   $A\beta \rho \alpha \alpha \mu$   $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \nu \sigma \epsilon$   $\tau \omega$   $\theta \epsilon \omega$ , of faith? in the God, even as Abraam believed 7 Γινωσκαι ελογισθη αυτώ εις δικαιοσυνην. and it was counted to him for righteousness. Know you κετε αρα, ότι οί εκ πιστεως, ούτοι εισιν υίοι certainly, that those of faith, these <sup>8</sup> Προιδουσα δε ή γραφη, ότι εκ πισ-Having before seen and the writing, that by faith Αβρααμ. of Abraam. τεως δικαιοι τα εθνη δ θεος, προευηγγελισατο justifies the nations the God, before announced glad tidings τω Αβρααμ. Ότι ενευλογηθησονται εν o the Abraam; shall be blessed i n 9 Ωστε οί εκ πιστεως, ευλοπαντα τα εθνη. ell the nations. So that those of <sup>10</sup> Όσοι γαρ γευνται συν τφ πιστφ Αβοααμ. b'essed with the believing Abraam. Asmany as for εξ εργων νομου εισιν, ύπο καταραν εισιν γεγunder a curse oflaw are, they are; it has ραπται γαρ. Ότι επικαταρατος πας δς υυκ εμbeen written for; That accuraed every one who not conμενει εν πασι τοις γεγραμμενοις εν τω βιβλιω cinues in all things those having been written in the 11 Οτι δε εν του νομου, του ποιησαι αυτα. of the to have done them. That but By νομω ουδεις δικαιουται παρα τω θεω, δηλον.

tians! ‡who has deluded You, before whose Eyes Jesus Christ was previously represented as having been crucified.

2 This only I desire to learn from you;—; Did you receive the SPIRIT on account of Works of Law, or on account of Obedience of Faith?

3 Are you so thoughtless? ‡ Having begun in Spirit, are you now being

made perfect in Flesh?

4 Have you suffered so
Much for nothing? if indeed it is for nothing.

5 THE then SUPPLYING to you the SPIRIT, and performing Miracles among you, does he these on account of Works of Law, or on account of Obedience of Faith?

6 even as Abraham t"be-"lieved God, and it was "counted to him for Right-"cousness;"

7 Know you, certainly, † That THOSE of Faith, these are Sons of Abraham.

8 And the SCRIPTURE, having foreseen That God would justify the NATIONS by Faith, previously announced glad tidings to ABRAHAM, That ‡"In thee "shall All the NATIONS be "blessed."

9 Those of Faith, therefore, are blessed with BE-LIEVING Abraham.

10 For as many as are of Works of Law are under a Curse; for it has been written, † "Accursed is "every one who continues "not in All those THINGS "HAVING BZEN WRITTEN "in the BOOK of the LAW "to do them."

11 Besides, That no one tis justified by Law before God is clear; Because, t "The RIGHTEOUS" by Faith, shall live."

faith,

ότι δδικαιος εκ πιστεως,

pecause the just

by

is justified before the God,

(ησεται.

shall live;

12 δ δε

the but

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. among you-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Gal. v. 7. † 2. Aets viii. 15; Eph. i. 13. † 3. Gal. iv. 9. † 5. 2 Cor jii. 3. † 6. Gen. xv. 6; Rom. iv. 3, 9, 21, 22; James ji. 23. † 7. John. viii. 29 Rom. iv. 11, 12, 16. † 8. Gen. xii. 3; xvii. 18; xxii. 18; Acts jii. 35, † 10. Peut xxvii. 26; Jer. xi. 3. † 11. Gal. ji. 16. † 11. Hab. ji. 4; Rom. i. 17; Heb. x. 38.

νομος ουκ εστιν εκ πιστεως αλλ' δ ποιησαςι not of faith: but the one having done  $^{13}\,\mathrm{X}$ ριστος ήμας ζησεται εν αυτοις. these things, shall live by them. Anointed εξηγορασεν εκ της καταρας του νομου, γενομεof the law, hought off from the curse having beνος ύπερ ήμων καταρα. (γεγραπται γαρ. Επιome on behalf of us a curse; (it has been written for; Acεπι ξυλου·) καταρατος πας δ κρεμαμένος **c**ursed every one he being hung on a tree;) 14 ίνα εις τα εθνη ή ευλογια του Αβρααμ γενηso that for the nations the blessing of the Ahraam ται εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ίνα την επαγγελιαν του be in Anointed Jesus, that the annunciation of the 15 Aδελπνευματος λαβωμεν δια της πιστεως. spirit we might receive through the Brethren, faith. φοι, κατα ανθρωπον λεγω. δμως ανθρωπου according to though man I speak; of a man κεκυρωμενην διαθηκην ουδεις αθετει η επιδιατασhaving been ratified a covenant no one acts aside or σεται. 16 Τφ δε Αβρααμ ερδηθησαν αί επαγγε-To the now Atraam were spoken the promi-Ου λεγει Και λιαι, και τω σπερματι αυτου. aced Not he says, ees. even for the of him. And €φ' τοις σπερμασιν, ώς επι πολλων, αλλ' ώς but as concerning as concerning many, ένος. Και τω σπερματι σου, ός εστι Χριστος. one; And to the seed of thee; who is Anointed. 17 Τουτο δε λεγω· διαθηκην προκεκυρνωμενην previously ratified but Isay; a covenant ύπο του θεου \*[εις Χριστον,] ό μετα τετρακοby the God [concerning Anointed,] that after σια και τριακοντα ετη γεγονως νομος ουκ ακυyears having become alaw not dred and thirty ροι, εις το καταργησαι την επαγγελιαν. 18 ει nuls, so as the to have canceled promise; γαρ εκ νομου ή κληρονομια, ουκετι εξ επαγγεfor by law the inheritance, no longer by promise; λιας τω δε Αβρααμ δι' επαγγελιας πεχαρισto the hut Abraam through promise 19 Τι ουν δ νομος, Των παραβα-Tal & Beas. Why then the law? The given the God. trausgres- $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \eta$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ σεων χαριν (αχρις ου sions on account of it was appointed, (to which time should have come  $\epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha i,$ διαταγεις ယ် to whom it has been promised,) having been instituted 20 °O δε if αγγελων, εν χειρι μεσίτου.
by means o messengers, in hand of a mediator.

12 Now the LAW is not of Faith; but ‡ "HE HAV-"ING DONE these things "shall live by them."

13 Christ has redeemed Us from the CURSE of the LAW, having become a Curse on our behalf; (for it has been written, t" EVERY ONE who is "HANGED on a Tree is ac-"cursed;")

14 Iso that the BLESS-ING of ABRAHAM might be for the NATIONS, by Christ Jesus; and that through the FAITH we might receive the ANNUNCIATION

of the spirit.

15 Brethren, I speak according to man; -no one sets aside or superadds conditions to ta ratified Compact, though human.

16 Now to ABRAHAM were the PROMISES spoken. even for his seed. He does not say, "And to the seeds," as concerning many, but as concerning one; ; "And to thy "SEED,"-who is Christ.

17 Now this I affirm, that a Covenant-engagement previously ratified by God, the LAW, tissued Four hundred and Thirty Years afterwards does not annul, t so as to invali-DATE the PROMISE;

18 for if the inherit-ANCE be by LAW, tit is no longer by Promise; but God graciously gave it to ABRAHAM by Promise.

19 Why then the LAW? It was appointed on account of TRANSGRESSIONS, till the seep should come to whom the promise related; ‡ having been instituted by means of Angels, in the hand of ‡ a Mediator.

20 Of one party, however, he is not the MEDIA. TOR: I but God is one.

μεσιτης ένος ουκ εστιν δ δε θεος εις εστιν.

mediator of one not

heis; the but God

one

The but

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—concerning Anointed—amit.;

<sup>† 13.</sup> Rom. viii. 3; 2 Cor. 16. † 15. Heb. ix. 17. t 19. verse 16. Rom. iv. 14. 19. 21. 22; Deut. v. 5. 22, 23. 27. 3L

ει Ο ουν νομος κατα των επαγγελιων \* του | The then law contrary to the promises of the Ει γαρ εδοθη νομος δ  $\theta \in ov$ ;  $M\eta \gamma \in voi \tau o$ . alaw that God?] Not let it be. If for was given δυναμενος ζωοποιησαι, οντως αν εκ νομου ην ή was the being able to have made alive, truly bу Law δικαιοσυνη· 22 αλλα συνεκλεισεν ή γραφη τα shut up together the scripture righteousness; but παντα ύπο άμαρτιαν, ίνα  $\dot{\eta} \in \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \in \lambda \iota \alpha \in K$ in order that the all things under sin. promise πιστεως Ιησου Χριστου δοθη τοις πιστευουσι.

of Jesus Anointed might be given to the  $^{23}$  Προ του δε ελθειν την πιστιν, ύπο νομον Before the but to have come the faith, under εφρουρουμεθα συγκεκλεισμενοι εις την μελλουwe were guarded being shut up together for the

24 'Ωστε δ νομος σαν πιστιν αποκαλυφθηνα:. to have been revealed. So that the about faith

παιδαγωγος ήμων γεγονεν, εις Χριστον, ίνα εκ a child-leader of us has become, to Anointed, that

πιστεως δικαιωθωμεν· <sup>25</sup> ελθουσης δε της πισwe might be justified; having come but the faith, <sup>26</sup> Παντεως, ουκετι ύπο παιδαγωγον εσμεν. no longer under a child-leader All we are.

τες γαρ υίοι θεου εστε δια της πιστεως  $\epsilon \nu$ for sons of God you are through the Ьy faith

Χριστω Ιησου· <sup>27</sup> δσοι γαρ εις Χριστον εβαπas many as for into Anointed Jesus: Anointed were 28 Ουκ ενι Ιουτισθητε, Χριστον ενεδυσασθε. Anointed you were elothed. Not there is

δαιος, ουδε Έλλην ουκ ενι δουλος, ουδε ελευa Greek . not there is a slave, Bor

ουκ ενι αρσεν και θηλυ. Depos. παντες γαρ not there is male and female; all ύμεις εις εστε εν Χριστω Ιησου. 29 ει δε ύμεις

in Anointed Jesus: you you one are Χριστου, αρα του Αβρααμ σπερμα εστε, \*[και] of Anomited, certainly of the Abraam seed you are, [and]

KEΦ,  $\delta'$ , 4.  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \iota \alpha \nu \kappa \lambda \eta \rho o \nu o \mu o \iota$ . according to promise

 $\epsilon \phi$   $\delta \sigma o \nu$ χρονον δ  $^{1}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\delta\epsilon$ , *εληρονομος* for selong as a time the heir Isav now.

 $v\eta\pi \cos \epsilon\sigma\pi\nu$ ,  $ov\delta\epsilon\nu$ δουλου, διαφερει κυριος a child nothing he differs a slave, tord

21 Is the LAW then contrary to the PROMISES? By no means; for if a Law were given which was able to make alive, certainly RIGHTEOUSNESS would come from that Law;

22 but the SCRIPTURE has shut up together ALL. under Sin, tin order that the PROMISE by Faith of Christ might be Jesus given to the BELIEVERS.

23 And before the COM-ING of that FAITH, we were guarded under Law, being shut up together for the FAITH BEING ABOUT to be revealed.

24 So that the LAW has become our † Pedagogue to lead to Christ, ‡that we might be justified by Faith.

25 But the FAITH having come, we are no longer under a Pedagogue;

26 since you are all I Sons of God, through the FAITH, by Christ Jesus.

27 Besides, ‡ as many of vou as were immersed into Christ, were clothed with Christ.

28 # In him there is not Jew nor Greek; there is not a Slave nor a Freeman; there is not Male and Female; for you all for are tone in Christ Jesus;

29 and if you belong to Christ, certainly you are ABRAHAM'S Seed, Land Heirs according to Promisc.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 Now I say, for as long a Time as the HEIR is a Child, he differs in nothing from a Slave. Lord of all though he be:

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. of God-omit.

<sup>29.</sup> and-omit.

<sup>7 24. &</sup>quot;Paidagoogos, from pais, a child, and agoogos, a leader, which among the Greeks 1 22. "raiwagooyos, irom pais, a child, and agoogos, a leader, which among the Greeks properly signified a servant whose business it was constantly to attend on his young master, to watch over his behavior, and particularly to lead (agein) him to and from school and the place of exercise. These paidagoogoi were generally slaves, imperious and severa and so better corresponded to the Jewish teachers and Jewish law, to which the term is applied by Paul."—Parkhurst.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Rom. iii. 9, 19, 23; xi. 32. † 24. Acts xiii. 37; Gal. ii. 16. 12; Rom. vii. 14—16; Gal. iv. 4, 15; 1 John iii. 1, 2. † 27. Rom. vi. 3. 1 Cer. xii. 13; Col. iii. 11. † 28. Eph. ii. 14—16; iv. 4, 15. iv. 7, 28, Eph. iii. 6. ‡ 26. John i ‡ 28. Rom. x. 12; 1 29. Rom. viii. 17;

παντων ων· <sup>2</sup>αλλα ύπο επιτροπους εστι και οιof all being; but under guardians itis and siewκονομους, αχρι της προθεσμιας του πατρος. till the before-appointed of the father.  $^{3}$ Ούτω και ήμεις, ότε ημεν νη $\pi$ ιοι, ύπο τα when we were children, under we. στοιχεια του κοσμου ημεν δεδουλωμενοι·  $^4$  ότε rudiments of the world we were having been enslaved; when δε ηλθε το πληρωμα του χρονου, εξαπεστειλεν out came the fulness ofthe tıme,  $\delta$  θεος τον υίον αύτου,  $\gamma$ ενομενον εκ  $\gamma$ υναικος, the God the son of himself, having been born from a woman, γενομενον ύπο νομον, <sup>5</sup>ίνα τους ύπο νομον having been born under law, in order that those under εξαγοραση, ίνα την υίοθεσιαν απολαβωμεν. he might buy off, that the gidagos we might receive. 6 Ότι δε εστε υίοι, εξαπεστειλεν \*[δ θεος] Because and you are sons, he sent forth [the God] το πνευμα του υίου αύτον εις τας καρδιας ήμων, spirit of the son of himself into the hearts 7 'Ωστε ουκετι κραζον Αββα, δ πατηρ. Abba, the father. So that no longer thou art δουλος, αλλ' υίος ειδε υίος, και κληρονομος but ason; if but ason, also  $\theta \in \mathcal{O} \times [\delta \alpha \times \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}]$ <sup>8</sup> Alla tote  $\mu \in \nu$ , our then indeed. of God [through Anointed.] But ειδοτες θεον, εδουλευσατε τοις φυσει μη ουσι knowing God, you were enslaved to those by nature not being  $\theta \epsilon o i s^{-9} \nu u \nu \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\gamma \nu o \nu \tau \epsilon s \theta \epsilon o \nu$ ,  $\mu \alpha \lambda \lambda o \nu \delta \epsilon \gamma \nu \omega \sigma$ now but, having known God, more and θεντες ύπο θεου, πως επιστρεφετε παλιν επιτα God, how do you turn back again ασθενη και πτωχα στοιχεια, οίς παλιν ανωθεν rudiments, to which again weak and poor 10 'Ημερας παρατηρεισθε: δουλευειν θελετε: be in subjection you wish? Days you watch narrowly? και μηνας και καιρους και ενιαυτους; 11 Φοβου-

μαι ύμας, μηπως εικη κεκοπιακα εις ύμας.

afraid you, lest perhaps in vain I labored hard for you.

12 Γινεσθε ώς εγω, ότι καγω ώς ύμεις αδελ-

and moons and seasons and

Become you as I, for even I as you; brethφοι, δεομαι ύμων ουδεν με ηδικησατε. <sup>13</sup> Otren, Leutreat you; nothing me you wronged. You

δατε δε, δτι δι' απθενιαν της σαρκος ευαγγε-

2 but is under Guardians and Stewards, till \* THAT period PREDETERMINED of the FATHER.

3 Thus we also, when we were Children, ‡were enslaved under the RUDI-MENTS of the WORLD.

4 But t when the COM-PLETION of the TIME arrived, GOD sent forth his SON, thaving been produced from a Woman, tborn under Law,

5 ‡in order that he might redeem THOSE under Law, ‡ that we might receive the

SONSHIP.

6 And Because you are Sons, he sent forth the SPIRIT of his son into our HEARTS, exclaiming, Abba! Father!

7 So that thon art no longer a Slave, but a Son, and if a Son, also an Heir \* of God.

teir " of God.

8 But at that time, indeed, not knowing God, you were enslaved to THOSE by Nature who ARE not Gods;

9 now, however, having acknowledged God, (or rather having been acknowledged by God,) thow is it you are returning again to t the weak and Poor Rudiments, to which again, as at first, you wish to be in subjection?

10 ‡ Are you observing Days, and Moons, and Seasons, and Years?

11 I am afraid for you, lest ‡ perhaps I may have labored for you in vain.

12 Brethren, I entreat you to be as I am, For I am as n u were; you injured Me in nothing;

13 And you know That through Weakness of the FLESH I ORIGINALLY an-

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—2. That predetermined of the father. 6. God— ... through Anointed—omit. 7. through God.

λισαμην ύμιν το προτερον,  $^{14}$  και τον πειρασμον glad tidings to you the formerly, and the temptation

μου τον εν τη σαρκι μου ουκ εξουθενησατε ουδε of me that in the flesh of me not you despised nor start ματε: αλλ' δις συνελου θεου εδαξασθε

εξεπτυσατε· αλλ' ως αγγελον θεου εδαξαπθε did you epitout, but as a messenger of God you recoived

με, ως Χριστου Ιησουν. 15 Τις ουν ην δ μακα-

ρισμος ύμων; μαρτυρω γαρ ύμιν, ότι, ει δυναtion of you? I testify for to you, that, if able,

τον, τους οφθαλμους ύμων εξορυξαντες αν εδωthe eyes of you baving dug out would you

 $\theta$ ευων ὑμιν;  $^{17}$ Ζηλουσιν ὑμας ου καλως ing truth to you? They show affection towards you not honorably;

αλλα εκκλεισαι ύμας θελουσιν, ίνα αυτους ζηbut to have shut out you they wish, so that them you

λουτε. 
S Καλον δε \*[το] (πλουσθαι εν may ardently love. Honorable but [the] to be ardently devoted in

καλω παντοτε, και μη μονον εν τω παρειναι εgood thing at all times, and not only in the to be present  $\mu\epsilon$  προς ύμας. <sup>19</sup> Τεκνια μου, ούς παλιν ωδινω,

use with you. Olittle children of me, whom again I am bearing, αχρις ου μορφωθη Χριστος εν ύμιν 20 ηθελον

till mey have been formed. Assinted in you; I could wish  $\delta \epsilon \, \pi a \rho \epsilon \iota \nu a \iota \, \pi \rho o s \, \delta \mu a s \, a \rho \tau \iota , \, \kappa a \iota \, a \lambda \lambda a \xi a \iota \, \tau \eta \nu$ 

but to be present with you now, and to change the Φωνην μου δτι απορουμοι εν ύμιν. <sup>21</sup>Λεγετε tone of me; because lam perplexed with you. Speak you

μοι, οἱ ὑπο νυμον θελοντες ειναι, τον νομον tome, those mader law deciring to be, the law

,υκ ακουετε; ΣΓεγραπται γαρ, ότι Αβρααμ sot do you hear? It has been written for, that Abraham

**δυο** υίους  $\epsilon\sigma\chi\epsilon\nu^*$  ένα  $\epsilon\kappa$  της παιδισκης, και two tone had, one from the bond-woman, and

ένα εκ της ελευθερας.  $^{23}$  Αλλ' δ  $^*$ [  $_{\rm uev}$ ] εκ της one from the free-woman. But that [indeed[ from the

παιδισκης, κατα σαρκα γεγενηται ό δε εκ bond-woman, according to flesh has been born; that but from

της ελευθερας, δια της επαγγελιας. 24 'Ατινα the free-woman, through the promise. Which things

εστιν αλληγορουμενα αύται γαρ είσι δυο

Fιαθηκαι μια μεν απο ορισις Σινι, εις δουλειαν covenante, one indeed from mount Sinai, for erryttude

nounced glad tidings to you;

14 and \*THAT TRIAL of mine which was in my FLESH, you did not dspise; nor did you reject me, but received me tasa Messerger of God, teven as Cariet Jesus.

15 "What then were your BENEDICTIONS! for I bear you witness, That, if possible, you would have dug out your EXES, and given them to me.

16 So that I have become your Enemy, ‡ by telling you the truth!

telling you the truth!

17 They love you ardently, not honorably; but they desire \*to exclude us, so that you may love Them ardently.

18 Now, it is honorable to be ardently devoted towards a good cause, at all times; and not only during my PRESENCE with you,

19 O my Little childrent whom I am bearing again, till Christ be formed in you;

20 and I could wish to be present with you now, and to change my TONE; Because I am perplexed concerning you.

21 Tell me, you who are Drsining to be under Law, do you not hear the Law?

22 For it has been written, That Abraham had Two Sons; tone from the BOND-WOMAN, and tone from the FREE-WOMAN.

23 Now, the one from the BOND-WOMAN was naturally produced; that the other from the FRFE-WOMAN was through the PROMISE.

24 Which things are allegorical; for these represent Two Covenants; one indeed from Mount Sinai,

30\*

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—14. YOUR TRIAL which was in my FLESH, 15. When then 17. to exclude us, so that 18. the—omit. 23. indeed—omit.

γεννωσα, ήτις εστιν Αγαρ.  $^{25}\tau o \gamma \alpha \rho A \gamma \alpha \rho$ , Agar; the for bringing forth, which

Σινα ορος εστιν εν τη Αραβια, συστοιχοι δε τη Small mountain it is in the Arabia, it corresponds and to the

νυν Ίερουσαλημ, δουλευει γαρ μετα των τεκthe children present Jerusalem, she is in bondage for with

νων αύτης. 26 ή δε ανω Ίερουσαλημ, ελευθερα of herself; the but above Jerusalem, a free-woman

εστιν, ήτις εστι μητηρ ήμων· 27 γεγραπται γαρ· is a mother of us; it has been written for;

Ευφρανθητι στειρα ή ου τικτουσα, βηξον και Be thou made glad O barren who not is bearing, burst thou forthand

Εσησον ή ουκ ωδινουσα· ότι πολλα τα τεκνα thoutthou who not is bringing to birth; because many the children

της ερημου μαλλον η της εχουσης τον ανδρα. of the deserted one more than of the one having the

 $^{28}$  Ήμεις δε, αδελφοι, κατα Ισαακ, επαγγελιας now, brethren, like Isaac,

τεκνα εσμεν. <sup>29</sup> Αλλ' ώσπερ τοτε δ κατα σαρκα But just as then he according to flesh

γεννηθεις εδιωκε τον κατα πνευμα, ούτω και being born persecuted him according to spirit,

 $^{30}$  Alla  $\tau\iota$  leget  $\dot{\eta}$   $\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\eta$ ; Ekbale  $\tau\eta\nu$ But what says the writing? Cast out the νυν. now.

παιδισκην και τον υίον αυτης ου γαρ μη κληbond-woman and the son ofher; not for not should

ρονομηση δ υίος της παιδισκης μετα του υίου the son of the bond-woman with the

 $^{31}$  Apa, aδελφοι, ουκ εσμεν της ελευθερας. Then, of the free-woman. brethren, we are КЕФ.

παιδισκης τεκνα, αλλα της ελευθερας.ot bond-woman children, but of the free-woman.

 $^{1}$  Τη ελευθερια  $\dot{\eta}$ ήμας Χριστος freedom with which นธ Anointed

ηλευθερωσε, στηκετε, και μη παλιν (υγφ δουmade free, stand you firm, and not again in a yoke

λειας ενεχεσθε. 2 Ιδε, εγω, Παυλος λεγω ύμιν, bondage be you held fast. Lo, 1, Paul say to you,

breeding children for Servitude; that is Hagar.

25 Now † HAGAR signifies Sinai—(a Mountain in ARABIA,)-and it corresponds to the PRESENT Je. rusalem, for she is in bondage with her CHILDREN.

26 But the EXALTER Jerusalem represents the Free-woman, who is our

Mother.

27 For it has been written, "Rejoice, O Barren "woman, who dost not BRING FORTH! Burst "forth and shout, THOU "who art not in LABOR, "For many more are the "CHILDREN of the DESER-"TED one, than of HER "having the HUSBAND."

28 Now \*pou, Brethren, like Isaae, are ‡ Children

of a Promise.

29 But just as then, the one BORN according to Flesh, persecuted HIM born according to Spirit; so also now.

30 But what says Ithe SCRIPTURE? " Cast out "the BOND-WOMAN and "her son; for the son of the BOND-WOMAN "should not be an heir "with the son of the FREE-"woman."

31 \* Wherefore, Brethren, we are not Children of a Bond-woman, ‡but of the FREE-WOMAN.

### CHAPTER V.

1 # In the FREEDOM with which Christ made Us free, therefore, stand you firm, and do not again be held fast in ‡a Yoke of Servitude.

2 Behold! I Paul say to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. Now nou Brethren. are not.

<sup>31.</sup> Wherefore, Brethren, we

<sup>† 25.</sup> Grotius says, Sinai is called Hagar or Agar synecdochially, because in that mountain there was a city which bare Hagar's name. By Pliny, it is called Agar; and by Dio, Agara; and its inhabitants were called Hagarens. Psa. Ixxiii. 6. The later Greek writers likewise call them Agareni. Whitby thinks the allusior is taken from the meaning of hagar, which in the Hebrew language signifies a rock; for so Sinai is sometimes called, Exod. xxxiii. 22.—Macknight. In Arabic it means a rock, or rocky mountain, and as Sinai is remarkably such, it might be called to agar, the rock.—Bloomfield.

<sup>1 28.</sup> Acts ill. 25; Rom. ix. 8; Gal. iii. 29. 1 30. Gen. xxi. 10, 12. 130. John viii. 35. 2 1. John viii. 32; Rom. vi. 18; 1 Pet. ii. 16. 1 27. Isa. liv. 1. 1 30. Gal. iii. 8, 22. 1 29. Gen. xxi. 9. : 31. John t l. Acts xv. viii. 36; Gal. v. 1, 13. ke; Gal. ii. 4; iv. 9.

δτι εαν περιτεμνήσθε, Χριστ s ύμις ουδεν ωφε- you, ‡ That if you should that feircumeised you should be, Anomited you nothing **λ**ησει· <sup>8</sup> μαρτυρομαι δε παλιν παντι ανθρωπφ

profit; Lestify hut A gain to every περιτεμνομενώ, ότι οφειλετης ζστιν όλον τον

being circumcised. that a debtor  $^{4}$  Κατηργηθητε \*[του]

γομον ποιησαι.  $a\pi o$ You are sec free from [the] to have done.  $\delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota o \upsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon \bullet$ 

Χριστου οίτινες εν νομω TMS Augusted whoever by law are justifying yourselves; <sup>5</sup> Ήμεις γαρ πνευματι εκ **∢**αριτος εξεπεσατε.

you fell off. We for inspirit πιστεως ελπιδ: δικα:οσυνης απεκδεχομεθα. faith A hope of righteousness We Walt sore

6 Εν γαρ Χριστω \*[Ιησου] ουτε κεριτομη το Lu for Anointed (Jesus) neither circumcision anything ισχυει, ουτε ακροβυστια: αλλα πιστις δι' αγα-

uncircumcision; but faith through love <sup>7</sup> Ετρεχετε καλως· τις ύμας σης ενεργυυμενη. You were running well; who you strongly working.

ενεκοψε \*[τη] αληθεια με πειθεσθαι. hindered (in the) to cofinde. The truth bot

<sup>9</sup> Мікра πεισμονη ουκ εκ του καλουντος ύμας. persuasion not from the one calling you. A little ζυμη δλον το φυραμα ζυμοι. <sup>10</sup> Εγω πεποιθα

leaven whole the it leavens. i have confidence mass ύμας \*[εν κυριώ,] ότι ουδεν αλλο φρο-

respecting you [in Lord,] that no one other thing νησετε· δ δε ταρασσων ύμας βαστασει το κριwill mind; the but one troubling you shall bear the judg-

η. <sup>11</sup> Εγω δε, αδελφοι, ει περιur, bottes av ment, whoever he may be. I but, bretbreu, circum-

ετι κηρυσσω, τι ετι διωκ μαι; αρα  $\tau_{0}un\nu$ why still am I persecuted? then I publish,

σταυρου. κατηργηται  $\tau o$ σκανδαλον του has been abolished the stumbling-block of the cross.

♪ †Οφελον και αποκοψονται οἱ αναστατουντεs even they shall be cut off those

 $^{13}$  Ύμεις γαρ επ' ελευθερια εκληθητε, ťμας. for to freedom were invited,

αδελφοι μονον μη την ελευθεριαν εις αφορμην only not the an occasion freedom for orethren;

will be circumcised. Christ will be of no benefit to you.

> 3 And I testify again to Every circumcised Man, That he is bound to perform the Whole LAW.

> 4 ! Whoever of you are justifying yourselves by Law, are separated from Christ; ; you are fallen off from the FAVOR.

5 IIIe, however, are waiting, in Spirit, for Hope of Righteousnes from Faith.

6 For, 1 in Christ Jesu neither Circumcision nor Uncircumcision avails anything, but \$ Faith operating in us by Love.

7 You were running well; who hindered You from confiding in the

Truth?

8 This PERSUASION is not from THIM INVITING you

9 # A Little Leaven ferments the Whole MASS.

10 11 have confidence respecting you, That you will not regard any other thing; but IHE who TROUBLES you, whoever he be, ‡ shall bear the JUDGMENT.

11 # And I, Brethren, if I still proclaim Circumcision, why am I still persecuted? Has, indeed. tthe SCANDAL of the cross been removed?

12 † I wish it was:but THOSE who are SUB-VERTING you shall be cut

13 Now, Brethren, gou were invited to Freedon.; only take care lest this PREEDOM become an Oc-

† 12. Parkhurst says "after all, it may be doubted whether the Greek language will ad mit of ophelox being construed with a future verb; \* \* nor do I know that any one instance of such a construction has been yet produced from any approved Greek writer. And the uncouthness of the phraseology in Gal. v. 12, is further increased by the insertion of the particle kai before apokopsontai." Bengelius in Ghomen, reads as follows: "Is then the seandal of the cross taken away? I wish it was. And they shall be cut off that troubly you." This rendering has been adopted.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN Mss .- i. the-omit. 6. Jesus-omit. 7. in the -omit. 10. in Lord-omit.

τη σαρκι, αλλα δια της αγαπης δουλευετε αλ- casion for the Flesh; but but through the love be you subservient to | through LOVE be you 14 °Ο γαρ πας νομος εν ενι λογφ πληληλοις. ach other. The for whole law in one word is fully ρουται, εν τω. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ώς set forth, in this; Thou shalt love the neighbor of thre as 15 E. δε 'eautoy. αλληλους δακνετε και thyself. but each other you bite κατεσθιετε, βλεπετε, μη ύπο αλληλων αναλωyou devour, take you care, lest by each other you may be  $\theta n \tau \epsilon$ .

gousumed.

16 Λεγω δε· πνευματι περιπαι ειτε, και επιθυlaay but, hy spirit walk you. and a desire

<sup>15</sup> Ή γαρ γαρξ μιαν σαρκος ου μη τελεσητε. officeh not not you should fulfil. The for flesh επιθυμει κατα του πνευματος, το δε πνευμα against the apirit, of the and κατα της σαρκος ταυτα δε αλληλοις αντικειthese and to each other are opposed, against the flesh; αν θελητε, ταυτα ποιητε. ται, ίνα μη, à so that not, the things you would wish, these you should do.

 $^{18}$ Ειδε πνευματι αγεσθε, ουκ εστε ύπο νομον, If but by spirit you be led, not you are under law, 19 Φανερα δε εστι τα εργα της σαρκος άτινα

Manifest hut it is the works of the flesh; which things εστι πορνεια, ακαθαρσια, ασελγια, 20 ειδωλολαit is fornication, impurity, debauchery, τρεια, φαρμακεια, εχθραι, ερεις, (ηλοι, θυμοι. enmities, quarrels, jealoustes, reseatments,

εριθειαι, διχοστασιαι, αίρεσεις, 21 φθονοι, \* [φοsects, factions, envyings, [murbrawlings, κωμοι, και τα δμοια τουτοις. νοι, μεθαι, drunkennesses, revellings, and the things like to them; προλεγω ύμιν, καθως \*[και] προειπον, which things I tell before to you, even as [also] I said before, ότι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντές βασιλέταν θέου that they the these things practising a kingdom 22 'Ο δε καρπος του πνευου κληρονομησουσιν. The but fruit of the shall inherit.

ματος εστιν αγαπη, χαρα, ειρηνη, μακροθυμια, love. joy, peace, forbearance. γοηστοτης, αγαθωσυνη, πιστις, πραστης, εγfidelity, meekness, kindaess, goodness,

selfκρατεια. <sup>23</sup> κατα των τοιουτων ουκ εστι νομος. against the such like not. is a law. control:  $^{24}$  Ο $\hat{\iota}$  δ $\epsilon$  του Χριστου, την σαρκα  $\epsilon$ σταυρωσαν Those but of the Anointed, the flesh crucified

subservient to each other.

14 For the WHOLE Law is fully set forth in this Single Precept;-"Thou shalt love th "NEIGHBOR as thyself."

15 But if you bite and devour each other, heware lest you be consumed by each other.

16 Now I say, † Walk by the Spirit, and fulfil not the Desire of the Flesh.

17 For I the Fig. desires the contrary of the spirit, and the spirit the contrary of the FLESH; \* for these are opposed to each ether; I so that you do not perform the THINGS which you wish.

18 But tif you be led by Spirit, you are not under

Law.

19 Now the works of the FLESH are manifestly these;—Fornication, Impurity, Debauchery,

20 Idolatry, Sorcery, Enmities, Quarrels, \* Jealousies, Resentments, Altercations, Factions, Sects,

21 Envyings, Inebrieties, Revellings, and THINGS SIMILAR to these; respecting which I tell you before, even as I previously told you, ! That THOSE who PRACTISE SUCH THINGS shall not inherit God's Kingdom.

22 But tthe fruit of the SPIRIT is Love, Joy, Peace, Forbearance, ‡Kindness, 1 Goodness, Fidelity, Meekness, Self-control;

23 tagainst such LIKE THINGS there is no Law.

24 And THOSE who belong to \* Christ Jesus. have crucified the PLESIL

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. for these, 24. Christ Jesus. 21. also-omit.

<sup>30.</sup> Jealousy.

<sup>21.</sup> murder-omit

<sup>† 13. 1</sup> Cor. ix. 19; Gal. vi. 2. † 14. Matt. vii. 12, xxii. 40; James ii. 8. † 14. Lev. xix. 19; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 8, 9. † 16. Rom. vi. 12; viii. 1, 4, 12; xiii. 14: verse 25; 1 Pet. ii. 11. † 17. Rom. vii. 23; viii. 6, 7. † 17. Rom vii. 15, 10: † 18. Rom. vi. 14; viii. 2. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 3; Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5; James iii. 14, 15; 121. 1 Cor. vi. 9; Eph. v. 5; Col. iii. 6; Rev. xxii. 15. † 222. John xv. 2; Eph. v. 9; 223. 1 Tim. i. 9.

συν τοις παθημασι και ταις επιθυμιαις. 25 ει with the passions and 11 разыона and the desires : (ωμεν πνευματι, πνευματι και στοι χωμεν. we should walk. wellve by sp.rit, by spuit also

🦚 Μη γινωμεθα κενοδεξοι, αλληλους προκα-Ι Not we should become vain-glorious, each other promking,

**t**ουμενοι, αλληλοις φθονουντες. **КЕФ.** . . 6. with each other envying.

 $A\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi$ οι,  $\epsilon\alpha\nu$ και προληφθη ανθρωπος εν if, even should be surprised

νι παραπτωματι, ύμεις οί πνευματικοι καταρyou the spiritualones τ. (ετε τον τοιουτον εν πνευματι πραοτητος.

the such like with aspirit of meekuese: σκοπων σεαυτον, μη και συ πειρασθης.  $^2$  Αλληlest also thou shouldst be tempted. Of each thyself.

λων τα βαρη βασταζετε, και ούτως αναπληρωother the burdens bear you, and

<sup>8</sup>Ει γαρ δοκει σαιε τον νομον του Χριστου. of the Azointed. If for

τις ειναι τι, μηδεν ων, ξαυτον φρεναπατα any one to be something, nothing being, himself

<sup>4</sup> το δε εργον έαυτου δοκιμαζετω \*[έκαπτος,] the but work of himself let him try [each one,]

και τοτε εις έαυτον μονον το καυχημα έξει, και himself alone the boasting he will have, and ουκ εις τον έτερον. 5 έκαστος γαρ το ιδιον φορnot in the other; each one for the his own bur-

τιον βαστασει. 6 Κοινωνειτω δε δ κατηχου-den will bear. Let him communicate but the one being μενος τον λογον, τω κατηχουντι, εν πασιν taught the word, to the one teaching, iu

αγαθοις. 7 Μη πλανασθε θεος ου μυκτηριζεται. good things. Not do you mistake; God not is to be mocked at.

'Ο γαρ ταν σπειρη ανθρωπος, τουτο και θερισει· Thatler if may sow this also he will reap; A man,

8 ότι δ σπειρων εις την σαρκα έαυτου, εκ της because the one rowing for the flesh of himself, from the

σαρκος θερισει φθοραν. δ δε σπειρων εις το flesh be will reap corruption; the but one sowing for πνευμα, εκ του πνευματος θερισει ζωην αιωνιον.

spirit, from of the he will reap life age-lasting. apirit

<sup>9</sup> Το δε καλον πριουντές μη εκκακωμέν καιρώ doing not we should hag; in a season

<sup>10</sup> Αρα γαρ ιδιφ θερισμέν, μη εκλυομενοι, for its own we shall year, not fainting. So

ουν, ως καιρον εχομεν, εργαζωμεθα το αγαθον finen, as opportunity we save, we should work the good

DESTRES.

25 Ilf we live by Spirit, we should also walk by Spirit.

26 ‡ We should not be-come Vain-glorious, provoking each other, envying each other.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Brethren, fif a Man should be surprised by some Fault, do You, the SPIRITUAL, reinstate SUCH person with a Spirit of Meekness; 1 watching thyself, lest thau also shouldst be tempted.

2 # Bear you each other's BURDENS, and thus fulfil the LAW of the ANOINTED

one.

3 For tif any one think he is something, being nothing, he deceives himself;

4 but flet him try his own work, and then he will have BOASTING in himself alone, and not in ANOTHER;

5 for teach one shall bear his own Burden.

6 # Let the person BE-ING TAUGHT the WORD, communicate to the IN-STRUCTOR in All Good

things.
7 Do not mistake; ‡God is not to be derided. # For whatever a Man may sow, this also he will reap;

8 thecause the one sow-ing for his flesh, will from the flesh reap Corruption; but the one sow-ING for the SPIRIT, will from the SPIRIT reap aionian Life.

9 Therefore, 1 we should not flag in Doing WELL; for we shall reap, at the proper season, ‡if we do not relax.

10 So then, as we have Opportunity, twe should

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. each one-omit.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Rom. viii. 4, 5; erse 10. 1 26. Phil. ii. 3. 1 1. Heb. xii. 13; James v. 10. 1 1. Cor. x. 12. 5 1. Rom. xv. 1. 1 2. John xiii. 14, I5, 34; 1 John vi. 21. 3. Rom. xii. 3. 1 4. 2 Cor. xiii. 5. 1 5. 1 Cor. iii. 3. 1 6. Rom. xv. 27; 1 Cor. ix. 11, 14. 1 7. Job xiii. 9. 1 7. Luke xvi. 25; Rom. ii. 6; 2 Cor. ix. 6; 2. Cor. ix. 6; 2. Cor. ix. 6; 2 Cor

of you.

brethren.

προς παντας, μαλιστα δε προς τους οικειους to ali, but to the family-members especially 11 Ιδετε, πηλικοις ύμιν γραμμισιν της πιστ∈ω«. tithe faith You see, how many things to you in letters εγραψα τη εμη χειρι. 12 'Οσοι θελουσιν ευ-I wote with the my hand As many as wish προσωπησαι εν in σαρκι, ούτοι αναγκοζουσιν flesh, these constrain ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι• μονον, ίνα μη τφ σταυρφ you to be circumcised; oaly, that notforthe cross 13 Ουδε γαρ οί περιτου Χριστου διωκωνται. of the Anointed they should be persecuted. Noteven for those being τεμνομενοι αυτοι νομον φυλασσουσιν. αλλα arcumcised. themselves alaw do they keep; bug θελουσιν ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι, ίνα εν τη ប័ដ្ឋ ៖to be executed, so that in the transfer of the may be you they wish τερά σαρκι καυχησωνται. flesh For me but not . it may be they might boast το καυχασθαι, ει μη εν τφ σταυρφ του κυριου if not in the to bosst, of the Cross Lord Χριστου· δι' ημων Ιησου ού εμοι κοσμος Anounted: through which to me Jesus 6.1 112 e world εσταυρωται, καγω \* [τφ] κοσμφ. 15 \*[Ev] ras been cruesfied. and I [to the] world. [[n]] γαρ \*[Χριστου Ιησου] ουτε περιτομη τι εστιν, for Anounted Jesus } neither circumcision anything is, 16 Kai ουτ $\epsilon$  ακροβυστια, αλλα καινη κτισις. but neither uncircumcision, nnew creation And τω κανονι τουτω στοιχησουσιν, ειρηνη will walk, as many as by the rule thie peace. αυτους και ελεος, και επι τον Ισραηλ του them and mercy, and on the Israel of the €π' on them 17 Του λοιπου, κοπους μοι μηδεις παρε-Ocov. God. Of the remaining, troubles to me no one let χετω εγω γαρ τα στιγματα του \*[κυριου] Ιηfor the brand-marks of the [Lord] Je-18 'H. χαρις σου εν τφ σωματι μου βασταζω. sus in the body of me bear. The favor του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα του πνευof the Lord of us Jesus Apototed with spirit ματος ύμων, αδελφοι Aμην.

do good to all, but espeenally to the T MEMBERS of the FAMILY of the FAITH.

Il You see how many things in a Letter, I have written to You with MY own Hand.

12 As many as wish to appear fair in the Flesh, these constrain you to be circumcised, only that they may not be persecuted for the caoss of \* the ANOINTED Jesus.

13 For not even the cincumcised themselves keep the Law, but they wish You to be circumcised, so that they may boast in your Flesh.

14 ‡ But it is not for Me to boast, except in the cnoss of our Lond Jesus Christ, through which the World has been ‡crucified to Me, and £ to the World.

15 ‡ For neither is Circumcision anything, nor Uncircumcision, ‡ but a New Creation.

16 And as many as will walk thy this nule, Peace and Mercy be on them, I and on the Israel of God.

17 Finally, let no one cause me Trouble; ‡ for I bear in my Body the † BRAND-MARKS of JESUS.

18 the favor of our Lord Jesus Christ be with your spirit, Brethren, Amen.

# \*TO THE GALATIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

So beit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MARUSCRIPT.-12. the Anointed Jesus. 14. to the -omit. 15. in -omit. 15. Anointed Jesus--omit. 17. Lord-omit. Subscription-To the Galatians. Written from Rome.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The apostle calls the scars he received from stripes, chains, etc., in the service of Christ, (compare 2 Cor. xi. 23, etc.,) the marks of the Lord Jesus, by a beautiful allusion to the, Vigma'a with which servants and soldiers were sometimes marked to show to whom they belonged. See Raphelius, Wolfus, and Wetstein, on the place, Dauberg and Vitringa on Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16, 17, and Lowth on Isa. xliv. 5—Parkhurst.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Eph. ii. 19. † 12. efiap. v. 11. † 14. Phif. iii. 3, 7, 8. vi. 6; Gal. ii. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 0; Col. iii. 11. † 15. 2 Cor. v. 17. iii. 16. Phil. iii. 16. † 16. Rom. fi. 29; iv. 12; ix. 6—S; Gal. fii. 7, 9, 29; Phil. iii. 3. † 17. 2 Cor. † 18. iii. 19. ii. 19.

#### EPHESIANS. \* T ()

# КΕФ. α'. 1.

Ι Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια Paul. so apostle of Jesus Anointed turough θεληματος θεου, τοις άγιοις τοις ουσιν εν Εφεof God, to the saints to those being in Epheσφ και πιστοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου· 2 χαρις ύμιν sus even to believers in Anointed Jesus; favor to you και ειρηνη απο  $\theta$ εου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου and peace from God a father and of us, Lord <sup>3</sup> Ευλογητος δ \*[Kal Ιησου Χριστου. 0eos Worthy of praise the God Jesus Anointed. [and | πατηρ] του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δ Anointed, he (ather) ofthe Lord ofue Jesus ευλογησας ήμας εν παση ευλογια πνευματικη having blessed us with every blessing spiritual  $\epsilon \nu$  Tois  $\epsilon \pi$ oupaviois  $\epsilon \nu$  Xpi $\sigma \tau \phi^{*}$   $^{4}$   $\kappa a \theta \omega s$   $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \xi_{n}$  the heavenlies in Anointed; even as he chose ατο ήμας εν αυτφ προ καταβολης κοσμου, ειναι in him before a casting down of a world, to have ήμας άγιους και αμωμους κατενωπιον αύτου. and blameless ones holy ones in eight of him: <sup>5</sup> εν αγαπη ήμας εις υίοθεσιανδια προορισας love having previously marked out us for somhip through Ιησου Χριστου εις αυτον, κατα την ευδοκιαν Jesus Anomated for himself, according to the good pleasure του  $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \tau \sigma s$  αύτου,  $\theta \in is$   $\epsilon \pi \alpha i \nu \sigma \nu$  δοξη s τη sfor a praise of himself, of glory of the will γαριτος αύτου, εν ή εχαριτωσεν ήμας εν τφ favor of himself, with which he favored in the ue ι εν ψ εχομεν την απολυτρωσιν ηγαπημενφ, one having been beloved, by whom we have the δια του αίματος αυτου, την αφεσ.ντων παραπ-

through the blood of him, the forgiveness of the τωματων, κατα τον πλουτον της χαριτος αυτου, wealth of the tavor of him, according to the

8 ής επερισσευσεν εις ήμας εν παση σοφια και which he caused to shound towards us in wisdom all φρονησει, <sup>9</sup> γνωρισας ήμιν το μυστηριον τον latelligonce, having made known to us the secret θεληματος αύτου κατα την ευδοκιαν αύτου, ην

προεθετο / εν αύτφ, 10 εις οικονομιαν του πληfor an administration of the he before purposed in himself,

of himself according to the good pleasure of himself, which

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE EPHESIANS. ,

# CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of \*Christ Jesus, through God's Will, to THOSE SAINTS who are in Ephesus, even to Believers in Christ Jesus;

2 ! Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord

Jesus Christ.

3 ! Blessed be THAT God of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has BLESSED us with Every spiritual Blessing in the HEAVEN-LIES, by Christ;

4 even as the chose us in him beforethe Foundation of the World, I that we might be holy and blameless in his presence;

5 having in Love previously marked usout for Sonship through \*Christ Jesus for himself, according to the GOOD PLEASURE

of his WILL, 6 to the Praise of his GloriousBeneficence with which he graciously favored us in t the BELOVED one;

7 1 by whom, through his blood, we possess the REDEMPTION — the GIVENESS of OFFENCESaccording to the OPULENCE of his FAVOR,

8 which he caused to overflow towards us in All Wisdom and Intelli-

1. Christ Jesus.

9 thaving made known to us the SECRET of his will, according to his BENEVOLENT DEsion, which he previously purposed in himself,

10 in regard to an Administration of the FUL-

2. and

<sup>5.</sup> Christ Jesus. father-omit.

<sup>19.</sup> Rom. xvi. 25; Eph. iii 4, 9; iii. 24; Col. i. 14; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18; Rev. v. 8. Col. i. 26.

• ω ματος των καιρων, ανακεφαλαιωσασθαι Ta of the seasons, to reduce under one head thethings SC-S παντα εν τφ Χριστω, τα εν τοις συρνοις και in the Anointed, thethings in the heavens and τα επιτης γης, εν αυτφ, 11 εν φ και εκhe things on the earth, in him, by whom also we ληρωθημεν, προσρισθεντες κατα προobtained a portion, having been previously marked out according to design of the the thinge all according to the operating , ουλην του  $\theta$ εληματος αθτου,  $^{12}$ εις το ειναι of himselt, in order that to he counsel of the will ήμας εις επαινον \* [της ] δοξης αυτου, τους προus for a praise [of the] glory of him, those having ηλπικοτας εν τ $\omega$  Χριστ $\omega$ · 13 εν  $\omega$  και ύμεις heed before hopers in the Anointed; io whom also (μκουσαντες τοι λογον της αληθείας, το ευαγ-(having heard the word of the truth, the γελιον της σωτησιας ύμων,) εν ψ κα πιστευ-tidings of the salvation of you,) in whom also having σαντες εσφραγισθητε τω πνευμ**ατι τ**ης επαγγεbelieved you were sealed with the spirit of the λιας τω  $\overset{4}{\alpha}$ γιω,  $\overset{14}{\circ}$  δς εστιν αρ $\overset{4}{\circ}$ αβων της κληροwith the holy, which is a pledge of the inheriνημιας ήμων εις απολυτρωσιντης περιποιησεως, efue in a redemption of the possession, <sup>15</sup> Δια τουτο εις επαινον της δοξης αυτου. a praise of the glory of him. On account of this καγω ακουσας την καθ' ύμας πιστιν εν τω κυin the Lord of his GLORY. even I having heard the in you faith ριώ Ιησου, και την αγαπην την είς παντας τους [ and the love that for all άγιους, 16 ου παυομαι ευχαριστων ύπερ ύμων, not I cease giving thanks on behalf of you, \*[ύμων] ποιουμενος επι των προσευa remembrance [of you] making in the χων μου. 17 ένα δ θεος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου of me: that the God of the Lord of us Χριστου, δ πατηρ της δοξης, δώη δμιν πνευμα Anointed, the father of the glory, may give to you a spirit σοφιας και αποκαλυψεως εν επιγνωσει αυτου·
of wisdom and of revelation in full knowledge of him; <sup>18</sup> Πεφωτισμενους τους οφθαλμους της καρδιας

Having been colightened the

of the calling

of you,

NESS of the APPOINTER TIMES, \$ to re-unite ALL things under one head, even under the ANOINTED one; -the THINGS in the HEAVENS, and the THINGS on the EARTH, -under him,

11 tby whom also we obtained an inheritance, having been previously marked out according to a design of HIM who is OPERATING ALL things agreeably to the counser, of his own WILL;

12 tin order that we might BE for a Praise of his Glory, we who had a prior hope in the Anoint-

ED one:

13 by whom also, nou, (having heard the WORD of the TRUTH, the GLAD TIDINGS of your SALVA-TION,) by whom [I say,] you also having believed were sealed with the spi-RIT of the PROMISE .- the HOLY Spirit,-

14 ‡ which is a Pledge of our INHERITANCE in ta Redemption of the PURCHASE, to the Praise

15 On this account, I, indeed, # having heard of Your Faith in the Lord Jesus, and THAT LOVE which you have for All the SAINTS,

16 # do not omit giving thanks on your behalf, making a Remembrance of you in my prayers;

17 That the God of our LORD Jesus Christ, the give you a Spirit of Wisdom and Revelation in the full Knewledge of him,

18 the EYES of your HEART having been cn-lightened, that you may KNOW what is the HOPE της κλησεως αυτου, \*[και] τις δ πλουτος της of his invitation, what of the the GLORIOUS WEALTH of

" VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. of the -omit. 15. of you-omit. 18. and-omit. 1 11. Acts xx, 32; xxvi. 18; Col. i. 12; iii. 24: 1 10. John xi. 52: Eph. ii. 14-17. 

[and] what the wealth

of the

heart

eyes

ύμων, εις το ειδεναι ύμας, τις εστιν ή ελπις oryon, for the to know you, what is the hope

δοξης της κληρονομίας αυτου εν τοις άγινις, glory of the inneritance or him in the holyones, holy ones, 19 και τι το ύπερβαλλον μεγεθος της δυναμεως greatness of the and what the surpassing power αυτου εις ήμας, τους πιστευοντας κατα την of num towards no, those believing according to the of nim towards us, ενεργειαν του κρατους της ισχυος αυτου, 20 ήν operation of the strength of the might of him, -hich τυηργησεν εν τφ Χριστφ, εγειρας αυτον εκ he exerted in the Anomted, having raised up him out of νεκρων· και εκαθισεν εν δεξια αύτου εν τοις ead ones, and seated at right of himse.f in εποιρανιοις, <sup>21</sup> ύπερανω πασης αρχης και εξου-heavenlies, far above every government and authorσιας και δυναμεως και κυριοτητος, και παντος and lordship, and everv and power ονομιπος ονομαζομενου ου μονον εν τφ αιωνι not only in the nge being named -ουτ $\psi$ , αλλα και εν τ $\psi$  μελλοντι $^{\circ 2}$  και παντα but also in the one about coming; and all things ιπεταξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου· και αυτον feet of him, placed under the and εδωκε κεφαλην ύπερ παντα τη εκκλησιώ. over all things for the congregation, e gave a head <sup>3</sup> ήτις εστι το σωμα αυτου, το πληριμα του which is the body of him, the completeness o him  $\pi$  αντα  $\epsilon$ ν  $\pi$  ασι  $\pi$ ληρου  $\epsilon$ νου ΚΕΦ.  $\beta'$ . the things all with all things 14 filling.

ι και ύμας οντας νεκρους τοις παραπτωμασι and you being dead ones in the

και ταις άμαρτιαις. 2 (εν αίς ποτε περιεπατη-(in which once you walked eins:

σατε κατα τον αιώνα του κοσμού τουτού, κατα necording to the age of the world this, according to

του αρχοντα της εξουσιας του αερος, του πνευruler of the authority of the air. of the spirit ματος του νυν ενεργουντος εν τοις υίοις της

operating of that now in the sons of the απειθειας· 3 εν οίς και ήμεις παντες ανεστραdisobedience; among whom also we

φημέν ποτε εν ταις επιθυμιαις της σαρκος ήμων, of the flesh the desires of us, once in

**π**οιουντες τα θεληματα της σαρκος και των ofthe fles h and of the the

διανοιων, και ημεν τεκνα φυσει οργης, ώς και thoughts, and we were children by nature of wrath, as

οί λοιποι. 4 δ δε θεος, πλουσιος ων εν ελεει, the but God, rich being in mercy, δια την πολλην αγαπην αύτου, ήν ηγαπησεν

love of himself, with which he loved through the much

his TINHERITANCE among the SAINTS,

19 and what the sur. PASSING Greatness of his POWER towards us who BELIEVE, I according to the ENERGY of las MIGHTY STRENGTH.

20 which he exerted in the Anointed one, ; having raised him from the Dead, and \* having \* seated him at his own Right hand in the HEAVENS.

21 I far above Every Authority, and Govern-ment, and Power, and Lordship, and Every Name being named, not only in this, but also in the ru-

TURE AGE;
22 and ‡subjected All things under his FEET; and constituted Him ‡a Head over all things for that congregation,

23 t which is his BODY, the full devolopmen's of HIM who is Filling ALL things with all.

## CHAPTER II

1 And you, 1 being dead in offences .nd \* sins.

2 (in which you tence walked according to the AGE of this WORLD, aco cording to the TRULE of the AUTHORITY of the AIR. of THAT SPIRIT now ope: . ating in the sons of Dis-OBEDIENCE.

3 tamong whom, also, we all once hved in the DESIRES of our FLESH, performing the WISHES of the FLESH and of the THOUGHTS; and were by Nature Children of Wrath. even as the OTHERS;

4 but Goo, \$ being rich in Mercy, on account of his GREAT Love with which he loved us,)

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. having seated him at his own Right hand in the HEAV-ENS, far above Every Authority, and Government. 1. your Lusts, in which.

<sup>18.</sup> verse 11. 10. Eph. iii. 7; Col. i. 29; ii. 12. 20. Acts ii. 24, 38. 20. Psa. cx. 1; Acts vii. 55, 56; Col. iii. 1; Heb. i. 5; x. 12. 121. Phil. ii. 9, 10; Col. ii. 10; Heb. i. 4. 122. Psa. viii. 6; Matt xxviii. 18; 1 Cor. xv. 27; Heb. ii. 8. 122. Eph. iv. 15, 16; Col. i. 18; Heb. ii. 7. 123. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 12, 27; Epp. iv. 12; v. 23, 30; Col. i. 18, 24. 123. Col. ii. 10. 11. verse 5. 12. Eph. vi. 12. Col. iii. 7. 12. Eph. vi. 12. 13. Titus iii. 3; 1 Pet. iv. 3. 13. Gal. v. 19 14. Rom. x. 12; Gal. i. 7.

ήμα**ς.)** 5 και οντας ήμας νεκρυυς τοις παραπτωand being dead ones in the us faults συνεζωοποιησε τω Χριστω. (χαριτι μασι, he quickened together with the Anounted; (by favor εττε σεσωσμενοι) 6 και συνηγειρε, και συνεrou are having been saved;) and raised up togethe , and καθισε εν τοις επουρανιοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου. together in the heavenlies by Arointed Jesus; τινα ενδειξηται εν τοις αιωσι τοις επερχομενοις that he may point out in the ages those τεν ύπερβαλλοντα πλουτον της χαριτος αύτου, the surpassing realth of the favor of humself, favor of himself, ω χρηστοτητι εφ' ήμας εν Χριστφ Ιησου. kindness towards us in Anointed <sup>8</sup> Ση γαρ χαριτι εστε σεσωσμενοι δια \* [της] favor you are having been saved through [the] πιστο. . . . . . και τουτο ουκ εξ ύμων θεου το not from you; this of God the δωρον, ουκ εξ εργων ίνα μη τις καυχησηται. not from works; so that not any one should boast. 10 Αυτου γαρ εσμεν ποιημα κτισθεντες εν Χρισ-Of him for we are a work having been formed in Anointed τφ Ιησου επι εργοις αγαθοις, οίς προητοιμασεν

good, in which before prepared for works 11 110  $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon os$  iva  $\epsilon v$  autois  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \pi \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \omega \mu \epsilon v$ . the God that in we should walk. :hem Therefore μνημονευετε, δι' ύμεις ποτε τα εθνη εν σαρκι, that you once the gentiles in (οί λεγομενοι ακροβυστια ύπο της λεγομενης ( hose being called undirecumuision by that being called περιτομης εν σαρκι χειροποιητου,)  $^{12}$  ότι flesh done by hand,) in that you were 🏲 [εν] τφ καιρφ εκεινφ, χωρις Χριστου, απηλ-[in] the season that, without Anointed, haviug

λοτριωμένοι της πολιτείτς του Ισραηλ, και from the commonwea 'h of the Israel, των διαθηκων της επαγγελιας, ελπιδα

strangers from the covenants of the promise, a hope  $\mu \gamma \in \chi o \nu \tau \in S$ , kai a $\theta \in Oi$ ,  $\epsilon \nu \tau \phi$  ko $\tau \mu \phi^{-13} \nu \nu \nu i \delta \epsilon$ .

and godless ones, in the DO! but, ₩ O. !a; εν Χριστώ Ιησου, ύμεις οί ποτε ουτςς μακραν,

in Anointed you those once being Jesus, (ar off. εγγυς εγενηθητε εν τω αίματι του Χριστου. were made hy the blood of the Anointed.

14 Αυτος γαρ εστιν ή ειρηνη ήμεν, δ ποιησας for is

S. the-omit.

Anginted one.

the peace of us, the one having made the HAVING MADE BOTH \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. in OFFENCES and LUSTS, he made alive together in the

13. in-omit.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom. v. 6, 8, 10; verse 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom vi. 4, 5; Col. ii. 12, 13; iii. 1, 8. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Titus iii. 4. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. I 12. r.pn. I 13. Acts. (i. 39. I 14. John x. 10.

5 I we also being dead \* in offences, the made alive together by the Anointed one—(by Favor you have been saved)-6 and raised us up together, and seated us together in the HEAVENLIES. by Christ Jesus,

7 in order that he might exhibit, in THOSE AGES which are APPROACHING, the surpassing Wealth of his favor, by #Kind. ness towards us in Christ Jesus.

8 ‡ By that FAVOR, indeed, you have been saved, through the FAITH; and this is not from you; Tit is God's GIFT:

9 I not from Works, so that no one may boast;

10 for we are I His Work, having been formed in Christ Jesus for good Works, for which God before prepared us, that we might walk in them.

11 Therefore, ‡remember, that nou, once GEN. TILES in Flesh, (BEING CALLED the Uncircumcision by THAT which is TERMED the Circumcision done by the hand in the Flesh;)

12 ‡That you were, at that TIME, without an Anointed one, Aliens from the POLITY of ISRAEL, and Strangers from the cov-ENANTS of the PROMISE; not possessing a Hope, and ‡Godless in tne WORLD.

13 But new, in Christ Jesus, nou, who formerly WERE I far off, are made near by the BLOOD of the ANOINTED onc.

14 For the isour PEACE.

αμφοτερα έν, και το μεσοτοιγον του the things both one, and the middle wall ofthe Φραγμου λυσας,  $\cdot$ <sup>5</sup>την  $\epsilon$ χθραν $\cdot$ εν τη σαρκι fence baving broken up, the enmity, by the

εντολην εν δογμασι αυτου τον νομον  $\tau\omega\nu$ of himself the of the commandments in law ordinances

κτιση εν έαυτω καταργησας. ίνα τους δυο having made powerless; so that the two he might form in himself ποιων ειρηνην. 16 και εις ένα καινον ανθρωπον

reace: man, making αποκαταλλαξη τους αμφοτερους εν ένι σωματι

both in one he might reconcile the body

σταυρου, τω θεώ δια του *αποκτεινας*  $\tau \eta \nu$ to the God through the cross, having killed the

<sup>17</sup> Και ελθων εχθραν εν αυτώ. ευηγγελιenmity by it. And having come he announced as glad

σατο ειρηνην ύμιν τοις μακραν και τοις εγγυς, tidings peace to you to those far off and to those near,

 $^{18}$   $\delta \tau$ ι δι' αυτου  $\epsilon \chi$ ομ $\epsilon \nu$  την προσαγωγην οί because through him we have the access. the

αμφοτεροι εν ένι πνευματι προς τον πατερα. with one spirit to the

<sup>13</sup> Αρ**α ουν ουκετι εστε ξενοι και παροικοι, α**λλα So then no longer you are strangers and sujourners,

πυμ**πολιται των** άγιων και οικειοι του θεου, fellow-citizens of the boly ones and family-members of the God, <sup>20</sup> εποικοδομηθεντες επι τω θεμελιώ των αποσ-

on the foundation of the τολων και προφητων, οντος ακρογωνιαιου αυτου being a corner-foundation

having been built

ησο**υ Χ**ριστου· 21 εν φ πασα \*[ή] οικοδομη on which all fthel building

υναρμολογουμένη αυξει εις ναον άγιον εν being fitly compacted together grows up into a temple κυριώ» 🔐 εν ώ και ύμεις συνοικοδομεισθε, εις

Lord; on which also von are built up together, for κατοικητηριον του θεου εν πνευματι. КЕФ. a habitation ofthe God in

¹Τουτου χαριν εγω Παυλος, δ δεσμιος Paul, the prisoner

Ιησου ύπερ ύμων των εθνων του Χριστου Anointed Jesus because of you of the Gentiles;

ειγε ηκουσατε την οικονομιαν της χαριτος findeed you heard the administration of the favor

things one; and having removed the ENMITY, the MIDDLE WALL of the PAR. TITION;

15 thaving by his FLESH annulled the LAW of the COMMANDMENTS concern. ing Ordinances, that he might form the Two in himself into #One No? Man,-making Peace;

16 and might treconcile воти in One Body to G эр, through the cross, # having destroyed the ENMITY by it.

17 And having come, he announced as glad tidings Peace to you the FAR-OFF, and \* Peace to us, the

NEAR; 18 Because, through him, we BOTH have Ithe INTRODUCTION to FATHER, with One Spirit.

19 So then you are no longer Strangers and Sojourners, but \* you are ‡ Fellow-citizens with the SAINTS, and of the #Family of GoD;

20 having been built on

the FOUNDATION of the APOSTLES and Prophets, \* Christ Jesus being ta Foundation corner-stone ofit;

21 on which All the BUILDING being fitly compacted together, increases into ‡a holy Temple for the Lord;

22 ton whom nou are also built up together, for a Spiritual Habitation of

\* God.

## CHAPTER III.

1 For This Cause E. Paul, am tthe PRISONER of the Anointed Jesus on account of ‡ you of the GENTILES;

2 (since indeed, you heard the ADMINISTRA.

10. you are Fellow-citizens.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. Peace to the NEAR. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. the Anointed.

 <sup>1 15.</sup> Col. ii. 14, 20.
 1 15. 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. vi. 15; Eph. iv. 24.

 1 16. Rom, vi. 6; viii. 3; Co. ii. 14.
 1 18. Eph. iii. 12.

 xii. 22, 23.
 1 10. Gal. vi. 10.
 1 20. Matt. xvi. 18.

 2 21. 1 Cor. iii. 17; vi. 10; 2 Cor. vi 16.
 2 22. 1 Pet. ii. 5.

 20; Eph. iv. 1; vi. 20.
 1 3. Col. 11. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 20.
 1 2.

τευ θεου της δοθεισης μοι εις ύμας,  $3*[\delta \tau_1]$  of the God of that having been given to me for you, [because] αποκαλυψιν εγνωρισθη μοι το μυστηaccording to a revelation he made known to me the secret: ριον· (καθως προεγραψα εν ολιγφ, 4 προς ὁ δυ-I wrote before in bricf, by which you νασθε αναγινωσκοντες νοησαι την συνεσιν μου to perceive the intelligence of me εν τω μυστηριώ του Χριστου·) 5 δ έτεραις γεof the Anointed;) which in other genνεαις ουκ εγνωρισθη τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων, erations not was made known to the sons of the ωs νυν απεκαλυφθη τοις άγιοις \*[αποστολοις] now it was revealed to the holy ones `[apostles] αυτου και προφηταις εν πνευματι: 6 ειναι τα 37. of him and f prophete spirit; to be the εθνη συγκληρονομα και συσσωμα και σεμμετο-Centiles joint-heiro and ajoint-body and joint-partakers  $\chi \alpha \tau \eta s \epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \iota \alpha s * [\alpha \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon] \epsilon \nu * [\tau \omega] X \rho \iota \sigma \tau \omega,$ [of him] in [the] Anointed, του ευαγγελιου· ού εγενομην διακονος δια glad tidings; of which I became a servant της δωρεαν της χαριτος του θεου, της according to the gift ofthe favor of the God, of that μοι κατα την ενεργειαν της δυναhaving been given to me according to the operation of the power μεως ταυτου· 8 εμοι τω ελαχιστοτερώ παντων to me the of him; far inferior of all άγιων εδοθη ή χαρις αύτη, εν τοις εθνεσιν holy ones was given the favor this, among the ευαγγελισασθαι τον ανεξιχνιαστον πλουτον to announce glad tidings the unsearchable του Χριστου, 9 και φωτισαι παντας, τις ή οικο-of the Linointed, and to enlighten all, what the adminisνομια του μυστηριου του αποκεκρυμικενου απο tration of the secret of that having been hidden from των αιωνων εν τφ θεφ, τφ τα παντα κτισαν-

ages in the God, in that the all things

created; so that might be made known now to the governments and

ταις εξουσιαις εν τοις επουρανιοις, δια της

εκκλησιας, ή πολυποικιλος σοφια του θεου

 $^{11}$  κατα  $^{ullet}$ προhetaεσιν των αιωνων,  $\hat{\eta}$  εποιήσεν εν

ages,

the

manifold

of the

in

anthorities

congregation, the

according to a plan

 $^{10}$  ίνα · γνωρισθη  $m{lpha}$  νυν ταις αρχαις και

heavenlies,

TION OF THAT FAVOR OF God having been given me for you; 3 That 1 by Revelation the made known to me the SECRET,-as I wrote briefly before, 4 by reading which, you can perceive my INTEL-LIGENCE in 1 the SECRET of the ANOINTED one.-5 1 which in Other Generations was not made known to the sons of men. tas it has now been revealed to his HOLY Apostles and Prophets by the Spirit; 6 that the GENTILES are # Fellow-heirs, and #a Joint- body, and # Co-partners of \*the PROMISE in Christ Jesus, through the GLAD TIDINGS; 7 tof which I became Servant, ‡according to THAT GRACIOUS GIFT Of God, which was imparted to me by the ENERGY of his POWER; 8 to me, 1 the VERY LOWEST of All Saints, was this favor given, to ar nounce among the NA TIONS the glad tidings, the BOUNDLESS WEALT of the Anointed one; 9 even to enlighten Ali as to what is the ADMINIS-TRATION of THAT SE-CRET. which has been CON-CEALED from the AGES, by ALL things; having

THAT GOD Who CREATEL 10 tin order that now 1 may be made known to the GOVERNMENTS and the AUTHORITIES in the HEAV-ENLIES, through the con-GREGATION, the MUCI's DIVERSIFIED Wisdom Gop,

11 according to a Plan in of the AGES, which he

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT -3. because—omit. it. 6. the FROMISE 5. apostles-mit. 6. of him-6. the FROMISE in Christ Jesus through the GLAD TIDINGS. omit.

through the

wisdom of the God;

which he formed

<sup>† 3.</sup> Gal. i. 12. † 3. Rom. xvi. 25; Col. i. 26, 27. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Eph. vi. 19. † 5. Acts x. 28; verse 9. † 5. Eph. ii. 20. † 6. Gal. iii. 28, 29; Eph. ii. 14. † 7. Rom. xv. 16; Col. i. 23, 25. † 7. Rom. i. 5. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 7; 1 Tim. i. 13, 15. † 8. Gal. i. 16; ii. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 19. verse 3; Eph. i. 0. † 10. 1 Pet. i. 12. † 10. Rom. viil. 38; Eph. i. 21; Col. i 16; 1 Pet. iii. 27

Χριστω Ιησου τω κυριω ήμων· 12 εν ω εχομεν formed for \* the Anointeb Lord Auginted Jesus the ofus: by whom we have την παρδησιαν και την προσαγωγην εν πεποιthe freedom of speech and the with access <sup>13</sup> Διο αιτουμαι  $\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\iota$ ,  $\delta\iota\alpha$   $\tau\eta s$   $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\omega s$   $\alpha\upsilon\tau o\upsilon$ . sence, through the faith of him. Therefore μη εκκακειν εν ταις θλιψεσι μου ύπερ ύμων, and to faint in the afflictions of me on behalf of you,  $^{14}$ Τουτου χαριν καμπτω ήτις εστι δοξα ύμων. glory of you. For this cause 1α γονατα μου προς τον πατερα \* Γτου κυριου of me to the of the father ήμων Ιησου Χριστου,]  $^{15}$   $\epsilon\xi$  ου πασα πατρια  $\epsilon\nu$ Anointed,] from whom whole ουρανοις και επι γης ονομαζεται, 16 ένς δωη and on earth so that he may give is named, ύμιν κατα τον πλουτον της δοξης αύτου, δυναwealth of the glory of himself, to you according to the μει κραταιωθηναι δια του πνευματος αύτου, power to be strengthened through the spirit of himself, εις τον εσω ανθρωπον. 17 κατοικησαι τον Χρισman; to have dwelt the Anointed τον δια της πιστεως εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, <sup>18</sup> εν faith in the through the hearts of you, αγαπη ερδιζωμενοι και τεθεμελιωμενοι ίνα εξισlove having been rooted and having been founded so that you χυσητε καταλαβεσθαι  $\sigma \nu \nu$ πασι TOIS may be fully able to understand with the άγιοις, τι το πλατος και μηκος και βαθος και holy ones, what the breadth and length and depth and 19 γνωναι τε ύψος, την ύπερβαλλουσαν  $\tau \eta s$ height, to have known even the surpassing of the γνωσεως αγαπην του Χριστου· ίνα πληρωθητε that you may be filled up <sup>20</sup> Τφ δε δυναεις παν το πληρωμα του θεου. to all the fulness of the God. To the now one beύπερ παντα ποιησαι ὑπερεκπερισσου all to have done ing powerful above far exceeding αιτουμεθα η νοουμεν, κατα την δυναwe think, according to the what things we ask or

εν τη εκκλησια εν Χριστω Ιησου, εις πασας τας in the congregation by Anointed Jesus, to all

μιν την ενεργουμενην εν ήμιν, <sup>21</sup> αυτφ ή δοξα

in us,

γενεας του αιωνος των αιωνων· Αμην. of the ages; generations of the age So be it.

operating

that

Jesus our Lord;

12 by whom we have this freedom of speech and \* Access with Confidence, through the FAITH of him.

13 #Therefore, I ask that I may not faint in these my Afflictions on your behalf, t which are your Glory.)

14 For This Cause, 1 bend my KNEES to the FATHER,

15 from whom the Whole Family in the Heavens and on Earth is named.

16 that he may give you taccording to his GLORI-OUS WEALTH, I to Powerfully strengthened through his spirit in tthe INNER Man:

17 I that the Anointed one, through the FAITH, may dwellin your HEARTS; that # being rooted in Lov. and well-established,

18 you may be fully able to understand with All the SAINTS, what is the BREADTH and Length. and \* Depth and Height,

19 to know even that which SURPASSES KNOW-LEDGE,-the LOVE of the Anointed one; so that \* you may be filled ‡ with All the FULNESS of GOD.

20 1 Now to HIM who is above all things, BEING MIGHTY to effect far beyond what we ask or think, ‡ according to THAT POWER OPERATING in us,

21 to him be the glory in the congregation, by Christ Jesus, to All the GENERATIONS of the AGE of the AGES. Amen.

to him the glory

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—11. the Anointed Jesus our Lord.
14. of our Lord Jesus Christ-omit. 18. and Height and Depth. of Gon might be fulfilled.

<sup>12.</sup> Access, 19. All the FULNESS

## КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Παρακαλω ουν έμας, εγω δ δεσμιος  $\epsilon \nu$ i the Lexhort therefore you, prisoner in κυριφ, αξιως περιπατησαι της κλησεως ής calling with which Lerd, worthily to walk of the εκληθητε,  $^2$ μετα πασης ταπεινοφροσυνης και ou were called, humility with all μακροθυμιαs· μετα ανεγομενοι πραοτητος, with patience; bearing with αλληλων εν αγαπη, 3 σπουδαζοντες τηρειν την using diligence love, to keep ένητητα του πνευματος εν τφ συνδεσμώ της spirit by the uniting bond of the oneness of the 4 Έν σωμα και έν πνευμα, καθως και . ELDTUTS. spirit, One body and one even as also εκληθητε εν μια ελπιδι της κλησεως ύμων. you were called in one hope of the calling of you; <sup>5</sup> είς κυριος, μια πιστις, έν βαπτισμα, <sup>6</sup> είς θεος one th. one dipping, one Lord, και πατηρ παντων, δ επι παντων και δια πανhe over all of all, and through 7 Ένι δε έκαστο των και εν πασιν \*[ήμιν.] To one but each one £ll fto us.] δωρεας του Χριστου. 8 (Διο λεγει Αναβας (Therefore it says; Having ascended free gift of the Anointed. ύψος ηχμαλωτευσεν αιχμαλωσιαν, high he captivated captivity, <sup>9</sup> To  $\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\alpha \nu \epsilon \beta \eta$ , gifts This but, he ascended, tothe τι εστιν, ει μη δτι και κατεβη ειs τα κατωwhat is it, if not that also be descended into the lower 10 O καταβας, τερα μερη της γης; autos The enchaving descended, he parts of the earth? ύπερανω παντων των εστικαι δ avaßas also the one having ascended far above of the ουρανων, ίνα πληρωση τα παντα.)
beavens, so that hemightful the all things.) <sup>11</sup> Ка*і а*υтоѕ

CHAPTER IV.

1 I exhort you, therefore, I, the PRISONER for the Lord, to walk worthily of the CALLING with which you were called,

2 ‡with All Humility and Gentleness; with Patience, sustaining other in Love;

3 using diligence to preserve the UNITY of the SPIRIT tby the Uniting BOND of PEACE;

4 there being One †Body and One †Spirit as also you were called in One ! Hope of your CALL ING;

One # Lord, Cre Faith, One I Immersion;

6 1 One God and Father of all, HE who is over all, and through all, and in

7 But to teach one of us was given Favor according to the MEASURE of the FREE GIFT of the ANOINT-

8 Therefore it is said, the Having ascended on high, he tled a multi-tude of Captives, and " gave Gifts to MEN.

9 (But This, t" HE ASCENDED," what is it, unless That he also \* descended first into the LOWER Parts of the EARTH?

10 The one HAVING DESCENDED, the is the one HAVING ASCENDED far above All of the HEAV-ENS, I so that he may fulfil ALL things.)

11 # And he gave indeed the APOSTLES, and the PROPHETS, and the EVAN-GELISTS, and SHEPHERDS and Teachers,

12 for the COMPLETE the complete qualification of the QUALIFICATION of the

9. descended first.

εδωκε τους μεν αποστολους, τους δε προφητας,

τους δε ευαγγελιστας, τους δε ποιμενας και

the

τον

apostles,

 $^{12}$   $\pi \rho os$ 

the indeed

Ι ιδασκαλους,

teachers.

evangelists,

the and prophets,

and shepherds

καταρτισμον των

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. us-omit. 7. the-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—0. us—omit.. 7. cit—mit.. 2. detailed... 1. Eph. iii. 1. † 1. Phil. i. 27; Col. i. 10; 1 Thess, ii. 12. † 2. Acts xx. 19; Gal. v. 22, 23; Col. iii. 12, 13. † 3. Col. iii. 14. † 4. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 12, 13; Eph. ii. 16. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 11. † 4. Eph. i. 18. † 5. 1 Cor. i. 13; viii. 6; xii. 5; 2 Cor. xi. 4. † 5. Jude 3. † 5. Mark xvi. 15, 16; Gal. iii. 27. † 6. Mal. ii. 10; 1 Cor. viii. 6; xii. 6. † 6. Rom. xi. 36. † 7. Rom. xii. 3, 6; 1 Cor. xii. 11. † 8. Psa. lxviii 13. † 8. Judges v. 12; Col. ii. 15. † 9. John iii. 13; vi. 33, 6.2 † 10. Acts i. 9, 11. † 10. Acts ii. 33. † 11. 1 Cor. xii. 28. † 12. 1 Cor. xii. 73

ίγιων εις εργον διακονιας, εις οικοδομην του plyones for a work of service, for a building up of the συματος του Χριστου· <sup>13</sup>μεχρι καταντησωμεν

hody of the Anointed; till we may attain οί παντες εις την ένοτητα της πιστεως και της the all to the unity of the faith and of the επιγνωσεως του υίου του θεου, εις ανδρα τεknowledge of the non of the God, to a man perλειον, εις μετρον ήλικιας του πληρωματος του fect, to a measure of stature of the falness Χριστου <sup>14</sup> (να μηκετι ωμεν νηπιο., κλυδωνι-Anouted; ο Lat nolonger Te may be babes, being ζομενοι και περιφερομενοι παντι ανεμφ της tossed and being whirled about with every wind of the **δι**δασκαλιας, εν τη κυβεια των ανθρωπων, **ε**ν teaching, in the trickery of the by πανουργια προς την μεθοδειαν της πλανης.

with the method of the deceit;  $^{15}$  αληθευοντες δε εν αγαπη, αυξησωμεν εις being truthful but in love, we may grow autou ta  $\pi a \nu \tau a$ , is  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\kappa \epsilon \phi a \lambda \eta$ , into we may grow him the all things, who is the bead, Χριστος 16 εξ ού παν το σωμα, (το αρμολοfrom whom all the body, (bein; fitly joined γουμενον και συμβιβαζομενον δια πασης άφης together and being compacted by means of every joint

της επιχορηγιας κατ' ενεργειαν,) εν μετρω ένος έκαστου μερους την αυξησιν του σωματ**ος** cfone of each part the growth of the

ποιειται, εις οικοδομην έαυτου εν αγαπη. makes, for a building up of itself in love.

<sup>17</sup> Τουτο ουν λεγω, και μαρτυρομαι εν κυριφ, This then lasy, and testify in Lord. μηκετι ύμας περιπατειν, καθως και τα \*[λοιπα] no louger you to walk, as also the [others] εθνη περιπατει εν ματαιοτητι του νοος αύτων, of the mind of them, Centiles walks vauity 18 εσκοτισμένοι τη διανοία, οντές απηλλοτρίωhaving been darkened in the understanding, being alienated

 $\mu \in \nu \circ \iota \tau \eta \circ (\omega \eta \circ \tau \circ \upsilon \circ \theta \in \circ \upsilon, \delta \iota \circ \tau \eta \nu \circ \sigma \gamma \nu \circ \iota \circ \tau \eta \nu$ from the life of the God, through the ignorance that

ουσαν εν αυτοις, δια την πωρωσιν της καρδιας being in them, through the stupidity of the heart αυτων· 19 οίτινες απηλγηκοτες, έαυτους παρεhaving become callous, themselves who δωκαν τη ασελγεια εις εργασιαν ακαθαρσιας over to the lewduess for a work ofimpurity  $^{20}$  Theis  $\delta \epsilon$  oux obtws πασης εν πλευνεξια. You all with eagerness. but not thus

εμαθετε τον Χριστον, <sup>21</sup> ειγε αυτον ηκουσατε if indeed him you heard learned the Anointed,

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. the-omit.

SAINTS for the Work of Service, I in order to the Building up of the BODY of the Anointed one;

13 till we ALL attain to the UNITY of the FAITH. and of the Knowledge of the son of GoD, to : a ful! grown Man, to the Measure of the full Stature of the Anointed one:

14 so that we may be Infants no longer, tossed and whirled about with Every Wind of that TEACH-ING which is in the TRICK-ERY Of MEN, ‡ by Cunning craftiness in Systematic DECEPTION;

15 but being truthful in Love, twe may grow up in ALL things into him, twho is the HEAD, -the Anointed one;

16 from whom the Whole Bony, being fitly joined and united, by means of Every assisting Joint, according to the propertionate Energy of Each single Part, effects the GROWTH of the BODY for the Building up of itself in Love.

17 This, therefore, I say, and testify in the Lord, that you no longer walk, \* even as the GEN TILES walk, in Ithe Vanity of their MIND,

18 thaving been darkened in the UNDERSTANDing, ‡ being alienated from the LIFE of GOD, through THAT IGNORANCE which is in them, because of the STUPIDITY of their HEART;

19 who, being without feeling, # gave themselves up to LEWDNESS, for the Practise of all Impurity

with Eagerness.

.20 But nou have not thus learned the Anoint-ED one;

21 tifindeed you heard

the GENTILES Walk.

<sup>17.</sup> OTHERS-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> even as

<sup>† 12. 1</sup> Cor. xiv. 26. † 13. Col. ii. 2. † 13. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; Col. i. 28. † 14. Rom. xvi. 18. † 15. Eph i. 22; ii. 21. † 15. Col. i. 18. † 16. Col. ii. 19. † 17. Rom. i. 24. † 18. Acts xxvi. 18. † 18. Gal. iv. 8; Eph. ii. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 19. 1 Pet. iv. \* 1 18. Acts xxvi. 18. 1 21. Eph. i. 13.

ναι εν αυτφ εδιδαχθητε, καθως εστιν αληθεια and by him were taught, as i∢ truth εν τω Ιησου· 22 αποθεσθαι ύμας, κατα την the Jesus; to put from you, according to the προτεραν αναστροφην, τον παλαιον ανθρωπον, course of life, the old τον  $\phi \theta$ ειρομενον κατα τας  $\epsilon \pi i \theta v \mu i \alpha s \tau \eta s$ being corrupt according to the inordinate desires of the απατης.  $^{23}$  ανανεουσθαι δε τ $\omega$  πνευματι του νοος deceit, to be renewed and in the spine υμων, <sup>24</sup> και ενδυσασθαι τον καινον ανθρωπον, man, τον κατα  $\theta$ εον κτισ $\theta$ εντα εν δικαιοσυνη και that according to God having been created in righteousness δσιοτητι της αληθείας.  $^{25}$  Διο αποθεμένοι το holiness of the Therefore putting away truth. ψευδος, λαλειτε αληθειαν, έκαστος μετα του ∢pe∎k you truth, each one πλησιον αύτου· ότι εσμεν αλληλων μελη. neighbor of himself; because we are of each other members, <sup>26</sup> Οργιζεσθε και μη άμαρτανετε· δ ήλιος μη Be you angry and not do you sin; the sun not επιδευετω επι \* [τω] παροργισμώ ύμων 27 μητε [the] wrath of you; not even <sup>28</sup> 'Ο κλεπτων μηδιδοτε τοπον τφ διαβολφ. give you a place for the accuser. The one stealing пo κετι κλεπτετω, μαλλονδε κοπιατω εργαζομενος let him steal, rather but let him toil working το αγαθον ταις χερσιν, ίνα εχη μ the good thing with the hands, so that he may have εχη μεταδιδοναι to give  $^{29}$  Mas  $\lambda o \gamma o s \sigma a \pi \rho o s \epsilon \kappa$  $\tau \varphi \chi \rho \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu \epsilon \chi o \nu \tau \iota$ . to the one want having. Every word rotten out of του στοματος ύμων μη εκπορευεσθω, αλλ', ει of you not let go forth, if τις αγαθος προς οικοδομην της χρειας, ίνα anything good for a huilding up of the use, that χαριν τοις ακουουσι $^{-30}$  και μη λυπειτε and not it may give benefit to those hearing; grieve you το πνευμα το ώγιον του θεου, εν 🦸 εσφραγισthe spirit the holy of the God, by which you were <sup>31</sup> Πασα πικθητε εις ήμεραν απολυτρωσεως. ealed for a day of redemption. bitρια και θυμος και οργη και κραυγη και βλασterness and anger and wrath and clamor and evilφημια αρθετω αφ' ύμων, συν παση κακια. speaking let be taken from you, with all malice; €νσtender πλαγχνοι, χαριζομενοι έαυτοις, καθως και δ showing favor to others, even as also the hearted ones, KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5. θεος εν Χριστώ εχαρισατο ύμιν. God in Anointed showed favor to you.

Him, and were taught by him, as the Truth is in Jesus;

22 tto put off, according to the former Course of life, that old Man, corrupted by deceitful desires;

23 and to the renewed in the SPIRIT of your

MIND;

24 and the you clothed with THAT NEW Man, who, according to God, has been formed in Righteousness and Holiness of the TRUTH.

25 Therefore, leaving off FALSEHOOD, ‡speak you Truth each one with his NEIGHBOR, Because we are Members of each other.

26 ‡ When augry, do not sin; let not the sun set on your Wrath;

27 nor give an Opportunity for the ACCUSER.

28 Let the THIEF steal no more; ‡ but rather let him toil, working THAT which is 300D with his HANDS, so that he may have something to give to him who is in WANT.

29 ‡ Let No corrupt Word proceed from your MOUTH, but rather what is good for the USE of Building up, so that it ma confer a Benefit on the HEARERS:

30 and grieve not the HOLY SPIRIT of God, ‡ by which you were scaled for ‡ a Day of Redemption.

31 Let All Bitterness, and Anger, and Wrath, and Clanor, and ± Evilspeaking, be taken away from you, together with All Malice;

32 and the kind towards each other, compassionate, tshowing favor to others, even as God by Christ showed favor to \*you.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—26. the—omit. 32. and—omit. 32. us. 122. Col. ii. 11. 122. Eph. ii. 2, 3. 122. Rom. vi. 6. 123. Rom. xii. 2; Col. iii. 10. 124. Rom. vi. 4; 2 Cor. v. 17; Cal. vi. 15; Col. iii. 10. 125. Col. iii. 9. 126. Psa. xxxvii. 8. 128. Acts xx. 35; 1 Thess. iv. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 8, 11, 12. 129. Matt. xii. 36; Eph. v. 4; Col. iii. 8. 130. Eph. i. 13. 20. Luke xxi. 25; Rom. viii. 23. 131. Col. iii. 8, 19. 131. Titus iii. 2; James iv. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 1. 132. 2 Cor. ii. 10. Col. iii. 12, 13. 132. Matt. vi. 14; Mark xi. 25.

therefore

God, as

CHAPTER V.

2 and twalk in Love, even as the Anointed ne loved us, and delivered

himself up on \* our behalf.

an Offering and a Sacrifice

to God for an + Odor of a

or unbridled Lust, be even

named among you, (as becomes Hol persons;)

Foolish talking or loose

Jesting; THINGS not CON-

SISTENT; but what is more becoming, Thanks-

5 For This you know,

That no Pornicator, or

Impur person, or man of unbridled Lust, who is an

Idolater, has an Inheri-

4 also ! Indecency, and

3 Now lct not #Fornication, and All Impurity,

Become

Ilmitators of

Sweet smell.

giving.

beloved Children;

 $^{1}$  Γινεσθε ουν μιμηται του θεου, ώς τεκνα αγα-Become you therefore imitators of the God, as children

 $\pi$ ητα $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ και περιπατειτε εν αγαπη, καθως και walk you iη love, even as also

δ Χριστος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και παρεδωκεν ξαυloved and delivered up

τον ύπερ ήμων προσφοραν και θυσιαν, τω θεω self on behalf of us an offering and a sacrifice, to the God

εις οσμης ευωδιας. <sup>3</sup> Поруєїа бе каї пада акаtor an odor of a sweet smell. Fornication but and

θυρσια η πλεονεξια μηδε ονομαζεσθω εν ύμιν, purity or unbridled lust not even let it be named among you,

(καθως πρεπει άγιοις,) 4 και αισχροτης, καιit becomes holy ones,) also

μωρολογια η ευτραπελία, τα ουκ ανηκοντα. loolish talking, or loose jesting, the things not

<sup>5</sup>Τουτο γαρ ιστε αλλα μαλλον ευχαριστια. This thanksgiving. for you know

γινωσκοντες, δτι πας πορνος η ακαθαρτος η that every fornicator or impure person or

πλεονεκτης, δε εστιν ειδωλολατρης, ουκ εχει lascivious person, who an idol-worshipper.

κληρονομιαν εν τη βασιλειά του Χριστου και kingdom of the Anointed one in the

θεου. <sup>6</sup> Μηδεις ύμας απατατω κενοις λογοις· of God. you let deceive with empty words;

ταυτα γαρ εργεται ή οργη του θεου on account of these things for comes the wrath of the God  $=\pi i$  tous vious this ameideias.  $\bar{i}$ Mh our  $\gamma i \nu \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ 

Not therefore become you sons of the disobedience. συμαετοχοι αυτων. <sup>8</sup> Ητε γαρ ποτε σκοτος, of them. You were indeed once

νυν δε φως εν κυριώ. ώς τεκνα φωτος περιπαnow but light in Lord: as children of light

τειτε. 9 (δ γαρ καρπος του φωτος εν παση αγα-(the for fruit of the light in all good-<sup>10</sup> δοκιμαζοντές τι έστιν θωσυνη και αληθεια.) searching out and trath.) what

11 και μη συγκοινωνειτε ευαρεστον τω κυριω. well-pleasing to the Lord; and not be you joint-partakers

τοις εργοις τοις ακαργοις του σκοτους, μαλλον with the works with those unfruitful of the darkness,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. your behalf.

## tance in the KINGDOM of

the Anointed, and of God. 6 Let no one deceive you with empty Words; for on account of these

things I the WRATH of GOD comes on the sons of Dis-OBEDIENCE.

7 Therefore, do not become their Associates.

8 You were, indeed, formerly Darkness, but you are now ! Light in the Lord; walk as 1 Children of Light;

9 (since the FRUIT of the LIGHT is in All Goodness, and Righteousness. and Truth;)

10 I searching out what is well-pleasing to the

Lord.

11 And do not be 1 copartners with the un-FRUITFUL WORKS of DARK-

<sup>† 2.</sup> In the highly figurative language of the Hebrews, smelling is used to denote the percention of a moral quality in another; thus God is said to "smell a sweet odor" from sacrifice, to signify that he perceived with pleasure the good disposition which the offerer expressed by such an act of worship.—Macknight.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Matt. v. 45, 48. Luke vi. 36.

1 2. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 John ii. 11, 23; iv. 21.

1 2. Gal. i. 4; ii. 20.

2 3. 1 Cor. vi. 18; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Col. iii. 25; 1 Thess. iv. 3.

1 4. Matt. xii. 35; Eph. iv. 29.

1 5. 1 Cor. vi. 9, 10; Gal. v 19—21; 16. Rom. i. 18.

2 8. Luke xvi. 8; John xii. 36.

1 10. Rom. xii. 2; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. v. 21.

1 11 i 3. Luke xvi. 8; John xii. 36. I 10. Ro i Cor. v. 9, 11; 2 Cor. vi. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14.

δε και ελεγχετε.  $^{12}$  Τα γαρ κρυφη γινομενα but even do you reprove. The things for in secret being done <sup>13</sup> Τα δε ύπ' αυτων, αισχρον εστι και λεγειν. The but indecent it is παντα, ελεγχομενα ύπο του φωτος, φανεροιται. all things, heing exposed by are manifested; the hight, γαρ το φανερουμενον, φως εστι. everything for that is being manifested, light 1s. Therefore Εγειρε δ καθευδων, και αναστα εκ it says; Awake thou the one sleeping, and arise thou out of των νεκρων, και επιφαυσει σοι δ Χριστος. the dead ones, and will shine on thee the Anointed.

15 Βλεπετε ουν, πως ακριβως περ.πατείνοι\* See you then, how accurately you walk,

μη ώς ασοφοι, αλλ' ώς σοφοι $^{16}$  εξαγοραζομενοι as unwise ones, but as wise ones; buying for your selves τον καιρον, ότι αί ήμεραι πονηραι εισι.  $^{17}$  Δια the season, because the days evil are. Because of

τουτο μη γινεσθε αφρονες, αλλα συνιεντες τι this not become you simple ones, but understanding what το θελημα του κυριου.  $^{13}$  Και μη μεθυσκεσθε the will of the Lord. And not be you drunk οινω, εν  $\dot{\omega}$  εστιν ασωτια, αλλα πληρουσθε with wine, in which is profigacy, but be you filled

εν πνευματι, 19 λαλουντες ξαυτοις ψαλμοις και with spirit, speaking to others in psalms and

ύμνοις και φδαις \* [πνευματικαις,] αδοντες και hymns and songs [spiritual,] singing and ψαλλοντες εν τη καρδια ύμων τω κυριω 23 ευmaking music in the heart of you to the Lord; girmaking music

χαριστουντες παντοτε ὑπερ παντων, εν ονοματι ing thanks at all times on behalf of all, in name

του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, τω θεω και the Lord of us Jesus Anvinted, to the God and

πατρι·  $^{21}$  ύποτασσομένοι αλληλοις εν φοβφ father; submitting yourselves to each other in fear  $X_{O}$  (στου·  $^{22}$  αξ γυναικές τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν

Χριστου· <sup>22</sup> al γυναικες τοις 101015 ανοραστν οι Anointed; the wives to the own husbands \*[ὑποτασσεσθε,] ως τφ κυριφ· <sup>23</sup> ότι ανηρ εστι [be you submissive,i as to the Lord; because a husband is

κεφαλη της γυναικος, ως και ο Χριστος κεφαλη

της εκκλησιας αυτος \*[εστι] σωτηρ του σωμαof the congregation; he [is] a preserver o'the body.

τος.  $^{24}$  Αλλ $^{3}$  \* [  $^{6}$   $^{6}$   $^{7}$   $^{6}$ 

NESS, but rather even reprove them.

12 ‡ For the THINGS BEING DONE by them in secret, it is indecent ever to mention.

13 ‡ But ALL things being reproved are manifested by the LIGHT; for it is Light which makes every thing manifest.

14 Therefore it says, ‡"Awake, O SLEEPER! and arise from the DEAD, and the ANOINTED one will shinc upon thee."

15 Therefore, take heed diligently how you walk, not like Ignorant persons, but as Wise men;

16 securing the SEASON for yourselves, Because the

DAY: are evil.

M7 Therefore be not inconsiderate, but \* understand what is the WILL of the LORD.

18 And ‡ be not drunk with Wine, by which comes Debauchery; but be filled with Spirit;

19 speaking to one another, in Psalms and Hymns and Spiritual Songs, singing and making music in your Heart to the Lord;

20 Tgiving thanks at all times on account of all things, to the God and Father tim the Name of our LORD \* Jesus Christ.

21 † Be submissive to each other in the fear of Chris.

22 1 Wives, be suomissive to your own Husbands, as to the Lord;

23 for a # Husband is the WIFE'S Head, even as #the ANOINTED one is Head of the CONGREGATION; # is a Preserver of the BODY.

24 But even as the congregation is sub-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—17. understand you what the WILL of OUR LOBD is. 17. spiritual—omit. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. be you submissive—omit. 23. is—omit. 24. even as—omit.

 <sup>1 12</sup> Rom. i. 24, 26.
 ‡ 13. John iii. 20, 21.
 ‡ 14. Isa, Ix. ½; Rom. xiii. 11, 12;

 1 Cor. xv. 34; 1 Thess. v. 6.
 ‡ 15. Col. iv. 5.
 ‡ 17. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Thess. iv. 5; v. 18,

 1 8. Prov. xx. 1; xxiii. 29.
 ‡ 19. Col. iii. 16.
 ‡ 20. Col. iii. 17; 1 Thess. v. 18,

 20. Heb. xiii. 15.
 ‡ 21. Phil. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 5.
 ‡ 22. Gen. iii. 16; 1 Cor. xiv. 34;

 20. iii. 18.
 ‡ 2. 1 Cor. xi. 3.
 ‡ 23. Eph. i. 22; iv. 15; Col. i. 18.

τω Χριστω, ούτω και αί γυναικες τοις \*[ιδιοιs] to the Anointed, thus also the wives to the [own] ανδρασιν εν παντι.  $^{25}$  Οί ανδρες, αγαπατε τας husbands in everything. The husbands, love you the γυναικας \*[έαυτων], καθως και δ Χριστος ηγατινώς [of yourselves,] even as also the Auointed loved πησε την εκκλησιαν, και έαυτον παρεδωκεν the congregation, and himself delivered up ύπερ αύτης, 26 ίνα αυτην άγιαση, καθαρισας on behalf of her, so that her he might sanctify, having cleansed τφ λουτρώ του ύδατος εν βηματι τίνα παρασin the bath of the water by a word; that might τηση αυτος έαυτω ενδοξον της εκκλησιαν, place beside he himself glorious the congregation, μη εχουσαν σπιλον η δυτίδα η τι των τοιου-not having a spot or blemish or any of the such like  $\tau$ ων, αλλ ίνα η άγια και αμωμος. <sup>28</sup> Ούτως things, but that she might be holy and hlameless. οφειλουσιν οί ανδρες αγαπαν τας έαυτων γυναιare obligated the husbands to love the of themselves wives, 'Ο αγαπων την κας, ώς τα έαυτων σωματα. as the of themselves bodies. Нe loving the έαυτου γυναικα, έαυτον αγαπα. 29 ουδεις γαρ of himself wife, himself loves, no one for ποτε την έαυτου σαρκα εμισησες, αλλ' εκτρε··
ever the of himself flesh hated, but nourishes φει και θαλπει αυτην· καθως και δ Χριστος την and cherishes her; as even the Auointed the εκκλησιαν 30 δτι μελη εσμεν του σωματος congregation; hecause members we are of the body αυτου, \*[εκ της σαρκος αυτου, και εκ των of him, [out of the flesh of him, and out of the <sup>31</sup> Αντι τουτου καταλειψει οστεων αυτου.] On account of this of him.] ανθρωπος τον πατερα αύτου και την μητερα, the father of himself and the mother, aman και προσκολληθησεται προς την γυναικα αύτου, and shall be closely joined to the wife of himself, και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν. 32 Το μυστηwill be the two into flesh one. The ριον τουτο μεγα εστιν' εγω δε λεγω εις Χρισthis great is: I but speak about Anointed,  $^{33}$  Πλην και δμεις τον, και εις την εκκλησιαν. and about the congregation. But also you οί καθ' ένα, έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα ούτως the every one, each one the of himself wife thus the every one, αγαπατω ώς έαυτον: ἡ δε γννη ίνα Φοβηται let love as himself; the and wife so that she may reverence 1 Τα τεκνα, ὑπακου-KΕΦ. s'. 6. τον ανδρα. he husband. The children, be you subετε τοις γονευσιν ύμων \*[εν κυριώ·] τουτο ect to the parente of you [in Lord;]

Jected to the Anginten one, so also the wives to their husbands in everything.

25 t Husbands, love your wives, even as the ANOINTED one loved the CONGREGATION, and 1 delivered Ilimself up on her behalf;

26 so that, having purified her in the BATH of WATER, he might sanetify Her ! by the Word;

27 I that he might place the congregation by his own side, glorious, having no Spot or Blemish, or Any such THING, but that she might be holy and blameless.

28 Thus \* also ought the HUSBANDS to love THEIR OWN Wives, as THEIR OWN Bodies. HE who LOVES HIS OWN Wife loves Him-

self;

29 for no one ever hated HIS OWN Flesh, but nourishes and cherishes it, even as the Anointed one the CONGREGATION;

30 because 1 we are Members of his Body.

31 ;"On this account "shall a Man leave "Father "and Mother, and shall be "united to his wife, and "the Two shall become "one Flesh."

32 This is a great se-CRET; but I am speaking concerning Christ and the

CONGREGATION.

33 But, indeed, let each each one of You, INDIVI-DUALLY, so love HIS OWN Wife as himself that even the WIFE may Treverence her HUSBAND.

### CHAPTER VI.

1 CHILDREN, tobey your PARENTS; for this is this thing | a just precept,-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—24. OWN—omit. 25. of yourselves. 30. of his plesh, and of his bones—omit. 31. Father and Mother. 25. of yourselves-omit. 28. also. 1. in the Lord-omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{25}\$, Col. iii. 19; 1 Pet. iii. 7. \$\frac{1}{25}\$, Acts xx. 28; Gal. i. iii. 5; Titus iii. 5. \$\frac{1}{20}\$, John xv. 3; xvii. 17. \$\frac{1}{2}\$, 30, Gen. ii. 23; Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. vi. 15; xii. 27. \$\frac{1}{2}\$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{vr. } \text{x. } \text{7, 8.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{31. 1 Cor. vi. 16.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{33. 1 Pet. iii. 6.}\$\$ Col. iii. 30. 25. Acts xx. 28; Gal. i. 4; ii. 20.
 27. 2 Cor. xi. 2; Col. i. 22.
 15; 15; 16. Gen. ii. 24; Matt xix. 5;
 15 21. Prov. xxiii. 22.

 $^2\mathrm{T}$ ına auον  $\pi$ αauερau σου και γαρ εστι δικαιον. Honor the father of thee and  $*[\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu]$   $\epsilon\nu\tau\circ\lambda\eta$   $\pi\rho\omega\tau\eta$ , for just.  $(\eta \tau \iota s$ την μητερα. (which [is] a commandment mother: the <sup>3</sup> ίνα ευ ποι γενηται, και επαγγελια.)  $\in V$ that well with thee it may be, a promise;) with <sup>4</sup> και οί μακροχρονιος επι της γης.  $\epsilon r \eta$ laud: and the thou mayest be long-lived ou the πατερες, μη παροργιζετε τε τεκνα ύμων, αλλ not irritate you f'e children of you, fathers, εκτρεφετε αυτα εν παιδεια και νουθεσια κυριου. bring you up them in discipline and instruction of Lord. 5 Οί δουλοι, ύπακουετε τοις κυριοις κατα σαρκα, The slaves, be you submissive to the lords according to flesh, μετα φοβου και τρομου, εν άπλοτη**τι** τη**ς κ**αρfear and trembling, in simplicity of the διας ύμων, ώς τω Χριστω· 6 μη κατ' οφθαλμο-Ьy eve-service as to the Ancinted; not ώς δουλοι δουλειαν ώς ανθρωπαρεσκοι, αλλ men-pleasers, hat 23 \*[του] Χριστου, ποιουντες το θελημα του θεου the will of the God [of the] Anointed, doing εκ ψυχης, 7 μετ' ευνοιας δουλευοντες, ώς τω with good-will serving, as to the κυριφ και ουκ ανθρωποις. 8 ειδοτες, ότι δ εαν to men; knowing, that whatever Lord and not τι έκαστος ποιηση αγαθον, τουτο κομιειται he will receive good thing, this any each one may do παρα κυριου, ειτε δουλος, ειτε ελευθερος. 9 Και whether a slave, or a freeman. from Lord, οί κυριοι, το αυτα ποιειτε προς αυτους, ανιεντες them, the same things do you to the lords, την οπειλην είδοτες, ότι και ύμων αυτων δ the threat; knowing, that also of you of them the κυριος εστιν εν ουρανοις, και προσωποληψια is in and respect of persons heavens, ουκ εστι παρ' αυτώ. bim. with

<sup>10</sup>Το λοιπον, \*[αδελφοι μου,] ενδυναμουσθε of me,] strengthen yourselves [brethren εν κυριώ και εν τω κρατει της ισχυος αυτου. Lord and in the might power ofthe of him. 11 Ενδυσασθε την πανοπλιαν του θεου, προς το the complete armor of the God, for Put you on δυνασθαι ύμας στηναι προς τας μεθοδειας του you to stand against the crafty ways of the to enable διαβολου· 12 ότι ουκ εστιν ήμιν ή παλη προς to us the contest with because not is αίμα και σαρκα, αλλα προς τας αρχας, προς τας with the governments, with the flesh, but blood and εξουσιας, προς τους κοσμοκρατορας του σκοworld-rulers of the with the authorities,

2 1" Honor thy FATHER "and MOTHER," (which is the first Commandment with a Promise,)

3 "that it may be well " with thee, and that thou "mayest be long-lived in "the LAND."

4 And, FATHERS, d not irritate your CHIL-DREN, but 1 bring them up in the Discipline and Instruction of the Lord.

5 I BOND-SERVANTS, be subject to your MAS-TERS, according to the Flesh, with Fear and Trembling, in the Integrity of your HEART, as to the

Anointed;
6 not with Eye-service as Men-pleasers, but as Bond-servants of Christ, doing the WILL of GOD from the Soul,

7 doing service with Good-will, as if to the LORD, and not to \* Men :

8 t knowing That whatever good any one may do, this he will receive from Lord,—whether Slav**e or a F**reeman.

9 And, 1 MASTERS, do the SAME things to them, ‡ forbearing to THREATEN; knowing That \* both Their and I Your MASTER is in the Heavens; and ‡there is no Partiality of persons with him.

10 FINALLY, strengthen yourselves in the Lord, and tin his MIGHTY POWER.

11 Put on the com. PLETE ARMOR Of GOD, that you may be ABLE to stand against the CRAPTY WAYS of the ENEMY;

12 because our con-FLICT is not with ‡ Blood and Flesh, but with #the GOVERNMENTS, with the dark- AUTHORITIES, with #ths

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. is-omit. 6. of the-omit. 7. Man. both Their and Your MASTER is in the Heavens. 10. my Brethren-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16. † 4. Col. iii. 21. † 4. Gen. xviii. 19; Deut. ive. 9; vi. 7, 20; x1. 19; Prov. xix. 18; xxii. 20; xxix. 17. † 5. Col. iii. 22; 1 Tim. vi. 1 Tit. ii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 18. † 8. Rom. ii. 6; 2 Cor. v. 10; Col. iii. 24. † 9. Col. iv. 15. 9. Lev. xxv. 43. † 9. John xiii. 18; 1 Cor. vii. 22. † 9. Rom. ii. 11; Col. iii. 25. † 19. Eph. i. 19; iii 16; Col. i. 11. † 11. Rom. xiii. 12; 2 Cor. vi. 7; 1 Thess. v. 8. † 12. Matt. xv. 17, 1 Cor. xv. 50. † 12. Rom. viii. 38, Eph. i. 21; Col. ii. 15. † 12. Viv. 20; 153. John xiii. 13; 20; Col. i. 13. † 12. Viv. 20; 153. John xiii. 13; 20; Col. i. 13. Luke xxii 53; John xii. 31; xiv. 30; Col. i. 13.

rous τουτου, προς τα πνευματικά της πονηριας, with the spiritual things of the evil one.  $^{13}\Delta$ ia τουτο αναλα $\beta$ ετε EV TOIS ETOUPAVIOIS. Because of this take you up the heavenlies. την πανοπλιαν του θεου, ίνα δυνηθητε ανιστηthe complete armor of the God, so that you may be able to stand ναι εν τη ημερά τη πονηρά, και άπαντα κατερevil, and all things againstin the day the 14 Στητε ουν περιζωσαμενοι γασαμενοι στηναι. worked out to stand. Stand you therefore having girded την οσφυν ύμων εν αληθεία, και ενδυσαμενοι the loins of you with truth, and having put on 15 και υποδησαμετον θωρακα της δικαιοσυνης, and the breastplate of the having shod righteousness, νοι τους ποδας εν έτοιμασια του ευαγγελιου glad tidings with a preparation of the feet 16 επι πασιν αναλαβοντες τον ειρηνης. 775 of the besides all having taken up the δυνησεσθε πανταθυρεον της πιστεως, εν ώ shield of the by which you will be able faith. τα  $\beta$ ελη του πονηρου \*[τα] πεπυρωμενα  $\sigma\beta$ εσαι• the darts of the evil one Ithel having been kindled to quench;  $^{17}$  και την περικεφαλαιαν του σωτηριου δεξασθε, also the helmet of the salvation take you, και την μαχαιραν του πνευματος, δ εστι δημα c, the spirit, which is eword 18 840 πασης προσευχής και δεησεως of God; by means of every prayer and supplication προσευγομενοι εν παντι καιρφ εν πνευματι και in every sesson in apirit; praving and εις αυτο \*[τουτο] αγρυπνουντες εν παση προσwatching wich καρτερησει και δεησει περι παντων των άγιων, and supplication for all \*everance of the holy ones,  $^{19}$ και ὑπερ εμου, ίνα μοι δοθη λογος εν ανοιand on behali of me, that to me may be given a word in ξει του στοματος μου, εν παρόησια γνωρισαι το ing of the mouth of me, with boldness to make known the \*[του ευαγγελιου,]  $^{20}$   $\delta\pi\epsilon\rho$ μυστηριον glad tidings, ] on account of which secret Tofthe εν άλυσει, ίνα \*[εν] αυτώ παρήηπρεσβευω

POTENTATES OF this DARK-NESS, with the SPIRITUAL THINGS OF WICKEDNESS IN the HEAVENLIES.

13 ‡ On account of this, take up the †COMPLETE ARMOR of GOD, that you may be able to resist in the EVIL DAY, and hazing achieved Every thing, to stand.

14 Stand, then, thaving your loins girded around with Truth, and thaving put on the Breastplate of righteourness;

15 and thaving your FEET shod with the Preparation of the GLAD 711-INGS of PEACE;

16 besides all, having taken up the shield of the faith, by which you will he able to extinguish all the burning DARTS of the WICKED one;

17 I take also the HFL-MET OF SALVATION, and I the SWORD of the SPIRIT, which is God's Word;

18 ‡ praying at every Season, † with All Prayer and Supplication in Sprit, and ‡ keeping watch for this with All Perseverance and ‡ Entreaty for Al-SAINTS;

19 ‡ and on my behalf, that Eloquence may be given to me, in opening my MOUTH with boldness, to make known the SECRET of the GLAD TIDINGS.

20 (on account of which ‡I execute an Embassy in ‡a Chain,) that ‡I may

lam on an embassy in a chain, that

18. this-omit.

l may speak

19. of the GLAD

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-18. the-omit. tidings-omit. 20. in-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The Grecian armor consisted of two sorts,—Defensive and Offensive armor. The apostle selects from these the following, which he calls the panoply, or complete armor of God;—1. The Gradle, or Military Belt, used to brace the armor tight to the body, and cover the two parts of the breastplate where they joined; and to support daggers, snort swords, &c. 2. The Breastplate consisted of two parts,—one reaching from the neck to the navel, and the other hanging from thence to the knees. 8. The Greaves, made of gold, silver, brass, or iron, designed to defend the front of the legs and feet. 4. The Helmet, made of various metals, and used to protect the head. 5. The Sheld, sometimes round and sometimes square, was made of strong thick leather or hides; sometimes of wood covered with brass or iron. 6. The Sword, as an offensive weapen. He who had these was completely armed for combat.

† 18. As it was customary for the Grecians to offer prayers to their gods before engaging in battle, so the apostle exherts Christian warriors to pray with all prayer, in every season, always depending on the Captain of their salvation.

The favor

σιασωμαι, ώς δει με λαλησαι. 21 Ίνα δε ειδηas it behoves me to speak. That but may ; τε και ύμεις τα κατ' εμε, τι πρασσω, παντα knowalso you the things concerning me, what I am doing, all things ύμιν γνωρισει Τυχικος δ αγαπητος αδελφος και to you will make known Tychicus the beloved brother πιστος διακονος εν κυριώ<sup>, 22</sup> δν επεμψα προς in Lord; Isent to faithful servant whom ύμας εις αυτο τουτο, ίνα γνωτε  $\tau \alpha$ περι you for same this thing, that you may know the things concerning παρακαλεση τα**ς κ**αρδιας ύμων. ήμων, και ua, and he might comfort the hearts  $^{23}$ Ειρηνη τοις αδελφοις και αγαπη μετα  $\pi$ ισ-Peace to the brethren and love with faith

τεως απο θεου πατρος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. from God a father and Lord Jesus Anointed. 24 'Η χαρις μετα παντων των αγαπωντων τον

of the

ali κυμιον ήμων Ιησουν Χριστον εν αφθαρσια. Jesus Anomted with incoruptness.

with

speak boldly concerning it,

as it becomes me. 21 But \$ that gou also may know the THINGS concerning me, and what I am doing, Tychicus, the BE-LOVED Brother and Faithful Servant in the Lord, will make All things known to you;

22 twhom I have sent to you for this very purpose, that you may know the THINGS concerning us, and that he may comfort your HEARTS.

23 1 Peace to the BRETH-REN, and Love with Faith, from God the Father, and the LORD Jesus Christ.

24 The favor be with all who tsincerely LOVE our LORD Jesus Christ.

\*TO THE EPHESIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

ones loving

the

# [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΦΙΛΙΠΠΗΣΙΟΥΣ.

## PHILIPPIANS.

## КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος και Τιμοθεος, δουλοι Ιησου Χριστου, and Timothy, bondmen of Jesus Anointed, πασι τοις άγιοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου, τοις ουσιν to all the holy ones in Apointed Jesus, to those being εν Φιλιπποις, συν επισκοποις και διακονοις. Philippi, with and overscers. acryants:  $^2$  χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and peace from God a father ofus, <sup>3</sup> Ευχαριστω τφ και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Anointed. Jesus I give thanks to the θε $\psi$  μου επι παση τη μνει $\alpha$  ύμων,  $^4$  παντοτε the remembrance of you, God of me on every εν παση δεησει μου ύπερ παντων ύμων, μετα prayer of me on behalf of all of you, χαρας την δεησιν ποιουμενος <sup>5</sup> επι τη κοινωνια the prayer making in respect to the fellowship ύμων εις το ευαγγελιον, απο πρωτης ήμερας glad tidings, of you for the from  $^6$  πεποιθως αυτο τουτο, δτι δ αχρι του νυν now; having been persuaded same this thing, that the εναρζαμενος εν ύμιν εργον αγαθον, επιτελεσει one having begun in you a work good, will complete 7 καθως αχρις ήμερας Ιησου Χριστου  $\epsilon \sigma \tau_t$ till a day of Jesus Anointed; itie δικαιον εμοι τουτο φρονειν ύπερ παντων ύμων, to think concerning all το εχειν με εν τη καρδια ύμας, δια EV TE because the to have me in the hearts of you, in both τοις δεσμοις μου και τη απολογια και βεβα:ωof me and in the defence and confirmaσει του ευαγγελιου, συγκοινωνους HOU THS tion of the glad tidings, joint-contributors of me of the  $oldsymbol{\chi}$ αριτος παντας ύμας οντας $^{-8}$  μαρτυς  $oldsymbol{\gamma}$ αρ  $oldsymbol{\mu}$ ου being; a witness all of you for of me \*[εστιν] δ θεος, ώς επιποθω παντας ύμας εν the God, how Hongaster all of you in σπλωγχνοις Χριστου Ιησου. 9 Και τουτο προσbowels of Appinted Jeaus. Aud this ευχομαι, ίνα ή αγαπη ύμων ετι μαλλον και that the love ofyou yet περισσευη μαλλον επιγνωσει και παση  $\epsilon \nu$ may abound knowledge

### CHAPTER I.

Paul and Timothy Bondmen of \* Christ Jesus, to all THOSE SAINTS I'm Christ Jesus, who ARE at Philippi, with the Overseers and Assistants:

2 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and our Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 # I give thanks to my God on Every REMEM-

BRANCE of you,

4 (always, in Every Prayer of mine, making SUPPLICATION on behalf of you all with Joy,)

5 1 on account of your PARTICIPATION in the GLAD TIDINGS, from the FIRST Day till Now;

6 having this same confidence, That HE who COMMENCED 1a Work among yor, will continue to complete it till the Day of \* Christ Jesus;

7 as it is right for me to think This respecting ven all, Because you nare me in your HEART, both in tmy BONDS, and in the DEFENCE and CONFIRMA-TION of the GLAD TID-INGS, you all being jointcontributors to me of the GIFT.

8 For ‡ God is my Witness how I long after you all with the tender Sympathies of Christ Jesus.

And This I pray, that your Love may yet abound more and more in Knowledge, and in all Perception,

10 in order that you may EXAMINE the DIF-FERENCES of THINGS; you the things dir and that you t may be

Christ Jesus.

to examine

the

αισθησει.

perception;

10 εις το δοκιμαζειν ύμας τα δια-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE PHILIPPIANS. the FIRST Day. 6. Christ Jesus. 8. is-omit.

I 0: ix.1: Gal. i. 20; 1 Thess. ii. 5. 1 Thess. iii. 12; v. 23.

φεροντα, ίνα ητε ειλικρινεις και απροσκοποι so that you may be sincere ones and inoffensive ones εις ήμεραν Χριστου, 11 πεπληρωμενοι καρπον of Anoiuted, having been filled fruit for a day δικαιοσυνης \*[τον] δια Ιησου Χριστου, €15 [that] through Jesus Anointed, to of righteousness 12 Γινωσκειν δε ύμας δοξαν και επαινον θεου. glory and praise of God. To know but you κατ' Βουλομαι, αδελφοι, ότι τα εμε μαλ-

λον εις προκοπην του ευαγγελιου εληλυθεν. for advancement of the glad tidings happened;

brethren.

that the things relating to me

13 ώστε τους δεσμους μου πανερους εν Χριστφ so that the bonda of me appear in Anointed γενεπθαι εν όλφ τφ πραιτωριφ και τοις λοιποις to have become before all in the judgment hall and to the others

πασι,  $^{14}$  και τους πλειονας των αδελφων εν the greater number of the and brethren κυριώ, πεποιθοτας τοις δεσμοις μου, περισσοmore chun-Lord, having been assured by the bonds of me, τολμαν αφοβως τον λογον λαλειν.

dantly are bold fearlessly the word to speak. 15 Τινες μεν και δια φθονον και εριν, τινες δε

Some indeed even through envy and strife, some and και δι' ευδοκιαν τον Χριστον κηρυσσουσιν. also through good-will the Anointed they openly proclaim. <sup>16</sup> Οί μεν εξ αγαπης, ειδοτες, ότι εις απολογιαν

knowing, that for These indeed from love,

του ευαγγελιου κειμαι. 17 οί δε εξ εριθειας, I am placed; those but from of the glad tidings

\*[τον] Χριστον καταγγελλουσιν ουχ αγνως, not [the] are announcing purely, θλιψιν επιφερειν τοις δεσμοις μου. olouevol to superadd to the bonds of me. affliction thinking 18 Τι γαρ: πλην παντι τροπώ, ειτε προφαπει

whether in pretence Still in every way, ειτε αληθεια, Χριστος καταγγελλεται. Anointed is ennounced: and in or in truth.

<sup>19</sup> Οιδα τουτώ χαιρω, αλλα και χαρησομαι. also I will rejoice. 1 know his I rejoice, but

η ..., ότι τουτο μοι αποβησεται εις σωτηριαν will result for deliverance. to me

της ύμων, δεησεως, και επιχορηγιας του though the of you, entreaty, and asupply of the

πνευματος Ιησου Χριστου, <sup>20</sup> κατα την αποκα-

sincere and inoffensive in the Day of Christ;

11 having been filled with the Fruit of Righte. ousness through Christ, I to the Glory and Praise of God.

12 Now I wish you to know, Brethren, That the THINGS which have befallen me resulted rather for the Advancement of the GLAD TIDINGS;

13 so that my BONDs for Christ have become manifest in All the † Pre-TORIUM, and in all OTHER

places:

14 and the GREATER NUMBER of the BRETHnen in the Lord, having been made confident by my BONDS, have much more abundant courage to speak the \* WORD of God without fear.

15 Some, indeed, proclaim the Anointed one even through Envy and ‡ Strife, and some also through Good-will.

16 THESE, indeed, out of Love, knowing That I am placed for tthe Defence of the GLAD TID.

INGS; 17 but those out of Contention are announcing Christ, not purely, thinking \* to superadd Affliction to my BONDS.

18 What then? \* Be-Every Way, cause, in whether in Pretence or in Truth, Christ is announced, even in this I rejoice, yea, and will rejoice.

19 \* And I know That this will result in My Deliverance, through YOUR Entreaty, and the Supply of the SPIRIT of Jesus Christ,

20 according to my eager | EARNEST EXPECTATION

14. WORD of GoD. 19. And I know. 17. to raise \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. that—omit.
Affliction.

18. Because in Every Way. ap Affliction.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Or, in all the Pretorium Camp. It was either within or near to this fortress that the Apostle dwelt in his own hired house. It was large enough to have many such houses within it for shops and taverns used by the soldiers, beside the barracks used by the soldiers themselves. See Note on Acts xxviii. 16.—Sharpe.

t 11. John xv. 8; Eph. i. 12, 14. † 11. John xv. 4, 5; Eph. ii. 10; Col. i. 6. † † 11 Phil. ii. 3. † 10. verse 7. – † 19. 2 Cor. i. 11.

ραδοκιαν και ελπιδα μου, ότι εν ουδενι αισχυνexpectation and hope of me, that in nothing Laball be υησομαι, αλλ' εν παση παρέησια, ώς παντυτε, contidence. but with all 8.6 always, και νυν μεγαλυνθησεται Χριστος εν τφ σωματι will be magnified. Anounted in the body. 21 Εμοι δια ζωης ειτε δια θανατου. HOU, ELTE of me, whether by means of life or by means of death. Por me το ζην, Χριστος, και το αποθανείν, κερand the therefore the to live, Anounted, to die, δος. <sup>22</sup>Ει δε το ζην εν σαρκι, τουτο μοι καρπος If but the to live in flesh, this tome a fruit εργου, και τι αιρησομαι, ου γνωριζω· 23 συνεofwork, and what I shall choose, not Iknowa χομαι δε εκ των δυο, την επιθυμιαν εχων ε... pressed but by the two, the earnest desire having for το αναλυσαι, και συν Χριστφ ειναι πολλφ the to be loosed again, and with Anointed to be; ոուշե γαρ μαλλον κρεισσον· 24 το δε επιμενειν εν τη the but to remain in the better: <sup>25</sup> Και τουτα σαρκι, αναγκαιοτερον δι' ύμας. more necessary on account of you. And this οιδα, ότι μενω και συμπαραhaving been persuaded I know, because I shall remain and I shall conμενω πασιν ύμιν κις την ύμων προσκοπην και vou tique with all for the of you progress and <sup>26</sup> ίνα το καυχημα ύμων χαραν της πιστεως of the faith; that the boasting ofyou περισσευη εν Χριστω Ιησου εν εμοι, δια της me, through the may abound by Anointed Jesus in 27 Movov προς ύμας. εμης παρουσιας παλιν again with you. Only εξιως του ευαγγελιου τοι Χριστου πολιτευεσθε. worthily of the glad tidings of the Anointed act you as citizens, ειτε ελθων και ιδων ύμας, ειτε απων, a that, whether having come and having seen you, or being absent, περι ύμων, δτι στηκετε εν ένι I may hear the things concerning you, that you stand firm in πνευματι, μια ψυχη συναθλουντες τη πιστει apirit, without soul co-operating vigorously for the faith του ευαγγελιου, 28 και μη πτυρομενοι ε· μηδενι

and Hope, ‡That in nothing I shall be ashamed; but 1 with All Confidence, as at all times, also now Christ will be magnified in my BODY, whether by Life er by Death.

21 Therefore, for Me to LIVE is for Christ, and

to DIE, Gain.

22 But if to Live in the Flesh, this is to me a Fruit of Labor; and what I should choose I do not

exactly know.

23 I am indeed, hard pressed by the Two things; -(I have an EARNEST DE-SIRE for tithe RETURNing, and theing with Christ, since it is very much to be . referred;)-

24 but to REMAIN in the FLESH is more requesite

on your account.

25 ‡ And fully believing this, I know That I shall remain and continue with you all, for Your Progress and Joy in the FAITH;

26 that your BOASTING may abound, by Christ Jesus, in me, through m Presence with you agair

27 Only t behave yourselves worthily of the GLAD TIDINGS of ANOINTED one, so that whether coming and seeing you, or being absent, I may hear concerning your AFFAIRS, that you # stand firm in One Spirit, with One Soul I vigorously cooperating for the FAITH of the GLAD TIBINGS;

28 and not being terrified in anything by the opposers; twhich is to to their stoken | them a clear Indication of

being terrified in

ía

anything

opposing;

and not

ύπο των αντικειμενων ή τις εστιν αυτοις ενδει-

which

of the glad tiding,

by those

<sup>† 23.</sup> To analysai, the loosing again or the returning, being what Paul earnestly desired, could not be death or dissolution, as implied by the word depart in the common version, becould not be death or dissolution, as implied by the word depart in the common version, he-cause it seemed a matter of indifference to him, which of the two-life or death-he should choose; but he longed for the analusa, which was a third thing, and very much to be pre-ferred to either of the other two things alluded to. The word analuse occurs in Luke xii. 30, and is there rendered return;—" Be you like men waiting for their master, when he will return," &c. Jesus had taught his disciples that he would come again, or return, John xiv. 78 thus, also, the angels said to them at his ascension, Acts. 11. Paul believed this doctrine and taught it to others, and was looking for and waiting for the Savior from heaven, Phil. iii. 20; 1 Thess. i. 10: iv. 10, 17, when his mortal body would put on immortality, and so he would "ever be with the Lord."

<sup>20.</sup> Rom. v 5. 20. Eph. vi. 19, 20. 16, 17. 25. Phil. ii. i. 1 iv. 16, 17. 27. Phil. iv. 1. 1 27. Jude 3.

ξις απωλειας, ύμιν δε σωτηριας και τουτο απο of destruction, to you but of salvation; and this θεου· 29 ότι ύμιν εχαρισθή το ύπερ Χριστου, ου God; because to you it was given that on behalf of Anounted, not μονον το εις αυτον πιστευειν, αλλα και το only that into to believe, also that him bu: πασχειν. 30 τον αυτον ύπερ αυτου αγωνα on behalf of him conflict to suffer; the same εχοντες, οίον ιδετε σε εμοι, και νυν ακουετε εν and now you hear having, alike thing you saw in 1 Ει τις ουν παρακλησις КΕΦ. В'. 2. If any therefore εν Χριστω, ει τι παραμυθιον αγαπης, EL TIS in Anointed, if any soothing of love, if κοινωνια πνευματος, ει τις σπλαγχνα και οικif any fellnwship of spirit, bowels  $^2$ πληρωσατε μου την χαραν, .να το τιρμοι. of me the so that the passions; fulfil you jo3, φρονητε, την αυτην αγαπη.€χοντες, αυτο same thing you may think, the same LOVE having, το έν Φρονουντες 3 μηδεν κατα united ones in soul, the one thing minding; bothing εριθειαν η κενοδοξιαν, αλλα τη ταπεινοφροσυνη or vain-glory, but in the low mess of mind αλληλους ήγουμενοι ύπερεχοντας ξαυτων 4 μη esteeming exceeding yourselves; bot ξαυτων ξκαστος σκοπουντες, αλλα και the things of yourselves each one regarding, but also 5 Τουτο \* [γαρ] Φροέτερων έκαστοι. be the things of others This [tor] νεισθω εν ύμιν δ και εν Χριστφ Ιησου, 6 ός εν by you which also in Anointed μομφη θεου ύπαρχων, ουχ άρπαγμον ήγησατο a form of God not ausurpation meditated being, το ειναι ισα θεφ, 7 αλλ' έαυτον εκενωσε μoρthe tobe like to God, but himself emptied,

φην δουλου λαβων, εν δμοιωματι ανθρωπων form of a slave having taken, in a likeness of men γενομενος, <sup>8</sup> και σχηματι εύρεθεις ώς ανθρωπο**ς**· having been formed, and in condition being found as

εταπεινωσεν έαυτον, γενομενος ύπηκοος μεχρι humbled himself, having become obedient till

9 A10  $\theta$  ανατου,  $\theta$  ανατου  $\delta \epsilon$   $\sigma$  ταυρου. και δ death, of a death even of a cross. Therefore also the Destruction, but to you & ‡ Salvation, and this from God.

29 Because to you it was graciously given cu BEHALF of Christ, not only to BELIEVE into Him, but also to suffer on His ac. count;

30 thaving the SAME Conflict which you saw in me, and now hear concerning me.

### CHAPTER II.

1 If, therefore, there be Any Comfort in Christ, if Any Soothing of Love, if Any Participation of Spirit, tif Any Sympathies and Compassions,

2 complete My Joy, that you may think the SAME thing, having the SAME Love, united in soul, minding the ONE thing;

3 Idoing nothing from Party-spirit, or Vain-glory but in I HUMILITY esteem. ing others as excelling you**rs**elves ;

4 not each one regarding HIS OWN interests, but each one also those of OTHERS.

5 ‡ Let this disposition be in \* you, which was also in Christ Jesus,

6 who, though being in God's Form, yet did not meditate † a Usurpation to BE like God,

7 but divested Himself, taking a Bondman's Form, I having been made in the Likeness of Men;

8 and being in condition as a Man, he humbled himself, 1 becoming obedient unto Death, even the Death of the Cross.

9 And therefore God

Heb. 11, 14, 17.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. for -omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Harpagmon being a word of very rare occurrence, a great variety of translations have been given. The following may serve as examples:—"Who—did not think it a matter to be earnestly desired."—Clarke. "Did not earnestly affect."—Cyprian. "Did not think of eagerly retaining."—Wakefeld. "Did not regard—as an object of solicitous desire."—Sluari. "Thought not—a thing to be seized."—Sharpe. "Did not eagerly grasp."—Kneeland. "Did not toicently strive."—Dickinson. "Did not meditate a usurpation."—Turnbull.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Col. iii. 12. † 2. † 3. Rom. xii. 10. 8. † 7. Gal. iv. 4: 2 8. Matt xxvi. 39, 42; John x. 13; Heb. v. 2; xii. 9.

θεος αυτον ετερυψωσε, και εχαρισατο God him supremuly exalted, and freely granted αυτω to lum ονομα το ύπερ παν ονομα: 10 ίνα εν τα ονοματι a name that above every name; so that in the Ιησου παν γονε ναμές, επουρανιών και επιγειών of Jesus every knee should bend of heavenhea and of earthles και καταχθονιών, <sup>11</sup> και ποσα γλώσσα εξυμολοand of underground ones and every tongue γησηται, δτι κυριος Ιησους Χριστος, εις δοξαν Jeans Anomited, for that a Lord glory  $\theta \in ov \pi \alpha \tau \rho os.$ of God a father.

12 °Ωστε, αναπητοι μου, καθ'ν: ταντοτε ύπη-So that, beloved ones of me, \*\* always von

κουσατε, μη ώς εν τη παρουσιά μου μουον, in the presence ouly, obeyed, not 8.4 αλλα νυν πολλω μαλλον εν τη αποήσια μου, in the much more absen e ct me: μετα φοβον και τρομού την ξαυτών σωτηρία? κατεργαζεσθε· 13 δθεος γαρ εστιν δ ενεργων εν the God for it is the one working in ύμιν και το θελειν και το ενεργείν, ύπερ της ευyou both the to will and the to work, on account of the good 14 Παντα ποιειτε γωρις γογγυσμων και All things do you without murmurings pleasure. διαλογισμων•  $^{15}$  ίνα γενησθε αμεμπτοι και ακεthat you may be blameless ones and harmless ραιοι, τεκνα θεου αμωμητα εν μεσφ γενεας σκοones, children of God irreproachable in midstofageneration perλιας και διεστραμμενης εν οίς φαινεσθε ώς φωσverse and having been misguided; to which you appear as τηρες εν κοσμώ, 16 λογον ζωης επεχοντες· εις world, a word of lite holding out;

καυχημα εμοι εις ήμεραν Χριστου, ότι ουκ εις a hoast to me in a day of Anointad, that not in κενον εδραμον, ουδε εις κενον εκοπιασα. <sup>17</sup> Αλλ' vain I ran, nor in vain I toiled. But

ει και σπενδομα, επι τη θυσια και λειτουργια if even I am ponted out on the sacrifice and profit service

της πιστεως ύμων, χαιρω και συγχαιρω πασιν of the faith of you, fam glad and trejoice with all

ύμιν 18 το δ' αυτο και ύμεις χαιρετε, και συγχαιγου; the aud same also you be you glad, and rej. ice  $\rho \epsilon \tau \epsilon$  μοι. <sup>19</sup> Ελπιζω δε εν κυριο Ιησου, Τιμοθεον

ρετε μοι. Ελπιζω δεεν κυριν ίησου, Τιμουεον you with me. I hope but in Lord Jesus, Timothy

tsupremely exalted Him, and tfreely granted to him that Name which is above Every Name;

10 Im order that in the NAME of Jesus Every Knee should bend, of these in heaven, and of those on earth, and of those beneath;

11 and ‡ Every Tongue confess That Jesus Christ is Lord, for the Glory of God the Father.

12 So that, my Beloved, as you always obeyed, not only as in my PRESENCE, but now much more in my ARSENCE, work out Your own Salvation with Fear and Trembling.

13 for ‡ God is he who is working effectually among you, both to will and to Parform, on account of his benevolence.

14 Do All things without Murmurings and Disputings;

15 that you may be blameless and inoffensive, preproachable 1 Children of God, in the Midst of a crooked and misguided Generation, among whom tyou appear as † Luminaries in the World;

16 exhibiting the Word of Life; for my Exultation in the Day of Christ, That I did not run in vain, nor labored in vain.

17 But even \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if I \$\frac{1}{2}\$ be poured a libation on the sacrifice and public Service of your faith, and rejoice wit you all;

18 and for THIS be YOU also glad, and rejoice with mc.

19 But I hope in the Lord Jesus to send Tim-

<sup>† 15.</sup> Phosteeres is the name given to the sun and moon in the Septuagint. Gen. i. 16. † 17. An allusion to the wine and oil poured on the meat-offerings to render them acceptable to God, Exod, xxix. 49. 41. Paul was most willing to pour out the costly libetion of his own blood on the offering of the faith of the Gentiles, (Rom. xv. 16.) to render it more firm, and of consequence more pleasing to the Deity.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Acts ii. 33; Heb. ii. 9. † 9. Eph. i. 20; Heb. i. 4. † 10. Isa. xlv. 23; Rom xiv. 11; Rev. v. 13. † 11. Acts ii. 36; Rom. xiv. 9; 1 Cor. viii. 6; 1 Cor. xii. 3. † 13. Heb. xii. 21. † 15. Matt. v. 45; Eph. v. 1. † 15. Matt. v. 14, 16; Eph. v. 6; 17. 2 Tim. iv. 6; Rom. xv. 16.

No one

ευψυχω, ταχεως πεμψαι ύμιν. ίνα καγω shortly also I may be animated, to send to you, that περι ύμων. 20 Ουδενα γαρ YVOUS τα

having ascertained the things concerning you.

εχω ισοψυχον, δστις γνησιως τα περι διμων I have like-souled, who really the things concerning you μεριμνησει· 21 οί παντες γαρ τα ξαυτων (η-

all for the things of themselves are  $^{22}$  T $\eta\nu$ Ιησου Χριστου. τουσιν, ου τα seeking, not the things of Jesus Anointed. The

δοκιμην αυτου γινωσκετε, ότι, ώς πατρι τεκνον, proof of him you know, that, as with a father a child, συν εμοι εδουλευσεν εις το ευαγγελιον. 23 Του-

with me he served for the glad tidings. τον μεν ουν ελπιζω πεμψαι, ώς αν απιδω

indeed therefore I hope as I would riew attentively to send, περι εμε, εξαυτης. 24 πεποιθα δε εν the things concerning me, immediately; having confidence and in κυοιω. δτι Kal autos ταχεως ελευσομαι.

Lord, that even myself shortly will come. <sup>25</sup> Αναγκαιον δε ήγησαμεν, Επαφροδιτον **τον** Necessary but I esteemed. Epaphroditus the

αδελφον και συνεργον και συστρατιωτην μου.
brother and fellow-worker and fellow-soldier of me,

ύμων δε αποστολον, και λειτουργον της χρειας eyon but an apostle, and public servant of the want πεμψαι προς ύμας· <sup>26</sup> επειδη επιποθων of me, to have sent to you; longing after ην παντας ύμας, και αδημονων, διοτι ηκουσατε

you, and being depressed, because you heard  $^{27}$  Και γαρ ησθενησε παραπληIndeed for he was sick near δτι ησθενησε. that he was sick.

σιον θανατώ, αγγ, φ θεος αυτον ηγεύαεν, ουκ but the God him pitied:

αυτον δε μονον, αλλα και εμε, ίνα μη λυπην him and only, but auso me, so that not

<sup>28</sup> Σπουδαιοτερως ουν επεμψα  $\epsilon \pi \iota \lambda \upsilon \pi \eta \nu \sigma \chi \omega$ . on sorrow I should have. More speedily therefore I sent

αυτον, ίνα ιδοντες αυτον παλιν, χαρητε, καγω that seeing him again, you may rejoice, and I

 $^{29}$  Προσδεχεσθε ουν αυτον εν αλυποτέρος ω. less sorrowful may be. Receive you therefore him

κυριφ μετα πασης χαρας, και τους τοιουτους Lord with joy, the all and such like ones

εντιμους εχετε· 30 δτ: το εργον \*[του] δια inhonor hold you; because on account of the work of the l

Χριστου μεχρι θανατου ήγγισε, παραβολευσαhaving risked Anoiated evente death he was near,

othy to you shortly, that I also may be animated when I ascertain how THINGS are with you.

20 For I have No one like disposed, who will really care about your

AFFAIRS:

21 for ALL Tare seeking THEIR OWN things, not the THINGS of \* Christ Jesus.

22 But of him you know the PROOF, ‡That as a Child with a Father, he served with me for the GLAD TIDINGS.

23 Mim, therefore, I hope to send immediately, whenever I see distinctly through the THINGS con-

cerning me;
24 and thaving confidence in the Lord, That I also myself will come shortly.

25 I esteemed it neeessary, however, to send to you ‡Epaphroditus, the BROTHER, and my Fellowworkman and Fellow-soldier, but ! Your Apostle, and !a Minister for mv

26 fsince he was longing after you all, and was much depressed because you heard That he was sick.

27 For indeed he was sick, near to Death; but God pitied him; and not him only, but me also, so that I might not have Sor row upon Sorrow.

28 I have sent him. therefore, the more speedily, that seeing him again you may rejoice, and that I may be the less sorrowful.

29 Receive him, then, in the Lord, with All Joy, and ! hold such LIKE persons in honor.

30 Because on account of the work of Christ he was near to Death, having

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. Christ Jesus.

<sup>30.</sup> of the-omit. 

μενος τη ψυχη, ίνα αναπληρωση το ύμων ύστεdefiso that he might fill up the of you

KE $\Phi$ .  $\gamma'$ . 3. ρημα της προς με λειτουργιας. creacy of the towards me public service.

To λοιπον, αδελφοι μου χαιρετε εν κυριώ.
The thing remaining, brethrep of me rejoice you in Lord;

αντα γραφειν ύμιν, εμοι μεν ουκοκνηρον, the things same to write to you, to me indeed not tedious,

<sup>2</sup>  $B\lambda\epsilon\pi\epsilon\tau\epsilon$  τους κυνας,  $\beta\lambda\epsilon$ ύμιν δε ασφαλες. or you but safe. See you the dogs,

πετε τους κανους εργατας, βλεπετε την καταworkers, eee you the

3 Ήμεις γαρ εσμεν ή περιτουη, οί TOURY. weare for the circumcusion, who

πνευματι θεώ λατρευοντες, και καυγωμενοι εν inspirit God are serving, and boasting

Χριστω Ιησου, και ουκ εν σαρκι πεποιθοτες. and not in Anointed flesh having been trusting;

καιπερ εγω εχων πεποιθησιν και εν σαρκι. Ει having confidence also in

τις δοκει αλλος πεποιθεναι εν σαρκι, εγω μαλany thinks other to have confidence in flesh, more;

λον· 5 περιτομη οκταημερος, εκ γενους Ισραηλ, with a circumcision eighth-day, from race

φυλης Βενιαμιν Έβραιος εξ Έβραιων, κατα of tribe of Benjamin allabrew from Hebrews, according to

6 κατα ζηλον διωκων την νομον Φαρισαιος, according to zeal persecuting

εκκλησιαν, κατα δικαιοσυνην την εν νομω congregation, according to righteonsness that

γενομενος αμεμπτος. <sup>7</sup>Αλλ' άτινα ην μοι baving come blameless. But what things was to me

κερδη, ταυτα ήγημαι δια τον Χριστον gain, these things I have esteemed on account of the Anointed

8 Αλλα μεν ουν και ήγουμαι παντα ζημιαν. But indeed then even I esteem loss. all things

δια το ύπερεχοι της γνωσεως (ημιαν ειναι to be on account of the excellency of the knowledge

 $(\delta i)$ Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου μου, ύν τα of Anointed Jeans the Lord of me, (on account of whom the

παντα εξημιωθην, και ήγουμαι σκυβαλα ειναι, all things I suffered loss, and I esteem worthless things to he,

ίνα Χριστον κερδησω, 9 και εύρεθω εν αυτώ, μη so that Anointed I may gain, and may be found in him.

hazarded his LIFE, that the might fill up the remainder of your minis-TRATION to Mc.

## CHAPTER III.

1 FINALLY, my Brethren, trejoice in the Lord. To write the SAME things to you is not irksome to Me, but for you it is safe.

2 1 Beware of the Dogs! Beware of the TEVIL Workers! Beware of the

TEXCISION!

3 For we are I the cir-CUMCISION, twe who are SERVING God in Spirit, and 1 boasting in Christ Jesus, but who have no confidence in Flesh.

4 Though indeed # I have had Confidence also in Flesh; if some other person think to have confidence in Flesh, I had

more.

5 With a Circumcision the eighth-day: from the Race of Israel; from the Tribe of Benjamin; a Hebrew from Hebrews; according to Law, a Pharisee;

6 with respect to zeal, ta persecutor of the con. GREGATION: as to THAT Righteousness which came by Law, I was irreproachable.

7 But whatever things were Gain to me, These I have, on account of the ANOINTED one, esteemed

as a Loss.

8 But then, indeed, I even esteem all things to be a Loss, on account of the # EXCELLENCY of the \* the KNOWLEDGE of Jesus my ANGINTED LORD; (on whose account I suffered the loss of ALL things, and consider them to be vile refuse, so that I may gain Christ.

9 and may be found in

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. the Anointed.

<sup>1 30. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 17; Phil, iv. 10.
1 2. Isa. Ivi. 10; Gal. v. 15.
3. Rom. ii. 29; Col. ii. 11.
4. 2 Cor. xi. 13, 21.
Col. 14. 1 1. 2 Cor. xiii. 11; Phil. iv. 4; 1 Thess. v. 16 1 2. 2 Cor. xi. 13. 12. Rom. ii. 281 Gal. v. 2. 1 3. John iv. 23, 24; Rom. vii. 6. 13. Gal. vi. 14. 1 8. John zvii. 3; I Cor. ii. 2; 1 6. Acts viii. 3; iz. 1.

εχων εμην δικαιοσυνην την εκ νομου, αλλατην holing my righteousness that from of law, but that δια πιστεως Χριστου, την εκ θεου δικαιοσυνην hrough faith of Anointed, that from God arighteousness

επι τη πιστει·) 10 του γνωναι αυτον, και την on account of the faith;) of the to know him, and the

δυναμιν της αναστασεως αυτου, και την κοινωpower of the resurrection of him, and the fellow.

νιαν των παθηματων αυτου, συμμορφουμενος
ship of the sufferings of him, being conformed

τφ θανατώ αυτου,  $^{11}$  είπως κατοντησω είς την tothe death of himself, if possibly I may attain to the

to the death of himself, if possibly I may attain to the εξαναστασιν των νεκρων. 12 Ουχ ότι ηδη ελαresurrection out of the dead ones. Not that already I re-

βον, η ηδη τετελειωμαι διωκω δε, ει και καταceived, or already have been perfected; 1 pursue but, if indeed 1 may

 $\lambda \alpha \beta \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \phi^2$   $\phi$  kai kate $\lambda \eta \phi \theta \eta \nu$  vito Xristov. By hold, in respect to which also I was laid hold of  $\delta v$  Anomated.

13 Αδελφοι, εγω εμαυτον ου λογιζομαι κατειλη-Brethren, i myself not trekon to have laid

φεναι\*  $^{14}$  έν δε, τα μεν οπισω επιλανθανομεhold; one but, the things even behind forgetting,

νος, τοις  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \mu \pi \rho \rho \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \kappa \tau \epsilon \iota \nu \rho \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma s$ , κατα the things but before stretching out to, according to

σκοπην διωκώ επι το βραβειον της ανώ κληmark I pursue towards the prize of the above callσεους του θεου εν Χριστώ Ιπσρι. 15 Όσοι ουν

σεως του θεου εν Χριστω Ιησου. 15 Όσοι ουν μως of the God in Anointed Jesus. As many as then --λ τοι, τουτο φρονωμεν και ει τι έτερως comes, this should mind; and if in anything differently

φρονειτε, και τουτο δ θεος ύμιν αποκαλυψει·
you think, even this thing the God to you will reveal;

16 πλην εις δ εφθασαμεν, τω αυτφ στοιχειν.
but to what we attained, by the same to walk in line.

Συμμιμηται μου γινεσθε, αδελφοι, και σκο-Joint-mittators of me become you, brethren, and watch

 $\pi$ ειτε τους ούτω  $\pi$ εριπατουντας, καθως εχετε you those thus walking, as you have

τυπον ήμας. <sup>18</sup> Πολλοι γαρ περιπατουσιν, ούς apattern us. Many for walk, whom

πολλακις ελεγον ύμιν, νυν δε και κλαιων λεγω, often I said to you, now and even weeting 1.4ay,

τους εχθρους του σταυρου του Χριστου. 19 ών the enemies of the cross of the Anointe; of whom

το τελος απωλεια, ών ὁ θεος ή κολια, και ή the end destruction, of whom the God the belly, and the

him, not clinging to THAT Righteonsness of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Mine own, which is from Law, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ but to THAT which is through the Faith of Christ,—the RIGHTEOUS-NESS from God on account of the FAITH;

10 to know him, and the power of his resurrection, and the fferlowship of his sufferlings, being conformed to his death;

11 if possibly I may attain to the RESURBECTION from among the DEAD.

12 Not that I have already received it, or have been already perfected; but I pursue, if indeed I may lay hold on that for which also I was laid hold on by Christ.

on by Christ.

13 Brethren, \( \) do not reckon Myself to have attained it; but one thing I do;—teven forgetting the things behind, \( \) and stretching forth towards the things before,

14 1 press along the Line, towards the PRIZE of the HIGH Calling of God by Christ Jesus.

15 Ås many, therefore, as are i perfect, should be of this wind; and if in any thing you think differently, GoD will also reveal This to you.

16 But to what we have attained, ‡let us walk by

the same line.

17 Brethren, ‡ become Joint-Imitators of me, and watch THOSE who are thus WALKING, as you have us for a Pattern.

18 (For often I told you, and now even weeping I say, many walk as ithe ENEMIES of the CROSS of ANOINTED One:

19 ‡ whose END will και η be DESTRUCTION, ‡ whose and the GOD is the STOMACH, and

† 9. Rom. x. 3, 5. † 9. Rom. i. 17; iii. 21, 22; ix. 30; x. 3, 6; Gal. ii. 16. Rom. vi. 3-5; viii. 17; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. iv. 16. vi. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 16. vi. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 18. vi. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 18. vi. 14. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8; Heb. xii. 1. 15. 1 Cor. ii. 3; xiv. 20. 1 16. Rom. xii. 16; xv. 5. † 17. Phil. iv. 9; 1 Thess. i. 16. 15. 1 Cor. ii. 3; xiv. 20. 1 16. Rom. xii. 15; 16. 1 19. 2 Cor. xi. 15; 2 Pet. ii. 1. 15. 1 Cor. ii. 3; xiv. 20. 1 16. vi. 15. 1 Cor. ii. 3; xiv. 20. 1 16. Rom. xii. 15; 16. 16

δυξα εν τη αισχυνη αυτων, οί τα επιγεια φροglory in the shame of them, who the things on earth are  $^{20}$  Ήμων γαρ το πολιτευμα εν ουρανουντες. minding. Of us for the commonwealth in νοις ύπαρχει, εξ ού και σωτηρα απεκδεχομεθα begins, out of which also a savior we look for κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, 21 δς μετασχηματισει Jesus Anointed, who will transform το σωμα της ταπεινωσεως ήμων συμμορφον τω the body of the of us of like form with the humiliation σωματι της δοξης αυτου, κατα την ενεργειαν of the glory of him, according to the operation του δυνασθαι αυτον και ύποταξαι έαυτφ of the to be able him even to place under himself the things 1 'Ωστε, αδελφοι μου KEΦ.  $\delta'$ . 4. παντα. all. Therefore, brethren of me αγαπητοι και επιποθητοι, χαρα και στεφανος beloved ones and ones longed for, crown and joy 2 Euμου, ούτω στηκετε εν κυριώ, αγαπητοι. of me, thus stand you firm in Lord, O beloved ones. Eugοδιαν παρακαλω, και Συντυχην παρακαλω,  $\tau o$ I exhort, and Syntyche I exhort, the  $^3$  ναι ερωτω και σε, φρονειν εν κυριώ. αυτο same thing to mind in Lord: yes Lask also thee συζυγε γνησιε, συλλαμβανου αυταις, αίτινες εν yoke-fellow O true, help thon these women, who in τφ ευαγγελιφ συνηθλ: σαν μοι, μετα και Κληthe glad tidings co-operated carnestly with me, with and μεντος και των λοιπων ωυνεργων μου, ων τα ment ω and the remaining fellow-workers of me, of whom the ονοματα εν βιβλφ (ωης. names in book of life.

The Lord near; nothing be you over-careful, bit in every- $\tau$ :  $\tau\eta$  προσευχη και  $\tau\eta$   $\delta \epsilon \eta \sigma$  i  $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$   $\epsilon \nu \chi \alpha \rho i \sigma \tau i \alpha s$ thing by the prayer and by the supplication with thanksgiving  $\tau \alpha$   $\alpha i \tau \eta \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$   $\dot{\nu}_{\mu} \omega \nu \gamma \nu \omega \rho i \langle \epsilon \tau \partial \omega \rangle \pi \rho \sigma s \tau \sigma \nu \theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$ the requests of you let be made known to the God;  $\dot{\nu}$  και  $\dot{\eta}$   $\epsilon i \rho \eta \nu \eta \tau \sigma \upsilon \theta \epsilon \sigma \upsilon \dot{\eta}$   $\dot{\upsilon}$   $\tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \chi \sigma \upsilon \sigma \alpha \tau \alpha \nu \tau \alpha \nu \sigma \upsilon \nu$ , and the peace of the God that surpassing all conception,

φρουρησει τας καρδιας ύμων και τα νοηματα will guard the hearts of you and the minds ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου. <sup>8</sup>Το λοιπον, αδελφοι,

ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου. <sup>8</sup>Το λοιπον, αδελφοι of you in Anointed Jesus The remaining, brethren, their GLORY in their sname; THEY who are engrossed with EARTHLY things.)

20 For ‡ Our FOLITY begins in the Heavens, ‡ from whence also ‡ we are expecting a Savior, the Lord

Jesus Christ;

21 the who will transform the Body of our humiliation into a conformity with his Glorious Body, according to the Energy by which he is able teven to subject all things to himself.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 So then, Brethren, my beloved and much desired, ‡ my Joy and Crown, stand you thus firm in the Lord, O my beloved!

2 1 exhort Euodia, and I exhort Syntyche, to be of the SAME mind in the

Lord.

3 And I entreat thee also, \*True Yoke-fellow, assist those women, t who earnestly co-operated with me in the GLAD TIDINGS, and with Clement, and my OTHER Co-laborers, Whose NAMES are in the Book of Life.

4 # Be joyful in the Lord at all times; I say again,

Be joyful!

5 Let your GENTLENESS be known to All Men. ‡ The LORD is near.

6 ‡ Be not anxious about Anything; but in everything let your PETITIONS be made known to God, by PRAYER and SUPPLICA-TION with Thanksgiving;

7 and ‡ THAT PEACE of GOD which surpasses All Conception, shall guard your HEARTS and your MINDS by Christ Jesus.

S FINALLY, Brethren

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. True Yoke-fellow.

<sup>† 10. 2</sup> Cor. xi. 12; Gal. vi. 13. † 20. Eph. ii. 6, 19; Col. iii. 1, 3. † 20. Acts i. 11 † 20. 1 Cor. i. 7; 1 Thess. i. 10; Titus ii. 13. † 21. 1 Cor. xv. 43, 48, 49; Col. iii. 4; 1 Johr iii. 2. † 21. 1 Cor. xv. 96, 27. † 1. 2 Cor. i. 14; 1 Thess. ii. 19, 20. † 3. Hong xxvi. 3. † 5. Exod. xxxii. 52; Psa. Ixix. 25; Dan. xii. 1; Luke xx. 20; Rev. iii. 5; xiii. 8 xx. 12; xxi. 27. † 4. Rom. xii. 12. † 5. Heb. x. 25; James v. 8, 9; 1 Pet. iv. 7 2 Pet. iii. 8, 9. See 2 Thess. ii. 2. † 6. Matt. vi. 25; Luke xii. 22. † 7. John xii. 12. † 7. John xii. 12. † 7. John xii. 13. † 7. John xii. 14. \*\* The xxii. 25 \*\* The xxii. 25 \*\* The xxii. 25 \*\* The xxii. 26 \*\* The xxii. 27 \*\* The xxii. 27 \*\* The xxii. 27 \*\* The xxii. 27 \*\* The xxii. 28 \*\* The xxii. 28 \*\* The xxii. 28 \*\* The xxii. 29 \*\* The xxii. 29 \*\* The xxii. 29 \*\* The xxii. 20 
ύσα αγνα, όσα προσφιλη, όσα ευφημα, ει what things pure, what things amiable, what things of good report, if

τις αρέτη και ει τις επαίνος, ταυτα λογιζεσθε any virtue and if any praise, these thing sattentively consider;

9 ά και εμαθετε και παρελαβετε, και ηκουwhat things also you learned and you received, and you

σατε και ειδετε εν εμοι, ταυτα πρασσετε heard and you saw in me, these things perform you;

και  $\delta$  θεος της ειρηνης εσται  $\mu$ ε $\theta$ ,  $\tilde{\nu}$ μων. and the God of the peace shall be with you.

1' Εχαρην δε εν κυριφ μεγαλως, ότι ηδη ποτε frejoiced and in Lord greatly, because now atlength

ανεθαλετε το ύπερ εμου φρονειν εφ'  $\phi$  και your evived the on behalf of me to think; ou which also

 $\epsilon\phi\rho o 
u \epsilon \iota au \epsilon$ ,  $\eta \kappa a \iota \rho \epsilon \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$   $\delta \epsilon$ . If  $O 
u \chi$   $\delta au \iota$  vouwere thinking, were without opportunity but. Not because

καθ' ΰστερησιν λεγω' εγω γαρ εμαθον, εν respecting want I speak; 1 for learned, in

οίς ειμι, αυταρκης ειναι. <sup>12</sup> Οιδα και ταπειwhatthing I am, contented to be. I know both to be

νουσθαι, οιδα και περισσευειν εν παντι και broughtlow, I know and to abound, in everything and

εν πασι μεμυημαι, και χορταζεσθαι και πειin all things I have been initiated, both to be well-fed and to be

νην, και περισσευειν και ύστερεισθαι. <sup>13</sup> παντα hungry, both to abound and to be in need; all things  $\iota \sigma \chi \nu \omega \in \nu \tau \omega \in \nu \delta \nu \nu \alpha \mu \nu \nu \nu \nu \omega$ . <sup>14</sup> Πλην καλως

lam strong in the one strengthening me.

εποιησατε, συγκοινωνησαντες μου τη θλιψει.
you did, having jointly sympathized with me in the affliction.

15 Οιδατε δε και ύμεις, Φιλιππησιοι, ότι εν αρ-You know and also you, O Philippians, that in a begin-

χη του ευαγγελιου, ότε εξηλθον απο Μακεδοning of the glad tidings, when I went out from Maceds-

νιας, ουδεμια μοι εκκλησια εκοινωνησεν εις nia, no one with me congregation communicated in

λογον δοσεως και ληψεως, ει μη δμεις μονοι· an account of giving and receiving, if not you only;

16 δτι και εν Θεσσαλονικη και άπαξ και δις εις that and in The salonica even once and again for

την χρειαν μοι επεμψατε. 17 Ουχ ότι επιζηthe need to me you sent. Not because I earnestly

τω το δομα, αλλ' επι(ητω τον καρπον τον seek the gift, but I earnestly seek the fruit that

whatever things are truewhatever things are honorable, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are amiable, ‡ whatever 'hings are reputable, if there be Any Virtue, and if 'ry Praise, attentively consider These things;

9 and twhat you learned and received, and heard and saw in me, these things practise; and the GOD of PEACE will be with

19 But I rejoiced in the Lord greatly, Because now at length your REGARD has revived on My behalf; for whom indeed you did have regard, but had no opportunity.

11 Not That I speak concerning Want; for I have learned in whatever condition I I am to be con-

tented.

12 ‡ I know both what it is to be abased, and I know what it is to abound; in every place and in all conditions, I have been disciplined, both to be well fed and to suffer lunger, both to abound and to be destitute.

13 I am strong to endure All things with ‡HIM who STRENGTHENS me.

14 You did well, however, ‡ in sympathizing with My Affliction.

15 And you know also, O Philippians, That in the Beginning of the GLAD TIDIONS, when I departed from Macedonia, † No Congregation communicated with Me in the Matter of Giving and Receiving, except you alone;

16 and that to Thessar loniea, you sent once, and a second time also, for my

NEED;

17 not Because I earnestly seek the GIFT, but that I earnestly seek THAT

But

<sup>† 8. 1</sup> Thess. v. 22. 2 Cor. xiii. 11; 1 Thess. v. 23; Heb. xiii. 20. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 10; xi. 27. † 13. John xv. 5; 2 Cor. xii. 9. † 17. Rom. xv. 28, Titus iii. 14. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 6, 8. † 12. 1 Cor. iv. 14. Phil. i. 7. † 17. Rom. xv. 28, Titus iii. 14.

 $^{18}$  A $\pi \epsilon \chi \omega$ πλεοναζοντα εις λογον ύμων.  $\delta \epsilon$ 'r an account of you. I have in full bot increasing παντα, και περισσευω· πεπληρωμαι, δεξαμενος all things, and abound; I am filled, having received παρα Επαφροδιτου τα παρ' ύμων, οσμην ευω-Epaphroditus the things from you, a smell of good 19 'O διας, θυσιαν δεκτην, ευαρεστον τω θεω. odor, a sacrifice acceptable, well-pleasing to the God. The δε θεος μου πληρωσει πασαν χρειαν ύμων κατα and God of me will fill up every want of you according to τον πλουτον αύτου εν δοξη, εν Χριστφ Ιησου the wealth of himself in glory, in Anoiuted  $\mathfrak{P}^{0}$  Τ $\omega$  δε θε $\omega$  και πατρι ήμων ή δοξα εις τους To the now God and father ofus the glory for 21 Ασπασασθε αιωνας  $T\omega\nu$ αιωνων.  $A\mu\eta\nu$ . ages ofthe acts. So be it. Salute you παντα άγιον εν Χριστω Ιησου. Ασπαζονται every holy one in Auditted Jesus. Salute ύμας οί συν εμοι αδελφοι. <sup>22</sup> ασπαζονται ύμας Salute you those with me brethren; παντες οἱ ἁγιοι, μαλιστα δε οἱ εκ της Καισαthe holy ones, especially but those from of the Cesar's 23 'Η χαρις του κυριου  $* \lceil \eta \mu \omega \nu \rceil$ pos oikias. household. The favor of the Lord [of us \*[Aμην.] Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων.

TRUIT which ABOUNDS to your Account.

18 But I have in full all things, and abound. I am fully satisfied, having reccived ‡ from Epaphroditus your Presents,—‡ a Fragrant Odor, ‡an acceptable Sacrifice, well-pleasing to Gon.

19 And my God twill fully supply All your Need. taccording to his Glorious WEALTH by Christ Jesus. 20 # Now to our God and Father be the glory for

the AGES of the AGES. Amen! 21 Salute Every Saint in

Christ Jesus. The BRETH-REN ; who are with Me salute you.

22 All the SAINTS salute you, but especially those from CESAR'S Household.

25 The FAVOR of the LORD Jesus Christ be with you all.

#### all \*TO THE PHILIPPIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

of you.

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. of us-omit. to the Philippians. Written from Rome. 2 18. Heb. xiii. 16. 2 19. Eph. i. 7; ii. 16. t 18. Phil. ii. 25. 1; 2 Cor. ix. 8. 1:23. Rom. xvi 24

23. So be it-omit.

[So be it.]

Subscription-

1 18. 2 Cor. ix. 13. 20. Rom. xvi. 27

1 19. Psa. xxiia I 21. Fal. 1. 2

Jesus Anointed with

## [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΚΟΛΟΣΣΑΕΙΣ. AN EPISTLE]

#### COLOSSIANS тпе

## KE $\phi$ , $\alpha'$ , 1.

<sup>1</sup> Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου Anointed through of Jesus an apostle  $\theta$ εληματος  $\theta$ εου, και Τιμοθεος ὁ αδελφος,  $^2$  τοις will of God, and Timothy the brother, to those εν Κολοσσαις άγιοις και πιστοις αδελφοις εν Colosse to holy ones and to faithful ones brethren in Χριστω· χαρις υμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος Anointed; favor to you and peace from God a father ημων. 3 Ευχαριστουμεν τω θεω <math>[και] πατρι of us. We give thanks to the God [and] father of the Lord ύμων προσευχομενοι,  $^4$ ακουσαντες τη having heard the concerning you praying, πιστιν ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου, και την αγαπη faith of you in Anointed Jesus, and the love την εις παντας τους άγιους,  $^5$ δια την ελπιδα that for all the holyones, through the hope αποκειμενην ύμιν εν τοις ουρανοις, ή for you in the being laid up heavens, which προηκουσατε εν τφ λογφ της αληθειας του you before heard in the word of the truth ευαγγελιου, <sup>6</sup> του παρουτος εις ύμας, καθως και glad tidings, of that being present among you, as also ει ταντι τφ κοσμφ, και εστι καρποφορουμενον the world, and is bringing forth fruit και αυξανομενον, καθως και εν ύμιν, αφ' ής you, from which growing, also in ήμερας ηκουσατε και επεγνωτε την χαριν του day you heard and acknowledged the favor of the  $\theta$ εου εν αλη $\theta$ εια· 7 κα $\theta$ ως \*[και] εμα $\theta$ ετε απο you learned from truth; 28 [even] Επωφρα του αγαπητου συνδουλου ήμων, ός εσbeloved fellow-servant of us, who Eparhras the τι πιστος ύπερ ύμων διακονος του Χριστου. faithful on behalf of you a servant of the Anointed; 8 δ και δηλωσας ήμιν την ύμων αγαπην εν πνευwho also having related to us the of you love in  $^9$  Δια τουτο και ήμεις, αφ' ής ήμερας cause of this also we, from which day Because of this ηκουσαμεν, ου παυομεθα ύπερ ύμων προσευχοnot we cease on behalf of you we beard. praying, μενοι, \*[και αιτουμενοι,] ίνα πληρωθητε την esking,] that you may be filled the and επιγνωσιν του θεληματος αυτου εν παση σοφια of him in all exact knowledge of the will wisdom και συνεσει πνευματικη· 10 περιπατησαι αξιως worthily

## CHAPTER 1.

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of \* Christ Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy, the BROTHER,

2 to the THOLY and Faithful Brethren in Christ at Colosse, # Faver and Peace to you from God our

Father.

3 # Having heard of your FAITH in Christ Jesus, and THAT LOVE which you have for all the SAINTS,

4 twe give thanks to God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, at all times when we pray for you;

5 on account of THAT HOPE which is I BEING PRESERVED for you in the HEAVENS; o. which you previously heard in the word of the TRUTH of those GLAD TIDINGS,

6 which are Present among you, I as also in All the world; and are bringing forth fruit and increasing; even as among you, from the Day you heard and acknowledged the FAVOR of God in Truth;

7 as you learned from ‡Epaphras, our BELOVEU Fellow-servant, who is on your bchall a faithful Servant of the ANOINTED one:

8 who also related to us your ‡ Love in Spirit.

9 Because of this also, we, from the Day we heard it, do not cease praying on your behalf, I that you may be filled, I as to the exact knowledge of his WILL, with All Spiritual Wisdom and Understanding;

10 tto walk worthily of

spiritual;

and understanding

to walk

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—To THE COLOSSIANS. d-omit. 3. Auointed—omit. 7. even—omit. and-omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Christ Jesus. 9. and asking-omit.

<sup>3 9.</sup> Lph. i. S.

του κυριου εις πασαν αρεσκειαν, εν παντι εργφ of the Lord a11 pleasing, in every work  $cya\theta\omega$ καρπυφορουντες και αυξανομενοι τη good bringing furth fruit and growing in the επιγνωσει του θεου. 11 εν παση δυναμει δυναexact knowledge of the God, with 6.11 etrength being κατα το κρατος της δοξης αυτου, MONITEROI strengthened according to the of the glory power of him, πασαν ίπομονην και μακροθυμιαν μετα palience baa endurance with xapas. Joy,

19 ευχαριστουντές τφ πατρι τφ ίκανωσαντι giving thanks to the father to that having fitted ήμας εις την μερίδα του κληρού των άγιων εν us for the portion of the inheritance of the hely ones in τω φωτι· 13 δε ερβυσατο ήμας εκ της εξουσιας who dehvered us from the authority the light; του σκοτους, και μετεστησεν els την βασι-of the darkness, and cansed a change of sides for the kingλειαν του υίου της αγακης αύτου. 14 εν φ εχοof the son of the lave of himself, in whom μεν την απολυτρωσιν, την αφεσιν των ἄμαρthe forgiveness of the have the redemption, sins. τιων. 15 δε εστιν εικών του θεού του αορατού,

who is alkeness of the God of that unicen, ωτότοκος πασης κτισεως. 16 ότι εν αυτώ εκlest-born oferery creature; because in Lim were auισhetaη τα auαντα, τα  $\epsilon$ ν τοις ουρανοις και erested the things all. the things in the beavens baa επιτης γης, τα δρατα και τa asthe things on the earth, the things seen and the things unρατα, είτε θρονοί, είτε κύριοτητές, είτε αρχαί, whether thrones, Iordah:ps, 20 or governments, ειτε εξουσιαι τα παντα δι' αυτου και σις authorities; the things all on account of I im and for αυτον εκτισται· 17 και αυτος εστι προ παντων, him have been created; and he is in advance of all, τα παντα εν αυτφ συνεστηκε· 18 και and the things all **ទំ**កា him has been placed together; and αυτος εστιν ή κεφαλη του σωματος, της εκκληhead of the body, of the congreis the σιας δε εστιν αρχη, πρωτοτοκός εκ των νέκgation, who is a beginning, first-born out of the פשע, וצם יצניון דמו EN TRACIN QUIOS TOWTENWY ones, so that he might become among all himself pre-eminent; 19 ύτι εν αυτώ ευδοκησε παν το πληρωμα κατοι-Persuse in himit was thought good all the fulness to in-

the Lond, Pleasing him in All things; # bringing forth fruit by Every good Work, and increasing 14 the FXACT' KNOWLEDGE of Gob:

Il I being strengthened with All Strength according to his GLOBIOUS POWrR, for all Patience and Endurance with Joy:

· 12 Igiving thanks \* at the same time to THAT PATHER who CALLED and QUALIFIED us for the PORTION of the SAINTS I INHERITANCE in the LIGHT;

13 who delivered us from 1 the DOMINION of DARKNESS, and # changed us for the KINGDOM of the son of his Love:

14 Thy whom we have the bedemption, the ron-

GIVENESS OF SINS. 15 He is In Likeness of the invisible God.-I First-born of All Creation ;

16 t Because in high were created ALL things, -those in the HEAVENS. and those on the EARTH; the VISIBLE and the IN-VISIBLE, whether Thrones, or Lordships, or Governments, or Authorities; ALL things have been created through Him and for Him;

17 and he precedes all things, and in him all things have been permanently placed.

18 THE IS ALSO THE HEAD of the BODY of the con-GREGATION; who is the Beginning, # the Firstborn from the Dead, that he might become Pre-counent among all.

19 Because fin him it was thought good that the Whole FULNESS should dwell;

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. at the same time to that PATHER who CALLED and QUALI-

κησαι, 20 και δι' αυτοι habit, and by means of him αυτου αποκαταλλαξαι to reconcile the things παντα εις αυτον, ειρηνοποιησας δια του αίμαhaving made peace by means of the τος του σταυρου αυτου, \*[δι] αυτου,] ειτεof the cross of him, [by means of him,] whether επι της γης, ειτε τα εν τοις ουρανοις. the things on the earth, or the things in the heavens. <sup>21</sup> Και ύμας, ποτε οντας απηλλοτριωμενους και Even you, once being εχθρους τη διανοια εν τοις εργοις τοις πονηροις, enemies in the mind by the works those wicked, νυνι δε αποκατηλίαξεν  $^{22}$  εν τ $\varphi$  σ $\omega$ ματι της now indeed he reconciled in the ofthe hody ∙σαρκος αύτου δια του θανατου, παραστησαι flesh of himself hy means of the death, to present ύμας άγιους και ωμωμους και ανεγκλητους κατεyou holy ones and blameless ones and irreproachable ones in presνωπιον αυτου  $^{23}$  ειγε επιμενετε τη πιστει τεθε-ence of him; if indeed you continue in the faith having μελιωμενοι και εδραιοι, και μη μετακινουμενοι been grounded and settled ones, and not being moved away απο της ελπιδος του ευαγγελιου ού ηκουσατε, hope of the glad tidings of which you heard, hope of the gradients  $\kappa\eta\rho\nu\chi\theta\epsilon\nu\tau\sigma s$   $\epsilon\nu$   $\pi\sigma\sigma\eta$   $\star$   $[\tau\eta]$   $\kappa\tau\iota\sigma\epsilon\iota$   $\tau\eta$  creation that of that having been published in all ύπο τον ουρανον· ού εγενομην εγω Παυλος under the heaven; of which became Paul διακονος. a servant. ύπερ ύμων, και αντ<del>α</del>ναπληρω τα ύστερηματα the on behalf of you, and I fill up Wants των θλιψεων του Χριστου εν τη σαρκι μου of the afflictions of the Anointed one in the tlesh of me του σωματος αυτου, δ εστιν ή εκκληύπερ GREGATION: hody of him, which is on hehalf of the the congreσια· 25 ής εγενομην εγω διακονος κατα την gation; of which hecame ľ a servant according to the τικονομιαν του θεου την δοθεισαν μοι εις ύμας, stewardship of the God that having been given to me for you, to fully set forth the word of the God, secret το αποκεκρυμμενον απο των αιωνων και απο των that having been hid from the ages and from the νενεων, νυνιδε εφανερωθη τοις άγιοις αυτου. generations, now but was manifested to the holy ones of him; <sup>27</sup> οίς ηθελησεν δ θεος γνωρισαι, τις δ πλουτος to whom wished the God to make known, what the wealth της δοξης του μυστηριου τουτου εν τοις εθνεof this among the of the glory of the secret  $\sigma\iota\nu$ , δs εστι Χριστος εν ὑμιν, ἡ ελπις της δοξης· tions, who ε Anointed in you, the hope of the glory;

20 and through Him to reconcile # ALL things for him, thaving made peace by means of the BLOOD of his cross, whether the THINGS on the EARTH, or the THINGS in the HEAV-

21 And You, #formerly being Ahens and Enemies in MIND by WICKED works. \* he has even now reconciled

22 fin the BODY of his FLESH, through DEATH, to present you holy, and blameless, and irreproach-

able before him; 23 if indeed you continue in the FAITH, founded and established, and not removed from the HOPE of THOSE GLAD TIDings, which you heard, which were PROCLAIMED to EVERY Creature under HEAVEN, and of which # Paul became a Servant. 24 | Lam now rejoicing in the sufferings on your account, and I an: filling up the REMAINDER of the AFFLICTIONS of the Anointed one, in my flesh, on behalf of his BODY, which is the CON

25 of which I became a Servant, according to THAT STEWARDSHIP OF God which was given to me for you, fully to declare the word of God,--

26 the secret which was CONCEALED from AGES and from GENERA-TIONS, 1 but now is manifested to his saints:

27 to whom God wished to make known, what is the glorious wealth of this SECRET among the NATIONS, which is Christ in you, the HOPE of GLORY;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. by means of him—omit. 21. but now are you ciled, in the BODY of his Flesh through death, that you should be presented holy. 21, but now are you reconthe-omit.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Eph. i. 10. † 20. Eph. ii. 14—16. † 21. Eph. ii. 1, 2, 12, 19; iv. 18. † 22. Eph. ii. 15, 16. † 22. Luke i. 75; Eph. i. 4; v. 27; 1 Thess. iv. 7; Titus ii. 14; Jude 24. † 23. 1 Tim. ii. 7. † 24. Rom. v. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 4. † 25. 1 Cor. ix. 17; Gal. ii. 7; Eph. iii. 2. † 26. Rom. xvii. 25; 1 Cor. ii. 7; Eph. iii. 9. † 26. Matt. xiii. 11; 2 Tim. i. 10. † 27. Rom. ix. 23; Eph. i. 7; iii. 8.

 $^{23}$  δν ημεις καταγγελλομεν, νουθετουντες παντα whom we announce, admonishing every ανθρωπον, και διδασκοντες παντα ανθρωπον εν παση σοφια, ίνα παραστησωμεν παντα ανθρωπον ελ ελ είναι σον τελειον εν Χριστφ  $^{29}$  εις δ και κοπιω, perfect in Anoisted; for which also Habor, αγωνιζομενος κατα την ενεργειαν αυτου την αναστισμένου contending according to the strong working of him that ενεργουμενην εν εμοι εν δυναμει. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. working strongly in me in power.

Θελω γαρ ύμας ειδεναι, ήλικον αγωνα εχω Ι wish for you to know, how great a conflict I have περι ύμων και των εν Λαοδικεια, και δτοι το καρακασι το προσωπον μου εν σαρκι  $^2$  ίνα not lives seen the face of me in flesh; so that παρακί, ηθωτιν αί καρδιαι αυτων, συμβιβασθενημαν βο εχετόττε d the hearts of them, being knittogether τες εν αγαπη και εις παντα πλουτον της πληίπο love and for all wealth of the fall

in love and for all wealth of the full μοφοριας της συνεσεως, εις επιγνωσιν του υποιείου of the understanding, in order to an exact knowledge of the understanding, in order to an exact knowledge of the understanding in order to an exact knowledge of the understanding in which are all the treaspeared of the God; in which are all the treaspeared of the window and fof the knowledge stoned ρυφο. 

4 Τουτο \*[δε] λεγω, ίνα μη τις ύμας up, τhis [but] I say, that not any one you παραλογίζηται εν πιθανολογία. Ει γαρ και may deceive with plausiole speech. If for even τη σαρκι απειμι, αλλα τω πνευματι συν υμιν

τη σαρκι απειμι, αλλα τω πνευματι συν υμιν in the fieth I am absent, still in the spirit with you ειμι, χαιρων και βλεπων ύμων την ταξιν, και am, rejoicing and beholding of you the order, and το στερεωμα της εις Χριστον πιστεως ύμων. The stability of the in Anointed faith cfyou.

6 'Ως ουν παρελαβετε τον Χριστον Ιησουν As therefore you received the Anomated Jeaus τον κυριον, εν αυτώ περιπατειτε, ? ερβιζωμενοι the Lord, in him walk you, haring been rooted και εποικοδομουμ**ενοι εν α**υτφ, κα**ι β**εβαιο rvoi being built up in him, and being est \*[ $\epsilon \nu$ ] τη πιστει, καθως εδιδαχθητε, περισσευ-[in] the faith, as you were taught, οντες εν αυτη εν ευχαριστια. <sup>8</sup>  $B\lambda\epsilon\pi\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ ,  $\mu\eta$ in it with thank-giving. See you, ύμας εσται δ συλαγωγων δια της φιλοany one you shall be the making a prey by means of the philoσοφιας και κενης απατης, κατα την παραδοσιν

sophy and empty deceit, according to the tradition  $\tau \omega \nu$  ανθρωπων, κατα τα στοιχεία του κοσμου,

of the men, according to the elements of the world,

28 whom we announce, admonishing Every Man, and teaching Every Man with All Wisdom, that we may 1 present Every Man perfect in Christ;

29 for which I also labor, ardently contending, according to THAT ENERS GY of his which OPERATES in me with Power.

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## CHAPTER IL

l For I wish you know how Great a t Struggle I have about you and THOSE in Laodicea, and a many as have not seen many as have not se

2 se that their HEART:
may be comforted, beinclosely united in Love,
and in All the Wealth of
the FULL ASSURANCE of
the UNDERSTANDING in
order to an exact # Knowledge of \* the SECRET of
God;

3 fin which are stored All the TREASURES of WIS-DOM and Knowledge.

4 And this I say, that no one 1 may deceive You with Persuasive speech

5 for though I am ensent in the flesh, yet I am with you in the spirit, rejoicing and beholding tyour order, and the stability of your faith in Christ.

6 ‡ As therefore you received the Anointed Jr sus the Lord, walk you in Him;

rooted and built up in mm, and ‡ established by the FAITH, even as you were taught, abounding in it with Thanksgiving.

8 Take care that no one make a prey of You through PHILOSOPHY and Empty Deceit, according to 1 the TRADITION OF MEN, according to the ELEMENTS

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-2 the SECRET of the God Christ; in whom are hid. the-omit. 7. in-omit. 3. o.

9 'Οτι εν αυτω κατοικει και ου κατα Χριστον. Because in him and not according to Anointed. dwells παν το πληρωμα της θεοτητος σωματικώς, Deity bodily. fulness of the <sup>10</sup> κάι εστε εν αυτώ πεπληρωμενοι ; εστιν ή and you are by him having been filled; who the κεφαλη πασης αρχης και εξουσιας· 11 εν 👶 και in whom also of all government and authority; περιετμηθητε περιτομη αγειροποιητω, *E11* you were circumcised with a circumcision not done by hand, in τη απεκδυσει του σωματος της σαρκος, εν τη ofthe flesh, puting off of the body in the περιτομη του Χριστου, 12 συνταφεντες αυτώ εν ircumcision of the Anointed, having been buried with him by το βαπτισματι εν ώ και συνηργερθητε in which also you were raised by means of της πιστέως της ενεργείας του θέου του έγειfaith of the strong working of the God of that ραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων $^{-13}$ και ύμας, νεκρους having raised him out of dead ones; and you, οντας \*[εν] τοις παραπτωμασι και τη ακροβυσthe [in] faults and by the uncircumciτις της σαρκος ύμων, συνεζωοποιησε συν αυτω, sion of the flesh of you, he made alive together with γαρισαμένος ήμι**ν π**αντα τα παραπτωματα· the having freely forgiven us all 14 εξαλειψα**ς το** καθ' ήμων χειρογραφον τοις having blotted out that against written by hand us δογμασιν, ό ην ύπεναντιον ήμιν, και αυτο ordinances, which was contrary tous, and it hehasreτου μεσου, προσηλωσας αυτο τω €Κ usved out of the zaiust. having nailed τταυρω· 15 απεκδυσαμενος τας αρχας και τας having stripped off the governments and εξουσιας, εδειγματισεν εν παρδησια, θριαμβευhe made a show by paolisly, having triumphed 16 Mη ου: τις ύμας Jas autous  $\epsilon \nu$   $\omega \tau \omega$ . Not therefore any one you ıt.

κρινετω εν βρωσει η εν ποσει, η εν μερει έορ-letjudge in food or in drink, or in respect of a

της, η νουμηνίας, η σαββατων. 17 ά εστι σκια

least, or of a new moon, or of sabbaths; which are a shadow

δεις ύμας καταβραβευετω, θελων εν ταπεινοφ-

ροσυνη και θρησκεια των αγγελων, ά \*[μη]

των μελλοντων, το δε σωμα Χριστου.

one you let deprive of the prize, wishing by

of the things about coming, the but body

mind

of the WORLD, and not according to Christ.

Because ‡ in him dwells All the FULNESS of the DEITY bodily;

10 tand you are replenished by Him, ‡ who is the HEAD of All Government and Authority;

11 by whom also you were t circumcised with a Circumcision not done by hand, in the PUTTING OFF of the BODY of the FLESH, by the CIRCUMCISION of the ANOINTED;

12 ‡ having been buried with him by IMMERSION, in which also you were raised with him, through the BELIEF of the ENER-GY of THAT GOD WIA RAISED him from the DEAD.

13 # And You, being dead by the TRESPASSES, even by the uncircumei-SION of your FLESH, he made alive together with him, having freely pardoned All our offences;

14 # having blotted out what was WRITTEN HAND in ORDINANCES which was AGAINST us, and has removed it from the MIDST, having nailed it to the cross:

15 Thaving stripped the GOVERNMENTS and AU-THORITIES, he made a public exhibition of them, triumphing over them by

16 Let no one, therefore, trule You in Food, or in Drink, or in respect of a Festival, or of a Newmoon, or of Sabbaths,

17 \* t which are Shadows of the future things; but the BODY is Christ's.

18 ‡ Let no one wishing it Apprive You of the prize, humility of by Humility and a Worship of the ANGELS, prying and a religious worship of the messengers, whatthings [not] | into things which he has

of Audinted,

18 Mη-

No

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. in-omit. 17. which is a Shadow.

<sup>† 9.</sup> John i. 14; Col. i. 19. † 10. John i. 16. † 10. Eph. i. 20, 21; 1 Pet iii. 22; 11. Deut. x. 16; xxx. 6; Jer. iv. 4; Rom. ii. 29; Phil. iii. 3. † 12. Rom. vi. 4. † 12. Eph. ii. 10; iii. 7. † 13. Eph. ii. 1, 5, 6, 11. † 14. Eph. ii. 15, 16. † 15. Psa. † 18. Eph. iv. 8. † 16. Rom. xiv. 3; x. 13. † 17. Heb viii. 5; ix. 9; x. 5. Enh. i. 19; iii. 7. lx iii. 18; Eph. iv. 8. 1 18. verse 4.

εμβατευων, εικη φυσιουμενος ύπο prying into, without cause being puffed up by του νοος της σαριώς αύτου, <sup>19</sup>και ου κρατων the mind of the flesh of himself, and not holding firmly την κεφαλην, εξ ού παν το σωμα, δια  $\tau\omega\nu$ from whom all the body, by means of the αφων και συνδεσμων επιχορηγουμενον και συμand ligaments being served being 20 Et β:βαζομενον, αυξει την αυξησιν του θεου. grows the growth of the God. If compacted, απεθανετε συν Χριστφ απο των στοιχειων του with Anointed from the element. κοσμου, τι ώς ζωντες εν κοσμφ δογματιwhy as living in world do you impose on yourworld,  $^{21}$   $\mu\eta$ ;ιηδε  $(\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon)$ άψη, γευselves ordisances; not thou shouldst have touched, nor thou shouldst  $\sigma\eta$ ,  $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$   $\theta\iota\gamma\eta\varsigma$ :  $\frac{22}{6}$   $\alpha$   $\epsilon\sigma\tau$  have tasted, nor thoushouldst have handled? which things is  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ παντα εις φθοραν τη αποχρησει,) κατα τα for corruption in the using,) according to the ενταλματα και διδασκαλιας των ανθρωπων. ofthe commands aod teachings men: 23 άτινα εστι λογον μεν εχοντα σοφιας εν which things is a wordy show indeed having of wisdom  $\epsilon\theta$ ελοθρησκεια και ταπεινοφροσυνη \*[και] αφειself-devised worship and humility [and]non-indulδια σωματος, ουκ εν τιμη τινι, προς πλησμονην gence of body, not in honor any, for της σαρκος. • of the flesh.

## KEΦ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

ζητειτε, ου δ Χριστος εστιν εν δεξια του θεου seek yon, where the Anninted at right of the ia  $\kappa \alpha \theta \eta \mu \epsilon \nu o s$   $^{2} \tau \alpha \quad \alpha \nu \omega \quad \phi \rho o \nu \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon, \quad \mu \eta \quad \tau \alpha$ the things above mind you, not the things on sitting;  $^3$  Α $\pi$ εθανετε γαρ, και ἡ ζωη ὑμων THS YHS. the earth. for, and the life συν τφ Χριστφ εν τφ θεφ. 4 δταν κεκρυπται has been hidden with the Anointed by the God; δ Χριστος φανερωθη, ή ζωη ήμων, τοτε και the life of us, may appear, ύμεις συν χυτφ φανερωθησεσθε εν δοξη. <sup>5</sup> Νεκwith him shall appear in glory. ρωσατε ουν τα μελη \*\*[ύμων,] τα επι της γης, to death therefore the members [cr, ou,] those on the earth, πορνειαν, ακαθαρσιαν, παθως, επιθυμιαν κακην, impurity, passion, desire fornication,

not seen, being without cause puffed up by the MIND of his FLESH;

19 and not holding firmly the MEAD, from whom the Whole BODY, being supplied and compacted together by means of the Johns and Ligaments, grows with the increase of God.

20 If ‡you died with Christ from the ELEMENTS of the WORLD, ‡why, as living in the World, do you subject yourselves to ordinances:—

21 ‡ ("Eat not," "taste not," "handle not;"—

22 all which things are consumed in the USING;) taccording to the COMMANDMENTS and Teachings of men?

23 twhich ordinances, having a Wordy show of Wisdom in Self-devised worship and Humility, by a Non-indulgence of the Body, not in any Honor, are only for a Gratification of the Flesh.

### CHAPTER III.

1 If, then, tyou were raised with the ANOINTED one, seek the THINGS above, where the ANOINTED one is sitting at the Right hand of God.

Right hand of God.

2 Mind the THINGS above, not the THINGS on

the EARTH.

3 ‡For you died, and ‡your LIFE has been hidden with the Anointed one by God.

4 ‡ When the Anointed one, ‡our life, shall be manifested, then nou also will be manifested ‡ with Him in Glory.

5 † Put to death, therefore, THOSE MEMBERS on the EARTH; Fornication, Impurdy, Passion, evil De-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. and-omit. 5. of you-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Eph. iv. 15, 16. † 20. Rom. vi. 3, 5; vii. 4, 6; Gal. ii. 10; Eph. ii. 15. † 20. Gal. iv. 3, 9. † 21. 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 22. Isa. xxix. 13; Matt. xv. 9; Titus. i. I4. † 23. 1 Tim. iv. 8. † 1. Rom. vii. 5; Eph. ii. 6; Col. ii. 12. † 1. Rom. viii. 24; Eph. i. 20. † 3. Rom. vii. 2. † 3. 2 Cor. v. 7. † 4. John iii. 3. † 4. John xi. 25; xiv. 6. † 4. 1 Cor. xv. 43; Phil. iii. 21. † 5. Rom. viii. 13; Gal. v. 24.

and inordinate

και την πλεονεξιαν, ήτις εστιν ειδωλολατρεια: and the covereousness, which že á ερχεται ή οργη του θεου \* [επι because of which things comes the wrath of the God for Tous vious της απειθείας: Γεν οίς και ύμεις the sons of the disabedience, in which things slso you περιεπατησατε ποτε, ότε εζητε εν αυτοις when you were living among them;  $^{8}$ νυνι δε αποθεσθε και ύμεις τα παντα, οργην, nur but putoff also you the things all, θυμον, κακιαν, βλασφημιαν, αισχρολογιαν εκ malice, evil-speaking, althy words out of του στοματος ύμων<sup>, 9</sup>μη ψευδεσθε €LS of you; not speak you falsely αλληλους απεκδυσαμενοι τον παλαιον ανθρω-each other; having stripped off the old mean ench other; having stripped on the που συν ταις πραξεσιν αυτου, 10 και ενδυσαμενοι που συν ταις πραξεσιν αυτου, and having put on τον νεον, τον ανακαινουμένον εις επιγνωσιν the new, that being renewed by exact knowledge by exact knowledge εικονα του κτισαντος αυτον. 11 όπου according to an image of the one having created him; ουκ ενι Ελλην και Ιουδαίος περιτομή και ακρο-not exists Greek and Jew; circumcision and unfirmot exists Greek and Jew; circumcision and unrur-βυστια βιρβαρος, Σκυθης δουλος, ελευθερος cumcision; barbarian, Scythian; slave, freeman; αλλα τα παντα και εν πασι Χριστος. 12 Ενbut the things all and in all Anointed. δυσατθε ουν, ώς εκλεκτοι του θεου άγιοι του clothed therefore, as a chosen ones of the God holy ones \*[και] ηγαπημενοι, σπλαγχνα οικτιρμου, bowels of mercy, beloved ones, ταπεινοφροσυνην, πραοτητα, χρηστοτητα, bumility, kindness, 13 (ανεχομενοι' αλληλωνμακροθυμιαν KZI patient endurance; cach other, baa (bearing with χαριζομενοι ξαυτοις, εαν τις προς τινα freely forgiving each other, if any one for somethings should have καθως και δ Χριστος εχαρισατο a cause of complaint; as even the Anninted . freely forgavo ναιν, ούτω και νμεις:) 14 επι πασι δε τουτοις you, so also you, besides all and these you, oo also την αγαπην, ήτις εστι συνδεσμος της τελειο-

which is about fo(the completeτητος. 15 και ή ειρηνη του Χριστου βραβευετω ness; and the peace of the Apointed one let preside εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, εις ήν και εκληθητε εν of you, for which also you were called ain in the bearts \*[ένι] σωματιν και ευχαρ στοι γινεσθε. and thankfulones become you, [one] body;

13 'Ο λογος του Χριστου ενοικειτω εν ύμιν The word of the Anointed you let dwell 🚃 In πλουσιως εν παση σοφια διδασκοντες, richly; all wisdom teaching,

ship; 6 ton account of which things the Wrath of God

is coming.

LUST, which is Idol-wor-

sire.

7 ! In which also you formally walked, when you lived in these things. 8 !But now do you put off also ALL these; Anger, Wrath. Malice. Evil speaking, Vile words out of your mouth.

9 Do not speak falsely to each other, having put off the OLD Man with his

PRACTICES: 10 and having put on that new one, theing re-NEWED by Knowledge, according to a Likeness of HIM Who CREATED him.

11 In which state there are not !Greek and Jew, Circumcision and Uncircumcision; Barbarian. Scythian, bondman. freeman; but Christ is ALL things, and in all.

12 Beclothed, therefore, as Chosen ones of God. beloved Saints, with tBowels of Mercy, Kindness, Humility, Meekness, Patient endurance;

13 1 bearing with each other, and freely for giving each other, if any one for some things may have a Cause of complaint; even as the \*Lord forgave you, so also do you forgive.

14 And besides all these things, put on !Love; \*it is the BOND of the COM-PLETENESS.

15 And 1 let the PEACE of the Anointed preside in your hearts for which you were also called in One Body; and be thankful.

16 Let the word of the Anointed dwell in you richly; teaching and adand monishing each other in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. on the sons of disobedience-omit. 14. it is the BOND. 15. one-omit.

<sup>12,</sup> and-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> Rom. vi. 19, 20; Titus iii. 3. # 6. Rom. i. 18; Eph. v. 6. 18. Eph. iv. 22; 1 Pet. ii. 1. 1 11. Gal. iii. 28; v. 6, 1 12. Gal. v. 22; Phil. ii. 1. 13 Eph. iv. 2, 32. 15. Rom. xiv. 17; Phil. iv. 7. 1 14. John xiii. 34; Rom. xiii, 8; 1 Cor. xiii; Eph. v. 2.

νουθετουντες έαυτους ψαλμοις \*[και] ύμνοις [and] admonishing each other in psalms in hymns \*[και] φθαις πνευματικαις, εν χαριτι αδοντες [and] in songs spiritasl, with favor singing εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων τω θεω· 17 και παν δ. of you to the Gol; n hearts and every thing,  $\tau \iota \alpha \nu$   $\pi o \iota \eta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \nu \lambda \sigma \gamma \varphi \eta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma \varphi$ ,  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha \epsilon \nu$  whatever you may do, in word or in work, all in ονοματι κυριου Ιησου, ευχαριστουντες τω θεω of Lord Jeaus, giving thanks to the God name \*[ $\kappa\alpha\iota$ ]  $\pi\alpha\tau\rho\iota$   $\delta\iota$ '  $\alpha\nu\tau\sigma\nu$ . <sup>18</sup> Αί γυναικες, ύπο-[and] father through him. The wives, τασσεσθε τοις ανδρασιν, ώς ανηκεν εν κυριφ. mit yourselves to the husbands, as it has been proper in Lord.  $^{19}\,\mathrm{O}$ ί ανδρες, αγαπατε τας γυναικας, και μη The husbands, love you the wives, and not 20 Τα τεκνα, ύπακου-The children, be you embittered against them. be you ετε τοι» γονευσι κατα παντα, τουτο γαρ εστιν subject to the parents in all things; this for <sup>21</sup> Oi  $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon s$ ,  $\mu \eta \epsilon \rho \epsilon \theta \iota$ ευαρεστον εν κυριώ. well-pleasing in Lord. The fathers, nut do you ζετε τα τεκνα ύμων, ίνα μη αθυμωσιν. provoke the children of you, so that not they may be discouraged. The δουλοι, ύπακουετε κατα παντα τοις κατα σαρκα be you subject in all things to the according to flesh κυριοις, μη εν οφθαλμοδουλειαις, ώς ανθεωπαnot with service of eyes, men-pleasρεσκοι, αλλ' εν άπλοτητι καρδιας, φοβουμενοι sincerity of heart, in τον κυριον<sup>23 \*</sup>[και παν δ,] τι εαν ποιητε. [and every thing,] whatever you may do, Lord; εκ ψυχης εργαζεσθε, ώς τω κυριω \*[και] ουκ from soul as to the Lord work you, [and] <sup>24</sup> Ειδοτες, ότι απο κυριου αποληανθρωποις. Knowing, that from Lord to men. you will  $\psi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$  την ανταποδοσιν της κληρονομιας, τ $\omega$ receive the recompense ofthe inheritance, the 25 'O \*[γαρ] κυριφ Χριστφ δουλευετε. δε Lord [for] Apointed you serve. He but αδικων κομιειται δ ηδικησ∈ και ουκ εστι doing wrong will receive back what he did wrong; and not 1 Οί κυριοι, το  $\pi \rho \rho \sigma \omega \pi \rho \lambda \eta \psi i \alpha$ . KE $\Phi$ .  $\delta'$ , 4. respect of persons. lords, the δικαιον και την ισοτητα τοις δουλοις παρεand the equal to the slaves inst render χεσθε, ειδοτες, ότι και ύμεις εχετε κυριον εν knowing, that also you have a Lord oupavois. heavens.

All Wisdom; ‡in Psalms, in Hymns, in spiritual Songs, singing with \* GRATITUDE in your HEARTS to GOD.

17 ‡And everything, whatever you may do, in Word or in Work, do all in the Name of the Lord Jesus, ‡ giving thanks to God the Father through him.

18 ‡ Wives, submit yourselves to your nus-BANDS, as is proper in the Lord.

19 ‡Husbands, love your wives, and do not

behave harshly to them. 20 CHILDREN, obey your PARENTS in all things; for this is well-pleasing in the Lord.

21 ‡ FATHERS, do not provoke your CHILDREN, that they may not be dis-

couraged.

22 TBOND-SERVANTS, obey in all things your MASTERS according to the Flesh; not with Eye-service as Men-pleasers, but in Sincerity of Heart, fearing the LORD.

23 ‡ Whatever you may do, work it from the soul, as for the LORD, and not

for Men;

24 ‡ knowing that from the Lord you will receive the RECOM ENSE of the INHERITANCE: for ‡ you serve Christ the LORD.

25 \* FOT HE Who ACTS UNJUSTLY, will receive back for the injustice he committed; ‡ and without any Partiality.

## CHAPTER IV.

I MASTERS, Trender to your BOND-SERVANTS THAT which is fust and THAT which is FQUAL; knowing that you also have a Master in the Heavens.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. and-omit twice. 23. and every thing-omit. 23. and-omit.

<sup>16.</sup> GRATITUDE. 17. and—omit. 24. for—omit. 25. For HE who.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Eph. v. 10. † 17. 1 Cor. x. 31. † 17. Rom. i. 8; Eph. v. 20; Col. i. 12; ii. 7; 1 Thess. v. 18; Heb. xiii. 15. † 18. Eph. v. 22; Tilns ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. † 19. Eph. v. 25; 28; 1 Pet. iii. 7. † 20. Eph. vi. 1. † 21. Eph. vi. 4. † 22. Eph. vi. 5; 1 Tin. vi. 1 Tilns ii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 18. \* 23. Eph. vi. 6, 7. † 24. Eph. vi. 8. † 24. 1 Cor. vii. 29 † 25. Rom. ii. 11; Eph. vi. 9. 1 Pet. i. 17.

## \* FIRST TO THE THESSALONICANS.

## КΕΦ. α'. 1.

Σιλουανος και Τιμοθεος, τη Silvanus and Timothy, to the <sup>1</sup>Παυλος και and Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεώ πατρι και εκκλησια of Thessalonicans in God a father congregation κυριφ Ιησου Χριστφ. χαρις δμιν και ειρηνη Lord Jesus Audinted; favor to you and peace \* απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου a father of us, and Lord Jesus from God  $^2$  Ευχαριστουμέν τω  $\theta$ έω παντοτέ Χριστου. We give thanks to the God Anointed.] παντων ύμων, μνειαν ύμων ποιουμενοι  $\pi \epsilon si$ of you, a remembrance of you making concerning  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \omega \nu$  προσ $\epsilon \upsilon \chi \omega \nu$  ήμω $\nu$ ,  $^3$  αδιαλειπτως μνηin the prayers of  $\upsilon$ s, unceasingly recolμονευμοντες ύμων του εργου της πιστεως, και of you of the work of the faith, του κοπου της αγαπης, και της ύπομονης της of the labor of the love, and of the patient endurance of the ελπιδος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, εμhope of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, προσθεν του θεου και πατρος ήμων. <sup>4</sup> ειδοτες, presence of the God and father of us; knowing, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο θεου, την εκλογην h∌ God, the election beloved. ύμων δότι το ευαγγελιον ήμων ουκ εγενηθη of you; because the glad tidings ofus came εις ύμας εν λογφ μονον, αλλα και εν δυναμει, to you in word only, but also in power, και εν πνευματι άγιω, και "[εν] πληροφορια holy, and [with] confirmation even with spirit πολλη· καθως οιδατε οίοι εγενηθημεν εν ύμιν as you know what we were among you ύμας. 6 Και ύμεις μιαητας ήνωμο εγε-of you. And you imitators στος beon account of you. νηθητε και του κυριου, δεξαμενοι τον λογον εν cume and of the Lord, having received the word in θλιψει πολλη μετα χαρας πνευματος άγιου acliction much with joy of spirit holy; ΄ ὧστε γενεσθαι ύμας τυπους πασι τοις πιστευso that to have become you patterns to all to those ουσιν εν τη Μακεδονια και τη Αχαια. 8 Aφ' ng in the Macedonia and in the Achaia. From υμ**ων γ**αρ  $\epsilon \xi \eta \chi \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ δ λογος του κυριου ου for has been sounded forth the word of the Lord not μονον εν τη Μακεδονια και Αχαια, αλλα \*[και] only in the Macedonia and Achaia, but [also] εν παντι τοπω ή πιστις ύμων ή προς τον θεον n every place the faith of you that towards the God εξεληλυθεν ώστε μη χρείαν ήμας εχείν λαλείν has gone forth; so that not necessary us to have to speak

## CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, and ‡Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the Con-GREGATION of Thessalonicans in God the Fither and the Lord Jesus Christ;

Favor to you and peace. 2 ‡We give thanks to GoD at all times respecting you all, making a Remembrance of you in our PRAYERS;

- 3 ‡ never forgetting in the Presence of our God and Father, Your ‡ OPER-ATIVE FAITH, and ‡ LA-BORIOUS LOVE, and PA-TIENT HOPE of our LORD Jesus Christ;
- 4 knowing, Brethren beloved by God, your ‡ ELECTION;
- 5 because ‡our GLAD
  TIDINGS came to you not
  in Word only, but also in
  Power, even with the holy
  Spirit, and abundant Confirmation; as you know
  what we were among you
  on your account.
- 6 And † nou became Imitators of us, and of the Lord, having embraced the word in much Affliction with Joy of holy Spirit;
- 7 so that you became \*a Pattern to ALL the BE-LIEVERS in MACEDONIA and ACHAIA.
- 8 Indeed, not only has the word of the Lord been sounded forth from you through MACEDONIA and Achaia; but in Every Place THAT FAITH of yours towards God has gone forth, so that it is unnecessary for us to say anythic.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—FIRST TO THE THESSALONICANS. our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ—omit.

8. also—omit.

<sup>1.</sup> from God 7. a Pattern.

<sup>† 1. 2</sup> Cor. i. 19; 2 Thess. i. 1; 1 Pet. v. 12. † 2. Rom. i. 8; Eph. i. 16; Philemon 4. † 3. 1 Thess. ii. 13. † 3. Gal. v. 6; James ii. 17. † 3. Rom. xvi. 6; Heb. vi. 10. † 4. Col. iii. 12; 2 Thess. ii. 14. ; 2 Thess. iii. 0. † 2. Rom. i. 8; 2 Thess. i. 4. † 5. 1 Cor. iv. † 2. Rom. i. 8; 2 Thess. i. 4.

 $^9$  Αυτοι γαρ  $\pi$ ερι ἡμων  $\alpha\pi\alpha\gamma\gamma$ ελλουanything. Themselves for concerning us declare, σιν, όποιαν εισοδον εσχομεν προς ύμας, και what kind introduction we had to you, and πως επεστρεψατε ποος τον θεον απο των ειδωidols, you turned to the God from the <sup>10</sup> και λων, δουλευειν θεω (ωντι και αληθινώ, God living and and αναμενειν τον υίον αυτου εκ των ουρανων, όν of him from the heavens, whom ηγειρεν εκ των νεκρων, Ιησουν, τον δυομενον heraised out of the dead ones. Jesus, the one delivering ήμας απο της οργης της ερχομενης. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. us from the wrath of that coming. <sup>1</sup> Aυτοι γαρ οιδατε, αδελφοι, την Yourselves for you know, brethren, the ειποδον the introduction ήμων την προς ύμας, ότι ου κεν**η γ**εγονεν. you, because not in vain of us that to it has been; ύβρισθεντες,  $^{2}$  a $\lambda\lambda\alpha$   $\pi\rho\sigma$ a $\theta\sigma$  $\nu$ aues  $\kappa$ a $\iota$ but baving previously suffered and having been injuriously treated, καθως οιδατε, εν Φιλιπποις, επαρδησιασαμεθα as you know, in Philippi, we were emboldened εν τω θεω ήμων λαλησαι προς ύμας το ευαγγεby the God ofus to speak you the to glad tid-3 'Η γαρ παραλιον του θεου εν πολλω αγωνι. The for ings of the God with much striving. exhorκλησις ήμων ουκ εκ πλανης, ουδε εξ ακαθαρnot from nor from error, σιας, ουτε εν δολφ. 4αλλα καθως δεδοκιμασμεθα we have been approved nor in deceit; but a.5 ύπο του θεου πιστευθηναι το ευαγγελιον, ούτω

God to he entrusted with the

not ss

God that one trying

Neither for any time with a word of flattery

nor with

 $^6$   $ov\tau\epsilon$ 

nor

we speak,

καθως οιδατε•

 $\theta \epsilon os \mu \alpha \rho \tau vs$ .

you know;

a witness;

glory, neither from you

able with a weight to be,

we were

[the]

God

λαλουμεν, ουχ ώς ανθρωποις αρεσκοντες, αλλα

\*[τω] θεω τω δοκιμαζοντι τας καρδιας ήμων.

5 Ουτε γαρ ποτε εν λογφ κολακειας εγενηθημεν,

δοξαν, ουτε αφ' ύμων ουτε απ' αλλων (δυνα-

μενοι εν βαρει ειναι, ώς Χριστου αποστολοι.)

7 αλλ' εγενηθημεν ηπιοι εν μεσφ ύμων.

gentle

the

a pretence

nor from others;

seeking

as of Anointed

ın midst

ουτε εν προφασει πλεονεξιας,

men

9 For they themselves declare concerning \* ns, What Introduction we had to you, ‡ and how you turned to the DEITY, from idols, to serve the living and true God;

10 and 1 to wait for his SON from the HEAVENS, whom he raised from the DEAD, even THAT Jesus who is DELIVERING US from THAT WRATH which

IS COMING.

## CHAPTER II.

#For you know, Brethren, THAT INTRO-DUCTION of ours which we had to you, That it was not in vain;

2 but having previously suffered, and been injuriously treated, as you know, tat Philippi, we were ent. boldened by our God tto speak to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, with Much Earnestness:

3 TFor our EXHORTA-TION was not from Error, nor from Impurity, nor in

80

of us.

of covetousness,

men

.18

of you.

4 but as we have been approved by Goo tto be cutrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS, so we speak; not as pleasing Men, but THAT God who TRIES our HEARTS.

5 ! For we never came with a Word of flattery, as you know, nor with . Pretext of Covetousness. (God is a Witness!)

6 ‡ nor did we seek Honor from Men, neither from you nor from others, (though, as Apostles of Christ, we are empowered to have influence;)

7 but we were gentle in the midst of you; even as a Nursing-mother would cherish HER OWN Children.

αν τροφης θαλπη τα έαυτης τεκνα, <sup>8</sup> ούτως, would cherish a nursing-mother the of herseif children,

glad tidings.

pleasing,

ζητουντες εξ ανθρωπων

from

hearts

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 0. you. 4. the-omit.

<sup>† 9, 1</sup> Cor. xii. 2; Gal. iv. 8. † 10. Acts i. 11; Phil. iii. 20; 1 Thess. iv. 10; 2 Thess. i. 7; Titus ii. 13. † 1. 1 Thess. i. 5, 9. † 2. Acts xvi. 22. † 2. Acts xvii. 2. † 3. 2 Cor. vii. 2. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 17; Gal. ii. 7; Titus i. 3. † 4. Gal. i. 10. † 5. Acts xx. 23; 2 Cor. ii. 17; iv. 2; vii. 2; xii. 17. † 6. John v. 41, 44; xii. 4;; 1 Tim v. 17

ύμειρομενοι ύμων, ευδοκουμεν μεταδουναι ύμιν being very desirons of you, we were well-pleased to have imparted to you ou μονον το ευαγγελιον του θεου, αλλα και τας not only the glad tidings of the God, but also the έαυτων ψυχας, διοτι αγαπητοι ήμιν γεγενησθε. of yourselves lives, because beloved ones to us you have become. 9 Μνημονευετε γαρ, αδελφοι, τον κοπον ήμων

brethren, You remember for, ofus the labor και τον μοχθον· νυκτος και ήμερας εργαζομενοι toil; night and day προς το μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων, εκηρυξαμεν for the not to burden any one of you, we published 10 'Υμεις εις ύμας το ευαγγελιον του θεου. glad tidings of the God. you the Tou μαρτυρες και δ θεος, ώς όσιως και δικαιως και witnesses and the God, how pionsly and justly αμεμπτως ύμιν τοις πιστευουσιν εγενηθημεν. blamelessly with you the believers we were:

11 καθαπερ οιδαπε, ώς ένα έκαστον ύμων, ώς αι also you know, how one each of you, as πατηρ τεκνα έαυτου, παρακαλουντες ύμας και αι at at the children of himself, exhorting you and παραμυθουμενοι, 12 και μαρτυρουμενοι εις το consoling, and testifying in order that  $\pi$ εριπατησαι ύμας αξίως του θεου, του καλουν-

to walk you worthly of the God, of the one call
τος ύμας εις την έαυτου βασιλεια και δοξαν.

ing you for the ofhimself kingdom and glory.

13 Δια τουτο και ήμεις ευγαριστουμε: τουτο και ήμεις ευχαριστουμεν τφ On account of this also to the give thanks W.C θεφ αδιαλειπτως, ότι παραλαβοντες λογον unceasingly, because receiving a word akons  $\pi \alpha \rho'$  hmw tou  $\theta \varepsilon o u$ ,  $\varepsilon S \varepsilon \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \varepsilon$ , ou logov of hearing from us of the God, you received, not a word ανθρωπωι, αλλα, καθως εστιν αληθως, λογον of men. but. as itis truly, a word  $\theta$ εου, δε και ενεργειται εν ύμιν τοι $\mathbf s$  πιστευουof God, which also inworks in you the  $^{14}$  Υμεις γαρ μιμηται εγενηθητε, α $^{5}$ ελones. You becaue, for imitators brethφοι, των εκκλητιών του θεου των ουσών εν τη ren, of the congregations of the God of those being in Ιουδαια εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ότι τα αυτα επα-Judea in Anointed Jesus, because the things same θετε και ύμεις ύπο των ιδιων συμφυλετων, by suffered also you the own countrymen, καθως και αυτοι ύπο των Ιουδαιων· <sup>15</sup> των και also they by the Jews; of those also τον κυριον αποκτειναντων Ιησουν και τους προhaving killed Jesus and the prophφητας, και ήμας εκδιωξαντων, και θεφ μη αρεσpersecuted, arl God not us pleasκοντων, και πασιν ανθρωποις εναντιων. 16 κωng, and to all contrary; for.

8 Thus yearning over you, we were content, not only to have imparted to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, but also tour own Lives, because you had become endeared to us.

9 For you remember, Brethren, our Labor and Fatigue; tworking Night and Day, tso as not to burden any one of you, we published to you the GLAD TIDINGS of God.

10 Dou and God are Witnesses, thow piously and righteously, and blamelessly, we were with you, the believers;

11 as you know how we exherted and comfort if you, as a Father each Charles of his own Children,—

12 and warned you ‡t<sup>G</sup> WALK worthily of THAT GOD ‡who is INVITING you into HIS OWN Glorious Kingdom.

13 \*And on this account also, we give thanks to God unceasingly, Because receiving from us the Diving Message, you chraced I not Men's Wordhut as it is truly, God's Word, and which wo'ks powerfully in You, the Bellevers.

14 For you, Brethren, became imitators of Those Congregations of God which are in Judea in Christ Jesus; Because thou also suffered the Same things from your own Countrymen, teven as they did from Those Jews,

15 who also \*KILLED the LORD Jesus and the PROPHETS, and persecuted Us; and who please not God, and are hostile to All Men;

## VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. And on this account.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Rom. i.11; xv.20. † 8. 2 Cor. xii. 15. † 9. Acts xx. 34; 1 Cor. iv. 12: 2 Cor. xi. 9: 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 9. 2 Cor. xii. 13, 14. † 10. 2 Cor. vii. 2, 2 Thess. iii. 7. † 12. Eph. iv. 1; Phil, † 27; Col. i. 10; 1 Thess. iv. 1. † 12. 1 Cor. i. 9; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. ii. 14; 2 Tim. i. 9. † 13. Matt. x 40; Gal. iv. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 2. † 14. Acts xvii. 5.1; 1 14. Heb. x. 53, 34. † 15. Acts ii. 23, vii. 52.

λυοντων ήμας τοις εθνεσι λαλησαι ίνα σωθωbidding to epeak that they might to the Gentiles εις το αναπληρωσαι αύτων τος άμαρτιας σiν, be saved, in order that to have filled up of themselves the TOVTOTE. always. 17 'Ημεις δε, αδελφοι, απορφανισθεντες TEXOS. an cad. We hut, brethren, having been bereaved αφ' ύμων προς καιρού ώρας, προσωπώ, ου καρfrom you for a season anhour, in face, not δια, περισσοτερως εσπουδασαμεν το προσωπον beart, more earnestly we endeavored tino face ls Διο ύμων ιδειν εν πολλη επιθυμια.  $\eta\theta \in \lambda \eta$ of you to see with much desire. Therefore we wished σαμεν ελθειν προς ύμας, (εγω μεν Παυλος,) to come to you, (1 indeed και άπαξ και δις· και ενεκοψον ήμας ό σατανας. even once and twice; and thwarted no the adversary. 19 Tis γαρ ήμων ελπις η χαρα η στεφανος καυ-When for of us hope or ioy or eremn χησεως, η ουχι και ύμεις, εμπροσθεν του κυριου or not also you, in presence of the Lord ἡμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου] εν τη αυτου παρουσια: [Anointed] in the of high ofus Jesus coming. <sup>30</sup> ύμεις γαρ εστε ή δοξα ήμων και ή χαρα. for are the glory 01 11 and the КΣФ. γ. 3. 1 Διο μηκετι στεγοντες, ευδο-Wherefore no longer holding out, 2 Kal κησαμέν καταλειφθηναι έν Αθηναις μονοί, thoughtwell to be left in Athena alone. and επεμψαμεν Τιμοθεον, τον αδελφον ήμων κα: Timothy: the brother of us and συνεργον του θεου εν τω ευαγγελιω του Χρισ-Tellow-worker of the God in the glad tidings of the Anointed, του, εις το στηριξαι ύμας και παραμαλεσαι you and in order that to confirm \*[ύμας] ύπερ της πίστεως ύμων, <sup>3</sup>τω μη-[you] in helialfor the faith of you, that δενα σαινεσθαι εν ταις θλιψέσι ταυταις (αυτοι one to be shaken by the afflictions these, (yourselve, γαρ οιδατε, ότι εις τουτο κειμεθα· 4 και γαρ for you know, that for thia 'se are placed; indeed for δτε προς ύμας μεν, προελεγομεν ύμιν, ότι μελwhen with you we were, we previously said to you, that λομεν θλιβεσθαι, καθως και εγενετο και οιδατε·) are about to be afflicted, even as alsu it happened nod you know,) τουτό καγω μηκετι στεγων, επεμψα also I no longer holding out, on account of this 1 sent το γνωναι την πιστιν ύμων, μηπως επειin order that to know the

you the temptee,

16 1 hindering us from speaking to the GENTILES that they may be saved; so as to fill up Their sins always; but now tin the End, VENGEANCE has come upon them.

17 But we, Brethren, having been bereaved of von tor a short Season, in-Presence, not in Heart, more extnestly endeavored tto see your FACE with

Much Desire.

18 We would therefore have come to you, (even E Paul,) once and also a second time, but I the AD-VERSARY thwarted us.

19 For what . is Our Hope, or Joy, or Crown of Exultation? Or tare not pou also, before our Lond-Jesus at mis Appearing?

20 Dou are, indeed, our

GLOBY and JOY.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 When, therefore, wa could no longer refrain, I we thought well to be left in Athens alone;

2 and we sent ! Timothy, ur brother, and Goa's Co-lanner in the GLAD TIDINGS of the Amounted one, to conrinm you, and to exhort on behalf of your FAITH;

3 Ithat no one might be SHAKEN by these Ar. FLICTIONS for you your selves know ! That we are

liable to this

4 I and indeed, when wewere with you, we previously nformed you That we were about to be afflicted; even as it also happened,

and you know.

5 On this account also, being no longer able to endure, E sent to ASCERTAIN . Your FAITH, Tlest perhaps the TEMPTER had ρασεν ύμας δπειραζων, και εις κενον γενηται vain should occome tempted you, and our TOIL

faith of you, lest perhaps tempt-

and in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Anointed-omit. 2. you-omit. 5. Your PAITH. 10. Acts xvii. 5, 13; xviii. 12; xix. 9. 1. 17. 1 Thess, iii. 10. 6, 14. Phil. ii. 16; iv. 1. 2 3. Eph. iii. 13. 1 Pet. ii. 21. t 4. Acts xx. 24.

Junt now but, having come Timoθεου | should have become in vain. S KOTTOS TUMP. the toil of va. προς ήμας αφ' ύμων, και ευαγγελισαμενου from you, and having brought glad tidings ta ar e ημιν την πιστιν και την αγαπην ύμων, και ότι of you, and because so us the faith and the love εχετε μνειαν ήμων αγαθην παντοτε, επιποbeng you have remembrance of us always, θουντες ήμας ιδειν, καθαπερ και ήμεις ύμας. also & we the you. to see, even as 7 δια πουτο παρεκληθημεν, αδελφοι, εφ' ύμιν throng's this wowere comforted, brethreo, dover επι παση τη θλιψει και αναγκη ήμων, throng's this wa were comforted, you ⊸δια and distress the affliction of us, on account της ύμων πιστεως. 8 ότι νυν ζωμεν, εαν ύμεις because now we live, if of the of you faith; 9 Τινα γαρ ευχαριστιαν υτηκητε €ν κυριφ. What etand firm in. Lord. for . gratitude δυναμέθα τφ θεφ ανταποδουναι περι υμων, επι are we able to the God to return concerning you \*\*XCLPOMEY &C χαρα ή χαιρομεν δι ύμας ioy with which w reinice on account of you ύμας εμπροσθέν του θεου ήμων; 10 νικτος και ήμερας au presence of the God of us? day night and το ιδειν ύμων το δπερεκπερισσου δεομενοι ει more exceedingly entreating for the tones of you the προσωπον, και καταρτισαι τα υστερηματα της and to supply the things wanting ofthe face, πιστεως ὑμων. 11 Αυτος δε δ θεος και πατηρ Himself but the God 11971 of you. ήμων, και δ κυριος ήμων Ιησους \*[Χριστος]
etas, and the Lord of us Jesus [Ancinted] κατευθυναι την όδον ήμων προς υμας. 12 ύμας ofus Aon may direct the way ŧo. you; δε δ κυριος πλεουασαι και περισσευσαι τη αγαbut the Lord cannete be full and to overflow with the love τη εις αλληλους και εις παντας, καθαπερ και even as oula ¿ each other and to nlie ήμεις εις ύμας. 13 εις το στηριξαι ύμων τας in order that to be astablished of you 10 3043 O. παρδιας αμεμπτους εν αγιωσυνη εμπροσθεν του holiness blameless io in presence of the θεου και πατρος ήμων, εν τη παρουσια του God even a father of us, at the κυριου ημων Ιησου \* [Χριστου] coming of the μετα παντων all [bataiouA] with Lord of na Jesns των άγιων αυτου. of the holy ones of bimself.

KED. 8'. 4.

1 Λοιπον \*[ουν,] αδελφοι, ερωτωμεν ύμας
Finally [therefore,] brethren, we entreat you Finally. [therefore,] και παρακαλουμεν εν κυριφ Ιησου, καθως παρεwe exhort in Lord Jesus. as A0.7 1.3and

6 †But just now, Timothy having come to us from you, and having brought us glad tidings of your FAITH and LOVE, and That you have always a kind Remembrance of us, longing to see Us, teven as we also You;

7 onthis account, Brethren, twe were comforted over you, in All our \*Dis-TRESS and Affliction, by means of your Faith.

- 8 Because we now live, since you 1 stand firm in the Lord.
- 9 For †What Gratitude can we return to Gob concerning you, for All the Joy with which we rejoiceon your accountin the presence of our God;
- 10 Night and Day most abundantly tentreating to SEE Your FACE, and 1 to supply the Deficiencies of your faith?
- 11 But may God Himself, even our Father, and our Lord Jesus, direct our way to you:
- 12 and may the Lord teause you to be full and to overflow with ILOVE to eachother, and to alleven, as we also to you;
  - 13 so as to ‡establish your hearts blameless in holiness before God, even our Father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus, twith All his saints.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 \*Finally, Brethren, we entreat you, and we exhort in the Lord Jesus, \*thatas you received from

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. DISTRESS and Affliction. 11. Anointed-omit. 1. that as you re-1. therefore-omit. 1. FINALLY. 13. Anointed-ourt. ceived from as new it behoves you to walk and please God, even as also you walk, you may abound more.

<sup>\$ 1, 0. \$ 6.</sup> Phil. i. 8. \$ 19. 1 Thess. i. 2. 17. 2 Cor. i. 4; vii. 6, 7, 13. # 6. Acts xviii. 1, 5. iv. 1. i. 8; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. v. 23; 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 John iii. 20, 21. Jude 14.

Chap. 4: 2.] λαβετε παρ' ήμων το πως δει ύμας περιπατειν rived from us the how it behoves you to walk και αρεσκειν θεφ, ίνα περισσευητε μαλλον and to please God, so that you may abound more; <sup>2</sup> οιδατε γαρ, τινας παραγγελιας εδωκαμεν ύμιτ you know for, what commands we gave to you δια του κυριου Ιησου.  $^3$ Τουτο γαρ εστι  $\theta$ ελ $\eta$ -Lord Jeeus. is for μα του θεου, δ άγιασμος ύμων απεχεσθαι ύμας of the God, the sanctification of you; to abstain you απο της πορνειας. 4 ειδεναι έκαστον ύμων το from the fornication; to have known each one ofyou the έαυτου σκευος κτασθαι εν άγιασμφ και τιμη, of himself vessel to possess in sanctification and  $^5$  μη εν παθει επιθυμιας, καθαπερ και τα εθνη not in passion of mordinate desire, he Gentiles as even τα μη ειδοτα τον θευν  $^6$ το μη ὑπερβαινειν those not knowing the God; that not to oversten και πλεονεκτειν εν τω πραγματι τον αδελφον in the matter the διοτι εκδικος  $*\lceil \delta \rceil$  κυριος περι παι rωνof humself; because an avenger [the] Lord concerning TOUTWY. καθως και προειπομεν - ύμιν και διεthere things, 8.8 a!. 0 we before said to you and μαρτυραμεθα. <sup>7</sup> Ου γαρ εκαλεσεν ήμος ή θεος Not for did call testified. us the God επι ακαθαρσια, αλλ' εν άγιασμω. 8 Τοιγαρουν impurity, but in sanctification. Therefore for theonesetting aside, not unan sets aside, hut

δ αθετων, ουκ ανθρωπον αθετει, αλλα τον θεον, τον και δοντα το πνευμα αύτου το άγιον God, that also having given the spirit of himself the boly εις ήμας. 9 Περι δε της φιλαδελφιας, ου χρειαν us. Concerning but the brotherly love, no need εχετε γραφειν δμινο συτοι γαρ δμεις θεοδιδακ-you have to write to you; yourselves for you God-taught 10 και γαρ τοι εστε εις το αγαπαν αλληλους. into the tolove each oth w: ela for

παιειτε αυτο εις παντας τους αδελφους τους εν a1) į٠ to the breturen those in Παρακαλουμέν ε ύμας, όλη τη Μακεδονια. Weexhort waole the Macedonia. Lui you. αλελφοι, περισσευειν μαλλον. 11 και Φιλοτιbrethren, barods of more; bas to strive με σθοι ήσυχαζειν, και πρασσειν τα ιδια, και to do the things your own, and earn wily to be quiet, 954 εργοζεσθαι ταις \*[εδιαις] χερσιν ύμων, καθως with "he own hand of you. υμιν παρηγγειλαμεν· 12 ίνα περιπατητε ευσχη-

we commanded, so that you may walk becom-

us 1 now it behaves you to walk and ‡to please God, so that you may abound more.

2 For you know What Commandments we gave yon by the LORD Jesus.

3 For this is # God's Will, your SANCTIFICA-TION; tthat you abstain from FORNICATION;

4 I that each of you know how to possess me own Vessel in Sanctifica. tion and Honor:

5 not in Passion of Lust, teven as THOSE GENTILES who know not God:

6 that none overstep the bounds and cheat his BROTHER by the PRAC-TICE; because the Lord is ‡an Avenger for all these things, as we before said to you, and fully testified.

7 For God did not call us for Impurity, # but in Sanctification.

8 Therefore, ‡ HE who REJECTS, rejects not Man, but THAT GOD ; who also imparted his HOLY SPIRIT for \* you.

9 But concerning BRO-THERLY LOVE, \* we have no Need to write to you, for pou yourselves are divinely instructed t to LOVE each other;

10 ffor you also do " \* even towards All THOSE BRETHREN IN All MACE-BONIA. But we exhort you, Brethren, tto abound vet more.

11 and earnestly strive to be quiet, and to mind your own affairs, and I to work with your HANDS, as we commanded You;

12 tso that you may walk becomingly towards

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. the -omit. 8. you. 19. even towards. 11. own-omit. write to you.

<sup>9.</sup> we have no Need to

<sup>† 1.</sup> Phil. i. 27; Col. ii. 6.
† 1. Eph. v. 27.
† 3. Rom. xii. 2; Eph. v. 17;
5. 1 Cor. vi. 15. 18; Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5.
† 4. Rom. vi. 19; 1 Cor. vi. 15. 18.
† 5. Luke x. 10.
† 5. 1 Cor. ii. 10; vii. 40; 1 John xii. 24.
† 5. Luke x. 10.
† 5. Luke x. 10.
† 6. 1 Cor. ii. 10; vii. 40; 1 John xii. 24.
† 7. John xiii. 34, xx 12; Eph. v. 2; I Pet. iv. 8; 1 John xii. 11, 23; iv. 21.
† 10. 1 Thess. xiii.13: 2 Cor. viii. 34; 1 Pet. ii. 15.

μονως προς τους εξω, in ly towards those outside, μηδενος χρειαν каі and ofnothing need 13 Ου βελομεν δε ύμας αγνοειν, αδελ-EYMTE. we wish but your to be ignorant, breth-Net φοι, περι των κεκοιμημενων, ίνα μη λυπησθε, ren, concerning those having fallen asleep, so that not you may grieve, καθως και οί λοιποι οί μη εχοντες ελπιδα. 14 Ει even the others those not having a hope. γαρ πιστευομεν, ότι Ιησους απεθανε και ανεσdied and we believe, that Jesus arose, τη, ούτω και ό θεος τους κοιμηθεντας δια του also the God those having slept through the Ιησου, αξει συν αυτφ. 15 Τουτο γαρ ύμιν λεγο-Jesus, willlead out with him. This for to you we may μεν εν λογφ κυριου, ότι ήμεις οί ζωντες οί word of Lord, that we the living ones those περιλειπομενοι εις την παρουσιαν του κυριου, the coming of the Lord, being left over to <sup>16</sup> 'Οτι μη φθασωμεν τους κοιμηθεντας. not not those having slept. Because may precede αυτος δ κυριος εν κελευσματι, εν φωνη αρχαγacommand, with avoice himself the Lord with of a chief γελου, και εν σαλπιγγι θεου καταβησεται απ messenger, and with a trumpet of God will come down from ουρανου, και οί νεκροι εν Χριστφ αναστησονται and thedeadones in Anointed will be raised πρωτον 17 επειτα ήμεις οί ζωντες οί περιλειποafterwards we the living ones those first; being left μενοι, αμα συν αυτοις άρπαγησομεθα εν νεφεcoor, at the sametime with them shall be caught away in clouds λαις εις απαντησιν του κυριου εις αερα και of the into air; for a meeting Lord and  $^{18}$   $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ούτω παντοτε συν κυριφ εσομεθα. Therefore always with Lord shall we be. παρακαλειτε αλληλους εν τοις λογοις τουτοις. comfort you eacb other in the words these. 1 Περι δε των χρονων και των KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5. Concerning but the times and the καιρων, αδελφοι, ου χρειαν εχετε ύμιν γραφεσno need you have to you to be writteasons. θαι·  $^2$  αυτοι γαρ ακ, ιτως οιδατε, ότι \*[ή] ήμερα ten; yourselves for accurately you know, that [the] day

κυριου, ώς κλεπτης εν νυκτι, ούτως ερχεται.

 $\alpha_{i}\phi_{\nu}i\delta_{i}os$   $\alpha_{\nu}\tau_{o}is$   $\epsilon\phi_{i}\sigma\tau\alpha\tau\alpha_{i}$   $o\lambda\epsilon\theta_{\rho}os$ ,  $\delta\sigma\pi^{\prime}\rho$   $\dot{\eta}$ 

having;

night,

and

τη εν γαστρι εχουση· και ου μη εκφυγω-

.n

Peace

is at hand

3 'Οταν λεγωσιν. Ειρηνη και ασφαλεια.

THOSE WITHOUT, and may have Need of nothing.

13 And we do not wish you to be ignorant, Brethren, concerning THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP, so that you may not grieve аз тиозе отнекз ‡wbo HAVE not a Hope.

14 For I since we believe That Jesus died and arose: so also [we believe] that Gov, through Jesus, ‡ will lead forth with him THOSE

who fell asleep.

15 For this we affirm to you, by the Lord's Word, that we, the LIVING, who are LEFT OVER to the COMING of the \*Lord, will by no means precede THOSP who fell ASLLEP.

16 Because the Lord himself will come down from Heaven with a Shout. with an Archangel's Voice, and with ! God's Trumpet; and the DEAD in Christ will be raised first:

17 then we, the living, twho are LEFT OVER, shall at the same time with them. be caught away in Clouds, for a Meeting of the I ond in the Air; and I so we shall be always \* with the Lord.

18 Therefore, comfort with these each other WORDS.

### CHAPTER V.

1 But concerning the TIMES and the SEASONS Brethren, you do not need to be written to;

2 for you yourselves know accurately, i That the Lord's Day is coming like a Thief at Night.

3 When they may say, "Peace and Safety," then Isudden Destruction impends over them, just as LABOR-PANGS ON HER Who is pregnant, and they shall by no means escape. and not not can they es-

- a thief

to them

When they may say;

birth-pang to her in womb

of Lord, as

sudden

comes.

 $\tau o \tau \epsilon$ 

60

aafety:

destruction, just as the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. JESUS.

<sup>17.</sup> in the Lord.

<sup>2.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Eph. ii. 12. † 14. 1 Cor. xv. 13. † 14. 1 Cor. xv. 23. † 1 † •. Matt. xxiv. 30, 31; Acts i. 11; 2 Thess. i. 7. † 16. 1 Cor. xv. 52. 2. 23, 52. † 17. 1 Cor. xv. 51. † 17. John xii. 20; xiv. 3; xvii. 24. x v 3, 36; Acts i. 7. † 2. Matt. xxiv. 43, 44; xxv. 13; Luke xii. 39, 40. xvi. -7-29; xxi. 34, 35; 2 Thess. 1-14. 1 15. 1 Cor xv. 51. 1 16. 1 Cor. 1 1. Matt. 1 8. Luke

σιν.  $^4$  μεις δε, αδελφοι, ουκ εστε εν σκοτει, cape. You but, brethren, not are in darkness, ίνα ή ήμερα ύμας ώς κλεπτης καταλαβη that the day you as a thief should come upon,

<sup>5</sup> παντές γαρ ύμεις υίοι φωτος έστε και υίοι for you sons oflight aud are ήμερας. ουκ ετιιέν νυκτος, ουδε σκοτους, 6 Αρα ofday, not we are of night, nor of darkness. So ουν μη καθευωδιιεν, ως \* [και] οί λοιποι, αλλα then not we may sleep, as [even] the others, γρηγυρωμεν και νηφωμεν. 7 οί γαρ καθευδονweshould watch and weshould not drink; those for alceping τες, νυκτος καθευδουσι και οί μεθυσκομενοι, they aleep; and those getting drunk, of night νυκτος μεθυουσιν. 8' Ημεις δε, ήμερας ovres, of might they get drunk. We but, of day being. νηφωμεν, ενδυσαμενοι θωρακα πιστεως και αγαshould not drink, having put ou a breastplate of faith bas πης, και περικεφαλαιαν, ελπιδα σωτηριας. love. and a helmet. a hope of salvation; θύτι ουκ εθετο ήμας δ θεος εις οργην, αλλ' because not did set us the Gud for wrath, bu t εις περιποιησιν σωτηριας δια του κυριου ήμων attaining of salvation by means of the Lord er us Ιησου \*[Χοιστου,] 19 του αποθανοντος ည်π∈ρ [Anointed,] of that having died on behalf ήμων ένα, ειτε γρηγορωμεν ειτε καθευδωμεν, of us; so that, whether we may be awake or we may bersleep 11 Διο παρακαλειτε άμα συν αυτφ (ησωμεν. together with him we may live. Wherefore comfort you αλληλους, και οικοδομειτε είς τον ένα, καθως each other. build you up the other, and oue 12 Ερωτωμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, και ποιειτε. even

but you oo. Weentreat you, brethren, ε θεναι τους κοπιωντας εν ύμιν, και προισταμεtoiling among you, and presiding νους ύμων εν κυριώ, και νουθετουντας ύμας, yuu in Lord, and admontahing yuu,  $^{12}$ και ἡγεισθαι αυτους ὑπερεκπερισσου  $\,$ εν  $\,$ αγαiove. and to esteem them superabundantly

πη, δια το εργον αυτων ειρηνευετε εν έσυσες στων.

ση απος στων ειρηνευετε εν έσυσες στων.

τοις. 14 Παρακαλουμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, νουwelves. We exhort but you, brethren, adθετειτε τους ατακτους, παραμυθεισθε τους Cli-

Hereite tous ataktous,  $\pi$  apamuheinhe tous chimoushyou the disorderly ones, encourage you the descriptions, antexed to two antexeus, pakpoburounding ones, hold you on to the feeble ones, be you loag-

μείτε προς παντας. 15 Ορατε, μη τις κακον suffering towards all. See you, 20 one evil

iffering towards all. See you, 20 one evil

4 ‡ But gou, Brethren, are not in Darkness, that the DAY should come upon You like a Thicf;

5 for nou are all ‡ Sons of Light, and Sons of Day. We are not of Night, nor

of Darkness,

6 \$\frac{1}{2}\$So then, we should not sleep, as the OTHERS; but we should \$\frac{1}{2}\$be vigilant and temperate.

7 For \$ THOSE who SLEEP, sleep by Night; and \$ the DRUNKARDS

Drink by Night.

8 But we, being of the Day, should be vigilant, thaving put on a Breast-plate of Faith and Love, and for a Helmet, the Hope of Salvation;

9 Because 1GoD did not set us apart for Wrath, but 1 for attaining Salvation, through THAT LORD

of ours, Jesus,

10 twho DIED on our behalf, so that whether we may be watching or sleeping, we may live together with Him.

11 Therefore, consols each other, and edity one the OTHER, as also you de.

12 But we entreat you, Brethren, to acknowledge Those who Toll among you, both presiding over you in the Lord, and admonishing you;

13 and to esteem them very highly in Love, on account of their work. Cultivate peace among yourselves.

14 And we exhort you, Brethren, ‡admonish the DISORDERLY, ‡encourage the TIMID, ‡assist the FFEBLE, be ‡forbearing towards all.

15 | See that no one

VATICAN MARUZORIPT. - 6. even-omit. 9 Anointed-omit.

<sup>14.</sup> Rom. xiii, 12, 13; 1 John ii. 8. 15. Eph. v. 8. 16. Matt. xxv. 5. 26. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Rom. xiii. 11-13; 1 Pet. v. 8. 17. Luke xxi. 34, 26; Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14. 15. 17. Acts ii. 15. 18. Eph. vi. 14, 16, 17. 19. Rom. xiv. 22; 1 Thess. ii. 13, 14. 1 10. Rom. xiv. 8, 0; 2 Cor. v. 15. 11. 1 Thess. iiv. 18. 12. 1 Cor. xvi. 18; Ph. L. ii. 29; 1 Tim. v. 17; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. 14. 2 Thess. iii. 11, 12. 14. Heb. xii. 12. 14. Rom. xiv. 18; Ph. L. ii. 29; 2 La. xiv. 18; Ph. L. ii. 29; 2 La. xiv. 19; Gal. vi. 1, 2. 14. Gal. v. 22; Eph iv. 2; Col. jii. 19; 14. Lev. xix. 18; Prov. xx. 22; xxiv. 20; Matt. v. 30, 44; Rom. xii. 17; 1 Cor. vi. 7 1 Pet. iii. 9.

αντι κακου τινι αποδω $a\lambda\lambda a \pi a\nu \tau o \tau \epsilon$  $\tau_0$ n place of eil to anyone should render; but always the αγαθον διωκετε και εις αλληλους και εις πανgood pursue you both towards each other and towards all. 16 Παντοτε χαιρετε. 17 Αδιαλειπτως προσ-Always rejoice you. Unceasingly pray ευχεσθε 18 εν παντι ευχαριστειτε τουτο γαι in everything give you thanks; this you; θελημα θεου εν Χριστου Ιησου εις δμας. of God in Anointed Jesus concerning you. The ωνευμα μη σβεννυτε· 20 προφητειας μη εξουθεnot quenc you; prophecienot disregard νείτε 21 παντα δε δοκιμαίετε το καλον κατεthe good thing hold all things but try you; χετε 22 απο παντος ειδους πονηρου απεχεσίε. de you shetain. form ofevil yru fast; from every <sup>23</sup> Αυτος δε δ θεος της ειρηνης άγιασαι ύμας Himself but the God of the peace may sanctify you δλοτελεις, και όλοκλημον ύμων το πνευμα κα. of you the and ⊶ d whol spirit ή ψυχη και το σωμα αμε ττως εν τη παρουσια blamelese in the and the h.dy presence. κυριοι ήμων τη ου Χριστου τηρηθειη. TOU of the Lord 02 85 Jesus Auginted may be preserved.  $^{24}$  Πιστος δ καλων έχιας, δς και ποιησει.  $^{26}$  Α $^{5}$ ελ-Paithful the one calling you, who also will persorm Breth-26 Ασ ασσ€ε προσευχεσθε πιρι ήμων. Фог. eog cheles or us. ren, prayyou φιληματι Tavas EV TOUS αδελφους άγιφ. ell with a 188 ba... the brethren 27 Όρκιζω ύμης του κυριον, αναγνο Θηναι την the Lord, to he read the 23 °H επιστολην πασι τοις \*[άγι ιις] αδελ τοις. to all the [holy] brethren. The  $\mu \epsilon^{\prime}$ χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χηιστου of us Jesus Anointed with favor of the Lord iuwv. you.

render Evil for Evil ta Any one but always pursue the GOOD, both towards each other and towards al...

16 ‡ Rejoice always. 17 ‡ Pray unceasingly. 18 ‡ In everything give

18 ‡ In everything give thanks; for this is God's Will, by Christ J:sus, concerning you.

19 ‡ Quench not the

STIRIT.

20 ‡ Do not disregard Prophecies; 21 but ‡ examine all

things. ‡ Hold fast the GOOD.

22 Abstain from Every form of Evil.

23 And may the God of PEACE Himself sanctify you entirely; and may You. Those person—the SPIRIT, and the SOUL, and the BODY,—the arcserved nameles anther presence of our Lord Jesus thrist.

2½ ‡ Faithful SHE who CALLS you, who also will perform.

25 Brethren, ‡ pray

26 ‡ Salute all the BRETHEEN with a holy

27 I adjure you by the LORD, to read the LEI-TER to All the BRETHREN.

28 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you. \* †

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. also. 27. holy—omit. TO THE THESEALONICANS. WRITTEN FROM ATHENS.

<sup>28.</sup> Subscription—FIRST

<sup>† 28.</sup> From facts and circumstances related in the history of .ne Acts, it appears that this First Epistle was written, not from Athens, as the interpolated postscript at the endert the Epistle hears, but from Corinth; and that not long after the publication of Claudius's plants the Jews, which happened in the 12th year of his reign, answering to A. D. 51. --Macknight.

<sup>† 16. 2</sup> Cor. vi. 10; Phil. iv. 4. † 17. Luke xviii. 1; xxi. 36; Rom. xii. 12; Eph. vi. 5; Col. iv. 2; 1 Pct. iv. 7. † 18. Eph. v. 20; Col. iii. 17. † 19. Eph. iv. 30. † 20. 1 Cor. xiv. 1, 38. † 21. 1 Cor. ii. 11, 15; 1 John iv. 1. † 21. Phil. iv. 8. † 23. † Cor. i. 9; x. i3; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 26. Rom. xvi. 5; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 26. Rom. xvi. 5; 2 Thess. iii. 18. † 28. Rom. xvi. 20, 24. 
# [MAYAOY] MPON GENNAAONIKEIN [EMINTOAH] AEYTEPA. [OF PAUL] TO THESSALONICANS [AN EPISTLE] SECOND.

# \* SECOND TO THE THESSALONICANS.

## КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθέος, τη εκand Silvanus and Timothy, to the conκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεω πατρι ήμων και of Thesaslonicaus in God a father of us κυριω Ιησου Χριστφ· <sup>2</sup> χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη Jesus Anointed; Lord favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος \*[ήμων,] και κυριου Ιησου God a father [of us.] and Lord Jesus <sup>3</sup> Ευχαρίστειν οφειλομεν  $\theta \in \omega$ Χριστου.  $\tau\omega$ To give thanks we are bound to the God Anounted. παντοτε περι ύμων, αδελφοι, καθως αξιον always concerning you, brethren, 2.5 εστιν, ότι ύπεραυζανει ή πωττις ύμων, και πλεονit is, because is growing fast the faith of you, and abounds αζει ή αγαπη ένος έκαστου παντων ύμων εις of one of each of all the love of you for αλληλους· 4 ώστε ήμας αυτους εν ύμιν καυχασeach other; so that us ourselves in you to boast  $\theta$ al  $\epsilon \nu$   $\tau$ als  $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma$ lals  $\tau$ ou  $\theta \epsilon$ ou,  $\delta \pi \epsilon \rho$   $\tau \eta$ s among the congregations of the God, on account of the ύπομονης ύμων και πιστεως, εν πασι τοις διωγof you and offaith, io all μοις ύμων και ταις θλιψεσιν, αίς ανεχεσθε eutions of you and the afflictions, which you endure; 5 ενδείγμα της δικαίας κρίσεως του θέου, είς το atoken of the righteous judgment of the God, for that καταξιωθηναι ύμας της βασιλειας του θεου, to be deemed worthy you of the kingdom of the <sup>6</sup> Ειπερ δικαιον παρα ής και πασχετε. on hehalf of which also you suffer. If indeed a just thing with θεω, ανταποδουναι τοις θλιβουσιν ύμας θλιψιν, God, to give in return to those afflicting you 7 και ύμιν τοις θλιβομενοις ανεσιν μεθ' ήμων, εν and to you to those being afflicted a relaxation with τη αποκαλυψει του κυριου Ιησου απ' ουρανου, of the Lord Jesus *μετ' αγγελων δυναμεως αύτου*, εν πυρι Φλοwith messengers of power of himself, in a fire γος, διδοντος εκδικησιι τοις μη ειδοσι θεον, flame, executing retributive justice to those not knowing God, και τοις μη ύπακουουσι τω ευαγγελιω and to those not being obedient to the glad tidings του glad tidings of the

#### CHAPTER 1.

1 Paul, and ‡Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the con-GREGATION of Thessalonicans ‡in God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ:

2 ‡Favor to you and Peace, from God the Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 ‡We are bound to give thanks to God always concerning you, Brethran, as it is proper, Because your faith is growing exceedingly, and the love of each One of you All is abounding towards each other:

4 so that twe ourselves boast in You among the congregations of God, ton account of your patience and Faith, tin All your PERSECUTIONS and the AFFLICTIONS which you endure;

5 ‡ a Token of the RIGHTEOUS Judgment of God, for you to be present of the Aller DOM of God, on account of which also you suffer.

6 ‡ If indeed it is just with God to repay Afflic tion to THOSE who AF-

FLICT 7ou,

7 so also to you the Ag-FLICTED, ‡a Rest together with us, at ‡the REVELA-TION of the LORD Jesus from Heaven with the Angels of his Power,

S in a Flame of Fire, dispensing Retributive justice ito those not acknowledging God, and to those not being oredient to the GLAD TIDINGS of our LOED Jesus:

9 ‡ who shall pay a just

2. of us-omit.

κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* [Χριστου·] 9 οίτινες δικην

[Auointed,]

who a just penalty

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. - Title-Second to the Thessalonicans. 8. Anointed-omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{1.2} \text{Cor. i. 19.} \\ \frac{1}{1.1} \text{Thess. i. 1.} \\ \frac{1}{2.1} \text{Cor. i. 3.} \\ \frac{1}{3.1} \text{Thess. ii. 19.} \\ \frac{1}{3.1} \text{Thess.} \\ \frac{1} \text{Thess.} \\ \frac{1}{3.1} \text{Thess

τισουσιν, δλεθρον αιωνιον, απο προσωπου του shall pay, destruction age-assing, from face Of the κυριου και απο της δυξης της ισχυος αυτου, Lord and from the glory of the strength o him, θ όταν ελθη ενδοξασθηναι εν τοις άγιοις when he may come to be glorified in the holy ones αύτου και θαυματθηναι εν πασι τοις πιστευσαof himself and to be admired in all those having believed, σιν, (ότι επιστευθη το μαρτυριον ήμων εφ' (because was believed the testimony of us to ύμας,) εν τη ημερα εκεινη. 11 Εις δ και προσ-For which also that. you,) in the day ευχομεθα παντοτε περι ύμων, ίνα ύμας αξιωyou may be always concerning you, that pray της κλησεως δ θεος ήμων, και the God of us, and calling counted worthy of the ευδοκιαν αγαθωσυνης και πληρωση πασαν of goodness good intentior every may fill up may fillup every goodinated in  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_$ name of the Lord of us Jesus [Ancinted] ύμιν, και ύμεις εν αυτο, κατα την χαρίν του you, said you in him, according to the favor of the θεου ήμων και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. God of us and Lord Jesus Anointed,

## КΕΦ. β'. 2.

Ερωτωμέν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ύπερ της Weentieat and you, brethren, concerning the παρουσίας του κυρίου  $\pi$  [ήμων] Ιησου Χρίστου, presence of the Lord [of us] Jesus Audiated, και ήμων επίσυναγωγης επ' αυτον,  $\frac{2}{2}$  είς το μη to him, in order that not and ofus assembling ταχεως σαλευθηναι ύμας απο του νοος, μητε quickly to be shaken you from the mind, nor θροεισθαι μητε δια πνευματος, μητε δια λογου, to be alarmed neither by a spirit, not by a word, μητε δι' επιστολης ως δι' ήμων, ως ότι as by means of us, 2.5 aletter ενεστηκεν ή ήμερα του κυριου. 3 Μη τις ύμας has come close the day of the Lord. No one you εξαπατηση κατα μηδενα τροπον ότι, εαν μη should delude by any turn; because, if not ελθη ή αποστασια πρωτον, και αποκαλυφθη and may be revealed may come the falling away first,  $\delta$  ανθρωπος της άμαρτιας,  $\delta$  vios της απωλειας, the man of the sin, the son of the destruction,  $^4$ δ αντικειμενος και ὑπεραιρομενος επι παντα and lifting up himself above he opposing λεγομενον θεον η σεβασμα, ώστε αυτον εις τον being called a god or an august object, so that him into the γαον το  $\theta$ εου καθισαι, αποδεικνυντα έαυτον, temple of the God to be seated, openly showing himself, ότι ετι <sup>5</sup> Ου μνημονευετε, ότι εστι θεος. that still remember you, Not a god.

penalty,-aionion Destruction from the Face of the LORD, and from the GLORY of his strength;

10 twhen he shall come to be glorified in his SAINTS, and to be admired in All THOSE who BELIEVE, in that DAY; Because our TESTIMON to you was believed.

11 For which also we pray always concerning you, that our God in y esteem You worthy of the CALLING, and may complete Every Desire of Goodness, and 1 Work o: Faith with Power;

12 tso that the NAME of our Lord Jesus may be glorified in you, and nou in him, according to the FAVOR of our God, and Lord Jesus Christ.

### CHAPTER II.

1 But we entreat you, Brethren, concerning 1 the COMING of the LORD Jesus Christ, and Our ‡ Assembling to him,

2 that you be not quickly AGITATED in MIND, nor alarmed, neither by a Spirit, nor by a Discourse nor by a Letter as from us, as though the DAY of the LORD was present.

3 ‡ Let no one delude You by any means, Because the APOSTACY must come first, and there must be revealed THAt MAN of SIN, THAT SON O. DESTRUCTION,

4 the opponent, who indeed ‡lifts himself above everything called Divinity or Majesty; so as to seat himself in the TEMPLE of God, exhibiting himself That he is a God.

5 Do you not remember

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-12. Anointed-omit.

<sup>2.</sup> of us-omit. † 10. Psa. lxxxix.7 † 10. Psa. lxviii. 35. † 11. 1 Thess. i. 3. † 12. 1 Pct. i. 7; iv. 14. † 1. 1 Thess. iv. 16. † 1. Matt. xxiv. 31; Mark xiii. 27; 1 Thess. iv. 17 † 3. Matt. xxiv. 4; Erh. v. 6; 1 John iv. 1. † 3. 1 Tim. iv. 1. † 3. Dan. vii. 25 † John ii. 18; Rev. xiii. 11 † 4. Dan. zii. 25; xi. %; Rev. xiii. 6. t 12. 1 Pct.

ων προς ύμας, ταυτα ελεγον ύμιν;  $^6$  και νυν you, these things isaid to you? and now το κατέχον οιδατέ, εις το αποκαλυφθηναι the restraining thing you know, in order that to be revealed <sup>7</sup> Το γαρ μυστηριο**ν** αυτον εν τω έαυτου καιρα. him in the of himself season. The for secret thing ηδη ενεργειται της ανομιας, μονον δ κατεχων already works of the lawlessness, only the one restraining αρτι έως εκ μεσου γενηται. 8 και τοτε αποκαnow tillout of midst it may be, and then will be reλυφθησεται δ ανομος· δν δ κυριος \*[Ιησους] the lawless one; whom the Lord [Jesus] αναλωσει τω πνευματι του στοματος αύτου, will consume with the breath of the mouth of himself, και καταργησει τη επιφανεία της παρουσιας and will make powerless by the appearing of the presence αύτου θού εστιν ή παρουσια, κατ' ενεργειαν of hunself of whom is the presence, according to an energy του σατανα, εν παση δυναμε, και σημειοις και of the adversary, with all power and and signs τερασι ψευδους,  $^{10}και$  εν παση απατη  $^*[τηs]$  wonders of the hood, and with every deception [of the αδικιας, \*[εν] τοις απολλυμένοις ανθ' ών την [in] those perishing; hecause as αγαπην της αληθείας ουκ εδεξαντο είς not they received in order that love ofthe truth <sup>11</sup> Και δια *τουτο*  $\sigma\omega\theta\eta\nu\alpha\iota$  autous.  $\pi \in \mathcal{U} \cup \in \iota$ And because of this willsend to be saved them. αυτοις δ θεος ενεργειαν πλανης, εις το πιστευto them the God a atrong working of decest, in order that to believe σαι αυτους τω ψευδει: 12 ίνα κριθωσι παντες οί them the falsehood; so that may be judged all those *μη πιστευσαντες τη αληθεια, αλλ' ευδοκησαν*having believed the truth, but having delighted  $^{13}$  Hmeis de ofeilomen  $\tau \in S * [ \in \nu ] \tau \eta \ \alpha \delta \iota \kappa \iota \alpha$ . the iniquity. We [in] but are bound ευχαριστειν τω θεω ύμων, παντοτε  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ to give thanks to the God concerning always you, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο κυριου, ότι είλατο being beloved Lord, because chose ύμας ό θεος απ' αογης εις σωτηριαν εν άγιyou the God from a beginning for salvation in sancti-

Χριστου. Anointed. .  $^{15}$  Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, στηκετε, και κρατειτε So then. brethren. stand you.

ασμώ πνευματος και πιστει αληθειας· 14 εις

εκαλεσεν ύμας δια του ευαγγελιου ήμων,

you by means of the glad tidings

 $\tau o v$ 

ofthe

and belief

δοξης

glory

fication

of spirit

περιποιησιν

obtaining

11. sends them.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—8, Jesus—omit. sends them. 12. in—omit. 13. of the—omit. 10. in-omit. 13. chose you a First-fruit.

into which

of us,

κυριου ήμων Ιησου

ofus

FLS

for

Jesus

of truth:

Lord

That while I was with you, I said these things to you?

6 and now you know WHAT RESTRAINS, IN OFder to his EEING REVEAL-ED in HIS OWN Scase n.

7 For tthe secret of LAWLESEN FSB is already working, till only the one RESTRAINING for the prescat shall be out of the way:

S and then will be revealed the LAWLESS ONE; (#whom the Lord Jesus will consume with tthe RREATH of his MOUTH. and annihilate by the AP-PEARING of his PRES-ENCE;)

9 Whose coming is according to the Energy of the ADVERSARY, with A' Power, and ‡ Signs, \_\_\_\_ Wouders of Falsehood.

10 and with Every Deception of Iniquity to t THOSE who are PERISH-ING, because they admitted not the Love of the Truin in order that they might be saved.

11 # And on this account God \* will send to then an Energy of Delusion, 2 to their BELIEVING FALSEHOOD;

13 in order that Ail THOSE may be judged w... BELIEVED not the TRUTH, tbut approved the INI-QUITY.

13 But twe are bound to give thanks to God al ways for you, Brethren beloved by the Lord, Because I God \* chose you a Firstfruit for Salvation, ‡in Sanetification of Spirit and Belief of Truth;

14 to which he called you by our GLAD TIDINGS, for the obtaining of the Glory of our LORD Jesus Christ.

15 So then, Brethren, and hold you fast | tstand firm, and retain

<sup>† 7. 1</sup> John ii. 18; iv. 3. † 8. Dan. vii. 10, 11. † 8. Isa. xi. 4; Rev. † 1. 16. 9. Matt. xxiv. 24; Rev. xiii. 13; xix. 20. † 10. 2 Cer. ii. 15; iv. 3. † 17. dom. 24. † 11. Matt. xxiv. 5, 11; 1 Tim. iv. 1. † 12. Rom. i. 32. † 13. 2 Class 3. † 13. 1 Thess. i. 4. † 13. 1 Pet. i. 2. † 14. John xvii. 22; 1 Thess. ... 2: 1 Pet. v. 10. † 15. 1 Cor. xvi. 15; Phil. iv. 1. 1 9. Matt. i. 24. 12: 1 Pet. v. 10.

 $\tau$ as  $\pi$ apaδο $\sigma$ εις, άς εδιδα $\chi\theta\eta\tau\epsilon$ , δια  $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$ traditions, which you were taught, whether through λογου ειτε δι' επιστολης ήμων. 16 Aυτος δε of us. Himself but a word or bу a letter δ κυριος ήμων Ιησους Χριστος, και δ θεος Jesus Anointed, and the God the Lord of us \*[και] πατηρ ήμων δ αγαπησας ήμας και δους [and] father of us he having loved us and having given παρακλησιν αιωνιαν και ελπιδα αγαθην εν χωa consolation age-lasting and a hope good bу ριτι, 17 παρακαλεσαι ύμων τας καρδιας, και στηmay comfort of you the hearts, and may ριζαι \* [ύμας] εν παντι λογώ και εργώ αγαθώ.
establish [you] in every word and work good.

## KEΦ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

 $^{1}$ Το λοιπον, προσευχεσθε, αδελφοι, πε $_{i}$ ι for The remainder, pray you, brethren, ήμων, ίνα δ λογος του κυριου τρεχη και δοξαof us, that the word of the Lord may run and may be ofus, that the word of the Lord ζηται, καθως και προς ύμας,  $^2$  και ίνα  $^2$  ρυσθωglorified, as even among you, and that we may be leμεν απο των ατοπων και πονηρων ανθρωπων• ου evil livered from the out of place and men; not γαρ παντων ή πιστις.  $^3$  Πιστος δε εστιν δ the faith. Faithful but for of all is the κυριος, δε στηριξει ύμας και φυλαξει απο του Lord, who will establish you and will guard from the πονηρου. 4 Πεποιθαμέν δε εν κυριώ εφ' ύμας, evil one. We have confidence but in Lord concerning you, ά παραγγελλομεν \*[ὑμιν,] και ποιbecause the things we announce [to you,] both είτε και ποιησετε. <sup>5</sup> Ο δε κυρίος κατευθυναι do and willdo. The but Lord may direct do and ύμων τας καρδιας εις την αγαπην του θεου, και εις of you the hearts into the love of the God, and into την ύπομονην του Χριστου. 6 Παραγγελλομεν δε the patience of the Anointed. We give orders ύμιν, αδελφοι, εν ονοματι του κυριου  $*[\mathring{\eta}\mu\omega\nu]$  tryou, brethren, in name of the Lord forus? Ιησου Χριστου, στελλεσθωι ύμας απο παντος of Jesus Anointed, to withdraw you from every αδελφου ατακτως περιπατουντος, και μη walking, hrother disorderly and not according to την παραδοσιν, ην παρελαβοσαν παρ' ήμων. which they received from the tradition, us. 7 Αυτοι γαρ οιδατε, πως δει μιμεισθαι ήμας: Yourselves for know, how it behoves to imitate us; ότι ουκ ητακτησαμεν εν ύμιν, <sup>8</sup> ουδε δωρεαν because not we were disorderly among you, neither gratuitously αρτον εφαγομεν παρα τινος, αλλ' εν κοπφ και bread did we eat from any one, but in toil

the instructions you were taught, whether by our Word or Letter.

16 But may our Lord, \*Christ Jesus himself, and That God our Father, twho Loved us, and gave us, by Favor, atonian Consolation, and ‡a good

17 console Your HEARTS, tand establish you in Every good \* Work and Word.

### CHAPTER III.

1 Finally, Brethren, thray for us, that the word of the Lord may run and be glorified, even as among you;

2 and that we may be delivered from PERVERSE and Vicious Men; for not all have the FAITH.

3 But ‡ Faithful is the LORD, who will establish and ‡ guard you from the EVIL ORE.

4 And twe have confidence in the Lord concerning you, Because the things we command, \*you both are doing, and will do.

5 And may the LORD direct Your HEARTS into the LOVE of GOD, and into the PATIENCE of the ANOINTED one.

6 Now we charge you, Brethren, in the Name of the LORD Jesus Christ, \$\pm\$ to withdraw from Every Brother who walks out of order, and not according to the INSTRUCTION which \* you received from us.

7 For you yourselves know thow you ought to imitate us; Because we were not disorderly among

και for nothing from any one,
and but in Toil and Weariness.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—16. Christ Jesus.
17. Work and Word.
4. to you—omit.
6. you received.
4. you both did, and are doing, and will

μοχθφ, νυκτα και ήμεραν εργαζομενοι, προς το working, weariness, night and day in order that OUX OTI OUK μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων. to burden any of you. εχομεν εξουσιαν, αλλ' ένα έαυτους τυπον we have authority, but that ourselves a pattern we might lndeed for, μεν ύμιν εις το μιμεισθαι ήμας. give to you for the to imitate us. ότε ημεν προς ύμας, τουτο παραγγελλομεν with you, this we announced when we were ύμιν, ότι ει τις ου θελει εργαζεσθαι, μηδε to you, that if any one not wishes to work, 11 Ακουομέν γαρ τινας περιπατουντας We hear for some are walking εσθιετω. let him cal. εν ύμιν ατακτως, μηδεν εργαζομενους, αλλα unnagyou out of order, nothing working, 12 Τοις δε τοιουτοις παραγπεριεργαζομενους. To the now such like being above work. we comγελλομεν και παρακαλουμεν δια του κυριου through the Lord weeshort and \*[ἡμων] Ιησου Χριστου, ίνα μετα ήσυχιας with [ofus] Jeaus Anointed, that quietness αρτον  $\tau o \nu$ έαυτων εσθιωσιν. εργαζομενοι, working, the of themselves bread they may eat. 13 Ύμεις δε, αδελφοι, μη εκκακησητε καλοποι-You but, brethren, not should be remise 14 Ει δε τις ουχ ύπακουει τφ λογφ OUVTES. If hutany one not hearkens to the word well. δια της επιστολης, τουτον σημειουσofus by means of the letter, him point you  $\theta \epsilon \cdot *[και]$  μη συναναμιγνυσ $\theta \epsilon$  αυτ $\phi_*$  ίνα  $\epsilon$ ντρα-[and] not mix you tugether with him, so that he may out; 15 και μη ώς εχθρον ήγεισθε, αλλα νουbe put to shame; and not as an enemy regard you, but Αυτος δε δ κυριος της θετειτε ώς αδελφον. Himself but the Lord of the monish you as a brother. ειρηνης δφη ύμιν την ειρηνην διαπαντος εν peace may give to you the peace always in παντι τροπώ· ὁ κυριος μετα παντων ύμων. way; the Lord with all of you. ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Παυλου, δ εστι σημειον aslutation by the my hand of Paul, which is a sign εν παση επιστολη· ούτω γραφω· 18 ή χαρ's του in every letter; thus I write; the favor of the letter; κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων. Lord of us Jesus Anointed with all of you. \*[Aμην.]

1 working Night and Day, so as not to BURDEN any

9 1 Not Because we have no Authority, but that we might give Ourselves a Pattern for you to IMITATE

10 For also, when we were with you, This we commanded you, ! That if any one is not willing to work, neither let him eat.

11 For we hear of some among you, twalking out of order, not working, but being above work.

12 Now such we charge and exhort sby the Lord Jesus Christ, ‡ that, working with Quietness, they may eat their own Bread.

13 But pou, Brethren, Ishould not be remiss in doing well.

14 But if any one obey not our word by this LETTER, point him out, and # do not associate with him, so that he may be put to shame;

15 ‡ and regard him not as an Enemy, tbut admonish him as a Brother.

16 1 Now may the LORD of PEACE himself give you PEACE always in every way. The LORD be with you all.

17 The SALUTATION of Paul, with my own Hand, which is a Sign in Every Epistle; thus I write.

18 ‡The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you all. \*

[Sobeit.]

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. of us-omit. ". in the Lord Jesus Christ. 14. and-omit. 18. So be it-omit. WRITTEN PROM ATHENS. Subscription-SECOND TO THE THESSALONICANS. and-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Acts xviii. 3; xx. 34; 2 Cor. xi. 0; 1 Thess. ii. 9. † 9. 1 Cor. ix. 6; 1 Thess. ii. 6 † 10. Gen. iii. 19; 1 Thess. iv. 11. † 11. 1 Tim. v. 13; 1 Pet. iv. 15. † 12. Eph. iv. 98. † 13. Gal. vi. 9. † 14. Matt. xviii. 17; 1 Cor. v. 0, 11. † 15. Lev. xiz. 17; 1 Thess. v. 14. † 15. Tius iii. 10. † 16. Rom. xv. 33; xvi. 20; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 2 Cor. xiii. 11; 1 Thess. v. 23. † 17. 1 Cor. xvi. 21; Col. iv. 18. † 18. Rom. xvi. 24.

#### FIRST TO TIMOTHY.

## КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, κατ' of Jesus Anointed, according to an apostle επιταγην θεου, σωτηρος ήμων, και Χριστου assvior of us, and Anointed an appointment of God, <sup>2</sup> Τιμοθεφ γνησιφ to Timothy \* genuine Ιησου, της ελπιδος ήμων, of the Jesus, hope of us, τεκνώ εν πιστει· χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνη απο θεου faith; favor, mercy, peace from God πατρος \*[ἡμων,] και Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου [of us,] and Anointed Jesus the Lord ήμων. of us.

<sup>3</sup> Καθως παρεκαλεσα σε προσμειναι εν Εφεσφ, in Ephesus, I entreated thee to remain πορευομενος εις Μακεδονιαν, ίνα παραγγειλης that thou mayest charge Macedonia, departing for 4 μηδε προσεχειν τισι μη έτεροδιδασκαλειν, some not other to teach, nor to hold to μυθοις και γενεαλογιαις απεραντοις, αίτινες and genealogies endless, which ζητησεις παρεχουσι μαλλον η οικονομιαν θεου disputes occasion rather than an administration of God την εν πιστει: 5 (το δε τελος της παραγγελιας (the now end of the commandment εστιν αγαπη εκ καθαρας καρδιας και συνειδηlove out of a pure heart and conscience is σεως αγαθης και πιστεως ανυποκριτου. good and faith unfeigned; which τινες αστοχησαντες, εξετραπησαν εις ματαιοturned aside to foolish having missed, λογιαν, 7 θελοντες ειναι νομοδιδασκαλοι, μη to be α λ wishing law-teachers, not talking, μητε μητ€ λεγουσι, περι VOOUVTES understanding neither the things they say, nor concerning 8 Οιδαμεν  $\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$  $\delta \iota \alpha \beta \epsilon \beta \alpha \iota o \nu \tau \alpha \iota$ τινων but, that certain things they positively affirm. Weknow καλος δ νομος, εαν τις αυτώ νομιμώς χρηται, good the law, if one it lawfully  $9 \epsilon \iota \delta \omega s \tau o v \tau o$ , ότι δικαιφ νομος ου κειται, that for a just one a law not is laid down, knowing this. δε και ανυποτακτοις, ασεβεσι ανομοις for lawless ones but for unruly ones, for ungodly once and **άμαρτωλοις**, ανοσιοις και  $\beta \in \beta \eta \lambda o i s$ , and for profane ones, æd sinners. for impious ones ανδροφονοις, και μητραλφαις, πατραλωαις for smiters of fathers and for smiters of mothers, for man-killers, <sup>10</sup> πορνοις, ανδραποδισταις, αρσενοκοιταις, for sodomites, for man-stealers, for fornicators, ψευσταις, επιορκοις, και ει τι έτερον τη ύγιαι-

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, ‡according to an Appointment of God our Savior, and of Christ Jesus our HOPE.

2 to Timothy, a Genuine Child in Faith ;—Favor, Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and Christ Je-

sus our Lord.

3 Remain still in Ephesus, as I entreated thee. t when departing for Macedonia, so that thou mayest charge some not I to teach

differently,
4 nor to hold to Fable and interminable Genealo. gies, t which occasion Dis putes, rather than THAT \*EDIFICATION of God by

Faith.

5 (Now the END of the COMMANDMENT is Love, from a Pure Heart, and a good Conscience, and an undissembled Faith;

6 which some having missed, turned aside to

Foolish talking;

7 desiring to be Law-expositors, neither understanding what they are saying, nor certain things about which they positively affirm.

8 We know indeed That tthe LAW is excellent if

one use it lawfully;

9 I knowing this, That a Law is not enacted for a Righteous man, but for the Lawless and Unruly, for the Ungodly and Sinners, for the Impious and Profane, for Smiters of fathers and Smiters of mothers,

for Assassins, 10 for Fornicators, for Sodomites, for Man-stealers, for Liars, for Perjurers, and if there be any for liars, for oath-breakers, and if anything other to the being other thing that is opposed

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-THE FIRST OF TIMOTHY. 4. EDIFICATION.

<sup>2.</sup> of us-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Acts ix. 15; Gal. i. 1, 11. † 3. Acts xx. 1, 3; Phil. ii. 24. † 5. Rom. xiii. S-10; Gal. v. 14. Gal. iii. 19: v 23.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Acts xvi. 1; 1 Cor. iv. 17; Phil. ii. 17; 1 Thess. iii. ± † 3. Gal. i. 6, 7; 1 Tim. vi. 3, 10. † 4. 1 Tim. vi. 4, 20. † 5. 2 Tim. ii. 22. † 8. Rom. vii. 12. † 4.

νουση διδασκαλια αντικειται, 11 κατα το εκαγaccording to the glad teaching is opposed, γελιον της δυξης του μακαριου θεου, δ επισtidings of the glory of the blessed God, which was enτευθην εγω· 12 \* [και] χαριν εχω τω ενδυναμωtrusted with 1; [and] give thanks I to the one having σαντι με Χριστφ Ιησου τφ κυριφ ήμων, ότι empowered me Anointed Jesus the Lord of us, because πιστον με ήγησατο, θεμενος εις διακονιαν. me he regarded, placing into service,  $^{13}$ τον προτερον οντα βλασφημον και διωκτην formerly being a defamer and a persecutor και ύβριστην αλλ' ηλεηθην, δτι αγνοων and a violent person; but I received mercy, because being ignorant εποιησα εν απιστια,  $^{14}$  ὑπερεπλεονασε δε ή unbelief. superabounded but the χαρις του κυριου ήμων μετα πιστεως και αγαfavor of the Lord ofus with faith and love 15 Πιστυς δ λογος, πης της εν Χριστώ Ιησου. of that in Audiuted Jesus. True the word, και πασης αποδοχης αξιος, ότι Χριστος Ιησους reception worthy, that Anointed ηλθεν εις τον κοσμον άμαρτωλους σωσαι, to save, of whom came into the world sinners πρώτος είμι εγώ:  $^{16}$  αλλα δια τουτο ηλεηθην, but through this I received mercy, ίνα εν εμοι πρωτφ ενδειξηται Ιησους Χριστος first might show forth that in me Jesus Appinted την πασαν μακροθυμιαν, προς ύποτυπωσιν των forbearance, for an example of those all μελλοντων πιστευειν επ' αυτώ εις ζωην αιωνιον. to helieve on him for life age-lasting; being about <sup>17</sup> τω δε βασιλει των αιωνων, αφθαρτώ, αορα**τώ,** to the now king of the ages, incorruptible, invisible, μονώ θεώ, τιμη και δοξα εις τους αιώνας των only God, honor and glory for the αιωνων αμην.)

ao beit.) 18 Ταυτην την παραγγελιαν παρατιθεμαι σοι, the charge I commit to them τεκνον Τιμοθεε, κατα τας προαγουσας επι σε child O Timothy, according to the preceding in respect to thee προφητειας ίνα στρατευη εν αυταις την καλην prophecies that thou mayest war by them the good στρατειαν,  $^{19}$  εχων πιστιν και αγαθην συνειδηholding faith and good a consciσιν, ήν τινες απωσαμενοι, περι την πιστιν ence, which some having thrust away, concerning the faith

to the WHOLESOME Doctrine;

11 according to the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the BLESSED GOD, ‡ with which I was entrusted.

12 I give thanks to him who empowered me, Christ Jesus our Lord, Because he deemed Me faithful, ‡ putting into Service

13 him twho was PRE-VIOUSLY a Defamer, and a Persecutor, and a Violent man; but I received mercy, t Because being ignorant I acted in Unbelief.

14 ‡ But the FAVOR of our LORD superabounded, with THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

15 True is the Word, and worthy of All Reception, That ‡ Christ Jesus came into the World to save Sinners, of whom first am E.

16 But on this account \$\forall \text{ received mercy, that in me, first, \* Christ Jesus might exhibit all Forbearance for an Example of Those believe on him in order to aionian Life.

17 † Now to the KING of the AGES, the Incorruptible, the Invisible, the Only God, be Honor and Glory for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.)

18 This CHARGE ‡ I commit to thee, O Child Timothy, according to the PRECEDING PROPHECIES concerning thee, that by them thou mayest carry on ‡ the GOOD Contest;

19 retaining Faith and a Good Conscience, which some having thrust away, concerning the FAITH \* suffered Shipwreck;

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.-12. And-omit. Shipwreek.

<sup>,16.</sup> Christ Jesus. 19. suffered

<sup>† 10. 1</sup> Tim. vi. 3; 2 Tim. iv. 3; Titus i. 9; ii. 1. † 11. 1 Cor. ix. 17; Gal. ii. 7; Col. i. 25; 1 Thess. ii. 4; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11; Titus i. 3 † 12. 2 Cor. iii. 5, 6; iv. 1; Col. i. 25. † 13. Acts viii. 3; ix. 1; 1 Cor. xv. 9; Phil. iii. 6. † 13. Luke xxiii. 3; John ix. 39, 41; Acts iii. 17; xxvi. 0. † 14. 1 Cor. xv. 10. † 15. Matt. ix. 13; Matt. ii. 17; Luke v. 32; xix. 10; Rom. v. 8; 1 John iii. 5. † 10. 2 Cor. iv. 1. † 17. 1 Tim. vi. 15, 16. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 13, 14, 20; 2 Tim. ii. 2. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 12; 2 Tim. ii. 3; iv. 7.

εναυαγησαν·  $^{20}$  ών εστιν Ύμεναιος και Αλεξwere shipwreck; of whom is Hymenius and Alexaνδρος, ούς παρεδωκα τω σατανα, ίνα παιδευander, whom I delivered up to the adversary, so that they might θωσι μη βλασφημειν. be taught not to revile.

## KE $\Phi$ . $\beta'$ . 2.

 $^1$  Παρακαλω ουν πρωτον παντων ποιεισhetaαι|I exhort therefore firet of all to make δεησεις, προσευχας, εντευξεις, ευχαριστιας intercessions, thanksgivinge eupplications, prayers, empplications, prayers, ὑπερ παντων ανθρωπων <sup>2</sup> ὑπερ βασιλεων, και in behalf of all men; in behalf of kings, and in behalf of all ίνα ήρεμον παντων των εν  $b\pi \in \rho \circ \chi \eta$  ov  $\tau \omega v^*$  high station heing; of all of those in high station to that a trauquil και ήσυχιον βιον διαγωμεν εν παση ευσεβεια we may lead in quiet life all <sup>3</sup>Τουτο \*[γαρ] καλον και αποκαι σεμνοτητι. and seriousness. [for] good and ac-4 os δεκτον ενωπιον του σωτηρος ήμων θεου, ceptable in presence of the preserver ofus God, παντας ανθρωπους θελει σωθηναι, και εις επι $\gamma$ mea wishes to be saved, and into an exact νωσιν αληθειας ελθειν. <sup>5</sup> Eis γαρ θεος, είς και knowledge of truth to come. One for God, one and μεσιτης θεου και ανθρωπων, ανθρωπος Χριστος mediator of God and of men, a man Anointed Ιησους, 6 δ δους έαυτον αντιλυτρον ὑπερ πανhe having given himself a rancom in behalf of των· \*[το μαρτυριον] καιροις ιδιοις, 7 εις δ for which the testimony] for seasons own, ετεθην εγω κηρυξ και αποστολος, (αληθειαν was placed I a herald and an apostle, (truth  $\lambda$ εγω, ου ψευδομαι,) διδασκαλος εθνων εν πισ-I speak, not I speak falsely,) a teacher of nations in faith τει και αληθεια.

8 Βουλομαι συν προσευχεσθαι τους ανδρας εν f direct therefore to pray the men in

and in truth.

παντι τοπφ, επαιροντας δσιους χειρας χωρις handa place, lifting up holy without <sup>9</sup> 'Ωσαυτως \*[και τας] οργης και διαλογισμου. In the same way wrath and disputing. [and the] γυναικας εν καταστολη κοσμιφ, μετα αιδους in becoming, with και σωφροσυνης, κοσμειν έαυτας, μη εν πλεγand soundness of mind, to adorn themselves, not with wreaths, μασιν, η χρυσφ, η μαργαριταις, η ίματισμφ or pearls, er gold, a garment

πολυτέλει,  $^{10}$  αλλ', (δ πρέπει γυναιζιν επαγsymmetry, but, (which is becoming for women under-

20 of whom are #Hymenius and Alexander; whom I #delivered up to the ADVERSARY, that they may be taught not to blaspheme.

### CHAPTER II.

1 I cxhort, therefore, first of all, to make Supplications, Prayers, Intercessions, and Thanksgivings in behalf of All Men;

2 tin behalf of Kings, and ALL who ARE in High station, so that we may lead a Tranquil and Quict Life in All Piety and Seriousness.

ousness.
3 This is good and ‡ acceptable before God, our

SAVIOR,

4 ‡ who desires All Men to be saved, ‡ and to come to an accurate Knowledge

of the Truth.
5 ‡ For God is One, and

there is ‡ One Mediator of God and Men, that Man, Christ Jesus, 6 ‡ who GAVE himself a

Ransom in behalf of all, the TESTIMONY in its own Seasons:—

7 for which I was appointed a Herald and an Apostle, (I speak Truth, I do not falsify,) a Teacher of Nations in \*Faith and Truth.

8 1 appoint, therefore, the MEN to pray in every place, lifting up Holy Hands without Wrath and

Disputing.

9 In like manner, the women, also, in t becoming Attire, with Modesty and soberness of mind, not decorating themselves with Wreaths, or Gold, or Pearls, or expensive Clothing,

10 but with good Works, which become Women un-

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. for—omit. Spirit and Truth. 9. and the—omit.

t 6. the TESTIMONY—omit.

<sup>† 20. 2</sup> Tim, ii. 17, 14. † 3. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Tim. v. 4. iii. 9. † 4. John xvii. 3; 2 Tim. ii. 25. † 5. Heb, viii. 6; ix, 15. Eph. ni. 7, 8; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 6. Matt. xx. 28; Mark x. 45; Eph. i. 7; Titus ii. 14. † 7. Eph. ni. 7, 8; 2 Tim. i. 11.

γελομεναις θεοσεβειαν,)  $\delta i' \in \rho \gamma \omega \nu = \alpha \gamma \alpha$ worship of God,) by means of works taking good.  $rac{11}{\Lambda}$   $\Gamma$   $\nu \nu \eta$   $\epsilon \nu$   $rac{\pi}{\eta}$   $\sigma \nu \chi \iota \alpha$   $\mu \alpha \nu \theta \alpha \nu \epsilon au \omega$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\pi \alpha \sigma \eta$   $\Lambda$  woman in quietues let learn with all θων.

ύποταγη. 12 Γυναικι δε διδασκειν ουκ επιτρεπω, A woman but to teach submission. not αυθεντειν ανδρος, αλλ' ειναι εν ήσυχια. nor to assume authority over a man, but to be in sileuce.

<sup>14</sup> Kaı  $^{13}$  Αδαμ γαρ πρωτος επλασθη, ειτα Ευα. then Eve. for first was formed, And

Αδαμ ουκ ηπατηθη: ή δε γυνη απατηθεισα, εν Adam not was deceived; the hot woman having been deceived, in παραβασει γεγονε· 15 σωθησεται δε δια she will be preserved but through the became; τεκνογονιας, εαν μεινωσιν εν πιστει και αγαπη child-bearing, if they abide in faith

και άγιασμώ μετα σωφροσυνης. with holiness sobriety of mind.

## KE $\Phi$ . $\gamma'$ . 3.

<sup>1</sup> Πιστος δ λογος. Ει τις επισκοπης ορεγεται, True the word; If any one an oversight longs after, καλου εργου επιθυμει.  $^2\Delta\epsilon$ i our tor exigkoexcellent a work he desires. It behoves then the που ανεπιληπτον ειναι, μιας γυναικος ανδρα, unblamable to be, of one wife a husband, νηφαλιον, σωφρονα, κοσμιον, φιλοξενον, διδακorderly, vigilant, sedate, hospitable, τικον $^{3}$ μη παροινον, μη πληκτην, αλλ $^{3}$ επιειteach; not a wine drinker, not astriker, bat genκη, αμαχον, αφιλαργυρον· 4 του ιδιου οικου lle, not quarrelsome, nota lover of money; of the καλως προισταμενον, τεκνα εχοντα εν ύποταγη children having in subjection μετα πασης σεμνοτητος. <sup>5</sup> (ει δε τις του ιδιου dignity; (if but any one of the own εικου προστηναι ουκ οιδε, πως εκκλησιας θεου house to preside not knows, how a congregation of God επιμελησεται;)  $^{6}μη νεοφυτον, ίνα μη τυφω$ not a new convert, so that not will he take care of?)  $\theta \epsilon is \epsilon is \kappa \rho i \mu \alpha \epsilon \mu \pi \epsilon \sigma \eta \tau o \nu \delta i \alpha \beta o \lambda o \nu$   $\delta \epsilon i \delta \epsilon$ auffed up into a judgment he may fall of the accuser; αυτον και μαρτυριαν καλην εχειν απο των εξω-

θεν, ίνα μη εις ονειδισμον εμπεση και παγιδα side, so that not into reproach he may fall and

good to have from those

του διαβολου. of the accuser.

him also a testimony

dertaking the worship of

11 Let a Woman learn in Quietness with All Submission:

12 for ‡ I lo not permit a Woman to teach, for to assume authority over a Man, but to be quiet;

13 for ‡ Adam was formed first, and then Eve.

14 And ! Adam was not deceived; but the woman having been \* deceived, became a Transgressor;

15 but she shall be preserved throughout child-BEARING, if they abide in Faith, and Love, and Holiwith Sobriety of ness, mind.

## CHAPTER III.

1 This saying is True, If any one longs after an Overseer's office, he desires an Excellent Work.

2 The overseer then must be irreproachable, a Husband of One Wife, vigilant, sedate, orderly. hospitable, I fit to teach;

3 Inot a wine-drinker, no striker, but gentle, not quarrelsome, ‡not a lover of money;

4 presiding well over his OWN Family, thaving the Children in Subjection with All Dignity;

5 (but if any one knows not how to preside over his own Family, how can he take care of a Congrega tion of God?)

6 Not a New convert. lest being puffed up, he may incur the Judgment of the ENEMY.

7 And he must even have a good Testimonv from Those Without, that he may not fall into reproach and I a Snare of the ENEMY.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. wholly deceived.

<sup>† 12. 1</sup> Cor. xiv. 34. † 12. Eph. v. 24. † 13. Gen i. 27; ii. 18, 22; 1 Cor. xi. 8, 9. † 14. Gen. iii. 6; 2 Cor. xi. 8. † 1. Acts xx. 28; Phili. i. † 2. Titus. i. 6, &c. † 2. Titus. i. 24. Titus i. 7. † 3. 1 Pet. v. 2. † 4. Titus 6. † 7. 2 Tim. ii. 20.

<sup>8</sup> Διακονους ώσαυτως σεμνους, μη διλογους, Servants in like manner dignified, not two-worded, μη οινφ πολλφ προσεχοντας, μη αισχροκερnot towine much being addicted, not eager for base δεις, 9 εχοντας το μυστηριον της πιστεως εν gain, holding the secret of the faith <sup>10</sup> Και ούτοι δε δοκιμαζεσκαθαρα συνειδησει. a pure conscience. Also these but let be proved θωσαν πρωτον, ειτα διακονειτωσαν, ανεγκλητοι tben let serve, nublamable  $^{11}$  Γυναικας ώσαυτως σεμνας, μη δια-OVTES. being. Women in like manner serious, not <sup>12</sup> Διακοβολους, νηφαλιους, πιστας εν πασι. faithful in all things. cusers, vigilant, Servants νοι εστωσαν μιας γυναικος ανδρες, **Τ**ΕΚΥ**ω**Υ let be ofone wife a husband, children καλως προισταμένοι και των ιδιων οικων. 13 Of presiding over and of the own houses. Those γαρ καλως διακονησαντες, βαθμον έαυτοις каhaving served, a standing for themselves bonor\_ λον περιποιουνται, και πολλην παρδησιαν εν and able they acquire, much confidence 14 Ταυτα σοι γραπιστει τη εν Χριστώ Ιησου. These thingstothee faith in that in Anointed Jesus. φω, ελπιζων ελθειν προς <math>σε ταχιον. 15εαν δεto come to thee very soon; if  $bu^t$ write, hoping ειδης, Βραδυνω, ίνα  $\pi\omega s$ δει ενοικώ θεου I should delay, that thou may est know, how it beneves in a house of God αναστρεφεσθαι, ήτις εστιν εκκλησια θεου ζωνto conduct thyself, which is a congregation of God  $^{16}$  Στυλος και εδραιωμα της αληθείας και TOS. A pillar and basis ofthe ing. truth and δμολογουμένως μέγα έστι το της ευσέβειας confessedly great is the ofthe μυστηριον \* 'Os εφανερωθη εν σαρκι, εδικαιωθη Who was manifested in flesh, secret; was justified πνευματι, ωφθη αγγελοις, εκηρυχθη was seen by messengers, was proclaimed among  $\epsilon\theta\nu\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\upsilon\theta\eta$   $\epsilon\nu$  κοσμώ, ανεληφθη was believed among a world, was taken up nations, δοξη. glory.

## КЕФ. 3'. 4.

1 Το δε πνευμα βητως λεγει, ότι εν ύστεροις that in The but spirit expressly says, subsequent καιροις αποστησονται τινές της πιστέως, προσwill fall away some from the faith, seasons. διδασκαλιαις πνευμασι πλανοις και TYOUTES to spirits wandering and to teachings hering

8 ‡ Assistants in like manner ought to be serious, not deceitful in speech, ‡ not being addicted to much Wine, not eager for base gain;

9 holding the SECRET of the FAITH with a Pure

Conscience.

10 But let These also be proved first, then let them serve, being unblamable.

11 ‡ Let the Women in like manner be serious, not accusers, vigilant, faithful

in all things.

12 Let Assistants be Husbands of One Wife, presiding well over their own Families.

13 For those having served well, acquire for themselves an honorable Station, and Much Confidence in that Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

14 These things I write to Thee, hoping to come to

thee very soon;

15 but if I should delay, so that thou mayest know how to conduct thyself in ‡ God's House, which is a Congregation of the living

God.

16 † A Pillar and Foundation of the TRUTH, and confessedly great, is the SECRET OF PIETY; ‡\*He who was manifested in Flesh, was justified in Spirit, was seen by Messengers, was proclaimed among Nations, was believed on in the World, was taken up in Glory.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 But the SPIRIT ‡ expressly says, That in subsequent Seasons, some wil apostatize from the FAITH, giving heed to ‡ deceitful Spirits, and ‡ to Teachings of Demons;

<sup>\*</sup> ALEX. Ms.—It is doubtful whether this word was originally O∑ who, or Θ∑ God.

<sup>† 16.</sup> This is according to the pointing of Griesbach. Nearly all the ancient MSS., and all the versions have "He who," instead of "God," in this passage. This has been adopted. The latter reading, however, is also according to the analogy of the faith, and well supported.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Acts vi. 3. † 8. Lev. x. 9. † 11. Titus ii. 3. † 15. Eph. ii. 21, 22; 2 Tim. ii. 20. † 16. John i. 14; 1 John i. 2. † 1. John xvi. 13; 2 Thess. ii. 3; 2 Tim. iii. 1; 2 Pet. iii. 3. † 1. 2 Tim. iii. 13; 2 Pet. ii. 1, † 1. Dan. xi. 35, 37, 38, Rev. ix. 20.

δαιμονιων,  $^2$  εν ὑποκρισει ψευδολογων, κεκαυof demons. by hypocrisy of false-speakers, having τηριασμενών την ιδιαν συνειδησιν, <sup>3</sup> κωλυοντών the own conscience, γαμείν, απεχεσθαί βρωματών, ά δ θεος εκτίto marry, to abstain . from foods, which the God created σεν εις μεταληψιν μετα ευχαριστίας τοις πισ-for a partaking of with thankagiving by the faithful 4 'Οτι παν τοις και επεγνωκοσι την αληθειαν. ones and they have known the truth. Because every κτισμα θεου καλον, και ουδεν αποβλητον, μετα creature of God good, and nothing cast away, ευχαριστιας λαμβανομενον. 5 άγιαζεται γαρ δια thanksgiving being received; it is sanctified forthrough <sup>6</sup>Ταυτα ὑποτιθεμελογου θεου και εντευξεως. s word of God and of prayer. These things setting forth νος τοις αδελφοις, καλος εση διακονος Ιησου good thou wilt be a servant of Jesus Χριστου, εντρεφομενος τοις λογοις της  $oldsymbol{\pi}$ ιστεως being nourished with the words of the και της καλης διδασκαλιας, ή παρηκολουθηand of the good teaching, which thou hast closely 7 Tous  $\delta \epsilon \ \beta \epsilon \beta \eta \lambda o u s \ \kappa \alpha i \ \gamma \rho \alpha \omega \delta \epsilon i s \ \mu u \theta o u s$ The but profane and old women fables Kas. followed. παραιτου γυμναζε δε σεαυτον προς ευσεβειαν. do thou avoid; discipline but thyself for piety. <sup>8</sup> Ή γαρ σωματική γυμνασια προ**ς** ολιγον εστιν bodily discipline for a little νφελιμος· ή δε ευσεβεια προς παντα ωφελιμος profitable; the but piety for all things εστιν, επαγγελιαν εχουσα (ωης της νυν και of life of the now a promise having 9 Πιστος δ λογος και πασης της μελλουσης. of that about coming. True the word bos of all 10 Eis Touto αποδοχης αξιος. \*[και] γαρ In order to this acceptance worthy. or [also] κοπιωμεν και υνειδιζομεθα, ότι ηλπικαμεν επι and are reproached, because we have hoped in θεφ ζωντι, δς εστι σωτηρ παντων ανθρωπων, God living, i∎ a preserver ₩bo of all 11 Παραγγελλε ταυτα και μαλιστα πιστων. especially of believers. Do thou enjoin these things and 12 Μηδεις σου της νεοτητος καταφροδιδασκε.

2 [misled] by the # Hypoerisy of false teachers; whose own ! Conscience has been seared;

3 forbidding | marriage, and the use of Foods which God created in order to be partaken of with ‡Thanksgiving by BELIEVERS, even by those who have recognized this TRUTH:-

That # Everything Created by God † is good, and nothing is to be rejected, being received with Thanksgiving;

5 since it is sanctified through the Command of

God, and by Prayer.

6 Setting forth These things before the BRETH-REN, thou wilt be a Good Servant of \* Christ Jesus, timbued with the WORDS of the FAITH, and the GOOD Teaching which thou hast closely followed.

7 But I avoid PROFANE and Silly Fables, and train

thyself for Piety;

8 for BODILY Training is profitable for a little; thut PIETY is profitable for all things, ‡ having a Promise of the PRESENT Life, and of THAT which is FUTURE.

9 This SAYING is True, and worthy of All Recep-

10 For on this account, we toil and \* are re-proached, Because we hope in the living God, I who is a Preserver of All Men, especially of Believers.

11 These things enjoin

and teach.

let despise,

purity.

12 Let no one despise Thy Youth; but ! become a Pattern of the BELIEV-ERS, in Word, in Conduct, in Love, in Faith, in Purity

thee the

νειτω, αλλατυπος γινου των πιστων εν λογφ,

εν αναστροφη, εν αγαπη, εν πιστει, εν άγνεια.

α conduct, in love, in faith, in purity

Nuone

do thou teach.

10. also-omit. 10. earn-

but a pattern become thou of the believers in word,

youth

faith,

in

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. Christ Jesus. estly strive.

<sup>† 4.</sup> for this purpose, or for food, or for being partaken of-ver. 3.

<sup>3.</sup> Rom. xiv. 3. 2 8. Ro 2 6. 2 Tim. iii. 14, 15. 2 8. 1 Tim. vi. 6. 2 8. P. 20 Mark x 30 Rom. viii. 28.

 $^{13}$  Έως ερχομαι, προσεχε τη αναγνωσει, τη attend thou to the reading, to the I come, 14 Mn παρακλησει, τη διδασκαλια. αμελει to the Not be thon neglectful teaching. του εν σοι χαρισματος, δ εδοθη σοι δια  $\pi \rho o$ endowment, watch was given to thee through prophφητειας, μετα επιθεσεως των χειρων του πρεσof the hands of the laying on <sup>15</sup> Ταυτα μελετα, εν τουτοις ισθι βυτεριου. These things do thou care for, in these things be thou; ship. πασιν. ίνα σου ἡ προκοπη Φανερα  $\eta \in V$ manifest may be in all things. so that of thee the progress  $^{16}$  Επεχε σεαυτώ, και τη διδασκαλια $^{\circ}$  επιμενε Attend thou to thyself, and to the teaching; continue thou autols. τουτο γαρ ποιων, και σεαυτον σωσεις in them: this for doing, both thyself theu wilt save και τους ακουοντας σου. aud those hearing thee.

KE $\Phi$ ,  $\epsilon'$ , 5. 1 Πρεσβυτερώ μη επιπληξης, αλλα παρακαnot thou mayest chide, but An elderly man αδελφους. λει ώς πατερα. νεωτερους, ώς younger men, πρεσβυτερας, ώς μητερας νεωτερας, ώς αδελmothers; younger women, as as φας, εν παση άγνεια. 3 Χηρας τιμα, τας οντως Widows houor, those really ters, in all purity.  $^4$  Ei δε τις χηρα τεκνα η εκγονα εχεί, ynpas. If but any widow children or grandchildren has, μανθανετωσαν πρωτον τον ιδιον οικον ευσεβειν, own house to be dutiful, let them be taught first the και αμοιβας αποδιδοναι τοις προγονοις τουτο and a recompense to render to the progenitors; 5 'H γαρ εστιν αποδεκτον ενωπιον του θεου. acceptable in presence of the God. for δε οντως χηρα και μεμονωμενη ηλπικεν επ**ι το**ν but really a widow and having been left alone he hoped in hetaεον, και προσμενει ταις  $oldsymbol{\delta}$ εησεσι και ταις προσ-God, and continues in the supplications and in the Eucline runtos kai  $\eta\mu$ eras.  $^6$   $\eta$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\sigma\pi$ atalwaa, ers night and day; she but luxuriously, <sup>7</sup> Και ταυτα παραγγελλε, **ί**να (ωσα τεθνηκε. And these things living has died. enjoin, so that ανεπιληπτοι ωσιν. <sup>8</sup>Ει δε τις των ιδιων, και unblamable ones they may be. If butany one for those of own, and οικειων, ου προνοει, την πιστιν μαλιστα των especially of the household, not provides, the faith

13 Till 1 come, attend to the READING, to the EXHORTING, to the TEACH.

14 ! Neglect not that ENDOWMENT in thee, which was imparted to thee through Prophecy, with Imposition of the HANDS of the ELDERSHIP.

15 Make These things thy care; be occupied in them; so that Thy PRO-GRESS may be manifest in

all things.

16 ‡ Attend to thyself and to the TEACHING; continue in them; for by doing this thou wilt save both Thyself, and ‡THOSE who HEAR thee.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 Chide I not an Elderly man, but exhort him as a Father; Younger men, as Brothers;

2 Elderly women as Mothers, Younger women as Sisters, in all Purity.

3 Support THOSE Widows who are really Wid-

4 But if Any Widow has Children or Grand-children, let these be taught first to be dutiful to their own Family, ‡ and to render proper returns to their PROGENITORS; for this is acceptable in the sight of God.

5 I Now she who is really a widow, and having been left alone, hopes in God, and continues in SUPPLICATIONS and PRAY-ERS Night and Day;

6 But 1 she, living in SELF-INDULGENCE,

dead.

7 # And enjoin these things, so that they may be unblamable.

8 But if any one provide not for his own relatives, t and especially for \* his Family, he has denied the

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. his Family.

<sup>† 14. 2</sup> Tim, i. 6. † 16. Acts xx. 28. † 16. James v. 20. † 4. Gen. xiv. 10, 11; Matt. xv. 4; Eph. vi. 1, 2. † 5, 1 Cor. vi. 32. 7 1 Tim i. 3 · iv. 11; vi. 17. † 8. Isa. lviii. 7; Gal. vi. 10. 1 7. 1 Tim. i. 3 : iv. 11 : vi. 17.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Lev. xix. 32. 1 6. James v. 5.

9 Xnoa ηρνηται, και εστιν απιστου χειρων. and î. an unbeliever A widow καταλεγεσθω μη ελαττον ετων εξηκοντα γεγοhaving less alsty. let be enrolled not ofyears νυια, ένος ανδρος γυνη, 10 εν εργοις καλοις μαρbecome, of one husband a wife, bу works τυρουμενη ει ετεκνοτροφησεν, ει εξενοδοχη-accepted; if she reared a family, if she received σεν, ει άγιων ποδας ενιψεν, ει θλιβομενοις etrangers, if of holy ones feet she washed, if

επηρκεσεν, ει παντιεργφ αγαθφ επηκολουθησε. if every work good she closely followed. she relieved.

<sup>11</sup>Νεωτερας δε χηρας παραιτου· δταν γαρκατασwhen for they may Younger but widows reject; γαμειν θελουσιν. τοηνιασωσι του Χριστου,

they wish; be wanton towards the Anointed. to marry 12 εχουσαι ότι την ποωτην πιστιν κριμα, having condemnation, because the fidelity hrst

<sup>13</sup> άμα δε ηθετησαν. και αργαι μανθανουσι they violated; at the same time and also idle ones they learn

περιερχομενοι τας οικιας ου μονον δε αργαι, houses; not but idle ones, the only

αλλα και φλυαροι και περιεργοι, λαλουσαι pratera and busybudies, speaking the things

14 Βουλομαι ουν νεωτερας γαμειν, μη δεοντα. I wish therefore younger once to marry, act proper, τεκνογονειν, οικοδεσποτειν, μηδεμιαν αφοραην

to bear skildren. to keep house, opportunit, διδοναι τ $\phi$  αντικειμεν $\phi$  λοιδοριας χαριν.  $^{15}$  Ηδη

of reproach on account. Already oppozent γαρ τινες εξετραπησαν οπισω του σατανα. <sup>16</sup> Ει turned aside after the adversary. some

τις [πιστος η] πιστη εχειχηρας, επαρκειτω any [helieving man or] believing woman has widows, let such support

αυταις, και μη βαρεισθω ή εκκλησια, ίνα ταις and not let burden the congregation, so that those

<sup>17</sup> Οἱ καλως προεστωοντως χηραις επαρκεση. widows may be relieved.

τες πρεσβυτεροι διπλης τιμης αξιουσθωσαν. double honor let be esteemed worthy;

μαλιστα οί κοπιωντες εν λογφ και διδασκαλκα. especially those toiling in word and

18 Λεγει γαρ ή γραφη. Βουν αλοωντα ου φιμωfor the writing; Anox treading not thou shalt

σεις και αξιος δ εργατης του μισθου αύτου. muszle; and; worthy the laborer of the hire of himself.

FAITH, and is worse than an Unbeliever.

9 Let not a Widow be enrolled less than sixty Years old, thaving been a Wife of One Husband,

10 well reputed for good Works; whether she has reared a family, or tentertained strangers, or twashed the Saints' Feet, or relieved the Afflicted, or closely followed Every good Work.

11 But reject Younger Widows, for when they become wanton against the Anointed one. they wish to marry;

12 incurring Condemnation, Because they have violated their FIBST Fideli-

13 ‡And at the same time also, they learn to be idlers, gadding about to the Houses; and not only idlers, but also Praters and Busybodies, speaking IM-PROPER THINGS.

14 t 1 desire, therefore, the Younger Widows to marry to bear children, to keep house, to give No Opportunity to the oppo-NENT for reproach;

15 since some have already turned aside afte:

the ADVERSARY.

16 If any believer of either sex have Widows, let such support them, and let not the congregation be burdened, so that it may relieve truose who are REALLY Widows.

17 Let the ELDERS who PRESIDE well the esteemed worthy of Double Honor, especially THOSE who TOIL in Word and Teaching:

18 for the SCRIPTURE says, t"Thou shalt not "muzzle an Ox threshing;" and, t"The LABORER is worthy of his REWARD."

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—16. believing man, or—omit.

<sup>† 9. 1</sup> Tim. iii. 2. † 10. Acts xvi. 15; Heb. xiii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9. † 10. John xiii. 5; 14. 1 Tim. vi. 1; Titus ii. 8; 1 lo. verses 3, 5. † 17. Rom. xii. 8; 1 Cor. ix. 10, 14; Gal. vi. 0; Phil. ii. 29; 1 Thess. v 12; 13; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. † 17. Acts xxviii. 10; 1 18. Deut xxv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 0, 1 18. Lev. xix. 13; Deut. xxiv. 14, 15; Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7.

19 Κατα πρεσβυτερου κατηγοριαν μη παραδελεgainst an elder an accusation not do thou χου, εκτος ει μη επι δυο η τριων μαρτυρων. receive, without if not by two or three witnesses.  $^{20} \text{Tous } \frac{\lambda}{\mu} \alpha \rho \tau \alpha \nu \sigma \tau \alpha s$ , ενωπιον παντων ελεγχε, The sinning ones, in presence of all reprove thou, iνα και οί λοιποι φοβον εχωσι. so that also the remainder fear may have.

 $^{21}$  Διαμαρτυρομαι ενω $\pi$ ιον του  $\theta$ εου και \*[κυ-I solemnly enjoin in presence of the God and [Lord] οιου Ιησου Χριστου και των εκλεκτων αγγε-Jesus Anointed and of the λων, ένα ταυτα φυλαξης χωρις προκριματος sengers, that these things thon mayest keep without prejudice  $\mathbf{x}^{22}$  Χειρα $\mathbf{s}$ μηδεν ποιων κατα προσκλισιν. nothing doing bу partiality. Hands ταχεως μηδενι επιτιθει μηδε κοινωνει άμαρτιαις hastily to no one do thon put and not do thou share in sins αλλοτριαις. Σεαυτον άγνον τηρει. 23 Μηκετι with others. Thyself pure do thou keep. Nolonger ύδροποτει, αλλ' οινφ ολιγφ χρω be thou a water-drinker, but wine a little do thounse on acccount of τον στομαχον \*[σου] και τας πυκνας σου the etomach [of thee] and the frequent of thee  $^{24}$  T $_{i}$ νων ανθρω $_{\pi}$ ων αἱ άμαρτιαι ασθενειας. weaknesses. Ofsome men the sins προδηλοι εισι, προαγουσαι εις κρισιν τισι δε previously manifest are, beforelending to judgment; in come but και επακυλουθουσιν. <sup>25</sup> 'Ωσαυτως και τα καλα indeed they follow after. In like manner also the εργα προδηλα εστι και τα αλλως εχοντα, works previously manifest are; and the things otherwise κρυβηναι ου δυναται. to be hidden not are able.

## КЕФ. s'. 6.

1 'Οσοι εισιν ύπο ζυγον δουλοι, τους ιδιους As many as are under a yoke slaves, the own δεσποτας πασης τιμης αξιους ήγεισθωσαν, ίνα masters of all honor worthy let them esteem, that μη το ονομα του θεου και ή διδασκαλια βλασnot the name of the God and the teaching may be  $\phi\eta\mu\eta\tau\alpha$ i.  $^2$ Oi  $\delta\epsilon$   $\pi$ i $\sigma$ τους  $\epsilon\chi$ οντ $\epsilon$ ς  $\delta\epsilon\sigma$ π $\sigma$ τ $\alpha$ ς, Those and believing having masters, μη καταφρονειτωσαν, ότι αδελφοι εισιν αλλα not let them disregard, because brethren they are; μαλλον δουλευετωσαν, ότι πιστοι εισι και rather letthem serve, because believing ones they are and αγαπητοι οί της ευεργεσιας αντιλαμβανομενοι. beloved ones who of the well-doing are recipients. 3 Et Tavra  $\delta i \delta a \sigma \kappa \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i$ These things do thou teach, and παρακαλει. TIS If any one do thou exhort. έτεροδιδασκαλει, και μη προσερχεται ύγιαι-

and not

teach differently,

19 Against an Elder receive not an Accusation. in any case, without Two or Three Witnesses.

20 \* But \$ THOSE who SIN reprove before all, so that the REST also may fear.

21 ‡I solemnly enjoin thee in the presence of God and of \*Christ Jesus, and of the CHOSEN Messengers, that thou keep These things without prejudice, doing Nothing by

Partiality.
22 ‡ Lay Hands hastily on no one, ‡ and be not a partaker in Others' Sins; keep Thyself pure.

23 (Be no longer a Water-drinker, but use a little Wine on account of thy STOMACH, and thy FREQUENT Weaknesses.)

24 †The sins of some Men are previously manifest, leading on to Judgment; but in some, indeed, they follow after.

25 \* And so good DEEDs also are previously manifest, and THOSE which ARE OTHERWISE cannot be concealed.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Let as many ‡ Bondservants as are under a Yoke, esteem their own Masters as worthy of All Ilonor; ‡ that the NAME of God and the TEACHING may not be reviled.

2 And lct not those having Believing Masters disregard them, ‡ Because they are Brethren; but rather serve, Because they are Believers and Beloved, who are recipients of the Benefit. ‡ These things teach and exhort.

3 If any one ‡ teach differently, and assent not to

being

assents to

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscrift.—20. But those. 21. Lord—omit. Jesus. 23. of thee—omit. 25. And so good deeds also.

νουσ: λογοις τοις του κυριου ήμων Ιηπου aound in words in those of the Lord of us Jeans κατ' ευσεβιαν διδασκαλια. Χριστου, και τη and to that according to piety teaching;  $^4$  τετυφωται, μηδεν επισταμενος, αλλα νοσων he is puffed up, nothing being versed in, but being sick περι ζητησεις και λογομανίας, εξ ών γινεται about questions and etrifes of words, out of which arises φθονος, ερις, βλασφημιαι, ύπονοιαι πονηραι, strife, evil-speakings, \*uspiciona  $^5$  διαπαρατριβαι  $\delta$ ιεφθαρμενων ανθρωπων  $\tau o \nu$ having been corrupted of men wranglings the κουν, και απεστερημενων της αληθειας, νομιζονx - supposand having been devoid on the truth, των πορισμον ειναι την ευσεβειαν. Αφισgain to be the picty. Withdraw  $^6$  E $\sigma\tau$ ,  $\delta\epsilon$ τασο απο των τυιουτων. \* spiouos thyself from of the such ones.] Itis but gain μέγας ή ευσεβεια μέτα αυταρκείας. Ouder Nothing great the piety with a competency. γαρ εισηνεγκαμεν εις τον κοσμον \*[δηλον,] world; we brought into the [evident.] for  $^8$  E $\chi o \nu \tau \epsilon s \delta \epsilon$ **δτι ουδε εξενεγκειν τι δυναμεθα.** that neither to carrry outanything are we able. Having and διατροφας και σκεπασματα, τουτοις αρκεσθηcoverings, with these things we shall be and 9 Οί δε βουλομενοι πλουτειν, εμπιπσομεθα. Those but to be rich. satisfied. wishing τουσιν εις πειρασμον και παγιδα, και επιθυμιας into a temptation and a snare, and desires πολλας ανοητους και βλαβερας, αίτινες βυθιfoolish and hurtful, which ζουσι του ανθρωπους εις ολεθρον και απωλειαν. the deep men into destruction and ruin. <sup>10</sup> 'Ριζα γαρ παντων των κακων εστιν ή φιλαρ-Arout for of all of the evils is the γυρια: ής τινες ορεγομενοι απεπλανηθησαν απο money; which some longing after wandered της πιστεως, και έαυτους περιεπειραν οδυναις faith, and themselves pierced around with sorrows 11  $\Sigma v \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\omega \alpha v \theta \rho \omega \pi \epsilon * [\tau v v] \beta \epsilon v v$ , πολλαις. Thou but, O man [ufthe] God, many. φευγε διωκε δε δικαιοπυνην, ευπεthese things fee; pursue thou and rightenusness, piety, βειαν, πιστιν, αγαπην, ύπομονην, πραστητα. faith, patience, love, meekness; ™ αγωνιζου τυν καλον αγωνα της πιστεως, επιcontest thou the good contest of the faith, do thou λαβου της αιωνιου ζωης, εις ήν  $\epsilon \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta s$ , lay hold of the age-lasting life, for which thou wast called out, και ωμολογησας την καλην δμολογιαν ενωπιον and thou didst confess the hoog confession in presence 13 Παραγγελλω σοι ενωπολλων μαρτυρων. of many witnesses. I charge thee in πιον του θεου, του ζωοποιούντος τα παντα,

presence of the God, of that

THOSE Sound Words of our LORD Jesus Christ, and to that TEACHING which is according to Piety,

4 he is puffed up, being master of Nothing, but is distracted about ‡ Questions and Verbal contentions, out of which arise Envy, Strife, Revilings, evil Suspicions.

5 Wranglings of Men corrupted in MIND, and destitute of the TRUTH, supposing PIETY to be GAIN.

6 But PIETY with a Competency is great Gain.
7 For we brought Nothing into the world, and it is evident that we are not able to carry anything out;

3 and ‡ having supplies of Food and Clothing, with These let us be satisfied.

2 But \$\pmox\$ Those Wishing to be rich fall into a Temptation, and a Snare, and into many foolish and injurious Insires, which sink Moninto Destruction and utter Ruin;

10 ffor a Root of All kinds of Evil is the LOVE OF MONEY; which some longing after, wandered from the Faith, and pierced Themselves around with many Sorrows.

11 ‡ But thou, O Man of God! flee from these things, and pursue Righteousness, Piety, Faith, Patience, Love, Meckness.

12 ‡ Maintain the GOOD Contest of the FAITH; † lay hold of AIONIAN Life, for which thou wast called out, and didst confess the GOOD Confession in the presence of Many Witnesses.

13 I charge thee in the presence of THAT GOD who that makes alive ALL things,

all,

making alive the things

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—5. From such withdraw thyself—omit. 7. evident -omit. 11. of the—omit.

<sup>† 4. 1</sup> Tim. i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus iii. 9. † 5. Titus i. 11; 2 Pet. ii. 3. † 6. Psa. xxxvii. 16; Prov. xv. 16. † 8. Heb. xiii. 5. † 9. Prov. xv. 27; Matt. xiii. 22; James v. 1. † 10. Exod. xxiii. 8; Deut. xvi. 19. † 11. 2 Tim. ii. 22; † 12. 1 Cor ix. 25, 26; 1 Tim. i. 18; 2 Tim. iv. 7. † 12. Phil. iii. 12, 14; verse 19. † 13. John v. 24.

και Χριστου Ιησου, του μαρτυρησαντος επι and Anointed Jesus, of that one testifying before 14 Tn-Ποντιου Πιλατου την καλην δμολογια», Pilate the good confession. ρησαι σε την εντολην ασπιλον, ανεπιληπτον, keep thee the commandment spotless, blameless, μεχρι της επιφανειας του κυριου ήμων Ιησου till the appearance of the Lord of us Jesus  $\frac{15}{5}$  $\eta$ ν καιροις ιδιοις δειξει δ μακαριος Χριστου, which in seasons own he will show the blessed και μονος δυναστης, δ βασιλευς των βασιλευand only Potentate, the king of those being οντων και κυριος των κυριευοντων, <sup>16</sup> δ μονος kings and Lord of those being lords, the only Lord of those being lords, εχων αθανασιαν, φως οικων απροσιτον, δν ειδεν one having deathlessness, light dwelling in inaccessible, whom saw ουδεις ανθρωπων, ουδε ιδειν δυναται ώ τιμη is able; to whom honor no one of men, nor to see και κρατος αιωνιον αμην. and might age-lasting; so be it.

<sup>17</sup> Τοις πλουσιοις εν τω νυν αιωνι, παραγ-To those nch ones in the present age, do thon γελλε μη ύψηλοφρονειν, μηδε ηλπικεναι επι charge not to be high-minded, nor to have confidence in  $\pi\lambda$ 00000 ad  $\pi\lambda$ 07071, all  $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\omega$   $\theta\epsilon\omega$  \*  $\tau\omega$ wealth uncertain, but in the God [the (ωντι, ] τω παρεχοντι ήμιν παντα πλουσιως εις living,] in that offering to us all things richly for but in the God απολαυσιν· 18 αγαθοεργειν, πλουτειν εν εργοις to work good, to be rich in works enjoyment; καλοις, ευμεταδοτους ειναι, κοινωνικους, 19 αποliberal ones to be, communicative ones, good, εσους, δησαυριζοντας ξαυτοις θεμελιον καλον εις το mingup for themselves a foundation good for the μελλου, ίνα επιλαβωνται της οντως ζωης. future, so that they may lay hold of that really

 $^{20}\Omega$  Τιμοθέε, την παραθηκην φυλαξον, εκ-Timothy, · O the guard thou, avoidtrust τρεπομενος τας βεβηλους κενοφωνιας και αντιthe profane empty sounds and 3εσεις της ψευδωνυμου γνωσεως. 21 ήν τινες aitions of the knowledge; which some falsely-named επαγγελλομενοι, περι την πιστιν ηστοχησαν. having professed, concerning the faith missed the mark

'H xapis meta oov.

and THAT Christ Jesus, twho TESTIFIED to Pontius Pilate the GOOD Confession;

14 that thou keep the COMMANDMENT, being spotless, blameless, ‡ till the APPEARANCE of our LORD Jesus Christ:

15 which in his own Season that elessed and only Potentate will exhibit,—t the King of kines, and Lord of Lords,—

16 the only one possessive Immortality, inhabiting Light inaccessible; twhom no one of Men has seen, nor is able to see; to whom be Honor and Mightaionian. Amen.

17 Charge THOSE RICH in the PRESENT Age not to be high-minded, nor ‡ to confide in Wealth ‡so uncertain, but in THAT GOD ‡ who IMPARTS to US ALL things richly for Enjoyment;—

18 to do good, to be rich in good Works, to be liberal, willing to bestow;

19 treasuring up for themselvesagoodFoundation for the FUTURE, that they may lay hold of that which is REALLY Life.

20 O Timothy! tguard THAT INTRUSTED to thee, turning away from the PROFANE, Empty Sounds, and Contradictions of that FALSELY-NAMED KNOW-LEDGE,

21 which some, having professed, terred concerning the FAITH. FAVOR be with \* thee.

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. the living—omit.
—THE FIRST TO TIMOTHY—WEITTEN FROM LADDICEA.

<sup>21.</sup> you. Subscription

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 11; John xviii. 37.
† 15. Rev. xvii. 24; xix. 16.
† 16. 1 Tim. i. 17.
† 16. Evod. xxxii. 26; John vi. 46.
† 17. John xxi. 28; Psa. lii. 7; lxii. 10; Mark x. 24; Lufte xii. 21.
† 17. Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 25.
† 18. Luke xii. 21.
† 19. Matt. vi. 20; xix. 22; Luke xii. 33; xvi. 9.
† 20. 1 Tim. i. 14; Titusi. 9; Rev. iii. 8.
† 20. 1 Tim. i. 14; Tim. ii. 6; 2 Tim. ii. 18.

# [NATAOY] NPOS TIMOGEON [ENISTOAH] AETTEPA. [OF FACE] TO TIMOGEON [AN EPISTLE] SECOND.

## \*THE SECOND TO TIMOTHY.

## КЕΦ. α'. 1.

ΙΠαυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια au apostle of Jesus Anointed through θεληματος θεου, κατ' επαγγελιαν ζωης της εν will of Gud according to a promise calife of that by Χριστω Ιησοι, <sup>2</sup> Τιμοθέω αγαπητώ τέκνω. χαto Timothy beloved a child, Anotherd Jesus ρις, ελεος, ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος, και Χριστου vor mercy, peace from God afather, and Anointed Ιησου του κυριου ήμων. Jesus the Lord

<sup>3</sup> Χαριν εχω τφ θεψ, φ΄ λατρευω απο προ-Grantude I have to the God to whom I offerhomage from anγονων εν καθαρα συνειδησει, ώς αδιαλειπτον courcience, cestors with pure εχω την περι σου μνειαν εν ταις δεησεσι μου I have the concerning thee remembrance in the prayers of me νυκτος και ήμερας, 4 επιποθων σε ιδείν, μεμνηlonging thee loves, and day μενος σου των δακρευων, ίνα χαρας πληρωθω<sup>\*</sup>
owner of the tears, so that buy i may be filled with. δύπομνησων λαμβανων της εν σοι ανυποκριτου of the in thee a remembrance taking unfeigned πιστεως, ήτις ενφκησε πρωτον εν τη μαμμη which dwert first in the grandmuther σου Λωιδι, και τη μητρι σου Ευνική: πεπεισμαι and in the mother of thee Eunice, I have confidence  $^{6}\Delta\iota'$   $^{\prime\prime}\eta\nu$   $^{\prime\prime}$   $^{\prime\prime}$   $^{\prime\prime}$   $^{\prime\prime}$   $^{\prime\prime}$   $^{\prime\prime}$ δε, ότι και εν σοι. and, that also in thee. Through which cause νησκω σε αναζωπυρειν το χυρισμα του θεου, δ thee to kindle up the free gift of the Gud, whice χειρων επτιν εν σοι δια της επιθεσεως των in thee through the putting on af the μον: <sup>7</sup>ου γαρ εδωκεν ήμιν δ θεος πνευμα δες-υίως: not for gave to us the God septrit of λιας, αλλα δυναμεως και αγαπης και σωφρονισemidity, but ofpower bus oflove and 8 Mn ouv επαισχυνθης το μαρτυριον MOU. Not therefore thou may est be ashaused of the testimuny baries του κυριου ήμων, μηδε εμε τον δεσμιον αυτου. of us. por me the prisoner of him ; ofthe Lord αλλα συγκακοπαθησον τφ ευαγγελιφ κατα but participate in suffering evils for the glad fidings according to δυναμιν θεου, 9 του σωσαντος ήμας και καλεnower of Gud, of the one having saved us and having σαντας κλησει άγια, ου κατα τα εργα ήμων, called with a calling holy, not according to the works of us,

#### CHAPTER L

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of Jesus Christ, by the Will of God, on account of the ‡ Promise of THAT Life which is by Christ Jesus,

which is by Christ Jesus, 2 to Timothy, a Beloved Child; Favor, Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and from Christ Je-

sus our Lord.

3 I am thankful to God, († whom from my Ancestors I religiously serve with a Pure Conscience,) as I have an unceasing REMEMBRANCE of thee in my PRAYERS, Night and Day;

4 t longing to see Thee, (being mindful of Thy TEARS,) so that I may be

filled with Joy;

5 having a Recollection also of the UNFEIGNED latth which is in thee, which first dwelt in thy GEANDMOTHER Lons, and in they will be a morning that it dwells also in thee.

6 For this reason I remind thee t to kindle up the free GIFT of \*God, which is in thee, through the imposition of my

HANDS.

7 For ‡ Gon did not give to us a Cowardly Spirit, but one of Power, and of Love, and of a Sound mind.

8 Therefore the not ashamed of the Testi-MONY of our LOED, nor of methis Peisoner; but jointly suffer evil for the GLAD TIDINGS, according to the Power of THAT God.

9 twho saved us, and tcalled us with a holy Invitation, t not according to our works, but according

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-The Second to Timothy. 6. the Anointed.

<sup>† 1, 2</sup> Cor. i. 1.

† 1, Eph. iii. 6; Titus i. 2; Heb. ix. 15.

† 3. Acts xxii. 3; xxiii. 1; xxiv. 14; xxvii. 23; Rom. i. 9; Gal. i. 14.

† 5. 1 Tim. i. 5.

† 5. Acts xvi. 1.

† 6. 1 Tim. iv. 14.

† 7. Rom. vii. 15.

† 7. Rom. viii. 15.

† 8. Eph. iii. 1; Titus iii. 4.

† 9. 1 Thess. iv. 7; Heb. iii. 1.

† 9. Titus iii. 5.

 $\kappa \alpha \tau^{3}$ πλλα but according to own δοθεισαν ήμιν εν Χριστφ Ιησου προ χρονων naving been given to us in Anointed Jesus before times αιωνιων, 10 φανερωθεισαν δε νυν δια της επιare-lasting, having been manifested but now through the φανείας του σωτηρος ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, of us of the savior pearance καπαργησαντος μεν τον θανατον, φωτισαντος by sing endered powerless indeed the death, baving illuminated having rendered powerless indeed the ξε ζωην και αφθαρσιαν δια του ευαγγελιου, and incc publity by means of the glad fidings. but life

11 εις δ ετεθην εγω κηρυξ και αποστολος και for which was appointe. I a herald and an apostle and διδασκαλος \*[εθνων] 12 δι \*[θνων] ην αιτιαν και a teacher [of nations:] through which cause also οιδα ταυτα πασχω, αλλ' ουκ επαισχυνομαι. I know

these thing I suffer, but not I am ashamed; γαρ 🤞 πεπιστευκα, και πεπεισμαι, ότι δυναfor in whom I have be wed, and I have confided in, because powerτος εστι την παμαθηκην μου φυλαξαι εις εκεινην of me to guard to trust ful heis the την ήμεραν.

day. the

13 Υποτυπωσιν εχε ύγιαινοντων λογων, words, of which bold thou ofsound

παρ' εμου ηκουσας, εν πιστει και αγαπη τη εν from me thou didsthear, in faith and love in that in Χριστω Ιησου· 14 την καλην παραθηκην φυλαtrust the good Jesus: δια πνευματος άγιου, του ενοικουντος εν ξον holy, of that spirit guard through

ົາແເນ.

be served,

15 Οιδας τουτο, έτι απεστραφησαν με παντες turned away me Thou knowest this, that οί εν τη Ασια, ών εστι Φυγελλος και Έρμοthose in the Asia, of whom is Phygellus and Hermo\_ 16 Λωη ελεος δ κυριος τφ Ονηπιφορου VEVUS. May grant mercy the Lord to the of Onesiphorus οικφ. ότι πολλακις με ανεψυξε, και την άλυσιν me herefreshed, and the house; because often μου ουκ επησχυνθη, ofme not he was ashamed, 17 αλλα γενομενος εν having been hut 'Ρωμη, σπουδαιοτερον εζητησε με, και εύρε. he sought me, and found. very diligently 18 (δωη αυτφ δ κυριος εύρειν ελεος παρα κυριου Lord to find mercy from may grant to him the Lord Εφεσω  $\epsilon \nu$ δσα εν εκεινη τη ήμερα.) Kal Ephesus and what things įц the day,) διηκονησε, βελτιον συ γινωσκεις.

to his Own Purpose, and THAT FAVOR which was BESTOWED on us in Christ Jesus, ‡ before the aionian Times;

10 but I is now manfested through the ARPEAR. ANCE OF OUR SAVIOR \* Christ Jesus, ‡ who has indeed rendered DEATH powerless, and who has illustrated Life and Incorruptibility by the GLAD TIDINGS;

11 # for which I was appointed a Herald, and an Apostle, and a Teacher of

Nations;

12 for Which Cause I also suffer These things; but I am not ashamed; and I know in whom I have believed and have confided, For he is able to guard my ENTRUSTED CHARGE till That DAY.

13 Retain ‡ an Outlin
Wholesome Words, which thou didst near from me, in THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

14 #Guard the Goon Entrusted charge, through THAT holy Spirit which DWELLS in us.

15 Thou knowest this, That All THOSE in ASIA turned away from me; of whom are Phygellus and Hermogenes.

16 May the LORD grant Mercy to the FAMILY of ONESIPHORUS, --- Because he ofte refreshed Me, and twas not ashamed of my CHAIN;

17 but being in Rome he searched for me very diligently, and found me-

18 (May the Lord grant to him I to find Mercy from the Lord in That DAY!) id how many things he rved me in Ephesus, thou knowest very well.

very well thou

Luowest.

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Christ Jesus.

<sup>11.</sup> of nations-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Rom. xvi. 25; Eph. j. 4; iii. 11; Titus i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 20. † 10. Rom. xvi. 26; Eph. i. 9. † 10. 1 Cor. xv. 54, 55; Heb ii. 14. † 11. Acts ix. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7. † 12. Eph. iii. 1; 2 Tim. ii. 0; 1 13. Rom. vi. 17. † 14. 1 Tim. vi. 20. † 15. 2 Tim. iv. 13. † 16. Acts xxviii. 20; Eph. vi. 20. † 33. † 16. 2 Tim. iv. 13. † 16. Acts xxviii. 20; Eph. vi. 20. Matt. xxv. 34-40.

## КЕФ. β'. 2.

<sup>1</sup>  $\Sigma v$  ov,  $\tau \in \kappa vov$ μου, ενδυναμου εν τη Thou therefore, child of me, bestrong in the χαριτι τη εν Χριστφ Ιησου 2και favor in that in Anointed Jesus; and the à ηκουand the things thou didst σας παρ' εμου δια πολλων μαρτυρων, these things hear from me through many witnesses, παραθου πιστοις ανθρωποις, οίτινες ίκανοι εσονentrust thou to faithful men, who competent shall <sup>3</sup> Συ ουν κακοπαθηται και έτερους διδαξαι. Thou therefore to teach. endure evil also others' σον ως καλος στρατιωτης Ιησου Χριστου. a soldier of Jesus Anointed. good

4 Ουδεις στρατευομενος εμπλεκεται ταις του No one serving as a soldier involves himself with the of the

βιου πραγματειαις, ένα τφ στρατολογηπαντι οccupations, so that the one having enlisted αρεση.  $^5Εαν$  δε \*[και] αθλη τις, ου στε- he may please. If but [also] may contend any one, not is φανουται, εαν μη νομιμως αθληση.  $^6Τον$  κο-

crowned, if not lawfully he may have contended. The toilπιωντα γεωργον δει πρωτον των καρπων μεταing husbandmanitbehoves first of the fruits to par-

λαμβανειν. <sup>7</sup> Νοει, α λεγω· δωη γαρ take. Consider thou, the things I say; may give for σοι δ κυριος συνεσιν εν πασι. <sup>8</sup> Μινημονευε Ιηto thee the Lord understanding in all things. Do thou remember Je-

πουν Χριστον εγηγερμενον εκ νεκρων, εκ Λαιοίnted having been raised out of dead ones, from σπερματος  $\Delta$ αυιδ, κατα το ευαγγελιον μου seed of David, according to the glad tidings of me;  $^9$  εν  $\phi$  κακοπαθω μεχρι δεσμω,  $\phi$ s κακουργος:

in which I sufferevil even to chains, as an evildoer; αλλ' δ λογος του θεου ου δεδεται. 10 Δια but the word of the God not is chained. On account of

τουτο παντα ύπομενω δια τους εκλεκτους, this all things lundergo on account of the chosen ones,

να και αυτοι σωτηριας τυχωσι της εν Χριστω so that also they salvation may obtain of that in Agointed Ingon, μετα δοξης αγώνιου. 11 Πιστος διλονος:

Ιησου, μετα δοξης αιωνιου. 11 Πιστος δ λογος· Jesus, with glory age-lasting. True the word; ει γαρ συναπεθανομεν, και συζησομεν· 12 ει

ύπομενομεν, και συμβασιλευσομεν ει αρνουwe endure patiently, also we shall reign with; if we

we died with,

for

#### CHAPTER II.

1 Chou, therefore, my Child, be Strong in That FAVOR which is in Christ Jesus.

2 ‡ And the things which thou didst hear from me through Many Witnesses, These ‡ entrust to Faithful Men, who will be ‡ competent also to instruct others.

3 Do thou, therefore, \*endure with me hardship, ‡as a Good Soldier of

Christ Jesus.

4 1 No one serving as a soldier embarresses himself with the OCCUPATIONS Of LIFE, in order that he may please HIM who ENCISTED him.

5 And if any one contend in the games, he is not crowned, unless he

contend lawfully.

6 The Toiling Hus-BANDMAN ought first to partake of the FRUITS.

7 Think of what I say; \*for the LORD will give thee Understanding in all things.

8 Remember Jesus Christ of the ‡Seed of David, ‡has been raised from the Dead, according to my GLAD TIDINGS;

9 in which I endure hardship, feven to Chains, as a Malefactor; thut the word of God is not chained.

10 Therefore ‡ I undergo All things on account of the chosen people, so that then also may obtain THAT Salvation which is in Christ Jesus with Glory aionian.

11 True is the WORD; ‡For if we died with him, we shall also live with

him;

12 tif we endure patiently, we shall also reign with him, if we disown

also we shall live with;

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. endure with me hardship, as a Good Soldier of Christ Jesus. 5. also—omit. 7. for the Lord will give thee.

<sup>† 2. 2</sup> Tim. i. 13; iii, 10, 14. † 2. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 2. 1 Tim. ii. 2; Titus i. 9. † 3. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25. † 6. 1 Cor. ix. 10. † 8. Rom. i. 3, 4; Acts ii. 30; xiii. 28. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 1, 4, 20. † 9. Phill. i. 7; Col. iv. 3, 18; 0. Acts xxviii. 31; Eph. vi. 19, 20; Phill. i. 13, 14. † 10. Eph. iii. 13; Col. i. 24. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 8. † 12. Rom. viii. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 13. † 12. Matt. x. 33.

 $\mu$ εθα, κακεινος αρνησεται ήμας·  $^{13}$ ει απιστου- $^{1}$ him,  $\mathfrak{h}$ e also will disown faithless, also he will deny us; i f deny, μεν, εκεινος πιστος μενει· αρνησασθαι έαυτον faithful remains: himself to deny ου δυναται. not he is able.

14 Ταυτα ύπομιμνησκε, διαμαρτυρομενος ενω-These things do thou put in mind, earnestly testifying in presπιον του κυριου, μη λογομαχειν, εις ουδεν not to dispute about words, for nothing of the Lord, χρησιμον, επι καταστροπη  $\tau\omega\nu$ ακουσντων. useful, to a subversion ofthose  $^{15}$  Σπουδασον σ $\epsilon$ αυτον δοκιμον παραστησαι τ $\phi$ thyself to present to the Be thou diligent approved  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ , εργατην ανεπαισχυντον. ουθοτομουντα God. a work man unashamed, cutting straight  $^{16}$  Tas  $\delta \epsilon \beta \epsilon \beta \eta \lambda o \nu s$ τον λογον της αληθειας. The but profane word of the truth. κενοφωνίας περιιστασοι επι πλείον γαρ προκοempty sounds do thou avoid; to more for they will ψουσιν ασεβειας. 17 και δ λογος αυτων ώς γαγand the word of them as a morγραινα νομην έξει ών εστιν Υμεναιος και ti ying sore pasture will have; of whom is Hymeueus and Φιλητος, 18 οίτινες περι την αληθείαν ηστοwho concerning the truth missed χησαν, λεγοντες την αναστασιν ηδη 3:EYOVEthe mark, saying the resurrection already to have hap-19 0 Ασι, και ανατρεπουσι την τινων πιστιν. The faith. rened, and overturn the ofsome μεντοι στερεος θεμελιος του θεου έστηκεν, foundation of the God stands, firm εγων την σφραγιδα ταυτην· Εγνω κυριος τους Knew Lord the seal this; having the οντας αύτου· και· Αποστητω απο αδικιας πας being of himself; and; from injustice every one Let depart 20 Εν μεγαλη δε δ ονομαζων το ονομα κυριου. but who is naming the name of Lord. great οικια ουκ εστι μονον σκευη χρυσα και αργυρα, a house not is only vessels golden andmade of silver, αλλα και ξυλινα και οστρακινα και ά μεν εις wooden and and some indeed for eartheu: <sup>21</sup> Εαν ουν τις εκκατιμην, ά δε εις ατιμιαν. honor, some and for dishonor. If thereforeany one should

έαυτον απο τουτων, εσται σκευος εις well cleanse himself from he will be a vessel these.

us;

13 ‡ if we are faithless, he remains faithful; \* for the cannot deny Himself.

14 Remind them of These things, tsolemnly charging them in the presence of the Lord, I not to contend about words for Nothing Useful, to the Subversion of the HEAR-

15 Be diligent to present Thyself to \* Gop, an approved Workman, irreproachable, rightly treating the WORD of TRUTH.

16 ‡ But PROFANE, Empty Declamations resist; for they will further promote Impiety;

17 and the WORD of those [men] will eat like a Mortifying sore; of whom are I Hymenius and Phile-

tus; who ! missed the mark with respect to the TRUTH, I saying that the RESURRECTION has already happened; and they are perverting the FAITH of SOME.

19 However, the FIRM Foundation of God stands, having this † INSCRIPTION, "The LORD Tknows THOSE who ARE his;" and, "Let EVERY ONE Who NAMES the NAME of the Lord depart from Iniquity."

20 But in a Great House there are not only golden and silver Vessels, but also wooden and earthen ones; t some for Honor, and some for Dishonor.

21 If, then, any one entirely purify himself from these things, he will be a

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. for he cannot.

<sup>15.</sup> the Anointed one.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Literally, a Seal, on which inscriptions were frequently engraved. Doddridge rearks, "The expression is here used with poculiar propriety, in allusion to the custom of marks, engraving upon some stones laid in the foundations of buildings the names of the persons by whom, and the purposes for which, the structure is raised: and nothing can have a greater tendency to encourage the hope, and at the same time to engage the obedience of Christians, than this double inscription."

<sup>† 13.</sup> Rom. iii, 3; ix. 6. iv. 1. 1 14. 1 Tim. i. 4; vi. 4; Titus iii. 9, 11. † 17. 1 Tim. i. 20. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 21. † 20. Rom. ix. 21. † 20. Rom. ix. 21.

τιμην, ήγιασμενον, \*[και] ευχρηστον τω δεσhonor, having been cleansed, [and] of good use to the massποτη, εις παν εργον αγαθον ήτοιμασμενον. for every work good having been prepared. 22 Τας δε νεωτερικας επιθυμιας φευγε· διωκε δε The now youthful desires flee thou; pursue thou but δικαιοσυνην, πιστιν, αγαπην, ειρηνην μετα των faith, love, peace with those righteourness, επικαλουμενων τον κυριον εν καθαρας καρδιας. the Lord out of pure calling on a heart.  $^{23}$ Τας δε μωρας και απαιδευτους ζητησεις πα-The but foolish and questions uninstructive ραιτου, είδως, ότι γεννωσι μαχας  $^{24}$  δουλον δε thou avoid, knuwing, that they beget contests; a bondman but κυριού ου δει μαχεσθαί, αλλ' ηπίον είναι προς of Lord notit behoves to quarrel, but gentle to be παντας, διδακτικον, ανεξικακον, 25 εν πραστητι in meekness enduring evil, fit to teach, παιδευοντα τους αντιδιατιθεμένους μηποτε  $\delta \varphi$ admonishing those being opposed; perhaps may give autois  $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon$  os  $\mu \epsilon \tau$  avoiav  $\epsilon$  is  $\epsilon \pi i \gamma \nu \omega \sigma i \nu$  a  $\lambda \eta \theta \epsilon$  ias, to them the God a change of mind to a knowledge 26 και ανανηψωσιν εκ της του διαβολου παγιand they may be recovered from the of the accuser snare δος εζωγρημενοι ύπ' αυτου εις το εκεινου θεhaving been taken alive by him for the λημα.

## KE $\Phi$ . $\gamma'$ . 3.

1 Τουτο δε γινωσκε, ότι εν εσχαταις ήμεραις
This but know thou, that in latter days <sup>2</sup> Εσονται γαρ οί ενστησονται καιροι χαλεποι. Will be will be present 8 CASUDS fur the φιλαργυροι, ανθρωποι φιλαυτοι, ala(oves, aelf-lovers, money-lovers, boasters, ύπερηφανοι, βλασφημοι, γονευσιν aπειθεις, hau aty ones, revilers, to parents disobedient <sup>3</sup> αστορνοι, αγαριστοι, ανοσιοι, ασπονδοι, unthankful ones, unholy ones, void of natural affection, implacable, διαβολοι, ακρατεις, ανημεροι, αφιλαγαθοι, accusers, without self-control, fierce ones, without love to good men, \* προδοται, προπετεις, τετυφωμενοι, φιληδονοι rash ones, having been puffed up, pleasure-lovers μαλλον η φιλοθεοι. 5 εχοντες μορφωσιν ευσεrather than God-lovers; having a form βειας, την δε δυναμιν αυτης ηρνημενοι. Kaı piety, the but puner of her having denied. Also 6 Εκ τουτων γαρ εισιν οί τουτους αποτρεπου. turn away from. Out of are those these for ενδυνοντες εις τας οικιας και αιχμαλωτιζοντες entering into the houses and leading captive

Vessel for Honor, sanctified, of good use to the MASTER, prepared for Every good Work.

Now flce YOUTHFUL DESIRES; but pursue Righteousness, Fidelity, Love, Peace, with \* All those who # invoke the LORD from a Pure

Heart.

23 ‡ Reject also FOOLisit and uninstructive Questions, knowing That they produce Contentions; 24 and ‡a Servant of

the Lord must not be contentious, but be Gentle towards all, fit to teach, pa-

tient under evil;

25 ‡in meekness correcting the OPPOSERS: perhaps God may give them a change of mind in order \* to a Knowledge of the Truth;

26 and that they may be recovered from the SNARK of the ENEMY, who have been entrapped by him for HIS Pleasure.

## CHAPTER III.

But \* know This, ! That in latter Days trying Seasons will come:

2 for the MEN will be Self-lovers, Money-lovers, Boasters, Haughty, Blas-phemers, Disobedient to Parents, Ungrateful, Un-

3 Without natural affection Accusers, Without self-control, Ferocious Haters of good men.

4 Treacherous, Rash, Self-conceited, Lovers of pleasure rather than Lovers of God;

5 having a Form of Piety, \$ but having denied its POWER; I from These also turn away.

6 For tof these are THOSE ENTERING Houses, and leading cap.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. and-omit. 1. know you This.

<sup>25.</sup> to come to a Knowledge.

<sup>† 21. 2</sup> Tim. iii. 17; Titus iii. 1. † 22. Acts ix. 14; 1 Cor. i. 2. † 23. Titus iii. 9. † 24. 4 Tim. iii. 2, 8. † 25. Gal. vi. 1; 1 Tim. vi. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 15. † 26. 1 Tim. iii. 7. † 1. 1 Tim. vi. 2; 1 Tim. vi. 8; 2 Pet. iii. 8. † 5. 1 Tim. v. 8; Titus ii. 16. † 5. 2 Thess. iii. 6; 1 Tim. vi. 5. † 6. Matt. xxiii. 14; Titus i. 11.

σεσωρευμενα άμαρτιαις, αγομενα γυναικαρια little women having been laden with sins, being led away ποικιλαις, <sup>7</sup> παντοτε μανθανοντα, $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \upsilon \mu \iota \alpha \iota s$ always by inordinate desires varions, και μηδεποτε εις επιγνωσιν αληθειας ελθειν a knowledge of truth to come never inte 8 Όν τροπον  $\delta \epsilon$  Ιαννης και Ιαμβρης δυναμενα. Which way but Jannes and Jambres are able. αντεστησαν Μωυσει, ούτω και ούτοι ανθιστανare opposed Moses, 80 also these ται τη αληθεια, ανθρωποι κατεφθαρμενοι τον to the truth, men having corrupted <sup>9</sup> Αλλ\* αδοκιμοι περι την πιστιν. ου νουν, mind, disapproved ones concerning the faith. But not προκοψουσιν επι πλειον ή γαρ ανοια αυτων εκthey shall proceed to more; the for folly of them very δηλος εσται πασιν, ώς και ή εκεινων εγενετο. plain shall be to all, as also that of those  $^{10}$  Συ δε παρηκολουθηκας μου τη διδασκαλια, Thou but hast closely followed of me the τη αγωγη, τη προθεσει, τη πιστει, τη μακροθυthe conduct, the purpose, the fidelity, the forbear-\*[ $\tau\eta$   $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\eta$ ,]  $\tau\eta$   $\dot{\nu}\pi o\mu o\nu\eta$ ,  $^{11}\tau ois$   $\delta i\omega\gamma$ love, the auce. the patience, the perseμοι εγενετο εν μοις, τοις παθημασιν, οία cutions, the what things to me happened sufferings, Αντιοχεια, εν Ικονιώ, εν Λυστροις· οίους διωγin Iconium, in Lystra; what perseμους ύπηνεγκα, και εκ παντων με ερφυσατο δ and out of all me delivered the cutions I endured, <sup>12</sup> Και παντες δε 0ί θελοντες ευσε $\beta$ ως KUPIOS. Indeed butthose wishing all pinusly Lord. <sup>13</sup> Πονηζην εν Χριστφ Ιησου, διωχθησονται. to live in Anointed will be persecuted. Jesus, ροι δε ανθρωποι και γοητες προκοψουσιν επι το will progress and jugglers the <sup>14</sup> Συ δε χειρον, πλανωντες και πλανωμενοι. deceiving  $\mathbf{and}$ heing deceived. Thou but worse. επιστωθης, ειδως,  $\mu \in \nu \in \in \nu$  ois  $\epsilon \mu \alpha \theta \epsilon s$ και abide in the things thou didst learn and wast convinced of, knowing, <sup>15</sup> και ότι απο βρεφους εμαθες, παρα τινος whom thou didst learn, and that from a babe τα ίερα γραμματα οιδας, τα δυναμενα σε σοφιwritings thou knowest, those being able thee tumake

SIMPLE WOMEN, laden with Sins, being led away by various \* Inordinate desires.

7 always learning, and never able ‡ to come to a Knowledge of Truth

8 Now in the manner that ‡ Jannes and Jambres opposed Moses, so also are these opposed to the TRUTH; Men corrupted in MIND, disapproved concerning the FAITH.

9 But they shall not proceed further; for their \*FOOLISHNESS shall be very plain to all, ‡as THEIRS also became.

10 ‡ But thou hast closely followed my TEACH-ING, my CONDUCT, my INTENTION, my FIDELITY, my FORBRABANCE, my LOVE, my PATIENCE,

11 my PERSECUTIONS, my SUFFERINGS; What happened to me ‡in Antioch, ‡in Iconium, ‡in Lystra; What Persecutions I endured; and yet from all ‡the LORD delivered Me.

12 And indeed ‡ALL who WISH to live piously in Christ Jesus will be persecuted.

13 ‡ But Evil Men and Imposters will make progress for the worse, deceiving and being deceived.

14 But \$\$\dagger\$ do thou continue in the things which thou didst learn, and wast convinced of, knowing by whom thou hast been instructed;

15 and That from a Child thou hast known thouse Holly Scriptures, which are Able to make Thee wise for Salvation, through that Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

16 ‡ All Scripture, divinely inspired, is indeed

9. UNDER-

 $^{16}$  Πασα γραφη θεο $\pi$ νευστος και ωφελι-

faith

writing inspired of God

σαι εις σωτηριαν, δια πιστεως της εν Χριστφ

through

wise for

Ιησου.

Jesus,

calvation,

All

ofthat in

and

Anninted

profit-

<sup>•</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. Inordinate desires and Pleasures. standing. 10, Love—omit.

HOS TOOS διδασκαλιαν,  $\pi$ ρος ελεγχον,  $\pi$ ρος teaching, for able for for proof, επανορθωσιν, προς παιδειαν την εν δικαιοσυνη· for training up that in righteousness; <sup>17</sup>ίνα αρτιος η δ του θεου ανθρωπος, προς παν so that complete may be the of the God man, for εργον αγαθον εξηρτισμενος. work good having been thoroughly fitted.

## KEΦ. $\delta'$ . 4.

 $^1$  Διαμαρτυρομαι ενωπιον του  $\theta$ εου, και Ιησου Teolemniy charge in presence of the God, and Jesus Χριστου του μελλοντος κρινειν ζωντας και Anointed of that one being about to judge living ones and νεκρους, και την επιφανειαν αύτου και την dead ones, and the appearing of himself and βασιλειαν αύτου· <sup>2</sup> κηρυξον τον λογον, επιστηθι kingdom of himself; publish thou the word, bethou urgent akaipws, επιτιμησον, ελεγξον, ευκαιρως confute thou, eeasonably nuseasunably, rebuke thou, παρακαλεσυν εν παση μακροθυμι**α και δ**ιδαχη. exhort thou with all long-suffering and teaching. 3 Εσται γαρ καιρος, ότε της ύγιαινουσης διδασ-Will be for a season, when of the wholesome teachκαλιας ουκ ανεξονται, αλλα κατα τας ιδιας not they will endure, but according to the own επιθυμιας έαυτοις επισωρευσουσι διδασκαλους, desires of themselves they will heap up teachers. κνηθομενοι την ακοην. <sup>4</sup> και απο μεν της αληtickline the ear; and from indeed of the truth θειας την ακοην αποστρεψουσιν, επι δε τους the hearing they will turn away, to but μυθους εκτραπησονται. 5 Συ δε νηφε εν παfables they will be turned aside. Thou but be suber in all κακοπαθησον, εργον ποιησον ευαγγελισthings, suffer thou evil, work do thou of a proclaimer of glad <sup>6</sup> Εγω του, την διακονιαν σου πληροφορησον. service of thee do thou fully perform. tidings, the γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και δ καιρος της εμης γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και δ καιρος της εμης for already ambeing poured out, and the season of the of my αναλυσεως εφεστηκε<sup>7</sup> τον αγωνα τον καλον has come near; the contest ηγωνισμαι, τον δρομον τετελεκα, την πιστιν I have contested, the race I have finished, the τετηρηκα: <sup>8</sup> λοιπον αποκειται μοι δ της δικαιο-I have guarded; remaining is laid up for me the of the righteousσυνης στεφανος, δν αποδωσει μοι δ κυριος εν crown, which will give to me the Lord εκεινη τη ήμερα, δ δικαιος κριτης, ου μονον δε the righteous judge, not but | the day, only εμοι, αλλα και πασι τοις ηγαπηκοσι την επιto all to those having loved but also the φανειαν αυτου. pearance of him.

profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Discipline which is in Righteousness;

17 so that the MAN of God may be complete, thoroughly fitted for Every good Work.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 I adjure thee before THAT GOD and \* Christ Jesus ‡ who is about to judge the Living and the Dead, and by his APPEARing and by his kingdom, 2 proclaim the WORD. he urgent seasonably, unseasonably, confute, rebuke, exhort, with All Long-suffering and Teach-

ing.
3 ‡ For there will be a Time when they will not endure wholesome Instruction, but will accumulate Teachers for Themselves, according to their own Inordinate desires,

tickling their EAR,

4 and they will indeed turn away from the HEAR-ING of the TRUTH, and 1 be turned aside to FABLES.

5 But be thou sober in all things; #suffer \*bad treatment; perform ‡ an Evangelist's Work; fully accomplish thy SERVICE.

6 For #1 am already being poured out, and the TIME of \*my DISSOLUTION has come near.

7 I have maintained \*the GOOD CONTEST. I have finished the RACE, I have guarded the FAITH;

8 it remains that there is laid up for me the CROWN OF RIGHTEOUSNESS which the LOBD. RIGHTEOUS Judge, will give me \$\frac{1}{2} in That DAY, and not only to me, but also to All THOSE who have LOVED his APPEAB-ANCE.

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. Christ Jesus. r of Christ Jesus; perform. 6. my dissolution. 5. bad treatment, as a Good Sol dier of Christ Jesus; perform. 7. the GOOD Contest.

<sup>† 17. 2</sup> Tim., i. 21. † 1. Acts x. 42. 7; Titus i. 14. † 5. 2 Tim. i. 8; ii. 3. ii. 17. † 7. 1 Cor. ix. 24, 25; Phil. iii. 14. † 8. 2 Tim. iii. 1. † 4. 1 Tim. i. 4; iv † 5. Acts xxi. 8; Eph. iv. 11. † 6. Phil † S. James i. 12; 1 Pet. v. 4; Rev. ii. 10 8 2 Ttm. i. 12.

<sup>9</sup> Σπουδοσον ελθειν προς με ταχεως. 10 Δη-Earnestly endeavor to come to me BOOR. Deμας γαρ με εγκατελιπεν, αγαπησας τον νυν mas for me forsook, having loved the present αιωνα, και επορευθη εις Θεσσαλονικην. Κρησwent to Thessalonica; Cresκης εις Γαλατιαν, Τιτος εις Δαλματιαν. 11 Λουcens to Galatia, Titus to Dalmatias Lake κας εστι μονος μετ΄ εμου' Μαρκον αναλαβων with Mark having taken up meş μετα σεαυτου' εστι γαρ μοι ευχρηστος do thou bring with thyself; he is for to me very useful <sup>12</sup>Τυχικον δε απεστειλα εις Εφε- $\epsilon$ is  $\delta$ iakoviav. service. Tychicus but I sent to Ephe-13 Τον φελονην, όν απελιπον εν Τρωαδι σον. cloak, The which l left Troas παρα Καρπώ, ερχομενος φερε, και τα βιβλια, coming bring thou, and the written rolls, μβρανας. 14 Αλεξανδρος ο χαλ-Carpus, μαλιστα τας μεμβρανας. especially the parchments. Alexander the copperκευς πολλα μοι κακα ενεδειξατο, αποδώμ αυτφ smith many to me evilthing openly showed; may give to him <sup>15</sup> όν και συ ύ κυριος κατα τα εργα ...υτου the Lord according to the works of him. whom also nou φυλασσου, λιαν γαρ ανθεστηκε τοις ήμετεροις greatly for be has opposed the beware, 16 Εν τη πρωτη μου απολογια ουδεις λογοις. words. In the Gret of me defence no one μοι συμπαρεγενετο, αλλα παντες με εγκατελιbynie all stood, but me πον' (μη αυτοις λογισθειη') 17 δ δε κυριος μοι (not to them may it be imputed,) the but Lord by inπαρεστη, και ενεδυναμωσε με, ίνα δι' εμου το and strengthened me, so that through me the πληροφορηθη, και ακουση παντα ~ακηρυγμα proclamation might be fully established, and might hear all the ερδυσθην εκ στολατος λεοντος.

18 \* [και] δυσεται με ό κυριος απο παντος εργου will deliver me the Lord from work πονηρου, και σωσει εις την βασιλειαν αύτου and will save for the kingdom of himself

mouth

of a lion;

την επουρανιον: ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των heavenly; to whom the glory for the of the ages

αιωνων αμην. ages; so be it.

nations; and I was delivered out of

19 Ασπασαι Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, ĸaı  $\tau o \nu$ Salutethou Prisca and Aquila, and the

<sup>20</sup> Εραστος εμεινέν εν Κορ-of Onesiphorus house. Erastus remained in Cor-

9 Do thy best to come to me soon;

10 for ‡ Demas forsook Me, # having loved the PRESENT Age, and went to Thessalonica, Crescens to Galatia, Titus to \* Dalma-

11 Luke alone is with me. Take up Mark, and bring him with thee; for he is very useful to Me for Service.

12 But I sent Tychicus

to Ephesus.

13 When thou comest, bring the † BAG which I left at Troas with Carpus; also the BOOKS, and especially the PARCHMENTS.

14 ‡ Alexander the cor-PERSMITH, did many Evil things to Me; the LORD \* will reward him according to his works;

15 of whom do thou also beware, for he has very much opposed our

Words.

16 In my FIRST Defence no one \* came to Me, but all forsook me; (‡ may it not be imputed to them!)

17 1 but the LORD \* was present, and strengthened me, tso that through me the PROCLAMATION might be fully established, and All the NATIONS might hear; and I was delivered tout of the Lion's Mouth.

18 The LORD will deliver me from Every evil Work, and preserve me for his heavenly kingdom; to \* whom be the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

19 Salute 1 Prisca and Aquila, and the FAMILY of Onesiphorus.

20 ‡ Erastus remained at

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Dermatia. 17. was present, and. 18. and-omit. to Me.

<sup>14.</sup> will reward. 18. to him.

<sup>16.</sup> came

<sup>† 13.</sup> Pheloneen means either a bag or a cloak. According to the Syriac it is a bag or wrapper in which books were kept.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Col. iv. 15; Philemon 24. † 10. 1 John ii. 15. i. 20. † 14. 2 Sam. iii. 39; Psa. xxviii. 4; Rev. xviii. 6. † 17. Matt. x. 19; Acts xxiii. 11; xxvii. 23. 18; Eph. iii. 8. † 17. Psa. xvii. 91; 2 Pot. ii. 9. † 20. Acts XIX. 22; Rom. xvi. 23. 1 14. Acts xix. 33; 1 Tim.

<sup>1 16. 2</sup> Tim. i. 15; Acts 17. Acts ix. 15; xxvi. 17 1 19. Acts xviii. 2; Rom. xvi. 3

ι-θω· Τροφιμον δε απελιπον εν Μιλητ $\varphi$  ασθε-| Corinth, but I left  $\ddagger$  Tro-Trophimus but I left in Miletus uring Trophimus but I left in Miletus  $\alpha$ .  $\Xi \pi o \nu \delta \alpha \sigma \sigma \nu$   $\pi \rho o \chi \epsilon \iota \mu \omega \nu \sigma s \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$ . νουντα. rick. Ασπαζεται σε Ευβουλος, και Πουδης, και Λινος, before Winter. Eubulus, thee Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, and Pudens, and Linus, Salutes και οἱ αδελφοι παντες. και Κλαυδια, Claudis, and the brethren all, κυριος Ιησους \*[Χριστος] μετα το πνευματος
Lord Jesus [Anointed] with the spirit Lord 'Η χαρις μεθ' ύμων. σου. of thee. The favor with

being phimus sick at \* Miletus.

21 ‡Do thy best to come 22 'O and Claudia, and all the The BRETHREN salute thee.

> 22 The Lord Jesus be with thy SPIRIT. FAVOR be with thee. \*

> > Subscripe

1 21. verse 9. 2 20, Acts xx. 4; xxi. 29 1 22. Gal. vi. 18; Philemon 25.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.-20, Melotus, 22. Anointed-omit. CION-SECOND TO TIMOTHY-WELTTEN FROM LAODICEA.

 $^4$  [να σωφρονιζωσι τας νεας, φιλανδρους so that they may wisely influence the young women, husband-lovers ειναι, φιλοτεκνους,  $^5$  σωφρονας, άγνας, οικουτο be, children-lovers, prudentones, pure ones, house-pous, αγαθας, ύποτασσομενας τοις ιδιοις ανδραkeepers, good ones, being subusissive to the own husbands, σιν, ίνα μη δ λογος του θεου βλασφημηται. that not the word of the God may be evil spoken of.

<sup>6</sup> Τους νεωτερους ώσαυτως παρακαλει σωφρονειν· The younger men in like manner do thou exhort to be prudent; <sup>7</sup> περι παντα σεαυτον παρεχομενος τυπον καconcerning all things thyself exhibiting λων εργων, εν τη διδασκαλια αδια $\phi$ θοριαν, σεμin the teaching incorruptness. good works, νοτητα,  $^8$  λογον ύγιη, ακαταγνωστον $^{\bullet}$  ίνα  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ speech sound, not to be condemned; so that he from εναντιας εντραπη, μηδεν εχων περι ήμων λεof opposition may be at named, nothing having concerning us 9 Δουλους, ιδιοις δεσποταις ύπογειν φαυλον. Slaves, to own masters τασσεσθαι, εν πασιν ευαρεστους ειναι, μη αντιsubmissive, in all things well-pleasing to be, not contra- $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau a s$ ,  $^{10} \mu \eta \nu o \sigma \phi i (o \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu s$ ,  $a \lambda \lambda a \pi i \sigma \tau i \nu$ fidelity dicting, purloining, but παπαν ενδεικνυμενους αγαθην ίνα την διδασentire showing good; eo that the καλιαν του σωτηρος ήμων θεου κοσμωσιν εν of us of God they may adorn Bavior <sup>11</sup> Επεφανη γαρ ή χαρις του θεου \*[ή]πασιν. Shone forth for the favor of the God σωτηριος πασιν ανθρωποις, 12 παιδευουσα ήμας, saving men, admonishing us, ίνα αρνησαμενοι την ασεβειαν και τας κοσμιworldly so that having renounced the impiety. and the κας επιθυμιας, σωφρονως και δικαιως και ευprudently and righteously and desires.

 $\sigma$ εβως (ησωμεν εν τω νυν αιωνι·  $^{13}$  προσδεχοously we may live in the present age; waiting waiting μενοι την μακαριαν ελπιδα και επιφανειαν της blessed hope and appearing of the for δοξης του μεγαλου θεου και σωτηρος ήμων glory of the great God and SAVIOR of us 1ησου Χριστου· <sup>14</sup> δς εδωκεν έαυτον ύπερ ήμων,

Jesus Anointed; who gave himself on hehalf of us, ξνα λυτρωσηται ήμας απο πασης ανομιας, και so that he might redeem us from all lawlessness, and

καθαριση έαυτφ λαον περιουσιν, ζηλωτην might purify for himself a people peculiar, zealous

4 in order that they may wisely influence the Young women to be affectionate to their husbands and children;

5 prudent, chaste, domestic, good, ‡ submissive to their OWN Husbands, so that the WORD of GCD may not be reviled.

6 The Younger Men, in like manner, exhort to

be prudent;

7 tas to all things exhibiting Thyself a Pattern of Good Works, Uncorruptedness in the TEACHING, Seriousness,

8 \$ Sound Speech not to be condemned, \$ so that HE who is of the Opposition may be ashamed, having Nothing evil to say concerning us,

9 Let BOND-SERVANTS be submissive to their Own Masters; ‡in all things to be well-pleasing; not con-

tradicting;

10 not secretly stealing, but showing All good Fidelity; ‡ so that they may adorn \*THAT DOCTRINE of God our SAVIOR in all things.

11 For the Saving FAvor of God is manifested

for All Men,

12 teaching us, ‡ that renouncing implety and ‡ worldly Desires, we should live prudently, righteously, and piously in the PRESENT Age,

13 ‡ waiting for the BLESSED Hope, even the appearing of the GLORY of our GREAT GOD and Savior

Jesus Christ;

14 who gave himself on our behalf, that he might redeem us from All Lawlessness, and ‡ cleanse for himself a peculiar Peo. ple, devoted to Good Works.

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscrift.—10. That doctrine of God. 11. that—omit. 1.4. 1 Tim. v. 14. 

1.5. 1 Cor. xiv. 34; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. 13; 1 Tim. ii. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 1.5. 

1.7. 1 Tim. iv. 12; 1 Pet. v. 3. 

1.8. 1 Tim. vi. 3. 

1.8. 1 Tim. vi. 4. 

1.9. Eph. vi. 5; Col. iii. 22; 1 Tim. vi. 1, 2; 1 Pet. ii. 18. 

1.9. Eph. v. 24. 

1.0. Matt. v. 16; Phil. ii. 15. 

1.1. Rom. v. 15; Titus iii. 45; 1 Pet. v. 12. 

1.2. Rom. vi. 10; Eph. i. 4; Col. i. 22; 1 Thess. iv. 7. 

1.2. 1 Pet. iv. 2; 1 John ii. 16. 

1.3. 1 Cor. i. 7; Phil. iii. 20. 

1.4. Gal. i. 4; ii. 20; Eph. v. 2; 1 Tim. ii. 6.

καλων εργων. of good works. These speak thou and exhort thou και ελεγχε μετα πασης επιταγης μηδεις σου and reprove thou with all strictness; no one of thee  $\pi$ εριφρονειτω.

let disregard.

## KEФ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

 $^{1}$  Υπομιμνησκε αυτους αρχαις και εξουσιαις Do thou remind them to governments and nuthorities ύποτασσεσθαι.  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \alpha \rho \chi \epsilon i \nu$ ,  $\pi \rho o s$  $\pi \alpha \nu$ εργον to be submissive, to obey rulers, as :0 buog every αγαθον έτοιμους ειναι, μηδενα βλασφημειν, to be, work ready to speak evil of, no one αμαχους ειναι, επιεικεις, πασαν ενδεικνυμενους not qurrelsome to be, gentle, showing  $^3 H\mu\epsilon\nu \gamma\alpha\rho$ πραστητα προς παντας ανθρωπους. mildness all to Were men. for  $\pi \circ \tau \in \kappa \alpha i \ \eta \mu \epsilon i s \ \alpha \nu \circ \eta \tau \circ i, \ \alpha \pi \epsilon i \theta \epsilon i s, \ \pi \lambda \alpha \nu \omega \mu \epsilon \nu \circ i,$ we senseless ones, disobedient ones, erring ones, δουλευοντες επιθυμιαις και ήδοναις ποικιλας, being enslaved to inordinate desires and pleasures εν κακια και φθονφ διαγοντες, στυγητοι, μισmalice and euvy passing through, odious ones,  $^4$  Ότ $\epsilon$  δ $\epsilon$  ή χρηστοτης και ουντες αλληλους. When but the each other. kinduess ή φιλανθρωπια επεφανή του σωτηρος ήμων love to man shone forth of the of us preserver  $\theta$ εου,  $^5$ ουκ εξ εργων των εν δικαιοσυνη ών of God, not from of works of those in righteousness which εποιησαμεν ήμεις, αλλα κατα τον αύτου ελεον but according to the of himself mercy we. εσωσεν ήμας, δια λουτρου παλιγγενεσιας, και through a bath of a new birth, ανακαινωσεως πνευματος άγιου, <sup>6</sup>ού  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$ of which he poured out of apirit holy, εφ' ήμας πλουσιως, δια Ιησου Χριστου του σωthrough Jesus nchly, Anointed τηρος ήμων, 7 ίνα δικαιωθεντες τη  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu o \nu$ of us, so that having been justified by the of him χαριτι, κληρονομοι γενωμεθα κατ' we might become according to a hope S Πιστος δ λυγος. (ωης αιωνιου. the word; of life age-lasting. True and respecting τουτων βουλομαι σε διαβεβαιουσθαι, ίνα φρονthese things I wish thee to affirm strongly, so that they may τιζωσι καλων εργων προιστασθαι οί πεπιστευhe careful of good works to excel those having beκοτες \* [τω]  $\theta \epsilon \varphi$ . Ταυτα εστι τα καλα και lieved [in the] Gad. These is the things good , and

15 \* Teach these things, and ‡ exhort and reprove with All Strictness; let no one disregard Thee.

## CHAPTER III.

1 And remind them to be submissive to Governments and Authorities, to obey rulers, \* and to be tready for Every good Work:

2 to revile No one, t not to be quarrelsome; to be t mild, showing Entire Gentleness to All

Men;

3 For twe ourselves, also, were formerly senseless, disobedient, erring, being in bondage to various Inordinate desires and Pleasures, living in Malice and Envy. detestable, hating each other.

4 But when the GOOD-NESS and the PHILAN-THROPY of God tour SA-

VIOR, appeared,

5 he saved us, ‡not on account of Those Works in Righteousness which we did, but according to his own Mercy, ‡through \* the BATH of Regeneration, and a Renovation of the Holy Spirit,

6 I which he poured out on us richly through Jesus

Christ our SAVIOR;

7 tso that having been justified by His favor, twe might become Heirs taccording to a Hope of aionian Life.

8 This DOCTRINE is True; and respecting these things I wish thee to fully establish them; so that Those having becareful to excel in Good Works. These things are Those which are \*good and profitable to men.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT.—15. Teach. 1. And remind. 1. and to be ready. 5. the BATH of. 8. the—omit. 8. good and profitable.

† 15. 1 Tim. iv. 12. † 1. Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. † 1. Col. i. 10: 2 Tim. ii.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{1}\$ 15. 1 Tim. iv. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Col. i. 10; 2 Tim. ii. 21; 1 Heb. xiii. 21. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Eph. iv. 31. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. 2 Tim. ii. 24, 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Phil. iv. 5. 2 3. 1 Cor. vi. 11; Eph. ii. 1; Col. i. 21; iii. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Titus ii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Tim. ii. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5. Rom. iii. 20; ix. 11; xi. 6; Gal. ii. 16; Eph. ii. 48, 9; 2 Tim. i. 9. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5. John iii. 3, 5; Eph. v. 26; 1 Pet. iii. 21. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 6. Acts ii. 33; x. 45. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Rom. iii. 24; Gal. ii. 16. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Rom. viii. 23, 24. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Titus i. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 8. verses 1, 14.

 $^{9}$   $\mu\omega\rho\alpha s$   $\delta\epsilon$  ( $\eta\tau\eta\sigma\epsilon is$ ωφελιμα τοις ανθρωποις. foolish but profitable to the questions men: και ερεις και μαχας νομικας και γενεαλογιας and strifes and fightings about and genealogies περιιστασο εισι γαρ ανωφελεις και ματαιοι. they are for unprofitable and vain.  $^{10}$  Αίρετικον ανθρωπον μετα μιαν και δευτεραν man after a first and second A factious

A factious man after a first and second  $\nu o \nu \theta \epsilon \sigma (\alpha \nu) \pi \alpha \rho \alpha i \tau o \nu$  admonition do thou reject; knowing, that has been perverted  $\delta \tau o i o \nu \tau o s$ , και άμαρτανει, ών αυτοκατακρίτος. Lesuch a one, and sins, being self-condemued.

12 'Οταν πεμψω Αρτεμαν προς σε η Τυχικον, When I shall send Artemas to thee or Tychicus, σπουδασον ελθειν προς με εις Νικοπολιν εκει Nicopolis; there earnestly endeavor to come to me to <sup>13</sup> Σηναν την νομιγαρ κεκρικα παραχειμί σαι. Zenas the lawfor I have decided to winter. κον και Απολλω σπουδαιως προπεμψον, ίνα μη-

yer and Apollos diligently send on before, so that noth-  $\delta \epsilon \nu$  autois  $\lambda \epsilon i\pi \eta$ . <sup>14</sup> Mauhauetwaa  $\delta \epsilon$  kai of ing to them may be lacking. Let learn and also the  $\eta \mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \rho o i$  ka $\lambda \omega \nu$   $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$   $\pi \rho o i \sigma \tau a \sigma \theta a i$   $\epsilon i s$   $\tau a s$ 

ours of good works to excel for the αναγκαιας χρειας, ίνα μη ωσιν ακαρποι. <sup>15</sup> Ασpressing waits, so that not they may be unfruitful. Saπαζονται σε οί μετ' εμου παντες απασαι τους
lite thee those with me all; salute thou those

φιλουντας ήμας εν πιστει. Ύ χαρις μετα loving w in faith. The favor with

παντων ύμων, all of you. 9 But avoid Foolish Questions, and ‡Genealogies, and Disputes, and Contentions about the Law; for they are ‡unprofitable and Vain-

10 ‡ Reject a Factious Man, ‡ after a First and Second Admonition;

11 knowing that SUCH A ONE has been perverted, and sins, ‡ being self-condemned.

12 When I shall send Artemas to thee, or ‡Ty-chicus, earnestly endeavor to come to me at Nicopolis; for I have decided to pass the winter there.

13 Send forward Zenas the LAWYER, and ‡ Apollos, with careful attention, so that they may not lack anything;

14 and let our [brethren] also learn to stand foremost in Good Works for these PRESSING Occasions, that they may not be unfruitful.

15 All who are with me, salute thee. Salute THOSE who LOVE us in the Faith. Favor be with you all!

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscript.—Subscription—To Titus—Written from Nicopolis.

† 9. 1 Tim. i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus i. 14.

† 7; Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; 2 John 10.

† 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 2.

† 11. Acts xiii. 48.

† 12. Acts xx. 4; 2 Tim. iv. 12.

† 14. verse 8.

† 14. Rom. xv. 28; Phil. i. 11; iv. 17; Col. i. 10; 2 Pet. i. 8.

# [ MAYACY EMISTOAH] MPOS DIAHMONA.

# \*TO PHILEMON.

## КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος, δεσμιος Χριστου Ιησου, και Γιμοa prisoner of Anointed Jesus, and Timoθεος δ αδελφος, Φιλημονι τφ αγαπητφ και συνto Philemon the beloved one and fellowthy the brother, εργφ ήμων, εκαι Απφια τη αγαπητη, και Αρand to Apphia the beloved one, and Arχιππω τω συστρατιωτη ήμων, και τη κατ' chippns the and to the in fellow-soldier of us, οικον σου εκκλησια. <sup>3</sup> χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη house of thee congregation; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God afather ofus, and Lord Jesus Anointed. του.

4 Ευχαριστω τω θεω μου παντοτε, μνειαν I give thanks to the Gad of me always, a remembrance σου ποιουμένος επ: των προσευχών μου,  $^5$  ακουthe prayers of me, of thee making in ων σου την αγαπην και την πιστιν, ήν εχεις and love the faith, which thou hast προς τον κυριον Ιησουν και εις παντας τους and for Lord Jesus άγιους· <sup>6</sup> όπους ή κοινωνια της πιστεως σου that the fellowship of the faith ενεργης γενηται, εν επιγνωσει παντος αγαθου active may become, by a knowledge of every good του εν ήμιν, εις Χριστον \*[Ιησουν.] Τ Χαραν of the in nation regard to Anointed Joğ [Jesus.] γαρ εχομεν πολλην και παρακλησιν επι τη wehave much and consolation in the for αγαπη σου, ότι τα σπλαγχνα των άγιων αναlove of thee, because the of the holy ones has bowels 8 A10  $\pi \epsilon \pi \alpha \upsilon \tau \alpha \iota$   $\delta \iota \alpha$   $\sigma \circ \upsilon$ ,  $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \varphi \epsilon$ .  $\pi o \lambda \lambda n \nu$ been refreshed through thee, O brother. Therefore εν Χριστφ παρδησιαν εχων επιτασσειν σοι το having in Anoisted holdness to enjoin thee the 9 δια την αγαπην μαλλον παρακαλω. ανηκον, becoming thing, through the lave rather I beseech; τοιουτος ων, ώς Παυλος πρεσβυτης, νυνι δε και an old man, such a one being, as Paul nnw but also δεσμιος Ιησου Χριστου· 10 παρακαλω σε  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ I hereech thee concerning a prisoner of Jesus Anointed;

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Prisoner for Christ Jesus, and Timothy the brother, to Philemon, the Beloved one, and our ‡ Fellow-laborer,—

2 and to Apphia, the sister, and to † Archippus, our FELLOW-SOLDIER; and the † CONGREGATION in thy House.

3 ‡ Favor to you, and' Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ;

4 ‡ I give thanks to my God always, making Mention of thee in my PRAY-ERS.

5 (thearing of Thy LOVE and FAITH, which thou hast toward the LORD Jesus, and for All the SAINTS.)

6 that the FELLOWSHIP of thy FAITH may become efficient, ‡ by a Knowledge of Every Good thing in us, in regard to Christ.

7 \* For we have much Joy and Consolation over Thy LOVE, O Brother! Because the TENDER SYMPATHIES of the SAINTS have been refreshed through thee.

8 Therefore, ‡ having much confidence in Christ to enjoin on thee WHAT is BECOMING,

9 on account of \*that Love I rather entreat; heing such a one, as Paul †an old man, and now also ta Prisoner for \*Christ Jesus,

10 I entreat thee res-

<sup>•</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To PHILEMON.

6. Jesus—omit.

7. For I have.

9. NECESSITY I rather entreat.

9. Christ

<sup>+ 9.</sup> Benson following Theophylect says, that presbutees, translated an old man in this place, has the signification of presbettees, an ambassador; and in support of his opinion he cites some passages from the LXX, and from the Apocrypha.—Macknight. Dr. Adam Clarke also inclines to the same view.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Eph. iii. 1; iv. 1; 2 Tim. i. 8; verse 8. † 1. Phil. ii 25. † 2. Col. iv. 17. † 2. Rom. xvi. 5; 1 Cor. xvi. 10. † 3. Eph. i. 2. † 4. Eph. i. 16. † 5. Eph. i. 15; Col. i. 4. † 6. Phil. i. 9, II. † 7. 2 Cor. vii. 13; 2 Tim. i. 16; verse 20. † 5. † 1 Thess. ii. 6. † 9. verse 1.

του εμου τεκνου, όν εγεννησα εν τοις δεσμοις of the of me child, whom I begot in the bonds \*[μου,] Ονησιμον, [of me,] Ουησιμον, 11 τον ποτε σοι αχρηστον, that formerly to thee unprofitable, νυνιδε σοι και εμοι ευχρηστον, δν ανεπεμψα: whom now but to thee and to me profitable, I sent back;  $^{12}$  συ δε αυτον, τουτ' εστι τα εμα σπλαγχνα, thou but him, that is the my howels,  $^{13}$  Όν εγω εβουλομην προς εμαυπροσλαβου. do thou receive. When was wishing for τον κατεχειν, ίνα ύπερ σου μοι διακονη εν self to retain, so that on behalf of thee to me he might serve in τοις δεσμοις του ευαγγελιου. 14 χωρις δε της without but of the glad lidings; ofthe σης γνωμης ουδεν ηθελησα ποιησαι, ίνα μη ώς thy consent nothing I wished to do, το αγαθον σου η, ката αναγκην αλλα according to constraint good of thee might b. but the <sup>15</sup> Ταχα έκουσιον.  $\gamma a c$ δια τουτο according to willingness. Perhaps for on account of this εχωρισθη προς ώραν, ίνα αιωνιον αυτον he was separated for an hour, so that an age him thou might-16 ουκετιώς δουλον, αλλ<sup>2</sup> no longer as a slave, but ύπερ δουxns. est receive;  $\lambda_{0\nu}$ ,  $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi_{0\nu}$   $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\eta\tau_{0\nu}$ ,  $\mu\alpha\lambda_{1}\sigma\tau\alpha$   $\epsilon\mu_{01}$ , ποσω heloved, especially to me, by how much alave, a brother 17 E. δε μαλλον σοι, και εν σαρκι και εν κυριω. to thee, both in flesh and in Lord. our  $\mu\epsilon$  exels kolvwror,  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma\lambda\alpha\beta\sigma\sigma$  autor & then me thouholdest a partner, receive thou him as <sup>18</sup> Ει δε τι ηδικησε σε, η οφειλει, τουτο €µ€. If butanything he wronged thee, or me. <sup>19</sup> Εγω Παυλος ελλογει. **εργραψα** €µ0l  $\tau\eta$ to me put thou on account. Paul wrote with the εμη χειρι, εγω αποτισω· ίνα μη λεγω I will pay off; so that not I may say to thee, mv 20 Nai, δτι και σεαυτον μοι  $\pi \rho o \sigma o \phi \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon i s$ . that thyself to me thou owest. αδελφε, εγω σου οναιμην εν κυριώ αναπαυ-I of thee should be profited in Lord, O brother,  $^{21}$   $\Pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta \omega s$ σον μου τα σπλαγχνα εν Χριστώ. thou of me the howels in Anointed. Having confidence τη ύπακοη σου εγραψα σοι, ειδως, ότι και in the obedience of thee I wrote to thee, knowing, that even

 $^{22}$  ' Αμα δε και έτοιμαζε μοι ξενιαν ελπιζω At the same time but also prepare thou for mealodging; I hope

pecting MY Child, ‡ whom I begot in my BONDS, THAT ‡ Onesimus,

11 who formerly was UNPROFITABLE to Thee, but is now profitable to Thee and to Me;
12 whom I have sent

12 whom I have sent \*back to thee; and do thou receive Him, that is, MYSELF.

13 Whom I was wishing to retain for Myself, tso that on the behalf he might serve me in these bonds for the GLAD TID-INGS;

14 but I desired to do Nothing without THY Conscnt, ‡that thy GOOD deed might not be as from Constraint, but Voluntary.

15 ‡ For perhaps on this account he was separated for a little time, in order that thou mightest receive Him for an Age;

16 no longer as a Bondman, but above a Bondman,—ta beloved Brother, especially to me, but how much more to thee, tboth in the Flesh, and in the Lord!

17 If, then, thou regardest Me as ‡a Partner, receive him as me.

18 But if he injured thee in anything, or is indebted, place this to my account;

19 (# Paul write with MY own hand,) # will pay it off; that I may not say to thee, That to me thou owest even thyself.

20 Yes, Brother, may E derive profit from Thee in the Lord; refresh My TENDER SYMPATHIES in Christ.

21 ‡ Having confidence in thy COMPLIANCE, I write to thee, being assured That thou wilt even do beyond what I request.

22 But at the same time, also, prepare for me a

ύπερ δ λεγω ποιησεις.

heyond what I may say thou wilt do.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 10. of me-omit. that is.

<sup>12.</sup> again to thee. Receive Him,

<sup>† 10. 1</sup> Cor. iv. 15; Gal. iv. 19. † 10. Col. iv. 9. † 13. 1 Cor. xvi. 17; Phil. ii. 80 † 14. 2 Cor. ix. 7. † 15. See Gen. xlv. 5, 8. † 16. Col. iii. 22. † 17. 2 Cor. viii. 23. † 20. verse 7. † 21. 2 Cor. vii. 16.

γαρ, ότι δια των προσευχων ύμων χαρισθηπο-for, that through the prayers ctyon I shall be imfor, that through the I shall be imμαι ύμιν. 23 Ασπαζεται σε Επαφρας, δ συναιχ-Salutes thee Epaphras, the parted to you. fellowμαλωτος μου εν Χριστφ Ιησου, 24 Μαρκου, Αρισ-Mark, of me in Anointed Jesus, Arisταρχος, Δημας, Λουκας, οί συνεργοι μου. 25 'H Demas, Luke, the fellow-workers of me. The tarchas, χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστ**ου μ**ετατου of us Jesus Appliated with with favor of the Lord πνευματος ύμων. Υ eptrit of you,

Lodging, for \$1 hope That \$\frac{1}{2}\$ through your PRAYERS \$\frac{1}{2}\$ shall be imparted to you.

23 † Epaphres, my FEL-LOW-CAPTIVE in Christ Jesus, salutes theo;

24 nlso † Mark, † Aristarchus, † Demas, † Luke, my FELLOW-LABORERS.

25 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with your SPIRIT

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- The Subscription to this Epistle has been cut off.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Phil. i. 25; ii. 24. 1 22. 2 Cor. i. 11. 1 23. Col. i. 7; iv. 12. 1 24. Acts xib. 12, 25. 1 24. Acts xiv. 20; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 19. 1 24. Col. iv. 12. 1 25. 2 Tim. iv. 22.

# ΠΡΟΣ ΕΒΡΑΙΟΥΣ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.]

## \*TO THE HEBREWS.

## КΕΦ. α'. 1.

 $^{1}$  Πολυμερως και πολυτροπως παλαι δ hetaεος long ago the God and in many ways In many parts λαλησας τοις πατρασιν εν τοις προφηταις, επ' by the prophets, saving spoken to the fathers εσχατου των ήμερων τουτων ελαλησεν ήμιν εν of these spoke tous by ofthe days  $(\delta i)$ υίω. 2 δν εθηκε κληρονομον παντων, of all things, (on account of a son, whom he appointed an heir και τους αιωνας εποιησεν,)  $^3$  δς (ων απαυhe made,) who (being an effulγασμα της δοξης και χαρακτηρ της ὑποστασεως of the glory and an exact impress of the τα παντα τφ δηματιτης αυτου, φερων τε of him, sustaining and the things all by the word of the \*[δι' δυναμεως αύτου,) έαυτου καθαρισμον himself] through of himself,) a purification ποιησαμενος των αμαρτιων \*[ήμων,] εκαθισεν εν sins of us, sat down ofthe having made ύψηλοις 4 τοσουτω δεξια της μεγαλωσυνης εν in high places; by so much majesty κρειττων γενομενος \*[των] αγγελων, όσω διαhaving become of the ] messengers, by so much more Φορωτερον παρ' αυτους κεκληρονομηκεν ονομα. heyond them he has inherited excellent <sup>5</sup> Τινι γαρ ειπε ποτε των αγγελων. Yios μου ει To which for did he say ever of the messengers; A son of me art συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα σε; και παλιν have begotten thee? and theu, to-day Εγω εσομαι αυτφ εις πατερα, και αυτος εσται ЬJ shall be will be to him for a father, and. μοι εις υίον; δόταν δε παλιν εισαγαγη TOV when but again he may lead in tue to me for Kaı πρωτοτοκον εις την οικουμενην, λεγε. And he says; first-born into the habitable, προσκυνησατωσαν αυτφ παντες αγγελοι θεου. all messengers of God. him let worship λεγει. μ€ν αγγελους TOUS Και προς He And concerning indeed messengers he says; the πνευματα, αγγελους αύτου TOUS ποιων of himself spirits, messengers making φλογα. αύτου πυρος Kal Tous λειτουργους a flame; public servants of himself offire δε τον υίον. 'Ο θρονος σου ὁ θεος εις  $8 \pi \rho os$ The throne of thee the God son; concerning but the

## CHAPTER I.

1 God having anciently spoken, tin many portions and by various methods, to the FATHERS by the PROPHETS,

2 in the last of these DAYS ‡ spoke to us by a Son, ‡ whom he appointed Heir of all things, on account of whom also he constituted the AGES:

3 twho, being an Effalgence of his GLORY, and an exact Impress of his SUBSTANCE, and \*making manifest ALL things by the WOED of his POWER, thaving made a Purification for SINS, that down at the Right hand of the MAJESTY in high places;

4 having become as much superior to Angels, ‡ as he has inherited a more Excellent Name than

they.

5 For to which of the ANGELS did he ever say, to thou art my Son, To-day & have begotten thee?" And again, the will be to him for a "Father, and he shall be to me for a Son?"

6 And when again he shall introduce the first born into the habitable, he says, t"And let All "God's Angels worship him."

7 And with respect to the ANGELS, indeed he says, ‡"It is HE who "MAKES his ANGELS "Winds, and his MINIS-"TERING SERVANTS L "Flame of Fire."

for the son, the for the son, 
<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To the Hebrews.
things by.
3. through himself—omit.
3. of us—omit.
4. of the—omit.

HEBREWS. τον αιωνα \*[του αιωνος ] βαβδος ευθυτητος ή "is for the AGE; ". and the age (of the g, ego;) a sceptre of rectifude the "ludk is the Sceptre of βαβδος της βασιλείας σου. Η Ηγεπησας δικαιsceptre of the Lingdom of thee. Thou didst love right-" thy kinodom. - 9 "Thou didst love " Righteousness, and hate οσυνην, και εμισησας ανομιαν. δια τουτ sources, and thou didst hate lawlessness; on account of this " Lawlessness; therefore, " thy Gon ; anointed thee, εχρισέ σε δ θεος σου, ελαιον αγαλλιασεως "O God, with the oil of anginted thee the God of thee, oil of extremejoy . "Exultation beyond thy " ASSOCIATES." 10 Kaι Συ κατ' παρα τους μετοχους σου. 10 Also, : " Thau, O " Lord, at Tirst didse luy beyond the associates of thee. And Thou αρχας, κυριε, την γην εθεμελιωσας, και εργα a beginning, O Lord, the earth didectorm, and works "the foundation of the "EARTH; and the HEA-" VENS are Works of thy 11 Αυτοι αποτων χειρων σου εισιν οί ουρανοι. " HANDE; of the hands of thee are the heavens. They shall 'll # "then shall perish, λουνται, συ δε διαμενεις και παντες ώς ίμα-"but thou remainest, "and they all shall be-"come old like a Garτιον παλαιωθησονται, 12 και ώσει περιβολαιον " ment; and like, an upper garment aball become old. 12 "and like a Maztle έλιξεις αυτους, και αλλαγησονται συ δε δ "theu wilt fold them un; and they shall be changed; thou but the thou wilt fold them, " like a Garment also "they shall be changed; αυτος ει, και τα ετη σου ουκ εκλειψουσι. "but thou art the SAME. will fail. and the years of thee not seme art. " and thy YEARS shall not 13 Προς τινα δε των αγγελων ειρηκε ποτε. Κα-" fail." To which but of the messengers did he say every Do : 13 But to which of the ANGELS did he ever say, θου εκ δεξιων μου, έως ανθω τους εχθρους t" Sit thou at my Right "hand, till I put thine till I may place the right of me, 14 Ουχι παντες σου ύποποδι**ον** των ποδων σου: " ENEMIES underneath thy o'thee ontitol for the feet of thee? Not "FEET?" All 14 Are they not all εισι λειτουργικά πνευματά, εις διακονίαν αποσ-Ministering Spirits, sent ere public serving spirits, for forth for Service, on acμελλουτας κληρουοδια count of ITHOSE BEING τελλομενα TOUS seut forth on account of . those beingabout ABOUT to inherit Salvation? КΕΦ. β'. 2. 1 Δια MEIN GWTHDIAN : TOUTO CHAPTER II. On account of salvation? this δει περισσοτερως ήμας προσεχειν τοις ακουσt behoves more earnestly us to agreed to the things hav-

1 On this account it hehoves us to attend more earnestly to the THINGS HEARD, lest we should ever let them glide away.

2 For if the word t spoken through Angels was firm, and 1 Every Deviation and Disohedience received a Just Retribution:

THEIS EKPEUED-

'3 1 how shall be escape.

 Varican Manuscrift.—8, of the age—omit.
 8, and the scerring of age the Sceptre of his kingdom.
 12, like a Garment also they shall be changed. 8. and the scerrex of agetirups is the Sceptre of his Kingdom.

WAS

and imperfect hearing received

2 Ει γαρ δ

· Srm

shall es-

μηποτε παραρφυωμεν.

ος, και πασα παραβασις και παρακοη ελαβεν

deviation

αγγελων λαληθεις λογος εγενετο βεβαι-

ing been heard, lest perhaps we should glide away,

Chrough messengers having been spoken word

ενδικον μισθαποδοσιαν. 3 πως

retribution;

and eyery

Beioi.

e just

10. Isa. lxl. 1; Luke iv. 18; John x. 36; Acta iv. 27; x. 38.
11. Isa. xxxiv. 4; ii. 6; Matt. xxiv. 35; 1 Pet. iii. 7, 10; Rev. xx. 11.
113. Psa. cx. 1;
114. Psa. xxxiv. 7; xci. 11; cii. co. 21.
115. James ii. 6.
17. Deut. xxxiii. 2; Acta vii. 53.
18. James ii. 6.
19. Deut. xxxiii. 2; Acta vii. 53.
19. Num. xv. 30, 31; Deut. V. 3; zvil. 2. 6. 12; zzvil. 26. 1 3. Heb. x. 28, 29; xii. 35.

μεθα τηλικαυτης αμελησαντες σωτηρ**ι**ας; ήτις having having disregarded a salvation f so great which αρχην λαβουσα λαλεισθαι δια του κυ**ριου,** a beginning having received to be spoken through the Lord, ύπο των ακουσαντων €1S  $\dot{\eta}$ μας  $\epsilon \beta \epsilon \beta \alpha \iota \omega \theta \eta$ . bу those having heard for us was confirmed, <sup>4</sup> συνεπιμαρτυρουντος του θεου σημειοις τε κ**α**!

co-attesting by signs hoth and the God τερασι, και ποικιλαις δυναμεσι, και πνευμ**ατο3** by prodigies, and by various powers, and ot spirit

**άγιου μερισμοις, κατα την αύτου**  $\theta \in \lambda \eta \sigma i \nu$ . by distributions, according to the of himself holy

<sup>5</sup> Ου γαρ αγγελοις ὑπεταξε την οικουμενην την Not for to messengers he did subject the habitable that

δ Διεμαρτυ~ μελλουσαν, περι ής λαλουμεν. about coming, concerning which we speak. Testified

ρατο δε που τις, λεγων. Τι εστιν ανθρωπος, but somewhere one, saying; What is

δτι μιμνησκη αυτου $\cdot$  η υίος ανθρωπου, δτι that thou dost remember him; or ason <sup>7</sup> Ηλαττωσας αυτον βραχυ επισκεπτη αυτον; thou dost observe him? Thoudidst make less him a little while

τι παρ' αγγελους. δοξη και τιμη εστεφανωmessengers; with glory and with honor

<sup>8</sup> παντα θπεταξας ύποκατ**ω** των all things thou didst place under erown. Εν γαρ τφ ύποταξαι \*[αυτφ] ποδων αυτου. for the to be subjected [to him] ουδεν αφηκεν αυτφ ανυποτακ- $\tau \alpha$ 

παντα, is left the things all, nothing to him nnaubject-Ton. νυν δε ουπω όρωμεν αυτφ τα παντα to him the things all now but not vet we see

<sup>9</sup>Τον δε βραχυ τι παρ' αγγεὑποτεταγμενα. The but a short time than having been placed. messen-

λους ηλαττωμένον βλέπομεν Ιησουν δια gers having been made less we ace Jesus on account of the παθημα του θανατου δοξη και τιμη εστεφαsuffering of the death with glory and with honor having been νωμενον όπως χαριτι θεου ύπερ παντος γευso that hy favor of God on behalf of all

 $^{10}$   $\text{E}\pi\rho\epsilon\pi\epsilon$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\alpha\nu\tau\varphi$ ,  $\delta\iota$   $\delta\nu$  It was fitting besides for him, for whom σηται θανατου. might taste of death.

δι' ού τα παντα, πολλους παντα και the thinga all and through whom the things all, many

υίους εις δοξα*ν* αγαγοντα τον αρχηγον της

the leading prince of the into glory δια παθηματων τελειωσαι. σωτηριας αυτων of them through aalvation sufferings to perfect.

Sa disregarded great a Salvation? which beginning to be spoken whe LORD, was conarmed for Us by THOSE who heard him;

4 1 God co-attesting t both be Signs and Wonlers and various Mighty works, and ‡ Distributions of hely Spirit, according

to**ni**s Will?

5 For to Angels he did not subject the FUTURE HABITABLE, concerning which we speak.

6 But one somewhere testified, saying, I" What "is a Man That thou dost "remember him? or a "Son of Man, That thou " dost regard hin ?

7 "Thou didst make " him for a little while in-"ferior to Angels; then "didst crown him with "Glory and Honor;

8 "thou didst subject "All things under his "FEET;"-for in SUB-JECTING ALL THINGS, he left Nothing unsubjected to Him; but, at present, we do not see that ALL things have actually been placed under Him.

9 But we behold JESUS. on account of the suffering of DEATH terowned with Glory and Honor, I HAVING BEEN MADE for a little while INTERIOR to Angels, so that, by God's Favor, the might taste of Death on behalf of every one.

10 For it was becoming him, 2 on account of whom are ALL things. through whom are ALL things, in conducting Many Sons to Glory, ‡ to perfect the IPRINCE of their SALVATION through Sufferings.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to him-omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Matt. iv. 17; Mark i. 14. † 3. Luke i. 2. † 4. Mark xvi. 20; Acts xiv. 3; xix. 11; Rom. xv. 18, 19; 1 Cor. ii. 4. † 4. Acts ii. 22, 43. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 7, 11. † 5. Heb. vi. 5; 2 Pet. iii. 13. † 6. Psa. viii. 4. † 9. Acts ii. 33. † 9. Phil. ii. 7-9. † 9. Rom. v. 18; viii. 32; 2 Cor. v. 15; 1 Tim. ii. 6; 1 John ii. 2. † 10. Rom. xi. 36. † 10. Luke xiii. 32; Heb. v. 9. † 10. Acts iii. 15; v. 31; Heb. xii. 9.

11 Ο τε γαρ άγιαζων και οἱ άγιαζομενοι, εξ He both for sauctifying and those being sanctified, out of ένος παντες δι' ήν αιτιαν ουκ επαισχυνεται for which cause not he is ashamed  $^{12}$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega\nu$   $\Lambda\pi\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\omega$ αδελφους αυτους καλειν, them to call. saying; I will announce το ονομα σου τοις αδελφοις μου, εν μεσφ εκof me, in the name of thee to the brethren midst ola <sup>13</sup> Και παλιν· Εγω εσο- $\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma$  ias  $\delta\mu\nu\eta\sigma\omega\sigma\epsilon$ . And w:11 congregation I will praise thee. again; μαι πεποιθως επ' αυτω. Ιδου εγω, και παλιν' again; be having trusted in him: and 14 Επειουν και τα παιδια ά μοι εδωκεν ό θεος. and the children which to me gave the God. Since then τα παιδια κεκοινωνηκε σαρκος και αίματος, και the children have been sharers of flesh and blood. also αυτος παραπλησιως μετεσχε των αυτων, ίνα in like mauner partnok ofthe of them, so that he του θανατου καταργηση  $\tau o \nu$  $\tau o$ or means of the death he might make powerless him κρατος εχοντα του θανατου, τουτ' ECTI TOY that atrength having of the death, διαβολον, 15 και απαλλαξη τουτους όσοι φοβω and might set free them as many as hy fear SCCHAPT. θανατου δια παντος του ζην ενοχοι ησαν δουofdeath through all of the life held in were <sup>16</sup> Ου γαρ δηπου αγγελων επιλαμβα::ελειας. Not for in any manner of messengers he takes hold, ται, αλλα σπερματος Αβρααμ επιλαμβανεται. of Abraam

ofseed he takes hold. 17 'Οθεν ωφειλε τοις αδελφοις ката  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ Hence he was obliged in all things to the brethren δμοιωθηναι, ίνα ελεημων γενηται και πιστος to he made like, so that merciful he might be and faithful αρχιερευς τα προςτονθεον, εις το ίλασκεσθαι high-priest thethings as to the God, in order to the to explate 18 Εν ώ γαρ πεπονθεν τας αμαρτίας του λαου. By what for he has suffered of the people. autos  $\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\alpha\sigma\theta\epsilon\iota s$ ,  $\delta uu$ atai tois  $\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\alpha\xi u\mu\epsilon
uois$  himself having been tried, he is able to those heing tried Βοηθησαι... to render aid.

## KE $\phi$ . $\gamma'$ . 3.

1 'Οθεν, αδελφοι άγιοι, κλησεως επουρανιου Whence, hrethren holy, ο fa calling heavenly μετοχοις κατανοησατε τον αποστολον και αρpartakera do you attentively regard the apostle and high-

11 For t both the SANCTIFIER and the SANCTIFIER are from one; for Which Cruse he is not t ashamed to call Them Brethren;

12 saying, ‡"I will "announce thy NAME to "my BRETHREN; in the "Midst of the Congregation I will praise thee."

13 And again, ‡" I will "confide in him." And again, ‡" Behold, I and "the CHILDREN whom ‡" GOD gave Me."

14 Since, then, the CHILDREN have one common nature of \* Blood and Flesh, he talso, in like manner, partook of these; tim order that, by means of his DEATH, he night vanquish him Possessing the Power of DEATH—that is, the ENEMY—

15 and might liberate THOSE who, Thy Fear of Death, were throughout their Whole LIFE held in Slavery.

16 † Besides, he doss not in any way take hold of Angels, but he takes hold of the Seed of Abraham;

17 hence, he was obliged to be assimilated to his BRETHREN in all things, so that he might be \$\frac{7}{2}\text{ a Merciful and Faithful lligh priest as to things relating to GOD, in order to ENTHATE the SINS of the PEOPLE.

18 For by what he has suffered, having been tried, the is able to assist THOSE who are TRIED.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 Therefore, holy Brethren, Associates of a heavenly ‡ Calling, attentively regard Jesus, ‡ the APOS-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Blood and Flesh.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Or, "For truly it," i. e. the fear of death, or death itself, "does not lay hold of" or seize on "angels, but of the seed of Abraham it does lay hold."—Theolog. Rep. and Kneeland.

<sup>11.</sup> Heb. x. 10, 14. 11. Matt. xxviii. 10; John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 20. Pta. xxii. 22, 25. 13. Psa. xvii. 2; Isa. xii. 2.. 1 13. Isa. viii. 18. J 18. John x. 20; xvii. 6, 9, 11, 12. 14. John i. 14; Rom. viii. 3; Phil. ii. 7. 1 Cor. i. 2; 15. Heb. vii. 25. 15. Lukei. 74; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Tim. i. 7. 17. Heb. iv. 15; 1. Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. i. 2; Eph. iv. 1; Phil. iii. 14; 3 Thess. 1, 11; 2 Tim. i. 9; 2 Pet. i. 10. 1 1. Rom. xv. 8; Heb. ii. 17, etc

χιερεα της όμολογιας ήμων, Ιησουν <sup>2</sup> πιστιν ofus, priest of the profession Jeous; faithful οντα τφ ποιησαντι αυτον, ώς και Μωυσης ε**ν** as even Moses being to the one having appointed him, 3 Πλειονος γαρ ούτος \*  $[\delta \lambda \omega] \tau \omega$  οικ $\omega$  αυτου. [whole] the house of him. Of more for καθ' ηξιωται, δσον δοξης παρα Μωυσην Moses has been sateemed worthy, so far as glory than πλειονα τιμην εχει του οικου δ κατασκευασας honor he has of the house the one having built  $^4$ (Πας γαρ οικος κατασκευαζεται ύ $\pi$ ο αυτον. (Every for house itself. τινος· ὁ δε \*[τα] παντα κατασκευασας, θεος.) some one; he hut [the things] all having huilt. God.) <sup>5</sup> Και Μωυσης μεν πιστος εν όλφ τφ οίκφ whole to the house And Moses indeed faithful in αυτου, ώς  $\theta \in \rho \alpha \pi \omega \nu$ , εις μαρτυριον των λαληθηof him, as a servant, for a testimony of the things going σομενων. 6 Χριστος δε, ώς υίος επι τον οικον to be spoken: Anointed but, as a son over the αυτου ού οικος εσμεν ήμεις, εανπερ την παρof him; of whom a house are we, ifindeed the conδησιαν και το καυχημα της ελπιδος \* [μεχρι and the hoasting of the hope [till <sup>7</sup> Διο, τελους βεβαιαν] κατασχωμεν. καθως we should hold fast. Therefore, firm? 8.5 λεγει το πνευμα το άγιον. Σημερον, εαν της says the spirit the holy, To-day, if the φωνης αυτου ακουσητε,  $^8$ μη σκληρυνητε τας not you should harden the of him you will hear, καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικραπμω, κατα of you. as in the hitter provocation, hearts  $^{9}$  ovτην ήμεραν του πειρασμού εν τη ερημώ, day of the temptation in the desert, not επειρασαν \*[με] οἱ πατερες ὑμων, εδοκιμασαν [me] the fathers tempted of you, \*[ $\mu\epsilon$ ,] και  $\epsilon$ ιδον τα  $\epsilon$ ργα  $\mu$ ου,  $\tau\epsilon$ σσαρακοντα and saw the works of me, ime, 1 forty 10 Sto προσωχθισα τη γενεά εκεινη, και €Tn° therefore I was provoked with the generation that," ειπον· Αει πλανωντα τη καρδια· αυτοι δε ουκ said; Always bey wander in the heart, thev but not τας όδους μου. 11 ώς ωμοσα εν τη they acknowledged the ways Iswore in the me, so οργη μου. Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν wrath of me; If they shall enter into the  $^{12}\,\mathrm{B}\lambda\epsilon\pi\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ , αδελφοι, μηποτε εσται εν Take you heed, brethren, leat ever shall be

τινι ύμων καρδια πονηρα απιστιας, εντφ αποσevil

any one of you a heart

of unbelief,

TLE and High-priest of our CONFESSION;

2 who is Faithful to HIM Who APPOINTED him, even as 1 Moses was in his HOUSE.

3 For he has been esteemed worthy of More Giory than Moses, as much as the BUILDER has More Honor than the House it. self.

4 (For every House is built by some one; but THE HAVING BUILT all things is God.)

5 And Moses, indeed. was faithful in his Whole HOUSE, as ‡a Servant, ‡ for a Testimony of the THINGS to be SPOKEN :

6 but Christ as a Son over his House, # Whose House we are, if we should hold fast the confi-DENCE and the EXULTA-TION of the HOPE.

7 Therefore, as HOLY SPIRIT says, ‡" To-" day, if you will hear his " VOICE,

8 "harden not your " HEARTS, as in the Bit-"TER PROVOCATION, in " the DAY of the TRIAL in " the DESERT;

9 "where your FA-"THERS tried, proved, and "saw my works Forty " Years.

10 "Therefore, I was "provoked with "GENERATION, and said, "'They always err in " 'HEART;' but then did "not acknowledge " WAYS;

11 "so I swore in my " INDIGNATION—' If they " 'shall enter my REST!"

12 Beware, Brethren, lest there should ever be in any one of you an evil; Disbelieving Heart, by Apos-TATIZING from the living to fall God:

in the

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. Whole-omit. 9. me-omit twice. 4. the things-omit. 6. Firm to 10. this GENERATION. . the End-omit.

<sup>1 4.</sup> Eph. ii. 10; iii. 9. 1 5. Exod. xiv. 31; Num. 2. Num. xii. 7; verse 5 viii. 31. ‡ 5. Deut. xviii. 15, 18, 19. h. ii. 21, 22; 1 Tim. iii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 5. xii. 7; Deut. iii. 24; Josh. i. fii. 16; vi. 19; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Col. 1. 23; Heb. x. 85. ‡ 6. 1 Cor. ‡ 6. Rom. v. 1; 7. Psa. xcv. 7-11.

τηναι απο θεου ζωντυς. <sup>13</sup> αλλα παρακαλειτε away from God do you exhort living; but έαυτους καθ' έκαπτην ήμεραν, αχρις ού yourselves each in day, till of which το σημερον καλειται, ίνα μη σκληρυνθη εξ the to-day it is called, so that not may be hardened from 14 Μετοχοι ύμων τις απατη της άμαρτιας. of you any one by a delusion of the sin. Partakers γαρ του Χριστου γεγοναμεν, εανπερ την αρfor of the Anvioted we have become, if perhaps the beginχην της ὑποστασεως μεχρι τελους βεβαιαν ming of the confidence till an end 15 Εν τφ λεγεσθαι· καταπχωμεν. Σημερον, we hold fast. In respect to the to be said; Tu-day, εαν της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε μη σκληρυνη-if the voice of him you may hear; not barden you τε τας καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικρασμώ.

the hearts of you, as in the bitter provocation. αλλ'  $^{16}$  Tives yap ακουσαντές παρεπικραναν; Some for having heard did provoke? but ου παντες οἱ εξελθοντες εξ Αιγυπτου δια Μουthose having come outfrom Egypt by means of Mo- $^{17}$ Τισι δε προσωχ $\theta$ ισε τεσσαρακοντα σεws; With whom but was he vexed ετη; ουχι τοις άμαρτησασιν; ών τα κωλι

not with those having sinned? of whom the members επεσεν εν τη ερημφ. 18 Τισι δε ωμοσε μη εισε-To whom but did he swear not to enin the desert. λευσεσθαι εις την καταπαυσιν αύτου, ει μη of himself, if into the rest not <sup>19</sup> Kai  $\beta\lambda\epsilon\pi o\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau$ i ouk τοις απειθησασι:

to those having disbelieved? And we see, δι' ηδυνηθησαν εισελθειν απιστιαν. KΕΦ. thry were able to enter hecause of unhelief.

 $^{1}$ Φοβηθωμεν ουν, μηποτε, καταλειπο-We may fear then, lest ever.

μενης επαγγελιας εισελθειν εις την καταπαυto enter into the left a promise σιν αυτου, δοκη τις εξ ύμων ύστερηκεναι.

of him, should seem any one from of you

<sup>2</sup> Και γαρ εσμεν ευηγγελισμενοι,  $\kappa \alpha \theta \alpha \pi \epsilon \rho$ Also for we are having been addressed with glad tidings, even as

αλλ' κακεινοι ουκ ωφελησεν δ λογος της also they; but not did profit the word of the ακοης εκεινους, μη συγκεκραμενος τη πιστει them, not having been mixed with the faith

 $^3$ Εισερχομεθα γαρ εις την τοις ακουσασιν. hearing. Weeuter for into the in phose

καταπαυσιν οί πιστευσαντες, καθως ειρηκεν. those having believed, 2.3 he has said;

'Ως ωμοσα εν τη οργη μου. Ει εισελευσονται lawore in the wrath of me; If they shall enter

εις την καταπαυσιν μου. καιτοι των εργων απο of me; namely from the works from into the

13 but exhort each other every Day, while it is called TO-DAY, so that no one among you may be hardened by a Delusion of SIN;

1 or we have become Associates of the Anoint-ED, # if indeed we hold fast the BEGINNING of our confidence firm to

the End.

15 With regard to the DECLARATION-;"To-day, "if you should hear his "voice, harden not your "HEARTS, as in the BIT-"TER PROVOCATION;"-

16 for who, having heard, did provoke? Did not ALL those who CAME out from Egypt under Moses?

17 And with whom was he displeased Forty Years? Was it not with THOSE who SINNED :- Whose CORPSES fell in the DLS-ERT?

18 And ‡ to whom did he swear that they should not enter his REST, if not to the disbelieving?

19 ‡ And we see That they were not able to enter because of Unbelief.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 Therefore, twe may be afraid, lest at any time a Promise to enter his REST, being left, any one among you should seem to come short of it.

2 For we also have been evangelized even as then were; but the word of the REPORT did not profit them, not being mingled with FAITH in the HEAR-

3 1 We, however, HAV-ING BELIEVED, enter the REST; according as he has said, 2" So I swore in my "INDIGNATION- If they " 'shall enter my REST;" namely, from the would

to have failed.

<sup>† 14.</sup> verse 6. † 15. verse 7. † 16. Num. xiv. 2, 4, 11, 34, 30; Deut. i, 34, 30, 35 7. Num. xiv. 22, 29, etc.; xxvi. 65; Psa. cvi. 26; 1 Cor. x. 5; Jude 5. † 18. Num. xiv. 2, 4, 11, 34, 30; Deut. i, 34, 30; Beut. i, 34, 35. † 19. Heb. iv. 6; Psa. cvi. 26; 1 Cor. x. 5; Jude 5. † 18. Num. xiv. 2, 4, 11, 34, 30; Deut. i, 34, 36; 1 17. Num. xiv. 22, 29, etc.; xx 80; Deut. i. 34, 35. 19. 19. 13. Psa. xcv. 11; Heb.iii. 11.

καταβολης κοσμου γενηθεντών. 🤚 Ειρηκε 🗀 vap aleying fown of a world having been done it has been apolen for που σερι της έβδομης ούτω. Και κατεsomewhere concerning the seventh thus, And παυσενό θεος εν τη ήμερα τη έβδομη απο πανthe God on the day the seventh from all 
των των εργων αύτου.  $^{5}$  και εν τουτφ παλιν. all of the works of himself, and in this Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν μου. they shall enter into the rest of me. ε Επει ουν απολειπεται τινας εισελθειν 615 Since then it is left some to enter into αυτην, και οί προτερον ευαγγελισθεντες ουκ her, and those formerly having received glad tidings not εισηλθον δι' απειθείαν παλιν τινα δρίζει unbelief, again certain be dednes entered on account of ίμεραν, Σημερον, εν Δαυίδ, λεγών, μετά τοby David, saying, efter To-day, 80 σουτον χρονον' (καθως ειρηται') Σημερον, long a time, (as it has been said.) To-day,  $\in CV$ if της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε, μη σκληρυνητε τας the souce of him you may hear, not harden you SEι γαρ αυτους Ιησους κατεκαρδιας ύμων. If for hearts of you. them Jesus Caused παυσεν, ουκ αν περι αλλης ελαλει μετα not would coocerning another have spoken after to rest. 9 Αρα απολειπεται σαββατισταυτα ήμερας. Therefore fbis. of a day. Temains. a Leening of a τω λαφ του θεου. 10 'Ο γαρ εισελθων eabbath for the people of the God. The for encharingentered εις την καταπαυσιν αυτου, και αυτος κατεπαυrest of bim, into the also himself caused to σεν απο των εργων αύτου, ώσπερ απο των ιδιων rest from the works of himself, like as from the 11 Σπουδασωμεν & CEOS. OUV EIGENBEIN EIS the God. We should carrestly endeavor therefore to enter into Εκείνην την καταπαυσίν, ένα μη εν τφ αυτφ that the rest, so that not by the same 12 Zwv τις ύποδειγματι πεση της απειθειας. any one example may fall of the unbelief. γαρ δ λογος του θεου, και ενεργης, και τομωτεfor the word of the God, and energetic, and more cutρος υπερ πασαν μαχαιραν διστομον, και διικνουμένος αχρι μερισμού ψυχης "[τε] και πνέυadivision oflife [beth] and ting through to of ματος, αρμών τε και μυελών, και κριτικός ενθυbreath, ofjoints both and of marrows, and able to judge 01 μησεων και εννοιων καρδιας. <sup>13</sup> και συκ εστί thoughts and ofintentions ofheart; and not is κτισις αφανης ενωπιον αυτου, παντα δε γυμνα baked a creature out of sight in presence of him, all things but

done at the Foundation of the World.

4 For it has been somewhere spoken concerning the SEVENTH day, thus, : " And Gop rested on the "SEVENTH day from all his " works "

5 And again, in this manner, "If they shall " enter my REST."

6 Since, then, it is left for some to enter, I and THOSE who formerly recerved glad tidings did not enter on account of Unbelief .-

7 he again defines a certain Day, "To day," say. ing by David, after So long a Time, (as "it has been said before,) \$"To-day, " voice, harden not your! "HEARTS."

8 For if Joshua caused Them to rest, he would not, subsequently, have spoken of Another Day.

9 Therefore, a Sabbath. rest remains for the PEO.

PLE of GOD.

10 For HR HAVING EN-TERED his REST, will also himself rest from his wonks, like as GoD from. HIS OWN.

11 Let us earnestly cndeavor, therefore, to enter That REST, that no one may fall ; by the SAME Example of UNBELIEF.

12 For the WORD of God is ! living, and energetic, and I more cutting than Any two-edged Sword, cutting through even to a Separation of Life and Breath, and of Joints and Marrow, Tand able to judge the Thoughts and Intentions of the Heart;

13 tand no Creature is concealed in his sight, but all things are naked

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. it has been said before. " 12. both-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> Prov. v. 4. 12. Eph. vi. 17; Rev. 1. 10; ii. 16. 12. 13. 13. Psa. xxxiii. 13, 14; xc. 8; cxxxix. 11, 12. 1 4. Gen. ii. 2; Exod. xx. 11; xxxi: 17. Heb. iii. 7. 4. 5: 1 Pct. i. 23. 1 Cor. xiv. 24. 25. 1 11. Heb. iti. 12, 18, 19. 1 12. Prov. v. 4.

τετραχηλισμένα τοις οφθαλμοις αυτου.having been laid open tothe eyes of him, προς δν ήμιν δ λογος.

with whom for us the word.

14 Εχοντες ουν αρχιερεα μεγαν, διεληλυθοτα Having therefore a high-priest great, having passed through τους ουρανους, Ιησουν τον υίον του θεου, κραson of the God, we should Jezus ike 15 Ου γαρ εχομεν αρτωμεν της δμολογιας. lay hold of the Not for profession. we have χιερεα μη δυναμενον συμπαθησαι ταις ασθεhigh-priest not being able to euffer with the Brakνειαις ήμων, πεπειρασμενον δε κατα παντα having been tempted but Besses of us, 12 all tous ge καθ' δμοιοτητα, χωρις άμαρτιας. <sup>16</sup> Προσερχωaccording to a likeness, apart from Weshould 615. μεθα ουν μετα παρβησιας τω θρονώ της χαριcome therefore with councence to the throne of the favor, τος, ίνα λαβωμεν ελεον, και χαριν \*[εύρωμεν] [we may find] so that we may receive mercy, and favor ευκαιρον βοηθειαν. KEΦ. 1 Mas €15 for seasonable Every ανθρωπων λαμβανομενος, yap αρχιέρευς € E high-priest from men having been taken, ύπερ ανθρωπων καθισπαται τα Troos TON is placed over the things relating to on behalf of men the θεον, ίνα προσφερη δώρα τε και θυσιας ύπερ God, so that he may offer gifts both and sacrifices on behalf αμαρτιών. 2 μετριοπαθειν δυναμενος τοις αγνοουto auffer in a measure being able with the ignorant the with the IGNORANT σι και πλανωμενοις, επει και αυτος περικειται since also himself surrounds ores and erring ones, <sup>3</sup> каі біа απθενειαν. ταυτην οφειλει, καθως and on account of this it ie ftting. του λαου, ούτω και περι ξαυτου προσconcerning the people, so also concerning himself 80 4 Kai φερείν ύπερ άμαρτιών. ουχ έαυτφ not to himself on behalf of mas. And 715 λαμβανει την τιμην, αλλα καλουμενος the honor, but he being called 5 Ούτω και ύπο του θεου, καθαπερ και Ααρών. God, 2.8 even Aaron. Thus and ό Χριστος ουχ έαυτον εδοξασε γενηθηναι αρχιεhimself did glorify the Anoiated not to become a Lighρεα, αλλ' δ λαλησας προς αυτον. Υίος μου ει priest, but the one having spokeo to him; Ason of me art συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα σει εκαθως και εν to-day have begotten thee; .. also in έτερφ λεγει: Συ ίερευς εις τον αιωνα, κατα another heave; Thon a priest for the age, according to-

and rexposed to his EYES. whose word is addressed

14 Having, therefore, 1a great High-priest, 2 who has passed through the HEAVENS, Jesus, the SON of God, twe should firmly retain the CONFESSION.

15 For ; we have not a High-priest unable to sympathize with WEAKNESSES; but one thaving been tried in all respects like ourseives, I apart from Sin.

16 ‡ We should therefore, approach with Conndence to the THRONE of FAVOR, that we may receive Mercy and Favor for

seasonable help.

### CHAPTER V.

1 For Every High-priest having been taken from Men is appointed in behalf of Men, over THINGS relating to God, that he may offer both Gitts and Sacrifices for Sins,

2 being able to deal genand Erring, since he himself is also surrounded by

Infirmity:

3 and 1 on this account. as for the PROPLE, so also for himself, he is obliged to offer \* for Sins.

4 : And no one takes the HONOR on Himself, but he BEING CALLED by God, even as ! Aaron was.

- 5 # And thus the ANOINTED one did not glorify himself to become a High-priest; but HE who spoke concerning him, t" Theu art my Son, "To-day have E begotten " thee."
- 6 as also in another place he says, " Thou 'art a Priest for the AGE,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. We may find-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> concerning Sins.

<sup>2 13.</sup> Job xxvi. 6; xxxiv. 21; Prov. xv. 11.
26; ix. 12, 24.
2 2 Cor. v. 21; Heb. vii. 26; 1 Pct. ii. 22; 1 John iii. 5.
x. 19, 21, 22.
2 1. Heb. viii. 3, 4; ix. 9; x. 11.
vii. 27.
2 4. 2 Chron. xxvi. 18; John iii. 27.
doi: 1 Chron. xxiii. 13.
2 5. John viii. 54. 14. Heb. iii. 1. 15. Heb. ii. 18. 1 3. Lev. iv. 3; ix. 7; xvi. 6, 15.17; 4. Exod. xxviii.1; Num. xvi.5, 1 5. Psa. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5. ex. 4; Heb. vii. 17, 21.

the

him out of

piety,

11 Περι ού

Concerning whom

tears

 $\omega \nu$ 

both and supplications

επαθε,

εγενετο τοις ύπα-

days

death,

(though

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food, for those

evil.

γεγυμνασμενα

having been exercised

 $\tau n \nu$ 

the

having offered,

Who in

Chap. 5: 7.] την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ. of Melchizedek. order της σαρκος αύτου, δεησεις τε και ίκετηριας of himself. flesh prayers προς τον δυναμενον σωζειν αυτον εκ θανατου, to deliver being able μετα κραυγης ισχυρας και δακρυων προσενεγand a erv strong κας, και εισακουσθεις απο της ευλαβειας, $^8$  (καιand having been heard from the περ ων vios,) εμαθεν, αφ' learned, from what things he suffered, being a son,) bπακοην $^{9}$ και τελειωθεις and having been perfected he became to those obeyκουουσιν αυτώ πασιν αιτιος σωτηρίας αιώνιου, a cause of salvation ing him to all 10 προσαγορευθεις ύπο του θεου αρχιερευς the God a high-priest according to having been declared by Μελχισεδεκ. την ταξιν of Melchizedek. the order and tons the word νωθροι λοντες ειναι obligated to be need

ήμιν δ λογος και δυσερμηνευτος λεγειν, επει hard to be explained to say, γεγονατε ταις ακοαις. 12 Και γαρ οφειbeing sluggish ones you have become in the hearing. Even for χρονον, διδασκαλοι δια  $\tau o \nu$ teachers on account of the παλιν χρειαν εχετε του διδασκειν ύμας, τινα you have of the to teach you, eertain τα στοιχεια της αρχης των λογιων του θεου. elements of the beginning of the oracles of the God; και γεγουατε χρειαν εχουτες γαλακτος, και ου and not and you have become need having of milk,  $^{13}$  Πας γαρ δ μετεχων γαλακστερεας τροφης. Every one for the partaking of milk, of solid food. τος, απειρος λογου δικαιοσυνης. νηπιος γαρ unskilled of a word of righteousness; a babe for εστι· 14 τελειων δε εστι ή στερεα τροφη, των

 $^{1}\Delta\iota o$ КЕФ. s', 6, αφεντες τον της αρχης Therefore leaving the of the beginning του Χριστου λογον, επι την τελειοτητα φερωperfection of the Anointed word, towards the weshould μεθα· μη παλιν θεμελιον καταβαλλομενοι μεταprogress; not again a foundation laying down for re-

the - perceptions

εχοντων προς διακρισιν καλου τε και κακου.

for a discrimination of good both and

solid

for perfect ones but is the

δια την έξιν $\cdot$ τα αισθητηρια

the habit

having

νοιας απο νεκρων εργων, και πιστεως επι θεον, God, and of faith in

tormation from dead works,

" according to the ORDER " of Melchizedek."

7 He (who in the DAYS of his FLESH, having tof-fered up both Prayers and Supplications, ‡ Crying aloud with Tears to HIM who was ABLE to deliver him out of Death, and was heard for his DEVOTION,)

8 ‡ though, being a Son, learned ‡ OBEDIENCE from

what he suffered;

9 and thaving been perfected, became a Cause of aionian Salvation to all THOSE who obey him;

10 having been declared by Gon, a High-priest, Taccording to the ORDER

of Melchizedek;

11 concerning whom in Our DISCOURSE ‡ we have Much to say, and of difficult interpretation, since you have become sluggish HEARERS.

12 For even when you ought, by this TIME, to be Teachers, you again have Need of one to TEACH you certain # first elements of the ORACLES of GOD; and have become such as have Need of # Milk, and not of Solid Food.

13 EVERY ONE, how-ever, PARTAKING of Milk, is unskilled in the Word of Righteousness; for he is ‡ an Infant;

14 but the SOLID Food is for Adults-for those possessing faculties ha-BITUALLY EXERCISED Ifor the discrimination both of Good and Evil.

## CHAPTER VI.

Therefore, ‡ leaving the FIRST principles of the DOCTRINE of the ANOINT-ED one, we should progress towards MATURITY; not again laying down a Founfor Reformation dation from 1 Works causing

ii. 10; xi. 40. : 12. Heb. vi. 1. 1 Pet. ii. 2. 1. Heb. ix. 14

<sup>2</sup> βαπτισμων διδαχης, επιθεσεως τε χειρων, of dippings teaching, of laying on and of bands,

αναστασ $\epsilon$ ως τ $\epsilon$  ν $\epsilon$ κρων, και κριματος αιωνιου, of a resurrection and of dead ones, and of a judgment age-lasting.

 $^3$  Και τυυτο ποιησομέν, εανπέρ επιτρέπη  $^5$   $^6$  εος. And this we will do, if may permit the God.

<sup>4</sup> Αδυνατον γαρ, τους άπ**ε**ξ φωτισθεντας, γευtunpossible for, those once having been enlightened, hav-

σαμενουs τε της δωρεας της επουρανίου, και  $m_{\rm g}$  tasted and of the gift of the heavenly, and

μετοχους γενηθεντας πνευματος άγιου,  $^5$  και partakers having begone of spirit boly, and

καλον γευσαμενους θεου βημα, δυναμεις τε good having tasted of God word, powers and μελλοντος αιωνος, <sup>6</sup> και παραπεσοντας, παλιν

about coming of an age, and having fallen away, again ανακαινιίειν εις μετανοιαν, ανασταυρουντας

ανακαινιζειν εις μετανοιαν, ανασταυρουντας to renew for reformation, having crucified again

έαυτοις τον υίον του θέου και παραδειγματιforthemselves the son of the God and exposing to ζοντας. <sup>7</sup> Γη γαρ ή ποιουσα τον επ' αυτης

ζοντας. <sup>7</sup> Γη γαρ ή ποιουσα τον επ' αυτης aliame. Earth for that having drank the on her πολλακις ερχομενον ύετον, και τικτουσα βοτα-

often coming rain, and producing herνην ευθετον εκεινοις, δι' ους και γεωργειται,
have useful to them, for whom also it is tilled.

μεταλαμβανει ευλογίας απο του θεου. δεκφετεσευνεω a blessing from the God, produc-

ρουσα δε ακανθας και τοιβολους, αδοκιμος και ing but thorns and thistles, rejected and

καταρας εγγυς, ής το τελος εις καυσιν. a curse near, of which the end for burning.

 $^9$  Πεauεισμεθα δε περι ύμων, αγαπητοι, τα Having been persuaded but concerding you, beloved ones, the things

κρειττονα και εχομενα σωτηρίας, ει και ούτω better and being possessed of salvation, though even thue

better and being possessed of salvation, though even thue λαλουμεν. 10 Ου γαρ αδικος δ θεος, επιλαθεσwe speak. Not for unjust the God, to be for-

θαι του εργου ύμων και της αγαπης, ής ενεδειgetful of the work of you and of the love, which you

ξαπθε εις το ονομα αυτου, διακονησαντες τοις manifested for the name of him, having ministered to the

manifested for the name of him, having ministered to the άγιοις και διακονουντες. holy ones and see ministering.

Having ministered to the having ministered to the variety of the having ministered to the having ministere

έκαστον ύμων την αυτην ενδεικνυσθαι σπουδην each of you the same to show difigence

 $\pi pos \tau \eta \nu \pi \lambda \eta poφοριαν \tau \eta s ε \lambda \pi ιδοs αρχι τελουs:$ for the full assurance of the hope till an end;

Death, and of Faith in God:

2 \* of the ‡ Doctrine of Immersions, and of the ‡ Imposition of Ilands, and of ‡the Resurrection of the Dead, and of ‡the aionian Judgment.

3 And This we will do, 1 if God should permit.

4 For those ‡ once en-LIGHTENED, and having tasted the HEAVENLY GIFT, and ‡ became Partakers of holy Spirit,

5 and having tasted the Good Word of God and the Powers of ‡the Coming

Age,

6 and having fallen away, ‡it is impossible to renew again to Reformation, ‡they having re-crucified and are exposing to contempt the son of God.

7 For That Land HAV-ING IMBIBED the RAIN frequently FALLING on it, and producing Vegetation, useful to those for whom also it is cultivated, receives a Blessing from God;

S that that yielding Thorns and Thistles is disapproved, and near to a Curse; the END of which is for burning.

9 But respecting you, Beloved, we confidently hope for better things, even those connected with Salvation, though even thus we speak.

10 For God is not unjust, so as to be forgetful of ‡ your work, and the Love which you manifested for his NAME, ‡ having served the SAINTS and are serving.

11 But we earnestly desire each one of you to show the SAME Diligence tfor the FULL COMPLETION of the HOPE to the End;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of-omit.

12 ίνα μη νωθροι γενησθε, μιμηταιδε των so that not sluggish ones you may become, imitators but of those through πιστεως και μακροθυμιας κληρονομουντων τας are inheriting and long endurance  $^{13}$  T $_{\psi}$   $\gamma$ a $\rho$   $^{A}$   $^{\beta}$   $^{\rho}$   $^{\alpha}$   $^{\mu}$   $^{\epsilon\pi}$   $^{\alpha\gamma\gamma}$   $^{\epsilon\iota}$   $^{\lambda}$   $^{\alpha\mu\epsilon}$   $^{\tau}$   $^{\tau}$ επαγγελιας. having promised promises. δ θεος, επει κατ' ουδενος ειχε μειζονος he had no one greater the God, aince bу ομοσαι, ωμοσε καθ' έαυτου, 14 λεγων Η μην saying; himself. he swore bу ευλογων ευλογησω σε, και πληθυνων πληθυνω I will bless thee, and multiplying I will multiply blessing  $^{15}$  Kai ούτω μακροθυμησας επετυχε της  $\sigma \epsilon$ . he obtained the having waited long And 60 16 Ανθρωποι  $*[\mu\epsilon\nu]$ γαρ κατα επαγγελιας. [indeed] Men for by promise. του μειζονος ομνυουσι, και πασης αυτοις αντιswear, and all to them contragreater λογιας περας εις βεβαιωσιν δ δρκος.  $^{17}$  E $\nu$   $\omega$ In which an end for confirmation the diction περισσοτερον βουλομενος δ θεος επιδειξαι τοις more abundantly wishing the God to show to the κληρονομοις της επαγγελιας το αμεταθετον της promise the nuchangeableness of the βουλης αύτου, εμεσιτευσεν δρκ $\varphi$ ,  $^{18}$  ίνα δια δυο purpose of himself, interposed with an oath, so that by two πραγματων αμεταθετων, εν οίς αδυνατον ψευunalterable, in which impossible transactions σασθαι θεον, ισχυραν παρακλησιν εχωμεν strong consolation we might have those God, καταφυγοντές κρατησαί της προκειμένης έλπιto lay hold of the being placed before hope, having fled away  $\delta_{05}$ . 19  $\dot{\tau}_{\nu}$   $\dot{\omega}_{5}$  αγκυραν εχομεν της ψυχης ασφαwhich as an anchor we have of the life sure λη τε και βεβαιαν, και εισερχομενην εις το and into the both and firm, entering εσωτερον του καταπετασματος, είδπου προδροvail. ύπερ ήμων εισηλθεν Ιησους, κατα την μos runner on behalf of us entered Jesus, according to the ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ αρχιερευς γενομενος εις τον of Meichisedek a high-priest having become for 1 Ουτος γαρ δ Μελχισε-КΕΦ. ζ'. 7. αιωνα. This the Melchizefor age. δεκ, βασιλευς Σαλημ, ίερευς του θεου του ύψισof Salem, priest of the God of the most του, (δ συναντησας Αβρααμ ύποστρεφοντι απο high, (the one having met Abraam returning της κοπης των βασιλέων και ευλογησας αυτον, and having blessed him, the smiting of the kinga

12 in order that you may not become sluggish, but Imitators of THOSE who through Faith and Patient endurance ARE INHERIT-ING the PROMISES.

13 For God having promised ABRAHAM, since he could swear by no one greater, the swore by himself,

" Surely, saying, 14 "blessing I will bless "thee, and multiplying I " will multiply thee;"

15 and so, having waited long, he obtained the

PROMISE.

16 For Men swear by the GREATER, and the OATH for Confirmation terminates Every Dispute among them.

17 Therefore God, wishing to show more abundantly to tthe HEIRS of the PROMISE the IMMU-TABILITY of his PURPOSE, interposed with an Oath;

18 so that by Two unalterable Things, in which it is impossible for God to deceive, WE might have Strong Consolation, HAV-ING FLED AWAY to lay hold of the PROPOSED HOPE,

19 which we have as an Anchor of the LIFE, both sure and firm, and ‡ entering the † place within the VAIL,

1 where Jesus, a Forerunner on our behalf, entered, # having become a High priest for the AGE, according to the ORDER of Melchizedek.

### CHAPTER VII.

For This person' MELCHIZEDEK, King of Salem, Priest of the Most HIGH GOD, (HE Who MET Abraham returning from the DEFEAT of the KINGS, and blessed him,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. indeed-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The word place is supplied. The Apostle evidently alludes to "the holy place within the vail." See Lev. xvi. 2.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gen. xxii. 16, 17; Psa. cv. 9; Luke i. 73. † 16. Exod. xxii. 11. † 17 xi. 9. † 17. Rom. xi. 29. † 19. Lev. xvi. 2, 15; Heb. ix. 7. † 20. Heb. iii. 1; v. 6, 10; vii. 17. † 1. Gen. xiv. 18, &c. 17. Heb. 1 20. Heb. iv.

has tithed

Kal δεκατην  $\alpha\pi o$ παντων εμεριστυ a teuth from of all divided

Αβρασμ,) πρωτον μεν έρμηνευομενος βασιλευς brst indeed being translated

δικαιοσυνής, επειτά δε και βασιλεύς Σαλήμ. (δ then end also of Salem, (which αμητωρ,

εστι, βασιλευς ειρηνης,)  $^3$  απατωρ, of peace,) without a father, without a mother,

αγενεαλογητος, μητε αρχην ήμερων μητε ζώης without a genealogy, neither a beginning of days nor τελος εχων, αφωμοιωμενος δε το υίο του θεου,

an end having, having bern made like but to the son of the God, ⁴Θεωρειτε ΄δε, μενει ίερευς εις το διηνεκες.

remains a priest for the continuance. Consideryou but, πηλικός ούτος, ψ΄ και δεκατην Αβρααμ εθωκέν

this, to whom even how great a tenth Abrasm 5 Kai oi εκ των ακροθινιών, δ πατριαρχης. ohoice spotls, the patrierch. And those

μεν εκ των υίων Λευι την ίερατειαν λαμβαindeed from the rone of Levi the priesthood receiv-

νοντες, εντολην εχουσι αποδεκατουν τον λαον log, acommandment have to tithe the people the people

τον νομον, τουτ' εστι, τους αδελφους according to the law, this the is, besthren αύτων, καιπερ εξεληλυθοτες εκ της οσφυος!

having come out of the though

Αβρααμ. 6 δ δε μη γενεαλογουμενος εξ αυτων, of Abrasm; he but not denving an origin from them, δεδεκατώκε \*[τον] Αβρααμ, και τον εχοντα τας| and the one having the

[the]

Abraham, επαγγελιας ευλογηκε. Ι Χωρις δε πασης αντι-Withous but he has blessed.

λογιας, τον ελαττον ύπο του κρειττονος ευλοby greater is blessed. the less the

8 Και ώδε μεν δεκατας αποθνησκοντες reitai. And here indeed tithes dying

ονβρωποι λαμβανουσιν εκει δε, μάρτυρουμενος · receive; there but, being testified men

ότι (η. <sup>9</sup> Και, ών έπος είπεις, δια Αβρασμ και thathelives. And, so n word to speak, through Abraham even Λευι δ δεκατας λαμβανων δεδεκατωται. 10 ετι Lori the tithes receiving has been tithed; γαρ εν τη οσφυι του πατρος ην, ότε συνητησεν for in the loice of the father no was, when συτφ δ Μελχισεδεκ. 11 Ει μεν ουν τελειωσις kim the Melchiredek. If indeed them perfection Sia the Asultikas leowaving hu (8 has yap shrough the Levilled pricethood vise, (the people for εκ' αυτη νενομοθετητο.) τις ετι χρεια, κατα coived the law,) What Need with her law bull received;) what yet need, seconding to was there yet for Another

2 to whom also Abraham divided a Tenth part of all;) being translated, in-deed, first, King of Right-courness, and then also, King of Salem, that is, King of Peace.

3 † Without father, without mother, without genealogy, having neither a Bcginning of Days, nor an End of Life; but having been made like to the son of God, remains a Priest

PERPETUALLY.

4 But consider how great this person was, \$ to whom even Abraham, the PATRIABOH, gave a Tenth part of the spoils.

5 And indeed truese of the soxs of Levi, who RECEIVE the PRIESTHOOD, have a Commandment by the LAW to tithe the PEO-PLE, that is, their BRETH-REN, though they have come out of the LOINS of Abraham:

6 but HE whose PEDI. GREE IS NOT DERIVED from them, has titled Abraham, I and has blessed thin who had the prom-ISES.

7 And, beyond All Dispute, the invenion is blessed by the superion.

8 And here, indeed, Men receive Tithes who die; but there, one of whom it is affirmed That he lives.

9 And, (so to speak,) even THAT Levi, who receives Tithes, has been tithed through Abraham;

10 for he was yet in the LOINS of his FATHER, when MELCHIZEDEK met

11 # If, then, Perfection were through the LEVITI-CAL Priesthood, (for with it the PEOPLE had re-

<sup>&</sup>quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 0. the-omft.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Of whose father, mother, pedigree, birth, and death we have no account. - Wakefield; who prefers this intelligible though free translation of the original to what must appear a strange paradoxical account to common readers.-Inproved Ver.

<sup>4</sup> Gen. ziv. 20. 1 8. Rom. ic. 13; Gal. iil. 16.

την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ έτερον ανιστασθαιίερεα, the order of Mclchizcdek to arise a priest, another την ταξιν Ααρων λεγεσθαι; και ου κατα order of Aaron to be named? not according to the

12 Μετατιθεμενης γαρ της ίερωσυνης, εξ αναγ-Being changed for the priesthood, from necessity κης \*[και νομου] μεταθεσις γινεται. 15 Εφ' occurs. Concerning whom a.so of law] a change γαρ λεγεται ταυτα, φυλης έτερας μετεσχηκεν. for 18 spoken these things, of a tribe another has been a partaker, αφ' ής ουδεις προσεσχηκε τω θυσιαστηριω. has attended to the from which no one

14 προδηλον γαρ, ότι εξ Ιουδα ανατειαλκαν ό that from Juda has trung evident for, κυριος ήμων, εις ην φυλην ουδεν περι ίερωσυ-Lord of us, respecting which tribe nothing concerning priest-15 Και περισσοτερον ετι νης Μωυσης ελαλησε. hood Moses And more apoke.

καταδηλον εστιν, ει κατα \*[την] δμοιοτητα it is, if according to [the] Μελχισεδεκ ανισταται ίερευς έτερος,  $^{16}$  ός ου

another, who not arises a priest of Melchizedek νομον εντολης σαρκινης γεγονεν, αλλα according to a law of a commandment fleshly has become, 17 Μαρτυρει δυναμιν ζωης ακαταλυτου. according to a power of life It testifies enduring.

γαρ. Ότι συ ίερευς εις τον αιώνα κατα That thou a priest for the age according to the for, 18 Αθετησις μεν γαρ γινεταζιν Μελχισεδεκ. An abrogation indeed for of Melchizedek. order ται προαγουσης εντολης, δια το αυτης ασplace of a preceding commandment, on account of the her weak-

θενες και ανωφελες. and unprofitableness;

19 (ουδεν γαρ ετελειωσεν δ νομος.) (nothing for perfected the law;) after inγωγη δε κρειττονος ελπιδος, δι' ής εγγιζοtroduction but of a better hope, we draw through which  $^{90}$  Και καθ' δσον ου χωρις δρκωμομεν τω θεω. And in as much as not without swearing; near to the God. σιας· (οί μεν γαρ χωρις δρκωμοσιας εστιν ίε-heyindeed for without awcaring are priest. are priests ρεις γεγονοτες. 21 δ δε μετα δρκωμοσιας, δια he but with swearing, through having become; του λεγοντος προς αυτον. Ωμοσε κυριος, και ου a Lord, and not ίο him; Swore μεταμεληθεσεται Συ ίερευς εις τον αιωνα Thou for the a priest age will change;  $^{22}$   $\kappa$ aaua Μελχισεδεκ:]) \* κατα την ταξιν

of Melchizedek; ]) [according to the order διαθηκης γεγονέν εγγυος **τ**οσου**τον** κρειττονος a covenant has become a surety Better Covenant. so much

Priest to arise according to the ORDER of Melchizedek, and not to be named ac cording to the ORDER of Aaron i

12 For the PRIESTHOON being changed, of Neccssity, a change of Law also

occurs.

13 For he concerning whom these things are spoken has partaken of another Tribe, from which no one has attended at the ALTAR;

14 for it is very plain that tour Lord has sprung from Judah, re specting Which Tribe Moses snoke Nothing con cerning criesthood.

15 And it is yet more plainly manifest, if another Priest arises according to the Likenesz of Melchize dek;

16 who has become so, not according to a fleshly Command, but according to the Power of an imperishable Life.

17 For \*it is testified,

"Thou art a Priest for
"the AGE, according to
"order of Melchizedek."

18 For indeed an Abrogation of the Preceding Commandment takes place, on account of its ! being WEAK and Unavailing;

19 for the #LAW perfected Nothing; but is an Introduction of ‡a Better Hope, through which we draw near to God.

20 And inasmuch as it

was not without an Oath,-21 for then, indeed, have become Priests, without an Oath; but HE with an Oath, through HIM who says to him, t"The Lord "swore, and will not "change, 'Thou art a " ' Priest for the AGE.' "-

22 but by so much has Jesus become a Pledge of a

επεισα-

<sup>17.</sup> it is \* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—12. also of Law—omit. 15. tl tified. 21. according to the order of Melchizedek—omit. · 15. the-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Isa. xi. 1; Matt. i. 3; Luke iii. 33; Rom. i. 3; Rev. v. 5. † 17. Psa. cx. 4: Heb. v. 6, 10; vi. 20. † 18. Rom. viii. 3; Gal. iv. 9. † 19. Acts xiii. 39; Rom. iii. 20, 21, 28; viii. 3; Gal. ii. 16; Heb. ix. 9. † 10. Heb. vi. 18; viii. 6. † 21. Psa. cx. 4

Invous. 😘 Και οί μεν, πλειονες εισι γεγονοτες Jeans. And they indeed, many are having become το θανατφ κωλευεσθαι παραμενειν• ίερεις, δια priests, on account of the death to be hindered to continue; δια το μενείν αυτον είς τον αιώνα, he but, on account of the to continue him for the ώ δθεν και  $\alpha\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\beta\alpha\tau o\nu$   $\epsilon\chi\epsilon i$   $\tau\eta\nu$   $i\epsilon\rho\omega\sigma o\nu\eta\nu^*$  unchangeable behas the priesthood; bence and σω(ειν εις το παντελες δυναται τους προσερχοto save for the completely ie able those drawing δi αυτου τω θεω,  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau o \tau \epsilon$  $(\omega \nu,$ through Lim to the God, always liviog, το εντυγχανειν ύπερ αυτων. 26 Τοιουτος interpuse in hehalf of them. γαρ ήμιν επρεπεν αρχιερενς, δσιος, ακακος, holy, free trom sin, for tons was proper a high-priest, αμιαντος, κεχωρισμενος απο των άμαρτωλων, unstained, having been separated from the και ύψηλοτερος των ουρανων γενομενος. 27 δς more exalted of the heavens having become; who ουκ εχει καθ' ήμεραν αναγκην, ώσπερ οί αρχιε-Decesalty, 8.8 the has every day highρεις, προτερον ύπερ των ιδιων άμαρτιων θυσιας on behalf of the own 81118 αναφερείν, επείτα των του λαου τουτο γαρ then for those of the people; tais to offer. for 27 'O voεποιησεν εφαπαξ, έαυτον ανενεγκας. at once, himself having offered. law μος γαρ ανθρωπους καθιστησιν αρχιερεις, εχονhigh-pitests, having appaula τας ασθενειαν: ὁ λογος δε της δρκωμοσιας της weakness; the word but of the swearing of that μετα τον νομον, υίον εις τον αιωνα τελειωμενον. ason for the age having been perfected. after the law,  $KE\Phi$ ,  $\eta'$ , 8,  ${}^{1}K\epsilon\phi\alpha\lambda\alpha$ iou  $\delta\epsilon$   $\epsilon\pi$ i  $\tau$ ois  $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$   $o\mu\epsilon\nu$ ois, A head thing but to those being spoken, rοιουτον εχομεν αρχιερεα, δε εκαθισεν εν δεξια we have a high-priest, who sat down at right του θρονου της μεγαλωσυνης εν τοις ουρανοις, of the throne of the majesty in the <sup>ε</sup>των άγιων λειτουργος, και της σκηνης της of the holy things a public servant, and of the tabernacle of the  $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta\iota\nu\eta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\nu$   $\epsilon\pi\eta\xi\epsilon\nu$   $\delta$   $\kappa\nu\rho\iota os$ . \* [ Kai ] ουκ tric, which fixed the Lord, [and] Dot  $^3$  Паз уар архієрєиз  $\epsilon$ is то  $\pi$ робανθρωπος. Every for high-priest in order to the to φερείν δώρα τε και θυσίας καθισταται όθεν both and sacrifices is appointed; Leuce

23 And, indeed, THOSE having become Priests are many, on account of being HINDERED by Death to continue;

24 but HE, on account of his continuing for the AGE, possesses the PRIEST-HOOD which changes not;

25 and, hence, he is able save COMPLETELY THOSE DRAWING NEAR to God through him, always living tto interpose on their behalf.

26 For such a Highpriest \* also was proper for Us,- tholy, harmless, undefiled, separated from SINNERS, and having become tmore exalted than the HEAVENS .-

27 one who has not daily Necessity, like the HIGH PRIESTS, # first, to offir Sacrifices for their own Sins, tthen for those of the PEOPLE; for ! This he did once for all, having offered Himself.

28 For the LAW appoints † Men High-priests, having Weakness; but the worn of THAT OATH, which was after the LAW, a Son, 1who has been perfected for the AGE.

#### CHAPTER VIIL

1 The chief thing, however, among THOSE we are discussing is, that we have Such a High-priest, ‡ who sat down at the Right hand of the THRONE of the MAJESTY in the HEAVENS;

2 a Minister of ‡ the HOLIES, and of the TRUE TARERNACLE, which the LORD fixed, not Man.

3 For TEvery Highpriest is appointed to or-FER both Gifts and Sacrifices; hence I it was nocessary for this one also to have something which he this which he might offer | might offer.

to have something also

αναγκαιον, εχειν τι

και τουτον δ προσενεή-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. also was proper.

<sup>2.</sup> and-omit.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. il. 5; Heb. ix. 24; 1 John ii. 1. 1 20. Heb. iv. 15. 1 20. h.i. 20; iv. 10; Heb. viii. 1. 1 27. Lev. ix. 7; xvi. 0; Heb. v 3; ix. 7. 1 27. v. xvi. 15. 1 27. Rom. vi. 10; Heb. ix. 12; 28; x. 12. 1 28. Heb. vi. 1; 3; Heb. ii. 10; v. 9. 1; 2 11. Eph. i. 20; Col. iii. 1; Heb. i. 3; x. 12; xii. 2. 1 2; b. ix. 8, 12; 24. 1 28. Heb. ix. 11. 1 3. Heb. v. 1. 1 3. Eph. v. 2; Heb. ix. 14 Eph. i. 20; iv. 10; Heb. viii. 1. Lev. xvi. 15. 28. Heb. il. 10; v. 9. Heb. ix. 8, 12, 24

4 \* If then, indeed, he

5 (who perform divine

6 but now the has ob-

7 TFor if that FIRST

"Days are coming, says

"Israel and the House of

" made with their FATH-

"ERS, in the Day when I "took them by the HAND

" to lead them out of the

" Land of Egypt; -Be-

" cause they did not abide

"in my covenant, E " also slighted them, says

10 "For this is the

" COVENANT which I will " covenant with the House

"of Isracl; After those

"DAYS, says the Lord, I

9 " not according to the

which

"Judah;

" COVENANT

" the Lord.

κη. <sup>4</sup> Ειμεν γαρ ην επιγης, ουδ' αν ην ίερευς,
Is indeed for he was on earth, not even could he be a priest, were on Earth, he could not be a Priest, there beυντων \*[των ίερεων] των προσφεροντων κατα ing those who offer [of the priests] offering those according to GIFTS according to the τον νομον τα δωρα· 5 (οίτινες ύποδειγματι και LAW; law the gifts; (who in an example the service for a Symbol and λατρευουσι  $\tau\omega\nu$ ∈πουρανιών, καθως σκια Shadow of the HEAVENin a shadow of the heavenuct. evenas serve LIES; even as Moses, κεχρηματισται Μωυσης, μελλων επιτελειν την when about to construct had been divinely warned Moses, being acout to finish the the tabernacle, was divincly σκηνην 'Όρα γαρ, φησι, ποιησης παντα admonished; for, I "See," he says, thou mayest make all things says he, "that thou make tabernacle; See thou for, "all things according to τον τυπον τον δειχθεντα σοι εν τφ ката "THAT PATTERN shown to according to the pattern that having been shown to thee in the "thee on the MOUNT;)" ooei)  $^{6}$  vvvi  $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta ia\phi op \omega \tau \epsilon pas$   $\tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon v \chi \epsilon$   $\lambda \epsilon i \tau o v \rho$ now but more excellent he has obtained a service tained a Superior Service,  $\gamma$ ιας, δσ $\varphi$  και κρειττονος εστιδιαθηκης μεσιeven by so much as he is the Mediator of a Better by as much also of a better he is covenant a media-Covenant, which has been της, ήτις επι κρειττοσιν επαγγελιαις νενομοinstituted on Better Promwhich better promises has been  $^7$ Ει γαρ ή πρωτη εκεινη ην αμεμ $\pi$ θετηται, If for the instituted. first that WAS faultless, one were faultless, a Place <sup>8</sup> Μ ε μ τος, ουκ αν δευτερας εξητειτο τοπος. would not be sought for a a place. not would a second be seeking Find-Second. 8 But finding fault, he says to them, ‡" Behold! φομενος γαρ αυτοις λεγει. Ιδου, ήμεραι ερχονfor to them he says; Lo, days are comται, λεγει κυριος, και συντελεσω επι τον οικον "the Lord, when I will and I will finish a Lord, with the house "complete a new Cove-Ιπραηλ και επι τον οικον Ιουδα διαθηκην καινην "nant with the House of with the house of Judah a covenant Israei and 🧚 ου κατα την διαθηκην ήν εποιησα τοις πατραcovenant which I made with the not according to the σιν αυτων, εν ημερα επιλαβομενου μου της having laid hold of me of the in a day χειρος αυτών, εξαγαγείν αυτους εκ γης Αιγυπthem out of land of Egypt. to lead out

in the hecause they not did abide covenant καγώ ημελησα μου, αυτων, λεγει KUPIOS. and l cared not for them. 3273 a Lord. of me. 10 Ότι αύτη ή διαθηκη ήν διαθησομαι τω οικω For this the covenant which I will covenant with the house Ισραηλ μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας, λεγει κυριος, those, after the Lord, of Israel days says διδους νομους μου εις την διανοιαν αυτων, και of me into the mind of them, giving laws επι καρδιας αυτων επιγραψω αυτους και εσομαι of them I will write hearts them; and I will be αυτοις εις θεον, και αυτοι εσονται μοι εις λαον.

"will put my Laws into "their MIND, and on their
"\*Heart will I inscribe
"them; and ‡I will be and "to them for a God, and

"then shall be to me for a " People.

to them for a God, and they

του όι αυτοι ουκ ενεμειναν εν τη

διαθηκη

shall be to me for a people.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. If then.

<sup>4.</sup> the PRIESTS-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> Heart.

Jer. xxxi. 31-34.

αύτου, και έκαστος τον αδελφον αύτου, λεγων. of himself, and each one the brother of himself, saying; Γνωθι τον κυριον' δτι παντές ειδησουσι με, Know you the Lord: because all shall know 'me. απο μικρου \*[αυτων] έως μεγαλου αυτων. from least [of them] \_even to \_ greatest of them. 12 'Οτι ίλεως εσομαι ταις αδικιαις αυτων, και Decause merciful I will be to the unrighteousnesses of them, and των άμαρτιων αυτων \*[και των ανομιων αυτων] of the [and ofthe iniquities of them] 6104 ofthem 13 Εν τω λεγειν καινην, ου μη μνησθω €T1. By the totay not not I will remember more. πεπαλαιωκε την πρωτην το δε παλαιουμενον Gret 1 that but he has declared old the becoming old και γηρασκου, εγγυς αφανισμου. ΚΕΦ. heta'. heta. and advancing a age, near disappearing. 1 Ειχε μεν ουν \*[και] ή πρωτη δικαιωματα λα-Had iodeed then [both] the first ordinances <sup>2</sup> Σκηνη γαρ τρειας, το, τε άγιον κοσμικον. the, and holy at, furniture. A tabernacle for κατεσκευασθη ή πρωτη, εν ή 🤄 ή  $\tau \epsilon$ λυγνια in which indeed both a lamp-stand was prepared the first, και ή τραπεζα και ή προθεσις των αρτων, ήτις and the table and the setting forth of the loaves, .. which λεγεται άγια. <sup>3</sup>μετα δε το δευτερον καταπε-is named holies; behind but the second vali τασμα σκηνη, ή λεγομενη άγια άγιων 4\* [χρυa tabernacle, that being named holics of holics, [a goldσουν] εχουσα \*[θυμιατηριον, και] την κιβωτον fcenser, andl the της διαθηκης περικεκαλυμμενην παντοθέν χρυof the covenant having been covered on all sides with σιώ, εν ή σταμνος χρυση εχουσα το μαννα, guid, in which a pot golden baving the manna, και ή βαβδος Ααρων ή βλαστησασα, and the rad of Ascon that having budded, and the πλακες της διαθηκης. 5 ύπερανω δε αυτης Χερtablete of the covenant; above but her cheruιουβιμ δοξης κατασκίαζοντα TO ίλαστηριον.

Il Kai ου μη διδαξωσιν έκαστος τον πολιτην And not not they may teach each one the fellow-citized

11 "And they shall "not teach each one his "FELLOW-CITIZEN, and each one his BEOTHER, saying, 'Know you the LORD; Because all "thall know me, from the least even to the greatest of them.

12 "For I will be merci"ful to their unbighte"ousness, and their
"sins will I remember "e

" more."

13 ‡ By SAYING "New," he has rendered the FIRST one old; now, THAT which is DECAYINO and growing old is near vanishing away.

## CHAPTER IX

1 Then, indeed, the FIRST one had Ordinances of Worship, and I the SANCTUARY furnished;

2 for a Tabernacle was prepared—the FIRST—tin which were both the tampers and the TABLE, and the LOAVES of the PRESENCE, \*f and the GOLDEN Aliar of incense; this is named, "The HOLY place."

S 1 And behind the second Vail, THAT Tabernacle which is NAMED, The HOLY of the HO-

LIES;"

4 having the ARK of the COVENANT, covered on all sides with Gold, in which was ta golden Vase containing the MANNA, and the BOD of Aaron which BLOSSOMED, and the TAB-LETS of the COVENANT;

5 and tabove it were the Chern's of Glory, overshadowing the Mercy-seat; concerning which things it is not necessary now to speak particularly.

overshadowing

concerning which things not it is now to speak

bian

ofglory

mercy-sect;

the

ών δυκ εστι νυν λεγειν κατα μερος.

A VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. of them—omit.
1. both—omit.
2. and the oolden Altar of incense.
4. and golden Censer—omit.

<sup>12.</sup> and their iniquities—omif.
3. The noir of the noirs.

<sup>† 2.</sup> The reading of the Vatican MS, has been adopted as giving a solution of an acknow.\*
ledged difficulty, and as perfectly harmonizing with the Mosaic account.

† 11. Isa, liv, 13; John vi. 45; 1 John li. 27.

† 18. Norman, 1, 27; Heb. x, 17.

t 11. Isa, liv. 13; John vi. 45; 1 John ii. 27. 13. Rom. xi. 27; Heb. x. 17. 13. 20c. v. 17. 1. Exod. xxv. 8. 12. Exod. xxvi. 1. 12. Exod. xxvi. 52. Exod. xxvi. 1. 12. Exod. xxvi. 53. 21; Heb. vi. 19. 12. Exod. xxv. 19; xxvi. 33. 21; Heb. vi. 19. 14. Exod. xxv. 19; xxvi. 33. 24. 14. Rod. xvi. 33, 24. 14. Num. xvii. 10. 24. Exod. xxv. 10; 21; 22; Lev. xvi. 2; 1 Kinga viii. 6, 7. 15. Exod. xxv. 13. 22; Lev. xvi. 2; 1 Kinga viii. 6, 7.

΄ Τουτων δε ούτω κατεσκευασμενων, εις μεν την having been prepared, into indeed the Of these now thus πρωτην σκηνην διαπαντος εισιασιν οί ίερεις, goesin the priests, tabernacle always τας λατρείας επίτελουντες. <sup>7</sup> είς δε την δευτεinto but the services performing; second ραν άπαξ του ενιαυτου μονος δ αρχιερευς, ου once of the alone the high-priest, year χωρις αίματος, δ προσφερει ύπερ έαυτου και which he offers on behalf of himself without των του λαου αγνοηματων· 8 τουτο δηλουντος ignorances; this showing for the of the people του πνευματος του άγιου, μηπω πεφανερωσθαι of the holy, spirit not yet to have been manifested την των άγιων όδον, ετι της πρωτης σκηνης while of the tabernacie first the of the holies way, εχουσης στασιν. 9 ήτις παραβολη εις τον καιhaving a atanding; which a parable for the καθ' όν δωρα τε και τον ενεστηκοτα, that having been present, according to which gifts both and son προσφερονται μη δυναμεναι κατα θυσιαι are offered not ' being able according to sacrifices συνειδησιν τελειωσαι τον λατρευοντα, 10 μονον the \_ one serving, to perfect only conscience επι βρωμασι και πομασι, και διαφοροις βαπτισand foods and drinks, various dippinga,

σεως επικειμενα.

the of the

is being imposed. 11 Χριστος δε παραγενομένος, αρχιέρευς των Anointed but having come, a high-priest of the μελλοντων αγαθων, δια της μειζονος και τεgood things, by means of the greater and more future χειροποιητου.  $(\tau o \nu \tau)$ σκηνης, ου λειοτερα**ς** made by hand, perfect tabernacle, not (that  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ , ου ταυτης της κτισ $\epsilon \omega s$ ,)  $^{12}$  ουδ $\epsilon$  $\delta i$ not of this the creation,) not indeed by means of αίματος τραγων και μοσχων, δια δε του of goats and young bullocks, by means of but of the ιδιου αίματος, εισηλθεν εφαπαξ εις τα άγια, entered once for all into holies, the 13 E. αιωνιαν λυτρωσιν εύραμενος. γαρ 70 having found. Ιſ age-lasting redemption for the ciμα ταυρων και τραγων, και σποδος δαμαλεως and ashes blood of bulla and of goats, of a heifer όαντιζουσα τους κεκοινωμενους, άγιαζει προς polluted ones, for aprinkling the cleansea  $^{14}$ ποσω μαλλον την της σαρκος καθαροτητα. how much

purification;

μοις, δικαιωμασι σαρκος, μεχρι καιρου διορθωrighteousnesses of flesh, till a season of correc-

6 Now these things having been thus prepared, the PRIESTS performing SERVICES enter the FIRST Tabernacle, at all times;

7 but into the SECOND. the HIGH-PRIEST alone, once † ANNUALLY, -not without Blood, which the ofters on benaif of himself, and the sins of igno-

RANCE of the PEOPLE; 8 ; the HOLY SPIRIT showing This, that the WAY into the nolies has not yet been brought to view, while the FIRST Tabernacle has a Standing;

9 (which was a Figurative representation for THAT SEASON which was then PRESENT;) according to which both Gifts and Sacrifices are t which are not able to perfect the worshipper as to the Conscience;

10 being imposed (together with † Meats and Drinks and † Various Immersions,-\* fleshly 10rdinances,) only till a Period

of Emendation.

11 But Christ having become a High priest of the FUTURE GOOD things, t by means of the GREATER and More perfect Tabernacle, not made by hands, that is, not of This CREA-TION ;

12 he entered, once for all, into the HOLY places, not indeed by means of the Blood of Goats and of Bullocks, but 1 by means of his own Blood, thaving found Aionian Redemption.

13 For if t the BLOOD of \* Goats and of Bulls, and tthe Asues of a Heifer, sprinkling the POLLUTED, cleanses for the PURIFICA-TION of the FLESH;

fiesh

of correc-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. and.

more 13. Goats and of Bulls.

<sup>+ 7.</sup> Or, on one day annually, that is, on the day of atonement. See Lev. xvi.

 <sup>† 6.</sup> Num. xxviii. 3; Dan. viii. 11.
 † 7. Heb. v. 3; vii. 27.
 ‡ 8. Heb. x. 19, 20.

 † 9. Gal. iii. 21; Heb. viii. 18, 19; x. 1, 11.
 † 10. Lev. xi. 2; Col. ii. 16.
 ‡ 10. Num. xiv. 7.

 x 1 v. Feb. viii. 2.
 † 12. Heb. x. 4.
 † 12. Acts xx. 28.
 † 12. Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14; v. Pet. 1, 19.

 x 1 v. Lev. xvi. 14, 10.
 † 13. Lev. xvi. 14, 10.
 † 13. Num. xix. 2, 17.

το αίμα του Χριστου, δς  $\delta ia \pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \sigma \sigma \alpha i\omega$ the blood of the Anointed one, who by means of a spirit

νιου έαυτον προσηνεγκεν αμωμον τφ θεφ, καθαlasting himself offered spotless to the God, ριει την συνειδησιν ύμων απο νεκρων εργων,

of you from of death cleanse tho conscience works,

εις το λατρευειν  $\theta \in \omega$ (ωντι. δια living. for the to serve God And on account of

TOUTO διαθηκής καινής μεσίτης εστίν, ύπως of a covenant a mediator

θανατου γενομενου, εις απολυτρωσιν των επof a death having taken place, for a redemption of the under τη πρωτη διαθηκη παραβασεων, την επαγγε-

first covenant transgressions, the promise λιαν λαβωσιν οί κεκλημενοι της αιωνιου κλη-

might receive those having been called of the age-lasting inherit-16 'Οπου γαρ διαθηκη, θανατον αναγρονομιας.

for a covenant, death 17 διαθηκη γαρ κη φερεσθαι του διαθεμενου.

sary to be produced of that having been appointed; a covenant 101

επι νεκροις βεβαια, επει μηποτε ισχυει ότε ζη over dead ones frm, since never its strong when lives  $^{18}$  'O $\theta$ e $\nu$  oud'  $\dot{\eta}$  πρωτη χωρις διαθεμενος.

that having been appointed. Hence not even the first without

<sup>19</sup> Λαληθεισης αίματος εγκεκαινισται. γαρ has been dedicated. tlood llaving spoken for

νομον ύπο Μωυσεως πασης  $\epsilon \nu \tau o \lambda \eta s$ ката commandment according to law Moses every

παντι τφ λαφ, λαβων το αίμα των μοσχων to all the people, having taken the blood of the young buildeks

και τραγων μετα ύδατος και εριου κοκκινου και ofgoats with water and wool

ύσσωπου, αυτο τε το βιβλιον και παντα τον itself both the book and a11 the

λαυν ερβαντισε, 20 λεγων. Τουτο το αίμα της people he sprinkled, This saying, the blood of the

διαθηκης, ής ενετειλατο  $\pi pos$ ύμας δ Beos. covenant, which enjoined you on the

 $^{21}$  και την σκηνην δε και παντα τα σκευη της also the tabernacle and and a11 the vessels of the

αίματι δμοιως λειτουργιας τω ερβαντισε. blood in like manner public service with the he sprinkled.

🖴 Και σχεδον  $\epsilon \nu$ αίματι παντα καθαριζεται And almost blood all things are cleansed

14 how much more ishall the Bloop of the ANOINTED one, through an aionian Spurit, offered Himself spotless to God, #cleanse \* your con-science from Works of Death, for the SERVICE of the living \* God? †

15 And on this account, the is Mediator of a new Covenant, ‡ so that Death having taken place for a Kedemption of the TRANS-GRESSIONS against the FIRST Covenant, THOSE having been INVITED might receive the Promise of the aionian Inheritance.

16 For where a Covenant exists, the Death of that which has RATIFIED it is necessary to be produced;

17 because t a Covenant is firm over dead victums. since it is never valid when that which RATIFIES It IS alive.

18 # Hence not even the FIRST has been instituted without Blood.

19 For Every Commandment in \* the LAW having been spoken by Moses to All the Prople, taking the BLOOD of #BULLOCKS and of \*GOATS, I with Water, and scarlet Wool, and Hyssop, he sprinkled both the BOOK itself, and All the

20 saying, ‡ "This is the "BLOOD of the COVENANT " which God enjoined on " vou."

21 And he in like manner tsprinkled with the BLOOD, the TABFRNACLE also, and All the utensils of the Public SERVICE.

22 And, according to the LAW, almost all things are

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. our. 19. GOATS.

<sup>14.</sup> and true Gop.

<sup>19.</sup> the LAW.

<sup>† 14.</sup> From this verse to the end of the book the Vatican MS, is defective, and the various readings are copied from Dr. Woide's Collation of the Alexandrian Manuscript.

<sup>1 14. 1</sup> Pet. i. 10; 1 John i. 7; Rev. 1. 5. b. i. 3; x. 22. 15. Heb. vii. 22; viii. 6; xii. 24, et. iii. 18. 17. Gal. iii. 15. 18. Exod. xxi 1 14. Rom. i. 4; 1 Pet. iii. 18. Heb. i. 3; x. 22. 1 Pet. iii. 18. † 15. Rom. iii. 25; v. 6; 17. Gal. iii. 15. t 18. Exod. xxiv. 6. t 18. Exod. xxiv. 6. t 18. t 19. Lev. xiv. 4, 6, 7, 40, 51, 52. t 21. Exod. xxix. 12, 30; Lev. viii. 15, 19; xvi. 14—19. 1 19. Exod. xxiv. 5, 20. Exod. xxiv. 8: 6, 8; Lev. xvi. 14, 15, 18. Matt. xxvi. 28

τον νομον, και χωρις αίματεκχυσιας ου κατα according to the law, and without blood-shedding  $^{23}$  Avaykh our ta  $\mu \in \nu$   $\mathring{\upsilon}\pi o$ -Anecessity then the indeed copies  $\gamma i \nu \epsilon \tau \alpha i \quad \alpha \phi \epsilon \sigma i s.$ takes place forgiveness.  $\delta \epsilon_{i}$ γματα των  $\epsilon_{\nu}$  τοις ουρανοίς, τουτοίς καθαheavens, of those in the by these to be  $\rho_i(\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha_i \cdot \alpha \tau\alpha \delta\epsilon)$  $\tau \alpha$ επουρανια κρειττοσι cleaused; themselves but the things heavenly 24 Oυ γαρ εις χειροποιη-Not for into made by hands θυσιαις παρα ταυτας. sacrifices than there. τα άγια εισηλθεν δ Χριστος, αντιτυπα των the Anointed, representations of the entered αληθινων, αλλ' εις αυτον τον ουρανον, νυν εμhut into itself the heaven, DOW φανισθηναι τω προσωπω του θε τυ ύπερ ήμων. presence of the God on behalf of us. in the <sup>25</sup> Ου**δ', ίνα π**ολλακις προσφερη έαυτον, ώσπερ Not indeed, that often he should offer himself, even as 🌢 αρχιερευς εισερχεται εις τα άγια κατ' ενιαυgoes into the ko..es every year  $^{26}(\epsilon\pi\epsilon\iota\ \epsilon\delta\epsilon\iota$ τον εν αίματι αλλοτριφ. αυτον with blood other; (since it was necessary him πολλακις παθείν απο καταβολης κοσμού) νυν often to have suffered from a laying down of a world;) now δε απαξ επι συντελεια των αιωνων, εις αθετηbut once for all at an end of the for ages, σιν άμαρτιας δια της θυσιας αύτου πεφανεof sin by means of the sacrifice of himself he has been 27 Και καθ' δσον αποκειται τοις ανθρωmanifested. And it awaits men ποις άπαξ αποθανείν, μετα δε τουτο κρίσις. but this studgment; once <sup>28</sup> ούτω και δ Χριστος άπαξ προσενεχθεις εις το so also the Anointed paceforall having been offered for the πολλων ανενεγκειν άμαρτιας, εκ δευτερου χωto carry away a second time withρις άμαρτιας οφθησεται, τοις αυτον απεκδεχοsin will be seen. by those him expecting  $^{1}\Sigma\kappa\iota\sigma\nu$ КЕФ. ι'. 10. μενοις εις σωτηριαν. salvation. for Ashadow γαρ εχων δ νομος των μελλοντων αγαθων, ουκ for having the law of the about coming good things, notαυτην την εικονα των πραγματων, κατ' ενιαυimage things, the of the every year

purified by Blood, and without an Effusion of Blood no Forgiveness takes

23 It was necessary then, indeed, for the COPIES of the THINGS in the HEAVENS to be cleansed by These, but the HEAVENLY things themselves with Better Sacri-

fices than these. 24 For the Anointed one did not enter Holy places made by hands, the Antit pes of the TRUK ones, but into HEAVEN itself, to appear now in the PRESENCE of GOD on our behalf.

25 Not indeed that he should present himself often, even as the HIGH-PRIEST who enters the HOLY places Annually with Other Blood;

26 (since, in that case, he must have suffered often from the Foundation of the World; but now tonce for all, at a # Completion of the AGES, he has been manifested for a Removal of \* Sin by the SACRIFICE of himself.

27 ‡ And as it awaits MEN to die once, but after this ta Judgment;

28 so also the Anointed one, having been once for all offered for t the MANY, to bear away Sin, will appear a Second time with-Sin-offering, out a THOSE who are TEXPECT-ING Him, in order to \* Salvation.

#### CHAPTER X.

1 Moreover, the LAW having ta Shadow of the Truture GOOD things, not the Very IMAGE of the THINGS, is by the means able with the SAME Annual for Sacrifices which they offer

by the

same

τον ταις αυταις θυσιαις άς προσφερουσιν εις

sacrifices which

they offer

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. the-omit.

<sup>28.</sup> Salvation by 26. SIN.

το διηνεκες, ουδεποτε δυναται τους προσερχοthe continuance. naver ia able the nnes drawing <sup>2</sup> Επει ουκ αν μενους τελειωσαι.  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \nu \sigma \alpha \nu \tau o$ Otherwise not would προσφερυμεναι, δια το μηδεμιαν  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$ ETI to be offered. because that no one to have longer συνειδησιν άμαρτιων τους λατρευοντας, άπαξ a consciousness of sins those publicly serving, once <sup>3</sup> αλλ' κεκαθαρμενους ;  $\epsilon \nu$ αυταις αναμνησις having been cleansed? but in these a remembrance 4 Αδυνατον γαρ αίμα άμαρτιων κατ' ενιαυτον. every year. Impossible for bluod 5 A10 ταυρων και τραγων αφαιρειν άμαρτιας. of goats to take away Therefore εισερχομένος εις τον κοσμον, λεγει Θυσιαν countag into the world, he says; Sacrifice και προσφοράν ουκ ηθελήσας, σωμά δε κάτηρand offering not thou didst desire, a hody but thou didst τισω μοι· <sup>6</sup> δλοκαυτωματα και περι άμαρτιας provide for me; whole burnt offerings even for ein 8  $^{7}\,\mathrm{T}o\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon\iota\pi o\nu$ .  $1\delta ov$   $\acute{\eta}\kappa\omega$ ,  $(\epsilon\nu$ ουκ ευδοκπσας. not thou didst delight in. Then I said; Lo I come, (m κεφαλιδι Βιβλιου γεγραπται εμου,) περι of a book it has been written concerning me,) 8 Ανωτετου ποιησαι, δ θεος, το θελημα σου. the God, the wili of thee. of the to do, Above ρον λεγων. Ότι θυσιαν και προσφοραί και όλο-That asscrince and offeriu. rac whole καυτωματα και  $\pi$ ερι άμαρτιας ουκ ηhetaελησας, for not thou didst desire, burnt offerings even sin (αίτινες κατα \* [τον] ουδε ευδοκησας. VOLLOV nor didst delight in; (which according to [the] law προσφερονται:) 9 τυτε ειρηκεν: Ιδου, ήκω του are offered;) then he said; Le, I come of the ποιησαι το θελημα σου. Αναιρει το πρωτον, to do the will of thee. He takes away the f.rat,  $^{10}$  Ev  $\omega$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \tau \iota$ ίνα το δευτερον στηση. By which second he may establish, so that the will ηγιασμενοι εσμεν δια της προσφορας του having been sanctified we are through the offering ofthe <sup>11</sup> Kaı σωματος Ιησου Χριστου εφαπαξ. Tas Anointed ooce for all. of Jesue And every μεν ίερευς έστηκε καθ' ήμεραν λειτουργων, και indeed priest has stood every day publicly serving, and τας αυτας πολλακις προσφερων θυσιας, αίτινες often offering sacrifices, which. 12 Avουδεποτε δυναντι περιελειν άμαρτιας. are abla to take away never sin.

CONTINUALLY, \$10 perfect those who braw NEAR.

2 Otherwise, would they not cease being offered? because THOSE SERVING, having been once cleansed, would no longer HAVE any Consciousness of Sins.

3 ‡ But in these there is an Annual Remembrance

of Sins;

4 for ‡it is impossible for the Blood of Bulls and of Goats to take away Sin.

5 Therefore, entering the WORLD, he says, ‡ "Sacrifice and Offering "thou didst not desire, "but a Body didst thou "provide for me;

6 "in Whole burnt of-"ferings, even for Sin, "thou didst not delight;

7 "then I said, 'Behold,
"I come, O God, to Person thy will! In
"the volume of the Bock
"it has been written con"cerning me."

8 Having said above, \* "Sacrifice and Offering "and Whole burntofferings, "even for Sin, thou didst "not desire, nor didst de-"light in," (which are offered according to Law;)

9 then hesaid, "Behold,
"I come to Perform thy
"WILL!" He takes away
the first, that he may establish the second;

10 thy Which Will we have been sanctified through the CEFFEING of the BODY of Jesus Christ once for all.

II And indeed every \* Priest has ‡ daily stood publicly serving and offering frequently the same Sacrifices, which are never able to take away Sin;

never areable to take away sin. He 12 but ‡ fig., having ofτος δε μιαν ὑπερ αμαρτιων προσενεγκας θυσιάν, fered One Enduring Sacbut one on behalf of sine baving offered a sacrifice, rifice on behalf of Sins, sat

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. Sacrifices and Offerings and.
 High-priest.

<sup>8.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> verse 14. † 3. Lev. xvi. 21; Heb. ix. 7. † 4. Micah vi. 6, 7; Heb. ix. 13; verse 11. † 5. Psa. xl. 6; l. 8; Isa. i. 11; Jer. vi. 20; Amos v. 21, 22. † 10. John xvii. 10; Heb. xii. 12. † 10. Heb. ix. 12. † 11. Num. xxviii. 3; Col. iii. 1.

εις το διηνεκες εκαθισεν εν δεξια του θεου, sat down right of the lor the continuance at

<sup>13</sup> το λοιπον εκδεχομενος έως τεθωσιν οi thenceforth waiting till may be placed the

 $\epsilon \gamma \theta \rho o \iota$  autou ύποποδιον  $\tau\omega\nu$ ποδων αυτου. of him a footstool forthe feet of him.

14 Μια γαρ προσφορα τετελειωκεν εις το διηνε-By one for offering he has perfected for the continu-

<sup>45</sup> Μαρτυρει δε ήμιν κες τους άγιαζομενους. ance those Testifies being sanctified. but to us και το πνευμα το άγιον. Μετα γαρ το προει-

also the spirit the holy. After for that to have ρηκεναι· 16 αύτη ή διαθηκη, ήν διαθησομαι προς

this the covenant, which I will ratify αυτους μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας λεγει κυριος.

after the days those; says

 $\Delta$ ιδους νομους μου  $\epsilon \pi$ ι καρδιας αυτων, και  $\epsilon \pi$ ι laws of me in of them. hearts and 17 και των διανοιων αυτων επιγραψω αυτους, minds of them I will write them.

των άμαρτιων αύτων και των ανομιων αυτων ου sins of them and of the iniquities of them not

18 Όπου δε αφεσις τουτων,  $\mu n \mu n \sigma \theta \omega \epsilon \tau i$ . not I may remember more. Where now forgivenesss of these,

<sup>19</sup> Εχοντες ουκετι προσφορα περι άμαρτιας. no longer for llaving ουν, αδελφοι, παρόησιαν εις την εισοδον των

therefore, brethren, confidence for the entrance of the άγιων εν τφ αίματι Ιησου, <sup>20</sup> ήν ενεκαινισεν by the bload of Jesus, which he consecrated

ήμιν όδον προσφατον και forus away recently killed and yet ζωσαν, δια του through the living,

(τουτ'  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \epsilon \tau \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha \tau o s$ , 7775 σαρκος (that the is, flesh

αύτου,)  $^{21}$  και ίερεα μεγαν επι τον οικον του and a priest of himself,) great over the house of the

 $\theta$ εου·  $^{22}$ προσερχωμεθα μετα αλη $\theta$ ινης καρδιας God; let us approach with a true

εν πληροφορια πιστεως, ερβαντισμενοι τας καρin full conviction of faith, having been sprinkled the hearts

διας απο συνειδησεως πονηρας. <sup>23</sup> και λελουμεa consciousness of evil; having been

σωμα ύδατι καθαρώ, κατεχωμεν την vol To body in water we should hold fast the bathed the pure,

όμολογιαν της ελπιδος ακλινη· (πιστος γαρ δ confession of the hope without declining; (faithful for the

down at the Right hand of Gop:

13 HENCEFORTH waiting ‡till his ENEMIES may be placed UNDERNEATH his feft.

14 For by One Offering the has PERMANENTLY perfected THOSE BEING SANCTIFIED.

15 Moreover, the HOLY SPIRIT also testifies [this] to us, for after it HAD \* SAID,

16 ‡"This is the COVE-" NANT which I will cove-"nant with them; After "those DAYS, says the "Lord, I will put my "Laws in their Hearts, "and on their \*MINDS " will I inscribe them;"

17 [it adds,] "and their "sins and iniquities I " will remember no more."

18 Now where there is a Forgiveness of these, an Offering for Sin is no longer needed.

19 Having, therefore, Brethren, ‡ Confidence respecting tthe ENTRANCE of the HOLIES, by the BLOOD of Jesus,

20 which # Way he consecrated for us, through the VAIL, (that is, his FLESH, recently killed and yet is living;)

21 and having ‡a great Priest over the House of GoD;

22 twe should approach with a True Heart, tin Full conviction of Faith, our HEARTS having been sprinkled from a Consciousness of evil.

23 ‡ The BODY, also having been bathed in pure Water, twe should firmly hold the confession of the HOPE, without declining; (for I HE is Faithful who PROMISED;)

16. MIND.

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. SAID, This is.

<sup>113.</sup> Psa, cx. 1; Acts ii. 25; 1 Cor. xv. 25; Heb. i. 13.

116. Jer, xxxi. 2

119. Rom. v. 2; Eph. ii. 18, iii. 22.

119. Heb. ix. 8, 12

120. Jehn x. 9; xiv. 6; Heb. ix. 8.

121. Heb. iv. 14.

121. 1 Tim. iii. 15.

122. Eph. iii. 12; James i. 6; 1 John iii. 21.

123. Eph. v. 26; Tltus iii. 5.

123. Ieb. iv. 14.

123. 1 Cor. i. 9; x. 1

124; 2 Thess. iii. 2; Heb. xi. 112 1 16. Jer. xxxi. 33, 34; Heb. 1 19. Heb. ix. 8, 12. 1 20. 1 20 1 22. ii. 21. ‡ 22. Heb. ix. 14. ‡ 23. 1 Cor. i. 9; x. 13; 1 Thess.

HEBREWS. Chap. 10: 24 1 επαγγειλαμενος·) 24 και κατανοωμέν αλληλους oue having promised;) and we should bear in mind each other εις παροξυσμον αγαπης και καλων εργων,  $^{25}$  μ:) for an excitement of love and of good works, εγκαταλειπουτες την εισυναγωγην έαυτων. the assembling together of ourselves, leaving off καθως εθος τισιν, αλλα παρακαλουντες. και a custom with some, but exhorting; and τοσουτω μαλλον, όσω βλεπετε εγγιζουσαν την more, he somuch you see by much drawing near the <sup>26</sup> Έκουσιως γαρ άμαρτανοντων ήμων ήμεραν. day. Voluntarily for elbning ctus μετα το λαβείν την επιγνωσιν της αλη $\theta$ είας, after the to have received the knowledge of the ουκετι περι άμαρτιων απολειπεται θυσια· <sup>27</sup> φοis left no longer respecting sine a sacrifice; (nhos, βερα δε τις εκδοχη κρισεως, και πυρος but some expectation of judgment, and of a fire of indignation, 28 Αθετηεσθιειν μελλοντος τους ύπεναντιους. being about the opponents. Having vioσας τις νομον Μωυσεως, χωρις οικτιραων επι lated any one alaw of Moses, without δυσιν η τρισι μαρτυσιν αποθνησκει 2 ποσω. or three witnesses dies; by how much, δοκειτε, χειρονος αξιωθησεται τιμωριας δ τον worse will be be deserving punishment he the υίον του θεου καταπατησας, και το αίμα της God having trampledon, and the blood of the

διαθηκης κοινον ἡγησαμενος,  $= \{ \epsilon \nu \ \alpha' \ \text{ήγιασ-corenant a common thing having exteemed,} \ \{ \epsilon \nu \ \alpha' \ \text{ήγιασ-corenant a common thing having exteemed,} \ \{ \epsilon \nu \ \alpha' \ \text{ήγιασ-corenant a common thing having exteemed,} \}$ 

infield,] and the spirit of the favor having insulted?

Oιδαμεν γαρ τον ειποντα Εμο: εκδικησις,

We know for the one saying; To de veogeance,

εγω ανταποδωσω,  $\lambda$ εγει κυρις και παλιν·  $\frac{1}{1}$  will repsy, says Lord; and again,

Κυριος κρινει τον λαον αύτου 31 Φο Βερου το Lord will judge the people c. in rei... Α fearful thing the πμπεσειν εις χειρας θεου ζων: υς. 32 Αναμιμνησ-

πμπεσειν εις χειρας θεου (αν: 35. Δ Αναμιμνηστο to fall into handa of God living Rennembe, you (εσθε δε τας προτερον ήμερ.:5, εν σίς φωτισhut the former days, ... which having been

θεντες πολλην αθλησιν ύπει εινατε παθηματων·
enlightened a great contest you undered of orderings;

23 τουτο μεν, ονειδισμοις τε και θλιψεσι θεατριthis indeed, by reproaches both and by afflictions being made

(ομενοι' τουτο δε, κοινωνοι των ούτως αναστρεnspectacle; this but, partners of those thus being over.

25 and . . . ould bear each other in mind, for an Incitement of Love and Good Works.

Goo! Works; 25 ‡ not forsaking the ASSEMBLING of ourselves together, as is a Custom with some; but exhorting to it, and ‡ so much the more as you see ‡ the DaY drawing near.

26 For tif we should voiuntarily sin tafter HAVING RECEIVED the KNOW-LEDGE of the TRUTH, there is no longer a Sacrifice left for Sins,

27 but some Terrible Expectation of Judgment, even of a f fiery Indignation which is about to consume the OPPONENTS.

28 ‡ Any one having violated a Law of Moses dies without Mercy, ‡by Two or Three Witnesses;

29 thow much Worse Punishment do you think will he deserve, having Trampled on the son of God, tand esteemed as a common thing the blood of the Covenant by which he was sanctified, tand insulted the spirit of favors?

30 For we know HIM who SAYS, ‡ "Retribution "Is Mine; # will repay," says the Lord. And again, ‡ "The Lord will judge his "PEOPLE."

31 1 It is a fearful thing to FALL into the HANDS of the living God.

32 But remember the FORMER Days, in which thaving been enlightened you sustained to Great Contest of Sufferings;

33 partly, indeed, by being made I a public spectacle both to Reproaches and to Afflictions; and partly, by I having become Joint-participators with

<sup>·</sup> ALBXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. by which he was sanctified-omit.

<sup>25.</sup> Acts i1.42; Jude 10. 25. Rom. xiii, 11. 125. 2 Pet. iii. 9, 11. 14. 26. Num. xv. 30; Heb. vi. 2 26. 2 Pet. ii. 20, 21. 127. 2 Thess. i. 8; Heb. xii. 29. 28. Heb. ii. 2, 128. Deut. xvii. 2, (5, xix. 15; Matt. xviii. 16. 129. Heb. xii. 5; xii. 25. 2 0. 1 Cor. xi. 20; Heb. xiii. 20. 129. Matt. xii. 31, 32; Eph. iv. 30. 130. Deut. xxii. 35; Rom. xii. 19. 130. Deut. xxxii. 35; Rom. xii. 19. 130. Deut. xxxii. 36; Psa. 1.4; exxxv. 14. 151. Luke xii. 5. 32. Heb. vi. 4. 158. Phil. i. 20, 50; Col. ii. 1. 133. 1 Cor. iv. 2 185. Phil. 7. iv. 14; 1 Thess. ii. 14.

φομενων γενηθεντες. <sup>34</sup> Και γαρ τοις δεσμιοις turned having become. And for with the prisoners συνεπαθησατε, και την αρπαγην των υπαρχον-

συνεπαθησατε, και την αρπαγην των υπαρχονyou sympathized, and the seizure of the goods

των ὑμων μετα χαρας προσεδεξασθε, γινωσκονοίγου with joy you submitted to, knowing τες εχειν ἑαυτοίς κρειττονα ὑπαρξιν \* [εν ουρα-

tu have for yourselves better property [in heavνοις] και μενουσαν. <sup>35</sup> Μη αποβαλητε ουν την ens] and abiding. Not doyou cast away therefore the

παρβησιαν ύμων, ήτις εχει μισθαποδοσιαν μεγαconfidence of you, which has a reward great.

 $\lambda \eta \nu$ .  $^{36}$  Υπομονης  $\gamma \alpha \rho$  εχετε  $\chi \rho \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu$ .  $\iota \nu \alpha$  το Of patience for you have need; so that the

θελημα του θεου ποιησαντες, κομισησθε την will of the God having done, you may receive the

επαγγελίαν.  $\frac{37}{\text{Yet}}$  for a little while very very, the ερχομενος ήξει και ου χρονιει.  $\frac{38}{\text{Yet}}$  O δε διthe coming one will come and not will delay. The but just

καιος εκ πιστεως ζησεται και εαν ὑποστειληone by faith shall live; and if he should draw

ται, ουκ ευδοκει ή ψυχη μου εν αυτφ. 39 'Ημεις back, not delights the soul of me in him. We

δε ουκ εσμεν ύποστολης, εις απωλειαν αλλα but not are for shrinking back, to destruction; but

πιστεως, εις περιποιησιν ψυχης.for faith, to a saving of life.

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

E στι δε πιστις, ελπιζομενων ὑποστασις, Is but faith, of things being hoped for a hasts.

ραγματων ελεγχος ου βλεπομενων.  $^2$  Εν ταυofthings a conviction not being seen. By this

τη γαρ εμαρτυρηθησαν οί πρεσβυτεροι.  $^3$  Πισfor were attested the ancients.  $^1$ 

τει νοουμεν κατηρτισθαι τους αιωνας βηματι faith we perceive to have been adjusted the ages by a word

 $\theta$ eou, eis το μη εκ φαινομένων τα  $\beta$ λεποσος God, in order that not out of things appearing the things being

those who are similarly treated.

34 For indeed you sympathized with \* the Prisoners, ‡ and submitted to the seizure of your possessions with Joy, knowing that you have for yourselves a Better and an enduring Possession.

35 Therefore, cast not away your CONFIDENCE, twhich has a Great Reward.

S6 For you have Need of Patience, so that having done the WILL of God, tyou may receive the PROMISE.

37 For 1 yet a very little while indeed, 1 the coming one will come and will not delay 38 but "my 13UE?

"one by Faith shall live;
"and if he should shrink
"back my sour does not
"delight in him."

39 But we are not of those ‡ shrinking back und destruction; but of Faith in order to a Preservation of Life.

### CHAPTER XI.

1 But Faith is a Basis of things hoped for, a Conviction 1 of things unseer.

2 For t by this the ANCIENTS were attested.

3 In Faith we perceive that the †AGES have been so thoroughly adjusted by God's Command, that not from Things then Manifest \*the Things now seen have come to pass.

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscrift.—34. me in my bonds. 34. in Heavens—omil, i38. my righteous one. 3. that which is sken did not arise.

<sup>† 3.</sup> The original word has been literally rendered, both in this place, and in Heb. i.? as best agreeing with the argument of the writer. In fact avones, properly signifies, ages or periods of time, and as justly observed by Wakefield, Sykes, Kneeland, and Improved Version, "there is no instance in the New Testament where more than this seems to be meant by the word," and therefore ought to be so rendered in this passage. Faith being defined ir ver. 1, as "a basis of things hoped for, and a conviction of things unseen," must necessarily have a connection with God's word or promise to be fulfilled at some future period of time, and therefore precludes the idea contained in ver. 3 of the Common Version, that the Apostle was referring to the past creation of the verlds, or the material universe. To understand the works of creation does not belong to faith. Faith in this place refers to what was to be developed in future aisones, or ages, in conformity to God's promises, and is amply illustrated in the remaining portion of the chapter.

<sup>† 34.</sup> Acts v. 41. † 35. Matt. v. 12. † 36. Col M. 24; 1 Pet. i. 9. † 27. Luke xviii. 8; 2 Pet. iii. 9. † 37. Hab. ii 8, 4. † 38. Rom. i. 17; Gal. iii. 11. † 32. Pet. ii. 20, 21. † 1. Rom. v. 11. 24, 25; 2 Cor. iv. 18; v. 7. † 2. verse 39.

4 Πιστει πλειονα θυσιαν Αβελ μενα γεγονεναι. seen to have happened. In faith more azerifice παρα Καιν προσηνεγκε τω θεω, δι' ής εμαρthan Cain offered to the God, through which he was τυρηθη ειναι δικαιος, μαρτυρουντος επι τοις to be righteous, attested tertifying on the δωροιs αυτου του θεου και δι' αυτης αποθαgifts of him of the God; and through her having νων ετι λαλει.  $^5$  Πιστει Ενωχ μετετεθη, του died yet speaks. In faith Enoch was translated, of the μη ιδειν θανατον και ουχ εύρισκετο, διοτι not to see death; and be was found, because not μετεθηκεν αυτον δ θεος: προ γαρ της μεταθεtranslated him the God; before for the translaσεως \*[αυτου] μεμαρτυρηται ευηρεστηκεναιτ $\varphi$ [of him] he had obtained testimony to have well pleased the tion 6 Χωρις δε πιστεως αδυνατον ευαρεστη-Cew. God. Without but faith impossible to have pleased; σαι πιστευσαι γαρ δει τον προσερχομένον to believe for itis necessary the one coming near  $\tau \varphi \ \theta \epsilon \varphi$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota \ \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \ \tau \circ \iota s \ \epsilon \kappa (\eta \tau \circ \upsilon \sigma \iota \nu \ \alpha \upsilon \tau \circ \nu )$ to the God, because he is, and to those seeking 7 Πιστει χρηματισθεις μισθαποδοτης γινεται. a rewarder he hecomes. Infaith being divinely warned Νωε περι των μηδεπω βλεπομενων, ευλαβη-Noe concerning the not yet things being seen, having been pihetaεις κατεσκευ $oldsymbol{lpha}oldsymbol{\sigma}oldsymbol{\epsilon}$  κι $oldsymbol{eta}oldsymbol{\omega}oldsymbol{ au}oldsymbol{\omega}$ ously afraid built an ark for a preservation of the οίκου αύτου δι' ής κατεκρινε τον κοσμον, house of himself; through which he condemned the και της κατα πιστιν δικαιοσυνης εγενετο κληand of the according to faith righteourness became eв <sup>8</sup> Πιστει καλουμενος Αβρααμ ùπnheir. In faith being called Ahraam κουσεν εξελθειν εις τον τοπον, όν ημελλε λαμobedient to go forth into the place, which he was about to reβανειν εις κληρονομίαν, και εξηλθε, μη επίσreive for an inheritance, and he went forth, not knowing

<sup>9</sup> Πιστει παρφκησεν εις ταμένος που έρχεται. where he was going. In faith he sojourned in \* $[\tau\eta\nu]$   $\gamma\eta\nu$   $\tau\eta s$   $\epsilon\pi\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda$ ias  $\dot{\omega}s$   $\alpha\lambda\lambda o\tau \rho iav$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$  [the] land of the promise as a stranger, in σκεναις κατοικήσας, μετα Ισαακ και Ιακώβ των with having dwelt, lasse and Jacob of the

συγκληρονομών της επαγγελιας της αυτης. ofthe promise of the same;

 $^{10}$  εξεδεχετο γαρ την τους θεμελιους εχουσαν was waiting for that the foundations having

πολιν, ης τεχνιτης καιδημιουργος δ θεος. city, of which a designer bas architect the God.

11 Πιστει και αυτη Σαρβα δυναμιν εις καταβο-In faith also herself Sarah power for

4 In Faith ! Abel offered to God a Better Sacrifice than Cain, by means of which he was attested to be righteous, God testifying on his GIFTs; and through it, having died, the still speaks.

5 In Faith ‡ Enoch was translated so as not to SEE. Death; and he was not found, because God translated him; for, before his TRANSLATION, he had been attested to have been well-

pleasing to God.

6 But without Faith it is impossible to have pleased; for it is necessary for HIM Who COMES NEAR to Gop to believe That he exists, and that to THOSE who SEEK him he becomes

a Rewarder. 7 In Faith ! Noah, having been divinely admonished concerning THINGS not then SEEN, moved with pious fear, ‡built an Ark for the Preservation of his FAMILY; through which he condemned the WORLD, and became an Heir of the RIGHTEOUS-NESS according to Faith.

8 In Faith I Abraham was obedient, \* HE BEING CALLED to go forth into the PLACE which he was in future to receive for an Inheritance; and he went forth, not knowing where he was going.

9 In Faith he sojourned in the LAND of the PROMise, as a Stranger, having dwelt in Tents 1 with Isaac and Jacob, the co-HEIRS of the SAME PROM-

10 for he was expecting that CITY having the FOUNDATIONS, ‡ of which God is the Designer and Architect.

11 In Faith, alse, #Saa laying | rah herself received Power

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. him-omit. 9. the-omit. to a Place.

<sup>8.</sup> HE BEING CALLED to go out in-

<sup>3</sup>X1. 2.

λην σπερματος ελαβε, και παρα καιρον ήλικιας, down of seed received, aven beyonda proper time of life. επει πιστον ήγησατο τον επαγγειλαμενον.

 $\epsilon$ πει πιστον ηγησατο τον επαγγειλαμενον since faithful she regarded the one promising.  $\frac{12}{\Delta}$ ιο και αφ' ένος εγεννηθησαν, και ταντ

Therefore even from one were born, and these things  $\nu \in \nu \in \kappa$  and  $\kappa \in \nu$  and  $\kappa \in \nu$  having been dead, like the stars of the heaven for the

 $\pi\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon_l$ ,  $\kappa\alpha_l$  is  $\dot{\eta}$   $\alpha\mu\mu$ os  $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha$   $\tau$ o  $\chi\epsilon_l\lambda$ os  $\tau\eta$ s nultitude, and like the sand that by the shore of the

θαλασσης ή αναριθμητος.

sea the innumerable. In faith ched

θανον ούτοι παντες, μη λαβοντες τας επαγγεthese all, not having received the promises,

λιας, αλλα πορρωθεν αυτας ιδοντες και ασπαbut fardistant them having seen and having

σαμένοι, και ὁμολογησαντές, ὁτι ξένοι και saluted, and having confessed, that strangers and

παρεπίδημοι είσιν επί της γης. 14 Οί γαρ τοιsojourners they are on the earth. Those for auch

αυτα λεγοντες εμφανιζουσιν ότι πατριδα επιζηthings saying make known that a country they τουσι.  $^{15}$  Και ει μεν εκεινης εμνημονευον αφ

βδ νυν δε κρειττονος ορεγονται, τουτ' εστιν, now but a better theylong after, this 18,

επουρανίου. Διο ουκ επαισχυνεται αυτους δ heavenly. Therefore not is ashaned of them the  $\theta$ εος,  $\theta$ εος επικαλεισθαι αυτων· ήτοιμασε γαρ

God, a God to be called of them; he prepared for αυτοις πολιν. 17 Πιστει προσενηνοχεν Αβρασμ

for them a city. In faith offered up Abraum τον Ισαακ πειραζομενος, και τον μονογενη

the Isaac being tried, and the only-begotich προσφερεν δ τας επαγγελίας αναδεξαμενος,

was offering up he the promises having received,

18 προς δν ελαληθη· Ότι εν Ισαακ κληρησεται

to whom it was said; That in Isasc shall be called.

σοι σπερμα· 19 λογισαμενος, ότι και εκ νεκρωι
to these seed inferring that even on of deed over

to thee a seed, inferring, that even out of dead ones εγερειν δυνατος δ θεος δθεν αυτον και εν παρ-

eyepeth obvarios o veos over autor kat en maptoraise up is able the God; whence him also in asim

αβολω εκομισατο. <sup>20</sup> Πιστει περι μελλουlitude he recovered. In faith concerning things being

των ευλογησεν Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ και τον sboutto come blessed Issac the Jacob and the

for Conception, even beyond the proper period of Life, since she regarded HIM ‡ faithful who PROM-ISED.

12 Therefore also \* were born from ‡ one, who even as to these things had become lifeless, [a posterity] ‡ like the STARS OF HEAVEN for MULTITUDE, and like THAT SAND ON the SHORE of the SEA, INNUMERABLE.

13 All these died in Faith, ‡not having received the PROMISED blessings, but ‡having seen and saluted them from a Distance, and ‡having confessed That they were Strangers and Sojourners on the LAND.

14 For THOSE who SAY Such things t make known that they are seeking a Country.

15 And if indeed they were mindful of that from which they came forth, they would have had an Opportunity to have returned;

16 but now they long for a better, that is, a heavenly [country.] Therefore God is not ashamed of them ‡ to be called their God; for the is preparing for them a City.

17 In Faith Abraham, being tried, offered up Isaac; and he who had neceived the promises was offering up his only-begotten,

18 to whom it was said, "For in Isaac shall Thy
"Seed be called;"

19 inferring that God tis able even to raise up from the dead; whence also, in a Similitude, he recovered Him.

20 \* In Faith also concerning future things, ‡ Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau.

20. In Faith also.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. were made.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{11. \text{ Rom. ix. 21. Heb. x. 25.} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Rom. iv. 19.} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen. xxii. 17; Rom. ix. 18.}}{13. \text{ ver 89.} \frac{1}{2. \text{ 18. John viii. 50.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen. xxiii. 4; x\viii. 9; 1 Chron. xxii. 15; cxix. 19; 1 Pet. i. 17; ii. 11. \frac{1}{2. \text{ 14. Heb. xiii. 14.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ 16. Exod. iii. 6, 15; Matta xxii. 32; Acts vii. 32.} \frac{1}{2. \text{ 16. Phil. iii. 20; Heb. xiii. 14.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ 17. Gen. xxii. 19, 21.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen. xxvii. 27, 20.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Rom. ix. 12; Rom. ix. 7.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen. xxvii. 17, 19, 21.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen. xxvii. 27, 20.}} \frac{1}{2. \text{ Gen.

<sup>21</sup> Πιστει Ιακωβ αποθνησκων έκαστον  $H\sigma av.$ In faith Jacob dying των υίων Ιωσηφ ευλογησε και προσεκυνησεν of the sons of Joseph blessed; and bowed down  $^{22}$   $\Pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \ I \omega$ επι το αρκον της βαβδου αύτου. in faith top of the σηφ τελευτων € £0000 των υίων περι THIS ending concerning the going out of the O DA Ισοαηλ εμνημονεύσε, και TEM TEV OUTEWY of Israel reminded, and concerning the bones 23 Πιστει Μωυσης γεννηαύτου ενετειλατο. of himself gave charge. In faith Moses pernR θεις εκρυβη τριμηνον ύπο των πατερων αύτου. born was hidden three months by the parente of himself, διοτι ειδον απτειον το παιδιον. και ους εφοβηbecause they saw beautiful tho and not babe; they did  $^{24}\Pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota$ θησαν το διαταγμα του βασιλεως. king. randate of the In raith the Μωυσης μεγας γενομενος ηρνησατο λεγεσθαι Moses great bosing become refused to be called υίος θυγατρος Φαραω, 25 μαλλον έλομενος συγa son of a daughter of Pharaob, rather choosing to sufκακουχεισθαι τφ λαφ του θεου, η προσκαιρον the people of the God, than .or a season  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$  αμαρτίας απολαυσιν·  $^{26}$  μειζονα πλουτον greater enjoyment, ηνησαμενος των Αιγυπτου θησαυρων τον ονειhaving congreded of the Egypt treasures δισμού τον Χριστου απεβλεπε γαρ eis την proach στο imposted; helooked away for towards the - Πιστε: κατελιπεν Αιγυπτον, μισθαποδοσιαν. 'w left Egypt. in faith μη Ουβηθεις του θυμον του βασιλεως τον γαρ not Scarin, the wrath oiths king the for 28 Πιστει απρατου ως δρων εκαρτερησε. 76anecen : no es moin; he was strong. in tach ποιηκέ το πασχα και την προσχυσιν του αίμαhas made the passover and the pouring on of the sloud, τος, ίνα μη δολοθρευών τα πρωτοτοκά,  $\theta i \gamma \eta$ so that not the one destroying the first-borns, might touch 29 Πιστει διεβησαν την ερυθραν θαλασin faith they passed through the olthem. σαν ως δια ξη, ας ής πειραν λαβοντες οί Αιas through adry place; which a trial attempting the Egyp- $^{30}$  Hi $\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota$ 

21 In Faith Jacob, dying, # blessed cach of the sons of Joseph; † The bowed down also on the TOP of his STAFF.

23 In Faith ! Joseph, at the close of life, reminded the sons of Israel concerning the DEPART-URE, \$ and gave orders about his BONES.

23 In Faith ! Moses, being born, was hidden three Months by his PARENTS, because they saw the CHILD was Beautiful; and they did not fear tille EDICT of the MING.

24 In Faith † Moses, having become mature, retused to be called a Son of Pharaoh s Daughter:

25 I choosing rather to suffer evil with the PEOPLE o. God, than to have a Transient Enjoyment of Sin;

26 Daving regarded the REPROACH of the ANOINT-ED Greater Wealth than the PREASURES of Egypt for he looked off toward: the neward.

27 In Faith the left Egypt, not fearing the WEATH of the KING; for he was strong as seeing the INVISIBLE one.

28 In Faith the appointed the PASSOVER, and the ASPERSION of the BLOOD, so that the DFS-TROYER of the FIRST-BORNS might not touch

In 29 Faith they passed through the Red Sea as through a dry place; which the EGYPTIANS attempting, were swallowe.l

30 In Faith the WALLS

ln faith

τα

τειχη

walls

tians.

γυπτιοι, κατεποθησαν.

were swallowed up.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Or, according to Sampson, this sentence may be translated—"and rendered worship (to God.) on account of the height of his (Joseph's, ensign "He contends that rabbos, a rod, also means easign, because according to Lev. wit, twelve rods were to be borne by the twelve princes of Israel with the names of the tribes written thereon, as ensigns. Akron means top, summit, height; and epi with an accusative he will zender, on account of, or in respect to. The patriarch Jacob, then, "worshipped God on account of the height of Joseph's power," when he with prophetic vision saw the future greatness or Ephraim and Manasseh. The reader is left to choose which rendering he prefers.

'Ιεριχω επεσε, κυκλωθεντα επι επτα ήμερας.
of Jericho fell, having been encompassed for seven days. <sup>31</sup> Πιστει 'Ρααβ ή πορνη ου συναπωλετο τοις Rahab the harlot not was destroyed with those απειθησασι, δεξαμενη τους κατασκοπους μετ' having received nnbelieving, the spies. 32 Και τι ετι λεγω; Επιλειψει γαρ €LONVNS. peace. And what further may I say? Will fail for με διηγουμενον ὁ χρονος περι Γεδεων, Βαρακ me relating the time concerning Gideon, Barak  $*[\tau \in \kappa \alpha i] \times \text{Sample}, *[\kappa \alpha i] \text{ Iε} \phi \theta \alpha \epsilon, \Delta \alpha v i \delta \tau \epsilon$ David also [also and] Samson, [an i] Jepthah και Σαμουηλ, και των προφητων· 33 οί δια Samuel, and the prophets; who by means of πιστεως κατηγωνισαντο βασιλειας, ειργασαντο subdued kingdoms, performed δικαιοσυνη, επετυχον εφραξαν επαγγελιων, obtained promises, closed up righteousness, 34 εσβεσαν δυναμιν πυρος, στοματα λεοντων. queuched power of fire. of lions. mouths στοματα μαχαιρας, ενεδυναμωθησαν €Φυγον mouths of sword. were made strong escaped απο ασθενειας, εγενηθησαν ισχυροι εν πολεμώ, became mighty ones in <sup>35</sup> ελαβον ιταρεμβολας €κλιναν αλλοτριων. overturned of foreigners; received camps γυναικες εξ αναστασεως τους νεκρους αύτων the dead ones of themselves; from a resurrection προσδεξαμενοι αλλοι δε ετυμπανισθησαν,oυ were beaten to death, not having accepted others but την απολυτρωσιν, ίνα κρειττονος αναστασεως redemption, so that a better resurrection 36 Ετεροι δε εμπαιγμων και μαστιτυχωσιν. a Trial of Mockings and they might obtain. Others but and of scourge. of mockings γων πειραν ελαβον, ετι δε δεσμων και φυλακης. received, further but of bouds and of imprisonment;  $^{37}$  ελιθασθησαν, επρισθησαν, επειρασθησαν, εν they were stoned, they were sawn naunder, they were tempted, by φονώ μαχαιρας απεθανον. περιηλθον εν μηλωdaughter of sword they died; they went about in sheepταις, εν αιγειοις δερμασιν, ύστερουμενοι, θλιbeing in want, goat skins, Βομενοι, κακουχουμενοι, 33 (ών ουκ ην αξιος δ ing afficted, being ill-treated, (of whom not was worthy the ing afflicted. κοσμος,) εν ερημιαις πλανωμενοι και ορεσι, και wandering and in mountains, and deserts <sup>39</sup> Και ούτοι σπηλαιοις και ταις οπαις της γης. and in the holes of the earth. And these in caves παντες μαρτυρηθεντες δια της πιστεως, ουκ having been attested by means of the not

of Jericho fell down, having been encompassed Seven Days.

31 In Faith † Rahab, the HARLOT, did not perish with the UNBELIEVERS, ; having received the SPIES in Peace.

32 And why should I say more? for the TIME will fail me to discourse concerning ‡ Gideon, ‡ Barak, ‡Samson, ‡Jepthah; David also, and Samuel, and the PROPHETS;

33 who by means of Faith subdued Kingdoms, performed Righteousness, tobtained Promises, 1 shut

Lions' Mouths,

34 I quenched the Power of Fire, tescaped the Edges of the Sword, I from Weakness were strong, toverturned the Camps of Foriegners.

35 † † Women received their DEAD by a Resurrection; but others were beaten to death, not accepting the DELIVERANCE [offered,] in order that they might obtain a Better Resurrection.

36 And others received

Scourges, and also tof Bonds and Imprisonment. 37 ! They were stoned, sawn asunder, †tempted; they died by saughter of the Sword; they went about in Sheep-skins and in Goat skins, being destitute, afflicted, ill-treated;

38 (of whom the WORLD was not worthy;) wandering in Deserts, and in Mountains, ‡ and in Caverns, and in the HOLES of the EARTH.

39 And all these having been attested by means of

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. also and-omit. 32, and -omit.

<sup>† 35.</sup> For Women, is a reading of the Syriac. † 37. Some would read here epeira-theesan, peirced through, instead of the textual reading. See Wakefield and Newcome.

t 31. Josh. vi. 23; James ii. 25.

t 32. Judges vi. 0.

t 32. Judges vi. 12.

t 32. Judges vi. 13.

t 32. Judges vi. 14.

t 32. Judges vi. 15.

t 32. Judges vi. 15.

t 33. Judges xi. 1; xii. 7.

t 34. James xi. 15.

t 35. James xi. 15.

t 36. James xi. 15.

t 37. James xi. 15.

t 38. Judges xi. 15.

t 38. J

εκομισαντο την επαγγελιαν, 40 του θεου περι did obtain the promise, the God concerning  $\eta \mu \omega \nu$  κρειττον τι προβλεψαμενου, ίνα μη us a better thing having foreseen, so that not χωρις  $\tilde{\eta} \omega \omega \nu$  τελειωθωσι. Spart from us they might be made perfect.

## KEΦ, $\iota \beta'$ , 12,

<sup>1</sup> Τοι γαρουν και ήμεις, τοσουτον εχοντες Therefore ₩e, περικειμενον ήμιν νεφος μαρτυρων, ογκον αποsurrounding us a cloud of witnesses, encuribrance havθεμενοι παντα, και την ευπεριστατυν άμαρτιαν, ing laid aside every, and the close-girding sin, ύπομονης τρεχωμεν τον προκειμενον by means of patient endurance we should run the being laid out ήμιν αγωνα: 2 αφορωντες εις τον της πιστεως for us course; looking away to the of the faith αρχηγον και τελειωτην Ιησουν, ός αντι της and perfecter Jesus, who in return for the leader προκειμενης αύτω χαρας, ύπεμεινε σταυβον, being placed before him joy, endured a cross, αισχυνης καταφρονησας, εν δεξια τε του θρονου atσχυνης και αγγεικές at right and or the του θεου κεκαθικέν. <sup>3</sup> Αναλογισασθε γαρ τον Attentively consideryon for the συν σαμαρτωλων τοιαυτην ύπομεμενηκοτα ύπο των άμαρτωλων one having endured from the amners εις αύτον αντιλογιαν, ίνα μη καμητε. opposition, so that not you may be wearted, towards himself ταις ψυχαις ύμων εκλυομενοι. 4 Ούπω μεχρις in the souls of you being discouraged. Not yet even to αίματος αντικατεπητε προς την άμαρτιαν ανyou resisted with the sin .comταγωνιζομένοι $^{5}$  και εκλέλησ $\theta$ ε της παρακληand you have forgotten the exhortation, tending against; σεως, ήτις ύμιν ώς υίοις διαλεγεται Γιε μου, which with you as with sons reasons; O son of me, μη ολιγωρει παιδειας κυριου, μηδε εκλυου not do thos slight discipline of Lord, neither be thou discouraged ύπ' αυτου ελεγχομενος. 6 όν γαρ αγαπα κυριος, being reproved; whom for loves Lord, hım παιδευει. μαστιγοι δε παντα υίον δν παραhe disciplines; he scourges and every son whom be re-<sup>7</sup>Ει παιδειαν ύπομενετε, ώς υίοις δεχεται. 11 discipline you endure, as with sons ύμιν προσφερεται 5 θεος τις γαρ εστιν vios, with you deals the God, any for is son, 8 Eι δε δν ου παιδευει πατηρ: whom not disciplines afther? χωρις εστε If but without you are παιδείας, ής μετχι η εγονασι παντες, αρα discipline, of which part. k.iz have become all, certainly 3 Ειτα τους μεν νοθοι εστε και συχ είσι bastards you are and not son-. Then

the FAITH, did not obtain the PROMISED blessing.

40 God having foreseen the something better concerning Us, so that not apart from Us they might be made perfect.

### CHAPTER XII.

1 Therefore also we, having Sueh a Cloud of Witnesses surrounding us, laying aside every Encumbrance, and the CLOSE-GIRDING Sin, I should run t with Patience the Course MARKED OUT for us,

2 looking away to the LEADER and Perfecter of the FAITH, Jesus, two for the JOY set before him, endured the Cross, disregarding the Shame, and thas sat down at the Right hand of the THEONE of GOD.

3 TFor consider HIM attentively who has ENDURED Such Opposition from SINNERS, so that you may not be wearied, being discouraged in your SOULS.

4 TYou did not yet resist to Blood, contending

against sin.

5 And have you forgotten the EXHORTATION which reasons with you as with Sons? ‡ "My Son, "slight not the Discipline of the Lord, neither be "discouraged when re-"proved by him;

6 " for ‡ whom the Lord " loves, he disciplines, and " he scourges Every Son " whom he receives."

7 ‡ If you endure Discipline, GoD deals with you as with Sons; for is there any Son whom a Father does not discipline?

thout you are  $\mu\nu\tau$  (s.  $\alpha\rho\alpha$ ) all, certainly Discipline,  $\phi$  of which all have become Partakers, then truly you are Spurithose indeed out, and not Sons.

<sup>1 40.</sup> Heb, vii. 22; viii. 6.

1 40. Heb, v. 9; xii. 23; Rev. vi. 11.

1 1. Col. iii,

1 1. Rom. xii. 12; Heb. x. 26,

2 2. Luke xxiv. 26; Phil. ii. 8; 1 Pet. 11.

1 2. Psa. cv. 1; Heb. i. 3, 13; viii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 2.

1 3. Matt. x. 24, 25; John xv. 20.

1 4. Heb. x. 32—40,

1 5. Prov. viii. 12; xix. 18; xxiv. 12; cxix. 75; Prov. iii. 19; James 1. 12; Rev. iii. 19.

2 7. Prov. xiii 24; xix. 18; xxiv. 13.

της σαρκος ήμων πατερας ειχομεν παιδευτας, disciplinarians, of us fathers we have of the flesh και ενετρεπομεθα· ου πολλφ μαλλον ὑποταγηand we reverenced; not by much more shall we be subσομεθα τω πατρι των πνευματων, και ζησομεν ; and . we shall live ? missive to the father of the spirits, 10 Oί μεν γαρ προς ολιγας ήμερας, κατα το days, according to that They indeed for for a few δοκουν αυτοις, επαιδευον ό δε επι το συμφερον, seconing right to them, disciplined; he but for that being profitable, μεταλαβειν της άγιοτητος αυτου. holiness of him. n order that of the to partake <sup>11</sup> Πασα δε παιδεια προς μεν το παρον ου δοκει but discipline as to indeed that being present not seems χαρας ειναι, αλλα λυπης υστερον δε καρπον afterwards but frait but of grief; to be,  $\delta \iota'$ γεγυμνασμενοις αυτην ELOTIVIKOV TOIS having been trained peaceful to those through her 12 Διο ταs παρειμένας αποδιδωσι δικαιοσυνης. Therefore the baving been weart-1 of righteousness. χειρας και τα παραλελυμενα γονατα ανορθωdo you brace knees and the having been enfeebled σατε· 13 και τροχιας ορθας ποιησατε τοις ποσιν do you make for the and level paths np; ιαθη εκτραπη, ύμων, ίνα μη το χωλον lame may be turned out, may be healed of you, so that not the 14 Ειρηνην διωκέτε μέτα παντων, δε μαλλον. do you pursue with Peace rather. και τον άγιασμον, ού χωρις ουδεις οψεται του which without no one shall see the holiness. and the 15 Επισκοπουντες, μη τις ύστερων απο κυριον. Looking carefully, lest any one falling back from Lord. της χαριτος του θεου· μη τις διζα πικριας ανω of the God, lest any root of bitteruess upward favor ενοχλη, και δια ταυτης μιανθωσι φυουσα may disturb, and by means of this may be polluted springing  $\pi$ ολλοι· 16 μη τις πορνος, η βεβηλος ώς Ησαυ, lest any fornicator, or profane person like manv: δς αντι βρωπεως μιας απεδοτο τα προτωτοκια who on account of eating of one the birthrights sold 17 Ιστε γαρ, ότι και μετεπειτα θελων of himself. You know for, that even afterwards wishing

απεδοκιμασθη. ευλογιαν, κληρονομησαι  $\tau \eta \nu$ he was rejected; blessing, to inherit the

γαρ τοπον ουκ εύρε, καιπερ μετα μετανοιας not he found, though with a place for a chnage of mind for

18 Oυ γαρ προσε-Not for you have δακρυων εκ(ητησας αυτην. you have tears having earnestly sought her.

9 Have we then, indeed' received discipline from our NATURAL FATHERS, and we reverenced them; shall we not much rather be submissive to the FATHER of SPIRITS, and live?

10 For THEY, indeed, for a Few Days disciplined us, according as it SEEMED RIGHT to them; but HE for our ADVANTAGE, # in order that we may PAR-TAKE of his HOLINESS.

11 But All Discipline, indeed, as it respects the PRESENT, seems not to be of Joy, but of Gricf; yet afterwards it returns tihe peaceful Fruit of Righteousness to THOSE who have been TRAINED by it.

12 Therefore, 1 brace up the WEARIED HANDS, and the ENFEEBLED Knees;

13 ‡ and make level Paths for your FEET, so that ‡ the LAME may not be turned aside, but rather be healed.

14 Pursue Peace with all, and that HOLINESS twithout which no one shall see the LORD;

15 | looking carefully, lest any one fall back from the FAVOR of GOD; ‡lest any Root of Bitterness springing up may disturb you, and through it \* Many be poisoned;

16 !lest there be any Fornicator, or Profane person, like Esau, t who for one Meal sold his BIRTH-RIGHT.

17 For you know That afterwards. t when, wished to inherit the he was BLESSING. fused; for he found no Place for a Change of mind, though he sought it earnestly with Tears.

18 For you have not ap-

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 15. MANY.

<sup>19.</sup> Num. xvi. 22; xxvii. 10; Isa. xlii. 5; lvii. 10; Zech. xii. 1 xix. 2: 1 Pet. i. 15, 10. 11. James iii. 18. 1 13. Prov. 1v. 26, 27. 13. Gal. vi. 1. 14. Psa. xxxi † 13. Gal. vi. 1. 14. Psa. xxxi † 14 Matt. v. 8; 2 Cor. vii. 1; Eph. v. 1. † 16. Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3. 1 15. 2 Tim. ii. 22. : 16. Gen. xxv. 33. 15. Gal. v. 4.

<sup>: 15.</sup> Gal. V. 4. 1 17. Gen. xxvil. 34, 36, 38.

Chap 12: 19.] ληλυθατε ψηλαμφωμενω \* [ ορει, ] και κεκαυapproached being touched [a mountain,] and having been μενώ πυρι, και γνοφώ, και σκοτώ, και θυελλη, burnt with fire, and to a thick cloud, and to darkness, and to tempest,  $^{19}$  και σαλ $\pi$ ιγγος ηχ $\varphi$ , και φωνη δηματων ής and ora trumpet to a sound, and to a voice of words of which οί ακουσαντες παρητησαντο, μη προστεθηναι those having heard not autois  $\lambda o \gamma o \nu$ . To (our effequence for that beingesto them a word; λομενον Καν θηριον θιγη του ορους, λιθοβο-If even a wild-beast may touch the mountain, ληθησεται· 21 και, Γούτω φοβ·ρον ην το φανταand, 160 feariul was that be aconed; COLEVOV, Μωυσης ειπεν Εκφοβος ειμι και said; Affinghted i am Moses εντρομος•) 22 αλλα προσεληλυθατε Σιων

you have approached Sion amountain, και πολει θεου ζωντος, Ίερουσαλημ επουρανιφ. and to a city of God living, Jerusalem

και μυριασιν, αγγελων 23 πανηγυρει· και εκκληand to myriads, of messengers an entire assembly; and to a congre-

σια πρωτοτοκών, απογεγραμμενών εν ουρανοις. having been eurolled in gation of first-borns, και κριτη θεώ παντων· και πνευμασι δικαιων

to spirits of just ones and to a judge God of all; and τετελειωμενων· 24 και διαθηκης νεας μεσιτη, having been perfected; and of a covenant new to a mediator,

Ιπσου· και αίματι βαντισμου, κρειττον λαand to blood of sprinkling, a better thing speak-<sup>25</sup> Βλεπετε, μη παροιλουντι παρα του Αβελ. Abel. than the Beware you, nut you should Ει γαρ εκεινοι ουκ τησησθε τον λαλουντα.

11 for the onespeaking. εφυγον, τον επι γης παραιτησαμενοι χρηματιhim on earth divinely ad\_ having refused escaped,

ζοντα, πολλω μαλλον ήμεις οί τον απ' ουρανων mouishing, hy how much more we who him from αποστρεφομενοι  $^{26}$ ού ή φωνη την γην εσαare turning away from; of whom the vuice the earth shook

λευσε τοτε νυν δε επηγγελται, λεγων Ετι then; now but it has been announced, saying; Yet

 ${}^a$ απαξ  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\sigma \epsilon \iota \omega$  ου μονον την  $\gamma \eta \nu$ , αλλα και τον onceforall  $\iota$  shake not only the earth, but also the ουρανον. 27 Το δε, ετι άπαξ δηλοι των σαλευ-The but, yet once for all denotes of the things'beheaven.

proached to a ! Mountain. touched and scorched with Fire, and to a thick Cloud, and to Darkness, and to Tempest.

19 and to a Sound of a Trumpet, and to a Voice of Commands, the HYARERS of which tentreated that not another Word should be added to them;

20 (for they could not endure the injunction. ; "If even a Beast should "touch the MOUNTAIN it "shall be stoned;"

21 tand so terrible was the scene, that Moses said, "I exceedingly fear "and tremble.")

being

22 But you have approached to Zion, a Mountain and City of the living God-I the heavenly Jernsalem · and to Myriads of Angels,—

23 a full Assembly; and to a Congr gation of ! Firstborns, Thaving been enrolled in the Heavens; and to a Judge who is God of all; and to Spirits of the Righteons made perfect;

24 and to ta Mediator of a new Covenant-Jesus; and to a ‡ Blood of Sprinkling speaking something Better than I ABEL.

25 Beware, lest you should reject HIM who now speaks; t for if those did not escape who rejected HIM who ADMON-ISHED them on Earth, how much less we, who TURN AWAY from HIM who admonishes us from Heaven;

26 twhose voice then shook the EARTH; but now it has been nounced, saying, ‡"Yet " once for all I " will shake " not only the EARTH, but "the HEAVEN also."

27 Now This, "Yet once "for all," denotes the

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. a Mountain-omit.

<sup>26.</sup> will shake.

<sup>† 18.</sup> Exod. xix. 12, 18, 19; xx. 18; Deut. iv. 11; v. 22. † 19. Exod. xx. 10; Deut. v. 5, 25; xviii. 16. † 20. Exod. xix. 13. † 21. Exod. xix. 16. † 22. Gal iv. 26; Rev. iii. 12; xxi. 2, 10. † 23. James i. 18; Rev. xiv. 4. † 23. Luke x. 20; Phil. iv. 3; Rev. xiii. 8. † 24. Heb. viii. 6; ix. 15. † 24. 1 Pet. i. 2. † 24. Cer. iv. 16; Heb. xi. 4. † 25. Lieb. ii. 2, 3; iii. 17; x. 28, 29. † 26. Exod. xix. 18. iv. 3; Rev. xiii. 8. iv. 16; Heb. xi. 4. 1 26. Hag. ii. 6.

ομενων την μεταθεσιν, ώς πεποιημενων, \*[ίνα removal. as of things having been made, [so that ing shaken the <sup>28</sup> Διο βασιλειαν μεινη τα μη σαλευομενα. may remain the not things being shaken.] Therefore a kingdom ασαλευτον παραλαμβανοντες, εχωμεν χαριν, may we hold fast favor, unshaken receiving,  $\theta \in \omega$ , ής λατρευωμεν ευαρεστως τφ acceptably to the by means of which we may serve <sup>29</sup> Και γαρ δ μετα αιδους και ευλαβειας. θ€os Even for the with reverence and ήμων πυρ' καταναλισκον.

consuming. ofus afire KEΦ.  $\iota \gamma'$ . 13.  $^{\rm I}$  'Η φιλαδελφια μενετω.  $^{\rm 2}$ Της φιλοξενιας brotherly love let continue. Of the kindness to strangers μη επιλανθανεσθε. δια ταυτης γαρ ελαθον∣ through this for without knowing not he yon neglectful; αγγελους. 3 Μιμνησκεσθε ξενισαντες TIVES Be you mindful having entertained niessengers. των δεσμιων, ώς συνδεδεμενοι των κακουas if having been bound together; of those being illώς και αυτοι οντές εν σωματι. χουμενων, also yourselves being treated, <sup>4</sup> Τιμιος δ γαμος εν πασι, και ή κοιτη αμιαντος: llonorable the marriage among all, and the bed <sup>5</sup> Αφιλαρπορνους δε και μοιχους κρινει ό θεος. fornicators but and adulterers will judge the God. Not a love γυρος δ τροπος αρκουμενοι τοις παρουσιν. of money the turn of mind; being satisfied with the things being present; αυτος γαρ ειρηκεν. Ου μη σε ανω, ουδ' ου μη Not not thee may I leave, not even not for has said;  $^{6}$   $\dot{\omega}\sigma\tau\epsilon$   $\theta$  a  $\rho$   $\delta$  o v  $\tau$  a s  $\delta$   $\epsilon$  σε εγκαταλιπω. thee may I formake; so that being confident นธ γειν Κυριος εμοι βοηθος, και ου φοβηθησομαι. and not A Lord for me a helper, τι ποιησει μοι ανθρωπος; <sup>7</sup> Μνημονευετε των a man? Remember you of those what shall do to me ί,γουμενων ύμων, οίτινες ελαλησαν ύμιν τον spoke to you the leading of you, who λογον του θεου· ών αναθεωρουντες την εκβαword of the God; of whom viewing attentively the της αναστροφης, μιμεισθε την  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ . imltate you faith. sult of the mode of life, the 8 Ιησους Χριστος χθες και σημερον δ αυτος, και Anointed yesterday and to-day the same, and εις τους αιωνας. 9 Διδαχαις ποικιλαις και ξε-By teachings various for the ages.

I REMOVAL of the THINGS SHAKEN, as of things made, so that the THINGS not SHAKEN may remain.

28 Therefore, receiving an unshaken Kingdom. may we hold fast the Favor, through which we may serve God acceptably with Reverence and Piety.

29 For even tour God is a consuming Fire.

### CHAPTER XIII.

Let # BROTHERLY-LOVE continue.

2 !Be not neglectful of HOSPITALITY; for through this Isome unconsciously entertained Angels.

S The mindful of the PRISONERS, as if bound with them; and of THOSE ILL-TREATED, as being vourselves also in the Body.

4 Let MARRIAGE be honorable among all, and the BED be unpolluted t \* for Fornicators and Adulterers God will judge.

5 Be not of an avaricious disposition; The satisfied with PRESENT THINGS, for he himself has said,—t"No, I will not "leave Thee; no, no, 1 " will not forsake Thee.

6 So that, taking courage, we may say, 1" The Lord is My Helper, and I " will not fear; what can " Man do to me?"

‡ Remember your LEADERS,—those W.110 spoke to you the word of GoD; and viewing attentively the BESULT of their CONDUCT, imitate their FAITH.

8 Jesus Christ, Yesterday and To-day is the SAME, and for the ACDS

9 # Be not you therefore and strange led away by various and

\* ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. so that the THINGS not SHAKEN may remain-omit. 4. for Fornicators.

4. for Fornicators.

1 27. Heb. i. 10—12; 2 Pet. iii. 10.

2 29. Exod. xxiv. 17; Deut. iv. 24; ix. 3. Psa. 1.

3; xcvii. 3; Isa. lxvi. 15; 2 Thess. i. 8; Heb. x. 27.

1 Pet. i. 22; 2 Pet. i. 7.

1 2. Matt. xxv. 35; Rom. xii. 13; 1 Tim. iii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9.

2 3. Gen. xviii. 3; xix. 2.

2 3. Col. iv. 18.

1 4. 1 Cor. vi. 9; Gal. v. 19; Col. iii. 5, 6, 8; Josh. i. 5; Psa. xxxvii. 25; 1 6. Psa. xxvii. 1; | vi. 4, 11, 12; cxviii. 6.

1 5. Watt. vi. 25, 34; Phil. iv. 11, 13; 1 Tim. vi. 6, 8.

1 5. Gen. xxviii. 15; Deut. xxxii. 6, 8; Josh. i. 5; Psa. xxxvii. 25; 1 6. Psa. xxvii. 1; | vi. 4, 11, 12; cxviii. 6.

1 7. verse 17.

2 8. John viii. 56; Heb. i. 12; Rev. i. 4. verse 17. 1.4. 8: 1 John iv 1.

vais  $\mu\eta$  mapa $\phi$ e $\rho$ e $\sigma\theta$ e $\cdot$  ka $\lambda$ o $\nu$   $\gamma$ a $\rho$   $\chi$ a $\rho$ i $\tau$ i  $\beta$ e $\beta$ ainot be you led away; good for by favor to be esουσθαι την καρδιαν, ου βρωμασιν, εν οίς ουκ by which not not by provisions tablished the heart, <sup>10</sup> Εχομεν ωφεληθησαν οί περιπατησαντες. We have were profited those having walked about. θυσιαστηριον, εξ ού φαγειν ουκ εχουσιν εξουfrom which to eat not they have authoσιαν οί τη σκηνη λατρευοντες. 11 'Ων γαρ εισ-Ofwhom for rity thoseinthe tabernacle serving. φερεται ζωων το αίμα \* [περι άμαρτιας] εις τα brought numals the blood [concerning sin] into the άγια δια του αρχιερεως, τουτων τα σωματα holies by means of the high-priest, of these the budice <sup>12</sup> Διο και κατακαιεται εξω της παρεμβυλης, are hurned outside of the CAULD. Therefore also δια τυυ ιδιου αίματος in tous, iva άγιαση bland Jesus, so that he might sauctify through the OWN 13 Τοινυν  $\lambda \alpha o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \omega$   $\tau \eta s$   $\pi v \lambda \eta s$   $\epsilon \pi \alpha \theta \epsilon$ . Now then people, outside of the gate suffered. εξερχωμεθα προς αυτον εξω της παρεμβολης, him outside of the let us go furth to τον ονειδισμον αυτου φεροντες: 14 ου γαρ εχοbearing; for for him μελλουμεν ώδε μενουσαν πολιν, αλλα την shiding a city, but the one being about to have here 15 Δι' σαν επιζητουμεν. αυτου ουν αναφερωwe seek. Through him therefore may we τουτ' continually to the God, offer a sacrifice of praise this εστι, καρπον χειλεων δμολογουντων τω ascribing praise to the fruit eflips. 16 Tης δε ευποιίας και κοινωνίας KATI AUTOUL Of the but doing good and fellowship μη επιλανθανεσθει τοιαυταις γαρ θυσιαις ευσacrif.ces aut be you neglectful; with such fee 17 Πειθεσθε τοις ήγουμενος  $\rho \in \sigma \tau \in \tau \alpha i \delta \theta \in \sigma s$ . Be you obelient to those weil-pleased the God. leading ύμων, και ύπεικετε αυτοι γαρ αγρυπνουσιν and be you subject; they for watch ύπερ των ψυχων ύμων, ώς λογον αποδωσοντες· on behalf of the souls of you, as an account going to render; ίνα μετα χαρας τουτο ποιωσι, και μη στεναthis they may do, and not <sup>13</sup> Προσ-(οντες αλυσιτελες γαρ ύμιν τουτο. disastrous for to you this. ιτυνειδησιν εχομεν, εν πασι καλως θελοντες we have, in all things conscience well wishing

foreign Doctrines; for it is an Excellent thing for the HEART to be established by Favor; I not by Aliments, in which THOSE were not profited who WALKED in them.

10 ‡ We have an Altar from which THOSE who SERVE in the TABERNACLE have no Right to eat.

11 For the Bodies of those Animals, whose BLOOD is brought into the HOLY PLACES by the HIGH-PRIEST, are burned outside of the CAMP.

12 Therefore, Jesus also, that he might sanctify the PROPLE through his own Blood, ‡ suffered outside of the GATE.

13 Let us, then, now go forth to him outside of the CAMP, ‡ bearing REPROACH for him;

14 for we have not here an Abiding City, but we are seeking for the FUTURE one.

15 !Through him, therefore, let us offer! a Sacrifice of Praise to God continually, that is, the Frut of Lips celebrating his NAME.

16 ‡ But do not forget to be BENEFICENT and to Distribute; for ‡ with Such Sacrifices God is well-pleased.

17 ‡ Obey your LEAD-ERS, and be submissive, for ‡ fight keep watch on your behalf, as going to render an Account; so that they may do this with Joy, and not with groanings; for this would be unprofitable to you.

18 † Pray for us; for we have confidence, Because we have ‡a Good Conscience, wishing to conduct ourselves well among all;

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. concerning Sin-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 16; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 10. 1 Cor. ix. 13; x. 18. † 11. Exod. xxix. 14; Lev. iv. 11, 12, 21; vi. 30; ix. 11; xvi. 27; Num. xix. 3. † 12. John xix. 17; 18; Acts vii. 55. † 13. Heb. xi. 26; 1 Pet. iv. 14. † 14. Micah ii. 10; Phil. iii. 20; Heb. xi. 10, 16; xii. 22. † 15. Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 15. Lev. vii. 12; Psa. I. 14, 23; Ixix. 30, 31; cvii. 22; cxvi. 17. † 16. Rom. xii. 13. † 10. 2 Cor. ix. 12; Phil. iv. 18; Heb. vi. 10. † 17. Phil. ii. 20; 1 Thess. v. 12; 1 Tim. v. 17; verse 7. † 17. Ezek. iii. 17; xxxiii. 2, 7; Acts xx. 26, 28. † 18. Rom. xv. 30; Eph. vi. P); Col. iv. 3; 1 Thess. v. 25; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 18. Acts xxiii. 1; xxiv. 16; 2 Cor. i. 12.

19 περισσοτερως δε παρακαλω αναστρεφεσθαι. to conduct ourselves; more carnestly but I on treat ίνα ταχιον αποκατασταθω τρυτο ποιησαι, so that more quickly I may be restored thic to do,  $^{20}$  O  $\delta\epsilon$   $\theta\epsilon$  os  $\tau\eta$ s  $\epsilon$ iρηνης,  $\delta$   $\alpha$ ναγαγων ύաւν. The now God of the peace, the one having led up of you. εκ νεκρων τον ποιμενα των προβατων τον shepherd of the aheep the out of dead ones the μεγαν εν αίματι διαθηκης αιωνιου, τον κυριον of a covenant age-lasting, the great by blood Lord ήμων Ιησουν, <sup>21</sup> καταρτισαι ύμας εν παντι εργώ knit together you in every work Jeans. ofus αγαθω, εις το ποιησαι το θελημα αυτου ποιων of him; good, in order the to do the will daine εν ύμιν το ευαρεστον ενωπιον αύτου. you the well-pleasing thing in presence of his self, through ή δυξα εις τους αιωνας Ιησου Χριστου· ώ Jesus Anointed; to whom the glory for the agen των αιωνων αμην. sa beit. of the ages;

22 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ανεχεσθε του leatreat now you, brethren, bear you with the λογου της παρακλησεως και γαρ δια βραχεων word of the exhortation; indeed for in few words επεστειλα ύμιν. 23 Γινωσκετε τον αδελφον Τι-

the leaders of you, and all the holy onco.

Ασπαζονται ύμας οι απο της Ιταλιας. 25 H
Salute you those from the Italy. The

χαρις μετα παντων ύμων· αμην favor with all of you; so be it.

19 ‡ but more especially I entreat you to do This, so that I may more speedily be restored to you.

20 Now may that God of Peace, twho deought up from the Dead that shepleed of the Sheep, (become great by the Blood of an aionian Covenant,) even our Lord Jesus,

21 tknit you together in Every Good \* Work, in order to do his will; throducing in you that which is Well-pleasing in his presence, through Jesus Christ; to whom bethe Globy for the ages of the ages.

22 Now I entreat you, Brethren, bear the WORD of EXHORTATION; for indeed, I sent it to you in brief.

23 You know that ### BROTHER Timothy has been sent away, with whom if he arrive soon, I shall see you.

24 Salute all your LEADERS, and All the SAINTS. THOSE from ITALY salute you.

25 ‡ The ravon be with you all. Amen.

}

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandbian Manuscrift.—21. Work and Word, to do his will, producing in you by Him that.

Subscription—To the Hebrews—written from Rome.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Philemon 22. † 20. Rom. xv. 33; 1 Thess. v. 23. † 20. Acts ii. 24, 32; Rom. iv. 24; viii. 11; 1 Cor. vi. 14; xv. 15; 2 Cor. iv. 14; Gal. i. 1; Col. ii. 12. † 20. Isa. xl. 11; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; xxxvii. 24; John x. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 4. † 20. Zech. ix. 11; Leb. x. 22. † 21. 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 Pet. v. 10. † 21. Phil. ii. 13. † 21. Gal. i. 5; 2 Tim. iv. 13; Rev. i. 6. † 23. 1 Thess. iii. 2. † 24. verse 7, 17. † 25. Titus iii. 5.

## \* THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

## ΚΕΦ. α'. 1. <sup>1</sup> Ιακωβος, θεου και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου

of God and of Lord Jesus Anointed James,  $\tau \eta$ Tais δωδεκα φυλαις ταις  $\epsilon \nu$ δουλος, tribes to those in the a bond-servant, to the twelve  $^{2}$  Πασαν χαραν ἡγησασθε, διασπορά, χαιρειν. dispersion, health. All jay do you esteem, αδελφοι μου, όταν πειρασμοις περιπεσητε ποιbrethren of me, when temptations you may fell into κιλοις· <sup>3</sup> γινωσκοντες, ότι το δοκιμιον ύμων that the proof of you rious: knowing,  $^4$  H  $\delta\epsilon$ της πιστεως κατεργαζεται ύπομονην. patience. of the faith works out The but ύπομονη εργον τελειον εχετω, ίνα ητε τελειperfect let have, so that you may be perfect wark ot και ὁλοκληροι,  $\epsilon \nu$  μηδ $\epsilon \nu$ ι λειπομενοι. operand complete ones, in nothing being destitute.  $\delta \epsilon \tau is \dot{\nu} \mu \omega \nu \lambda \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \tau a \sigma o \phi i a s, \alpha i \tau \epsilon \tau \omega \pi \alpha \rho a$ but anyone of you is destitute of wisdom, set him ask from του διδοντος θεου πασιν άπλως, και μη ονειδιof the one giving of God to all liberally, and not censurζοντος και δοθησεται αυτφ. Αιτειτω δε εν and it will be giver to him. Let him ask but in πιστει, μηδεν διακρινομενος δ γαρ διακρ νομεfaith, not healtating; the for one healtatvos εοικε κλυδωνι θαλασσης ανεμιζομενος και ofsea being wind-agitated is like to a wave 7 Μη γαρ οιεσθω ό ανθρωπος εκειδιπιζομενφ. for letthink the man Not that, being tossed. ε Ανηρ νος, ότι ληψεται τι παρατουκυριου. that he shallreceive anything frum the Lord. A mran διψυχος, ακαταστατος εν πασαις ταις **όδοις** ın of double-soul, unstable all. the ways 9 Καυχασθω δε δ αδελφος δ ταπεινος αύτου. let boast but the brother the hurable of himself. εν τω ύψει αύτοι 10 δ δε πλουσιος, εν τη in the humiliation of himsel; the but rich, ταπεινωσι αύτου ότι ώς συθος χιρτου παρε-humiliation of himself; becauses a flower olignas he will he will λευσιται. 11 Ανετειλε γαρ δ ήλιος συν τφ for the Rose gua with the καυπωνι, και εξηραι ε τον χορτον, και το ανθος scorching heat, and withered the grass, and the flower αυτου εξεπεσε, και ή ευπρεπεια του προσωπου and the beauty eithe fell off, faco ofit αυτου απωλετο· ούτω και δ πλουσιος εν ταις perished; rich man thus also t e <sup>12</sup> Μακαριο**s** μαγανθη τεται. αύτου πορειαις of himself wi fade away. Blessed ways

#### CHAPTER I.

I ‡James, ‡a Bondservant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, ‡to THOSE TWELVE Tribes in ‡the DISPERSION, greet-

2 ‡Esteem it All Joy, my Brethren, ‡when you fall into various Trials;

3 ‡ knowing That the PROOF of your FAITH produces Patience.

4 But let PATIENCE have a perfect Work, so that you may be perfect and complete, deficient in Nothing.

5 ‡ And if any one of you be deficient in Wisdom, let him ‡askit from God, who imparts liberally to all, and does not censure; and ‡it will be given to him.

6 ‡But let him ask in Faith, not hesitating; for HE who HESITATES is like a Wave of the Sea, agitated and tossed by the wind.

7 Forset not that MAN think That he shall receive anything from the LORD.—8 ‡a Man of two-souls,

unstable in All his ways.

9 But let the humble brother glory in his exaltation;

10 and the RICH in his HUMILIATION; Because tas a Flower of Grass, he will pass away.

11 For the SUN rose with SCORCHING HEAT, and withered the GRASS, and its FLOWER fell of, and the BEAUTY of its APPEARANCE perished; thus also will the RICH man fade in his WAYS.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIP! - Ti'le-THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

<sup>1.</sup> Acts xii. 17; xv. 13; G d. 5, 19; ii. 9; Jude 1. 1. Titus i. 1. Titus i. 1. xvi. 7. 1. Deut. 1 xx. i. 23; John vii. 35; Acts ii. 5; 1 Pet. i. 1. 12; Acts v. 41; Iieb. x. 34; I Fet. iv. 13, 16. 12; 1 Pet. i. 0. 1 3; Rom. v. 5. 5, 1 Kings iii. 9, 11, 12; Prov. ii. 8. 15. Matt. vii. 7; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 0; John xiv. 18; xv. 7; xvi. 73. 1. 5. 1 John v. 14. 1. 0. Mark xi. 24; 1 Tim. ii. 8. 18. James iv. 8. 110, Job xiv. 2; Psa. xxvii. 7 xc. 5, 6; cii. 11; ciii. 15; Isa. xi. 0, 1 Cor. vii. 31; James iv. 12; 1 Pet. 1. 24; 1 John ii. 17.

ανηρ, δς ὑπομενει πειρασμον ότι δοκιμος γενο-man. who bears up under temptation; hecause approved having μενος ληψεται τον στεφανον της ζωης, δν life, which become he will receive the crown of the επηγηειλατο δ κυριος τοις αγαπωσιν αυτον. the Lord to those loving promised 'Οτι απο 13 Μηδεις πειραζομενος λεγετω. That No one being tempted let eay; from θεου πειραζομαι ό γαρ θεος απειραστος εστι of God I am tempted; the for God not tempted κακων, πειραζει δε αυτος ουδενα. 14 Έκαστος tempts and he no one. Each one δε πειραζεται, ύπο της ιδιας επιθυμιας εξελκοbut is tempted, by the own inordinate desire και δελεαζομενος. 15 ειτα ή επιθυμια and being entrapped; then theinordinatedesire drawn out συλλαβουσα τικτει άμαρτιων ή δε άμαρτια having conceived brings forth sin; the but <sup>16</sup> Μη πλααποτελεσθεισα αποκυει θανατον. having been perfected brings forth he you Not 17 Πασα δοσις νασθε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι. led astray, brethren of me heloved ones. gift Every αγαθη, και παν δωρημα τελειον, ανωθεν εστι from above is good, and every gift perfect, παρ' καταβαινον απο του πατρος των φωτων, coming down from of the father of the lights, ουκ ενι παραλλαγη, η τροπης αποσκιασμα. or of turning a shade; whom not one change, 18 βουληθεις απεκυησεν ήμας λογφ αληθειας, by a word of truth, he hegou us having willed το ειναι ήμας απαρχην τινα των αύτου that to be us first-fruit a kind of the of himself 615 in order that to he 19 Ωστε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι, κτισματων. brethren of me heloved ones, Therefore, creatures. εστω πας ανθρωπος ταχυς εις το ακουσαι, quick in order that to have heard, let be every man βραδυς εις το λαλησαι, βραδυς εις οργην. slow in order to wrath. slow in order that to have spoken, 🧐 Οργη γαρ ανδρος δικαιοσυνην θεου ου κατερof man righteousness of God not works Wrath for 21 Διο αποθεμενοι πασαν δυπαριαν γα(εται. filthiness Therefore putting away all και περισσειαν κακιας, εν πραυτητι δεξασθε and superahundance of badness, in meckness receive you τον εμφυτον λογον, τον δυναμενον σωσαι τας that heing able to save the implanted word,  $^{22}$   $\Gamma$ ινεσθε δε ποιηται λογου, και ψυχας ύμων. Become you but doers of word, and μη μονον ακροαται, παραλογιζομενοι έαυτους. deceiving not only hearers.

12 ! Happy the Man who endures Trial; Because having become an approved person, he will receive the crown of LIFE, ‡ which \* the LORD promised to THOSE who LOVE him.

13 Let no one, when tempted, say, "I am tempted by God;" for God incapable of being tempted by Evil things, and he tempts no one;

14 but each one is tempted by his own Ino: dinate desire, being drawn

out and allured.

15 Then #INORDINATE: DESIRE having conceived: produces Sin; and sin being perfected I brings forth Death.

I6 Do not be led astray. my beloved Brethren.

17 ‡ Every good Gift and Every perfect Gift is from above, coming down from the FATHER of LIGHTS, I with whom there is No Change, or the least Variation.

18 ! Having willed it, he begot us by the Word of Truth, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{in order that we might BE a \$\frac{1}{2}\text{First-} fruit of HIS Creatures.

19 Therefore, my beloved Brethren, ‡let Every Man be quick to HEAP, slow to SPEAK, slow to Anger;

20 for Man's Anger doce not work out God's Righte-

ousness.

21 Therefore, ‡ discarding All Impurity and Overflowing of Malice, embrace with Meekness THAT IM-PLANTED Word twhich is ABLE to save your souls.

22 But † become Doers of the Word, and not Hearers only, deceiving yourselves. yourselves.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. he promised.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Job v. 17; Prov. iii. 11, 12; Heb. xii. 5; Rev. iii. 19. † 12. 1 Cor. ix. 2; iv. 8; James ii. 5; 1 Pet. v. 4; Rev. ii. 10. † 12. Matt. x. 22; xix. 28, 29; Ja † 15. Job xv. 35; Psa. vii. 14. † 15. Rom. vi. 21, 23. † 17. John iii. 27; 16; 17. Num. xxiii. 10; 1 Sam. xx. 20; Mal. iii. 6; Rom. xi. 29. † 18. John i. 1 Cor. iv. 15; 1 Pet. i. 23. † 18. Eph. i. 12. † 18. Jer. ii. 3; Rev. xiv. 4. Eccl. v. 1, 2; Prov. x. 10; xvii. 27. † 21. Col. iii. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 1. † 21. 20; Rom. i. 16; 1 Cor. xv. 2; Eph. i. 13; Titus ii. 11; Heb. ii. 3; 1 Pet. i. 9. † vii. 21; Luke vi. 40; Rom. 11. 45. 21. Acts xiii

23 For fif any one oc a

Hearer of the Word, and

not a Doer, he resembles a

Man Viewing his NATU-

self, and went away, and

immediately forgot what

which is the perfect ! Law

of FREEDOM, and continues in it, not becoming

a forgetful Hearer, but a

Doer of its Work, ‡this

man will be blessed in his

26 If any one think to

24 for he viewed him-

25 But the who looks

into

THAT

BAL FACE in a Mirror;

kind of person he was.

INTENTLY

DEED.

 $^{23}$  Ότι ει τις ακροατης λογου εστι και ου ποιη-Because if any one a hearer of word is add not a doer, της, ούτος εοικεν ανδρι κατανοούντι το προσωthia is like a man viewing the face πον της γενεσεως αύτου εν εσοπτρω.  $^{24}$  κατε-

of the birth of himself in a mirror; he von $\sigma\epsilon$  yap  $\dot{\epsilon}$ autov, kai  $a\pi\epsilon\lambda\eta\lambda\nu\theta\epsilon$ , kai  $\epsilon\nu\theta\epsilon\omega s$  viewed for himself, and went away, and immodiately

επελαθετο όποιος ην. 25 Ο δε παρακυψας εις forgot what worth trans. He buthaving looked intently into νομον τελειον τον της ελευθερίας και παραμειalaw perfect that of the freedom and having convas, \*[ούτος] ουκ ακροατης επιλησμονης γενοfined, (this) not a hearer of forgetfulness having μενος, αλλα ποιητης εργου, ούτος μακαρίος εν

thic

blessed

faith of the Lord

become, but a doer of work,

τη ποιησει αυτου εσται.
the deed of himself shall be.

with a respect of persons do you hold the

<sup>26</sup> Ει τις δοκει θρησκος ειναι, μη χαλιναγωIfanyone thinks religious to be, not bruffing
γων γλωσσαν αύτου, αλλ' απατων καρδιαν
tongue of himself, but deceiving heart
αύτου, τουτου ματαιος ή θρησκεια. <sup>27</sup> Θρησκεια

of himself, of this yain the religion. καθαρα και αμιαντος παρα τφ θεφ και πατρι, pure and undofiled with the God and father, αύτη εστιν, επισκεπτεσθαι ορφανους και χηρας to oversee orphana and εν τη θλιψει αυτων, ασπιλον έαυτον τηρειν απο in the effliction of them, unspotted himself to keep from KΕΦ. β'. 2.  $^{1}$  A $\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi$ oi μου, μη του κοσμου. world. Brethrea of nie, not εν προσωποληψιαις εχετε την πιστιν του κυριου

ἡμων Ιησου Χριστου της δοξης.  $^2$  Εαν γαρ οτ με  $^2$  Εισεν Αριστου της δοξης.  $^2$  Εαν γαρ οτ με  $^2$  Εισεν  $^2$  Εισεν

τον φορουντα την εσθητα την λαμπραν, και the one-wearing the robe the splendid, and  $\epsilon$ ιπητε· Συ καθου  $\delta$ δε καλως, και τω  $\pi$ τωχω γου should say; Thou sit here honorably, and to the poor man  $\epsilon$ ιπητε· Συ στηθι  $\epsilon$ κει,  $\eta$  καθου  $*[\dot{\omega}\delta\epsilon]$   $\mathring{\upsilon}\pi$ ο you should say; Thou ot and there, or sit thou [here] under το  $\mathring{\upsilon}\pi$ οποδίον μου·  $^4$ \*[και] ου  $\delta$ ιεκριθητε

the footstool ofme; [and] not did you make a difference

εν έαυτοις, και εγενεσθε κρισαι διαλογισμων

among yoursolves, and became judges reasonings

be religious, who does not trestrain his Tongue, but deludes his own Heart, this man's religion is

vain.

27 Pure Religion and undefiled with the God and Father is this,—‡To take the oversight of Orphans and Widows in their AFFLICTION, ‡ and to keep Himself unspotted from the WORLD.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 My Brethren! do not hold the FAITH of Jesus Christ, our ‡GLORIOUS LORD, with ‡a Respect of persons.

2 For if a Man enter your SYNAGOGUE, having gold rings on his fingers, in a splendid Robe, and there enter also a Poorman in Dirty Clothing;

3 and you look on the one WEARING the SPLEN-DID ROBE, and say, "Sit thou here in an honorable place;" and say to the POOR man, "Stand \*tfpu; or sit there on my FOOT-STOOL;"

4 do you not make distinctions among yourselves, and become Judges from evil Reasonings?

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. this—omit. there on my footstool. 4. and—omit.

<sup>3.</sup> here—omit,

<sup>3.</sup> thou; or sit

<sup>† 23.</sup> Luke vi. 47. See James ii. 14. † 25. 2 Cor. iii. 18. † 25. James ii. 12. † 25. John xiii. 17. † 26 Psa. xxxiv. 13; xxxix. 1; 1 Pet. iii. 10. † 27. Isa. i. 16, 17; lviii. 6, 7; Matt. xxv. 36. † 27. Rom. xii. 2; James iv. 4; 1 John v. 18. † 1. Cor. ii. 8. † 1. Lev. xim. 15; Deut. i. 17; xvi. 19; Prov. xxiv. 23; xxviii. 91; Matt. xxii. 16; verse 9; Jude 16.

πονηρων; 5 Ακουσατε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι, Hear you, brethren of me beloved ones, of evil things; ουχ δ θεος εξελεξατο τους πτωχους του κοσμου not the God the poor of the world chose πλουσιους εν πιστει και κληρονομους της βασιof the king\_ rich ones in faith and heira λεις:, ής επηγγειλατο τοις αγαπωσιν αυτον; dom, which he promised to those loving Oux of  $^6$  Yuers  $\delta\epsilon$   $\eta$  Trimagate tov  $\pi$  Tw $\chi$ ov. Not dishonored the poor. πλουσιοι καταδυναστευουσιν ύμων, και αυτοι domineer over you, and thev rich ones έλκουσιν ύμας εις κριτηρια; <sup>7</sup>Ουκ αυτοι βλατyou into courts of justice? Not they revile το καλον ονομα το επικληθεν εφ' φημουσι the honorable name that having been named on 8Ει μεντοι νομον τελειτε βασιλικον, ύμας; you? indeed alaw you keep την γραφην. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον Thou shalt love the according to the writing; neighbor σου ώς σεαυτον, καλως ποιειτε: 9 ει δε προσωof thee as thyself. weil you do; if but vou reποληπτειτε, ἁμαρτιαν εργαζεσθε, ελεγχομενοι sin you work, being convicted spect persons, 10 'Οστις γαρ ύπο του νομου ώς παραβαται. under the law AS. trausgressors. Whoever for όλον τον νομον τηρησει, πταισει δε ευ ένι, aballfail but in one, keeps, 11 'Ο γαρ ειπων γεγονε παντων ενοχος. Mη The for one having said; Not has become of all guilty. ειπε και. Μη φονευσης. μοιχευσης, thou may est commit adultery, said also; Not thou may est murder ει δε ου μοιχευσεις, φονευσεις δε, 7570if now not thou commit adultery, thou dost murder but, thou hast be-12 Ούτω λαλειτε και νας παραβατης νομου. of law. Thus speakyou an come a transgressor ούτω ποιειτε, δια νομου ελευθεριας ယ်င as by means of a law offreedom do you, 13 'Η γαρ κρισις ανιλεως μελλοντες κρινεσθαι. The for judgment merciless being about to be judged. τω μη ποιησαντι ελεος, κατακαυχαται ελεος for him not having practised mercy; glories over κρισεωs. judgment.

14 Τι \*[το] οφελος, αδελφοι μου, εαν πιστιν [the] profit, brethren of me, if faith λεγη τις εχειν, εργα δε μη εχη; μη δυναται may say any one to have, works but not may have? not is able is able ή πιστις σωσαι αυτον; 15 Εαν δε αδελφος η the faith to save him? Ιf but

5 Hearken, my beloved Brethren! | Has not God chosen the POOR of the WORLD, trich in Faith, and Heirs of the KING-DOM twhich he promised to those who love him?

6 But t pou dishonored the POOR. Do not the RICH domineer over you, and tdo they not drag you into Courts of Justice?

7 Do then not revile which has been NAMED on

you?

8 If indeed you keep a royal Law according to the SCRIPTURE, I" Thou shalt "love thy NEIGHBOR as "as thyself," you do well, 9 but if you respect

persons, you commit Sin, being convicted under the LAW as Transgressors.

10 For whoever shall keep the Whole LAW, but shall fail in one point, has become ‡ guilty of all.

11 For HE who SAID, t" Thou shalt not com-"mit adultery," said also, "Thou shalt do no "murder." Now if thou dost not commit adultery, but dost murder, thou hast become a Transhast become a gressor of Law.

12 Thus speak, and thus act, as being about to be judged by ta Law of Freedom;

13 for #JUDGMENT is merciless for him who has not PRACTISED Mercy; Mercy triumphs over

Judgment.

14 ! What Advantage, my Brethren, has any one, though he say he has Faith, but have not Works? This FAITH is not able to save him.

15 Now suppose

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> John vii. 48; 1 Cor. i. 26, 28.

15. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; Rev. ii. 9.

15. Exod. xx. 6; 1 Sam. ii. 30; Prov. viii. 17; Matt. v. 3; Luke vi. 20; xii. 32; 1 Cor ii. 9;

2 Tim. iv 8; James i. 12.

16. Acts xiii. 50; xvii. 6; xviii. 6; xviii. 12;

18. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 8, 9; Gal. v. 14; vi. 2.

10.

10.

11. Exod. xx. 18, 14.

12. James i. 25.

13. Job. xxii. 6; Prov. xxi. 18; Matt. vi. 15; xviii. 35; xxv. 41, 42; Luke xvi. 25. Matt. vii. 26; James i. 23.

αδελφη γυμνοι ύπαρχωσι, και λειπομένοι ωσι a sister maked ones should be, and wanting may be της εφημερού τροφης,  $^{16}$  είπη δε το αυτοίς εξ of the daily food, may say and any one to them from Υπαγετε εν ειρηνη, θερμαινεσθε και Go you away in peace, be you warmed and χορταζεσθε μη δωτε δε αυτοις τα επιτηδεια he you filled; not you may give but to them the things necessary του σωματος, τι \*[το] οφελος;  $^{17}$  Ούτω και  $^{\circ}$ η of the body, what [the] profit? Thus also the πιστις,  $\epsilon$ αν μη  $\epsilon$ χη  $\epsilon$ ργα, ν $\epsilon$ κρα  $\epsilon$ στι καθ' faith, if notit may have works, dead it is by έαυτην. 18 Αλλ' ερεί τις Συ πιστιν εχεις, itself. But will suy some one; Thou faith hast, καγω εργα εχω. δείξον μοι την πιστιν σου and I works have; show to me the faith of thee χωρις των εργων \*[σου,] καγω δειξω σοι εκ without the works [of thee.] and I will show to thee by των εργων μου την πιστιν \*[μου.] 19 Συ πι the warks of me the faith [of me.] Thou beτευεις, δτι δ θεος εις εστι' καλως ποιεις' και herest, that the God one in; well thou doest; even τα δαιμονια πιστευουσι, και φρισσουσι. 20 ⊙ €the demons believe, and shudder. Wishest λεις δε γνωναι, ω ανθρωπε κενε, ότι ή πιστις thou but to know, O man vain, that the futh thou but to know,  $\chi$  where  $\chi$  works dead is? Abrain the father ήμων ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ανενεγκας Ισαακ olus not by works was made righteous, having brought up Isaac τον υίον αύτου επι το θυσιαστηριον; 💯 Βλεπεις, the sun of himself to the altar? Seest thou, δτι ή πιστις συνηργει τοις εργοις αυτου, και that the tails worked with the works of him, and  $\epsilon \kappa$  των εργων ή πιστις ετελειωθη;  $^{23}$  Και εκ των εργων ή πιστις ετελειωθη; by the works the faith was perfected? And  $\epsilon\pi\lambda\eta\rho\omega\theta\eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\eta$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\sigma\sigma$ . Exist  $\epsilon\sigma\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$  was fulfilled the writing that saying; Believed but Αβρααμ τφ θεφ, και ελογισθη αυτφ εις δικιιο-Abraam he God, and it was counted to bin for righteσυνην και φιλος θεου εκληθη, 24 Ορατε, ότι ousness. and afriend of God he was called. Doyou see, that εξ εργων δικαιουται ανθρωπος, και ουκ εκ πισby works to made righteous a man, and not by faith τεως μονον: 🕹 Όμοιως δε και Ρααβ ή πορνη alone? In like manner and also lashab the harlot ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ύποδεξαμενη τους αγnot by works was justified, having received the mes γελους, και έτερα όδω εκβαλουσα;  $\frac{26}{\Omega}$  Ωσπερ having sent out? \*[γαρ] το σωμα χωρις πνευματος νεκρον [for] the body without breath dead

εστιν, ούτω και ή πιστις χωρις των εργων

also the faith

νεκρα εστι.

dead

Brother, or a Sister, be naked, and in want of DAILY Food,

16 and tary one or you should say to them, "Go in Peace; be warned and be filled;" but do not give them the THINGS NECESSARY for the BODY, what Advantage is it?

17 Thus also the raith, if it has not Works, being by itself, is dead.

18 But some one will say, "Thou last Faith, and I have Works; show me thy Faith, without Works, and I will show the my faith by Works.

19 Thou believest That there is \* One God; thou dost well; ‡ the DEMONS also believe, and tremble.

20 But dost thou wish to know, O vain Man. That FAITH without works is \* dond?

works is \* dead?

21 Was not Abraham our father justified by Works, twhen he brought unlease his son to the ALTAR?

22 Thou beest ‡ Thathe FAITH co-operated with his works; and that the FAITH was made complete by the WORKS;

\* 23 and THAT SCRIPTURE was verified, which says, t'And Abraham believed 'God, and it was counted 'to him for Rightconsness;' and he was called t'a Friend of God.'"

24 You see That a Man is justified by Works, and not by Faith alone.

25 And in like manner also twas not Rahab the MARLO rjustified by Works, when she entertained the MESSINGERS, and sent themout by Another Road?

26 As the BODY without Breath is dead, so also the FAITH, without WORKS, is dead.

\* Varican Manuscrift.—16. the—omit. 18 of thee—omit. 18. Thee 18. of the—omit. 19. One God. 20. Unproductive? 25. For—omit.

without . hc

works

<sup>1 16. 1</sup> John iii. 18. † 19. Matt. viii. 29; Mark i. 24; v. 7; Luke iv. 34; Acts xv. 7; xix. 15. † 21. Gen. xxii. 9, 12. † 22. Heb. xi 17. † 23. Gen. xv. 6; ltom. iv. 5; Gal. iii. 6. † 23. 2 Chron. xx. 7; Isa. xli. 8. † 25. Josh. ii. 1; Heb. xi. 5]

# КЕΦ. γ'. 3.

 $^{I}$  Mnπολλοι διδασκαλοι γινεσθε, αδελφοι Not many teachers become you, brethren μου, ειδοτες, δτι μειζον κριμα ληψομεθα. of me, knowing, that greater condemnation we shall receive. <sup>2</sup> Πολλα γαρ πτωιομέν άπαντές: ει τις εν λογψ for we stumble all; ifany one in word ου πταιει, ούτος τελειος ανηρ, δυνατος χαλιναnot stumbles, this a perfect man, able to bridle  $^3$  I $\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\tau\omega\nu$   $i\pi\pi\omega\nu$ γωγησαι και όλον το σωμα. also whole the body. Lo. of the horses τους χαλινους εις τα στοματα βαλλομεν  $\pi \rho o s$ into the mouths weput in order το  $\pi \in i\theta \in \sigma\theta$ αι αυτους ήμιν, και όλον το σωμα that to make obedient them tous, and whole the body <sup>4</sup> Ιδου, και τα πλοια, τηλιαυτων μεταγομεν. of them we turn about. Lo, also the ships, καυτα οντα, και ύπο σκληρων ανεμων ελαυνοgreat being, and by winds being violent μενα, μεταγεται ύπο ελαχιστου πηδαλιου, όπου wherever driven, are turned about by a very small helm,  $^5$  O $\dot{v}$ au $\omega$ αν ή δρμη του ευθυνοντος βουληται. the will ofthe onesteering pleases. Thus και ή γλωσσα μικρον μελος εστι, και μεγαλαυtongue a little member is, also the and greatly boasts. Ιδου, ολιγον πυρ ήλικην ύλην αναπτει. Lo, alittle fire how great amass of fuel kindles. 6 Και ή γλωσσα πυρ, δ κοσμος της αδικίας.

And the longue afre, the world of the wickedness;

[ούτως] ή γλωσσα καθισταται εν τοις μελε[thus] the tongue is placed among the memσιν ήμων, ή σπιλουσα όλον το σωμα, και φλοbers of us, that spotting whole the body, and aetting γιζουσα τον τροχον της γενεσεως, και φλογιζοnature, and being set on the wheel ofthe <sup>7</sup> Πασα γαρ φυσις  $\mu \in \nu \eta$  $\dot{\upsilon}\pi o \tau \eta s \gamma \epsilon \epsilon \nu \nu \eta s$ . gehenns. species fire the Every for θηριωσ τε και πετεινων, έρπετων τε και ενα-

σηρίων τε και πετεινών, ερπετών τε και εναι ο (wild beasts both and of of things, of reptiles both and of t) t things in the sea, is subdued and has been subdued by the nature τη t ανθρωπινη: t την t ε γλωσσαν ουδεις δυναby that belonging to man; the but tongue no one is ται ανθρωπων δαμασαι: ακατατχετον κακον,

able of men to subdue; an unfully evil,

μεστη ιου θανατηφορου. <sup>9</sup> Εν αυτη ευλογουfull of poison death-producing. By her we bless

μεν τον θεον και πατερα, και εν αυτη καταρωthe God and father, and by her we curse  $\mu$ εθα τους ανθρωπους τους καθ' δμοιωσιν θεου

μεθα τους ανθρωπους τους καθ' δμοιωσιν θεου the men those according to a likenesis of God

 $\gamma$ εγονοτας.  $^{10}$  εκ του αυτου στοματος εξερχεται having been made; out of the same mouth goes forth

#### CHAPTER III.

1 ‡ Do not Many of you become Teachers, my Brethren, ‡ knowing That we shall receive a Severer Judgment.

2 For in many things we all are faulty. ‡ If any one does not err in Word, the is a Perfect Man, able to control the Whole BODY.

3 Behold! twe place BITS into the MOUTH of the HOBSES to make them OBEDIENT to us, and we direct their Whole BODY.

4 Behold! the SHIPS also, though \*SO GREAT, and driven by violent Winds, yet they are directed by a very Small Rudder, wherever the WILL of the PILOT chooses.

5 Thus also the TONCUE is a Small Member, and boasts treatly. Behold! How Large a Mass of fuel \* a Little Fire kindles!

6 (And the tongue is a Fire,—the world of wickedness;) thus is that tongue rendered among our members, which tdefiles the Whole Body, and sets on fire the wheelof nature, and is set on fire by Geherna.

7 For Every Species both of Wild beasts and of Birds, both of Reptiles and of Fishes, is subdued, and has been subdued by the HUMAN BACE;

8 but the TONGUE of men No one is able to subdue—an Irrestrainable Evil, ‡full of death-producing Poison.

9 By it we \*bless the God and Father; and by it we curse THOSE MEN twho have been MADE according to God's Likeness;

10 out of the SAME Mouth proceeds a Bless-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—4. so great. bless the Lord and Father.

<sup>5.</sup> How great a Fire it kindles.

 <sup>1.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 8, 14; Rom. ii. 20, 21; 1 Pet. v. 3.
 1. Luke vi. 37.
 12. Psa xxxiv. 13; James i. 26; 1 Pet. vii. 10.
 12. Matt. xii. 37.
 13. Psa. xxxii. 9.

 2. 5. Prov. xii. 18; xv. 2.
 1. 5. Psa. xii. 3; lxxiii. 8, 9.
 1. C. Prov. xvi. 27.
 1. C. Prov. xvi. 27.

 1. 6. Matt. xv. 11, 18—20; Mark vii. 15, 20, 23.
 1. 8. Psa. cxl. 2.
 1. 9. Gen. i. 26; v. 1; 1x. 6.

ευλογια και καταρα. Ou  $\chi \rho \eta$ ,  $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi oi \mu ov$ , Not ought, and cursing. hrethren of me, blessing ταυτα ούτω γινεσθαι.  $^{11}$  M $\eta \tau$ ι $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi \eta \gamma \eta$   $\epsilon$ κ  $\tau \eta$ s these things so Not the fountain out of the to be. αυτης όπης βρυει το γ'λυκυ και το πικρου; same opening send forth the and the awcet  $^{12}\,\mathrm{M}\eta$  δυναται, αδελφοι μου, συκη ελαιας ποιτ-Nnt le able, brethren of me, afig tree olives top *ται, η αμπελο*ς συκα; ούτως ουτε άλυκου a vine figs? thus neither salt γλυκυ ποιησαι ύδωρ. 13 Tis σοφος και επίστηto make water. Any one wise and discreet μων εν ύμιν; δειξατω εκ της καλης αναστροsmong you? let him show out of the honorable conduct φης τα  $\epsilon$ ργα αὐτου  $\epsilon$ ν πράυτητι σοφιας·  $^{14}$   $\epsilon$ ι the works of himself with meckness δε (ηλον πικρον εχετε και εριθειαν εν τη καρbut rivalry bitter you have and strife heart in the δια ύμων, μη κατακαυχασθε και Ψευδεσθε do you boast and doyou apeak falsely not της αληθείας;  $^{15}$  Ουκ εστίν αύτη ή Not concerning the truth? is this the αλλ' σοφια ανωθεν κατερχομενη, exiyelos, wisdom from above coming down, but carthly, 16 Όπου γαρ (ηλος και ψυχικη, δαιμονιώδης. demoniacal. Where for rivalry  $\epsilon \cap i \theta \epsilon i \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i$  ακαταστασία φαυλον και  $\pi \alpha \nu$ strife, and every there disorder foul  $^{17}$  H  $\delta\epsilon$   $\alpha\nu\omega\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\sigma o\phi\iota\alpha$   $\pi\rho\omega\tau o\nu$   $\mu\epsilon\nu$ πραγμα. The hut from above wisdom deed. first indced άγνη εστιν, επειτα ειρηνικη, επιεικης, ευπειpure itis, then peaceable, gentle, easily μεστη ελεους  $\kappa \alpha \rho \pi \omega \nu$   $\alpha \gamma \alpha \theta \omega \nu$ , και persuaded, full of mercy and of fruits αδιακριτος \*[και] ανυποκριτος.
without partiality [and] without hypocrisy. 18 Καρπος δε Fruit δικαιοσυνης εν ειρηνη σπειρεται τοις ποιουσιν of righteousness in peace issawn by those making 1 Ποθεν πολεμοι КΕΦ. δ'. 4. ειρηνην. και peace. WATS μαχαι εν ὑμιν; Ουκ εντευθεν, εκ των ἡδονων fightingsamong you? Not hence, from the pleasures ύμων των στρατευομενών εν τοις μελεσιν ύμων; in the members olyo..? of you of those warring  $^2 \mathrm{E} \pi$ ιθυμειτε, και ουκ εχετε $^\circ$  φονευετε και ζη-You strongly desire, and not you have; you murder and are λουτε, και ου δυνασθε επιτυχειν' μαχεσθε και sealous, and not you are able to obtain; you fight and πολεμειτε, ουκ εχετε, δια το μη αιτεισθαι

ing and a Curse. My Brethren, these things ought not so to be.

Il Does a FOUNTAIN send forth from the SAME Opening sweet and Bit-TER Water?

12 Can a Fig-tree, my Brethren, produce Olives; or a Vinc, Figs? \* Neither can a Salt spring produce Sweet Water.

13 # Is any one wise and discreet among you? Let him show by HONORABLE Conduct his WORKS with Meekness of Wisdom.

14 But if you have 1 bitter Rivalry and Strife in your hearts, ‡do you net boast, and speak falsely concerning the TRUTH?

15 ! THIS is not the WISDOM whicl down from above; but is earthly, animal, demoniacal,

16 For twhere Rivalry and Strife are, there Dis-order is, and Every Vilc Dced.

17 But 1 the Wisdom from above, is indeed, first pure, then peaceable, gentle, easily persuaded, full of mercy and of good Fruits, without partiality, I without hypocrisy.

13 t Now the Fruit of Rightcousness is sown in Peace by THOSE PRACTISE Peace.

#### CHAPTER IV. :

1 Whence Wars and Contentions among you? Do they not come hence, from THOSE LUSTS of yours t which war in your MEMBERS?

2 You strongly desire, and have not; you kill, and are envious, and are not able to obtain; you fight and war. You have not, because you do not ASK;

not you have, because the not

you war,

to ask

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. Neither can Salt Water yield Sweet. whence Contentions.

<sup>17.</sup> and-omit

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gal. vi. 4. † 14. Rom. xiii. 13. † 14. Rom. ii. 17, 23. † 15. James i. 17; Phil. iii. 19. † 16. 1 Cor. iii. 3; Gal. 5, 20. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 6, 7. † 17. Ucm. zii. 9; 1 Pet. i. 22; ii. 1; 1 John iii. 18. † 18. Prov. xi. 18; Hoshea x. 12; Matt. 2. 9; Phil. i. 11; Heb. xii. 11. † 1. Rom. vii. 23; Gal. v. 17; 1 Pet. ii. 11.

he opposed to the

ύμας. 3 αιτειτε, και ου λαμβανετε, διοτι κακως you: you ask, and not you receive, because wickedly you ask, and not αιτεισθε, ίνα εν ταις ήδοναις ύμων δαπανησηpleasures of you you may waste. so that in the you ask, 4 \* [ Μοιχοι και ] μοιχαλιδες, ουκ οιδατε, [Adulterers and] adulteresses, not know you. ότι ή φιλια του κοσμου εχθρα του θεου εστιν; that the friendship of the world enmity of the God ός αν ουν βουληθη φιλος ειναι του κοσμου, whoevertherefore may wish a friend to be of the world, whoevertherefore may wish <sup>5</sup> Η δοκειτε, ότι εχθρος του θεου καθισταται. an enemy of the God Or think you, that is rendered. κενως ή γραφη λεγει; Προς φθονον επιποθει envy strongly inclined speaks? Ťο vainly the writing το πνευμα δ κατφκησεν εν ήμιν ; 6 Μειζονα δε us? the spirit which dwelt in διδωσι χαριν. διο λεγει. Ο θεος ύπερηφανοις favor; therefore it says; The God to haughty once it gives ταπεινος δε διδωσι χαριν. αντιτασσεται, sets himself in opposition, to lowly ones but he gives 7 Υποταγητε ουν τω θεω:  $\alpha \nu \tau \iota \sigma \tau \eta \tau \epsilon \tau \phi$ 

Beyou subject therefore to the God;

διαβολφ, και φευξεται αφ' ύμων  $^{8}$   $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \iota \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon$ draw you near he will tiee from you; and accuser, εγγιει ύμιν  $\kappa \alpha \theta \alpha \rho \iota \sigma \alpha \tau \in \chi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha s$ , τω θεω, και to the God, and he will draw near to you; cleanseyou καρδιας, διψυχοι. και άγνισατε **έμαρτωλοι**, hearts, two-souled oncs purify you ainners, 9 Ταλαιπωρησατε και πενθησατε και κλαυσατε. and and mourn you weep you; Lament you δ γελως ύμων εις πενθος μεταστραφητω, και ή and the the laughter of you into mourning let be turned, 10 Γαπεινωθητε ενωπιον χαρα εις κατηφειαν. Be you humbled in presence 109 ınto sadness. 11 Mn καταλατου κυριου, και ύψωσει ύμας. apeat you Not and he will lift up you. of the Lord. λειτε αλληλων, αδελφοι δ καταλαλων αδελbrethren; The one speaking ovil of a mo of each other, φου, και κρινων τον αδελφον αύτου, καταλαλει speaks avi brother of himself, ther, and judging the νομου, και κρινει νομον, ει δε νομον κρινεις, offam, and judges law, if but law thou judgest law thou udgest 12 E 15 ουκ ει ποιητης νομου, Ελλα κριτης. One not thou art a doer ut ajudge. of law, εστιν \*[6] νομοθετης και κριτης, δ δυναμενος

lawgiver and

σωσαικαι απολεσαι συ δε τις ει

[the]

to save and

3 tyou ask and do not receive, the cause you ask wickedly, so that you may waste it on your LUSTS.

4 Adulteresses! do you not know That the FRIENDSHIP of the WORLD is Enmity against God? TWhoever. therefore, wishes to be a Friend of the World, is rendered an Enemy of God.

5 Or do you suppose That the SCRIPTURE speaks falsely? Does the SPIRIT that dwells in us strongly incline to Envy?

6 Indeed, it bestows Superior Favor; therefore it is said, † "God sets him-"self in opposition to the "Haughty, but gives Fa-"yor to the Lowly."

7 Be you subject therefore, to God. 1Stand opposed to the ENEMY, and he will flee from you.

8 †Draw near to God, and he will draw near to you †Cleanse yourhands, Sinners! and †purify your Hearts, †men of Twosouls!

9 tLament, and mourn, and weep; let your LAUGHTER be turned into Mourning, and your Joy into Sadness.

10 Be humbled in the presence of the Lord, and he will lift you up.

11 † Speak not against each other, Erethren. He who speaks against a Brother, \*or † judges his Brother, speaks against the Law, and judges the Law. But if thou judgest the Law, thou art not a Doer of the Law, but a Judge.

There is One Lawgiver and Judge the who is ABLE to save and to destroy; thut who art thou,

to destroy; thou but who art thou who judgest

judge, the one being able

δς κριν€ις

<sup>12.</sup> the-omit. 11. or judges. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. Adulterers and -omit. 13. Job xxvii. 9; xxxv. 12; Psa xviii. 41; Prov. 1. 28; Isa. i. 15; Jer. xi. 11; Mican iii. 4; 1 4. 1 John ii. 15. 13. Psa. ixvi. 18; 1 John iii 22; v, 14. Zech. vii. 13. 1 6. Job xxii. 29; Psa. cxxxviii. 6; Prov. iii. 34; John xv. 19; xvii. 15; Gal, i. 10, 46. Job xxii. 29; xxix 23; Matt. xxiii. 11; Luke i. 52; xiv. 11; xviii. 14; 1 Pet. v. 5. 7. Eph. iv. 27; 18. lsa. i. 16. 18.1 Pet. i. 22; 18. 2 Chron. xv. 2. 18. ames i. 8. 19. Matt. v. 4. vi. 11; 1 Pet. v. 9. ; 11. Eph. iv. 31; 1 Pet. ii. 1. 18. James i. 8. 1 John iii. 3. 1 11, Matt. vii. 1; Luke vi. 37; Rom. ii. 1; 1 Cor. iv. 5. 1 12. Matt. x. 28. Rom. xiv. 4, 13.

τον ετερον; " Αγε νυν οι λεγοντες Σημερον Come new those saying; To-day και αυρίου πορευσωμεθα εις τηνδε την πολιν, and to-morrow WC Day go the inte this και ποιησωμεν εκει ενιαντου ένα, και εμπορευwe may stay there ayear one, and may trade, τωμεθα, και κερδησωμεν· 24 οίτινες ουκ επισand may acquire gain; who rot are acτο της αυριον (ποια \*[γαρ ή] ζωη quaiated with that of the morrow; ύμων; ατμις γαρ εστιν [ ή ] προς ελιγον φαινο-of you? a vapor for it is [that] for clittle appearing. Llittle appearing <sup>25</sup> αντι του μενη, επειτα δε αφανιζομενη·) then and not appearing;) instead of the λεγειν ύμας. Εαν δ κυριος θεληση και ζησωμεν, to say you; It the Lord may be willing and we may live, και ποιησωμέν τουτο η εκεινο· 16 νυν δε καυand we may do this now but that; or χασθε εν ταις αλαζονειαις ύμων. Πασα καυχηboast in the proud speeches of you. All DORATIE <sup>17</sup> Ειδοτι ουν καλον σις τοιαυνή πονήρα εστίν. auch evil is. Knowing therefore right ποιειν, και μη ποιουντι άμαρτια αυτώ εστιν.

KΞΦ.  $\epsilon'$ . 5.

sin

to him it is.

doing

to do, and not

1 Αγε νυν οί πλουσιοι, κλαυσατε ολολυζον-Come now the rich ones, weep you crying aloue τες επι ταις ταλαιπωριαις ύμων ταις επερχοof you thece over the mueries 2'Ο πλουτος ύμων σεσηπε, και τα L SVais. of you has decayed, and The wealth \$2.e ίματια ύμων σητοβρωτα γεγονεν. <sup>3</sup> ξ χρυσος garments of you moth-eaten have become; the gold ύμων και δ αργυρος κατιωται, και δ ιος αυτων of you and the silver have become rusty, and the rust of them εις μαρτυριον ύμιν εσται, και φαγεται τας σαρto you will be, and will eat for a witness κας ύμων ώς πυρ· εθησαυρισατε εν εσγαταις dies of you as fire; you laid up treasure in last <sup>4</sup> Iδου, δ  $\mu$ ισθος των εργατων των ημεραις. Lo, the reward of the dayo. laborars of those αμησαντών τας χωρας ύμων, δ απεστερημενος having reaped the fields of you, that having been withheld 24' ύμων, κραζει και αί βοαι των θεριπαντων cries out; and the loud cries of the reaucrs σαβαωθ εισεληλυθασιν. τα ωτα κυριου 418 ofarmica into the ears of Lord have entered.

\*THOU who art JUDGING thy neighbor?

13 ! Come now, YOU who say, "To-day and To-morrow let us go into Such a CITY, and continue there one Year, and Trade, and make gain!"

14 (who know not what will become of your Life on the Morrow; tfor \*you are a Vapor, for a little while APPEARING, and then disappearing:)

15 instead of which you ought to say, t"lf the LORD be willing, \*shall both live and do

this or that."

16 But now you boast in your PROUD SPEECHES. t All such Boasting is evil. 17 ! He therefore who knows how to do Right, and does not perform it, to him it is Sin.

## CHAPTER V.

1 † Come new you кин, weep and lament over those miseries of yours which are PROACHING.

2 Your RICH stores have decayed, and I your GAR-MENTS have become motheaten.

- 3 Your gold and sil-VER have become rusted: and the RUST of them will befora Testimon vagainst you, and consume your BODIES like Fire. ! You have laid up treasures for the Last Days.
- 4 Behold! THAT HIRE, which you FRAUDULENT-LY WITHHELD from THOSE LABORERS Who HARVEST-FD your FIELDS, cries out; and t the LOUD CRIES of the REAPERS have entered the EARS of the Lord of Armies.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. THOU Who are JUDGING thy NEIGHBOR? 14, for the 14. you are. I4, that-omit. 15. shall both live. 113. Prov. xxvii. 1; Luke xii. 18.

Luke xii, 18. ‡ 14. Job vii, 7; Psa. cii, 3; James i, 10; 1 Pet. ‡ 15. Acts xviii, 21; 1 Cor. iv. 19; xvi, 7; Heb. vi, 3. ‡ 16; ‡ 17. Luke xii, 47; John ix, 41; xv. 22; Rom. i, 20, 21, 32; ii, 17, 18, 23. i 24; 1 John ii. 17. 11. Prov. xi. 28; Luke vi. 24; I Tim. vi. 9. 1 2. Job xiii. 28: Matt. vi. 20; James ii. 2. 1 4. Lev. xix. 13; Job xxiv. 10, 11; Jer. xxii. 13; Mal. iii. 5. 3. Rom. ii. 5. Deut. xxiv. 15.

5 Ετρυφητατε επι της γης, και εσπαιαλησατε: You heed luxuriously on the earth, and were wanton;

εθρεψατε τας καρδιας ύμων \*[ώς] εν ημερα για ρουνίελε the hearts οίνου [ως] in a day σγαγης. 

<sup>6</sup> Κατεδικασατε, εφονευσατε τον δισίελε ghter. You condemned, you murdered the just

καιοι· ουκ αντιτασσεται υμιν.
onc: pot he opposes you.

7 Μακροθυμησατε ουν, αδελφοι έως της betheen, till the

παρουσιας του κυριου. Ιδου, ό γει γιγος εκδεpresence of the Lord. Lo, the husbas iman ca-

χέται τον τιμιον καρπον της γης, μακροθυμων pects the precious fruit of the earth, I aving patience  $\epsilon \pi'$  αυτ $\varphi$  έως αν  $\lambda \alpha \beta \eta$  \*[ύετον] πρωιμον και for it til he may receive [rain] early and

οψιμον δμακροθυμησατε και ύμεις, στηριξατε latter, bepeticut also you, establish

τας καρδιας ύμων, ότι ή παρουσία του κυριου the hearts of you, because the presence of the Lord ηγγικε. <sup>9</sup> Μη στεναζετε κατ' αλληλων, αδελ-

φοι, ένα μη κριθητε· ίδου, δ κριτης προ των ren, so that notyou may be judged; lo, the judge before the θυρων έστηκεν.  $^{10}$  Υποδείγμα λαβετε, αδελφοι doore has been standing. An example take you, brethren

\*[μου,] της κακοπαθείας και της μακροθυμίας, (ofme.] of the suffering evil and of the patience,

τους προφητας, οί ελαλησαν τφ ονοματι κυριου the prophets, who spoke in the name of Lord 11 1δου, μακαριζομέν τους υπομένοντας. την

Lo, we rail happy those patiently enduring; the υπομονην Ιωβ ηκουσατε, και το τελος κυριου patience of Job you heard, and the end of Lord είδετε, δτι πολυσπλαγχνος εστιν δ κυριος και

you saw, because very compassionate is the Lord and οικτρμων. <sup>12</sup> Προ παντων δε, αδελφοι μου, meriful. Above all things but, brethren of me,

μη ομνυετε μητε τον ουρανον, μητε την γην, not do you swear neither the bearen, nor the saith,

μητε αλλον τινα δρίθον ητω δε ύμων το ναι, nor other any oath; let be but of you the yes, ναι, και το ου, ου ένα μη ύπο κρισιν πεσητε.

yes, and the no, no; so that not under judgment you may fall.

13 Κακοπαθεί τις εν ύμιν, προσευχεσθω, ευθιμιεί

Suffers evil any one among you, let him pray, is cheerful τις, ψαλλετω. 14 Ασθενεί τις εν ύμιν,

'5 Tou have lived luxuriously on the LAND, and been heentions; you have nourished your HEARTS in a Day of Slaughter.

6 t You have condemned,—you have murdured the BIGHTEOUS one; he does not oppose

you.

7 Wait patiently, therefore, Brethren, till the COMING of the LORD. Behold 1 the HUSBAND-MAN expects the PRECIOUS Fruit of the EARTH, waiting patiently for it, till he receive the early and latter harvest.

8 Be nou also patient; establish your HEARTS, Because the COMING of the LOED has approached.

9 † Murmur not against cach other, Brethren, that you be not judged; behold! I the JUDGE is standing before the DOORS.

10 ‡As an Example of SUFFERING EVIL and of PATIENCE, my Brethren, take the PROPHETS who spoke in the NAME of the

Lord.,

Il Behold! twe call THOSE happy who PATI-ENTLY ENDURE. You have leard of the PA-TIENCE of Job. and you have seen the tend of the Lord; Because; the Lord' is very compassionate and merciful.

12 But above all things, my Brethren, tswear not; neither by the HEAVEN, nor the EARTH, nor any other Oath; but let your yes be Yes, and your no, No; so that you may not fall under Judgment.

13 If any one among you suffers evil, let him pray; if any one is cheerful, 1 let him sing praises; 14 if any one among you

VATICAN MANUSCHIPT .- 5. as-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> rain-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> of mc-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Job xxi. 13: Amos vi. 1, 4; Luke xvi. 19, 25: 1 Tim. v. 6.

† 5. Job xxi. 13: Amos vi. 1, 4; Luke xvi. 19, 25: 1 Tim. v. 6.

† 8. Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25, 37: 1 Pet. iv. 7.

10. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xi. 35.

† 11. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xi. 35.

† 11. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xi. 35.

† 11. Matt. v. 36.

† 13. Eph. v. 10; Col. iii. 10.

† 14. Num. xiv. 18: Psa. ciii

προσκαλεσασθω τους πρεσβυτερους της εκκληlet bim call for the elders of the congreσιας, και προσευξαπθωσαν επ' αυτον, αλειψανlet them pray gation, and him, having anointed Over τες \*[αυτον] ελαιφ, εν τφ ονοματι του κυριου. without, in the name [him] 115 Και ή ευχη της πιστέως σωσει τον καμνοντα, And the prayer of the faith shallsave the one being sick, και εγερεί αυτον δ κυριος καν άμαρτιας ? him the Lord; end; and will raise up sins may be 16 Εξομολοπεποιηκως, αφεθησεται αυτφ. having been done, they shall be forgiven him. Confess γεισθε αλληλοις τα παραπτωματα, και ευχεσto each other the faulte, and pray θε ύπερ αλληλων, όπως ιαθητε πολυισχυει you on behalf of each other, so that you may be healed; greatly prevails γου on behalf of each other, so successful 17 HA tas ανθρωπος δεησις δικαιου ενεργουμενη, 17 HA tas ανθρωπος επικού δείμα δείμα ο μεταίνε. Είμα επικού επικού δείμα δείμα ο μεταίνε. a prayer of a just being operative. ην δμοιοπαθης ήμιν, και προσευχη προσηυξατο was oflike infirmities with us, and a prayer he prayed του μη βρεξαι και ουκ εβρεξεν επι της γης of the not to rain; and not it rained on the earth 13 και παλιν ενιαυτους τρεις και μηνας έξ months als: years three and and again προσηυξατο, και δ ουρανος ύετον εδωκες, και ή Ezve, . he prayed, and the heaven tain and the

 $\epsilon$ αν τις  $\epsilon$ ν  $\delta$ μιν πλανη $\theta$ η απο της αλη $\theta \epsilon$ ιας, και If any one among you may wander from the truth, <sup>20</sup> γινωσκετω, δτι επιστρεψη TIS QUTOV, ....l let him know, that the may turu back any one him, επιστρεψας αμαρτωλον εκ πλανης όδου αυτου, one having turned a sinner out of a wandering way of him, σωπει ψυχην εκ θανατου, και καλυψει πληθός will save a soul from death, and will hide a multitude αμπρτιών. of sins.

fruit

of herself.

is sick, let him call for the ELDERS of the CONGREGA-TION, and let them pray over him, Thaving anointed him with Oil in the NAME of the LOED;

15 and the PRAYER of FAITH shall save the sick person, and the Lond will raise him up, ‡ and if he have committed Sins, they shall be forgiven him.

16 Confess \* therefore your sins to each other, and pray for each other, so that you may be healed. † The Earnest Supplication of a Righteous man is very powerful.

17 Elijah was a Man of tlike infirmity with us; and the prayed in Prayer that it might not RAIN; t and it did not rain on that LAND for three Years and six Months.

18 And again the prayed, and the HEAVEN gave Rain, and the EARTH put forth her FRUIT.

19 \* My Brethren, tif any one among you wander from the TRUTH, and some one turn him back;

20 \*know you, That HE who TUBNS BACK a Sinner from his Path of Error, twill save \*his Soul from Death, and twill cover a Multitude of Sins. \*

19 Αδελφοι,

Brethren,

γη εβλαστησε τον καρπον αύτης.

the

earth put forth

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript.—14. him—omit. 10. therefore your sins. 19. my
Brethren. 20. know you, That. 20. a Soul from its Death. Subscription—
Op James.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Mark vl. 12; xvi. 15. 

; 15. Matt. ix. 2. 

† 10. Gen. xx. 17; Num. xt. 2; 

Deut. ix. 18-20; Josh. x. 12; 1 Sam. xii. 18. 1 Kings xiii. 0; 2 Kings iv. 31; xiz. 15. 20; xx. 

2. 4; Pea. x. 17; xxxiv. 15; cxlv. 18; Prov. xv. 29; xxviii. 9; John ix. 31; 1 John iii. 22. 

† 17. Acts xiv. 15. 

† 10. Matt. xviii. 16. 

† 20. Rom. xi. 14; 1 Cor. ix. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 10. 

220. Prov. x. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 8.

# ΠΕΤΡΟΥ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΩΤΗ OF PETER [AN EPISTLE] FIRST.

# \*FIRST OF PETER.

# КΕΦ. α'. 1.

<sup>1</sup> Πετρος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, εκλεκan apostle of Jesus Auointed, to chosen τοις παρεπιδημοις διασπορας Ποντου, Γαλατιας, of Galatia, sojourners of a dispersion of Poutus, Καππαδοκιας, Ασιας και Βιθυνιας, <sup>2</sup> κατα προγof Asia and of Bithynia, according to foreof Cappadocia, νωσιν θεου πατρος, εν άγιασμω πνευματος, εις knowledge of God a father, in sanctification of spirit, ύπακοην και δαντισμον αξυατος Ιησου Χριστου• and sprinkling of blood of Jesus Auviuted;  $^3$  Eu $\lambda$ o $\gamma\eta$ χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πληθυνθειη. favor to you and peace may be multiplied. Blessed τος δ θεος και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου father of the Lord Χριστου, δ κατα το πολυ αύτου ελεος ανα-Anointed, that according to the great of himself mercy having γεννησας ήμας εις ελπιδα ζωσαν δι' ανασταof life through a resurrecbegotten us to a hope σεως Ιησου Χριστου εκ νεκρων, 4 εις κληρονοof Jesus Anointed out of dead ones, to an iuberiμιαν αφθαρτον και αμιαντον και αμαραντον, tance incorruptible unfading, and undefiled and τετηρημενην εν ουρανοις εις ύμας, having beeen kept in heavens for you, <sup>5</sup> τους εν by those δυναμει θεου φρουρουμενους δια πιστεως εις of God being guarded through faith σωτηριαν ετοιμην αποκαλυφθηναι  $\epsilon \nu$ καιρω a salvation ready to be revealed  $\epsilon \sigma \chi \alpha \tau \phi^{\epsilon} = \epsilon \nu = \phi = \alpha \gamma \alpha \kappa \kappa (\alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon, \sigma \kappa) \gamma \sigma \nu = \alpha \rho \tau \epsilon = \epsilon \kappa \gamma \alpha \kappa \gamma \delta \nu$ in which rejoice you, a little while now (if δεον εστι) λυπηθεντες εν ποικιλοις πειρασμοις,necessaryitis) having been distressed by manifold Γίνα το δοκιμιον ύμων της πιστεως πολυ τιμοof you of the faith proof much δια πυρος perishing, by means of fire δε δοκιμαζομενου, εύρεθη εις απαινον και τιμην being proved, may be found to and praise και δοξαν, εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου Χριστου· 8 όν and glory, at a revelation of Jesus Anointed; whom ουκ ειδοτες αγαπατε, εις όν, αρτι μη δρωντες, on whom, now not looking, you love, π:στευοντες δε, αγαλλιασθε χαρα ανεκλαλητφ but, you rejoice with a joy unspeakable

## CHAPTER I.

1 Peter, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to the Sojourners of the Dispersion, of Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia and Bithynia,

2 thosen, according to the Foreknowledge of God the Father, in t Sanctification of Spirit, in order to Obedience and a Sprinkling of the Blood of Jesus Christ; may Favor and Peace be multiplied to you.

3 Blessed be THAT GOD and Father of our LORD Jesus Christ, who according to his GREAT Mercy, thas begotten us again to a living Hope, through the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the Dead,

4 to an Inheritance incorruptible, and undefiled, and unfading, preserved in the Heavens for You,

5 twho are GUARDED by the Power of God, through Faith, for a Salvation prepared to be revealed in the last Time.

6 ‡ In which be you glad, though now ‡ for a ittle while, (since it is necessary,) ‡ you are distressed by various Trials,

7 so that the Proof of Your faith, being much more precions than that Gold which Preishes, though proved by Fire, t may be found to Praise and \*Glory and Honor, at the Revelation of Jesus Christ;

8 whom, not having seen, you love; ton whom, not now looking, but believing, you rejoice with Joy inexpressible and glorious,

7. Glory and Honor.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST OF PETER.

και δεδοξασμενη,

and having been glorified,

<sup>9</sup> κομιζομενοι το τελος της

obtaining the end of the

<sup>10</sup> Περι πιστεως \*[ύμων,] σωτηριαν ψυχων. Concerning [of you,] a salvation of souls. ής σωτηριας εξεζητησαν και εξηρευνησαν προwhich salvation sought out and examined closely proph- $\phi\eta\tau\alpha i$ , of  $\pi\epsilon\rho i$   $\tau\eta s$   $\epsilon is$   $\delta\mu\alpha s$   $\chi\alpha\rho i\tau os$   $\pi\rho o\varphi\eta$ ets, those concerning the for you favor having τευσαντες: 11 ερευνωντες, εις TIVE η ποιον examining, to what things or what καιρον εδηλου το εν αυτοις πνευμα \* [Χριστου.] season did point the in theor spirit [of Anointed,] προμαρτυρομένον τα εις Χριστον παθηματα, και testifying helore the for Anointed sufferings,  $\tau$  as  $\mu\epsilon\tau a$   $\tau a \nu \tau a$   $\delta o \xi a s^{-12}$  ois  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\kappa a \lambda \nu \phi \theta \eta$ , δτι the after these things glories; to whom it was revealed, that ουχ έαυτοις, ύμιν δε διηκονουν αυτα, not forthemselves, for you but they ministered these things, which things νυν ανηγγελη ύμιν δια των ευαγγελισαμενων now were told to you through those having announced glad tidings ύμας εν πνευματι άγιω αποσταλεντι απ' ουραyou with spirit holy having been sent from επιθυμουσιν αγγελοι παρακυά vou, eis ven, into which things earnestly desire messengers to look attentively. 13 Διο αναζωσαμενοι τας οσφυας της δια-Therefore having girded up the loins of the minds νοιας ύμων, νηφοντες, τελειως ελπισατε επι being vigilant, of vou. perfectly do you hope την φερομενην ύμιν χαριν εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου the being brought to you girt in arevelation of Jesus Χριστου: 14 ώς τεκνα ύπακοης, μη συσχηματιas children of obedience, not conforming Anoiuted; ζομενοι τοις προτερον εν τη αγνοια ύμων επιyourselves, to the former in the ignorance of you lusts,  $^{15}$ αλλα κατα τον καλεσαντα ύμας  $\theta \nu \mu \iota \alpha \iota s$ , hut according to the one having called You άγιον, και αυτοι άγιοι εν παση αναστροφη also yourselves holy ones in all

γενηθητε: 16 διοτι γεγραπται: 'Αγιοι γενεσθε,

ότι εγω άγιος \*[ειμι.] 17 Και ει πατερα επικαλ-

 $\epsilon$ ισθ $\epsilon$  τον απροσωποληπτως κρινοντα κατα το

έκαστου εργον, εν φοβώ τον της παροικίας

fear

ύμων χρονον αναστραφητε· 18 ειδοτες, ότι ου knowing, that bot

him without respect of persons judging according to the

because it has been written; ilvly oncs become you,

And if a father

9 obtaining the issur of the FAITH, -even your Salvation.

10 t Concerning Which Salvation THOSE Proplicts, who Propresied concerning the FAVOR towards you, sought out and investigated,

11 examining closely to what things, or What kind of Season, ttke sping which was in them was pointing out, when it previously testified the sirr-FFRINGS for Christ, and after these the GLORIES;

12 to whom it was reto whom it was fervealed, That thot for themselves, but for you, they ministered those things, which now were declared to you through THOSE WhO EVANGELIZED you with ! holy Spirit sent from Heaven; into which things # Angels earnestly

desire 7 to look.
13 Therefore, \$\pm\$ having girded up the Loins of your MIND, and being IVIgilant, do you hope perfectly for the GIFT to be BROUGHT to you ‡at the Revelation of Jesus Christ.

14 As obedient Children. t do not conform yourselves to the FORMER Lusts tin your IGNOR-ANCE;

15 fbut as HE who CALLED you is holy, do nou also become holy in All your Conduct;

16 For it has been written, \* " You shall be holy, " because I am holv."

17 And if you invoke THAT Father who #impartially JUDGES according to the WORK of each one, t pass the time of your sothat not JOURNING in Fear;

work,

[am.]

in

become you;

 $o^n$ 

because I holy

the of the sojourning

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. of you-omit. 16. am-omit. shall be helv.

<sup>11.</sup> of Anointed-omit.

<sup>16.</sup> you

<sup>† 12.</sup> In parakupsai there is supposed to be an allusion to the Cherubim, which were placed in the inner tabernacle with their faces turned down towards the mercy seat.

<sup>; 10.</sup> Matt. xiii, 17; Luke x, 24. h. vi. 14. 12. Acts ii. 4; Heb. ii. 4. h. vi. 14. 13. Luke xxi. 34. 13. Luke xvi. 30; 1 Cor. † 14. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 2. † 14. Acts xvii. 30; 1 Cor. ti. 11. 1 † 16. Lev. xi. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11. † 17. Deut. x-ii. 11. † 17. Heb. xu. 28. † 9. Rom. vi. 22. † 12. Heb. xi. 13, 39, 40. i 13. Luke xii 35; Eph. vi. 14. i 7; 2 Thess. i 7. 14. Ron 1 15. Heb. xii 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11. 17: Acts x. 34; Rom. ii. 11.

αργυριώ η χρυσιώ, ελυτρωθητε φθαρτοις, by gold, you were bought off by corruptible things, by silver or εκ της ματαιας ύμων αναστροφης πατροπαραconduct handed down from your from the foolish of you δοτου, <sup>19</sup> αλλα τιμιφ αίματι, ώς αμνου αμωμου but with precious blood, as of a lamb

20 προεγνωσμενου μεν και ασπιλου, Χριστου and unblemished, of Anointed; having been foreknown indeed προ καταβολης κοσμου, φανερωθεντος δε επ' before a laying down of a world, having been manifested but in ύμας, 21 τους

εσχατων των χρονων δí thosethrough times on account of you, αυτου πιστευοντας εις θεον, τον  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ having believed in God, that one having raised up αυτον εκ νεκρων και δοξαν αυτφ δοντα, ώστε

him out of dead ones and glory to him having given, so that την πιστιν ύμων και ελπιδα ειναι εις θεον.

ofyou and faith hope to be in

<sup>22</sup> Tas ψυχας ύμων ἡγνικοτες εν τη ύπακοη of you having been purified in the obedience της αληθείας \*[δια πνευματος] εις φιλαδελthrough spirit] to brotherly-kindφιαν ανυποκριτον, εκ \*[καθαρας] καρδιας αλληunfeigued, outof [a pure] 11 045 αγαπησατε εκτενως. 23 αναγεγεννημενοι λουs intensely, love you having been begotten again

ουκ εκ σπορας φθαρτης, αλλα αφθαρτου, seed corruptible, but incorruptible, through 24 Διοτι (ωντος θεου και MEVOVTOS. λογου and Because word living of God remaining.

πασα σαρξ ώς χορτος, και πασα δοξα αυτης ώς flesh like all like grass, and glory of her ανθος χορτου εξηρανθη ό χορτος και το ανθος a flower of grass; withered the grass and the flower

\*[αντον] έξεπεσε $^{25}$ το δε βημα κυριου μενει the but fell off; word of Lord

εις τον αιωνα· τουτο δε εστι το βημα το ευαγnow is the word that having to the age; this КЕФ. β'. 2. γελισθεν εις ύμας.  $^{1}A\pi o\theta \epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu oi$ 

been announced to you. Having put away ουν πασανκακιανκαι παντα δολον και ύποall guile therefore all malice and and

κρισεις και φθονους και πασας καταλαλιας,

pocrisies 5 or envies and 811 evil-speakings, δε αρτιγεννητα βρεφη, το λογικον αδολον new-born bahes, the rational sincere

γαλα απιποθησατε, ίνα εν αυτφ αυξηθητε εις milk earnestly desire you, so that by ιt you may grow to

18 knowing ‡That you were redeemed from your FOOLISH Conduct, transmitted from your fathers, not by corruptible things, by Silver or Gold,

19 but t by the Precious Blood of Christ, as of ta spotless and unblemished

20 foreknown, indeed, before the Foundation of the World, but manifested in these Last TIMES on YOUR account,

21 who through Him \*are FAITHFUL TO THAT God who RAISED him from the Dead, and ‡gave Him Glory; so that your FAITH and Hope are towards God.

22 ‡ Having purified your Lives by the obe-DIENCE of the TRUTH, to unfeigned # Brotherly love, love each other from the Heart, intensely:

23 thaving been regenerated, not from corruptible, but from incorruptible Seed, through the living and enduring Word of God.

24 t" For All Flesh is "as Grass, and all its "Glory as the Flower of "Grass. The GRASS with-"ers, and the FLOWER " falls off :

25 "but the WORD of "the Lord continues to "the AGE." Now this is THAT WORD which has been ANNOUNCED as glad

## CHAPTER II.

tidings to you.

1 ! Having put away, therefore, All Malice, and All Deceit, and Hypocrisies, and Envyings, and All Evil speakings,

2 as New-born Infants, earnestly desire the PURE TRATIONAL Milk, so that you may grow by it to Salvation.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. are FAITHFUL to THAT God. a Pure—omit. 24. of it—omit. 22. through Spirit-omit. 22. a Pure-omit.

<sup>† 18. 1</sup> Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23. † 19. Acts xx. 28; Eph. i. 7; Heb. ix. 12; Rev. v. 9. † 19 Isa. Iii. 7; John i. 29, 36; 1 Cor. v. 7. † 20. Rom. iii. 25; Eph. iii. 9; Titus i. 2. † 21. Matt. xxviii. 18; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. ii. 9. † 22. Acts xv. 9. † 22. Rom. xii. 9, 10; Heb. xii. 1. † 23. John i. 13; iii. 5. † 23. James i. 18. † 24. Psa. ciii. 15; Isa. xl. 6; Il. 12; James i. 10. † 1. Eph. iv. 22, 25, 31; Col. iii. 8; Heb. xii. 1; 9, U; Heb. xiii. 1. 1 23. John i. 13; iii. 5. ciii. 15; Isa. xl. 6; li. 12; James i. 10. 1 1. Eph. James i. 21; v. 9. 1 3. 1 Cor. iii. 2; Heb. v. 12, 13.

σωτηριαν· 3 ει\*[περ] εγευσασθε, ότι χρηστοςif[indeed] salvation; you tasted, that <sup>4</sup> Προς δν προσερχομενοι, KUPLOS. λιθον he Lord. Τo whom ζωντα, ύπο ανθρωπων μεν αποδεδοκιμασμενον, living, by men indeed being rejected. παρα δε Jεω εκλεκτον, εντιμον, 5 και αυτοι ώς with but God honorable, cnosen, and yourselves as λιθοι ζωντες οικοδομεισθε, οίκος πνευματικος, be you built up, a house stones living epiritual. ίερατευμα άγιον, ανενεγκαι πνευματικας θυπιας, apriesthood holy, to offer sacrifices epiritual ευπροσδεκτους \*[τω] θεω δια Ιησου Χριστου. [to the ] God through Jesus Anointed.  $^6$  Διοτι περιεχει εν \* [τη] γραφη· Ιδου, τιθημι εν Because it is contained in [the] writing; Lo, I place in Σιων λιθον ακρογωνιαιον, εκλεκτον, εντιμον. a stone corner-foundation, chosen, honorable; και δ πιστευων επ' αυτώ, ου μη καταισχυνθη. and the one believing on not not may be ashamed. it, <sup>7</sup> Υμιν ουν ή τιμη τοις πιστευουσιν· απειθουσι To you therefore the honor to those believing; to disbelieving ones δε, λιθον δν απεδοκιμασαν οἱ οἱκοδομουντες, rejected but, a stone which those building, ούτος εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωνιας, και λιθος for a head of a corner, and a stone προσκομματος, και  $\pi \epsilon \tau \rho \alpha$ σκανδαλου. of etnm bling. and A rock of offence. προσκοπτουσι, τφ λογφ απειθουντες, εις δ και to the word being disabedient, for which even 9 Υμεις δε, γενος εκλεκτον, βασι- $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta n \sigma \alpha \nu$ . they were appointed. You but, a race choren. λειον ίερατευμα, εθνος άγιον, λαος εις περιpriesthood, a nation holy, a people for a purποιησιν, όπως τας αρετας εξαγγειλητε του εκ so that the virtues you may declare of the out of σκοτους ύμας καλεσαντος εις το θαυμαστον one having called into the you wonderful αύτου φως· 10 οί ποτε ου λαος, νυν δε λαος of himself light; those once not a people, now but a people θεου οί ουκ ηλεημενοι, νυν δε  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon n \theta \epsilon \nu$ of God; those not having obtained mercy, now but having obtained <sup>11</sup> Αγαπητοι, παρακαλω ώς παροικους και Beloved ones, l'entreat as ttrangera παρεπιδημους, απεχεσθαι των σαρκικων επιθυto abstain from the fleshly sojourners, luats,

3 since you have ttasted the Kindpess of the LORD.

4 Drawing near to him, the living Stone, rejected indeed by Men, but by God chosen, honorable,

5 be pout yourselves also built up, as living Stones, ta spiritual flouse for ta holy Priesthood, to offer t Spiritual Sacrifices, well-pleasing to God through Jesus Christ;

6 because it is contained in the Scripture, 1"Be-"hold, I place in Zion \*a "Foundation-corner Stonc, "chosen, honorable; and "HE who CONFIDES in it "shall not be ashamed."

7 The HONOR, therefore, is for the BELLEVERS; but to the \*disbelieving, this Stone which the BUILDERS rejected, was made into the Head of a Corner.—

8 ‡even a Stone of Stumbling, and a Rock of Offence; and ‡\*being unbelievers, they stumble at the word, ‡to which also they were appointed.

9 But nou are a thosen Race, ta Royal Priesthood, a holy Nation, ta People for a purpose; that you may declare the PEEFECTIONS of HIM who CALLED You from to Burkness into His WONDERFUL Light;

10 twho once were not a People, but now are God's People; who had not obtained mercy, but now have obtained mercy.

11 Beloved! I entreat you, ‡as Strangers and Sojourners, ‡to abstain from FLESHLY Lusts, which ‡wage war against the LIFE;

against

μιων, αίτινες στρατευονται κατα της ψυχης.

the

life;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. indeed—omit. 5. for a holy. 6. the—omit. 6. a chosen Stone, a Foundation-corner, honorable. 8. being unbelievers.

to the—omit.
 disbelieving.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Psa. xxxiv. 8; Heb. vi. 5. † 4. Psa. cxviii. 22; Matt. xxi. 42; Acts iv. 11. † 5. Heb. iii. 6. † 5. verse 9. † 5. Rom. xii. 1; Heb. xiii. 15, 16. † 6. L7a. xxviii. 16; Rom. ix. 33. † 8. Isa. viii. 14; Luke ii. 34; Rom. ix. 33. † 8. I C.v. i. 23. † 9. Rev. i. 6; v. 10. † 9. 1 Pet. i. 2. † 9. Rev. i. 6; v. 10. 2 † 9. Rev. i. 6; v. 10. 2 † 11. leb. xi. 13; 1 Pet. i. 17. † 11. lom. xiii. 14. † 11. James iv. 1

 $\sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon^*$ 

the

13 Υποταγητε \*[ouν] παση ανθρωπινή κτισει Beyon subject [therefore] to every human creation τον κυριον· ειτε βασιλει, ώς ύπερεχονon account of the Lord; whether to a king, as being pre-emiδι' τι· <sup>14</sup> ειτε ήγεμοσιν, ώς αυτου πεμποto governors, as by means of him or μενοις εις εκδικησιν κακοποιων, επαινον δε of evil-doers, praise punishment αγαθοποιων. 15 (ότι ούτως εστι το θελημα του of good-doers; (because thus it is the will of the θεου, αγαθοποιουντας φιμουν την των αφρονων

to muzzle the of the nnwise well-doing ανθρωπων αγνωσιαν.) 16 ώς ελευθεροι, και μη freemen, and not ignorance;) as ώς επικαλυμμα εχοντές της κακιας την ελευθεof the badness the a covering having 17 Παντας τιμηριαν, αλλ' ώς δουλοι θεου. of God. slaves do you

την αδελφοτητα αγαπατε· τον θεον

do you love;

the

God

18 Of φυβεισθει τον βασιλεα τιματε. OLK€king do you honor. The household lo you fear; the ύπρτασσομένοι εν παντι φοβφ τοις δέσfear being aubmissive with tervants, ποταις, ου μονον τοις αγαθοις και επιεικεσιν, not only to the good ones and gentle ones,

brotherhood

αλλα και τοις σκολιοις. <sup>19</sup> Τουτο γαρ χαρις, but also to the perverse ones. This for pleasing,  $\epsilon$ ι δια συνειδησιν θεου ὑποφερει τις λυπας,

if through a conscience of God bears up under any one griefs,

πασχων αδικως. <sup>20</sup> Ποιον γαρ κλεος, ει αμαρsuffering unjustly. What for credit, if sinning

τανοντες και κολαφιζομενοι ύπομενειτε; αλλ΄ and being beaten you shall endure? bút ει αγαθοποιουντες και πασχοντες ύπομενειτε,

ει αγασοποιουντες και παυ χυντες υπομενειτες, if doing good and suffering you shall endure, τουτο γαρις παρα θεφ.  $^{21}$  Els τουτο γαρ εκλη-

τουτο χαρις παρα θεφ.  $^{21}$  Eις τουτο γαρ εκληthis pleasing with God. Το this for you were

12 thaving your CONDUCT upright among the GENTILES, so that in what they may speak against you as Evil-doers, t from the GOOD Works which they behold, they may glorify GOD in a Day of Inspection.

13 ‡ Be you subject to Every Human † Creation on account of the Lord; whether to the King, as

supreme,

14 or to Governors, as sent by him for the Punishment of Evil-doers, and the Praise of Well-doers;

15 (for thus is the WILL of God, that by doing good you may silence the IGNORANCE OF INCONSID-

ERATE Men;)

16 as ‡ Freeman, and yet not using this FFEEDOM as a Covering of Wickedness; but as ‡ God's Bondmen,

17 the respectful to All; there the BROTHERHOOD; thear God; honor the KING.

18 Let HOUSEHOLD ISERVANTS be subject with All Fear to their MASTERS; not only to the good and Gentle, but also to the PERVERSE.

19 For this is ‡ Wellpleasing, if any one through a Consciousness of God sustains Sorrows, suffering

unjustly.

13. therefore-omit.

20 For t What Credit is it, if when you sin, and are beaten, you endure it? but if, when you do good, and suffer, you shall hear it patiently, this is Well-pleasing with God.

21 For ‡to this you

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. having-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> or Creature. Some render ktisci ordinance, institution, establishment, government, authority. The Syriac has it as follows—"Be you submissive to all the sons of men;" which Parkhurst says is probably the sense of Peter's injunction, as enforced by exhortations to various classes in the following part of his letter; and which he closes by giving a general rule in chap. v. 5, "yea, all of you be subject to each other."

<sup>† 12.</sup> Rom. xii, 17; 2 Cor. viii, 21; Phil. ii, 15; Titus ii, 8; 1 Pet. iii, 16. † 12. Matt. v. 16. † 13. Matt. xxii, 21; Rom. xiii, 1; Titus iii, 1. † 14. Rom. xiii, 4; 14. Rom. xiii, 3. † 16. 1 Cor. vii, 22. † 17. Rom. xii, 19; Phil. ii, 8. † 17. Heb. xiii, 1; 1 Pet. i, 22. † 17. Matt. xxii, 21; Rom. xii, 7; 18. Eph. vi, 5; Col. iii, 22; 1 Tim. vi, 1; Titus ii, 9. † 19. Matt. v. 10; Rom. xii, 7; 1 Pet. iii, 14. † 20. 1 Pet. iv, 14; 15. † 21. Acts xiv, 22; 1 Thess. iii, 3; 2 Tim. iii, 19

 $\theta \eta \tau \epsilon^*$ δτι και Χριστος επαθεν ύπερ ύμων, eslled; because even Anointed suffered on behalf of you, ύμιν ύπολιμπανων ύπογραμμον, ίνα επακολουto you leaving hehind an example, so that you may θησητε τοις ιχνεσιν αυτου. 22 ός αμαρτιαν ουκ in the of him; who not follow steps sin εποιησεν, ουδε εύρεθη δολος εν τω στοματι guile was found in the mouth nor 23 ός λοιδορουμένος ουκ αντελοιδορει, heing reviled not reviled again, πασχων ουκ ηπειλει, παρεδιδου δε τω κριsuffering not he threatened, delivered himself up but to the one νοντι δικαιως: <sup>24</sup> δς τας αμαρτίας ήμων αυτος judging righteously; who the sins of us himself ανηνεγκεν εν τω σωματι αύτου επι το ξυλον, carried up in the budy of hunself to the ίνα ταις άμαρτιαις απογενομένοι, τη δικαιοσυνή to the righteousness that to the SIDS having died.  $\mu\omega\lambda\omega\pi\iota * [aυτου]$   $\iota a\theta\eta\tau\epsilon$ . (ησωμεν ού τω we may live; of whom hy the . scara [of him] you were healed. <sup>25</sup> Ητε \*[γαρ] ώς προβατα πλανωμενα· αλλ' [for] a **s** sheep going astray; You were but επεστραφητε νυν επι τον ποιμένα και επισκοhave turned back now to Ine shepherd and guar-1 Ouolws πον των ψυχων ύμων. KE $\Phi$ .  $\gamma'$ . 3. In like manner dian of the lives of you. \* [ai] γυναικες, ύποτασσομεναι τοις Sinis wives, submitting yourselves to the ανδρασιν, ίνα \*[και] ει τινες απειθουσι τω liusbands, so that (even) if some are disobedientto the δια λογω, της των γυναικών αναστροφης of the word, through the wives conduct <sup>2</sup> εποπτευσαντες κερδηθησωνται, ανευ λογου without a word they may be gained, having seen  $^3$  ' $\Omega_{\nu}$ την εν φοβω άγνην αναστροφην ύμων. pure of you. Of whom fear conduct δ εξωθεν, εμπλοκης τριχων και εστω ουχ of braiding the autside, of hairs and περιθεσεως χρυσιων η ενδυσεως ίματιων, κοσplacing around of golden chains or wearing of clothes, adorn- $\mu o s \cdot {}^4 \alpha \lambda \lambda' \delta \kappa \rho u \pi \tau o s \tau \eta s \kappa \alpha \rho \delta \iota \alpha s \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o s, \epsilon \nu$ but the hidden of the heart uan, with τω αφθαρτώ του πράξος και ήσυχιου πνευμαthe incorruptible of the meek and quiet spirit,  $\theta \in ov \pi o \lambda v \tau \in \lambda \in s$ . δ εστιν ενωπιον του God in presence of the very precious. <sup>5</sup> Ούτω γαρ ποτε και αί - άγιαι γυναικες, αί ελ-| Thus for formerly also the women, those hoholy

πιζουσαι επι τον θεον, κοσμουν έαυτας, ύποτασ-

กเทศ

the God, adorned themselves,

were called; Because even : Christ suffered on your behalf, I leaving you a Copy, so that you may follow in his FOOTSTEPS;

22 twho committed no Sin; neither was Deceit found in his MOUTH;

23 twho being reviled, did not revile in return: suffering, he did not threaten; but delivered himself up to HIM who JUDGES righteously;

24 t who carried up our sins himself in his own BODY to the TREE, # that we, having died to sins, may live to RIGHTROUS-NESS; Thy whose SCARS you were healed.

25 You twere like Sheep going astray, but have now turned back to the SHEP-HERD and Guardian of

your LIVES.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 In like manner, !let Wives be subject to their own Husbands, so that if some are disobedient to the WORD, ‡ \* they may with-ont a Word be gained through the conduct of their wives;

2 having seen your Conduct CHASTE with Fear.

S ‡ Whose Decoration, let it not be that EXTERNAL one, of Branding the Hair, and Putting on of Gold chains, or Wearing of Apparel;

4 but decorate the HIDDEN HEART with What is IN-CORRUPTIBLE,-a \* MEFK and Quiet Spirit, which is very precions in the sight of God.

5 For thus formerly also THOSE HOLY Women, who submit- hoped in God, adorned

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. of him-omit. 25. for-omit, 1. the-omit. 1. they shall without. 1. even-omit. 5. God.

σομεναι τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν. ώς Σαρρα ύπη-25 to the own husbands; Sarah hearκουσε τω Αβρααμ, κυριον αυτον καλουσα, ής kened to the Abraham, calling. of her lord him εγενηθητε τεκνα, αγαθοποιουσαι και μη φοβουyou became children, doing good and not fearing μεναι μηδεμιαν πτοησιν. [\* Oi] ανδρες δμοιως, [The] huebands in like manner, συνοικουντες κατα γνωσιν ώς ασθενεστερφ 8.5 dwelling with according to knowledge a weaker σκευει τφ γυναικειφ, απονεμοντες τιμην ώς vessel with the bestowing female. honor και συγκληρονομοι χαριτος ζωης, εις το μη also being joint-heirs of generous gift of life, in order that not εγκοπτεσθαι τας προσευχας ύμων. o be hindered the prayers of you. <sup>8</sup>Το δε τελος, παντες δμοφρονες, συμπαθεις, allof like mind, sympathizing ones, The but end, φιλαδελφοι, ευσπλαγχνοι, ταπεινοφρόνες,

humble-minded ones, lovers of brethren, compassionate ones, <sup>9</sup> μη αποδιδοντες κακον αντι κακου, η λοιδοριαν returning evilon account of evil, or λοιδοριας τουναντιον δε ευλογουντες.  $\alpha \nu \tau \iota$ on the contrary but invoking blessings; on account of reviling; \*[ειδοτες,] δτι εις τουτο εκληθητε, ίνα ευλο-[knowing.] that for this youwere called, so that a bless-10 'Ο γαρ θελων ζωην γιαν κληρονομησητε. The for one wishing life you may innerit. αγαπαν, και ιδειν ήμερας αγαθας, παυσατω την tolove, and to see days good, let him restrain the γλωσσαν \*[αύτου] χειλη απο Kakov, και from tongue of himself] evil, and lips <sup>11</sup> εκκλι- $*[a\dot{v}\tau ov]$   $\tau ov$   $\mu\eta$   $\lambda a\lambda\eta\sigma a\iota$   $\delta o\lambda ov$ . [of himself] of the not to speak deceit; let him νατω απο κακου, και ποιητατω αγαθον· turn away from evil, and let him do good; 12 'Οτι οί σατω ειρηνην, και διωξατω αυτην. and let him pursue her. Because the him seek peace, οφθαλμοι κυριου επι δικαιους, και ωτα αυτου of Lord on just ones, and ears of him εις δεησιν αυτων. πρωσωπον δε κυριου επι of them; face but of Lord against towards prayer 13 Και τις δ κακωσων **έ**μας ποιουντας κακα. And who the one will be injuring you evil. those doing 14 Aλλ' εαν του αγαθου μιμηται γενησθε; imitators you become? But good και πασχοιτε δια δικαιοσυνην, μακαριοι.  $To\nu$ even you suffer because of righteousness, happy ones. The δε φοβον αυτων μη φοβηθητε, μηδε but fear of them not do you fear, neither ταραχθηshould you be

themselves, being subject to their own Husbands;

6 as Sarah obeyed A-BRAHAM, 1 calling Him Lord; Whose Children you are become, doing good, and not fearing Any Ter-

7 In like manner, Husbands, dwell according to Knowledge with the FEMALE. as the | Weaker Vessel, bestowing Honor, as neing also Joint-heirs of the Gracious gift of Life, I'n order that your PRAY-ERS may not be HIN-DERED.

8 FINALLY, the all of nke mind, sympathizing, loving as brethren, I compassionate, humble;

t not returning Evil for Evil, nor Reviling for Reviling; but, on the Reviling; but, on the contrary, invoking blessings: Because for this you were called, that you may mherit a Blessing.

10 " For the wishing "to enjoy Life, and to see "good Days, ‡let him re-"strain his TONGUE from "Evil, and his Lips from "SPEAKING Deceit;

11 "let him tturn away "from Evil, and do Good; "Ilet him seek Peace, and pursue it;

12 " for the EYES of the "Lord are on the Righte-"ous, and this Ears to-"wards their Prayer; but "the Face of the Lord 13 " against Evil-doers."

13 # And who is HE that will INJURE you, if you become \*Imitators of the

GOOD one?

14 # But even if you suffer on account of Righteousness, you are blessed. And fear not with their FEAR, nor be alarmed;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. the -- omit. 13. zealous of. omit twice.

<sup>9.</sup> knowing-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> of himself-

<sup>† 6.</sup> Gen. xviii. 12. † 7. 1 Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 10. † 7. 1 Cor. xii. 25; 1 Thess, iv. 4. † 7. Job xlii. 8. † 8. Rom. xii. 16; xy. 5; Phill. iii. 16, 8. Rom. xii. 10; Heb. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 17. † 8. Col. iii. 12; Eph. 17. 32. † 19. Prov. xvii. 13; xx. 22; Matt. v. 39; Rom. xii. 14, 17. † 10. Psa. xxxiv. 12. † 10. James i. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 1, 22. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 37; Isa. i. 16, 17. † 11. Rom. xii. 18. † 12. John 1x. 31; James v. 10. † 13. Prov. xvi. 7; Rom. viii 28. † 14. Matt. v. 10—12.

15 κυριον δε τον θεον άγιασατε εν ταις Lord but the God du you sanctify in καρδιαις ύμων: ετοιμοι δε αει προς απολογιαν prepared and slways with of you; a defence παντιτω αιτουντι ύμας λογον περιτης εν ύμιν to all to the one asking you an account concerning the in you ελπιδος, μετα πραυτητος και φυβου. 16 συνειfear; nith meekness and δησιν εχοντες αγαθην, ίνα εν ώ καταλαλωso that in what they may speak karing good, science σιν ύμων \* [ώς κακοποιων,] καταισχυνθωσιν οί of evil-doers,] against you [as they may be ashamed those ύμων την αγαθην εν Χριστφ επηρεαζοντες of you the good slandering in Anointed 17 Κρειττον γαρ αγαθοποιουντας, αναστροφην. Better for conduct. doing good, ει θελοι το θελημα του θεου, πασχειν, η κακοwill of the God, if may will the to suffer, or doing ποιουντας: 18 ότι και Χριστος άπαξ περι άμαρbecause even Anointed once concerning  $i\pi\epsilon\rho$  αδικών, ίνα ήμας τιων επαθε, δικαιος a just one on behalf of unjust ones, so that προσαγαγή τω θεώ, θανατωθείς μεν σαρκί, ζωοhe might lead to the God, being put to death indeed in flesh, being ποιηθείς δε πνευματι $^{19}$ εν  $\phi$  και τοις εν but by which also to those in made alive in spirit; φυλακη πνευμασι πορευθεις εκηρυξεν, 20 απειθηspirits having gone he published, σασι ποτε, ότε απεξεδεχετο ή του θεου μακροdisobeyed once, when was waiting the of the God patrence, ήμεραις Νωε, κατασκευαζομενης days of Noe, being prepared κιβωτου, εις ην ολιγαι (τουτ' εστιν οκτω) n few in which (this eight) ψυχαι διεσωθησαν δι' ύδατος. 21 δ και ήμας lives were carried safely through water; which also De αντιτυπον νυν σωζει βαπτισμα, (ου σαρκος a representation now saves a dipping, (not of flesh αποθεσις φυπου, αλλα συνειδησεως  $\alpha \gamma \alpha \theta \eta s$ a putting away of filth, but a conscience good δı'  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho \omega \tau \eta \mu \alpha \epsilon \iota s \theta \epsilon o \nu$ , αναστασεως Ιησου seeking after towards God,) through resurrection of Jesus Χριστου· 22 δς εστιν εν δεξια \* [του] θεου, πορat right God, having Anointed; who is [of the] ευθεις εις ουρανον, ύπαταγεντων αυτφ αγγελων heaven, having been subjected to him messengers

15 but sanctify the \* ANOINTED Lord in your HEARTS, and the always prepared with a Defence for EVERY ONE DEMAND. ing an Account of the HOPE that is in you; but with Meckness and Fear:

16 thaving a good Conscience, Ithat in what they may speak against you, THEY may beashamed, who slander Your GOOD Conduct in Christ.

17 For it is better, if the WILL of GOD permit, to suffer for Doing good, than

tor Doing evil.

18 Because Christ even tonce suffered on account of Sins.—the Rightcons tor the Unrighteous,—that he might lead Us to Gop. theing indeed put to death in the Flesh, but Imade alive by the Spirit:

19 by which also the preached to the SPIRITS

‡in Prison,

20 who formerly disobeyed, 1 when the PA-TIENCE of God was walling in the Days of Noah, while I an Ark was being prepared, I in which a few, that is, Eight Persons, were carried safely through the Water.

21 And Immersion, ta Representation of this, now tsaves Us; (not a Putting away of the Filth of the Flesh, tbut the seeking of a good Conscience towards God.) through the Resurrection

of Jesus Christ;

22 who, having gone to Heaven, tis at the Right hand of God, ‡Angels and Authorities and Powers having been subjected to him.

powers.

και εξουσιων και δυναμεων.

and authorities and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. ANOINTED LORD. 22. of the-omit.

<sup>16.</sup> as of Evil-doers-omit.

<sup>+ 19. &</sup>quot;Having gone and preached" is used pleonastically for "he preached." Elsner has produced examples, in proof, from the Scriptures, and from Demosthenes. See Mackught.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Acts iv. 8; Col. iv. 6; 2 Tim. ii. 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 16. Heb. xiii. 18. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 17. Titus ii. 8; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 19. Ec. ii. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. Rom. v. 6; Heb. ix. 26, 28; 1 Pet. ii. 21; iv. 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. 2 Cor. xiii. 4; 18. Col. i. 21, 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. Rom. i. 4; viii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 19. Isa. lii. 7; xlix. 9; lxi. 1; 20. Gen. vi. 3, 5, 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Heb. xi. 7. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Gen. vi. 7; viii. 18; 2 Pet. ii. 5; 21. Eph. v. 26. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. Acts it. 88; xxii. 16. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 21. Rom. x. 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 11. Pet. i. 3- 22. Psa. ex. 1; Rom. viii. 34; Eph. i. 20, Col. iii. 1; Heb. 1. 8. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 22. Rom. viii. 59; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Cor. xv. 24; Eph. i. 21.

# КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Χριστου ουν παθοντος \* [ ύπερ ήμων ] σαρκι Anotated then having suffered [on behalf of us] και ύμεις την αυτην εννοιαν όπλιπασθε, (ότι same thought arm yourselves, (because and you the \*[εν] παρκι, πεπαυται αμαρτιας,) παθων the one having suffered ind fiesh. has ceased το μηκετι ανθρωπων επιθυμιαις, αλλα morder that no longer ofmen to desire, θεληματι θεου τον επιλοιπον εν σαρκι βιωσαι to will of God the 1 n flesh remaining  $\begin{array}{lll} ^3 \text{ Arketos } \gamma \alpha \rho \stackrel{\text{\tiny M}}{=} \left[ \stackrel{\text{\tiny Sign}}{=} \mu \iota \nu \right] \delta & \pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \lambda \eta \lambda \upsilon \theta \omega \text{S} \\ \text{Sufficient} & \text{for} & \text{[for us] the having passed by} \end{array}$ χρονον. tinie. \*[του βιου] το θελημα των εθνων χρονος [of the life] the will of the gentiles  $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \sigma \alpha \sigma \theta \alpha i$ ,  $\pi \epsilon \pi o \rho \epsilon \nu u \epsilon \nu o \nu s$   $\epsilon \nu \alpha \sigma \epsilon \lambda \gamma \epsilon i \alpha i s$ , having walked in licentionsuess, to have wrought,  $\epsilon \pi i \theta \nu \mu i \alpha i s$ ,  $\epsilon \nu i \nu i \phi \lambda \nu \gamma i \alpha i s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega \mu i i s$ ,  $\epsilon \alpha i \delta \nu i \delta i s$ sumordinate desires, in excesses of wine, in revellings, in drinkings, and αθεμιτοις ειδωλολατρειαις. <sup>4</sup> εν ος ξενιζονται, in which they are surprised, in unlawful idola ries; συντρεχοντων ίμων εις την αυτην της running with of you to the ατωτιας αναχυσιν, βλασφημουντες· 5 οί αποshall speaking evil; thev of profligacy excess, δωσουσι λογον τω έτοιμως εχοντικριναι ζωνan account to him in readiness having to judge living τας και νεκρους. 6 Εις τουτο γαρ και νεκροις ues and dead ones. In order to this for also to dead ones ευηγγελισθη, ίνα κριθωσι  $\mu \in \nu$ was glad tidings announced, so that they might be judged indeed accordσαρκι ζωσι δε κατα θεον  $\tau \alpha = \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \nu s$ in flesh they might live but according to God men 7  $\text{Hav}\tau\omega\nu * [\delta\epsilon] \tau\sigma \tau\epsilon\lambda\sigmas \eta\gamma\gamma\iota\kappa\epsilon^*$ Allthings [but] the end has approached; πνευματι. in spirit. end has approached;

σωφρονησατε ουν, και νηψατε εις τας προσbe you of same mind therefore, and be you vigilant in the

8 Προ παντων  $\delta \epsilon + \tau \eta \nu + \epsilon i s + \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \nu s$ ευχας. but the among yourselves all things

αγαπην εκτενη εχοντες ότι \*[ή] αγαπη καλυhaving; because [the] love ψει πληθος άμαρτιων· 9 φιλοξενοι εις αλληλους,

covera multitude of sins; hospitable ones towards each other, ανευ γογγυσμων. ελαβε murmurings; each one received without.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. on behalf of us-omit.

## CHAPTER IV.

1 Christ then having suffered in the Flesh, arm vourselves also with the SAME Mind, (for the having suffered in Flesh has ceased from \* Sins;)

2 so as no longer i to LIVE the REMAINING Time in the Flesh according to the Lusts of Men, but according to the Will of

God.

S For the TIME which has PASSED AWAY is sufficient tto have performed the WILL of the GENTILES, having walked in Licentiousness, Inordinate Desires, Excesses in Wine, Dissolute Revels, Intemperate Banquets, and Lawless Idolatries;

4 in which they are greatly surprised that you do not run with them the SAME Dissolute course of PROFLIGACY, blasphcm-

5 who shall give an Account to HIM I who is PRE-PARED to judge the Living

and the Dead.

6 For to this purpose were glad tidings announced also to the Dead, so that indeed they might be judged, in Flesh, according to Men, but, in Spirit, according to God.

7 I But the END of all things has approached; the you, therefore, of a sober mind, and be atten-

tive to Prayers.

8 # Above all things have fervent Love among yourselves; Because \_ Love \* covers a Multitude of

9 # Be hospitable to each other, twithout Murmur-

ings.

10 ‡As each one has

<sup>1.</sup> in-omit. 1. Sins. 3. of LIFE-omit. . the -omit. 3. for us-omit. 7. but -omit. covers.

<sup>† 1. 1</sup> Pet. iii. 18. † 1. Rom. vi. 2, 7; Gal. v. 24; Col. iii. 3, 5. † 2. Gal. ii. 20; Pet. i. 14. † 2. John i. 13; Rom. vi. 11; 2 Cor. v. 15; James i. 18. † 3. Eph. ii. iv. 17; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 5. Acts x. 42; xvii. 31. † 7. Matt. xxiv. 13, 14; Rom. i. 12; Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25. † 7. Matt. xxiv. 41; Luke xxi. 34; 1 Pet. v. 8. † 8. James v. 20. † 9. Kom. xii. 13; Heb. xiii. 2. Heb, xiii. 1; Col. iti. 14. 10. Rom. xii. 6; 1 Cor. iv. 7e 1 9. 2 Cor. ix. 7; Phil. ii. 14.

impious one and

einner

χαρισμα, εις έαυτους αυτο διακονουντες, ώς received a Free gift, so others it serving, a free-gift, for 4.3 καλοι οικονομοι ποικιλης χαριτος θεου. good etewards of manifold favor of God. 11 τις λαλει, ὡς λογια θεου ει τις διακονει, ὡς εξ suy one speaks, as oracles of God; if any one serves, as from ισχυος ής χορηγει ό θευς ίνα εν πασι δοξαζηstrength which supplies the God; so that in allthings may be gloται ό θεος δια Ιησου Χριστου, ώ εστιν ή rified the God through Jesus Anomied, to whom is the δοξα και το κρατος εις τους αιώνας των αιώνων• glory and the might for the ages of the ages; αμην. so be it.

 $^{12}$  A $\gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau o \iota$ ,  $\mu\eta$   $\xi \epsilon \nu i \zeta \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon \tau \eta$  $\epsilon \nu$ ύμιν not be you surprised with the among you Beloved ones, πυρωσει προς ύμιν γινομενη, ώς πειρασμον becoming, burnine a trial to you 2.5  $^{13}$ a $\lambda\lambda$ a  $\kappa\alpha\theta$ o ύμιν συμβαινοντες. ξενου of a strange thing to you betalling; but according to κοινωνειτε τοις του Χριστου παθημασι, χαιρεyou pastake in the of the Anointed sufferings, rejoice η ε, ίνα και εν τη αποκαλυψει της δοξης αυτου you, so that also in the revelation of the glory of him 14 Ει ονειδιζεσθε χαρητε αγαλλιωμενοι. you may rejoice exulting. If you are expreached in ονοματι Χριστου, μακαριοι. ότι το της δυζης name of Anointed, happy ones; because the of the givry και το του θεου πνευμα εφ' ύμας αναπαυεται. and theofthe God spirit OB you \*[κατα μεν αυτους βλασφημειται, κατα δε [according to inneed them he is evil spoken of, according to but 15 Μη γαρ τις δμων πασύμας δοξαζεται.] you he is glorified.] Not for any one of you γετω ώς φονευς η κλεπτης η κακοποιος, η ώς suffer as a murderer or a thief or an evil-doer, or as αλλοτριοεπισκοπος: 16 ει δε ώς Χριττιανος, πη if but as a Christian, a meddling person; αισχυνεσθω, δυξαζετω δε τον θεον εν το μερει let him be ashamed, let him glorify but the God in the respect 17 'Οτι δ καιρος του αρξασθαι το κριμα τουτω. Because the reason for the to begin the judgment απο του οικου του θεου: ει δε πρωτον αφ' ήμων, from the house of the God; if but first from τι το τελος των απειθουντων τω του θεου ευαγwhat the end of those being disabedient to the of the God glad γελιω: 18 και ει δ δικαιος μολις σωζετάι, δ and if the just one scarcely Is safe, the απεβης και άμαρτωλος που φανειται; <sup>19</sup> ώπτε

minister it among your-11 Et selves, as # Good Stewards of the Manifold Favor of

11 #If any one speak, let it be as the Oracles of God; tif any one serve, let it be as from the Strength which God supplies; so that in all things God may be glorified through Jesus Christ; t whose is the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES of the ages. Amen.

12 Beloved, be not surprised at I the FIRE among you, occurring to you for a Trial, as though some strange thing was befal-

ing you; 13 but as ‡you partake of the sufferings of the Anointed one, rejoice; so that at the REVELATION of his glory, you may rejoice exultingly.

14 If you are reproached in the Name of Christ, happy are you; Because the SPIRIT of GLORY and THAT of GOD rests or. you.

15 For # let none of you suffer as a Murderer, or a Thirf, or an Evil-doer, or as a Meddling person;

16 but if as a Christian, let him not be ashamed, t but let him glorify God \*in this NAME.

17 Because the Season is coming for the sunc-MENT to BEGIN from the HOUSE of GOD; and if it begin first from us, ‡ what the END of THOSE who are disobedient to the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

13 And if the RIGHTEous person scarcely is safe, where will the implous and the Sinner appear?

19 Therefore, let even

therefore

where will appear?

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. indeed according to them he is evil spoken of, but accordmg to you he is glorified-omit. 16. in this NAME.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 14; Titus i. 7. † 11. Jer. xxiii. 23. † 11. Rom. xii. 6-8; 1 Cor. iii. 10. † 11. Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 11. 1 Tim. vi. 16; 1 Pet. v. 11; Rov. i. 6. † 12. 1 Cor. iii. 13; 1 Pet. i. 7. † 13. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; iv. 10; 1 [od. iii. 10; 1 Pet. v. 1, 30. † 14. Matt. v. 11; James i. 12; 1 Pet. iii. 14. † 15. V Pet. ii. 20. † 16. Acts v. 41. † 17. Mat. iii. 5. † 17. Luke x. 12; 14.

και οἱ πασχοντες κατα το θελημα του θεου, also chose suffering according to the will of the God,  $\#[\omega_S]$  πιστ $\psi$  κτιση παρατιθεσθωσαν τας  $\psi$ υχας [as] to a faithful creator let commit the lives  $\#[\omega_S]$  των  $\#[\omega_S]$  εν αγαθοποιια.

\*[ ἐαυτων] εν αγαθοποιια [of themselves] in doing good.

# КЕФ. є'. 5.

1 Πρεσβυτερους \*[τους] εν ύμιν παρακαλω, ό [the] among you l'exhort, συμπρεσβυτερος και μυρτυς των του Χριστου and witness of those of the Anointed fellow-elder παθηματων, δ και της μελλουσης αποκαλυπto be revealed being about sufferings, the and of the τεσθαι δοξης κοινωνος. <sup>2</sup> ποιμανατε το εν ύμιν do you feed the among you glory partaker; ποιμνιον του θεου, \*[επισκοπουντες] μη αναγ-[overseeing,] not by conof the God, καστως, αλλ' έκουσιως μηδε αισχροκερδως, for base gain, but. voluntarily, nor atraint. αλλα προθυμως $\cdot$   $^3$  st[μηδ' ως κατακυριευοντες]nor being lords as promptly; των κληρων, αλλα τυποι γινομενοι του ποιμflock;] of the of the heritages, out patterns being 4 και φανερωθεντος του αρχιποιμενος, νιου• and having been manifested of the chief shepherd ... κομιεισθε τον άμαραντινον της δοξης στεφανον. crown. you will obtain the unfading of the glory νεωτεροι ὑποταγητε πρεσβυτεροις. <sup>5</sup> 'Ομοιως In like manner younger ones be you subject to seniors; παντες δε αλληλοις \*[ύποτασσομενοι,] την but to each other [being subject,] the ταπεινοφροσυνην εγκομβωσασθε· ότι δ  $\theta \epsilon os$ be you clothed with; because the ύπερηφανοις αντιτατσεται, ταπεινοις δε διδωσι to lowly ones but he gives 18 in opposition, to haughty ones 6 Ταπεινωθητε ουν ύπο την κραταιαν χαριν. Be you bumbled therefore under the mighty χειρα του  $\theta$ εου, ίνα ύμας ύψωση εν καιρ $\phi$ ·  $_{
m hand}$  of the God, so that you he may exalt in a season; <sup>7</sup> πασαν την μεριμναν ύμων επιρριψαντες επ the anxious care of you having cast on  $8 Nn \psi a \tau \epsilon$ , αυτον, ότι αυτφ μελει περι ύμων. him, because with him iscare concerning you. Be you sober, γρηγορησατε ό αντιδικος ύμων διαβολος, ώς beyou watchful; the opponent like of you - an accuser, λεων ωρυομενος, περιπατει, ζητων τινα κατα-

THOSE who are SUFFERING according to the WILL of God, † commit their LIVES in doing good to a Faithful Creator.

# CHAPTER V.

1 The Elders, \* therefore, who are among you I exhort, who am a co-LILDER, and ‡a Witness of the SUFFERINGS of the ANOINTED one, and ‡a PARTAKER of that GLORY which is GOING to be revealed:

2 tend the FLOCK of God which is with you, overseeing not by constraint, but voluntarily; t neither for base gain, but readily:

3 \*[neither as theing lords of the HERITAGES, but being the Patterns to the FLOCK:]

4 and when the ‡ CHIEF SHEPHERD is manifested, you will obtain the UN-FADING ‡ CROWN of

GLORY.

5 In like manner, let the Younger persons be subject to the Seniors; and fall of you submit to each other, and be clothed with HUMILITY; Because ## God is opposed to the Haughty, ## but he bestows Favor on the Humble.

6 ‡ Be you humbled, therefore, under the MIGHTY Hand of GOD, that he may exalt You in

due Time;

7 thaving east All your ANXIETY on him, Because he eares for you.

8 ‡ Be sober, be vigilant; your opponent, the Enemy, like a roaring Lion, is walking about, \* seeking to devour;

roaring,

a lion

walks about, seeking whom he may

VATIGAN MANUSCRIFT.—19. as—omit.
1. therefore.
2. overseeing—omit.
S. seeking to devour.

<sup>19.</sup> of themselves—omit. 1. the—omit. 3.—omit. 5. being subject—omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Psa. xxxi. 5; Luke xxiii 46. † 1. Luke xxiv. 43; Acts i. 8, 22; v. 32; x. 39. † 1. Rom. viii. 17; Rev. i. 9. † 2. John xxi. 15—17; Acts xx. 28. † 2. 1 Tim. iii, 8, 6; Titus i. 7. † 3. 2 Cor. i. 24. † 3. 1 Tim. iv. 12; Titus ii. 7. † 2. 4. Heb. xiii. 20. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8; James i. 12. † 5. Rom. xii. 10; Epa...v. 21; Phil. ii. 8. † 5. James iv. 6. † 5. Isa. Ivii. 15; Ixvi. 2. † 6. James iv. 10. † 7. Psa. xxxvii. 5; Iv. 22; Matt. vi. 25; Luke xii. 11, 22; Heb. xiii. 5. † 8. Luke xxi. 34, 36; 1 Thess. v. 6.

αντιστητε στερεο! τη  $\pi i \eta$ .  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota$ , guip down; to whom be you opposed steadfast ones in the faith, ειδοτες, τα αυτα των παθηματών τη εν κοσμώ knowing, the same kinds of the authorities by the in world αδελφοτητι επιτελεισθαι. Το δε θεος πασης αδελφοτητι επιτελεισθαι. brotherhood to be fully endured. " The and God ofall χαριτος δ καλεσας ήμας εις την αιωνιον αύτου favor that one having called us into the >- 3-lasting of himself δοξαν εν Χριστ $\varphi$  \*[Ιησου,] ολ. γον παθοντας, glory by Anointed [Jesus,] i.little havingsuffered, \*[ὑμας,] στηριξει, σθενω[you,] he will confirm, he will αυτος καταρτισαι himself to complete 11 Αυτφ \* [ ή δοξα, και]
Το him [the glory, And] \*[θεμελιωσει.] strengthen, [he will establish.] το κρατος εις τους αιωνας \* [των αιωνων.] αμην. the power for the ages [of the ages;] so he it.  $^{12}\Delta\iota\alpha$ Σιλουανου ύμιν του πιστου αδελφου, Silvanus to you of the faithful By means of a brother, ώς λογιζομαι, δι' ολιγων εργραψα, παρακαλων a few I have written, I think, in exhorting και επιμαρτυρων ταυτην ειναι αληθη χαριν του and strongly testifying this to be true favor of the 13 Ασπαζεται ύμας ή  $\theta \in \mathcal{O}$  ,  $\epsilon$  is  $\eta \nu \in \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon$ . in which you have stood. Salutea you she εν Βαβυλωνι συνεκλεκτη, και Μαρκος δ υίσς Babylon chosen jointly, and Mark the son  $^{14}$ Ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι μου. Salute you each other with akis αγαπης. Ειρηνη ύμιν πασι τοις εν Χριστω P'ace to you to all those in of love. Anointed \*[Ιησου.] [Jeaua.]

9 to whom be opposed, standing firm in the FAITH; throwing that the SAME SUFFERINGS are fully endured by YOUR Brotherhood in the World.

10 And THAT GOD of All Favor, I who has CALLED '\* you to His AIONIAN Glory, by \* the ANOINTED one, when you have suffered a short time, \* will himself I complete, confirm, strengthen you.

II ‡To him be the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES. Amen.

12 By †Silvanus, a FAITHFUL Brother to you, (as I think,) I have † written briefly, exhorting and strongly testifying that this is the True Favor of God in which \* you stand 13 That CO-ELECT

† Congregation in Babylon salutes you, and ‡ Mark my sox.

14 ‡ Salute each other with a Kiss of Love. ‡ Peace be to you All in Christ Jesus.\* ■

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—10. you.—10. the Anointed one.—10. Jesus—mit. 10. will himself.—10. you—mit.—10. he will establish—mit.—11. the GLORY and—omit.—11. of the ages—omit.—12, you should stard.—14. Jesus—omit.—12. you should stard.—14. Jesus—omit.—15. Subscription—First of Peter.—10. the Anointed one.—10. Jesus—omit.—10. he will establish—omit.—11. the Anointed one.—10. Jesus—omit.—10. Jesus—omit.—10. he will establish—omit.—11. the Anointed one.—10. Jesus—omit.—11. Jesus—omit.—11. Jesus—omit.—12. 
<sup>† 15.</sup> The word Congregation is supplied by the Syriac, Vulgate, and by other ancient versions. Grotius approves the addition, and Beta observes that Peter omitted the word exclesia as is often done with regard to words in cor monuse. But Mill and Wall think the translation should be, "She who is in Babylon," and that the apostle meant his own wife, or some honorable woman in that city. Lardner says, it is not probable that Peter would send a salutation to the Christians of so many countries, from a woman not named.—Macknight.

<sup>19.</sup> Eph. vi. 11, 13; James iv. 7.

19. Acts xiv. 22; 1 Thess. iii. 3.

10. Cor. i. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 12.

10. Heb. xnf. 21; Jude 24.

11. 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. i. 6;

112. P Cor. i. 19.

113. Acts xii. 12, 25.

144. Eph. vi. 23.

144. Eph. vi. 23.

# HETPOΥ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΔΕΥΤΕΡΑ, OF PETER [AN EPISTLE] SECOND.

# \*SECOND OF PETER.

# КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Συμεων Πετρος, δουλος και αποστολος Ιη-Peter, a bondman aud an apostle σου Χριστου, τοις ισοτιμον ήμιν λαχουσι πισ-Jesus Anointed, to those equally precious to us having obtained faith τιν εν δικαιοσυνη του θεου ήμων και σωτηρος by rightcourness of the God of us and of a savior Ιησου Χριστου<sup>, 2</sup> χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πλη-Jesus Anointed, favor to you and peace may be may he θυνθειη εν επιγνωσει του θεου, και Ιησου του multiplied by aknowledge of the God, and of Jesus the 3'Ως παντα ήμιν της θειας δυνακυριου ήμων. Lord of us. 211 tous of the divine ευσεβειαν ζωην  $\pi \rho os$ μεως αυτου τα Kal of him the things in respect to life and piety δεδωρημενης, δια της επιγνωσεως του καλεhaving been granted, through the knowledge of the one hav-4 (51' δοξης και αρετης. δια σαντος ήμας us by meaus of glory and virtue: (through ing called ών το μεγιστα ήμιν και τιμια επαγγελματα greatest to us and precious  $\delta \epsilon \delta \omega$ ρηται, ίνα  $\delta$ ια τουτ $\omega$ ν γενησ $\theta \epsilon$  $\theta \in \iota \alpha s$ have been given, so that through these you might become of a divine κοινωνοι φυσεως αποφυγοντές της εν κοπμώ, having fled away from the in  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \pi \iota \theta \upsilon \mu \iota \alpha \Phi \upsilon \rho \alpha s )$   $5 \kappa \alpha \iota \alpha \upsilon \tau \upsilon \tau \upsilon \tau \upsilon \delta \epsilon$ also this thing and by inordinate desire corruption;) very σπουδην πασαν παρεισενεγκαντες: επιχορηγηall having brought in beside; do you superdiligence σατε εν τη πιστει ύμων της αρετην, εν δε τη the Jurtitude. to and the faith ofyqu αρέτη την γνωσιν, ε εν δε τη γνωσει την εγκραfortitude the knowledge, to and the knowledge the self-con\_ τειαν, εν δε τη εγκρατεια την ύπομονι, εν δε to and the self-control the patience τη υπομονή την ευσεβειαν, 7 εν δε 🔥 ευσεβεια to and the the patience the plety, την φιλαδελφιαν, εν δε τη φιλαδελφια την the brotherly-kindness, to and the brotherly-kindness the <sup>8</sup>Ταυτα γαρ ύμιν 5παρχοντα και αγαπην. These things for to you belonging and love. πλεοναζοντα, ουκ αργους ουδε ακαρπους καθισabounding, not idle ones nor unfruitful ones they make τησιν εις την του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου

### CHAPTER I.

1 Simon Peter, a Bondservant and an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to THOSE who have OBTAINED \$\frac{1}{2}\$ an Equally precious Faith with us, by the Righteonsness of our God and Savior Jesus Christ;

2 ‡ may Favor and Peace be multiplied to You by a Knowledge of GoD and of

Jesus our Lord;

3 even as his divine Power has granted to us All THINGS relating to Life and Piety, ‡through the KNOWLEDGE of HIM ‡who CALLED us † by Glory and Virtue;

4 ton account of which very great and Precious Promises have been bestowed on us, so that through these you might become the particle of a Divine Nature, thaving fled away from the consuprion that is in \*the world through Lust;

5 and for this very thing also, ‡ using all Diligence, superadd to your FAITH FORTITUDE, and to FOR-TITUDE KNOWLEDGE,

6 and to KNOWLEDGE SELF-CONTROL, and to SELF-CONTROL PATIENCE, and to PATIENCE PIETY,

7 and to PIETY BROTHERLY-KINDNESS, and to BROTHERLY-KIND-NESS LOVE.

8 For these things being in You and abounding, they will not permit you

ratio- they will not permit you they make to be inactive ‡nor unfruitριστου ful in the KNOWLEDGE of Anointed our LORD Jesus Christ;

of us

in the of the Lord

Jesus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-Second of Peter.

<sup>4.</sup> the world.

<sup>+ 3.</sup> by a Glorious Kindness.—Wakefield. By his own illustrious perfections.—Dickenson. A different reading, and from the authorities by which it is supported appearing to be a genuine one is as follows;—"by his own glory and power," or "by his own glorious power."

 $\epsilon\pi i \gamma \nu \omega \sigma i \nu$ ,  $9 \, \psi \gamma \alpha \rho \, \mu \eta \, \pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau i \, \tau \alpha \nu \tau a$ ,  $\tau \nu \phi$ -knowledge; to whom for not in present those things, blind blind λος εστι, μυωπαζων, ληθην λαβων is, being short-nighted, a forgetfulness having received of the καθαρισμου των παλαι αύτου άμαρτηματων. purification of the old of himself sius. <sup>10</sup> Διο μαλλον, αδελφοι, σπουδασατε βεβαιαν brethren, do you earnestly strive sure Therefore rather, ύμων την κλησιν και εκλογην ποιεισθαι· ταυτα of you the calling and election to make; these things 11 Ούτω γαρ ποιουντες ου μη πταισητε ποτε. not not you may fall at any time. for doing γαρ πλουσιως επιχορηγηθησεται ύμιν ή εισοfor richly will be furnished to you the e11δος εις την αιωνιον βασιλειαν του κυριου ήμων ofus trance into the age-lasting kingdom of the Lord 12 Διο ουκ αμεκαι σωτηρος Ιησου Χριστου. Jesus Anninted. Therefore not I will and Savior λησω αει ύμας ύπομιμνησκειν περι τουτων, neglect always you to remind concerning these things, καιπερ ειδοτας, και εστηριγμενους εν τη παρουalthough knowing, and being established in thes present 13 Δικαιον δε ήγουμαι, εφ' όσον ση αληθεια. trath. Right and I think, in as much as ειμι εν τουτφ τφ σκηνωματι, διεγειρειν ύμας εν the tabernacle, to stir up lam in this you ύπομνησει 14 ειδως, ότι ταχινη εστιν ή απο-

a reminding; knowing, that near at hand it is the Isying θεσις του σκηνωματος μου, καθως και δ κυριος anide of the tabernacle of me, sy even the Lord  $^{15}\Sigma\pi\sigma\sigma\nu$ ήμων Ιησους Χοιστος ηδηλωσε μοι. declared to me. Anointed δασω δε και έκαστοτε, εχειν ύμας μετα την endeavorbut also always, to have you after εμην εξοδον. την τουτων μνημην ποιεισθαι.

my departure, the of these things are collection to make.

16 Ου γάρ σεσοφισμένοις μυθοις εξακολουθη-

Not for having been cunningly devised tales having followed σαντες εγνωρισαμεν ύμιν την του κυριου ήμων we made known to you the of the Lord ofus Ιησου Χριστου δυναμιν και παρουσιαν, αλλ' presence, power and Anointed εποπται γενηθεντες της εκεινου μεγαλειοτητος. lookers un having become of the of that  $^{17}$   $\Lambda \alpha \beta \omega \nu$   $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha$   $\theta \epsilon o \nu$   $\pi \alpha \tau \rho o s$   $\tau \iota \mu \eta \nu$  Having received for from God a father honor Kal and δοξαν, φωνης ενεχθεισης αυτώ τοιασδε ύπο glory, from a voice having been brought to him uf this kind by της μεγαλοπρεπους δοξης. Ούτος εστιν δ υίος magnificent glory; This is the FOR <sup>18</sup> Kaı μου δ αγαπητος, εις δν εγω ευδοκησα. beloved, in whom I am delighted. ταυτην την φωνην ήμεις ηκουσαμεν εξ ουρανου heard from beaven

9 for he who is not possessed of these things 1 is blind, closing his eyes, having become forgetful of the purification of his old Sins.

10 Therefore, Brethren, more earnestly endeavor to make Your CALLING and Election sure; since by doing These things you will never fall;

11 for thus richly will be furnished to you the EN-TRANCE into the AIONIAN Kingdom of our LORD and Savior Jesus Christ.

12 Therefore ‡ I will
\* not neglect always to remind You of these things,
‡ although you know and
are established in the
PRESENT Truth.

13 And I think it right, ‡ as long as I am in This TABERNACLE, to excite you by Remembrance;

14 ‡knowing That the LAYING ASIDE of my TABERNACLE is at hand, even as ‡ our LORD Jesus Christ declared to me.

15 Now I will also endeavor always to have you, after MY Departure, to make MENTION of these things.

16 For we have not been following 1 Cunningly devised Tales, in making known to you the Power and Appearance of our Lord Jesus Christ, but twere Beholders of THAT Greatness.

17 For having received from God the Father Honer and Glory, a Voice of this kind was brought to him by the MAGNIFICENT Glory—‡"This is my \*son, "the Beloved, in whom " E delight."

18 And This VOICE which was brought from

Vatican Manuscript.—12. be ready always.

<sup>17.</sup> my son, my BELOVED.

<sup>† 9. 1</sup> John ii. 9, 11. † 9. Eph. v. 26; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John i. 7. † 10. 2 Pet. iii. 17- † 12. Rom. xv. 14, 15; Phil. iii. 1; 2 Pet. iii. 1; 1 John ii. 21; Jude 5. † 12. i Pet. v. 12; 2 Pet. iii. 17- † 13. 2 Cor. v. 1, 4. † 14. 2 Tim. iv. 6. † 14. John xxi. 18, 19. † 16. 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. ii 17; iv. 2. † 16. Mart. xvii. 1, 2; Mark ix. 2; Joha 1, 14; 1 John i. 1. † 17. Matt. iii. 17; xvii. 5; Mark i. 11; 1x. 7; Luke iii. 22; ix. 35.

 $\epsilon \nu \epsilon i \chi \theta \epsilon i \sigma \alpha \nu$   $\sigma \nu \nu$   $\sigma \nu \tau \phi$   $\sigma \nu \tau \epsilon s$   $\epsilon \nu \star \tau \phi$   $\sigma \rho \epsilon i \tau \phi$ having been brought with him being in [the] mountain the άγιφ, <sup>19</sup> και εχομεν βεβαιοτερον τον προφητιholy, and we have more firm the prophetic ώ καλως ποιειτε προσεχοντες, κον λογον word; to which well taking heed, you do ώς λυχνφ φαινοντι εν αυχμηρφ τοπφ, έως ού in a filthy shining place, till of which ήμερα διαυγαση, και φωσφορος ανατειλη ε**ν** a day may shine through, and bringing light may arise τας καρδιαις ύμων. 20 τουτο πρωτον γινωσκονknowing, hearts ofyou; this first τες, ότι πασα προφητεια γραφης, ιδιας επιλυall prophecy of a writing, of its own loos- $^{21}$  Ou yap  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \tau \iota \ \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega$ σεως ου γινεται. Not for by will που ηνεχθη ποτε προφητεια, αλλ' ύπο πνευμαwas brought at any time prophecy, but bу spirit τος άγιου φερομενοι ελαλησαν \*[άγιοι] θεου holy being moved spoke of God ανθρωποι. men.

# KEΦ. β'. 2.

1Εγενοντο δε και ψευδοπροφηται εν τφ λαφ, false prophets among the people, but even ώς και εν ύμιν εσονται ψευδοδιδασκαλοι, οίτινες wiltbe as also among you false teachers, παρεισαξουσιν αίρεσεις απωλειας, και τον αγοof destruction, even the having will privately introduce heresies ραπαντα αυτους δεσποτην αρνουμενοι, επαγονthem sovereign Lord denying, bringing τες έαυτοις ταχινην απωλειαν $^{2}$  (και πολλοι themselves swift destruction; /nd many **€**ξακολουθησουσιν ασελγειαις, αυτων Tais will follow of them the impure practices, ούς ή όδος της αληθειας βλασφημηθηwill be evilspoken on account of whom the way of the truth  $^3$ και  $\epsilon \nu$  πλ $\epsilon$ ον $\epsilon$ ξια πλαστοις λογοις σεται·) and by covetousness of;) deceitful ύμας εμπορευσονται· οίς το κριμα εκταλαι ουκ you they will make gain of; to whom the judgment of old 4 Ει αργει, και ή απωλεια αυτων ου νυστα(ει. lingers, and the destruction of them not slumbers. γαρ δ θεος αγγελων αμαρτησαντων for the God messengers having sinned ouk εφειnot spared, (οφου ταρταρωσας σατο, αλλα σειραις but with chains of thick darkness having confined in Tartarus παρεδωκεν εις κρισιν τηρουμενους. 5 και αρχαιhe delivered up for a judgment being kept; and of old ου κοσμου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ογδοον Νωε διbut eighth Noah a world not he spared, of

Heaven we heard, being with him on the HOLY Mountain.

And we have the PROPHETIC Werd more confirmed, to which you do well, taking heed, (as to ‡a Lamp shining in a Dark Place, till the Day dawn, and the Lightbringer may arise,) in your HEARTS;

20 This first ascertaining, That All Prophecy of Scripture is not of its own

Solution; 21 for not at any time was # Prophecy brought by the Will of Man, # but \* Men from God spoke, be. ing moved by holy Spirit.

### CHAPTER II.

1 But # there were even False Prophets among the PEOPLE, as also # there will be False teachers among you, who will privately introduce destructive Heresies, even #denying the sovereign Lord ‡ BOUGHT them, thringing on themselves Swift Destruction.

2 And many will follow Their Impurities; on account of whom the WAY of TRUTH wi! be reviled;

3 and # with Covetousness they ‡ will make gain of You with Deceitful Words; whose JUDGMENT of old does not linger, and their destruction does not slumber.

4 For if God did not the Angels who sinned, but having confined them in Tartarus with Chains of Thick darkness, delivered them over into custody for Judgment;

5 and did not spare the Old World, but kept in safety Noah, the Eighth

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. the-omit. 21. holy-omit. 21. Men from God spoke. ‡ 21. 2 Tim. iii. 16; 1 19. Psa. exix. 105; John v. 35. 18. Matt. xvii. 6. j l. ma. Jude 18. 1 Pet. i. 18; Rev. v. 9. 1 Tim. vi. 5.

καιοσυνης κηρυκα εφυλαξε κατακλυσμον κοσrighteousness. a herald he kept safe a deluge to a ασεβων επαξας.  $^{6}$  και πολεις Σοδομων world of impious ones having brought; and cities of Sodom και Γομορράς τεφρωσας \* [καταστροφη] κατεand Gomorrahhaving reduced to ashes [to an overthrow] he conκρινεν, ύποδειγμα μελλοντων ασεβειν τεθειfuture to be impious having an example  $^{7}$  και δικαιον  $\Lambda \omega \tau$ καταπονουμενον Lot and bren placed; just being wearied ύπο της των αθεσμων εν ασελγεια αναστροφης by the of the lawless ones in lewdness of behavior ερφυσατο 8 (βλεμματι γαρ και ακοη δ δικαι-(in seeing for and in bearing the just one, ος, εγκατοικών εν αυτοις, ήμεραν εξ ήμερας among them, day Ьy dweiling εβασανι(εν·) ψυχην δικαιαν ανομοις εργοις righteous with lawless deeds coul was tormeuted;) 9 οιδε κυριος ευσεβεις εκ πειρασμου ρυεσθαι, knows Lord pious ones out of temptation to rescue, αδικους δε εις ήμεραν κρισεως κολαζομενους unjust ones but for aday of judgment being but off τηρειν· <sup>10</sup> μαλιστα δε τους οπισω σαρκος εν to be kept; especially but those after επιθυμια μιασμου πορευομενους, και κυριοτητος of pollution going, aud Τολιιηται, αυθαδεις, δοξας καταφρονουντας. Dariug, despielng. self-willed, of dignities 11 όπου αγγελοι ου τρεμουσι βλασφημουντες. not they are afraid apeaking evil; where mennengere ισχυι και δυναμει μειζονες οντες, ου φερυυσι being, not bring instrength and power greater αυτων παρα κυριώ βλασφημον κρισιν· against them frum Lord a railing judgment; 12 ούτοι δε, ώς αλογα ζωα, φυσικα, γεγενηthese but, like irrational animals, having been natural, μενα εις άλωσιν και φθοραν, εν ois αγmade for capture and slaughter, in which things they do βλασφημουντες, εν τη φθορα αυτωνnd reviling, in the corruption of them νοουσι not understand 13 κομιουμενοι μισθον καταφθαρησονται, they will be destroyed, receiving a reward of unήδονην ήγουμενοι την εν ήμερα τρυrighteousness; a pleasure esteeming the in day lux. φην, σπιλοι και μωμοι, εντρυφωντές εν ταις and stains. revelling in the απαταις αύτων, συνενωχουμενοι ύμιν,  $^{14}$  οφθαλdeceptions of themselves, feasting together with you, μους εχοντες μεστους μοιχαλιδος και ακαταfull of an adulteress and unre\_ having παυστους άμαρτιας, δελεαζοντες ψυχας αστη-

ta Herald of Righteonsness, bringing ta Deluge on a World of Impious men;

6 and condemned the Cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, ‡reducing them to ashes, ‡making them an Example for the impious hereafter;

7 that rescued Righteous Lot, being grievously harassed with the lewd conduct of the Law-

LESS;

8 (for that RIGHTEOUS man dwelling among them, was Daily tormenting his righteous Soul, by seeing and hearing their Lawless Deeds;)

9 the Lord knows how to rescue the Pious out of Trial, and to keep the Unrighteous for a Day of Judgment to be cut off;

10 but more especially THOSE who go after the Flesh in the Lust of Pollution, and who despise Dominion; daring, self-willed, they are not afraid to revile Dignities,

11 where the Angels who are greater in Strength and Power do not bring against them a Reviling Judgment from the Lord;

12 but these, ‡ like natural Irrational Animals, made for capture and slaughter, reviling things which they do not understand, will be destroyed by their own CORECTION.

13 \*receiving ta Reward of Unrighteousness. They esteem tluxurious frestivity by Day a Pleasure; tSpots and Blemishes, revelling in their \*LOVE-FEASTS, twhile feasting together with you;

14 having Eyes full of an Adulteress, and unrestrained from Sin, alluring

alluring

from ain,

souls

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 6. to an Overthrow-omit. they have a Reward of Unrighteousness. 13. LOVE-FEASTS.

<sup>13.</sup> being Unrighteous.

<sup>† 5, 1</sup> Pet. iii. 10. † 5, 2 Pet. iii. 6. † 6, Gen. xix. 24; Deut. xxix. 25; Jude 7, 6, Num. xxvi. 10. † 7, Gen. xix. 16. † 9, Psa. xxxiv. 17, 10; 1 Cor. x. 13. † 12. Jude 19. † 13. Phil. iii. 19. † 15. Rom. xiii. 13. † 13. Jude 12. † 14. Jude 12. † 15. Phil. iii. 19. † 15.

πλεονεξιας γεγυμνασμενην DIKTOUS, καρδιαν baving been trained for covetousness a heart

εχοντες, καταρας τεκνα, 15 καταλιποντες ευθειhaving left of a curse children, having,

επλανηθησαν, εξακολουθησαντες τη αν όδον. having followed in the they wandered, way, αδι-

όδφ του Βαλααμ του Βοσορ, δε μισθον of the Bosor, who a reward of unrighteway of the Balaam κιας ηγαπησεν, 16 ελεγξιν δε εσχεν ιδιας παρα-

a reproof but he had of his own transloved, νομιας· ύποζυγιον αφωνον, εν ανθρωπου  $\phi\omega\nu\eta$ gression; a beast of burden dumb, with of man a voice

εκωλυσε την του προφητου φθεγξαμενον, of the prophet the having spoken, restrained

17 Ούτοι εισι πηγαι ανυδροι, και παραφρονίαν. are fountains without water, and These madness. ελαυνομεναι οίς δ

δμιχλαι ύπο λαιλαπος being driven; for which the a whirlwind bу \*[ $\epsilon$ is  $\alpha$ i $\omega$ v $\alpha$ ]  $\tau$  $\epsilon$  $\tau$  $\eta$  $\rho$  $\eta$  $\tau$  $\alpha$ i. ζοφος του σκοτους

has been kept. gloom of the darkness [for an age] ματαιοτητος φθεγγομενοι 18 Υπερογκα γαρ epeaking Swellinge for

 $\delta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \alpha \langle o \nu \sigma i \nu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \pi i \theta \nu \mu i \alpha i s \sigma \alpha \rho \kappa \sigma s, \alpha \sigma \epsilon \lambda \gamma \epsilon i \alpha i s,$ of flesh, by impurities, they allure by lusts τους όλιγως αποφυγοντας τους εν πλανη ανασ-

those scarcely having fled away from those in τρεφομενους· 19 ελευθεριαν αυτοις επαγγελλο-

promising freedom to them ing;

μενοι, αυτοι δουλοι ύπαρχοντες της φθορας. of the corruption: being themselves slaves ήττηται, τουτφ και δεδουλω-

γαρ τις by what for any one has been overcome, by this also he has been en\_ 20 Ει γαρ αποφυγοντές τα μιασματά του τaι. If for having fled away from the pollutions of the slaved. κοσμου εν επιγνωσει του κυριου και σωτηρος

by a knowledge of the Lord and savior Ιησου Χριστου, τουτοις δε παλιν εμπλακεντες with these and again having been entangled

ήττωνται, γεγονέν αυτοις τα εσχατα χειρονα they are overcome, has become to them the things last

21 Κρειττον γαρ ην αυτοις, μη των πρωτων. Better for it was for them, of the

επεγνωκεναι την όδον της δικαιοσυνης, η επιγway of the righteousness, than having to have known the

νουσιν επιστρεψαι εκ της παραδοθεισης αυτοις known to have turned back from the having been delivered to them άγιας εντολης.

 $\begin{array}{c} 22 \sum v \mu \beta \epsilon \beta \eta \kappa \epsilon & *[\delta \epsilon] \text{ autois } \tau o \\ \text{It has happened} & [\text{but}] \text{ to them} & \text{the} \end{array}$ noly commandment.

unstable Souls; ‡ having a Heart exercised in Lasciviousness; Children of a Curse;

15 having forsaken the Right Path, they wandered; having followed the WAY of # BALAAM, the son of \* BEOR, they loved the Reward of Unrighteous-

16 but he had a Reproof for His Transgression; a dumb Beast, speaking with a \* Man's Voice restrained the MADNESS of the PROPHET.

17 ‡ These are Fountains without water, and Fogs driven along by a Whirlwind, for whom the GLOOM of DARKNESS is reserved.

18 For tspeaking extravagant words of Vanity, they allure by Sensual Lusts and Impure practises, THOSE who had scarcely FLED AWAT from THOSE LIVING in Error; 19 promising #Freedom

to them, being themselves Slaves of CORRUPTION; for by what any one has been overcome, to this also he has been enslaved. 20 For ‡if, having fled away from the POLLU-TIONS of the WORLD, by the Knowledge of our LORD and Savior Jesus Christ, and having been again entangled they are overcome by them, the LAST state with them has

FIRST. 21 For ‡it were better for them not to have known the WAY of RIGHT-EOUSNESS, than having known it, to have turned back from the HOLY Commandment DELIVERED to them.

become worse than the

22 But it has happened

16.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. BEOR, they loved the Reward of Unrighteousness. n's. 19. for an Age-omit. 22. but-omit.

της αληθους παροιμίας: Κυων επιστρεψας επι of the true proverb, A dog having turned back to το ιδιον εξεραμα: και: 'Υς λουσαμενη, εις the own vomit; and; A hoghaving been washed, to κυλισμα βορβορου. Arolling-place of wire.

# KEΦ, $\gamma'$ . 3.

Taυτην ηδη, αγαπητοι, δευτεραν υμιν
This now, beloved ones, second to you γραφω επιστολην, εν αίς διεγειρω ύμων εν Twrite aletter, ta which Istirup of you by ύπομνησει την ειλικρινη διανοιαν <sup>2</sup>μνησθηναι to be mindful a remembrance the sincers mind; των προειρημενών βηματών ύπο των άγιων of the having been spoken before words by the holy προφητων, και της των αποστολων ήμων ενprophets, and of the of the apostles ofus comτολης του κυριου και σωτηρος. 3 τουτο πρωthis mandment of the Lord and savior; τον γινωσκοντες, ότι ελευσονται επ' εσχατου knowing, that will come in last των ἡμερων εν εμπαιγμονη εμπαικται, κατα τας of the days with scotling scotlers, according to the ιδιας επιθυμιας αύτων πορευομενοι, <sup>4</sup> και λεγονown lusts of themselves walking, and saving; τες. Που αστιν ή επαγγελία της παρουτίας Where is the promise of the presence αυτου; αφ' ής γαρ οι πατερες εκοιμηθησαν, nothin? from of which for the fathers fell asleep, παντα ούτω διαμενει απ' αρχης κτισεως. althings thus femains from a beginning of creation. 3 Λανθανει γαρ αυτους τουτο θελοντας, ότι ουρα-It escapes notice for them this being willing, that heavνοι ησαν εκπαλαι, και γη εξ ύδατος και δι' ens were of old, sud earth out of water and through ύδατος  $\sigma v \nu \epsilon \sigma \tau \omega \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\tau \omega \tau \sigma v \theta \epsilon \sigma v \lambda \sigma \gamma \omega$ , water having been placed together, by the of the God word, εςι ων δ τοτε κοσμος ύδατι καταby means of which things the then world by water having κλυσθεις απωλετος 7 οί ζε νυν ουρανοι και ή γη been deluged was destroyed; the but now heavens and the earth  $T_{ij}$  αυτου λογ $\phi$   $\tau \epsilon \theta \eta \sigma$  αυρισμένοι είσι,  $\pi$ υρι by the him word having been treasured up are, for fire τηρουμενοι εις ήμιεραν κρισεως και απωλειας being kept to a day of judgment and destruction των ασεβων ανθρωπων. 8 Έν δε τουτο μη One but this of the impious men. not λανθανετω ύμας, αγαπητοι, ότι μια ἡμερα παρα let escape you, heloved ones, that one day with κυριφ ώς χιλια ετη, και χιλια ετη ώς ήμερα Lord as a thousand years, and a thousand years as aday 9 Ου βραδυνει \*[δ] κυριος της επαγγε-Not uslow [the] Lord of the promise, ώς τινες βραδυτητα ήγουνται αλλα λιαs, slowness account; aome. but

to them according to the TRUE Proverb; to The Dog returned to his own Vount; and the washed llog to Rolling in Mire."

## CHAPTER III.

1 This Second Epistle, Reloved, I now write to you, in both of which II stir up Your SINGERE Minds by Remembrance:

2 to recollect the words PREVIOUSLY SPOKEN by the HOLY Prophets, and of the COMMANDMENT of our LORD and Savier, by the APOSTLYS;

3 thowing This first, That in the Last of the DAYS Scoffers will come with scotling, twalking after their Own Lusts.

4 and saying, ‡ "Where is the PROMISE of his PRESENCE? for from the time the FATHERS fell askeep, all things continue in this way from the Beginning of the Creation."

5 For this purposely escapes them. That the Heavens were of old, and the Earth out of Water and by means of Water subsists, the word of Gon;

6 \$ by which the THEN WORLD was destroyed by a Deluge of Water.

7 But the present HEAVENS and the EARTH, by the \*SAME Word, are treasured up, being kept for Fire to a Day of Judgment and Destruction of IMPIOUS Men.

8 But let not this One thing escape You, B. loved, That One Day with the Lord is as a Thousand Years, and \$\frac{1}{2}a\$ Thousand Years as one Day.

9 ‡The Lord of the PROMISE is not slow. 23 some regard Slowness, but

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. SAME Word.

<sup>9,</sup> the-omit.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Prov. xxvi. 11. † 1. 2 Pet. i. 13. † 2. Jude 17. † 3. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1; Jude 18. † 3. 2 Pet. ii. 10. † 4. Isa. v. 19; Jer. xvii. 15; Ezek. xvi. 2; 2; 7; Matt. xxiv. 48; Luke xii. 45. † 5. Psa. xxiv. 2; exxvvi. 6. † 5. Gen. i. 6, 0; 18st. xxxiii. 6. † 6. Gen. vii. 11—23; ii. 5. † 8. Psa. rc. 4. † 9. Heb. ii. 3; Heb. x. 52

μακροθυμει εις ήμας μη βουλομενος τινας απο- tis patient towards us, not is long-suffering towards us not desiring some λεσθαι, αλλα παντας εις μετανοιαν χωρησαι. perish, but all for a reformation 10 Ήξει δε ή ήμερα κυριου ώς κλεπτης, εν of Lord as in which Will come but the day a thief. οί ουρανοι δοιζηδον παρελευσονται, στοιχεια the heavens with arushing sound will pass away, elements δε καυσουμενα λυθησονται, και γη και τα εν and burning intensely will be dissolved, and earth and all 11 Τουτων αυτη εργα κατακαησεται. ουν will be burned up. Of these things therefore her works λυομενων, ποταπους δει **ύπαρχειν** παντων being dissolved, what ones it behoves to be 211 \*[ύμας] εν άγιαις αναστοφαις και ευσεβειαις; in holy conduct 12 προσδοκωντας και σπευδοντας την παρουσιαν and hastening the looking for presence της του θεου ήμερας, δi, ήν ουρανοι πυρουday, on account of which heavens being on of the of the God μενοι ληθησονται, και στοιχεια καυσουμενα and burning intensely will be dissolved, elements  $^{13}$  Kaivous  $\delta\epsilon$  oupavous και  $\gamma\eta\nu$  καιτηκεται. but heavens and earth melts. κατα το επαγγελμα αυτου προσδοκωμεν, according to the promise of him we look for.

 $^{14}$   $\Delta \omega$ ,  $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau \omega$ , εν οίς δικαιοσυνη κατοικει. in which righteousness dwells. Therefore, beloved once, ταυτα προσδοκωντες, σπουδασατε ασπιλοι κα! these things looking for, do you diligently endeavor spotless <sup>15</sup> και την ομωμητοι αυτφ ευρεθηναι εν ειρηνη, blameless by him to be found in peace, and the του κυριου ήμων μακροθυμιαν, σωτηριαν ήγεισθε. of us long-suffering, salvation do you reckon; of the Lord καθως και δ αγαπητος ήμων αδελφος Παυλος of us brother also the beloved την αυτω δοθεισαν σοφιαν εγραψεν according to the to him having been given wisdom wrote ύμιν, 16 ώς και εν πασαις \*[ταις] επιστολαις, letters, as also in all [the] to you, λαλων εν αυταις περι τουτων. εν οίς εστι δυσepeaking in them concerning these; in which is hardly

τοι στεβλουσιν, ως και τας λοιπας γραφας, προς as also the remaining writings,  $^{17}$  'Y $\mu\epsilon\iota s$  our,  $\alpha\gamma\alpha$ την ιδιαν αύτων απωλειαν. the own of themselves destruction. You therefore,

ά οἱαμαθεις και

wishing that any one should perish, that that all should come to Reformation.

10 But the DAY of the Lord will come as a Thief. in which the HEAVENS shall pass away with a rushing sound, and the Elements burning intensely shall be dissolved, and the Earth and the WORKS in it shall be \* burned up.

11 All These things. \* therefore, being dissolved, what persons ought we to be I in Holy Conduct and

Pietv ?-

12 texpecting and hastening the PRESENCE of the DAY of GOD, on account of which the Heavens being on fire will t be dissolved, and the Elements ! burning intensely will melt.

13 But we, according to his PROMISE, are looking for ! New Heavens and a new Earth, in which dwells Righteousness.

14 Therefore, Beloved, looking for These things. diligently endeavor to be found by him in Peace, spotless and blameless;

and reckon the PATIENCE of our LORD as Salvation; even as our BELOVED Brother Paul, according to the WISDOM IMPARTED to him, wrote to vou;

16 as also in All his Epistles, ‡speaking in them concerning these things; in which some things are hard to be understood; which the un-INSTRUCTED and Unstable pervert, as also the OTHER Scriptures, to Their own Destruction.

17 Do nou therefore Be-

τινα,

understood some things, which those unlearned

αστηρικ-

unstable

and

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. discovered. the-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> thus.

<sup>11.</sup> you-omit.

<sup>16-</sup>

<sup>† 9.</sup> Isa. xxx. 18; 1 Pet. ii1. 20. † 9. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Tim. ii. 4. † 10. Matt. xxiv. 43; Luke xii. 39; 1 Thess. v. 2; Rev. iii. 3; xvi. 15. † 11. 1 Pet. i. 15. † 12. 1 Cor. i. 7; Titus ii. 13. † 12. Psa. l. 3; Isa. xxxiv. 4. † 12. Micah i. 4. † 13. Isa. xxiv. 4. † 12. Micah i. 4. † 13. Isa. vx. 17; 1xvi. 22; Rev. xxi 1, 27. † 14. 1 Cor. i. 8; xv. 55; Phili. 10; 1 Thess. iii. 15; v. 23. † 15. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Pet. iii. 20. † 16. Rom. viii. 10; 1 Cor. xv. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 15.

to aday of an age;

growyou but in stability; fall from the own stability; χαριτικαι γνωσει του κυριου ημούν και σωτη-) 18 thut from 11 Favor favor and knowledge of our of single state Lord of the said said and Knowledge of our of Inσου Χριστου. Αυτφ ή λόξα και νυ. και Lord and Savior Jesus Jesus Anoisited. Folim the stor both now and Christ. ‡ To him be the εις ημεραν αιωνος· \*[αμην.]

[so be it.]

: (GLORY both now and for (the Day of the Age. \*

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. so be it-omit.

Subscription-SECOND OF PETER.

ı 18 Eph. iv. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 2. 18. 2 Tim. iv. 18; Kev. i. 6.

#### \*FIRST JOHN. OF

# КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 'Ο ην απ' αρχης, δ ακηκοαμεν, δ έωρακα-What was from a begioning, what we have heard, what we have μεν τοις οφθαλμοις ήμων, ό εθεασαμεθα, και seen with the of us, what we gazed on, eyes αί χειρες ήμων εψηλαφησαν, περι του λογου word felt, concerning the the hands ofus της ζωης. 2 (και ή ζωη εφανερωθη, και έωρακα-(and the life was manifested, and of the life; we have μεν, και μαρτυρουμεν, και απαγγελλομεν ύμιν and we bear testimony, and we declare την ζωην την αιωνιον, ήτις ήν προς τον πατερα, the life the age-lasting, which was with the και εφανερωθη ήμιν) 3 δ έωρακαμεν και ακηand was manifested to us;) what we have seen and we κοαμεν, απαγγελλομεν ύμιν, ίνα και ύμεις κοιwe declare to you, so that also you felνωνιαν εχητε μεθ' ήμων και ή κοινωνια δε ή us, indeed the fellowship and the lowship may have with ήμετερα μετα του πατρος και μετα του υίου our with the father and with the son <sup>4</sup> Και τουτα γραφομεν And these things we write ευτοι Ιησου Χριστου. of him Jesus Auointed.

\*[δμιν,] ίνα ή χαρα ύμων ή πεπληρωμενη.
[to you.] so that the joy of you may be complete.

\* Και αύτη εστιν ή αγγελια, ήν ακηκοα, εν απ' And this is the message, which we have heard from αυτου και αναγγελλομεν ύμιν, ότι ό θεος ώως έστι, και σκοτια εν αυτώ ουκ εστιν ουδεμια. and darkness in him not is 6 Εαν ειπωμεν, ότι κοινωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αυτου

If we should say, that fellowship we have with και εν τω σκοτει περιπατωμεν, ψευδομεθα, και and in the darkness we should walk, we speak falsely, ου ποιουμέν την αληθειαν. 7 εαν δε εν τω φωτι if but in the the truth; hght περιπατωμέν, ώς αυτος έστιν έν τφ φωτι, κοιas he is in the light, νωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αλληλων, και το αίμα Ιησου lowship we have with each other, and the blood of Jennwe should walk, \*[Χριστου] του υίου αυτου καθαριζει ήμας απο [Anomited] the son of him cleanses us

8 Έων ειπωμεν, ότι άμαρτιαν πασης αμαρτίας. It we should say, that ουκ εχομεν, έαυτους πλανωμεν, και ή αληθεια ourselv**es** and the we have, we deceive, truth

<sup>9</sup> Εαν δμολογωμεν τας  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$  $\epsilon \nu$ 'nμιν. we confess the in

## CHAPTER I.

- 1 # What was from the Beginning, what we have heard, what we have seen with our EYES, t what we beheld and tour HANDS felt, concerning the WORD of LIFE ;--
- 2 and the LIFE was made manifest, and \* what we have seen, we also testify, and declare to you the AIONIAN LIFE, Twhich was with the FATHER, and was manifested to us;-
- 3 t what we have seen and heard, we declare to you, that pou also may have Fellowship with us; and indeed four fellow-SHIP is with the FATHER, and with his son Jesus Christ.
- 4 And these things \* we write to you, tthat your JOY may be complete.
- 5 I And this is the MES-SAGE which we have heard from him, and announce to you, That #God is Light, and with him there is no Darkness.
- 6 ‡ If we say That we have Fellowship with him, and walk in DARKNESS, we speak falsely, and perform not the TRUTH:
- 7 but if we walk in the LIGHT, as he is in the LIGHT, we have Fellowship with each other, and ‡the BLOOD of Jesus, his son cleanses us from All Sin
- 8 # If we say That we have not Sin, we deceive Ourselves, and I the TRUTH is not in us.
  - 9 #If we confess our

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST OF JOHN. 2. what we have seen. 4. WE. 7. Anointed-omit. 4. to you-omit.

αμαρτιας ήμων, πιστος εστι και δικαιος, ίνα sine of us, faithful here and just, cother ήμιν τας άμαρτιας, και καθαριση ήμας he may forgive to us the sins, and he may cleanse us <sup>10</sup> Εαν  $\epsilon$ ιπωμεν, ότι ουχ απο πασης αδικιας. from all unrightenusuess. If we should say, that not ήμαρτηκαμεν, ψευστην ποιουμεν αυτυν, και δ and the we have sinned, a liar wemake him.

λογος αυτου ουκ εστιν εν ήμιν. is word of him not in

# KE $\Phi$ . $\mathcal{B}'$ . 2.

1 Τεκνια μου, ταυτα γραφω ύμιν, ίνα μη Dear children of me, these things I write to you, so that not άμαρτητε· και εαν τις άμαρτη, παρακλητον you may sin; and if any one should sin, ahelper εχομεν προς τον πατερα, Ιησουν Χοιστον δικαιwe have with the father, Jesus Anointed a just ον. <sup>2</sup> και αυτος ίλασμος εστι περι των άμαρone; and he a propitiation is on account of the τιων ήμων, ου περι των ήμετερων δε μονον, not on account of the only, of us, ours but <sup>3</sup> Και\* εν αλλα και περι όλου του κοσμου. also on account of whole of the world. τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι εγνωκαμεν αυτον, εαν we know, that we have known him, if 4 'Ο λεγων Εγτας εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. the commandment of him we keep. The one saying; αυτον, και τας εντολας αυτου μη τηhave known him, and the commandments of him not keepρων, ψευστης εστι, και εν τουτφ ή αληθεια ουκ aliar heis, and in this one the truth S'Os  $\delta^2$  an then unton ton logon, who but may keep of him the word, εστιν. αληθως εν τουτφ ή αγαπη του θεου τετελειωin this one the love of the God has been per-Εν τουτώ γινωσκομέν, ότι εν αυτώ εσμέν. fected. By we know, that in him 6 Ο λεγων εν αυτώ μενειν, οφειλει, καθως The one saying in him to abide, is bound,  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i \nu o s \pi \epsilon \rho i \epsilon \pi \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i \alpha \sigma \tau o s \star [o \delta \tau \omega s] \pi \epsilon \rho i$ he walked, also himself [thus] πατειν.

Αγαπητοι, ουκ εντολην καινην γραφω ύμιν, Deloved ones, not a commandment new I write to you, αλλ' εντολην παλαιαν, ήν ειχετε απ' αρχης.
but a commandment old, which you had from a beginning;  $\dot{\eta} \in \nu \tau o \lambda \eta$ - ή παλαια, εστιν ό λογος όν ηκουthe commandment the old, is the word which σατε \*[απ' αρχης.] $^8$  Παλιν εντυλην καινην Again a commandment new [from a beginning.] γραφω ύμιν, δ εστιν αληθες εν αυτο και εν I write to you, which is in him true and in ύμιν ότι ή σκοτια παραγεται, και το φως το you; because the darkness is passing away, and the light the

sins, he is faithful and just to forgive our sins. and to cleanse us from All Unrighteonsness.

10 If we say That we have not sinned, we make him a Liar, and his word is not in us.

#### CHAPTER II.

- 1 My Dear Children! These things I write to you that you may not sin: and if any one should sin. I we have an Advocate with the FATHER, Jesus Christ, the Righteous one;
- 2 and the is a Propitiation on account of our sins, and not on account of ours only, but ‡also on account of the Whole WORLD.
- 3 And by this we know That we have known him, if we keep his command-MENTS.
- 4 THE who says, "I have known him," and keeps not his command-MENTS, tis a Liar, and the твити is not in this man;
- 5 but the who keeps His word, I truly in this man the LOVE of GOD has been made perfect. By this we know That we are in Him.
- 6 # HE who says he abides in Ilim, tought himself also to walk, as he walked.
- 7 Beloved! #I am not writing a new Commandment to you, but an old Commandment, ‡which you had from the Begin-The OLD ning. CGM-MANDMENT is the WORD which you heard.
- 8 Again, ‡a new Commandment I am writing to you, which is true in him and in you; ‡ Because the DARKNESS IS

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. thus-omit. 7. from a Beginning-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Psa. li.2. † 1. Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. vii. 25; ix. 24. † 2. Rom. iii. 25; 2 Cor. v. 18; 1 John i. 7; iv. 10. † 2. John i. 20; iv. 42; xi. 51, 52; 1 John iv. 14. † 4. I John i. 6; iv. 20. † 4. I John i. 8. † 5. John xiv. 21, 23. † 5. I John iv. 12, 21. † 5. John xiii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 6. Matt. xi. 29; John xiii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 8. John xiii. 34; xv. 12. † 8. Rom. riii. 19; kbb y 8-1 Those yi. 28. † 6. Matt. xi. 29; John xiii. 15; 1 John † 6. Matt. xi. 29; John xiii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 8. John xiii. 34; xv. 12. 

9 Ο λεγων εν τω φωτι  $\mathbf{s}$ λη $\theta$ ινον ηδη φαινει. The one saying is the BOW. chines. ειναι, και τον αδελφον αύτου μισων, εν τη cobe, and the brother of himself hating, in the εστιν έως αρτι. O O αγαπων τον σκοτια now. The one loving beis till the arkuses αδελφον αύτου, εν τφ φωτι μενει, και σκανδαbrether of himself, in the light abides, and a ctumblingλον εν αυτώ ουκ εστιν. 11 δ δε μισων τον αδελφον block in him is; the but one hatin; the brother mot αὖτου, εντη σκοτια εστι, και εντη σκοτια περιis, and in the darkness walks, of himself, in the darkness πατει, και ουκ οιδε που ύπαγει, ότι ή σκοτια ετυφ and not knows where he goes, because thedarkness blinded λωσε τους οφθαλμους αυτου. 12 Γραφω ύμιν, τεκof him. I write to you O dear the eyes ότι αφεωνται ύμιν αξ άμαρτιαι δια το children, because are forgiven to you the sine through the  $^{13}$   $\Gamma \rho \alpha \phi \omega \ \delta \mu \iota \nu$ ,  $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon s$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota \ \epsilon \gamma$ ονομα αυτου. I write to you, Ofathers, because you name of him. νωκατε τον απ' αρχης γραφω ύμιν, νεανισκοι, have known him from a beginning; I write to you, O young mea, νενικηκατε τον πονηρον γραφω ύμιν, Iwrite because you have overcome the evil one; to you, <sup>14</sup> Εγραπαιδια, ότι εγνωκατε τον πατερα. 1 wrote children, because you have known the ψα ύμιν, πατερες, ότι εγνωκατε τον απ' αρχης. to you. O fathers, because you have known him from a beginning. Εγραψα ύμιν, νεανισκοι, ότι ισχυροι εστε, και I wrote to you, O young men, because strong ones you are,

Εγραψα υμιν, νεανισκοι, οτι ισχυροι εστε, και i wrose to you, O young men, because congones yon are, and  $\delta$  λογος \*[του θεου] εν υμιν μενει, και νενικη-the word [of the God] in von abides, and you have κατε τον πονηρον. 15 Μη αγαπατε τον κοσμον, ονεικοmethe evilone. Νοι do you love the world, μηδε τα εν τις κοσμφ. Εαν τις αγαπα τον ποτ the things in the world. It any one should love the κοσμον, ουκ εστιν  $\hat{\eta}$  αγαπη του πατρος εν αυτωworld, not is the love of the father in him;

16 ότι παν το εν τφ κοσμφ, ή επιθυμια της because all that in the world, the lust of the σαρκος, και ή επιθυμια των οφθαλμων, και ή and the of the lust flesh, and the αλαζονεια του βιου, ουκ εστιν εκ του πατρος, not ie from the father, pomp of the life, <sup>17</sup> Και δ κοσμος αλλ' εκ του κοσμου εστι.

παραγεται, και ή επιθυμια αυτου δ δε ποιων passes away, and the last of it; the but one doing

passes away, and the lust of it; the but one doing το θελημα του θεου, μενεί εις τον αιωνα.

the will of the God, abides for the age,

away, and the TRUE LIGHT now shines.

9 THE who says he is in the LIGHT, and hates his BROTHER, is in the DARKNESS till now.

10 He who LOVES his BROTHER, abides in the LIGHT, and there is no Stumbling-block to him.

11 But he who hates his brother is in the Darkness, and twalks in the Darkness, and does not know where he is going, Because the Darkness has blinded his eyes.

12 Dear children! I write to you, Because tyour sins are forgiven you through his NAME.

13 Fathers! I write to you, Because you have known him from the Beginning. Young men! I write to you, Because you have overcome the Evilone. Children! \*I have writtentoyou becauseyou have known the FATHER.

14 Fathers! I have written to you, Because you have known HIM from the Beginning. Young men! I have written to you, Because; you are strong, and the word of God abdes in You, and you have overcome the EVIL one.

15 ‡ Love not the WORLD, nor the THINGS in the WORLD. ‡ If any one love the WORLD, the LOVE of the FATHER is not in him:

16 Because every thing in the world,—the desire of the flesh, and the desire of the eyes, and the pomp of life, is not from the father, but is from the world.

17 And the world is passing away, and its desire; but he who does the will of God abides for the AGE.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-13. I have written.

<sup>14.</sup> of Gon-omit.

18 Παιδια, εσχατη ώρα εστι· και καθως ηκουlast hour itie; and as σατε, ότι δ αντιχριστος ερχεται, και νυν αντιheard, that the antichrist is coming, EVED DOW χοιστοι πολλοι γεγονασιν όθεν γινωσκομεν, whence we know .. many shriete many bave become; whence we know, ότι εσχατή ώρα εστιν. <sup>19</sup>Εξ ήμων εξηλθον, last hour it ic. Prom ofus they went out, αλλ' ουκ ησαν εξ ήμων ει γαρ ησαν εξ ήμων, ωτ pot they were of us; if fur they were of us, μεμενηκεισαν αν μεθ' ήμων αλλ' ένα φανερωthey would have remained with us, but so that they might θωσιν, ότι ουκ εισι παντες εξ ήμων. be manifested, that not they are , ell of D5. ύμεις χρισμα εχετε από του άγιου, και οιδατε you an anointing have from the holy, and vow know παντα. 21 Ουκ εγραψα ύμιν, ότι ουπ οιδατε Not I wrote 25 to you, because not you know siltangs. την αληθείαν, αλλ' ότι οιδατε αυτήν, και ότι the truth. but becausoyou know her, 'and because παν ψευδος εκ της αληθείας ουκ εστί. 22 Tis every to from the truth not is \$1. Who every lie from the truth not is \$ Who εστιν δ ψευστης, ει μη δ αρνουμενος, ότι ξηis the liar, it not the one denying, that Jegroups are a series of the σους ουκ εστιν δ Χριστος; ούτος εστιν δ αντιχριστος, δ-αρνουμένος τον πατέρα και τον the one denying the father ghrist, bac the 23 Πας δ αρνουμένος τον υίον, ουδε τον viov. sue. Everyonetho denying the continue the πατερα εχει δ δμολογων τον υίονς και τον father bas; the one confessing the son, also πατερα εχει.

24 'THEIS TOUV] δ πκουσατε dn" an. [therefore] what You beard from . abeχης, εν ύμιν μενετω εαν ευ ύμιν μει-gracing, ia you letaoide; is ia you should νη δ απ' αρχης ηκουσατε, και ύμεις εν τω abide what from a baginning you heard, also you in the υία και \*[εν] τφ πατρι μενειτε. 25 Και αύτη ton and [in] the father will shide. And this εστιν ή επαγγελια, ήν αυτος επηγγειλατο is the promise which be ημιν, την ζωην. την αιωνιον. promised <sup>26</sup> Ταυτα εγραψα the. These things I wrote life & the age-lasting. lo us. δμιν περι των πλανωντων ύμας. 27 Kai vueis te you concerning those deceiving you. το χρισμα δ ελαβετε απ' αυτου, εν υμιν the assisting which received from him, in you μενει, και ου χρειαν εχετε, ίνα τις διδασκη sbides. and not need you have no that my one may teach buas. αλλ' \*[ωs] το αυτο χρισμα διδαπκει ύμας the same ancieting teaches you

father

Dac.

18 Children! it is the Last Hour; and as you heard That the ANTICHRIST is coming, teven now many have become Autichrists; whence we know; that it is the Last Hour.

19 They went out from Us, but they were not of us; for if they had been of Us, they would have remained with us; but it was ‡ that they might be made manifest That they are not all of us.

20 And ‡ you have an Anointing from the HOLY one; \*you all know it.

21 I have not written to you Because you do not know the TRUTH, but Because you know it, and Because No Lie is from the TRUTH.

22 ‡ Who is the LIAR but HE who DENIES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one? This is the ANTI-CHRIST, HE who DENIES the FATHER and the SOX.

23 ‡ No one who denies the son has the father; He who confesses the son has the father also.

24 Let that which you heard from the Beginning abide in You. If what you heard from the Beginning abide in You, tyou also shall abide in the son and in the FATHER.

25 ‡ And this is the PROMISE which he promised \*us,—AIONIAN LIFE.

26 I have written these things to you teoncerning THOSE who DECEIVE you.

27 But the \*Anointing which you received from himabidesinyou, and you have no need that any one should teach you; but the same Anointing teaches

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—20. you all know it.

-omit. 25. you. 27. FREE GIFT. 27. as—omit. 24. in

παντων, και αληθες εστι, και ουκ εστι is, concerning all things, and true and not ψευδος και καθως εδιδαξεν ύμας, μενειτε εν it taught you, do you abide in a lie; and 8.0 28 Και νυν, τεκνια, μενετε εν αυτω. αυτω. Aod now, dear children, do you abide in him; ίνα δταν φανερωθη, εχωμεν παρξησιαν, και μη so that when he may appear, we may have boldness. αισχυνθωμεν απ' αυτου, εντη παρουσια αυτου. we may be put to shame from him, in the presence of him. <sup>29</sup> Εαν ειδητε, ότι δικαιος εστι, γινωσκετε, ότι

If you may know, that righteous he is, you know, ποιων την δικαιοσυνην, εξ αυτου KEΦ.  $\gamma'$ . bу every one the doing righteousness, 1 [δετε, γεγεννηται. ποταπην See you, has been begotten. αγαπην δεδωκεν ήμιν ό πατηρ, ίνα τεκνα θεου has given to us the father, so that children of God love

ó κληθωμεν. Δια **τ**ουτ**ο** κοσμος world we should be called. On account of this the not γινωσκει ήμας, ότι ουκ εγνω αυτον.
knows us, because not it knew him.

 $^2$  Αγαπητοι, νυν τει να  $\theta$ εου εσμεν, και  $\mathbf{ου}\pi\boldsymbol{\omega}$ Beloved ones, now chil Iren of God we are, τι εσομεθα οιδαμεν \* [δε,] ότι εφανερωθη, was it brought to light, what we shall be; we know [but,] that εαν φανερωθη, δμοιοι αυτφ εσομεθα δτι οψοif he should appear, like to him we shall be; because <sup>3</sup> Kaι πas μεθα αυτον, καθως εστι. δ €χων shall see him. as he is. And every one the having την ελπιδα ταυτην επ' αυτφ, άγνιζει έαυτον, in him, purifiez this 4 Mas καθως εκεινος άγνος εστι. δ ποιων την Every one the doing pure άμαρτιαν, και την ανομιαν ποιει· και ή άμαρτια also the lawlessness does; and the

εστιν ή ανομια. <sup>5</sup> Και οίδατε, ότι εκεινος εφαis the lawlessness. And you know, that

νερωθη, ίνα τας άμαρτιας \* [ήμων] αρη. manifested, so that the sios [of us] he might take away; 6 Mas δ εν και άμαρτια εν αυτφ ουκ εστι. in him not Every one the in and αυτφ μενων, ουχ άμαρτανει. δ άμαρταπας sinniug, sins; every one the atiding, not νων, ουχ έωρακεν αυτον. ουδε εγνωκεν αυτον. has seen him. nor has known

 $7 T_{\epsilon \kappa \nu \iota a}$ ,  $\mu \eta \delta \epsilon \iota s$   $\pi \lambda a \nu a \tau \omega$   $\dot{\nu} \mu a s$   $\dot{\delta}$   $\pi o \iota \omega \nu$   $\tau \eta \nu$  Dear children, no one let deceive you; the one doing the δικαιοσυνην, δικαιος εστι, καθως εκεινος δικαιος righteous is, A.S hе righteousness,

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. God, and such we are.

you concerning all things. and is true, and is not a Lie; and as it taught you, abide in him.

28 And now. Dear children, abide in him, so that t when he shall appear we may have Confidence, t and not be put to shame by him, in his PRESENCE.

29 Ilf you know That he is Righteous, you know That LEVERY ONE PRAC-TISING RIGHTEOUSNESS has been begotten by him.

### CHAPTER III.

1 See What Love the FATHER has given us, that I we should be called Children of \* God! On this account the WORLD does not know us, # Because it did not know him.

2 Beloved! tnow are we Children of God, and it has not vet been seen what we shall be. We know. however, That if he should appear, twe shall be like him, Because twe shall see him as he is.

3 And every one hav-ING this HOPE in him purifies himself, as he is pure.

4 EVERY ONE who PRACTISES SIN, also practises iniquity; and Isin is iniquity.

5 And you know That he was manifested that the might take away sins; ‡ and in Him there is no Sin,

EVERY ONE who ABIDES in Him does not sin; ‡ EVERY ONE who sins has not seen him, nor known him.

7 Dear children! let no one deceive you. ! HE who PRACTISES RIGHTEOUS-NESS, is Righteous, even righteous as he is Righteous.

<sup>-</sup>omit.

<sup>2.</sup> but-omit 5 of us

<sup>† 28. 1</sup> John iii. 2. † 28. 1 John iv. 17. † 29. Acts xxii. 14. † 29. 1 John iiii. 7, 10. † 1. John i. 12. † 1. John xv. 18, 19; xvi. 3; xvii. 25. † 2. Rom. viii. 15; Gal. iii. 26; iv. 6. † 2. Rom. viii. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 49; Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4; 2 Pet. i. 4. † 2. Joh xix. 26; Psa. xvi. 11; Mact. v. 8. † 4. Rom. iv. 15; 1 John v. 17. † 5. 18a. liii. 5, 6, 11; 1 Tim. i. 15; Heb. iv. 18; ix. 29; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. 2 Cor. v. 21; Reb. iv. 18; ix. 29; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. 2 Cor. v. 21; xviii. 5-9; Rom ii. 13; 1 John ii. 29.

 $^{8}$  Ο ποιων την άμαρτιαν, εκ του διαβοThe one doing the sin, from the secuser εστιν. \*ccuser īs. αρχης δδιαβολος άμαρταλου εστιν. ότι απ' is; because from a beginning the accuser Ess τουτο  $\epsilon \phi$ ανερωθη δ vios του θεου, For this was manifested the son of the God, vel. τα εργα του διαβολου. so that be might destroy the works of the accuser. Every one δ γεγεννημένος εκ του θέου, άμαρτιαν ου ποιει, the having been begotten of the God, sin not ότι σπέρμα αυτου εν αυτ $\omega$  μενει· και ου δυναται because seed of him in him abides; and not is able  $^{10}~{
m E} 
u$ άμαρτανειν, ότι εκ του θεου γεγεννηται. to ain, because by the God he has been begotten.

τουτφ φανερα εστι τα τεκνα του θεου και manifest is the children of the God τα τεκνα του διαβολου. Πας ὁ μη ποιων the children of the accuser. Every one the not δικαιοσυνην, ουκ εστιν εκ του θεου, και ό μη rebteouaness, not is of the God, and the not αγαπων τον αδελφον αύτου. 11 Ότι αύτη εστιν one loving the brother of himself. Because this is ή αγγελια, ήν ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ίνα αγαthe message, which you heard from beginning, that we πωμεν αλληλους. 12 ου καθως Καιν εκ του should love each other; not as Cain of the πονηρου ην, και εσφαξε τον αδελφον αύτου. evilone was, and killed the brother of himself; και χαριν τινος εσφαξεν αυτον: ότι τα εργα and on account of what killed Le him? because the works αυτου πονηρα ην, τα δε του αδελφου αυτοι διof him evil was, those but of the bruther of him right-Kala. cous.

Νη θαυμαζετε, αδελφοι "[μου,] ει μισει Not do you wonder, brethren [of me.] if hates Not do you wonder, brethren [oline.] it hates ύμας δ κοσμος. 14 Ήμεις οιδαμεν, ότι μεταβεyou the world. We know, that βηκαμεν εκ του θανατου εις την ζωην, ότι αγαpassed over from the death into the life, because we πωμεν τους αδελφους. Α μη αγαπων \* [τον love the brethren; the not loving <sup>15</sup> Πας δ  $a\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi o\nu$ ,  $\mu\epsilon\nu\epsilon i$   $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\phi$   $\theta\alpha\nu\alpha\tau\phi$ . Every one the μισων τον αδελφον αύτου, ανθρωποκτονος εστι hating the brother of himself, a man-killer is; και οιδατε, ότι πας ανθρωποκτονος ουκ εχει and we know, that every man-killer not has <sup>16</sup> Εν τουτφ Bv this αγαπην, ότι εκεινος εγνωκαμεν την ύπ€ρ on behalf we have known the luve, ήμων την ψυχην αύτου εθηκε και ήμεις οφει ofus the life of himself laid down; and we ought λομεν ύπερ των αδελφων τας ψυχας τιθεναι. on hehalf of the brethren the lives to lay down. the BRETHEEN.

8 THE Who PRACTISES SIN is of the ENEMY; For the ENEMY has been sinning from the Beginning. For this was the son of God manifested, # that he might destroy the works of the ENEMY.

9 No one who has been BEGOTTEN by GOD practises Sin; Because This Seed abides in Ilim; and he cannot sin, Because he has been begotten by Gon.

10 By this are the CHILDREN of GOD discovered, and the CHIL-DREN of the ENEMY; \$ NO ONE who does not PRAC-TISE Righteousness is of God, and No one who does not LOVE his BRO-THER.

11 For this is the MES-SAGE which you heard from the Beginning ; ! That we should love each

12 not as ‡ Cain, who was of the EVIL one, and killed his BROTHER. And on account of what did he kill him? Because his WORKS were evil, and his BROTHER'S righteous.

13 Wonder not, Brethren, if the WORLD hate you.

14 THE know That we have passed over from DEATH to LIFE, Because we love the BRETHREN. HE who Loves not, abides in DIATH.

15 I EVERY ONE who HATES his BROTHER IS a Murderer; and you know That \$ No Murderer has nionian Life abiding in Him.

16 By this we have known LOVE, Because the land down his life on Our behalf: and we ought to lay down our LIVES for

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. of me-omit. 14. BROTHER-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Mait. xiii. 28; John viii. 44. † 9. 1 Pet. i. 23. † 10. 1 John † 8. Matt. xiii. 28; John viii. 44. † 8. Gen. iii. 15; Luke x. 19; John xvi. 11; Heb. ii. 14. † 9. 1 Pet. i. 23. † 10. 1 John ii. 29. † 11. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; ver. 23; 1 John iv. 7. 21; 2 John 5. † 12. Gen. iv. 4, 8; Heb. xi. 4; Jude 11. † 13. John xv. 18, 19; xvii. 14; 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 15. Matt. v. 21, 22; 1 John iv. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 21; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. John iii. 16; xv. 13; Rom. v. 8; Eph. v. 2, 25; 1 John iv. 9.

 $^{17}$  Os  $\delta$ ' av  $\epsilon\chi\eta$  τον βιον του κοσμου, και  $\theta\epsilon\omega$ -Who but may have the substance of the world, and may ρη τον αδελφον αύτου χρειαν εχοντα, και see the brother of himself need having, and see the brounce or man a π αυτου, πως ή κλειση τα σπλαγχνα αύτου απ αυτου, πως ή how the of himself from him, how the αγαπη του θεου μενει εν αυτω; of the God him? Dear childreu abides ın \* $[\mu o \nu,] \mu \eta$   $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\lambda o \gamma \omega \mu \eta \delta \epsilon \tau \eta \gamma \lambda \omega \sigma \sigma \eta,$  for in the torgue,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda \epsilon \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \kappa \alpha i$   $\alpha \lambda \eta \theta \epsilon i \alpha$ .

19 \* $[Kai] \epsilon \nu \tau o \nu \tau \omega$  but in work and in truth.

[And] by this γινωσκομέν, δτι εκ της αληθείας εσμέν, και we are, weknow, that of the truth and εμπροσθεν αυτου πεισομεν τας καρδιας ήμων, in presence of him we shall assure the hearts <sup>20</sup> ότι, εαν καταγινωσκη ήμων ή καρδια, ότι because, if should condemn us the heart, that because, if should condemn us the heart, that  $\mu \in I_{\infty}^{c} \times \mathcal{O} = 0$  so  $\tau = 0$  so we receive from him, because the commandments of him τηρουμεν, και τα αρέστα ένωπιον αυτου ποιand the things pleasing in presence of him we keep, 23 Και αύτη εστιν ή εντολη αυτου, ίνα ουμεν. is the commandment of him, that this πιστευσωμεν τφ ονοματι του υίου αυτου Ιησου we should believe in the name of the son of him Χριστου, και αγαπωμεν αλληλους, καθως εδωeach other, Anointed, and should love <sup>24</sup> Και δ τηρων τας ενκεν εντολην ήμιν. gave commandment to us. And the one keeping the comτολας αυτου, εν αυτφ μενει, και αυτος εν mandments of him, in him abides, and he in αυτφ· και εν τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι μενει εν him; and by this we know, that he abides in ήμιν, εκ του πνευματος, ού ήμιν εδωκεν. ns, from the spirit, of which to us he gave.

# KEΦ. $\delta'$ . 4.

1 Αγαπητοί, μη παντι πνευματι πιστευετε, Boloved ones, not every spirit du you believe, αλλα δοκιμαζετε τα πνευματα, ει εκ του θεου but do you prove the spirits, if from of the Ged εστιν ότι πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εξεληλυθασιν is; because many false-prophets have gone out.

17 But twhoever has the goods of the world, and may see his BROTHER have Need, and may shut up his COMPASSIONS from him, thow abides the LOVE of GOD in him?

18 Dear children! twe should not love in Word nor in TONGUE, but in Work and in Truth.

- 19 By this we \*know that we are of the TRUTH, and shall assure our \*HEARTS in His presence;
- 20 ‡ Because if our HEART condemn us, GOD is greater than our HEART, and knows all things.
- 21 ‡Beloved! if the HEART does not condemn, ‡we have Confidence towards Goo,
- 22 and twhatever we may ask we receive from him, Because we keep his COMMANDMENTS, tand do WHAT is PLEASING in His sight.
- 23 ‡ And this is his COMMANDMENT, That we should believe in the NAME of his son Jesus Christ, and ‡ love each other, as he gave us Commandment.
- 24 And the who keeps his commandments tables in Him, and he in him, and by this we know That he abides in us, by the stream which he gave Us.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 Beloved! ‡ believe not Every Spirit, but prove the SPIRITS whether they are from God; Because ‡ Many False-prophets have gone out into the world.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. of me—omit. 19. And—omit. 19. shall know. 19. heart. 21. of us—omit. 21. us—omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Deut. xv. 7; Luke iii. 11. † 17. 1 John iv. 20. † 18. Ezek. xxxiii. 31; Rom. xii. 0; Eph. iv. 15; James ii. 15. † 19. John xviii. 37; 1 John i. 8. † 20. 1 Cor. iv. 4. † 21. Joh xxii. 26. † 21. Heb. x. 22; 1 John ii. 28; iv. 17. † 22. Psa. xxxiv. 15; cxlv. 18, 19; Prov. xv. 20; Jer. xxix. 12; Matt. vii. 8; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; John xiv. 13; xv. 7; xvi. 23, 24; James v. 17; 1 John v. 14. † 22. John viii. 29; ix. 35. † 23. John xiii. 34. † 24. John xii. 29; ix. 35. † 24. John xvii. 27. † 1. Matt. xxiv. 4. † 1. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; 1 Thess. v. 21; Rev. ii. 2 † 1. Matt. xxiv. 5, 24; Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John ii. 18; 2 John 7.

2 Εν τουτφ γινωσκετε το ELS TOV κοσμον. Ву into the world. this you know the παν πνευμα δ δμολογει  $\theta \epsilon o v$ του πν€υμα of the God; spirit which confesses every Ιησουν Χριστον εν σαρκι εληλυθοτα, εκ του Auointed in flesh having come, from of the <sup>3</sup> Και παν πνευμα δ μη δμολογει  $\theta \in ov \in \sigma \tau i$ . And every ia. spirit who not confesses τον Ιησουν, εκ του θεου ουκ εστι και τουτο God not from the is; εστι το του αντιχριστου, δ ακηκοατε δτι ερχεis that of the antichrist, which you heard that 4 'THEIS ται, και νυν εν τφ κοσμφ εστιν ηδη. comes, and now in the world is already. You εκ του θεου εστε, τεκνια, και νενικηκατε are, dear children, and have overcome the God αυτους δτι μειζων εστιν δ εν ύμιν, η δ εν τφ them; because greater is he in you, than he in the 5 Αυτοι εκ του κοσμου εισι. They from the world are; on account of τουτο εκ τοι κοσμου λαλουσι, και δ κοσμος of the world they speak, and the world We of the God are; the αυτων ακουει. hears. are; the γινωσκων τον θεον, ακουει ήμων δς ουκ εστιν one knowing the God, hears us; who not εκ του θεου, ουκ ακουει ήμων. Εκ τουτου Ву the God. r ot hears this us. γινωσκομέν το πνέυμα της αληθείας και το the epirit ofthe truth and  $\pi \nu \in \nu \mu \alpha \ \tau \eta s \ \pi \lambda \alpha \nu \eta s.$ spirit of the error.

 $^7$  Αγαπητοι, αγαπωμεν αλληλους δτι Beloved ones, we should love each other; because the aya $\pi\eta$  er tou  $\theta$ eou e $\sigma$ ti, kai  $\pi$ as  $\delta$  aya $\pi\omega\nu$ , love of the God is, and every one the loving, εκ του θεου γεγεννηται, και γινωσκει τον θεον. by the God has been begotten, and knows the  $^{8}$ δ μη αγαπων, ουκ εγνω τον θεον, δτι δ θεος he not loving, not knew the God, because the God 9 Εν τουτώ εφανερωθη ή αγαπη αγαπη εστιν. In this was manifested the love του θεου εν ήμιν, ότι τον υίον αύτου τον μονοof the God to us, because the son of himself the onlyγενη απεσταλκεν δ θεος εις τον κοσμον, ίνα begotten sent forth the God into the world, so that  $\delta \iota'$  $^{10}$  Εν τουτφ εστιν ή (ησωμεν αυτου. we might live through him. is the Io thia  $a\gamma a\pi \eta$ , oux  $\delta \tau i$   $\eta \mu \epsilon is$   $\eta \gamma a\pi \eta \sigma a\mu \epsilon \nu$   $\tau \sigma \nu$   $\theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$ , love, not that we loved the God, αλλ' ότι αυτος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και απεστειλε but that he loved us, and seat forth τον υίον αύτου ίλασμον περι των **αμαρτιων** the on of himself a propitiation respecting the sins

2 By this you know the SPIRIT of GOD,—‡ Every Spirit which confesses Jcsus Christ \*to have come in the Flesh, is from GOD;

3 and Tevery Spirit which does not confess Jrsus, is not from God. And this is the [SPIRIT] of the Antichrist, which you heard That it is coming, and now it is in the WORLD already.

- 4 † Pou are of God, Dear children! and have overcome them; Because greater is He who is in you, than ‡ HE who is in the WORLD.
- 5 ‡ They are of the WORLD; on this account they speak of the WORLD, and the WORLD hears them.
- 6 THe are of God; the who knows God, hears us; he who is not of God does not hear us. By this we know the spirit of truth and the spirit of error.
- 7 ‡ Beloved! we should love each other; Because Love is from God; and EVERY ONE who Loves has been begotten by God, and knows God.
- 8 Hr who does not LOVE, tdoes not know God; Because tGoD is Love.
- 9 ‡ By this the LOVE of GOD to us was manifested, that GOD sent forth his ONLY-BEGOTTEN SON into the WOBLD, that ‡ we might live through him.

10 In this is LOVE; ‡ not That we \* have loved God, but That he loved us, and sent forth his son as a ‡ Propitiation for our SINS.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. to have come.

<sup>10.</sup> have loved,

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> Cor. xii, 3; 1 John v. 1. † 3. 1 John ii, 18, 22; 2 John 7. † 4. 1 John v. 4. † 4. John xii, 31; xiv, 30; xvi, 11; 1 Cor. ii, 12; Eph, ii, 2; vi, 12. † 5. John ii, 31; xv. 10; xvii, 14. † 6. John viii, 47; x. 27; 1 Cor. xiv, 37; 2 Cor. x. 7. † 6. Isa, viii, 20; John xiv, 17. † 7. 1 John iii, 10, 11, 23. † 8. 1 John iii, 4; iii, 6. 3. ver, 16. † 9. John iii, 16; Rom. v. 8; viii, 32; 1 John iii, 16; 1, 20. † 9. 1 John v. 11. † 10. 1 John xv. 16; Rom. v. 8, 10; Titus iii, 4. † 10. 1 John ii, 2.

11 Αγαπητοι, ει ούτως δ θεος ηγαπησεν ήμων. Beloved ones, if thus the God of us. ήμας, και ήμεις οφειλομεν αλληλους αγαπαν. also we ought each other to love. 12 Εαν αγαπω- $\Theta_{\epsilon 0 \nu}$  ouders  $\pi \omega \pi o \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \epsilon \alpha \tau \alpha i$ . God no one at any time has seen. Ιſ welove μεν αλληλους, ό θεος εν ήμιν μενει, και ή each other, the God in us abides, and the αγαπη αυτου τετελειωμενη εστιν εν ήμιν. 13 Εν love of him having been perfected it is in us. τουτω γινωσκομεν, ότι εν αυτω μενομεν, και this we know, that in him we abide, and αυτος εν ήμιν, ότι εκ του πνευματος αύτου spirit of himself us, because out of the he in δεδωκεν ήμιν. 14 Και ήμεις τεθεαμεθα us. And we and have seen he has given μαρτυρουμεν, ότι ό πατηρ απεσταλκε τον υίον we testify, that the father sent forth the son <sup>15</sup> 'Os αν δμολογηση, ότι σωτηρα του κοσμου. Whoever may confess, that a savior of the world. Ιησους εστιν ὁ υίος του θεου, ὁ θεος εν αυτφ Jesus is the son of the God, the God in him μενει, και αυτος εν τω θεω. whides, and he in the God. 16 Και ήμεις εγ-And we have νωκαμεν και πεπιστευκαμεν την αγαπην, ήν and we have believed the love, which εχει ό θεος εν ήμιν. 'Ο θεος αγαπη εστι, και has the God in us. The God love δ μενων εν τη αγαπη, εν τω θεω μενει, και δ theone abiding in the love, in the God abides, and the θεως εν αυτω. <sup>17</sup>Εν τουτω τετελειωται η $\theta \epsilon os \quad \epsilon \nu \quad \alpha v \tau \omega$ . has been perfected the By this God in him. αγαπη  $\mu \in \theta'$  ήμων, ίνα παρήησιαν  $\in \chi$ ω $\mu \in \nu$  τη love with us, so that boldness we may have in the ήμερα της κρισεως, ότι καθως εκεινος εστι, και day of the judgment, because as is. <sup>18</sup> Φοβος ουκ ήμεις εσμεν εν τω κοσμώ πουτώ. we are in the world Fear not this. εστιν εν τη αγαπη, αλλ' ή τελεια αγαπη εξω outside is in the love, but the perfect love βαλλει τον φοβον ότι ό φοβος κολασιν εχει casts the fear; because the fear a restraint has; δ δε φοβουμενος ου τετελειωται εν τη αγαπη. 19 'Ημεις αγαπωμεν \* [αυτον,] ότι αυτος πρωτος
We love [him,] because he first 20 Εαν τις ειπη. Ότι αγαπω  $\eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu \eta \mu \alpha s$ . If any one may say; That I love us. loved. τον θεον, και τον αδελφον αύτου μιση, ψευσthe God, and the brother of himself he may hate,

αύτου, όν έωρακε, τον θεον, όν ουχ έωρακε, his brother, whom he of himself, whom he has seen, the God, whom not he has seen, \*is not able to

της εστιν  $\dot{b}$  γαρ μη αγαπων τον αδελφον  $\dot{b}$  the for not one loving the brother

11 Beloved! \$\pm\$1 f God so loved us, we also ought to love each other.

12 [Though] ‡no one has seen God at any time, [yet,] if we love each other, GoD dwells in Us; and this Love has been perfected in us.

13 ‡By this we know That we abide in Him, and he in Us, Bccause he has imparted to us of his spirit.

14 And twe have seen and testify That the FATHER sent forth the son as a Savior of the WORLD.

15 thousand the in God.

16 And we have known and believed the LOVE which God has for us. ‡GoD is LOVE; and ‡HE who ABIDES in LOVE, abides in GOD, and GOD \* abides in Him.

17 By this has LOVE been perfected with us, that twe may have Coufidence in the DAY of JUDGMENT; Because as he is we also are in this world.

18 There is no Fear in LOVE, but PERFECT LOVE casts out FEAR; Because FEAR has Restraint; and HE WHO FEARS ‡ has not been perfected in LOVE.

19 THe love, Because he first loved us.

20 † If any one say, "I lore God," and yet hate his brother, he is a Liar; for He who does not love his brother, whom he has seen, \*is not able to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. Jesus Christ. omit. 20. is not able.

<sup>16.</sup> abides in Him.

<sup>19.</sup> him-

<sup>† 11.</sup> Matt. xviii. 33; John xv. 12; 1 John iii. 16. † 1°. John i. 18; 1 Tim. vi. 16; verse 20. † 12. 1 John ii. 5; ver. 18. † 15. John xiv. ; 1 John iii. 24. † 14. John ii. 14; 1 John ii. 1, 2. † 14. John iii. 17. † 1 lo. Rom. x. 0; 1 John v. 1, 5; 16. verse 8. † 16. 1 John iii. 24. † 17. James ii. 13; 1 John ii. 28; iii. 19, 21. † 18. verse 12. † 20. 1 John ii. 4, iii. 17.

\*[πως] (υναται αγαπαν; <sup>21</sup> Και ταυτην την is he able to love? And this the aπ' αυτου, ίνα ό αγαπων  $\epsilon \nu \tau o \lambda \eta \nu$  $\epsilon \chi o \mu \epsilon \nu$ commandment we have him, that the oneloving from τον θεον αγαπα και τον αδελφον, αύτου. the God should love also the brother

KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5.

- Πας δ πιστευων, δτι Ιησους εστιν δ - Χρισ-Every one the believing, that Jesus is the Appinted, τος, εκ του  $\theta$ εου γεγεννηται και πας δ αγαby the God has been begotten; and every one the lovπων τον γεννησαντα, αγαπα \* [και] τον γεγενing the one having hegot, love [also] the one having  $^2$  Eν τουτώ γινωσκομέν,  $\nu\eta\mu\epsilon\nu\rho\nu$   $\epsilon\xi$   $\alpha\nu\tau\rho\nu$ . Ву been begotten by him. this we know, ότι αγαπωμέν τα τέκνα του θέου, όταν τον welove the children of the God, θεον αγαπωμεν και τας εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. God we may love and the commandments of him we may keep.  $^8$  Αύτη γαρ εστιν ή αγαπη του θεου, ίνα τας is love of the God, that the This for the εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. Kal αi commandments of him we may keep; and the commandments autou  $\beta$ apeiai ouk eigiv,  $\frac{4}{5}$   $\delta$ ti  $\pi$ av to  $\gamma$ e $\gamma$ e $\nu$ v $\gamma$ thim burdensome not  $\gamma$ re, because all that having been εκ του θεου, νικα τον κοσμον και  $\mu \in \nu \circ \nu$ begotten by the God, overcomes the world;  $\mathbf{a}\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{d}}$ αύτη εστιν ή νικη ή νικησασα τον κοσμον, ή the the victory that having overcome the wurld, πιστις ήμων. 5 Τις εστιν 3  $\nu\iota\kappa\omega\nu$ τον κοσofus. Who is the one overcuming the world μον, ει μη ό πιστευων, ότι Ιησους εστιν ό υίος if not the one believing, that Jesus is the son  $\epsilon \wedge \theta \omega \nu$  $\delta i$  $\tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu : {}^{6}O' \tau o s \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \dot{o}$ of the God? 4415 is the one having come hy means of ύδατος και αίματος, Ιησους \*[ό] Χριστος· ουκ [the] Anounted: and blood, Jesus not αλλ' εν τω ύδατι μονον, εν τω ύδατι και by the the water only, but water and τω αίματι каг TO πυευμα  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$  $\tau o$ μαρthe blood; and the trice 14 t1ie one τυρουν, δτι το πνευμα εστιν ή  $a\lambda n\theta \epsilon ia.$ -la testifying, because the spirit lhe truth. 7 'Οτι τρεις εισιν οί μαρτυρουντες: 8 το πνευμα, Because three are those testifying; the spirit,

love God twhom he has not seen.

21 And we have ‡ This COMMANDMENT from him, That HE who LOVES GOD should love his BROTHER also.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ EVERY ONE Who BE-LIEVES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one, has been begotten by GoD; ‡and EVERY ONE who LOVES the BEGETTER, loves the one BEGOTTEN by him.

2 By this we know That we love the CHIL-DREN of GOD, when we love GOD and \*practise his COMMANDMENTS.

3 ‡ For this is the LOVE of GOD, that we keep his COMMANDMENTS; and this COMMANDMENTS are not burdensome;

4 TBecause ALL that has been BEGOTTEN by GOD overcomes the WORLD; and this is THAT VICTORY which OVERCOMES the WORLD,—our FAITH.

5 \* And who is HE that OVERCOMES the WORLD, but \$11E who RELIEVES That Jesus is the son of God.

6 This is HE who CAME by Water and Blood,—Jesus the Anointed one; not by the Water only, but by the BLOOD; and the Spirit is that which testifies, Because the spirit is the truth.

7 † For there are THREE which TESTIFY;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 20. how-omit. And whe. 6. the-omit. 6. by.

<sup>1.</sup> also-omit.

<sup>2.</sup> practise.

<sup>† 7.</sup> The received text reads, "For there are three who bear witness in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the holy Spirit, and these three are one. And there are three that bear witness in earth." This text concerning the heavenly witnesses is not contained in any of the Greek manuscript which was written earlier than the fifth century. It is not cited by any of the Greek ecclesiastical writers, nor by any of the carly Latin fathers, even when the subjects upon which they treat would naturally have led them to appeal to its authority. It is therefore evidently spurious; and was first cited (though not as it now reads) by Virgilius Tapsensis, a Latin writer of no credit, in the latter end of the fifth century; but by whom torged, is of no great moment, as its design must be obvious to all.—Improved Version.

<sup>† 20.</sup> verse 12. † 21. Matt. xxii. 37, 39; John xiii. 34; xv. 12; 1 John iii. 23. † 1. John xv. 23. † 3. John xiv. 15; 21; 23; xv. 10. † 2. 3. Matt. xxi. 30. † 3. John iii. 9; iv. 4. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 57. † 6. John xiv. 17; xv. 20; xvi. 13; 2 17; ... iii. 10;

και το ύδωρ, και το αίμα· και οί τρεις εις το έν and the water, and the blood; and the three for the one 9 Ει την μαρτυριαν των ανθρωπων λαμεισιν. If the testimony of the men Wereβανομεν, ή μαρτυρια του θεου μειζων εστιν· ceive, the testimony of the God greater is; ότι αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του θεου, ήν μεμαρτυbecause this is the testimony of the God, which he has testiρηκε περι του υίου αύτου. 10 °O πιστευων εις τον fied concerning the son of himself. The one believing into the υίον του θεου, εχει την μαρτυριαν εν έαυτφ. on of the God, has the testimony ln himself; δ μη πιστευων τω θεω, ψειστην πεποιηκεν one believing the God, a liar thenot has made αυτον, ότι ου πεπιστευκέν εις την μαρτυριαν, because not he has believed in the him, ήν μεμαρτυρηκεν δ θεος περι του υίου αύτου. the God concerning the son of himself. which has testified 11 Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια, ότι ζωην αιωνιον And this is the testimony, because life age-lasting <sup>12</sup> Ο εγων τον υίον, εχει τη<sup>ν</sup> αυτου εστιν. The one having the son, has of him is. ζωην δ μη εχων τον υίον του θεου, την ζωην life; the not one having the son of the God, the life <sup>13</sup> Ταυτα εγραψα ύμιν, ίνα ουκ εχει. These things I wrote to you, so that you may not has. δτι ζωην αιωνιον εχετε οί πιστευοντες life age-lasting you have those believing <sup>14</sup> Και αύτη εις το ονομα του υίου του θεου. into the name of the son of the God. εστιν ή παρβησια ήν εχομεν προς αυτον, δτι which we have towards him, the. buldness αιτωμεθα κατα το θελημα αυτου, if anything we may ask according to the will of him, ακουει ήμων· 15 και εαν οιδαμεν, ότι ακουει we know. that he hears us; and lf he hears ήμων, δ αν αιτωμεθα, οιδαμεν, δτι εχομεν τα whatever we may ask, we know, that we have the αιτηματα ά ητηκαμεν παρ' αυτρυ. which we have asked from him. τον αδελφον αύτου άμαρτανονιδη 27.7 brother of himself any one should see the sinning και τα άμαρτιαν μη προς θανατον, αιτησει, to death, he shall ask, and not δωσει αυτφ ζωην, τοις άμαρτανουσι μη προς life, for those to sinning not he will give to him Εστιν άμαρτια προς θανατον. ου  $\theta$ ava $\tau$ o $\nu$ . <sup>death</sup>; Паσа a sin to ltis λεγω ίνα ερωτηση. περι εκεινης that he should ask. A 11 concerning that Issy

8 the SPIRIT, and the WATER, and the BLOOD; and the THREE are for ONE.

9 If we receive the TESTIMONY Of MEN, the TESTIMONY Of GOD is greater; ## For this is the TESTIMONY Of GOD \* that he has testified concerning his son.

10 (HE who BELIEVES into the SON of GOD, ‡ has the TESTIMONY in himself; HE who does not BELIEVE GOD, ‡ has made him a Liar; Because he has not believed in the TESTIMONY which GOD has testified concerning his SON.)

11 ‡And this is the TESTIMONY, That GOD has given to us aionian Life, and ‡This LIFE is in his son.

12 THE Who HAS the SON has the LIFE; HE who has not the SON has not the LIFE.

13 † These things I have written to you, that you who BELIEVE on the Name of the son of God may know that you have aionian Life.

14 And this is the CON-FIDENCE which we have towards him, That ‡if we ask Any thing according to his WILL, he hears us.

15 And if we know That he hears us, whatever we ask, we know That we have the PETITIONS which we have asked from him.

16 If any one see his BROTHER sinning a Sin, not to Death, let him ask, and the will give him Life for those who sin not to Death. there is a Sin to Death; I do not say that he should ask concerning THAT.

17 ‡ All Unrighteous-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. That.

<sup>† 9.</sup> John viii. 17, 18. † 9. Matt. iii. 16, 17; xvii. 5. † 10. Rom. viii. 16; Gal. iv. 6. † 10. John iii. 33; v. 38. † 11. John i. 4; Col. iii. 4: 1 John iv. 9. † 12. John iii. 30; v. 24. † 13. John xx. 31. † 14. John iii. 22. † 16. James v. 14, 15. † 16. Matt. xii. 31, 32; Mark iii. 29; Luke xii. 10; Heb. vi. 4, 6; x. 26. † 17. 1 John iii. 4.

αδικια άμαρτια εστι και εστιν άμαρτια ου anrighteonaness sin is; and it. πας δγεγενis; and it is sein not We know, that every one the having νημένος εκ του θέου, ουχ αμαρτανει αλλ been begotten by the God, not tins; γεννηθεις εκ του θεου, τηρε: ξαυτον, the one having been begotten by the God, keeps himself, 19 Οιδαμεν, και δ πονηρος ουχ άπτεται αυτου. and the evilone not layshoid of him. Weknow, δτι εκ του θεου εσμεν, και δ κοσμος όλος εν that from the God we are, and the world whole in τφ πονηρα κειται. 20 Και οιδαμεν, ότι ό νίος the evilone lies. And we knew that the con του θεου ήκει, και δεδωκεν ήμιν διανοιαν, ίνα of the God is come, and has given to us an understanding, 40 that γινωσκωμεν τον αληθινον και εσμεν εν τφ we might know the true one and we are in the αληθινώ, εν τω υίω αυτου Ίησου Χριστω. Oύtrue one, in the son of him Jesut Anninted. This τος εστιν δ αληθινος θεος και ή ζωη αιωνιος. God and the life are-lasting is the true <sup>21</sup> Τεκνια, φυλαξατε έαυτους απο τωτ ειοωλων. Dear children, do you keep youmelves from the idols.

ness is Sin; but the is a Sin not to Death.

18 We know That EVERY ONE 1 who has been BEGOT-TEN by God does not sin: but the one BEGOTTEN by God #guards \* himself. and the EVIL one does not lay hold of him.

19 Wa know That we are from God, and that the whole world hes under the EVIL one.

20 And we know that the son of God has come, and thas given us Discernment, that we might know the TRUE one; and we are in the TRUE one,-by his SON Jesus Christ. This is the TRUE God, and I the aionian Life.

21 Dear children! ‡keep yourselves from IDOLS. \*

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. him.

Subscription-FIRST OF JOHN.

<sup>† 20.</sup> John vil. 8. † 18. James i. 27. 1 21. 1 Cor, x, 14. : 18. 1 Pet. 4 23; 1 John iii. 9. Luke xxiv. 45.

#### \*SECOND OF JOHN.

1 Ο πρεσβυτερος εκλεκτη Κυρια, και τοις elder to a chosen lady, and to the τεκνοις αυτης, ούς εγω αγαπω εν αλη $\theta$ εια, of her, whom I love in truth, children (και ουκ εγω μονος, αλλα και παντες οί εγνωbut also all those know-(and not I only, κοτες την αληθειαν,)  $2 \delta ι α$  την αληθειαντην truth,) on account of the truth the μενουσαν εν ήμιν, και μεθ' ήμων εσται ε.ς τον abiding in us, and with us shall be for the abiding in us, and with us shall be for the αιωνα· 3 εσται μεθ' ύμων χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνη age; will be with you favor, mercy, peace παρα θεου πατρος, και παρα \*[κυριου] Ιησου God a father, and from [Lord] Χριστου του υίου του πατρος, εν αληθεια και Anointed the son of the father, in truth and  $^4$  Εχαρην λιαν, ότι εύρηκα εκ των αγαπη. I rejoiced greatly, because I have found of the love. τεκνων σου περιπατουντας εν αλη $\theta$ εια, κα $\theta$ ως truth, walking in 45 children of thee  $*[\tau o v]$ ελαβομεν παρα  $\pi \alpha \tau \rho o s$ . €ντολην from a commandment we received father. 5 Και νυν ερωτω σε. Κυρια, ουχ ώς εντολην And now I entreat thee, lady, not as a commandment γραφων σοι καινην, αλλα ήν ειχομεν απ' but which we had writing to thee <sup>6</sup> Και αύτη αρχης, ίνα αγαπωμεν αλληλους. beginning, that we should love each other. And this αγαπη, ίνα περιπατωμέν κατα τας εστιν ή is the love, that we should walk according to the Αύτη εστιν ή  $\epsilon \nu \tau o \lambda n_1$ εντολας αυτου. This commandments of him. is the commandment, καθως ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ίνα εν αυτη περιyou heard from beginning, that in y 00 it ' 7 Ότι πολλοι πλανοι εισηλθον εις  $\pi \alpha \tau \eta \tau \epsilon$ . deceivers should walk. Because many sutered τον κοσμον, οί μη δμολογουντες Ιησουν Χριστον the world, who not confessing Jeaus Anointed ερχομενον εν σαρκι· ούτος εστιν ό πλανος και in flesh; this is the deceiver aod 8 Βλεπετε έαυτους, δ αντιχριστος. ίνα  $\mu\eta$ the antichrist. See you yourselves, that not ειργασαμεθα, αλλα μισθον απολεσωμεν ά we may lose the things we performed, but <sup>9</sup> Πας δ παραβαινων, πληρη απολαβωμεν. we may receive. Every one the transgressing, και μη μενων εν τη διδαχη του Χριστου, θεον and not abiding in the teaching of the Anointed, God

The ELDER to the Chosen Cyria, and to her CHILDREN ! whom I love in Truth; (and not only I, but also All THOSE who have known the TRUTH.)

2 on account of THAT TRUTH which ABIDES in us, and shall be with us to

the AGE.

3 ‡ Favor, Mercy, and Peace from God the Father, and from Jesus Christ the son of the FA-THER, shall be with you in Truth and Love.

4 I rejoiced greatly That I found some of thy CHIL-DREN ! walking in Truth, as we received a Command. ment from the FATHER.

5 And now I entreat thee, Cyria, ‡ not as writing to thee a New Commandment, but that which we had from the Beginning, ‡ that we should love each other.

6 ! And this is LOVE, that we should walk according to his commandments. \* This COMMANDMENT is, as you heard from the Beginning, that you should

walk in it.

7 ! For Many Deceivers \*went forth into the WORLD,-THOSE who do not confess Jesus Christ did come in the Flesh. This is the DECEIVER and the ANTICHRIST.

8 # Look to yourselves, that \* you may not lose the things we performed, but that \* you may receive

a full Reward.

9 ‡ EVERY ONE who \* GOES BEYOND, and does not abide in the DOCTRINE of the Anointed one, has

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-Second of John. 3. Lord-omit. 4. the-omit. 7. went forth. 8. you may not lose. 8. This COMMANDMENT is. 8. you may 9. GOES BEYOND. receive.

τοις πονηροις.

ουκ εχει ό μενων εν τφ διδαχη \* του Χρισnot has; the one abiding in the teaching [of the Anointed,] του, ] ούτος και τον πατερα και τον νίον εχει, this both the father and the son has. 10 Ει τις ερχεται προς ύμας, και ταυτην Hanyone comes to you, and this διδαχην ου φερει, μη λαμβανετε αυτον ELS teaching not brings, not do you recive hun into 11 'Ο γαρ οικιαν, και χαιρείν αυτώ μη λεγετε. The for λεγων αυτφ χαιρείν, κοινωνεί τοις εργοίς αυτου health, partakes in the works of him one saying to bim

in the evilones.  $^{12} \Pi o \lambda \lambda \alpha \quad \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \quad \dot{\nu} \mu \nu \quad \gamma \rho \alpha \phi \epsilon \nu , \quad o \nu \kappa \quad \eta \approx \sigma \lambda \eta \theta \eta \nu \quad Many things having to you to write, not I wished <math display="block"> \delta \iota \alpha \quad \chi \alpha \rho \tau \sigma \nu \quad \kappa \alpha \iota \quad \mu \epsilon \lambda \alpha \nu \sigma s \quad \epsilon \lambda \pi \iota (\omega \quad \gamma \alpha \rho \quad \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu \quad by \text{ means of paper and of ink; I hope for to come } \\ \pi \rho o s \quad \dot{\nu} \mu \alpha s, \quad \kappa \alpha \iota \quad \sigma \tau \sigma \mu \alpha \quad \pi \rho o s \quad \sigma \tau \sigma \mu \alpha \quad \lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \sigma \alpha \iota, \quad \iota \nu \alpha \quad to \quad you, \quad \text{and mouth to mouth to speak, so that } \\ \dot{\eta} \quad \chi \alpha \rho \alpha \quad \dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu \quad \dot{\eta} \quad \pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \mu \epsilon \nu \eta, \quad 13 \quad A \sigma \pi \alpha \xi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \quad the joy \qquad of us may be having been perfected. Salute <math display="block"> \sigma \epsilon \quad \tau \alpha \quad \tau \epsilon \kappa \nu \alpha \quad \tau \eta s \quad \alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \eta s \quad \sigma \sigma \nu \quad \tau \eta s \quad \epsilon \kappa \lambda \epsilon \kappa \tau \eta s.$ 

thee the children of the sister of thee the chosen one.

not Go. He who abides in the DOCTRINE, has both the FATHER and the son.

10 If any one come to you and bring not this DOCTRINE, do not receive him into your House, ‡nor † wish Him success;

Il for he who wishes him success partakes in his evil works.

12 ‡ Having Many things to write to You, I did not wish to do it by Paper and Ink; \*but I hope to be with you, and to talk, Mouth to Mouth, ‡ so that \*our Joy may be complete.

13 The CHILDREN of thy CHOSEN SISTER Falute thee. \*

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—0. of the Anointed—omit, you. 12. your. Subscription—Second on John

<sup>12.</sup> but I hope to be with

<sup>† 10.</sup> Chairein was a form of salutation, expressive of friendly feeling. The Greeke ususally began their letters with it. See Acts 27, 23, James i. 1.

# \*THIRD OF JOHN.

1 'Ο πρεσβυτερος Γαιώ τω αγαπητω, δυ εγω to Gaius the heloved one, whom elder <sup>2</sup> Αγαπητε, περι παντων αγαπω εν αληθεια. O beloved one, concerning all things truth. love ευχομαι σε ευοδουσθαι και ύγιαινειν, καθως and to be in health, to prosper thee  $^3$  E $\chi$ a $\rho$  $\eta$  $\nu$   $\gamma$ a $\rho$   $\lambda$ ια $\nu$ , ευοδουται σου ή ψυχη. for thee the life. I rejoiced greatly ερχομενων αδελφων και μαρτυρουντων σου τη brethren and testifying of thee in the αληθεια, καθώς συ εν αληθεια  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \iota s$ . even as thou in truth walkest. truth, 4 Μειζοτεραν τουτων ουκ εχω χαραν, ίνα ακουω Greater of these not I have joy, that I hear <sup>5</sup> Αγατα εμα τεκνα εν αληθεια περιπατουντα. walking. Ó bethe my children in truth δ εαν  $\epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \sigma \eta$ €LS  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau o \nu$ πoι€ις loved one, faithfully thou doest whatever thou mayest work for τους αδελφους και εις τους ζενους, 6 οί εμαρτυaud for the strangers, these bore tesbrethren ρησαν σου τη αγαπη ενωπιον εκκλησιας· ούς timony of thee to the love in presence of congregation; whom καλως ποιησεις προπεμψας αξιως του θεου. thou wilt do having sent forward worthily of the God. 7 'Υπερ γαρ του ονοματος εξηλθον, μηδεν λαμ-On behalf for of the name they went forth, nothing 8 'Ημεις ουν οφειλοβανοντος απο των εθνων. from the Gentiles. We therefore ought μεν απολαμβανειν τους τοιουτους, ίνα συνεργοι the such like ones, that co-workers to receive 9 Εγραψα τη εκκλησια. γινωμεθα τη αληθεια. we may become in the truth. I wrote to the congregation; αλλ' δ φιλοπρωτευων αυτων Διοτρεφης ουκ ofthem Diotrephes not hut the oneloving to be first <sup>10</sup> Δια επιδεχεται ήμας.  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega$ . τουτο,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ On account of this, I come, us. å ύπομνησω αυτου τα εργα  $\pi oiei$ ,  $\lambda o \gamma ois$ works which he does, with words I will remember of him the πονηροις Φλυαρων ήμας και μη αρκουμενος επι and not being satisfied prating agninst us; τουτοις, ουτε αυτος επιδεχεται τους αδελφους, these things, not even he bh e receives και τους βουλομένους κωλυέι, και έκ της έκand out of the conhe forbids, wishing and those  $^{11}$  Aya $\pi\eta\tau\epsilon$ ,  $\mu\eta$   $\mu\iota\mu ov$  O beloved one, not do thou imitate κλησιας εκβαλλει. he casts. 'Ο αγαθοποιων, εκ το κακον, αλλα το αγαθον. theevilthing, but the good thing. The onedoing good,

1 The ELDER to Gaius, the BELOVED, ‡ whom I love in the Truth.

2 Beloved! I desire concerning all things that thou mayest prosper and be in health, even as Thy

SOUL prospers.

3 For I rejoiced greatly when the Brethren came and testified to thy TRUTH, even as \$\frac{1}{2} \text{thou walkest \* in the TRUTH.}

4 I have no greater \*Joy than in these things, that I hear of ‡my Children walking \*in the TRUTH.

5 Beloved! thou doest faithfully what thou performest for the BRETHREN, and \* this to Strangers;

6 who testified of Thy LOVE in the presence of the Congregation; whom thou wilt do well to send forward worthily of GoD;

7 for on behalf of his NAME they went forth, treceiving nothing from the GENTILES.

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8 CCIr, therefore, ought to \* entertain such, that we may become Co-workers for the TRUTH.

9 I wrote \* something to the congregation, but Diotrephes, who LOVES TO BE FIRST among them, does not receive us.

10 Therefore, if I come, I will remember His works which he does, prating against us with Evil Words; and not being satisfied with these things, is does not even receive the BRETHREN, and forbids and casts out of the CONGREGATION THOSE WISHING to do it.

11 Beloved! ‡ do not thou imitate THAT which is EVIL, but THAT which is GOOD. ‡ HE who DOES

<sup>†</sup> WATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—THIRD OF JOHN.
Pleasure.
4. in the TRUTH.
5. this to Strangers.

<sup>3.</sup> in the ткитн. 8. entertain.

<sup>† 1. 2</sup> John 1. † 3. 2 John 4. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 15; Philemon 10. † 7. 1 Cor. iv. 13, 15. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 37; Isa. i. 16, 17; 1 Pet. iii. 11. † 11. 1 John ii. 29 jiii. 6, 9.

του θεου εστιν. δ κακοποιων, ουχ έωρακε τον the God is; the one doing evil, not hasseen the Ocov. God. και ύπ' αυτης της αληθειας και ήμεις δε μαρand by herself tho truth; also We and τυρουμεν, και οιδατε, ότι ἡ μαρτυρια ἡμων tify, and you know, that the testimony of us 13 Πολλα ειχον γραφειν, αλλ' ου Many things I had to write, but not αληθης εστι. tmie ia. σελω δια μελανος και καλαμου σοι γραψαι. 14 ελπιζω δε ευθεως ιδειν σε, και στομα προς Thope butimmediately to see thee, and weuth to 15 Ειρηνη σοι. Ασπαζονται στομα λαλησομέν. mouth we will areak. Peace to thee. Salute σε οἱ φιλοι ασπαζυν τους φιλους κατ ονομα. thee the friends; do thou salute the friends by Dame.

GOOD is of GOD; HE who DOES EVIL has not seen GOD.

12 †Testimony is borne to Demetrius by all, even by the TRUTH Herself; and we also testify, ‡and \*thou knowest That our TESTIMONY is true.

13 ‡I had Many things \*to write, but I do not wish to write them to thee with Ink and Pen;

14 but I hope to see thee immediately, and we will speak Mouth to Mouth. Peace be to thee! The FRIENDS salute thee. Salute the FRIENDS by Name.

1 12. 1 Tim. iii. Y.

13. to write to thee, but.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—12. thou knowest. \*cription—Third of John.

<sup>1 12.</sup> John xxi. 24.

<sup>1 13. 2</sup> John 12.

Sub-

# IOΥΔΑ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.] OF JUDA [AN EPISTLE,]

# \*OF JUDAS.

<sup>1</sup> Ιουδας, Ιησου Χριστου δουλος, αδελφο**ς** δε Judas, of Jesus Anointed a bond-servant, a brother and Ιακωβου, τοις εν θεω πατρι ήγιασμενοις και In-of James, to those in God a father sanctined ones and of σου Χριστω τετηρημενοις κλητοις. 2 ελεος ύμιν Jesus Auointed preserved ones called ones; mercy to you  $^3$  A $\gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau o \iota$ , και ειρηνη και αγαπη πληθυνθειη. and peace and love may be multiplied. Beloved ones, πασαν σπουδην ποιουμενος γραφειν ύμιν, περι to write to you, concerning making της κοινης σωτηριας αναγκην εσχον γραψαι salvation a necessity I had to have written the common ύμιν παρακαλων επαγωνιζεσθαι τη άπαξ παραexhorting to earnestly contend for the once to you <sup>4</sup> Παρεισεδυσαν τοις άγιοις πιστει. ζοθειση been delivered to the saints faith. Privily entered γαρ τινες ανθρωτει, οί παλαι προγεγραμμεthose of old having been previously defor some εις τουίο το πριμα, ασεβείς, την του for this the judgment, impious ones, the of the signated for θεου ήμων χαριν μετατιθεντες εις ασελγειαν, into licentiousness, of us favor changing και τον μονον δεσποτην και κυριον ήμων Ιησουν and the only sovereign and Lord ofus Jesus  $^{arepsilon}$ Υ $oldsymbol{\pi}$ ομνη $oldsymbol{\sigma}$ αι αρνουμενοι. δε ύμας Χριστον To remind but you Anointed der ging. είδυτας ύμας άπαξ τουτο, ότι ό βουλομαι, you once this. because the Lnowing I wish, κυριος, λαρν εκ γηρ Αιγυπτου σωσας, το δευpeople out of lan. of Egypt having saved, the second σερον τους μη πιστευσαντας απωλεσεν· 6 αγhaving believed he destroyed; those not γελους τε τους μη εηρησαντας την ξαυτων the of themselves having kept and those not tengers αρχην, αλλα απολιποντας το ιδιον οικητηριον, having left the own principality, but εις κρισιν μεγαλης ήμερας, δεσμοις αιδιοις ύπο day, with chains perpetual under for a judgment of a great τετηρηκεν· 7 ώς Σοδομα και Γομορρα, (οφον thick darkness have been kept; 25 Sodom and Gomorrah, και αί περι αυτας πολεις, τον δμοιον τουτοις and the about cities, the like to them them τροπον εκπορνευσασαι, και απελθουσαι οπισω manner having committed fornieation, and having gone away after σαρκος έτερας, προκεινται δειγμα, πυρος αιωof another, are placed before an example, of fire

1 Judas, a Bond-serva.; of Jesus Christ, and ther of James, to Those who are \*Beloved by God the Father, even the called ones who are tpreserved by Jesus Christ;

2 may Mercy and ‡ Peace and Love be multiplied to

you.

3 Beloved, making All Haste to write to you concerning \*our ‡ common Salvation, I had a necessity to write to you, exhorting you ‡to earnestly contend for the FALTH which was once DELIVERED to the SAINTS.

4 ‡ For Some Men have come in privily, who of old were PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED for This JUDGMENT, impious, ‡ changing the FAVOR of our GOD into Licentiousness, ‡ denying the ONLY Sovereign, and our LORD Jesus Christ.

- 5 But I wish to remind you, though you once knew \* this, That ‡ the LORD. having saved the People out of the Land of E; ppt, afterwards ‡ destroyed those who did not believe;
- 6 and THOSE Angels who KEPT not THEIR own Principality, but left their own Habitation, the has kept in perpetual Chains, under Thick Darkness, for the Judgment of the Great bay;
- 7 tas Sodom and Gomorrah, and the CITIES about them, which in a LIKE Manner to these, committed Fornication, and went after strange Flesh, are placed as an Example, enduring the re-

Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—OF Judas.
 1. beloved by God.
 2. our common Salvation.
 5. all things, That Jesus, having saved.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Luke vi. 16; Acts i. 13. † 1. John xvii. 11, 12, 15. † 2. 1 Pet. i. 2; 2 Pet. i. 2; 1 Tet. i. 2; 2 Pet. i. 2; 2 Tet. i. 13; 1v. 7. † 4. Gal. 11. 4; 2 Pet. ii. 1. 15; 1v. 7. † 4. Gal. 1. 4; 1 Pet. ii. 122. † 5. 1 Cov. x. 0. † 5. Kum. xv. 20, 27; xxvi. 54; Psa. cvi. 25; Heb. iii. 17, 19. † 6. 2 Pet. ii. 2; 1 Gen. xix. 24, Deut. xxix. 23; 2 Pet. ii. 6.

works

of impiety.

νιου δικην ύπεχουσαι. 8 Ομοιως μεντοι lasting retribative justice are nudergoing. In like manner truly και ούτοι ενυπνιαζομένοι σαρκα μεν μιαινουσι, also these dressing ones flesh indeed they pollute, κυριοτητα δε αθετουσι, δοξας δε βλασφημουσιν. lordships and they set aside, glories and they revole. 9 Ο δε Μιχαηλ δ αρχαγγέλος, δτε τω διαβολω The but Michael the chief messenger, when with the accuser διακρινομένος διέλεγετο πέρι του Μασέως

about contending he reasoned the of Moses σωματος, ετολμησε κρισιν επενεγκειν ουκ body, not hedried a judgment to bring against βλασφημιας, αλλ' ειπεν. Επιτιμησαι σοι κυριος. hat he said; May rebuke thee Lord.

10 Ούτοι δε, όσα μεν ουκ οιδασι, βλασφηThese but, what things indeed not they know, they reμουσιν' όσα δε φυσικως, ώς τα αλογα (ωα, 
τιε; what things but naturally, 21 their rational animals. 
επιστανται, εν τουτοις φθειρονται. 
11 Ουαι 
they know, in these things they are corrupt. Woe

autois, δτι τη δδω του Καιν επορευθησαν, και to them, because in the way of the Kain they went, and τη πλανη του Bαλααμ μισθου εξεχυθησαν, και in the error of the Balan reward they rushed, and

τη αντιλογία του Κορε απωλοντο.
In the contradiction of the Kore they destroyed themselves.

12 Ούτοι εισιν εν ταις αγαπαις ύμων σπιλαδες, in the love-feasts of you hidden rocks, συνευωχομενοι αφοβως, έαυτους ποιμα:νοντες. feasting together without fear, themselves νεφελαι ανυδροι, ύπο ανεμων παραφερομεναι. clouds without water, by winds being swept along; δενδρα φθινοπωρινα, ακαρπα, δις αποθανοντα, antumnal, unfruitful, twice having died, εκριζωθεντα:  $^{13}$  κυματα αγρια θαλασσης, επαhaving been moted, Waves wild of sea, loamφριζοντα τας έαυτων αισχυνας αστερες πλαthe of themselves shame; ing out stars Wanνηται, οίς \*[6] (oφos \* [του] σκοτους ELS dering, for which [the] gloom [of the] darkness for 14 Προεφητευσε δε και τουαιωνα τετηρηται. an age has been kept. Prophesied and also these τοις έβδομος απο Αδαμ Ενωχ, λεγων. Ιδου, **fr**om Adam Enoch, saying; ηλθε κυριος εν άγιαις μυριασιν αύτου, 15 ποιηa Lord with holy myriads. of himself, to exeσαι κρισιν κατα παντων, και εξελεγξαι παντας cute judgment against all. and convict all \*[αυτων] TOUS areBeis περι παντων  $\tau\omega\nu$ [p[them] concerning all of the impious ones ών ησεβησαν, ασεβειας αυτων εργων και

tributive justice of an aionian Fire.

8 ‡ In like manner indeed These Dreamers also pollute the Flesh, and despise Lordships, and revile Dignities.

9 \* But ‡ MICHAEL, the ARCHANGEL, when contending with the EN-EMY he reasoned about the Body of Moses, ‡ did not presume to bring against him a reviling Judgment, but said, ‡ "The "Lord rebuke thee."

10 ‡Yetthese blaspheme what indeed they do not understand, but what they know naturally as IRRATIONAL Animals, in These things they are corrupt.

11 Alas for them! Because they went in the way of Cain, and trushed into the errors of Balaam for a Reward, and destroyed themselves in the EEBELLION of KORAII.

12 These are HIDDEN ROCKS in your \$LOVE-FEASTS, feasting together without fear, feeding Themselves; Clouds without water, being swept along by Winds; hare autumnal Trees, unfruitful for two seasons, dead, rooted up;

13 wild Waves of the Sea, foaming out THEIR OWN Shame; wandering Stars, ‡ for which has been kept the GLOOM of DARK-NESS for the Age.

14 And ‡ Enoch also, the Seventh from Adam prophesied of these, saying, "Behold, ‡ the Lord "came with his Holy My-"riads.

αυτων περι παντων των 15 "to execute Judg[of them] concerning all of the 
αυτων ὧν ησεβησαν, και 
of them which they did impionally, and 
implemental thank they did impionally, and 
implemental thank they im-

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. -9. When Michael, the ARCHANGEL, then contending.

13. of the—omit.

15. of them—omit.

<sup>† 8, 2</sup> Pet. ii. 10. † 9. Zech. iii. 2. † 10. 2 Pet. ii. 12. Num. xxii. 7, 21; 2 Pet. ii. 15. † 11. Num. xxii. 7, 21; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 11. Num. xxii. 1, &c. † 12. 1 Cer. xi. 21; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 14. Gen. iv. 5; 1 John iii. 12. † 12. 1 Cer. xi. 21; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 14. Gen. vv. 18. † 14. Deut. xxxxii. 2; Dan. vvi. 19. 10. Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xxv. 31; 2 Thess. i. 7, kev. i. 7.

ών ελαλησαν παντων  $\tau\omega\nu$ σκληρων, περι concerning all of the hard things, spoke <sup>16</sup> Ούτοι εισι κατ' αυτου άμαρτωλοι ασεβεις. sinners These are against him impious. γογγυσται, μεμψιμοιροι, κατα τας  $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \nu \mu \iota \alpha s$ complainers, according to the murmurers. αύτων πορευομενοι· και το στομα αυτων λαλει and the mouth ofthem speaks of themselves walking; θαυμαζοντες πρωσωπα, ωφελειας ύπερογκα, swelling words, admiring races, χαριν. 17 Υμεις δε, αγαπητοι, μνησθητε των but, beloved ones, do you remember the ρηματων των προειρημενων ύπο των αποστοwords of those having been before spoken by the apos- $^{18}$   $\delta au\iota$ λων του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου Jeaus Anointed; that of the Lord of us χρονώ εσονται ελεγον ύμιν, ότι εν εσχατφ they said to you, that in last time will be εμπαικται, κατα τας έαυτων επιθυμιας πορευaccording to the of themselves walklusts 19 Ούτοι εισιν οί αποδιοομενοι των ασεβειων. These are they marking the impious. ριζοντες \*[έαυτους,] ψυχικοι, πνευμα μη εχον-outhoundaries [themselves,] souhealones, a spirit not hav-20 Ύμεις δε αγαπητοι, τη άγιωτατη ύμων You but beloved ones, in the most holy of you πιστει εποικοδομουντες έαυτους, εν πνευματι building up yourselves, in spirit faith γιφ προσευχομενοι, 21 έαυτους εν αγαπη θεου yourselves in love of God praying, τηρησατε, προσδεχομενοι το ελεος του κυριου the mercy of the Lord looking for do you keep, ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εις ζωην αιωνιον. Anointed for And life age-lasting. ofus Jesus τύς μεν ελεειτε διακρινομενοι. 23 ούς δε εν φοβφ meindeed do you pity discriminating; some but in σωζετε, εκ του πυρος αρπαζοντες μισουντες do you save, out of the snatching; hating fire και τον απο της ο αρκος εσπιλωμενον χιτωνα. having been spotted even the from the fleah garment.  $^{24}\,\mathrm{T}_{m{arphi}}$  δ $\epsilon$  δυναμ $\epsilon$ ν $m{arphi}$  φυλα $\xi$ αι ύμας α $\pi$ ται $\sigma$ τους, To the now one being powerful to guard you from atumbling, και στησαι κατενωπιον της δοξης αύτου αμωin presence . of the glory of himself blameμους εν αγαλλιασει, 25 μονφ θεφ σωτηρι ήμων, te only God a savior lets with exceeding joy, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων δοξα \* [και] through Jesus Anointed of the Lord of us glory [and] μεγαλωσυνη, κρατος και εξουσια, και νυν και strength and authority, both now

" piously did, and of All "t the Harsh words which "impious Sinners spoke " against him."

16 These are Murmurers, Fault-finders, walking according to their LUSTS; and their MOUTH speaks boastful words. tadmiring men's persons for the sake of Gain.

17 ‡But do nou, Beloved, remember Those WORDS which were PRE-VIOUSLY SPOKEN by the APOSTLES of our LORD Jc-

sus Christ;

18 That they said to you, That in the Last Time there will be Mockers, walking according to THEIR OWN IMPIOUS LUSTS.

19 These are THEY who SEPARATE, ‡ Sensual, not having the Spirit.

20 But nou, Beloved, ‡ building up yourselves on Your MOST HOLY Faith, praying with holy Spirit,

21 keep yourselves in the Love of God, ! looking for the MERCY of our LORD Jesus Christ to aionian Life. 22 And, making a differ-

ence, Some indeed do you pity;

23 but Others save by Fear, snatching them out of the FIRE, hating even the garment spotted by the FLESH.

24 ! Now to HIM who is ABLE to guard you from falling, and to place you t blameless in the presence of his GLORY, with great

25 ‡to God alone, our Savior, through Jesus Christ our LORD, be Glory, Majesty, Power, and Authority, \* both now, and throughout ALL the AGES. Amen.

25. before

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. themselves -- omit. Subscription-OF JUDAS. every AGE, and now.

εις παντας τους αιωνας· αμην.

for

† 15. 1 Sam. ii. 8; Psa. xxxi. 18; xciv. 4; Mal. iii. 13. † 16. 2 Pet. ii. 18. † 16. Prov. xxi. 28; James ii. 1, 9., † 17. 2 Pet. iii. 2. † 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1; v. 3; 2 Pet. ii. 1; iii. 3. † 19. 1 Cor. ii. 14; James iii. 15. † 20. Col. ii. 7; 1 Tim. ii. 4. † 21. Titus ii. 13. † 23. Rev. iii. 4. † 24. Rom. xvi. 25; 1 ph. iii. 20. † 16. 2 Pet. ii. 18. † 16. † 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1; 15. † 20. Col. ii: 7; 1 Tim.

25. and-omit.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Rom. xvi. 27; 1 Tim. i. 17; 1i. 3.

# ΑΠΟΚΑΛΎΨΙΣ.

# THE APOCALYPSE.

### КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Αποκαλυψις Ιησου Χριστου, ήν εδωκεν αυτφ of Jesus Anointed, which gave A revelation δ θεος, δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου δει the God, to point out to the hond-servants of himself the things it behoves  $\gamma$ ενεσ $\theta$ αι εν ταχαι, και εσημανεν αποστειλας to have done with speed, and he signified του αγγελου αύτου τφ δουλφ αύτου hy means of the messenger of himself to the bund-servantof himself Ιωαννη. δε εμαρτυρησε τον λογον του θεου, to John; who testified the word of the God. και την μαρτυριαν Ιησου Χριστου, όσα ειδε. and the testimony of Jesus Anointed, what things he saw. <sup>3</sup> Μακαριος δ αναγινωσκων, και οί ακουοντες Blessed the one reading, and those hearing τους λογους της προφητείας, και τηρουντές words of the prophecy, and keeping strictly the εν αυτη γεγραμμενα δ γαρ καιρυς 1t having been written; the for thethings in εγγυς. near.

 $^4$ Ιωαννης ταις έπτα εκκλησιαις ταις εν τη to the seven congregations to those in th. Ασιά: χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο δ favor to you and peace from the one existing ην και ὁ ερχομενος και απο των and the one who was and the one coming; and from έπτα πνευματων, ά †[εστιν] ενωπιον spirite, which [i\*] in presence of the θρονου αυτου. 5 και απο Ιησου Χριστου, δ μαρof him; and from Jesus Anointed, the witτυς δ πιστος, δ΄ πρωτοτοκος των νεκρων, και δ ness the faithful, the first-born of the dead ones, and the πρχων των βασιλεων της γης τφ αγαπωντι prince ofthe kings of the earth; to the oneloving ήμας και λουσαντι ήμας απο των άμαρτιων ήμων and having washed us from the sine ofus εν τφ αίματι αύτου, 6 και εποιησεν ήμας βασιblood of himself, and made us a kingλειαν, ίερεις τφ θεφ και πατρι αύτου, αυτφ ή dom, present to the God and father of himself, to him the dom,

#### CHAPTER I.

- 1 A Revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave to him, to point out to his SERVANTS the things it is necessary to have done speedily; and which he signified, ‡ having sent by his ANGEL, to his SERVANT John,
- 2 twho testified the word of God, and the testimony of J. sus Christ whatever things the saw
- 3 Blessed is HE who BEADS, and THOSE who HEAR the WORDS of the PROPHECY, and \$\frac{1}{2}\text{observe}\$ the THINGS which have been WRITTEN in it; for \$\frac{1}{2}\text{the TIME is near.}\$
- 4 John to those seven Congregations in Asia; Favor and Peace to you from \* God, the one \* who is, and the one who was, and the one who is contained; and from \* the seven Spirits which are before his theone;
- 5 and from Jesus Christ, the FAITHFUL WITNESS, the CHIEF-BORN of the DEAD, and the PRINCE of the KINGS of the earth. To HIM who LOVES us, tand threed us from our sins by his own blood,
- 6 and made † for us a Kingdom,—Priests for his God and Father; ‡ to Him

<sup>\*•</sup> The Revelation is not found in the Vat. Ms., 1200, therefore the Various Readings, are taken from Dr. Birch's Collation of the Vat. Ms., 1160, of the eleventh century. Where these readings agree with the three oldest Uncial MSS. they are respectively marked as follows:—A.=Codex Mexandrinus, probably of the fifth century: B.=Codex Vaticanus, written about the end of the seventh century or beginning of the eighth: C.=Codex Ephrami Rescriptus, No. 9, probably of the fifth century. A few corroborative Readings, otherwise marked D.=Codex Sinaitious, will be given from the very ancient Uncial, discovered by Dr. Tischendorf, probably of the same date as Vat. Ms., 1209.

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—No title is given in this MS.; C. has Revelation of John. The Greek word "Apc "Apse" has been adopted for the title. 2. whatever things he saw (A.B.)

4. God, the one who is (B.)

<sup>† 4.</sup> estin, is—omitted by B.C. † 5. So reads A.C and some other MSS, and versions, † 6. heemin, for us.—A.; heemoon, of us.—C.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xxii. 16. † 2. Rev. vi. 9; xii. 17. † 2. 1 John i. 1. † 3. Rev. xxii. 7. † 3. Rev. xxii. 19. † 4. Exod. iii. 14; verse S. † 4. Zech. iii. 2; vi. 10; Rev. iii. 1; iv. 5; v. 6. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 20; Col. i. 18. † 5. Rev. xvi. 14; xix. 10. † 5. 1 John i. 7. † 6. 1 Tim. vi. 10; Heb. xiii. 21; 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. v. 11.

δοξα και το κρατος  $\epsilon$ is τους αιώνας των αιώνων glory and the strength for the ages of the ages; αμην.

so be it.

7 Ιδου, ερχεται μετα των νεφελων, και οψεclouds, and Lo, becomes with the hall ται αυτον πας οφθαλμος, και οίτινες αυτον and those who him every eye, 5 f C εξεκεντησαν και κοψονται επ' αυτον πασαι αί and shall mourn over him ali  $^8$ Εγω  $\epsilon$ ιμι το φυλαι της γης ναι, αμην. the Alpha tribes of the earth; yes, so beit. am και το Ω, λεγει κυριος ό θεος, ό and the Omega, says Lord the God, the one existing and και δ ερχομενος, δ παντοκρατωρ. the one who was and the one coming, the almighty.

9 Εγω Ιωαννης, ὁ αλελφος ύμων, και συγκοιthe brother of you, and co-part-John, νωνος εν τη θλιψει και βασιλεια και υπομονη in the affliction and kingdom and patience 1 ησου Χριστου, εγενομην εν τη νησω τη καλουin the island that being 17.13 of Jesus Ancinted, θεου, τον λογον του μενώ Πατμώ, δια Patmos, on account of the word of the God, called \*[δια] την μαρτυριαν Ιησου \*[Χρισrud [on account of] the tes.imony of Jesus 10 Εγενομην εν πνευματι εν τη κυριακη του.] in the Lord's Iwas in spirit e'.] και γκουσα οπισω μου φωνην μεγαημερα. behind of me avoice and I heard day; 11 λεγουσης. 'Ο βλεπεις  $\lambda \eta \nu$   $\dot{\omega} s \sigma \alpha \lambda \pi i \gamma \gamma \sigma s$ , saying; What thou seest of a trumpet, 28 γραψον εις βιβλιον, και πεμψον ταις έπτα εκascroll, and send to the seven condo thou write for κλησιαις, εις Εφισον, και εις Σμυρναν, και εις and to to Epheaus, and to Smyrna, Περγαμον, και εις Θυατειρα, και εις Σαρδεις, Thyatira, and to Sardis. Pergamos, and to Φιλαδελφειαν, και εις Λαοδικειαν. KGI EIS Laodicea. Philadelphia, and to to

12 Και επεστρεψα βλεπειν την φωνην ήτις to see the voice which I turned And ελαλησε μετ' εμου· και επιστρεψας ειδον έπτα spoke with me; and having turned I have seven λυχνιας χρυσας, 13 και εν μεσφ των \*[έπτα] seven and in midst of the [seven] golden, lampstands όμοιον υίφ ανθρωπου, ενδεδυμενον λυχνιω**ν** lampstands like to a son of man, having on a garment περιεζωσμενον προς τοις και ποδηρη, reaching to the foot, and having been girded about at the μαστοις ζωνην χρυσην. 14 ή δε κεφαλη αυτου golven, the but head breasts a girdle ofhim και αί τριχες, λευκαι ώς εριον λευκον, ώς χιων: white as wool white, and the hairs,

be the GLORY and the MIGHT for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

7 Behold! the is coming with the CLOUDS, and Every Eye shall see him, and thiose who pierced llim; and All the TRIBES of the LAND shall mourn over him. Yes, Amen.

8 1" If am the Alpha and the Omega," says the Lord God, 1"the one who is, and the One who is Common the Omega the Om

9 I John, your Brother and Co-partner in the Affiliction, and Patient Waiting for \* Jesus, was in That Island which is called Patimos, Ion account of the word of Goo, and the Testimony of Jesus.

10 ‡ I was in Spirit on the LORD's Day; and I heard behind me a loud Voice as of a Trumpet,

11 saying, "What thou seest write in a Seroll, and send to those skyen Congregations;—to Ephesus, and to Smyrna, and to Pergamos, and to Thyatira, and to Sardus, and to Paliladelphia, and to Laodicea."

12 And I turned to see the VOICE which \*was speaking with me; and having turned I saw t Seven golden Lampstands,

13 and in the Midst of the Lampstands tone like to a Son of Man, tinvested with a garment to the foot, and grided about at the BREASTS with a golden Girdle;

14 and his HEAD and HAIRS white as white

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—9. Christ Jesus (B.) Jesus (D.) 9. on account of—omit (A C.) 9. Anointed—omit (A C.) 12. was speaking (B C.) 13. seven—omit (A C.)

και οί οφθαλμοι αυτου ώς φλοξ πυρος. 15 και οί and the eyes of him as a flame of fire; and the ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανώ, ώς εν καμινώ feet of him like to fine white brass, as in a furnace και  $\hat{\eta}$  φωνη αυτου δις φωνη and the voice of him as a voice **πεπυρωμενοι**. having been set on fire; <sup>16</sup> και εχων εν τη δεξια αύτου ύδατων πολλων and having in the right of himself of waters many; έπτα· και εκ του στοματος χειρι αστερας and out of the hand seven; αυτου βομφαία διστομός οξεία εκπορευομένη. or him a broad-sword two-mouthed sharp proceeding; και ή οψις αυτου, ως δ ήλιος φαινει εν τη and the appearance of him, as the sun shines in the 17 Και ότε ειδον αυτον επεσα δυναμει αύτου. And when I saw power of himself. him προς τους ποδας αυτου, ώς νεκρος και εθηκε την at the feet of him, as dead; and he placed the δεξιαν αύτου επ' εμε, λεγων· Νη φοβου· εγω right of himself on me, saying; Not do thou fees; 1 ειμι δ πρωτος και δ εσχατος, 18 και δ ζων και am the first and the last, and the living one; even εγενομην νεκρος, και ιδου ζων ειμι ει**ς τ**ους lo living lam for the dead, and αιωνας των αιωνων και εχω τας κλεις του ages of the ages; and Thave the keys of the θανατου και του άδου. 19 Γραψον ουν and of the unsceu. Write thou therefore the things εισι, και ά μελλει γινεσθαι ειδες, και à thou sawest, even the things are, and the things about μετα ταυτα· <sup>20</sup> το μυστηριον των έπτα αστεsecret of the seven the ρων ών είδες επι της δεξίας μου, και τας which thou sawest on the right of me, and the Οί έπτα αστερες, έπτα λυχνιας τας χρυσας. seven lampstands the The seven golden. αγγελοι των έπτα εκκλησιων εισι και αί λυχmessengers of the seven congregations are; and 'e lampνιαι αί επτα, επτα εκκλησιαι εισι. stands the seven, seven congregations

KE $\phi$ .  $\beta'$ . 2.

 $^{1}\mathrm{T}\phi$  aggreed this  $^{1}\mathrm{E}\phi\epsilon\sigma\phi$  ekkkhyvias graphy the messenger of the in Ephesus congregation dothou ψον Ταδε λεγειό κρατων τους έπτα αστερας write; These things says the outholding the seven stars εν τη δεξια αύτου, ό περιπατων εν μεσφ των in the right of himself, the one walking in midst of the the right of anisoth, ... 2 οιδα τα εργα σου, επτα λυχνιων των χρυσων. 2 οιδα τα εργα σου, επιστands the golden. I know the works of thee, και τον κοπον \*[σου,] και την ύπομονη σου, and thy and the toil [of thee,] and the patient endurance of thee PATIENT

Wool, as Snow; and ‡hi₃ EYES as a Flame of Fire; 15 tand his feet like

to fine Brass glowing with fire, as in a curnace; and this voice as the Voice of

many Waters; 16 ‡ and having in his RIGHT Hand seven Stars; tand out of his Mouth proceeding a sharp twoedged broad Sword; and this APPEARANCE as the sun shines in STRENGTH.

17 And twhen I saw him, I fell at his FFET as dead; but the placed his RIGHT hand on me, saying, "Fear not; IH am the + FIRST and the LAST.

18 and the LIVING ONE; I was even dead, but, behold, I am living for the AGES of the AGES; and I have the KEYS of DEATH and of HADES.

19 Write therefore the things thou sawest, even those which are, and the things which are about to transpire after these.

20 As for the SECRET of the seven Stars which thou sawest in my RIGHT hand, and the seven GOLDEN Lampstands; the SEVEN Stars are I Mcssengers of the SEVEN Congregations, and the SEVEN LAMPSTANDS are Seven Congregations.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 By the MESSENGER of the congregation in Ephesus, write; These things says I HE who HOLDS the SEVEN Stars in his RIGHT hand, INE who walks in the Midst of the seven golden Lampstands;

2 I know thy works, and thy TOIL, and thy ENDURANCE,

<sup>2.</sup> thy-is omitted by A c. + 17. FIRST-BORN (A.)

<sup>† 14.</sup> Dan. x. 6; Rev. ii. 18. † 15. Ezek. i. 7. † 15. Ezek. xliii. 2; Rev. xiv. 2; xix. 6. † 16. verse 20. † 16. Rev. ii. 12, 16; xix. 15, 21. † 16. Acts xxi. 13; Rev. x. 1. † 17. Ezek. i. 28. † 17. Dan. viii. 18; x. 10. † 17. Isolii. 4; xliv. 6; xlviii. 12; verse 11; Rev. ii. 8; xxii. 13. † 18. Rev. iv. 9; v. 14. † 18. vii. 1, &c. † 20. Zec. ... † 20. Zec. ... † 20. Zec. ... † 22. Matt. v. 15. † 1. Rev. i. 16, 20. † 1. Rev. i. 13. † 2. Psa. i. 6; ver iv. 2; Matt. v. 15. 6. 13, 19, &c.

και ότι ου δυνη βαστασαι κακους και επειand that not thou artable to bear with bad occes; and thou hast ρασας τους λεγοντας έαυτους αποστολους ειναι, declaring themselves aposties. to be, those και ουκ εισι· και εύρες αυτους ψευδεις· 3 και and not they are; and thou hast found them liars; εχεις, και εβαστασας δια patient endurance thou hast, and thou hast suffered on account of the <sup>4</sup> A $\lambda\lambda$ '  $\epsilon\chi\omega$ ονομα μου, και ουκ εκοπιασας.
name of me, and not thou hast wearied. But I have κατα σου, δτι την αγαπην σου την πρωτην against thee, because the love of thee the 5 Μνημονευε ουν ποθεν πεπτωκας, adnkas. thou hast relaxed. Do thou remember therefore whence thou hast falleo, και μετανοησον, και τα πρωτα εργα ποιησον. and changethy mind, and the first works do thou; and change thy mind, and the first works do thou;  $\epsilon \in \delta \in \mu \eta$ ,  $\epsilon p \chi o \mu \alpha \iota \sigma o \iota \uparrow [\tau \alpha \chi \nu,]$  kal kiv $\eta \sigma \omega \tau \eta \nu$  if but not, Iam coming to thee [speedily,] and I will remove the λυχνιαν σου εκ του τοπου αύτης, εαν μη lampstand of thee out of the place if not of itself, μετανοησης. 6 Αλλα τουτο εχεις, ότι μισεις this thou hast, that then hatest thou dost change thy mind. But τα εργα των Νικολαιτων, ά καγω μισω. Nikolaitans, which I also the works of the ous, ακουτατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις one having an ear, let him hear what the spirit says to the εκκλησιαις. Τφ νικωντι δωσω αυτώ φαγειν congregations; To the one overcoming I will give to him to eat εκ του ξυλου της ζωης, ὁ εστιν εν τφ παραfrom the wood of the life, which is in the paraδεισω του θεου †[μου.] of the God [of me.] 8 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Σμυρνη εκκλησιας And by the messenger of the in Smyrna congregation Ταδε λεγει δ πρωτος και δ εσχαγραψον. do thou write; These things says the first and the τος, δς εγενετο νεκρυς, και εξηπεν. 9 οιδα σου and lived; I know of thee dead who became †[τα εργα, και] την θλιψιν, και την πτωχειαν. [the works, and] the affliction, and the poverty, (αλλα πλουσιος ει,) και την βλασφημιαν εκ thou art,) and the hlasphemy from

των λεγοντων Ιουδαιους ειναι έαυτους, και ουκ to be themselves, and not those declaring Jews  $^{10}\,\mathrm{M}\eta\delta\epsilon\nu$ εισιν, αλλα συναγωγη του σατανα. an assembly of the adversary. Not but μελλεις πασχειν ιδου, μελλει φοβου fear thou the things thou art about to suffer; lo, is about βαλειν δ διαβολος εξ ύμων εις φυλακην, ίνα to cast the accuser from of you into prison, so that

to cast the accuser

and that thou art not able to endure wicked men; and tthou hast trice THOSE who DECLARE themselves to be Apostles but are not, and hast found them Liars;

3 and thou hast patiently endured and hast suffered on account of my NAME, ‡ and † thou hast not been weary.

4 But I have this against thee. That thou hast relaxed thy FIRST LOVE.

5 Remember, therefore, whence thou hast fallen and reform, and do the FIRST Works; but if not, I am coming to thee, and I will remove thy LAMP-STAND out of its PLACE. unless thou reform.

6 But This thou hast, That thou hatest the works of the Nicolai-TANS, which I also hate."

7 (‡ Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-GREGATIONS.) "To the CONQUEROR WILL give to eat of the twood of the LIFE, which is in the PARADISE of GOD.

8 And by the messen-GER of the CONGREGA-TION in Smyrna write; These things says the triest and the LAST, who was dead, and lived;

9 I know Thy AFFLIC-TION and POVERTY, (but thou art ; rich;) and 1 know the BLASPHEMY of THOSE DECLARING themselves to be Jews, and are not, but tau Assembly of the ADVERSARY.

10 ‡ Fear not the things which thou art about to suffer; behold, the ENE-MY is about to cast some so that of you into Prison, that

<sup>† 3.</sup> thou hast not been weary (Ac.) 5. speedily—is omitted by (Ac.) 7. Wood is the primary signification of xulon, and may here denote, as in Rev. xxii. 2, an aggregation of dendra, or trees, commonly called a xcood, or forest; a xulon of life, occupying a place on both sides of the river. 7. my—is omitted by (Ac.) 8. FIRST-BORN (A.) 9. thy WORKS, and-is omitted by (A c.)

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> John iv. 1. † 3. Gal, vi. 9; Heb. xii. 3, 5. † 6. verse 15. † 7. Matt. xi. 15; xiii. 9, 43; verses 11, 17, 29; Rev. iii. 6, 13, 22; xiii. 0. † 7. Rev. xxii. 2, 14. † 7. Gen. ii. 9. † 8. Rev. i. 8, 17, 18. † 9. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; James ii. 5. † 9. Rom. ii. 17, 28, 29; ix. 0. † 9. Rev. iii. 9. † 10. Matt. x. 22.

 $\pi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha \sigma \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ και έξετε θλιψιν ήμερων δεκα. you may be tried; and you shall have affliction daya Γινου πιστος αχρι θανατου, και δωσω σοι τον Be thou faithful till death, and I will give to thee the στεφανον της ζωης. 11 Ο εχων ους, ακουcrown of the life. The one having an ear, lethin σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. 'Ο hear what the spirit says to the congregations; The ου μη αδικηθη εκ του θανατου του one overcoming not not he may be hurt by the death

δευτεμου. second. 12 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Περγαμώ εκκλησιας And by the measenger of the in Pergamoa Ταδε λεγειδ εχων την δομφαιαν do thou write; These things says the one having the broad sword  $^{13}$ οιδα  $\dagger$ [τα  $\epsilon$ ργα την διστομον την οξειαν that two-mouthed the snarp; l lenow works the σου, και που κατοικεις, όπου δ θρονός του of thee, and] where thou dwellest, where the throne of the σατανα· και κρατεις το ονομα μου, και ουκ adversary; and thou holdcat fast the name of me, and not την πιστιν μου, \*[και] εν ταις ήμεηρνησω of me, thou didst deay the faith [even] in those days ραις \* [εν] αίς Αντιπας ό μαρτυς μου ό πιστος, [in] which Antipas the witness of methe faithful, δς απεκτανθη παρ' ύμιν, όπου ό σατανας κατοιwho was killed among you, where the adversary  $\kappa \epsilon \iota$ . <sup>14</sup> A $\lambda \lambda$ ' † [ ST1]  $\epsilon \chi \omega$  κατα σου ολιγα, I have against thee a few things, [because] εχεις εκει κρατουντας την διδαχην Βαλααμ, thou hast there some holding the teaching of Baiaam, δς εδιδασκε τω Βαλακ βαλειν σκανδαλον ενωto cast a stumbling-block who instructed the Balak πιον των υίων Ισραηλ, φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα και of Israel, to eat idolfsacrifices and  $^{15}$  Ούτως εχεις και συ κρατουντας πορνευσαι. 80 hast also thou some holding to fornicate.  $*[\tau\omega\nu]$ διδαχην Νικολαιτων δμοιως.  $\tau n \nu$ [of the] Nikolaitans in like manner the 16 Μετανοησον Μετανοησον ουν ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι Change thy mind therefore; if hut not, I am coming to thee ταχυ, και πολεμησω μετ' αυτων εν τη βομφαια quickly, and I will war with them by the broadsword

17 'Ο εχων ούς, του στοματος μου. ακου-The one having an ear. of the mouth of me. let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγειταις εκκλησιαις. Τφ maya to the congregations; To the hear what the apirit δωσω αυτώ του μαννα του κεκρυμνικωντι one overcoming I will give to him [of] the manna of that having been

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 13. even-omit. 15. of the-omit. 17. of-omit.

13. in-omit.

14. both.

you may be tried, and you shall have Affliction ten Days. | Be thou faithful till Death, and I will give to thee the crown of LIFE."

11 (‡ Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT SAYS to the CON-GREGATIONS.) "The con-QUEROR shall not be injured ; by the second DEATH.

12 And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION in Pergamos write; These things says the who HAS the SHARP TWO-EDGED BROAD SWORD:

13 I know where thou dwellest,- t where the THEONE of the ADVER-SARY is; and yet thou firmly retainest my NAME; and thou didst not deny my FAITH even in the DAYS in which Antipas was my WITNESS, † n.y FAITHFUL one, who was killed among you, where the ADVERSARY dwells.

14 But I have a few things against thee; thou hast there those holding the TEACHING of Balaam. who instructed Balak to cast a Stumbling block before the sons of Israel, \*both to eat Idol-sacrifices, and I to fornicate.

15 So in like manner thou hast also those holding the TEACHING of the \* Nicolaitans.

16 Reform, therefore; but if not, I am coming to three speedily, and ‡wi'l fight with them with the BROAD SWORD of mry MOUTH."

an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-GREGATIONS.) "To the CONQUEROR I will give THAT MANNA which has

17 (Let HIM who HAS

<sup>+ 13.</sup> thy works, and—is omitted by (a c.) because—is omitted by (a.) 13. my-is added by (A c.)

<sup>† 10.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 13. † 10. James i. 12; Rev. 1ii. 11. † 11. verse 7; Rev. xiii. 9. † 11. Rev. xx. 14; xxi. 8. † 12. Rev. i. 10\* † 13. verse 0. † 14. Num. xxiv. 14; xxxi. 10; 2 Pet. ii. 15; Jude It. † 14. ver. 20; Acts xv. 20; 1 Cor. viii. 9, 10; x. 10; 20. † 14. 1 Cor. vi. 13. † 15. verse 6. † 16. Isa. xi. 4; 2 Thess. ii. 8; Rev. 1, 10; xix. 19; 21.

μενου, και δωσω αυτφ ψηφον λευκην, και επι hidden, and I will give to him a pebble white, and την ψηφον ονομα καινον γεγραμμενον, δ ουδεις pebble a name new having been written, which no one οιδεν ει μη ό λαμβανων.

knows if not the one receiving.

18 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Θυατειροις εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Thyatira  $Ta\delta\epsilon$ λεγει δ υίος του θεου, σιας γραψον. Thesethings says the son of the God, write, gation  $\delta \in \chi \omega \nu$  τους οφθαλμους ယ်င αύτου φλογα the one having the eves of himself a flame πυρος, και οί ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανώ. and the feet of him like to fine white brass; 19 οιδα σου τα εργα, και την αγαπην, και την I know of thee the works, and the love, andthe πιστιν, και την διακονιαν, και την υπομονην and the patient endurance faith. and the service, σου, και τα εργα σου τα εσχατα πλειονα των more of the of thee, and the works of thee the last πρωτων. 10 Αλλ' εχω κατα σου, δτι αφεις But I have against thee, because thoulettest alone

την γυναικα †[σου] Ιεζαβελ, ή λεγουσα έαυτην wife [of thee] Jezehel, the one calling herself προφητιν, και διδασκει και πλανά τους εμους a prophetess, and she teaches and seduces the mv δουλους, πορνευσαι και φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα. bond-servants, to fornicate and to cat idol-sacrifices. <sup>21</sup> Και εδωκα αυτη χρονον ίνα μετανοηση, και And I gave to her time so that she might reform, and

ου θελει μετανοησαι εκ της πορνειας αύτης. to reform from the fornication of herself; not she wills 22 ιδου, βαλλω αυτην εις κλινην, και τους μοιher into a bed, and those  $\mu \epsilon \tau$ αυτης εις θλιψιν μεγαλην, χευοντας mitting adultery with her into affliction great,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu \mu \eta \mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \nu \sigma \sigma \omega \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \kappa \tau \omega \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$ if not they should reform from the works αυτης,

🕰 και τα τεκνα αυτης αποκτενω εν θανατφ• και and the children of her I will kill with death; and γνωσονται πασαι αί εκκλησιαι, ότι εγω ειμι ό all the congregations, that am the ερευνων νεφρους και καρδιας και δωσω ύμιν one searching reins and hearts; and I will give to you 24 'Υμιν δε έκαστω κατα τα εργα ύμων. to each one according to the works To you but of you. λεγω, τοις λοιποις τοις εν Θυατειροις, δσοι to the remaining ones to those in Thyatira, as many as

ουκ εχουσι την διδαχην ταυτην, οίτινες ουκ teaching this, hold the who not

εγνωσαν τα βαθεα του σατανα (ώς λεγουσιν.) the depths of the adversary (as they say; )  $^{25}$   $\pi\lambda\eta\nu$   $\delta$ βαλω εφ' ύμας αλλο βαρος. Not I will lay other hurden;

on

you

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 22. I will cast (A B.)

been concealed; and I will give to him a white Pebble, and on the PEB-BLE ‡a new Name engraved, which no one knows but HE who RE-CEIVES it:

18 And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION in Thyatira write; These things says THAT SON of GOD, who has this eyes as a Flame of Fire, and his FEET like to fine Brass:

19 I know Thy works, and LOVE, and FAITH, and SERVICE, and PATIENT ENDURANCE, and thy LAST WORKS to be more

than the FIRST.

20 But I have this against thee, Because thou lettest alone the WOMAN ‡ Jezebel, who CALLS herself a Prophetess; and she teaches and seduces My Servants, to fornicate, and to eat idol-sacrifices.

21 And I gave her time, so that she might reform; but she is not disposed to reform from her FORNICA-

TION.

of her.

22 Behold! \*I will cast her, and those commit-TING ADULTERY with her into a Bed,—into great Affliction; unless they reform from her works.

23 And I will kill her CHILDREN with Death; and All the congrega-TIONS shall know That I II am he who searches Reins and Hearts; ‡ and 1 will give to you, to each one, according to your WORKS.

24 But I say to you,to the REST in Thyatira. as many as have not this TEACHING, who knew not the DEPTHS of the ADVER-SARY, (as they say;) † I lay on you no Other Burbut what | dcn;

<sup>† 20.</sup> sou-thy, is omitted by c. very many MSS., and most of the versions. 24. Balloo I lay, A c, and many MSS.

<sup>18.</sup> Rev. i. 14, 15. † 20. 1 Kings xvi. 31; xxi. 25; † 23. 1 Sam. xvi. 7; 1 Chron. xxviii. t 17. Rev. iii. 12; xix. 12. 

εχετε, κρατησατε αχρις ού αν ήξω. 26 Kai δ you have, till of which I may have come. Aud the και δ τηρων αχρι τελους τα εργα one overcoming, and the one keeping till an end the works μου, δωσω αυτώ εξουσιαν επι των εθνων· <sup>27</sup> και of me, I will give to him authority over the nations; ποιμανει αυτους εν βαβδώ σιδηρα, ώς τα σκευη he shall rule them with a rod made of iron, as the vessels τα κεραμικα συντριβεται, ώς καγω ειληφα those earthenones it is breaking together, as l oela παρα του πατρος μου· <sup>28</sup>και δωσω αυτώ τον father of me; from of the and I will give to him 29 'Ο εχων ους, ακουαστέρα τον πρωινον. the morning. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις.

hear what the spirit axys to the congregations,  $KE\Phi,~\gamma',~\Im,$ 

1 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Σαρδεσιν εκκλεσιας And by the measurer of the in Sardis congregation γραψον. Ταδε λεγειό εχων τα έπτα πνευ-These things says the one having the seven ματα του θεου, και τους έπτα αστερας. Οιδα of the God. and the stars, seven Iknow σου τα εργα, ότι ονομα εχεις ότι ζης, και works, that a name thou hast that thou livest, and 2 Γινου γρηγορων, και στηρισον **V**€KPOS thou art. Become thou vigilant, and strengthen εμελλον αποθανειν ου γαρ λοιπα ά the thingaremaining which were about to die; εύρηκα σου τα εργα πεπληρωμενα ενωπιον I have found of thee the works having been completed in presence 3 Μνημονευε ουν πως του θεου μου. of the God of me. Remember thou therefore how thou hastre-\*[και ηκούσας, και τηρει,] και μετανοη-[and thou didsthear, and observe, ] and reform. σον. Εαν ουν μη γρηγορησης,

If therefore not thou shouldest have watched, I may have come  $\epsilon \pi i \quad \sigma \epsilon \quad \dot{\omega} s \quad \kappa \lambda \epsilon \pi \tau \eta s, \quad \kappa \alpha i \quad o \nu \quad \mu \eta$ YVWS and not not then mayest have known thee as a thicf. ώραν ήξω ETL OF. <sup>4</sup> Αλλ' EXELS hour I may have come on thee. But thou hast ολιγα ονοματα εν Σαρδεσιν, ά ουκ εμυλυναν Sardia. which not

τα ίματια αύτων και περιπατησουσι μετ' εμου the garments of themselves; and they shall walk with moe

25 but what you have, hold fast till I \* may have come.

26 And HE who conquers, even HE who tkeeps my works to an End, ‡I will give to him Authority over the NATIONS:

27 ‡ and he shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; (as the EARTHEN VESSELS it is breaking them together;) as also **!** have received from my FATHER.

28 And I will give to him the MORNING STAE."

29 (Let HIM who has an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

#### CHAPTER III.

1 "And by the MESSENGEB of the CONGREGATION in Sardis write; These things says the who has the seven Spirits of God, and the seven Stars; t I know Thy WORKS, That the u hast a Name \*That thou livest, and thou art dead.

2 Become vigilant, and \*strengthen the remaining THINGS which were about to die; for I have not found Thy works fully performed in the presence of my God.

3 ‡ Remember, therefore, how thou hast received and heard, and observe it, and ‡ reform. ‡ If, therefore, thou should not watch, I may have come † I on thee ] as a Thief, and thou mayest by no means know at what Hour I may have come on thee.

A But thou hast a Few Names in Sardis, which have not soiled their GAR-MENTS; and they shall walk with me in ‡white

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.—15. shall open. 1. and livest (B.) the remaining things. 3. and thou hast heard, and observe—omit (B.)

<sup>† 3.</sup> on thee is omitted by (A c.)

<sup>† 25.</sup> Rev.iii.11. † 20. John vi. 29; 1 John iii.25. † 26. Matt. xlx.28; Luke xxii. 29, 30; 1 Cor. vi. 3; Rev. iii 21; xx. 4. † 27. Psn. ii. 8, 0; xlix. 14; Dan. vi...; Rev. xii. 5; xix. 15. † 28. 2 Pet. i. 19; Rev. xxii. 16. † 1. Rev. i. 4, 26; iv. 5; v. 6, 1. Rev. ii. 2. † 3. 1 Tim. vi. 29; 2 Tim. i. 1; verse 11. † 3. verse 19. † 5. Matt. xxiv. 43; xxv. 13; 1 Thess. v. 2. † 4. Rev. iv. 4; vi. 11; vii. 9, 13.

O' 6 εν λευκοις, ότι άξιοι εισιν. νικων, in white (robes,) because worthy they are. The one overcoming, ούτος περιβαλειται εν ίματιοις λευκοις και ου

this shallinvess himself with garments white; and not μη εξαλειψω το ονομα αυτου εκ της βιβλου not I will blot out the name of him out of the της ζωης, και δμολογησω το ονομα αυτου ενω-I will coufess the name of him of the life, and πιον του πατρος μου, και ενωπιον των αγγεpresence of the father of me, and in presence of the messen- $^6$  O  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$  ous, ακουσατω τι το λων αυτου. The one having an ear, let him bear what the gers of him. πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις.

says to the congregations.

<sup>7</sup> Και τω αγγελώ της εν Φιλαδελφεια εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Philadelphia Ταδε λεγει δ άγιος, δ αλησιας γραψον. write; These things says the holy one, the θινος, δ εχων την κλειν του Δαυιδ. δανοιγων, the one having the key of the David; the one opening, και ουδεις κλειει και κλειει, και ουδεις ανοιshuts, and and and no one abuta; no one opens; γει. 8 οιδα σου τα εργα. ιδου, δεδωκα ενωπιον

I know of thee the works; lo, I have placed before σου θυραν ανεφημενην, ήν ουδεις δυναται κλειthee a door having been opened, which no one σαι αυτην. ότι μικραν εχεις δυναμιν, και ετηabut her; because a little thouhast power,

ρησας μου τον λογον, και ουκ ηρνησω το ονομα hast kept of me the word, and not thou didst deny the name <sup>9</sup> Ιδου, διδωμι εκ της συναγωγης του assembly ofthe I give out of the σατανα των λεγοντων έαυτους Ιουδαιους ειναι, saying themselves Jews adversary those και ουκ εισιν, αλλα ψευδονται ιδου, ποιησω I will make and not they are, but speak falsely, lo.

και προσκυνησωσιν ενωήξωσι αυτους, ίνα them, so that they may have come and may have prostrated

πιον των ποδων σου, και γνωσιν, ότι of thee, and they may have known, that feet the (ore  $^{10} \delta \tau \iota \epsilon \tau \eta \rho \eta \sigma as$  $*[\epsilon \gamma \omega]$ ηγαπησα  $\sigma \epsilon$ TOV thee; because thou hast kept the λογον της ύπομονης μου, καγω σε τηρησω εκ

also I thee will keep from patience of me, της ώρας του πειρασμού της μελλούσης ερχέσof that being about the hour of the trial θαι επι της οικουμενης όλης, πειρασαι τους

whole, habitable to trv those the 11 Ερχομαι ταχυ. KATOLKOUPTAS ETL THE YMS.

Icome speeduly;

(robes;) Because they are

[Chap. 3: 11.

worthy. The 5 CONQUEROR shall \* thus the clothed in white Garments; and I will by no means blot out his NAME from the # BOOK of LIFE, and I I will confess his NANE in the presence of my FATHER. and in the presence of his ANGELS."

6 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the con-

GREGATIONS.)

7 "And by the MESSEN. GER of the CONGREGATION in Philadelphia write: These things says the HOLY one, the TRUE, HE who HAS the KEY of DAVID, THE who opens and no one \* shall shut, and shuts and no one opens;

8 !I know Thy WORKS; behold! I have placed before thee ‡ an opened Door, which no one is able to shut; Because thou hast a Little Power, and hast kept My word, and didst

not deny my NAME.

9 Behold! I am giving up THOSE from the As-SEMBLY of the ADVER-SARY, who DECLARE themselves to be Jews, and are not, but speak falsely; behold! II will make them to come and pay homage before thy FEET, and to know That # loved thee.

10 Because thou hast kept the WORD of my PA-TIENT ENDUBANCE, # # also will keep Thee from THAT HOUR OF which is about to come on tthe whole HABITA-BLE, to try THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH.

11 : I am coming speedily; # hold fast what thou

<sup>7.</sup> shall shut; and \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-5. thus be clothed, (A C.) 9. 1-omit (B.) he who shuts and no one shall open.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Rev. xix. 8. † 5. Phil. iv. 3. Rev. xiii. 8. † 5. Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. 8. † 7. Acts iii. 14. † 7. 1 John v. 20; verse 14; Rev. i. 5; vi. 10; xix. 11. † 7. Isa. xxii. 22; Luke i. 32; Rev. i. 18. † 7. Matt. xvi. 10. † 8. verse 1 † 8. 1 Cor. xvi. 9; 2 Cor. ii. 12. † 9. Rev. ii. 9. † 9. Isa. xlix. 23; Ix. 14. † 10. 2 Pct. 11. 9. † 10. Luke ii. 1 † 11. Phil. iv. 5; Rev. xxii. 7, 12, 20. † 11. verse 

κρατει δ εχεις, ίνα μηδεις λαβη τον hold thou fast what thou hast, so that no one may have taken the  $\tau o \nu$ στεφανον σου. 12 Ο νικών, ποιησω αυτον The one overcoming, I will make him crown of thee. στυλον εν τω ναφ του θεου μου, και εξω ου a pillar in the temple of the God of me, and outside not  $u\eta$  εξελθη ετι και γραψω επ' αυτον το not he may have pone out any more; and I will write on him the ονομα του θεου μου, και το ονομα \*[ της πολεως name of the God of me, and the name [of the city του θεου μου, ] της καινης Ίερουσαλημ, ή καταof the God of me, ] of the new Jerusalem, that coming βαινουσα εκ του ουρανου απο του θεου μου, και down out of the heaven from the God of the, and το ονομα \*[μου] το καινον.  $^{13}$   $^{\circ}$ O  $\epsilon χων$  ous, the name [ofme] the new. The one having an ear, ακουσατω τι το πνευμα λεγειταις εκκλησιαις. let him near what the spirit says to the congregations.

14 Και τω αγγελω της εν Λαοδικεία εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Laodicea congrega-Ταδε λεγει δ Αμην, δ μαρτυς sethings says the σιας γραψον. write; These things says the Amen, the witness ο πιστος και αληθινος, ή αργη της κτισεως the beginning of the creation the faithful and true. του θεου· 15 οιδα σου τα εργα, ότι ουτε ψυχρος I know of thee the works, that neither cold ουτε ζεστος οφελον ψυχρος ής, η ζεσhot; I wish cold thouwert, or hot, thou art, nor τος. 16 Ούτως, ότι χλιαρος ει, και ουτε Thus, because lukewarm thou art, and neither ζεστος ουτε ψυχρος, μελλω σε εμεσαι εκ του cold, I am about thee to vomit out of the 'Οτι λεγεις' 17 ότι πλουσιος στοματος μου. of me. Because thou sayest; that ειμι, και πεπλουτηκα, και ουδενος χρειαν εχω,

και ουκ οιδας, δτι συ ει δ ταλαιπωρος και δ and notthou knowest, that thou art the wretebed one and the ελεεινος, και πτωχος και τυφλος και γυμνος pitable one, and poor and blind and naked;  $^{18}$  συμβουλευω σοι αγορασαι παρ' εμου χρυσιον I connael thee to have bought from of me gold

I am, and have been enriched, and not any

of thee, so that thou may est see.

πεπυρωμενον εκ πυρος, ίνα πλυυτησης having been burnt by fire, ao that thou mayest have been rich; και ίματια λευκα, ίνα περιβαλη, so that thou mightest have been clothed and garments white. και μη φανερώθη ή αισχυνη της γυμνοτητος and not might have appeared the abame of the nakedness σου· και κολλουριον, εγχρισαι τους οφθαλμους eye-salve, to have rubbed in the of thee; and  $\beta\lambda\epsilon\pi\eta s$ . 19 Eyw brows  $\epsilon\alpha\nu$ σου, ίνα  $\phi i \lambda \omega$ ,

hast, so that no one may

take thy Crown.

12 The CONQUEROR, I will make him ta Pillar in the TEMPLE of my God, and he shall never go out more; and t I will write on him the NAME of my God, and the NAME of the CITY of my God, the tNEW Jerusalem,—that COMING DOWN out of the TEAVEN from my God; and tmy NEW NAME.?

13 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-

GREGATIONS.)

14 "And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION IN Laodicea write; These things says the AMEN, the FAITHFUL and true WITNESS, the BEGIN-NING of the CREATION of GOD;

15 I know Thy works, That thou art neither cold nor het; I wish thou wert cold o, hot.

16 Thus Because thou art lukewarm, and neither hot nor cold, I am about to vomit Thee out of my

MOUTII.

17 Because then sayest to a mich, and have become wealthy, and have Need of Nothing; and knowest not that thou art the weetched and the pitiable one,—even \* poor, and blind, and naked;

18 I counsel thee to buy from me Gold which has been refined by Fire, that thou mayest be rich; and twhite Garments, that thou mayest be clothed, and the shame of thy NAKEDNESS may not be manifested; and Eyesalve to anoint thine EYES, that thou mayest see.

19 E, tas many as I

I as many as if I may love,

need

I have,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—12. the city of my God—omit.
 17. FOOB.

<sup>12.</sup> my-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> Rev. ii. 10. 12. 1 Kings vii. 21; Gal. ii. 0. 12. Rev. ii. 17; xiv. 1; xxii. 4. 12. Gal. iv. 26; Heb. xii. 22; Rev. xxi. 2, 10. 12. Rev. xxii. 4. 14. Rev. i. 5; xix. 11; xxii. 6: verse 7. 14. Col. i. 15. 17. Hoshea xii. 8; 1 Cor. iv. 8, 1 18, I sa. lv. 1; Matt. xiii. 44; xxv. 9. 18. 2 Cor. v. 3; Rev. vii. 13; xvi. 15, xix. 8. 10. Job v. 17; Prov. fii. 11. 12. Heb. xii. 5, 6; James i. 12.

ελεγχω και παιδευω ζηλωσον ουν και μετα-I prove and admonish; be thou realous therefore and reνοησον.  $^{20}$  Ιδου, έστηκα επι την θυραν, και Lo. I have stood at the door, κρουω εαν τις ακουση της φωνης μου, και I knock; if any one may have heard the of me, voice and την θυραν, εισελευσομαι προς αυτον, may have opened the door, I will go in to και δειπνησω μετ' αυτου, και αυτος μετ' €µov. sup with him, and he with me. and  $* \lceil \mu \epsilon \tau$ νικων, δωσω αυτω καθισαι The one overcoming, I will give to him to have sat with εμου] εν τφ θρονφ μου, ώς καγω ενικησα, και in the throne of me, as also I overcame, εκαθισα μετα του πατρος μου εν τφ θρονφ am sat down with the the father of me in throne  $^{22}$  O  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$  ous, ακουσατω τι αυτου. let him hear what the The one having an ear, πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. says to the congregations.

### КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Μετα ταυτα ειδον, και ιδου, θυρα ανεφ-After these things Isaw, and lo, a door having ημενη εν τω ουρανω, και ή φωνη ή πρωτη, been opened in the heaven, and the voice the first, ίν ηκουσα ώς σαλπιγγος λαλουσης μετ' εμου, which I heard as of a trumpet talking with λεγων Αναβα ώδε, και δειξω σοι saying; Come thou up here, and I will show to thee the things δει γενεσθαι μετα ταυτα.  $^2$  Και 1t behoves to have done after these things. And Aud immediately εγενομην εν πνευματι και ιδου, θρονος εκειτο a throne was placed I was in spirit; and lo, έν τω ουρανω, και επι του θρονου καθημενος. the throne one sitting; in the heaven, and on 8 και δ καθημενος δμοιος δρασει λιθφ ιασπιδι like in appearance to a stone a jasper and the one sitting και σαρδιφ· και ιρις κυκλοθεν του θρονου όμοιος and a sardius; and a rainbow round about the throne lı k . όρασει σμαραγδιν $\varphi$ .  ${}^4$ Και κυκλοθεν του θρονου And round about the throne in appearance to an emerald. θρονοι εικοσιτεσσαρες και επι τους θρονους and on the thrones twenty-four; thrones εικοσιτεσσαρας πρεσβυτερας καθημενους, περιtwenty-four sitting,  $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{B} \setminus \mathcal{M} \in \mathcal{V}$  ous  $\in \mathcal{V}$  imations  $\in \mathcal{B} \cap \mathcal{B} \cap \mathcal{B}$  and  $\in \mathcal{B} \cap \mathcal{B}$ been clothed with garments white, and on the <sup>5</sup> Και εκ κεφαλας αυτων στεφανους χρυσους. Aud from ofthem crowns goldeu. του θρονου εκπορευοντοι αστραπαι και φωναι proceed lightnings and voices. the throne

love, reprove and admonish; be zealous, therefore, and reform.

20 Behold! I have stood at the DOOR, and I knock; if any one may have heard my voice, and opened the DOOR, il \*will enter in to him, and fease with him, and he with me.

21 The CONQUEROR, ‡ I will give to him to sit down with me in my THEONE, as £ also conquered, and sat down with my FATHER in his THRONE."

22 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

#### CHAPTER IV.

After these things I saw, and behold! a Door opened in the HEAVEN, and the FIRST VOICE which I heard, was as of a Trumpet speaking with me;—saying, the Ascend hither, and I will show thee what \*must occur after these things."

2 Immediately t was

in Spirit; and behold! ‡a
Throne was placed in the
HEAVEN, and on \* the
THEONE one sitting.

3 And the one SITTING was like in appearance to a Jasper-stone, and a Sardius; ‡ and a Rainbow encircled the THRONE,—\*similar in appearance to an Emerald.

4 ‡ And circling the THRONE were twenty-four Thrones; and on the THRONES twenty-four Elder sitting, ‡ having been clothed with white Garments, and on their HEADS Golden Crowns.

5 And from the THRONE proceed ‡ Lightnings and Voices and Thunders;

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—20. will both enter. 21. with me—omit. 1. must occur. Immediately after These things I was in Spirit. 2. the THRONE one sitting, to look upon like a Jasper-stone. 3. like to a Vision of Emeralds, (B.)

<sup>† 20.</sup> Luke xiii. 37. † 20. John xiv. 23. † 21. Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30: 1 Cor. vi. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. ii. 26, 27. † 1. Rev. i. 10. † 1. Rev. xi. 13. 12. Rev. i. 10; xvii. 3; xxi. 10. † 2. Isa. vi. 1; Jer. xvii. 12; Ezek. i. 26; x. 1; Dan. vii. 0. † 3. Ezek. i. 28. † 4. Rev. xi. 16. † 4. Rev. iii. 4, 5, &c. † 5. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18.

και βρονται· και έπτα λαμπαδες πυρος καιομεthunders; and seven amps of fire burnand ενωπιον του θρονου, αί εισι \*[τα] έπτα in presence of the throne, which are [the] seven πνευματα του θεου· 6 και ενωπιον του θρονου spirits of the God; and in presence of the throne ώς θαλασσα ὑαλινη, ὁμοια κρυσταλλφ• και εν made of glass, like crystal; and μεσφ του θρονου και κυκλφ του θρονου τεσσαρα midst of the throne and in a circle of the throne γεμοντα οφθαλμων εμπροσθεν και υπισξωα living ones being full before and beofeyes 7 \* [ Kai ] το ζωον το πρωτον δμοιον first like [And] the living one the λεοντι, και το δευτερον ζωον όμοιον μοσχω, and the third living one had θρωπου, και το τεταρτον ζωον δμοιον αετώ and the fourth living one like to an eagle <sup>8</sup> Και τα τεσταρα ζωα, έν καθ' έν πετρμένω. And the four living ones, one by one fleing. αυτων εχον ανα πτερυγας έξ, κυκλοθεν και had apiece wings six, round about εσωθεν γεμουσιν οφθαλμων. και αναπαυσιν they are full of eyes; and rest ουκ εχουσιν ήμερας και νυκτος, λεγοντες. they have ofday and of night, saying; 'Αγιος, ἄγιος, άγιος κυριος δ θέος δ΄ παντοκρα-Holy, holy, holy Lord the God the aimighty, και δ ερχομενος. τωρ, δ και δ  $\omega \nu$  $\eta \nu$ the one who was and the one existing and the one coming. 9 Και όταν δωσουσι τα (ωα δοξαν και τιμην shall give the living ones glory And when and honor και ευχαριστιαν τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, the thanks to the one sitting on throne. ζωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων,  $^{10}πε$ -TW to the oneliving for the ages of the ages, σουνται οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι ενωπιον fall down the twenty-four elders in puesence του καθημενου επι του θρονου, και προσκυνηof the one sitting the throne, and they shall do σo σουσι τφ ζωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων, homage to the one living for the ages ofthe ages. και βαλουσι τους στεφανους αύτων ενωπιον and they shall cast the of themselves in presence CLOADS 11 αξιος €1, του θοονου. λεγοντες. κυρι€, worthy thou art, O Lord, of the throne. saying; λαβειν την δοξαν και την τιμην και την δυνα-

to receive the glory and the honor and

and before the THRONE were burning # Seven Lamps of Fire, which are the # SEVEN Spirits of God;

6 and before \*the THRONE as it were ‡a glassy Sea, like Crystal; ‡and in the Midst of the THRONE, and around the THRONE, Four Living ones, being full of Eyes before and behind.

7 ‡ And the FIRST LIV-ING ONE resembled a Lion, and the SECOND Living one resembled a Steer, and the THIRD LIVING one † having the FACE as of a Man, and the FOURTH Living one was like to a flying Eagle.

8 And the FOUR Living ones, †having \*each of them †six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes; and they have no rest Day and Night, saying, †‡"Holy, holy, \*holy, ‡Lord God, the Omnipotent! the one who is, and the one who is, and the one who is coming."

9 And when the LIVING ONES shall give Glory and Honor and Thanks to the ONE SITTING ON the THRONE, tO HIM \$\psi\$ who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES,

10 the TWENTY-FOUR Elders will fall down before the ONE SITTING on the THRONE, and will do homage to HIM who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES, tand they will cast their CROWNS before the THEONE, saying,

11 t"Thou art worthy \*†O LORD, even our GOD, to receive the GLORY, and the HONOR, and the POW-

the

power;

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—5. the—omit. 6. his throne as. 7. And —omit. 7. the—omit (E.) 8. every one of them (E.) 8. holy, holy, holy, Lord God. 11. O, Lord even our God, the holy one, to receive (E.)

<sup>† 7.</sup> having, (AB.) S. having, (A.) S. six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes (AB.) S. Holy-three times in A and most MSS., nine times in B. 11. the Lord, even our God, (AB.)

<sup>15.</sup> Exod. xxxvii. 23; 2 Chron. iv. 20; Ezek. i. 12; Zech. iv. 2. 15. Rev. i. 4; iii. 1; v. 6. Exod. xxxviii. 8; Rev. xv. 2. 16. Lzek. i. 5. 17. Num. ii. 2; Ezek. i. 10; x. 4. 18. Isa. vi. 3. 18. Rev. i. 8. 29. Rev. i. 18; v. 14; xv. 7. 110 Rev. v. 5. 10. verse 4. 11. Rev. v. 12.

μιν ότι συ εκτισας τα παντα, και δια  $\tau o$ because thou didst create the all things, and on account of the 0ελημα σου ησαν, και εκτισθησαν. will of thee they were, and were created.

### KEΦ. $\epsilon'$ . 5.

1 Και ειδον επι την δεξιαν του καθημενου επι And I saw on the right of the one sitting e n του θρονου βιβλιον γεγραμμενον εσωθεν και a scroll having been written within and throne οπισθεν, κατεσφραγισμενον σφραγισιν έπτα: having been sealed up with seals seven; at the back, 2 Και ειδον αγγελον ισχυρον, κηρυσσοντα εν publishing with And lsaw amesssenger strong, φωνη μεγαλη. Τις εστιν αξιος ανοιξαι το βιβ-a voice great; Who is worthy to open the eccoll, a voice great; 3 Kaı λιον, και λυσαι τας σφραγιδας αυτου; and toloose the seals ofit?  $nu\delta \epsilon is$  ηδυνατο  $\epsilon v$  τ $\varphi$  ουραν $\varphi$ , ουδ $\epsilon \epsilon \pi i$  της γης, no one was able in the heaven, υδε ύποκατω της γης, ανοιξαι το βιβλιον, ουδε the earth, to open the scroll, under <sup>4</sup> Και εγω εκλαιον πολλα, ότι  $\beta\lambda\epsilon\pi\epsilon\iota\nu$  auto. And I was weeping much, because to see it. ουδεις αξιος εύρεθη ανοιξαι το βιβλιον, ουτε no one worthy was found to epen the scroll, nor 5 Και είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων βλεπειν αυτο. And one of the elders it. λεγει μοι Μη κλαιε ιδου, ενικησεν ό λεων ό says to me; Notdo thou weep; lo, prevailed the lion that  $\epsilon \kappa \tau \eta s \phi \upsilon \lambda \eta s Io\upsilon \delta a$ ,  $\dot{\eta} \dot{\rho} \iota \dot{\zeta} a \Delta a \upsilon i \delta$ ,  $a \upsilon \iota \dot{\zeta} a \iota \tau o$  of the tribe of Judah, the root of David, to open the 6 Kaı βιβλιον και τας έπτα σφραγιδας αυτου. seals ofit. And and the seven ειδον εν μεσφ του θρονου και των τεσπαρων midst of the throne and of the ζωων, και εν μεσφ των πρεσβυτερων, αρνιον living ones, and in midst of the elders, a young lamb εσφαγμενον, εχον κερατα ယ်s having been standing as having been slaughtered, it had horus έπτα, και οφθαλμους έπτα, οἱ εισι τα έπτα seven, and eyes seven, they are the seven \* $[\tau a]$   $a\pi \epsilon \sigma \tau a \lambda \mu \epsilon \nu a \epsilon \iota s$ πνευματα του θεου spirits of the God [those] having been sent forth into πασαν την γην. 7 Και ηλθε και ειληφε \*[το al! the earth. And he came and took [the βιβλιον εκ της δεξιας του καθημένου επι του scroll] from the right of the one sitting on the θρονου. throne.

8 Και ότε ελαβε το βιβλιου, τα τεσσαρα he took the seroll, the four And when και οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι επεliving ones and the elders twenty-four

ER; Because THOU didst create ALL things, and on account of thy WILL they were, † and were created."

#### CHAPTER V.

1 And I saw on the RIGHT of HIM SITTING on the THRONE, ‡a Scroll, having been written with-in and \* outside, ‡ firmly sealed with seven Seals.

2 And I saw a strong Angel publishing with a lond Voice, "Who is worthy to open the SCROLL, and to break its SEALS?"

3 And no one was able in the \* neaven, nor on the EARTH, nor under the EARTH, to open SCROLL, nor to see it.

4 And I wept much, Because no one was found worthy to open SCROLL, nor to see it.

5 And one of the ELD-ERS says to me, "Do not weep; behold, that Lion has overcome which is of the TEFFE of Judah, I the ROOT of David, \* HE is also OPENING the SCROLL, and tits seven Seals."

6 And I saw in the Midst of the THRONE, and of the rour Living ones, and in the Midst of the ELDERS, ‡a little Lamb standing, as if killed, having seven Horns and the tseven Spirits of God sent forth into All the EARTH.

7 And he came and took the SCROLL from the RIGHT hand of the ONE SITTING On THRONE.

8 And when he took the scroll, the Four Living ones and the TWENfell TY-FOUR Elders fell down

5.

<sup>3.</sup> HEAVEN above, nor. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-1. outside (B.) 6. those-omit (B.) 7. the scroll-omit (A.) HE is also OPENING, (B.)

<sup>† 11.</sup> and were created, omitted by A. seven omitted by A.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Ezek. ii. 9, 10. † 1. Isa. xxix. 11; Dan ix. 4. † 3. verse 13; † 5. Gen. xlix. 9, 10; Heb. vii. 14. † 5. Isa. xii. 1, 10; Rom. xv. 12; Rev. xxii. 18; verse 19; Rev. vii. 10; Rev. xiii. 10; Lech. iii. 9; iv. 10. † 6. Isa. liii. 7; John i. 29, 36; Pet. i. 19; Rev. xiii. 18; verses 9, 12; † 6. Zech. iii. 9; iv. 10. † 6. Rev. iv. 5. † 7. Rev. iv. 2. † 5. Rev. iv. 8, # 1 6. Zech. iii. 9; iv. 10.

σον ενωπιον του αρνιου, εχοντες έκαστος κιθαharps, down in presence of the lamb, having each one ρας, και φιαλας χρυσας γεμουσας θυμιαματων, and howls golden being full of odors, \*[ai] 9 Ka: αί €ισιν προσευχαι των άγιων. which are [the] prayera of the holy ones And αδουσιν φδην καινην, λεγοντες· Αξιος (ι λαthey sung aboug new, saying; Worthythouart 10 βειν το βιβλιον, και ανοιξαι τας σφραγιδας receive the scroH, and to open the **δτι εσφαγης, και ηγορασας τω θεω** ofit; hecause thou wast slain, and didst buy back for the God †[ήμας] εν τω αίματι σου εκ πασης φυλης και with the blood of the out of every and γλωσσης και λαου και  $\epsilon \theta \nu$ ους,  $^{10}$  και  $\epsilon \pi$ οιησας and people and nation, and thou didstmake αυτους τφ θεφ ήμων βασιλεις και ίερεις, και them to the God of us kiuga and priests, and 11 Και ειδον, και And I saw, and  $\beta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \upsilon \sigma o \upsilon \sigma i \nu \epsilon \pi i \tau \eta s \gamma \eta s.$ they shall reign on the earth. ηκουσα φωνην αγγελων πολλων κυκλφ του I heard avoice of measengers many in a circle of the θρονου και των ξωων και των πρεσβυτερων. throne and of the living ones and of the elders: και ην ό αριθμος αυτων μυριαδες μυριαδων, και and was the number of them myriads of myriads, χιλιαδες χιλιαδων. 12 λεγοντες φωνη μεγαλη. thousands ofthousands; saying with a voice great; Λξιον εστι το αρνιον το εσφαγμενον λαβειν την Worthy is the lamb that having been killed to receive the δυναμιν και πλουτον και σοφιαν και ισχυν και and wisdom and strength and wealth and <sup>13</sup> Και παν τιμην και δοξαν και ευλογιαν. glory honor and and blessing. And every δ εστιν εν τω ουρανω, και επιτης γης, ereated thing which is in the heaven, and on the earth, και ύποκατω της γης, και  $\epsilon \pi$ ι της θαλασσης and under the earth. and on the 8.02 εστι, Kal Ta  $\epsilon \nu$ αυτοις παντα, ηκουσα which is, and the things in them all, I heard λεγοντας. Τφ καθημενφ επι του θρονου και τφ To the oue atting on the throne and to the αρνιώ ή ευλογια και ή τιμη και ή δοξα και το lamb the blessing and the honor and the glory and the <sup>14</sup> Και τα κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. for the ages of the Ages. And the τεσσαρα ζωα ελεγον. Αμην. και οί πρεσβυτεροι four living ones said; So beit; and the eldera

επεσαν και προσεκυνησαν.

before the LAMB, having each \*a‡Harp and golden Bowls full of incense. which are t the Prayers of the SAINTS.

9 And they sung a new Song, saying, #"Thou art worthy \*to take the SCROLL, and to open its SEALS; I Because thou wast killed, and t didst redeem †[us] to God, with thy BLOOD, tout of every Tribe, and Tongue, and People, and Nation;

10 and thou didst make them to our God † ta Rovalty and a Priesthood, and they shall reign on the

EARTH."

11 And I saw, and I heard \*a Voice of many Angels in a Circle of the THRONE, and of the LIV-ING ONES and of the ELD-ERS; and the number of them was # Myriads of Myriads, and Thousands of Thousands,

12 saying with a loud Voice, I" Worthy is THAT LAMB which was killed to receive the POWFR, and \* Wealth, and Wisdom, and Strength, and Honor, and Glory, and Blessing."

13 I And Every Created thing which is in the HEAVEN, and on the EARTH, and under the EARTH, and on the SEA, and \* All THINGS in them, All I heard saying, "To HIM who SITS on the THRONE, and to the LAME. be the BLESSING, and the HONOR, and the GLORY, and the MIGHT, for the AGES of the \* AGES."

14 # And the FOUR Living ones said, \*"AMEN." And the ELDERS fell down l and did homage.

fell down and did homage.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—S. a Harp (a b.) en. 11. as a Voice. 12. the wealth. 8. the-omit. 13. All ruings in them, All I heard. open. 13. AGES. Amen. 14. AMEN.

<sup>† 9.</sup> us is omitted by A. and the Codex Sinaiticus D, and both read "to our Gop." a Royalty and a Priesthood, (A D.)

<sup>†</sup> S. Rev. xiv. 2; xv. 2. † S. Psa. cxli. 2; Rev. viil. 3, 4. † 9. Psa. xl. 3; Rev. xiv. 5. † 9. Rev. iv. 11. † 9. Acts xx. 28; Rom. iii. 23; 1 Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23; Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John i. 7; Rev. xiv. 4. † 9. Datt. iv. 1; vi. 25; Rev. vii. 0; xi. 9; xiv. 6. † 10. Exod. xix. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 5, 0; Rev. i. 5; xx. 6; xxit. 5. † 11. Psa. lxviii. 17; Dan. vii. 10; ifeb. xit. 22. † 12. Rev. iv. 11. 2 13. Phil. ii. 10. † 13. 1 Chron. xxx. 11; Rom. ix. 5; xvi. 27; 1 Tlm. vi. 10; 1 Pet. iv. 11, vi. 1; Rev. i. 6.

## КЕФ. s'. 6.

<sup>1</sup> Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε το αρνιον μιαν εκ των And I saw when opened the lamb one of the έπτα σχραγιδων, και ηκουσα ένος εκ των τεσand I heard one of the seals, σαρων (ωων λεγοντος, င် ၁ φωνη βροντης. saying, as a voice of thunder: living ones 2 Kaı \*[ειδον, Ερχου †και ιδε.και ιδου And [I saw, and] lo Come thou and see thou. ίππος λευκος, και ὁ καθημενος επ αυτον εχων and the one sitting on him having a horse white, τοξον και εδοθη αυτώ στεφανος, και εξηλθε a how; and was given to him a crown, and became out νικων, και ίνα νικηση. conquering, and that he might conquer.

3 Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την δευτεραν, And when he opened the seal the second, ηκουσα του δευτερου (ωου λεγοντος: Ερχου. I heard the second living one saying; Comethou. 4 Και εξηλθεν αλλος ίππος πυρρος: και τω καθη-

And came out another horse red; and to the one  $\mu \in \nu \omega \in \pi^*$  autov  $\epsilon \delta o \theta \eta$  autow  $\lambda \alpha \beta \in \nu \tau \tau \eta \nu \in \nu \eta \nu \eta \nu$  sitting on him it was given to him to take the peace  $\epsilon \kappa \tau \eta s \gamma \eta s$ ,  $\kappa [\kappa \alpha \iota] [\nu \alpha \alpha \lambda \lambda \eta \lambda \rho \upsilon s \sigma \phi \alpha \xi \omega \sigma \iota^* \kappa \alpha \iota$  from the earth, [and] so that each other they might kill; and  $\epsilon \delta o \theta \eta \alpha \upsilon \tau \omega \mu \alpha \chi \alpha \iota \rho \alpha \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \gamma$ . was given to him a sword great.

5 Και δτε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τριτην And when he opened the the third seal πικουσα του τριτου ζωου λεγοντος. Ερχου †και third living one saying; Comethou and I heard the Kai \* [ειδον, και] ιδου ίππος μελας, και And [I saw, and] lo a horse black, and see thon. And δ καθημενος επ' αυτον εχων ζυγον εν τη χειρι the one sitting on him having a balance in the hand αύτου. 6 Και ηκουσα φωνην εν μεσφ των τεσavoice in midst of the And I heard of himself. σαρων ζωων λεγουσαν. Χοινιξ σιτου δηναριου, living ones saying; A small measure of wheat for a denarius,

living ones saying; A small measure of wheat for a denamins, και τρείς χοινικές κριθης δηναρίου. και το ελαί- and three small measures of barley for a denamins; and the oil

ον και τον οινον μη αδικησης.
and the wine not thou may est hurt.

<sup>7</sup> Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τεταρτην, seal And when he opened the the fourth. ηκουσα του τεταρτου (ωου λεγοντος. Ερχου fourth living one saying; Come thou 8 Και \*[ειδον, και] ιδου ίππος χλω-†και ιδε. And [lsaw, nnd] lo ahorse and see thou. ρας, και ὁ καθημενος επανω αυτου, ονομα αυτφ ne to him
\*[μετ']
[with] and the one sitting on him, aname και δ άδης ηκολουθει followed and the unseen

### CHAPTER VI.

1 And ‡I saw \*when the LAMB opened one of the SEVEN Seals, and I heard ‡ one of the FOUR Living ones saying, as with a Voice of Thunder, "Come."

2 And †I saw, and behold! ‡a white Horse, and he who sat on him having a Bow; and a Crown was given to him; and he came out conquering, and that he might conquer.

3 And when he opened the SECOND SEAL, I heard the SECOND Living one saying, "Come."

4 ‡ And there came out Another, a red Horse; and to the ONE SITTING on him was it given to take PEACE from the EARTH, and that they should kill each other; and there was given to him a great Sword.

5 And when he opened the THIRD SEAL, I heard the THIRD Living one saying, "Come." And † I saw, and behold! ‡ a black Horse, and HE who SAT on him having a Balance in his HAND.

6 And I heard a Voice in the Midst of the FOUR Living ones, saying, "† A Chenix of Wheat for a Denarius, and Three Chenices of Barley for a Denarius; and the OIL and the WINE thou must not injure."

7 And when he opened the FOURTH SEAL, I heard the FOURTH Living one saying, "Come."

8 And † I saw, and behold! ‡a pale Horse, and one was SITIING on him, whose NAME was DEATH, and HADES followed after

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—1. That. 2. I saw, and—omit (E.) 4. and—omit (E.) 5. I saw, and—omit (E.) 8. I saw, and—omit. 8. with—omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> and see is omitted by a c. after "Come;" also in verses 3, 5 and 7.

2. I saw, and (a c.)

5. I saw, and (a c.)

6. The word chenix denotes a measure containing one wine quart, and a twelfth part of a quart.

8. I saw, and (a.c.)

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. v. 5-9. † 1. Rev. iv. 7. † 2. Zech. vi. 3; Rev. xix. 11. Zech. vi. 2. † 5. Zech. vi. 2. † 6. Rev. ix. 4. † 8. Zech. vi. 8.

αυτου· και εδοθη αυτώ εξουσια επι το τεταρτον and was given to him authority over the fourth part της γης, αποκτειναι εν βομφαια και εν λιμφ of the earth, to kill with swurd and with famine και εν θανατώ, και ύπο των θηριών της γης. and with death, and by the wild beasts of the earth.

<sup>9</sup> Και ότε ηνοιξε την πεμπτην σφραγιδα, And when he opened the fifth. acal, ειδον ύποκατω του θυσιαστηριού τας ψυχας the δια τον λογον του θεου, TON εσφαγμενων of those having been killed because of the word of the God, και δια την μαρτυριαν ήν ειχον· 10 και εκραξαν and because of the testimony which they held; and they cried φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες Έως πωτε, δ δεσποwith a voice great, saying; How long, the της δάγιος και αληθινος, ου κρινεις και εκδιreign the huly one and true one, not thou judgest and κεις το αίμα ήμων απο των κατοικουντων επι ofus from thuse the blood dwelling 02 11 Και εδοθη αυτοις στολη λευκη, και της γης, the earth? And was given to them arube ερβεθη αυτοις, ίνα αναπαυσωνται ετι χρονον, it was said to them, that they should rest yet a time. έως πληρωσωσι καιοίσυνδουλοιαυτων καιοί till should be completed also the fellow-slaves of them and the αδελφοι αυτων, οί μελλοντες αποκτειννεσθαιώς brethren of them, those being about to be killed Kal avtol. even they.

12 Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την when he upeued the seal έκτην, και σεισμος μεγας εγενετο, και δ ήλιος and an earthquake great was, and the μεγας εγενετο ώς σακκος τριγινος, και ή σεληas sackcloth of hair, and the moon 13 και οἱ αστερες του νη όλη εγενετο ώς αίμα, whole became as blood, and the stars of the ουρανου επεσαν εις την γην, ώς συκη βαλλει earth, as a fig-tree heaven fell to the τους όλυνθους αύτης ύπο ανεμου μεγαλου σειοthe untimely figs of herself by a wind great μενη,  $^{14}$  και δ ουρανος απεχωρισθη ώς βιβλιον and the heaven was asparated from as ειλισσομένον, και παν ορος και νησος εκ των being rolled up, and every mountain and island out of the τοπων αύτων εκινηθησαν· 15 καιοί βασιλεις της places of themselves were moved; and the kinga ofthe

him; and there was given to him Authority over the part of the FOURTH EARTH, to kill ! with Sword, and with Famine. and with Death, and 1 by the WILD BEASTS of the EARTH.

9 And when he opened the fifth seal, I saw under the TALTAR I the PERSONS of those whohad been KILLED because of tthe werd of God, and because of I the TESTI-MONY \* which they held.

10 And they eried with a loud Voice, saying, "How long, O SOVEREIGN LORD! the HOLY one and true! # dost thou not judge and take vengeance for our blood from those who DWELL on EARTH ?"

11 And there was given to them † severally 1 a white Robe; and it was told them I to rest yet for a Time, till both their FEL-LOW-SERVANTS and their who BRETHREN, were about to be killed even as then, should be completed.

12 And I saw when he opened the SIXTH SEAL, fand there was a great Earthquake, and the sun become black as Sackcloth of Hair, and the entire MOON became as BLOOD;

13 1 and the STARS of the HEAVEN fell to the EARTH, as a Fig tree drops its UNTIMELY FIGS, being shaken by a Great Wind.

14 # And the HEAVEN was separated from its place, being rolled up as a Seroll; and Every Mountain and Island were out of their moved PLACES.

15 And the KINGS of

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. of the LAMB which (B.)

<sup>† 11.</sup> severally a white Robe, (A c.)

<sup>† 8.</sup> Lev. xxvi. 22. † 9. Rev. viii. 3; ix. 13; xiv. 13. † 9. Rev. i 9. † 9. 2 Tim. i. 8; Rev. xii. 17; xix. 10. † 10. † 11. Rev. iii. 4, 5; vii. 9, 14. † 11. Heb. xi. 40; Rev. xiv. 13. † 12. Joel ii. 10, 31; iii. 15; Matt. xxiv. 20; Acts ii. 20. † 13. † 14. Psa. cii. 20; Isa. xxxiv. 4; Heb. i. 12, 13. † 14. Jer. iii. † 8. Ezek. xiv. 21. † 9. Rev. xx. 4. Rev. xi. 18; xix. 2. 1 12. Rev. xvi. 18. Rev. viii. 10; ix. 1. 23, av. 24; Rev. xvi. 20.

γης και οί μεγιστανες και οἱ χιλιαρχοι και οἱ earth and the greatones and the commanders and the πλουσιοι και δ ισχυροι, και πας δουλος και and the strong ones, and every bondman rich ones \*[ #as] ελευθερος εκρυψαν έαυτους €LS the [every] freeman hid themselves in  $\sigma$ πηλαια και εις τας  $\sigma$ ετρας των ορεων,  $\sigma$  και and in the rocks of the mountains, aud λεγουσι τοις ορεσι και ταις πετραις. Πεσετε they say to the mountains and to the rocks; ήμας, και κρυψατε ήμας απο προσωπου του and hide you us from face us, καθημενου επι του θρονου, και απο της οργης one sitting on the throne, and from the wrath του αρνιου  $^{17}$  δτι ηλθεν ή ήμερα ή μεγαλη because came the day the of the lamb; της οργης αυτου και τις δυναται σταθηναι; of the wrath of him; and who is able to stand?

# КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

1 Και μετα ταυτα ειδον τεσσαρας αγγελους And after these things I saw four messengers ξστωτας επι τας τεσσαρας γωνίας της γης, corners of the earth, the four on ιρατουντας τους τεσσαρας ανεμους της γης, of the earth, winds four the ίνα μη πνεη ανεμος επι της γης, μητε επι so that not might blow a wind on the earth, nor on  $^2\,\mathrm{Ka}$ της θαλλασης, μητε επι παν δενδρον. any tree. And OB nor ειδον αλλον αγγελον αναβαινοντα απο ανατο-I saw another messenger from rising up λης ήλιου, ηχοντα σφραγιδα θέου ζωντος και of God living; and εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη τοις τεσσαρσιν αγγελοις, he cried with a voice great to the four messengers, οίς εδοθη αυτοις αδικησαι την γην και την to who mit was given for them to injure the earth and the  $\theta$ αλασσαν,  $\frac{3}{3}$ λεγων Μη αδικησητε την γην, sea, saying; Not do you injure the earth, μητε την θαλασσαν, μητε τα δενδρα, αχρις ού the trees, till nor sea, σφραγισωμεν τους δουλους του θεου ήμων επι the bond-servants of the God of us on we have sealed των μετωπων αυτων. foreheads of them.

4 Και ηκουσα τον αριθμον των εσφραγισμε-And I heard the number of those having been νων, \*[έκατον τεσσαρακοντα τεσσαρες χιλιαfour thouscaled, [one hundred forty δες εσφραγισμενοι] εκ πασης φυλης υίων Ισραηλ.

sands having been sealed] out of every tribe of sons of Israel;

the EARTH, and the GREAT MEN, and the COMMAND-ERS, and the RICH, and the STRONG, and Every Bondman and Freeman, hid themselves in the CAVES and in the ROCKS of the MOUNTAINS:

16 ‡ and they say to the MOUNTAINS and to the ROCKS, "Fall on us, and uide us from the Face of HIM who SITS on the TURONE, and from the WRATH of the LAMB;

17 t because the GREAT DAY of this WRATH has come, ‡ and who is able 🐷 \* stand?"

#### CHAPTER VII.

- 1 + After this I saw Four Angels standing on the Four Corners of the EARTH, trestraining the FOUR Winds of the EARTH, so that no Wind might blow on the EARTH, nor on the SEA, nor on Any Tree.
- 2 And I saw Another Angel ascending from the Sun rising, having the \*Seal of the living God; and he cried with a loud Voice to the FOUR Angels, to whom it was given to injure the EARTH and the
- 3 saving, ‡"Injure not the EARTH, nor the SEA, nor the TREES, till we have t sealed the BOND-SER-VANTS of our GOD 1 on their \* FOREHEADS.
- 4 † And | I heard the NUMBER of the SEALED, t a Hundred and forty-four Thousand sealed, out of Every Tribe of the Sons of Israel.

<sup>. \*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-15. Every-omit (A B C.) 17. be saved. 2. Seals. Sealed—omit. 4. a Hundred and forty-four Thousand having been

<sup>† 17.</sup> their (c.)

1. After this I saw, (ABC.)

4. And I heard the number of the SEALED,—omitted by A: but—a Hundred and forty-four Thousand sealed—retained by A B C.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Hoshea x. 8; Luke xxiii. 30; Rev. ix. 6. † 17. Isa. xiii. 6; Zeph. i. 14; Rev. xxi. 14; 17. Psa. ixxvi. 7. † 1. Dan. vii. 2. † 1. Rev. ix. 4. † 3. Rev. vi. 6; ix. 4. † 3. Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. xiv. 1. † 3. Rev. xxii. 4. † 4. Rev. ix. 10. † 4. Rev. xiv. 1.

 $^{b}$  εκ φυλης Ιουδα,  $^{i}$   $^{i}$  χιλιαδες εσφραγισμενοι aut of tribe of Judah, twelve thousands having been sealed; εκ φυλης  $^{c}$  Pουβην,  $^{i}$   $^{c}$  χιλιαδες  $^{c}$   $^{c}$   $^{c}$  εσφραγισμεσουτοί tribe of Reuben, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] νοι ] εκ φυλης Γαδ, ιβ' χιλιαδες \* [εσφραγισout of tribe of Gad, twelve thousands [having been  $[[evoi \cdot]]$  εκ φυλης Ασηρ, [β'] χιλιαδές \*[[eσφραrealed;] out of tribe of Aser, twelve thousands (having been γισμενοι:] εκ φυλης Νεφθαλειμ, ιβ' χιλιαδες sealed;] out of tribe of Naphtali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe of Simeon thousands [having been sealed;] of the part of the contract the standards [having been sealed;] onto the contract twelve [having been sealed;] onto the of Simeon of the contract [having been sealed;] onto the contract [having been sealed;] onto the contract [having been sealed;] onto the contract [having been sealed;]iβ' χιλιαδές \*[εσφραγισμένοι] εκ twelve thousands [having been scaled;] out of φυλης tribe Λευι, ιβ' χιλιαδες \*[εσφραγισμενοι·] εκ φυλης «[baying been scaled;] out of tribe Ισαχαρ, ιβ' χιλιαδες \*[εσφρογισμενοι] 8 εκ nflssachar, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of φυλης Ζαβουλων, ιβ' χιλιαδες \*[εσφραγισμε-tribe of Zebulon, twelve thousands [baving been sealed;] νοι] εκ φυλης Ιωσηφ, ιβ' χιλιαδες \*[εσφρα-out of tribe of Joseph, twelve thousands [having φυλης Βενιαμιν, ιβ' χιλιαδες tribe of Benjamin, twelve thousands γισμενοι\*] εκ been sealed;] out of εσφραγισμενοι. having been sealed. 9 Μετα ταυτα είδον, και ίδου οχλος πολυς,
After these things I saw, and lo a crowd great, δν αριθμησαι \*[αυτον] ουδεις ηδυνατο, εκ which to have numbered [him] no one was able, ont of παντος εθνους και φυλων και λαων και γλωσevery nation and of tribes and of peoples and of tongues,

σων, έστωτες ενωπιον του θρονου και ενωπιον stanling in presence of the throne and in presence του αρνιου, περιβεβλημενους στολας λευκας, of the lamb, having been clothed robes white, και φοινικές εν ταις χερσιν αυτων· 10 και κραand palme in the hands of them; and they ζουσι φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες ή σωτηρια τω ery with a voice great, saying; The salvation to the θεφ ήμων τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, και τω God ofus to that one sitting on the throne, and to the αρνιφ. 1. Και παντες οί αγγελοι έστηκεσαν And all the messengers κικλώ του θρονου και των πρεσβυτερών και in a cucle or the throne and of the elders and Τω: 7 εσσαρων ζωων, και επεσον ενωπιον του ο'.ha loar living ones, and fell down before the θρονου επι τα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνηthrone on the faces of themselves, and worshipped σαν τφ θεφ, 12 λεγοντες. Αμην. ή ευλογια και the God, So beit; the blessing and saying; ή δοξα και ή σοφια και ή ευχαριστια και ή GLORY, and the WISDOM the glory and the wisdom and the thanksgiving

5 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Judah: Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Reuben; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Gad:

6 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Asher; Twelve thousand out of the Tribe of Naphtali; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Manasseh:

7 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Simeon: Thousand out Twelve of the Tribe of Levi: Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Issacher:

8 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Zebulun; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Joseph; Iwelve Thousand sealed out of the Tribe of Benja-

9 After these things I saw, and behold! a great Crowd, which no one could have numbered, out of Levery Nation, and of all Tribes, and Peoples, and Languages, standing before the THEONE, and in the presence of the LAMB, invested with white Robes, and Palm-branches in their HANDS;

10 and they cry with a loud Voice, saying, ‡"The SALVATION [be ascribed] to THAT GOD of ours t who sirs on the THRONE. and to the LAMB."

11 ‡ And All the ANGELS stood around the THRONE, and the ELDERS. and the Four Living ones, and they fell down on their FACES before the THEONE, and worshipped God,

12 # saying, "Amen! the BLESSING, and the and the and the THANKSGIVING,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100 .- 5-8. having been sealed-omit (A. B C.) m-omit (B.)

<sup>1 9.</sup> Rev. v. 9. 1 9. Rev. iii. 5, 18; iv. 4; vi. 11; verse 14. 1 1 (e.a. xliii. 11; Jer. iii. 23; Hoshca xiii. 4; Rev. xix. 1. 1 10. Rev. v. 13. 1 10. Psa, ili. 8; 1 12. Rev. v. 13. 14

τιμη και ή δυναμις και ή ισχυς τω θεω ήμων hanor and the power and the strength to the God of us εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων  $\dagger$  [αμην.] for the area of the ages; [so heit.]

13 Και απεκριθη είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων, And answered one of the elders, λεγων μοι Ούτοι οί περιβεβλημενοι τας στοsaying to me; These the ones having been clothed the robes λας τας λευκας, τινας είσι, και ποθεν ηλθον;

who are they, and whence came they? white, 14 Και ειρηκα αυτφ. Κυριε μου, συ οιδας.
And I said to him; Olord of me, thou knowest. ειπε μοι. Ούτοι εισιν οί ερχομενοι εκ της θλιhe said to me; These are they coming out of the afflicψεως της μεγαλης, και επλυναν τας στολας great, and tion the washed the αύτων, και ελευκαναν αυτας εν τω αίματι in the d whitened them in the blood  $^{15}$   $\Delta\iotalpha$   $au o v au \sigma$   $\epsilon\iota\sigma\iota
u$   $\epsilon
u \omega \pi\iota o v$  au o vof themselves, and του αρνιου. On account of this they are in presence of the of the lamb. θρονου του θεου, και λατρευουσιν αυτφ ήμερας throne of the God, and publicly serve him και νυκτος εν τω ναω αυτου· και δ καθημενος and night in the temple of him; and the one sitting επι του θρονου, σκηνωσει επ' αυτους.16 Ov throne, pitches his tent over them. Not πεινασουσιν ετι, ουδε διψησουσιν \*[ετι,]ουδε they will hunger more, neither will they thirst [more,] nor μη πεση επ' αυτους ό ήλιος, ουδε παν καυμα·
not may fail on them the sun, nor any heat; 17 ότι το αρνιον το ανα μεσον του θρονου ποι-because the lamb that in the midst of the throne will will μανει αυτους, και όδηγησει αυτους επι ζωης and will lead them to of life them,

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \rho \nu o \nu & \epsilon \kappa & \tau \omega \nu & o \varphi \theta \alpha \lambda \mu \omega \nu & \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu. \\ \text{from the} & \text{eyes} & \text{of them.} \end{array}$ 

fountains of waters;

### KE $\Phi$ . $\eta'$ . 8.

πηγας ύδατων και εξαλειψει δ θεος παν δακ-

and will wipe away the God

 $^1$  Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την έβδομην, and when he opened the seal the seventh, εγενετο σιγη εν τφ ουρανφ ώς ήμιωριον.  $^2$  Και

was silence in the heaven about half an hour. And είδον τους έπτα αγγελους, οί ενωπιον του θεου law the seven messengers, who in presence of the God έστηκασι και εδοθησαν αυτοις έπτα σαλπιγγες.

have stood; and were given to them seven trumpets.  $\delta$  Kai alos ayyelos  $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ , kai  $\epsilon \sigma \tau a \theta \eta \epsilon \pi i \tau o$  And another messenger came, and stood at the

And another messenger came, and stood at the θυσιαστηριον, εχων λιβανωτον χρυσουν και altar, having a censer golden; and

and the HONOR, and the POWER, and the STRENGTH, be to our GOD for the AGES of the AGES."

13 And one of the ELD-ERS answered, saying to me, "These who have been INVESTED with WHITE # ROBES, who are they? and whence did they come?"

14 And I said to him, "My Lord, thou knowest." And he said to me, t"These are THOSE COM-ING OUT of the GREAT AFFLICTION, and they washed their ROBES, and whitened them in the BLOOD of the LAMB.

15 On this account they are before the THRONE of GOD, and publicly serve him Day and Night in his TEMPLE; and HE who SITS on the THRONE ‡ will tabernacle over them.

16 They will hunger no more, neither will they thirst any more; I nor will the sun fall on them, nor Any Heat.

17 Because THAT LAMB which is in the Midst of the THRONE ‡ will tend them, and will lead them to Fountains of Waters of Life; ‡ and God will wipe away Every Tear from their EYES."

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 And twhen he opened the SEVENTH SEAL, there was Silence in the HEAV-EN about Half an Hour.

2 And I saw the SEVEN ANGELS ‡ who stand in the presence of God, and Seven Trumpets were given to them.

3 And Another Angelcame and stood by the ALTAE, having a golder Censer; and to him much

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 16. more-omit.

<sup>+ 12.</sup> So be it-omitted by c.

<sup>† 13.</sup> verse 9. † 14. Rev. vi. 9; xvii. 5. † 14. Isa. i. 18; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John 1. 7; Rev. i. 5. See Zech. iii. 3-5. † 15. Isa. iv. 5, 7; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. Isa. xlix. 10. † 17. Psa. xxxi. 6; Rev. xxi. 4. † 17. Psa. xxxii. 8; John x. 11, 14. † 17. Isa. xxv. 8; Rev. xxi. 4. † 1. Rev. vi. 1.

an earthquake.

εδοθη αυτώ θυμιαματα πολλα, ίνα δωση Tais was given to him incenses many, so that he might give for the προσευχαις των άγιων παντων επι το θυσιαστηof the holy ones of all on the altar ριον το χρυσουν το ενωπιον του θρονου. 4 Kaı golden that in presence of the throne. And ανεβη ό καπνος των θυμιαματών ταις προσευwent up the smoke of the incenses with the prayers χαις των άγιων εκ χειρος του αγγελου, ενωπιον of the holy ones from hand of the messenger, in presence 5 Και ειληφεν δ αγγελος τον λιβαντου θεου. of the God. And took the messenger the eenser, ωτον, και εγεμισεν αυτον εκ του πυρος του filled him from the fire of the θυσιαστηριου, και εβαλεν εις την γην. and east into the earth; εγενοντο φωναι και βρονται και αστραπαι και voices and thunders and lightnings and σεισμος.

6 Και οί έπτα αγγελοι, οί εχοντες τας έπτα And the seven messengers, those having the seven σαλπιγγας, ήτοιμασαν έαυτους, ίνα σαλπισωσι. trumpets, prepared themselves, so that they might sound. <sup>†</sup> Και δ πρωτος εσαλπισε, και εγενετο χαλαζα And the first sounded, and Was και πυρ' μεμιγμενα εν αίματι, και εβληθη εις and fire having been mingled with blood, and they were cast into την γην' και το τριτον της γης κατακαη, και the earth; and the third of the earth was burnt up, and το τριτον των δενδρων κατεκαη, και πας χορτος the third of the trees was burnt up, and all χλωρος κατεκαη.

green was burnt up. 8 Και δ δευτερος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και &ς And the second messenger sounded, and as it were opos  $\mu$ εγα  $*[\pi \nu \rho i]$  καιομένον εβληθη εις την a mountain great [with fire] hurning was east into the θαλασσαν και εγενέτο το τριτον των θαλασσης, αίμα  $*[\pi \nu \nu]$  και απέθανε το τριτον των κτισμαblood; and died the third of the creatures t των  $*[\tau \nu]$  εν τη θαλασση, τα εχοντα ψυχας [of those] in the sea, things having souls; και το τριτων των πλοιων διεφθαρη.

and the third of the ships was destroyed.

10 Και ό τριτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και επεσεν And the third messenger sounded, and εκ του ουρανου αστηρ μεγας καιομενος ώς λαμfrom the heaven a star - great hurning lika πας, και επεσεν επι το τριτον των ποταμων, and it fell OB the third 11 Και το ονόμα | και επι τας πηγας των ύδατων. and on the fountains of the waters. And the name

Incense was given, that he should give it for the PRAYERS of all the SAINTS on that Golden altar which is before the THRONE.

4 And the SMOKE of the PERFUMES went up for the PRAYERS of the SAINTS out of the Hand of the ANGEL, in the presence of GOD.

5 And the ANGEL took the CENSER, and filled it from the FIRE of the AL-TAR, and threw it on the EARTH; and ‡ there were \* † Thunders and Lightnings and Voices and an Earthquake.

6 And those seven Angels having the seven Trumpets prepared themselves that they might

sound them.

7 And the first sounded his trumpet, ‡ and thero was Hail and Fire mingled with Blood, and they were thrown ‡ on the EARTH; and the THIRD of the EARTH was burnt up, and the THIRD of ‡ the TREES was burnt up, and All green Grass was burnt up.

8 And the SECOND Angel sounded his trumpet, tand as it were a great burning Mountain was east into the SEA; and the THIRD of the SEA became Blood;

9 tand the THIRD of the CREATURES which were in the SEA, THINGS having Life, died; and the THIRD of the SHIPS were destroyed.

10 And the THIED Angel sounded his trumpet, and a great Star, burning as a torch, fell from Heaven, and it fell on the Third of the rivers, and on the fountains of the waters.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100.-5. Thunders and Voices and (B.)

8. with Fire

9. of those-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Thunders and Lightnings and Voices, (A.)

<sup>1 5.</sup> Rev. v. 8. 1 5. Rev. xvi. 18. 1 7. Ezek. xxxviii. 2. 1 7. Rev. xvi. 3. 1 7. Isa. ii. 1°, 1 8. Rev. xvi. 3. 1 8. Rev. xvi. 3. 1 8. Rev. xvi. 3. 1 8. Rev. xvi. 4. 1 9. Rev. xvi. 5. 1 10. Rev. xvi. 4. 1 10. Rev. xvi. 4. 1 10. Rev. xvi. 4.

του αστερος λεγετμι δ Αψινθος και γινεται το of the star is called the Wormwood; and became the τριτον των ύδατων εις αψινθον και πολλοι των third of the waters into wormwood; and many of the aνθρωπων απεθανον εκ των ύδατων, ότι επικmen died of the waters, because they ρανθησαν.

were made bitter.  $^{12}$  Kai  $\delta$   $\tau\epsilon\tau$ ap $\tau$ os a $\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda$ os  $\epsilon\sigma$ a $\lambda\pi$ i $\sigma\epsilon$ , Kai And the fourth messenger sounded. and επληγη το τριτον του ήλιου και το τριτον της third of the was an itten the third of the sun and the σεληνης και το τριτον των αστερων, ίνα moon and the third of the stars, so that might be τισθη το τριτον αυτων, και ή ήμερα μη φαινη darkened the third of them, and the day not might shine το τριτον αύτης, και ή νυξ δμοιως. 13 Και ειthe third of herself, and the night in like manner. And I δον, και ηκουσα ένος αετου πετομενου εν μεin midlaw, and I heard one engle flying Ovai, σουρανηματι, λεγουτες φωνη μεγαλη: Woe, saying with a voice great; ουαι, ουαι τοις κατοικουσιν επι της γης, εκ των on the earth, from the woe to those dwelling λοιπων φωνων της σαλπιγγος των τριων αγγεremaining sounds of the trumpet of the three λων των μελλοντων σαλπιζειν. gers of those being shout

### KEΦ. $\theta'$ . 9.

<sup>1</sup> Και ό πεμπτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ειδον counded, and I saw And the fifth messenger αστερα εκ του ουρανου πεπτωκοτα εις την γην, a star from the heaven baving fallen to the earth, και εδοθη αυτώ ή κλεις του φρεατος της αβυσand was given to him the key of the pit of the deep; σου· 2\*[και ηνοιξε το φρεαρ της αβυσσου.] pit of the fand he opened the Kαι ανεβη καπνος εκ του φρεατος ως καπνοςAnd weutup asmoke out of the pit as a smoke καμινου μεγαλης, και εσκοτισθη 5 ήλιος και δ and was darkened the sun and the great, <sup>3</sup> Και εκ του αηρ εκ του καπνου του φρεατος. smoke of the pit. And out of the air by the καπνου εξηλθον ακριδες εις την γην, και εδοθη locusts into the earth, and was given amoke went forth \*[εξουσιαν] αυταις εξουσια ώς εχουσιν authority [authority] having as σκορπιοι της γης  $^4$  και ερδεθη αυταις, ίνα μη and it was said to them, scornions of the earth; that not the grass of the earth, nor any αδικησωσι they should injure the

11 And the NAME of the STAR is called WORM-WOOD; and the THIRD of the WATERS became Wormwood; and many of the MEN died Because of the bitterness of the WATERS.

12 And the FOURTH Angel sounded his trumpet, and the THIED of the SUN was smitten, and the THIED of the MOON, and the THIED of the STARS; so that the THIED of them might be darkened, \* and the DAY might not shine the THIED of it, and the NIGHT in like manner.

heard an Eagle flying in Mid-heaven, saying with a lond Voice, t" Woe! Woe! Woe! Woe! to THOSE Who DWELL ON the EARTH, from the REMAINING Blasts of the TRUMPET of THOSE THREE Angels who are ABOUT to sound."

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 And the fifth Angel sounded his trumpet, ‡ and I saw a Star having tallen from the HEAVEN to the EARTH; and there was given to him the KEY of ‡ the PIT of the ABYSS.

2 And he opened the FIT of the ABYSS, and a Smoke † ascended out of the FIT, as a Smoke of a \* great Furnace; and the SUN and the AIE were darkened by the SMOKE of the FIT.

3 And from the SMOKE went out \$ Locusts on the EARTH; and there was given them Power, \$ as the of SCORPIONS of the EARTH the have Power.

4 And it was said to them that they should not injure the GRASS of the EARTH, nor Any Green

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—12. and the THIRD of them appeared not; the DAY and the NIGHT likewise (B.)
2. And he opened the FIT of the ABYSS—omit (B.)
2. Authority—omit.
3. Authority—omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Exod. xv. 23; Jer. ix. 15; xxiii. 15. † 12. Isa, xiii. 10; Amos viii. 9. † 13. Rev. xiv. 6; xix. 17. † 13. Rev. ix. 12; xl. 14. † 1. Rev. viii. 10. † 1. Rev. viii. 12. Joel ii. 2, 10. † 3. Exod. x. 4; Judges vii. 12. † 3. ver. 10. † 4. Rev. vi. 6; vii. 3. † 4. Rev. viii. 7.

χλωρον, ουδε παν δενδρον, ει μη τους ανθρωtree, if not the green thing nor any men πους οίτινες ουκ εχουσι την σφραγιδα του those who not the of the have neal θεου επι των μετωπων αύτων και εδοθη on the foreheads of themselves: and it was given αυταις ίνα μη αποκτεινωσιν αυτους, αλλ' ίνα them, that not they might kill but βασανισθωσι μηνας πεντε και δ βασανισμος they might torment months five, and the torment αυτων ώς βατανισμος σκορπιου, όταν παιση 8.8 a torment of a scorpion, when it may strike or them <sup>6</sup> Και εν ταις ημεραις εκειναις (ηανθρωπον. days And in the those ahall τησουσιν οί ανθρωποι τον θανατον, και ου μη the death, the men and not not εύρησουσιν αυτον και επιθυμησουσιν αποθαshalt find him; and they shal desire νειν, και φευξεται απ' αυτων δ θανατος. 7 Kai and shall flee away from them the death. τα δμοιωματα των ακριδων δμοια ίπποις ητοιof the locusts like to horses having μασμενοις εις πολεμον και επι τας κεφαλας been prepared for on war; and the heads αυτων ώς στεφανοι χρυσοι, και τα προσωπα of them asttwere crowns golden, and the faces αυτων ώς προσωπα ανθρωπων, 8 και είχον τριχαι ώς τριχας γυναικων, και οί οδοντες αυτων as hair of women, and the teeth of them ωs λεοντων ησαν,  $^9$ και ειχον θωρακας  $\dot{ω}s * [θωρα-$ as of lions were, and they had breastplates as [breastκας] σιδηρους, και ή φωνη των πτερυγων αυτων plates, iron, and the sound of the wings ώς φωνη αρματων ίππων πολλων τρεχοντων se asound of chariots of horses rushing nian y εις πολεμον. 10 Και εχουσιν ουρας δμοιας battle. And they have tails like σκορπιαις, και κεντρα ην εν ταις ουραις αυτων. to corpions, and stings was n the toils και ή εξουσια αυτων αδικησαι τους ανθρωπους and the authority of them to injure tae 11 Εχουσαν εφ αυτων βασιλεα
They have over thomselves a king  $\mu\eta\nu\alpha s$   $\pi\epsilon\nu\tau\epsilon$ . months five. τον αγγελον της αβυσσους ονομα αυτώ Εβραthe messenger of the deep, a name to him ιστι, Αβαδδων, και εν τη Έλληνικη ομομα εχει brew, of Ahaddon, and in the Greek a name he has 1? Η ουαι ή μια απηλθεν· The woe the one passed away,  $A\pi u\lambda\lambda u\omega \nu$ . ιδου, of Apoilyon. ερχονται ετι δυο ουαι μετα ταυτα.

comes more two where after there.

13 Και δ έκτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ηκουσα
And the sixth messenger sounded, and I heard

thing, nor Any Tree, but the MEN who have not the SEAL of GOD on their FOREHEADS.

- 5 And it was said to them that they should not kill them, tbut that they should be tormented five Months; and their Torment of a Scorpion when it stings a Man.
- 6 And in those DAYS
  MEN ‡shall seek DEATH
  and †not find it: and
  shall desire to die, and
  DEATH will fly from them.

7 And the forms of the locusts were like Horses prepared for War; tand on their heads were as it were golden Crowns, and their faces were as the Faces of Men.

8 And they had Hair as the Hair of Women, and their TEETH were as Lion's teeth.

9 And they had Breast' plates, as iron Breastpiates, and the SOUND of their WINGS was as \$\frac{1}{2}\$ the Sound of \* Chariots of many Horses rushing to Battle.

10 And they have Tails like Scorpions, and \*Stings; and in their TAILS was their power to injure MEN five Months.

11 They have \*over them a King, the ANGEL of the ABYSS; whose NAME in Hebrew is Abaddon; and in the Greek he has the name Apoliyon.

12 ‡ ONE WOE is past; behold! \* Iwo Woes more are coming after these things.

13 And the SIXTH Angel sounded his trumpet, and

<sup>\*</sup> Vatical Manuscrift, No. 1100 -9 as Breastplates-omit. 9 many Charlots lushing to Battle. 10, the Stings in their lalls had Power to injure men (b) al. for a King over them an Angel of. (a.1 12 Two Woes more are coming (b.) And after these things, the sixth Angel also sounded (b.)

<sup>† 6.</sup> not find it (A.)

trum-

φωνην μιαν εκ των τεσσαρων κερατων του θυ- I heard a Voice from the horns of the voice one from the alfour σιαστηριού του χρυσού του ενωπιού του θέου, of the golden of that in presence of the God,  $^{14}$  λεγουσαν τ $\omega$  έκτ $\omega$  αγγελ $\omega$  δ εχ $\omega$ ν την σαλ-

saying to the sixth messenger the one having the

πιγγα. Λυσον τους τεσσαρας αγγελους τους Loose thou the four messengers those δεδεμενους επι τω ποταμώ τω μεγαλώ Ev-laying been bound by the river the great Euφρατη. 15 Και ελυθησαν οί τεσσαρες αγγελοι were loosed the four messengers And οί ήτοιμασμενοι εις την ώραν και ήμεραν και those having heen prepared for the hour and aday μηνα και ενιαυτον, ίνα αποκτεινωσι το τριτον so that they should kill the third amonth and a year, 16 Και δ αριθμος των στρατευτων ανθρωπων. And the number of the of the men. ματων του ίππικ υ, δυο μυριαδες μυριαδων. of the cavalry, two . myriads or myriads; ηκουσα τον αριθμον αυτων. 17 Και ούτως ειδον And thus I heard the number of them. 1.8379 τους ίππους εν τη ορασει και τους καθημενους επ' the horse, i., the vision and those sitting αυτων, εχοντας θωρακας πυρινους και δακινθιhaving bleastplates fiery and hyacinνους και θειωδεις· και αί κεφαλαι των ίππων ώς the and brimstone-like, and the heads of the horses as κεφαλαι λεοντων, και εκ των στοματων αυτων oflions, and out of the mouths ofthem  $^{18}$  A $\pi o$ εκπορευεται πυρ και καπνος και θειον. goes out fire and smoke and brimstone. By τον τριων πληγων τουτων απεκτανθησαν το plagues were killed these three  $τ_{\text{pit} \text{ ov}}$  των ανθρωπων, εκ του πυρος κα: του thind of the men, by the free and the καπνοι και του θεινό του εκπορευομένου εκ των smoke and the brimstone that going forth out of the στοματων αυτων 19 'Η γαρ εξουσια των ίππων mouths of them. The for authority of the horses εν τω στοματι αυτων εστι, και εν ταις ουραις in the mouth of them is, and in the tails αυτων αί γαρ ουραι αυτων δμοιαι • φεσιν, εχουof them; the for tails of them like serpents, hav-σαι κεφαλας· και εν αυταις αδικουσι. 20 Και οί

ing heads; and with them they injure. των ανθρωπων οί ουκ απεκτανθησαν remaining ones of the men who not were killed εν ταις πληγαις ταυταις, ου μετενοησαν εκ MEN who were not killed reformed from plagues these, not των εογων των χειρων αύτων, ίνα μη προσκυ-

the works of the hands of themselves, so that not they might νησωσι τα δαιμονια, και τα ειδωλα τα χρυσα and the demons,

και τα αργυρα και \*[να χαλκα] και τα λιθινα ! IDOLS of GOLD and of [the copper ones] and the stone ones | SILVER and of BRASS and and the silver ones and

troux Horns of the GOLDEN ALTAR Which is before God,

14 saying to the SIXTH Angel who had the TRUM-PET, "Unbind THOSE FOUR Angels who have been BOUND fat the GREAT RIVER Euphrates."

15 And THOSE FOUR Angels were unbound, who had been PREPARED for the HOUR, and Day, and Month, and Year, so that they might kill the THIRD of the men.

16 And the NUMBER of the ARMIES of the CAVAL-RY was Two Myriads of Myriads; (II heard the NUMBER of them.)

17 And thus I saw the HORSES in the VISION, and THOSE who SAT on them. having Breastplates fiery and Hyacinthine and Sulphur-like; t and the HEADS of the HORSES were as the Heads of Lions, and out of their mourns proceed Fire and Smoke and Sulphur.

By these THREE Plagues were killed the THIRD of the MEN,-by THAT FIRE and THAT SMOKE and THAT SUL-PHUR which PROCEED out of their MOUTHS.

19 For the power of the HORSES IS IN their MOUTH and in their TAILS; for their TAILS are like Ser-And the pents, having Heads, and with them they injure.

20 And the REST of the by these PLAGUES # did not reform from the WORKS of their HANDS, that they should not woridols the golden ones | ship the | DEMONS, and the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT No. 1100 .- 20. and BRASS-omit.

<sup>+ 13.</sup> FOUR omitted by A.

t 14 Rev xvi. 12. 1 16. Rev. vii. 4. t 17. 1 Chron. xii, 8; Isa. v. 28, 29, t 20, Lev. xvii, 7; Deut. xxxii, 17; Psa. 1 20. Deut xxxi. 20. 1 19. 1sa. 1x. 15 cvi. 37, 1 Cor. x. 20. 1 20. Psa cxv. 4; cxxxv. 15; Dan. v 23.

 $\tau$  ξυλινα,  $\dot{\alpha}$  ουτε  $\beta\lambda$ επειν, δυναται ουτε the wooden ones, which neither to see. Are also not a kouely, ουτε περιπατειν  $\dot{\alpha}^{21}$  και ου μετενοησαν to hear, nor to walk, and not reformed ek των φονων αὐτων, ουτε εκ των φαρμακειων from the murders of themselves, nor from the sorecies αὐτων, ουτε εκ της πορνειας αὐτων, ουτε εκ οf themselves, nor from the fornication of themselves, nor from  $\tau\omega$ ν κλεμματων αὐτων. the thefts of themselves.

# КЕФ. ι'. 10.

l Και είδον \*[αλλον] αγγελον ισχυρον κατα-And laaw [another] messenger strong coming  $\epsilon \kappa$  του ουρανου,  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \epsilon \nu$  from the heaven, having heen clothed with Βαινοντα νεφελήν, και ή ιρις επι της κεφαλης αυτου, and therainbow on the head και το προσωπον αυτου ώς δ ήλιος, και οί ποδες and the face of him as the sun, and the feet αυτου &s στυλοι πυρος:  $^2$ και εχων εν τη χειρι othin as pillars of fire; and having in the hand αύτου βιβλαριδιον ανεώγμενον και εθηκε τον ot himself a "tile scroll having been opened; and heplaced the ποδα αύτου τον δεξιον επι της θαλασσης, τον μεγαλη ώσπερ λεων μυκαται. Και ότε εκραξεν, great even as alion roars. And when he cried, ελαλησαν αί έπτα βρονται τας έαυτων φωνας. apake the seven thunders the of themselves voices. 4 Και ότε ελαληταν αί έπτα βρονται, εμελλον And when spuke the seven thunders, I was about γραφείν και ηκούσα φωνήν εκ του ουράνου to write; and I heard a voice from the heaven λεγουσαν. Σφραγισον ά ελαλησαν αί έπτα Seal thou up what spoke Alving: the seven Βρονται, και μη ταυτα γραψης.  $^5$  Και δ tunaders, and not these things thou may est write. And the αγγελος, όν είδον έστωτα επί της θαλασσης messenger, whom I saw standing on the 800 και επι της γης, ηρε την χειρα αυτου την nad on the land, lifted up the naud of himself the naud of himself the  $6 \ \kappa \alpha i \ \omega \mu o \sigma \in \nu \in \nu$ δεξιαν εις τον ουρανον, εv right towards the heaven. and he swore hy τω ζωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων, ός the oneliving for the ages of the agea, who εκτισε τον ουρανον και τα εν αυτφ, και την created the heaven and the things in it, and the  $\gamma$ ην και τα εν αυτη, \*[καιτην θαλασσαν καιand the earth and the things in her, sea τα υ αυτη, δτι χρονος ουκετι εσται·
the things in her, because time not yet shall be ιαλλα εν ταις ήμεραις της φωνης του έβδομου but in the days of the voice of the acventh

of wood, which can neither see, nor hear, nor walk;

21 nor did they reform from their MURDERS, ‡ nor from their SORCERIES, nor from their FORNICATION, nor from their THEFTS.

### CHAFTER X.

- i And I saw Another strong Angel come down from HEAVEN, invested with a Cloud; t and the RAINBOW was over his HEAD, and t his FACE was as the sun, and his FEET as Pillars of Fire;
- 2 and having in his HAND \*a Lattle scroll opened; and he placed his BIGHT FOOT on the SEA, and the LEFT on the LAND,
- S and cried with a loud Voice, as a Lion roars; and when he cried the SEVEN Thunders uttered THEIR Voices.
- 4 And when the SEVEN Thunders spoke, I was about to write; and I head a Voice from HEAVEN, saying, ‡"Seal the things which the SEVEN Thunders spoke, and write Them not."
- 5 And the ANGEL whom I saw standing on the SEA and on the LAND, \* raised his RIGHT HAND towards HEAVEN,
- 6 and swore by him who lives for the ages of the ages, two created the heaven, and the things in it, and the earth, and the earth, and the stand the things in it, and the sea, and the things in it, that the time shall be no longer [delayed;]

7 but ‡in the DAYS of the BLAST of the SEVENTH

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—1. Another—omit (B.) and the SEA, and the THINGS in it—omit.

<sup>2.</sup> a Seroll.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Rev. xxii. 15. † 1. Ezek. i. 28. † 1. Matt. xxii. 2; Rev. 1. 16. † 2 Rev. viii. 5. † 4. Dan viii. 26; xii. 4, 9. † 5. Exod. vi. 8; Dan. xii. 7; Rev. xxi. 17. Rev. xxi. 17. Rev. xxi. 17. † 7. Rev. xxi. 18.

αγγελο, όταν μελλη σαλπιζείν, και ετελεσθη messenger, who ho may be about to sound, and be dished το μυστηριον του θεου, ως ευηγγελισε the encounced glad tidings τους ξαυτου δουλους τους προφητάς. the of nimself bond-servante the , prophets.

<sup>8</sup> Και ή φωνη ήν ηκουσα εκ του ουρανου, And the voice which I heard from the heaves παλιν λαλουσαμετ' εμου, και λεγουσα. Υπαγε, again speaking with me, and seying. • Go thus, λαβε το βιβλαριδίον το ηνεφγμενον εν τη fittle scroll sethat baving been opened in the take thou the χειρι του αγγελου του έστωτος επι της θαλ-ασσης και επι της γης. 9 Και απελθον προς, and on the had. And I went τον αγγέλον, λεγων \* [αυτώ, ] δουναι μοι το βιβλαριδιον. Και λεγει μοι Λαβε και καταφαγε erril. And heseys to me; Take thou and sees thou αυτο και πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, άλλ εν τφ it; anditwillemb.tteroftheothe belly, to but fo the 10 K 0.1 στοματι σου εσται γλυκυ ώς μελι.
mouth of thee ti will be sewest ! as honey. ελαβον το βιβλαριδιον εκ της χειρος του αγγέitook the hittlescroll out of the hand of the messen-λου, και κατεφαγον αυτο και ην εντω στομα-ger, and steeper it, and it was in the month εστ. μου ως μελι, γλυκυ και ότε εφαγου αυτο, 
είme as honey, ewest, and when late state 
επικραυθη, ό κολια μου. All Και λεγει μοι Δει 
was made butter the belly of the And he says to me, It behaves σε παλιν προφητευσαι επι λαοις και εθνεσι και to propuery : to peoples and astions thee again ηλωσσαις και βασιλευσι πολλοις. tongues . and / hings

KES. ia'. 11,

ι Και εδοθη μοι καλαμος όμοιος βαβδφ, λε-Door a com or savig saw bak like to a rod. γων Εγειραί, και μετρησον τον ναον του θεου, ing. Busthou, and measure thou the temple of the God. και το θυσιαστηριον, και τους προσκυνουντας and the paltar, and those worshipping , alter, ev autw.  $^2$  kai the authe that outside of the temple εκβαλε εξω και μη αυτην μετρησης. - ότι εδοdo those cast out and not her thou mayest measure, because tt was פון דטון בפטחסוי και την πολιν την άγιαν given to the settions; and the city the πατηγουστι μηνας τεσσαρακοντα δυο. shall they wead months forty holy 3 Kas δωσω τοις δυσι μαρτυσι μου, και προφητευ3 And I will endow my
t will give to the two witnesses, and they

Angel, when he may be about to sound, and the SECRET of God should be completed, as he announced its glad tidings to \*his servants the PROPHETS.

the voice 8 And which I heard from HEAVen, was again speaking with me, and saying, "Go, take THAT LITTLE SCROLL which is opened in the HAND OF THAT ANGEL Who IS STANDING on the SEA and on the LAND."

9 And I went to the AN-GEL, telling him to give me the LITTLE SCROLL. And he says to me, t''Take, and eat it, and it will make Thy BELLY bitter, but in thy MOUTH it will be sweet as Honey."

10 And I took \*the LITTLE SCROLL from the HAND of the ANGEL, and did eat it; tand it was in my mouth sweet as Honey; and when I ate it tmy belly was embittered.

11 And \*they say to me, "Thou must prophesy again concerning Peoples, and \*concerning Nations, and Languages, and many Kings,"

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 And ta Reed was given melikea Rod,—saying, t"Rise, and measure the TEMPLE of God, and the ALTAR, and THOSE who worship in it.

2 But 1 THAT COURT which is \*ourside the TEMPLE cast out, and do notmeasureit: Becauseit was given to the NATIONS: and the HOLY CITY | shall they tread forty-two Months.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—7. his servants the prophets.
10. the scroll.
11. they say to me (AB.)
11. 9, to himomit. 11. concerning. WITHIN.

<sup>18.</sup> verse 4. 1 10. Ezek. ii. 10. 1 2. Ezek, xi. 17, 20.

<sup>‡ 9.</sup> Jer. xv. 16; Ezek. ii. 8; iii. 1-3. 11. Ezek. xl. 3; Zech. ii. 1; Rev. xxi. 15. 1 2. Dan. viii, 10. 1 2. Luke xxi. 24.

σουσιν ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα, περιdays a thousand swo hundred tixty, having phery Oυτοι εισιν αί δυο These are the two Βεβλημενοι σακκους. been clothed with eackcloth. ελαιαι και αί δυο λυχνιαι αί ενωπιον του κυριου olive-trees and the two lamp-stands those in presence of the Lard 5 Kai ei Tis autous Delei THE YMS ECTWTES. And lfany one them wille of the earth standing. αδικησαι, πυρ εκπορευεται εκ του στοματος Dre out of the 387 mouth ... to injure, proceeds αυτων, και κατεσθιει τους εχθρους αυτων και of them, and eats np the enemies fofthem; and ει τις αυτούς θελει αδικησαι, ούτω δει αυτον Stanyone them , wills to injure, - thue it behoves him αποκτανθηναι.

to be killed. . !

and a helf,

σι τεθηναι εις μνημα.

6 Ούτοι εχουσιν τον οθρανον εξουσιαν κλειsulbority . . to bare ( the bearen σαι, ίνα μη ύειος βρεχη τας ήμερας της προshut so that not rain it may rain the ga days of the h pro-Φητειας αυτων και εξουσιαν εχουσιν επι των of them: and & authority, they have , over the εδατων, στρεφειν αυτα εις αίμα, και παταξαι waters, to tura them into blood, and to amire την γην, δσακις εαν θελησωσι, εν παση πληthe earth, as often as if they should will, with every of plegue. 7 Και δταν ¥ τελεσωσι € την ₹ μαρτυρίαν when they may nish the And testimony ? αύτων, το θηριον το ανα αινον εκ της αβυσc. themselves, the wild beast that rising up out of the A. deep σου ποιησει μετ αυτων πολεμου, και νικησει will make with them war, and will conquer <sup>8</sup> Και το πτωμο αυτους, και αποκτενει αυτους. them. 5 And the dead body will kill end ουτων εις της πλατειάς πολεως της μεγαλης, o them into the ofthe great atrect city ητις καλειται πνευματικώς Σοδομα και Αιγυπ-which is railed spiritually Godom of and Egypt, os, δπου και δ κυτιος αυτ ν εσταυσωθη. 9 Και where also the Lord of them ! was crucified. And βλεπουσιν εκ των λα ν και φυλων και γλωσ-they look of the meories and of tribes and ... of σων και εθνων το πτωμα αυτων ήμετας τρεις tongues and of natious the dead body of them days

to be put into a tomb. 10 Και οι κατοικουντές επι της γης χαις υσιν A And those a dwelling ( on , the earth rejoice ' en autois, και ευφρανθησονται, και δωρα πεμever them. and will be glad, and refte will
be glad, and refte will
be voiv aλληλοις, δτι ούτοι εί δυο προφηται
seed to each other, because these the two prophete scod

και ήμισυ, και τα πτωματα αυτων ουκ αφησουand the dead bodies, of them -not

shall prophesy a thousand tno hundred and sixty Days, clothed in Sackeloting

4 These are triosn Two Olive trees, THOSE TWO Lumpstands which STAND in the presence of the Lord of the EARTH.

5 And if any one desire to injure Them, ! Fire procceds out of their MOUTH. and devours their ERE. MIES; and if any one desire to injure Them, thus must be be killed.

6 These thave Authority to shut Heaven, so that it may not rain in the DAYS of Their PROPHECY; and they ! have Authority over the WATERS to turn them into Blood, and to smite the EARTH with Every Plague, as often as they choose.

7 And when they ! shall have completed their TES-TIMONY, THAT WILD BEAST ASCENDING ; out of the ABYSS I will make War with them, and will conquer them, and kill them.

8 And their DEAD BODY shall be on the STREET of I the GREAT'CITY, which is called, spiritually, Sodom and Egypt, ; where also their LORD was crucified.

9 1 And some of the PEOPLES, and Languages, and Nations, see their DRAD BODY three Days and a half, 1 and do not permit their DEAD BODIES to be put into a Tomb.

10 And THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH rejoice over them, and will exult 1 and \* send GIFTS to each other; I Because these Two Prophets tor.

will suffer

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100 .- 10 give GIPTS (B.)

<sup>1 4</sup> Psa, lit 8: Jer xl. 16: Zech. lv. 3, 11, 14.
14 Exek xhii 3: Hosheavi 5. : 5. Num. xvi. 20.
15 To Like xiii 32. - 17. Rev. xiii. 1, 11; xvii 8, 17 Rev. 12.
16 Exod vii. 19. : 17. Luke xiii 32. - 17. Rev. xiii. 1, 11; xvii 8, 17 Rev. 12.
17. Dan. vll. 21. Zech. xiv. 2.
18. Rev. xiv. 6, xvii 1 5, xvii 10.
18 Heb xiii. 12; Rev. xviil. 24, 10. Esther 1x. 10, 22. 10. Rev. xvii. 1 1xxx 2 3

εβασανισαν τους κατοικουντας επι της γης. on the tormented those dwelling earth. 11 Και μετα τας τρεις ἡμερας και ἡμισυ, πνευμα And after the three days and a half, ζωης εκ του θεου εισηλθεν εν αυτοις και εστηentered in them; and they of life from the God σαν επι τους ποδας εύτων, και φοβος μεγας feet of themselves, and fear great 12 Kai stood on the  $\epsilon\pi\iota$  τους  $\theta\epsilon\omega$ ρουντας αυτους. beholding them. And on those ηκουσαν φωνην μεγαλην εκ του ουρανου, λεγουgreat from the heaven, saying they heard a voice σαν αυτοις. Αναβητε ώδε. Και ανεβησαν εις Come up hither; And they went up to to them; ουρανον εν τη νεφελη· και εθεωρησαν TOV and the heaven in the cloud, autous of  $\epsilon \chi \theta \rho o i$  autous of  $\epsilon \chi \theta \rho o i$  autous. And in that the beheld ώρα εγενετο σεισμος μεγας, και το δεκατον was an earthquake great, and the tenth hour της πολεως επεσε, και απεκτανθησαν εν τφ and were killed in the of the city fell, σεισμώ ονοματα ανθρωπων χιλιαδες έπτα και thousands seven; and \_irthquake names ofmen οί λοιποι εμφοβοι εγενοντο, και εδωκαν δοξαν the remaining ones a fratil became, and they gave glory τω θεω του ουρανυυ. 14 Η ουαι η δευτερα to the God of the beaven. The woe the second απηλθεν· ιδου, ή ουαι ή τριτη ερχεται ταγυ. passed away; lo, the woe the third comes speculy. 15 Και δ έβδημος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και εγε-

And the seventh messenger sounded, and were νοντο φωναι μεγαλαι εν τφ ουρανφ, λεγοντες. in the heaven, saying; great voices Εγενετο ή βασιλεια του κοσμου, του κυριου Became the kingdom of the world, of the Lord ήμων και του Χριστου αυτου, και βασιλευσει ημων και του Αριοτοί of him, and he will reign of us and of the Anointed of him, 16 Και οι εικοσιεις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. And the twentyfor the ages of the ages. τεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι οί ενωπιον του  $\theta \epsilon o u$ those in presence of the God elders καθημενοι επι τους θρονους αύτων, επεπαν επι the thrones of themselves, fell on

τα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνησαν τφ θεφ, the faces of themselves, and worshipped the God, 17 λεγοντες. Ευχαριστουμέν σοι, κυριε δ θέος δ We give thanks to thee, O Lord the God the

παντοκρατωρ, δ ων και δ ην, ότι  $\epsilon i \lambda \eta$ the one existing and who was, because thou hast almighty, φας την δυναμιν σου την μεγαλην, και εβασιand reigned. power of thee the great, taken the

18 Και τα εθνη ωργισθησαν, και ηλθεν λευσας. were angry, and came And the nations

mented those who dwell on the EARTH.

11 After \*the THREE Days and a Half, ‡the \* Breath of Life from God entered them, and they stood on their FEET; and great \* Fear fell on THOSE who saw them.

12 And †they heard a loud Voice saying to them, "Come up hither." # And they ascended to HEAVEN in the CLOUD; and their ENEMIES beheld them.

13 And in That \* HOUR there was a great Earthquake, tand the TENTH of the CITY fell, and by the EARTHQUAKE were destroyed seven Thousand Names of Men; and the REST became afraid, ‡ and they gave Glory to the God of HEAVEN.

14 The SECOND WOE is past; behold! the THIRD WOE is coming speedily.

15 I And the SEVENTH Angel sounded his Trumpet; and tthere were loud Voices in HEAVEN, saying, t"The KINGDOM of the world has become our LORD'S and his CHRIST'S, and the shall reign for the AGES of the \* AGES."

16 And THOSE TWEN-TY-FOUR Elders who SIT in the presence of God on their THEONES, fell on their FACES, and Worshipped God,

17 saying, "We give thanks to thee, O Lord GOD, the OMNIPOTENT, triou who Art, and THOU who WAST; Because thou hast taken thy GREAT POWER, and I reigned.

18 And the NATIONS were enraged, and thy

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—11. Three Days and a Half. m out of Lipe entered. 11. Fear was on them. 13. day (b 13. DAY (B.) from out of LIPE entered.

<sup>11.</sup> Spirit of God 15. AGES. Amen.

<sup>† 12.</sup> I heard, B. with many MSS, and versions.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Ezek, xxxvii, 5, 9, 10, 14. † 12. Isa. xiv, 13; Rev. xii, 5. † 13. Rev. vi, 1<sub>2</sub>; 13. Rev. xvi, 19. † 13. Josh. vii, 19; Rev. xiv, 7; xv, 4. † 14. Rev. viii, 13; ix. 12; xv, 1. † 15. Rev. x, 7. † 15. Isa. xxvii, 13; Rev. xvi, 17; xix, 6. † 15. Isa. xiv, 13, 18; 10. Rev. xiv, 14; 15. Isa. xxvii, 13; Rev. xvi, 17; xix, 6. † 15. Isa. xvii, 14, 18; 27. † 16. Rev. iv, 4; v. 8; xix, 4. † 17. Rev. iv, 4; iv, 8; xix, 5. 1 16. Rev. iv. 4; v. 8; xix. 4.

η οργη σου, και δ καιρος των νεκρων, κριθηναι εhewrath of thee, and the season of the diad ones, to be judged και δουναι σου  $\mu$ ισθον τοις δουλοις σου τοις and to give the reward to the bond-sepants of whee the προφηταις και τοις αγιοις και τοις φοβουμενοις prophet and to the hojy ones and to those fearing το ονομα σου τοις  $\mu$ ικροίς και τοις  $\mu$ εγαλοις,

the name of thee the small ones and the great ones,  $\kappa \alpha i = \delta i \alpha \phi \theta \epsilon i \rho \alpha i = \tau v s = \delta i \alpha \phi \delta c i \rho = \tau \alpha s = \tau \tau \nu \gamma \eta \nu$  and to destroy those destroying the earth,

19 Και ηνοίγη δ ναος του θε υ εν τω ουρανφ, And was opened the temple of the God in the heaven, και ωφθη ή κιβωτος της διαθηκης  $\stackrel{*}{\times}$  [του] κυρίου and was seen the ark of the eovenant [of the] Lord εν τω ναω αυτου και εγενοντο αστραπαι και in the temple of him; and were lightnings and φωναι και βρονται  $\stackrel{*}{\times}$  [και σεισμος] και χαλαζα vices and thunders [and an earthquake] and hall μεγαλη,

great.

## КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

<sup>1</sup> Και σημείον μεγα ωφθη εντώ ουρανώ γυνη And a sign great was seen in the heaven; a woman περιβεβλημενη τον ήλιον, και ή σεληνη ύπο- having been clothed with the sun, and the moon under-κατώ των πόδων αυτης, και επι της κεφαλης meath the feet of her, and on the head αυτης στεφανος αστερών δωδεκα,  $^2$  και εν γωσσή είταν τον ο δίτανς twelve, and in womb τρι εχουσα κραζει ωδινουσα και βασανίζομενη

having she cries out travailing and being pained τεκειν. 3 Και ωφθη αλλο σημειον εν τω ουρανώ, to bring forth. And was seen another sign in the και ιδου δρακων μεγας πυρέος, εχων κεφαλας and to adragon great fiery-red, having heads έπτα και κερατα δεκα, και επι τας κεφαλας and on the seven and horns ten, αυτου έπτα διαδηματα· 4 και ή ουρα αυτου συρει of him seven diadems; and the tail of him draws το τριτον των αστερων του ουρανου, και εβαλεν of the heaven, and the third of the stars cast Και δ δρακων έστηκεν αυτους εις την γην. them into the earth. And the dragon

τνωπιον της γυναικος της μελλουσης τεκειν, in presence of the woman of that being about to bring forth,  $\ell$ να όταν τεκη, το τεκνον αυτης κατα so that when she might bring forth, the child of her he might eating. S Και ετεκεν υίον αρρενα, δς μελλει και με λαι απαλε, who is about ποιμαινειν παντα τα εθνη εν βαβδω σίδηρα και

ποιμαινείν παντα τα εθνή εν βαβδώ σίδηρα και torule all the nations with a rod made of iron; and ποπασθή το πεκνον αυτής πους τον θεον και

WRATH came, ‡ and the Elfointed time of the Dead to be judged, and to give the REWARD to thy SERVANTS the PROPHETS, and to the SAINTS, and to THOSE who FEAR thy NAME, the ‡ LITTLE and the GREAT, and ‡ to destroy THOSE who DESTROY the EARTH."

19 And the TEMPLE of GOD was opened in the neaven, and there was seen the ARK of the Lord's COVENANT in his TEMPLE; and there eame Lightnings, and Voices, and Thunders, and an Earthquake, and great Hail.

### CHAPTER XII.

1 And a great Sign was seen in Heaven; a Woman invested with the sun, and the moon under her feet, and on her Head a Crown of Twelve Stars;

2 and being pregnant, she \* cried out, ‡travailing and being pained to bring

forth.

3 And Another Sign was seen in HEAVEN; and behold! ‡a great fiery-red Dragon, ‡ having seven Heads and ten Horns, and on ‡ his neads Seven Diadems.

4 And this TAIL draws the THIRD to f the STARS of HEAVEN, and teast them to the EARTH, and the DRAGON stood before THAT WOMAN who was ABOUT to bring forth, so that when she should bring forth he might devour her CHILD.

5 And she brought forth a Son, twho is to rule All the NATIONS with an iron Sceptre; and her CHILD was snatched away to God, even to his throne.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—19. of the—omit (B.)
—omit (B.) 2. cried (B c.)

<sup>10.</sup> and an Earthquake

<sup>† 18.</sup> Dan. vii. 0 10; Rev. vi. 10. † 18. Rev. xix. 5; xx. 12. † 18. Rev. xiii. 10 xviii. 6. † 19. Rev. xv. 5. † 19. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18; xvi. 21. † 2. Isa' lxvi. 7; Gal. iv. 10. † 3. Rev. xvii. 3. † 3. Rev. xvii. 9, 10. † 3. Rev. xvii. 18. † 4. Dan. viii. 10. † 5. Psa. ii. 9; Rev. ii. 7; xix. 15.

προς τον θρονον αυτου.  $^6$  Και ή γυνη εφυγεν to the throne of him. And the woman fled εις την ερημον, όπου εχει εκει τοπον ήτοιμασinto the desert, where she has there a place having heen μενον απο του θεου, ίνα εκει τρεφωσιν αυτην prepared by the God, so that there they might nowrish her ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα.

days a thousand two hundred sixty.

<sup>7</sup> Και εγενετο πολεμος εν τω ουρανω· δ Μιin the heaven; the Mia war was χαηλ και οί αγγελοι αυτου του πολεμησαι μετα chael and the messengers of him of the to have fought with του δρακοντος, και ό δρακων επολεμησε και οί and the dragon fought and the dragon, αγγελοι αυτου, 8 και ουκ ισχυσεν, ουδε τοπος and not were strong, neither a place messengers of him, 9 Και  $\epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$  $\epsilon \nu \rho \epsilon \theta \eta$  autwr  $\epsilon \tau \iota$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\tau \omega$  our area. was found of them longer in the heaven. And was tast ό δρακων ό μεγας, ό οφις ό αρχαιος, ό καλουthe dragon the great, the serpent the old, the one being μενος διαβολος, και \*[δ] σατανας, δ πλανων [the] adversary, that one deceiving called and accuser, την οικουμενην όλην, ε $\beta$ λη $\theta$ η εις την  $\gamma$ ην, και was cast into the earth, the habitable whole, μετ' αυτου εβληθησαν. αγγελοι αυτου of him with him were cast. the messengera

10 Και ήκουσα φωνην μεγαλην εν τω ουρανω, And Theard avoice great in the heaven, λεγουσαν. Αρτι εγενετο ή σωτηρία και ή δυνα-saying; Now came the salvation audthe power μις και ή βασιλεία του θεου ήμων, και ή εξου-

and the kingdom of the God of us, and the authorσια του Χριστου αυτου· ότι κατεβληθη ό κατηity of the Anounted of him; because was cast down the γωρ των αδελφων ήμων, ό κατηγορων αυτων ofus, the one accusing them brethren ενωπιον του θεου ήμων ήμερας και νυκτος· 11 και in presence of the God of us day and night; αυτοι ενικησαν αυτον δια το αίμα του αρνιου, him through the blood of the lamb, και δια τον λογον της μαρτυριας αύτων και and through the word of the testimony of themselves; and ουκ ηγαπησαν την ψυχην αύτων αχρι θανατου. life of themselves till the death. not they loved

 $^{12}$  Δια τουτο ευφραινεσθε \* [oi] ουρανοικαι of Decause of this rejoice you [the] heavens and those εν αυτοις σκηνουντες. Ουαι τη γη και τη

in them tahernacling; Woe to the earth and to the θαλασση, ότι κατεβη ό διαβολος προς ύμας, sea, because went down the accuser to you,

εχων θυμον μεγαν. ειδως, ότι ολιγον καιρον having wrath great, knowing, that alittle season 13 Kai  $\delta \tau \in \epsilon i \delta \epsilon \nu \delta \delta \rho \alpha \kappa \omega \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau i \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ EXEL. that he was cast And when saw the dragon, εις την γην, εδιωξε την γυναικα ήτις ετεκε τον into the earth, he pursued the woman who brought forth the

6 And the WOMAN fled into the DESERT, where she has a Place prepared by God, that there they may nourish her ‡a thousand two hundred and sixty Days

7 And there was a War in HEAVEN; \$ MICHAEL and his ANGELS fighting \$\frac{1}{2}\$ with the DRAGON. And the DRAGON fought and his ANGELS,

8 and were not strong, neither was their Place found any longer in HEAV-

9 And THAT GREAT DRAGON was cast out, THAT OLD SERPENT which is called the Enemy, even THAT ADVERSARY who is \$\frac{1}{2}\text{DECFIVING}\$ the whole HABITABLE; he was cast to the EARTH, and his ANGELS were cast with him.

10 And I heard a loud Voice in HEAVEN Saying, to Now is come the SALVATION, and the POWER, and the KINGDOM OF OUT GOD, and the AUTHORITY OF his ANOINTED ONE, Because THAT ACCUSER OF OUT BRETHREN, WHO ACCUSED them before our GOD Pay and Night, has been cast out.

11 ‡ And then conquered him through the BLOOD of the LAMB, and through the WORD of their TESTIMONY; and they loved not their LIFE to Death.

12 Therefore, rejoice, Heavens! and those who TABEENACLE in them. Woe to the EARTH and to the SEA! Because the ENEMY is gone down to you, having great Wrath, knowing That he has a Short Season."

13 And when the DRAGon saw That he was cast to the EARTH, he pursued the woman who brought forth the MALE child.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. No. 1160 .- 9. the-omit (B.)

<sup>† 6.</sup> Rev. xi. 3. † 7. Dan. x. 13, 21; xii. 1. Rev. xx. 3. † 10. Rev. xi. 15; xix. 1. 112. Psa. xcvi. 10; Isa. xlix. 13; Rev. xviii. 20. verse 5.

<sup>12.</sup> the-omit (B C.)

<sup>17.</sup> verse 3; Rev.xx.2. 19 11. Rom. viii. 33, 34, 37; xvi. 20, 112. Rev. viii. 13; xi. 10.

14 Και εδοθησαν τη γυναικι δυο πτερυ-And were given to the woman two wings EPPEPU. male. γες του αετου του μεγαλου, ένα πετηται εις with eagle the great, wo that she might ar into την ερημον εις τον τοπον ωύντης, όπου τρεφεται the desert into the place of herself, whereshe is nourished εκει καιρον και καιρους και ήμισυ καιρου, απο there a season and seasons and half of a season, from 15 Και εβαλεν δ copis
And cast the serpent προσωπου του Βφεως. of the aerpeat. εκ του στυματος αύτου επισω της γυναικες of hunself after the outofthe moutk ύδωρ ως πυταμον, ένα αυτην ποταμοφορητον arives, so that her borne along by a river water as 16 Και εβοηθησεν ή γη τη γυναικι, moinon. he might cause. And thelped the earth the woman, rai προιξεν \* [ή γη] το στομα αυτης, και κατε-and opened (the earth ] the mouth otherself, and drank πιε τον ποταμον, δν εβαλεν δ δρακων εκ του up the river, which east the dragon out of the στοματος αυτου. 17 Και ωργισθη δ δρακων επι mouth of himself. And was enraged the dragon against τη γυναικι, και απηλθε ποιησαι πολεμον μετα woman, and wentaway to make war των λοιπων του σπερματος αυτης, των τηthe remaining ones of the seed of her, of those keepρουντων τας εντολας του θεου, και εχοντων the commandments of the God, and την μαρτυριαν Ιησου. testimony of Jesus. 18 Και εσταθην επι την αμμο» της δακασσης: Aud I was placed on the sand of the КЕФ. εγ'. 13. 1 και ειδον εκ της θαλασσης I saw out of the and Sea. θηριον αναβαινον, εχον κερατα δεκα και κεφα-a will beast coming up, having borns ten and beads λος έπτα, και επι των κερατων αυτου δεκα διαseven, and on the torns of him ten δηματα, και επι τας κεφαλας αυτου ονοματα and on the heads of him Dames <sup>2</sup> Και το θηριον δ ειδον, βλασφημιας. nv And the wild beast which I saw, of blasphemy. was. δμοιον παρδαλει, και οί ποδες αυτου ώς αρκου, like to alropard, and the feet of him as of a bear,

14 And there were given to the woman the two Wings of the GREAT EAGLE, that she might fly tinto the DESERT, into her PLACE, \* that she should be nounthed there ta Scason, and basons, and half a Season, from the Face of the SERPENT.

15 And the SERPENT cast out of his mouth after the woman, Water 1 as a River, that he might cause her to be carried away by

the stream.

16 And the EARTH helped the WOMAN; and the EARTH opened her MOUTH, and drank up the RIVER which the DRAGON cast out of his MOUTH.

17 And the deagon was enraged against the woman, fard went away to make War crainst that remainder of her seed, twho keep the commandments of God, and have the testimony of Jesus.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

1 And †I was placed on the SAND of the SEA. And I saw ‡a Wild beast ascending from the SEA, ‡having ten Horns and seven Heads, and on his HORNS Ten Diadems, and on his HEADS Names of Blasphemy.

2 1 And the BEAST which I saw was like a Leopard, and this FEET as a Bear's, and his MOUTH as a Lion's Mouth; and the DRAGON gave him his POWER, tand his TURONE, tand great Au-

thority.

And

and

was

και

3 And one of his HEADS was as if mortally wounded; and yet his MORTAL WOUND was healed. And

16.

death

or Lin as if having been slatu to

of him

και το στομα αυτου ές στομα λεοντος.

εδωκεν αυτώ δ δρακών την δυναμών αύτου,

gave to him the dragon the power of himself,

τον θρονον αύτου, και εξουσιαν μεγαλην. 3 Και the throne of himself, and muthority great. And

μιαν εκ των πεφαλων αυτου ώς εσφαγμενην εις

θανατον και ή πληγη του θανατου αυτου  $\epsilon\theta\epsilon$ -

and the mouth of him as amouth of ation.

heads

and the stroke of the

one of the

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.-14. so that she should be nourished there. the sabtu-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> the Two Wings, (A C.) 1. he was placed, (A C.)

<sup>144.</sup> Rev. xvii. 3.

144. Dan. vii. 25; xii. 7.

145. Isa. lix. 19.

147. Isa. lix. 19.

148. Isa. lix. 19.

148. Isa. lix. 19.

149. Isa. lix. 19.

159. Isa. lix. 19.

150. Isa. lix. 19.

ραπευθη Και εθαυμασεν όλη ή γη οπισώ του lealed. And wondered whole the enrith after the Cηριου, 4 και προσεκυνησαν τω δρακοντι, ότι mild beast, and they did homage to the dragon, because εθωκε την εξουσιαν τω θηριω, και προσεκυνησαν he gave \$ the authority to the wild heast, and they did homage τώς θηριφ, λεγοντες. Τις όμοιος τω θηριφ: to the wild beast, saying; και τις δυιαται πολεμησαι μετ' αυτου ; ε Kar and who is able to make war with him? And εδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν μεγαλα και βλασφήmas give to him a mouth speaking great things and blasphe-μιας και εδοθη αυτώ εξουσία ποιησαί μηνας mies; and was given to him authority to act months authority to act months

6 Και ηνοιξε το στομα

And he opened the mouth τεσσαρακοντα δυο. 140. αύτου εις βλασφημιαν προς τον . θεον, βλασof himself for blashemy against the God, to blasso 

Οημησαι το ονομα αυτου, και την σκηνην 
pheme the name of him, and the tabernacle pheme the name of him, and the tabernacle autou, \*[και] τους εν τω ουρανω, σκηνουντας. of him, [and] those in the heaven tabernacling. Τα Και εδοθη αυτώ πολεμον ποιησαι μετα των And it was given to him war to make z with the άγιων, και νικησαι αυτους και εδοθη ζαυτφ holy ones, and to overcome them; and was given f to him εξουσια επι παταν φυλην και λαον και ήλωσ-authority over every tribes and people and tongue σαν και εθνος. δ Και προσκυνησουσιν αυτον and nation. And will worship him and nation. παντες οί κατοικουντες επι τής γης; ών ου on the earth, of whom not all those dwelling γεγραπται το ονομα εν τω βιβλιω της ζωης του has been writtenthe name in the scroll of the life of the αρνιου του εσφαγμενου, απο καταβολης κοσμου. lamb of that having beeen killed, from a casting down of a world. 9 Ει τις εχει ους, ακουσατω. 10 Ει τις αιχ-If any one; cap-'It anyone has an ear, lethim hear. μαλωσιαν συναγει, εις αιχμαλωσίαν ὑπαγει ει captivity he shall be led; if leads together, into τις εν μαχαιρα αποκτενει, δει αυτόν εν μα-any one with a sword will kill, it is necessary him with s, a 'Ωδε εστιν ή ύπομονη χαιρα αποκτανθηναι. Here is the patient endurance to be killed. και ή πιστις των άγιων. and the faith of the hulyones.

11 Και είδον αλλο θηρίον αναβαίνου εκ της And I saw another wild beast coming up out of the γης, και ειχε κερατα \*[δυο] όμοια αρνιώ, και earth, and he had horne [two] like nlamb, and 12 Και την εξουσιαν του ελαλει ώς δρακων. And the authority of the hespoke - as a dragon. πρωτού θηριού πασαν ποιεί ενωπίον αυτού και he doce in presence of him; and wild bears

the Whole EARTH : won-! dered after the BEAST, 4 and they worshipped the DRAGON, Because he gave the AUTHORITY to. the BEAST: and they worshipped the BEAST, say-ing, 2" Who is like the REAST? and who is able to make war with him?"

5 And there was given to him In Mouth speaking great and a blasphemous things; and Authority was given him to act 1 fortytwo Months. :.

/6 And he opened his Mouth in Blasphenies against GoD, to blaspheme his NAME and his TABER .. NACLE, and THOSE Who. TABERNACLE IN HEAVEN.

7 And it was giren kim to make war with the SAINTS, and to overcome them, and ‡ Authority was given him over Every Tribe and People and Language and Nation.

8 And ALL who DWELL on the EARTH shall wership him, : Whose NAME has not been written ffrom the FOUNDATION of the World in the scrott of the LIFE OF THAT LAMB Who was KILLED.

9 1 If any one has an:

Ear, let him hear.

10 If any one is ffor Captivity, into Captivity he goes away; tif any one will kill with the Sword, with the Sword must he be killed. There is the PAthe faith of the saints.

Il And I saw Another Wild beast t ascending from the EARTH; and he had two Horns lake a Lamb, and he spoke as a Dragon.

12 And all the AUTHORity of the rinst Beast he executés in his presence,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. No. 1160 .- 6. and-emif.

<sup>11.</sup> two-omit. † 10. may lead into Captivity, if any one will kill, (B c.)

<sup>13.</sup> Rev. xvil. 8. 14. Rev. xviii. 18. 15. Dan. vii. 8, 11, 25; xl, 86. 15. Rev. xt. 2; xil. 6. 17. Dan. vii. 21; xi. 7; xii. 17. 17. Rev. xi. 18; xvii. 15. 18. Exod. xxii. 32; Dan. xii. 1; Phil. iv. 3; Rev. iii. 5; xx. 12, 15; xxi. 2; 2. 8. Rev. xvii. 8. 19. Rev. ii. 7; 10. Matt. xxvi. 52. 10. Rev. xiv. 12. 1 10. Matt. xxvi. 52. 1 9. Rev. 11. 7. g kev. xi. 7.

ποιει την γην και τους εν αυτη κατοικουντας he makes the earth and those in her dwelling ίνα προσκυνησωσι το θηριον το πρωτον, ού first, of whom that they should worship the wild beast the εθεραπευθη ή πληγη του θανατον αυτου. 13 και was healed the stroke of the death of him: ποιει σημεια μεγαλα, και πυρ ίνα εκ του ουραgreat, and fire an that out of the heaven he makes signs νου καταβη εις την γην, ενωπιον των ανθρωtt may come down into the earth, in presence of the  $^{14}$  Και πλανα τους κατοικουντας  $\epsilon$ πι της  $\pi\omega\nu$ . And hadecenes those dwelling δια τα σημεια ά εδοθη αυτφ ποιησαι yns, earth, by means of the signs which it was given to him to do ενωπιον του θηριου. λεγων τοις κατοικουσιν in presence of the wild beast; saying to those dwelling επι της γης, ποιησαι εικονα τφ θηριω, δ εχει on the earth, to make an image to the wild heast, which has την πληγην της μαχαιρας και είησε. ofthe sword and εδοθη αυτφ δουναι πνευματη εικονι του θηριου, 1; was given to him to give breath to the image of the wild beant, και λαληση ή εικων του θηριου, και so that both should speak the image of the wild beast, ποιηση, όσοι αν μη προσκυνησωσι τη είκονι should cause, as many as not would do homage to the image 16 Κει ποιει παντου θηριου ίνα αποκτανθωσι. of the wild beast that they should be killed. And be causes τας, τους μικρους και τους μεγαλους, και τους little ones and the greatones, and πλουσιους και τους πτωχους, και τους ελευrich ones and the pooroues, and the free θερους και τους δουλους, ίνα δωσιν αυτοις bondmen, that they should give to them the χαραγμα επι της χειρος αυτων της δεξιας, η hand ofthem the right, a mark on the or επι το μετωπον αυτων. 17 και ίνα μη τις δυνηand that no one may be on the forehead of thum; ται αγορασαι η πωλησαι, ει μη δ εχων το χαif not the one having the mark. tobuy or to sell, ραγμα, \* [το ονομα του θηριου,] η τον αριθμον [the name of the wild beast, ] or the number 18 'Ωδε ή σοφια εστιν· δ του ονοματος αυτου. of him. Here the wisdom ia; the of the name εχων νουν, ψηφισατω τον αριθμον του θηριου. one having a mind, let him compute the number of the wild beast: αριθμος γαρ ανθρωπου εστι, \*[και] δ αριθμος [and] the number a number for of a man ītis,

and makes the EARTH and INCSE who DWELL in it to worship the FIRST BEAST, I whose MORTAL WOUND was healed.

13 And the does great Signs, tso that even Fire he makes to come down from HEAVEN to the EARTH in presence of MEN.

14 And the deceives \*THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH to the signs which it was given him to do in the presence of the BEAST, telling THOSE Who DWELL on the DANTH to make an Image to the BEAST, who has "the WOUND of the SWOID, and ived.

15 And it was given him to give Breath to the IM-AGE of the BHAST that the IMAGE of the BHAST should both speal, ‡ and cause † that is many as would not worship the IMAGE of the BEAST should be killed.

13 And he causes all, the LITTLE and the GREAT, and the RICH and the POOL, and the FREE-MEN and the BONDMEN, that they should give themselves \*a Mark on their RIGHT HAND, or on their FOREHEAD;

17 [and] so that no one may be able to buy or sell unless me who has the MABK,—the NAME of the BEAS., tor the NUMBE. of his NAME.

.8 ‡Here is WISDOM. Let HIM who HAS Understanding compute the NUMBER of the BEAST; for \*it is a Man's Number; and his NUMBER is 666.

αυτου χξέ.

of him

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—14. mine who bwell. 14. a Wound, and lived from the Sword, (b.) 16. Maries (b.) 17. the mame of the brast—omit. 18. and—omit (b.) 18. his number, 600, is a Man's Number.

<sup>† 15.</sup> that, added by A. 17. and, omitted by c.

# KEΦ. εδ'. 14.

1 Και ειδον, και ιδου το αρνιου έστηκος € 776 And I saw, and 30 the lamb having been standing on TO OPOS Σίων, και μετ' αυτου έκατον τεσσαρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαδες, εχουσαι το ονομα thousands, having the αυτου και το ονομα του πατρος αυτου γεγραμof him and the name of the futher of him having been μενον επι των μετωπων αύτων. <sup>2</sup> Και ηκουσα foreheads of themselves. And I heard written on the φωνην εκ του ουρανου ώς φωνην ύδατων πολrivoice out of the heaven 4.0 a voice of waters λων, και ώς φωνην βροντης μεγαλης και ή and an of thunder great; and the a voice φωνη ήν ηκουσα, ώς κιθαρφδων καθαριζοντων voice which I heard, as of harpers harping εν ταις κιθαραις αύτων. 3 Και αδουσιν φδην of themselves. And they sing the harps Beong καινην ενωπιον του θρονου, και ενωπιον των in presence of the throne, and in presence of the τεσσαρων ζωων, και των πρεσβυτερων· και and ουδεις ηδυνατο μαθειν την φδην, ει μη αί έκα-no one was able to learn the song, if not the hunno one was able to learn the τον τεσσαρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαδες, οί ηγοforty-four thousands, those having alred 4 % Ουτοι εισιν, οί parmevol and the yns. been bought from the earth. are, those These μετα γυναικών ουκ εμολυνθησαν παρθενοι γαρ 302 were defiled; virgice not women εισιν Τούτοι εισιν οί ακολουθουντες τω αρυιώ they are.] these are those following the lamo όπου αν ύπαγη· ούτοι ηγορασθησαν απο των wherever he may go; were bnught from the these αυθρωπων απαρχη τφ θεφ και τφ αρνιφ. 5 και men a first-fruit to the God and to the lamb;

εν τφ στοματι αυτων ουχ εύρεθη ψευδος αμωin the mouth of them not was found falsehood; without in the mouth

μοι γαρ εισι. blame for they are.

6 Και είδον \*[αλλον] αγγελον πετομενον εν And I saw [another] messenger flying in εχοντα ευαγγελιον αιωνιον μεσουρανηματι, glad tidings having ege-lasting mid-heaven, ευαγγελισιαι τους καθημενους επι της γης, και on the aitting earth, even to proclaim those επι παν εθνος και φυλην και γλωσσαν και λαον. to every nation and tribe and tongue and people; λεγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Φοβηθητε τον θεον saying with a voice great; Fearyon the God give Glory to him; Be-και δοτε αυτφ δοξαν, ότι ηλθεν ή άρα της cause the Hour of his glory, because is come the hour of the JUDGMENT is come; fand and give you to him

1 And Isaw, and behold, the LAMB standing on the MOUNT Zion, and with him ta Hundred and Forty-four Thousand [persons, ] thaving his NAME and the NAME of his FA. THER written on their FOREHEADS.

2 And I heard & Voice from HEAVEN, tas the Sound of many Waters, and as the Sound of great Thunder: and the VOICE which I heard was as that t of Harpers playing on

their Harps; 3 and 1 they sing a new Song in the presence of the THEONE, and in the presence of the Four Living ones, and the ELDERS; and no one was able to learn the song except the HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR Thousand.—THOSE were REDEEMED \*from the EARTH.

4 These are those who were not defiled with WOMEN; for they are Virgins. These are THOSE who FOLLOW the LAMB wherever he goes. were # REDEEMED \* from MEN, fa First-fruit to God and to the LAMB.

5 And tin their MOUTH was found no Falsehood; for they are ! blameless.

6 And I saw an Angel flying in Mid-heaven, having aionian Glad tidingo to announce to THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH. even to Every Nation, and Tribe, and Language, and People,—

7 saying with a lond Voice, I " Fear \* God, and

CHAPTER XIV.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 3. on the BABTH. were not defiled with women; for they are Virgins-omit (a.)

6. Another-omit (B.)

7. the Lord, and give (B.)

<sup>4.</sup> These are those who 4. by Jesus from (B.)

<sup>1.</sup> Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16. 1. 3. Rev. v. 9; xv. 3. 1. 4. Rev. v. 9. 1. 4. James i. 18. Jude 24. 1. 6. Rev. viii. 13. 1 2. Rev. i. 1 1. Rev. vii. 4. 1. Rev. v. 5. 15; xix. 6. Rev. iii. 4; vii. 15, 17; xvii. 14. 1 2. Rev. v. 8. 15. Eph. v. 27; Jude 24. 16. Rev. viii. 18. 17. Rev. 15. 7. Nob. ix. 6; Psa. xxxiii. 6; cxxiv. 8; cxliv. 5, 6; Acts xiv. 15; xvii. 24. 18; xv. 4.

κρισεως αυτου και προσκυνησατε τω ποιησαν-judgment of him; and worship you the one having τι τον ουρανον και την γην και την θαλασσαν heaven and the earth and the made the και πηγας ύδατων. and fountains of waters.

8 Και αλλος αγγελος ηκολουθησε, λεγων And another messenger followed, saying; Επεσεν, \*[επεσε] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη. ότι εκ Itistal'en, [istallen] Babylon the great; because of του οινού του θυμου της πορνειας αύτης πεποthe wine of the wrath of the fornication of herself she has παντα εθνη.

given to drink all nations. 9 Και αλλος αγγέλος τριτος ηκολουθησέν another messenger third αυτοις, λέγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Ει τις προσ-them, saying with a voice great; If any one worκυνει το θηριον και την εικονα αυτου, και λαμships - the wild besst and the image of him, and reβανει χαραγμα επι του κετωπου αύτου, η επι ceivee a mark on the horehead of himself, or on την χειρα αύτου: 10 και αυτος πιεται εκ του the hand of himself: οινου του θυμου του θεου, του κεκερασμενου wine of the wrath of the God, of that having been mingled ακρατου εν τω ποτηριω της οργης αυτου, και unmixed in the cup of the anger of him, and Βασανισθησεται εν πυρι και θειώ ενωπιον των he shall be tormented with fire and brimatone in presence of the άγιων αγγελων και ενωπιον του αρνιου. holy messengers and in presence of the lamb. δ καπνος του βασανισμού αυτών εις αιώνας the smake of the terment of them for ages αιωνων αναβαινει· και ουκ εχούσιν αναπαυσιν ofages rises up; and not they have rest ήμερας και νυκτος οί προσκυνουντες το θηριον day and night those worshipping the wild-heast και την εικονα αυτου, και ει τις λαμβανει το and the image of him, and Ifany one receives χαραγμα του ονοματος αυτου. 12 Ωδε ύπομοmark; of the name of him. Here patient endurνη τωνιάγιων εστιν, οί τηρουντες τας εντολας ance of the holy once is, those keeping the commandments <sup>13</sup> Και ηκουσα του θεου, και την πιστιν Ιησου. and the faith of Jesus. And Iheard of the God. φωνης εκ του ουρανου, λεγουσης. Γραψον. Μα-Write thou; Bessed a voice out of the beaven, saying; καριοι οί νεκροι οί εν κυριώ αποθνησκοντες απ ones the dead ones those in Lard dying from αρτί ναι, λεγεί το πνευμα, ίνα αναπαυσωνται henceforth; yes, anys the espirit, so that they may rest

worship nim who MADE the HEAVEN, and, the FARTH, and the sea, and the Fountains of Waters."

8 And Another, \* a Second Angelfollowed, saying, I" Pallen is Babylon I the GREAT, t who has given All t the NATIONS to drink of the WINE of the WEATH of her Fornication."

9 And Another a Third Angel followed them, saying with a loud Voice. I"If any one worship the BEAST and his IMAGE, and receive a Mark on his FOREHEAD, or on his HAND.

10 even he : shall drink of THAT WINE of the WRATH of Gon, which is MINGLED undiluted in tthe cup of his indig-NATION; and the shall be tormented with ! Fire and Sulphur in the presence of the nory Angels, and in the presence of the LAMB.

11 And the smoke of their TORMENT rises up for Ages of Ages; and THEY have no Rest Day and Night, who worship the BEAST and his IMAGE. and if any one receive the MARK of his NAME.

12 THere is "the PA-TIENCE of the BAINTS .-TTHOSE who KEEP the COMMANDMENTS of GOD. and the FAITH of Jesus."

13 And I heard a Voice from HEAVEN, saying, "Write-From this time thlessed are those dead, : who DIR in the Lord: Yes, says the spirit, that they may rest from

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1190 .- 8. a Second Angel, saying, (s.c.) Fallen is Baby-· 8. is fallen-omit. lon the GREAT, (B. C.) 8. he Fornication. PATIENCE (A B C.)

<sup>+ 8.</sup> who, according to a c. 8. the NATIONS, A B C.

<sup>18.</sup> Jer. 11. 7; Rev. xl. 8; xvi. 10; xvii. 2.

18. Jer. 11. 7; Rev. xl. 8; xvi. 10; xvii. 2,

17. Jer. xxv. 10. Rev. xviii. 6.

11. Jer. xxv. 10. Rev. xxii. 6.

11. Jer. xxviv. 10; Rev. xxi. 3.

11. Jea. xxiv. 10; Rev. xxi. 3.

11. Lea. xxiv. 10; Rev. xxi. 3.

11. Lea. xxiv. 10; Rev. xxi. 6.

113. 1 Cer. xv. 13; 1 Thess. iv. 16.

113. 2 Thess. iv. 7; Heb. fv. 0, 10; Rev. vi. 11,

εκ των κοπων αύτων τα δε εργα αυτων ακοfrom the labors of themselves; the but works of them folλουθει μετ' αυτων.

them. with

14 Και ειδον, και ιδου νεφελη λευκη, και επι white, And Isaw, and lo acloud uo bua την νεφελην καθημενον δμοιόν υίφ ανθρωπου, like a son sitting of man. the cloud εχων επι της κεφαλης αύτου στεφανον χρυhaving on the σουν, και εν τη χειρι αύτου δρεπανον \* [σξυ.]
en, and in the hand of himself a sickle [share.] [sharn.] 15 Και αλλος αγγέλος εξηλθένεκ του ναου, κρα-And another messenger came forth out of the temple, сгу-

ζων εν φωνη μεγαλη τω καθημενω επί της to the one sitting on the νεφελης. Πεμψον το δρεπανον σου, και θερι-cloud; Sendthou the sickle of thee, and reap

νεφελης. Πεμψον το σρεσια of thee, and resp σον, ότι ηλθεν ή ώρα το σου το που η δερισαι, ότι εξηthou, because is come the hour [of the], to reap, because is come the hour της γης.

16 Και εβαλεν ό the harvest of the earth. And cast καθημενος επιτην νεφελην το δρεπανον αύτου one sitting on the cloud the sickle 🙎 of himself επιτην γην και εθερισθη ή γη.

the earth, and was reaped the carth.

17 Και αλλυς αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του νᾶου And another messenger came forth out of the temple του εν τφ ουρανφ, εχων και αυτος δρεπανον ofthatin the heaven, having also himself a sickle 18 Και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του And another messenger came forth out of the θυσιαστηριου, εχων εξουσιαν επι του πυρος·
altar, having authority over the are; και εφωνησε κραυγη μεγαλη τφ εχοντι το δρέgreat to the one having the sickle and he called with a cry πανον το οξυ, λεγων Πεμψον σου το δρεπανον the sharp, eaging; Send thou of thee the sickle

σο οξυ, και τρυγησον τους βοτρυας της αμπεthe sharp, and cutoffthou the clusters of the λου της γης, ότι ηκμασαν αί σταφυλαι αυτης: of the earth, because are ripened the grapes of her; 19 και εβαλεν δ αγγελος το δρεπανον αύτου εις

and cast the messenger the sickle of himself into την γην, και ετρυγησε την αμπελον της γης, the earth, and wascutoff the of the earth, vine. και εβαλεν εις την ληνον του θυμου του θέου cast into the wine-press of the wrath of the and <sup>20</sup> Και επατηθη ή ληνος εξωθεν And was trodden the wine-press outside τον μεγαν. great. της πολεως, και εξηλθεν αίμα εκ της ληνου and came forth blood out of the wine-press city, αχρι των χαλινων των ίππων απο σταδιων even to the bridles ofthe horses from furlongs . χιλιων έξακοσιων. a thousand six hundred.

their LABORS; for their works follow after them.

14 And I saw, and behold! a white Cloud, and on the CLOUD one sitting, tlike a Son of Man, thaving on his nEAD a golden' Crown, and in his HAND a sharp Sickle.

15 And Another Angel came forth out of the TEMPLE, crying with a Loud Voice to the one sir-TING con the group, I" Send thy sickle, and reap; Because the Hour to reap is come; Because the HARVEST tof the EARTH is dry."

16 And EE who sat on the CLOUD cast his sickle on the EARTH, and tho EARTH was reaped,

17 And Another Angel came forth out of THAT TEMPLE which is in HEAVEN; he also having a' sharp Sickle.

18 And Another Angel came forth out of the AL-TAR, having Authority over the FIRE, and he called: with a loud cry to the one DAVING the SHARP. SICKLE, saying, 1"Send Thy SHARP SICKLE, and cut off the CLUSTERS of the VINE of the EARTH: Because ther GRAPES are fully ripe.

.19 And the Angel cast his SICKLE to the EARTH, and gathered the fruit of the VINK of the EARTH, and cast it unto 1 the GREAT WINE-PRESS of the WEATH of GOD.

20 And the WINE-PRESS was trodden toutside of the CITY; and Blood came forth out of the WINE-PRESS, I even to the BRIDLES of the Honses, a thousand six hundred Furlongs off.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 14. sharp-omit, 18. the GRAPE of the BARTH is fully ripe (D.)

<sup>† 13.</sup> for (a c.)

<sup>† 14.</sup> Ezek, i. 26; Dan. vii. 13; Rev. i. 15.

† 14. Ezek, i. 26; Dan. vii. 13; Rev. i. 15.

† 15. Joel iii. 13; Matt. xiii. 39.

† 15. Jer. Ii. 23; Rev. xiii. 12.

† 19. Rev. xix. 15.

† 20. Isa. Ixiii. 3; Lam. i. 15.

† 20. 1 20. Rev. xix. 14.

<sup>15.</sup> of the-omit (A B.)

### КЕФ. ιε'. 15.

<sup>1</sup> Και ειδον αλλο σημειον εν τφ ουρανφ μεγα And I saw another sign in the heaven great και θαυμαστον, αγγελους έπτα, εχουτας πληwonderful, messengers seven, having plagues yas έπτα τας εσγατας, ότι εν αυταις ετελεσθη δ θυμος του θεου. "Και ειδον ώς θαλασσαν the wrath of the God. And Isaw ύαλινην μεμιγμενην πυρι, και τους νικωντας εκ glassy having been mingled with fire, and those being conquerors of του θηριου και εκ της εικονος αυτου, και εκ του the wild-beast and of the image of him, and of the αριθμου του ονοματος αυτου**, έ**στω**τας επιτην** number of the name of him, atanding on the θαλασσαν την ὑαλινην εχοντας κιθαρας του
sea the glassy having burps of the harpa of he glassy having <sup>3</sup> Και αδουσι την φδην Μωυσεως δουλου  $\theta \epsilon o u_*$ God. And they sing the song of Moses abond-servant του θεου, και την φδην του αρνιου, λεγοντες. of the God, and the song of the lamb, Μεγαλα και θαυμαστα τα εργα σου, κυριε δ and wonderful the works of thee, O Lord the θεος δ παντοκρατωρ, δικαιαι και αληθιναι αί God the almighty, just and true <sup>4</sup> τις ου μη όδοι σου, ό βασιλευς των εθνων. ways of thee, the king of the nationa; who not not φοβηθη \* [σε, ] κυριε, και δοξαση το ονομα σου. may fear [thee,] O Lord, and may glorify the name of thee? ότι μονος όσιος ότι παντα \* [τα εθνη] ήξυνσι because alone bountiful; because all [the nations] shall come και προσκυνησουσιν ενωπιον σου ότι τα δι shall worship in presence of thee; because the rightκαιωματα σου εφανερωθησαν. consacta of thre were manifested.

[And] after these things I saw, and wis opened the vaos της σκηνης του μαρτυριου εν τφ ουρανφιατική είδον, και ηνοιγη δ και εξηλθον οι έπτα αγγελοι οι εχοντες τας and eame out the seven messengers those having the έπτα πληγας \*[εκ του ναου,] ενδεδυμενοι λιιον seven plagues [out of the temple,] having been clothed linen καθαρον λαμπρον, και περιεξωσμενοι περι τα μυτε bright, and having been girt round about the στηθη ζωνας χρυσας. Τκαι έν εκ των τεσσαbreaks girdles golden. Λοδ one of the four ρων ζωων εδωκε τοις έπτα αγγελοις έπτα φιαliving ones gave to the seven messengers seven bowls

has χρυσας, γεμουσας του Ουμου του θεου του golden, being full of the wrath of the God of that

### CHAPTER XV.

1 And ‡I saw Another Sign in Heaven, great and wonderful, ‡seven Angels having the seven Last Plagues; ‡Because by them the WRATH of God was to be completed.

2 And I saw as it were a glassy. Sea mingled with Fire, and the conquerors of the \*Beast, and \*of his image, and the number of his name, standing on the glassy sea, thaving Harpe of God.

GoD.

3 And they sing the song of Moses the Servant of God, and the song of the Lamb, slying, of the Lamb, slying, of Great and winderful are thy works, O Low-God, the omnipotent; righteous and true are thy ways, O king of the nations!

4 ‡ Who shall not fear, O Lord, and glorify thy NAME? Since thou alone are bountiful; For ‡All the NATIONS shall come and worship in thy present; Because thy RIGHTEOUS ACTS were made manifest."

5 And after these things I aw, and the TEMPLE of the TABERNACLE of the TESTIMONY in HEAVEN

was opened;

6 And THOS. SEVEN Angels HAVING the SEVEN Plagues came out of the TEMPLE, ‡ elothed with pure bright † Linen, and encircled about the DREASTS with golden Gircles.

7 ‡ And one of the FOUR Living ones gave to the SEVEN Angels Seven golden Bowls full of the WRATH

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—2. image, and of the beast, and of the bumber (r.)
4. thee—omit (b.)
5. And—omit.
6. out of the

<sup>+ 6.</sup> Lithon, a stone, is the reading of A c.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xii. 1, 3. † 1. Rev. xvi. 1; xxi. 9. † 1. Rev. xiv. 6. † 2. Rev. xii. 15—17. † 2. Rev. v. 8; xiv. 2. † 3. Exod. xv. 1; Deut. xxxi. 30; Rev. xiv. 3. † 3. Deut. xxxii. 4; Psa cxi. 2; cxxxix. 14. † 4. Exod. xv. 14—16; Jer. x. 7. † 4. Isa. Ixvi. 22. † 5. Rev. xi. 19. See Num. i. 50, 17. Rev. iv. 6

(ωντος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. 8 Και εγεoneliving for the ages of the ages. And was μισθη δ ναος καπνου εκ της δοξης του θεου και the temple of smoke from the glory of the God and εκ της δυναμεως αυτου και ουδεις ηδυνατο of him; and no one was able from the power εισελθειν εις τον ναον, αχρι τελεσθωσιν αί to enter iuto the temple, till should be finished the έπτα πληγαι των έπτα αγγελωι. seven plagues of the seven messengers.

### KEΦ. 15'. 16.

1 Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του ναου, And I neard a voice great out of the λεγουσης τοις έπτα αγγελοις. Υπαγετε και saying to the seven messengers; Go you forth and εκχεατε τας έπτα φιαλας του θυμου του θεου do you pour outthe seven bowls of the wrath of the ELS THY YHV. into the earth.

<sup>2</sup> Και απελθεν ὁ πρωτος, και εξεχεε wentforth the first, and poured out the φιαλην αύτου επιτην γην και εγενετο έλκος bowl of himself on the land; and was anulcer κακον και πονηρον εις τους ανθρωπους τους and evil on the men those εχοντας το χαραγμα του θησιου, και having the mark of the wild-beast, and προσκυνουντας τη εικονι αυτου. doing reverence to the image of him.

3 Και δ δευτερος †[αγγελος] εξεχεε την second [messenger] poured out the And the φιαλην αύτου εις την θαλασσαν και εγενετο bowl of himself into the sea; and it became αίμα ώς νεκρου, και πασα ψυχη \*[ζωης] απεblood as of a dead one, and every soul [of life] died θανεν εν τη θαλασση.

in the sea. 4 Και δ τριτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου εις And the third poured out the bowl of himself into τους ποταμους και εις τας πηγας των ύδατων. and into the fountains of the waters;  $^5$  Και ηκουσα του αγγελου και εγενετο αίμα. And I heard the and it became blood. messenger των ύδατων λεγοντος· Δικαιος ει, δ Righteous art thou, the one existing of the waters saying; και δην, δ δσιος, ότι ταυτα εκρινας• and who was, the bountiful one, because these things thou hast judged; δότι αίμα άγιων και προφητων εξεχεαν, και because blood of holy ones and of prophets they poured out, and αίμα αυτους εδωκας πιειν· αξιοι εισι. 7 Και blood to them thou gavest to drink; worthy they are.

of THAT GOD who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES.

8 And the TEMPLE was full of \* Smoke # from the GLORY of GOD, and from his POWER; and no one was able to enter the TEMtill the SEVEN Plagues of the SEVEN Angels were completed.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 And I heard a great Voice † out of the TEMPLE, saying to the seven Angels, "Go forth, and pour out the SEVEN Bowls 1 of the WBATH of God into

2 And the First went forth, and poured out his BOWL ; on the LAND; and there came an evil and malignant Ulcer on THOSE MEN ; HAVING the MARK of the BEAST, and on THOSE WORSHIPPING his

3 And the SECOND poured out his BOWL ‡into the SEA; and lit became Blood, as of one Dead; tand Every living Soul died,-THOSE in the

And the THIRD poured out his BOWL tinto the RIVERS, and f[into] the FOUNTAINS of WA-TERS; tand they became Blood.

5 And I heard the AN-GEL of the WATERS saying, t" Righteous art thou. the ONE who Is, and who WAS,—the BOUNTIFUL one; Because thou hast judged These.

6 Because they poured out the Blood of ! Saints and of Prophets, thou gavest them also Blood to And drink; they descree it."

6.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 8. the SMOKE (B.) and-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> of life-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> out of the TEMPLE, omitted by B. 3. messenger, omitted by a c. 4. into. omitted by A C.

<sup>†</sup> S. Exod, xl. 34; 1 Kings viil, 10; 2 Chron. v. 14; Isa. vl. 4.

1. Rev. xv. 1.

† 1. Rev. xiv. 10; xv. 7.

† 2. Rev. viil. 7.

† 3. Rev. viii. 9.

† 4. Rev. viii. 10.

† 4. Exod. vii. 20.

† 5. Rev. i. 4. 8; iv. 8; xl. 17.

† 6. Matt. xxiii. 34, 35; Rev. xiii. 15. 1 3. 2 Thess. i. 9. 1 2. Exod. ix. 1 3. Exod. vii. 17, 20. 1 5. Rev. xv. 3. 1 6. Isa. xlix. 26. vi. 18; xviii. 20.

ηκουσα του θυσιαστηριου λεγοντος. Ναι, κυριε I heard the altar saying; Yes, O Lord δ θεος δ παντοκρατωρ, αληθιναι και δικαιαι αί the God the almighty, true and righteous the κοισεις σου.

judgments of thee.

 $^8$  Και δ τεταρτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αδτου And the fourth poured out the bowl of himself τον ήλιον και  $\epsilon \delta o \theta \eta$  αυτ $\phi$  καυματισαι eTI. and was given to hun on the sun: to burn τους ανθρωπους εν πυρι. 9 Και εκαυματισθηin fire. And were burned σαν οἱ ανθρωποικαυμα μεγα, και εβλασφημησαν beat great, and they blasphemed the men το ονομα του θεου του εχοντος εξουσιαν επι the name of the God of that having authority over τας πληγας ταυ τας και ου μετενοησαν δουναι the plagues these; and sor they reformed to give αυτώ δυξαν. to him glory.

<sup>10</sup> Και  $\delta$  πεμπτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αυτου And the fifth poured out the bowl of him επι τον θρονον του θηριου. Και εγενετο ή of the wild-beast. And became the the throne βασιλεια αντου εσκοτωμενη. και εμασσωντο of him darkened: and they bit kingdom  $^{11}$   $\kappa$ a $\iota$ τας γλωσσας αύτων εκ του πονου, tongues of themselves because of the anguish, and εβλασφημησαν τον θεον του ουρανου εκ των they blasphemed the God of the heaven because of the πονων αύτων και εκ των έλκων αύτων και pains of themselves and because of the ulcers of themselves; and ου μετενοησαν εκ των εργων αύτων. not they reformed from the works of themselves.

 $^{12}$  Και δ έκτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου επι And the sixth poured out the bowl of himself on τον ποταμον τον μεγαν Ευφρατην και εξηραν-Euphrates; and was dried river the great θη το ύδωρ αυτου, ίνα έτοιμασθη ή όδος των of it, so that might be prepared the way of the up the water <sup>13</sup> Kaı βασιλεων των απο ανατολων ήλιου. of those from risings of a sun. ειδον εκ του στοματος του δρακοντος και  $\epsilon \kappa$ mouth of the dragon and out of I saw out of the **γου στοματος του θηριου και εκ του στοματος** mouth of the wild-beast and out of the mouth του φευδοπροφητου πνευματα τρια ακαθαρτα unclean of the false-prophet spirits three ώς βατραχοι 14 (εισι γαρ πνευματα δαιμω-(they are for frogs; spirits of deσημεια·) ά εκπορευεται επι  $\nu\iota\omega\nu$ ποιουντα go forth mons working signs;) which to τους βασιλεις της οικουμενης όλης, συναγαthe kings of the habitable whole, to gather

7 And 1 heard the AL-TAR saying, "Yes, 10 Lord God, the OMNIPO-TENT, I true and righteous are thy JUDGMENTS."

- And the FOURTH poured out his BOWL Ton the sun; ; and to him it was given to burn MEN with Fire.
- 9 And MEN were burned with great Heat, and \* they ‡ blasphemed † the NAME of THAT GOD who HAS Authority over these PLAGUES; and they reformed not t to give him Glory.
- 10 And the FIFTH poured out his Bown ton the THRONE of the BEAST; t and his KINGDOM was darkened; and they bit their TONGUES becaute of the PAIN,
- 11 and blasphemed the God of Heaven on account of their PAINS and their ‡ULCERS; and they reformed not from their WORKS.
- And 12 the SIXTH poured out his BOWL on the GREAT RIVER, \$7the EUPHRATES; and its wa-TER was dried up, #so that the WAY of THOSE KINGS who are from the Sun-rising might be prepared.
- 13 And I saw out of the MOUTH of the IDRAGON, and out of the MOUTH of the BEAST, and out of the MOUTH of the TFALSE PROPHET, three impure Spirits, as Frogs.
- 14 For they are Spirits of Demons, ; working Signs, which go forth to the KINGS of the whole HABITABLE, to gather

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—9. MEN blasphemed (B.)

<sup>† 9.</sup> in presence of THAT GOD, (A.) 12. the EUPHRATES, (A C.)

<sup>1 7.</sup> Rev. xv. 3. 1 7. Rev. xiii. 10; xiv. 10; xix. 2. 1 8. Rev. viii. 12. 17. Rev. xv. 35. 47. Rev. xii. 10. xv. 10; xii. 25. Rev. xii. 12. 18. Rev. xii. 17. 18; xiv. 18. 10. revses 11, 21. 19. Rev. xi. 20. 19. Rev. xi. 13; xiv. 7. 10. Rev. xiii. 2. 10. Rev. ix. 20. 11. verse 2. 1. 12. Rev. xii. 14. See Jer. 1. 38; 1i. 36. 12. Isa. xii. 2, 25. 13. Rev. xii. 3, 9. 138. Rev. xii. 20; xx. 10. 144. 2 Thess. ii. 9; Rev. xii. 13, 14; xix. 20. 1 13. Rev. xix. 20; xx. 10.

place that being called in Hebrew Armagedon. του ναου του ουρανου, απο του θρονού, λεγουthe temple of the heaven, from the throne, σα: Γεγονε. 18 Και εγενοντο αστραπαι και ing; It has been done. And were lightnings φωναι και βρονται, και σεισμος \*[εγενετο] μεγας, οίος ουκ εγενετο αφ' ού οί ανθρωποι great, such not was from of which the men εγενοντο επι της γης, τηλικουτος σεισμος were on the earth, so great an earthquake 19 Και εγενετο ή πολις ή μεγαλη ούτω μεγας. And was the city the great great. εις τρια μερη, και αί πολεις των εθνων επεσον. into three parts, and the cities of the nations και Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη εμνησθη ενωπιον του and Babylon the great was remembered before the θεου, δουναι αυτη το ποτηριον του οινου του to give to her the cup of the wine of the θυμου της οργης αύτου. 20 και πασα νησος εφυwrath nfthe anger of himself; and every island γε, και ορη ουχ εύρεθησαν· 21 και χαλαζα were found: away, and mnuntains not and hail ιεγαλη ώς ταλαντιαια καταβαινει εκ του ουραgreat as if weighing a talent comes down out of the heaven νου επι τους ανθρωπους. και εβλασφημησαν the and men; blasphemed οί ανθρωποι τον θεον εκ της πληγης της the God on account of the plague of the

them together for the WAR of that GREAT DAY of the OMNIPOTENT GOD.

15 ‡ (Behold! I am coming as a Thief; blessed is HE who WATCHES and keeps his GARMENTS, ‡ so that he may not walk maked, and they should see his shame.)

16 And the gathered them together into THAT PLACE which is CALLED in Hebrew \* Armagedon.

17 And the SEVENTH poured out his BOWL on the AIR; and there came forth a †loud Voice from the TEMPLE † of HEAVEN, from the THEONE, saying, ‡" It is done."

18 And there were Lightnings, and Voices, tand Thunders, tand there was a great Earthquake; tsuch as was not since ta Man was on the farth, such an Earthquake,—so great.

19 And the GREAT CITY became Three Parts, and the CITIES of the NATIONS fell down; and Babylon the GREAT twas remembered before God, to have given her the CUP of the WINE of the INDIGNATION of his WRATH.

20 And ‡Every Island fled, and no Mountains were found.

21 ‡And a great Hai!, as if weighing a talent, comes down from Heatven on Men; and ‡Men blasphemed God on account of ‡the Plague of the Hail, Because the Plague of tits exceedingly great.

χαλαζης, ότι μεγαλη εστιν ή πληγη αυτης hail, because great is the plague of her

σφοδρα.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-16. Magedon (B.)

<sup>18.</sup> was-omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> loud, omitted by B. 17. of heaven, omitted by B. omitted by B. 18. a Man, (A.)

<sup>18.</sup> and Thunders,

# ΚΕΦ. ιζ'! 17.

<sup>1</sup>Και ηλθεν είς εκ των έπτα αγγελων των And came one of the seven messengers of those εχοντων τας έπτα φιαλας, και ελαλησε μετ' seven spoke having the bowls. and εμου, λεγων Δευρο, δειξω σοι το κριμα της me, saying; Come hither, I will show to thee the judgment of the πορνης της μεγαλης, της καθημενης επι των harlot the great, of that sitting on ύδατων των πολλων 2 μεθ' ής επορνευσαν many; with whom committed fornication the οι βασιλεις της γης, και εμεθυσθησαν οί κατοιthe kings of the earth, and were made drunk those inhabitκουντες την γην \* [εκ του οινου της πορνειας the earth [with the wine of the fornication  $^3$  Kai  $\alpha\pi\eta\nu\epsilon\gamma\kappa\epsilon$   $\mu\epsilon$   $\epsilon$  is  $\epsilon\rho\eta\mu\nu\nu$   $\epsilon\nu$  And he carried away me into a desert in αυτης. of her.] και ειδον γυναικα καθημενην επι πνευματι. spirit. θηριον κοκκινον, γεμον ονοματων βλασφημιας, a wild-beast scarlet, being full of names of blasplienty, <sup>4</sup> Και η εχον κεφαλας έπτα και κερατα δεκα. seven and horns having heads ten. And the γυνη ην περιβεβλημενη πορφυρουν και κοκκιwoman was having been clothed purple scarlet, νον, και κεχρυσωμενη χρυσιώ και λιθώ τιμιώ and having been gilded with gold and a stone precions και μαργαριταις, εχουσα χρυσουν ποτηριον εν pearls. having golden a cup ın χειρι αύτης γεμον βδελυγματων, και τα and the ακαθαρτα της πορνείας αύτης,  $\frac{5}{6}$  και uncleannesses of the formication of herself, and  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau o$ on the μετωπον αύτης ονομα γεγραμμενον. Μυστηριον. forehead of herself a name having been written; Mystery; Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, ή μητηρ των πορνων και Babylon the great, the mother of the harlots and  $\tau\omega\nu$   $\beta\delta\epsilon\lambda\nu\gamma\mu\alpha\tau\omega\nu$   $\tau\eta$ s  $\gamma\eta$ s. of the abominations of the earth. 6 Και ειδον την And I saw the γυναικα μεθυουσαν εκ του αίματος των άγιων, drunken with the blood of the holy ones, και εκ του αίματος των μαρτυρων Ιησου. Και and with the blood of the witnesses of Jesus. And εθαυμασα, ιδων αυτην θαυμα μεγα. I wondered, having seen her a wonder great.

<sup>7</sup> Και ειπε μοι δ αγγελος· Διατι εθαυμασας : And said to me the messenger; Why didst thou wonder? εγω σοι ερω το μυστηριον της γυναικος, και I to thee will tell the secret of the woman, and του θηριου του βασταζοντος αυτην, του εχονof the wild-beast of that bearing her, of that having τας τας έπτα κεφαλας και τα δεκα κερατα. the seven heads and the ten horns.

### CHAPTER XVII.

I And tone of those seven Angels having the seven Bowls came and spoke with me, saying, "Come, I will show thee the Judgment of thiat great harlot, I who sits on t Many Waters;

2 twith whom the KINGS of the EARTH committed fornication, and the EARTH were made drunk with the WINE of her for-

NICATION."

3 And he conducted me, in Spirit, ‡ into a Desert; and I saw a Woman sitting ‡ on a \*scarlet Beast, full of ‡ Blasphenous Names, having seven Heads and ten Horns.

4 And the Woman was clothed in Purple and Scarlet, and adorned with Gold and precious Stone and Pearls, having in her hand a golden Cup, full of Abominations, and the impurities of \*her fornication:

5 and on her forehead a Name written, I'Mystery, Babylon the Great, Ithe mother of the harlots and of the abominations of the earth.

6 And I saw the woman drunk twith the BLOOD of the SAINTS, and with the BLOOD of the WITNESSES of Jesus; and having seen her, I wondered with great Wonder.

7 And the ANGEL said to me, "Why didst thou wonder? I will tell thee the SECRET of the WOMAN, and of THAT BEAST BEARING her,—THAT HAVING the SEVEN Heads and the TEN Horns.

3.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100.-2. with the WINE of her PORNICATION-omit.

6. 4. the Pornication of the Earth (B.)

<sup>+ 1.</sup> many Waters, (A.)

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xxi. 9. † 1. Rev. xvi. 19; xviii. 16, 17, 10. † 1. Nahum lii. 4; Rev. xix. 2. † 1. Jer. li. 13; ver. 15. † 2. Rev. xviii. 3. † 2. Jer. li. 7; Rev. xix. 8; xviii. 3. † 3. Rev. xii. 6, 14. † 3. Rev. xviii. 12, 10. † 4. Dan. xi. 38. † 4. Jer. li. 7; Rev. xviii. 6. † 4. Rev. xvii. 0; xiv. 2. † 5. Rev. xviii. 9; xiv. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 15; xvi. 6. † 4. Per. v. v. 10; xvi. 10; xvi. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 10; xvi. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 11; xviii. 12; xviii. 13; xvi. 14. † 6. Rev. xviii. 15; xvi. 6. † 4. Per. v. v. 10; xvi. 10; xvi. 2. † 5. Rev. xviii. 9; xvi. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 15; xvi. 6. † 4. Per. v. 10; xvi. 10; xvi. 2. † 5. Rev. xviii. 9; xvi. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 15; xvi. 6. † 7. Rev. xviii. 9; xvi. 2. † 7. Rev. xvii

<sup>B</sup>Το θηριον δ ειδες, ήν, και ουκ εστι, και The wild-beast which thou sawest, was, and not is, and μελλει αναβαινειν εκ της αβυσσου, και εις απω-.s about to come up out of he abyss, and into λειαν ὑπαγειν• και θαυμασονταιοί κατοικουντες and will wonder those dweihug iruction to go; επιτης γης, ών ου γεγραπταιτα ονοματα επι the earth, of whom not has been written the το βιβλιον της ζωης απο καταβολης κοσμου, of the life from a casting down of a world, the acroll βλεποντων το θηριον ότι ήν, και ουκ εστι, the wild-beast because he was, and not 9 ' Ωδε δ νους δ εχων σοφιαν. και παρεσται. Here the mind the one having wisdom. and will be present. Αί έπτα κεφαλαι, έπτα ορη εισιν, όπου ή γυνη heads. seven mountains are, where the woman  $\kappa \alpha \theta \eta \tau \alpha \iota \in \pi$ 10 Και βασιλεις έπτα αυτων. kings οu theL. Aud seve<sub>n</sub> εισιν οί πεντε επεσαν, ό είς εστιν, ό αλλος the five the one is. the fel.  $o u \pi \omega$   $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ , και  $\delta \tau \alpha \nu$   $\epsilon \lambda \ell \eta$ ,  $o \lambda \iota \gamma o \nu$   $\alpha u \tau o \nu$   $\delta \epsilon^{\iota}$ not yet is come, and when he may have come, abothe him it behoves μειναι.  $^{11}$  Και το  $\theta\eta_{c}$ ιον,  $\delta$   $\eta$ ν, και ουκ εστι, And the will-beast, which was, and not to remain. και αυτος ογδοος εστι, και εκ των έπτα εστι, eighth is, and out of the seven <sup>12</sup> Και τα δεκα κερακαι εις απωλειαν ὑπαγει. and into destruction gues. And the ten horns ειδες, δεκα βασιλεις εισιν, οίτινες à which thou sawest, ten kings are, βασιλειαν ουπω ελαβον, αλλ' εξουσιαν ώς βασιa kingdom not yet received, but authority as kings λεις μιαν ώραν λαμβανουσι μετα του θηριου. hour they receive with the wild-beast. 13 Ούτοι μιαν εχουσι γνωμην, και την δυναμιν These one have purpose, and the power και την εξουσιαν έαυτων τω θηριώ διδοασιν. and the authority of themselves to the wild-beast they give.  $^{14}$  Ο $\delta$ τοι μετα του αρνιου πολεμησουσι $\cdot$  και το These with the lamb and the will make war; αρνιον νικηπει αυτους, ότι κυριος κυριων εστι lamb will overcome them, because a Lord oflurds και βασιλευς βασιλεων και οί μετ' αυτου, and and those with a King of kings; 15 Και λεγει κλητοι και εκλεκτοι και πιστοι. called ones and chosen ones and faithful ones. And he says ά μοι• Τα ύδατα ειδες, ού ή πορνη καθηto me; The waters which thou sawest, where the harlot ται, λαοι και οχλοι εισι, και εθνη και γλωσσαι. peoples and crowds are, and nations and tongues.

8 The BEAST which thou sawest, was, and is not, and ‡ is about to ascend out of the ABYSS, and ‡ to go into Destruction; and THOSE who DWELL ON the EARTH (‡ of of whom \* the NAME has not been written on the SCHOLL of the LIFE from the Foundation of the World,) ‡ will wonder, secing the BEAST, Because he was, and is not, and shall be present.

9 ‡ Here is THAT MIND which HAS Wisdom. ‡The SEVEN Heads are seven Mountains, on which

the WOMAN sits.

10 And the Kings are seven; the FIVE are fallen, the one is, the other is not yet come; and when he may have come, he must remain a little while.

11 And the BEAST, which was, and is not, he is both an Eighth and is of the SEVEN, 4 and goes into

Destruction.

1: And the tren Horns which thou sawest are Ten Kings, who have not t[yet] received a Kingdom; but they receive Authority, as Kings, One Hour with the BEAST.

13 These have One Purpose, and they give their POWER and † Authority to

the BEAST.

14 † These will make war with the LAMB, and the LAMB will conquer them, († Because he is Lord of Lords, and King of Kings,) ‡ and THOSE who are with him are CALLED, and chosen, and faithful."

15 And he says to me, to The WATERS which thou sawest, where the HARLOT sits, are Peoples, and Crowds, and Nations, and Languages.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-8. the NAME, (A B.)

<sup>† 12.</sup> yet, omitted by A. 13. Authority, (A. B.)

elip over the

<sup>6</sup> Και τα δεκα κερατα ά ειδες, και το θη-And the ten norms which thou sawest, and the wild-•ιον, ούτοι μισησουσι την πορνην, και ηρημωbeast, these willhate the harlot, and having made μενην ποιησουσιν αυτην \*[και γυμνην,] και naked,] will make her [even and τας σαρκας αυτης φαγονται, και αυτην καταwill eat, ofher aud will 17 Ο γαρ θεος εδωκεν εις καυσουσιν εν πυρι. The for God with fire. into  $*[\tau\eta\nu]^*\gamma\nu\omega\mu\eta\nu$ τας καρδίας αυτων, πυίησαι the hearts of them, to have done [the] purpose αυτου, και ποιησαι γνωμην μιαν, και δουναι την of him, and to have done purpose one, and to give the βασιλειαν αύτων τω θηριώ, αχρι τελεσθησονkingdom of themselves to the wild-besst, till shall be finished ται οί λογοι του θεου. 18 Και ή γυνη ήν And the woman which the words of the God. thou δες, εστιν ή πολις ή μεγαλη ή εχουσα βασιsawest, is the city the great that having λειαν επι των βασιλεων της γης.

## КЕФ. ιη'. 18.

of the earth.

kings

1\*[Kai] μετα ταυτα ειδον αλλον αγγελον after these things I saw another messeuger (And) καταβαινοντα εκ του ουρανου, εχοντα εξουσιαν coming down from the heaven, having μεγαλην και ή  $\gamma \eta$  εφωτισθη εκ της δοξης great; and the earth was illuminated from the glory 2 Και εκραξεν εν ισχυρα φωνη, λεγων αυτου. And he cried out with a strong voice, saying; \*[επεσε.] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, και of him. [in fallen,] Babylon the and great, εγενετο κατοικητηριον δαιμονων, και φυλακη a habitation ofdemons, and a haunt is become παντος πνευματος ακαθαρτου, και φυλακη πανapirit tmpure, and a haunt 3 δτι τος ορνεου ακαθαρτου και μεμισημενου·
every bird unciran and having been hated, because εκ του οινού του θυμού της πορνείας αυτης by the wine of the wrath of the fornication παντα τα εθνη, και οί βασιλεις της has been drunken all the nations, and the kinga of the γης μετ' αυτης επορνευσαν, και οί εμποροι της and the merchants of the fornicated, her γης εκ της δυναμεως του στρηνους αυτης επearth by of the luxuries other were the power λουτησαν. enriched.

<sup>4</sup> Και ηκουσα αλλην φωνην εκ του ουρανου, And I heard another voice from the heaven,

16 And the TEN Horns which thou sawest, and the BEAST, \*these will hate the HARLOT, and will make her desolate \*\*; and naked, and will eat her PLESH, and \*\*; burn Her with Fire.

17 ‡ For God inclined their Hearts to do his purpose, even to execute one Purpose, and to give their Kingdom to the Beast, I till the words of God shall be completed.

18 And the WOMAN, whom thou sawest, ‡i3 THAT GREAT CITY, ‡ which holds SOVEREIGNTY OVER the KINGS of the EARTH."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

- 1 # After these things I saw Another Angel coming down from HEAVEN, having great Authority; tand the EARTH was illumined with his GLORY.
- 2 And he cried with a strong Voice, saying, in Fallen! is Babylon the GREAT! and is become a Habitation of Demons, and a Haunt of Every impure Spirit, and is a Haunt of Every unclean and hated Bird;
- S because t of the Wine] of the Wrath of her fornication All the Nations have t fallen, and the Kings of the Earth committed fornication with her, and the Mechants of the Earth were enriched by the power of her Luxuries."
- 4 And I heard Another Voice from HEAVEN, say-

17. the-omit.

1.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—16. and naked—omit. And—omit (A. B.) 2. is fallen—omit (B.)

<sup>+ 3.</sup> of the wine, emitted by A c. 3. fallen, (A B c.)

<sup>10.</sup> Jer. l. 41, 42; Rev. xviii. 10.

Rev. xviii. 8.

17. 2 Thess. ii. 11.

19. Rev. xii. 4.

11. Rev. xvii. 1.

11. Rev. xvii. 1.

11. Rev. xvii. 2.

11. Rev. xvii. 1.

11. Lev. xviii. 2.

12. Isa. xvii. 21; xxi. 8; xxxiv. 14; Jer. l. 30; li. 37.

13. Isa. xiv. 23; xxxiv. 11; Mark v. 2, 3.

13. Verse 11, 15; Isa. xlvii. 15.

λεγουσαν· Εξελθετε εξ αυτης, ὁ λαος μου, ίνα saying; Come you out from her, the people of me, so that μη συγκοινωνησητε ταις άμαρτιαις αυτης, και you may participate with the sius of her, εκ των πληγων αυτης ίνα μη λαβητε. of her so that not you may receive; because from the plagues εκολληθησαν αυτης αί άμαρτιαι αγρι του ουραadhered together other the sins even to the heaven, νου, και εμνημονευσεν ό θεος τα αδικηματα the God the and remembered unjust acts  $^6$  Αποδοτε αυτη, ώς και αυτη απεκωκε, αυτης. Give you to her, as also she †[αυτη] διπλα διπλωσατ€ ката Kal double you [to her] double according to the γργα αυτης εν τφ ποτηριφ φ εκερασε, κεραων εκεν αυτης <math>εν works of her; in the cup which sheurized, do you works other; in the cup which she inixed, do you σατε αυτη διπλουν τόσα εδοξασεν έαυτην double: how much she glorified και εστρηνιασε, τοσουτον δοτε αυτη βασανισand lived luxuriously, so much give you to her torment μον και πενθος. Ότι εν τη καρδια αύτης and mourning. Because in the heart of herself λεγει Καθημαί βασιλισσα, και χηρα ουκ ειμι, and a widow not lam, Lait a queen, <sup>8</sup> δια τουτο εν μια και πενθος ου μη ιδω. and mourning not not I may see; on account of this in one ήμερα ήξουσιν αί πληγαι αυτης, θανατος \*[και] will come the plagues of her, death [and] πενθος και λιμος· και εν πυρι κατακαυθησεται· mourning and famine; and with fire will be burut up; ότι ισχυρος κυριος δ θεος δ κρινας αυτην. Lord the God the one having judged her. because strong 9 Και κλαυσονται και κοψονται  $\epsilon \pi$  αυτη οί shall wail over shall weep and her Βασιλεις της γης, οί μετ' αυτης πορνευσαντες kings of the earth, those with her having fornicated και στρηνιασαντες, όταν βλεπωσι τον καπνον and having lived luxuriously, when they may see the της πυρωσεως αυτης, 10 απο μακροθεν έστηκοhurning of her, from at a distance having stood of the τον φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης. on account of the fear of the of her, tormeut  $\lambda$ εγοντες. Ουαι, \*[ουαι,] ή πολις μεγαλη, Βαsayıng; Woe, [woe,] the city great, Baβυλων ἡ πολις ἡ ισχυρα, ότι μια ὡρα ηλ<math>θενbylon the city the strong, because in one hour came 11 Και οί εμποροι της γης κλαιή κρισις σου. the judgment of thee. And the merchants of the earth weep ουσι και πενθουσιν επ' αυτη, ότι τον γομον and over her, hecause the cargo

ing, ‡"Come out from her, my people, so that you may have no fellowship with her sins, and that you receive not of her PLAGUES.

5 ‡ because her sins were builded together even to HEAVEN, and ‡ GOD remembered \* her Unrigh-TEOUS ACTS.

6 ‡ Render to her as she also rendered, and repay double according to her Works; ‡ in the CUP which she mixed, ‡ mix to her double;

7 tas nuch as she glorified herself, and lived luxuriously, So much Torment and Mourning give to her. Because she says in her HEART, '1 sit a t Queen, and am not a Widow, and shall by no means see Mourning.'

8 Therefore in ‡One Day will her PLAGUES come—Death and Mourning and Famine; and she will be burnt up with Fire; ‡Because \* strong is THAT LOrd who has JUDGED her.

9 And THOSE KINGS of the EARTH, who with her committed fornication and lived luxuriously, twill mourn and lament over her, Twhen they see the SMOKE of her burning.

10 standing at a distance on account of the FLAR of her TORMENT, saying, 1' Alas! alas! the GREAT CITY Babylon, the STEONG CITY! I Because in One Hour came thy JUDGMENT.'

11 And the MER-CHANTS of the EART'S weep and mourn over her,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—5. her for her unrighteous acts. S. and—omit. 8 strong is that Lord. 10. Woe-omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> to her, omitted by A B C.

αυτων ουδεις αγοραζει ουκετι· 12 γομον χρυσου buys any more; cargo of gold of them no one και αργυρου, και λιθου τιμιου και μαργαριτου, of silver, and of stone of value and και βυσσινου και πορφυρας, και σηρικου και and of fine cotton and of purple, and of silk and κοκκινου· και παν ξυλον θυινον, και παν σκευος of searlet; and all wood aromatic, and every vessel ελεφαντινον, και παν σκευος εκ ξυλου τιμιωand every vessel of wood τατου και χαλκου και σιδηρου και μαρμαρου·
precious and of copper and of ton and of marble;

13 και κιναμωμον, και αμωμον, και θυμιαματα,
and cinnamon, and amomum, and odors, και μυρον, και λιβανον, \*[και οινον,] και ελαι-[and wine,] and and ointment, and frankincense, oil. υν, και σεμιδαλιν, και σιτον, και κτηνη, και and finest floor, and wheat, and eattle, προβατα· και ίππων, και ρεδων, και σωματων· sheep; and of horses, and of chariots, and of bodies; και ψυχας ανθρωπων. 14 Και ή δπωρα της επι-And the fruit season of the earnand lives of men. θυμιας της ψυχης σου απηλθεν απο σου, και est desire of the soul of thee went away from thee, παντα τα λιπαρα και τα λαμπρα απωλετο all the dainty things and the spiendid things perished and over, kal ouket ou  $\mu\eta$  eventuals auta. from thee, and no longer not not thou may estimate them. εύρησης αυτα. <sup>15</sup> Οί εμποροι τουτων οί πλουτησαντες απ' The merchants of these things those having been enriched from αυτης, απο μακροθεν στησονται, δια τον shall stand, because of the from at a distance her, φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης, κλαιοντες και fear of the torment of ther, weeping and  $\pi \epsilon \nu \theta$ ουντες, 16 \* [και] λεγοντες Ουαι, \*[ουαι][and] saying, Woe, [woe;] mourning, ή πολις ή μεγαλη, ή περιβεβλημενη βυσσινον the city the great, that having been clothed fine cotton και πορφυρουν και κοκκινον, και κεχρυσωμενη and purple scarlet. and being gilded εν χρυσιφ και λιθφ τιμιφ και μαργαριταις ότι with gold and stone precious and pearla; because μια ώρα ηρημωθη ό τοσουτος πλουτος. 17 Kai in one hour is laid waste the so great And πας κυβερνητης, και πας δ επιτοπον πλεων, every pilot, and every one who to a place mailing, και ναυται, και όσοι την θαλασσαν εργαζονand sailors, and as many as the sea work, ται, απο μακροθεν εστησαν, 18 και εκραζον βλεfrom at a distance stood, and cried out beποντες τον καπνον της πυρωσεως αυτης, λεsmoke of the burning ofher, hulding the , sayγοντες· \* Tis δμοια τη πολει τη μεγαλη; 19 και city is like to the GREAT ing; [What like to the city to the great?

Because no one buys their MERCHANDISE any more;

12 the Merchandise of Gold, and of Silver, and of precious Stone, and of Pearl, and of Fine linen, and of Purple, and of Silk, and of Searlet; and All aromatic Wood, and All Furniture of Ivory, and All Furniture of most precious Wood, and of Copper, and of Iron, and of Marble:

13 and Cinnamon, and Amomum, and Incense, and Ointment, and Frankincense, and Wine, and Tinest flour, and Wheat, and \*Cattle, and Sheep, and of Herses, and of Chariots, and of Bodies, and # Lives of Men.

14 And the FRUIT SEA-SON of thy SOUL'S ARDENT DESIRE is gone away from thee, and All the DAINTY and SPLENDID THINGS are lost to thee, and never † shall they find them.

15 THOSE MERCHANTS of these things who were enriched by her, will stand at a distance, because or the FEAR of her TORMENT, \* weeping and mourning,

16 saying, Alas! alas! THAT GREAT CITY, ! which was CLOTHED with Fine linen, and Purple, and Scarlet, and adorned with Gold, and precious Stone, and Pearls!

17 # Because in One Hour SUCH GREAT Wealth is laid waste." And Every Pilot, and Every Voyager, and Mariner, and as many as work on the SEA, stood at a distance.

18 ‡ and cried out, beholding the SMOKE of her BURNING, saving, 1" What and CITY!"

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 13. and Wine-omit (B.) 13. Sheep, and Cattle, (B.) 15. both weeping. 16. and—omit (A.B.) 16. wee—emit (B.) 18, 19, 22, 23, are omissions probably made through the carelessness of the transcriber. They are found in A B C.

<sup>† 13.</sup> an odoriferous shrub. 14. shall they find, (A c.)

<sup>† 13.</sup> Ezek, xxvii. 13. † 15. verses 3, 11. 0. † 17. Isa. xxiii. 14; Ezek, xxvii. 29. 1 12. Rev. xvii. 4. 1 15 verses 3, 11. 

 $\epsilon$ βαλον χουν  $\epsilon$ πι τας κεφαλας αύτων, και εκραthey cast dust on the heads of themselves, and cried cried ζον κλαιοντες και πενθουντες, λεγοντες: ] Ουαι, weeping and saying; Dut mourning, Woe. \*[oval]  $\eta$  πολις  $\eta$   $\mu$ εγαλη, εν  $\eta$  επλουτησαν the city the great, by which were enriched παντες οί εχοντες πλοια εν τη θαλασση εκ της all those having ships on the by the ьеа τιμιοτητος αυτης, ότι μια ώρα ηρημωθη. preciousness of her, because in one hour she was made desolate.  $^{20}$  Ευφραινου  $\epsilon m{\pi}$  αυτη, ουραν $\epsilon$ , και οἱ άγιοι και Rejoice thou over her, O heaven, and the holy ones and οί αποστολοι και οί προφηται, ότι εκρινεν because judged apostles and the prophets,  $^{21}$  Kai  $\eta \rho \epsilon \nu \epsilon is$ ό θεος το κριμα ύμων εξ αυτης. the God the judgment of you on her. And took up one αγγελος ισχυρος λιθον ώς μυλον μεγαν, και messenger strong astone as amillatone great, and εβαλεν εις την θαλασσαν, λεγων. Ούτως δρμηinto the sea, saying; Thus with ματι βληθησεται Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη πολις, και violence shall be cast down Babylon the great city,  $^{22}$  Και φωνη κιθαρφδων ου μη εύρεθη €T1. And a voice not not may be found any more. of harpers και μουσικων και αυλητων και σαλπιστων ου μη and of musicians and of flute-players and of trumpeters not not ακουσθη εν σοι ετι, και πας τεχνιτης πασης may be heard in thee longer, and every auεχνης ου μη εύρεθη εν σοι ετι, \*[και φωνη art not not may be found in thee longer, (and a sound μυλου ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι ετι,] και φως of a millatone not not may be beard in thee longer.] and a light λυχνου ου μη φανη εν συι ετι, 23 \* και φωνη not not may shine in thee longer, and a voice νυμφιου και νυμφης ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι ετι. of bridegroom and of bride not not may be heard in thee longer; ότι οί εμποροι σου ησαν οί μεγιστανες της hecause] the merchants of thee were the great ones γης, δτι εν τη φαρμακεια σου επλανηθησαν earth, because by the magical arts of thee were deceived <sup>24</sup> Και εν αυτη αίματα προφηπαντα τα εθνη. 211 the nations. And in thee bloods of prophτων και άγιων εύρεθη, και παντων των εσφαγand of holy oneswas found, even of all of those having been μενων επι της γης.

KEΦ.  $\iota\theta'$ . 19.

killed on the earth.

1 Μετα ταυτα ηκουσα ώς φωνην \*[μεγαλην]
After thesethings I heard as a voice [great]

19 And they cast Dust on their HEADS, and cried, tweeping and mourning, saying, "Alas! alas! THAT GREAT CITT, by which were enriched out of her WEALTH ALL those HAVING the ships on the sea! Because in One Hour she was desolated."

20 ‡ Exult over her, O Heaven! and you saints, and you APOSTLES, and you PROPHETS; Because ‡GOD judged your JUDG-

MENT on her.

21 And one strong Angel took up a Stone like a great Millstone, and threw it into the SEA, saying, ‡"Thus with Violence shall Babylon, the GREAT City, be thrown down, and ‡ shall by no means be found any more.

22 ‡ And Voice of Harpers, and of Musicians, and of Flute-players, and of Trumpeters, shall be heard in thee no longer; and no Artisan † of any Art shall be found in thee any more; and Sound of Millstone shall be heard in

thee no longer;

23 and ‡ Light of Lamp shall shine no more in thee; and; Voice of Bride-groom and of Bride shall be heard no more in thee; ‡ Because thy MERCHANTS were th: GREAT ONES of the EARTH—‡ Because by thy SORCERIES All the NATIONS were deceived."

24 And ‡ in her the † Blood of Prophets and of Saints was found, even of ALL those ‡ having been KILLED on the EARTH.

#### CHAPTER XIX.

1 After these things ‡ I heard a loud Voice as of a

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—19. woe—omit.

† 19. Weeping and Mourning, omitted by A.

19. the ships, (A B C.)

any Art, omitted by A.

24. Blood, (A C.) bloods, (B.)

<sup>† 19.</sup> Josh. vii. 6; 1 Sam. iv. 12; Job ii. 12; Ezek. xxvii. 30. † 19. verse 8. † 20. Isa. xliv. 23, xlix. 13; Jer. li. 43. † 20. Luke xi. 49, 50; xix. 2. † 21. Jer. li. 64. † 21. Rev. xii. 8; xvi. 20. † 22. Isa. xxiv. 8; Jer. vii. 34; xvi. 9; xxv. 10; Ezek. xxvi. 13; 23. Jer. xxv. 10. † 23. Jer. vii. 34; xvi. 9; xxxiii. 11. † 23. Isa. xxiii. 8, † 24. Jer. li. 42. Rev. xvii. 6. † 24. Rev. xvii. 6. † 24. Jer. li. 43. † 1. Rev. xxii. 5. † 24. Jer. li. 43.

great once.

οχλου πολλου εν τφ ουρανώ, λεγωντών Αλληof a crowd large to the heaven, Praise saying; λουια ή σωτηρια και ή δοξα και ή δυναμείς του the Lord; the salvation and the glory and the power of the  $\theta$ eou  $\eta\mu\omega\nu$ .  $^2$   $\delta\tau$ : a $\lambda\eta\theta$ : $\nu$ a:  $\kappa$ a:  $\delta$ : $\kappa$ a: a $\lambda$ because of us; true Gad and righteous the judgσεις αυτου· ότι εκρινε την πορνην την μεγαments othim; because he judged the harlot the great, λην, ήτις εφθειρε την γην εν τη πορνεια αύτης, which corrupted the earthwith the fornication of herself, και εξεδικησε το αίμα των δουλων αύτου εκ and avenged the blood of the bond-servante of himself from 3 Και δευτερος ειρηκαν Αλλη-Xelpos QUTTS. of her. And a second time they have said; λουια και δ καπνος αυτης αναβαινει εις τους the Lord; and the emoke olber risca up for the 4 Και επεσον οί πρεσβυτεatavas Tay atavav. of the ages. And felldown the elders ροι οι εικοσιτεσσαρες, και τα τεσσαρα (wa, twenty-four, these and the four living ones, και προσεκυνησαν τφ θεφ τφ καθημενφ επι did homege to the God to the one citting and OB θρονου, λεγοντες Αμην αλληλουια. TOU throne. eaying; So best; praise the Lord. δ Και φωνη εκ του θρονου εξηλθε, λεγουσα: And avoice from the throne came forth, Αινείτε τον θεον ήμων παντές οι δουλοι αυτου, Prameyou the God ofte all the bond-servants of him, και οί Φοβουμενοι αυτον οί μικροι και fearing him the little ones and those and the μεγαλοι.

 Και ηκουσα ώς φωνην οχλου πολλου, και And I heard as avoice of a crowd great, and ώς φωνην ύδατων πολλων, και ώς φωνην βρονand as a noise as a sound of waters many, of thunτων ισχυρων, λεγοντες. Αλληλουια. ότι εβαeaying; Praise the Lord; because reigndere strong, σιλευσε κυριος δ θεος ήμων, δ παντοκρατωρ. - Χαιρωμεν και αγαλλιωμεθα, και δωμεν την We should rejoice and weshould exult. and we should give the δοξαν αυτώ· ότι ηλθεν ό γαμος του αρνιου, και giory to him; because came the marriage of the lamb, ή γυνη αυτου ήτοιμασεν έαυτην 8 και εδοθη the wife of him prepared herself, and it was given αυτη, ίνα βυσσινον λαμπρον περιβαληται to her, so that she might be clothed with fine cotton bright кан кавароч. (Το γαρ βυσσινον, τα δικαιω-(The for fine catton, the righteon. 9 Kai άγιων.) HOTE ETTI των  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i \mu o i$  of the saints. of the holy ones.) And 4714 10 he says to me;

great Crowd in HEAVEN, saying, "Hallelujah! the SALVATION and GLORY and the POWER of our God:

2 Because true and righteous are his Judg-Because MENTS; judged the GREAT HAR-LOT, who corrupted the EARTH with her FORNICA-TION, and tavenged the BLOOD of his SERVANTS [shed] by her Hands.

3 And a Second time they said, "Hallelujah!" And ther SMOKE rises up for the AGES of the AGES.

4 And the TWENTY-FOUR ELDERS and the FOUR Livingonesfelldown and worshipped God who sits on the THRONE, !saying, "Amen! Hallelujah !"

5 And a Voice came forth from the THRONE. saying, t"Praise our God, all his servants and THOSE Who FEAR the LITTLE and the GREAT."

6 ! And I heard as it were a Voice of a great Crowd, and as the Sound of many Waters, and as a Noise of mighty Thunders, saying, "Hallelujah; †Because tour Lord God, the OMNIPOTENT, reigned !

7 We may rejoice and exult and give the group to him; Because the MARRIAGE of the LAMB came, and his WIFE pre-pared herself."

8 ‡ And it was given her that she should be clothed with Fine linen. bright † and pure; ; for the FINE LINEN represents the RIGHTEOUS ACTS

9 And he says to me.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, -6. Lord -omit.

f 6, our, omitted by A. 8 and, omitted by A.

<sup>11.</sup> Rev. iv. 11; vii. 10, 12; xii. 10. 1 2. Rev, xv. 3; xv1, 7. 2. Deut. xxxii. 13. Isa. xxxiv. 10; Rev. xiv; xviii. 9, 18. 14. 1 Chron. xvi 36; Neh. v. 13; viii. 6; Rev. v. 14. 45; Rev. vi. 10; xviii. 20, iv. 4, 6, 10; v. 14. cxxxiv. 1, &c. 1 6. Rev. xi. 15, 17; xii. 10; xxi. 22. \$ 8. Psa. xlv. 13, 14; Ezek. xvi. 10; Rev. lii. 18. 32; Rev. xxi. 2, 9, exxxli. 6.

Γραψον• Μακαριοι οί εις το δειπνον του - αμου Write thou; Blessed ones those into the supper of the marriage του αρνιου κεκλημενοι. Και λεγει μοι Ούτοι of the lamb having been called. And he says to me; These οί λογοι αληθινοι εισι του θεου. 10 Και επεσον true are of the God. εμπροσθεν των ποδων αυτου προσκυνησαι αυτφ• to worship συνδουλος of him the before feet him; 'Ορα  $\mu\eta$ . και λεγει μοι not; a fellow-bondservant of thee and he says to me; See ειμι, και των αδελφων σου των εχοντων την I am, and of the brethren of thee of those having μαρτυριαν του Ιησου τ $\varphi$  θε $\varphi$  προσκυνησον. testimony of the Jesus; to the God do thou give worship. ( H γαρ μαρτυρια † [του] Ιησου, εστι το πνευμα (The for testimony [of the] Jesus, is the spirit της προφητειας.) of the prophecy.)

11 Και ειδον τον ουρανον ανεφημενον, And I saw the heaven having been opened, and ιδου ίππος λευκος, και δ καθημενος επ' αυτον, 'o ahorse white, and the one sitting on him, καλουμενος πιστος και αληθινος, και εν δικαιοbeing called faithful and true, and in righteous-συνη κρινει και πολεμει 12 οι δε οφθαλμοι ness hejudges and makeswar; the but eyes αυτου \*[ώs] φλοξ πυρος, και επι την κεφαλην of him [as] s flame of fire, and on the head αυτου διαδηματα πολλα εχων ονομα γεγραμ-of him diadems many; having a name having been μενον δουδεις οιδεν, ει μη αυτος· 13 και περιwritten which no one knows, if not himself; and having  $\beta \in \beta \lambda \eta \mu \in \nu os$  imation  $\beta \in \beta \alpha \mu \mu \in \nu ov$  aimatic kai been clothed with a mantle having been dipped in blood; and καλειται το ονομα αυτου. 'Ο λογος του θεου. The word of the God. the name of him; <sup>14</sup> Και τα στρατευματα τα εν τφ ουρανφ ηκοarmies those in the heaven

λουθει αυτφ εφ' ίπποις λευκοις, ενδεδυμενοι him on horses white, having been clothed with <sup>15</sup> Και εκ του στοβυσσινον λευκον καθαρον. And out of the mouth fine cotton white clean. ματος αυτου εκπορευεται βομφαια οξεια, ίνα εν goes forth a broad-sword sharp, so that with of him αυτη παταξη τα εθνη, και αυτος ποιμανει he may sm.te the nations, and hэ shall tend αυτους εν βαβδώ σιδηρά και αυτος πατει την them with a rod iron; and treads ληνον του οινου του θυμου της οργης του θεου wine-presa of the wine of the wrath of the anger of the God <sup>16</sup> Και εχει επι το ίματιον του παντοκρατορος. And hehas on the mantle almighty one.

"Write;—‡ Blessed are THOSE who have been IN-VITED to the MARRIAGE-SUPPER of the LAMB. He also said to me, ‡"These are the true WORDS of GOD."

10 And ‡I fell before his feet to worship him. And he says to me, ‡"See; no! I am a Fellow-scrvant with thee, and of those brethern with thee ‡ who have the Testimony of Jesus; worship God." (For the Testimony of Jesus is the spirit of this prophecy.)

11 ‡ And I saw HEAVEN opened, and behold, ‡ a white Horse; and HE who sat on him was †[called] ‡ Faithful and True, and ‡ in Rightcousness he judges and makes war.

12 ‡ And his EYES were as a Flame of Fire, and ton his HEAD were many Diadems; thaving \*a Name written which no one knows except himself.

13 I And he was invested with a Mantle dipped in Blood; and his NAME is called, I The WORD of GOD.

14 And THOSE AR-MIES IN HEAVEN followed him on white Horses, tclothed in white pure Fine huen.

15 And tout of his mouth proceeds a sharp \*two-edged Broadsword, so that with it he may smite the nations; and the shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; and the treads the WINEPRESS of the WINE of the INDIGNATION of the WRATH of God, the Omnipotent.

16 And he has on his
12. Names written, and a

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—12. as—omit (a.) Name written (b.) 15. two-edged (b.)

<sup>† 10.</sup> of the, omitted by A B. 11. called, omitted by A.

<sup>† 0.</sup> Matt. xxii, 2, 3; Luke xiv, 15, 16.

xxii, 5. † 10. Acts x, 26; xiv, 14, 15; Rev. xxii, 9. † 10, 1 John v, 10; Rev. xii, 27.

1 11. Rev. xv. 5. † 11. Rev. vi, 2. † 11. Rev. iii, 14. † 11. Isa, xi, 4.

1 12. Kev, i, 14; ii, 18. † 12. Rev. vi, 2. † 12. Rev. ii, 17. † 13. Isa, Ixii, 4.

2, 3. † 13. John i, 1; 1 John v, 7 † 14. Rev. iv, 4; vii, 9. † 15. Isa, xii, 4; 2 Thess, ii, 8; Rev. i, 10; verse 21. † 15. Psa, ii, 0; Rev. ii, 27; xii, 5. † 15. Isa, Ixii, 3; Rev. xiv, 19, 20.

και επιτου μηρου αύτου ουομα γεγραμμενου·
and on the thigh of himself a name having been written;
Βασιλευς βασιλεων και κυριος κυριων.

Fing ofkings and Lord offords.

 $\Delta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \nu \nu \alpha \chi \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$   $\epsilon is$  το  $\delta \epsilon i \pi \nu \rho \nu$  το  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha$  τον Comeyon, beyon assembled for the supper the great of the  $\theta \epsilon \rho \nu$ , is  $i\nu \alpha$   $\phi \alpha \gamma \eta \tau \epsilon$   $\sigma \alpha \rho \kappa \alpha s$   $\beta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$   $\kappa \alpha i$   $\sigma \alpha \rho \kappa \alpha s$   $\delta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$   $\delta \alpha i \sigma \alpha \rho \kappa \alpha s$   $\delta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$   $\delta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$ 

ίππων και των καθημενων επ' αυτων, ofhorses and ofthose sitting on them, and σαρκας παντων ελευθερων τε και δουλων, και both and bundmen, of all freemen and 19 Και ειδον το θηριον μικρων και μεγαλων. little ones and great ones. And I saw the wild-beast και τους βασιλεις της γης και τα στρατευματα kings of the earth and the αυτων συνηγμενα, ποιησαι πολεμον μετα του of them having been assembled, to make with war καθημενού επι του ίππου και μετα του στρατευone sitting on the horse and with the <sup>20</sup> Και  $\epsilon \pi$ ιασθη το θηριον, και δ ματος αυτου. of hum. And was caught the wild-beast, and the αυτου ψευδοιροφητης δ ποιησας

μετ αυτου ψευδοι ροφητης δ ποιητας τα with him false-prophet the one having done the σημεια ενωπιον αυτου, εν οις επλανησε τους εις με in presence of him, by which he deceived those λαβοντας το χαραγμα του θηριου, και τους waving received the mark of the wild-besst, and those προσκυνουντας τη εικονι αυτου ωντες εβλη

duing homage to the image of him; living were θησαν οἱ δυο εις την λιμνην του πυρος την cast the two into the lake of the fire that καιομενην εν θειω. <sup>21</sup> Και οἱ λοιποι απεκτανburning with brimstone. And the remaining ones were

 $\theta$ ησαν εν τη δομφαία του καθημένου επί του killed with the broadsword of the one sitting on the  $l\pi\pi$ ου, τη εξελθουση εκ του στοματος αυτου·horse, with the oue going forth out of the mouth of him;

και παντα τα ορνεα εχορτασθησαν εκ των and all the birds were filled with the

flesh of them.

КЕΦ. κ'. 20.

<sup>1</sup> Και είδον αγνελον καταβαίνοντα εκ του And Isaw American coming down out of the

MANTLE and on his THIGH a Name written, ‡ King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.

17 And I saw an Angel standing in the SUN; and he cried with a loud Voice, saying \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to All Those BIEDS which FLY in Midheaven, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ "Come, assemble yourselves to the GREAT SUPPER of GOD;

18 that you may eat Flesh of Kings, and Flesh of Commanders, and Flesh of Powerful men, and Flesh of Horses, and Flesh of THOSE who SIT on them, and Flesh of All, both Freemen and Bondmen, both Little and Great."

19 ‡ And I saw the BEAST, and the KINGS of the EARTH, and ‡ their ARMIRS, assembled together to make War with HIM who SITS on the HORSE, and with his ARMY.

20 # And the BEAST was captured, and HE who was with him,-THAT FALSE-PROPHET who PER-FORMED the signs in his presence, with which he deceived THOSE who received the MARK of the BEAST, and I THOSE who his IMAGE; WORSHIP I these Two were cast alive into THAT LAKE of FIRE ‡ which BURNS with Sulphur.

21 And the REST twere killed with THAT BROAD-SWORD OF HIM WHO SITS on the HORSE, which WEST FORTH out of his MOUTH; tand All the BIEDS twere satiated with

their Flesh.

CHAPTER XX.

1 And I saw an Angel coming down from HEA.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- one-omit (B.)

<sup>† 19.</sup> his armies, (A.)

<sup>1 16.</sup> Dan ii. 47; 1 Tim. vt. 15; Rev. xvii. 14. 17. verse 21. 18. Ezek. xxxix. 18, 20. 19. Hev. xvi. 16; xvii. 13, 14. 19. Rev. xvi. 16. See Dan. vii. 11. 19. Rev. xvi. 18, i... 19. Rev. xvi. 19. Lev. xvii. 16. 19. Lev. xvii. 
ουρανου, εχοντα την κλειν της αβυσσου, και deep, and having the key of the heaven, 2 Kaı άλυσιν μ**ε**γαλην επι την χειρα αύτου. great οū the hand of himself. And εκρατησε τον δρακοντα, τον οφιν τον αρχαιον, the dragon, the serpent the he seized δς εστι διαβολος και σατανας, και εδησεν αυτον an accuser and an adversary, and he bound who is  $\epsilon \tau \eta$ ,  $^3$  και  $\epsilon \beta$ αλέν αυτον εις  $\tau \eta \nu$  α $\beta \cup C$ χιλια and he cast him into the a thousand years, com σον, και εκλεισε και εσφραγισεν επανω αυτου, and and shut up sealed over him, ετι τα εθνη, αχρι  $\tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \sigma \theta \eta$ ίνα μη πλανα so that not he might deceive longer the nations, till might be ended τα χιλια ετη· \*[και] μετα ταυτα δει [and] after these it behoves him the thousand years; λυθηναι μικρον χρονον. to be loosed a little time.

4 Και ειδον θρονους· και εκαθισαν επ' αυτους, And I saw thrones; and they sat on them, και κριμα εδοθη αυτοις και τας ψυχας των and judgment was given to them; and the souls of those δια την μαρτυριαν Ιησου πεπελεκισμενων having been cut with an axe because of the testimony of Jesus δια τον λογον του θεου, και οίτινες [and] because of the word of the God, and who ου προσεκυνησαν το θηριον ουτε τη € IKOVI not worshipped the wild-beast nor the αυτου, και ουκ ελαβον το χαραγμα επι  $\tau^0$ received the and not mark on the και εζημετωπον και επι την χειρα αύτων: hand of themselves; and on the they σαν, και εβασιλευσαν μετα του Χριστου τα with the Anointedone the lived, and theyreigned  $\epsilon \tau n^{-5} \times \int_{0}^{\infty} \delta \epsilon \lambda_{0} \pi_{0} \pi_{0} \tau_{0} \nu_{\epsilon} \kappa_{0} \omega \nu_{0} \nu_{\kappa}$ thousand years, [the but remaining ones of the lead ones not εζησαν αχρι τελεσθη τα χιλια ετη.] Αύτη till should be ended the thousand years. This 6 Μακαριος και άγιος ή αναστασις ή πρωτη. the resurrection the first. Blessed and holy δ εχων μερος εν τη αναστασειτη πρωτη· επι the one having aportion in the resurrection the first; over τουτων δ δευτερος θανατος ουκ εχει εξουσιαν, authority, euch ones the second death not has αλλ' εσονται ίερεις του θεου και του Χριστοι, but they shall be priests of the God and of the Anomted one, 7 Kai και βασιλευσουσι μετ' αυτου χιλια ετη. him a thousand years And they shall reign with

VEN, ‡ having the KEY of the ABYSS, and a great Chain on his HAND.

2 And he seized the DRAGON,—the OLD SER-PLNT, who is an Enemy \* and the ADVERSARY, and bound him a Thousand Years,

3 and cast him into the BYSS, and shut up and tsealed over him, tso that he might deceive the NATIONS no more, till the THCUSAND Years should be ended; after these he must be loosed a Short Time.

4 And I saw ! Thrones, (and they sat on them, and Judgment was given them,) and the PERSONS of THOSE who had been BEHEADED because of the TESTIMONY of Jesus, and because of the word of God,-even those twho did not worship the BEAST. inor his IMAGE, and did not receive the mark on their FOREHEAD, and on their HAND; and they lived and treigned with the Anointed one 7 the THOUSAND Years.

5 † But the REST of the DEAD did not live till the THOUSAND Years were ended. This is the † FIRST RESURRECTION.

6 \* Blessed and holy is HE who HAS a Portion in the FIRST RESURREC-TION; over these the SECOND Death has no Authority, but they shall be t Priests of God and of the ANOINTED, t and shall reign \* with him a Thousand Years.

7 And \*when the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—2. even that Adversary who deceives the whole mabitable, and bound him, (b) 3. and—omit (a. b.) 4. and—omit the best of the dead of the dead of the thousand Years were ended—omit. These words were probably omitted by oversight in Vac. Ms., as they are found in a bc.—though not in the Syriac.

6. Both blessed and holy.

6. after these things a Thousand Years.

7. after.

<sup>† 2.</sup> the ADVERSARY, (A.B.) 4. a Thousand Years, (A.) 5. And, (B.) but omitted by A. 5. And the BEST of the MEN lived not (B.) 5. First—probably in dignity or importance.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. 1. 18; 1x. 1. † 2. Rev. xii. 9. † 3. Dan. vi. 17. † 3. Rev. xvi. 14, 16; verse 8, 14. Dan. vii. 9, 22, 27; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30. † 4. 1 Cor. vi. 2, 3. † 4. Rev. vi. 14. 14. Rev. xiii. 15, 16. † 4. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Tim. 11 (2; Rev. v. 10. † 6. Rev. ii. 11; xxl. 5. † 1 Pet. ii. 9; Rev. i. 6; v. 10. † 6. verse 4.

itav  $\tau \in \lambda \in \sigma \theta \eta$   $\tau \alpha$   $\chi : \lambda : \alpha \in \tau \eta$ ,  $\lambda v \theta \eta \sigma \in \tau \alpha : \delta$  when may be ended the thousand years, shall be loosed the shall be loosed the σατανας εκ της φυλακης αύτου<sup>. 8</sup> και εξελευadversary out of the prison of himself; and he ahall σεται πλανησαι τα  $\epsilon\theta$ νη τα  $\epsilon$ ν ταις τ $\epsilon$ σσαρσι the nations those in the γωνιαις της γης, τον Γωγ και τον Μαγωγ, corners of the earth, the Gog and the Magog, συναγαγείν αυτους είς πολεκον, ών δαρίθμος war, of whom the number to assemble them for <sup>9</sup> Και ανεαυτων ώς ή αμμος της θαλασσης. of them as the aand of the And thev sea. βησαν επι το πλατος της γης, και εκυκλωσαν wentup on the breadth of the earth, and encircled την παρεμβολην των άγιων, και την πολιν την of the holy one, and the  $\eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \eta \nu$  kal kat  $\epsilon \beta \eta$   $\pi \nu \rho$   $\epsilon k$  to  $\nu \sigma \rho \alpha \nu \sigma \nu$ απο του θεου, και κατεφαγεν αυτους $^{-10}$  και  $\delta$ from the God, and ateup them: διαβολος δ πλανων αυτους, εβληθη εις την the one deceiving them, into the was cast λιμνην του πυρος και θειου, δπου και το θηake of the fire and of brimstone, where both the wildριον και ό ψευδοπροφητης και βασανισθησονfalse-prophet; and they will be tormented beast and the ται ήμερας και νυκτος εις τους αιώνας των of the and night for the ages day αιωνων.

84'08. 11 Και ειδον θρονον μεγαν λευκον, και τον And I saw a throne great white, and καθημενον επ' αυτον, ού απο προσωπου εφυhim, of whom from one situing on face γεν ή γη και δ ουρανος, και τοπος ουχ εύρεθη the earth and the heaven, and a place not was found 15 Και ειδον τους νεκρους, μικρους και And leaw the dead ones, little once and μεγαλους, έστωτας ενωπιον του θρονου, και great ones. having almod in presence of the throne, and βίβλια ηνοιχθησαν και αλλο βίβλιον ηνεφχθη, books was opened, and another book was opened, δ εστι της ζωης και εκριθησαν οί νεκροι εκ were judged the dead ones out of of the life; and which is εν τοις βιβλισ:ς, κατα γεγραμμενων the things having been written in the books, according to 13 Και εδωκεν ή, θαλασσα τους τα εργα αυτων. the works of them. And gave up the 168 the νεμοους τους εν αυτη, \* και δ θανατος και δ and the and the death dead ones those in her. άδης εδωκαν τους νεκρους τους εν αυτοις και those in them; the dead ones invisible gave up

THOUSAND Years may be completed, I the ADVER-SARY will be loosed out of his PRISON.

8 and will go forth #to deceive THOSE NATIONS which are in the roun Corners of the EARTH. # Gog and Magog, # to assemble them together for War; whose NUMBER is as the SAND of the SEA.

9 ‡ And they went up on the BREADTH of the EARTH, and encircled the CAMP of the SAINTS, and the BELOVED CITY; and Fire came down out of HEAVEN + from God, and consumed them.

10 \$ And THAT ENEMY who deceived them was cast into the LAKE of FIRE and Sulphur, ; where both the BEAST and FALSE-PROPHET [were cast,] and they will be tormented Day and Night for the AGES of the AGES.

11 And I saw a great white Throne, and one SITTING on it, from Whose Face the EARTH and the HEAVEN fled away, I and no Place was found for them.

12 And I saw the DEAD, the #GREAT and the LITTLE, standing before the THRONE; I and Books were opened; and Another ! Book was opened, which is the book of the LIFE: and the DEAD were judged from the THINGS which had been WRITTEN in the LOOKS, I according to their WORKS.

13 And the SEA gave up THOSE DEAD which were in it; and DEATH and HADES gave up the DEAD and which were in them; and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 13. and DEATH and HADES gave up the DEAD which were in them; and they were judged each one according to their works—omit. It is thought these words were omitted by the copyist, as they are found in A B C.

<sup>12.</sup> the GREAT and the LITTLE, (A.) t 9. from Gos, omitted by A.

<sup>16 19.</sup> Isa. viii. 8; Ezek. xxxviii. 9, 10. 10. verse 8, 10. 11. 10. verse 8, 11. 11. 2 Per 1 8. Rev. xvi 1 10. Rev. xix. 20. 8; Ezek. xxxviii. 0, 10. 1. 10. verse 8. 1. 10. Rev. xix. 20. 11. 2 Pet. 111. 7, 10, 11; xxi. 1. 1. 1. Dan. ii. 35, 12. Dan. vii. 10. 1. 12. Psa. lxiz. 28; Dan. xii. 1; Phil. iv. 3; 7. 11. 2 Jer. xvii. 10; xxxi. 10; Matt. xvi. 27; Rom. ii. 6; 12. Rev. x1x. 5. Rev. ni. 5, xm 8; xxi 27. Rev. ni. 23; xxii. 18, verse 18.

εκριθησαν έκαστος κατα τα εργα αύτων.] each one according to the works of themselves.] were judged 14 Και δ θανατος και δ άδης εβληθησαν εις And the death and the invisible were cast την λιμνην του πυρος· ούτος δ θανατος ό δευτεthe lake of the fire; this the death the second 15 Και ει τις ουχ ευρεθη εν τη βιβρος εστι. And if any one not was found in the is. λφ της ζωης γεγραμμενος, εβληθη εις την life having been written, of the WAS CASE into the λιμνην του πυρος. lake of the fire.

## ΚΕΦ. κα'. 21.

<sup>1</sup> Και ειδον ουρανον καινον και γην καινη**ν**, δ And Isaw abeaven and earth new new; the γαρ πρωτος ουρανος και ή πρωτη γη απηλθον, heaven and the first earth were gone,  $^2$  Kai  $\tau\eta\nu$   $\pi$ o $\lambda$ i $\nu$ και ή θαλασσα ουκ εστιν ετι. not is longer. And the city and the sea την έγιαν, Ίερουσαλημ καινην είδον καταβαί-1 saw Jerusalem new coming νουσαν εκ του ουρανου, απο του θεου ήτοιμασdown out of the heaven, from the God having been μενην ώς νυμφην κεκοσμημενην τω ανδρι having been accorned for the husband a bride prepared as <sup>3</sup> Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του great ont of the And I heard a voice ουρανου, λεγουσης Ιδου, ή σκηνη του θεου saying; Lo, the tabernacle of the God μετα των ανθρωπων, και σκηνωσει μετ' αυτων, and he will tabernacle with them, και αυτοι λαος αυτου εσονται, και αυτος ό θεος and they apeople of him shall be, and himself the God  $\mu\epsilon au$  autwo  $\epsilon\sigma au$ al,  $*[\theta\epsilon\sigma s\ \omega au\omega v]^4$  kat  $\epsilon\xi a$ -[a God of them;] and he will will be, λειψει παν δακρυον απο των οφθαλμων αυτων, wipe away every tear from the eyes of them, και δ θανατος ουκ εσται ετι, ουτε πενθος ουτε not shall be longer, neither mourning κραυγη ουτε πονος ουκ εσται ετι ότι τα πρωnot shall be longer; because the first nor pain  $^{5}*[Kai]$   $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu$   $\delta$   $\kappa a \theta \eta \mu \epsilon \nu o s \epsilon \pi i$ τα απηλθον. said the one sitting [And] things passed away. τω θρονώ. Ιδου, καινα παντα ποιω. Και λεγει new all things I make. And hesays Lo, the throne; \*[μοι·] Γραψον· ότι ούτοι οί λογοι πιστοι και to me. | Write thou; because these the words faithful ones and 6 Και ειπε μοι Γεγονε.  $a\lambda n\theta i voi \in i\sigma i$ . And he said to me; It has been done. I true ones

they were judged each one according to their

14 And tDEATH and HADES were cast into the LAKE of FIRE. This is the SECOND DEATH-\* the LAKE OF FIRE.

15 And if any one was not found written in the BOOK of the LIFE, The was cast into the LAKE of FIRE.

### CHAPTER XXI.

1 And 1 saw a new Heaven and a new Earth: for the FORMER Heaven and the FORMER Earth were gone, and the sEA is no more.

2 And the HOLY CITY, a new Jerusalem, I saw coming down out of HEAVEN, from God, prepared I as a Bride adorned for her HUS-BAND.

3 And I heard a loud Voice out of the †THEONI', saving, "Behold! Ithe TABERNACLE of GOD 13 with MEN, and he will tabernacle with them, and then shall be his † People, and God himself will be

with them—their God.

4 ‡ And † he will wip. away every Tear from their EYES; Land DEATH Will be no more, Inor Mourning, nor Crying; neither will there be any more Pain; + Because the For-MER things passed away."

5 And I ne who sits on the THRONE said, "Behold! I make All things new." And he says, "Write; Because ! These words are faithful and true."

6 And he said to me, \* + "They have been done.

3. their Gop

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—14. the LAKE of FIBE, (AB.)
—omit (A. B.) 5. And—omit. 5. to me—omit (AB.)
FHA and OMEGA, both the BEGINNING, (B.) 3. Peoples, (A.)

<sup>4.</sup> God, (A.)

<sup>6.</sup> I am become AL-4. Because, omitted

<sup>† 3.</sup> THEONE, (A.) 3. Peoples, (A.)

6. They have been done, (A.) by A. 10; 2 Cor. xi. 2. 1 4. lsa. xxv. 8; Rev. vii. 17. 10; lxi 3; lxv. 19.

<sup>1 5</sup> Kev. XIX. 9.

 $\epsilon_{i}\mu$ . το Α και το  $\Omega$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$  αρχη και το τ $\epsilon$ λος. am the Alpha and the Omega, the beginning and the end. Εγω τω διψωντι δωσω εκ της πηγης του to the one thirsting will give from of the fountain of the ύδατος της ζωης δωρεαν 7 ό κληρονικων gratis; water of the life the one overcoming shall inνομησει ταυτα, και εσομαι αυτφ θεοs, thesethings, and I will be to him a God, and 8 Τοις δε δειλοις και αυτος εσται μοι δ vios. he shall be to me the son. To the but cowards απιστοις, και εβδελυγμενοις, και φονευσι και faithless ones, and ahominable ones, and murderers πορνοις, και φαρμακοις και ειδωλολατραις, και idolaters, fornicators, and sorcerers and πασι τοις ψευδεσι, το μερος αυτων εν τη λιμνη liars, the portion of them in the the lake τη καιομένη πυρι και θειώ, δ εστιν δ θανατος in that burning with fire and brimstone, which is the δ δευτερος.

the second.

9 Και ηλθε είз των έπτα αγγελων των εχον-And came one of the seven messengers of those having των τας έπτα φιαλας τας γεμουσας των έπτα bowls those being full of the seven the seven πληγων των εσχατων, και ελαλησε μετ' εμου, and last ones, talked with me, the Δευρο, δειξω σοι την  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ νυμφην του Come thou, I will show to thee the bride of the 10 Και απηνέγκε με εν αρνιου την γυναικα. wife. lamb the And he hore away me in πνευματι επ' ύψηλον, ορος μεγα και και to a mountain great and high, and 'Ιερουσαλημ, εδείξε μοι την πολίν την άγιαν holy he showed me the the Jerusalem, city καταβαινουσαν εκ του ουρανου απο του θεου, con.ing down out of the heaven from the God, 11 εχουσαν την δοξαν του θεου. δ φωστηρ of the God; the glory the luminary αυτης όμοιος λιθφ τιμιωτατφ, ώς λιθφ ιασπιδι like to a stone most prectous, as to a stone jasper κουσταλλι(οντι  $^{12}$   $\epsilon \chi$  o v  $\sigma$  a  $\tau$   $\epsilon$  i  $\chi$  o s  $\mu$   $\epsilon$   $\gamma$  aκαι being crystalline; having a wall great and ύψηλον, εχουσα πυλωνας δωδεκα, και επι τοις twelve, having gates and at the πυλωσιν αγγελους δωδεκα, και ονοματα επιmrasengera twelve, and names having γεγραμμενα, ά επτιτων δωδεκα φυλων \*[των] which is the twelve been written. tribes [of the] 13 Απο ανατολων, πυλωνες τρεις. υίων Ισραηλ. of Israel. From eaut. gates three; απο Βορδα, πυλωνες τρεις: απο Νοτου, πυλωνες gates three; from South, North,

† E am the ALPHA and the OMEGA, the BEGINNING and the END. To the THIRSTY one ! E will freely give WATER from the FOUNTAIN of LIFE.

7 The CONQUEROR \*shall inherit these things; and ‡ I will be to Him a God, and he shall be to Me

a son.

8 ‡ But as for the cow-ARDS, and Unbelievers, and the \* Abominable, and Murderers, and Fornicators, and Sorcerers, and Idolaters, and All Liars, —their portion [will be] in ‡THAT LAKE which BURNS with Fire and Sulphur which is the SECONE DEATH."

9 And one of THIOSA SEVEN Angels, who HAP THOSE SEVEN Bowls FUL. of THOSE SEVEN LAST Plagues, came and taske' with me, saying, "Come, I will show thee the \*BRIDE, the WIFE OF VAS LAMB."

AMB."

10 And he home ms away in Spirit to a great and high Mountain, and showed me the HO1 i CITY, Jerusalem, comini down out of heaven fools God,

11 1 thaving the GLC.R' of GOD; its LUMINARY wralike a most precious Store as a cry tilline Jusper.

12 It had a Wall gree, and high; it had twell Gates, and at the Gate, twelve Angels, and Name, inscribed, which are \*th Names of the TWELLY Tribes of the Sons of 14 racl.

13 on the East three Gates; \*and on the North three Gates; and on the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.—7. I will give to him, (B.)

S. Sinners, and Abominable, (B.)

9. WOMAN, the RAIDE of the LAMB, (B.)

12. the Names of, (L.)

12. of the—omit (A. B.)

13. and on the West three Gates, and on the North three Gates, and on the South three Gates.

<sup>† 11.</sup> having the GLOBY of GOD, omitted by A.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Rev. i. 8; xxii. 13. † 7. Zech. viii. 8; Heb. viii. 10. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; Rev. xxii. 15. 9. Rev. xix. 7; verse 2. 11. Rev. xxii. 5; verse 2.

<sup>1 6.</sup> Isa. xil. 3; lv. 1; John iv. 10, 14; vii. 37; Rev. xxii. 17, 18. 1 Cor. vi. 0, 10; Cal. v. 10—21; Eph. v. 5; 1 Tin.; 18. Rev. xx. 14, 15. 10. Rev. xv. 1, 6, 7. 10. Rev. i. 10; xvii. 3. 10. Ezek. xlviii; verse s. 112. Ezek. xlviii. 31—34.

14 Και το τρεις: απο δυσμων, πυλωνες τρεις. three; from And the west, gates three. τειχος της πολεως εχον θεμελιους δωδεκα, και had foundations wall of the city twelve, and επ' αυτων δωδεκα ονοματα των δωδεκα αποστοnames of the twelve them twelve apos-15 Και δ λαλων μετ' €μου, λων του αρνιου. of the lamb. And the one talking with me. tles ειχε μετρον καλαμον χρυσουν, ίνα μετρηση golden, so that he might measure had a measure a reed την πολιν, και τους πυλωνας αυτης, \*[και το other, [and the gates city, and the 16 Kaι ή  $\tau \epsilon i \chi o s$  aut  $\eta s$ . **Σολις τετραγωνος** four-angled wall of her.] And the city κειται, και το μηκος αυτης δσον και το πλατος. is placed, and the leugth of her as much as even the breadth. Και εμετρησε την πολιν τφ καλαμφ επι στα-And he measured the city with the reed to διους δωδεκα χιλιαδων το μηκος και το πλατος twelve thousands; the length and the breadth 17 \* [ Και εμετρηκαι το ύψος αυτης ισα εστι. and the height ofher equal is. [And he measured] σε το τειχος αυτης έκατον τεσσαρακοντατεσwall ofher one hundred forty-four σαρων πηχων, μετρον ανθρωπου, δ εστιν αγγεa measure of a man, which is of a meacubits. 18 Kaı ην ή ενδομησις του TEIXOUS λου. building of the wall. And was the sen zer. \* [αυτης, ιασπις και ή πολις χρυσιον καθαρον and the city gold pure [of her, jasper; οί θεμελιοι του όμοια ύαλφ καθαρφ. And the foundations of the to glass like pure. τειχους της πολεως παντιλιθώ τιμιώ κεκοσcity with every stone precious having been of the μημενοι δ θεμελιος δ πρωπος, ίασπις δ δευadorned: the foundation the first, jasper; the χαλκηδων• δ ò σαπφειρυς. TPITOS, TEPOS. third, chalcedony; the the sapphire; τεταρτος, σμαραγδος· 20 δ πεμπτος, σαρδονυξ· emerald; the fifth, sardonyx; fourth. δ έκτος, σαρδιος· δ έβδομος, χρυσολιθος· δ seventh, the chrysolyte; the sardius: the sixth, oyboos, βηρυλλος· δ εννατος, τοπαζιον. δ beryl; the niuth. topaz; the eighth, δεκατος, χρυσοπρασος ό ένδεκατος, ύακινθος. the eleventh, hyaciuth: tenth, chrysoprasus; 21 Kaı οi  $\delta\omega\delta\epsilon\kappa\alpha\tau\sigma\sigma$ ,  $\alpha\mu\epsilon\theta\nu\sigma\tau\sigma\sigma$ . δωδεκα twelfth, amethyst. And the twelve πυλωνες, δωδεκα μαργαριται ανα είς έκαστος in of each twelve pearls; one gates, Kai ŋ των πυλωνων ην εξ ένος μαργαριτου. And the was of one pearl. πλατεια της πολεως, χρυσιον καθαρον ώς ύαλος

South three Gates; and on the West three Gates.

14 And the WALL of the CITY had twelve Foundations, and ‡ on them Twelve Names of the TWELVE Apostles of the LAMB.

15 And he who SPOKE with me, thad a Measure, a golden Reed, that he might measure the CITY, and its GATES and its WALLS.

16 And the CITY lies quadrangular, and its LENGTH is as much even as its BREADTH. And he measured the CITY with the BEED to twelve \* thousand Furlongs; the LENGTH and the BEEADTH and the HEIGHT of it are equal.

17 And he measured its WALL, a Hundred and Forty-four Cubits,—the Man's Measure, that is, the Angel's.

18 And the BUILDING of its WALL was Jasper; and the CITY was pure Gold, like pure Glass.

19 ‡ And the FOUNDATIONS of the CITY WALL were decorated with Every precious stone. The FIRST FOUNDATION, Jasper; the SECOND, Sapphire; the THIRD, Chalcedony; the FOURTH, Emerald:

20 the FIFTH, Sardonyx; the SIXTH, Sardius; the SEVENTH, Chrysolyte; the EIGHTH, Beryl; the NINTH, Topaz; the TENTH, Chrysoprasus; the ELLEVENTH, Hyacinth; the TWELFTH, Amethyst.

21 And the TWELVE Gates were Twelve Pearls, Each one of the GATES severally was of One Pearl. t And the BROAD PLACE of the CITY was Gold, pure as transparent Glass.

as glass

pure

gold

hroad place of the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—15. and its wall—omit (B.) 16. times twelve Thousand. 17. and he measured—omit (L.) 18, 19. of it was Jusper, and the City was pure Gold, like pure Glass. And the roundations of the wall—omit. These words were probably omitted by the copyist, is they are found in A B O.

<sup>1 14.</sup> Matt. xvi. 18; Gal. ii. 9; Eph. ii. 20. 1 10. Is2. hv. 11. 21. Rev. xxi. 2.

<sup>22</sup>Και ναον ουκ ειδον εν αυτη· ό γαρ διαυγης. transparent. And a temple not I saw in her, the tor κυρισς δ θεος δ παντοκρατωρ ναος αυτης εστι, Lord the God the almighty n temple vi....

και το αρνιον. <sup>23</sup> Και ή πολις ου χρειαν εχει

And the city not need has και το αρνιον. and the lamb. του ήλιου ουδε της σελην**η**ς, ίνα φαινωσι**ν** of the 600 por of the moon, so that they may shine αυτη ή γαρ δοξα του θεου εφωτισεν αυτην, inher; the for glory of the God enlightened her, <sup>24</sup> Και περιπακαι δ λυχνος αυτης το αρνιον. and the lamp ofher the And shall lamb. τησουσι τα εθνη δια Tou φωτος autris. the nations by means of the light of her. Και οἱ βασιλεις της γης φερουσι την δοξαν και of the earth And the kings bring the and την τιμην αύτων εις αυτην. 35 και οί πυλωνες the honorofthemselvesinto her; and the gates αυτης ου μη κλεισθωσιν ήμερας· (vut yap ouk ofher not nut may be shut day;  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha i \epsilon \kappa \epsilon i$  ) 26  $\kappa \alpha i o i \sigma o v \sigma i \tau \eta v \delta o \epsilon \alpha v \kappa \alpha i \tau \eta v$ will be there;) and they shall bring the 2 lory eud the Kat  $\tau \iota \mu n \nu \quad \tau \omega \nu \quad \epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu \quad \epsilon \iota s \quad \alpha \cup \tau \nu \nu$ oυ  $\mu\eta$ honor of the nations into And not not εισελθη εις αυτην παν κοινον, και ποιουν βδεmay enter into her every thing comizon, and λυγμα και ψευδος· ει μη οί γεγραμμενοι εν τφ bomination and a falsehoad; if not these having been written in the βιβλιφ της ζωης του αρν.ου. ecroll of the of life of the lamb.

### КЕФ. κβ'. 22.

<sup>1</sup> Και εδειξε μοι ποταμον ύδατος ζωης \* Γλαμ-And he showed to me a river of water of life [bright] προν] ώς κρυσταλλον, εκπορευσμένον εκ του a crystal. proceeding out of the <sup>2</sup>Εν μεσφ της θρονου του θεου και του αρνιου. throne of the God and of the lamb. midst of the al πλατειας αυτης και του ποταμου εντευθεν και broad place of her and of the river on this side and εντευθεν ξυλον ζωης, ποιουν καρπους δωδεκα, on that side a wood of life, bearing fruita μηνα έκαστον αποδιδουν τον καρπου according to month each one yielding Gruit the αύτου και τα φυλλα του ξυλου εις θεραπι...... ofitself, and the leaves of the wood for healing <sup>3</sup> Και παν καταθέμα ουκ έσται έτι· των εθνων. of the nations. And every curse not shall be longer; και δ θρονος του θεου και του αρνιου εν αυτη and the throne of the God and of the lamb ín εσται, και οί δουλοι αυτου λατρευσουσιν αυτω. shall be, and the bond-servants of him shall publicly serve bim;

22 And ‡ I saw no Temple in it; for the LORD GOD, the OMNIPOTENT, is the TEMPLE of it, and the LAMB.

23 And the CITY has no Need of the SUN, nor othe MOON, that they might \*give light to it; for the GLORY of GOD enlightened it, and its LAMP is the LAMB.

24 And the nations will walk by means of its light, and the kings of the earth \* bring their globy into it;

25 and tits GATES shall not be shut by Day; for there will be no Night there:

26 and they shall bring the GLORY and the HONOR of the NATIONS \* into it.

27 ‡ And nothing common, and that practises Abomination and Falsehood may by any means enter it; but THOSE ENROLLED in ‡the BOOK of LIFE of the LAMB.

### CHAPTER XXII.

1 And he showed me ta River of Water of Life, bright as Crystal, proceeding from the THRONE of GOL and the LAMB.

2 In the Midst of its BEOAD PLACE, and of the RIVER, on this side and on that, was ta twood of Life, bearing twelve Fruits, yielding for each Month its own FRUIT; and the LEAVES of the WOOD were to the HEALING of the NATIONS.

S And There will be no more any Accursed thing; and the THRONE of GC. and of the LAMB will be a it, and his SERVANTS will serve him;

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—23. give light; for the close itself of God, (b.)
24. bring for him the glory and Honor of the nations into it, (b.)
26. to enter into it, (b.)
1. bright—omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> See Note on Rev. ii. 7.

<sup>† 22.</sup> John iv. 23. † 23. Isa. xxiv. 23; lx. 19, 20; Rev. xxil. 5; verse 11. † 2
Isa. lx. 3, 5, lt; lxvi. 12. † 25. Isa. lx. 11. † 25. Isa. lx. 20; Zech. xiv. 7; Rev. xxii. 5
† 27. Isa. xxv. 8; lii. 1; lx. 21; Rev. xxii. 14, 15.
† 28. Leek. xivi. 19; Rev. ii. 7; Rev. xxii. 24
† 28. Zeck. xivi. 19; Rev. xxi. 24.
† 29. Zeck. xivi. 11; Rev. xxi. 24.
† 3. Zech. xiv. 11. † 3. Ezek. xivi. 12; Rev. xxi. 24.

\* και οψονται το προσωπον αυτου, και το ονομα and they shall see the face of him. and the name <sup>5</sup> Και νυξ ουκ αυτου επι των μετωπων αυτων. of him, on the foreheads of them. And night not εσται ετι· και ου χρεια λυχνου και φωτος shall be longer; and no need of lamp and of light \*[ ἡλιου,] ότι κυριος ό θεος φωτιει \*[επ'] αυτους· [of sun, ] because Lard the God will shine [ou] them: και βαπιλευσουσιν εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. they shall reign for the ages of the

6 Και ειπε μοι Ο Ότοι οι λογοι πιστοι και And he said to me; These the words faithful ones and algebraic  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha$  are the  $\alpha$  are των προφητων απεστειλε τον αγγελον αύτου prophets sest messenger of himself δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου, ά δει γενεσto show to the hand-servants of himself, the things it behaves to have <sup>7</sup> Και ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ· μακαθαι εν ταχει. done with speed. And le, Lcome weadily; 'lessed ριος δ τηρων τους λογου: της προφητειας του words of the prophecy the one keeping the 8 Και εγω ξωαννης ό ακονων βιβλιου τουτου. scroll this And S oha the one hearing και βλεπων ταυτα· και ότε ηκουσα και εβλε-I heard these things; and waen and ψα, επεσον προσκυνησαι εμπροσθεν των ποδων before the I fell down to worship feet 9 Kaı του αγγελου του δεικνυοντος μοι ταυτα. one showing to me these things. of the messenger the λεγει μοι 'Όρα μη' συνδουλος σου ειμι, και See not, a fellow-bondservant of thee I am, and he says to me, των αδελφων σου των προφητων, και των τηof the brethrey of thee of the prophets, and of those keepρουντων τους λογους του βιβλιου τουτου τω the words ofthe scroll this; to the ing 10 Και λεγειμοι. Μη σφρα- $\theta \in \omega \pi \rho \sigma \sigma \kappa \nu \nu \eta \sigma \sigma \nu$ . God give thou reverence. And he says to me; Notthon mnyγισης τους λογους του προφητειας του βιβιλου words of the of the prophecy est scal τουτου· δ καιρος εγγυς εστιν. 11 °O αδικων The one acting unjustly the sesson ís. near

adikh $\sigma$ at $\omega$  eti, kai  $\delta$   $\delta$ u $\pi$ apos  $\delta$ u $\pi$ apeu $\theta$ ητ $\omega$  etillet him be filthy one let him be filthy still. και δ δικαιος δικαιοσυνην ποιησατω ετι, και δ and the righteons one nighteousness let him do still, and the άγιος ώγιασθητω ετι.

haly one let him be holy still.

12 Ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ, και δ μισθος μου μετ I come speedily, and the reward of me with εμου, αποδουναι έκαστφ ώς το εργον αυτου me. to give hack to each one as the work of him

4 and twill see his FACE; and this NAME will be on their FORK-HEADS.

5 # And Night will be no more; and no need of Lamp and Sun-Light; Because the ! Lord God will shine on them; and they will reign for the AGES of

the AGES. 6 And he \*said to me "These words are faithful and true; and the Lord God of the spirits of the PROPHETS I sent his AN-GEL to show to his SER-VANTS what it is necessary to have done speedily.

7 And thehold! I am coming speedily; ! blessed is HE who KEEPS the WORDS of the PROPHECY

of this Book."

8 And E John am HE who HEARD and SAW these things. And when I heard and \* saw, ‡ I fell down to worship before the FEET. f THAT ANGEL Who SHOWED me these things.

9 And he says to me, I"See; no; I am a l'ellow-servant with thee, and with thy BRETHREN the PROPHETS, and with THOSE Who KYEP the words of this book; worship God."

10 ‡ And he says to me,

"Scal not the words of the PROPHECY of this BOOK: t for the TIME is near.

11 tLet the unjust one, act unjustly still; and let the FILTHY, be filthy still; and let the RIGHTEous, work righteensness still; and let the HOLY, b: holy still.

12 Behold! # I am coming speedily; I and my REWARD is with me, to give to each one as his WORK tis.

5. on-emit (B.)

6.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—5. of sun—omit (b.) ys to me, (b.) 8. when 1 saw, (b.) † 10. for, (a.) 12. is, (a.)

Bays to me, (B.) + 10. for, (A.)

<sup>† 4.</sup> Matt. v. 8. xxxvi. 9; lxxxiv. 11.

ev. xix. 9; xxi. 5. 1 8. Rev. i. 9, 10. 1 10. Pev. i. 3. Rev. i. 3. Rev. x. 4. 1 12. Rev. xx. 12. 1 12. verse 7.

<sup>13</sup> Έγα το Α και το Ω, δ πρωτος και εσται. shall be. the Alpha and the Omega, the first and  $\delta$   $\epsilon\sigma\chi$ aτος,  $\dot{\eta}$   $\alpha\rho\chi\eta$  και το τ $\epsilon\lambda$ ος. <sup>14</sup> Макаlast, the beginning and th end. Ple-sed ριοι οί ποιουντες τας εντολας αυτο., ίνα those doing the commandments of him, so that εσται ή εξουσια αυτων επι το ξυλον της ζωης, shall be the authority of them over the wood of the life, και τοις πυλωσιν εισελθωσιν εις την πολιν. and by the they may enter into the gales cur. 15 Εξω οί κυνες και οί φαρμακοι και οί πορνοι Outside the dogs and the sorcerers and theformicators και οί φονεις και οί ειδωλολατραι, και πας ό and the murderers and the and every one the idolaters, 16 Εγω Ιησους επεμφιλων και ποιων ψευδος. enclosing and doing falschood. Jesus sent ψα τον αγγελον μου μαρτυρησαι ύμιν ταυτα επι

the messenger of me to testily to you these things to ταις εκκλησιαις: εγω ειμι ή βιζα και το γενος congregations; I am the root and the offspring Δαυίδ, δ αστηρ δ λαμπρος δ πρωίνος. 17 Kai of David, the star the bright the morning. And το πνευμα και ή νυμφη λεγουσιν. Ερχου. και δ the spirit and the bride say; Come thou; and the ακουων ειπατω. Ερχου και δ διψων ερχεσone hearing let him say; Come thou; and the one thirsting let him θω, δ θελων λαβετω ύδωρ ζωης δωρεαν. come, the one willing let him take gratis. water of life 18 Μαρτυρω εγω παντι τω ακουοντι τους

to all to the one hearing Testity λογους της προφητείας του βιβλίου τουτου. of the prophecy ofthe scroll this; words Εαν τις επιθη επ' αυτα, επιθησει δ θεος επ' If any one may add to them, will add the Gud to auton tas plagues those having Lean written in  $\tau \omega$ the βιβλιώ τουτώ: 19 και εαν τις αφελή απο των this; and if any one may take away from the scroll λογων του βιβλιου της προφητειας ταυτης, of the scroll ofthe prophecy αφελει δ θεος το μερος αυτου απο του ξυλου της will take the God the portion of him from the wood of the ζωης, και εκ της πολεως της άγιας, των γεγof those having and out of the city the holy, <sup>20</sup> Λεγει δ ραμμενών εν τω βιβλιώ τουτω. scroll this. been written in the Heanys the μαρτυρων ταυτα. Ναι ερχομαι ταχυ.  $A\mu\eta\nu$ So be it, one testilying these things, Yes I come speedily. ερχου, κυριε Ιησου. coule thou, O Lord Jesus.

21 'H χαρις του κυριου Ιησου † [Χριστου] favor of the Lord Jesua [Amounted] μετα παντων † [των άγιων.] [of the holy ones.]

13 I am the ALPHA and the OMEGA, the FIRST and the LAST, the BEGIN NING and the END.

14 Blessed are THOSE who twash their Robis. so that their RIGHT may be I to the wood of the LIFE, and they may enter by the GATES into the CITY.

15 1 Without are the DOGS, and the SORCERERS. and the FORNICATORS. and the MURDEBERS, and the IDOLATERS, and EVERY ONE Who LOVES and practises Falsehood.

16 # Jesus sent my AN-GEL to testily to you thise things in the CONGREGA-TIONS. II am the ROOT and the offstring of David, the BRIGHT MORNING STAR.

17 And the SPIRIT and the BRIDE say, 'Come!' and let HIM who HEARS say, 'Comel' And let HIM who is THIRSTY come .- let him who wisites take freely of the Water of Life."

18 # testify to Every one who HEARS the WORDS of the PROPHECY of this BOOK, # If any one add to them, God will add to him THOSE PLAGUES WRITTEN in this BOOK;

19 and if any one take away from the words of the BOOK of this PROPH-ECY, GOD will take away his PART from the woon of the LIFE, I and out of the HOLY CITY,-which have been WRITTEN of in this Book.

20 He who testififs these things says, "Yes, II am coming speedily." Amen! Come! Lord Jesus.

21 The FAVOR of the LORD Jesus be with All. I

<sup>† 14</sup> WASH their BOBES, (AD.) BAINTS, omitted by A.

<sup>21.</sup> Anointed omitted by A. Subscription-APOCALYPSE OF JOHN, (A.)

<sup>21.</sup> of the

<sup>; 13.</sup> Rev. i. 8, 11. 1 14. Rev. ii. 7. 18 Deut. Iv. 2; x11. 32; Prov. xxx. 6.

i 15. Gal. v. 19-21. 1 19. verses 2, 14.

<sup>2 16.</sup> Rev. v. 5. 19. Rev. xx1. 2.

# ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

OF THE

GEOGRAPHICAL AND PROPER NAMES, WEIGHTS, MEASURES, COINS, PRECIOUS STONES, APOSTOLIC WORDS AND PHRASES, &c.,

CONTAINED IN THE

### BOOKS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

AARON, [a teacher, lofly,] the first high priest of the Jews; the son of Amram, of the tribe of Levi, and brother of Moses and Miriam; appointed by God, Heb. v. 4; vii. 11. AARON'S ROD that blossomed, Heb. ix. 4.

ARRON'S ROD that obsorined, reb. 13, 3. See the account, Num. xvii.

ABADDON, the Destroyer, king of the locusts, and angel of the abyss, Rev. ix. 11.

ABEL, [ranity,] the second son of Adam and Eve. His history, Gen. iv. 2—11; his faith, the birdhood Lubra 13, 14th viii. Heb. x1. 4. his blood, Luke xi. 51; Heb. xi. 24; called "righteous" by Jesus, Matt.

xviii. 25.
ABILENE, [the father of mourning.) a Province of Co.o-Syria, between Litenus and

Anti-Libanus

ABOMINATION OF DESCLATION, (Matt.) Rain, 15; Dan, ix. 27; xii. 11,) pro rathy refers to the ensigns or barners of the the dolarous, and, therefore, abominable images on them.

ABRAHAM, [father of a multitude,] was the son of Terah, Gen. xi. 27; the teath from Shem, in the line of Heber, and born at Ur, Shem, in the line of Heber, and been at Ur, a city of Chaldea, A. M. 2008. It's history occupies a large portion of the book of Genesis, and is intimately connected with both the Jewish and Christian institations. Called "the friend of God." James it 28, and "heir of the world," Rem. iv. 13; and because he believed God, and received the rromises he has been constituted a false. promises, he has been constituted a father to all believers, whether Jew or Gentile. See Rom. iv. 11-16. ABRAHAM'S BUSOM.—An allusion to the

posture in which the dews and other eastern nations placed themselves at table. John reclined on the bosom of Jesus at supper; hence Abraham's bosom denotes both honor and felicity, Luke x i. 22.

ABYSS, a very deep pit, referring often to that vast body of water which in Jewish opinion was 'aid up in some cavernous receptacle within the earth. It refers some-times to the dark sepulchres of the east, which, hewn out in the rock, and descend-ing far beneath the surface, frimed a kind of under-world, Rom. x. 7. Also an Apoealyptic symbol of the abode and doom of those powers which are hostile to Christ and his church.

and his church.

ACELDAMA, [the field of blood.] a piece of ground south of Jerusalem, on the other side of the brook Siloam; also called the Potter's field, Mutt. xxvii. S; Acts. i. 8, 19.

ACHAIA, [graf, trouble.] a Province of Peloponness; also, a Province including all the south part of Greece.

ACHAICUS, a native of Achaia, 1 Cor. xvi. 17.

ACTS OF APOSTLES—written by Luke as a Construction of the life stope.

continuation of his history of the life, etc., of Jesus; and relates chiefly the actions and sufferings of Peter, John, Paul and Barnabas, in connection with the history of the Church for about 30 years, or to about A. D. 63. The chief design of the writer ap-

pears to have been to give an account of the introduction of Christianity to the Gentiles; hence we find the calling of the Gentiles, the conversion of Saul, and his labors as the apostle of the Gentiles, more minutely related than anything else. This book may be considered as a connecting link between the previous histories and the apostolic letters, and a key necessary for the right understanding of them. In this book we read how the Church was first formed and set in order, and find the true model, after which every congregation ought to be constructed.

ADAM (earthy,) the first man, and father of the human race, Gen. i. 26. The name is sometimes given to man in general.

sometimes given to men in general.

—, SECOAD—Christ so called, 1 Cor. xv.

22, 45—47.

ADOPTION, or Sonship, from hariathesis occurs only in Roim, viii. 15, 23; ix. 4; Gal. iv.

5; Eph. 1. 6.

ADRAMITTIUM, [the court of death,] now

Edremit, a scaport of Asia Minor, in Mysia,

70 miles north of Spiving Acts xviii.

70 miles north of Smyrna, Acts xxvii. 2. ADRIA, a name of the Adriatic sea, or Gulf

of Venice. See Acts xxvii. 27.

ADVERSARY, (see Satan,) one of the em-ynatical and distinguishing names of Sa-

tan; and so applied to his agents.

ADVOCATE, one that pleads the cause of another. It is one of the official titles of John x, ii; Rom. viii. 34; Heb. vii. 25.

AGABUS, la locust, a frist of a father, l a prophet who foretold a famine which came to pass in the fourth year of Claudius Cesar, A. D. 43; Acts xi. 28; and who met Paul at Cesarea, and warned him of what he would have to suffer, if he went to Jerusalem.

Acts xxi. 10.

AGE, atoon, an indefinite period of time, past, present or future. This is the proper translation of aioon, which in the common version is often improperly rendered world, always, and forever. The word occurs about 100 times, in its singular and plural forms. The adjective form of the same word, a ioonios, is found about 75 times; and is applied to roe, life, 45 times; to fire, 3 times; to glory, 2 times, &c. Eternal or everlasting, as generally understood, is an improper translation of aiconies; in fact, we have no proper equivalent in the English language. Being an adjective and derived from the noun, aioon, age, it cannot properly go beyond its meaning.

AGRIPPA, [causing pain at his birth,] King, and Tetrarch under Claudius Cesar, Acts

xvv. 13-27; xxvi.

AIR, or Atmosphere, frequently a symbol of government. See Eph. Ii. 2; Rev. ix. 2; x vi. 17.

ALABASTER-BOX, made of Alabaster, bright white fossil, resembling marble in which precious perfumes are enclosed. Matt. xxvi. 7. "Breaking of the box," is knocking off the seal, and not breaking the

vessel, Mark xiv. 3.
ALLXANDER, [the helper of men,] one of

that name nentioned in Mark xv. 21; Acts iv. 6; xix. 33; 1 Tim. i. 20; 2 Tim. iv. 14. ALEXANDRIA, a celebrated city and seaport of Egypt, founded by Alexander the Great, about B. C. 323, and situated between the Mediterranean Sea and Lake Mareotis. A library of 700,000 volumes was burned here by the Saracens in the seventh cen-

tury. Acts vi. 9; xviii. 24; xxvii. 6. ALLEGORY, a symbolical discourse, nearly resembling a parable or fable, generally used among oriental nations to illustrate some principle or doctrine. See John x;

xv; Gal.iv. 24.
ALLELUIA, or Hallelujah, [Praise you the
Lord.] A common exclamation of joy and
praise in the Jewish worship. The saints' praise in the Sewish worship. The saints song at the fall of Antichrist, Rev. xix.1-6. ALMIGHTY, able to do all things; an attribute of Deity; also of the glorified Jesus,

Rev. i. 8; iv. 8, &c.

ALPHA and OMEGA, the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet; both applied to

ters of the Greek alphanet; both applications of the Greek alphanet; both applications, the father of James and Jude, Matt. x. 3; Luke vi. 15; xxi. 18. Supposed to be Cleopas, John xix. 25; Acts: 13.— The father of Levi, or Matthew, Mark ii. 14.

ALTAR, a sort of elevated hearth on which the offer sacrifices to God. The Christian

to offer sacrifices to God. Taltar referred to, Heb. xiii. 10.

AMBASSADOR, one who holds a commission and carries a message immediately from the person of a prince. Applied exclusively to the Apostles, 2 Cor. v. 20; Eph. vi. 20. AMETHYST.—See Precious Stones.

AMELIANI.—See PRECIOUS STOKES.

AMPHIPOLIS, now called Emboli; a city lying between Macedon and Thrace, 48 miles E by N. of Thessalouica, Acts xvii. AMPLIAS (large, ) an individual highly esteemed by Paul, Rom. xvi. 8.

MANIAS HALLES AND ACT AND

ANANIAS (the cloud of the Lard,) and SAP PHIRA, [that tells, | their sin and punishment, Acts v. 1-11. - high priest, mentioned Acts xxiii.

a disciple of Jesus, Acts ix. 10-18. ANATHEMA MARANATHA, a Syriac exclamation, signifying, Accursed, our Lord comes. This language must not be re-garded as an imprecation, but as a predic-tion of what would certainly come to pass. In devoting any person to destruction, or in pronouncing an anachema, they some-times added, "The Lord will put this sentence in execution when he comes." Hence originated the Anathema Maranatha, "He

will be accursed when the Lord comes."
NCHOR, "cast out at the stern." Acts
xxvii. 29. This is not usual in modern navigation, but was done by the ancients, and is still done by the Egyptians.

ANDREW, [a stout and strong man,] an apostle of Jesus Christ, a native of Bethsuida, and brother of l'eter. John i. 40; Matt. ıv. 18.

ANDRONICUS, [a man excelling others,]

Rom. xvi. 7. ANGEL. This word, both in the Greek and NGEL. This word, both in the Hebrew languages, signifies a messenger. It denotes aftice, and not the nature of the agent. The word occurs 183 times in the New Testament, and is applied to celestial bennes, to men, good and bad; to the winds, fire, pestilence, and every creature which God employs as his special agent; and also to the agents of every creature: The New Testament authors speak of angels of congregations, angels of little children, the angel of Peter, and an angel of Satan. In all versions the word unggelas is occasionally rendered by the term messen-ger, and frequently by the word angel, which is, indeed, now naturalized and adopted into our language.

ANNA, [gracious,] a prophetess and widow, of the tribe of Asher. Luke ii. 30-38.

ANNAS, [one who answers,] an high priest of the Jews, Luke iii. 2; John xviil. 13, 24;

Acts iv. 6.

ANOINTED, The—the English translation of the Greek term, ho Christos, and is given to Jesus, God's Son, on account of his being anointed with the Holy Spirit, to the sacred anointed with the Holy Spirit, to the sacred offices of Prophet, Priest, and King. See Psa. ii. 6; xlv. 7; lxxxix. 20; cx. 4; Isa.lxi. 1; Luke iii. 22; iv. 18; Acts x. 88. ANOINTHOG, a Jewish ceremony, by which persons and things under the law, were

consecrated, or set apart for the service of God, anointing them with oil or ointment of a peculiar composition, prescribed in Exod. xxx. 23—33, the common use of which was expressly forbidden. Priests and kings were anointed with it, probably typical of the anointing of Messiah and his associates with the Holy Spirit. Samuel anointed Saul, (1 Sam. x. 1.) and David, (1 Sam. xvi. 13.) and on this account they were called the Lord's anointed ones; 1 Sam. xxiv. 6, 10; 2 Sam. xxiii. 1. The reception of the Holy Spirit by believers is called an anointing, 1 Cor. i. 21; 1 John ii. 27.

ANTICHRIST, a word only found in John's

epistles. It occurs five times, 1 John is. 18, 22; iv. 3; 2 John 7. It signifies, against Christ, and is defined by John to be any one who denies the Father and the Son, or that

Jesus Christ has not come in the flesh. NTIOCII, [speedy us a chariot.] Two cities ANTIOCII, [speedy as a chariot.] of this name are mentioned in Scripture;

1. The capital of Syria, on the river Orontes, 18 nules from its mouth. It was built by Seleucus Nicanor, about 300 years R.C., and named after his father Antiochus. It is now called Antachia. Here the disciples of Chr. st were first styled (hristians, Acis xi. 20. 2. Antioch, now Akshehr, a town of Asia Minor, in Pisidia, 180 miles W. by N. of Tarsus.

ANTIPAS. [against all,] Antipas Herod, the son of Herod the Great, who beheaded John the Immerser, Matt. xiv. 3, 4; Mark vi. 17, 18; Luke iii. 19, 20, and who ridiculed Jesus, by enrobing him in mock roya ty. Luke xxiii. 11.—Also, the faithful martyr mentioned Rev. ii. 13.

ANTIPATRIS, [against the father,] a town of Palestine, 25 miles W. S. W. of Samaria, named in honor of Antipater, the father of Herod.

APOLLONIA, [destruction,] a town of Macedonia, 30 miles E. by S. of Thessalonica. Acts xvii. 1.

APOLLOS, [one who aestroys,] a Jew of Alex-APOLIOS, tane who aestroys, I sew of their andria, described as an evoquent man, and mighty in the Scriptures. Acts xvii. 24. APOLLYON, [a destroyer,] answering to the Hebrew name Abadian. Rev.ix. II. APOSTLE, apostobic, one sent by another. The word is found over 80 times in the New Tortrowers

Testament. It is applied to Jesus, as God's Apostle, John xvii. 18; Heb. iii. 1: to the Twelve, the intimate companions of Jesus

as his Apostles; and to these persons sent out by congregations, such as, Barnabas,

APPHIA, [that produces,] Philemon 2.

APPH FOIL of, a town of Italy, near the modern town of Piperno, on the road to Naples, about 40 miles S. E. of Rome. Acts xxviii. 15.

AQUILA, [an eagle,] a tent-maker, mentioned Acts xviii, 23, with whom Paul wrought

and lodged.

ARABIA, [evening, wild, and desert,] a country in Asia, by ng east of the hed Sea, and south of Palestine and Syria, extending 1500 miles from north to south, and 1200 from east to west. It was divided into 1. Arabia Felix, or the Happy, in one source, which is very fertile; 2. Arabia Petrea, or the Rocky, in the north-west, including Idunea; and 3. Arabia Deserta, or the first in the north and north-east. The Desert, in the north and north-east. The Ismaelites chiefly peopled this region. Mentioned historically, I Kings x. 1-5; Chron ix. 1-14; Gal. i. 17; prophetically, Isn. xxi. 13; Jer. xxv. 24.
ARABIANS, mentioned Acts ii. 11.
ARCHANGEL, or the CHEEF ANGEL, alluced

to I Thess. iv. 16: Jude 9.

ARCHELAUS, [the prince of the people,] cking under Cesar, and son of Herod the Great. Matt. ii. 22.

ARCHIPPUS, [governor of horses,] a minister or servant of the Lord, and mentioned

Col. iv. 17: Philemon 2. AREOPAGITE, a title of the judges of the supreme tribunal of Athens, (Acts xvii.34,)

and derived from AREOPAGUS, [the hill of Mars,] which signifies either the court of Athens itself, or the hill on which it was held. Acts xvii. 19

ARETAS, [one that pleases,] a king of Ara-hia, Acts ix. 23; 2 Cor. xi. 32, 33. ARIMATHEA, [alion, dead to the Lord,] or RAMAII, a town of Judea, supposed to be the modern Ramla, a town about 30 miles

the modern Ramla, a town about 30 miles N. W. of Jerusalem, on the road to Joppa. ARISTARCHUS, [a goodprince,] Paul's companion and fellow-prisoner, Acts xix. 29, xx. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10; Philemon 24. ARK, (Nooh's,) described, Gen. vi. 14—16; and alluded to, 1 Pet. iii. 21. ARK OF THE COVENANT, for the preservation of the tables of the law, &c., its history, Exod. xxv. 10—21; xxxvii. 1—9; Josh. iii. 15—17; 1 Sam. iv. 11; v. 6; vii. 1, 2; 2 Sam. vi.; xv. 24—29; 2 Chron. v. 2, 13, 14 ailuded to, Heb. ix. 4. The Ark and its contents were lost by the Babylonish captivity. ARMAGEDDON, (mountain of destruction.)

ARMAGEDDON, [mountain of destruction,] a place in Samaria, east of Cesarca; the mountain of Megeddon, or Megiddo, a city at the foot of Mount Carmel, and noted for scenes of carnage. The Canaanites and Jews and Egyptians, Philistines, Jews and Egyptians, Chaldeans and Persians, Greeks and Romans, Moslems and Christians, of almost everyage and nation, have encamped around Megiddo, because of its commanding position, its abundant supply of water and rich pastures. In the Apocalypse this place is referred to, probably as a symbolical name for great slaughter, key, xv. 16.

Ah MOR, weapons or instruments of defence. The Christian's armor described, Eph. vi.

At. ILMAS, Inhole, sound, | a disciple sent by l'aul into Crete, instead of Titus, Titus in

Ar (ENSION or CHRIST, account of, Mark xvi 19, Luke xxi 50, 51, Acts i 1-12, acquiertion of political dignity, hev. x1, 12.

Sylvanus, Thinothy, &c., as Apostles of ASIA, [muddy, boggy,] in the New T sta ment, sometimes means Asia Minor, whip's includes the provinces of Bithymia, Pontre, Galatia, Cappadocia, Cilicia, Pamphyla. Pisidia, Lycaonia, Phrygia, Mysia, Troas. Lydia, Lysia, and Caria; and sometimes only a district in the western portion of it, of which Ephesus was the chief city. Asia was not known to the ancie: tsas one of the four grand divisions of the globe.

ASSOS, [approaching,] a scaport of Asia Minor, in Mysia, 32 miles W. of Adramyttium, now called Berram. Acts xx. 13, 14. ASYNCRITES, [incomparable,] a disciple at

ASYNCHIES, (Incomparance,) a disciple at Rome, Rom. xvi. 14.
ATHENS, [without increase, of Minerva,] the principal city of ancient Greece, situated on the Saronic Gulf, 45 miles E. of Corinth, and 300 S. W. of Constantinople. It was for a long time the most celebrated school in the world for learning, arts, and ser-

In the worm for rearning, arts, and benchess. Acts xvii, 15—34.

ATONEMENT, from katallagee, reconciliation, is found once thus rendered in the Common Version, Rom. v. II, and evidently has the original and old English ense of AT-ONE-MENT attached to it. means by which two enemies were recon conciled or made at-one, or their state of

concinct of made at-one, or their state of harmony, was an at-one-ment.

ATTALIA, [that increases,] a scaport of Asia Minor, in Pamphylm, on a Bay of the Mediterranean; now called Satalia.

AUGUSTUS, (renerable,) the nephew and successor of Julius Cesar, and emperor of Rome at the time of our Savior's birth. The applicant of the amendment Julia ii. appointed the enrollment. Luke ii. 1. AZOR, [a helper,] the son of Eliakim, Matt

AZOTUS, [millage.] or Ashdod, now Ezdoud, a town of Palestine, in the country of the Philistines, 20 miles S. by W. of Joppa.

BARYLON, [confusion,] capital of Babylomin, or Chaldea, situated on the Euphrates. It was one of the most renowned cities on the globe. Its wa'ls were 60 miles in circuit, and were reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. The ruins of this city are now seen about 60 miles south of Bagdad.

BALAAM, [the old age, or ancient of the people,] a prophet of the city of Bosor, on the Euphrates; his history, Num. xxii—xxiv. xxxii.8; Josh. xiii. 22; his sin mentioned, Deut. xxiii. 4; Jude 11; 2 Pet. ii. 15; Rev.

BAPTIZE, bapto, baptizo. Bapto occurs 3 times, Luke xvi. 24; John xiii. 26; Rev. xix. 13, and is always translated dip in the common version. Boptizo occurs 79 times of these, 77 times it is not translated at all, but transferred; and twice, viz., Mark vii. 4; Luke vi. 38, it is translated wash, without regard to the manner in which it was done. All lexicographers translate it by the word immerse, dip, or plunge not one by sprinkle or pour. No translator has ever ventured to render these words by sprinkle or nour in any version. In the Septuagint version we have poue, dip, and sprinkle, or-curring in Lev xiv. 15, 16, "lie shall pour the oil, he shall dip his finger in it, and he shall sprinkle the oil" llere we have then. to pour: raine, to sprinkle; and bapto, to dist.

BAPTISM, baptisma, baptismas These words are never translated sprinkling or pouring in any version. baptisma occurs 22 times.

and buntiamos 4 times.

Tare Mal. iv. with Matt. iii. 10-12.

IN THE HOLY SPIRIT. ised by Jesus, Actsi. s; fulfilled on the day of Pentecost, Acts ii; also in the house of Cornelius. Acts xi. 16, 17. These supernatural gifts, both external and internal, and possessed by the Apostles and the first-truits of both Jews and Gentiles, were so overwhelming, as to be figuratively called an immersion in the Holy Spirit.

BARABBAS, [son of shame, confusion,] a noted criminal at Jerusalem. Matt. xxvii. 16-21; Mark xv. 6-11; Luke xxiii. 18-25; John

MARK XV. 0-11; Luke XXIII. 18-25; John XvIII. 40.

BARACHIAS, [who blesses God.] the father or 'achariah, mentioned Matt. XXIII. 35.

BAL: JESUS, [son of Jesus.] in Arabic his name was Elymans. See Elymans.

BAR. JONAH, [the son of a dove, or of Jonah.]
a Syriac designation of Peter. Matt. XVI. 17. John i. 4: XVI. 15-17. See Peter.

17; John i. 42; xxi. 15-17. See Peter.
BARNABAS, [son of exhortation,] a disciple
of Jesus, and Paul's companion in labors; mentioned Acts iv. 36, 37; xi. 22-30; xii. 25; travels with Paul, Acts xiii-xv. 35; separates from him, Acts xv. 36-39; his erroy alluded to, Gal. ii. 1-13.

BARSABAS, [son of rest,] Joseph Barsabas, surnamed Justus, one of the first disciples,

Acts i. 23; xv. 22.

BARTHOLOMEW, [a son that suspends the waters,] one of the twelve apostles, probably the same as Nathaniel. htatt. x. 8;

ony one same as Nathamer, mark x, 3; Mark iii, 18; Luke vi, 14; Acts. 13.

BARTIMEUS, [son of the honorable,] mentional Matt. x1. 29-33; Mark x. 40-52.

BEDS. Mr. Hanway describes the beds of Persia as consisting "only of two cotton quilts, one of which is folded double and quilts, one of which is folded double and serves as a mattress, the other as a covering, with a large flat pillow for the head." Was not the bed of the paralytic of this description? Luke iv. 19; Mark it. 4—11, "Arise, fake up thy bed," that is, thy mattress-the quilt spread under thee. Bed is a symbol of great tribulation and anguish.

Rev. ii. 22. BELLZEBUB, or BAALEBBUB, [god of the fly, ] an idol of the Ekromites, 2 kings i. 3. In the Greek New Testament it is spelled Beelzeboul, which means dung-god; the change of sound being perhaps introduced by the Jews for the purpose of throwing contempt on heathen divinities. The chief or prince of demons is called thus in Matt.

XII 24, Luke XI. 15. BENJAMIN. [son of my right hand,] Jacob's youngestson. The tribe of Benjamin convoungestson. The tribe of Benjamin con-tinued steady in its attachment to Judah

when the ten tribes revolted, and formed part of the kingdom. Paul was of this title, Phil. iii. 5. HERLA, (heavy, weighty,) a town of Macedoma now called Verea; Acts xvii. 10, 15. hk.NICk, (one that brings victory.) daughted and Antippe winnered the Great and

ter of Agrippa, surnamed the Great, and sister to young Agrippa, king of the Jews. Acte xxv. 28.

TENTL - See Precious Stones.

14.1 HAI AKA, [house of passage.] a town on the east side of the Jordan, where it was supposed to be fordable. John 1. 28.

1:k. I'll ANY. [house of song, of affiction,] a vil-iage situated at the foot of Mount Olivet, 2 n.ile. E. of Jerusalem, on the road to Jerunalem:

1 k.1 FESDA, [house of mercy,] a pool of wamentioned John v. 2-15.

BAPTISM BY FIRE. To be "immersed in RETHLEHEM, [house of bread,] a town of Rice" is an emblem of destruction. Compare Mal, iv. with Matt. iii. 10—12. place of David and Jesus. It was styled Bethlehem of Judah, or Bethlehem Ephratah, (Micah v. 2,) to distinguish it from another Bethlehem in Zebulon, near Nazareth, Josh. xix. 15.

BLIHPAGE, a place of figs, a village on Mount Olivet, near Bethany, and nearly 2

miles E. of Jerusalem.

BEITISAIDA, (a house of fruits,) a town of Galilee, on the west coast of the lake of Ti-berias, S. W. of Capernaum; the birthplace of Philip, and residence of Andrew and Peter, John i. 41; a woe was pronounced against it by Jesus, Matt. xi. 21, and it was one of the first places ravaged by the Ro-

mans.
Black in RIGHT, the particular privileges enjoyed in most countries by the first-born son. With the Hebrews he was peculiarly the Lord's, Exod. xxii. 29; had a double share of his father's inheritance, Deut. xxi. 17; had dominion over his brethren, Gen. xxvii. 29; and succeeded his father in the kingdom or high priesthood. Esau, sold his birthright to Jacob, Gen. xxv.31; Heb. xii.16,17. Reuben forfeited his on account of his incest, Gen. xlix. 2, 3; so his tribe always remained in obscurity, while his younger brothers shared the privileges— Levi had the priesthood; Judah the royal-

ty; and Joseph the double portion.
BISHOP, episkops, Overseer: synonymous
with Elder, and Shepherd. See Elder.
BITHYNIA, [violent precipitation,] a country

of Asia Minor, bounded on the north by the Euxine or Black Sea.

BLACK, or BLACKNESS, in prophecy is generally symbolical of affliction, disease, and distress. See Job xxx. 30; Jer. iv. 28; viii. 21; xiv. 2; Lam. iv. 8; v. 10; Joel ii. 3; Nahum ii. 10.

Naium ii. 10.
BLASritEMY, Blasphemia, speaking against,
whether God or man be the object. The
word occurs 19 times in the New Testament. Under the law blasphemy against
God was punishable with death, Lev. xiiv. God was punishance with death, Lev. 1117.
15, 16, 28; and Jesus declares blosphemy against the Holy Spirit unpardonable, Matt. xii. 31; Mark iii. 28, 29; Luke xii. 10.
BLASTUS, [that buds and brings forth,] Chamberlain to Herod, Acts xii. 20.

BLEMISH, no animal having any was to be, sacrificed, Lev. xxii. 19; Deut. xv. 21; xvii. 1; Mal. i. 8, 14. Christ without blemish, 1 Pet.

i. 19; and Christians to be so, Eph. v. 27. BLINDNESS, instances of, Gen. xix. 11; Syrians, 2 Kings vi. 18; Paul, Acts ix. 8--18: Elymas, xiii. 11; blindness cured, Matt. ix. 27; xii. 22; xx. 30—34; Mark viii. 22: x. 41, 51; Luke iv. 18; vii. 21; John ix. 1. A symbol of ignorance.

BLOOD, not to be eaten, Gen. ix. 4: forbid. den under the law, Lev. ii. 17: vi. 36: xvii. 10, 14: xix. 26: forbidden to Christians, Acts xv. 20. The blood is the life of the animal, and unwholesome for food: besides, the fat and blood were God's part of every sacrifice. Blood is frequently a symhol of war, carnage, and slaughter, Iso. xxxiv. 3; Lzek: xiv. 19: Rev. xiv. 90. To turn waters into blood is to emproil na-

tions in war.

BLOOD OF CHRIST, redemprises through it, Eph. 1. 7. Col. 1. 14: Rev. v. 9; somerines from through it, Heb. x. 29; cleanses from through it, Heb. x. 29; cleanses from in 1. 7: Rev. 1. 6: the wine of the following through the transmission of the sum of the following through the follo Lord's Supper called his blood, and the Lipod of the New Covenant Mast. xxvt 36:

Mark xiv. 24: Luke xxii. 20; 1 Cor. xi. 25; | also called the bood of the everlasting covenant. Heb. xiii. 20.

BOANERGES, [sons of thunder,] a Lame to James and John, Mark 111, 17.

BODY, either natural or spiritual, Man's body, in its present state, is called natural, in distinction from the spiritual bod? raised up at the resurrection. The term is used in Scripture to denote an organized system of any kind. We also tend of the body of sin, which is to be put off when immersed into the death of Christ. This is to be remembered in order to understand much of the figurative language of Paul relative to Christian experience and sanctification. The Christian's body is to be kept pure, Rom. xii. 1; 1 Cor. vi. 13; 1 Thess. iv. A; to be changed at the resurrection, 1 Cor. xv. 42-51, Phil. iii. 21; 1 John iii. 2. The Christian Church is called the body of Christ, Rom. xii 4.5, 1 Cor. x. 17; xii. 12-27, &c. All Christians are members of this body; and to it be.ong all the Apostles, Prophe's, Evangelists, Teachers, gifts, miracles, and honors bestowed by its head after his glorification. Jesus is the head of the body, and a. the head is glorified, so will all the members be glorified with him In the Lord's Supper, the bread is called the body of Christ, that is, the representation of his body, which is brown in remembrance of him.

OOK, in Hebrew, Lepher, in Greek, Biblus. Various materials were formerly used in making books. Plates of lead and copper, the barks of trees, bricks stone, and wood, were the first matters employed to engrave such things and monuments upon as men were willing to have transmitted to posterity. Hesiod's works were written on lead; the Roman laws on brass; God's on stone; and Solon's on planks of wood. When these were last used, they were generally covered with a thin cout of wax, for ease both in writing and in blotting out, which explains the expression of David when he prays that his sins may be blotted out as a cloud, that is, the record of them. Palm leaves, being more convenient as to bulk and portableness, were afterwards made into books, and are still so used in Then the thin inner bark of trees. e-pecially the elm; hence the Latin word liber (the inner bark of a tree,) means also a book. Afterwards the Papyrus, or "paper reed," was used. Isa. xix. 7. Parchment was atterwards invented in Pergamos. Books of these two last substances were rolled on sticks like cloth, and hence the word rotume, from the Latin word, volvo, to toil. Books thus rolled might have several seals, so that a person might break one and read till he came to another; whereas, if one of our books had several seals, all would be broken if one was. See Rev. v.

"Book of Life, '-an allusion to the registers kept in ancient cities of all the names of regular citizens. Phil. iv. 3. Honorable persons, not citizens, were sometimes en-tered here, which was giving the freedom of the city. Vagabonds and disorderly persons had their names crased. Rev. ni. 5. See Exod. xxxii. 32, Rev. xni. 8; xxi. 27;

xx11. 19.

BOOKS, mentioned, but now extant; of the wars of the Lord, Num. xx1. 14, of Jasper. Josh. x 15; 2 Sam. 1. 18; of Samuel contern ing the kingdom, 1 Sam x 25, of Satonion, 1 Kings iv. 34, 35, of the chronicles of David, 1 Kings iv. 34, 35, of the chronicles of David, 1 Chron. xxvii. 24; of the acts of Selomon, at the Christian's calling.

1 Kings xi 41: of Nathan, Samuel, and God. 1 Chren. xxix. 29; of Ahijah the Shitonite 2 Chron. ix. 29; of the visions of Itle, 2 Chron. ix. 29; of Shemasah, 2 Chron. xii, 15; of Jehu, 2 Chron. xx. 34; of the sayings of the Seers, 2 Chron. xxxiii. 19: Paul's epis-

to the Landweans, Col. iv. 16.
BOSOR, [taking away,] the father of Balaam,
2 Pet. ii. 15; also called Beor, Num. xxii. 5.

BOTTLES were anciently made of leather. Lin of a goat, pulled off who e. and the places where the legs were, being tied up, formed a convenient bottle. As these grew tender by using, new wine, which had not done termenting, could not be safely put in them. Matt. ix. 17. See Josh. ix. 4. BOWELS, a word used formerly, as we now

use the word heart; that is to represent pity, compassion, &c. The Hebrews understood the viscera were the seat of the intellect and of the tenderest passions.

BREAD is a word used in Scripture for food in ceneral. As bread was usually made by the Jews in thin cakes, it was not cut but

broken, which gave rise to the phrase -BREAKING OF BREAD, which sometimes means the partaking of a meal, as in Luke xiv. 35; Acts ii. 40; xx. 1; xxvii. 35. Atso, to what is emphatically stried, "the breaking of the loaf," in the Lord's Supper, as mentioned in Acts ii. 42. See also Mart.

as mentioned in ACIS II. 42. See also Me'1.
xxvi. 16; Mark xiv. 22; Luke xxii. 19; A'ts
xx. 6; I Cor. x. 16; xi. 23.
BREASTPLATE. A part of the Christ.
armor. See Eph. vi. 14; I Thess. v. 8. Also, a part of the high-priest's holy apparel.
CONSISTING of a piece of calling contribution of a piece of calling contribution of a piece of calling. consisting of a piece of golden embroidery, about ten inches square, which on special occasions he wore on his breast. It was set with twelve precious stones, each bear ing the name of one of the tribes of Israel See Exod. xii. 4; xxviii. 15-30; xxxix.8-21.

See Exod. xii. 4; xxvii. 15-30; xxxix.8-7i. BRUTHREN (in Christ,) to forgive each other, Matt. v. 18, 23, 24; xviii. 21, 22; Gal. vi. 1; 2 Thess. iii. 13-15; to confess them faults, and pray for each other, James v. 16; to love each other, Rom. xii. 10; 1 Thess. iv. 9, 10; Heb. xiii. 1.

BRIDE, a newly married woman. The congregation of Christ is espoused to him now. and will become his bride in the future age, sharing his nature, royal dignity, and dominion. Psa. xlv. 10-15; 2 Cor. xi. 2; Rev. xix. 7-9. The heavenly Jerusalem so catted, Rev. xx1. 9.

BRIDEGROOM, a newly married man. Christ so called, Matt. ix. I5; Luke v. 34.

See also Matt. xxv, 1-13.

BRIMSTONE AND PIRE, employed to exc-cute God's wrath, Gen. xix. 24: Luke xvii. 29: Psa. xi. 6: Ezek. xxxiii. 22. A symbol of destruction, Deut. xxix. 23: Job xviii. 15:1 Rev. xix. 20, &c.

CAIAPHAS, [a searcher,] a high-priest of the Jews, and son-in-law to Annas; men-i

tioned John xi. 40, 50; xviii, 13, 14 i CAIN, [possession,] the first-born son of Adam: his history, Gen. iv.: alluded to, 1 John iit. 12: Jude 11.

CALL, to invite, from kaleoo, to call, which occurs about 150 times, and proskaleou, to

call to one, about 30 times. CALLED, kleetos, derived from the above, occurs it times, and is applied to all who professedly obey Christ, but not to the chosen. "Many are called, but few chosen?"

CALVARY, or GOLGOTHA, [the place of a skull,] a little hill north-west of Jerusalem, on the north side of Mount Zion, so called probably from some imagined resemblance to the form of a man's head, or, as some think, because it was a place for the execution of criminals. It is memorable as the place of our Lord's crucifixion. Luke

XX111. 33.

CA.IEL, [carrier,] a beast of burden very common in the East, where it is called "the land-ship," and ' the carrier of the It was to the Hebrews an unclean desert." animal. See Lev. xi. 4. Camels' Hair is animal. See Lev. XI. 4. Camers Hair Is woven into cloth; the coarse part into coarse cloth, such as John the Immerser wore, (See Matt. iii. 4; Matt. xi. 8;) or sackcloth, (Rev. vi. 12;) and the finest parts into beautiful shawls, &c. The proverballuded to in Matt. xxiii. 24, illustrate the hypergerise of the Physicaes but the ting the hypocrisy of the Pharisees, by the custom of passing wine through a strainer, should be read as follows: snound be read as londows: 100 blind unides! which strain out a gnat, and swallow a camel." The expression, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a need.c," etc., Matt. xix, 25, is also found in the Koran; and a similar one in the Talthrough a needle's eye. This may be a proverb to describe an impossibility; or it may be an allusion to the difficult task of a camel passing through a door not over three feet high, on its knees. This feat camels are sometimes taught to accomplish, but it was considered a great diffi-

ZANA, [zcal, possession,] a town in Galilee, about sixteen miles N. W. of Tiberias, and six N. E. of Nazareth. The birth-place of Nathaniel, and now called Kana-el-Jelil. Dr. Ciarke observed among the ruins large stone vessels, capable of holding many gal-

stone vessels, capable of holding many gallons, similar to those mentioned in the narrative of the marriage, at which Jesus performed his first miracle. John ii. 1–11. CANAAN, [merchant, trader.] the Scripture name of what is now called Palestine, or the Holy Land, Its name is derived from Canaan, the son of Ham, and grandson of Noah, whose posterity settled here, and remained for about seven hundred years. remained for about seven hundred years. Becoming enormously corrupt, they were devoted to destruction, and their land given to Israel. Its conquest is recorded in the book of Joshua, &c., after which it was called "the land of Israel." Its bounwas called "the land of Israel." Its boundaries as generally laid down, are Lebanon on the north, Arabia on the east, Idumea on the south, and the Mediterrancan on the west. Under David and Solomon, its extent was greatly increased, by the conquest of Ammon, Moab, Edom, &c. 1 Kings iv. 21-24. It was a most beautiful and fertile country, and the Jews multiplied in it to an astonishing degree. The Jordan runs scuthward through it, and forms the lakes of Merom and Tiberias, and finally lakes of Merom and Tiberias, and finally empties itself into the Lake Asphalities. This country was included in the promise made to Abraham and his seed, the Christ, Sen xii 7, xin. 14-17; xv. 18-21; xvii. 8; Gal iii 16-18, its boundaries described, fixed xxiii 31; Num. xxxiv. 1-12, Josh. 1. 34, colliquered by Joshua Josh. xi. 16; divided by lot, Josh. xiv. 1, &c; its borders are completed. Losh xiii. 1; the reason divided by 10.7 John. 11. 1, a.c.; its botters, not conquered, Josh. xiii. 1; the reason given, Judges ii. 8. Known by various names. Canada. Gen. 1. 15-20; xi. 31, 10.0 at the ferrors, tool. 11. 15; Lund of the ferrors, tool. 11. 15; Lund of Jeacl, fre

quently: Land of Judah, after the revolt of the ten tribes; Holy Land, Zech. ii. 12; and Palestine, Exod. xv. 14.

CANDACE, [who possesses contrition.] the name of an Ethiopian queen, Acts viii. 27. CANDLESTICK, or LAMPSTAND, made of pure gold, stood in the talernacle on the left hand of one entering the Holy Place. It was constructed to afford seven lights, to

which allusion is made in Rev. i. 12, 2. CAPERNAUM, [the field of repentance, city of comfort,] a city on the sea of Galilee, (0) miles north of Jerusalem, and celebrated in the Gospels as the place where Jesus principally resided during the time of his principally resided during the time of his ministry, and did many of his miracles. See Matt. iv. 12-15; ix. 1; xi. 20-24; xvii. 23; Mark i. 21-35; ii 1; John vi. 17, 50. CAPPADOCIA, [a sphere,] a large province in the interior of Asia Minor, on the Pontus, separated from Phrygia by the river Ilalys; mentioned Acts ii. 9; 1 Pet. i. 1. CASTOR and POLLUX, twin sons of Jurger and quantins of seamen according to

ter, and guardians of seamen, according to heathen mythology; used as a figure head on an Leyptian ship. Acts xxviii, 11. CAPTIVITY. God often punished the vices

and infidelity of his people by the different captivities into which they were permitted to fall. The Assyrian captivity, mentioned, 2 Kings xviii. 9-12; the Babylonian, Jer. 2 Kills XVIII. 9-12; the Bavylonian, Jer. Xxv. 12; and the Roman captivity prophesied of by Jesus, Luke XXI. 24. Christ is said to have "led captivity captive," (Eph. iv. 4.) or a multitude of captives. The allusion is to public triumphs, when captives were led in chains behind the cars of victors; even kings and great men who had captivated others; a custom not only of the Romans but eastern nations in the remotest times. The phrase imports a conquest over enemies.

CEDRON, or Kidhon, a small brook, rising near Jerusalem, passing through the vailey of Jehoshaphat, and flowing into the Dead Sea. It is a rapid torrent after rains, mer. 2 Sam. xv. 23; Jer. xxxi. 40: John xviii. 1.

CENCHREA, a port of Corinth, now called

CENCHREA, a port of Corinth, now called Kikries, whence Paul sailed for Epnesus, Acts xviii. 18. It was a place of some commercial note, and the seat of an early church. Rem. xvi. 1.

CENTURION, a Roman commander of a hundred soldiers, Matt. viii. 5–18; xxvii. 54; Luke vii. 2–10; xxiii. 47; Acts x. 27, 40.

CEPILAS, [a rock, or stone,] a Syriac name given by Jesus to Simon. John i. 42; rendered by the Creaks. Patra and by the dered by the Greeks, Petros. and by the Latins, Petrus. See Peter.

CESAR, [one cut ont.] a title given to all the Roman emperors till the destruction of the empire. The emperors alluded to by this title in the New Testament, are Augustus, Luke ii. 1: Tiberius, Luke ii. 1: xx. 22; Claudius, Acts xi. 28; and Nero, Acts xiv. 8; Phil. iv. 22. Caligula, who succeed therrus, is not mentioned.

CESAREA, often called Cesarea of Palestine, stuated on the coast of the Mediterrance.

situated on the coast of the Mediterranean sea, between Joppa and Tyre, built by llerod the Great, and dedicated to Augustus Cesar. It was the seat of the Roman gover-nors of Palestine. Cornelius resided here, Acts x.; x1. 1—8; also Philip the Evanger list, Acts viii. 40; xxi. 5; and here Paul made one of his noblest defences, Acts xxv. -xxvn 1.

CESAREA FHILIPPI, a town three or four miles east of Dan, near the eastern source

of the Jordan; anciently called Paneas, CHILDREN "of the bridechamber." now lianais. It was enlarged and embedlished by Philip the Ictiarch; and called stant attendants on the bridecroom of the bridecroom of the bridecroom of the bridechamber." Cesarea in honor of Tiberias Cesar: and the name of Philippi was added to distinguish it from Cesarea on the Mediterranean Mentioned Matt. zvi, 13: Mark viii, 27. EHALCEDONY. See Precious Stones.

CHARGE of Jesus to the apostles, Matt. x. 1. &c.: to the seventy, Luke  $\pi$ , 1-12; to Peter, John xxi, 15-19; to the apostles before his ascension, Matt. xxviii, 18-10; Mark xvi. 15, 16; of Paul to the elders of Ephesus,

Acta xx. 17-35.

Charges with them, Acts xxi. 24. It was meritorious among the Jews to contribute to the expenses of sacrifices and offerings, which those who had taken the vow of N zuritism were to offer when the time of the yow was to be accomplished; whoever paid a part of these expenses were reputed to the yow.

of Mesopotamia, 70 miles from the Euphrates, 150 miles E. N. E. of Antioch. Acts vii. 4. CHASTITY, recommended, Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3; 1 Tun. v. 2; Titus ii. 5; an example of it in Joseph, Gen. xxxix. 7; in

example of the Joseph, Gen. Arth., in Job, xxi. 1—11.
CHERUB, plural Cherubim, first mentioned Gen. iii. 24; thought by some to be an order of relestial beings, but never clearly and certainly applied to angelic nature. They were probably symbolical representations of the redeemed, and often referred to in the Old Testament, and in the book of Revelation. The cherubim are represented as living creatures, Ezek. i; x; Rev. iv; or as images wrought in tapestry, gold, or wood. Exod. xxxvi. 55; xxxvii. 7; Ezek. xli. wood, End. XIVI. 35; XXVII. 7, Ezekali. 25; as having a plurality of faces, Exod. xxv. 20; Ezek. x. 14; xli. 18; and wings, 1 Kings vi 27; Ezek. i. 6; Rev. iv. 8. A cherub presents the highest earthly forms and powers of creation in harmonious and pertect union, being a winged figure, like a man in form, full of eyes, and with a fourfold head—of a man, a hon, an oz, and an eagle. The cherubs placed in the holy of holies, overshadowed the increy-seat, and were made of the same mass of pure beaten gold, Exod. xxv. 19; Solomon's cherubs described, 2 Kings vi. 23-20; viii. 6. It is probable that the seraphim of Isaiah, (chap. vi.) the cherubin of Ezekiel, (chap. i.) and the living creatures of John. (Rev. iv.) are identical, only differing in name. It is thought by some that the Ezyptian thought by some that the Elyphan sphinxes and the winged bulls lately dis-interred by Layard at Ninevah, were imi-tations of the Hebrew cherubs.

CHIEF CAPTAIN of the Band; an officer at the head of a detachment of soldiers belonging to the Roman legion, which was lodged in the adjacent eastle, and stationed on feast days near the temple to prevent disorder. The Roman garrison was sta-

tioned in the castle of Antonia.

CHILDREN, to be instructed, Gen. xviii.19; Peut. iv. 9; vi. 6; xi. 18; Psa. Ixxviii.5. Lph. vi. 4; their duty, to parents, Lev. xix. 3; Prov. i. 8; vi. 20; xiii. 1; xv. 5; xxii. 22; Eph. vi. 1; Col. iii. 20; example of Jssus, Luke ii. 51; to honor and maintain their parents, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. parents, Exod. XX.12; Deat. V.10; EpH. VI. 2,3; smiting of parents punishable with death, Exod. xxi. 15, Lev. xx. 9. Deut. xxi. 18, Jesus calls his disciples children, John xii 33, Christians called so by the apos-tles, Gal. iv. 10; 1 John ii 1. lect number of guests, who were the con-stant attendants on the bridegroom during the marriage feast. Matt ix, 15.

"of the promise," the seed of Abra-

ham according to the faith, on whom the promised blessings would be bestowed,

Rom. ix. 3; Gal. iv. 28.

"of the prophets,"—their disciples, pupils, followers, Acts iii, 25.

"of the resurrection," Luke xx. 36.

A term equivalent to "the raised up.

CHIANELOTH, Lake of, the same as Gen. nesareth,-which see.

CHIOS, lopen or opening, an island of the Agean sea, over against Sinyrna, now called Scio. Acts xx. 15.

Clilot, [green herb,] a Corinthian convert, mentioned 1 Cor. i. 11.

CHORAZIN, [the secret,] a town of Galilec. at the north end of the Lake of Tiberias, a little to the east of Capernaum; one of the principal scenes of Christ's ministry. Matt.

principal scenes of Carist's ministry. Male, x. 21; Luke x. 13.
CHOSEN, eklektos, elect, chosen. This word is found 23 times. It is translated in the common version, elect. 16 times, and chosen, 7 times. The passage, "For many are called, but few chosen," Matt. xx. 6, probably alludes to the choice of Romen soldiers, from the citizens of Rome. All were liable to serve, but some only were

selected.

CHRIST. (See Anointed.) A Greek word answering to the Hebrew word, Mess.ah and sign, lying the amointed or consecrated one, the Messiah—three terms of similar import. John i. 41. The name Christ is an official title, and is not a mere appellative, to distinguish our Lord frem other persons named Jesus. The force of many passages of Scripture is greatly weakened by overlooking this. In the apostolical epistles, however, CHRIST IS sometimes used as a proper name instead of JESUS.

Christs, False. Our Savior predicted that many false Messiahs would come, Matt. xxiv. 24, and his word has been abundant. ly fulfilled. One named Coziba lived in the second century, and had many followers, and occasioned the death of more than had a million of Jews. Others have continued

to appear, even down to modern times.
CHRISTIAN, Caristianos, is found only 3
times in the New Testament—Acts x1. 26: xxvi. 28: 1 l'et. iv. 16, and was a name given at Antioch to those who believed Jesus to be the Messiab.

CHRYSOLLIE. See Precious Stones.

CHRYSOLITE. See Precious Stones.
CHRYSOPHRASUS.

CHURCH. See Congregation.
CILICIA, [which rolls or overturns,] a country in the south of Asia Miner, at the east of the Mediteranean Sea: its capital was

Tarsus. Acts xxi. 39.
CIRCUMCISION, a cutting around, because in this rite the foreskin was cut away. This rite was given to Abraham as a sign of that covenant which God had entered into with him, that out of his loms should proceed the Messiah. To be spiritually circume.sed, or to be the spiritual seed of Abraham, is to have the thing signified by that ceremony, and to perform all those duties which circumcision was designed to en-force,—namely, to believe in the Messiah, to put off the old man, and to serve him as new creatures, which is signified by our acceptance of the ordinances of the gospel, and submission to them. Phil. 111, 3.

CITY, Bubylon, the Great City, Rev. xi. 8:

xiv. 8; xvi. 10: xvii. 18: xviii. 10, 16, 19, 21: Jerusalem, the Great City, Rev. xxi. 10: the lioly City, Rev. xi. 2: xxi. 19. A city is the symbol of a corporate body,

under one and the same police.

LAUDA, [a lamentable voice,] a small island near the S. W. shore of Crete, approached by Paul in his voyage to Jerusa-CLAUDA, [a lamentable voice,] iera, Acts xxvii. 16. It is now called Gozzo, and is occupied by about thirty families.

CLAUDIA, (lame, a Christian woman, pro-hably a convert f Paul, 2 Tim. iv. 21.

CLAUDIUS, rame, a cliffstian woman, probably a convert f Paul, 2 Tim, iv. 21.

CLAUDIUS. Sec CESAR.

LYSIAS, the Roman tribune, mentioned Acts xxi. 33; xxii. 24; xxiii. 26.

CLEAN and UNCLEAN, terms used in a ceremonial sense; applied to certain aniamls, and to men in certain cases, by the law of Moses, Lev. xi; xv; Num. xix; Deut. xiv. A distinction between clean and unclean animala existed before the deluge, Gen. vii. 2. The Mosaic law was not merciyabitrary, but grounded on reasons connected with animul sacrifices, with health, with the separation of the Jews from other nations, and their practise of moral purity, Lev. xi. 43-45; xx. 24-26; Deut. xiv. 2, 3, 21. The ritual law was still observed in the time of Christ, but under the Gospel is annulled. CLEMENT, [mild, gold, merciful,] mentioned

Phil. iv. 3. CLEOPAS, [the whole glory,] the husband of Mary, John xix. 25, called also Alpheus,— which see. The one mentioned in Luke xxiv. 18, was probably a different person. CLOUD, an emblein of prosperity and glory.

To ride on clouds, is to rule and conquer. When no storm accompanies, or no attribute is attached to it, a cloud is the em-blem of majesty and glory. By Daniel it is said, "One like the son of man came with the clouds of heaven;" to which our Lord adds, as explanatory of the symbol, "with power and great glory." Matt. zziv. 30. Clouds are symbolical of armies and multitudes, probably by their grand and majestic movements. They betokened the presence of Jehovah, as on mount Sinai, presence of Jenovan, as on mount Smar, Exod, xx, 9; in the temple, I Kings viii. 10; in the cloudy pullar, and on the mount of transfiguration. They are found in many representations of the majesty of God, l'sa. xviii. 11, 12; xcvii. 2; and of Christ, Rev.

ziv. 14-16.

"of witnesses," Heb. xii. 1; alludes to the spectators in the Olympic games, and transferred by a strong figure to patriarchs, prophets, worthies, God, and angels,

the spectators of the Christian race.
CLOVEN TONGULS, Acts ii. 8. An emblem of the various languages in which the apostles were to preach the gospel. They were like flames of fire parted, and these parted flancs looked like tongues; so a flame of fire is, with the Jews, called a tongue of fire.

CNIDUS, [dedicated to Venus,] a city and

promonitory of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 7. COAL, usually in Scripture, charcoal, or the embers of fire. From recent disclosures, it is probable that mineral coal was used anciently in Syria. It is now procured in Lebanou, and a mine is worked at Cornale, eight miles from Beirut. COAT. The Jews wore two principal gar-

on the interior is called the coat, results, the interior is called the coat, or tunic, Matt. v. 40. It was made of linen, and energied the whole body, extending down to the knees. It reached up to the neck, with long or short sleeves. Over this well as to console.

Colimon in the was tended the paraclete; it was to help and direct as well as to console.

was sometimes woven like a stocking inte its proper shape and size without any seam. Exod. xxxix. 27; John xix. 23 Such coats are still worn by Arabs, and are con-

sidered of great value.

COCK-CROWING. In Matt. xxvi. 34, our
Lord is represented as saying, that "before the cock crow," Peter should deny him thrice; so Luke xxii. 34; John xiii. 39. Bur according to Mark xiv. 30, he says, "before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." These passages may be reconciled by observing that ancient Greek and Latin authors mention two cock-crowangs, one or which was soon after midnight, the other about three o'clock in the morning; and this about three octoor in the merining; anothing latter, being most noticed by men as the signal of their approaching labors, was called by way of eminence, "the cock-crowing," and to this alone, Matthew, giving the general sense of our Savior's warning to l'eter refers; but Mark more accurately recording his very words, mentions the two cock-crowings.

COHORT, a company of soldiers which guarded a Roman governor or magistrate,

when he went into any province. COLLECTION for poor believers, Acts xi. 29: Rom. xv. 26-28; I Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii

1-4; ix. 1. COLOSSE, (punishment, correction,) a city of Phrygia, situated on a hill near the junc. not far from the cities Hierapolis and Lao dicea, Col. ii. 1; iv. 13, 15. With these cities it was destroyed by an earthquake in the tenth year of Nero, about A. D. 65, while Paul was yet living. It was soon rebuilt.

It is now called Chonos.

COLOSSIANS, Epistic to, written by Paul, from Rome, A. D. 62, during his imprisonment in that city, to the congregation at Colosse. This congregation was probably gathered by this apostie, as well as the one in Laodicea, though some ascribe it to Epaphras. See Acts xvi. 6; xviii. 23. Some think this epistle was written at the same time, and sent by the same bearer, as the one to the Ephesians. It is certainly devoted to the development of the same grand secret,-viz., the call of the Gentiles to a participation in the hope of the glad tidings, and to guard the Colossians, whether Jews or Greeks, against Judaizing and philosophizing teachers. Whoever would understand this epistle and that to the Ephe-

Stand this episte and that to the Epischians, must read them together.

Ol.T, "the foal of an ass." The direction given by Jesus to two of his disciples in Matt. xxi. 2, 8, to bring him the cot they would find tied in the village, that he might ride thereon into Jerusalem, according to the prophet evidently implies a previous understanding or acquaintance with the owners of him; for he adds, "if any one ask why you loose him, you shall answer, Because the Master needs him," Luke xix. \*1. Accordingly, "as they were loosing the colt, the owners said to them, Why loose you the colt? They answered, The Master needs him," (ver. 33, 34,) "AND TUEX," (the owners,) "let them go," Mark xi. 6. COMFORTER, parakletos, advocate, monitor, helper, conforter. The original word only cogness five times. John xiv. 18, 26; xv.

tor, helper, comforter. The original word only occurs five times, John xiv. 16, 26; xv.

The Greek term koines, properly signifies what belongs to all, but the Hellenists app'ied it to what was profane, i. e. not koly, and therefore of common or promiseuous use, Mark vii. 2, 5; Acts x. 14, 15; Hom. xiv-

14. COMMON, "had all things common, Acts ii. 41. A community of goods was practised at all the Jewish feasts at Jerusaiem, and no man's house was his own. So when the Spirit was poured out, on account of the detention at Jerusalem, there was a kind of community for the time being, that none might suffer from want; but the subsequent contributions of the saints show that there was not an equality of property, Acts xi.

23; I Cor. xvi. I.
CONCISION, [cutting,] a term of reproach, applied to certain Judaizing teachers at Philippi, as mere cutters of the flesh; in contrast with the true circumcision, those who were created anew in Christ Jesus unto righteousness and true holiness, Phil.

į1i. 2.

CONGREGATION, ekklesia, occurs 114 times, and is derived from ekkaleon, I call out. It is an assembly of the called. The whole is an assembly of the called. community of professing Christians make the one body or congregation of the Lord; and those meeting in one place constitute the Christian congregation in that place.

CONSCIENCE, occurs in the common version 30 times, and once in the plural form, 2 Cor. v. 11, for which we have in the original, suneidesis, compounded of sun, together, and eideo, to see or know, -in Latin conscio; whence comes conscience, the power of judging ourselves, and the relations in which we stand to our Creator and to our fellow-creatures. The conscience is said to be weak when knowledge is limited, pure when free from accusation, and evil when polluted with guilt. We have a good conscience mentioned, 1 Tim. i. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 21; pure, 1 Tim. iii. 9; clear or roid of offence, Acts xxiv. 16; needs, 1 Cor. viii. 7; defiled, Titus i. 15; lleb. x. 22; seared,

1 Tun. iv. 2. CONTENT MENT recommended, Prov. xxx. 8 9; Heb. xiii. 5; 1 Tim. vi. 6; instances of, Gen xxxiii. 9; 2 Sam. xix. 35-37; 2 Kings

to the second of 
near the south-west point of Asia Minor. Acts xxi. 1. Hippocrotes, the famous physician and Appellos, the eminent painter, were natives of this island. It is now called Stanchio.

COPPLE, a metal, known and wrought before the flood, Gen. iv. 22. Where the word brass occurs in the common version, it

should be rendered copper, CORBAN, a sacred gift, Matt. xv. 5; xxiii. 18. The Pharisees taught that a man might escape all obligations to support his indi-gent parents, by saying of his property, "Be it corban." In this case, if he did not give his property at that time to the temple he was bound to do so at his death, though his parents should thus be left des-titute. Thus did they "make void the law" of honoring their father and their mother, "through their traditions." Mark mother, "vii. 11-13.

CORINTH, [which is satisfied, beauty,] a cerebrated city of Greece, in the north part of the Peloponesus, on the isthmus of Corinth; 45 miles W. N. W. of Athens. It was celebrated for wealth, commerce, arts, r: a magnificence. Paul preached here for two

years, Acts xviii. 1.
CORINTHIANS. The two epistles under
this name were written by Paul to the
Christians at Corinth, where he had preached with great success. Acts rvii, The first epistle written from Ephesis was in rep. y to intelligence received from Co-inth, through the family of Chlee, 1 Cer. preached with great success. i. 11, and by a letter from the congregation, asking advice, vii. 1. His chief design appears to have been to support his own authority, dignity, and reputation; 10 vindicate himself from the calumnies of the factious; and to diminish the credit and influence of their aspiring leaders, by exhibiting their errors. He reproves the congregation for certain immoralities congregation for certain immoralities found amongst them, but which were chargeable to their factious lenders. He then treats successively of lawsuits amongst Christians; on single and mar ried life; on eating ments offered to idols; on his call, mission, right, and authority as an apostle, &c.; and meets several errors and sins prevalent in the congrega-tion by timely instructions as to disputes among brethren, decorum in public assemblies, the Lord's Supper, spiritual gifts, tle resurrection of believers; gives directions for collections for the poor saints in Jerusalem, and closes with friendly exhortations and salutations.

Paul, having tested his power in Corinth by the first letter, and hearing of its success from Titus, he takes courage, writes a second letter, speaks more boldly of himself, and deals more severely and sharply with his opponents. In this he aims at the extermination of the faction which he had attacked and weakened in his first letter. He makes good all his claims to the respect, veneration, and submission of the Corinthians; strips his antagonists of every pretext; and by the most pathetic recital of his own history, and e-hortations to unity and peace, closes his communications to this large and eminent congrega-

CORNELIUS, [of a horn,] a piers Roman centurion, stationed at Cesarer in Palestine, to whom Peter was sent from Joppa, a distance of 35 miles, to tell hur "words whereby he might be saved," and on whom and his friends, the miraculous grirs of the Spirit were poured out, to the astenishment of Peter and his companions. Acts 7. Cornelius, though a Gentile, was probably a proselyte to the Jewish religion at the time of Peter's vision.

CORNER-STONE, a massive stone, usually distinct from the foundation, Jer. h 16; and so placed at the corner of the building as to bind together the two walls meet ing upon it. Such a stone is found at Baal-

bek, twenty-eight feet long, six and a half feet wide, and four feet thick. COUNCIL, a tribunal frequently mentioned in the New Testament. The Great Council so called did not consist of the 72 elders who were regulally a pointed to assist Moses in the civil administration of the government, but was instituted in the time of the Maccabees. It consisted of chief priests elders, (who were, perhaps, the heads of the tribes or families,) and scribes, amounting in the whole to 72 persons, and is called by Jewish writers, the Sankedria-

This council possessed extensive authority, taking cognizance not only of rengious matters, but of appeals from inferior courts of justice, and of the general affairs of the kingdom. After Judea became a Roman province, the cauncil was deprived of the power of indicting capital punishments, for which reason they delivered our Savior

to Pilate, demanding his death.
OVENANT, diatheekee, institution, arrangement, constitution, covenant, occurs in the New Testament 33 times. God's promise to Noah is called a covenant, Gen. ix. 9-17. God's covenant with Abraham, xvii. 2-9. The Smartic law was The Smartie law was another Deut. iv. 13 The new and better covenant, Deut. iv. 13

covenant, penting 18 The new and occur-ovenant, mentioned Heb. viii. 6.8, 10 COVETOUSNESS, an eager, unreasonable desire of gain; a longing after the goods of another. It is called *allolatry*, Col. iii. 5. Forbidden, Exod. xx. 17; Deut. v. 21; Rom. vii. 7, xiii. 9; censured, Prov. xxii. 7; Luke xii. 15; Heb. xiii. 5; threatnings against it. xii. 100. xiii. 5: threathings against it. Isa. Ivii. 17; Jer. vi. 12, 13; Micah ii. 1, 2; Hab. ii. 9, 11; Rom. i. 18, 29; I Cor. vi. 10; Epi. v. 5; Col. iii f; I Tim. vi. 9, 10. CRESCENS, [graving, increasing,] a person mentioned y Pim. iv. 10.

CRETANS, inhabitants of Crete, Titus i. 12. CRETE, [feshu,] an island at the mouth of the Agrean sea, between Rhodes and Peloponnesus. Acts xxvii. 7. It is now called Cardia.

CRISPUS. !curled,] the chief of the Jewish synagogue at Corinth, who was converted to Christianity by Paul, Acts xviii. 6; and baptized by him, 1 Cor. i. 14.

CLUSS, a kind of gibbet made of pieces of wood placed transversely, whether crossing at right angles, one at the top of the other, T, or below the top, t, or diagonally, X, on which criminals were executed. To be crucified was deemed the strongest mark crucified was deemed the strongest mark of infanny, and was inflected on the viest slave, and the most atrocious transgres-sors. Deat. xxi. 23; Gal. iii. 13. It is used metonymically for the doctrines of the gos-pel. Gal. ii. 20; vi. 14. Trouble for the sake pel, Gal. ii. 20; vi. 14. Trouble for the sof religion, Mark viii. 34; Matt. xvi. 24.

CROWN, a head ornament, worn in the East as a mark of dignity and honor. Thorse used in the games were made of parsley, pine, flowers, &c. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8. Those for kings, of gold, adorned with gems. 2 Chron. xiii. 11; 2 Sam. i. 10; xii. 20. Metaphori cally, that is called a crown which gives glory or dignity. Thus Jehovah is said to glory or dignity. Thus Jehovah is said to be a crown of glory to Judah, Isa. 1xii. 3. Christ is said to have a "crown of gold," and "many crowns," Rev. xix 12, meaning his intrare ineffable grandeur and sovereignty. Crown of life, a triumphant immortality, James 1. 12; Rev. ii. 10: iii. 11; of righteousness, 2 Tim. iv. 8, of glory, 1 Fet v. 4, also incorruptible, 1 Cor. ix. 23. CRUCIPY, to put to Leath by the cross. Figuratinely, it means to subdue our evil propensities.

pensitiies.

SHUCTFIXION, HOUR OF.—Mark xv. 25, states it to be the third, and John xix. 14, the sixth hour. This apparent contradiction is supposed to have arisen from confounding the letter gamma with the letter sigma, which were used as numerals in ancient MSS. Therefore it ought to be the third hour which answers to our nine o clock in the morning, Acts il. 15. Of this of mion are Griesbach, Semler, Rosenmuler, Boddridge, Whitby, Bengel, Erasmus, &c. Another method of solving the difficulty, and probably the best one, is, that John writing in Asia, adopted the Roman method of reckoning time, which was the same

as ours.

CRYSTAI, a hard, transparent, and color-less fossil, of a regularly angular form. The word translated crystal in Ezek, i. ??, is constant of the color visit of the results. word fransingue crystae in Loux. . . . . . rendered frost in Gen. xxxi. 40: Job xxxvii 10, and Jer. xxxvi. 30; and ice in Job vi. 16, xxxviii. 29, and l'sa, exlvii. 17. The word primarily denotes ice, and is given to this substance from its resemblance to it. The firmament above the chcrubin, the sea of glass, the river of life, and the light of the new Jerusalem, are compared to crystal, for their purity, clearness and splendor. Ezek. i. 22; Rev. iv. 6; xxii. 1. CUBIT, a measure used among the ancients,

about 18 inches long. A cubit was originally the distance from the elbow to the extremity of the middle finger, which is the fourth part of a well-proportioned man's stature. The sacred cubit was nearly 22 stature.

inches

CUMMIN, a plant of an oily and spicy quality, somewhat resembling fennel, lsa. xxviii. z5; Matt. xxiii. 23.

CUP. This word is taken in Scripture both in a proper and in a figurative sense. In its proper sense, See Gen. xl. 13; xliv. 2; 1 Kings vii. 28. In a figurative sense, as an emblem of prosperity, See Psa. xi. 6; xvi. 5; xxii. 5; and of Divine judgments and man's misery, Isa. li. 17, 22; Psa. lxxv. 8; Rev. xiv. 9, 10, &c. "Cup of blessing," I Cor. x. 16; "Cup of salvation," Psa. cxvi. 13; a "cup of coud water,"—a valuable gitt in a hot climate, where water is scarce. Matt. x. 42; Markix. 41.

CultsE, after the fall, Gen. iii. 14-19; of Cain, iv. 11; subjoined to the law, Deut. xxvii. 13-16; of the Israelites, if disobedient, Lev. xxvi. 14-39; Deut. xxviii. 15, &c.; remarkable instances of cursing, Gen. ix. 25; 2 Kings ii. 23; Psa. cix. 6, &c.; Jer. xvii. 18; forbidden under the gospel dispensation, Matt. v. 44; Rom. xii. 14; James iii. 10. Learned commentators aver that wherever the Hebrew word so translated occurs in connection with the name of God occurs in connection with the name of odd it should be rendered bless. It is actually often so rendered in our Bible, as Gen. xxxiii. 11; Judges i. 15; 1 Sam. xxv. 27; 2 Kings v. 15. CYPRLS, [furr, fairness.] a large and popu-lous island in the Mediterranean, situated

between Cilicia and Syria, and so called between the Cypress trees with which it abounded. Barnabas and Mnason were natives of it, Acts iv. 80; xxi. 16; the gospel preached there, Acts xi. 10; visited by Paul and Barnabas, A. D. 44, Acts xiii. 4-13. See also Acts xv. 29; xxvii. 4. CYRENE, {a wall, coldness,} a city of Lybia an Africa, west of Egypt. Matt. xxvii. 3.1 Acts ii. 1. xi. 10.

Acts ii. 1: xi. 10.

CYRENIUS, [one who governs,] a governor of Syria. Luke ii. 2.

DALMANUTHA, [bucket, branch,] a town of Palestine, on the S. E. part of the lake of

Tiberias, near Magdala. Mark via. 10. DALMATIA, [deceiful lamps,] the southern part of Illyricum, on the gulf of Venice. 2 Tim. iv. 10.

2 1m. IV. 10.
DAMARIS, [little woman,] an Athenian lady, who was converted by Paul, Acts xvii. 34.
DAMASCENES, [of Damascus,] 2 Cor. xi. 32.
DAMASCUS, [similitude of burning,] the most ancient city on record, and long the capital of Syria: first mentioned in Gen.

xiv. 15: xv. 2: and now probably the oldest city on the globe. It is about 100 miles from Jerusalem, and contains at the presis still found here called "Straight," running a mile or more into the out. eastern gate. Acts ix. 11.

ANTEL, [judgment of God,] called Belte-shazzar by the Chaldeans, a prophet des-cended from the royal tamily of David, who was carried captive to Babylon when very young, in the fourth year of Jehoiakin, king of Judah, B. C. 506. Daniel rose by his wisdom to eminence and honor, and served in the courts of Nebuchadnezzar, and Belshazzar, kings of Bab ylon, and afterwards under Darius the Mede, and Cyrus the Persian. His great eminence may be interred from Ezek. xiv. 13, 14: xxviii. 2, 3, as well as from consulting his own narrative. The book which bears his name, distinctly foresells the time of Messiah's first advent; and under the emblem of a great image, and of four beasts, the successive rise and fall of the four great universal monarchies of Babylon, Persia, Greece, and Rome, after which, the kingdom of Messiah, like the stone from the mountain, shall fill the whole aarth, and have no sucshall nit the whole arrival and have no successor. The prophecies contained in the latter part of the book extend from the days of Daniel to the resurrection of the dead. Christ testifies to the genuineness and authenticity of the book. Matt. xxiv. 15: of which there is the strongest evidence, both internal and external.

DARKNESS, upernatural, Exod. x. 21—23: luke xxiii. 44, 45. Also, a symbol of igno-rance and of affliction.

DAVID. [beloved,] king of Israel, prophet and pralmist. He was youngest son of Jesse, of the tribe of Judah, born in Bethlehem. B C. 1085: and one of the most relehem. B. C. 1085: and one of the most remarkable men in either sacred or secular history. His life is fully recorded in 1 Sam. xvi. to 1 Kings ii. The phrase, "a man after God's own heart," does not refer to i her his private or personal moral conduct, but to his public official acts.

NY. The sacred writers generally divide the day into twelve hours. The sixth hour always and at most throughout the year.

DAY. always ends at noon throughout the year; and the twelfth hour is the last hour before sunset. But in summer, all the hours of the day were longer than in winter, while those of night were shorter. Day in prophetic style, "I have given you a day for a year," is the rule: one revolution of the earth on its axis for a revolution in its orbit. Day is also used for an appointed season, Isa xxiv. St and for an enlightened state, I Thess. v. 5. "Last day," refers to the time of judgment: and 'last days," to the time of Mossiah's reign, Isa. ii. 2: Micahiv. I. DEACON, darkons, minister, servant, occurs 31 times, and is applied to both makes and familes whose husiness it was transce

and females, whose business it was to serve

the whole congregation in any capacity.
DEAD SEA, SEA OF SODOM, SALT SEA,
or Lake Asphatitus, a salt lake in Palestine, 70 miles long, and 10 to 15 broad. It occupies the spot where the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah are supposed to have stood. The water is clear and limpid, but very salt and bitter, and of greater specific gravity than that of any other lake that is known. DEAD PERSONS, insensible, and know not anything. Job iii. 18; xiv. 21; Psa. vi. 5; 1xxviii 10-12; cxv. 17; cxlvii. 4; Eccl. ix. 5 xii. 7; 1sa. xxxviii. 1s: small be laised.

Job xix. 20, 27; Psa. xlix. 50; John v. 25; Rev. xx. 12. Instances of the dead raised, by Elijah, I Kings xvii. 17—23; by Elisah, 2 Kings iv. 18—37; by his bones, xiii. 21; by Jesus, Matt. ix. 25; Markv. 41, 42; Luke vii. 15; viii. 54, 55; John xi. 1—44; by Peter, Acts ix. 40, 41; by Paul, xx. 10—12. DEATH, how it came into the world, Gen. ii. 17; iii 16. Ron v. 12, vi. 23; John xi. 11.

ii. 17; iii. 19; Rom. v. 12; vi. 23; 1 Cor. xv. 21. Natural death is a ceasing so be, or a destruction of animal life, and is certain, Job xiv; Psa. xlix. 6-20; lxxxiz. 22; Eccl. viii. 8; ix. 4; called a sleep to believers, John xi. 11-14; Acts vii. 60; xiii. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 18, 51; 1 Thess. iv. 13-16. is expressive of alienation from God, and exposure to his wrath, John v. 24; Eph. ii. 1-5; Col. ii. 13; 1 John iii. 14; second death mentioned, Rev. ii. 11; xx. 6, 14; xxi. 8.

DEBTS to be faithfully paid, Psa. xxxvii. 21; Prov. iii. 27, 28; to be avoided, Rom. Rom. xiii. 8; used figuratively for our sins, Matt. vi. 12; a parable on the subject, Matt. xviii. 21-35.

DECAPOLIS, [ten cities,] a district of country comprising ten cities, lying chiefly to the east of the Jordan, and the lake of Ti-

berias.

DELUGE. See Flood.

DEMAS, [popular,] a fellow-laborer with Paul at Tuessalonica, who afterwards deserted him, Col. iv. 14; 2 Tim. 1v. 10;

Ph.lemon 24.

DEMITTIUS, [belonging to coin,] a silver-smith of Ephesus, and an idolater for gain, Acts xix. 24. Also a disciple mentioned

3 John 12.

DEMON, from daimoon and daimonion, defined by lexicons to be a heathen god, deity, tutelary genius, evil spirit. Plato derives the word from dacemoon, knowing; Eusebius, from deimanoo, to be terrified; and I'roclus, from danoo, to distribute. By ancient heathen writers, the word demon, by itself, occurs usually in a good sense. Philo affirms that Moses calls those angels whom the philosophers call demons, and they are only different names that imply one and the same substance. In later times the word was used in a bad sense. Josephus and the New Testament writers use it in this manner. Some suppose demons to be fallen angels, others the spirits of bad men; failten angers, others the spirits of real men; both theories, however, are without foundation. The possessions of the New Testament are always attributed to them; never to the ho diabolus. The word demon occurs about 00 times in the New Testament. Whethers way he the correct idea. ment, Whatever may be the correct idea with regard to the demons, as Dr. George Campbell well observes: "They are exhibited as the eauses of the most direful calamities to the unhappy persons whom they possess—dumbness, deafness, madness, palsy, epilepsy, and the like. The descripive titles given them always denote some ill quality or other." And again, "When I find mention made of the number of demons in particular possessions, their ac-tions so particularly distinguished from the actions of the man possessed, conversations held by the former in regard to the disposal of them after their expulsion, and accounts given how they were actually disposed of-when I find desires and passions ascribed particularly to them, and similitudes from the conduct which they usually observe, it is impossible for me to deny their existence."

DEMONIACS, demonized persons, or those who were supposed to have a demon or

demons, occupying them, suspending the faculties of their minds, and governing the members of their bodies, so that what was said and done by them was ascribed to

the indwelling demon.

DENARIUS, the principal silver coin of the Romans, and in value worth from 15 to 17 cents, according to the coinage. A denarius was the day-wages of a laborer in Pales-

tine. Matt. xx. 2, 0. )ERBE. (asting, ) asmall town of Lycaonia, in Asia Minor, to which Paul and Barnabas fied from Lystra, A. D. 41, Acts xiv. 20. It lay at the foot of the Taurus mountains on the north, 16 or 20 miles east of Lystra.

DESCRTS, applied to hilly regions, &c., thinly inhabited, Luke i. 80, Matt. iii. 1; and the word so translated in our Bibles often means no more than the common uncultivated grounds in the neighborhood of towns on which the inhabitants grazed their domestic cattle.

DEVIL, from diabolos, occurs some 30 times, and means a slauderer, traducer, false accuser. Paul uses the word in the plural number three times—I Tim. iii. 11; 2 Tim. iii. 3; Titus ii. 3—and applies it to both males and females.

DIADEM, a royal head dress, rather different from the crown, and worn by queens. A prince sometimes puts on several dia-A prince sometimes puts on several action dems. Ptolemy having conquered Syria, entered Antioch in triumph, with the diadems of Asia and Egypt on his head. John saw on Christ's head "many diadems," Rev.

saw on Christ's head 'many diadems,' Rev. xii.3; xiii.1; xix.12.
DIAMOND. See Precious Stones.
DIANA, or Arthmus, [luminous, perfect,] a celebrated goddess of the Komans and Greeks, and one of their twelve superior states. The properties of the states of the states. deities. She was like the Syrian goddess Ashtaroth, and appears to have been wor-Ashtaroth, and appears to have been worshipped at Ephesus with impure rites and magical mysteries. Acts xix. 19. The temple of Diana was the pride and glory of Ephesus. It was 425 feet long, and 230 bread, and had 127 columns of white marble, each 60 feet high. It was 220 years in building, and was one of the seven wonders of the world.

DIDYMUS, [a twin,] the surname of Thom-

as. John xxi. 2.
DIONYSIUS, [dirinely touched,] a member of
the Areopagus at Athens, and a convert of Paul, Acts xvii, 34, and burnt as a martyr, A. D. 95. Being at Heliopolis in Egypt, at the time of Christ's death, on observing the supernatural darkness he exclaimed, supernatural darkness he exclaimed, "Lither the God of nature suffers, or sympathizes with one who suifers."

pastizes with one winds and its partial partia forks, and therefore dip their hand in the dish. For fluid substances they have spoons. John xii. 26.

DISCIPLE, a learner, or follower of another, John ix. 28. It signifies in the New Tes-tament, a follower of Christ, &c., or a con-

vert to his gospel. John Xx. 13; Acts vi.l. DISPENSATION, oikenomia, economy, administration of affairs,—from oikes, a house, nemos, to administer—economy, the management of a family; hence arrepresent disposation of administration. rangement, dispensation, or administration,

DOG.

bread to dogs," Matt. xv. 26. The bad pre-perties of dogs are obstinacy, barking, eraelty, biting, insatiable gluttony, filthiness in lust, vomiting and returning to their vomit. Hence the name is given to cavilling, unprincipled teachers, Phil. iii. 2: and to such as are excluded from the holy city, Rev. xxii. 15. DOOR, the symbol of opportunity, way of

access or introduction. John x. 7.

DORCAS in Greek the same as Tabitha in Syriac, that is, gazelle, the name of a pious and charitable woman at Joppa, whom Peter raised from the dead, Acts ix. 36—42.

DRACHMA, a silver coin common among the Greeks, which was also current among the Jews, in value about 16 cents, or 8d. DRAGON, signifies either a large fish, as the

whale, or a crocodile, or great serpent. some places, it evidently means the deadly poisonous lizard called Gecho by the East Indians. By the Egyptians, Persians, and Indians the dragon is regarded as the established emblem of a monarch. Sometimes it is used for monarchical despotism in general. The Roman government, both in its pagan and papal forms, as a persecun its pagain and pagainoims, as a present ting power, is represented by this symbol. DRLSS, injunctions concerning it, Deut. xxii.5; Isa.iii.10,&c; 1 Tim.ii.9; 1 Pet.

DRINK, to swallow liquids. As the allot-ments of God's providence were often represented among the Jews by a cup. so to receive good or evil at the hand of God is represented by drinking its contents, John xviii, 11. To "cat the flesh and drink the blood of the son of man," is to imbibe, that is, cordially to receive and obey his pre-cepts, John vi.53; to partake of bread and wine, the symbols of his body and blood, in the ordinance of his own appointment, Matt. xxvi. ?6; to become one with him in principle, feeling, and action. As a cordial desire and love of divine truth is often represented as thirsting, so drinking is used to express the actual reception of the Gospel and its benefits. John iv. 14; vii. 37.

DRUNKENNESS, excludes from the kingdom of God, 1 Cor. vi. 10; Gal. v. 21; ezas-ples, Gen. ix. 21; xix. 33, 35; 1 Sam. 25, 36; 1 Kings xvi. 9; xx. 16.

DRUSILLA, [watered by the dew,] the third daughter of Agrippa the Great. She first married Azizus, king of the Emeseues, but soon left him, to marry Claudius Felix.

Acts xxiv.24.

DUST. "To lick the dust," Psa. lxxii. 0, is expressive of profound submission; to throw "dust into the air," Acts xxii.23, expresses contempt and malice, and is still an Arab practice; to "throw dust on the head" is a sign of grief and mourning. Eve xviii. 19; and "to wipe off the dust" from one's feet was expressive of entire renunciation, Matt. x. 14; Acts xiii. 51.

EARNEST, arraboon, a pledge; a small part of the price of a thing, paid in hand, to confirm an agreement. The word is used three times in the New Testament, but always in a figurative sense. In 2 Cor. i. 22 it is applied to the gifts of the Spirit, v. hich God bestowed on the apostles; and in 2 Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 13, 14, to believers generally, on whom after baptism, the apostles had laid rangement, uspensation, or administration, a more general sense—occurs 10 times.

OG. To call a person a dog in the Last, is expressive of the highest contempt. The term was applied by the Jews to Gentiles, let was not "proper to move the children's EARTH. The original word in both Hebrew

and Greek is used to denote the earth as a whole, and a particular land. The expression "all the earth" is sometimes used symbolically for a portion of it. Sometimes used for the people who inhabit the world, etc It is used also as the symbol of the great body of the people contrasted with the government; antichristian part of mankind, etc. There are in the political and in the moral worlds, as well as in the natural, heavens and earth, sun, moon, and

stars, mountains, rivers, and seas.
EARTHQUAKE, in the time of Elijah,
1 Kings xix.11; of Uzziah, Amosi.1; Zech. xiv. 9; at the crucifixion of Jesus, Matt. xxvii. 54. The established symbol of the political and moral revolutions and convulsions of society. See Hag. ii. 6, 7; Heb. xii.

26; Rev. vi. 12.

EAST, towards the sun's rising. Arabia, Assyria, Chaldea, Mesopotamia, Persia, and other countries, lay castward of Canaan; and Balaam, Cyrus, and the Magi were said therefore, to have come out of the East. Num. xxiii, 7; Isa. xivi. 11; Matt. ii. 1, 2. EAT. See Driva. The Babylonians and Persians used to recline or lie down on

table-beds while eating, and the Jews

table-beds while earling, and the Jews adopted his custom, Amos vi. 4-7; Esth. i. 6; vii. 8; John xii. 3; xiii. 25. E AIFICATION, a building up. Saints are edified when they grow in holy knowledge and practice. 1 Cor. viii. 1. Mutual edification to be consulted, Rom. xiv. 10; xv. 2; 1 Cor. xiv. 12-26; 1 Thess. v. 11; Heb. x. 24. EGYPT, (that binds or oppresses,) bounded by the Mediterranean Sea on the north;

Abyssinia on the south; and on the east and west by mountains, running paratlel with the Nile. Egyptis now the basest of kingdoms, as declared in prophecy, Isa. xxix. 15, and has been successively tributary to Babylon, Persia, Greece, Rome, Saraecus, Mamelukes, and Turks, during 2000 years. Symbolical now for wickedness,

Rev. xi. 8.
ELDER, presbuteros, presbyter, whence the word presbytery. Anciently applied to those who presided over Israel, and applied by the Jews before the Christian era to a certain class of officers among them. Those of one synagogue were called the

presbuterion, presbytery.

Presbuterion, occurs three times; in Luke xxii. 66, and Acts xxii. 5, it seems to apply to the Jewish Sanhedrim: and in 1 Tim. iv. 14 to the chief persons of a Christian congregation. The word is derived from

Presbuteros, an Elder, which occurs 67 times, and is applied to seniors, or persons advanced in years, ancients, ancestors, fathers; or as an appellation of dignity, to chief men, heads of families, or of congregations. Apostles were sometimes called Elders, in the sense of a senior, or old man. See John 2nd and 3rd epistles, and 1 Pet. v. 1. Still we have the phrase "apostles and elders" contradistinguished several times. See Acts xv. 2, 4, 6, 22. Elder, as the name of an officer in the Christian congreration, is defined Acts xx. 17, 28; Titus 1.5, 7; 1 Pet. v. 1, 5; and is evidently synouymous with bishop, shepherd, ruler, &c., and the same duties of overseeing, ruling, teaching, &c., were attached to the office. See the qualifications of each, as given in 1 Tim, iii 1-7; Titus i, 5-9. ELECTION, eklogee, choice, chosen, approved, beloved: it occurs only 7 times. See

HOSEN.

ELIJAH, or | ELIAS, God is my Lord, a

prophet of Israel, a native of the town of Tishbe, situated in the land of Gilead, beyond Jordan. See I Kings xvii-xix, xxi. 17-29; 2 Kings i., ii. 1-14; ix. 36; x. 10, 17; 2 Chron. xxi. 12-15; Luke iv. 25, 26; Bom. xi. 1-5; James v. 17, 18. Tromised to be sent again to Israel, Mal. iv. 5; partially fulfilled in Laboratory. fuifilled in John the Baptist, who appeared in the spirit and power of Elijah, Luke i. 17; but was not actually that prophet, John i. 21-24.

ELISABETH, [oath of God,] the wife of Zacharias, mother of John the Baptist,

Luke i. 5.

ELISHA, (salvation of God.) a prophet of Israel, son of Shaphat, Elijah's successor, I Kings xix. 15-21; 2 Kings ii. 3, 11-27. iv-ix; Luke iv. 27. ELIUD, [God is my praise,] Matt. i. 14.

ELMODAN, [God of measure,] Luke iii. 27. ELYMAS, [a magician,] or Bar-Jesus, struck

hind for opposing Paul, Acts xiii. 8, 11: EMBALMING, an ancient art of preserving the body from decay. The Egypuans ex-celled in it, and the ancient Israelites imitated them. Mentioned Gen. 1. 2, 3, 26; 2 Chron. xvi. 14; John xix. 29, 40. EMERALD. See Precious Stones.

EMMANY, (people despised,) a town of Judea, 7 mi. s north of Jerusalem, Luke xxiv. 13. ENEAS, (lawlable, 1 Acts ix. 33. ENEMIES, laws concerning their treatment,

Exod. xxiii. 4; Prov. xxiv. 17; xxv. 21; Yatt. v. 41; Luke vi. 27-36; Rom. xii. 14-21; examples, Job xxxi. 20-31; 1 Sam. xxiv; xxvi; Psa. xxxv. 4-15; Luke xxii. 34; Acts vii. 60.
EXM[1 Y, spoken of, Gen. iii. 13; Rom. viii.

7; James iv. 4. ENOCH, [dedicated, disciplined,] son of Jared, and father of Methuselah, who pleased God, and was translated, Gen. v. 18-24; Luke iii. 37; Heb. xi. 5: Jude 14, 15.

ENON, [cloud, his fountain,] a place near Salim, west of the Jordan, where John bap-

tized. John iii. 23.

ENVY concenned, Psa. xxxvii.1; Prov. iii. 31; Rom. xiii.13; 1 Cor. iii.3; Gal. v. 21; James iii.14; v. 9: 1 Pct. ii. l. El'Al'HRAS, [agrecable,] mentioned Col. i.

: iv. 12.

EPAPHLODITUS, [agreeable, kandsome.] one sent by the Philippians with money to Paul when a prisoner at Rome. Phil. ii. 55; iv. 18. EPENETUS,

[laudable,] Paul's disciple. whom he calls a first-fruit of Achaia, Rom. xvi. 5.

EPHESIANS, Epistle to, written by Paul to the congregation at Ephesus, during his imprisonment at Rome, A. D. 01. The apostle shows that the calling of the Gen tiles was according to God's purpose, and was the development of the secret which had been hid from ages and general.

This grand secret he had opened by the Gentiles, "the had been hid from ages and generations. preaching of Christ to the Gentiles, "the hope of glory," and on account of which he had become "a prisoner of the Lord," and an ambassador in a chain." He exhorts both Gentiles and Jews, in consequence of this wall of separation being broken down, to maintain unity and peace. In the fourth chapter he gives sundry reasons why they should preserve unity, for all-whether Jews or Greeks, Barbarians, Sycthians, bondmen or freemen,—were but one body, animated by one spirit, cheered by one hope, governed by one Lord, while one faith was mutually entertained and confessed, ore immersion initiated both into the Anointed.

they were exhorted to keep the unity of the

Spirit in the band of peace.
EPHESUS, a city of Asia Minor, situated on
the river Cayster, 55 iniless, by E. of Smyrna, chiefly famed for a magnificent temple of Diana, accounted as one of the seven wonders of the world. It is said to have been 425 feet long, and 220 broad. Its roof was supported by 1.7 pillars, 70 feet high, 27 of which were curiously carved, and the rest polished. Here the apostle Paul planted Christianity, and labored for upwards of three years, and the apostle John is said to have spent most of his life, and closed it here.

EPHRAIM, [fruitful,] a town of Palestine, in the country belonging to the tribe of Ephraim, 8 miles N. E. of Jerusalem. John

EPICUREANS, [who gire assistance,] a sect ot philosophers who adopted the doctrines of Épicurus, who flourished at Athens, B. C. 300. They maintained that the world was made by chance, that there is no providence, no resurrection, no immortality, and that pleasure is the chief good. Acts vii.18.

EPISTLE, or LETTER. Twenty-one of the books of the New Testament are epistles. fourteen written by Paul, one by James, two by Peter, three by John, and one by Jude. The messages to the seven congregations, Rev. ii. and iii., are called epist.es. For a proper understanding of the epistles it is necessary to consider the time, occasion, design, and parties addressed.

The arrangement of the epistles, as found The arrangement of the episone, air date; in our Bible, is not the order of their date; but Lardner has given many reasons to but Lardner has been arrangement. The prove that it is the best arrangement. following order as to time is taken from "Horne's Introduction:"

EPISTLES OF PAUL. from Corinta, 1 Thess., A. D. 52 2 Theas., 5.2 " 46 52 Galatians " Ephesus, 1 Corinthians, 57 Romans. " Corinta, 2 Corinthians. " Philippi, 58 .. 61 Ephesiaus, Rome, .. Philippians, 62 .. 44 Colossians, 62 " દર Philemon, Italy, Hebrews. 1 Timothy. " Macedonia, Titus, " 2 Timothy, " Rome.

The other epistles were written between the years 61 and 69; those of John being the latest. Critics and chronologers have not all agreed on these dates, and there is great difficulty in deciding as to some of them.

Epistles of "commendation" were much adopted in the primitive church; they were letters of introduction, and secured the warmest hospitality, 2 Cor. iii. 1.

EQUITY, the great or golden rule, Lev. xix. 18; Matt. vii. 13; xxii. 30; Rom. xiii. 8;

James ii, 8.
ERASTUS, [lovely,] a Christian converted
by Paul, and trensurer of the city of Corinth. Acts xix. 22; Rom. xvi. 23; 2 Tim. iv. 26.

ESAU, [formed, finished, or according to some, covered with hair,] eldest son of Isaac by Rebekah, Gen. xxv. 21-34; xxvi. 34, 35; xxvii.; xxviii. 6-9, &c.; Heb. xi. 20; xii. 16,

EiLI, [near me,] son of Naggo, one of the ancestors of Jesus, Luke iii. 15.

and the one God was Father of all. Thus | ESPOUSALS, the act or ceremony of marriage, Jer. ii. 2; but sometimes means only betrothing, or making a matrimental engagement. Matt. i. 18; Luke 1. 27, 2 Cor.

ESRON, [the dart of joy,] mentioned Matt. 1.

ETERNAL, aioonios, rendered in the common version eternal, and everlasting, is the adjective form of the word aioon, age, and must be related to it in meaning. There is must be related to it in meaning. There is no equivalent word in English by which aioonios can be exactly rendered. See Age.

ETHOPIA, [in Hebrew, Cush, blackness, in Greek, heat,] a very extensive country of Africa, comprehending Abyssinia, Nubia, &c., lying south of Egypt, above Syene, the modern Assonan, Ezek. xxix. 10; xxx.6: Acts viii. 27.

EUBULUS, [prudent,] mentioned 2 Tim. iv.

21. EUNICE, [a good victory,] the mother of Timothy, and a Jewess by birth, but married to a Greek, Timothy's father, Acts Avi. 1; 2 Tim. i. 5.

EUODIAS, [sweet scent,] a female disciple at Philippi, Plul. iv. 2. EUNUCII, the name given to such officers as served in the inner courts, and chamber the state of the state bers of kings. See Isa. lvi. 3-5; Matt. xix. 11, 12; Acts viii. 27.

EUPHRATES, one of the largest and most celebrated rivers of Asia, on which account it is frequently styled "the river." It rises in the mountains of Armenia, and after pursuing a course of 1560 miles flows into the Persian Guit. Gen. ii 14: xv. 18; Josh. i. 4: and prophetica y alluded to, Jer. xiii. 1-8; Rev. ix. 14; xvi. 12. EUROCLYPON, a violent and dangerous

N. E. wind, common in the Mediterranean about the beginning of winter. Acts xxvii. It is called by sailors a Levanter.

EUTYCHUS, [fortunate,] a young man at Troas, who fell from an open window of

the third floor, while Paul was preaching into the court below, Acts xx. 5—12. EVANGELIST, [a publisher of ylad tidings,] a name which was given to those who went from place to place to preach the gospel, Philip, one of the seven deacons, is termed Timothy to "do the work of an Evange-list," 2 Tim. iv. 5. And in Eph. iv. 11. Euanggelistas (Evangelists) are expressly distinguished from pomenas kai didaskalous, (pastors and teachers,) showing the former

(pastors and teachers,) showing the former to be itinerant, the latter stationary. EVE, [living.] the name of the first woman, and mother of the human race, Gen. i. 26—31; ii.18—25; iii; iv. 1, 2, 25; v. 2; mentioned by Paul, 2 Cor. xi. 3; I Tim. ii.13, 14. EVENING. The Jews had two evenings.

The first was the after part of the day; the second was the hour or two immediately after dark. Where the word occus in Exod. xii. 0; Num. ix. 3; Deut.xxvii 4, &c., it reads in the original "between the evenings," and means the twilight. This was the time the paschal lamb was to be sacrificed. Deut. xvi. 6.

EVIL, sometimes signifies punishment; in with, sometimes signifies punishment; in which sense, and in which only, God is said to create it, Isal xlv. 7. Evil is also used synonymously with the word sin, in which sense God never creates it. For "God cannot be tempted with evil (sin,) neither tempteth (causeth to sin,) he any man," James i. 13. Ho poneros, the evil one, is a term in many places equivalent to ho dia-bolos, or ho Satanas. See Matt. v. 37, vi. 12

xiii. 19; Luke xi. 4; Eph. vi. 16; 2 Thess. ( 111. 3.

EXACTION censured, Deut. xv. 2; Matt. Luke in. 13.

EXAMINATION of self, expressly com-manded, 2 Cor. xiii. 5; Gal. vi. 4. See also

Matt. vii. 3: Luke xv. 17, 18; 1 Cor. xi. 28. EXCLUDE, or Excommunicate, is to separate or withdraw from an unworthy member of the congregation. An excluded person fortelts,—(1.) The fellowship of the church. Matt. xviii. 17. (2.) The common society of the members, except so far as civil relations require it, 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; Rom. xvi. 17. (3.) All the privileges belonging to the people of God. The design of exclusion is, (1.) To purge the church. (2.) To warn other members. (3.) To reclaim the offender.

EXHORIATION, paraklesis, exhortation, consolation, comfort, occurs 29 times. A christian duty. Acts xi. 23; xiii. 15; xv. 32; tiom. xii. 8, 1 Cor. xiv. 3.

FYE. In most languages this important organ le used by figurative application, ... the symbol of a large number of objects and ideas. Hence we read of an "evil eye," Mart, xx. 15; "bountful eye," Prov. xxii, 0, "haughty eyes," Prov. xi; 17; "wanton eyes," Isa. iii. 16; "eyes of an adulteress," 2 Pet. ii. 14; "the lust of the eyes," I John ii. 16. As applied to the Almighty, eyes denote his infinite knowledge, Prov. xv 3; Psa. xi. 4; watchful procudence, Psa. xxxii. 8, omaipresence, Heb. iv. 13; Rev. ii. 18; v. C. As applied to man, they denote the value. gan is used by figurative application, ... the o, omapresence, treative to; twey it, 15; tw eyes," so the angels of the nording, beeves," running to and fro the earth, to execute his judgments, and to watch and at-tend for his grovy. The eyes are said to be tend for his gjory. opened, when the mind is savingly instructed in spiritual things, Acts xxvi. 18; and sealed up, blinded, closed, or darkened, when the mind is destitute of spiritual knowledge, and so ignorant, obstinate, or biassed, that it cannot discern between good and evil. Isa, xliv. 13; Acts xxviii. 27; Rom. x1. 10.

FABLES, religious tales of human invension; the traditions of elders; the doctrines of men, not to be regarded, I Tini. i. 14; iv.7; vi. 20; Matt. xv. 9; Titus i. 14. FACE, in scripture, is often used to denote

presence in the general sense, and there is no other word to denote presence in the Hebrew language. It is used as a token of God's favor, Psa. xxxi. 16; lxvii. 1; Dan.ix. 17. Often found in the plural number in the original, probably referring to the faces of the cherubin, the symbol of the divine presence.

rAIR HAVENS, an unsafe harbor in Crete, N. E. of Cape Leon, or Matata. It bears the same name to this day. Acts xxvii. S.

SAITH, pistis, belief, trust, confidence, occurs 244 times, and the verb pisteuoo, I be heve, 245 times. The simple meaning of this term is, the conviction that the testimony is true. Hence Paul defines it to be "the confidence of things hoped for, the conviction of things not seen." Heb. xi. 1. "Without faith it is impossible to please God," Heb. xi. 6; that is, a belief of those things which he has made known for salration. See Jude 3; Acts viii. 12; Mark xvi. 15, 10; Acts xvi. 0, 22, xxviii. 20, 23, 31.

FAN. an instrument for separating chaff. from grain, formerly made in the shape of a shovel, with a long handle. Veith this tee grain was tossed into the air when the wind b'ew, so that the chaff was driven away. Matt. in. 12.

FASTING mentioned, Matt. ix. 14, 15; Mark n. 20; Luke v. 25; 2 Cor. vi. 5; with prayer, 1 Cor. vii. 5; the kind acceptable to Go? Joel ii. 12, 13; Zech. vii. 5-14; Matt. vi. 1, Joel II. 12, 13; Zech. VII. 5—14; Just. VI. 14, 18. Moses fasted vice for forty days, Deut, ix. 9, 18; Jesus, Matt. iv. 2; Luke iv. 2. Fasting in al. ages and among all nations, has een usual in times of distress; and though our Savior dia not appoint any fast days, yet he gave reasons, why after his death, his disciples hou d fast. Partial, or total abstinence from food, occasionally, is beneficia to both body and mind.

FATHER. This word, besides its obvious and primary sense bears, in Scripture, a number of other applications. Applied to God, to ancest vs, near or remote: is also applied as a title of respect to any head, chief, ruler, or elder, especially to kings, prophets, and priests; and the author, source, or beginner, of anything is said to be the father of it, and in this sense it is very commonly used in the East at the present day. The authority of a rather was very great in patriarchial times, and any outrage against a parent was made a capital crime. Lev. xx. 9.

. ULT, treatment of, in a brother, Matt. xviii. 15-7; Gal. vi. 12; to be mutually confesse James v. 16.

IX, [happy.] the successor of Cumanus in the government of Judea. Listory gives him a bad character, and he might well tremple at the words of Paul, Acts

weil tremble at the words of xxiv. 25.

FELLOWSHIP, Communion, or Joint Participation. There is a fellowship with the Father, and with the Son, and with each other 1 John 1. 3.7, which is both honorable and commendable; but there is a so a fellowship to be avoided, 1 Cor. x. 20; 2 Cor. i. 14. Fish. v. 11. The word also means a compunication of worldly substance for the benefit of others. See Acts ii. 42; Rom. xii. 15; xv. 27; 2 Cor. viii. 4; ix. 13; Gal. vi. 6; Phil. i. 5; iv. 15; Heb. xiii. 16.

vi. 6: Phil. i. 5: iv. 15: Heb. xii. 16. FESTIVALS, occasions of public religious observances, recurring at certain settimes, among the Hebrews. The festivals of divine appointment were: I. The Sabbath, or seventh day of the week. 2. The Passorer, which lasted eight days, beginning on the 15th of Nisan. Evod. xii. 14. 3. The Feast of Pentecost or of Weeks, fifty days after the Passorer. 4. The Feast of Trumpets held. Passover. 4. The Feast of Trumpets, held on the first and second days of Tizri, the commencement of the civil year, 5. The Day of Atonement, kept on the tenth of Tiz-ri, or September. 6. The Feast of In-gathring or of Tabernacles, which lasted for a week. 7. The Sabbatical Fear, during which the land was to lie fallow, and its spontaneous produce to be shared in common by servants, the poor, strangers, and cattle. It was the year of release from personal slavery, Exod. xx. 2: and from debt. Deut. xv. 1, 2. S. The Jubilec was a more solemn festival, held every seventh sabbatical year, that is, every littleth year. 9. The New Moon, at the beginning of the month. Other festivals were observed by the Jews. but of human origin: one of which is mentioned, John x. 22: the Feast of the Dedica tion, established by Judas Maccabees, li C. 176, to commemorate the cleansing of the temple, after its profanation by Antiochus.

Another feast was that of Lots, or Purim, when the entire book of Esther is read in the synagogue.

FESIUS, [festural, joyful.] successor of Felix, as governor of Judea, and appointed by Nero in the first year of his reign. Acts

XXIV. 27: XXV: XXVI. FIERY DARTS, javelins or arrows having combustible matter at the lower part, which being set on fire was duried against the enemy, or into towns to burn them.

FIG-TREE, a tree well known and very common in Palestine. The tree is large, and affords good shelter. See 1 Kings iv. 25: John I. 48. The blasting of the fig-tree by Jesus, (Matt. xxi. 19; Mark xi. 13, 13, 1 because he found no figs on it, when "the season of figs was not yet," is thought by many the figure of the figu filels to have been an unreasonable and petulantact. But it must be remembered that the tree was barren, which is proved bind the street and t act have shown the hypocritical exterior of the Jews, and prefigured their approaching mm?

FIGURE, shape, resemblance. Adam, Isaac. figures or types, as they shadowed forth Jesus Christ. Rom. v. 14: Heb. xi. 19. &c. 11TH, excrements; "the filth of the

MILTH, excrements; "the filth of the world," I Cor. iv. 13. The same word in the ong nal was applied to those poor wretches, who being taken from the dregs of the people, were sacrificed to Gentile deities. and loaded with curses, insults, and injuries, while on the way to the altars on which they were to bleed. Hence the al-

lusion.

FIRE, the state of combustion; flame. An emblem of fierce destruction; the symbol of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Fire of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Fire from heaven," "fire of the Lord," usually denotes lightning in the Old Testament; but, when connected with sacrifices, the "fire of the Lord" is often understood as the fire of the altar, and sometimes the ho-locaust itself. This fire was originally kindled supernaturally, and was ever after kept up. The "fire that never shall be quenched," Mark ix. 43, is a periphrasis for Gehemma. Kimchi (on Psa, xxvii. 13) says, "that it was a place in the land near to Jerusalem, and was a place contemptible; where they cast things defiled and car-casses; and there was there a continual fire to burn polluted things and bones; and therefore the condemnation of the wicked in a parabolical way is called Gehinnom."

FIRST. 1. What is before others, in time or order; so Adam is called the first man, and Christ the second Adam. 2. What exceeds others in degree of badness or of excel-lency; so Paul calls himself the first or chief

of sinners. Hence, FIRST-BORN or "FIRST-ERGOTTEN of every

creature" may mean the "chief of the whole creation." Col. i. 15.

FIRST-FRUITS. The first ripe products of the land of Israel, were accounted the Lord's property, and, as such were present-ed to him, through the priests, as an aced to him, through the priests, as an acknowledgment of their dependence on him, Exod. xxxiii. 10, 19. Christ is called the first-fruits of them that slept," 1 Cor. xv. 20; and the family of Stephanus, the arst fruit of Achata. I Cor. xvi. 15.
FISHERMEN, most of the apostles probably

were, Matt. iv. 8; Mark i. 16;

John xxi. 6; one caught to pay tribute, Matt. xvii. 27; fish with bread miraculeus-

ly multiplied by Jesus to feed thousands, Matt. xiv. 15-21; xv. 32-89; John vi. 5-14, LAX, "smoking flax," Matt. xii. 20. Flax FLAX,

being anciently used for the wicks of lamps. it refers to the wick of a lamp, which, for want of oil, becomes dim and ready to go

out, so that but little remains but smoke.
FLESH, (of animals) after the flood, permitted to be eaten, Gen. ix. 3. The word flesh is applied, generally, to both man and beast, Gen. vi. 13, 17, 19; vii. 15; but more particularly to mankind, and is in fact, the only Hebrew word, which answers to that term, Psa. cxlv. 21; Isa. xl. 5, 6. "Flesk and blood" is also an Hebraism for mankind in the present corruptible state. See 1 Co- xv. 50; Matt. xvi. 17; Gal. i. 16; Eph. vi. 12.

FLOOD, or GENERAL DELUGE, occurred A. M. 1656. See account, Gen. vi; vii. Referred to as a warning of Christ's coming, Matt. xxiv, 38; Luke xvii. 27; as an assurance that God will punish sin, 2 Pet. ii. 5; also, as a type of baptism and salvation, 1 Pet. vii. 20; and of the final destruction of un-

godly men. 2 Pet. iii. 6, 7.
OLLOW "the Lamb whithersoever he FÜLLÖW goes," Rev. xiv. 4. An allusion to the oath taken by the Roman soldiers, part of which was to follow their generals wherever they

should lead. See 2 Sam. xv. 21.

"clean." See Lev. xi. and Deut. xiv. The reasons seems to have been moral, politireasons seems to have been moral, pointeal, and physiological; and particularly to keep Israel distinct from other people. Lev. xx. 21—20; Deut. xiv. 2, 3. Kearly every creature pronounced unclean was held sacred by adjacent nations. Ensnaring intercourse with idolaters was thus cffeetually obstructed, as those who cannot eat and drink together, are not likely to become intimate. Christians are forbidden to eat blood, things strangled, and things offered to idols. See Acts xv. There is no record, that the flesh of animals was used as food by the antidiluvians, as permission to use it was first given to Noah, Gen. 1x. 3. Fruit evidently was the primeval food of man, Gen. 11. 16; anatomy and physiology prove that it is best adapted for the full development and sustenance of man's physical, intellectual, and moral nature; and to partake of the fruit of the tree of life, in the future, is held forth as the highest possible good.

FOOL. The fool of Scripture is not an idiot.

but an absurd person; not one who does not reason at all, but one who reasons wrong; also any one who is not regulated by the dictates of reason and religion. Whatever is without good reason, and does Whatever is without good reason, and does not secure men's true and future good, 18 foolish; hence we read of foolish talking, foolish lusts, foolish questions, &c., Eph. v. 4; 1 Tim. vi. 9; Titus ii. 9.

FORHEARANCE recommended, Mart. xviii.

33; 1 Cor. xiii. 4, 7; Eph. iv. 2; Col. iii. 13; 1 Thess. v. 14; manifested by God to man,

1 Iness. V. 14; mannested by God to man, Psa. l. 21; Eccl. viii. 11; Matt. xviii. 27; Rom. ii. 4; 2 Pet. iii. 9, 15. FOREHEAD. Public profession of religion. Rev. vii. 3, 13, 16; xiv. 1. Marks on the forehead may be illustrated by the custom. in idolatrous countries, of bearing on the

forehead the mark of the gods whose vota-ries they are. Some, however, think it an probably from Ephesus, A. D. 53, and 61sallusion to the custom of marking cattle,

Action to the custom of marking cattle, &c., with the sign of owner-slip.
FortEKNOWLLDGE, prognosis, occurs twice, Acts ii. 22; 1 Pet. i. 2; prognosko, I foreknow, occurs five times, Acts Avvi. 5; 1 Pen. i. 20; 2 Pet. ii. 17. Know in the Hebrew dienn, signifies sometimes to approve, such nowledge, and to make known. "The Lord knows (approve) them that are his." "The world knows (acknowledges) us not."

FORGIVENESS promised, Isa. Iv. 7; Lukei. 77; xxiv. 47 Acts ii 35, &c.; enjoined Matt. vi. 15; xviii. 21 Eph. iv. 32; Col. iii

18, James ii. 13. IORNICATION means, 1. Criminal intercourse between unmarried persons, 1 Cor. vii. 2. 2. Adultery, Matt. v. 32. 5. Idolatry, 2 Chron. xxi. 11. 4 Heresy, Rev. xix. 2. The word occurs much more frequently in its metaphorical than in its ordinary sense.

Jer. iii. 8, 9; Ezek. xvi. 20.

FURTUNATAS, [lucky. fortunate.] a discipe mentioned I Cor. xvi. 17, who visited Paul at Epheeus.

FOX, wild animal, probably a jackal, mentioned historically. Indees ye. 4, 5, 1 and FOA, "wild anima, probably a jackar, northined historically, Judges xv. 4, 5; Lam. v. 18; comparatively, Matt. viii. 20; symbolically for a cunning and deceitful person, Ezek. xiii. 4; Luke xiii. 52.
FRANKINCENSE, a sweet scented gum, used in the inceuse, which when placed on

live coals, sends up a dense fragrant smoke. Luke i. 10; Rev viii. 32. FROGS, plague of, Exod. viii. The frog was held sacred in Egypt, because it was the emblem of Orisis; and was produced by the Nile, which was also esteemed as pecu liarly sacred; thus Jehovah used their very ods as a means to punish them.

FRUGALITY recommended, Prov. xviii. 9;

John vi. 12.

FRUITS used figuratively for proofs, Matt. iii. 8; vii. 16; 2 Cor. ix. 10, Gal. v. 22, 23;

Phil. 1. 11; James iii. 17.
PULNESS OF TIME, plernoma ton chronon, the fulness or completion of any period of time, Gal iv. 4; Eph. i. 10. The completion of the period which was to precede the Messiah.

FULNESS OF THE GENTILES. The com-pletion of the salvation of the Gentiles,

during the present dispensation. FUNLONG, the eighth part of a mile, Luke xxiv. 18; John vi. 19; xi. 18.

GABBATHA, [high, elevated, or the pare-

wient,] a large court or apartment, used as l'inte's judgment seat, John xix, 13. It

Prace's Judgment Seat, John XIX. 15. It was evidently outside of the prætorium.

GABRIEL, [the mighty one of God.] the angel, mentioned Luke i. 11, 16, who appeared at different times to Daniel, Zacharias, &c. Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21.

GADARA, the chief city of Perea, in Colo-Syria, a few miles east of the Lake Tiberias. Mark v. 1. GADARENES, the inhabitants of Gadara.

Luke viii. 26.

GAIUS, [lord, carthy,] the name of one or two eminent Christians, mentioned Acts

xix. 29; xx. 4; 1 Cor. i. 14; 3 John 1.
GALATIA, an extensive province of Asia
Minor, bounded on the north by Bithynia and Paphlagonia, on the south by Lycaonia, on the east by Pontus and Cappadoeia, and on the west by Physgia and Eithynia It took its name from the Gauts who settled there 150 years B. C.

cusses much the same topics as that to the Romans, but a little fuller on one or two points. Having founded the congregation of Galatia, he speaks authoritative y as a teacher and an apostle. The principal topics discussed are, -his apostone character, the gifts thich the Holy Spirit conferred by his hands, the Abrahamic gospel and covenant, the promised inheritance of the land, the law of Smai, and the contrast between the two covenants.

GALILEE, wheel, heap, the northern part of Paiestine, avided into Upper and Lower. Upper Gaillee, the northern portion, was called "Galilee of the Gentiles," from its having a more mixed population, i. e. less purely Jewish than the others. This mixture of population corrupted the dialect, hence Peter was detected by his speech, Mark xiv. 70. The disciples were mostly from this country, and on this account were called Galileans. Luke xxiii. 6: Acts

ii. 7.

- Sea of. See GENNESARETH,

GALL, a general name for whatever is very bitter or nauscous. Primarry it denotes the substance secreted in the gall-blader of animals, commonly called bile. Metaphorically is means great trouble, Jer. viii. 14; exceeding wickedness, Amos vi. 12;

abominable depravity, Acts viii. 25.
GALLIO, [who lives on milk.] proconsul of Achaia, A. D. 53, elder brother to Seneca, the famous moralist. The Jews drugged Paul before his tribunal. Acts xviii. 12.

GAMALIEL, [recompense of God.] the dis-tinguished Pharisee under whom Paul studied law, grandson of Hillel, the famous Rabbi.

GARDEN, a place planted with beautiful plants and fruit-bearing and other trees, and generally bedged or walled. Several gardens are mentioned in the Scriptures; as the garden of Eden, Abab's garden of herbs, the royal garden near the fortress of Zion, the royal garden of the Persian kings at Susa, the garden of Joseph of Arimathes, and the garden of Gethsemane.

See John xviii. 1; Xix. 41.

GARMENTS. To lay up stores of raiment, especially by the rich, was very common in the East, where the fashion of dress selden changes. Sometimes thousands of garments were laid up. Hence Jesus warms nien of the folly of laying up treasures which the moth may consume. Matt. vi. 19; Luke xit. 33; James v. 2. Princes, especially creatkings and priests, generally wore white garments. White was also worn on occasions of great joy. In mourning men generally were sackcloth or hairc.oth. Hence garment is used as a symbol of the condition or state a person is in. To be clothed in white, denctes prosperity crvictory. To put on clean garments after washing signifies freedom from care and evil, torether with honor and jey.

GATE, the entrance to a residence or fortified place. Gates are put figuratively for public places of towns and palaces. The gates of a town are also put for the town itself. The gates of death is a metaphorical expression expressive of imminent danger of death. The gates of hades is used in a similar manner for counsels, designs, or authority. Matt. xvi. 18.

GAZA, [strong, or a goat,] a city of the Philistines. Referred to as "Gaza, which is desert," Acts viil. 26.

GEHENNA, the Greek word translated hell ! in the common version, occurs 12 times. It is the Grecian mode of spening the Hebrew words which are translated, "The valley of Hinnom." This valley was also rulled Tophet, a detestation, an abomination. Into this place were east all kinds of figh, with the careasses of beasts, and the unburied bodies of criminals who had been executed. Continual fires were kept to consume these. Sennacherib's army 185,000 men were slain here in one night. Here children were also burnt to death in sacrifice to Moloch. Gehenna, then, as occurring in the New Testament, symbolizes death and after destruction, but in no place splices a place of eternal torment.

6. NEALOGY, a list of ancestors, set down

b th in their direct and collateral order. The Hebrews carefully preserved their family registers, through a period of more than 3500 years. Without these genealogies the priests could not exercise their sacred office, See Ezraii. 62. It appears that the principal design of preserving accurate that the principal design of preserving accurate that of the appears of feel's ancient periods. ists of the ancestry of God's ancient people, was, that it might be certainly known of what tribe and family the Messiah was born. The difference in the genealogies of Christ, as given by Matthew and Luke, arose from one giving the line of Joseph, and the other of Mary. The Jews lost their registers after the war with the Romans, and their final dispersion.

GENERATION, genea, occurs 40 times, and means sometimes a line of descent, as in Matt. i. 1: or persons existing at any part cular period, Matt. i. 17. Some translate genea which occurs in Matt. xxiv. 34, by the word race, which sense is searcely ad Macknight says that hee genea mussible. autee, as it is found in that passage, means

the generation of persons then living con-temporary with Christ.

NNESARETH, [garden of the prince,] a fine lake, 17 mi es long, and 5 or 6 broad. situated about 59 miles nort, of Jerusalem. Its waters are very pure and sweet, and it abounds with fish. It is surrounded by fine scenery, and was much frequented by Savior and his disciples. It is a so called Chinnereth, Num. xxxiv. 11: the Sea of Cali-lee, Matt. iv. 18, and the Sec of Therias, John vi. 1, 23.

GENTILES, literally, the natious; and was applied by the Jews to all who were not of their religion, or who were ignorant of

God.

GENTLENESS, though little admired by the world, compared with enterprise, bravery, w., is in the sight of God, an imperative virtue, James in. 17. Recommended, 2 Tim. ii. Titus iii. 2. Chast an examthe apostles, 1 Thess. ii. 7. pie, 2 Cor. \_\_\_ the apostles, 1 Thess. ii. 7. iERGESENES, those who come from pilgrim-

age, a people mentioned Matt. vii. 28; piobably the same as Gadarenes.

J. Tils EMAN E, [a very fat valley,] a retired sanden at the foot of Mount of Olives, Luke x .. ii. 10. The remains of its stone wall are yet seen, and eight ancient olive trees. Matt. xxvi.?0-40.

GIFT OF THE HOLY SPIRIT. This phrase occurs twice, Acts ii. 38; x. 45. It is called "the gift of God," Acts viii. 20, and "the same jift," xi. 17. Dorea and not chars, is th. word used here for gift. Horeus 18 also fund in John w 10, Rom v. 15 17; 2 Cor v. 15 Eph mi 7: w 7; Heb vi 4—in all

Greek writers never use doxa, in the senof light and splendor, though it is often found in the Scriptures with that meaning 22; Lev. xvi. 4; non vii. 1, 2. The following passages will illustrate the New Testam... use, Matt. vi. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 41; Heb. i. 3; 4c; i. 23; 2 Thess. i. 7: 1 Cor.

GLUTTONY censured, Deut, xxi. 20: Prov.

xxiii.1, 20; xxv 10; 1 Pet. iv 3. GNASIIING of teeth, rage, Psa. xxxv. 16; Acts vii. 54: anguist, Psa. cxii. 10: Matt. viii. 12: xiii, 42, 50: xxii. 13.

viii. 12: xiii. 42, 50: xxii. 10. GNAT, a small winged insect, very common in warm countries. Our Savior's allusion to the gnat is a kind of proverb, "Bund guides! who strain (or filter) out a gnat, and swallow a camel." This he applied to those who were superstit ously anxious in avoiding small faults, yet did not scruple to commit the greatest sins. The Jewish law reckoned both gnats and camels un-

clean.

GOD, the Supreme, Omnipotent, and Eternal one, of whom are all things. The two prinone, of whom are all things. The two principal Hebrew names of the Supreme Being used in the Scriptures are Jehovah, for Fah-veh.) and Elohim. Dr. Havernick defines Jehovah to be the Eristing One. and consid-ers Elohim. though in the plural number. as the abstract expression for absolute Derty. Jehoreh, however, he regards as the revealed Elohim, the Manifesi, Only, Personal, and Holy Elohim; Elohim is the Creator, Jehovah the Redeemer, &c. In a subordinate sense the term Elohim, or gods, is applied to angels. Psa xevi. 7; Heb. i. 6; to judges or great men. Exod. xxil. 28; Psa. lxxxii. 1: John x 34. 85; 1 Cor. viii. 5; and to idols. Pout. xxxii. 17, GOG and MAGOG, mentioned Ezek. xxxviii;

xxxix: Rev. xx. 8. GOLD, employed as a comparison, Paa xix 10; as a simile, Job xxii. 10: 1 Pet. i. 7.

Rev. xxi. 18, 21.

GOLGOTHA, [a heap of skulls.] See CALVART. GOMORRAH, [rebellious people.] See Sodon. GOSPEL, euanggelion, good news, glad tid-ines. Gospel is a Saxon word, meaning, God's spell, or the Wood o, God, embracing "the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Anointed," Acts viii. 12, and the 10yful news that salvation and an inheritance in that kingdom may be obtained through faith and obedience. Euanggenon occurs 76 times: euanggelizo. to proclaim good news, 56 times; from which also evanggenstar, evangelists, one who tells glad tidings. Acts xxi. 8; Eph. iv. 11; 2 Tim iv. 5 GRACE, charis, favor, and occurs 156 times.

The lexicous attach some fifteen meanings to it. Parkburst observes, "While the miraculous influences of the Spirit are called gifts, or separately a gift; and though I firmly believe his blessed operations or influences in the hearts of ordinary believers in general; yet, that charis, is ever in the New Testament particularly used for these, is more than I dare, after atten-tive examination, assert."

GRASS, in the common version, generally signifies herbage, or all shrubs not included under the term tree. Matt. vi. 30: Rev. viit. 7. Grass "cast into the oven." Shaw tells 13. Eph ni 7: 1v 7; Heb vi 4—in all us that myrtle, rosemary, and other plants, are used in Barbary to heat their ovens.

TREECE, in He orew Javan, Isa. Ixvi. 19; a | HALLELUJAH or ALLELUIA. See ALLELUIA. country in the S. E. of Larope, extending 400 miles from north to south, and 850 from east to west. Few countries are more favored by nature, as to soil, climate, and productions. Many of the most renewned men of antiquity had ther birth here. Part of ancient Greece is now treluded in Albania and Roumelia in Turkey. Mentioned Dan. viii. 21—15; x. 2s; xi. 2; Zech. ix. 13;

Acts xx. 2.

\*\*CRECIANS. Grocks, the inhabitants of Greece, Joel in. 6. Sometimes this word means not Greeks, but Jews, using the Greek language, called Hellenists, Acts vi. Greek language, called Helienists, Acts vi. 1; 1x. 29; xi. 19—1; Greeks were so by nation or birth; sometimes the name was used for Gentiles in general," Acts xx. 21; Rom. i. 16; 1 Cor. i. 22—24.

GUEST-CHAMBER, Mark xiv. 14; Luke xxii. 11. In the East, respectable house-balders have a company that the constitution.

holders have a room which they call the stranger's room, which is specially set apart for the use of guests.

HABAKKUK, [a farorite,] a Jewish prophet who flourished about 610 B. C., and wrote the book which bears his name. His name does not occur in the New Testament, but a quotation is made from his prophecy by

Paul, Acts xiii. 4t. HADES, occurs II times in the Greek Testament, and is improperly translated in the common version 10 times by the word hell. It is the word used in the Septuagint as a translation of the Hebrew word sheet, denoting the abode or world of the dead, and means literally that which is in darkness, hidden, mussible, or obscure. As the word hades did not come to the Hebrews from any classical source, or with any classical meanings, but through the Septuagint, as a translation of their own word sheel, therefore in order to properly define its meaning recourse must be had to the various passages where it is found. The Hebrew word sheal is translated by hades, in the Septuagint, 60 times out of 63; and though sheel in many places, (such as, Gen. xxxv. 35; xlii. 28; 1 Sam. ii. 7; 1 Kings ii. 6; Job xiv. 13; xvii. 18, 16, &c.,) may signify keber, the grave, as the common re signly keep, the grat, as the more ceptacle of the dead, yet it has the more general meaning of death; a state of death; the dominion of death. To translate hades by the word hell, as it is done ten times out of eleren in the New Testament, is very improper, unless it has the Saxon meaning of helan, to cover, attached to it. The primi-tive signification of hell, only denoting what was secret on concealed, perfectly corresponds with the Greek term hades and its Hebrew equivalent sheel, but the theological definition given to it at the present day by no means expresses it.

HAGAR, [a stranger,] a native of Egypt, and servant of Abraham, Gen. xii. 16; xvi. 1.

&c.: Gal. iv. 22-31.

HAGGAI, [solemn feast,] the tenth of the minor prophets. His prophecy was given during the rebuilding of the temple, B. C.

HALL, a symbol of violent enemies, Isa. axviii, 2, 3; xxx. 80, 31; xxxii. 19; Rev. vni.

HAIR, precepts regarding it, 1 Cor. xi. 14-16; 1 Tim. ii 9; 1 Pet. iii. 2. "Cutting off the halr," was a sign of c stress; "plucking off the hair," was one of the most disgrace-I il punishments; "hairs white like wool," was emplematic of majesty and wisdom.

HAND, the organ of feering, rightly denon-inated by Garn the instrument of instru-ments. It serves to distinguish man from other terrestrial beings, and noother animal has any member comparable with it. The right hand has a preference, hence the many alusions to it. The phrase "sitting at the right hand of God," as applied to the Messiah, is derived from the fact that a position at the right hand of the throne earthly monarchs was accounted the chief place of honor, dignity, and power; so when Jesus declared before Caiaphas, that "je shall see the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power, and coming in the clouds of heaven," Matt. xxvi. 64: Mark xiv. 62, he obviously meant to say, that his present humiliation would be succeeded by plory, maiesty, and power. To lay the hand giory, majesty, and power. To lay the hand on any one was a means of pointing him out, and consequently an emblem of setting any one apart for a particular office or dignity. Hence the ceremony of imposition of hands, was at an early period, observed on the appointment and consecration of persons to high and holy undertakings

HARLOT, or PROSTITUTE, frequently used figuratively for an idolatrous community. Cities were formerly represented under the types of virgins, wives, widows, and harlots, according to their various conditions; hence the true church is symbolized by a chaste bride, and an apostate or worldly religious community is depicted by a harlor.

HARVEST, the time of gathering the truits of the earth. In Palestine it began in March, and ended about the middle of May. It is symbolical of the season of future reward-particularly the punishment of the wicked, Matt. ix; xiii; John iv. 35. HATE. This word is often used in Scripture,

as in common conversation, to signify an inferior degree of love, of attachment, or of liking; but not to defeat or abhor. Thus it is written, "Jacob have I loved; but Esan have I hated," that is, loved in an inferior degree to Jacob. So Luke xiv. 26, is to be understood.

HATRED condemned, Lev. xix. 17; Prov. x. 12, 18; xxvi. 24; 1 John ii. 9; iii. 15. HEAD, frequently denotes sorreignty, as it

is the seat of the understanding or governing principle in man; hence the chief of a people, or the metropolis of a country. So Christ is called the head of his body, the church, Eph. v. 23; and of all things, Eph.

i. 22, Col. ii. 10. HEAR, to receive the sounds by the ear. To lear the word of God, means, (1.) A mere listening, without laying to heart, Matt. xiii. 10: (2.) to yield a willing assent, with a firm purpose to believe and obey it. John viii. 47. God is said to bear prayer when he grants our requests.

MEARING, to be with profit, Deut. iv. 9, 10; Matt. vii. 24; Rom. ii. 13; lleb. ii. 1; xii. 25; James i. 22.

HEART, the centre of animal life, is used metaphorically for all the affections, and the whole faculties of man. Heart constantly occurs, where mind is to be understood, and would be used by a modern English writer. "Out of the heart" every evil is said to proceed," Matt. xv. 18; and as the great evil which corrupts and defiles the heart is unbelief, so the only purifier of the heart mentioned in Scripture is foith,

Acts xv. 9. HEAVEN. The Jews spoke of three heavens, -(1) The atmosphere, or lower region of the air, in which birds and vapors ily, Job xxv. 11; Matt. xvi. 1. (2.) The expanse above, in which the stars are disposed, and which they seem to have thought was a solid concave. Matt. xviv. 29. (3.) The habitation of God, where his power and glory are more immediately and fully manifested. Heaven is always the symbol of government; the higher places is always the symbol of government; the higher places is always the symbol of government; The "biredom the destruction of the infants at lettlein the political universe. The "kingdom of heaven," is the same as the kingdom of God, Matt. x. 7; Luke ix. 2; and is Messiah's reign on earth. See Psa. lxxii; Dan.

vii.14, 27; Matt. xxv. 31-34.

IIEBER, [one that passes] the grandson of Shem, Luke iii. 35, and from whom it is supposed that Abraham and his posterity

derived the name of Hebrews.

HEBREWS, [descendants of Heber,] the name by which a Jew desired to be known in the earliest and latest periods of his nation, 2 Cor. xi. 22. Abraham was known by it on his arrival in Canaan. It signifies that he was the proper heir of Shem, the father of all the children of Heber. An "Hebrew of the Hebrews" is one, both of whose parents are Ilebrews. Phil. iii. 5.

rents are Hebrews. This is generally con-ceded that Paul was the writer, because the style appears to be his. Probably writ-ten about A. D. 63-65. It was addressed to believing Hebrews irrespective of any particular place, and apparently designed to save them from the sin of apostacy, through the persecutions to which they were subjected by their unbelieving brethren. Hence the writer shows the superiority of Christianity to Judaism; that Christ was far superior to Moses; affords a more secure and complete salvation; and that in point of dignity, perpetuity, sufficiency, and suitableness, the Jewish priesthood and sacrifices were far inferior to those of Christ, who was the substance and reality, whilst these were but the type and shadow. These and simflar comparisons and arguments are used, and the examples of ancient worthies adduced, to fortify the minds of those who were suffering persecution, and to induce them to hold fast the confession of the hope without wavering. epistle is an admirable exposition and supplement to those to the Romans and Gaiatians.

HEIR, one who is to succeed to an estate. Christians are heirs of God both by birth and by will; an important and delightful

consideration.

HELI, [ascending, climbing up.] the father of Joseph, the husband of Mary. Luke 11. 23.

See HADES and GEHENNA.

HELLENIST, a name given to persons of Jewish extraction, who nevertheless talked Greek as their mother tongue. Acts vi. 1. HELMET, a cap of metal or strong leather

for protecting a soldier's head. I Sam. xvii. 3. Salvation is God's helmet; the hope of it rendering Christians courageous in their spiritual warfare. Eph. vi. 17; 1 Thess. v. 8.

HERESY, hairesis, occurs 9 times, and is translated both sect and heresy. In scripture usage it generally means a sect, or schism, rather than the opinions embraced by the sect. Christianity was called a sect, or heresy, by Tertullus and the profane

or heresy, by Tertunus and the profane Jews. Acts xxiv. 5, 14.
HERETIC, airctikos, factionist, sectarian, occurs but once. Titus iii. 10. One who makes aparty or faction.
HERMAS and HERMES, [mercury, gain,] two disciples mentioned Rom. xvi. 14.

the destruction of the infants at Lethlehem. (2.) Herod Antipas, son of Herod the Great, tetrarch of Galilee and Perea. He oreat, tetraren of Gainee and Ferea. He beheaded John, and arrayed Jesus in mock royalty, when sent to him by Pilate. (3.) Herod Agrippa, the son of Aristobulus, and grandson of Herod the Great, who caused the murder of James, the son of Zebedee, and desired to kill Peter also. See his awful death described, Acts xii. 23; and by Josephus, (Antiq. xix. 8,) in the 54th year of his age. (4.) Herod Agrippa II., son of the preceding—the one called Agrippa, before whom Paul made his defence. Acts xxvi.

HERODIAN, [song of Juno,] Paul's kinsman.

Rom. xvi. 11.

HERODIANS, a class of Jews that existed in the time of Jesus Christ, whether of a political or religious description it is not easy to say for want of materials to determine. Mentioned, Mark iii. 6; xii. 13; Matt. xxii. 16; Luke xx. 20.

HERODIAS, sister of Herod Agrippa, and grand-daughter of Herod the Great, mar-ried to her uncle Philip, and afterwards sinfully connected with his brother Herod

Antipas.
HIERAPOLIS, [holy city,] a city situated in Phrygia, near Colosse and Laodicea. If the city situated in Phrygia, near Colosse and Laodicea. was destroyed by an earthquake in the times of the apostles. Its ruins indicate that it was one of the most glorious cities of the world. Col. iv. 13. It is now called Pambuk Kalasi. HIRED, "no man has hired us." Matt. xx.

7. Morier, the traveler, says that he saw, in the east, laborers with spades, &c., in their hands, standing in the market-place, before sun-rise, in order to be hired for the day, to work in the surrounding fields.

HIKELING, a man employed to take care of

sheep, to whom wages were paid. Also indicates a pastor who cares more for the fleeve than the good of the flock. John x. 12.

HOLINESS, treedom from sin, and devoted-ness to God; without it none can see God.

Heb. xii. 14.

HOLY, persons, places, and things so called, which are separated to the Lord, Exod. xix. which are separated to the Lord, Exod. xix. 6; Lev. xxi. 33; Num. xxxi. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 9; while Jehovah is called "the Holy One of Israel," 2 Kings xix. 22; Psa. lxxi. 22, &c.; and the Spirit of God is frequently denominated "the Holy Spirit."

nated "the Holy Spirit."

HONESTY enjoined, Lev. xix. 13, 35; Deut. xxv. 13; Matt. vi. S, 11; Mark x. 19.

HONEY, one of the blessings of Canaan, Deut. xxxii. 13; Judges xiv. 8—18; I Sam. xiv; Matt. iii. 4.

HONOIt, timee, occurs 43 times, and means price, reward, maintenance, as well as respect, veneration, &c. Double honor indicates greater liberality or support. I Tim. cates greater liberality or support. 1 Tim. v. 17, 18.

HOPE, the confident expectation of the things promised. See Rom. v. 4, 5; xv. 13; Heb. vi. 9-12. The hope of life in the age to come is founded on Christ. Rom. viii. 24; Col. i. 27; 1 Thess. i. 3; 2 Thess. ii. 16: Titus i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 13; and is a cause of joy, Rom. xii. 12; xv. 4, 13; Heb. iii. 6. HORN, a symbol of strength, and a well-known

symbol of a king. HORSE, a symbol of war and conquest; the color or equipage of a horse represents the condition of his rider. White de-notes victory and prosperity; black repre-sents distress and general calamity; red denotes war and fierce hostility; pale is the symbol of death and destruction.

HOSANNA, a form of acc amatory blessing or wishing well, signifying, Save now! Succor now! Be now propitious! Matt. xxi 9. This passage fairly construed would mean, "Lord, preserve this Son of David; heap favors and blessings on him!

HOSEA, [a savior,] the first of the minor prophets, generally supposed to have been a native of the kingdom of Israel, and who prophesied for about 60 years, between 7:0 and 7:4 B. C. Paul quotes from his prophecy in Rom. ix. 25.

HOSPITALITY, the practise of receiving strangers into one's house and giving them suitable entertainment. Recommended,

Rom. xii. 13; 1 Tim. iii. 2; Titus i. 3; Heb. xii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9.

OUR. The Jews in the time of Christ divided the day into twelve equal parts, which of course varied in length according to the different seasons. The earliest mention of different seasons. The earliest mention of hour is in Dan, iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 5. Very frequently hour is used for a fixed season or opportunity, and is an emblem of a very short period of time.

HUMILITY taught, Micah vi. 8; Matt. xviii. 4; xxin. 12; anke xviii. 14; Rom. xii. 3, 10,

16: Rom ii. 3, &c.

HUNGER, an established symbol of afflic-tion. To "hunger and thirst no more," denotes a perpetual exemption from all affliction.

HUSBANDS, their duty, Gen. ii. 24; Mal. ii. 14, 15; 1 Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 19; 1 Pet. iii. 7. HYACINTH. See Prictous Stones.

IYMENEUS, [nuptial, marriage,] men.

YMENEUS, [nuptial, marriage,] mentioned 1 Tim. i; 20; 2 Tim. ii. 17.

HYMNS or PSALMS, used as part of worship. The book of Psalms, used as part of worship. The book of Psalms contained the "hymns and spiritual songs," commonly sung by the Jews and early Christians. The Psalms are called, in general, hymns, by Philo the Jew; and Josephus calls them "songs and hymns.

HYPOCRITE, one who feigns to be what he is not. Matt. xxiii. The original word properly signifies "players disguised," as the Grecian actors used to be, in masks.

[CONIUM, [I come,] a town of Asia Minor, visited by the apostles. It was the capital of Lycaonia, 150 m iles W. N. W. of Tarsus. Acts xii. 51; xiv. 1, 10; xvi. 2: 2 Tim. iii.

IDLENESS censured, Rom. xII. II; I Thess, iv. II; 2 Thess. iii. 10, &c. "Idle word," Matt. xii. 30, in the Greek means false,

slandering pernicious word.

IDOL, IDOLATILY, not only applied to heathen deities and their worship, but to anything too much and sinfully indulged. 1 John v. 21.

IDUMEA, {red, earthy,} a country lying in the north of Arabia, and south of Judea.

Mark lii 18.
IGNORANCE, voluntary, censured, John in. 19: 2 Pet. Iii. 5; involuntary, excusable, Johnix. 41; 1 Tim. i. 13. but not when there are means of information, John iii. ly; v. 40; Acts avii. 11, 30; 2 Pet. iii. 5. ULYFICUM 1909, a province lying N. W.

of Macedon, along the castern coast of the Adriatic Gulf, and now called Sclavon... Rom. xv. 19.

IMMANUEL, [God with us,] a name given to our Lord Jesus Christ, Isa. vii. 14; Mat. i.

IMMORTAL, deathless; does not occur once in the original, and only once even in the common version, 1 Tim. i. 17, where it ought to be rendered incorruptible. It is

applied to God.
IMMORTALITY, deathlessness, only occurs atimes, 1 Cor. xv. 33, 54; 1 Tim. vi. 15—applied exclusively to God, and the glorified bodies of the saints. See Incorruptibili-

TY and Life.

TY and LIFE.

IMMUIABILITY, unchangeableness, ascribed to God, Psa. cii. 27: to his counsel, promise, and oath, Heb. vi. 17; 18; to Jesus Christ, Heb. xiii. 8.

IMPOSITION OF HANDS, OF LATING ON OF LATING ON OF HANDS.

HANDS. This phrase, denoting the com-munication of some gift, benefit, power, or office, (for an office is a gift,) occurs, Matt xix. 15; Mark vi. 5; Lukeiv. 10; xiii. 13; Acts vi. 6; viii. 17; xiii. 3; xix. 6; xxviii. 8; Acts vi. 6; xivii. 17; xiii. 3; xix. 6; xxviii. 8; Tim. iv. 14; Heb. vi. 2. The persons who laid on hands were Jesus, the Apostles, Prophets, Teachers, Elders, or the Presbytery. The persons on whom hards tery. The persons on whom hands were laid, were the sick, and such as desired to receive spiritual gifts, and those designated for public trusts and offices in or for the congregation.

IMPUTE, logizomai, occurs 41 times; and its primary and radical import is to reckon or account, being a word used in arithmetical calculations. It is used passively in Rom. iv. 3, 4, 5, 8, 0, 10; 2 Tim. iv. 10, &c. INCENSE, a compound of aromatics pro-

cured from trees, chiefly in Arabia, having when burnt, a most fragrant smell. not lawful to use it any place but the ten-

not tawin to use it any place but the temple. Exod. xxx. 7.8, 34; Luke i. 9.

INCORRUPTIBLE, God is, Rom. i. 23; 1 Tim. i. 17; so also his word, 1 Pet. i. 23; the bodies of the saints will be, 1 Cor. xv. 53; also, the inheritance, 1 Pet. i. 4. The Christian's crown will be incorruptible,

I Cor. ix. 25. INCORRUPTIBILITY, to be sought after, Rom. ii. 7; brought to view and illustrated in the gospel, 2 Tim. i. 10; corruptible na-tures must put it on in order to inherit

the kingdom of God, 1 Cor. xv. 42, 50, 53, 54.
INFIEMTIES. (1.) Bodily weaknesses,
Matt. viii. 17; Isa. liii. 4. (2.) Weakness of
human nature, Gal. iv. 13; Rom. viii. fo. Mere infirmities are not sins, except so far as we bring them on ourselves. Christians are bound to pay a tender regard to the infirmities of others. Rom. xv. 1.

INGRATITUDE censured, Psa. vii. 4: cvi. 7: Prov. xvii. 13: 2 Tim. iii. 2: instances of, Gen. xl. 23: Judges viii. 34: 1 Sam. xviii.

6-30.

INN, in our Bible, generally means a cararansera. Usually they are simply places
of rest, near a fountain, if possible: others' have an attendant, who merely waits on travelers: and others have a family, which sell provisions. They are found in every part of the East. In the stable of such a place, the better parts being all occupied, Jesus was born. Luke ii. 7. INSCRIPTION or SUPERSCRIPTION, WILL-

ing on coins, pillars, &c. Much of the history of nations may be learnt from them, Matt. xx. 20. The history of Greece for 1318 years, is inscribed on the Arundel marbleParts of the law of Moses were inscribed on |

the altar at Ebul. Dout. xxiii. 8. IN FERCESSION of Christ for us, Rom. viii. 34; Heb. vii. 25; 1 John ii 1; to be made by us for others, Rom. xv. 30; 2 Cor. i. 11; Eph. i. 16; vi. 18, 19; Col. iv. 3, &c.; in-stances, Gen. xviii. 23—33, &c.

stances, Gen. XVIII. 2-33, &C.
IRON, a well known, strong, and useful
metal, and known very anciently, Gen. iv.
22. Moses speaks of its hardness, Lev.
xxvi. 19; of the iron mines, Deut. viii. 9;
and of the furnace in which it was made,
Deut. iv. 20. The bedstead of Og, king of

Bashan was of iron, Deut. iii. 11.

IRONY or Sarcasm, when a person means the contrary of what he says; examples of, Lev. xxvi. 34, 35; 2 Sam. vi. 20; 1 Kings xviii. 27; 2 Kings xviii. 23; Job xxvi. 2, 3. Mark vii. 9.

ISAAC, [laughter,] the promised son of Abraham, born A. M. 2107, Gen. xvii. 10,11; xxi. 6-8. The command to "take Isaac and offer him as a burnt-offering," Gen. xxii. 2, was as the result unequivocally shows, merely to prove or test Abraham, in order that his faith, love, and obedience, night be manifest; and Not, in fact, that he should offer up his son. Moreover, the whole transaction was symbolical of the real sacrifice of the Son of God.

real sacrince of the Son of God.

ISAIAII, [the salvation of the Lord.] the prophet, the son of Amoz, prophesied about 60 years, during the reigns of Uzzlah, Jotania, Ahaz, and Hizzekiah, kings of Judah. The Book of Isaiah is remarkable for the elegance and sublimity of its language, and the many and wonderful predictions contamed in it. Passages are quoted from it by Zephaniah, Ezckiel, and Habakkuk, as well as by the New Testament writers. IS.ARIOT, [a man of murder.] the name of

the disciple who betrayed Christ, Matt. x.

ISRAEL, [who prevails with Cod,] a name given to Jacob, Gen. xxxii. 28, also the common name of the Hebrew people and

country ISKAELITES, the descendants of Jacob, Exod. ix. 7. Were one nation until the reign of Rehoboam, when ten tribes revolted under Jereboam, and had their capi-tal at Samaria; while Judah and Benjamin remained steadfast to the house of David. The ten tribes were carried captive into Assyria, B. C. 724, and nationally have never yet been restored. Their rejection never yet been restored. Their rejection and dispersion were plainly foretold, Lev. xvi. 28-39; Deut iv. 27, 28; xxviii. 15-68; Hoseaix. 17; and their restoration also foretold, Deut. xxx. 1-9: Isa. i. 29; iv. 2-6; xi. 11: xiv. 1-3: xviii. 2, &c.: Jer. xvi. 14, 15: xxiii. 8: xxx; xxxi, &c.; Hoseaix. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. 5. Amog iv. 14 15: &c. &c. the same iii. ii. 5: Amos ix. 14. 15, &c., &c.; the same represented by the revival of dead bones, Ezek. xxxvii.; by the olive tree, Rom. xi.; their future prosperity in the last days, Isa.

ii.; ix. 1-7; xxv. 6; xxvi., &c.
ISSACHAR, [pruce, reward,] the fifth son of
Jacob and Leah, Gen. xiii. 14—18; born A.

M. 2 57 JTALY, a celekcated country in the south of Europe, comprising a peninsula, in a form resembling that of a boot, Acts xvii. 2. ITUREA, Lehrck is quarded, a province in Syria, mentioned Luke in. 1.

JACINTH. See Parcious Stones.

JACOB, [he that supplants.] the youngest son of Isaac and Rebecca, born A. M. 2167, Gen. xxv. 26. JACOR'S WELL, 2 fountain of water about

one mile and a half from Sychar, on the road to Jerusalem.

JAIRUS, diffuser of light, chief of the synagogue at Capernaum. Mark v. 22-43; Luke

viii. 41-56. JAMBRES, [the sea with poverty,] a magician in Egypt who withstood Moses. 2 Tim. III.

JAMES. (the same in meaning as Jacob,) one of the twelve apostles; the brother of

son of Cleopas or Alpheus and Mary, sister to Mary the mother of Jesus; consequently cousin to Jesus Christ, according to the fiesh, 1 Cor. xv. 7: and generally esteemed as the writer of the Epistle which bears his

Epistle of, addressed to the twelve tribes of the dispersion, to those of them who professed faith in the Messiah. It is evident that at the time it was written, the brethren were suffering persecutions, and that the destruction of the Jewish polity was very near. The letter is most pathetic and instructive, and contains an admirable summary of practical duties incumbent on a Ibelievers.

JANNA, [who speaks,] the father of Melchi,
Luke iii. 24.

JANNES, [who speaks,] an Egyptian magi-cian who withstood Moses, 2 Tim. iii. S.

JARLD, the who descends, one of the antedi-luvian patriarchs, Gen. v. 15-20; Luke iii. 37.

JASON, [he that cures,] a kinsman of l'aul at Thessalonica, mentioned Acts xvii. 5-9. Rom. xvi. 21.

JASPER. See Precious Stones.

JEPHTHAH, [he that opens,] his history, Judges xi.; xii. 1-7; Mentioned Heb. xi. 33. The original of Judges xi. 30, when properly translated, reads thus :- "And it shall be, that whoever comes forth of the doors of my house to meet me, when I return in peace from the children of Ammon, shall surely be Jehovah's, and I will offer to him a burnt offering." The vow contains two parts: 1. That person who met him on his return, should be Jehovah's, and be dedicated forever to his service, as Hannah devoted Samuel before he was born, 1 Sam. i.11. 2. That Jephthah him. self would ofier a burnt offering to Jehovah. Human sacrifices were prolibited by the law. Deut. xii. 30: and the priests would not offer them. Such a vow would have been impious, and could not have been performed. It may be safely concludbeen bertonian. It may be safely contended that Jephthah's daughter was devoted to perpetual virginity; and with this idea agrees the statements, that "she went to bewail her virginity;" that the women went four times in every year to mourn or talk with (not for) her; that Jephthah "did with her according to his vow," and that "she knew no man." JEKEMIAH, [exaltation of the Lord.] the prophet, was a priest of the tribe of Benjarith and the strength of the tribe of the strength 
min, son of Hikiah, a native of Anathoth, Jer. i. I. He began to prophesyin the reign of Josiah, A. M. 3375, and prophesied about 42 years. He predicted the punishment and captivity of the idolatrous Jews, and their restoration, together with the bless

ings of the reign of Messiah.

JERICHO, [his moon,] a city of Judea; a mules west of the Jordan, and 17 miles E N. E. of Jerusalem It was noted for pa.a. trees, and was once a large city, but now a

mean viltage.

JERUSALEM, [vision of peace,] a celebrated eity of Asia, capital of ancient Judea, and of modern Palestine. It is memorable for its uncient temple, for the death and resurits ancient tempe, for the dean and resur-rection of our Savior, and for its signal des-truction by Titus. It was built on four hills—Zion, Acra, Moriah, and Bezetha. The name Zion was often applied to the whole city. Modern Jerusalem is built on Mount Moriah, and is chiefly noted for pilgrimage. It contains about 20,000 inhabitants.

JESSE, (to be, or who is,) the son of Obed, and father of David. Ruth iv. 22; I Sam.

xvi.; Luke iv. 33. JESTING, not to be used, Eph. v. 4. JESUS, [a savior,] the Son of God, the Mesis a savior, the son of ood, fine here sigh, the Savior of the world. This mane is composed of Yan, or Jan, I shall be; and Snua, Powerful;—"I shall be the Powerful." Hence he is "mighty to save, and strong to deliver," and will "save his people from their sins." Eusebius says, "The name Jesus means the salvation of God. For Isoua among the Hebrews is salvation, and among them the son of Nun is called Joshua; and I asome is the salvation of Jan, i. e. salvation of God." The "name of Jesus," (Phil. ii. 1) is not the name Jesus, but "the name above every name," onoma to huper pan onoma, ver. 9; viz. the supreme dignity and authority with which the Father has invested Jesus Christ, as the reward of his disinterested exertion in the cause of the divine glory and human hap-

piness.

JEW, a name formed from that of Judah, and applied in its first use to one belonging to the tribe or country of Judah, or rather perhaps to a subject of the separate king-dom of Judah, 2 kings xvi. 6; xxv. 5. During the captivity the term seems to have been extended to all the people of the Hebrew language and country without distinction, Esther iii. 6, 9; Dan. iii. 8, 12; and this loose application of the name was preserved after the restoration to Palestine, when it came to denote not only every descend-ant of Abraham in the largest possible gense, but even proselytes who had no blood-relation to the Hebrews. Acts ii.

5, 10.

JOANNA, [grace or gift of the Lord,] the wife of Chuza, Herod's steward; who after being cured by our Savior followed him, Luke viil, 3. Also the son of Rhesa, Luke iii, 27.

JOB, [he that weeps,] a patriarch celebrated for his patience under complicated and

for his patience under complicated and severe trials, and the constancy of his piety and virtue. His book is of very great anaquity; its style, &c., harmonizes with the Pentateuch. The scene is laid in Idumea, a part of Arabia Petrca. Supposed to have been contemporary with Moses. See Ezek. xiv. 14, 20; James v. 11. JOEL. [that wills, commands,] one of the

twelve minor prophets, the son of Pethuel. He was contemporary with Isaiah and Amos, and delivered his predictions in the reign of Uzziah, between 800 and 780 B. C. His prophecy is quoted from by Peter on

the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 16. JOHN, [the gift or favor of God,] THE APOSTLE brother of James, and the son of Zebedee, a native of Bethsaida in Galilee. He was the disciple whom the Savior loved, and supposed to have been the youngest. He received Mary into his house after the death of Jesus, which seems to have been

situated at Jerusalem. It is probable that he lived there till the death of Mary, and then went to Ephesus, and labored in Asia Minor. He suffered much for his religion, and was banished by the Roman emperor, to the isle of l'atmos, where according to Ireneus and Eusebius he behe d and wrote the visions of the Apocalypse, about the close of the reign of Domitian, A. D. 96. When Nerva became emperor, he was recalled and lived to write his Gospel and three Epistles. He died at Ephesus at the age of 100 years, in the third year of Trajan.
JOHN, Gospel of. This book was not writ-

ten, as some suppose, to supply omissions made by the other three Gospel historians; but as they had written chiefly of the life and actions of their Master, John wrote chiefly of his person and office, and in refutation of errors which had sprung up.

Epistles of. These letters appear to

have been written to establish the truths concerning the person and offices of Christ. and to condenin the errors then prevailing. contrary to these truths; also to represent the lewd practices, for the sake of which these errors were embraced. The spirit of love, sanctification, and renunciation of the world are very prominent, and earnestly incalcated.

in medicated.

— The Barrist, the forerunner of the Lord, the son of Zachariah and Elisabeth. He said he was "the voice of one crying in the wilderness, Make straight the way of the Lord, as said the prophet Isaiah," John i. 23. At about 30 rears of age he entered on the work of announcing the near approach of the Messiah and his kingdom, and calling on the people to reform and be immersed for the remission of their sins. Many of the people flocked to his baptism. and he was held in esteem by them as a prophet; but it is said that "the Pharisees and lawyers rejected the counsel of God against themselves, not being baptized of him," Luke vii. 30. He baptized Jesus in him," the river Jordan, and pointed him out as "the Lamb of God which takes away the sin of the world," John i. 29. After the Messiah had entered on his work of proclaiming the glad tidings of the kingdom of God, John was beheaded by Herod Anti-pas, because he had reproved him for the pas, but the head that the same and sam

the Gospel which bears his surname. - a member of the Sanhedrim, and a re-

lative of the high-priest, Acts iv. 6. JONAII, one of the minor prophets, who probably lived in the reign of Jehu, E. C. 881to 856. 2 Kings xiv. 25. He was sent on

a mission to Nineveh. See the book itself for the account. Referred to, Matt. xii. 80-41; xvi. 4; Luke xi. 29, 30. JOPPA, [beauty, comeliness,] a scaport of Palestine, of very ancient date, though pos-

sessing an inferior harbor. It is now called Jaffa. Mentioned Acts ix. 26-43; x. 5-8. 23.

JORDAN, a river of Palestine, the only considerable one in the country. It rises in Mount Hermon, formed by the union of two springs—one "lor," and the other "Dan," hence its name—and passes through "Dan," hence its name—and passes through lakes Merom and Gennesareth, and after a course of 150 miles, flows into the Dead Sea. Before entering it, its ordinary breadth, according to Shaw, is 30 yards, and its ord nary depth 13 feet. The "country beyond

JOSEPH, increase, addition,) the son of Ja-cob and Rachel, and brother to Benjamin, Gen. xxx.22-24. See his history in the lat-ter part of Genesis—which is one of the most beautiful and attractive that ever was written.

born Jesus, who is called Christ," Matt. i. 16. Being the nearest of kin to Heli, the father of Mary, he was espoused to her according to law. He was the natural, that is, by birth, son of Jacob, and the legal son of Heli: or, as we call it, son-in-law; hence called by Luke, the son of Heli, in virtue

of his being Mary's husband.

of Arimathea, a senator, and privately a disciple of Christ, John xix. 58;

Luke xxiii. 50, 51.

· called Barsabas, one of the two persons nominated by the primitive Church, to supply the place of Judas Iscariot, Acts

---- or Joses, a son of Mary and Cleopas, and brother of James the Less, of Smoon, and of Jude, and consequently one of those who are called the brethren of our Lord, Matt. xiii. 55; xxvii. 56; Mark vi. 3; xv. 40, 47.

or Joses, surnamed Barnabas, Acts iv. 36.

JOSHUA, [the lord, the savior,] the successor of Moses as leader of Israel. He was the son of Nun, of the tribe of Ephraim, and born A. M. 2460. The book of Joshua comprises the history of about 20 years, and forms a continuation and completion to the Pentateuch. It describes the conquest of Canaan; its partition among the tribes; and the death and burial of Joshua. Three other persons of this name are mentioned,

l Sam. vi. 14, 18; 2 Kings xxiii. 8; Zech. iii. 1, 3, 9; vi. 11. JOURNEY, a pasage from place to place. A "Sabbath day's journey" was about a mile; a common day's journey was about 20

miles. Acts i. 11.

JOY, when to be shown, Luke x. 20; Rom. xii, 12; 2 Cor. xiii, 11; Phil. i. 4, 18; iv. 4; 1 Thess. iv. 16—18, &c.

JUBILEE, an extraordinary festival held every seventh subbatical year. Ordered, Lev. xv. 8; probably alluded to in Isa. lxi. 1, 2: Luke iv. 18, 19.

JUDAII, or JUDBA, [confessing, praise,] that district of Canaan belonging to the tribe of Judah. Sometimes it denoted the whole of Palestine west of the Jordan. Under the Romans Palestine was divided in three portions—Galilee in the north, Samaria in the middle, and Judea in the south. The conquest of this country is commemorated by coins or medals, representing on one side the head of the emperor Vespasian, and on the other the daughter of Zion, sitting on a heap of warlike weapons, under a palm tree, in a mournful attitude. Compare Isa. iii. 26 and xlvii. 1.

JUDAS (the same meaning as Judah,) Iscariot, the traitor, one of the twelve apostles; the disciple who was entrusted with the donations presented to our Lord, and who

at length betrayed his Master.

or Jung; called also Thaddens, or Lebbeus, and Zelotes, probably one of the Twelve. He was the author of the Epistle bearing his name, which was intended chiefly to guard believers against false teachers.

surnamed Barsabas, a Christian teacher sent from Jerusalem to Antioch, along with Paul and Barnabas, Acts xv. 22, 27, 32.

- a Jew of Damaseus with whom Paul

lodged, Acts ix. 11.
JUDGES. Extraordinary men raised up by Jehovah, to deliver Israel from oppression, before the times of the kings. Fifteen such

persons presided over the Israelites during the 430 years which elapsed from the death of Joshua to the accession of Saul. Acts

xiii. 20.

JUDGMENT, the name of an inferior Jewish court, established in every city, and which consisted of 23 members, who punished criminals by stranging or beheading, Matt. v. 21, 22. Also, the solemn action and trial at the great and last day. Eccl. xii. 14; Jude 6. The place of the administration of justice, under the Roman governor, was called the judgment hall, John xviii.28; xix.0; and the tribunal, or place of pronouncing sentence, the judgment-seat, Matt. xxvii. 19.

JULIA, [downy,] one whom Paul salutes,

Rom. xvi. 15.
JULIUS, [downy,] the centurion to whom Paul was committed, to be conveyed to

Rome, Acts xxii. I.
JUNIA, [youth,] a female relative of Paul's,
Rom. xxi 7.
JUPITER, [the father scho helps,] the most

powerful of the heathen demes, Acts xiv. 12, 13: xix. 35. JUSTIFICATION.

This word occurs only three times in the common version-Rom. three times in the common version—Rom. iv. 24; v. 16, 18. Justify occurs in reference to God, Rom. iii. 30; Gal. iii. 3. Believers are sand to be justified by Christ, Acts xii. 30; by favor, Rom. iii. 24; by faith, Rom. iii. 28; by his blood, Rom. v. 0; by the name of the Lord Jesus, I Cor. vi. 11; by works, James ii. 24. The original words translated "justification" in the common version, are discipated and discipate signifying acquital kaiosis and dikaioma, signifying acquital, forgiveness, absolution, deliverance from the consequences of sin.

JUSTUS, [jus', upright,] mentioned Acts xviii. 7; Col. iv. 11.

KEDRON, [the turbid,] a brook or winter torrent which flows through the vailey of Jehoshaphat, mentioned John xviii. 1.

KEY. A symbol of power and authority, Rev. i.18; Isa. xxii. 22. Authority to ex-plain the law and the prophets was given by the delivery of a key. When Rabbi Samuel died, they put his key and his tablets into his coffin.

KEYS" of the kingdom of heaven." Matt. xvi. 19. These were given to Peter, who had the authority, power, and honor of first opening the door of the Gospel to both Jews and Gentiles, Acts ii. 14-42; 1.

Jews and Gentiles, ACS 11.14-42; 1. KING, a title applied in the Scriptures to men, Luke xxii. 25; 1 Tim.ii. 1, 2; 1 Pet.ii. 13-17; to God, 1 Tim.i. 17; vi. 15, 16; and to Christ, Matt. xxvii. 11; Luke xi. 38; John i. 49; vi. 15; xviii. 32-37; to men as invested with regal authority by their fel-lows; to God as the sole proper sovereign and ruler of the universe; and to Christ as the Son of God, the King of the Jews, the sole Head and Governor of his Church.

KINGDOM. (1.) The territories of a king. (2.) Royal power and dominion. Where the word occurs in the New Testament, according to Dr Geo. Campbell, it is generated. ally synonymous with reign. Basileia, with

the Greeks, denoted either Reign or Kingdom. The Royalty or Kingdom of God, or oom. The Royalty or Kingdom of God, or of Heaven, was announced by Daniel, chap. ii. 44; vii. 9, 22; by John the Baptist, and by Jesus, Matt. iii. 2; iv. 17; x. 7; xii. 28, &c.; to be prayed for, Matt. vi. 10; Luke xii. 2; to be sought after, Matt. vi. 33; Luke xii. 31; qualifications for it, Matt. vii. 21; Luke xii. 62; John iii. 3, 5: Acts xiv. 22; 1 Cor. vi. 9; xv. 50; 2 Thess. i. 4, 5.
[USS. a patural symbol of affection and rev.

KISS, a natural symbol of affection and reverence, of very ancient date. Early Christians conformed to custom, and kissed each other during or at the close of public worship. According to some this was generally given by men apart and women apart, before receiving the Lord's supper, to testify peace and brotherly affection.

1 Thess. v. 26, 1 Pet. v. 14.

KNELLING, a posture for prayer, Psa. xcv.

6; Eph. iii. 14; examples of it, I Kings viii. 54; Dan. vi. 10; Luke xxii. 41; Acts ix. 40:

xx. 36; xxi. 5. KNOW, has in the Bible frequently the import of approve or recognize. As Hosea viii. 4, "They have set up princes, and I knew it not." Matt. vii. 23, "Then will I declare unto them, Depart from me, I never

declare unto them, bepart from me, 1 never knew you."

KNOWLEDGE, wherein it consists, 1 John ii. 3; iii. 6; iv. 6; the measure of our obedience, and by which we must be judged, Luke xii. 47; John xv. 22; Rom. i. 21; ii. 21; James iv. 17; must be communicated, Pet. iv. 10; often the occasion of vanity, 1 Cor. viii. 1; worldly, of little value, 1 Cor. i. 19; iii. 19; 2 Cor. i. 12.

LABOR, the steady and constant effort of the bodily frame which manuadertakes for his own benefit, and, in particular, in order to procure the means of subsistence. lot of all men. Gen. 111. 19; recommended, Acts xx. 35; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. ii. 9, iv. 11, &c.

LAMB, the well-known type and symbol of the Messiah See Gen. xxi. 7, 8; Exod. xii. 8-5; Isa. hii 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6-13, &c.

LAMECH, [poor, made low,] one of the ante diluvian patriarchs, the son of Methuselah, and father of Noah, Gen. v. 28-31; Luke iii. 36. Also, one who was a descendant of

Cain, mentioned Gen. iv. 18, 21.

LAMPS. The lamps of the ancients were of various kinds. Those used at wedding processions consisted of ld rags, squeezed hard against one another in a round figure. like a great sausage. Those who hold them have in the other hand a pitcher with a very narrow neck, full of oil, of which they yery narrow neck, full of oil, of which they pour out from time to time on the flame. This explains Christ's declaration, that he will not "quench the smoking flax," Matt. zii. 20; and shows why the foolish virgin needed "oil in their vessels," Matt. xxv. 4 Laws concerning them in the tabernacle,

Num. viii. 1-4
LANGUAGES or Toneues, gift of, at the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 1-13; conferred by the apostles, Acts viii. 7; x. 46; xix. 6;

1 Cor. xii. 10.

LAODICEA, [just people,] a city of Phrygia, in Asia Minor, 42 miles east of Ephesus. A Christian church was early planted in this christian church was early planted in timplace, Rev. 1. 11. It is now an extensive ruin. Christ's message to the Church there, Rev. 111 14-22.

LASCIVIOUSNESS censured, Rom. xiii. 13; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Gal. v 19; Eph. iv. 10. &c.

LASEA, 1a rocky country, 1 a city near Fair

Havens, in the island of Crete. Acta ravii.

LAW, means a rule of conduct enforced by an authority superior to that of the moral beings to whom it is given. As found in the Scriptures it is variously applied, and must be taken in the connection in which it stands to be properly understood. Law sometimes means the whole revealed will of God, contained in his word, Psa. i. 2; xix. 7; xl. 8, &c.; sometimes doctrine, Prov. xiii. 14; the Mosaic economy, John i. 17; xiii. 39; ceremonial observances, Luke ii. 27; Acts xv. 5, 24, &c.; judicial or civil law, John vii. 51; xviii. 31; Acts xix. 38, &c.; al-so, the moral law, or Decalogue, Exod. xx. 3–17; Rom. vii. 7, 12, 14, &c. LAWSUITS among Christians, to be avoided,

Matt v 38-42: 1 Cor. vi. 1-7.

LAWYERS, persons versed in the laws.

These are mentioned only after the decline of the Mosaical institutions had considerably advanced. As the Jews had no written laws, except those contained in the Old Testament, a lawyer among them was a person familiar with scripture, and whose business it was to expound them. Lawyers and Scribes censured, Luke vii. 30: xi. 46-

LAZARUS. [the help of God, ] an inhabitant of Bethany, brother of Mary and Martha, who was honored with the friend-hip of Jesus, by whom he was raised from the dead after he had been four days in the tomb. John xi. Also, the name of a beggar

mentiond in a parable. Luke xvi. 20.
LEAVEN. The usual leaven in the East is dough kept till it becomes sour, and which is kept from one day to another for the purpose of preserving leaven in readiness. Chemically speaking, ferment or yeast is the same as leaven; but leaven is more correctly applied to solids, ferment both to liquids and solids. According to chemists, "ferment or yeast is a substance in a state of putrefaction, the atoms of which are in a continual motion." It is used figuratively for whatever produces a change in the mass with which it mixes, whether for the better or for the worse. Matt. xiii. 33: xvi.

6, 12: 1 Cor. v. 6. LEBBEUS, [strong-hearted,] a surname of the apostle Jude.

LEGION, a division of the Roman army. In the time of Romulus, a Roman legion contained 3000 infantry, and 300 cavalry. About the time of Christ, it contained 6200 foot soldiers, and 300 horse. Mark v. 9: Luke vii. 30: Matt. xxvi. 53.

LEPER. Simon the Leper, Matt. xxvi. 6 So called from his having been a leper: it was unlawful to eat with persons who had

the leprosy

LEVI, [held, associated,) the third son of Ja-cob and Leah, born in Mesopotamia, B. C. 1750. Gen. xxix. 34. Also the name of Matthew, Mark ii. 14.

LEVITES, the descendants of Levi, appoint-

ed to assist the priests in their services: to see that the temple was kept clean, to prepare oil, wine, &c., for God's house: to take care of the sacred revenues.

LIBERTINES. Jews who were free citizens or burgesses of Rome, Acts vi. 9.
LIBYA, [the heart of the sea,] a province in Africa, westward of Egypt, famous for its armed chariots and houses, 2 Chron. avi.

8: Acts ii. 10.

LIFE, properly existence, either animal or rational. Natural life, valuable, Psa. xlix. 7-9: short and uncertain, Job vil. 16: xiv

7-9; short and uncertain, Job vii. 17; xiv. CORD'S DAY, Rev. i. 10, is thought by some 7-10; Psa. xxix. 5; xc. 5, 6, 9, 10; 1 Pet. 124; not to be preferred to our duty, Matt. 139; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; but it is considered by others as merely xvii. 32; John xii. 24; future and eternal life described, Luke xx. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 12—

57; Phil. iii. 20, 21, &c. LIGHT created, Gen. i. 3-5, 14-19. Applied to God, 1. John i. S.; to Christ, John i. 9: to God's Word, Psa. cxix. 105: 2 Pet. i. 19: to the apostles, Matt. v. 14, 16: to Christians, Eph. v. 8. It is the well-known symbol c

knowledge.
LIGHINING, the flash of the electric fluid,
as it passes from one cloud to another. The power and wrath of God are often represented by thunder and lightnings, Job xxxvii. 3-5: Psa. xviii. 12, &c.

LILY, a beautiful flower common in Palestine, of which there are several varieties. The hly referred to by our Savior in Matt. vi. 30, was probably the amaryllis lutea, whose golden flowers in autumn afford one of the most brilliant and gorgeous objects in nature.

LINEN, cloth made of flax, well-known at a very early period. In some passages the word so rendered probably means cotton Specimens of cotton cloth are found on the

oldest mummies.

LINUS, [nets.] a person mentioned by Paul, 2 Tim. iv. 21. LION "of the tribe of Judah." A lion being

the ensign of the tribe of Judah, the phrase is applied to Christ, who sprang from that trite; and is symbolical of his great

of the Eastern ioaf was a large cake, Exod. xxix. 23; 1 Chron. xvi. 3; Mark LOAF.

viii. 14.

viii. 14. LOCUSTS, an insect resembling a grasshopper, only much larger in size. The pro-phetical writings of the Old Testament abound with allusions to this insect as one of God's most dreadful scourges. Moses mentions them as lawful food, Lev. xi. 22; and it is said that John the Baptist ate lo-custs while in the desert of Judea, Mark i. But whether these were the insects so called, or the sweet pulpy pods of a tree, is not fully agreed. Locusts, however, are still eaten in the East both by rich and poor. Symbolically locusts represent great and terrible armies, Rev. ix. 3.

LOINS, the lower region of the back. orienta's who wear long robes, are obliged, when then apply themselves, to any busi-"loins girded" is the same as to be in readiness for action. Luke xii. 25; Eph.

vi. 14. [better,| Timothy's grandmother. LOIS, | bett

LONG HAIR. Chardon says, "The eastern women are remarkable for the great length and the number of the tresses of their hair. Their hair hangs at full length behind, divided in tresses braided with ribbon or pearl. Lady Montague counted one hundred and ten tresses, all natural, on the head ol one lady. The men wear but very little on their heads. Young men who wear their hair in the East, are regarded as ef-

LORD, | proprietor, | a Saxon word signifying ruler or governor. When the word represents the dread name of Jehovah, or Yahweh, it is printed LORD, in small capitals, in the authorized rersion. The word is applied to Jesus Christ, to angels, to princes, to Lasters, to husbands, &c.

but it is considered by others as merely synonymous with "the day of the Lord," 1 Thess. v. 2. The expression standing alone, and being unaccompanied by any other words which tend to explain its meaning, it is difficult to decide which view is correct. The earliest authentic instance in which the name of "the Lord's day" is applied, (after the passage in the Apocalypse,) is not till Tertullian uses it, about A. D. 200; and perhaps a little later, the term is made use of by Dyonisius of Corinth, as quoted by Eusebius.

OT, [wrapped up] the son of Haran, and nephew of Abraham. After the death of

LOT, his father, he accompanied his uncle from Ur to Haran, and thence to Canaan, Gen.

xiii. 8, 9. Mentioned 2 Pet. ii. 7. LOTS, things cast or drawn in order to de-

termine a point in debate. Lev. xvi. 8; Josh. vii.; Prov. xvi. 33; xviii. 18; Acts i. 26; Matt. xxvii. 35. LOVE or God, its nature, John iii. 16; xvii. 23; Rom. v. 8; viii. 39; 1 John iii. 1, 2, &c; of Christ, John xiii. 1; xv. 12, 13; Rom. viii. 35, &c. Love to God required, Deut. vi. 5; x. 12; rendered by his children, Phil. i. 9; I John ii. 5; iv. 19; how shown, I John iv. 20, 21; v. 1–3; to Christ, its nature, Matt. x. 37–42; John xiv. 15, 21, 23, &c.; brotherly love enjoined, John xiii. 34; xv. 12, 17; Roin xii. 9, 10; xiii. 3; 1 Cor xiii. &c.: of the world, forbidden, Matt. v. 24; xiii. 22; James i. 72; iv. 4; I John ii. 15. LUCIUS, [luminous,] a prophet in the congruenting at Autoch Acts xiii. I Probe

LUCIUS, [luminous,] a prophet in the congregation at Antioch, Acts xiii. I. Probably the same Lucius who is mentioned in Rom, xvi. 21, as Paul's relative.

LUCRE, worldly wealth, the love of forbidden, Matt. vi. 24; 1 Tim. iii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 2.

LUKE, [luminous,] a native of Antioch, and a physician. He was Paul's companion and assistant, Philemon 23, 24; 2 Tim. iv. 11 He was the writer of the history hear-He was the writer of the history bearing his name, and of the Acts of the Apostles

The Book of Luke's Gospel appears to have been written to correct numerous erroneous narratives of the life of Jesus. The style both in this and in the Acts, is pure and elevated, and many facts are given which are not contained in the other Evan-

zelists.

LÜKEWARMNESS censured, Matt. viii. 21, Luke ix. 57-62; Acts xxvi. 29; Rev. iii. Is. LUNATICS, persons affected by some dis-order, and supposed to be influenced by the moon, such as epilepsy, melancholy, insan-

ity, &c. See DEMONIACS.
LYCAONIA, [she wolf,] a province of Asia
Minor, west of Cappadocia, where Paul and Barnabas planted congregations, Acts xiv.

LYDDA, [nativity,] a town about 14 miles from Joppa, 32 miles west from Jerusalem. Acts ix. 32, 35.

LYDIA, [magnet,] a woman of Thyatira, "s seller of purple," who dwelt in Philippi in Macedonia, Acts xvi. 14, 15, Also a province in the west of Asia Minor.

LYING, forbidden, Eph. iv. 25; Col. iii. 9; will be punished, Psa. v. 5; lii. 1—7; Rev. xxi. S, 27; examples, 2 Kings v. 25; Acts v.

LÝSÁNIAS, [that drives away sorrow,] tetrarch of Abilene, when John began his mission as the harbinger of the Messiah, Luke ui. l.

LYSIAS, Idissolving, 1 chiliarch and comguard at the temple of Jerusalem, Acts xxi. 31-40; xxii. 20-30; xxiii. 15-: 0. LYSTRA, [that dissolves or disperses,] a city

of Lycaonia in Asia Minor, about 12 miles south of Iconium, where Paul and Barna-bas had fled, and were taken for gods by those who heard them, Acts xiv. 6-23.

MACEDONIA, [adoration,] a country north of Greece, the original kingdom of Philip and Alexander, and the rise of which is described by Daniel under the emblem of a goat with one horn. Coins still exist in which that country is represented under the figure of a one-horned goat. To this country the apostle Paul was summoned to preach the gospel, and planted churches at Thessalonica and Philippi, &c., Acts xvi. 9-xvii. 14; and visited Amphipolis, Neapolis, Appolonia, and Berca, towns of the same province. Much of ancient Macedonia is now the western part of Roumelia.

MAGDALA, [magnyicent,] a town mentioned

in Matt. xv. 39, and the probable birthplace of Mary Magdalene, i. e. Mary of Magdala. MAGI. or Wish Men, Matt. ii. 1-12. Sages eminent for their knowledge of astronomy, natural philosophy, and theology. were probably descendants of Ishmael, and

from Arabia, a country east of Judea.
MAGICIANS, learned men of the East, who

MAGICIANS, learned men of the East, who professed the knowledge of future events by astrology, Dan. ii. 3; iv. 7, 9, &c.

MAGISTRATES to be obeyed by Christians, Rom. xiii. 1-7; Titus iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13-17.

MALICE forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 8; xiv. 8; Eph. iv. 31; Col. iii. 8, &c.

MALACHI, messenger., 1 the last of the minor prophets. His prophecy connects well with the Gospel histories, to which allusion is made in Luke 1. 77; vii. 27.

is made in Luke i. 77; vii. 27.

MALCHUS, [king,] the servant of the highpriest Caiaphas, whose right ear Peter cut off, but which was healed by Jesus, John xviii. 10.

MALE nor FEMALE, Gal. iii. 38. Females were not admitted to all the Heathen rites, and the privileges of Jewish females were also limited.

MAMMON, a Syriac word signifying wealth, and used by our Savior as a personification of the god of riches, Matt. vi. 24; Luke

xvi. 13. XVI. 13.

AV. his creation and primeval dignity,
Gen.i. 26, 27; ii. 7; Psa. viii. 5; Eccl. vii.
29; his fall, Gen. iii. 17; corruption of his
nature, Rom. iii. 10-23; Gal. v. 17; Eph. ii.
1-3; his mortality, Gen. iii. 19; Job vi.
10-14; Psa. Ixli. 0; cxivi. 3; Eccl. xii. 7;
1 Cor. xv. 22; 1 Pct. i. 24; his life and dignity metared by Christ. Lohn iii 14, 15, 36. 1 Cor. xv. 22; 1 Pet. i. 24: his life and dignity restored by Christ, John iii. 14, 15, 36; iv. 14; v. 25; v. 39, 40; x. 27, 28; xi. 25. 1 Cor. xv. 22, &c. The "old man" denotes the natural, unsanctified disposition, the new man" the new disposition created and cherished by the gospel. "Natural" or animal man, a person unrenewed; "the inward man," or the "hidden man of the heart," the regenerate principle within, as opposed to the "outward man,"—that which is external and visible in the conduct.

MANAEN, (a comforter,) a teacher in the congregation at Antioch, who had been brought up with lierod the tetrarch. Acts xiii. 1.

Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 5.
LYSIAS. [dissolving.] a province of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 5.
LYSIAS. [dissolving.] chiliarch and commander of the Roman troops who kept Asia Minor Asia Minor Asia Minor Asia Minor Asia Minor Asia Minor Min 4; Rev. ii. 17. MARANATHA. See Anathema.

MARK, [polite, shining.] According to eccelesiastical testimonies the evangelist Mark is the same person who in the Acts is called by the Jewish name John, whose Roman name was Marcus, Acts xii. 12. Peter calls him his son, 1 Pet. v. 13, and he traveled with Paul and Barnabas as an assistant. Acts xii. 25; xiii. 5.
The Book of Mark was evidently written

for Gentile converts, probably about 30 years after the death of Christ. Some have supposed that Mark did little more than abridge Matthew's Gospel, but it has been shown by Weisse, Wolke, Baner, Michaelis, and others that he could not even have seen the book. He probably drew his facts from Pater for the state of the st from Peter, (as stated by John the Presby. ter and Papias, according to Lusebius,) who, equally with Matthew, was an eyewho, equally with some witness of our Lord's life.

or Character; "mark on their foreheads," and on "the right hand," Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16; xiv. 9; xx 4; an open profession of allegiance to those whose name or character they bear. Both servants and soldiers, in ancient times, were marked on the forehead, and hands, with some hieroglyphic, or with the name expressed in vulgar letters, or disguised in numerical letters, according to

the fancy of the imposer.
MARKS "of the Loid Jesus," Gal. vi. 17. The scars received from stripes and chains, alluding to an Egyptian custom, according to which any man's servant who fled to the temple of Hercules, and had the sacred brands or marks of that deity impressed npon him, was supposed to be under his immediate care, and privileged from all harsh treatment. So Paul claims exemption from reflections on his character, or disputes about the necessity of eircumcision, for he valued far more the scars he bore than these marks enforced by Judaiz-

bore than these managements of the sing teachers.

MARRIAGE, its institution, Gen. ii. 21-24, its nature, Matt. xix. 4-9; 1 Cor. vi. 16; vii. 10, 11; Eph. v. 31; lawful for all Christians, 1 Cor. vii. 38; 1 Tim. v. 14; Heb. xii. 4; ancien, mode of celebrating it, Gen. xxix. 22; seen by our Lord's parables, Matt. xxii. 1-12; xxv 1-10; sanctioned by his presence, John ii. 1-10; none in the resurrection-state, Matk xxii. 30; Mark xii. 25; Luke xx. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb," Luke 1x. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb," Rev. xix. 7, is expressive of the union of

Curist and his Church.

MARS HILL. Sece AREOPAGUS

MARTHA, [who becomes bitter,] the sister of Lazarus and Mary, Luke x. 38-42; John xi. -4!; xii. 2.

MARTYR, properly means a witness, and is applied in the New Testament:—1. To judicial witnesses, Matt. xvii. 16: xxvi. 65. &c. 2. To one who testifies to what he has seen, heard, or known, Luke xxiv. 4S; Acts i. 8, 22; Rom. i. 9, &c. 3. And most rarely to one who by his death bears witness to the truth, which now is the most usual meaning of the word. In this sense we ouly find it in Acts xxii. 20; Rev. ii. 13;

xvii. 7.
MARY, [exalted.] Six persons of this name are mentioned in the New Testament:-1 The mother of Jesus. She was the daugh

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ter or Eli, of the royal famlly of David, Hart. i. 16; Luke i. 27: ii. 5. 2. The sister of Lazarus, Luke x. S9: John xi. 1, &c. 3. Mar7 Magdalene, a resident of Magdala, Luke viii. 2: John xix. 25. Out of her Jesus cast seven demons. She is not that fe-male inner mentioned Luke vii 37. 4. The wife of Cleopas, John xix, 25, and mother of James, Jude, Joses. Simon, and Salome, called the brethren of our Lord: fone, which it has been thought that Cleopas, and Joseph, the husband of the virgin Flary were brothers. 5. The mother of Mark, Act; xii. 12. 6. A resident at Rome, Rom.

xvi. 6 MASTERS, their duty, Eph. vi. 9: Col. iv. 1: James v. 4: examples, Gen. xviii. 19: Matt.

James v. 4: examples, Gen. xviii. 19: Matt. viii. 5-10: Luke vii. 2-10: Acts x. 2.
MATTATHA, [g/fi,] son of Nathan, an ancestor of Jesus Christ, Luke iii. 31: MATTATHAS, ithe gift of the Lord,] two persons of that name, ancestors of Jesus, luke iii. 95: 98.

Juke iii. 25, 26.

MATHAN, [the reins,] son of Eleazar, tather of Jacob, and grar. I ther of Joseph, the lusband of the virgin Mary. Matt. i. 15, 16.

MATTHAT, [gift, he that gives,] son of Levi, and father of Iteli, Luke 111, 24. ATTHEW, [given, a reward,] also named

Levi, an apostle and evange, ist, son of Alphens, by birth a Galhean, and by profession a tax-gatherer, k.ark ii. 14: Luke v. 27. His narrative was probably written toth in Hebrew and Greek.

the Book of Mutthew was the first written of all the Gospels, and contains a full account of the birth, life, actions, death, and resurrection of Christ. The style is very plain and perspicuous. Probably very plain and perspicuous. Probably written about A. D. 38-41, in Hebrew, and shortly after in Greek. About A. D. 184 a Greek copy was found in the East Indies, and in the year 488 another Greek copy was found at Cyprus, written on wood, and esteemed very ancient.

MATTHIAS, the gift of the Lord, one of the seventy disciples who was chosen by lot, in preserence to Joseph Barsabas, into the number of the apostles, to supply the place number of the aposities, so supply of Judas Iscariot, Acts i. 23—26. Nothing is known of his subsequent career.

MEASURING into the Bosom garments being long and tolded and girded with girdles, admitted of carrying much corn and truits of that kind in the hosom.

Luke v1. 38.

MEDIATOR, Mesitees, occurs Gal. iii. 19, 20, applied to Moses. Jesus is called the One Mediator, viz. of the Christian Institution. 1 Tun. it. 5, and the Mediator of a new and and better covenant, Heb. vii.6: ix.15: xii. 24. It occurs 6 times. One that negotiates between two parties—God and man. Therefore, Jesus unites both in his own person. lle mediates a new institution between God and man, and is Immanuel, God with

118. MEEKNESS, that quiet temper of mind which is not soon provoked to anger, but suffers injuries without desire of revenge, and submits to the will of God, Col. iii. i: and is ready to receive the truth, James i. 21: it is of unspeakable value, 1 Pet. iii. 4: shone conspicuously in Christ, 2 Cor. x. 1:

Matt. xi. 29: Christians exhorted to it, Eph. iv. 2: 1 Tim. vi. 11; Titus iii. 2.

MELCHIZEDEK, [king of righteousness,] king of Salem, and a priest of the most high that though not a low and to have the God, though not a Jew, and to him Abraham gave tithes, Gen. xiv. 18j. Psa. cx. 4:

Heb. vii. 1, 2. Of his nation, parentage, age, &c., nothing is recorded: hence he is age, ac., nothing is recorded; hence terms and to be "without descent, having neither beginning of days, nor end of life." He was an eminent type of Christ.

MELITA, loftording honey,] an island in the Mediterranean Sea, now called Malta, be-tween Alrica and Stelly. It is about 20 miles long, and 12 broad. Here Paul was miles long, and 12 broad.

shipwrecked, Acts xxviii. I.

MERCURY, [to buy, or sell,] one of the fabulous deities of the heathen, son of Jupiter and Maia, and messenger to the rest. was worshipped as the patron of learning, eloquence, and trade. The fluency of Paul made the people of Lystra suppose Paul

made the people of Lystia suppose 1 adv was Mercury, Acts xiv. 12.

MERCY, an attribute of God, 2 Sam. xxiv. 14; 1sa.i.18; Eph.ii.4; Titus iii.5, 1 Pet. i.2; the duty of man, Luke vi.36; x.30— 37; Rom. xii. 8; its reward, Psa. xxxvii. 27; Matt. v. 7; Luke vi. 35; James ii. 13.

MERCY.SEAT or PROPILIATORY, the cover-

ing of the ark, or the lid of the ark of the covenant, round which was the crown or border of gold, and on which the cherubim were represented as looking. Before this the high-priest stood to ask counsel of the Lord, and there he received blessings for the people. Christ is our mercy-seat, Rom. iii. 35, and by him we have access to the Father

RIESOPOTAMIA, [between two rivers.] the famous province between the Tigris and Euphrates called in t.e. Old Testament Padan-aram, Gen. xxviii. 2. It is much celebrated in Scripture as being the first dwelling of men, both before and after the Deluge. This country, according to Ptolemy, was very populous, and had 70 important cities. It is now called Diaibekir and

Augestra.

MESSIAH. See Anointed and Christ. MICAH, a prophet of the tribe of Judah, who

lived in the latter days of Isaiah and Hosea, and in the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah. His prophecy is one of the most important in the Old Testament. He gives the name of the very city where the Messiah was to be born, in chap. v. 2, which is quoted in Matt. ii. 5, 6, as well as many inportant circumstances connected with his millennial kingdom and glory.

MICHAEL, [who as God,] the name given to one of the chief angels, who, in Dan. x. 13— 21, is described as having special charge of the Israelites as a nation. Dan. xiv. 1; Juda

9; Rev. xii.7-9.
MILE. The Roman mile, mentioned Matt.
v. 41, was 1000 paces of 5 feet each, and
reckoning each foot at 11.63 inches, the mile would be little more than 1614 yards or 146 yards less than ours. It was equal to 8 Greek stadia.

to 8 Greek stands.

MILETUS, [red, scarlet,] a seaport town of
Asia Minor, 36 miles south of Ephesus.

Mentioned Acts xx. 15—38.

MILL. The mill for grinding corn had not
wholly superseded the mortar for pounding
it in the time of Moses. The mortar and the mill are named together in Num, xi. 8. Fine meal is mentioned as early as the time of Abraham, Gen. xviii. 6. The mill common among the Hebrews differed little from that which is in use to this day throughout Western Asia and Northern It consisted of two circular stones Africa. two feet in diameter and six inches thick.
The upper side of the "nether millstone" The upper side of the was concave, and the lower side of the upper one convex. The lower stone was fixed and the upper one was made to turn round upon it. The hole for receiving the grain was in the upper millstone, and which was moved by women, who sat opposite to each other. Matt. xxiv. 41.

MIND, put for the will; renewed, Rom. viii. 6,7; unrenewed, Rom. i. 28; viii. 6,7; Col. ii. 18; James i. 8.

MINISTER, Diakonos. See Dracon. One who acts as the less (from minus or minor) or inferior agent, in obedience or subservience to another, or who serves, officiates, &c., as distinguished from the master, magister, (from magis,) or superior.

MINSTRELS, flute-players, and singers at funerals, Jer. ix. 17—21; Matt. ix. 23. The custom was borrowed by the Jews from the

Greeks.

MIRACLE, that which is above the regular operation of the established laws of nature. Every institution of God began with miracles, or works beyond the power of natural law. The first man was an adult, and never an infant, as reason, experience, and revelation assert. The Jewish institution began in miracle. So did the Christian commence with a glorious display of miraculous powers. This was "the demonstration of the Spirit," and this "the power of God," on which the faith of Christians rests. IRROR. The oldest mirrors were made of

MIRROR. The oldest mirrors were made of metal. It was from such contributed by the women, that the brazen aver was made, Exod. xxxviii. 8. The word in that place i improperly translated "looking-glasses." The art of making glass was then unknown. On the discovery of America the Mexicans were found to posses mirrors made of black vitrified lava, highly polished. The North Americans were found with mirrors of con-

er and silver.

MITE or LEPTON, the smallest Jewish coin, equal to about two mills, or one-fifth of a

cent, Luke xii. 59.

MITYLENE, [purity,] the capital of Lesbos, an island of the Grecian Archipelago, N. W. of Smyrna. It is now called Castro, and sometimes Metilin, Acts xx. 14.

MNASON, {a diligent seeker,} mentioned Acts xxi. 16.

MODERATION enjoined, 1 Cor. vii. 29, 31.

Phil.iv. 5.
MODESTY recommended, Eph. v. 3, 4; 1 Tim.

MONEY, in ancient times was dealt out by weight, and still is in Turkey, Syria, Egypt, China, Birmah, &c.; coins being generally weighed by the merchant. The coin men tioned Matt. xvii. 27 was probably a shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value, about A pound was equal to 60 shekels. 60 cents. A penny or didrachma, one-fourth of a she

A penny of the charge and the charge a commission upon all their charges a commission upon all their charges account the charges account to the charges account to the charges a commission upon all their charges accommission upon all their charges transactions, and who from our Savior's words it may be inferred were not distinguished for honesty and fair dealing-"It house of prayer, but ye have made it a den of thieves," ver. 13.

MONTH, a space of time, which, if measured by the moon, (whence its name,) is called lunar; and if by the sun, is called solar. The Hobrew months commonly answer to two
efour months and take part of both. The
following table shows the earliest beginning of each sacred month, according to Thurman's Astronomical Chronology:-

Name of Month.		Beginning with	Days
Abib-Exod. xiii. 4.	lmo.	March 22nd.	31
Zif-1 Kings vi. 1.	2mo.	April 21st.	30
Sivan-Esther viii. 9.	3mo.	May 20th,	31
Tammuz-Erek, viii. 14.	4mo.	June 19th.	30
Ab.	5mo.	July 18th.	31
Elul-Nehemiah vi. 15.	6mo.	August 17th.	31
Ethanim-1 Kings viii, 2	. 7mo.	September 15t	
Bul-1 Kings vi. 38.	Smo.		31
Chisleu-Zech, vii, 1.	9mo.		
Tebeth-Esther ii 16.	10mo.		
Sebat-Zechariah i. 7.	llmo.	January 11th.	
Adar-Esther iii. 7.	12mo.		
Nisan-Eather ili. 7.	lmo.		31

Michaelis, however, has given some very good reasons to show that the first, "the month of cars," or Nisan, did not begin before the new moon of our April, which would, of course, fix the commencement of all the other months one whole month la-

ter than is commonly done.

MOON, a secondary planet, always attendant on our earth. The moon was formed to on our earth. The moon was formed to give light in and to rule the night, and to distinguish times and seasons, Gen. i. 14. "Numbering by months or moons is appropriate to the works of darkness; because the moon is the governess of night: numbering by the course of the sun, is appropriate to the works of righteousness, and this is in correspondence with the use of these symbols in the Apocalypse. The continuance of the Beast, and the profan-ing of the holy city by the Gentiles, are reckoned by months: but the prophecy of the Witnesses by days: the abode of the woman in the wilderness by days, and by time, times, and half a time; three solar years and a half."

MOSES, drawn out of the water,] the law-giver of Israel, belonged to the tribe of Levi, and was the son of Amram and Jo-chebed, Exod, vi. 20. He was the writer of the Pentateuch. After leading forth the Israelites from Egypt, and through the desert forty years, and conducting them to the borders of the promised land, he died at the age of 120 years in the full vigor of both mind and bedy. He was the most wonder ful and imposing character of the Old Testament, and was well fitted to personate

the Great Prophet of the New

MOTHER, the female parent. Being "without father and without mother," lleb. vii. 3, means that the parents of Melchizedek were not entered in the genealogies which the Jews so sedulously kept. The law of Moses required no less reverence for the mother than the father; and thus shone out in heautiful superiority of other East. ern systems, in which women stands degraded. Mother is applied metaphorically to a variety of objects, such as the earth; queens as protectors; to a prophetess; to metropolitan cities; to the church of God; and to antichrist.

MOUNTAIN. The principal BOUNTAIN. The principal mountains mentioned in Scripture, are Seir, Horeb, Sinzi, Hor, Gilboa, Nebo, Tabor, Engedi, Lebanon, Ebal, Amalek, Gerizim, Gilead, Moriah, Paran, Gahash, Olivet, Pisgah, Hermon, and Carmel. A mountain is the symbol of a kingdom, or of a capital city with its damagns or of a capital city with its damagns or of a capital city. mountains symbol of a kingdom, or of a capital city with its domains, or of a king, which is the same. See Psa. xxx. 7; 1sa. il. 2; xi. 9, Jer. iii. 23; li. 2;; Zech. iv. 7; Rev. vi. 14; xx. 1. 20. "Fleet of the mountains," Luke xxi. 21. The mountains of Palestine have many caves, affording a safe retreat from enemies,

Many of the noble Jews departed out of the city, and vast numbers fled to the mountains; and ancient writers tell us, that at that juncture, all who believed in NAKED. This word is often used in a modi-Christ left Jerusalem, and removed to places beyond; and so escaped the general ravages of their country, that not one is stated to have perished in that devoted city.

MOURNING for sin, the evidence of repentance, Psa. xxxviii. 6; li. 2; Matt. v. 4; 1 Cor. v. 2; James iv. 9; for the dead, law concerning, Deut. xiv. 1; instances of, Gen. l. 3; Matt. ix. 23.

MOUTH, as the organ of speech, signifies the words which proceed out of it, which in the sacred style, are the same as commands and actions. "According to the commandment of Pharaoh," Gen. xlv. 12, is in the original, according to the mouth of Pharaoh; hence, for a person or thing to come out of the mouth of another is to be constituted or commanded to become an agent or minister under a superior power; this is frequent in the Apocalypse. The term mouth is not only applied to a speech or words, but also to the speaker, Ezod. iv. 16; Jer. xv. 19, in which sense it has a near equivalent in our expression "mouthpiece."

MURDER forbidden, Exod. xx. 13; Deut. v. 17; laws respecting it, Gen. ix. 6; Lev. xxiv. 17; instances, Gen. iv. 8; 2 Sam. iii.

27; xx.8-13, &c. MURMURING censured, I Cor. x. 10; ii. 14; Jude 16; instances among the 1s-raelites, Exod. v. 20, 21; xiv. 11; xv. 23, 21; xvi. 2; Num. xi. 1; xiv. 1, 2; xvi. 41; xxi. 5.

MUSTARD-TREE, or SINAPI, probably a tree found near Jerusalem, but most abundantly on the banks of the Jordan; and round the sea of Tiberias, the seed of which was employed as a substitute for mustard. Indeed, the common Arabic name for it is khardal, which signifies mustard. Its berries or seed are much smaller than a grain of black pepper, having a strong aromatic smell, and a taste much like that of garden Its botanic name is Salvadora Percress. Its botanic sica. Matt. xiii. 31.

MYRA, II flow, one of the chief towns of Lycia, in Asia Minor. Acts xxvii. 5. MYRRH, a favorite perfume, a gum obtained

from the myrrh tree, John xix. 39.

MYSIA, [criminal,] a province occupying the N. W. angle of Asia Minor, south of By-

the N. W. angievi as: thynia, Acts xvi. 7.8. MYSTERY, Mysterion, secret, hidden mean-man 98 times. The secrets of the ing, occurs zo times. The secrets of the kingdom of God so called, Matt. xii. 11; Mark iv. 11; Luke viii. 10. The calling of the Gentiles is called a mystery, Col. i. 26, 27. The first and leading sense of mysterion is arcanum, a secret, anything not dis-closed, not published to the world, though perhaps communicated to a select number. And the other meaning is so nearly allied to it that it may properly be reckoned only a particular application of the same mean-ing. The word is sometimes employed to denote the figurative sense, as distinguished from the literal, which is conveyed under any fable, parable, allegory, symbolical action, representation, dream, or vision. The one is, as it were, open to the senses; the other requires penetration and reflection.

N \ | SHON, [that foretells ] mentioned Luke

fied sense, to describe a person only part y clothed, Micah i. 8; John xxi. 7. All ori-entals wear a mere cloth round their hijs, when at labor, and are then called "naked." It is from not knowing this that some have supposed that persons were formerly baptized in a state of literal nakedness; whereas they only laid aside the loose outer garment. The word is used figuratively, in various senses.

NAME, when applied to God, often means his nature and attributes, that is, God himhas haddre and attributes, that is, 900 him-self. Psa. xx. 1; Prov. xviii. 10. His name to be reverenced, Exod. xx. 7; Lev. xix. 12; Psa. cxi. 9; Matt. vi. 9; also the name of Jesus, Phil. ii. 10; Christians baptized in the name of Jesus, Matt. xxviii. 19: Acts ii 98. xiv. 1, 100 xi 2, Col. iii 27. ii.38; xix. 5; Rom. vi. 3; Gal. iii. 27; prayer to be offered to Jehovah in his name, John

xvi. 23.

NAPHTALI, [my wrestling,] the sixth son of Jacob, and his second by Bilhah, Racher's handmaid, born B. C. 1747, in Padan-aram. The limits of the territory of the tribe of Naphtaliare described in Josh, xix, 32-39. Alluded to Matt. iv. 13-16.

Adductionation and the American America ii. 31. Also, a prophet in the time of David, 2 Sam. vii. 3, &c.
NATHANIEL, [guen of God,] honorably mentioned, John i. 45-51. Probably the

same as Bartholemew, one of the twelve

apostles.

NAZARENE, [kept, flower,] an epithet constituting a part of one of the names given to our Lord. It was a contemptuous designation and a term of reproach, and as such,

nation and a term of reproach, and as such, as well as a mere epithet of description, it is used in the New Testament.

NAZARETH, (quarded, flowinking,) a small city in the tribe of Zebulon, in Lower Galielee, about 79 miles north of Jerusalem, and 6 W. N. W. from Mount Tabor, situated on a hill, and overlooking a superb and spacious valuey. It is now called Nessora. Here Jesus dwelt f.om his childhood up, for nearly 30 years. Luke it. 51; iv. 16—19.

NAZARITE, [a separated one,] a Jew who made a vow to observe uncommon devotion, either for a given period or for life.

Num. vi. 1-21.

NEAPOLIS, (new city.) a maritime city of Macedonia, near the borders of Thrace, now called Napoli. Acts xvi. II.

NEW TESTAMENT, or New COVEN.EXT.

See COVENANT.

NICHOLAS, [conqueror of the people,] a proselyte of Antioch, and one or the seven

deacons, Acts vi. 5.

NICODEMUS, [innocent blood,] a Pharisee and member of the Sanhedrim, who came to Jesus by night, to make inquiry into the truth of the report he had heard concerning him. John iii; further mentioned, John

wii. 50: xix. 50.

NICOLAITANS, [conquerors of the people,]
This word only occurs twice, Rev. ii. 6, 15, and it is not known from whom the name and it is not known from whom the name is derived, Ireneus, the earliest Christian author who mentions them, says simply, "It very clearly appears from the Apocatypse, that the Nicolaitans held fornication, and the eating of idol-sacrifices, to be things indifferent, and farefore permitted to

NITOFOLIS. (rectorious city.) a city of Thrace, now Nicopi, on the river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the bounda-ry between Thrace and Macedonia. Titus

NIGER, |black, | the surname of Simon, one of the teachers in the church at Antioch,

Acts xili. 1.

MIGHT, the time between evening and morning, and is a symbol of ignorance, Rom. xiii 12: death, John ix. 4; and the season in which anything comes suddenly and unexpectedly upon us, 1 Thess. v. 2; Isa. xv.

Luke x11 20.

NINEVEH, the capital of Assyria, founded by Ashur, the son of Shem, Gen. x. 11, and became one of the largest cities of the world. It was situated on the banks of Josiah. B. C. 572, it was utterly overthrown by the Medes. Matt. xii. 41.

NINEVITES, the inhabitants of Ninevell,

Luke xi 30.

NOAH (repose,) the second father of the human race, was the son of Lamech, the grandson of Methuselah, and the tenth from Adam. born A. M. 1966. Amidst the general corruption of the human race, he alone was found righteous, Gen. iv. 9, and was saved with his family in the ark, when the rest of mankind were destroyed, Gen. v. 28—32; vi-ix, honorable 14.0; Heb xi.7 NUMBERS. Twohonorably mentioned, Ezek. riv.

UMBERS. Two-a few, Isa, vii. 21; 1 Kings xvn 12. Three o. third-Greatness, excellency, and perfection. Four-Univereality of the niatters comprised therein. The four corners of the earth denote all parts of it, Jer. xlix 36. Seven-a large and complete, but uncertain and indefinite number In its liebrew etymology it sig-nihes fulness and perfection. Ten-Many, as well as that precise number, Gen. xxxi.

7. 41.

OATH, a solemn affirmation, accompanied by an appeal to Jehovah in attestation of the truth of what is said. An oath should never be taken but in matters of importance, nor sworn by the name of any but the true God, as it is an act of solemn worship; awe of the Most High, Josh. xxiii.7; James v. 12; Deut, vi. 13, Matt. v. 34, 35; Jer. v. 7 Indeed it is held by some that oaths ought not to be taken at all. Justin, Ireneus, Basil, Chrysostom, Augustine, &c., held oaths to be unchristian.

OBEDIENCE, must be complete, James ii. 10, 11; better than sacrifice, 1 Sam. xv. 22; Psa. l. 8, 13: li. 16: Isa. i. 11-15; Matt. ix.

13 : x1i. 7. DFFEND, OFFENCE. Terms which respect all kinds of transgressions of the laws of God. The original words, which are used metaphorically allude to a stone or stumbling-block in a person's way, by which he sustains serious injury, and is retarded in his progress to a desirable object. See Matt. v. 29, 30; xvi. 23, xvii. 6, 7; Rom. xv. 13, &c. When the Lord Jesus is denominated "a stone of stumbling, a rock of columns of the office to available the columns." denominated "a stone of stumbling, a rock of offence," the effect is evidently put for the cause. I Pet. II. S. Matt. xxi. 44. Offences not to be given. I Cor. viii. 9. ix. 10-27. x. \$2, \$3; how to be taken, Matt. 15-19.

Christians." Their practices were not only opposed to the whole spirit and morality of the Gasp il, but a violation of an express decreased the Apostles and Elders, Acts xv. According to ability, 1 Chron. xxix. 18-17; Fzra ii. 68, 69; Mark xii. 43, 44; 2 Cor. vzii. 12; 1 Tim. vi. 17-19. Under the law, they were either obligatory, as the sin-offering, the trespass-offering, the burnt-offering, the meat-offering; or were roluntary, 28 free-will or peace-offerings of animals or fruits.

OIL, obtained from olives, such as we now call sweet oil, was abundant in Palestine, and at present is generally used throughout Western Asia. It is thought by Orien. tals to be more agreeable at meals than butter and animal fut; and Europeans soon acquire the same preference. The Hebrews used olive oil in their meat-offerings, in their sacred lamps, and in their common use. Oil for the use of the sanctuary, mentioned Exod. xxvii. 20; Lev. xxiv. 1-4. anointing, Exod. xxx. 22-38; xxxvii. 29.

See Lawrs.
OINTMENT, oil perfumed, used to anomit
the head, &c., Psa.cxxxin. 2; Eocl. xi; Isa.

OLD AGE, to be respected. Lev. xiz. 32; 1 Tim. v. 1, 2; what renders it venerable. Prov. xvi. 31; xx. 29; the infirmities of 11. Eccl. zii; the duty required of it. Titus ii.

OLIVE-TREE, a tree very common in Pal-estine. It has spreading branches like an apple tree, and remains green in the winter. It flourishes about 2001 years. There are two kinds, the wild and the cultivated. The fruit which is about the size of a small plum, is very wholesome and nourishing, and is the chief resource of the orientals for oil. It ripens from August to Septem. The olive tree, remarkable for ils verdure, soundness, and useful oil, is the symbol of the most illustrious and useful men. Moses and Aaron were two olive-trees. So were Zerubbabel and Joshua. Isa Ixi. 3; Jer. xi. 16. It is also an emblem of peace and mercy. The dove carried an olive-branch to Noah in the ark; and the original word, elaios, mercy, is derived from

eloia, an olive.

OLIVET, or Mount of Olives, a mountain or ridge lying to the east of Jerusalem, some 625 paces, from which it is separated by the valley of Jehoshaphat and the brook Kedron. From its summit there is a fine view of Jerusalem, and of the Dead Sea. Our Savior often withdrew with his disciples to this mountain, and here he beheld the city, and wept over its approaching destruction; and from this spot he ascended to heaven in the presence of his apos-

ed to heaven in the presence of his apos-tles. Luke xix. 41-44; xiv.50,51.\*
OLYMPAS, [kearealy,] a Christian at Rome, saluted by Paul, Rom. xvi. 15.
OLYMPIC GAMES, allusions to them, 1 Cor. ix. 24-27; Phil. iii. 12-14; 1 Tim. vi. 17; 2 Tim. ii. 5; iv.7, 8; Heb. xii. 1-3.
OMEGA, the last letter of the Greek alpha-bet reversibility applied to averages the and

bet, proverbially applied to express the end. See Alpha.

ONESIMUS, (profitable, usefut,) mentioned Col. iv. 9; Philemon 10-21.

Col. iv. 9; Philemon 10-21. ONESIPHORUS, [profit-bringer,] a chris-

in the temple, was called the oracle, becruse there the priest inquired of God, 1 Kings vi. 5-19. The Scriptures, called the oracles of God, Acts vii. 38; Rom. iii. 2: Hcb. v. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 11; and Christians are required to consult them at all times, and especially in matters of difficulty, and

of great importance.

ORDAIN, horizo, to limit, to bound, to mark out, hence the word horizon which bounds our view. Occurs 8 times. Pro-oruso, to foreordain, or previously mark out, occurs times. Aphorizo, another compound from the same root, occurs 10 times, translated separate or separated. We have the word ordain often in the common version, when it is not horizo in the original; such as to ordain apostles, elders, and to institute observances. For this word we have poico, to make or appoint; and we have kathisteto make or appoint; and we have hathisterm, to constitute. Poico occurs Mark iii. 14.

"Jesus ordained tweive," i. e. appointed.
L. instems occurs Titus i. 4. "Ord: in eiders," i. e. appoint. Gnomai is also used to make or ordain an apostle, Acts i. 22.

ORDINANCE, an appointed rite or observance. No religious rite is binding, or even admissible, which is not of divine institutions or order any so instituted be varied.

tion; nor can any so instituted be varied or modified by human caprice or judgment. OSTENTATION, to be avoided, Prov. xxv.

14: xxvii. 2: Matt. vi.1. OUTER, external. the darkness of the night without, in opposition to the light and splendor of the feast within. Hence the phrase is also used to express the state of exclusion from the kingdom of God. Matt. viii. 12. Hence the phrase is also used to

OX, laws concerning it, Exod. xxi. 28-36; xxii. 4; Deut. xxii. 1; xxv. 4; quoted by

xxiii. 4; Deut. xxii. 1; xxv. 4; quoted by Paul, 1 Cor. ix. 9. OZIAS, (strength from the Lord.) son of Jo-ram, Matt. i. 8.

PADAN-ARAM, fof the field o, syria, rendered by the Seventy, Mesopotamia. See

MESOFOTABLA. MESOFOTAMIA.

PALM-TREE, produces dates, Exod. xv.

27; Deut. xxxiv. 8; Judges i. 16; its
branches an emblem of joy, Lev. xxiii. 40:
John xii. 13: Rev. vii. 9. It is said that
the bark, leaves, fruit, &c., of the palm-tree

are employed by the Arabs for 360 uses.
PALSY, (from paraluo, I unloose, enfeeble,) is
a disease which deprives the body in whole,

or part, of action and teeling. Matt. iv. 24: viii. 6: ix. 2: Mark ii. 3, 5, 10. PAMPHYLIA, (a nation made up of every tribe,) a province in the southern part of Asia Minor, having the Mediterranean on the south, Cilicia on the east, Pisidia on the north, and Lycia on the west. Mentioned

Acts xiii. 13; xiv. 24, PAPHOS, [which boils,] a city of Cyprus, at the western extremity of the island. Here Paul performed a miracle on Elymas, who opposed his teaching, and endeavored to turn the Roman governor from the faith, Acts xiii. 6-12. PARABLE. The word parable is derived

from parabollee, which comes from para-ballein, to compare, to collate. 1. It deno-tes an obscure or enigmatical saying, Psa. tes an obscure or enigmatical saying, Psa. xiix. 4. 2. It denotes a fictitious narrative, invented for the purpose of conveying truth in a less offensive or more engaging manner than that of direct assertion, 2 Sam. xii. 2, 3: Judges Iz. 7-15; 2 Kings xiv. 9, 10. 3. Any discourse expressed in figurative, poetical, or highly ornamented diction is called a parable, Num. xxii. 7;

Job xxvii. 1. New Testament parables seem to be generally employed in the second sense mentioned above, viz. to denote a fictitious narrative, under which is veiled some important truth. In some places, as Heb. ix. 9, it bears the meaning of type or emblem.

PARADISE, a term which by long and extensive use has been employed to designate the Garden of Eden. This has been caused by the Greek translators of the Pentateuch having adopted it. The word paradeisos is not properly either Greek or Hebrew, but appears to have been imported from a more eastern tongue, probably the Persian, and which signified the same as the Hebrew gan. In Gesenius and Robinson's Heb. Lez. it is defined thus; "A paradise, i. e. an orchard, an arboretum, particularly of pomegranates, a park, a fruit garden; a name commen to several Oriental languages, and especially current among the Persiaus, as we learn from Xenophon and Julius Pol-Net Sanroit, pardeesha, Armenian, pardez; Arabic, firdaus; Syrine, fordauso; Chaldee of the Targums, pardeesa." Josephus calls the gardens of Solomon, paradises, and Be-rosus, quoted by Josephus says that the lofty gardens erected by Nebuchadnezzar, were called the Suspended Paradise. There are only three places where the word is found in the New Testament, Luke xxiii. 45; 2 Cor. xii. 4; Rev. ii. 7; but which may be illustrated by reference to the primeval term, lsa. li. 3; Ezek. xxvii. 13; xxxi. 9, 18. 18. xxvii. 5. Lukii 2.

15, 18; xxxvi 35; Joel ii 3.

PARCHMENT, prepared sheep skin, and formerly much used for writing on, mentioned 2 Tim. iv. 13.

PARENTS, to be honored, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2; their duty to their children, Gen. xviii. 19; Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6, 7; vi. 17; Matt. xxii. 16; 2 Cor. xii. 14; Eph. vi. 4; Col. iii. 21; 1 Tim. v. 8. PARMENAS, {that abides,} one of the seven

deacons, Acts vi. 5.

PARTIIIANS, [horsemen.] called Persians or Elamites in the time of the prophets, and Parthians about the time of Christ, Acts

PARTIALITY, unfair and unjust treatment of others, to be avoided, Matt. xxii. 16: James ii. 1, 9; Jude 16.

PASSOVER, so called because instituted in

remembrance of the destroying angel passing over the houses sprinkled with the blood of the paschal lamb. Exod. xii. 11, 12, &c. This was kept on the 14th day of Nisan or Abib. Sometimes it denotes the yearly festivity, called the Feast of the Passover, (Deut. xvi. 2; Num. xxviii. 16, 17;) celebrated on the 15th of Nisan; and sometimes the whole solemnity, commencing on the 14th and ending on the 21st of Nisan, Luke xxii. 1; though, strictly, the Passover and the feast of unleavened bread, (or unfermented things, more properly,) are distinct institutions. Christ called our Passover, or Paschal lamb, 1 Cor. v.7. To be fulfilled in the kiugdom of God, Luke xxii. 16.

ATARA, [trod under foot,] a seaport of Asia Minor, in Lycia, 160 miles S. E. of Ephesus.

Acts xxi. 1.

PATIENCE, recommended, Luke xxi. 19; Rom. xii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 14; Heb. x. 36; xii; Janes i. 3, 4, v. 7; 1 Pet. ii. 19, 20; 2 Pet.

1.6.
PATMOS, [mortal.] an island in the Ægean
Sea, 16 miles S. W. of Samos, to which the
apoetle John was banished, Rev. 1.9. It is

usmall, oblong and rocky island, about 15 miles in circumference, and u. ..., under the Roman empire, as a place of banishment.

PATRIARCH, a venerable man, with a large posterity. The word is chiefly applied to those who lived before the time of Moses, Acts vii. 8; and hence we speak of the patriarchial age. 11ch, vii. 4.

PATROBAS, [paternal,] mentioned Rom.

xvi. 14, 15.

PAUL, [a worker,] was a native of Tarsus, a city of Clincia, Acts xxii. 3, and was of Jewish descent, of the tribe of Benjamin, Phil. iii. 5, and probably inherited the right of Roman citizenship from his father, through services rendered to the Roman state. He was first a persecutor, then a disciple of Christ, and commissioned by the Lord Jesus as an a postle to the Gentiles. Acts xxvi. 15-18. After a life of arduous labor and suffering for the name of Jesus, Paul was belieaded by Nero, at or near Rome, about A. D. 66. Fourteen of the books of the New Testament are attributed to his pen, and they certainly evince his sound judgment and scholastic attainments.

and senousuc attainments.
PEACE, to be cultivated, Psa. xxxiv. 14;
Matt. v. 9; Mark ix. 30; Rom. xii. 18, &c.;
by what means, Col. iii. 13; 1 Thess. iv. 11;
the gift of Jesus to his disciples, John xiv.
27; Phil. iv. 7; James iii. 17, 18.
PAPL a hard, white, shiving substance

PEARL, a hard, white, shining substance, found in some shell-fishes. They are repeatedly mentioned in the New Testament,

and appear to have been esteemed of great value. Matt. xiii. 45, 46; I Tim. ii. 9; Rev. xvii. 4; xviii. 12–16; xxi. 2; PENTECOST, the name (signifying fiftieth) given in the New Testament to the Feast of Weeks, or Ingathering, which was celebrated on the fiftieth day from the Passover, or seven weeks from the 16th of Nisan. Lev. xxiii. 9-21; Deut. xvi. 6; Acts li. 1; xx. 16.

PERFECT, complete, without blemish or defect. Perfection applied to God, Matt. v. 45; to his law, Psa. xix. 7; to be aimed at by Christians, Luke vi. 36; 2 Cor. xiii. 9, 11; Eph. v. 1-8; Col. iv. 12; 1 Thess. iii. 10, &c.; will be perfect in the future state, Eph. iii. 15; Col. i 39. Hab vii 37; Christians. iv. 13; Col. i. 28; Heb. xii. 23; Christ prayed for this, John xvii.

PERGA, [very earthly,] a town of Asia Minor, capital of l'amphylia, 60 miles S. W.

of leonium, Acts xiii. 14; xiv. 25. PERGAMOS, [heigh'h.] now Bergamo, a city of Asia Minor, in Mysia, on the Caicus, 50 miles north of Smyrna. It was once a large city, the capital of a kingdom, and had a library of 200,000 volumes; also a fained temple to Esculapius. In Pergamos was one of the "seven congregations of Asia,"

one of the "seven congregations of Asia," to which the Apocalypse is addressed.
PERSECUTION, how to behave under it, Matt. v. 44; x. 32; Rom. xii. 14; l Pet. iv. 19; the blessings connected with it, Matt. v. 10; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; l Pet. iv. 14; James l. 2; Rev. vi. 0; vii. 13.
PESEVERANCE in duty, enjoined, Matt. xxiv. 13; Luke ix. 62; Acts xiii. 43; l Cor. v. 58 & c. the glorious result Johns. c. 6

xv. 58, &c.; the glorious result, John &. 26, 27; Rom. ii. 7; Rev. ii. 10, 26, &c.

PERSIS, [that cuts,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PESTILENCE, a name given in Scripture to any prevailing contagious disease.

PETER, [a rock, or stone] was one of the twelve apostles, a native of Bethsaida, in Galilee, and was a son of Jonas, and brother of Andrew. His first name was Singon, but when the Savlor called him to the apostleship, he changed it to Cephas, John i. 42, 43. He was crucified about A. D. 70, with his head downwards. Epistles of. These were addressed

to converted Jews in the province near the southern shore of the Elack Sea, 1 Pet. i. 1. The first was written four or five years before the other. The second was especially intended to guard as inst false teachers, and scoffers. There have been more doubts expressed as to the genuineness of the second epistle than of any other book of the New Testament. It was not generally received or acknowledged as belonging to the sacred canon till the fourth century.

PHARISEES, [separatists,] a famous sect of the Jews, who distinguished themselves by their zeal for the tradition of the elders, which they pretended was delivered to Moses from Mount Sinai, and therefore of equal authority with the law. From their rigorous observance of these traditions. they looked upon themselves as more holy than other men; and, therefore, separated themselves from those whom they thought sinners or profane, so as not to eat or drink

with them. Hence arose their name. PHEBE, [shining,] a servant of the congre-

gation at Cenchrea. Rom. xvi. 1, 2.

PHENICE, [red, purple,] a seaport town on the S. W. part of Crete, with a harbor, Acts xxvii. 12.

PHENICIA, [land of palm trees,] a country in the north of Palestine, on the Mediter-ranean, containing the cities of Tyre and Sidon.

PHILADELPHIA, [love of a brother,] a civy of Asia Minor, and one of the seven containing the Christian congregations to which the Apoealyptic admonitions were white the appearaphe automatons were addressed. Situated in Lydia, on the Hermus, 65 miles east of Smyrna; and is now called Allah Shehr, "city of God," i. e. High-town. It was once a large city, but

now contains only about 3000 houses.
PHILEMON, [that kisses,] a friend of the apostle Paul's and an eminent Christian, residing at Colosse, whose servant, named Onesimus, absconded and fled to Rome. There he was converted and sent back to his master with a letter from Paul, called

The Epistle to Philemon, written about A. D. 62, and was sent, together with Epistles to the Ephesians and Colossians, by Tychi-chus and Onesimus. Paley, in his Horæ Pauline, has brought many unanswerable proofs of the authenticity of the Scriptura from the undesigned coincidences between this Epistle, that to the Colossians, and the Acts of Apostles. This Epistle has been universally admired as a model of graceful,

delicate, and manly writing.

PHILETUS, [amiable,] an apostate Christian, mentioned by Paul, in connection with Hymeneus 2 Tim. ii. 7.

PHILLP, [warlike,] one of the twelve apostate of the properties of the pro

tles; a native of Bethsaida in Galilee, John i. 43, 44; Luke vi. 14.

one of the seven first deacons, Acts vi. 5; also called an Evangelist, Acts xxi. 3. son of Herod the Great, by Cleopatra, and tetrarch of Batanea, Trachonitis, and Auranitis, Luke iii. I, and from him Cesarea Philippi received its name, Matt. xvi. 13.

- another son of Herod, by his wife Marianne, and called by Josephus, Herod, the first husband of Herodias, Matt. xiv. 3. PHILIPPI, a city of Macedonia, 70 miles E. N. E. of Theasalonica. It was once a large

city, but now a mean village. Many ruins still exist, which are witnesses to its for-

mer greatness.

PIIILIPPIANS, Epistle to the. Written by Paul from Rome during his two years' prisonment, and bears in every part the impress of his peculiar style, manner of thought, and form of doctrine. The church had been planted by Paul, and of all the churches, they seem to have loved him the most, and to have been the most generous his support. He wrote to thank them for their bounty, and to teach them. This is the only Epistle of Paul which expresses no censure.

PHILOLOGUS, [a lover of learning,] men-

tioned Rom. xvi. 15.

PHLEGON, [zealous,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PHRYGIA, [dry, barren,] a country in the centre of Asia Minor, Acts xvi. 6; xviii. 23. PHYGELLUS, [fugitive,] a Christian who forsook Paul in his necessity, and mentioned in connection with Hermogones,

2 Tim. i. 15.

HYLACTERIES, [safeguards,] strips or rolls of parchinent, inscribed with passages PHYLACTERIES, of the law; fastened on the forehead, wrist or hem of the garment, from a mistaken in terpretation of Exod. xiii. 9, 16; Num. xv. 37-40. See also Matt. xxiii. 5. Our Lord condemus not the wearing of them, but the pride and hypocrisy of the Pharisees in making them broad and visible, to obtain respect and reputation for wisdom and

piety.
PILATE, [who is armed with a dart.] Pontius Pilate was the sixth Roman Procurator of Judea, under whom our Lord taught, suffered, and died, Actsiii. 13: iv. 27; xiii. 28; 1 Tim. vi. 13. Both Tacitus and Josephus corroborate the New Testament ac-

counts concerning him.

PILLAR, a column, a supporter, a monu-ment. "The pillars of the earth," and "pillars of heaven," are metaphorical expressions, by which the world is compared to a vast edifice, reared by the power and skill of Jehovah. Job ix. 6; xxvi. 11. xxxviii. 4. 6; Psa. lxxv. 3. James was a pillar in the church; that is, a great support and ornament; and the church itself is the "pillar and ground of the truth;" that is, it maintains truth in the world. 1 Tim. jii. 15. pressions, by which the world is compared

PISIDIA, [pitch.] a country of Asia Minor, west of Mount Taurus, S. W. of Lycaonia, and north of Pamphylia. Its present name

is Natolia.

PLOW, an instrument of tillage. To plow and look back, Luke ix. 62, is to make bad work, if indeed one could thus work at all, especially with the imperfect plows used in the time of Christ. Christians, therefore, must not look back on the world with must not look back on the word with pleasure and desire, butgive all heed to the important work and reward which lies be-fore them. 1 Cor. iz. 10. POLYGAMY, laws against, Gen. ii. 24; Matt.

xix. 4-6; Mark x. 6-8; Rom. vii. 3; 1 Cor.

vii. 2.
PONTUS, [the sea,] a country comprehending the N. E. part of Asia Minor, and bor-

dering on the Euxine Sea.

POOLS, mentioned John v. 1-7; ix. 7.
PORCIUS, [a lover of pork.] Porcius Festus
succeeded Felix in the government of Judea, Acts xxiv. 27.

POTTER, one who makes earthenware; a type of the sovereignty of God, Jer. xviii. 2; liom. ix. 21; the breaking of his vessels an emblem of destruction, Jer. xix. 1, 11; Rev.

POTTER'S FIELD. See ACELDAMA.
PRAISE, to commend. To praise God is to
duly acknowledge his great excellences.
Psa.cxxxviii; Rev.xix.5. It is one of the asa. cxiivili; Kev. Xix. 5. It is one of the noblest acts of worship, and is the dictate of nature. Acts xvi. 25: 1 Cor. xiv. 15; Eph. v. 19; Col. iii. 16, &c. Praise of men, no proper principle of action, Matt. vi. 1; Gal. v. 26: Phil. ii. 8.

20; Phil. ii. 3.

PRAYER, the obligation and use of it, Matt. v. 44; v. 16; vii. 7; Luke x vii. 1; Phil. iv. 6; Col. iv. 2; 1 Tim. ii. 1, &c; to be offered in faith, Matt. xxi. 2; Heb. xi. 6; without ostentation and vain repetitions. Luke xviii. 1-14; Matt. vi. 7; in the name of Jesus, John xiv. 13; xv. 16; xvi. 23; Eph. v. 20, &c.; instances of private prayer, Dan. vi. 10; Matt. xiv. 23; Actsix. 11; x. 9; somal, Actsi. 14; ii. 42; xii. 12; xvi. 13, 16; xxi. 5; forms of prayer, Num. vi. 22-27; x. 85, 56; Deut. xxi. 8; xxvi; Matt. vi. 9-13.

PREACH, or Procental, is loudly to make known the will of God, as his appointed heralds, Eph. iii. 8. Kerusso, from keruza, a hera. d, or public crier, is found 62 times,

a hera d, or public crier, is found 62 times, and always indicates to make proclama-

tion as a herald. PRETORIUM. This word denotes the general's tent in the field, and also the house or palace of the governor of a province, whether a pretor or not. It is applied to Herod's palace at Jerusalem, Matt. xxvii. 27; Mark xv. 16; John xviii. 28, 38; xix. 9; also to the one he built at Cesarea, Acts xxiii. 85. In Phil. i. 18, the word denotes the camp or quarters of the Pretorian cohort at Rome.

PRIEST, a man who officiate or transacted with God on behalf others, s tedly, or for the occasion. Those under the law were of the family of Aaron, Exod...xviii. 1; under the Christian economy, all disciples are a

holy and royal priesthood, 1 Pet. ii. 5, 0; Rev. i. 6; v. 10: xx. 6.

HIGH, first Aaron, afterwards the eldest son of the eldest branch of his family, Exod. xxviii; Jesus Christ, the Melchisedek High-priest, Psa. cx. 4: Heb. iv. 11;

v. 4, 5: vt. 20: vii—x. 22, &c.
PRINCE, a chief, a governor. Christ is the
"Prince of peace," Isa. ix. 6: Eph. ii. 15:
John xiv. 27: "Prince of life." Acts iii. 15:
"Prince of the beautiful of the chief." "Prince of the kings of the earth, Rev. i. 5. These titles peculiarly belong to him, because he is the "resurrection and the life, and has the "keys of death and hades," and will raise up the believer at the last day: then in his kingly and priestly office, "he will speak peace to the heathen," and "make wars to cease to the ends of the earth," and "peace shall flow as a river:" earth," and "peace shall flow as a river:" then "all kings shall fall down before him: all nations shall serve him."

PRISCILLA, [uncient.] wife of Aquila, and probably like Phoba, a deaconess. She her husband, and is always named along with him, Rom. xvi. 3: 1 Cor. xvi. 19:

2 Tim. iv. 19.

PROCHORUS, [he who presides over the choirs,] one of the deacons mentioned Acts vi. 5.

PROCONSUL, a Roman officer appointed to the government of a province with consular authority. When the apostle Paul was at Corinth he was brought before Gallio, the proconsul of Achaia, Acts xviii. 18-16. PROMISES of God, many and various, and

exceeding great and precious, 2 Pet. i. : are sure in Christ Jesus, 2 Cor. i. 20: ar

incentives to purity, 2 Cor. vii. 1: are for the present and future life, t Tim. iv. 8. PROPHET. This word and the word prophery have two meanings; the one is the fore-

telling of events yet future, the other is the uttering the meaning of ancient oracles, or speaking, from the impulse of the Spirit, to the edification and comfort of Christians.

1 Cor. xiv: Rom. xii. 6. PROPITIATION, that which atones for and covers our guilt, as the mercy-seat covered the tables of the law, Rom. iii. 25; 1 John

ii. 2; iv. 10.
PROSELYTE, a stranger, or one from abroad, converted to the Jewish religion, Acts ii.

10; vi. 5; ziii. 43. PROSEUCHA, a word signifying prayer, and always so translated in the authorized version. It is, however, applied to a place of prayer,—a place where assemblies for pray-er were held, whether a building or not. In this sense it seems Luke vi. 12 must be

understood, also Acts xvi. 14. PROVIDENCE, a care for the future. The Greek word pronoia, means forethought, and corresponds with the Latin providentia, which originally meant foresight. God's care or providence, considered in reference to all things existing, is termed by Knapp unicersal; in reference to moral beings, spe-cial; and in reference to holy or converted beings, particular. Everything's an object of Providence in proportion to its capacity. The disciples, being of more value than many sparrows, were assured of greater providential care. Matt. vi. 26; x. 29-31. PRUDENCE recommended, Prov. xii. 16, 23;

xiii. 16; xiv. 8; Matt. x. 16; James iii. 13. PSALMS, Book of, one of the most extensive and useful in Scripture, is often quoted in the New Testament. That David composed most of the Psalms is beyond doubt. "Psalms and hymns and spiritual songs," Eph. v. 19. Psalms, denote such sacred songs or poems as are sung to instruments, and may here refer to those of David; hymna signify songs in honor of God; and songs means any regular poetic composi-tion adapted to singing, and here restricted to those which are spiritual. This admonition is in opposition to the practice of the heathen, who, in their Bacchanalia, or feasts, dedicated to Eacchus, the god of wine, became intoxicated, as the previous verse intimates, and sang drunken songs in praise of their deity.

PTOLEMAIS, [warlke,] now Acre, a seaport of Palestine, 24 miles south of Tyre It is famous for its seige by the Crusaders. It is now the principal port of Palestine, and

contains about 10,000 inhabitants.

PUBLICAN, a person who farmed the taxes and public revenues. The name and profession of a publican were extremely odions among the Jews, who submitted with much reluctance to the taxes levied by the Ro-The publicans were also noted for mans. their imposition, rapine, and extortion, to which they were, perhaps more especially prompted by having a share in the farm of the tribute, as they were thus tempted to oppress the people with illegal exactions, that they might the more speedily enrich themselves. Zaccheus and Matthew were publicans, but there is no reason to suppose that either of them had been guilty of Lujust practices, or that there was any exexption to their characters beyond that of eing engaged in an odious employment. Matt. Ivii. 17. Ixi. 31; Luke v. 27; XII. 2. PDPLIUS, [common,] governor of Melita, at the time of Paul's ship we on that is

land, Acts xxviii 7, 8.
PUDENS, [shamefaced.] 2 Tim. iv. 21.
PURPLE, a color much worn by kings and emperors, Mark xv. 17. It is the famous Tyrian dye, so costly, and so celebrated in antiquity. It was procured from the shellfish named murex or purpura. The traffic in it, probably, was profitable, Acts xvi. 14. To this day, the best scarlet dye, (a term often interchanged for purple,) in all Asia, is produced at Thyatira

is produced at Thyatira.
PURITY of heart and action required. Rom.
vi. 19; Gal. v. 16; Eph. i. 4; v. 3, 4; Phil. ii.
15; Col. iii. 5; 1 Pet. ii. 11; 2 Pet. iii. 14.
PUTEOLI, [abounding in wells,] now Pozzuoii, a maritime town of Campania, in Italy,
on the north shore of the bay of Naples,
and about 8 miles N. W. from the city of
that name. Acts xxviii. 3.

QUARRELS to be avoided, Rom. xiii. 13; Col. iii. 13; James iii. 16; iv. 1-7. QUARTERNION, a detachment of four soldiers, Acts xii. 4, which was the usual number of a Roman night watch. Peter, therefore, was guarded by four soldiers. two within the prison and two outside the doors; and as the watch was usually changed every three hours, it was necessary that the four quarternions mentioned in the text should be appointed for the pur-

QUARTUS, [the fourth,] a disciple, mentioned Rom. xvi. 23.

QUEEN often means in Scripture a king's mother. A reference to this fact will remove several apparent discrepancies in the Old Testament. The word has still the same meaning among Orientals. It also denotes a woman who is married to a king, or governs a kingdom, Neh. ii. 10; 1 Kings x. 1; Acts viii. 27. Also, the church as espoused to Jesus, Psa. xlv. 9. QUICKSAND. In Acts xxvii. 17, it is men-

tioned that when the ship in which l'aul was driven past the isle of Clauda on the south, the mariners, as would now be said. struck the sails, and scudded under bare poles, lest they should fall into the quicksands. The original word syrtis denotes a sand bank or shoal, dangerous to navigation, drawn, or supposed to be drawn together by the currents of the sea.

RABBI, a name of dignity among the Jews, signifying doctor or master. Applied to Jesus, John i. 38, 49; iii. 2, 26; vi. 25. Jesus warns his disciples against suffering it to be given to them, Matt xxiii, 7-12. RABBONI, signifying my great master, is the highest honor or title of respect applied

by the Jews to the teachers of the law, Mark x.51; John xx.16.

RACA, a word which occurs in Matt. v. 22, and which is left untranslated in the authorized version. It is expressive of contempt, and signifies an empty, worthless fellow.

RACE, a rapid course, generally implying contest. The numerous allusions to Gre cian footraces, contained in l'aul's epistles, require some knowledge of the laws of those games. See 1 Cor. ix. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. xii. 1; Gal. v. 7, &c. Those persons who intended to contend in the games were obliged to repair to the gymnasium ten months before the solemnity, where they prepared themselves by continual exercise; and no man who had omitted to present himself in this manner was allowed to coutend for any of the prizes. Hence the apos-tie says, "Now every one who contends, or strives for the mastery, is temperate in all things"

things.

KACHEL, [a sheep,] daughter of Laban, sister of Leah, and wife of Jacob, Gen. xxix. 6. Jeremiah and Matthew have put Rachel for the tribes of Ephraim and Manassch, the children of Joseph, Jer. xxxi. 15. Matt. li. 18.

Matt. ii. 18.
RAIIAB, Iproud. 2 woman of Jericho; her history, Josh. ii; vi. 22-25; an example, Heb. ri. 31; Jaines ii. 25.
RAILING forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 9; 2 Pet. ii. 11; Jude 9.
RAIN was plentiful in Israel twice a year. "The early and the latter rain" occurred, the former in September, the latter in March. After these, the weather becomes settled, and about May the grain is gathered. In Egyptit searce! yever rains; the overflow of the Nile, and copious dews, answering the purpose. In tropical clianswering the purpose. In tropical climates the winter's the rainy season. Violent winds often attend these rains, and over-throw insecure houses. Hence our Savior's

parable. Matt. vii. 25. RAMAH, [elevared,] a city of Benjamin, six miles north of Jerusalem, Josh. xviii. 25. Near this was Rachel's tomb; she is poetically introduced as rising from the grave, and looking in vain for her offspring. "Ra-chel weeping for her children," Jer. xxxi. 15.

RASHNESS censured, Psa. xxxi. 22; cxvi.

11: Prov. xiv. 29; Acts xix. 30.
RAVEN, a bird of prey, ceremonially unclean. Elijah fed by ravens, I Kings xvii.
4-6; and are cared for by God, Job xxxviii. 41; Psa. exlvii. 9; if he cares for ravens, how confidently may his people trust him!

Luke xii. 24. RECONCILIATION, a restoring to favor, or reunion between those who had been at variance, Rom. v. 10; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. ii.16:

Col. i. 20. REDEEM, to buy back what was sold,

pledged, or forfeited.

REDEEMER, one who ransoms by paying the price. Christ our redeemer, 1 Pet. i. 19. REDEMPTION, means deliverance, from lutrosis, which occurs in Luke i. 68; ii. 55: Acts vii. 35; Heb. ix. 12. Apolutrosis, deliverance from, occurs 10 times, and signifies the dismissing of a person after a ranson has been paid.

REFORM, metanocoo, occurs 34 times, and metanoia, reformation, 24 times. Metanoego signifies to think after, or to change one's mind so as to influence the conduct. one's mind so as to innuence the conduct. Dounci metanoian, Acts v. 31, to give reformation, is equal to making a proclamation offering inducements to it. A motation from Josephus will illustrate this—"Dounci metanoian epi tois perragmenois," to publish and to the same land away their remove

a pardon to those who lay down their arms.
RIGENERATION, denotes a new birth, a
renovation, or complete change for the better. The original word, palingenetia, oc-curs twice—Matt. xiz. 28, the renovation, or change of state or condition; and Titus iii. 5, the washing, or bath of regeneration, connected with the rencwing of the mind by the Holy Spirit. "Born again" is a fig.

18, 10. The noun, apheesis, remission occurs 17 times, and the verb, aphieemi, even s 146 times; rendered to forgive, remit, set free from, dismiss, in all versions.
REMPHAN, [prepared,] the name of an idol, which some think to be Saturn, Amos v.

26: Acts vii. 43. REPENT, metamelomoi, I repent, or am concerned for the past, occurs Matt. xxi. 79.3: xxvii. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 8; Heb. vii. 21. Always

translated repent.

REPROOF, how to be given, Lev. xix. 17;

Prov. ix. 8; xxiv. 29; Lukexvii. 3; 1 Thess
v. 14; 2 Thess, iii. 15; 1 Tim. v. 1, 20; 2 Tim. v. 2; how to be received, Prov. 17; xii. 1; xiii. 18; xv. 5; 0, 31, 32; xix. 20; xxviii. 23: xxx. 1; Eccl. vii. 5.

REST, quietness, promised to Christians, Matt. xi. 28, 29; Heb. iii. 11, 18; iv. 1-11. RESTITUTION, means the restoring of any

hing to its former state. Acts iii. 21. original wor 'signifies, to dispose, order, or settle anything in a good state, whic' has previousle een bad. These times will be previously ear bad. These times will be the accomplishment of all promises and prophecies respecting the conversion of the Jews and Genties. Also the return-ing of a thing unjustly gotten r making amends or an injury. This very partiamends or an injury. This cularly enjoined in the law very parti-Moses, Exod. It was done at xxi.; Lev. xxiv.; Deut. xix. the reformation under Nehemiah. Neh. 10, 11; and by Zaccheus, who following the Roman law, agreed to restore fourfold, Luke xix. 8.
RESURRECTION of Christ, foretold,

ESURRECTION of Christ, foretoid, Psa, xvi 10, 11; Matt. xii. 40; xvi. 21; xvii. 21; xvii. 28; Mark ix. 51; xiv. 28; John ii. 19; recorded by the Eva gelists, Matt. xxviii; Mark xvi.: Luke xxiv.: John xx.: preached by the apostles, Acts ii. 24-30; iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 30, 51; xi. 40-42; xiii. 50-37; xvi. 18, 31; xxv. 19; xxvi. 8, 53; 1 Cor. xv. 3, 44; to an avertion of Christ the found; is 18, 31; xxv.19; xxvi.8, 53; 1 Cor. xv. 3, 4 the resurrection of Christ the foundation of the believer's hope, 1 Cor. xv. 12-18; 1 Thess. iv. 14-17; 1 Pet. i. 3: promised to them by Jesus, John v. 29; vi. 39, 40, 54; xi. 25; xiv. 19, &c. Re FALIATICN, law of, Exod. xxi. 24, 25; Lev. xxiv. 20; Deut. xix. 21; abrogated Matt. v. 38; Rom. xii. 17; I Cor. vi. 7: U Thess v. 15; 1 Pet. jii 0

Thess. v. 15; I Pet. iii. 9.
REVELATION, Book of. Critics generally agree that the apostle John was the writer of this book, and that it was written about A. D. 9°. It is a proplemy expressed in the most striking and impressive symbols, of the fortunes of the Christian Church, commoneing soon after the fall of Jerusalem to the consummation of all things-running through a period of nearly 3000 years; and embracing the downtal of Pagan Rome: the rise, progress, and overthrow of the apostacy: the second appearing of Jesus Christ as the king of kings, pinishing the darkness of the apostacy and appearing of Jesus Christ as the king of kings, pinishing appearing of Jesus Christ as the king of kings, pinishing the darkness of the arch and subjugating the destroyers of the earth, and subjugating all the kingdoms of this world to himself. and gives a glance at his milennial reign with his glorified saints, and the final and complete overthrow of all the powers of evil, and the establishment of universal peace and righteousness for the ages of tho ages. The Apocalypse is a very difficult

n, Christ our example, 1 l'et. ii. 23: iii. 9: |

2 Pet. ii. 11: Jude 9.
RILLGIUM, [capture,] now called Reggio, a scaport opposite to Messina in Sicily, Acts xxviii. 13.

RHESA, [will,] an ancestor of Jesus, Luke

RHODA, [a rose,] a servant of Mary, the the mother of John Mark, Acts xii. 13.

RHODES, [a rose,] an island near the S. W. corner of Asia Minor, 125 miles in circumference, celebrated in ancient history for commerce, and for a colossal brazen statue of Apollo, which was reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. It was 130 feet high, and ships in full sail passed between its legs. It was thrown down by an earthquake after standing 50 years. Acts xxi. l.

RICHES. ICHES, their uncertainty, Matt. vi 19; Luke xii.16-21; James v. 1-3; dangerous, Matt. xiii. 22; James i. 6. 7; v. 1-4; ablessing if well used, Lake xvi. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 17-

ing it well used, Lane xvi. 9; 1 lint. vi. 17, 19; true riches, Matt. vi. 19, 70; Luke xii. 33; Rev. ii. 9; iii. 18.
RIGHTEOUSNESS, Christ is to his people, Jer. xxiii. 6; Mal. iv. 2; 1 Cor. i. 30, &c.; the righteous to inherit eternal life, Dan.

the righted to index vertical the Fair xii. 2; Matt. xxx. 46: Luke xviii. 30; John iii. 15; iv. 14; Rom. ii. 7; 1 Tim. vi. 10; Titus i. 2; 1 John ii. 5; Jude 21. RIGHT HAND is, in Scripture, a symbol of power. Exod. xv. 6; Psa. xxi. 8. In the court, the place for the pleader was on the right hand, and the Sanhedrin placed those to be justified on the right hand, and those to be condemned on the left hand. It was also reckoned a position of the highest honor to be placed at the right hand. I'sa.

cx. 1. RISE "up in the judgment," Matt. xii, 42. The judge did not pass sentence in a sitting posture, but rose up for that purpose; a.so. the witnesses rose up from their seats, when they gave evidence against criminals.

RIVER of tife, Rev. xxii. I.
ROCK, "upon this rock will I build my church," Matt. xvi. 18. The Greek word for Peter is Petros, and means a stone, and the original word for rock, is petra. The meaning of this passage therefore is, "Thou art Petros, a stone, and on this petra, rock, will I build my church." Mark the construction of the language. "Thou" Mark the construction of the language. "Thou" is in the second person, and "thus" is in the third; "petros" is masculine, and "petra" is feminine. Jesus asked for a confession; Peter gave it in these words,— 'Thou art the Christ, the son of the living God," and this was the petra on which he declared that he would build his church, and against which the gates of hades should not prevail. 1 Cor. iii. 11.

ROD, a symbol of power and rule, Psa. ii. 9. ROMANS, Epistle to. Paul had never been to Rome when he penned this letter. It was called forth by his having heard of their condition, and especially of the difficulties existing between the Jewish and the Gentilemembers. He controverts many of the errors of both Jews and Pagans, as to aucestral merit, justification, the effi-cacy of sacrifices, election, submission to foreign rulers, &c. Paul was nearly sixty years old when he wrote this letter, during a residence of some months at Corinth.

ROME, [strength,] a city of Italy, on the Tiber, 12 miles from the sea. It was built on seven hills, was the capital of the Roman and the empire, the mistress of the world, and the acat of arts and arms. It has long been the

residence of the Pope, and the seat of ecclesiastical power. It contains St. l'eter's church, the most magnificent edifice in the world, and has many monuments of its ancient grandeur. Though greatly reduced, it nevertheless contains about 150,000 inhabita.:ts.

RUBY. See Precious Stores. RUFUS, [red,] the son of Simon the Cyreman, who assisted Christ in carrying his

nitan, who assisted chirts in carrying moscross, Mark xv. 21. Another person so named, mentioned Rom, xvi. 13. SABAOTH, (armica, Rom, ix. 29; James v. 4. SABBATH, (rest.) so called, because on the seventh day God rested from his works. Gen. ii. 2, 3. There is no positive evidence that the Sabbath day was observed before that the Sabbath day was observed before the Law, no command or example of its ob-servance being recorded. It was positively enjoined on the nation of Israel, as one of the ten commandments, "written and en-graven on stones," and to which they were required to yield exact obedience. Jesus claimed to be "Lord of the Sabbath," and shound the Pharises that it was "lawful showed the Pharisees that it was "lawful to do good on the Sabbath. The Savior having "blotted out the hand-writing of having bouted out the name writing of ordinances, and taken it out of the way, by nailing it to his cross," rested the whole of the Sabbath in the grave, and arose on the first of the week, as Lord of the new creation. There is no mention of the Sabbath. being enjoined on Christians, and especially on Gentile believers. See Acts xv. 19-29.

DAY'S JOURNEY. Acts i. 12.

Jewish tradition allowed a man to travel

on the Sabhath only one mile.

SABBATICAL YEAR, the seventh year, in which the land was to have rest, Exod. xxin: Lev.xxv. It was also called a "year of release," and in it all debtors were liberated, and all law-suits ceased. Dent. xv. 1.

SACRIFICE, an act of religious worship, in in which the worshipper shed the blood of animals, as an acknowledgment of his guilt and exposure to death, and as a typical atonement for sin, Gen. xxxi. 54: Heb. x. 1, &c.: xi. 4, &c. The Jewish people could not offer their own sacrifices; they were to bring them to the priest, and he was to offer them. So cannot we now offer up our prayers and praises to God but by Jesus prayers and praises to God Dut by Jesus Christ, and so the apostle here applies the case. "By him, let us offer the sacrifice of praise," Heb. xiii. 15. SADDUCEES, [Just, mathied.] a famous sect among the Jews, so called, it is said, from

their founder, Sadoc, who flourished about 260 years B. C., and taught there was no resurrection nor future state, neither angel

nor spirit, Matt. xxii. 23, Acts xxiii. S. SALAH, [mission,] a son or grandson of Arphaxad, Gen. x. 24; xi. 13; Luke iii. 35. SALAMIS, [shaken,] one of the chief cities of Cyprus, on the S. E. coast of the island, Acts xiii. 5

ACIS XIII. 5.

SALATHIEL, [I have asked of God.] or SHEALTIAL, the father of Zerubbabel, 1 Chron. iii. 17; Matt. i. 12.

SALEM, [peace,] the original name of Jerusalem, Gen. xiv. 18; Heb. vii. 1, 2, and was accompanied by the latest time. Peach layers used poctically in later times, Psa. lxxvi. 2.

SALIM, (a fox.) the well-watered place where John baptized. John iii. 23.

SALMON, [peaceable,] the son of Nahshon, who married Rahab, 1 Chron. ii. 11; and the father of Boaz, Ruth iv. 21; Mait. i. a. 5; Luke iii. \$2. SALMONE, [peaceable,] a promos vory torno-

ing the eastern extermity of , ac island of

Crete, Acts xxvii. 7.

SALOME, (peaceable,) the wife of Zebedee, and mother of James and John, Matt. xxvii.56: Mark xv. 30: xxi. 1. Also, the name of that daughter of Herodias, who caused the death of John the Baptist

caused the death of Joint the Haptist.
SALT, was used with every burnt offering,
Lev. ii. 13; Mark ix. 49; disciples compared
to it, Matt. v. 13; Lukexiv. 34. In illustration of Matt. v. 13, Maundrell, in his travels
near Aleppo, says, "I found veins of salt, of which the part exposed to the air. sun and rain, had lost its savor, while that below the surface preserved its saltness." Schoetgenius has largely proved in his "Horæ Hebraicæ," that such as had become insipid was used to repair roads.

SALUTE, to address with civility. The Easterns salute according to rank. The common salutation is laying the right hand on the bosom and a little declining the body. In satuting a person of rank they bow almost to the ground and kiss the hem of his garment. Inferiors kiss the feet, the knees, or garments of superiors. Equals kiss the beard, the cheek, or the neck. "Salute no man by the way," was an order when great despatch was required.

SALVATION, deliverance from evil. 1. Salvation from physical dangers, Acts xxvi. 15; Heb.xi.7; 17im.ii. 15; Acts vii. 25; xxvii. 20. In this sense God is the savior or preserver of all men. 2. Salvation from the guilt, pollution, and dominion of sin, Acts ii. 47; Mark xvi. 16; 1 Cor. i. 18; 2 Cor. ii 15; 1 Pet. iii. 21; James i. 21; Eph. ii. 5, 8, &c. 3. Salvation entire and complete at the resurrection and elorification of the

saints, 1 Cor. vi. 5; Rom. v. 9; wiii. 11; Phil. ii. 12; Heb v. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 10. SAMARIA, [match.height.] a city, situated near the middle of Palestine, builtby Omri, king of Israel, on a mountain or hill of the same name, B. C. 925. It was the metropo-lis of the ten tribes. Also the middle divi-

sion of Palestine.

SAMARITANS, inhabitants of Samaria.

John iv. 9. They were the offspring of a John IV. 9. I ney were the dispring of a colony of Babylonians, mixed with apostate Jews, who built a temple on mount Gerizim, and were hated by the Jews. Luke ix. 72, 53; John vii. 48.

SAMOS, [full of gravel.] an island in the Archipelago, on the coast of Asia Minor, Acts vii.

SAMOTHRACIA, an island in the Ægean

Sea, Acts xvi. 11. SAMSON, (his son,) a judge of Israel, of the tribe of Dan, Judges xii. 3—25; Heb.xi. 32. SAMUEL, [asked of God.] the son of Elkanah and Hannah, of the trite of Levi, and fami-ly of Kohath, He was the last of the Judges of Israel, and rn eminent prophet and historiar. He wore an ephod, anointed kings, and offered sacrifices, but he was not of the and onered sacrinces, but he was not of the race of Aaron. To Samuel are ascribed the book of Judges, that of Ruth, and the first of Samuel. He died in the 19th year of his

CANCILTY, to separate anything to God. Hagrazo occurs 28 times, translated to sanctify, to make holy; hagiasmos, sanctifica-tion, holiness occurs 10 times. The mean-ing of hagiazo will be found in John xvii. 17, 19 x x x x. 25. Jesus was said to be sanctified, made holy, i. e. set apart and devoted to God. The setting apart, or consecrating or the body, soul, and spirit, to God, through Jesus Christ, is the holiness of Christianity. SANCTUARY, a holy place, Exod. xxv. 8;

Heb. ix. 2. SANDALS, soles of leather or wood fastened

to the feet with strings. Matt iii. 11 They are still worn in several eastern countries.

by both sexes, and all classes.

SANHEDRIM, more properly SANHEDRIN, the supreme judicial council of the Jews, especially for religious affairs. It is said to have consisted of 70 or 72 judges. Matt. xxvii.1: John xi. 47.

SAPPHIRA, [that relates or tells.] See ANA

NIAS

SAPPHIRE. See PRECIOUS STONES.

SARAH, [a princess,] the wife of Abraham, and mother of Isaac. Gen. xi. 29, 30; honorably mentioned, Heb. xi. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 6. SARDINE, or SARDIUS. See PRECIOUS

STONES.

SARDIS, [prince of joy,] a city of Asia Minor, formerly the capital of that wealthy monarch Cræsus, king of the Lydians. One of the seven churches of Asia existed here, to which the Lord Jesus sent a letter. Rev. iii. 1.

SARDONYX. See Precious Stores.
SARLPTA, [a goldsmith's shop.] a city of Sidon, between that place and Tyre. Mentioned 1 Kings xvii. 9, 19; Obad. 20; Luke

iv. 26. SATAN, is a transferred Hebrew word, and is derived from the verb which means to lie in wait, to oppose, to be an adversary. Hence the noun means an adversary or opposer. Ho Satanos and ho diabolos are used and applied in several instances to the and applied in several instances to the same being, Rev. xii. 9. Christ, in the temptation, Matt. iv., in his repulse of the tempter, calls him Satan; while the evan-gelists distinguish him by the term "der-it." Dualoss is the uniform translation which the Septuagint gives of the Hebrew word for Satan, ... hen used with the article. In some passages the term Salan is used in a reneric cense, as I Kings xi. 14, 23: I Sam. xxix. 4; Nam. xxii. 22; Psa. cix. 6. In xxix. 2; Nam. xxii. 22; Psa. cix. 6. In many other 'n as pecific sense, as a proper name; as Zech. iii. 1, 2; 1 Chron. xxi. 1; Jobi. 3—12; ii. 1—7; Matti v. 10; Mark i. 15; Luk. xi. 18, &c. His character is denoted by his titles.—Satan, Adversary, Diabethe February and Tompta & Colore & Control & Colore & Co bolos, False Accuser. Tempter, &c., showing him to be purely and entirely evil, I John iii. 8; John iii. 44. His agency is evil—both moral and shysical. See Luke xxii. 3; Acts v. 3 1 Tacss ii. 18; Eph. ii. 2: Rev. xii. 9; Luza xiii. 16; Acts x 38; 1 Tim. i. 20. All the forms of personal agency are made use of by the sacred writers in sett-ing forth the character and conduct of Saing forth the character and conduct of Satan. He is described as having power and dominion, messengers and followers; as tempting and resisting; he is held accountable, charged with guilt; is to be judged, and to receive anal punishment.

AUL, fdemanded, i son of Kish, of the tribe Benjamin, was the first king of the Israelites, 1 Sam.in. 1, 2, &c. Paul, the apostle, called Saul prior to his conversion.

SAVIOR, a term applied to Christ, who came "to save his people from their sins." He is therefore called Jesus, which signifies a Savior.

SCEPTRE, a staff, rod, or wand, signifying authority or royalty. Psa. xlv. 6; Rev. xix.

SCEVA, [disposed,] a Jew who lived at Epheesus, Acts xix.14—16. SCHISM, or Division, condemned, I Cor. i 10; iii. 3; xi. 18; xii. 25; 2 Cor. xiii. 11. SCORPION, a large reptile, remarkable for irrascioility and malignancy, Luke xi. 12. Some of the species are said to be white, and shout the size of an eye. and when and about the size of an egg, and when

coiled up it is difficult to distinguish one | SILAS, [considering,] a contraction of Silvafrom the other.

SC. IBES, writers and expounders of the law.

SCRIPTURES, [writings,] a name applied by way of dignity to the contents of the Bible, and which are given by inspiration, 2 Tim. iii. 16; Matt. xxii. 29; Mark xiv. 49; Acts xvii. 11; xviii. 24; 2 Pct. iii. 16. SEA, a large collection of waters. The He-

, brews applied this term to lakes of moderate size; and the modern inhabitants of Palestine still retain the same phraseology. Symbolically, waters signify peoples; and the gathering together of people into one

body politic, constitutes a sea.

BEAL, an engraved stamp, also the impression made by such a stamp. Matt. xxvii.00. SECUNDUS, [the second,] a disciple mentioned Acts xx. 4.

tioned ACIS XX. 4.

SELUCIA, [beaten by wares,] a seaport of Syria, 12 miles west of Antioch, Acts xiii. 4.

SELF-DENIAL, a Christian duty, Matt. v.
29, 30; xvi. 24; xviii. 8, 9; Mark viii. 84, &c
SEPULCHRES, or places for burying the dead, were usually hollow rooms dug into rocks, with an upright door to enter into them, to which a large stone was put, Gen. xxiii. 6; Judges viii. 32; 1 Sam. x. 2; 2 Sam.

ii. 32; Isa. xxii. 16; Matt. xxvii, 60. SERAPHIM, [fiery or burning ones.] See

CHERUBIM. SERGIUS PAULUS, [maker of nets,] the deputy Governor of Cyprus, Acts xiii, 12. SERPENT. Many kinds mentioned in

Scripture. Alluded to as crafty, Gen. iii. 1: Matt. x 16. One of the names of Satan.

SERVANTS, general commands concerning them, Eph. vi. 5-8; Col. iii. 22-25; 1 Tim. vi. 1.2; Titus ii. 9, 10; 1 Pet. ii. 18-25. SEVEN, a sacred number among the Jews.

The term often denotes a perfect or complete number. Job v. 10; Psa. xii. 6. Sevenfold, or seven times often only means abundantly, completely. Seventy times seven is a still higher superlative SEVENTY disciples sent out by Jesus, Luke

x. 1-20. SILAVING, a rite of purification, Acts xviii

18; xxi 24. SHEBA, [captivity,] a province S. E. of Arabia, between the Red Sea and Indian Ocean. It was famed for spices, gems, and gold. Psa, lxii. 10; Isa. lx. 6. The queen of She-ba visited Solomon, 1 Kings x. 1; Matt. xii. 43

SHEEP, a well known animal of great utility, and famed for meekness. Christians are compared to sheep, and Christ is the "Lamb of God." In India sheep cannot be distinguished from goats by a common This fact gives force to the de observer. claration that Christ will divide the good from the bad, as a shepherd divides his

sheep from the goats
EHEKEL, a Jewish weight. The common
shekel of money was worth about haif a
dollar, and the shekel of the sanctuary pos-

sibly double that sum.

CHEPHERD. Christ is styled a shepherd, | Pet. ii. 25; the good shepherd, John. x. 11; the chief shepherd, I Pet. v. 4; and the great shepherd, Heb. xiii. 20. Elders or overseers are also called shepherds, Eph. iv. 11, where

are also called shepherds, Epn. 17. 11, where the common version has pastors; and as such they are to feed the flock, I Pet. v. 2. \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) EDON, [\text{kunting}, ] a great commercial city, and the capital of Phenicia. It is situated on the Mediterranean, about 18 miles north of Tyre. It contains 10,000 inhabitants, and is now called Saide. Luke iv. 20.

nus, à distinguished Christian teacher in the church, Acts xv. 22, 32.

SILOAM, [sent,] a fountain or pool of water, S. E. of Jerusalem, John ix. 7.

SILVANUS. See Silas.
SILVER. We do not read of silver till the SILVER. We do not read of silver till the time of Abraham, when it was in general circulation as money, though not coined Abraham was rich in gold and sliver. It is used to represent general wealth.

SIMEON, [that hears or obeys,] a good old man who was waiting for the Savior, Lule

ii. 25-35. Also, one of the twelve patriarchs.

SIMON, [that hears or obeys,] the brother cf Jesus, Matt. xiii. 55; Mark vi 3. ———— the Canaanite, culled Zelotes, an apostle, Matt. x. 4; Mark iii. 18; Luke

——— surnamed Peter. See Peter ———— the Pharisee, Luke vii 36-50.

- the leper, Matt xxvi. 7; Mark xiv. 3 the father of Judas Iseariot, John vi 71; xii. 4.

the Cyrenian, Matt xxvii. 32; Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii 26.

--- the tanner, Acts ix. 43; x. 6, 17, 32.

- Magus, Acts viii. 9-24.

SIN, to miss a mark; or any deviation in conception, thought, or deed, from the will of God. It is defined by John to be the transgression of the law, 1 John iii. 3, 4. Its progress in man is strikingly drawn in James i. 13, 14. Sin sometimes means a sin-offering, Gen. iv. 7; 2 Cor v. 21; Heb. ix. 28.

SINAL, Ja bush, the mountain on which Jehovah appeared to Moses, and gave the law. From recent researches it has been discovered that the "Mount of God," or Horeb, is Serbal, a mountain which towers up in soiltary grandeur to the height of 3,000 feet, and some 20 miles distant from the popular Horeb, and monkish Sinai. Serbal was regarded as the true Sinai, till Justinian built his monastery of St. Catherine upon the mountain to which it has given a name

SINCERITY required, Matt v. 8; Rom. xii 9; Phil. i. 10; Col. iii. 22. The Greek word eilikrineia, translated sincerity, means an evident purity when he'd up in the light of the sun, as we would examinewater, 2 Cor.

SINGING is not only authorized as a part of divine worship by example, Matt. xxvi. 30, but expressly enjoined, Eph. v. 19; Col. i i 16; and should be done properly, I Cor.

xiv. 15. SMYRNA, [myrrh,] a city and seaport of Asia Minor, in Ionia, 35 miles N. by W. of Ephesus. It was anciently large and pow-erful, and is now the most populous as d commercial city of Asia Minor. A Christian congregation was early planted here, to which one of the seven Episties of Revelation was directed, Rev. ii. 8-11.

Ration was directed, Rev. 11.5-11.
SOBRIETTy of mind and body, recommended,
I Thess. v 8; Titus ii. 2, 4, 6; I Pet. i. 13.
SODOM, [their secret.] one of the cities which
were destroyed by fire from heaven, which
stood on the site now occupied by the Dead

Sea, Gen. xix.
SOLOMON, [peaceable, perfect,] the son of
David and Bathsheba. He was beloved of God, and selected to build his temple; and was one of the best kings of Israel. He reigned 40 years, and was renowned for his wisdom and wealth, and the splendor of his peaceful reign. He was the author of the

moks of Proverbs Eccle i tes, and Cancles, besides some on bo any, natural his-

cles, besides some on po any, natural moioty, &c.

\*\*OMON'S PORCH, a covered way on the east of the temple, John x. 23; Acts iii, 11. SCPATER, (defends his father.) a Berean disciple, Acts xx. 4.

SORCERER, a megician, one who undertakes to disclose secrets or oret ev .ts by diabolical power. Acts xiii 8; Rev. xxi. 8. vvii 15. 8; xxii. 15.

SOSTPATER, [saving the father,] cul's kinsman, Rom. xvi. 21.
SOSTHENES, [savior,] the chief of he yagogue at Corinth, Acts x he be came a Christian, and accompa ed Paul,

1 Cor. i. 1. DUL. The Hebrew word, nep. esh, of the SOUL. Old Testament, occurs about 7 nes, and is rendered soul 471 times; life a. d. iving. about 150 times; and the same w r salso rendered a man, a person, self, they, me, him, any one, breath, heart, mind, appetite, t... body, (dead or alive,) lust, creature, and ev a beast; for it is 28 times applied to beasts. and to every creeping thing. The Greek word psuchee of the New "estament, cor-responds with nephesh of the Old. I occurs 105 times, and is rendered soul 59 ti. es. and life 40 times. The same word is also rendered mind, us, you, heart, heartily, and is twice applied to the beasts that perish. Osuchikos, an adjective derived from psuchec, occurs 6 times, and is translated n ural and sensual; it is properly translate. mal in modern translations. Perh. may be worthy of notice, that in all the 700 times which nephesh occurs, and the 105 times of psuchce, not once is the word immortal, or immortality, or deathless, or never-dying, found in connection, as quali-

fying the terms. See Immortal.

SPAIN, [rare, precious,] a country in the S.
W. of Europe, and former; y cluded what
now comprises Spain an. Portugal Rom.

xv.24, 28.

SPARROW, a very small, we\_known bird. Referred to by Jesus, Matt. x. 29; Luke

x:i. 6.

SPEECH, proper use of Matt. v. 22; xii. .6; Eph. iv. 20; v. 4; Col. iii. 8; iv. 6; 1 Thess. v. 11; Titus iii. 2; James i. 26; iii. 2; 1 Pet.

SPICES, used in burying the dead, 2 Chron. xvi. 14; Mark xvi. 1; Luze xxiii. 56; John

xix. 40.

SPIRENARD, a very fragrant species of grass, which when trodden upon, fills the air with sweetness. The dintment made of it was precious. Mark xiv. 3. A pound of it in the days of Christ was worth 200d aa. rii, equal to forty dollars, a great sum at

that time.

SPIRIT. The Hebrew word Ruach, occurs 400 times in the Old Testament, and is rendered spirit 240 times brea 28 times; in 18 different w.s. e Greek we may as een hosen by the inspired riters of the New Testament as the equivalent in meaning of ruach. It cours 355 times, and it the only word rendered "par", (with two exceptions, Matt. xix. 26; Mark vi. 1.5.).

Pneuma, like ruach of the Old Testament, has four significations:-1. It represents, orimarily the air we breathe. 2. It denotes a being, as angels. 3. It represents an influence from a being. 4. It indicates a state of feeling. It is believed that there is not a passage where these words rendered spirit, occur, but what may be classified under one

of these significations. Like the word psuchee, neither ruach nor preuma are eveonce connected with words which indicate that it is deathless, never-dying, or immortal.

STACHYS, [spike,] a disciple, Rom. xvi. 9. STARS, bright heavenly bodies, seen in the night. The star which conducted the Magi to Bethlehem was probably a meteor. Matt. ii. The m rning star is a symbol of the Messiah. Ange. too, are symbolized by stars, Job xxviil. 7; and also the princes and nobles of a kingdom, Dam.

vii. 10.
STEPHANUS, la crown, one of the first converts at Corint. Captized by Paul,

1 Cor. i. 16; xvi. 15. STEPHEN, [a crown,] one of the seven first d acons, and the proto-martyro, the Chris-

tian church, Acts vi. 5, 6; vii. 60.
STOCKS, the Roman cippi, or large pieces of wood, which loaded the legs of the prisoners, and most painfully distended them.

Acts xvi. 24.

STOICS, a sect of heathen philosophers, founded by Zeno of Cyprus, B. C. 3-0, so called from his teaching in the 8'0a, or porch, at Athens. Acts xvii. 18.
STONES, PRECIOUS. Amethyst, a stone of

a violet color, bordering on purple, com-posed of a strong blue and deep red. Berpl, a pellucid gem, of a bluish green color, found in the East Indies, and in the gold mines of Peru.

Chalcedony, a precious stone, variegated with divers colors, in the form of ciouds.

Chrysolite. The import of this term would make it the golden stone. It is a gem of a yeilowish green color, and now ranks among the Topazes. It is very transparent.

Chrysoprasus differs only from the Chrysolite in having a bluish hue. It is a variety of the Chrysolite, of a green color, with a golden brightness. It is sometimes called the yellowish green and cloudy Topaz.

Diamond, the hardest and most valuable of all precious stones; sometimes called Adamant. It is one of the most inflar mable substances in nature, being p .re carbon. Emerald, the same with eancient Sma.

radus; one of the most beautiful of gems, of a bright green co.or without any mix-

ture.

Jacinth, a gem of a deep reddish yellow. Jasper, a precious stone, variegated with divers c 1 rs, and of a very hard quality; som have b nf und of a sea green color es of the Chalcedony. Some Onyx, a call it a Sardonyx.

Ruby, a red purple stone, very hard and

Sapphire, a precious stone, of a very beau-tiful pure blue, second only to the diamona in hardness, lustre, and value. It is of a differ nt spe tes, sometimes blue, red, and yellow combined.

Sardius, a gem of a reddish color, ap-

proaching a white.

Sardonyx, resembling both the Sardius and the Onyx

Top.iz, a yellow gem; or as some describe it, of a pale dead green; considered by mineralogists, a species of the Sapphire.

STRAINING out a gnat. An allusion to the

filtering of wine for fear of swallowing an

unclean insect.

STRAIT GATE, "enter ye in at the strait gate." A metaphor taken from the custom at marriage feasts, of having a gate designedly made narrow, through which those who were bidden might enter, but which might exclude those who were not bidden, [ Matt. vii. 13: Luke xiii. 24. Strive means to agonize, and alludes to the athletic exer-

cises in the Grecian games. TREET, "the street called Straight," Acts STREET, "the street caned Strain,".
ix. 11. This street still exists in Damascus, gate, about 3 miles. SUN, the great source of light and heat. Gen.

1. 14; miraculous events connected with it, 1.14; miraculous events connected with it, Josh. x. 12, 15; 2 Kings xx. 9-11; Luke xiii. 44, 45. Used as a symbol, Psa. lxxxiv. 11; Mal.iv. 2. SWINE, the plural of hog. It was not only unclean by the Leviticallaw, but by strict

Jews was regarded as impure and detest able in the highest degree. They would not so much as pronounce its name, but called it the strange thing. Among the charges of gross sins, mentioned by Isaiah, the eating of swine's flesh is specified, Isa.

1xv. 4; Matt. viii. 30—32.

SYCAMINE-TREE, mentioned only Luke xvii. 6, Probably the mulberry tree.

SYCAMORE, a tree which bears fruit like a

fig, and has leaves like a mulberry. Luke

SYCHAR, [a city,] a name of reproach applied by the Jews to Shechem, now Napalose, a city of Samaria, between Mounts Ebal and tierizim: 24 miles north of Jerusal n... Three miles from Sychar was Jacob's Well, memorable for our Savior's conversation with the woman of Samaria.

SYCHEM, a place of figs, the name for She-chem in Acts vil. 16, being that also used in the Septuagint ver. of the Old Testament.

SYNAGOGUE, an assembly among the Jews for religious worship; also the place in which such assembly met. Frequenty mentioned, Matt. iv. 23; vi. 2, 5; x. 17; xii. 9; xiii. 54; xxiii. 1-7. &c. SYNTACHE, [that speaks or discourses,] a female Christian, Phil. iv. 2. SYLICUSED (that draws nestful onco a

female Christian, Phil.iv. 2.
SYRACUSE, 'that draws violently,' once a rich and por alous city, on the S. E. part of the island. 'Sicily, 22 miles in circumference. It was built 700 years B. C. Acts xxviii. 12.
SYRIA, [sublime, deceiving.] In Hebrew, it is called Aram. A country of Asia, extending from Asia Minor and the Mediterrance on the west to the Emphysics on the

nean on the west, to the Euphrates on the east, and in its most extensive sense, including Palestine. In the time of the kings it, more frequently indicated the kingdom of which Damascus was the capital than

or which Damascus was the capital than the whole country, or any other part of it. SYRO-PHENICIA, [purple, drawn to,] Phenicia, properly so called, of which Sidon was the capital. In Mark vii. 27, the Cananitish voman is called a Syro-phenician, because she was of Phenicia, which

was then regarded as part of Syria.

TABERNACLE, the tent of assembly. beautiful and costly tent, erected for the worship of God, while Israel was in the wilderness. Ordered to be built, Exod xxv; preparations for it, xxxv.; set up, xl. It was 45 feet long and 15 wide, and stood in a court 150 feet long, and 75 wide, enclosed by cur-tains 8 feet high, sustained by 56 pillars. A curtain divided the tabernacle into two apartments, the eastern one, called the Most Holy place, being 15 feet square. Heb.

TABERNACLES, Feast of, one of the three great festivals of the Jews, being that of the closing year. Lev. xxiii. 34-43; John vii. 2, 37.

TABITHA, [clear-sighted,] called also Dorces.
A Christian widow at Joppa, Acts ix. 36,

who was restored to life by leter.

TABOR, [choice,] a celebrated mount in the
Holy Land, rising in Jezrcel, or the plain
of Esdraelon, about seven miles from Nazaof Esgraeion, about seven miles from Kazza-reth. It is extremely fertile, covered by trees and odorilerous plants. The summit presents a plann, a mile in circuit, which Buckingham says, affords the finest view to be enjoyed in Judea. This is supposed to be the holy mount foransfiguration, Mati

xvii. 1-13; Mark ix. 1-15; 2 Pet. i. 16-18
TALENT, a Jewish coin or weight. It is
not clear what was the enact value of the
talent. That of silver was probably some. where pear 1500 dollars, and that of good

where near 1500 dollars, and that of good 25,000, Matt. x.v., 15.

TARSUS, [winged, feathered,] the capital city of Ulicia, on the river Cydnus, 6 miles N. E. of the Mediterranean. It was the native place of Paul, Acts ix.11.

TAVERNS, THE THREE, a place about 58 miles south of Rome, Acts xxviii. 15.

TEACHERS, False, their character described, and Christians warned against them. Rom.

and Christians warned against them, Rom.

and Christians warned against them, Rom, xvi. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 13; Gal. i, 7-9; Phil. iii.
2; Col. ii. 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 7; iv. 2; vi. 5;
2 Tim. iii. 2-5, 15; Heb. xiii. 9; 2 Pet. ii.
TEMPERANCE recommended, Prov. xxiii, i-3; Gal. v. 23; Eph. v. 18; Titus i. 8; ii.
2; 2 Pet. i. 6.
TEMPLE, a house or dwelling set apart for the worship of God. The materials of Solomory's temple uneared by Pasid I. Chem. mon's temple prepared by David, 1 Chron. mon stemple prepared by David, 1 Chron, xvii. 22; built by Solomon, 1 Kings vi. vii; the dedication of it, viii; repaired by Joash, 2 Kings xii. 1-15; by Hezekiah, 2 Chron. xxix; by Josiah, 2 Chron. xxix; by Josiah, 2 Chron. xxiv; burned by the Chaldeans, 2 Kings xxv. 9: 2 Chron. xxvii 10: a new one built affect the carrivativi 10: a new one built affect 10: a the Chaldeans, 2 Kings xxv. 9: 2 Chron, xxxvi. 19; a new one built after the captitity, Ezra iii, v.—viii; the chambers in it cleansed, Neh. xiii. 9; the people excited to build it, Hag. i; its glory to exceed the fmer, Hag. ii. 7—9: a future one described in vision to Ezekiel. Ezek. xl. &c.
TEMPTATION of Jesus, Matt. iv. 1—11; Mark i. 12. 13: Luke iv. 1—12.
TEATUS, 1the third, 1 an amanuensis to the apostic Paul, Rom. xvi. 22.
TERTULLUS, [a liar.] an orator who pleaded against Paul before Felix, Acts xi.v. 1—9.

TESTAMENT, more properly rendered corenaut. Heb. ix. 15-20.

TETRARCH, a prince of a fourth part et a state, who had the power, without the tit e or crown of a king, Matt. xiv. 1; Luke 1...

1: ix.7; Acts xiii.1. THADDEUS. [that praises,] a surname of Jude, Matt. z. 3.
THEOPHILUS, [a friend of God,] mentioned

Luke i. 3; Acts i. I.
THESSALONIANS, the title of two Epistles written to the congregation at Thessalom-ca, which was planted by Paul. See Acts xvii.

The First Epistle is generally admitted to have been the earliest of Paul's letters. enjoined it to be read to all the adjace: t churches. Chap. v. 27. His object seems to have been to confirm them in the faith, and

The Second Epistle, written soon after the first, commends their faith and charity, rectifies their mistake in supposing that the day of judgment was at hand, admonishes them of certain irregularities, &c.

THESSALONICA, [victory against the Thessa-lonions.] now Saloniki, a city and scare t of macedonia, both in ancient and modern

times large and commercial. It is situated on a guif, about 200 miles from Atnens. THEUDAS, (a false teacher,) a Jewish insur-gent who was slain, while a band of follow-ars that he had induced to in. ers that he had induced to join him were scattered and brought to nough! Acts v. 36.

vi.or.
THOMAS, [a twin,] or Didymus, one of the apostles, Matt. x.3; John xi. 16; xx. 25.
THORNS, used as a punishment, Matt. xxvil. 29; Mark xv. 17; John xix. 2.
THYATIRA, [searvice of labor.] a city on the lather perder of Lydia about 27 miles.

northern border of Lydia, about 27 miles from Sardis, the seat of one of the seven apocalyptic churches, Rev. i. 11; ii. 18. The modern name is Ak-hissai.

TIBERIAS, [good vision.] The sea of Galilee.
Also a city on the lake or sea of Tiberias, 58 miles north of Jerusalem, and ow called

Tabaria

Tiberius, [son of Tiber,] the third emperor of Rome, Luke iii. 1.

Time it to be improved, Eccl. xii. 1; Matt. v. 25; Luke xix. 45; John ix. 4; xii. 35; Rom. xiii. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 2; Gal. vi. 0, 10; Eph.

v. 16.
TIMOTHY, [honor of God.] a young Christian of Derbe, grandson of Lois, and son of Eunice, a Jewess, by a Greek father, who was probably a proselyte, Acts xvi. 1; xx. 4; 2 Tim. i. 5; iii. 15. The apostle Paul made him the companion of his journeys and labors. Acts xvi. 2, 3; 1 Tim. iv. 12; and is often alluded to by him with paternal affection, 1 Tim. i. 2, 18; 1 Cor. iv. 17. &c.

The two Epistles to Timothy were written by Paul from Rome, not long before his

by Paul, from Rome, not long before his death. In these he is instructed in the choice of officers for the church, in the proper deportment of a christian minister, in the method of church government and dis cipline, the importance of steadfastness in christian doctrine, the perils and seduc-tions that should come, &c.
TITHES, means Tenths; instances, Gen. xiv.

20; xviii. 22; laws concerning, Lev. xxvii. 30—32; Deut. xiv. 22, 23; Neh. x. 37; Mal. iii. 8—10; Heb. vii. 5. TITUS, [honorable.] a Christian teacher, and companion and co-laborer of Paul. He was of Greek origin, but converted by the apos-tle, who calls him his own son in the faith, Titus i. 4. The apostle left Titus in Crete, to establish and regulate the churches in that island, Titus 1.5.

The Epistle to Titus contains similar in-

structions to those addressed to Timothy. It gives the qualifications and duties of elders—the doctrine of obedience to civil ru-lers—the necessity of good works, and the proper treatment of foolish questions and heretics. This epistle seems to have been written from Ephesus, shortly after Paul had visited Crete. Titus i. 3.

had visited Crete. Titus 1. 9.
TONGUES, the duty of governing it, Psa.
1xxix.1; James iii. 2-12.
TONGUES, contusion of, Gen. xi. 1-9; gift
o, Mark xvi. 17; Acts ii. 4; x. 46; xix. 6.
TRACHONITIS, [rock,] a district in the N.
E part f Palestine.
TRADITIONS, not to be regarded, Matt. v.
1-20; Mark vii. 1-23; Col. ii. 8; Titus

i. 14.

1.14.

IKAINING children, a duty, Gen. xviii. 19;
Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6—9; xi. 19; Psa. lxxviii.
5, 6; Eph. vi. 4.

TRANCE, a state of mind, in which a person
is wrapped into visions of future or distant things, to which the body seems insensible, Num. xxiv. 4, 16; Acta x. 10; xi. 5; xxii. 17 TRANSFIGURE, to change the figure and

appearance, as Christ did on the mount, Matt. xvii. 2; Mark lx. 2.

TREASURY, a place where the public money is kept or managed. Mark vii. 41. This treasury was a chest, into worch the people put what they pleased: it was placed in on, of the rooms of the temple, and the vol-

on of the rooms of the cempts, and the voluntary offerings were for its repairs.

TROAS, [penetrated,] a maritime city of Phrygia, or of Mysia, in the Hellespont, Acts xvi. 8; xx. 5, 6.

TROGYLLIUM, a town and promoners on the western coast of Asia Minor, opposite

Samos, Acts xx. 15.
TROPHIMUS, [well-educated,] a native Ephesus, converted by Paul, Acts xx. 15. TRUTH the, emphatically, Gal. iii. 1; James

v. 9; or sincerity, Josh, xxiv. 14; 1 Sam. xil. 24; Psa. xv. 2; li. 6; Prov. iii. 3; viii. 7; xii. 17, 19; 1 Cor. v. 8; Eph. iv. 25. TRYPHENA, [delicious,] a female disciple us

Rome, Rome, xvi. 12.

TRYPHOSA, [thrice shining,] a female disciple at Rome, Rom. xvi. 12.

TYCHICUS, [casual,] a disciple, employed

as a messenger to several congregations,

as a messenger to several congregations, Acts xx.4; Eph. vi. 21, 22.

TYPES of Christ, brazen serpent, Num. xxi. 9; John iii. 14, 15: bread or manna, Exod. xvi. 15: 35; John vi. 31-58; Rev. ii. 17: a lamb, Gen. xxii. 73: Exod. xii. 3-5: xxix. 9: Isa. liii. 7: John i. 29: Acts viii. 32: 1 Pet. i. 19: Rev. v. 6-13, &c.: Melchizedek, Gen. xii. 18-20: Heb. v. 6: vii. 1, 14: pass over, Exod. xii: 1 Cor. v. 7, 8: scapegoat, Lev. xvi. 20-22: Heb. ix. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 24.

TYRANN S, [a prince,] a sophist or rhetorician of Ephesus, who kept one of those schools of philosophy and eloquence so common at that period. Acts xix. 9.

TYRE, [strength.] a large city of Phenicia supposed to hav been built by a colony of Sidonians, and h.nce called the "daughter of Zidon." J sh. xix. 29: Isa. xxiii. 12: Matt. xi. 21.

UNBELIEF, causes of, John v. 44: 2 Cor. i
4: Eph. ii. 2: 2 Thess. ii. 12: danger or.
Mark xvi. 16: Luke. ii. 46; John viii. 24:
Rom. i. 28: 2 Tim. ii. 12: Rev. xxi. 8.
UNBELIEVERS, Christians should no unite with them, 2 Cor. vi. 14, 15, 19: to be shunned, Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Tim. vi. 5.
UNION to Christ, shown by comparison to body, 1 Cor. xii. 12, 27: Eph. iv. 15: Col. i. 12, 24: to a building. Enh ii 20-22: 1 Pet

10, 24: to a building, Eph. ii. 20—22: 1 Pet. ii. 4—7: to a vine, John xv. 4—8: to the conjugal union, Eph. v. 23, 33: it is as the union of the Father and son, John xvii. 11, 21, 23: Rom. viii. 38, 39; 1 Cor. vi. 17. UNJUST STEWARD. In Luke xvi. 8, the

lord spoken of was not as some suppose the Lord Jesus Christ, but the lord or master of \ the steward. Hence the argument that some have raised on this passage, imme-

diately comes to nought.

UNLEAVENED BREAD, Feast of, or Passver. See Festivals.

UPPER MILLSTONE, Matt. xviii. 6. The
Syrians rolled up some in sheet lead, and
hung a heavy weight upon the necks of
others, whom they cast into the rivers and

lakes, as a capital punishment.

UPPER ROOMS, [places or couckes,] Matt
xxiii. 6. In the Jewish synagogues, the
elders sat with their backs towards the ark or chest wherein was the book of the law, and their faces towards the congregation, who looked towards the ark: and these seats were more honorable than others, and are here called the chief seats. TAT. The han leewist referred to in Mark xii. i. wir a vessor placed under the leenos, or vat, as a receptacle for the new wine or A place was digged for holding it, as well as sometimes for the vat in which the fruit was trodden. Lett. xxi. 33.

fruit was trodden.

Mil. Whatever hider anything from view.
As a female covering, Gen. xxiv. 65; Ruth
iii. 15; 1 Cor. xi. 1-10; veil of the tabernani. lo; 1 Cor. xi. 1-10; veil of the taberna-cle and temple, Exod. xxvi. 81-37; Lev. xvi. 2; Matt. xxvii. 51; Mark xv. 38; Luke xxiii. 45; Heb. vi. 19. VENGEANCE of God, Gen. iv. 15; Deut. xxxii. 35, 41, 43; Isa. xxxiv. 8; 2 Thess. i. 8. VIAI S. were of company veil the

VIALS were of common use in the temple service. They were not like those small hottles which we call by that name; but

were like cups on a plate, in allusion to the censers of gold, which on account of the heat of the fire burning the incense, were often put upon a plate. Rev. xvi. VINE, one of the most prominent produc-tions of Palestine, and still bears most lux-uriantly. Notwithstanding the present de-present extract the country, it even new

pressed state of the country, it even now exports vast quantities of grapes, ruisins, and inspissated grape juice, (or honey of grapes as it is called,) into Egypt. The vine was an emblem of the Hebrew nation. A period of security and repose is figured by every one sitting under his own vine and fig. tree. The vine is also used by our Savior as an emblem of himself, John xv. VINEGAR, mingled with gall, Matt. xxvii.

34. Medicated wine, to deaden the sense of pain, was given to the Jewish criminals when about to be put to death; but they gave our Lord vinegar, and that in mock ery, as they did other things, of his claim to royalty. But the force of this does not appear, if we do not recollect the quality of the wines drank anciently by princes, which it seems were of the sweet sort.

which it seems were of the sieer sort.
VINEYARD, a piece of ground planted
with vines. The vineyard was prepared
with great care, the stones being gathered
ont, a secure fence made round it, and a
scalfold, or high summer house, built in the centre, where, as the fruit ripeued, a watchman was stationed, and where there was also shelter for the wo kmen at their meals, and a suitable place to keep the tools. Isa. v.1-7; Matt. xxi. 33. This was, of course, deserted at other seasons of the year. See isa.i. 8. VISION, a supernatural appearance of men

and things to the mind of a person not asleep, Acts ix. 10: 2 Cor. xii. 1. God often shown his people what eye had

not seen, nor ear heard.

VOLUME, something rolled up, as was the ancient form of books, Psa. 11.7; Heb. x.7.

WALKING with God, Rom. viii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. v. 7; xiii. 14; Gal. v. 16, 25; Col. ii. 6. WASH, to bathe, or purify. The Jews washed before eating, as they used their hand-instead of knives and forks. Mark vi'. 3. Kitto says that when some Pharisees remarked that our Lord ate with unwashed hands, they did not mean that he did not at all was his hands, but that he did not at all was his hands, but that he did not plunge them according to their own prac-tice. No Jew entered a house without removing his shoes or sandals; nor do Orientals to this day. We see the propriety of this when we consider that chairs not being used, all sat upon the floor, which,

the rites of Eastern hospitality. See Gen. xviii.4; xix.2; xiv.32; xix.21. From 1 Sam. xxv. 41, it appears that servants and sons so uctimes performed this rite as their appropriate duty. For the master of a house to do it was esteemed the greatest condescension, John xiii. 8. To wash the feet was not only a token of affectionate regard, but also a sign of humility. This union of affectionate attention and lowly union of auccionate attention and lowly service is found in the example of Jesus, John xiii. 4-15, and in 1 Tim. v. 10. The Hindoos, like the Jews, walk home barefoot from bathing, hence the appropriateness of the remark, "He that is washed, need not, save to wash his feet," John Viii 100, save to wash his feet," xiii. 10.

WATCH, a Roman guard, consisting of 60 sodiers, allowed the Jewish rulers to quell

tumults. Matt. xxvii. 65.

WATCHES. The Jews in ancient times divided the night into three parts, the evening the middle, and the morning, each pari including four hours, Exod. xiv. 24; Judges vii. 19; 1 Sam. xi. 11; in after times, they divided the night into four, in imitation of the Romans, who relieved their sentinels at the end of every three hours, Matt. xiv. 25; Mark vi. 48. These parts of the night were usually denominated the first, second, third, and fourth watches; but they were sometimes styled the evening, midnight, cock-crowing, and morning, Matt. xiv. 25; Luke xii. 38; Mark xiii. 35.

WATER, miraculous changes or supplies of it, Exod. vii. 19; xiv. 21; xv. 23-25; turned into wine, John ii. 3; brought out of a rock, Exod. xvii.6; Num. xx. 7-13; Josh. iii. 13-17; 2 Kings ii. 8, 14; iii. 20, 22; vi. 6; John ii. 3; Jesus walks on it, Matt. xiv. 25; Mark

vi. 43; John vi. 19. WAVERING condemned, Gen. xlix. 4; Heb. x. 23; James i. 6,8; 2 Pet. ii. 14; iii. 16. WEDDING GARMENT, Matt. xxii. 12.

was usual for persons to appear at mar-riage feasts, in sumptuous dress, adorned with florid embroidery. But as travelers were sometimes pressed in, and as they could not be provided with such garments, robes out of the wardrobes of the rich, were tendered to them. If such persons refused this offer, and appeared in their own apparel, it was highly resented, as a token of their pride and contempt for those who invited them.

WHILE STONE, Rev. ii. 17. This important passage, alludes to a custom of noting passage, anduce to a custom of noting and perpetuating friendship, among the Greeks and the Romans by dividing a pebbie, and after each had inscribed his name on the flat surface, they were ex-changed. The production of either half was sufficient to insure friendly aid, even from des mants. Voting was done by approval, and a

casting a white stone b'ack one for rejection.

WIND. The original wor is anemos, and oe-Curs 20 times. It is never translated spirit WINE. There are no less than 13 distinct Hebrew and Greek words, translated by the word wine, either with or without the adjectives new, sweet, mixed, and strong. These each refer to some particular kind or condition of wine, which being all translated by one common generic term, fails to express the meaning of the original, and creates confusion in the mind of the reader. But as space ferbids a full examination of being used, at said upon the moor, which, therefore, must be kept very clean.

WASHING THE FEET is among the most ancient, as well as the most obligatory, of WITCH, a person who pretends to inspira-

tion, hence a public mocker of the Deity, and of his servants, the prophets; living on the credulity of the people, and thus bringing into contempt God's authorized ambassadors; a class of systematic and audacious plunderers and deceivers; hence the order that such should not be permitted to live. Exod. xxii. 18; Lev. xx. 27. Witchcraft excludes from the kingdom of God.

CRAIT EXCHAUS ...
Gal. v. 90.
WITNESSES, not to be fewer than two,
Num. xxxv. 30; Deut. xvii. 6; xix. 15;
Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xlii. 1; 1 Tim. v. 10.
WINDS \*hair dutv. Gen. iii. 16; Eph. v. 22;

Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xlii. 1; 1 Tim. v. 10. WIVES, their duty, Gen. iii. 16; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. 18; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. WOMEN, how they should behave in public worship, 1 Cor. xi. 1-16; xiv. 34, 35; 1 Tim. ii. 11, 12; aged, their duty, Titus ii. 3; young, theirs, 1 Tim. vi. 14; Titus ii. 4, 5; how to adorn themselves, 1 Tim. ii. 9; 1 Pet. iii • iii. 3.

WORD of God, the Scriptures, Mark vii. 13: Luke iv. 4: Eph. vi. 17: 1 Pet. i. 23, 25: the Gospel, Luke v. 1: Acts iv. 31: xvi. 7: viii. 14: xiii. 7.

WORLD, the earth and all the animals and vegetables on its surface: mankind generally. The word world in the common version is the rendering of no less than four different Hebrew words in the Old Testament, and four Greek words in the New. The Greek word Aloon, age, or the plural form ages, is rendered world no less than \$8 times, and the adjective form of the word 8 times. OIROUMENER, the habitable, or inhabited earth, occurs 15 times, and it translated world 14 times, when the connec tion plainly shows in many instances that it has a limited meaning, as in Luke ii. 1; iv. 5; and earth only once. Gee, earth or land, is translated world once in Rev. xiii. 8. Kosmos, order, regularity; the world, universe, &c.; occurs 186 times, and is rendered by world 185 times, and once adorn-

- not to be conformed to, Rom. xii. 2; Gal. vi. 14; James i. 27; iv. 4; 1 John ii.

WORSHIP to be paid to God only, Exod. xx. 1-6: Matt. iv. 10: Acts x. 25, 26; xiv. 1318; Col. ii. 18; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 8; public worship, Matt. xviii. 20; Acts i. 14; Heb.

x. 25. WRATH of God on the impenitent, John iii. 36; Rom. i. 18; ii. 5, 8; Eph. v. 6.

YOKE of Christ, easy, Matt. xi. 30; Rom. xii.

1; I John v. 3. YOUNG persons, their duty, Titus ii. 6; 1 Pet. v. 5; examples, 2 Tim. iii. 15; Jesus, Luke ii. 46-52.

ZACCHEUS, [pure, justified,] a superinten-

ZACUHEUS, [pure, justified,] a superintendent of taxes at Jericho. Luke xix. 2.

ZACHARIAH, [memory of the Lord.] Several persons of this name. One of the chief was one of the minor prophets, son of Earachiah, who returned from Babylon with Zerubbael, and began to prophecy about 520 years B.C. He wrote the book which bears his name, and predicted many things welating to the Messiah, and the future restoration of Israel.—The name also of the toration of Israel.-The name also of the

toration of Israel.—Ine name also of the father of John the Baptist. Luke i.

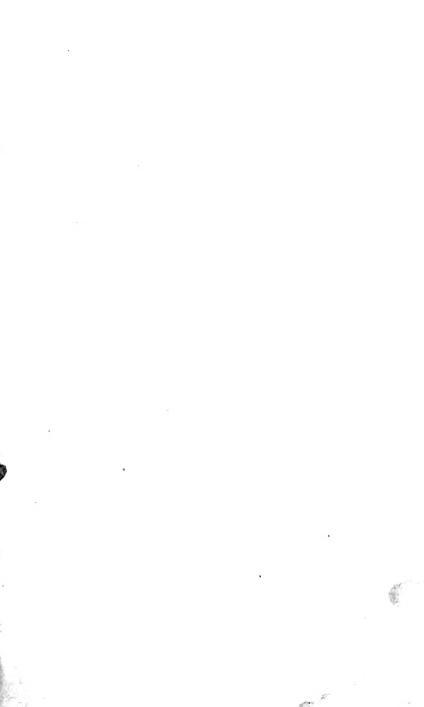
ZEAL, commended, Matt. v. 6; 1 Cor. xvi. 13; Gal.iv.18; Jude 3; Rev. iii. 19; improper, reproved, ix. 55; Rom. x. 2.

ZEBEDE E, [abundant portion,] the father of the apostles James and John, Matt. iv. 21. ZEBULON, [habitation, dwelling,] the Tribe of, a district of Palestine, on the west side of the lake of Gennesareth.

of the lake ordennessatem. ZELOTES, or ZEALOTS, a sect often mentioned in Jewish history. The name was probably given to Simon from his having been connected with it. He is also called Canaanite, probably for the same reason; the word Kana in Hebrew, having the same the word Kana in Heorew, having the same meaning as Zelotes. Luke vi. 15; Acts. 18. ZENAS, [living.] a doctor of the law, and a disciple, mentioned Titus iii. 13. ZERU ISBABEL, [a stranger at Babylon.] son of Salathiel, and of the post vof David Most ile.

Matt. i. 12.

ZION, or Sion, [a monument, of dehre, two-ret,] the highest mountain in Trusalem, where was built the city of David, Psaxivii. 2. Zion is often used poetically for Jerusalem, Micah iii. 12; and sometimes is applied to the inhabitants of Jerusalem





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